UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1

to

FORM S-1 REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

agilon health, inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 8090

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

37-1915147 (I.R.S. Employer

1 World Trade Center, Suite 2000 Long Beach, CA 90831 (562) 256-3800

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Steven J. Sell **Chief Executive Officer** agilon health, inc. 1 World Trade Center, Suite 2000 Long Beach, CA 90831 (562) 256-3800

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the	nublic: As soon as practic	able after this registration st	atement becomes effective

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box. \square

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \Box

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \square

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company \boxtimes Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act. \Box

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered(1)(2)	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)(2)	Amount of Registration Fee(3)
Securities to be Registered	Registereu(1)(2)	Offering Trice Let Share	Officing Trice(1)(2)	Registi ation Fee(3)
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	53,590,000	\$23	\$1,232,570,000	\$134,473,39

- Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- (2) (3) Includes 6,990,000 shares of common stock subject to the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.
- The registrant previously paid \$10,910 of the registration fee in connection with a prior filing of this Registration Statement.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission declares our registration statement effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and we are not soliciting offers to buy these securities in any state or jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED APRIL 7, 2021

46,600,000 Shares



agilon health, inc.

Common Stock

This is the initial public offering of shares of common stock of agilon health, inc. ("agilon health"). We are offering 46,600,000 shares of common stock. We anticipate that the initial public offering price will be between \$20.00 and \$23.00 per share.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. We have applied to list our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") under the symbol "AGL".

After the completion of this offering, we expect to be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the corporate governance standards of the NYSE.

We will be treated as an "emerging growth company," as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, for certain purposes until we complete this offering. As such, in this prospectus, we have taken advantage of certain reduced disclosure obligations that apply to emerging growth companies. See "Prospectus Summary—Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company."

Investing in our common stock involves risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 23 of this prospectus to read about factors you should consider before buying shares of our common stock.

	Per	
	Share	Total
Initial public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discounts and commissions(1)	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to agilon health, inc.	\$	\$

⁽¹⁾ See "Underwriting" for a description of the compensation payable to the underwriters.

The underwriters also may purchase up to 6,990,000 additional shares from us at the initial offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions, within 30 days from the date of this prospectus.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved the securities described herein or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

One or more funds and/or accounts affiliated with Counterpoint Global (Morgan Stanley Investment Management), Capital World Investors, Wellington Management, Fidelity Management & Research Company LLC, and Rock Springs (collectively, the "cornerstone investors") have indicated an interest, severally and not jointly, in purchasing up to an aggregate of \$500 million in shares in this offering at the initial public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the cornerstone investors may determine to purchase more, less or no shares in this offering or the underwriters may determine to sell more, less or no shares to any of the cornerstone investors. The underwriters will receive the same discount on any of our shares purchased by the cornerstone investors as they will from any other shares sold to the public in this offering.

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares to purchasers on or about , 2021.

J.P. Morgan

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

BofA Securities

Deutsche Bank Securities

Wells Fargo Securities

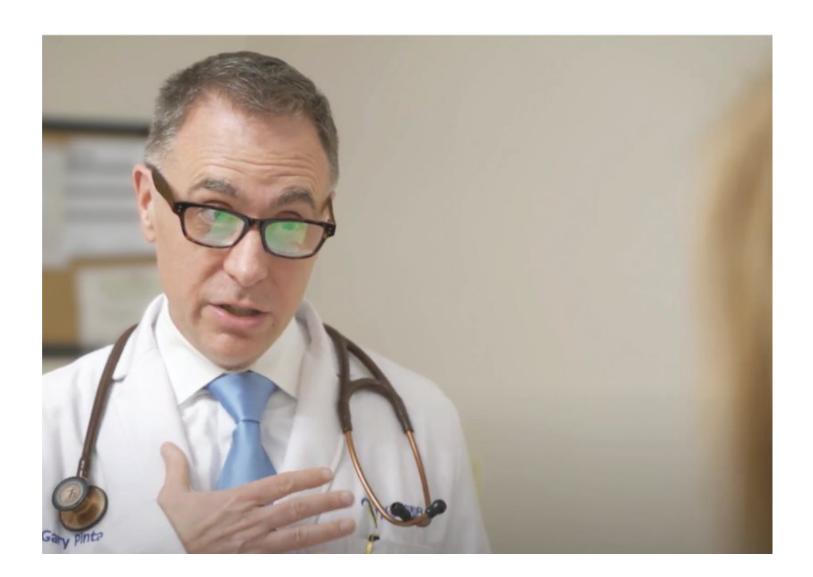
William Blair Truist Securities Nomura

Prospectus dated , 2021

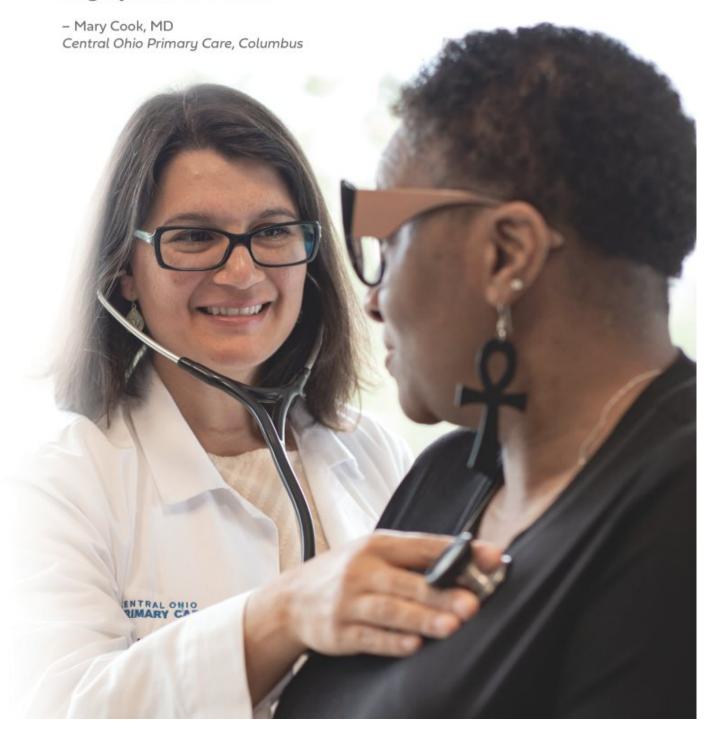


"We believe that the long-term, independent relationship between a PCP and his/her patient is the most valuable relationship in the healthcare universe. It is the best way to drive behavior and thus, value."

– Gary Pinta, MD Pioneer Physicians, Akron

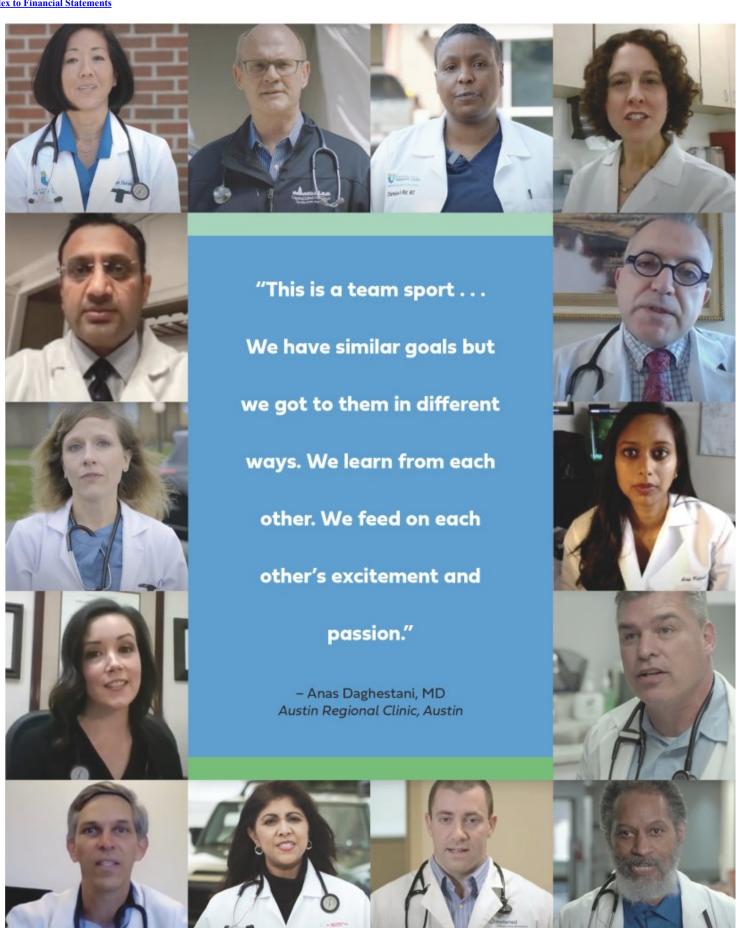


"This partnership provides physicians the ability to share in the development of a new payment model for PCPs. We are engaged and the model has physician fingerprints all over it."



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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and any free writing prospectus we may authorize to be delivered to you. We have not, and the underwriters have not, authorized anyone to provide you with information different from, or in addition to, that contained in this prospectus and any related free writing prospectus. We and the underwriters take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurances as to the reliability of, any information that others may give you. This prospectus is an offer to sell only the shares offered hereby, but only under circumstances and in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. The information contained in this prospectus is only accurate as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus and any sale of shares of our common stock.

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Certain Important Terms

- "We," "us," "our," "agilon" and the "Company" mean agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context refers only to agilon health, inc., as a corporate entity (which we refer to as "agilon health").
- "Anchor geography" means the geographies in which our anchor physician groups operate.
- "Anchor physician groups" means the physician groups with which we have long-term contractual arrangements, typically including joint governance, operations and leadership, and surplus sharing, and does not include physicians in our Hawaii geography.
- "Capitation" means a payment arrangement in which a set amount for each enrolled beneficiary is paid to a provider or entity during an agreed upon period, regardless of whether or not such beneficiary seeks medical services or treatment.
- "CMS" means the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.
- "CMS Innovation Center" means the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation.
- "DCE" means a Direct Contracting Entity participating in the CMS Innovation Center Direct Contracting Model.
- "FFS" means fee-for-service.
- "Independent physicians" means physicians not employed by health systems or insurance providers.
- "Live," when referring to a physician partner or a geography, means implementation of our platform with the physician partner or in the geography is complete, and we are generating revenue and assuming financial risk pursuant to agreements with payors.
- "MA" means Medicare Advantage.
- "Members" means the MA patients who are attributed to our PCPs (as defined below) by our payors (as defined below).
- · "Payors" means health insurance providers.
- "Our PCPs" means PCPs contracted by our anchor physician groups and our network of contracted physicians.
- "PCP" means primary care physician.
- "Physician partners" means our anchor physician groups and all other physicians with whom we have contractual arrangements.
- "PMPM" means per member per month.
- "RBE" means a risk-bearing entity.
- "STAR rating" means annual ratings awarded by CMS to health plans which measure the quality of health services received by beneficiaries enrolled in MA based on various calculated quality metrics.
- "Total Care Model" means a PCP-led global capitation reimbursement model in which physicians receive a monthly payment from health plans to manage the total healthcare needs of their attributed patients.

Market and Industry Data

This prospectus includes estimates regarding market and industry data and forecasts, which are based on publicly available information, industry publications and surveys, reports from government agencies, reports by market research firms and our own estimates based on our management's knowledge of, and experience in, the

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healthcare industry. Third-party industry publications and forecasts generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable.

Throughout this prospectus, all references to "net promoter score" or "NPS" are to a measure of satisfaction widely used in the healthcare industry. We calculate patient and provider net promoter score based on responses to patient and provider surveys, administered as electronic surveys annually, that ask the patient or provider to rank, on a scale of 0 to 10, how likely they are to recommend their (or their provider's) practice to a friend or family member. We assign the designation of "Promoter" to respondents who provide a score of 9 or 10, the designation of "Passive" to respondents who provide a score of 7 or 8, and the designation of "Detractor" to respondents who provide a score of 0 to 6. We then subtract the percentage of Detractors from Promoters to determine our overall net promoter score. We believe that this method of calculation aligns with industry standards and that this metric is meaningful for investors because of the correlation that we believe exists between net promoter score and patient and provider satisfaction.

Our estimates involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, including those discussed under the captions "Risk Factors," "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Service Marks, Trademarks and Trade Names

We hold various service marks, trademarks and trade names, such as "agilon health," "agilon" and our logo design, that we deem particularly important to the advertising activities conducted by each of our businesses. This prospectus also contains trademarks, service marks and trade names of other companies which are the property of their respective holders. We do not intend our use or display of such names or marks to imply relationships with, or endorsements of us by, any other company.

Basis of Presentation

During 2020, we implemented a plan to divest all of our California operations, which includes the entirety of our Medicaid line of business, via three separate transactions with different parties. In February 2021, we completed the divestiture of our California operations. As a result of the divestiture of all of our California operations, our financial statements included in this prospectus reflect discontinued operations presentation for all California operations. Financial and operating information contained in this prospectus is presented without California operations data unless expressly stated otherwise. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—California Operations" for additional information.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. Because this is only a summary, it does not contain all of the information you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should carefully read the entire prospectus, including the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," as well as our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus, before making an investment decision.

Overview

Our business is transforming healthcare by empowering the primary care physician ("PCP") to be the agent for change in the communities they serve. We believe that PCPs, with their intimate patient-physician relationships, are best positioned to drive meaningful change in quality, cost and patient experience when provided with the right infrastructure and payment model. Through our combination of the agilon platform, a long-term partnership model with existing physician groups and a growing network of like-minded physicians, we are poised to revolutionize healthcare for seniors across communities throughout the United States. Our purpose-built model provides the necessary capabilities, capital and business model for existing physician groups to create a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. Our model operates by forming risk-bearing entities (each, an "RBE") within local geographies, that enter into arrangements with payors providing for monthly payments to manage the total healthcare needs of our physician partners' attributed patients (or, global capitation arrangements), contract with agilon to perform certain functions and enter into long-term professional service agreements with one or more anchor physician groups pursuant to which the anchor physician groups receive a base compensation rate and share in the savings from successfully improving quality of care and reducing costs.

Our company was formed in 2016, and we established our inaugural partnership with an anchor physician group in 2017. Our ability to rapidly build scaled positions in local communities has allowed us to grow to 16 anchor physician groups and 17 geographies in fewer than five years. Our platform has enabled us to grow our total membership by 45% and revenue by 53% from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020. Currently, the PCPs on our platform serve approximately 210,000 patients enrolled in Medicare Advantage ("MA"), which includes approximately 49,000 patients with physician groups contracted to go-live on January 1, 2022 (we refer to these patients as the "members on our platform"). In addition, through our participation in the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation ("CMS Innovation Center") Direct Contracting Model, our PCPs are expected to serve over 50,000 Medicare fee-for-service ("FFS") beneficiaries through our five currently approved Direct Contracting Entities ("DCEs"). For the year ended December 31, 2020, our DCEs did not contribute to our revenue.

Empower PCPs to Transform Care in Their Communities

What We Do

Disrupt the rapidly-growing Medicare market for physicians, patients and payors

- Empower community-based physicians to create a Medicarecentric globally capitated line of business
- Enable PCPs to quarterback their patients' healthcare in a long-term, highly engaged relationship
- Transform the PCP business model from a transaction-based model to a long-term, holistic membership-based model

How We Do It .

Migrate physicians, patients and payors from the traditional fee-forservice to a subscription-like Total Care Model

- Unified set of payment, data, clinical, quality and growth capabilities deployed as single platform
- Deployed through a long-term partnership model based on aligned outcomes and economics
- Enhanced through a growing network of like-minded physician partners that enable powerful network effect

Powerful Results

Since 2016, this capital-light, exportable and scalable model has grown

- · 17 diverse geographies
- 16 anchor physician groups; average tenure of 40+ years in their community
- · 15 payors
- 210,000 MA members including approximately 49,000 that go-live in 2022
- NPS of 83 for patients and 73 for providers at live anchor physician groups

The current state of the U.S. healthcare system is defined by the following key factors:

- Unsustainably high and rising costs characterized by waste, unnecessary variation in care and poor patient experience and health outcomes:
- FFS reimbursement model focused on units of service rather than a coordinated approach to meet the unique needs of individual patients;
- The Medicare population is projected to grow from approximately 62 million in 2020 to more than 70 million individuals in 2025 with a total spend of approximately \$1.25 trillion, and MA enrollment is projected to comprise 47% of total Medicare enrollment (which we refer to as the "MA penetration rate"); and
- PCPs are positioned—but not currently empowered or incentivized—to act as the quarterback for healthcare delivery, with their decisions estimated to influence up to 90% of total healthcare spending according to a 2017 study.

We believe that failing to empower PCPs has fostered waste, needless variability in care and unsustainable growth in healthcare costs. According to a 2019 article entitled "Waste in the US Health Care System: Estimated Costs and Potential for Savings" published in the Journal of the American Medical Association, failure of care delivery, failure of care coordination and overtreatment or low-value care were estimated to represent \$205.3 billion to \$345.1 billion of waste annually in the U.S. healthcare system. While there is broad recognition of the need to move beyond a volume-based, FFS reimbursement model, structural hurdles have impeded rapid adoption of a PCP-led global capitation reimbursement model in which physicians receive a monthly payment from health plans to manage the total healthcare needs of their attributed patients, which we refer to as a Total Care Model. In this prospectus, we refer to "capitation" as a payment arrangement in which a set amount for each enrolled beneficiary is paid to a provider or entity during an agreed upon period, regardless of whether or not such beneficiary seeks medical services or treatment.

