

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2026

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-42600

AIRO Group Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

3721

(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

88-0812695

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**8444 Westpark Drive, Suite 840
McLean, Virginia 22102
(505) 338-2434**

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

**Captain Joseph D. Burns
Chief Executive Officer
8444 Westpark Drive, Suite 840
McLean, Virginia 22102
(505) 338-2434**

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.000001 per share	AIRO	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐
Non-accelerated filer ☒ Smaller reporting company ☒
Emerging growth company ☒

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 10, 2026, there were 31,555,917 shares of the registrant’s common stock, \$0.000001 par value, outstanding.

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.
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Item 1. Financial Statements
AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
UNAUDITED
(Amounts in thousands, except par value amounts)

	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 25,850	\$ 74,358
Restricted cash	153	193
Accounts receivable, net	46,167	12,385
Related party receivables	168	393
Inventory	14,514	11,639
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,637	7,508
Total current assets	94,489	106,476
Property and equipment, net	11,809	8,986
Right-of-use operating lease assets	2,917	3,278
Goodwill	568,210	571,653
Intangible assets, net	79,413	83,487
Other assets	209	259
Total assets	<u>\$ 757,047</u>	<u>\$ 774,139</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,035	\$ 6,599
Related party payables	3,332	8,892
Accrued expenses	7,621	7,624
Operating lease liabilities, current	922	902
Deferred revenue	7,220	4,497
Related party borrowings	5	1,161
Revolving lines of credit	5,492	-
Current maturities of debt	1,348	1,190
Total current liabilities	32,975	30,865
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	-	500
Deferred tax liability	1,046	1,046
Long-term deferred revenue	11	8
Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent	2,075	2,478
Other long-term liabilities	800	50
Total liabilities	<u>36,907</u>	<u>34,947</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.000001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; 32,773 issued and 31,555 outstanding as of June 30, 2026 and 32,594 issued and 31,376 outstanding as of December 31, 2025	-	-
Additional paid-in capital	965,628	963,022
Treasury shares, 1,218 shares as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025	(21,220)	(21,220)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,736	7,947
Accumulated deficit	(228,004)	(210,557)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>720,140</u>	<u>739,192</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 757,047</u>	<u>\$ 774,139</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

UNAUDITED

<i>(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Revenue	\$ 43,180	\$ 24,550	\$ 52,081	\$ 36,345
Cost of revenue	15,493	9,516	22,029	14,378
Gross profit	27,687	15,034	30,052	21,967
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	7,576	4,101	14,280	7,767
Sales and marketing	2,355	1,758	4,332	3,191
General and administrative	16,102	28,864	26,944	33,779
Total operating expenses	26,033	34,723	45,556	44,737
Income (loss) from operations	1,654	(19,689)	(15,504)	(22,770)
Other income (expense):				
Interest income (expense), net	208	(8,010)	584	(9,277)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	-	15,559	-	15,559
Other income (expense), net	206	20,068	(110)	22,730
Total other income	414	27,617	474	29,012
Income (loss) before income tax expense	2,068	7,928	(15,030)	6,242
Income tax expense	(4,062)	(2,057)	(2,417)	(2,344)
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,994)	\$ 5,871	\$ (17,447)	\$ 3,898
Net (loss) income per share – basic	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.32	\$ (0.56)	\$ 0.22
Net (loss) income per share – diluted	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.30	\$ (0.56)	\$ 0.20
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock used in computing net (loss) income per share, basic	31,470	18,490	31,433	17,445
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock used in computing net (loss) income per share, diluted	31,470	19,473	31,433	19,592

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

UNAUDITED

<i>(Amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,994)	\$ 5,871	\$ (17,447)	\$ 3,898
Other comprehensive (loss) income:				
Foreign currency translation, net of tax	(1,367)	12,605	(4,211)	18,245
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,367)	12,605	(4,211)	18,245
Comprehensive (loss) income	<u>\$ (3,361)</u>	<u>\$ 18,476</u>	<u>\$ (21,658)</u>	<u>\$ 22,143</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

UNAUDITED

	Common Stock		Additional	Treasury Stock		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated	Total
<i>(Amounts in thousands)</i>	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Shares	Amount		Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
Balance as of April 1, 2026	31,435	\$ -	\$ 964,524	1,218	\$ (21,220)	\$ 5,103	\$ (226,010)	\$ 722,397
RSU vesting	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	1,104	-	-	-	-	1,104
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	(1,367)	-	(1,367)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,994)	(1,994)
Balance as of June 30, 2026	<u>31,555</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 965,628</u>	<u>1,218</u>	<u>\$ (21,220)</u>	<u>\$ 3,736</u>	<u>\$ (228,004)</u>	<u>\$ 720,140</u>

	Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated	Total
<i>(Amounts in thousands)</i>	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital		Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
Balance as of April 1, 2025	16,387	\$ -	\$ 764,817	\$ (3,869)	\$ (208,426)	\$ 552,522
Conversion of Coastal Defense promissory note	204	-	2,037	-	-	2,037
Conversion of Aspen Bridge Notes	441	-	4,406	-	-	4,406
Conversion of Jaunt Carter debt	1,122	-	11,224	-	-	11,224
Issuance of investor note interest shares	1,126	-	11,260	-	-	11,260
Conversion of Airo Drone debt	37	-	371	-	-	371
Conversion of Agile Defense debt	34	-	344	-	-	344
Conversion of Aspen Contingent Debt	44	-	435	-	-	435
Conversion of Jaunt deferred compensation	46	-	460	-	-	460
Reclassification of Libertas Warrants	-	-	1,042	-	-	1,042
Exercise of Libertas Warrants	104	-	2	-	-	2
Issuance of Underwriter Warrants	-	-	2,030	-	-	2,030
Sale of common stock in initial public offering, including over-allotment, net of \$12,686 offering costs	6,900	-	56,314	-	-	56,314
Shares issued to NGA	34	-	340	-	-	340
Shares issued to Dangroup	546	-	5,462	-	-	5,462
Stock-based compensation	-	-	12,836	-	-	12,836
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	12,605	-	12,605
Net income	-	-	-	-	5,871	5,871
Balance as of June 30, 2025	<u>27,025</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 873,380</u>	<u>\$ 8,736</u>	<u>\$ (202,555)</u>	<u>\$ 679,561</u>

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In	Treasury Stock		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated	Total
<i>(Amounts in thousands)</i>	Shares	Amount	Capital	Shares	Amount		Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2026	31,376	\$ -	\$ 963,022	1,218	\$ (21,220)	\$ 7,947	\$ (210,557)	\$ 739,192
RSU vesting	179	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	2,606	-	-	-	-	2,606
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	(4,211)	-	(4,211)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,447)	(17,447)
Balance as of June 30, 2026	<u>31,555</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 965,628</u>	<u>1,218</u>	<u>\$ (21,220)</u>	<u>\$ 3,736</u>	<u>\$ (228,004)</u>	<u>\$ 720,140</u>

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated	Total
<i>(Amounts in thousands)</i>	Shares	Amount	Capital		Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2025	16,387	\$ -	\$ 764,692	\$ (9,509)	\$ (206,453)	\$ 548,730
Conversion of Coastal Defense promissory note	204	-	2,037	-	-	2,037
Conversion of Aspen Bridge notes	441	-	4,406	-	-	4,406
Conversion of Jaunt Carter debt	1,122	-	11,224	-	-	11,224
Issuance of investor note interest shares	1,126	-	11,260	-	-	11,260
Conversion of Airo Drone debt	37	-	371	-	-	371
Conversion of Agile Defense debt	34	-	344	-	-	344
Conversion of Aspen Contingent Debt	44	-	435	-	-	435
Conversion of Jaunt deferred compensation	46	-	460	-	-	460
Reclassification of Libertas Warrants	-	-	1,042	-	-	1,042
Exercise of Libertas Warrants	104	-	2	-	-	2
Issuance of Underwriter Warrants	-	-	2,030	-	-	2,030
Sale of common stock in initial public offering, including over-allotment, net of \$12,686 offering costs	6,900	-	56,314	-	-	56,314
Shares issued to NGA	34	-	340	-	-	340
Shares issued to Dangroup	546	-	5,462	-	-	5,462
Stock-based compensation	-	-	12,961	-	-	12,961
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	18,245	-	18,245
Net income	-	-	-	-	3,898	3,898
Balance as of June 30, 2025	<u>27,025</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 873,380</u>	<u>\$ 8,736</u>	<u>\$ (202,555)</u>	<u>\$ 679,561</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

UNAUDITED

<i>(Amounts in thousands)</i>	Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (17,447)	\$ 3,898
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation	2,606	18,763
Non-cash gain on IPO transactions	-	(932)
Note issuance for legal settlement	-	750
Provision for credit losses	24	7
Non-cash interest	-	1,064
Non-cash investor note interest	-	6,731
Non-cash gain on debt extinguishment	-	(15,559)
Change in investor notes at fair value	-	186
Depreciation and amortization	6,335	6,126
Amortization of right-of-use lease assets	510	86
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	-	(20,272)
Change in fair value of warrant liability	-	(1,843)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(34,882)	(12,613)
Related party receivables	225	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	694	(119)
Inventory	(3,253)	(633)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities	629	(9,404)
Related party payables	(6,539)	5
Lease liabilities	(534)	(104)
Deferred revenue	2,909	(7,216)
Deferred compensation	-	325
Net cash used in operating activities	(48,723)	(30,754)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment and investment in intangible assets	(4,508)	(1,067)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,508)	(1,067)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from the sale of common stock, net	-	61,471
Change in lines of credit	5,492	(127)
Proceeds from borrowings	-	8,500
Repayments on borrowings	(1,284)	(14,072)
Proceeds from related party borrowings	-	231
Repayments on related party borrowings	(176)	(709)
Debt issuance costs paid	-	(170)
Proceeds from the exercise of warrants	-	2
Payment of contingent consideration	-	(3,267)
Cash paid to seller	-	(2,246)
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,032	49,613
Effect of exchange rate changes	651	1,833
Net (decrease) increase in cash and restricted cash	(48,548)	19,625
Cash and restricted cash as of beginning of period	74,551	20,911
Cash and restricted cash as of end of period	\$ 26,003	\$ 40,536
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash information:		
Financing of insurance premiums	\$ 942	\$ 927
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$ 174	\$ -
Purchases of property and equipment included in accounts payable	\$ 114	\$ -
Deferred compensation settled in common stock	\$ -	\$ 460
Reclass between accrued expenses and notes payable	\$ -	\$ 622
Reclass between accrued expenses and contingent consideration	\$ -	\$ 5,268
Initial recognition of warrant liability	\$ -	\$ 2,885
Deferred consideration for licensing arrangement	\$ 1,000	\$ -
Reclass of warrants to equity	\$ -	\$ 1,042

Deferred offering cost in accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 3,126
Reclass between related party payables and related party borrowings	\$ 1,007	\$ -
Debt settled in common stock	\$ -	\$ 8,935
Contingent consideration settled in common stock	\$ -	\$ 13,976

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

AIRO Group Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“Holdings” or the “Company”), is a technologically differentiated aerospace, autonomy, and air mobility platform targeting 21st century aerospace and defense opportunities. The Company is organized into four operating segments: (i) Avionics, (ii) Drones, (iii) Electric Air Mobility, and (iv) Training. The Avionics segment develops, manufactures, and sells avionics for military and general aviation aircraft, drones, and electric vertical takeoff and landing (“eVTOL”) aircraft. The Drones segment develops, manufactures, and sells drones and expects to provide drone services, such as Drone as a Service (“DaaS”), for military and commercial end users. The Electric Air Mobility segment is developing autonomous eVTOL platforms for defense, government, cargo logistics, and remote operations applications. The Training segment currently provides military pilot training.

Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Holdings and its wholly owned subsidiaries, including Old AGI, Inc. f/k/a AIRO Group, Inc., AIRO Drone, LLC (“AIRO Drone”), Agile Defense, LLC (“Agile Defense”), Coastal Defense, Inc. (“Coastal Defense”), Jaunt Air Mobility, LLC (“Jaunt”), Sky-Watch A/S (“Sky-Watch”) and Aspen Avionics, Inc. (“Aspen Avionics”). All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation of such interim results. Certain information and disclosures normally included in unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. Accordingly, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 (“Form 10-K”) as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2025 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as of that date.

The results for the unaudited interim condensed consolidated statements of operations are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2026 or for any future interim period.

Liquidity

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As of June 30, 2026, the Company had cash and restricted cash of \$26.0 million, of which \$0.2 million was either restricted or was designated to only being used for Sky-Watch operations. Working capital was \$61.5 million. In July 2026, the Company collected \$43.2 million from the outstanding receivables as of June 30, 2026 strengthening its liquidity position.

Management believes that the existing cash on hand is sufficient to meet its obligations and fund planned operations for at least the next twelve months from the date these condensed consolidated financial statements are issued.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These judgments, estimates, and assumptions are used to determine litigation and claims and other asset and liability amounts. The Company bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience along with other pertinent information available at the time the estimate is made. However, future events are subject to change and the estimates and judgments may require adjustments. Actual results could differ from these estimates, and these differences may be material.

Business Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and accounts receivable. Cash is maintained with financial institutions and its composition and maturities are regularly monitored by management. Deposits at any time may exceed federally insured limits. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral for accounts receivable. A large portion of the Company's sales result in partial prepayments prior to shipment from customers. Otherwise, customer invoices generally have payment terms of net 30 days and do not contain a significant financing component.

The Company's operational structure includes an existing operating business and early-stage businesses in emerging and developing markets that are concentrated in an industry characterized by rapid technological advances, changes in customer requirements, and evolving regulatory requirements and industry standards. Any significant delays in the development or introduction of products or services, or any failure by the Company to anticipate or to respond adequately to technological developments in its industry, changes in customer requirements, or changes in regulatory requirements or industry standards, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and operating results.

The Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition for the foreseeable future will likely continue to depend on sales to a relatively small number of customers. In the future, these customers may decide not to purchase the Company's products, may purchase fewer products than in previous years, or may alter their purchasing patterns. Further, the amount of revenue attributable to any single customer or customer concentration generally may fluctuate in any given period. In addition, a decline in the production levels of one or more of the Company's major customers could reduce revenue. The loss of one or more key customers, a reduction in sales to any key customer, or the Company's inability to attract new significant customers could negatively impact revenue and adversely affect the Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Significant Accounting Policies

No material changes have been made to the Company's significant accounting policies disclosed in Note 1. *The Company and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, of its audited consolidated financial statements included in the Form 10-K.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In July 2025, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2025-05, *Financial Instruments — Credit Losses (Topic 326), Measurement of Credit Losses for Accounts Receivable and Contract Assets*, which provides a practical expedient to simplify the estimation of expected credit losses on current accounts receivable and current contract assets arising from revenue transactions under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 1, 2026. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement — Reporting Comprehensive Income — Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*, which requires disclosure of certain costs and expenses on an interim and annual basis in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied either (1) prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date or (2) retrospectively to any or all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-10, *Government Grants (Topic 832): Accounting for Government Grants Received by Business Entities*, which establishes authoritative guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of government grants received by business entities. The ASU requires entities to recognize a government grant when it is probable that both (1) the entity will comply with the conditions attached to the grant and (2) the grant will be received. For grants related to assets, an entity may apply either a deferred income approach or a cost accumulation approach, and for grants related to income, an entity should recognize income on a systematic basis as related expenses are incurred. The ASU also includes expanded disclosure requirements regarding the nature of government grants received, the accounting policies adopted, and significant terms and conditions of the grants. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2029. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-11, *Interim Reporting (Topic 270): Narrow-Scope Improvements*, which amends the guidance in ASC 270, *Interim Reporting*. The objective of this new guidance is to improve the clarity and navigability of the interim reporting guidance without changing the fundamental nature of interim reporting or expanding or reducing the interim disclosure requirements currently in U.S. GAAP. The amendments clarify the scope and applicability of ASC 270, specify the form and content of interim financial statements and accompanying notes, and consolidate the interim disclosures required under U.S. GAAP into a single comprehensive list. The ASU also introduces a disclosure principle that an entity must disclose events and changes occurring after the end of the last annual reporting period that have a material impact on the entity, consistent with the principle that previously existed under certain SEC interim reporting rules. The amendments are effective for interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2028. Early adoption is permitted, and the amendments may be applied either prospectively or retrospectively to prior interim periods presented. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-12, *Codification Improvements*, which provides technical corrections, clarifications, and improvements to the FASB ASC across multiple Topics. The amendments are generally not expected to change current accounting practices materially but may affect application of certain guidance such as diluted earnings per share in loss periods and other technical areas. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, including interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. An entity may elect the transition method on an issue-by-issue basis. The Company is evaluating the impact of ASU 2025-12 on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

2. Net (Loss) Income Per Share

Basic net (loss) income per share is determined using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net (loss) income per share is determined using the weighted average number of common shares and potential common shares (representing the hypothetical number of incremental shares issuable under the assumed exercise of outstanding stock options and vesting of outstanding restricted stock units ("RSUs") during the period using the treasury stock method. The calculation of dilutive shares outstanding excludes securities that would have an antidilutive effect on net income per share.

Diluted net (loss) income per share is based on the treasury stock method and computed by dividing net (loss) income available to common stockholders by the diluted weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding during each period. The potentially dilutive shares are considered to be common stock equivalents and are only included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share when the effect is dilutive.

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted net (loss) income per share:

	Three Months ended June 30,		Six Months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Numerator: Net (loss) income	\$ (1,994)	\$ 5,871	\$ (17,447)	\$ 3,898
Denominator: Basic weighted average shares outstanding	31,470	18,490	31,433	17,445
Dilutive effect of common equivalent shares outstanding	-	983	-	2,147
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	31,470	19,473	31,433	19,592
Net (loss) income per share – basic	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.32	\$ (0.56)	\$ 0.22
Net (loss) income per share - diluted	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.30	\$ (0.56)	\$ 0.20

The potentially dilutive shares of common stock that have been excluded from the calculation of net loss per share because of the anti-dilutive effect are as follows as of June 30, 2026: 0.4 million warrants, 0.2 million stock options, and 0.5 million unsettled RSUs. The number of potentially dilutive shares is based on the maximum number of shares issuable on exercise or conversion of the related securities as of the period end. Such amounts have not been adjusted for the treasury stock method or weighted-average outstanding calculations as required if the securities were dilutive.

3. Stock, Warrants, and Equity Incentive Plan

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of 1.0 billion shares of common stock, par value \$0.000001 per share, and 10.0 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.000001 per share. All authorized preferred stock is undesignated.

Common Stock

The Company has reserved the following shares of authorized but unissued common stock as of June 30, 2026: 0.4 million shares for warrants, 0.2 million shares for stock options, 0.5 million shares for RSUs, and 1.9 million shares available for issuance under the Equity Incentive Plan described below.

Warrants

The Company assumed warrants to purchase 0.1 million shares of the Company's common stock as part of the merger with Jaunt. These warrants expire ten years from the date of issuance, March 10, 2022, have an exercise price of \$16.83 per share and were outstanding as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025. The Company determined that these warrants are equity classified.

In September 2024, the Company executed a financing advisor agreement with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. as compensation for assistance with the initial public offering ("IPO"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue warrants to certain of the underwriters upon the closing of the IPO (the "Underwriter Warrants") exercisable for the number of shares of common stock equal to 5% of the total number of shares of common stock sold in such IPO. In conjunction with the IPO, the Company issued the Underwriter Warrants, which are exercisable into 345,000 shares of common stock. The Company determined the fair value of the Underwriter Warrants at the grant date on June 12, 2025 to be \$2.0 million which was recorded as an issuance cost against IPO proceeds during the year ended December 31, 2025. The Underwriter Warrants have an exercise price of \$11.00 and can be exercised between December 12, 2025 and June 12, 2030. The Underwriter Warrants remain outstanding as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

Equity Incentive Plan

In March 2025, the Board of Directors adopted, and the stockholders approved, the AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. 2025 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2025 Plan”). The 2025 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options (“ISOs”) to employees, including employees of any parent or subsidiary, and for the grant of non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, RSUs, performance awards, and other forms of stock awards to employees, directors, and consultants, including employees and consultants of the Company’s affiliates. The initial share reserve of the Company’s common stock authorized for issuance under the 2025 Plan was 1.9 million shares. Effective January 1, 2026, the share reserve automatically increased by 0.9 million shares pursuant to the plan’s “evergreen” provision.

The share reserve will continue to increase annually through January 1, 2035 by 3% of the outstanding shares of common stock or a lesser amount approved by the Board of Directors. The maximum number of shares issuable upon exercise of ISOs under the 2025 Plan is 5.7 million.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company granted 0.1 million and 0.5 million RSUs under the 2025 Plan and recognized \$1.1 million and \$2.6 million of stock-based compensation expense related to these RSUs, respectively. The weighted-average grant date fair value per share of RSUs granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$8.42 and \$9.99, respectively. As of June 30, 2026, there were 0.3 million unvested RSUs outstanding under the 2025 Plan. Total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs was \$3.2 million as of June 30, 2026, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.3 years.

4. Goodwill

The following table presents the changes in the carrying value of goodwill for the periods indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2026	\$ -	\$ 121,765	\$ 434,347	\$ 15,541	\$ 571,653
Effect of exchange rate	-	(3,443)	-	-	(3,443)
Balance as of June 30, 2026	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 118,322</u>	<u>\$ 434,347</u>	<u>\$ 15,541</u>	<u>\$ 568,210</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2025	\$ -	\$ 107,620	\$ 434,347	\$ 15,541	\$ 557,508
Effect of exchange rate	-	14,524	-	-	14,524
Balance as of June 30, 2025	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 122,144</u>	<u>\$ 434,347</u>	<u>\$ 15,541</u>	<u>\$ 572,032</u>

The Company evaluates goodwill for impairment as of October 1 each year, and more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that there may be impairment. The Company completed its most recent annual goodwill impairment test as of October 1, 2025 and determined that no goodwill impairment existed. No triggering events were identified during the six months ended June 30, 2026 that would require an interim impairment assessment.

5. Intangible Assets, Net

Intangible assets, net, consist primarily of intangible assets acquired through business combinations. During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company also capitalized \$1.3 million related to a manufacturing license agreement that provides rights to intellectual property, technical data, and know-how used to manufacture and commercialize products. The agreement is recorded as a definite-lived intangible asset and is amortized on a straight-line basis over its five-year contractual term.

The following table presents the details of intangible assets, net, as of the dates indicated:

(In thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)	As of June 30, 2026		
		Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying Value
Developed technology - definite lived	8.5	\$ 99,984	\$ 37,032	\$ 62,952
Developed technology - indefinite lived	N/A	66	-	66
Tradenames - definite lived	2.8	1,923	1,278	645
Tradenames - indefinite lived	N/A	8,738	-	8,738
Customer relationships	2.8	20,261	14,631	5,630
Patents	6.0	585	370	215
Manufacturing license agreement	4.7	1,250	83	1,167
		<u>\$ 132,807</u>	<u>\$ 53,394</u>	<u>\$ 79,413</u>

(In thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)	As of December 31, 2025		
		Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying Value
Developed technology – definite lived	8.9	\$ 100,179	\$ 33,136	\$ 67,043
Developed technology – indefinite lived	N/A	66	-	66
Tradenames - definite lived	3.3	1,933	1,153	780
Tradenames - indefinite lived	N/A	8,738	-	8,738
Customer relationships	3.3	20,339	13,717	6,622
Patents	6.3	585	347	238
		<u>\$ 131,840</u>	<u>\$ 48,353</u>	<u>\$ 83,487</u>

Amortization expense is reported within the following line items in the condensed consolidated statements of operations line items for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Cost of revenue	\$ 86	\$ 107	\$ 173	\$ 213
Research and development	1,905	1,905	3,815	3,798
Sales and marketing	497	504	993	1,205
General and administrative	130	89	240	176
	<u>\$ 2,618</u>	<u>\$ 2,605</u>	<u>\$ 5,221</u>	<u>\$ 5,392</u>

The following table presents the total estimated future amortization expense as of the date indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	June 30, 2026
2026 (remaining)	\$ 5,241
2027	10,303
2028	10,121
2029	8,643
2030	7,281
Thereafter	29,020
	<u>\$ 70,609</u>

The estimated future amortization expense presented above excludes indefinite lived intangible assets, which are not subject to amortization.