To overcome these hurdles and achieve our mission of being the trusted long-term partner to community-based physicians, we have developed what we believe is a first-of-its-kind Total Care Model for community-based physicians that focuses exclusively on Medicare and manages subscription-like per member per month ("PMPM") arrangements with health plans or directly with the government. The agilon Total Care Model is powered by our platform, enabled through a long-term partnership model and reinforced via our growing national

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network of like-minded physicians. Our position as innovators is demonstrated by a series of transformative accomplishments since the formation of the company in July 2016, and our first partnership in 2017, many of which we believe to be industry-firsts:

- Implemented the first MA multi-payor, globally capitated risk model with a community-based physician group in all of our diverse geographies in which our anchor physician groups operate ("anchor geographies");
- Exported the Total Care Model from one to 17 geographies ranging from communities as small as Zanesville, Ohio to large and rapidly growing communities such as Austin, Texas;
- Grew from approximately 24,000 patients attributed to our PCPs by our payors ("members") to approximately 210,000 MA members on our platform;
- Expanded from two payors to 15 payors on our platform; and
- Poised to participate in the Direct Contracting Model, with over 50,000 Medicare FFS beneficiaries expected to be served by our existing PCPs contracted through our five currently approved DCEs.

Our business model is differentiated by its focus on existing community-based physician groups and is built around three key elements:

- agilon's platform, which is holistic in enabling the rapid transformation to risk, is comprised of an integrated set of capabilities designed to continuously improve, and is delivered to our anchor physician groups through an aligned long-term partnership model;
- agilon's long-term physician partnership approach with community-based physician groups, which is designed to move healthcare closer to the physician, be outcome-centric and optimize the long-term sticky relationship between a patient and their existing physician; and
- agilon's network of leading community-based physician partners, functioning as a collaborative group which can share best practices, influence the development of the platform, compare notes on the transition to a Total Care Model and learn from one another.

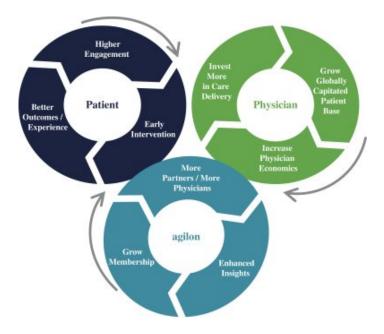
With our model, our goal is to remove the barriers that prevent community-based physicians from evolving to a Total Care Model, where the physician is empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their attributed Medicare patients. The combination of subscription-like PMPM agreements with payors, the sticky patient-physician relationship and our long-term partnership model, which is typically 20 years in duration, results in a growing and recurring revenue stream and provides significant visibility into the near-term and long-term financial trajectory for both agilon and our anchor physician groups. In January of each year, we typically have visibility into greater than 90% of that year's projected revenue.

The result is PCPs transforming their historical transaction-based model to a long-term, holistic membership-based model that is reflective of the intimate and trusted relationship between physician and patient. Despite our history of net losses, we believe this membership-based model results in a recurring revenue stream and provides our anchor physician groups with access to an incremental profit margin opportunity based on delivering high-quality care and health outcomes. Freed from the constraints of the transactional FFS reimbursement model, our PCPs are empowered to practice teambased, coordinated care when addressing individual patient needs and transition to a sustainable long-term business model for their senior patients. We believe enabling PCPs to unlock the value of a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business while remaining independent can transform the community-based physician business model.

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In this prospectus, when referring to a physician partner or a geography, "live" means implementation of our platform with the physician partner or in the geography is complete, and we are generating revenue and assuming financial risk pursuant to agreements with health insurance providers ("payors"). In addition, "anchor physician groups" means the physician groups with which we have long-term contractual arrangements, typically including joint governance, operations and leadership, and surplus sharing, and does not include physicians in our Hawaii geography. We refer to our anchor physician groups and the other physicians with whom we have contracted arrangements as our "physician partners." Finally, "our PCPs" means PCPs contracted by our anchor physician groups and our network of contracted physicians.

The agilon Flywheel Effect: Our platform, partnership and network model enable our physician partners to be the quarterback for healthcare delivery in their community, and successfully operate a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. This generates improving quality and cost outcomes, growing membership and increasing medical margin per member, which we share with our physician partners pursuant to our long-term partnership model. We believe this continuous improvement in patient and physician engagement and experience leads to more PCPs joining our platform and ultimately improves the success of each physician partner on the platform. As our platform grows, we believe we will be able to leverage our scale to drive additional investment in our geographies to accelerate this flywheel for the benefit of our physician partners and their patients. The power of the agilon flywheel is highlighted by our total membership growth of 45%, of which 42% was driven by same geography membership growth and 58% was driven by entry into new geographies from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020, and general and administrative expenses per member contracted by 23% over the same period. Over the same period, we had revenue of \$1.2 billion and a net loss of \$60.1 million.

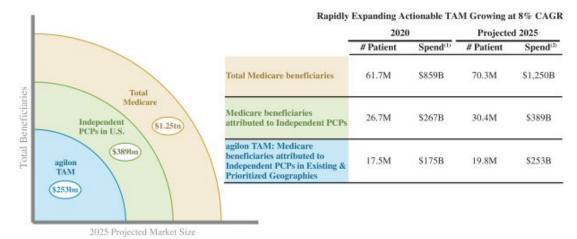


Our Market

In 2020, approximately 62 million Americans were enrolled in Medicare nationally, of which we estimate approximately 27 million to be affiliated with independent physicians. We define independent physicians as physicians not employed by health systems or insurance providers. We consider our current addressable market to be the estimated 17.5 million Medicare beneficiaries affiliated with independent PCPs in states in which we

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already have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021, and those in which we have identified near-term prioritized geographies. Based on 2021 estimated average annual revenue per Medicare member to us of approximately \$10,000, we estimate that this represents a total addressable market ("TAM") size of approximately \$175 billion in 2020. We believe this addressable market will increase to nearly 20 million Medicare beneficiaries and \$253 billion by 2025, based on the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services' ("CMS") projected Medicare enrollment and spending per beneficiary growth rates.



- (1) 2020 Medicare spend for total Medicare beneficiaries is based on CMS spend per beneficiary.
- (2) 2025 Medicare spend for total Medicare beneficiaries, beneficiaries attributed to independent PCPs and agilon total addressable market is based on CMS projected Medicare enrollment and spending per beneficiary growth rates.

Of our estimated 2020 addressable market, \$80 billion is concentrated in states in which we currently have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021, and \$24 billion is based in counties in which we currently have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021. In addition to the MA members our physician partners currently serve, we estimate our physician partners also serve approximately 375,000 patients that are addressable, which includes all Medicare FFS beneficiaries and commercial patients expected to age into Medicare over the next five years. This represents a 2020 market size of approximately \$3.8 billion, using the same assumed annual revenue per Medicare member to us.

In addition, we see an additional opportunity for growth of our addressable market in physicians currently affiliated with health systems or insurance providers who become increasingly dissatisfied with those models. In considering our total addressable market, please also see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business."

Industry Challenges and Our Opportunity

We believe there is a significant opportunity to impact growth in U.S. healthcare costs and change the trajectory of the primary care business model through a platform, such as ours, in which PCPs are empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their attributed Medicare patients and share in the financial surplus created to the extent premiums received exceed the cost of medical care.

Unsustainably high and rising U.S. healthcare costs

According to CMS, U.S. national healthcare expenditures are expected to increase from \$3.81 trillion in 2019 to \$4.01 trillion in 2020. CMS projects that by 2028, healthcare expenditures will reach \$6.20 trillion and will account for 19.7% of the U.S. GDP, up from 17.7% in 2018.

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Patients are dissatisfied with the fragmented and uncoordinated healthcare experience

In the current FFS model, reimbursement is focused on units of service rather than a coordinated approach to meet the unique needs of individual patients. As a result, care delivery is often uncoordinated, leaving patients frustrated and responsible to navigate their own way through a fragmented and complex healthcare system.

PCPs are well-positioned to be agents of change

According to Oregon's Patient-Centered Primary Care Home Program, every \$1 spent on primary care services can save \$13 of future healthcare costs. Across the U.S., there are more than 486,000 active PCPs who serve as patients' first and most frequent point of contact for their healthcare experience.

The trajectory of the current independent primary care business model is unsustainable

In the current FFS reimbursement model, as average reimbursement rates decline, PCPs must increase the number of patients they see to sustain their practice. This volume-based model perpetuates physician burnout and jeopardizes the long-term sustainability of the independent primary care business model. According to a 2019 report, more than 50% of family physicians show symptoms of burnout, driven in part the FFS reimbursement model and increasing administrative burden. We believe this has been exacerbated by the effects of COVID-19.

Growth of the complex and costly Medicare population is accelerating pressure on primary care

The Medicare population is expected to grow from approximately 62 million individuals in 2020 to approximately 70 million individuals by 2025. As the medically complex Medicare population disproportionately drives utilization and cost, and is typically reimbursed at a lower rate than the commercial population, the primary care delivery system and the overall healthcare system are further strained.

Structural Hurdles to Adoption of a Total Care Model

We believe that all key stakeholders—patients, physicians and payors—benefit significantly from an environment where PCPs are empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their attributed Medicare patients versus operating in the current FFS reimbursement model that primarily rewards units of service. However, over time, the existing FFS system has created structural hurdles that now impede rapid and broad adoption of a PCP-led Total Care Model.

- PCPs lack the incentive structure to reorganize the healthcare delivery system.
- PCPs lack the infrastructure to participate in a multi-payor model.
- PCPs lack the breadth of capabilities and resources necessary to transition to a Total Care Model.
- PCP groups are highly fragmented and lack the benefits of scale.
- Limited long-term, deep collaboration between payors and physicians.

Our Answer

We have created a Total Care Model for community-based physicians that focuses exclusively on Medicare and manages the comprehensive healthcare needs of our members through subscription-like PMPM arrangements with health plans or directly with CMS—powered by the agilon platform, enabled through a long-term partnership model and reinforced via a growing national network.

The agilon Platform: The agilon platform is focused on existing community-based physician groups, senior patients within these practices and enabling our physician partners to rapidly move to a subscription-like Total

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Care Model. Our platform is holistic in supporting the rapid transition to a Total Care Model with technology, people, process and capital, and recognizes that enhanced capabilities are needed at multiple levels and must be deeply integrated within existing physician group operating processes to successfully execute the transition. The agilon platform was co-developed and has been continuously refined with our physician partners since the formation of the company. The agilon platform comprises an integrated set of capabilities, delivered as a unified platform to enable successful partnerships at the community level, create a national network of PCPs and physician groups and empower our PCPs to improve health outcomes for their patients.

Our platform capabilities include:

- Payor Engagement: In each community, we connect multiple payors, patients and physicians around a single, purpose-built platform for MA patients with one approach to quality, patient experience, clinical program management and financial management.
- **Direct Contracting Model**: In each community we serve, our Total Care Model can be extended to patients enrolled in traditional Medicare through the CMS Innovation Center Direct Contracting Model.
- Data Integration and Management: Our purpose-built and flexible platform enables ease of integration with payor systems, physician
 electronic medical record ("EMR") systems, labs, pharmacies and other third-party platforms, encompassing millions of data records each
 month.
- Clinical Programs and Product Development: Combining insights from evidence-based medicine and patient-level data, our medical
 leadership and local physician leaders develop high-value actionable playbooks for partner physicians to deliver quality care, which
 include operational plans, analytics and tracking metrics.
- **Quality (Clinical and Experience)**: The agilon platform provides actionable consolidated information, centralized and local resources and processes to expand access, strengthen the patient-physician relationship and reduce medically unnecessary drivers of healthcare costs.
- *Growth*: We enable our partners to extend their local brand into a senior care brand for their Total Care Model that embodies the history and culture of their local physician group. Through the development of this local brand and a Medicare-centric education approach, we enable our physician partners to actively engage with their approximately 220,000 patients that are currently Medicare-eligible but are not covered by an MA plan and their approximately 156,000 60-64 year-old patients, to enable their patients to make educated healthcare choices. These patients represent an embedded growth opportunity.
- **Performance Management Analytics**: One of the most powerful parts of our platform is enabled by the peer-to-peer comparison of efficiency and clinical metrics at the physician, population and network level.
- *Financial Management*: Leveraging our dedicated team of subject-matter experts, and our robust technologies and capabilities, our platform operationalizes the finance elements of a risk-bearing structure.
- *National Policy*: We believe we are able to unite the voices of our community-based physician leaders to inform and advance policy in Washington, D.C.

agilon's Long-term Physician Partner Model

Physician Relationships

We built the agilon platform to be deployed through an aligned long-term partnership model with community-based physician groups to address the need to move healthcare closer to the physician, be outcome-

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centric and optimize the long-term sticky relationship between a patient and their existing physician. Our anchor physician group relationships have the following characteristics:

- Long-term partnership model that allows both agilon and physicians to take the long-term view and benefit from the maturity of a
 growing number of members on the platform;
- Shared governance and co-location of staff to manage our local partnerships;
- Local dyad leadership structure that includes a medical director from the local anchor physician group;
- Local brand which reflects the local anchor physician group or geography;
- Capital from agilon to support value-based care infrastructure supporting the delivery of high-quality healthcare, and 100% downside
 protection, which removes a major obstacle to physicians making the leap to a Total Care Model;
- Operating leverage created by amortizing centralized investments in the platform infrastructure across a growing number of physician partners; and
- Surplus dollars generated locally due to improvements in quality of care and healthcare costs are shared with the local anchor physician group.

Under the Total Care Model, we typically operate by RBE's within local geographies. These wholly-owned RBEs enter into risk-bearing, global capitation agreements with payors, contract with agilon to perform certain functions and enter into long-term professional service agreements with one or more anchor physician groups. Individual MA members whose care is provided by PCPs employed or affiliated with our anchor physician groups are attributed to the RBE, which bears financial responsibility for the associated medical costs of such members. Through incentive compensation arrangements, we share with our anchor physician groups a portion of the RBE's savings from successfully improving the quality of care and reducing costs. Typically, our anchor physician groups receive a FFS base compensation rate for services rendered which is paid directly by health plan payors to our anchor physician groups or, in certain arrangements, paid from the health plan payor to the applicable RBE, who pays the compensation received to our anchor physician groups. In certain cases, our anchor physician groups may be entitled to a guaranteed minimum FFS base compensation rate from the RBE in the event that the FFS base compensation rate paid by the health plan payor falls below what the anchor physician group had received prior to joining our platform. Historically, the base compensation rates paid directly by the health plan payors to our anchor physician groups have met or exceeded applicable guaranteed minimum FFS base compensation rates. Most of our contracts with our anchor physician groups contain exclusivity provisions, as well as termination rights that are triggered upon certain events.

Payor Relationships

In each of our geographies, we enter into subscription-like PMPM agreements with payors to manage the total healthcare costs of our attributed members. Through this partnership model, we believe we:

- empower PCPs to act as the quarterback for healthcare delivery;
- enable PCPs to define a tailored patient experience across multiple payors;
- create an operating partnership and economic model built around improved health outcomes instead of a transaction-based model; and
- align the physician business model with the strength of their long-term patient relationships enabling the long-term growth of independent, community-based physician groups.

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Under a typical agreement, we are entitled to monthly PMPM fees, which are typically based on a defined percentage of the corresponding premium which payors receive from CMS. We generally accept full financial risk for members attributed to us through our contracted PCPs and, therefore, are responsible for the cost of all healthcare services required by those members, which generally includes healthcare costs which CMS considers Part A and B costs. Our agreements with payors may delegate claims payment to us, or such responsibility may be retained by the payor, as is the case today in the majority of our payor agreements. The majority of our agreements are for terms ranging from one to three years and contain automatic annual renewal provisions as well as various termination rights. We also typically agree to indemnify our payors against certain third-party claims. As we continue to expand the agilon platform and enter into additional long-term partnerships, we will negotiate payor agreements in new geographies, including with Humana, Aetna and United Healthcare.

The power of our local partnership model is defined by the scale, breadth and local brand of our physician partners. On average, our anchor physician groups have been serving their communities for more than 40 years, have a PCP tenure of approximately 13 years, and receive exceptionally strong NPS from their PCPs and patients in live geographies of 73 and 83, respectively. We believe this gives us the ability to influence the local healthcare delivery system at scale. We expect our physician partner patient panels to systematically migrate to MA as the patient population ages and our partnerships mature. We estimate that the number of Medicare FFS patients, Medicare-eligible patients and patients expected to age into Medicare over the next five years in our existing physician partner patient populations is approximately 375,000.

The table below presents an overview of our anchor physician groups:

Go-Live Year	Geography	Anchor Physician Group	Founded	PCPs	Average PCP Tenure	Approx. MA, FFS, Commercial Lives
2018	Columbus, OH	PRIMARY CARE	1996	>100	13	265K
	Akron, OH	PIONEER	1995	25-100	18	60K
2019	Austin, TX	ANTEN STATULE FAMILY PHYSICIANS	1980/1994	>100	10	375K
	Pittsburgh, PA	preferred	1995	25-100	13	65K
	Dayton, OH	PriMED	1995	<25	13	30K
2020	Southeast OH	ProdomsGree	2001	<25	14	35K
	Wilmington, NC	C) nor	1971	25-100	14	115K
	Buffalo, NY	B Burbio Hedeal Group	1946	25-100	10	70K
2021	Toledo, OH	ii. Taiedo Cliric	1926	25-100	9	45K
	Hartford, CT	Starling	1947	25-100	17	45K
	Syracuse, NY	FamilyCare Medical Graup, PC	1996	25-100	17	75K
	Pinehurst, NC	Great Control	1952	25-100	10	60K
2022	Texarkana, TX	Cores Chair	1947	<25	13	15K
	Longview, TX	DC DIAGNOSTIC	1975	<25	16	75K
	Grand Rapids & Traverse City, MI	ah answer health	1986	>100	10	120K

In addition to our anchor physician groups in the table above, we have broadly contracted with PCPs across the state of Hawaii and have developed select deeper primary care relationships within that network.

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Our Network

We believe the agilon network creates significant value for our patients, our physician partners, our payors and our organization. The ability to share best practices, compare notes on the transition to a Total Care Model and learn from one another represents a valuable opportunity for physicians who intentionally choose an independent path rather than joining a health system or insurance provider. Our physician partners are both collaborative and constructively competitive in service of their patients. We believe the power of a like-minded group of community-based physicians, many of whom are leaders in their community, will enhance innovation, growth, quality of care and patient experience, and ultimately strengthen the power of the independent physician business model in local communities across the country.

Value Proposition to Stakeholders

Our Total Care Model empowers community-based physician groups to lead local healthcare transformation and ensure the long-term sustainability of the community-based physician model.

We believe the benefits of this differentiated model to community-based physician groups and the patients they serve include:

- Rapid creation of a Medicare Total Care Model that enables our PCPs to take a long-term view of their relationships with their patients and allocate resources to meet individual member health needs.
- Sustainable long-term business model alongside commercial and Medicare FFS.
- Provides access to network of like-minded partners.
- Improved economics.
- Improving the physician experience.
- Improving the patient experience.
- Supporting superior health outcomes.

We have also become an important strategic partner for our payors, as we are a material portion of their membership base, delivery network and annual membership growth in many of the geographies we serve. Through our subscription-like agreements, we ensure a consistent gross margin on a growing membership base. The strength of our relationships with payors has resulted in our establishment of national joint-operating committees with five national health plans through which we develop, execute and monitor a strategy for growth and performance as part of their Medicare delivery network.

Our Strengths

Local and National Leadership and First-Mover Dynamics

Core to our model is partnering in local geographies with leading physician groups that have already built significant scale and strong brands in the communities they serve. Our local leadership is highlighted by our position in Columbus, Ohio, where we have more than 200 PCPs on our platform, whose patient panels include approximately 50% of total MA lives among independent PCPs.

We believe we are pioneers in providing a full-risk, multi-payor Total Care Model within our local geographies, our growing regional hubs and the country. We believe we are the only MA multi-payor, globally capitated risk vehicle available for independent physician groups to access a Total Care Model in our local geographies. The sustainability of this local leadership position is also enhanced by our long-term partnerships with our anchor physician groups.

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We've established a strong local leadership position in 17 geographies creating what we believe to be the first national platform for a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. We believe our position as a first-mover creates a competitive advantage, resulting in other independent physician groups viewing us as an established and trusted partner.

Long-Term Economic Model

We believe our membership and per-member profitability will grow over time due to structural characteristics inherent to our long-term partnerships, durable and growing MA membership within our physician partners and the nature of the MA economic model. The key strengths of our economic model include:

- We believe we have the ability to generate significant, recurring and growing medical margin in concert with our physician partners over the course of our long-term partnerships and the inherently sticky physician-patient relationship.
 - Our physician partnerships are typically 20 years.
 - Average physician tenure within our anchor physician groups is 13 years.
 - Patients 65 years of age and older remain with their PCP for an average of 10 years, according to a 2004 study.
- Embedded same-geography, long-term organic membership growth resulting from our physician partners' existing patients who age into Medicare and elect to enroll in MA or who elect to convert from Medicare FFS to MA over the life of our long-term partnership.

Although we have incurred net losses since our formation in 2016, we believe that the combination of a growing membership base and improving medical margin over the life of our long-term partnerships creates a significant lifetime value ("LTV") for the geographies we enter. We are able to access this attractive LTV through what we believe to be a low-cost and increasingly cost-efficient model. We believe this low-cost and increasingly cost-efficient growth model represents a significant advantage supporting our rapid scaling to new geographies and sustainable existing geography growth.

Model for Long-Term Sustainable Growth

We have created a multi-pronged growth strategy that has powerful tailwinds for our physician partners and our business by leveraging existing physician capacity in local geographies, establishing long-term partnerships with significant embedded growth opportunities and expanding through multiple regional levels. The "flywheel" nature of our model has allowed us to expand from one geography to 17 in fewer than five years and has resulted in an additional approximately 186,000 MA lives being attributed to our platform over the same time period.

Purpose-Built, Exportable, Scalable Platform

The creation of the agilon platform and an aligned physician partnership approach has enabled the consistent deployment of a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business across 17 heterogeneous geographies, 16 anchor physician groups and multiple payors. The components of our Total Care Model (including data, payor engagement, clinical programs and growth) are discrete but are delivered as a unified platform through a highly-aligned model with physicians to optimize success. Our platform has enabled us to grow revenue 53% year-over-year for the year ended December 31, 2020, while operating costs to support live geographies and enterprise functions grew 12% over the same period. Our net loss for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$60.1 million, a 79% decline from losses of \$282.7 million in the year ended December 31, 2019.

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Network Feedback Loop

We believe our growing network of community-based physicians at the national, regional and local level drives continuous improvement of our platform, enables best practices sharing and innovation and accelerates the growth of independent physicians joining the agilon network. Many of our physician partners and individual physicians have joined our platform based on references from existing like-minded physician partners, and the credibility and quality of our physician partners is consistently cited as a deciding factor for joining the platform.

Differentiated Physician and Patient Experience

We designed our platform, partnership and network approach with the goal of delivering a superior and continuously improving experience to our physician partners and their patients. We believe our model enables PCPs to unlock the value in a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business while remaining independent. Subsequent to joining our platform, our PCPs have increased their average annual income by successfully managing healthcare costs and improving health outcomes. We believe that our PCPs' engagement is manifested through deeper relationships with patients and results in a greater opportunity to improve our members' health. For example, in 2019, 78% of our members attributed to our live anchor physician groups attended their wellness visits, compared to the FFS national average CMS Annual Wellness Visit completion rate of 35% in 2019.

Mission-Driven Team and Culture

We have a world-class management team, which is differentiated by its breadth and depth of expertise in healthcare. Our senior management team has an average of more than 15 years of experience in the healthcare industry and has significant exposure across all components of the payment and delivery continuum. We believe our management team's collective robust, diverse and complementary exposure to different facets of the healthcare industry positions our team to navigate and enable the shift to a physician-driven Total Care Model.

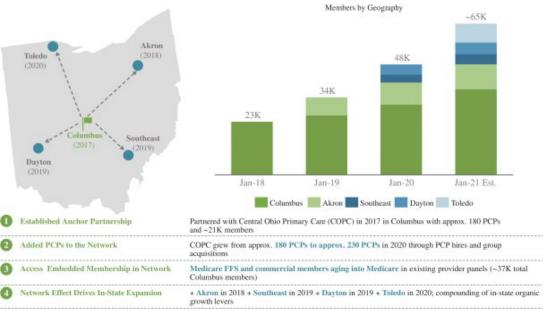
Our team is united by our mission of being the trusted long-term partner to community-based physicians and driven by our vision of transforming healthcare at the community level through exceptional patient-physician relationships.

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Our Growth Strategy

We intend to utilize our competitive strengths and capitalize on favorable industry trends to increase the number of regional hubs, local markets within those hubs and ultimately physicians and members we serve. The key elements of our growth include:

The power of our model at work: Case study of Ohio expansion



Note: Year in map refers to year partner joined the platform (global risk contract effective the following year)

Establish New Regional Hubs across the Country

We believe we are well-positioned to expand the number of our physician partners nationally across a diverse set of geographies. We have developed sophisticated business development capabilities and have established a robust pipeline with an array of physician groups across the country. We are also benefitting from the network effect of our growing network of like-minded physician partners.

Access the Large and Embedded Membership Opportunity within Our Existing Networks

We estimate that the number of Medicare FFS patients, Medicare-eligible patients and patients expected to age into Medicare over the next five years in our existing physician partner patient populations is approximately 375,000. As these patients enroll in MA through our payors, they become attributed to our platform with little incremental cost to us.

Facilitate and Capitalize on the Growth of Our Physician Partners

As the PCP base of our physician partners grows, our physician partners are better positioned to serve a growing Medicare population.

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Expand into Adjacent Geographies

Once we establish a presence in a geography, we have the opportunity to accelerate the addition of new physician partnerships in the region. We leverage our multi-payor MA risk platform and regional infrastructure to efficiently grow into adjacent geographies. Of our estimated 2020 addressable market, \$80 billion is concentrated in states in which we currently have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021.

Increase Quality and Improve Health Outcomes to Drive Profitability

We believe our Total Care Model drives increased profitability per member over time through increasing quality and improving health outcomes. As members and physicians mature on our platform, we increasingly recognize the benefits of improved quality of care and effectively managed healthcare costs. We believe there is significant opportunity to improve profitability per member over the course of our long-term partnerships by improving healthcare outcomes and effectively managing costs, with 70% of our MA members as of December 31, 2020 on our platform for fewer than three years.

Demonstrate Operating Leverage

We expect to drive increasing profitability by leveraging both our market-level operating costs and centralized infrastructure, as we manage increased MA and DCE membership on our platform that has maturing medical margin over time.

Capitalize on Emerging Value-Based Care Opportunities

We believe we are positioned to capitalize on the shift from FFS towards a Total Care Model across the broader healthcare system. Through five currently approved DCEs, which encompass more than 500 of our existing PCPs, we expect to provide care to over 50,000 traditional Medicare members in seven geographies. For the year ended December 31, 2020, our DCEs did not contribute to our revenue.

Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Our Business

Commencing in March 2020, we implemented various measures to protect the health and safety of our employees, physicians and members in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic. These measures included relocating employees to home-based work settings, coordinating with physician partners to accelerate telehealth activity and coordinating daily huddles for physicians and team members on clinical and operational impacts of COVID, which included participation by nationally-recognized experts in infectious disease and epidemiology. Despite the challenges and uncertainties created by the COVID-19 pandemic, we believe that our response to the pandemic has reinforced the value of our platform, long-term partnership model and network.

Throughout most of 2020, our members incurred lower healthcare costs than we would have otherwise expected, which resulted in lower medical services expenses incurred. These costs may be incurred at future points in time and it is possible that the deferral of healthcare services could cause additional health problems in our existing members, which could increase our costs in the future. Additionally, our members' risk adjustment factors, which are reflective of documented clinical conditions during 2020 and which impact our 2021 revenues, may be lower than would have occurred without the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, resulting from members' avoidance or deferral of care during 2020. We cannot accurately estimate the net ultimate impact, positive or negative, to revenue or medical services expense at this time.

Also see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business—The spread of, and response to, the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, underscores certain risks we face and the rapid development and fluidity of this

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situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact to us of COVID-19," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Impact of COVID-19" and "Business—Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Our Business."

Company History

The Company is ultimately controlled by an investment fund associated with Clayton Dubilier & Rice, LLC ("CD&R"), a private equity firm headquartered in New York, NY. Our business was formed in 2016 through the completion of two acquisitions by CD&R: In July 2016, Primary Provider Management Company, Inc. ("PPMC") was acquired, which, together with its affiliated independent practice associations ("California IPAs"), operated in Southern California. Also in July 2016, Cyber-Pro Systems, Inc. ("CPS") was acquired, which, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates, operates a network of contracted physicians in Hawaii and provides software and medical billing solutions to independent healthcare organizations. During 2020, we implemented a plan to divest all of our California operations, which includes the entirety of our Medicaid line of business, via three separate transactions with different parties. In February 2021, we completed the divestiture of our California operations. However, we will continue to be responsible for any liabilities arising from certain of the divested businesses which were incurred prior to the applicable closing date. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—California Operations" for additional information.

agilon health, inc., the issuer in this offering, was incorporated in the State of Delaware in April 2017 in connection with our entry into a physician partnership with Central Ohio Primary Care Physicians, Inc. ("COPC"), a physician-owned medical group, to establish a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business in the Columbus, Ohio region. Since that time, we have expanded and entered into new partnerships in Austin, Akron, Pittsburgh, North Carolina, Hartford, Buffalo, Toledo, Dayton and Southeast Ohio. In March 2021, we changed our name from Agilon Health Topco, Inc. to agilon health, inc., and changed the name of our subsidiary, agilon health, inc., to agilon health management, inc.

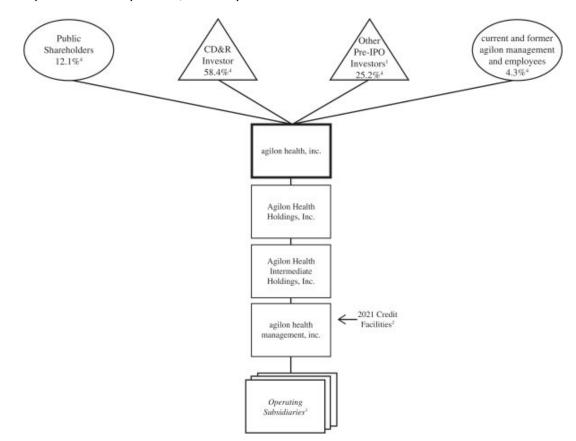
Our Majority Shareholder and Organizational Structure

Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC. Founded in 1978, CD&R employs a distinctive approach to private equity investing, bringing together investment professionals and operating executives to pursue a strategy predicated on building stronger, more profitable businesses. Since inception, CD&R has managed the investment of more than \$30 billion in 95 businesses with an aggregate transaction value of over \$150 billion. CD&R has a disciplined and clearly defined investment strategy and has extensive experience investing across the healthcare industry.

After the completion of this offering, we expect that CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P. (the "CD&R Investor"), which is owned by investment funds managed by, or affiliated with, CD&R, will hold approximately 58% of our common stock (or approximately 57% if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares). As a result, we expect to be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the NYSE rules following the completion of this offering. This election will allow us to rely on exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements otherwise applicable to NYSE-listed companies. See "Management—Corporate Governance."

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The following chart presents an overview of our ownership and organizational structure, after giving effect to this offering. For additional information with respect to our ownership structure, see "Principal Stockholders":



- 1 Includes COPC, certain private investment funds and our physician partners with whom we have physician partner group equity agreements.
- Includes indebtedness related to the 2021 Credit Facilities (as defined herein), including term loan indebtedness, revolver indebtedness and letters of credit. On February 18, 2021, we, through agilon health management, inc. ("agilon management"), entered in the 2021 Secured Credit Agreement (as defined herein) to refinance our outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Facilities (as defined herein). See "Description of Certain Indebtedness."
- 3 Operating subsidiaries include wholly-owned RBEs, independent practice associations and other immaterial subsidiaries, which have been omitted from this chart for convenience.
- 4 Ownership percentages assume no exercise of the underwriters option to purchase up to 6,990,000 additional shares of common stock in the offering, and are determined as described in "—The Offering."

Our Corporate Information

agilon health, inc. is a Delaware corporation. Our principal executive offices are located at 1 World Trade Center, Suite 2000, Long Beach, CA 90831, and our telephone number is (562) 256-3800. Our website is *www.agilonhealth.com*. None of the information contained on, or that may be accessed through, our website or any other website identified herein is part of, or incorporated into, this prospectus, and you should not rely on any such information in connection with your decision to invest in our common stock.