6. Inventory

The following table presents inventory as of the dates indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Raw materials	\$ 9,641	\$ 7,052
Work in process	1,407	1,503
Finished goods	3,466	3,084
Total	<u>\$ 14,514</u>	<u>\$ 11,639</u>

7. Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets and Accrued Expenses

The following table presents prepaid expenses and other current assets as of the dates indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Prepaid insurance	\$ 1,153	\$ 835
Prepaid taxes	267	464
Value added tax	900	616
Vendor prepayments	4,063	4,984
Other	1,254	609
	<u>\$ 7,637</u>	<u>\$ 7,508</u>

The following table presents accrued expenses as of the dates indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Accrued legal and professional fees	\$ 995	\$ 945
Payroll related expenses	4,389	5,026
Accrued warranty	244	299
Accrued taxes	1,152	385
Other accrued expenses	841	969
	<u>\$ 7,621</u>	<u>\$ 7,624</u>

8. Debt

Revolving Lines of Credit

On May 26, 2026, the Company entered into a revolving overdraft credit facility with Danske Bank providing borrowing capacity of up to DKK 60.0 million, or \$9.2 million with a foreign exchange rate as of June 30, 2026, to support the working capital needs of Sky-Watch. Borrowings under the facility bear interest at a variable rate equal to the applicable overnight reference rate (Danish Overnight Index Short-Term Rate, Euro Short-Term Rate, and Secured Overnight Financing Rate, as applicable) plus 1.75%, are subject to annual renewal, and were classified as revolving lines of credit as of June 30, 2026 in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2026, the outstanding balance under the revolving overdraft credit facility was \$5.5 million.

Current Maturities of Debt and Long-Term Debt

Current maturities of debt and long-term debt consist of the following as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025:

	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Bridge Loans	\$ -	\$ 43
SBA COVID-19 Economic Injury Disaster Loan	-	500
Code 1	98	188
Perrin Legal Settlement	250	500
Financed Insurance Premiums	1,000	459
Total debt	1,348	1,690
Less: current maturities of long-term debt	(1,348)	(1,190)
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$ -	\$ 500

As of June 30, 2026, the Company has repaid in full its outstanding balance under the U.S. Small Business Administration COVID-19 Economic Injury Disaster Loan.

As of June 30, 2026, all outstanding debt is scheduled to mature within the next twelve months and are therefore classified as current liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Joint Venture Agreement

On November 13, 2025, AIRO Drone entered into a Joint Venture and Operating Agreement (the “JV Agreement”) with Nord Drone Group, LLC (“NDG”), a Ukrainian limited liability company, pursuant to which AIRO Drone and NDG will form AIRO Nord-Drone, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “JV”). Pursuant to the terms of the JV Agreement, the JV will develop, manufacture, and commercialize unmanned aerial systems primarily designed for delivering munitions, targeting U.S., North Atlantic Treaty Organization (“NATO”), and Ukrainian defense markets. Each of the parties will contribute operational resources and capabilities to the JV. The Company will contribute business development, sales, manufacturing, engineering, and government certification resources, as well as manufacturing facilities in the United States, while NDG will contribute intellectual property, engineering data, operational resources, and manufacturing facilities in Ukraine. In addition, the Company will reimburse NDG for reasonable out-of-pocket costs incurred by NDG in obtaining NATO certification required by the JV Agreement, up to a maximum amount of \$50,000 within 30 days of the closing of the JV.

Each party to the JV will receive 50% of the limited liability company interests of the JV. The JV will be governed by a five-member board of managers, with each party appointing two directors and the acting chairman of the Company’s board of directors serving as the fifth director and chairman of the JV.

The consummation of the JV is subject to various closing conditions, including executing certain ancillary agreements between the parties and the JV, including intellectual property license, manufacturing, and services agreements, and obtaining any regulatory approval required under applicable law or by any governmental authority. Unless revised, the JV Agreement (as amended) will terminate and the JV will not be consummated if closing does not occur on or before September 30, 2026.

There can be no assurance that closing conditions under the JV Agreement will be satisfied or when or that the JV will be consummated on the terms described herein or at all. The JV involves material risks including operational challenges related to NDG’s location in Ukraine during ongoing military conflict, complex export control and sanctions compliance requirements, and potential regulatory scrutiny regarding foreign defense partnerships.

Litigation

The Company is not a party to any material legal proceedings and is not aware of any pending or threatened claims. From time to time, the Company may be subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of its business activities. Legal contingencies are subject to significant uncertainties and, therefore, determining the likelihood of a loss or the measurement of a loss can be complex. The Company will accrue losses that are both probable and reasonably estimable.

10. Segment Information

The Company reports segment information based on the “management” approach. The management approach designates the internal reporting used by management for making decisions and assessing performance as the source of the Company’s reportable segments. The Company’s chief operating decision maker has been identified as the chief executive officer. The Company periodically reevaluates its reportable and operating segments. The Company manages its business primarily based upon four operating segments: Avionics, Drones, Electric Air Mobility and Training. In accordance with the segment reporting accounting standard, the Company evaluated the economic similarity of its operating segments and determined that each of these operating segments represents a reportable segment.

- **Avionics:** This segment develops, manufactures, and sells avionics and GPS (“Global Positioning System”) sensors for general aviation (“GA”), unmanned aircraft systems (“UAS”) and eVTOL applications. The Company’s avionics products are focused on GA aftermarket, original equipment manufacturer (“OEM”) display, integration and connected panel solutions.
- **Drones:** This segment offers direct operation of drones and drone systems, provision of drone-derived information, and the development of drone-optimized communication services. Additionally, it consists of development and commercialization of market leading mini unmanned aircraft systems (“mUAS”) for professional users, primarily in the defense and security markets. The mUAS includes internally developed software, hardware, and mechanical system components. Operations cover sourcing, manufacturing, assembly, quality assurance testing activities and logistics.
- **Electric Air Mobility:** This segment is designing and developing dual-use electric and hybrid-electric compound rotorcraft aircraft, with a near-term focus on cargo-configured and multi-role autonomous platforms supporting middle-mile logistics, tactical resupply, emergency medical delivery, law enforcement, intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance (“ISR”), and other commercial and government missions.
- **Training:** This segment provides and operates military aircraft for U.S. military services and Department of War (“DoW”) (formerly referred to as the U.S. Department of Defense) contractors. Segment revenues are earned from (1) flying training missions as part of armed forces training groups, and (2) providing aircraft and support services to DoW contractors.

The Company evaluates the performance of its reportable segments based on the net income (loss) for each reporting segment. The following table presents the reconciliations of the reportable segment total revenues to the condensed consolidated revenues and the reportable segment total net income (loss) to the condensed consolidated net loss for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	Three months ended June 30, 2026				
	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Revenue	\$ 1,431	\$ 41,012	\$ -	\$ 737	\$ 43,180
Cost of revenue	1,005	13,890	-	598	15,493
Gross profit	426	27,122	-	139	27,687
Research and development	552	4,366	2,549	-	7,467
Sales and marketing	447	1,405	-	496	2,348
General and administrative	385	4,327	583	1,188	6,483
Interest expense	-	7	-	18	25
Interest income	-	(17)	-	-	(17)
Other expense, net	12	13	-	-	25
Income tax expense	-	4,062	-	-	4,062
Segment (loss) income	<u>\$ (970)</u>	<u>\$ 12,959</u>	<u>\$ (3,132)</u>	<u>\$ (1,563)</u>	<u>\$ 7,294</u>
Unallocated amounts:					
Corporate expenses					9,735
Interest income, net					(216)
Other income, net					(231)
Net loss					<u>\$ (1,994)</u>

Three months ended June 30, 2025

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Revenue	\$ 1,527	\$ 21,969	\$ -	\$ 1,054	\$ 24,550
Cost of revenue	958	7,900	-	658	9,516
Gross profit	569	14,069	-	396	15,034
Research and development	199	2,062	1,840	-	4,101
Sales and marketing	341	921	-	496	1,758
General and administrative	2,124	1,748	215	10,660	14,747
Interest expense	4	50	-	79	133
Interest income	-	(27)	-	-	(27)
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net	(13,091)	-	-	-	(13,091)
Other expense (income), net	627	(197)	(16,790)	(1,878)	(18,238)
Income tax expense	-	2,057	-	-	2,057
Segment income (loss)	<u>\$ 10,365</u>	<u>\$ 7,455</u>	<u>\$ 14,735</u>	<u>\$ (8,961)</u>	<u>\$ 23,594</u>
Unallocated amounts:					
Corporate expenses					14,117
Interest expense, net					7,904
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net					(2,468)
Other income, net					(1,830)
Net income					<u>\$ 5,871</u>

Six months ended June 30, 2026

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Revenue	\$ 3,136	\$ 47,544	\$ -	\$ 1,401	\$ 52,081
Cost of revenue	2,276	18,493	-	1,260	22,029
Gross profit	860	29,051	-	141	30,052
Research and development	1,260	8,169	4,742	-	14,171
Sales and marketing	730	2,597	-	993	4,320
General and administrative	1,108	8,428	954	2,190	12,680
Interest expense	-	8	-	34	42
Interest income	-	(81)	-	-	(81)
Other expense (income), net	12	33	(6)	71	110
Income tax expense	-	2,417	-	-	2,417
Segment (loss) income	<u>\$ (2,250)</u>	<u>\$ 7,480</u>	<u>\$ (5,690)</u>	<u>\$ (3,147)</u>	<u>\$ (3,607)</u>
Unallocated amounts:					
Corporate expenses					14,385
Interest income, net					(545)
Other expense, net					-
Income tax expense					-
Net loss					<u>\$ (17,447)</u>

Six months ended June 30, 2025

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Revenue	\$ 3,776	\$ 30,452	\$ -	\$ 2,117	\$ 36,345
Cost of revenue	2,149	10,555	-	1,674	14,378
Gross profit	1,627	19,897	-	443	21,967
Research and development	444	3,608	3,715	-	7,767
Sales and marketing	615	1,584	-	992	3,191
General and administrative	2,531	4,010	492	11,417	18,450
Interest expense	20	158	-	146	324
Interest income	-	(115)	-	-	(115)
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net	(13,091)	-	-	-	(13,091)
Other expense (income), net	628	(281)	(18,573)	(2,680)	(20,906)
Income tax expense	-	2,344	-	-	2,344
Segment income (loss)	<u>\$ 10,480</u>	<u>\$ 8,589</u>	<u>\$ 14,366</u>	<u>\$ (9,432)</u>	<u>\$ 24,003</u>
Unallocated amounts:					
Corporate expenses					15,329
Interest expense, net					9,068
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net					(2,468)
Other income, net					(1,824)
Net income					<u>\$ 3,898</u>

The following table presents revenue by geographic area for the periods indicated:

Three months ended June 30, 2026					
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
United States	\$ 973	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 737	\$ 1,710
Europe	242	40,943	-	-	41,185
Other	216	69	-	-	285
	<u>\$ 1,431</u>	<u>\$ 41,012</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 737</u>	<u>\$ 43,180</u>
Three months ended June 30, 2025					
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
United States	\$ 914	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 1,054	\$ 1,969
Europe	423	21,968	-	-	22,391
Other	190	-	-	-	190
	<u>\$ 1,527</u>	<u>\$ 21,969</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,054</u>	<u>\$ 24,550</u>
Six months ended June 30, 2026					
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
United States	\$ 1,983	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 1,401	\$ 3,385
Europe	780	47,205	-	-	47,985
Other	373	338	-	-	711
	<u>\$ 3,136</u>	<u>\$ 47,544</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,401</u>	<u>\$ 52,081</u>
Six months ended June 30, 2025					
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
United States	\$ 2,308	\$ 33	\$ -	\$ 2,117	\$ 4,458
Europe	920	30,419	-	-	31,339
Other	548	-	-	-	548
	<u>\$ 3,776</u>	<u>\$ 30,452</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,117</u>	<u>\$ 36,345</u>

The following table presents revenue by products and services for the periods indicated:

Three months ended June 30, 2026					
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Products	\$ 1,421	\$ 40,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,558
Services	10	875	-	737	1,622
	<u>\$ 1,431</u>	<u>\$ 41,012</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 737</u>	<u>\$ 43,180</u>
Three months ended June 30, 2025					
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Products	\$ 1,524	\$ 20,173	\$ -	\$ 586	\$ 22,283
Services	3	1,796	-	468	2,267
	<u>\$ 1,527</u>	<u>\$ 21,969</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,054</u>	<u>\$ 24,550</u>

	Six months ended June 30, 2026				
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Products	\$ 3,113	\$ 45,618	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,731
Services	23	1,926	-	1,401	3,350
	<u>\$ 3,136</u>	<u>\$ 47,544</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,401</u>	<u>\$ 52,081</u>

	Six months ended June 30, 2025				
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total
Products	\$ 3,766	\$ 26,851	\$ -	\$ 586	\$ 31,203
Services	10	3,601	-	1,531	5,142
	<u>\$ 3,776</u>	<u>\$ 30,452</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,117</u>	<u>\$ 36,345</u>

The following table presents capital expenditures, depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation and contingent consideration fair value adjustments for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended June 30, 2026				
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total ⁽¹⁾
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 132	\$ 554	\$ 1,701	\$ 756	\$ 3,143
Stock-based compensation	8	67	31	5	111
Capital expenditures	73	2,251	-	66	2,390

(1) The totals above exclude corporate amounts, including \$0.06 million of depreciation and amortization, \$1.0 million of stock-based compensation, and \$0.05 million of capital expenditures.

	Three months ended June 30, 2025				
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total ⁽¹⁾
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 121	\$ 360	\$ 1,700	\$ 807	\$ 2,988
Stock-based compensation	1,717	-	41	10,087	11,845
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments	-	(230)	(15,423)	(1,881)	(17,534)
Capital expenditures	-	463	-	259	722

(1) The total above excludes corporate amount of \$6.8 million in stock-based compensation.

	Six months ended June 30, 2026				
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total ⁽¹⁾
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 260	\$ 1,077	\$ 3,401	\$ 1,514	\$ 6,252
Stock-based compensation	10	1,304	42	7	1,363
Capital expenditures	204	2,848	-	1,070	4,122

(1) The totals above exclude corporate amounts, including \$0.08 million of depreciation and amortization, \$1.2 million of stock-based compensation, and \$0.4 million of capital expenditures.

	Six months ended June 30, 2025				
<i>(In thousands)</i>	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Total ⁽¹⁾
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 244	\$ 868	\$ 3,400	\$ 1,614	\$ 6,126
Stock-based compensation	1,717	-	166	10,087	11,970
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments	-	(365)	(17,223)	(2,684)	(20,272)
Capital expenditures	-	808	-	259	1,067

(1) The total above excludes corporate amount of \$6.8 million in stock-based compensation.

The following table presents tangible long-lived assets by geographic area as of the dates indicated:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2026					
	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Corporate	Total
United States	\$ 683	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 5,942	\$ 136	\$ 6,786
Europe	-	5,023	-	-	-	5,023
	<u>\$ 683</u>	<u>\$ 5,023</u>	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 5,942</u>	<u>\$ 136</u>	<u>\$ 11,809</u>

(In thousands)	December 31, 2025					
	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Corporate	Total
United States	\$ 544	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 5,484	\$ -	\$ 6,031
Europe	-	2,955	-	-	-	2,955
	<u>\$ 544</u>	<u>\$ 2,955</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 5,484</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,986</u>

The following table presents the reconciliation of total segment assets to the condensed consolidated amounts as of the dates indicated:

(In thousands)	Total Segment assets					
	Avionics	Drones	Electric Air Mobility	Training	Corporate	Total
June 30, 2026	\$ 4,005	\$ 191,828	\$ 503,088	\$ 28,336	\$ 29,790	\$ 757,047
December 31, 2025	\$ 3,795	\$ 178,064	\$ 506,214	\$ 30,387	\$ 55,679	\$ 774,139

11. Revenue

The Company generates revenue from (i) product sales, including avionics, Global Navigation Satellite System (“GNSS”) technologies, and mUAS/commercial drones; (ii) services, including training, support, and drone services; (iii) research and development (“R&D”) contracts; and (iv) sales-based royalties.

Product revenue is recognized at a point in time upon shipment or delivery when control transfers to the customer. Service revenue, including support, training, and drone services, is recognized over time as services are performed, generally on a straight-line basis over the service period. Extended warranties are service-type warranties and are recognized over the contractual term, typically two to three years. Revenue from R&D contracts is recognized over time using an input method based on costs incurred relative to total estimated costs. Sales-based royalties are recognized at a point in time as underlying sales occur.

The following table summarizes revenue recognized at a point in time and over time for the periods indicated:

(In thousands)	Three Months ended June 30,		Six Months ended June 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Point in time	\$ 42,269	\$ 22,815	\$ 50,201	\$ 32,734
Over time	911	1,735	1,880	3,611
	<u>\$ 43,180</u>	<u>\$ 24,550</u>	<u>\$ 52,081</u>	<u>\$ 36,345</u>

Contract liabilities as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025 were \$7.2 million and \$4.5 million, respectively. The majority of contract liabilities are expected to be recognized as revenue during 2026. The Company had no significant contract assets as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company recognized \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million in revenue previously included in contract liabilities as of December 31, 2025.

Revenue is also disaggregated by segment and geography. See Note 10. *Segment Information*.

12. Related Party Transactions

Related party transactions include the following:

- Aspen Avionics has a Commercialization Agreement with Centro Italiano Ricerche Aerospaziali S.p.A (“CIRA”), a stockholder of Aspen Avionics, whereby CIRA licensed certain technology to Aspen Avionics. As consideration for the license, CIRA will receive a royalty based on each unit sold by Aspen Avionics. In March 2020, Aspen Avionics entered into an agreement with CIRA to settle unpaid royalty amounts due under a development agreement. The Company owed \$0.6 million to CIRA as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025.
- Coastal Defense entered into unsecured due on demand notes with two stockholders (the “Stockholder Notes”). Interest is charged at 7.00% per year. As of December 31, 2025, the outstanding balance of the Stockholder Notes was \$1.1 million.

During 2025, the Company engaged in settlement discussions with one counterparty, Jeffrey F. Parker as executor of the estate of Kenneth Parker, and received a proposed settlement pursuant to which the Company is expected to pay the counterparty \$1.0 million in full satisfaction of the obligations. The proposed settlement reflects a comprehensive resolution that includes offsets for amounts owed by Failor Services, Inc. (“Failor”) and Coastal Restaurant Group (“CRG”) to Coastal Defense. As of December 31, 2025, Coastal Defense’s recorded balances relating to these items were as follows: (i) amount due to Jeffrey F. Parker related to the Stockholder Notes of \$1.0 million, (ii) amount due from Failor of \$0.4 million, and (iii) an immaterial amount due from CRG, resulting in a net amount due of \$0.6 million. The proposed settlement payment of \$1.0 million exceeds the net recorded balance by \$0.4 million, which was accrued at December 31, 2025 and included in “Related party payables” on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In January 2026, the Company made a payment of \$0.1 million to one of the stockholders. In April 2026, the Company also finalized the settlement with Jeffrey F. Parker and fully repaid the remaining Stockholder Note. No amounts remained outstanding under the Stockholder Notes as of June 30, 2026.

- Edvard Per Erik Svehag, a member of the Company’s Board of Directors, is a director of Dangroup ApS (“Dangroup”) and indirectly beneficially owns approximately 60% of Dangroup. Dangroup was also a former shareholder of Sky-Watch, which the Company acquired in March 2022.

On June 28, 2024, the Company signed an Incentive Agreement whereby the Company will pay Dangroup 20% of Sky-Watch’s earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (“EBITDA”) as an incentive bonus for their continued involvement in Sky-Watch’s governance, management and/or other operations commencing on January 1, 2025 for an initial term of five years. The agreement was amended in December 2024 and June 2026. In connection with the June 2026 amendment, the Company also agreed to pay Dangroup DKK 1.3 million, or \$0.2 million with a foreign exchange rate as of June 30, 2026, on or before December 15, 2026. The incentive bonus related to fiscal year 2025 of \$6.1 million was paid in June 2026.

On June 28, 2024, the Company signed a Consulting Agreement whereby the Company will pay Mr. Svehag 2.5% of Sky-Watch’s EBITDA as a consulting fee for his assistance with branding and rolling out products and services into new and additional markets commencing on January 1, 2024. In February 2026, the Company hired Mr. Svehag as an employee and terminated the Consulting Agreement. The amounts owed under this agreement are included in “Accrued expenses” on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2026 but were included in “Related party payables” on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2025. Consulting fees related to fiscal year 2025 of \$0.9 million were paid in June 2026.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company recorded \$2.9 million and \$3.5 million, respectively, and \$2.0 million and \$2.6 million of expense in the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, within general and administrative expense related to these agreements.

Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws, which statements are subject to substantial risks and uncertainties and are based on estimates and assumptions. All statements other than statements of historical facts, including statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to markets, and business trends and other information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements, including statements about:

- our ability to grow and manage growth profitably;
- our financial and business performance and business metrics;
- our strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenues and losses, projected costs, prospects and plans;
- the implementation, market acceptance and success of our business model;
- our market opportunity and the potential growth of that market;
- our ability to compete effectively in a competitive industry;
- our ability to protect and enhance our corporate reputation and brand;
- the impact from future regulatory, judicial, and legislative changes in our industry;
- our ability to effect our growth strategies, acquisitions or investments successfully; and
- our future capital requirements and sources and uses of cash.

These statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or otherwise implied by the forward-looking statements. The following factors, among others, may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements:

- our dependence on a limited number of customers for most of our revenue;
- our lack of long-term commitments from our customers;
- our ability to successfully integrate the businesses and personnel of acquired companies, including AIRO Drone, LLC (“AIRO Drone”), Agile Defense, LLC (“Agile Defense”), Coastal Defense, Inc. (“Coastal Defense”), Jaunt Air Mobility, LLC (“Jaunt”), Sky-Watch A/S (“Sky-Watch”) and Aspen Avionics, Inc. (“Aspen Avionics”), and our ability to realize the anticipated synergies and benefits of such acquisitions;
- our ability to keep pace with technological advances and our dependence on advances in technology by other companies, many of which have substantially greater resources than we do;
- our ability to acquire additional aircraft to support our Training segment on acceptable terms or at all;
- the impact that our customers may experience from service failures or interruptions due to defects in the software, infrastructure, components or engineering system that comprise our products and services, or due to errors in product installation;
- our dependence on the continuing efforts of our key personnel and on our ability to attract and retain highly skilled personnel and senior management;

- we have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting which, if not corrected, could affect the reliability of our condensed consolidated financial statements;
- our failure to comply with applicable government regulations;
- any disruptions or threatened disruptions to our relationships with our distributors, suppliers, customers and employees, including shortages in components for our products;
- our sales to the U.S. government, particularly to agencies of the DoW, and a decline in government budgets, funding, changes in spending or budgetary priorities, or delays in contract awards;
- budget uncertainty, the risk of future budget cuts, the impact of continuing resolution funding mechanisms, the debt ceiling and government shutdowns, and changing funding and acquisition priorities;
- changes in the supply, demand and/or prices for our products and services and our ability to perform under existing contracts and obtain new contracts;
- the complexities and uncertainty of obtaining and conducting international business, including export compliance and other reporting and compliance requirements;
- the impact of potential security and cyber threats or the risk of unauthorized access to our, our customers' and/or our suppliers' information and systems;
- our ability to respond and adapt to changes in economic, capital market, and political conditions in the U.S. and globally, such as from the global sanctions and export controls with respect to Russia, and any changes therein, and including changes related to financial market conditions, banking industry disruptions, fluctuations in commodity prices or supply (including energy supply), inflation, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, disruptions in global supply chain and labor markets, and geopolitical risks, including in the Middle East and Ukraine;
- our failure to develop new products or integrate new technology into current products;
- unfavorable results in legal proceedings;
- the accuracy of our estimates regarding expenses, future revenues, capital requirements and needs for additional financing; and
- our expectations regarding the period during which we will qualify as an emerging growth company and smaller reporting company.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “plan,” “potential,” “predict,” “project,” “should,” “target” or “will” or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions intended to identify statements about the future. Because forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified and some of which are beyond our control, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. The events and circumstances reflected in our forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur and actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements.