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Summary Risk Factors

Our business is subject to a number of risks, including risks that may prevent us from achieving our business objectives or may adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations that you should consider before making a decision to invest in our common stock. These risks are discussed more fully under the caption "Risk Factors." These risks include, but are not limited to, the following:

- our history of net losses and the expectation that our expenses will increase in the future;
- failure to identify and develop successful new geographies, physician partners and payors or execute upon our growth initiatives;
- success in executing our operating strategies or achieving results consistent with our historical performance;
- significant reductions in membership;
- challenges for our physician partners in the transition to a Total Care Model;
- inaccuracies in the estimates and assumptions we use to project the size, revenue or medical expense amounts of our target geographies, our members' risk adjustment factors, medical services expense, incurred but not reported claims and earnings pursuant to payor contracts:
- the spread of, and response to, the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, and the inability to predict the ultimate impact on us;
- dependence on a limited number of key payors, including for membership attribution and assignment, data and reporting accuracy and claims payment;
- dependence on physician partners and other providers to effectively manage the quality and cost of care and perform obligations under payor contracts, which contracts generally provide that if the cost of care exceeds the corresponding capitation revenue we receive from payors in respect of attributed members we may realize operating deficits, which are typically not capped, and could lead to substantial losses;
- dependence on physician partners to accurately, timely and sufficiently document their services and potential False Claims Act or other liability if any diagnosis information or encounter data are inaccurate or incorrect;
- reductions in reimbursement rates or methodology applied to derive reimbursement from, or discontinuation of, federal government healthcare programs, from which we drive substantially all of our total revenue;
- statutory or regulatory changes, administrative rulings, interpretations of policy and determinations by intermediaries and governmental funding restrictions, and any impact on government funding, program coverage and reimbursements;
- the impact on our revenue of CMS modifying the methodology used to determine the revenue associated with MA members;
- ability to comply with federal, state and local regulations and laws we are subject to, or to adapt to changes in or new regulations or laws, including as such regulations and laws that relate to our physician alignment strategies with our physician partners or the corporate practice of medicine;
- our physician partners' compliance with federal and state healthcare fraud and abuse laws and regulations; and
- the influence of the CD&R Investor and our status as a "controlled company."

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Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company

As a company with less than \$1.07 billion in annual gross revenue for the year ended December 31, 2019, we were an "emerging growth company" as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"). An emerging growth company may take advantage of specified reduced reporting and other reduced requirements that are otherwise applicable generally to public companies. These provisions include:

- in this prospectus, we may present only two years of audited financial statements and only two years of related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations disclosure; and
- in this prospectus, we are permitted to provide less extensive disclosure about our executive compensation arrangements such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the chief executive officer's compensation to median employee compensation.

In addition, under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can also delay adopting new or revised financial accounting standards until such time as those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to avail ourselves of this exemption from new or revised accounting standards and, therefore, will not be subject to the new or revised accounting standards other public companies will implement that are not emerging growth companies. As a result, our consolidated financial statements may not be companies that comply with new or revised accounting pronouncements as of the effective dates applicable to public companies.

We ceased to be an emerging growth company on December 31, 2020 because our annual gross revenues exceeded \$1.07 billion for the year ended December 31, 2020. However, we will continue to be treated as an emerging growth company for disclosure purposes in this prospectus until the completion of our initial public offering. We have elected to take advantage of certain of the foregoing reduced burdens in this prospectus and, as such, the information in this prospectus may be different than the information provided by other public companies. Some investors could find our common stock less attractive as a result of our utilization of these or other exemptions. This could result in a less active trading market for our common stock and increased volatility in the price of our common stock.

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THE OFFERING

Common stock offered by us 46,600,000 shares.

Common stock to be outstanding after this offering 384,836,394 shares.

Option to purchase additional shares

The underwriters also may purchase up to 6,990,000 additional shares from us at the initial

offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions, within 30 days from the date

of this prospectus.

Use of proceeds We estimate that the net proceeds to us from this offering, after deducting estimated

underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses, will be

approximately \$943.2 million, or approximately \$1,086.0 million if the underwriters exercise

in full their option to purchase additional shares.

We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering as described in "Use of Proceeds."

Dividend policy We do not currently anticipate paying dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable

future. Any future determination to pay dividends on our common stock will be subject to the discretion of our board of directors and depend upon various factors. See "Dividend Policy."

Risk Factors Our business is subject to a number of risks that you should consider before making a

decision to invest in our common stock. See "Risk Factors."

Reserved Share Program At our request, an affiliate of BofA Securities, Inc., a participating underwriter, has reserved

for sale, at the public offering price, up to 5% of the shares offered by this prospectus. If purchased, these shares of common stock will not be subject to a lock-up restriction. The number of shares of common stock available for sale to the general public will be reduced to the extent such shares of common stock are purchased pursuant to this program. Any reserved shares that are not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same terms as the other shares of common stock offered by this prospectus. The

underwriters will receive the same underwriting discounts and commissions on any shares of common stock purchased pursuant to this program as they will on any other shares of

common stock sold to the public in this offering.

Indications of Interest

Prior to the date hereof, the cornerstone investors have indicated an interest, severally and not jointly, in purchasing up to an aggregate of \$500 million in shares in this offering at the initial public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the cornerstone investors may determine to purchase more, less or no shares in this offering or the underwriters may determine to sell more, less or no shares to any of the

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cornerstone investors. The underwriters will receive the same discount on any of our shares purchased by the cornerstone investors as they will from any other shares sold to the public in this offering.

Proposed symbol

"AGL".

The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding immediately following this offering is based on 325,749,077 shares outstanding as of March 31, 2021, and excludes:

- 41,412,100 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options outstanding as of March 31, 2021 at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.85 per share, of which 25,546,250 shares will be exercisable as of the consummation of this offering;
- 28,718,548 shares of common stock reserved for future issuance following this offering under our Omnibus Incentive Plan and ESPP; and
- 35,400 shares of our common stock subject to outstanding RSUs granted to directors.

Unless otherwise indicated, all information in this prospectus:

- gives effect to a 100-for-1 stock split on our common stock effected on April 1, 2021;
- gives effect to the issuance of 46,600,000 shares of common stock in this offering;
- assumes no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares;
- assumes that the initial public offering price of our common stock will be \$21.50 per share (which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus);
- assumes the issuance of 12,487,317 shares of common stock issuable under partner physician group equity agreements conditioned on completion of this offering (representing a number of shares equivalent to \$268.5 million at the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus); and
- gives effect to amendments to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation (the "Certificate of Incorporation") and amended and restated by-laws (the "By-laws") to be adopted prior to the completion of this offering.

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SUMMARY HISTORICAL CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following tables set forth our summary historical consolidated financial data derived from our consolidated financial statements as of the dates and for each of the periods indicated. The summary historical consolidated financial data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future period.

You should read this summary historical consolidated financial data in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Year E Deceml	
(dollars in thousands)	2020	2019
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data:		
Revenues:		
Medical services revenue	\$ 1,214,270	\$ 788,566
Other operating revenue	4,063	5,845
Total revenues	1,218,333	794,411
Expenses:		,
Medical services expense	1,021,877	725,374
Other medical expenses	102,306	40,526
General and administrative	137,292	122,832
Depreciation and amortization	13,531	12,253
Total expenses	1,275,006	900,985
Income (loss) from operations	(56,673)	(106,574
Other income (expense):		
Other income (expense), net	2,465	955
Interest expense	(8,135)	(9,068
ncome (loss) before income taxes	(62,343)	(114,687
Income tax benefit (expense)	(865)	232
ncome from continuing operations	(63,208)	(114,455
Discontinued operations:	· , , , ,	, ,
Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes	(20,049)	(86,108
Impairments	<u> </u>	(98,343
Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net	20,401	_
Income tax benefit (expense)	2,804	16,166
Total discontinued operations	3,156	(168,285
Net income (loss)	(60,052)	(282,740
Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations		152
Net income (loss) attributable to common shares	\$ (60,052)	\$ (282,588
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data (at period end):		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 106,795	\$ 123,633
Total assets	\$ 446,361	\$ 402,794
Total liabilities	\$ 421,591	\$ 353,822

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	Year Ended December 31,
(dollars in thousands)	2020 2019
Contingently redeemable common stock	\$ 309,500 \$ 281,000
Total stockholders' deficit	\$ (284,730) \$ (232,028)
	Year Ended December 31,
(dollars in thousands)	2020 2019
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Data:	
Cash flows from:	
Operating activities	\$ (53,204) \$ (103,861
Investing activities	\$ 22,066 \$ (5,060
Financing activities	\$ 24,621 \$ 176,298
	Year Ended December 31,
(dollars in thousands)	<u>2020</u> <u>2019</u>
Other Financial Data:	
Medical margin(1)	\$ 192,393 \$ 63,192
Network contribution(2)	\$ 99,016 \$ 25,598
Adjusted EBITDA(3)	\$ 5,827 \$ (56,711

- (1) Medical margin represents medical services revenue after deducting medical services expense.
- (2) Network contribution is a non-GAAP financial measure. Network contribution represents medical services revenue less the sum of: (i) medical services expense and (ii) other medical expenses excluding costs incurred in implementing geographies. Income (loss) from operations is the most directly comparable U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") measure to network contribution. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for more information regarding network contribution and a reconciliation to income (loss) from operations.
- (3) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) adjusted to exclude: (i) income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, (ii) interest expense, (iii) income tax expense (benefit), (iv) depreciation and amortization expense, (v) geography entry costs, (vi) share-based compensation expense, (vii) severance and related costs and (viii) certain other items that are not considered by us in the evaluation of ongoing operating performance. Net income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP measure to Adjusted EBITDA. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for more information regarding Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation to net income (loss).

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RISK FACTORS

Risks Related to Our Business

We have a history of net losses, we anticipate increasing expenses in the future and we may not achieve or maintain profitability.

We have incurred significant net losses in the past, including net losses (including discontinued operations) of \$60.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 and \$282.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. As a result of these losses, we had accumulated deficits of \$551.2 million as of December 31, 2020 and \$491.1 million as of December 31, 2019. We expect that our expenses will increase substantially in the foreseeable future and our losses will continue, including for the year ended December 31, 2021, in part as we invest in growing our business, expanding our management team, building relationships with physician partners and payors, developing new services and complying with the requirements associated with being a public company. These expenses may prove to be more significant than we currently anticipate, and we may encounter unforeseen expenses, difficulties, complications, delays and other unknown factors that may adversely affect our business. We may not succeed in sufficiently increasing our revenue to offset these expenses. Consequently, we may not be able to achieve and maintain profitability for the current or any future fiscal year. Our prior losses and potential for future losses have had and will continue to have an adverse effect on our stockholders' equity and working capital.

Any failure by us to identify and develop successful new geographies, physician partners and payors and to successfully execute upon our growth initiatives may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our business depends on our ability to identify and develop successful geographies and relationships with physician partners and payors, and to successfully execute upon our growth initiatives to increase the profitability of our physician partners. In order to pursue our strategy successfully, we must effectively implement our platform, partnership and network model, including identifying suitable candidates and successfully building relationships with and managing integration of new physician partners and payors. We contract with a limited number of physician partners and rely on physician partners within each geography. Our growth initiatives in our existing geographies depend, in part, on our physician partners' ability to grow their practices through the addition of PCPs to increase their capacity to service Medicare patients, and to effectively meet increased patient demand. Our physician partners may encounter difficulties in recruiting additional PCPs to their practices due to many factors, including significant competition in their geographies.

Accordingly, the loss or dissatisfaction of any physician partners, our inability to recruit and integrate physician partners into our model, or the failure of our physician partners to recruit additional PCPs or manage and scale capacity to timely meet patient demand, could substantially harm our brand and reputation, impact our competitiveness, inhibit widespread adoption of our platform, partnership and network model and impair our ability to attract new physician partners and maintain existing physician partnerships, both in new geographies and in geographies in which we currently operate, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Further, our growth strategy depends, in part, on securing and integrating new high-caliber physician partners and expanding into new geographies in which we have little or no operating experience. Integration and other risks can be more pronounced for larger and more complicated relationships or relationships outside of our core business space, or if multiple relationships are pursued simultaneously. Additionally, new geographies may be characterized by stakeholder preferences for, and experience with, a Total Care Model, rates of MA enrollment, MA reimbursement rates, payor concentration and rates of unnecessary variability in and utilization of medical care that differ from those in the geographies where our existing operations are located. Likewise, new geographies into which we seek to expand may have laws and regulations that differ from those applicable to our current operations. As an immature and rapidly growing company, we may be unfamiliar with the regulatory requirements in each geography that we enter, and we may be forced to incur significant expenditures

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to ensure compliance with requirements to which we are subject. If we are unable or unwilling to incur such costs, our growth in new geographies may be less successful than in our current geographies.

Further, our growth to date has increased the significant demands on our management, operational and financial systems, infrastructure and other resources. We must continue to improve our existing systems for operational and financial management, including our reporting systems, procedures and controls. These improvements could require significant capital expenditures and place increasing demands on our management. We may not be successful in managing or expanding our operations or in maintaining adequate financial and operating systems and controls. If we do not successfully manage these processes, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed.

We may be unsuccessful in executing our operating strategies, or we may not achieve results consistent with our historical performance.

Our success is dependent on our ability to successfully execute upon defined operating strategies in our existing and future geographies. Such strategies include successfully growing our geographies through the addition of PCPs and our physician partners' capacity to serve new members, providing medical services for our members at appropriate levels of utilization and cost, and generating medical services revenue through appropriate and effective contracting strategies with our MA payors. We may not be successful in executing upon these strategies, or we may fail to implement such strategies in future markets as effectively as with our initial markets. The failure to successfully execute upon such strategies or to produce results consistent with our historical results or the financial and operational models used in the analysis of our potential relationships may result in an inability to grow our business; may cause ongoing operating losses, asset write-offs, restructuring costs or other expenses; and may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Further, as a rapidly growing and relatively immature company with a limited operating history, it is uncertain whether our platform, partnership and network model will achieve and sustain high levels of demand, physician and payor acceptance and market adoption. Due to our limited operating history, it is also difficult for us to evaluate our business compared to prior periods. If we do not develop, if we develop more slowly than we expect, if we encounter negative publicity or if our value propositions for physician partners, patients and payors do not drive sufficient member growth, the growth of our business will be harmed. Our success will depend to a substantial extent on our ability to demonstrate the value of our platform, partnership and network model to physicians and payors. Our ability to replicate the success of our model also enables us to attract and retain skilled physician partners. Accordingly, if we are unable to effectively manage our growth and replicate the success of our platform, partnership and network model in new geographies and with new partners, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed.

Amounts of medical expenses which are incurred on behalf of our members may exceed the amount of medical revenues we receive to provide care for such members.

Under our agreements with our payors, we receive a PMPM-based capitation payment, and we assume financial risk for the expense of providing medical services on behalf of our physician partners. To the extent that utilization of medical services or the cost of providing such services increases beyond our expectations, the total cost to provide medical services to our members may exceed the corresponding amount of revenue we receive, which may result in losses and adversely impact our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Additionally, factors which impact medical costs incurred by our members, and medical expenses we incur, may be subject to fluctuations which we may not be able to control. Such factors include the following:

Changes to the Medicare fee schedule or other rate schedules which serve as the basis for payments issued to hospitals, specialty and ancillary
physicians and other providers;

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- Contractual rates paid to hospitals, specialty and ancillary physicians and other providers;
- The utilization rates of healthcare services, including inpatient hospitalization, by our members;
- Changes to member benefit levels established annually by payors; and
- The utilization rate and cost of pharmaceuticals or specialty drugs utilized by our members.

Fluctuations in the magnitude of the hospital and physician network, including the discontinuation of a hospital or specialty or ancillary physician's participation in our MA payors' provider network, could adversely impact our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

As we expand into new geographies, we may be unable to secure contracts with MA payors, or such contracts may be established at less favorable financial terms than are necessary to meet our financial targets.

As we enter into new geographies, potential physician partners will typically provide care to members affiliated with one or more MA payors, in a structure other than a Total Care Model. Our ability to successfully operate in a market is dependent upon our ability to enter into contractual relationships with MA payors which have an existing presence in that market under a global risk structure. MA payors may take the position that it is not in their strategic or financial interests to enter into a contract with us, or they may have already established exclusive relationships with other value-based care providers or affiliates in a geography and ,therefore, elect to not enter into a similar arrangement with us. Therefore, we may be unsuccessful in executing contractual relationships with MA payors, or such contracts may be established at financial terms which result in lower revenues or higher costs than we project or which are necessary to generate profits in a given geography. To the extent we are unsuccessful in establishing contractual relationships with MA payors in new geographies, or such relationships are established at less favorable terms than we project, we may not be able to successfully launch into a given geography, or the membership or revenue levels we are able to attain will be lower than our projections.

We incur startup costs during the initial stages of development of our physician partner relationships and program initiatives, and if we are unable to maintain and grow these physician partner relationships or program initiatives over time, we may not recover these costs.

We devote resources to the establishment of new physician partner relationships, including costs relating to physician recruiting to enhance access and support growth of the network, physician incentives to support the transition to a Total Care Model and operational support. Our startup investment in new physician partners can be significant and the associated revenue must be earned and sustained over time in order for us to recoup these costs. As a result, as our business grows, our physician partnership startup costs could outpace our buildup of recurring revenue if we do not achieve economies of scale, and we may be unable to achieve profitability until our revenues associated with new partnerships are more mature. We may never recoup our startup costs in a physician partner relationship, including as a result of such physician partner's difficulty transitioning to a Total Care Model. If we fail to achieve appropriate economies of scale, if we fail to manage or anticipate the evolution of the Total Care Model or if we fail to raise necessary capital to fund our startup costs, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

We also devote resources to establishing program initiatives to ensure a successful transition to a Total Care Model for members, physician partners and payors. Establishment of these program initiatives requires investments that may not be recouped. For example, investment in preventive care and incentivizing physician partners to complete annual wellness visits may increase our total medical services expense, particularly in the short term, and may fail to generate expected cost savings in the long term. If we fail to realize quality of care outcomes and projected revenues or cost savings due to effectively managed healthcare costs with these program initiatives, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

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We may require substantial additional capital to support our business in the future, and this capital might not be available on acceptable terms, or at all.