In addition, statements that “we believe” and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based upon information available to us as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and while we believe such information forms a reasonable basis for such statements, such information may be limited or incomplete, and our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into, or review of, all potentially available relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely upon these statements.

You should read the section titled “Risk Factors” included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of important factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. Moreover, we operate in an evolving environment. New risk factors and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all risk factors and uncertainties. As a result of these factors, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will prove to be accurate. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

You should read this Form 10-Q and the documents that we reference in this report and have filed as exhibits to the report, completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q by these cautionary statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is management's discussion and analysis of the major factors that influenced our financial condition and results of operations as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 and for each of the two years then ended, together with the related notes thereto, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the "Form 10-K") and with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review the sections titled "Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion of forward-looking statements and important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis. All references to "we", "us", "our", and the "Company" refer to AIRO Group Holdings, Inc.

Overview

We are a technologically differentiated aerospace, autonomy, and air mobility platform targeting 21st century aerospace and defense opportunities. We leverage decades of industry expertise and connections across the drone, aviation, and avionics markets to provide leading solutions to the aerospace and defense market. We offer connected and diversified solutions providing operational synergies across our segments and are powered by an international footprint as well as supplier and public sector relationships. Supported by complementary and innovative technologies, we believe we bring a unique value proposition to the market and are well-positioned to become a differentiated leader in the industry.

Our business is organized into four operating segments, each of which represents a critical growth vector in the aerospace and defense market: Avionics, Drones, Electric Air Mobility, and Training. These four segments collectively target an estimated total addressable market of over \$315 billion by 2030.

Avionics. The Avionics segment develops, manufactures, and sells avionics for military and general aviation aircraft, drones, and eVTOLs. Our avionics products include flight displays, Connected Panels, and GPS/GNSS sensors, all of which have been installed on legacy military aircraft and general aviation platforms. We sell our avionics products through our Aspen Avionics brand, which is well-recognized in the general aviation aftermarket sector with over 20 years of operating history and long-term customer loyalty for our value proposition. We also serve as an avionics supplier for OEMs, including Robinson Helicopters, Pilatus, Honeywell, and Joby Aviation. We believe our avionics solutions have a considerable market opportunity as general aviation fleets continue to age, with owners and operators seeking to upgrade the avionics technology on their aircraft. During the second quarter of 2026, our consolidated Phoenix manufacturing facility achieved AS9100D certification, reinforcing our manufacturing quality and supporting future growth across general aviation and advanced aerospace markets.

Drones. The Drones segment develops, manufactures, and sells drones and will provide drone services, such as DaaS, for military and commercial end users. Our military drones are sold through our Sky-Watch brand, which is a key supplier to European NATO countries. A critical point of differentiation lies in our drones' ability to perform in a GPS-denied environment, which is a technology application relevant for both military and commercial end markets. The segment's portfolio includes the battle-proven RQ-35 platform and the recently introduced next-generation RQ-70 platform, which is designed to support expanded operational capabilities, including longer flight range, greater endurance, higher payload capacity, upgraded sensor options, and enhanced autonomous mission operations. During the second quarter of 2026, we completed significant customer deliveries of our RQ-35 platform, including the first operational deployment featuring our proprietary Zentra camera suite, and announced that the RQ-35 had been added to the U.S. Department of War ("DoW") Blue UAS list, expanding its eligibility for U.S. government procurement.

Electric Air Mobility. The Electric Air Mobility segment, operated through our Jaunt brand, is developing dual-use electric and hybrid-electric compound rotorcraft aircraft. Our near-term focus is on cargo-configured and multi-role autonomous aircraft platforms, including the JC250 and JX250 variants, designed to support middle-mile logistics, tactical resupply, emergency medical delivery, law enforcement, ISR, and other commercial and government missions. The JC250 is designed as an autonomous cargo drone platform for logistics missions, while the JX250 is designed as a variant platform for ISR and logistics applications. These platforms are being designed to support extended operational range, payload flexibility, and autonomous mission capabilities for commercial and government use cases. We plan to pursue certification of our aircraft under existing CAR 529 Transport Category Rotorcraft standards. Our aircraft integrate characteristics of both rotary- and fixed-wing platforms through our patented compound rotorcraft configuration, which has accumulated over 300 piloted flight hours across multiple Jaunt demonstrator aircraft. We are evaluating both fully electric and hybrid-electric propulsion architectures to support varying mission requirements, including extended range and increased operational flexibility. We believe this compound rotorcraft architecture, combined with electric and hybrid-electric propulsion strategies, provides favorable range, payload capacity, and mission adaptability relative to conventional rotorcraft and certain eVTOL configurations. Upon certification, we expect our cargo-configured aircraft to serve as the initial foundation of our commercialization efforts.

Training. The Training segment currently provides military pilot training. We offer professional training and consulting services to the U.S. military, select NATO countries, and other U.S. allies under our Coastal Defense brand. These offerings include adversary air, close air support, ISR, aircraft leasing, pilot training, ground liaison services, and Joint Terminal Attack Controller training, as well as full joint theatre ISR and simulated ground strike training. We work closely with special military forces such as SEAL teams, the U.S. Naval Air Warfare Center, and United States Air Force Air Combat Command, and are a mandated recipient on a \$5.7 billion DoW Indefinite Delivery Indefinite Quantity (“IDIQ”) Contract and a \$1.9 million IDIQ Contract. Our personnel’s top security clearances and established relationships at the Pentagon provide us with a differentiated ability to bid on mandates. The Company is evaluating the strategic fit and long-term role of its Training segment. The Training segment remains a valuable asset with significant long-term opportunity, although the segment is capital-intensive and often requires meaningful ongoing investment.

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

Our financial condition and results of operations have been, and will continue to be, affected by a number of factors, including the following.

Customer Concentration and Drone Segment Revenue Concentration

We believe that our operating results for the foreseeable future will continue to depend to a significant extent on sales attributable to certain end customers with such concentration primarily attributable to our Drones segment.

Training Segment Contract Opportunities

The Training segment has experienced delays in the timing of expected contract awards, resulting in lower near-term revenue visibility. During 2026, the Company invested in operational capabilities to support its ability to compete for future contract opportunities. Future operating results will depend on the timing and successful conversion of contract awards.

Lack of Long-Term Customer Commitments

Our sales are generally made on a purchase order basis, and we typically do not have long-term purchase commitments from our customers. As a result, customers may cancel, reduce, reschedule, or otherwise modify their purchase orders, which may affect anticipated sales. In addition, the timing and size of purchase orders, as well as modifications to existing orders, may vary from period to period and could cause fluctuations in our operating results.

Global Supply Chain

We are dependent on a global supply chain and, in recent years, have experienced disruptions that resulted in delays and increased costs which adversely affected our performance. These disruptions impacted our ability to procure raw materials, microelectronics, and certain commodities on a timely basis and/or at expected prices and have been driven by supply chain constraints and macroeconomic conditions, including inflation and labor market shortages. Current geopolitical conditions, including conflicts and other causes of strained intercountry relations, as well as sanctions and other trade restrictions, continue to contribute to these issues. Furthermore, our suppliers and subcontractors have been affected by these same factors. We also experience periodic shortages of electronic and mechanical parts. Management continues to proactively manage the supply and transportation of parts during regular sales inventory and operations meetings. This proactive planning is an integral part of our normal operations and has allowed us to anticipate potential shortages and introduce redundancy alongside our supply chain. These mitigation efforts have not introduced new material risks related to product quality, reliability or regulatory approval of products. We continue to monitor the condition of our supply chain and evaluate our procurement strategy to reduce any negative impact on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. We have implemented actions and programs designed to mitigate the impacts of supply chain disruptions but anticipate that we and others in our industry will continue to face such challenges for the foreseeable future. The supply chain disruptions discussed above did not materially impact our outlook, business goals, results of operations or capital resources during 2025 or the first six months of 2026.

Geopolitical Matters

We operate in a complex and evolving global security environment, and our business is affected by geopolitical and security issues. Conflicts, including the conflict between Russia and Ukraine, conflicts in the Middle East and heightened tension in the Pacific region, have elevated global security concerns resulting in increased interest for our products and services as countries seek to improve their security posture. In addition, security assistance provided by NATO and its allies to Ukraine has increased demand to replenish NATO stockpiles, resulting in additional and potential future orders, including for the ramp-up in production capacity for certain products. We continue to expect additional orders over the next several years attributable to the global threat environment.

Economic Environment

Our business and financial performance is also affected by elevated levels of inflation and interest rates. Certain costs, including rising labor rates and supplier costs, have increased as a result of inflation, and have adversely affected our margins on certain programs. Due to the nature of our government and commercial aerospace businesses, and their respective customer and supplier contracts, we are not always able to offset cost increases by increasing our contract value or pricing. This can affect our ability to acquire equipment and constrain our customers' purchasing power, decrease orders for our products and services, and impact the ability of our customers to make payments and of our suppliers to perform. Moreover, volatility in interest rates and financial markets can lead to economic uncertainty, an economic downturn or recession and create an impact on the demand for our products and services as well as our supply chain.

Development of the Electric Air Mobility Market

Our future revenue for our Electric Air Mobility segment will be tied to the continued development of autonomous cargo and logistics operations and short distance aerial transportation. While we believe the global market for electric air mobility will be large, it remains undeveloped and there is no guarantee of future demand. Our current focus is on the development and commercialization of autonomous cargo and multi-role eVTOL platforms for logistics, ISR, defense, government, and related commercial applications. We anticipate receiving certification of our 33% downscaled cargo eVTOL under drone rules as early as 2027. Our business will require significant investment leading up to launching these services, including, but not limited to, final engineering designs, prototyping and testing, manufacturing, software development, certification, operator training, infrastructure, and commercialization. We benefit from supplier cost sharing, whereby our suppliers have agreed to defer their non-recurring engineering costs until commercialization, which has reduced our initial funding requirements prior to commercialization.

Key Components of Results of Operations

Revenue

Revenue consists primarily of product sales, fees for consulting services, licensing revenue, warranty sales, and after-sales services. A majority of our revenue is derived from the Drones segment. To date, our Electric Air Mobility segment has not generated material revenue.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue includes direct labor (including salary, benefits and taxes), material costs and indirect production costs. Indirect production costs include indirect labor, purchasing, quality and manufacturing leadership, consumables, freight, charges for inventory reserves and amortization of intangible assets. We expect our cost of revenue to fluctuate based on a number of factors including, among others, availability and ability to obtain suitable aircraft, availability and cost of raw materials, such as lithium, and fluctuations in the labor market, in particular with respect to individuals who are highly skilled and specialized, such as pilots, and foreign currency exchange rates.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development

Research and development (“R&D”) expenses consist primarily of personnel expenses, including salaries, benefits, costs of consulting, equipment and materials, direct allocable overhead costs, including staff development cost, travel costs and technology costs, and amortization of intangible assets. We expect our R&D expenses to increase as we continue to invest in our infrastructure and technology and seek to develop new products and services.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses include salary, benefits and taxes, commissions, travel, costs of leased airplanes, advertising, trade shows and amortization of intangible assets. We expect our sales and marketing expenses to increase as we seek to build out our capabilities in these areas to acquire new customers.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses include costs of executive leadership, corporate governance, consulting fees, accounting and finance operations, travel, and support functions, including human resources and information technology. We expect our general and administrative expenses to increase as we incur additional costs associated with being a public company and certain terms of our consulting and incentive agreements become effective.

Other Income (Expense)

Interest Income (Expense), Net

Interest income (expense), net consists primarily of the interest expense from borrowings, net of interest income earned on cash deposits.

Gain on Debt Extinguishment, Net

Gain on debt extinguishment, net includes gains and losses on debt extinguishments.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net includes changes in fair value on contingent consideration obligations and other liabilities, the impact from debt and other liability settlements, and foreign currency exchange adjustments based on the terms of payments related to an earnout obligation.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense primarily consists of income taxes in certain foreign jurisdictions in which we conduct business.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement our condensed consolidated financial statements prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP, we use EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin, as described below, to facilitate analysis of our financial and business trends and for internal planning and forecasting purposes.

We define (1) EBITDA as net (loss) income before interest (income) expense, income tax expense, and depreciation and amortization, (2) Adjusted EBITDA as net (loss) income before interest (income) expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, gain on extinguishment of debt, stock-based compensation, strategic workforce transition costs, contingent consideration fair value adjustments, warrant fair value adjustment, and IPO contingencies, and (3) Adjusted EBITDA margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue. The above items are excluded from our Adjusted EBITDA measure because these items are either non-cash in nature, or because the amount and timing of these items is unpredictable, or because they are not driven by core results of operations, thereby rendering comparisons with prior periods and competitors less meaningful. We believe Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our results of operations, as well as providing a useful measure for period-to-period comparisons of our business performance. Moreover, we have included Adjusted EBITDA in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q because it is a key measurement used by our management internally to make operating decisions, including those related to analyzing operating expenses, evaluating performance, and performing strategic planning and annual budgeting.

These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as alternatives to performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP. Our presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures should not be construed to imply that our future results will be unaffected by items that are excluded from these metrics. In addition, our definitions of these non-GAAP financial measures may be different from similarly titled non-GAAP measures used by other companies. These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider any of these non-GAAP financial measures in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are that our non-GAAP financial measures:

- do not reflect our interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debt;
- exclude depreciation and amortization expense, and although these are non-cash expenses, the assets being depreciated may have to be replaced in the future, increasing our cash requirements; and
- do not reflect provision for or benefit from income taxes that reduces cash available to us.

Because of these limitations, we consider, and you should consider, the non-GAAP financial measures alongside other financial performance measures, including net (loss) income and our other GAAP results. A reconciliation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to net (loss) income, and Adjusted EBITDA Margin to net (loss) income margin, the most directly comparable financial measures stated in accordance with GAAP, is provided below. Investors are encouraged to review the related GAAP financial measures and the reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,994)	\$ 5,871	\$ (17,447)	\$ 3,898
Depreciation and amortization	3,205	2,988	6,335	6,126
Income tax expense	4,062	2,057	2,417	2,344
Interest (income) expense, net	(208)	8,010	(584)	9,277
EBITDA	5,065	18,926	(9,279)	21,645
Gain on extinguishment of debt	-	(15,559)	-	(15,559)
Stock-based compensation	1,104	18,638	2,606	18,763
Strategic workforce transition costs ¹	635	-	635	-
Contingent consideration fair value adjustments	-	(17,534)	-	(20,272)
Warrant fair value adjustment	-	(1,843)	-	(1,843)
IPO contingencies ²	-	2,070	-	2,070
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 6,804	\$ 4,698	\$ (6,038)	\$ 4,804
Net (loss) income margin	(4.6)%	23.9%	(33.5)%	10.7%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	15.8%	19.1%	(11.6)%	13.2%

¹ Strategic workforce transition costs consist of severance and other direct employee-related costs incurred in connection with the Company's strategic workforce realignment and organization optimization initiatives. These costs are included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

² IPO contingencies are made up of \$1.0 million related to Kipps, \$0.8 million related to the legal settlement, \$0.5 million legal accrual, \$0.2 million for NGA, \$0.3 million bonus, \$0.6 million Aspen contingent debt, \$0.1 million cash portion of the Aspen carve-out, net of a \$1.4 million gain on deferred compensation.

Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

The following table shows our consolidated financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025:

<i>(in thousands) except percentages</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Period over period change	
	2026	2025	(\$)	(%)
Revenue	\$ 43,180	\$ 24,550	\$ 18,630	75.9%
Cost of revenue	15,493	9,516	5,977	62.8%
Gross profit	27,687	15,034	12,653	84.2%
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	7,576	4,101	3,475	84.7%
Sales and marketing	2,355	1,758	597	34.0%
General and administrative	16,102	28,864	(12,762)	(44.2)%
Total operating expenses	26,033	34,723	(8,690)	(25.0)%
Income (loss) from operations	1,654	(19,689)	21,343	108.4%
Other income (expense):				
Interest income (expense), net	208	(8,010)	8,218	102.6%
Gain on extinguishment of debt	-	15,559	(15,559)	(100.0)%
Other income, net	206	20,068	(19,862)	(99.0)%
Total other income (expense)	414	27,617	(27,203)	(98.5)%
Income before income tax expense	2,068	7,928	(5,860)	(73.9)%
Income tax expense	(4,062)	(2,057)	(2,005)	97.5%
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,994)	\$ 5,871	\$ (7,865)	(134.0)%

<i>(in thousands) except percentages</i>	Six Months Ended June 30,		Period over period change	
	2026	2025	(\$)	(%)
Revenue	\$ 52,081	\$ 36,345	\$ 15,736	43.3%
Cost of revenue	22,029	14,378	7,651	53.2%
Gross profit	30,052	21,967	8,085	36.8%
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	14,280	7,767	6,513	83.9%
Sales and marketing	4,332	3,191	1,141	35.8%
General and administrative	26,944	33,779	(6,835)	(20.2)%
Total operating expenses	45,556	44,737	819	1.8%
Loss from operations	(15,504)	(22,770)	7,266	31.9%
Other income (expense):				
Interest income (expense), net	584	(9,277)	9,861	106.3%
Gain on extinguishment of debt	-	15,559	(15,559)	(100.0)%
Other (expense) income, net	(110)	22,730	(22,840)	(100.5)%
Total other income (expense)	474	29,012	(28,538)	(98.4)%
(Loss) income before income tax expense	(15,030)	6,242	(21,272)	(340.8)%
Income tax expense	(2,417)	(2,344)	(73)	3.1%
Net (loss) income	\$ (17,447)	\$ 3,898	\$ (21,345)	(547.6)%

Revenue

For the three months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, revenue increased by \$18.6 million, driven by a \$19.0 million increase in the Drones segment, partially offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in the Training segment and a \$0.1 million decrease in the Avionics segment.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, revenue increased by \$15.7 million, driven by a \$17.1 million increase in the Drones segment, partially offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in the Training segment and a \$0.6 million decrease in the Avionics segment.

For both comparative periods, the increase in the Drones segment was primarily attributable to higher drone sales. The decrease in the Training segment primarily reflects lower task orders. The decrease in the Avionics segment primarily reflects lower demand and temporary disruption associated with facility relocation that occurred during the first quarter of 2026.

Cost of Revenue

For the three months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, cost of revenue increased by \$6.0 million, primarily due to an increase of \$6.0 million within the Drones segment driven by higher drone sales. Gross margin was 64.1% during the three months ended June 30, 2026 compared to 61.2% during the same period in 2025 commensurate with higher sales volume. For the six months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, cost of revenue increased by \$7.7 million, primarily due to an increase of \$7.9 million and \$0.1 million within the Drones and Avionics segments, respectively, partially offset by a \$0.4 million decrease in the Training segment commensurate with higher sales volume.

Gross margin was 57.7% during the six months ended June 30, 2026 compared to 60.4% during the same period in 2025. The decrease in gross margin was primarily driven by a 4.2% decrease in the Drones segment, reflecting the impact of a less favorable sales mix during the first quarter of 2026, partially offset by improved margins in the second quarter as drone product deliveries increased. Gross margin in the Avionics segment decreased by 15.6%, primarily reflecting lower customer demand and pricing concessions to support sales. Gross margin in the Training segment decreased by 10.9%, primarily reflecting lower sales.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development

For the three months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, R&D expense increased by \$3.5 million primarily due to a \$2.3 million increase in the Drones segment, a \$0.7 million increase in the Electric Air Mobility segment, and a \$0.4 million increase in the Avionics segment.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, R&D expense increased by \$6.5 million primarily due to a \$4.6 million increase in the Drones segment, a \$1.0 million increase in the Electric Air Mobility segment, and a \$0.8 million increase in the Avionics segment.

For both comparative periods, the increase in the Drones segment was primarily driven by higher personnel and consulting costs related to ongoing strategic and development initiatives. The increase in the Electric Air Mobility segment was primarily due to higher personnel costs supporting development programs, while the increase in the Avionics segment reflects targeted investments within the platform.

Sales and Marketing

For the three months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, sales and marketing expense increased by \$0.6 million, primarily due to higher personnel costs, higher facility costs driven by repair and maintenance activities, and increased marketing and tradeshow expenses. For the six months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, sales and marketing expense increased by \$1.1 million, primarily due to higher personnel costs, higher facility costs driven by repair and maintenance activities, and increased marketing and tradeshow expenses.

General and Administrative

For the three months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, general and administrative expense decreased by \$12.8 million, including a \$9.5 million decrease in the Training segment and a \$1.7 million decrease in the Avionics segment, partially offset by a \$2.6 million increase in the Drones segment and a \$0.4 million increase in the Electric Air Mobility segment. The decreases in the Training and Avionics segments were primarily attributable to lower stock-based compensation that vested with the IPO, while the increases in the Drones and Electric Air Mobility segments were primarily due to higher stock-based compensation for drones, and higher personnel and operating costs for both. The remaining change was primarily driven by a \$4.5 million decrease in corporate expenses, including decreases in stock-based compensation, IPO-related expenses, and professional fees, partially offset by increases in compensation expense, insurance and lease expense.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025, general and administrative expense decreased by \$6.8 million, primarily reflects lower expenses across our operating segments, including a \$9.2 million decrease in the Training segment and a \$1.4 million decrease in the Avionics segment, partially offset by a \$4.4 million increase in the Drones segment, and a \$0.5 million increase in the Electric Air Mobility segment. The decreases in the Training and Avionics segments were primarily attributable to lower stock-based compensation that vested with the IPO, while the increase in the Drones and Electric Air Mobility segments were primarily due to higher stock-based compensation for drones, and higher personnel and operating costs for both. The remaining change is primarily driven by a \$1.1 million decrease in corporate expenses, including decreases of \$5.6 million in stock-based compensation, \$2.7 million in IPO-related expenses and \$1.3 million in professional fees, partially offset by increases in compensation expense of \$6.5 million and \$2.0 million in other expenses.

Other Income

Interest Income (Expense), Net

For the three months ended June 30, 2026, net interest income was \$0.2 million, compared to net interest expense of \$8.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025. For the six months ended June 30, 2026, net interest income was \$0.6 million, compared to net interest expense of \$9.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025. The 2025 interest was primarily attributable to the interest paid in shares on the investor notes which totaled \$6.7 million and additional interest paid on borrowings with Libertas Funding, LLC (“Libertas”) and WebBank.