Our operations have consumed substantial amounts of cash since inception, and we expect to spend substantial amounts of cash for the foreseeable future. As of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, our cash and cash equivalents were \$106.8 million and \$123.6 million, respectively. If our cash and cash equivalents and any cash generated from operations are not sufficient to meet our future cash requirements, we will need to access additional capital to fund our operations and our continued growth and expansion.

We may seek to raise capital by, among other things, issuing additional shares of our common stock or other equity securities, issuing debt securities or borrowing funds under a credit facility. In the past, the securities and credit markets have experienced extreme volatility and disruption, which has increased due to the effects of COVID-19. The availability of credit, from virtually all types of lenders, has at times been limited. In the event we need access to additional capital to pay our operating expenses, fund subsidiary surplus requirements, make payments on or refinance our indebtedness, pay capital expenditures, or fund acquisitions, our ability to obtain such capital may be limited and the cost of any such capital may be significant, particularly if we are unable to access our Credit Facilities.

Our access to additional financing will depend on a variety of factors such as prevailing economic and credit market conditions, the general availability of credit, the overall availability of credit to our industry, our credit ratings and credit capacity and perceptions of our financial prospects. Similarly, our access to funds may be impaired if regulatory authorities or rating agencies take negative actions against us. If one or any combination of these factors were to occur, our internal sources of liquidity may prove to be insufficient, and in such case, we may not be able to successfully obtain sufficient additional financing on favorable terms, within an acceptable time, or at all. Financings, if available, may be on terms that restrict our operational flexibility, dilute the economic or voting rights of our stockholders or reduce the market price of our common stock. If we require new sources of financing but they are insufficient or unavailable, we would be required to modify our operating plans to take into account the limitations of available funding, which would harm our ability to maintain or grow our business.

Significant reduction in our membership could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

A significant reduction in membership could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations because our payor contracts compensate us on a per-member basis. Many factors that could cause such a reduction are outside our control.

Factors that could contribute to a reduction in membership include:

- failure to obtain new physician partners or members or to retain existing physician partners or members;
- decision by a payor to not renew the existing contractual agreement upon termination of such contract;
- low quality of care by our physician partners, including as a result of our failure to provide tools and information to deliver high-quality care;
- alternative care opportunities that are more attractive than those provided by our physician partners;
- premium increases, benefit revisions or other similar changes, which cause our current payor relationships to be less attractive to members than other alternatives, including traditional Medicare or MA plans with which we do not maintain a relationship;
- negative publicity, through social media, news coverage or otherwise, related to us, our physician partners, payors or MA;

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- failure of our payors to maintain their annual ratings awarded by CMS to health plans which measure the quality of health services received by beneficiaries enrolled in MA based on various calculated quality metrics ("STAR ratings"), which leads to members disenrolling from such payors; and
- · federal and state regulatory changes.

We contract with a limited number of payors, and our membership is dependent on such payors attracting and retaining members. In addition, if a payor fails to renew its contract with us or members disenroll from such payor, the members such payor attributes to our platform could transition to another payor which is not on our platform, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. We may also fail to address factors within our control that could contribute to a reduction in enrollment, including providing our physician partners the tools and information to provide high-quality care.

The transition to a Total Care Model may be challenging for physician partners.

The transition to a Total Care Model may be challenging for our physician partners, and fully capitated or other provider-risk arrangements have had a history of financial challenges for physicians. It may take time for physician partners to acclimate to a capitation model, and some physician partners may not be successful at transitioning to a Total Care Model. If we are not able to attract or retain physician partners who are successful at transitioning to a Total Care Model, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

If the estimates and assumptions we use to project the size, revenue or medical expense amounts of our target geographies are inaccurate, our future growth rate may be impacted and we may generate losses in such markets, or we may fail to attain financial performance targets.

We often do not have access to reliable historical data regarding the size, revenue or medical expense levels of our target geographies or potential physician partners. As a result, our market opportunity estimates and financial forecasts developed as we enter into a new geography are subject to significant uncertainty and are based on assumptions and estimates that may not prove to be accurate. The estimates and forecasts in this prospectus relating to the size and expected growth of the market for our services and the estimates of our market opportunity may prove to be inaccurate.

Principal assumptions relating to our market opportunity include estimates of the total number and average length of relationships between MA patients and their physicians, historical MA patient growth rates, amount of revenue and medical expenses associated with MA members expected to be attributed to our physician partners and historical experience that physician partners have with a Total Care Model. Our opportunity is based on the assumption that our platform, partnership and network model will be more attractive to potential physician partners than competing options. However, potential physician partners may elect to pursue a different strategic option.

The spread of, and response to, the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, underscores certain risks we face and the rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact to us of COVID-19.

COVID-19 continues to spread in the United States and throughout the world. COVID-19 and the efforts to contain the outbreak have led to significant economic disruption, including extreme volatility in financial markets, reduced economic activity and a sharp increase in unemployment claims, as well as disruption in some of our physician partners' businesses. The spread of COVID-19 underscores certain risks we face in our business described herein.

Governmental and non-governmental organizations may not effectively combat the spread and severity of COVID-19, increasing the potential for harm for our members. If the spread of COVID-19 is not contained, the

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medical services revenue we receive may prove to be insufficient to cover the cost of healthcare services delivered to our enrolled members, which could increase significantly as a result of higher utilization rates of medical facilities and services and other increases in associated medical claims and related costs. Over time, we may also experience increased costs or decreased revenues if, as a result of our enrolled members being unable to see their PCPs due to actions taken to mitigate the spread of COVID-19, we are unable to implement clinical initiatives to manage healthcare costs and chronic conditions of our enrolled members and appropriately document their risk profiles. In addition, the clinical disease burdens of our members may increase over time to the extent that members have received reduced preventative care to manage their existing clinical conditions, and the amount of medical care which has been deferred during the pandemic may exceed our expectations. Furthermore, we may experience reduced revenues as a result of changes to future capitation payment rates if Medicare members use fewer services due to COVID-19. For example, restrictions imposed as a result of COVID-19 may continue to decrease utilization of preventative or non-emergency healthcare, significantly decreasing provider costs. Should CMS adjust reimbursement rates based on margins during the pendency of COVID-19, our revenues in future periods and financial results may be materially adversely affected. Such measures and any further steps taken by us, or governmental action, to expand or otherwise modify the services delivered to our enrolled members, provide relief for the healthcare provider community, or in connection with the relaxation of stay-at-home and physical distancing orders and other restrictions on movement and economic activity intended to reduce the spread of COVID-19, including enhanced measures to implement widespread testing as a component of lifting these measures, could adversely impact our business, financial

The spread of COVID-19, or actions taken to mitigate this spread, including the efficacy, ability to administer or extent of adoption of COVID-19 vaccines, could have material and adverse effects on our ability to operate effectively, including as a result of the complete or partial closure of facilities or labor shortages. Disruptions in public and private infrastructure, including communications, financial services and supply chains, could materially and adversely disrupt our normal business operations. We have transitioned a significant subset of our employee population to a remote work environment in an effort to mitigate the spread of COVID-19, which could exacerbate certain risks to our business, including an increased demand for information technology resources, increased risk of phishing and other cybersecurity attacks as well as other risks to the privacy and confidentiality of data, and increased risk of unauthorized dissemination of sensitive personal information or proprietary or confidential information about us or our members or other third parties. We have taken, and may take, further actions that alter our business operations as may be required by local, state, or federal authorities or that we determine are in the best interests of our employees. Such measures could negatively affect our ability to provide care to members, relationship with physician partners, marketing efforts, employee productivity, or customer retention, any of which could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Further, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, physician partners may not be able to complete the required annual wellness visits necessary to assess and document the health conditions of our members as comprehensively as we have in the past. Medicare pays capitation using a "risk adjustment model," which compensates providers based on the health status (acuity) of each individual patient, based on each patient's documented clinical diagnoses activity in the preceding calendar year. Medicare requires that a patient's health issues be clinically assessed and sufficiently documented annually regardless of the permanence of the underlying clinical conditions. Historically, this clinical assessment and documentation was required to be completed during an in-person visit with a patient. As part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, or "CARES Act," Medicare is allowing documentation for conditions identified during video visits with patients. However, given the disruption caused by COVID-19, it is unclear whether our physician partners will be able to conduct patient interactions to clinically assess and accurately and sufficiently document the health conditions of our members, which could adversely impact our revenue in 2021 and beyond.

The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate impact on us of COVID-19. We are continuing to monitor the spread of COVID-19, changes to our payors' benefit coverages, the

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ongoing costs and business impacts of dealing with COVID-19, including the potential costs associated with lifting restrictions on movement and economic activity and with administering vaccines, and related risks, as well as potential costs associated with provision of care to our members suffering from COVID-19. The magnitude and duration of the pandemic and its ultimate impact on us is uncertain as this continues to evolve globally, but such impacts could be material to our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our estimates of our members' risk adjustment factors, medical services expense, incurred but not reported claims and earnings pursuant to payor contracts could be inaccurate.

Medical services revenue related to our members is based on clinical disease conditions identified and documented by physicians during patient visits during the preceding calendar year, as well as other factors such as the age and gender of the member, which is summarized in a risk-adjustment factor assigned to each member. To estimate the related amount of revenue that will ultimately be realized for the periods presented, we estimate our members' risk adjustment factors based on our knowledge of members' health status, which is in turn based on physicians' clinical assessment and documentation of members' health status, existing risk adjustment factors and applicable Medicare guidelines. These factors may not be predictive of our members' risk adjustment factors, or we may otherwise fail to accurately estimate such score, which could cause our revenue estimates for the relevant period to be inaccurate.

We establish liabilities on our balance sheet for the amount of medical services which have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR") or paid as of the given balance sheet date. IBNR estimates are developed using actuarial methods and are based on many variables, including the utilization of healthcare services, historical payment patterns, cost trends, product mix, seasonality, changes in membership and other factors. These estimation methods and the resulting reserves are periodically reviewed and updated. COVID-19 has also resulted in fluctuations in our medical expenses and increased challenges in accurately estimating the amount of medical expenses which have been incurred by our members.

Given the numerous uncertainties inherent in such estimates, our actual medical claims liabilities for a particular quarter or other period could differ significantly from the amounts estimated and reserved for that quarter or period. Our actual medical claims liabilities have varied and will continue to vary from our estimates, particularly in times of significant changes in utilization, medical cost trends and populations and geographies served. If our actual liability for claims payments is higher than previously estimated, our earnings in any particular quarter or annual period could be negatively affected. Our estimates of IBNR liabilities may be inadequate in the future, which would negatively affect our results of operations for the relevant time period. Furthermore, if we are unable to accurately estimate adequate IBNR levels, our ability to take timely corrective actions may be limited, further exacerbating the extent of the negative impact on our results.

When we enter into a new physician partner relationship or when we prepare operating and financial forecasts, we and our payors estimate medical services expense. Our medical services expense may exceed our or our payors' estimates, which may result in our establishing unfavorable financial terms in our contractual agreements with our payors, or may result in our payors' actuarial projections submitted to CMS being inaccurate. In either case, we may incur higher medical expenses than we anticipated or in excess of the revenues we receive, which could in turn have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Additionally, we cannot be certain that the stop-loss coverage we maintain to protect us against certain severe or catastrophic medical claims currently is or will be adequate or available to us in the future or that the cost of such stop-loss coverage will not limit our ability to obtain it.

Restrictive clauses in some of our contracts with physician partners may prohibit us from establishing new RBEs within certain geographies in the future, and as a result may limit our growth.

Most of our contracts with our physician partners include restrictive provisions that, among other things, preclude us from establishing new RBEs within certain geographies in the future. These restrictive provisions

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typically preclude us or our RBEs from contracting to provide a Total Care Model in specific geographic areas other than through the relevant RBE, and in certain circumstances may limit the providers with which the RBE may contract. Any contracts with restrictive provisions may limit our ability to conduct business with certain potential partners, including partnering with or providing services to other physicians or purchasing services from other physicians within certain time periods, and in certain regions. Accordingly, these restrictive provisions may limit growth and prevent us from entering into long-term relationships with potential partners and could cause our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations to be harmed.

Exclusivity provisions in some of our agreements with physician partners could subject us to investigations or litigation.

Most of our contracts with our physician partners contain restrictive provisions that preclude our physician partners from providing specified services for the duration of our contracts. Such provisions could be the subject of investigations and enforcement actions by regulatory authorities and litigation by payors or physicians operating in the geographic areas where such contracts exist. Any such investigations, enforcement actions or litigation could require us to take actions which would adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations or could require us to pay substantial amounts of money. Additionally, defending against these lawsuits and proceedings may involve significant expense and diversion of management's attention and resources from other matters.

We rely on our management team and key employees and our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed if we are unable to retain qualified personnel.

Our success depends, in part, on the skills, working relationships and continued services of our senior management team and other key personnel. All of our employees are "at-will" employees or have offer letters or employment agreements that allow their employment to be terminated by us or them at any time, for any reason and without notice, subject, in certain cases, to severance payment rights. Prior to this offering, in order to retain and motivate valuable employees, in addition to salary and cash incentives, we provided stock options that either vest over time or are based on the equity return realized by our controlling stockholder. The value to employees of these stock options is significantly affected by movements in our stock price that are outside our control. The compensation and benefits we provide to our employees, together with the value of stock options that we have granted, may at any time be insufficient to counteract offers from other organizations. The departure of key personnel could adversely affect the conduct of our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. In such event, we would be required to hire other personnel to manage and operate our business, and we may not be able to employ a suitable replacement for the departing individual at favorable terms, or at all. Following the offering, we intend to continue to use equity awards as part of our executive compensation program, and volatility or lack of performance in our stock price may also affect our ability to attract any replacements or retain these employees.

Competition for qualified personnel in our field is intense due to the limited number of individuals who possess the skills and experience required by our industry, particularly with respect to a Total Care Model. As a result, as we enter new geographies, it may be difficult for us to hire additional qualified personnel with the necessary skills to work in such geographies. If our hiring efforts in new or existing geographies are not successful, our business will be harmed. In addition, we have experienced employee turnover and expect to continue to experience employee turnover in the future. New hires require significant training and, in most cases, take significant time before they achieve full productivity. New employees may not become as productive as we expect, and we may be unable to hire or retain sufficient numbers of qualified individuals. If our retention efforts are not successful or our employee turnover rate increases in the future, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations will be harmed.

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We may never realize the full value of our intangible assets, which could cause us to record impairments that may negatively affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We have a significant amount of intangible assets on our balance sheet, and we may never realize the full value of such assets. As of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, we had \$102.0 million and \$112.7 million of net intangible assets, including \$41.5 million of goodwill. In addition to our annual goodwill impairment test in the fourth quarter, our intangible assets, including goodwill, are subject to impairment tests when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset, or related group of assets, may not be recoverable. There are several factors that may be considered a change in circumstances indicating that the carrying value of our intangible assets, including goodwill may not be recoverable, including macroeconomic conditions, industry considerations, our overall financial performance (including an analysis of our current and projected cash flows), revenue and earnings, a sustained decrease in our share price and other relevant entity-specific events (including changes in strategy, physicians, members or litigation). Where the carrying value of the asset, or related group of assets, is not recoverable, we would record an impairment charge that may negatively impact our financial condition and results of operations. A detailed discussion of our impairment testing is included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates."

Due to the continued deterioration in the performance of our California reporting unit, in the fourth quarter of 2019, we initiated a process to evaluate strategic alternatives for our California operations, including a sale or abandonment of all or substantially all of such operations. We therefore performed an assessment of the long-lived assets in the California reporting unit for impairment and determined that the carrying value of certain of those assets was not recoverable. Accordingly, we wrote-down such assets to fair value, resulting in the recognition of a \$98.3 million impairment charge included in discontinued operations in the audited consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019. See "Note 19. Discontinued Operations" in our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Any future impairments could be significant and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Adverse determinations of tax matters could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We are subject to tax laws in the various jurisdictions in which we operate, and the application of these laws to us may be unclear. Some interpretations adopted by us could be challenged by the relevant tax authorities. A successful challenge could result in adverse consequences for us, including potentially the payment of taxes, penalties or interest in amounts that may be material. See "Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Security breaches, loss of data and other disruptions to our data platforms could compromise sensitive information related to our business and expose us to liability, which could adversely affect our operations, financial condition, cash flows and results of operation.

In the ordinary course of our business, we collect, store, use and disclose sensitive data, including what the law defines as protected health information ("PHI") and other types of personal or identifying information. Our member information is encrypted but not always de-identified. We manage and maintain our business and data through a combination of data center systems and cloud-based computing center systems.

We are highly dependent on information technology networks and systems, including the internet, to securely process, transmit and store this information. We utilize third-party service providers for important aspects of the collection, storage and transmission of PHI and other sensitive information and, therefore, we may be unable to control the use of such information or the security protections employed by such third parties. The

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security of our technology platform and other aspects of our services, including those provided or facilitated by our third-party service providers, is important to our operations and business strategy because of the sensitivity of the PHI and other confidential information we and our providers collect, store, process and transmit. Our information technology and infrastructure, and that of our third-party service providers, may be vulnerable to various forms of attacks by hackers or to viruses, other technical failures or breaches due to third-party action, or due to employee and contractor negligence, error or malfeasance. We may also experience cybersecurity and other breach incidents that may remain undetected for an extended period of time. Because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access or to otherwise disrupt computer systems change frequently and generally are not identified until they are launched against a target, we or our third-party service providers may be unable to implement adequate preventative measures or effectively respond to breaches in a timely fashion. Examples of currently known data security threats facing us and our third-party service providers include ransomware, phishing, business email compromise and credential stuffing.

We have experienced cybersecurity incidents in the past and may experience them in the future. Such breaches of our infrastructure or information, or that of our third-party providers, whether as a result of physical break-ins, computer viruses, cyberattacks, or employee or contractor error, negligence or malfeasance, can create system disruptions, shutdowns or unauthorized disclosure or modification of sensitive information, including PHI. As a result, such data security breaches could result in the loss of data or inappropriate use of information. Any interruption in access to member information, unauthorized access to information, improper disclosure or other loss of information could also result in federal or state government investigations and liability under laws and regulations that protect the privacy of member information, such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"), potentially resulting in damages and regulatory penalties. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Federal and State Privacy and Security Requirements." Sustained or repeated system failures could damage our reputation and reduce the attractiveness of our platform, partnership and network model to members and physician partners, possibly resulting in contract terminations and reductions in revenue. Additionally, the detection, prevention and remediation of known or unknown security vulnerabilities, including those arising from third-party hardware or software, may result in additional material direct or indirect costs.

Any or all of these issues could adversely affect our ability to attract new physician partners and members, cause existing physician partners to fail to renew their agreements with us, cause existing members to disenroll or switch their coverage to non-contracted payors and result in reputational damage. Our general liability or data security insurance policies may not be adequate to cover all potential claims to which we are exposed and may not be adequate to indemnify us for the liability that may be imposed or the losses associated with such events, and in any case, such insurance may not cover all of the specific costs, expenses and losses we could incur in responding to and remediating a security breach.

We rely on third-party internet infrastructure and bandwidth providers for our operations, and any failure or interruption in the services provided by these third parties could negatively impact our ability to operate and our relationships with members and physician partners and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our ability to aggregate and evaluate member, physician partner, payor and other relevant data to facilitate our operations, including to process and adjudicate claims payments, provide data analytics and store data, depends on the development and maintenance by third parties of the internet infrastructure we use to operate our business. We rely on internal systems as well as third-party bandwidth and telecommunications equipment providers and other service providers to maintain and operate our internet-based services. This includes maintenance of a reliable network backbone with the necessary speed, data capacity, bandwidth capacity and security. Our services are designed to operate without interruption. However, we may experience future interruptions and delays in services and availability from time to time. In the event of an interruption or a catastrophic event with respect to one or more of the systems we use, we may experience an extended period of

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system unavailability, which could negatively impact our relationship with members, physician partners and payors. To operate without interruption, both we and our service providers must guard against:

- damage from fire, power loss, natural disasters and other events outside our control;
- communications failures;
- software and hardware errors, failures and crashes;
- data security breaches, ransomware attacks, computer viruses, hacking, denial-of-service attacks and similar disruptions; and
- other potential interruptions.

If any of the foregoing occur, our reputation, operations and financial results may be materially adversely impacted. Further, any failure of or by the systems we use to handle the volume of use, either by us or others on such systems, or any increased volume of use, could significantly harm our business. We have limited control over our third-party internet infrastructure and bandwidth providers, and, as a result, limited ability to independently address problems with services they provide. Any errors, failures, interruptions or delays experienced in connection with these providers' services could negatively impact our relationships with members, physician partners or payors.

If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our know-how and other proprietary and internally developed information, our operations could be adversely affected.

Our business depends on internally developed information, including our databases, confidential information and know-how, the protection of which is crucial to the success of our business. We may not be able to protect our know-how and other internally developed information, including clinical and analytical outcomes generated from data we collect from physician partners, payors and other relevant sources. Our physician partners, employees, consultants and other parties (including independent contractors and companies with which we conduct business) may unintentionally or willfully disclose our information to competitors. Enforcing a claim that a third party illegally disclosed or obtained and is using any of our internally developed information is difficult, expensive and time-consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. In addition, courts outside the United States are sometimes less willing to protect know-how and other proprietary information. We rely, in part, on non-disclosure or confidentiality agreements with our physician partners, independent contractors, consultants and companies with which we conduct business to protect our know-how and internally developed information. These agreements may not be self-executing, or they may be breached and we may not have adequate remedies for such breach. Moreover, third parties may independently develop similar or equivalent proprietary information or otherwise gain access to our know-how and other internally developed information. Our failure to protect the confidentiality of our know-how and other proprietary and internally developed information could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We could be required to devote significant attention and resources to the provision of certain transition services in connection with the disposition of our California Operations.

In February 2021, we completed the divestiture of our California Operations. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the notes in our financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

In connection with the divestiture, we have agreed to continue to provide administrative support and transition services for a specified period of time. The transition services to be provided by us could require significant management attention and resources which could negatively affect our ongoing business. Additionally, we could experience operational difficulties and increased costs that exceed our estimates to provide the transition services if we are unable to perform such services with our existing resources at an acceptable level, or at all, or obtain them from a third party on reasonable terms.

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For the Southern California and Fresno divestiture transactions, we will continue to be responsible for any liabilities arising from the business which were incurred prior to the closing date of each transaction, including the payment of claims for medical services incurred prior to the effective date of each transaction, a liability for unrecognized tax benefits for which we are indemnified and other contingent liabilities that we currently believe are remote. See "Note 8. Medical Claims and Related Payables," "Note 14. Income Taxes" and "Note 19. Discontinued Operations" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. We may not be successful in managing the risks associated with the divestiture of our California operations.

Our subsidiaries' lack of performance or ability to fund their operations could require us to fund such losses.

If our subsidiaries suffer losses due to their lack of performance, our physician partners' failure to perform under their contracts or other reasons, we may be required to fund such losses or our subsidiaries may breach their payor contracts or incur regulatory consequences. We have in the past chosen to or been required to, and may in the future choose to or be required to, fund our subsidiaries' losses. If unfunded, such losses have in the past, and could in the future, result in substantial doubt related to such subsidiary's ability to continue operating as a going concern, and the contractual and regulatory consequences of such failure could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Risks Related to Our Reliance on Third Parties

We are economically dependent on maintaining our contracts with a limited number of key payors.

We contract with a limited number of key payors, and we are economically dependent on maintaining our contracts with such payors. See "Note 3. Concentration of Credit Risk" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. As a result, our key payors may have increased bargaining power, and we may be required to accept less favorable contractual terms with them. Because we rely on a limited number of payors for a significant portion of our revenue, we depend on their creditworthiness. Our payors are subject to a number of risks including reductions in payment rates from governmental programs, higher than expected healthcare costs and lack of predictability of financial results when entering into new lines of business, particularly with high-risk populations. If the financial condition of our payors declines, our credit risk could increase. Should one or more of our significant payors declare bankruptcy, be declared insolvent or otherwise be restricted by state or federal laws or regulation from continuing in some or all of their operations, such payor may be unable to reimburse us for expenses incurred in managing patient care, and the members such payor attributes to our platform could transition to another payor who is not on our platform, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Future consolidation of payors in the healthcare industry could reduce the number of payors even further, increasing these risks.

Our contracts with our payors are for limited terms, and may not be renewed upon their expiration.

Our contracts with payors generally have terms of one to three years and are typically renewed for one-year periods unless terminated in accordance with the terms of such agreements. In the ordinary course of business, we engage in active discussions and renegotiations with our payors in respect of the services we collectively provide and the terms of our payor agreements. As our payors' businesses respond to market dynamics and financial pressures, and as our payors make strategic business decisions in respect of the lines of business they pursue and programs in which they participate, certain of our payors have sought, and we expect that in the future additional payors will, from time to time, seek to renegotiate or terminate their contracts with us. These negotiations could result in reductions to the economic terms and changes to the scope of services contemplated by our existing payor contracts and consequently could negatively impact our revenues, business and prospects and render our assumptions, estimates and reserves inaccurate. If any of our contracts with our payors is terminated, we may experience a reduction in the number of members attributed to our platform, which may result in a reduction of our revenues and may have a material adverse effect on our business. We have in the past, with respect to certain of our discontinued operations, and may in the future, recognize impairment charges for such terminations.

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If a payor does terminate or elects not to renew its relationship with us, our ability to retain members associated with that payor is limited. We and our physician partners must comply with the CMS Medicare Marketing Guidelines regarding communication and information provided to members, which limits the types of permissible communications that may be made to members. In addition, in Ohio, we are contractually prohibited from forming our own health plan, which effectively prohibits us from directly marketing to members in accordance with the CMS Medicare Marketing Guidelines.

Additionally, if a payor with which we contract for these services loses its Medicare contract or CMS decides to discontinue its MA or commercial plans, decides to contract with another company to provide capitated care services to its members or decides to directly provide care, our contract with that payor could be at risk and we could lose revenue. Additionally, payors with whom we currently contract in a particular geography may not maintain their government-awarded contracts in future years. For example, a group contract through which certain of our members in our Texas geography receive care was awarded to a new payor with whom we are not currently contracted to attribute members for 2021. Moreover, our inability to maintain our agreements with payors, in particular with key payors such as Humana, Aetna and United Healthcare, with respect to their MA members or to negotiate favorable terms for those agreements in the future, could result in the loss of patients and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We rely on our payors for membership attribution and assignment, data and reporting accuracy and claims payment.

We rely on our payors for membership attribution and assignment, data and reporting accuracy and claims payment, and if our payors do not adequately fulfill these functions, fewer members may be attributed to our platform or we may not receive complete and accurate information necessary to effectively manage our business. We receive payments from payors based on the number of assigned or attributed members participating in Medicare, which can be based upon complex attribution algorithms provided by our payors that may not be accurate. Additionally, payors may choose to assign specific member populations to specialty risk-bearing organizations, which would decrease the number of members attributed to us. We may not be reimbursed for members that payors fail to assign or attribute to us, which could result in lost margin and disruption to member care. Such a failure could materially reduce our revenues and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Payors also regularly provide us an array of data associated with patients attributed to our physician partners, including information related to revenue and risk adjustment factors for our members, and details associated with amounts paid by payors for medical services rendered to our members. To the extent a payor does not provide us with complete or accurate data sets related to our members, or if we are unable to effectively ingest the information which payors provide to us, we and our physician partners may not be able to effectively ensure our members disease burdens are identified and may not be able to effective operate our business.

In addition, we are exposed to various risks related to our incentive programs with our payors, including those in which the payor typically has not delegated claims payment services to us. If our payors do not timely and accurately process claims and reimburse us for all covered members, are unable to contract with providers at market-based rates, change their utilization management methodologies, or are unable to secure an adequate network of specialists, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be adversely impacted.

We are dependent on physician partners and other providers to effectively manage the quality and cost of care and perform obligations under payor contracts.

Our success depends upon our continued ability to collaborate with and expand a network of high-caliber physician partners who can provide high quality of care, improve clinical outcomes and effectively manage healthcare costs, which are key drivers of our profitability. While the precise terms of each relationship vary, we

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do not directly employ our physician partners. Accordingly, our physician partners could demand an increased payment arrangement or take other actions, or fail to take actions, that could result in higher medical costs, lower quality of care for our members, harm to our reputation or create difficulty meeting regulatory or other requirements. Likewise, our physician partners could take actions contrary to our instructions, requests, policies or objectives or applicable law, or could have economic or business interests or goals that are or become inconsistent with our own. Further, our physician partners may not engage with our platform to assist in improving overall quality of care and management of healthcare costs, which could produce results that are inconsistent with our estimates and financial models and negatively impact our growth.

In addition to receiving care from our physician partners, our members also receive care from an array of hospitals, specialists and ancillary providers who typically contract directly with our payors. Similar to our physician partner relationships, we do not directly employ providers from whom our members receive care. As such, we cannot guarantee the quality and efficiency of services from such providers, over which we have no control. Members who receive poor quality healthcare from such providers may be dissatisfied with our physician partners, which would have a negative impact on member satisfaction and retention. Any of these consequences could adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We could also experience significant losses if the expenses incurred to deliver healthcare services to our attributed members exceed revenues we receive from payors in respect of our attributed members. Under a capitation contract, a payor typically prospectively pays periodic capitation payments representing a prospective budget from which our physician partnerships manage healthcare expenses on behalf of the population enrolled with that physician partnership. To manage total medical services expense, we rely on our physician partners' ability to improve clinical outcomes, implement clinical initiatives to provide a better healthcare experience for our members and accurately and sufficiently document the risk profile of our members. While our contracts vary, generally, if the cost of medical care provided exceeds the corresponding capitation revenue we receive we may realize operating deficits, which are typically not capped, and could lead to substantial losses.

Difficulties in obtaining accurate and complete diagnosis data could have adverse consequences.

The accurate and complete coding and documentation of diagnosis data underlying our members' existing disease conditions is important because our contracts with payors require the submission of complete and correct encounter data. Such data includes members' medical information, as documented by physicians, other medical professionals and hospitals, and is used by payors to attribute membership and reimburse healthcare providers for the services rendered. The accurate and complete coding and documentation of diagnosis is also important because the CMS risk adjustment model adjusts reimbursement for members with existing qualifying diagnoses. Additionally, in geographies in which payors adjudicate claim payments to the provider network, we rely on providers to submit accurate diagnosis information and other encounter data to payors. To the extent we or providers in our network fail to submit diagnosis data underlying our members' existing disease condition, we may receive less medical services revenue than is necessary to provide healthcare services for such members. Furthermore, we project our medical services revenue in part based upon the data submitted and expected to be submitted to CMS. Failure by us or our provider network to submit complete and accurate diagnosis information or encounter data may result in inaccuracies in our projections of medical services revenue, or in other estimation processes. We may be held liable for inaccuracies or deficiencies in the submitted encounter data and potentially could be subject to financial penalties imposed by government authorities and breach of contract claims by payors. We have experienced, and may in the future experience, challenges in obtaining complete and accurate encounter data due to difficulties with our internal compliance and monitoring systems receiving and processing data from multiple systems, with physicians and third-party vendors submitting claims in a timely fashion and in the proper format, and with payors properly recording and coordinating such submissions. We may not be successful in collecting accurate and complete encounter data, correcting inaccurate or incomplete encounter data and developing systems that allow us to receive and process data from multiple systems. Further, it may be prohibitively expensive or impossible for us to collect or reconstruct historical encounter data.

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We depend on physician partners to accurately, timely and sufficiently document their services, and their failure to do so could result in nonpayment for services rendered or allegations of fraud. If any diagnosis information or encounter data are inaccurate or incorrect, claims or encounter data submissions to payors may not be compliant, resulting in potential overpayments, possible recoupments and liability under the federal False Claims Act or through RADV audits.

Our revenue will be negatively impacted if our physician partners or our network providers, including hospitals and specialist physicians, fail to accurately, timely and sufficiently document their services or if our internal compliance and monitoring programs fail to ensure that documentation is complete, timely and accurate. We rely upon physician partners to accurately, timely and sufficiently complete medical record documentation and assign appropriate reimbursement codes for their services. We also rely on our internal compliance and monitoring systems to ensure that documentation is complete, timely and accurate. However, we do not directly employ or control our physician partners, and accordingly any adverse effects on us regarding their noncompliance with documentation requirements are uncertain and unpredictable. Reimbursement is conditioned upon, in part, physician partners providing the correct procedure and diagnosis codes and properly documenting the services themselves, including the level of service provided and the medical necessity for the services. If our affiliated physicians have provided incorrect or incomplete documentation or selected inaccurate reimbursement codes, or if our internal compliance and monitoring procedures to ensure complete, timely and accurate submission of data are ineffective, this could result in nonpayment for services rendered or lead to allegations of billing fraud. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Health Care Fraud Statute."

In addition, CMS and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") Office of Inspector General perform audits of selected MA contracts related to risk adjustment diagnosis data. In these Risk-Adjustment Data Validation Audits ("RADV audits"), the government reviews medical records to determine whether physician medical record documentation and coding practices are compliant, which can result in the recovery of payments from managed care organizations if errors are identified and influence the calculation of premium payments by CMS to MA plans. Disclosure of any adverse investigation or audit results or sanctions could negatively affect our reputation and make it more difficult to attract members, physician partners and payors. Additionally, exception rates of existing documentation identified through a RADV audit may be extrapolated to an overall population of members attributed to a payor, which may result in a reduction of our revenues.