Gain on extinguishment of debt, net

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, gain on debt extinguishment, net, was \$15.6 million, primarily resulting from a \$13.1 million gain on the partial settlement in equity of the Aspen bridge notes and a \$5.7 million gain on the settlement of certain investor notes at fair value, partially offset by losses on debt extinguishment of \$3.2 million related to Libertas and WebBank loans. No gain or loss on debt extinguishment was recognized during the three and six months ended June 30, 2026.

Other Income (Expense), Net

For the three months ended June 30, 2026, other income, net was \$0.2 million, compared to other income, net of \$20.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025. Other income for the 2025 period was primarily attributable to \$17.5 million of income from fair value adjustments to contingent consideration that was resolved in connection with the IPO and \$1.8 million of income from a fair value adjustment to the Libertas warrants, which were remeasured prior to becoming equity-classified upon the closing of the IPO. These amounts were partially offset by \$0.6 million of expense related to the Aspen contingent debt, an obligation arising from the acquisition of Aspen Avionics that became payable in connection with the IPO.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, other expense, net was \$0.1 million, compared to other income, net of \$22.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily attributable to \$20.3 million of income from fair value adjustments to contingent consideration and \$1.8 million of income from a fair value adjustment to the Libertas warrants, partially offset by \$0.6 million of expense related to the Aspen contingent debt, as discussed above.

Income Tax Expense

For the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, income tax expense was \$4.1 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, income tax expense was \$2.4 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. Income tax expense for both periods was primarily attributable to positive pre-tax income generated by Sky-Watch.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2026, we had cash and restricted cash of \$26.0 million, of which \$0.2 million was either restricted or was designated exclusively for Sky-Watch operations. Working capital was \$61.5 million. In July 2026, we collected \$43.2 million from the outstanding receivables as of June 30, 2026 strengthening our liquidity position.

Based on our current operating plan and available liquidity, management believes that the Company has sufficient cash and resources to meet its obligations and continue its operations for at least the next 12 months from the date of issuance of the financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Dangroup Incentive Agreement

Edvard Per Erik Svehag, a member of our Board of Directors, is a director of Dangroup ApS (“Dangroup”) and indirectly beneficially owns approximately 60% of Dangroup. In June 2024, we entered into an Incentive Agreement with Dangroup (the “Dangroup Incentive Agreement”), whereby we agreed to pay Dangroup 20% of Sky-Watch’s EBITDA as an incentive bonus for its continued involvement in Sky-Watch’s governance, management and/or other operations, commencing on January 1, 2025 for an initial term of five years, which shall renew upon mutual agreement of the parties. In December 2024, we amended the Dangroup Incentive Agreement, in addition to the incentive bonus described above, whereby we agreed to transfer to Dangroup shares of our common stock immediately prior to the completion of the IPO such that Dangroup’s ownership was increased to 5% of our capital stock on a fully diluted basis. During the year ended December 31, 2025, we issued 0.5 million shares of our common stock to Dangroup in satisfaction of this agreement. In June 2026, the Dangroup Incentive Agreement was further amended. In connection with the June 2026 amendment, the Company also agreed to pay Dangroup DKK 1.3 million, or \$0.2 million with a foreign exchange rate as of June 30, 2026, on or before December 15, 2026. The incentive bonus related to fiscal year 2025 of \$6.1 million was paid on June 10, 2026. During the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, the Company recorded \$2.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, and \$3.1 million and \$2.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, of expenses within general and administrative expense related to the agreement.

Cash Flows

The following summarizes our cash flows for the periods indicated:

<i>(In Thousands)</i>	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (48,723)	\$ (30,754)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,508)	(1,067)
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,032	49,613

Net Cash Used in Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$48.7 million, primarily due to a \$17.4 million net loss, a \$34.9 million increase in accounts receivable, a \$6.5 million decrease in related party payables, and a \$3.3 million increase in inventory. These uses were partially offset by non-cash expenses, including \$6.8 million of depreciation and amortization and \$2.6 million of stock-based compensation, as well as working capital changes, including a \$2.9 million increase in deferred revenue and a \$0.7 million decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets.

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$30.8 million, primarily due to working capital changes, including a \$12.6 million increase in accounts receivable and a \$0.6 million increase in inventory, a \$9.4 million decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities, and a \$7.2 million decrease in deferred revenue. Operating cash flows were also impacted by non-cash gains, including a \$20.3 million change in the fair value of contingent consideration, a \$15.6 million gain on debt extinguishment, a \$1.8 million change in the fair value of warrant liability, and a \$0.9 million gain on IPO transactions. These uses were partially offset by \$3.9 million of net income and non-cash expenses, including \$18.8 million of stock-based compensation, \$6.7 million of non-cash investor note interest, \$6.2 million of depreciation and amortization, and \$1.1 million of non-cash interest.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Cash of \$4.5 million and \$1.1 million was used in investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, to purchase property and equipment and intangible assets.

Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$4.0 million, primarily due to a \$5.5 million increase in lines of credit related to Sky-Watch's overdraft credit facility, partially offset by \$1.3 million of repayments on third-party borrowings and \$0.2 million of repayments on related party borrowings. Net cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$49.6 million primarily due to \$61.5 million of proceeds from the IPO net of issuance costs, \$8.5 million of proceeds from the Libertas and WebBank loans that were partially offset by \$14.8 million of debt repayments on borrowings and related borrowings, \$3.3 million of contingent consideration payments, and \$2.2 million in payments due to seller.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to establish accounting policies that contain estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. These policies relate to revenue recognition, goodwill impairment, inventory, income taxes, impairment of indefinite-lived and long-lived assets, and stock-based compensation. We have other important accounting policies and practices; however, once adopted, these other policies either generally do not require us to make significant estimates or assumptions or otherwise only require implementation of the adopted policy and not a judgment as to the policy itself. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Despite our intention to establish accurate estimates and assumptions, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. During the six months ended June 30, 2026, management believes there have been no significant changes to the items that we disclosed within our critical accounting policies and estimates in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

A summary of recent accounting pronouncements that may have an impact on our consolidated financial statements is included in Note 1 to condensed consolidated financial statements accompanying this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide the information required by this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and to ensure that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and financial officers, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, with assistance from other members of management, have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2026, and based on their evaluation, have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of such date due to material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting, described below.

Background and Remediation of Material Weaknesses

In connection with the preparation of our consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, material weaknesses were identified in the design and operating effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. In 2024, we identified material weaknesses due to ineffective information and communication controls, resulting in lack of timely identification and accounting for certain key debt and other agreements. Since fiscal year 2023, there have been misstatements that, individually and in the aggregate, were material to the consolidated financial statements that were identified due to deficiencies related to technical accounting. More specifically, the review controls over the transactions that gave rise to these misstatements lacked sufficient precision and the Company lacked a sufficient complement of personnel with an appropriate level of accounting knowledge, training and experience to appropriately analyze, record and disclose accounting matters timely and accurately. Due to the delays we experienced in securing funding during 2024 and 2025, we were not able to hire and train sufficient staff to remediate the previously identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting. As such, these material weaknesses were not remediated and continued to be present as of June 30, 2026.

We have initiated, and continue to implement, measures intended to remediate the material weaknesses described above and to strengthen our internal control over financial reporting. These measures include:

(i) hiring additional experienced accounting and SEC reporting personnel at the corporate and subsidiary levels and enhancing segregation of duties; (ii) engaging an independent internal auditor and establishing an internal audit plan focused on improving the overall financial reporting control environment, including revenue recognition, complex financing arrangements, and acquisition accounting, with periodic reporting to the Audit Committee; (iii) implementing formal contract-review controls including documented technical accounting reviews for new or amended agreements; (iv) standardizing and documenting our monthly and quarterly close processes, including review and approval controls, checklists, and enhanced management review controls over significant estimates and judgments; and (v) deploying certain technology solutions, including a cloud-based planning and reporting system to reduce manual processes and improve data integrity and transparency.

While we believe these actions represent important steps toward remediation, the material weaknesses will not be considered remediated until the applicable controls are designed, implemented, and operate effectively for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that they are operating effectively. We can provide no assurance that the measures described above will fully remediate the identified material weaknesses. We also may incur significant costs to execute various aspects of our remediation plan.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except for the material weakness remediation efforts described above, there were no other changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rules 13a-15 or 15d-15 under the Exchange Act that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2026 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some people, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Due to inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not a party to any material legal proceedings and are not aware of any pending or threatened claims. From time to time, we may be subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of our business activities. Regardless of outcome, such proceedings or claims can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of resources and other factors, and there can be no assurances that favorable outcomes will be obtained.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Our business, financial condition and operating results are affected by a number of factors, whether currently known or unknown, including risks specific to us or the aerospace and defense industry as well as risks that affect businesses in general. In addition to the information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should consider carefully the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, filed with the SEC on March 31, 2026. The risks and uncertainties disclosed in such Annual Report could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations and thus our stock price. During the second quarter of 2026, there were no material changes to our previously disclosed risk factors.

These risk factors may be important to understanding other statements in this Quarterly Report and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes in Part I, Item 1, “Financial Statements” and Part I, Item 2, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” of this Quarterly Report. Because of such risk factors, as well as other factors affecting our financial condition and operating results, past financial performance should not be considered to be a reliable indicator of future performance, and investors should not use historical trends to anticipate results or trends in future periods.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Use of Proceeds from Initial Public Offering

On June 12, 2025, our Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended (File No. 333-285149), for the IPO became effective, pursuant to which we registered and sold an aggregate of 6,900,000 shares of our common stock, including the full exercise of the underwriters’ option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$10.00 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$69.0 million. There has been no material change in the planned use of proceeds from our IPO as described in our prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(4) under the Securities Act with the SEC on June 16, 2025.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Adoption, Modification and Termination of Rule 10b5-1 Plans and Certain Other Trading Arrangements

During the quarter ended June 30, 2026, none of our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act) adopted, modified or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or a “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” (as each term is defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K).

Equity Awards

On August 13, 2026 (the “grant date”), AIRO’s Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors granted awards of time-based RSUs under the Company’s 2025 Equity Incentive Plan with a value of \$1.8 million to each of John Uczekaj, Chief Operating Officer, and Dr. Mariya Pylypiv, Chief Financial Officer. On the grant date, 1/6 of the award will vest, with the remainder vesting in ten quarterly installments beginning September 1, 2026, subject to continued service through each vesting date. The RSU awards will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Company’s 2025 Equity Incentive Plan and related award agreements.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description	Incorporated by Reference			
		Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company.	8-K	001-38529	3.1	June 16, 2025
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company.	S-1/A	333-285149	3.4	April 10, 2025
10.16	Incentive Agreement, dated June 28, 2024 by and between AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. and Dangroup ApS				
10.17	First Amendment To Incentive Agreement, dated December 11, 2024 by and between AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. and Dangroup ApS				
10.18	Second Amendment To Incentive Agreement, dated June 11, 2026 by and between AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. and Dangroup ApS				
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.				
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.				
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document – The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data Files because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.				
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.				
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.				
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.				
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.				
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.				
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101				

* The information in Exhibit 32.1 shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act (including this report), unless the Company specifically incorporates the foregoing information into those documents by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Captain Joseph D. Burns
Captain Joseph D. Burns
Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Dr. Mariya Pylypiv
Dr. Mariya Pylypiv
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: August 13, 2026

INCENTIVE AGREEMENT

THIS INCENTIVE AGREEMENT (this “Agreement”) is made and entered into as of June 28, 2024, by and between AIRO Group Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“AIRO”), and Dangroup ApS (“Dangroup”). Each of AIRO and Dangroup are referred to herein individually as a “Party” and collectively as the “Parties.”

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Dangroup is the former majority shareholder of Sky-Watch A/S (“Sky-Watch”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of AIRO, and continues to provide advisory and other services to Sky-Watch.

WHEREAS, AIRO desires to provide an incentive to Dangroup for the provision of such services, commencing in 2025.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements set forth below, AIRO and Dangroup agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

1. Purpose. The purpose of this Agreement is to encourage Dangroup to maintain a vested interest in the growth and performance of Sky-Watch and AIRO, to contribute to their future success, and enhance the ability of AIRO and Sky-Watch to achieve their financial results.