In recent years, the U.S. Department of Justice has brought a number of investigations and actions under the federal False Claims Act against both physicians and payors for alleged upcoding or improper coding of diagnosis codes under the risk-adjustment methodology. The Medicare Risk Adjustment Factor ("RAF") scores attributable to members determine, in part, the revenue to which health plans and, in turn, we are entitled for the provision of medical care to such members. The data submitted to CMS by each health plan is based, in part, on medical charts and diagnosis codes submitted to health plans. Each health plan generally relies on us and our physician partners to maintain accurate medical records and appropriately document clinical diagnoses associated with medical services provided to members. If our physician partners have provided incorrect or incomplete documentation or selected inaccurate reimbursement codes, or if our internal compliance and monitoring systems fail to ensure that documentation is complete and accurate, we could be subject to potential civil and criminal penalties, including exclusion from government healthcare programs, such as Medicare, that constitute a substantial percentage of our total revenues.

A health plan may seek repayment from us should CMS make any payment adjustments as a result of its audits or hold us liable for any penalties owed to CMS for inaccurate or unsupportable RAF scores provided by us or our affiliated physicians. We could, further, be liable for penalties to the government under the FCA that range from \$11,181 to \$22,363 (adjusted for inflation) for each false claim, plus up to three times the amount of damages caused by each false claim, which can be as much as the amounts received directly or indirectly from the government for each such false claim.

In addition, payors may disallow, in whole or in part, requests for reimbursement based on determinations that certain amounts are not covered, services provided were not medically necessary, or supporting

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documentation was not adequate. Retroactive adjustments may change amounts realized from payors and result in recoupments or refund demands, affecting revenue already received.

Any of these consequences of inaccurate data recordation could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition cash flows and results of operations. Furthermore, a health plan may be randomly selected or targeted for review by CMS and the outcome of such a review may result in a material adjustment in our revenue and profitability, even if the information we submitted to the plan is accurate and supportable.

We rely on third-party software and data to operate our business and provide services to our members and physician partners, and any restrictions on our use of, or ability to license, such third-party resources could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We rely on software licensed from third parties, as well as data received from third parties, including government agencies, in order to operate our business. These licenses are generally commercially available on varying terms. It is possible that the licenses and rights necessary to use the software and data necessary for the provision of our services may not continue to be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all, or that our use of such software or data may be restricted. Our suppliers of data may increase restrictions on our use of such data, fail to adhere to our quality-control standards or otherwise satisfactorily perform services or otherwise change the terms upon which we can access such data. Any loss of the right to use or receive any of this software or data could significantly increase our expenses and otherwise result in delays in the provision of our services until supplemental data is able to be obtained, or equivalent technology is either developed by us, or, if available from another source, is identified, obtained and integrated. In the future, we may need to obtain additional licenses from third parties in connection with our growth into new geographies or provision of new or supplemental services, and such additional licenses may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

Furthermore, our use of additional or alternative third-party software or data requires us to enter into license agreements with third parties, and integration of new third-party software may require significant work and require substantial investment of our time and resources. Also, the software we license is complex and may contain errors or failures that are not detected until after the software is introduced or updated and new versions are released. In addition, it is possible that hardware failures or errors in the third-party software we use could result in data loss or corruption or cause the information to be incomplete or contain inaccuracies. Any undetected errors, defects or corruption in third-party software or data could prevent the deployment or impair the functionality of our software, delay new updates or enhancements to our services, result in a failure of our services and injure our reputation. We have limited control over such third-party providers, and these third parties may not continue to invest the appropriate levels of resources to maintain and enhance the capabilities of their software, continue to collect and disseminate relevant data, or even remain in business. Integration of software provided by various third parties is also less reliable than an owned, fully integrated network, which we do not have. Any failure or interruption in the services provided by these third parties could negatively impact our ability to operate, relationships with members and physician partners and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Risks Related to Our Industry and Government Programs

Consolidation in the healthcare industry could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Many healthcare industry participants, including physician groups and payors, are consolidating to create larger and more integrated healthcare delivery systems with greater bargaining power, given their market share. We expect regulatory and economic conditions to result in additional consolidation. Physician groups or payors that have consolidated and are not already part of our network may try to use their increased bargaining power to negotiate better terms upon which to join our network. Consolidation may also result in the acquisition or future development by our partners or unaffiliated third parties of products and services that compete with us. Finally,

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consolidation may result in physician groups merging with, or being acquired by, each other or by health plans or other types of providers such as hospitals, and such groups may not have a need for our services which could reduce our market opportunity. Any of these potential results of consolidation could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Substantially all of our total revenues relate to federal government healthcare programs, and reductions in their reimbursement rate or methodology applied to derive reimbursement, or discontinuation of such healthcare programs, would adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Substantially all of our total revenues relate to federal government healthcare coverage programs. The MA program accounted for approximately 100% and 99% of our total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019, respectively. See "Note 3. Concentration of Credit Risk" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. The policies and decisions made by the federal government regarding these programs have a substantial impact on our profitability. We cannot predict changes to these programs, and we may be unable to adapt our business to such changes, either at all or in relation to our competitors.

On an annual basis, CMS issues a final rule to establish the MA county-level benchmark payment rates for the following calendar year. Rates we receive from payors may be reduced as a result of annual reimbursement changes, changes to the risk-adjustment methodology (including revisions to the FFS normalization rate, coding intensity adjustment or other elements of the methodology) for the services we provide or other changes to the CMS reimbursement model. Any reductions in rates that we receive from payors could have a significant adverse impact on our revenue and financial results. We cannot predict the nature of future changes. The final impact of the MA rates can vary from any estimate we may have and may be further impacted by the relative growth of our MA patient volumes across markets as well as by the benefit plan designs submitted by the health plans. It is possible that we may underestimate the impact of the changes in MA rates on our business, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. In addition, our MA revenues may continue to be volatile in the future, which could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. The rates we or our payors pay to physician partners are generally based on the Medicare FFS schedule, which is subject to change and outside our control. Increases in the Medicare FFS schedule could cause us or our payors to modify our physician partner reimbursement methodology in ways that we cannot predict, which would result in increases to our medical services expenses.

There are sometimes wide variations in the established reimbursement rates per member as a result of, among other things, members' risk status, acuity levels and age, plan benefit design and geography. As the composition of our membership base changes, due to programmatic, competitive, regulatory, benefit design, economic or other changes, there is a corresponding change to our premium revenue, costs and margins, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Furthermore, changes to Medicare or MA, such as if CMS were to scale back these programs or discontinue MA, could have a significant adverse impact on our membership levels, revenue and financial results. Changes in individual plan dynamics, such as changes in benefits provided by the payors, premiums charged by the payors or our payors' STAR ratings, could also adversely impact us.

Uncertain or adverse economic conditions, including a downturn or decrease in government expenditures, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Historically, government budget limitations have resulted in reduced spending. The existing federal deficit and continued deficit spending by the federal government and significant economic pressure on state budgets

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have the potential to lead to reduced government expenditures, including for government-funded programs in which we participate such as Medicare. Any sustained failure to identify and respond to these trends could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Unfavorable economic conditions could also impact enrollment in MA plans with our payors, cause our payors to change the benefits structure that is offered to our members or weaken our ability to raise additional capital on acceptable terms. For example, unfavorable economic conditions could cause our payors to reduce the benefits that are offered to our members and could result in the cancellation by certain members of our payors' products and services, which would reduce our overall membership, premiums and fee revenues. Any reduction in membership, premiums or fee revenues would, in turn, adversely affect the financial position of physician practice groups.

We operate in a competitive industry, and if we are not able to compete effectively, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations will be harmed.

Our industry is competitive and we expect it to attract increased competition, which could make it difficult for us to succeed. We currently face competition in various aspects of our business, including in offering a favorable reimbursement structure for physician partners and potential physician partners and attracting payors and physician partners who are not contracted with us, from a range of companies that provide a Total Care Model under different care models that could attract patients, providers and payors, including hospitals, managed service organizations and provider networks and data analysis consultants. Further, individual physicians who are contracted within our network may affiliate with our competitors. Competition from hospitals, managed service organizations and provider networks and data analysis consultants, payors and other parties could result in payors changing the benefit structure that is offered to our members, which could negatively impact our profitability and market share.

Our primary competitors include ChenMed, Oak Street Health, Optum and VillageMD, in addition to numerous local provider networks, hospitals and health systems. Moreover, large, well-financed payors have in some cases developed their own managed services tools and may provide these services to their physicians and patients at discounted prices, or may seek to expand their relationships with additional competing physicians or physician networks, including in geographic areas we serve. This may result in a more competitive environment and increased challenges to grow at the rates we have projected. We expect that competition will continue to increase as a result of consolidation in the healthcare industry and increased demand for a Total Care Model.

Some of our competitors may have greater name recognition, particularly in local geographies, longer operating histories, superior products or services and significantly greater resources than we do. Further, our current or potential competitors may be acquired by or partner with third parties with greater available resources than we have. As a result, our competitors may be able to respond more quickly and effectively than we can to new or changing opportunities, technologies, standards or customer requirements and may have the ability to initiate or withstand substantial benefits structure and premium competition. In addition, current and potential competitors have established, and may in the future establish, cooperative relationships with providers of complementary services, technologies or services to increase the attractiveness of their services.

Accordingly, new competitors or alliances may emerge that have greater market share, a larger customer base, better data aggregation systems, greater marketing expertise, greater financial resources and larger marketing teams than we have, which could put us at a competitive disadvantage. Our competitors could also be better positioned to serve certain segments of the healthcare delivery industry, which could create additional pressure on the premiums that our payors are able to charge. If we are unable to successfully compete, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

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Our compensation and reputation are dependent on government performance standards and benchmarks, some of which depend on factors outside our control.

We contract with payors that participate in government healthcare programs and, as a result, are required to satisfy certain conditions, performance standards and benchmarks which we may not be able to control. For example, as part of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (the "ACA"), the level of reimbursement each MA plan receives from CMS is dependent, in part, upon the quality rating of the plan. Such ratings impact the percentage of any cost savings rebate and any bonuses earned by such health plan. The CMS STAR rating system considers various measures, including, among others, quality of care, preventive services, chronic illness management and customer satisfaction. Agreements with certain of our payors may condition amounts paid to us based upon improvements to contracted payors' STAR ratings. If we are not eligible for quality bonuses or if we contract with payors who experience a reduction in their STAR ratings, we may experience a negative impact on our revenues, which could materially and adversely affect the marketability of our platform, partnership and network model to physicians, our membership levels and our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Further, our payors' STAR ratings are based on the services they provide to their overall contracted attributed membership in a defined geography. As a result, even if we effectively engage and manage our membership, changes in such payors' STAR ratings are outside our control. Furthermore, CMS has terminated MA plans that have had a low quality rating for three consecutive years. Low quality ratings can potentially lead to the termination of certain plans with which we contract, or a shifting of beneficiaries to alternative plans with higher STAR ratings, which could in turn have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Government funding for healthcare programs is subject to statutory and regulatory changes, administrative rulings, interpretations of policy and determinations by intermediaries and governmental funding restrictions, all of which could materially impact program coverage and reimbursements for both institutional and professional services.

The healthcare industry in the United States is undergoing significant structural change and is rapidly evolving. Such changes could ultimately result in substantial changes in Medicare coverage and reimbursement, as well as changes in coverage or amounts paid by private payors, which could have an adverse impact on our revenues from those sources. The frequent enactment of, changes to or interpretations of laws and regulations relating to healthcare could, among other things: force us to restructure our relationships with payors and physician partners within our network; require us to implement additional or different programs and systems; restrict revenue and member growth; increase our medical and administrative costs; impose additional capital and surplus requirements; increase or change our liability to members in the event of malpractice by our physician partners and potentially increase, or add new, criminal, civil and administrative penalties that could be imposed on us in the event our operations were found to be non-compliant with new or existing laws and regulations. In addition, changes in political party or administrations at the state or federal level may change the attitude towards healthcare programs and result in changes to the existing legislative or regulatory environment.

Government funding for healthcare programs is subject to statutory and regulatory changes, administrative rulings, interpretations of policy and determinations by intermediaries and governmental funding restrictions, all of which could materially impact program coverage and reimbursement levels. Various legislative, judicial and executive efforts have made the status of federal healthcare program funding and many other aspects of the U.S. healthcare system, particularly the status of reforms implemented under the ACA, unclear. Budget pressures often lead the federal government to reduce or impose limitations on reimbursement rates, which has in the past and could in the future result in substantial reductions in our revenue and operating margins. For example, since the passage of the Sequestration Transparency Act of 2012, Medicare payments have been subject to a 2% sequestration reduction; these cuts were the result of a congressional deal to address the debt ceiling crisis. The CARES Act temporarily suspended the 2% sequestration payment adjustment on Medicare payments from May 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, which was extended to March 31, 2021 by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021. Further, the passage of the Improving Medicare Post-Acute Care Transformation

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("IMPACT") Act imposes a stringent timeline for implementing benchmark quality measures and data metrics across post-acute care providers. CMS has promulgated, and may continue to promulgate, regulations to implement provisions of the IMPACT Act. The costs of implementation could be significant, particularly with respect to the design of a unified payment methodology for post-acute providers. Failure to meet implementation requirements could expose providers to payment reductions and penalties.

There is also uncertainty regarding both MA payment rates and beneficiary enrollment, which, if reduced, would adversely affect our overall revenues and net income. Each year, CMS issues a final rule to establish the MA benchmark payment rates for the following calendar year. Any reduction to such benchmark rates may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. We may be further impacted by the relative growth of our MA patient volumes across geographies. However, MA enrollment may not continue to grow at the same rate it has over the last decade. Further, we may not capture a material portion of enrollments, particularly since MA enrollment is increasingly concentrated amongst a small group of payors. Uncertainty over MA payment rates and enrollment presents a continuing risk to our business.

We are unable to determine how any future federal spending cuts or other industry changes and reform will affect Medicare reimbursement and, accordingly, our business. There likely will continue to be legislative and regulatory proposals at the federal level directed at containing or lowering the cost of healthcare that, if adopted, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Our inability to keep pace with changes in government regulations and the healthcare industry could constrain our ability to grow and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Regulatory proposals directed at containing or lowering the cost of healthcare, including the Direct Contracting Model, and our participation, voluntary or otherwise, in such proposed models, could impact our business, financial condition, cash flows and operations.

The CMS Innovation Center continues to test an array of alternative payment models that could impact our business, financial condition, cash flows and operations. For example, the CMS Innovation Center has created the Direct Contracting Model to allow a variety of different organizations called DCEs to negotiate directly with the government to manage traditional Medicare beneficiaries and share in the savings and risks generated from managing such beneficiaries. We, in conjunction with some of our physician partners, have applied and been accepted to participate in the Direct Contracting Model in certain geographies beginning April 1, 2021. The Direct Contracting Model's economic structure, including risk adjustment methodologies, quality reporting and model timelines, has not yet been finalized by CMS, particularly as CMS continues to address the COVID-19 public health emergency. Because the Direct Contracting Model is a new and evolving program, we are unable to determine how the Direct Contracting Model, or other alternative payment models promulgated by the CMS Innovation Center, will affect Medicare reimbursement and capitation benchmarks. For example, if the CMS Innovation Center fails to ensure the long-term predictability of revenue under the Direct Contracting Model by utilizing, for example, MA-like market benchmarks, such reimbursement instability could adversely impact our business, financial condition, cash flows and operations. Further, the CMS Innovation Center has not yet finalized its attribution methodology under the Direct Contracting Model's Geographic Population-Based Payment ("Geographic PBP") model option. If the CMS Innovation Center grants Geographic PBP DCEs an attribution advantage over other types of performancebased risk model participants, the impact on our business, financial condition, cash flows and operations may depend on our arrangements with CMS. In arrangements where we are contracted directly as a DCE, we may benefit, and in arrangements where we are downstream from a DCE, we may be adversely impacted. Additionally, if the CMS Innovation Center fails to streamline incentive program requirements for physicians across payment models, such conflicting requirements may impose additional compliance burdens on our affiliated physician partners' practices, which may have a material adverse effect on process, quality and efficiency.

Additionally, we are unable to predict how states will regulate DCEs and our participation in the Direct Contracting Model. For example, certain states in which we operate may require DCEs to obtain specific

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licensure to participate in the Direct Contracting Model and assume risk directly from CMS, which may require us to maintain certain levels of tangible net equity, meet working capital requirements, or expend significant resources on operational development. There likely will continue to be regulatory proposals directed at containing or lowering the cost of healthcare that, if adopted, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations, including with respect to our contractual relationships with providers and payors.

We, as well as our physician partners and affiliates, have in the past, and could in the future, be subject to federal and state investigations, audits and enforcement actions.

Expansion of federal, state and payor enforcement activity could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Due to our payors' participation in government and private healthcare programs, we are from time to time involved in inquiries, reviews, audits and investigations by governmental agencies and private payors of our business practices, including assessments of our compliance with coding, billing and documentation requirements and compliance with rules governing delegation of insurance functions, ranging from claims management to utilization review. In this regard, both federal and state government agencies have active civil and criminal enforcement efforts against healthcare companies and their executives and managers. These investigations could also be initiated by private whistleblowers.