2. Incentive Bonus. In consideration for Dangroup’s continued involvement in Sky-Watch’s growth and success (i.e., Dangroup’s support of Sky-Watch’s governance, management and/or other operations), AIRO shall pay Dangroup an incentive bonus (the “Bonus”) equal to twenty percent (20%) of the fiscal year EBITDA of AIRO’s subsidiary Sky-Watch, as approved and signed by Sky-Watch’s auditor and board of directors. Payment of the Bonus shall be made no later than ten (10) business days following the date that Sky-Watch’s audited financial statements for the relevant fiscal year have been approved and signed by its auditor and board of directors.

3. Term; Termination; Assignment. This Agreement shall be effective for the Sky-Watch fiscal year commencing on January 1, 2025, and shall continue for an initial term of five (5) years. Thereafter, this Agreement shall renew upon mutual agreement of the parties, contingent on Dangroup’s continued involvement in and support of Sky-Watch’s governance, management and other operations. Neither Party may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement without the other Party’s prior written consent.

4. Earnout. AIRO agrees that, upon its closing of its business combination with Kernel

Group Holdings, Inc., resulting in AIRO’s becoming a publicly traded company, Dangroup shall be eligible for five percent (5%) of any aggregate earnout awards that the AIRO stockholders are entitled to pursuant to the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger between AIRO, Kernel Group Holdings, Inc. and the other parties thereto dated March 3, 2023, as amended.

5. Independent Contractor. This Agreement shall not render Dangroup an employee, partner, agent of, or joint venturer with AIRO for any purpose. Dangroup is and will remain an independent contractor in its relationship to AIRO. AIRO shall not be responsible for withholding taxes with respect to Dangroup’s compensation hereunder. Dangroup shall have no claim against AIRO hereunder or otherwise for any payment other than the Bonus.

6. Governing Law, Jurisdiction and Jury Trial Waiver.

a. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to any choice or conflict of law provision or rule (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction).

b. ANY LEGAL SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR BASED UPON THIS NOTE OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY MAY BE INSTITUTED IN THE FEDERAL COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA OR THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, AND EACH PARTY IRREVOCABLY SUBMITS TO THE EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF SUCH COURTS IN ANY SUCH SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING. SERVICE OF PROCESS, SUMMONS, NOTICE OR OTHER DOCUMENT BY MAIL TO SUCH PARTY'S ADDRESS SET FORTH HEREIN SHALL BE EFFECTIVE SERVICE OF PROCESS FOR ANY SUIT, ACTION OR OTHER PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT. THE PARTIES IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVE ANY OBJECTION TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OF ANY SUIT, ACTION OR ANY PROCEEDING IN SUCH COURTS AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVE AND AGREE NOT TO PLEAD OR CLAIM IN ANY SUCH COURT THAT ANY SUCH SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN ANY SUCH COURT HAS BEEN BROUGHT IN AN INCONVENIENT FORUM.

c. EACH PARTY ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT ANY CONTROVERSY WHICH MAY ARISE UNDER THIS NOTE IS LIKELY TO INVOLVE COMPLICATED AND DIFFICULT ISSUES AND, THEREFORE, EACH SUCH PARTY IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY RIGHT IT MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN RESPECT OF ANY LEGAL ACTION ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS NOTE OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY. EACH PARTY TO THIS NOTE CERTIFIES AND ACKNOWLEDGES THAT (i) NO REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVER IN THE EVENT OF A LEGAL ACTION, (ii) SUCH PARTY HAS CONSIDERED THE IMPLICATIONS OF THIS WAIVER, (iii) SUCH PARTY MAKES THIS WAIVER VOLUNTARILY, AND (iv) SUCH PARTY HAS BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS NOTE BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS SECTION 4(c).

7. **Amendment.** This Agreement may only be amended or modified pursuant to a written instrument executed by AIRO and Dangroup.

8. **Severability of Provisions.** Each provision of this Agreement is severable from every

other provision in determining the enforceability of any provision.

9. **Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties on separate counterparts, each of which, when executed and delivered, is an original, and all taken together, constitute one agreement.

[Remainder of page intentionally blank; signature page follows.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Incentive Agreement to be executed as of the date first above written.

AIRO:

By: /s/ Joseph Burns
Joseph Burns, Chief Executive Officer

DANGROUP:

DANGROUP APS

By: /s/ Edvard Per-Erik Svehag
Per-Erik Edward Svehag, Member of the Board of Directors

By: /s/ Søren Pedersen
Søren Pedersen, Member of the Board of Directors

By: /s/ Ole Steen Nielsen
Ole Steen Bruun Nielsen, Member of the Board of Directors

FIRST AMENDMENT TO INCENTIVE AGREEMENT

December 11, 2024

AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. ("AIRO") and Dangroup ApS ("Dangroup") and each of them referred to herein as a "Party," and jointly as the "Parties", being all the all the parties to that certain Incentive Agreement dated June 28, 2024 (the "Incentive Agreement"), are parties to this First Amendment to Incentive Agreement (the "Amendment").

WHEREAS, any capitalized terms not defined in this Amendment shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Incentive Agreement, and if not defined therein, such terms shall have the meanings ordinarily attributed to such terms.

WHEREAS, the business combination arrangements with Kernel Group Holdings, Inc. have been terminated, and no closing will occur with respect to that cancelled transaction.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree, in consideration for the agreements herein, and other valid consideration, the sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged by the Parties hereto, as follows:

1. The Parties agree that Section 4 of the Incentive Agreement shall be amended and restated as follows:

"4. Share Incentives. AIRO agrees that, upon AIRO becoming a publicly traded company, AIRO shall transfer, from its treasury stock, or issue from authorized but unissued shares, sufficient shares of common stock for Dangroup's then current ownership to be increased to five percent (5%) of all of the shares issued or rights to shares granted, on a fully diluted basis, by AIRO immediately prior to AIRO becoming a publicly traded company."

2. The Parties hereto further agree that AIRO shall at all times vote in favor of the appointment of and ensure (including by contract terms with other shareholders and/or third parties, if necessary) that Per-Erik Edvard Svehaug and Søren Pedersen remain the Board of Directors of Sky-Watch A/S until the latter of (i) the issuance of shares provided for in Section 4 of the Incentive Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, (ii) the end of the full term of the Incentive Agreement, and (iii) the payment in full of any Bonus earned pursuant to Section 2 of the Incentive Agreement. This clause supplements and does not in any way limit any similar provisions under any other agreement the Parties are bound.
 3. This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. This Amendment may be executed and/or delivered by email. Signatures and documents delivered by email transmission shall be deemed to be original signatures and documents.
 4. In the event of any conflict between the terms and conditions of this Amendment and the terms and conditions of the Incentive Agreement, the terms and conditions of this Amendment shall supersede and control. Except as modified herein, the Incentive Agreement remains unmodified, in full force and effect, and is hereby ratified by the parties hereto.
-

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this First Amendment to Incentive Agreement to be executed as of the date first written above.

AIRO:

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Joseph Burns

Joseph Burns, Chief Executive Officer

DANGROUP:

DANGROUP APS

By: /s/ Edvard Per-Erik Svehag

Per-Erik Edvard Svehag, Member of the Board of Directors

By: /s/ Søren Pedersen

Søren Pedersen, Member of the Board of Directors

By: /s/ Ole Steen Nielsen

Ole Steen Bruun Nielsen, Member of the Board of Directors

SECOND AMENDMENT TO INCENTIVE AGREEMENT

June 11, 2026

AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. (“AIRO”) and Dangroup ApS (“Dangroup”), each referred to herein as a “Party” and jointly as the “Parties,” being all the parties to that certain Incentive Agreement dated June 28, 2024, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Incentive Agreement dated December 11, 2024 (as amended, the “Incentive Agreement”), are parties to this Second Amendment to Incentive Agreement (this “Amendment”).

WHEREAS, any capitalized terms not defined in this Amendment shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Incentive Agreement, and if not defined therein, such terms shall have the meanings ordinarily attributed to such terms.

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to amend the Incentive Agreement to clarify the definition of EBITDA used to calculate the Bonus beginning with fiscal year 2026 and for each fiscal year thereafter.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree, in consideration for the agreements herein and other valid consideration, the sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged by the Parties hereto, as follows:

1. The Parties agree that, beginning with fiscal year 2026 and for each fiscal year thereafter, Section 2 of the Incentive Agreement shall be amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

“2. **Incentive Bonus.** In consideration for Dangroup’s continued involvement in Sky-Watch’s growth and success (i.e., Dangroup’s support of Sky-Watch’s governance, management and/or other operations), AIRO shall pay Dangroup an incentive bonus (the “Bonus”) equal to twenty percent (20%) of the fiscal year EBITDA of AIRO’s subsidiary Sky-Watch A/S (“Sky-Watch”), as approved and signed by Sky-Watch’s auditor and board of directors. EBITDA, as used herein, means EBITDA prior to Sky-Watch’s payment of EBITDA performance-based bonuses to its CEO and other key executives, if any, and, for the avoidance of doubt, the payment of the Bonus under this Agreement shall not affect the EBITDA of Sky-Watch. Payment of the Bonus shall be made no later than ten (10) business days following the date that Sky-Watch’s audited financial statements for the relevant fiscal year have been approved and signed by its auditor and board of directors. Payments not made within thirty (30) days following such approval shall carry interest at the rate of five percent (5%) per annum plus the federal discount rate then in effect per annum.”

2. In addition, AIRO shall pay Dangroup DKK1,340,825.00 on or before December 15, 2026. Payments not made by said date shall carry interest at the rate of five percent (5%) per annum plus the federal discount rate then in effect per annum.

3. This Amendment shall not affect or remove AIRO’s obligation to pay the Bonus for fiscal year 2025 under Section 2 of the Incentive Agreement prior to the adoption of the above amendment of Section 2 thereof. The Parties acknowledge that such payment was made and received on June 10, 2026.

4. This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. This Amendment may be executed and/or delivered by email. Signatures and documents delivered by email transmission shall be deemed to be original signatures and documents.

5. In the event of any conflict between the terms and conditions of this Amendment and the terms and conditions of the Incentive Agreement, the terms and conditions of this Amendment shall supersede and control. Except as modified herein, the Incentive Agreement remains unmodified, in full force and effect, and is hereby ratified by the parties hereto.

[Signatures on the next page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Second Amendment to Incentive Agreement to be executed as of the date first written above.

AIRO:

AIRO GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Joseph Burns

Joseph Burns, Chief Executive Officer

DANGROUP:

DANGROUP APS

By: /s/ Edvard Per-Erik Svehag

Edvard Per-Erik Svehag, Member of the Board of Directors

By: /s/ Søren Pedersen

Søren Pedersen, Member of the Board of Directors

By: /s/ Ole Steen Nielsen

Ole Steen Nielsen, Member of the Board of Directors

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Captain Joseph D. Burns, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AIRO Group Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) [Paragraph intentionally omitted pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)];
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 13, 2026

/s/ Captain Joseph D. Burns

Captain Joseph D. Burns
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Dr. Mariya Pylypiv, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of AIRO Group Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) [Paragraph intentionally omitted pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)];
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 13, 2026

/s/ Dr. Mariya Pylypiv

Dr. Mariya Pylypiv
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to the requirement set forth in Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the “Exchange Act”) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. §1350), Captain Joseph D. Burns, Chief Executive Officer of AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”), and Dr. Mariya Pylypiv, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies that, to the best of his or her knowledge:

1. The Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2026, to which this Certification is attached as Exhibit 32.1 (the “Periodic Report”), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
2. The information contained in the Periodic Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have set their hands hereto as of the 13th day of August, 2026.

/s/ Captain Joseph D. Burns

Captain Joseph D. Burns
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Dr. Mariya Pylypiv

Dr. Mariya Pylypiv
Chief Financial Officer

This certification accompanies the Form 10-Q to which it relates, is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of AIRO Group Holdings, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (whether made before or after the date of the Form 10-Q), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.