Responding to audit and investigative activities can be costly and disruptive to our business, even when the allegations are without merit. If we are subject to an audit or investigation, a finding could be made that we have violated relevant state or federal legal standards in our operations or in how we have structured our arrangements and relationships or that we or our affiliates have erroneously billed or were incorrectly reimbursed. At the conclusion of such audits or investigations, we may be required to repay such agencies or payors, and may be subjected to pre-payment reviews, which can be time-consuming and result in non-payment or delayed payments for the services we or our affiliates provide. We may also be subject to financial sanctions or required to modify our operations.

Investigations, audits or enforcement actions with respect to our physician partners could have an adverse effect on us. We do not directly employ or control our physician partners, and accordingly any adverse effects on us regarding such government activities are outside our control and are uncertain and unpredictable.

We have in the past, and may in the future, be subject to regulatory inquiries and CAPs imposed by our payors.

We have in the past been, and may in the future be, subject to regulatory inquiries and corrective action plans ("CAPs") imposed by our payors, and the status of certain state regulatory and payor inquiries is uncertain. For example, in February 2018, our subsidiary, PPMC, self-disclosed to the California Department of Managed Health Care ("DMHC"), the California Department of Health Care Services, and our affected payors certain noncompliant practices in our claims and utilization management. We submitted an interim report on May 17, 2018 and coordinated with the DMHC and certain of our payors to remediate noncompliant claims and utilization management practices and implement improvements through various CAPs. On December 17, 2019, we completed substantial remediation of all known deficiencies identified by the DMHC's audit findings. In February 2021, we divested all of our California operations. On March 9, 2021, we received a set of investigative interrogatories from the DMHC pursuant to its investigation of conduct and matters described in our interim report. The interrogatories seek information concerning certain claims data and authorizations denied due to lack of medical necessity, including information regarding the health plans affected thereby. We are cooperating with the DMHC to provide all requested information. Any adverse review, audit or investigation could result in, among other things: refunding of amounts we have been paid pursuant to our contracts; or the imposition of fines, penalties and other sanctions on us, or certain of our payors. While we do not expect the amount to be material, we are unable to predict the potential dollar value of recoupments or fines, penalties or other sanctions that may be imposed on us or our payors related to the DMHC's audit findings, we are unable to predict the potential dollar value of claims or demands that could be asserted in the future, if any. While we have

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divested all of our California operations as of February 2021, for the Southern California and Fresno divestiture transactions we will continue to be responsible for any liabilities arising from the business which were incurred prior to the closing date of each transaction, including any fines, penalties and other sanctions relating to the DMHC matter described above, the payment of claims for medical services incurred prior to the effective date of each transaction, a liability for unrecognized tax benefits for which we are indemnified and other contingent liabilities that we currently believe are remote. See "Note 8. Medical Claims and Related Payables," "Note 14. Income Taxes" and "Note 19. Discontinued Operations" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Further, we may be audited by payors and regulatory bodies, and we have been required to engage in and respond to payor corrective action plans and regulatory inquiries in the past. In some cases, payors and regulatory bodies have required us to contribute a material amount of risk-bearing capital to our local operating subsidiaries in the form of letters of credit or restricted deposits, and we expect that payors and regulatory bodies will continue to require us to contribute risk-bearing capital going forward. As of December 31, 2020, risk-bearing capital required across our geographies and payors totaled \$38.8 million. There is also a risk that such amounts may be increased in the future as a result of regulatory changes, changes in performance by our local operating subsidiaries and physician partners and expansion of our business.

Repayment obligations arising out of payor audits, such as CMS RADV audits, can be significant and adversely impact reimbursement rates.

Our payors are subject to audit by government health plans, including, but not limited to, CMS, in connection with the MA program. CMS and the HHS Office of Inspector General perform RADV audits, which can result in the recovery of payments from managed care organizations if errors are identified and influence the calculation of premium payments by CMS to MA plans. In addition, certain of our payor contracts incorporate language that enables payors to recoup funding from us in the event that CMS requires payment under an RADV audit. As a result of such audits and contracts, our payors may demand recoupments or adjustments from us, bring recovery proceedings against us, require us to submit and implement corrective action plans, or terminate agreements with our physician partners. The results of RADV audits could also adversely impact the compensation we receive from payors, which could have a material adverse effect on our revenue. Disclosure of any adverse audit results could also negatively affect our reputation and make it more difficult to attract members, physician partners and payors.

CMS may modify the methodology utilized to determine revenue associated with MA members, including but not limited to the CMS Risk Adjustment Processing System for calculating risk adjustment factors, which could adversely impact us.

Changes to how CMS calculates revenues associated with MA members, as well as members' risk adjustment factors under the MA program, could adversely impact our revenues or understate risk adjustment factors for our members, causing us to be underpaid relative to expenses incurred, especially for members with severe or chronic medical conditions. CMS is currently phasing in the process of calculating risk adjustment factors using diagnosis data from the Encounter Data System ("EDS") rather than using diagnosis data from the CMS Risk Adjustment Processing System ("RAPS"). The RAPS process requires MA plans to apply a filter logic based on CMS guidelines and only submit diagnoses that satisfy those guidelines. Conversely, the EDS process requires MA plans to submit all encounter data, and CMS will apply the risk adjustment filtering logic to determine the risk adjustment factors. For 2020 and 2019, respectively, 50% and 25% of our MA members' risk adjustment factor was calculated from claims data submitted through EDS. In 2021, CMS increased that percentage to 75%. The phase-in from RAPS to EDS could result in different risk adjustment factors from each dataset as a result of plan processing issues, CMS processing issues and filtering logic differences between RAPS and EDS. Such changes in risk adjustment factors could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

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CMS may annually adjust other components of the methodology utilized to determine revenues associated with MA members, including but not limited to the fee for service normalization factor, coding intensity adjustment or corridors utilized to determine calculations contributing to rebate amounts or STAR ratings. Such revisions could result in a reduction of our revenues.

Negative publicity regarding the managed healthcare industry generally could adversely affect our results of operations or business.

Negative publicity regarding the managed healthcare industry generally, or the MA program in particular, may result in increased regulation and legislative review of industry practices that further increase our costs of doing business and adversely affect our results of operations or business by:

- requiring us to change our platform and services;
- increasing the regulatory, including compliance, burdens under which we operate, which, in turn, may negatively impact the manner in which
 we provide services and increase our costs;
- adversely affecting our ability to market our services through the imposition of further regulatory restrictions regarding the manner in which plans market to MA enrollees; or
- · adversely affecting our ability to attract and retain physician partners and have patients attributed to those physician partners.

Legal and Regulatory Risks

The healthcare industry is intensely regulated at the federal, state and local levels and government authorities may determine that we fail to comply with applicable laws or regulations and take actions against us.

As a company involved in the healthcare industry with substantially all of our revenue derived from government programs, our business activities are subject to substantial governmental regulation. There are significant costs involved in complying with these laws and regulations. If we are found to have violated any applicable laws or regulations, we could be subject to civil or criminal damages, fines, sanctions or penalties, including exclusion from participation in government healthcare programs, such as Medicare, and we may be required to change our method of operations and business strategy. These consequences could be the result of our current conduct or even conduct that occurred a number of years ago, including prior to the acquisition of our subsidiary, PPMC, and prior to existing physician partners joining our network. We have in the past incurred, and may in the future incur, significant costs to defend ourselves if we become the subject of an investigation or legal proceeding alleging a violation of these laws and regulations. A federal, state or local government could determine that we are not operating in accordance with the law, or whether, when or how the laws, or the interpretation thereof, will change in the future and impact our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

In addition, some of the governmental and regulatory bodies that regulate us may consider enhanced or new regulatory requirements or may seek to exercise their supervisory or enforcement authority in new or more robust ways. Any of these possibilities, if they occur, could adversely affect us.

Our operations are subject to extensive federal, state and local government laws and regulations, such as:

• Federal and state laws, and related regulations, including the False Claims Act and the Civil Monetary Penalties Law ("CMPL"), which impose civil and criminal liability on individuals or entities that knowingly submit false or fraudulent claims for payment, or knowingly make, or cause to be made, a false statement in order to have a false claim paid, including *qui tam* or whistleblower suits, and impose civil monetary penalties on entities that fail to disclose and repay known overpayments;

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- Federal and state anti-kickback laws, and related regulations, which generally prohibit transactions intended to induce or reward referrals for items or services reimbursable by a federal healthcare program;
- Federal and state physician self-referral prohibition statutes, and related regulations, which generally prohibit physicians from referring a patient to an entity providing designated health services ("DHS") if the physician (or his/her immediate family member) has a financial relationship with that entity;
- Provisions of, and regulations enacted pursuant to, HIPAA, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009 (the "HITECH Act") and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, as well as similar or more stringent state laws, regarding the collection, use and disclosure of health information;
- Federal laws and regulations that require providers to enroll in the Medicare program before submitting any claims for services, to promptly report certain changes in operations to the agencies that administer these programs, and to re-enroll in these programs when changes in direct or indirect ownership occur or in response to revalidation requests from Medicare;
- Federal and state laws that govern managed care organizations, such as our payors, and downstream contracted entities, such as our RBEs, including laws governing timely payment of claims, quality assurance, utilization review, credentialing, financial solvency, downstream transfers of risk and payor-provider contractual relationships;
- State laws that govern the activities of third-party administrators and utilization review agents; and
- State laws that prohibit general business entities from practicing medicine, controlling physicians' medical decisions or engaging in certain practices, such as splitting fees with physicians.

These and other healthcare laws and regulations that may affect us are further described in "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters."

The laws and regulations applicable to our business are complex, changing and often subject to varying interpretations. As a result, we may not be able to adhere to all applicable laws and regulations. Any violation or alleged violation of any of these laws or regulations by us or our affiliates, or our physician partners or payors, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. We have been and may be a party to various lawsuits, demands, claims, *qui tam* suits, government investigations and audits, of which any could result in, among other things, substantial financial penalties or awards against us, reputational harm, termination of relationships or contracts related to our business, mandated refunds, substantial payments made by us, required changes to our business practices, exclusion from future participation in Medicare and other healthcare programs and possible criminal penalties.

If we are found in violation of applicable laws or regulations, we could suffer severe consequences that would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, reputation and stock price, including:

- suspension or termination of our participation in federal healthcare programs;
- criminal or civil liability, fines, damages or monetary penalties for violations of healthcare fraud and abuse laws, including the federal False Claims Act, CMPL, Anti-Kickback Statute and Stark Law;
- enforcement actions by governmental agencies or claims for monetary damages by patients under federal or state patient privacy laws, including HIPAA;
- repayment of amounts received in violation of law or applicable payment program requirements, and related monetary penalties;
- mandated changes to our practices or procedures that materially increase operating expenses;

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- imposition of corporate integrity agreements that could subject us to ongoing audits and reporting requirements as well as increased scrutiny
 of our billing and business practices;
- termination of various relationships or contracts related to our business; and
- harm to our reputation which could negatively affect our business relationships, decrease our ability to attract or retain patients and physicians, decrease access to new business opportunities and impact our ability to obtain financing, among other things.

Responding to lawsuits and other proceedings as well as defending ourselves in such matters will continue to require management's attention and cause us to incur significant legal expense. It is also possible that criminal proceedings may be initiated against us or individuals in our business in connection with investigations by the federal government.

We rely on our physician partners to comply with certain laws or regulations, including licensure and certification requirements to provide healthcare services, operate facilities or administer pharmaceuticals in the states in which we conduct business, and billing and coding compliance with respect to the provision of services. Although we provide some high-level training, and, if needed, supplemented clinical or coding staff as appropriate, to ensure that all health conditions are assessed and sufficiently documented by our physician partners and network providers, and we perform audits on this process, we do not as a general matter supervise or control our physician partners or network providers; accordingly any adverse effects on us regarding their noncompliance are uncertain and unpredictable.

The healthcare industry is subject to antitrust scrutiny, and if it is found that we violate antitrust laws, we could be subject to enforcement actions that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

The healthcare industry is subject to antitrust scrutiny. The federal government and most states have enacted antitrust laws that prohibit certain types of conduct deemed to be anti-competitive. The Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC"), the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice ("DOJ") and state Attorneys General actively review and, in some cases, take enforcement action against business conduct and acquisitions in the healthcare industry. Private parties harmed by alleged anti-competitive conduct can also bring antitrust suits. Violations of antitrust laws may be punishable by substantial penalties, including significant monetary fines and treble damages, civil penalties, criminal sanctions and consent decrees and injunctions prohibiting certain activities or requiring divestiture or discontinuance of business operations. If antitrust enforcement authorities conclude that we violate any antitrust laws, we could be subject to enforcement actions that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

If we are unable to effectively adapt to changes in the healthcare industry, including changes to laws and regulations regarding or affecting the U.S. healthcare reform, our business may be harmed.

Due to the importance of the healthcare industry in the lives of all Americans, federal, state and local legislative bodies frequently pass legislation and promulgate regulations relating to healthcare reform or that affect the healthcare industry. As has been the trend in recent years, it is reasonable to assume that there will continue to be increased government oversight and regulation of the healthcare industry in the future. We cannot predict the ultimate content, timing or effect of any new healthcare legislation or regulations, nor is it possible at this time to estimate the impact of potential new legislation or regulations on our business. It is possible that future legislation enacted by Congress or state legislatures, or regulations promulgated by regulatory authorities at the federal or state level, could adversely affect our business or could change the operating environment of our primary care centers. It is also possible that the changes to federal healthcare program reimbursements may serve as precedent to possible changes in other payors' reimbursement policies in a manner adverse to us. Similarly, changes in private payor reimbursements could lead to adverse changes in federal healthcare programs, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

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There can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully address changes in the current regulatory environment. Some of the healthcare laws and regulations applicable to us are subject to limited or evolving interpretations, and a review of our business or operations by a court, law enforcement or a regulatory authority might result in a determination that could have a material adverse effect on us. Furthermore, the healthcare laws and regulations applicable to us may be amended or interpreted in a manner that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

If our physician alignment strategies with our physician partners—including the formation of risk and shared savings pools, making downstream payments and joint venture arrangements—are not in compliance with the state and federal fraud and abuse laws, including physician incentive plan laws and regulations, we could be subject to penalties.

A central component of our clinical and operational strategy is to encourage alignment with our physician partners so as to incentivize them to (i) increase the quality of care while appropriately managing overall costs and (ii) participate in various care management and care coordination programs. Such alignment is often achieved through the design of risk or other incentive pools, with gating quality metrics that participating physicians must first satisfy before being allowed to share in cost savings. In other instances, we may support the delivery of care through a number of means, such as the provision of additional capital to improve and enhance the delivery of quality of care and improve access to quality care or by entering into a joint venture with a physician partner and other healthcare entities.

All such arrangements can implicate, and must be structured to be in compliance with, all applicable federal and state fraud and abuse laws including the federal Anti-Kickback Statute and the Stark Law. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Federal and State Anti-Kickback Statutes" and "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Stark Law."

The laws and regulations, however, are complex, and we may not be successful in structuring our arrangements in compliance with them. Should government regulatory or enforcement authorities find any arrangement to be out of compliance with such laws or regulations, then criminal, civil and administrative penalties could be imposed on us or on our physician partners and affiliated entities.

In addition, all such arrangements can implicate, and must be structured in compliance with, state and federal laws and regulations that prohibit payors and their downstream entities from linking physician incentives to reducing or limiting necessary medical services to patients. Violation of such laws or regulations can subject payors to significant civil monetary penalties, as well as possible sanctions, such as suspension of the payor's enrollment of patients, suspension of communication activities to potential patients and exclusion from government healthcare programs. Our failure to comply with these laws could cause us to be in breach of our agreements with payors, which could lead to significant financial penalties or termination of our contracts with payors, all of which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our business development and member engagement activities may implicate laws and regulations regarding marketing, beneficiary inducements, telemarketing and use of protected health information.

Medicare product marketing and sales activities are regulated by CMS and the states in which we operate. Medicare Managed Care marketing requirements are outlined in the Medicare Marketing Guidelines, a sub-regulatory guidance document updated annually. CMS has oversight over all MA marketing materials and outreach activities. To maintain appropriate beneficiary safeguards while not impeding the physician-patient relationship, the Medicare Marketing Guidelines set forth acceptable activities in the healthcare setting. For example, payors may not allow contracted physicians to accept/collect scope of appointment forms, but may allow contracted physicians to make available communication materials regarding MA plans in areas where care is being delivered. Similarly, state laws governing managed care organizations also address allowable marketing and enrollee communication practices.

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Marketing and outreach activities undertaken in the healthcare industry—whether undertaken by or on behalf of providers and payors—are subject to a complex web of laws and regulations designed to prevent fraud and abuse. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Federal and State Anti-Kickback Statutes" and "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Civil Monetary Penalties Statute." Our physician partners and the payors with which we contract risk running afoul of applicable state and federal fraud and abuse laws—including the Anti-Kickback Statute and CMPL—and laws governing marketing and member outreach (e.g., the Medicare Marketing Guidelines). Failure to comply with such laws can lead to severe penalties, including sanctions, fees, civil monetary penalties, imprisonment and exclusion from participation in federal healthcare programs. The imposition of such penalties against our physician partners or the payors with which we contract, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our business development and member engagement activities may implicate the federal Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA"), related Federal Communication Commission ("FCC") orders and analogous state laws which impose significant restrictions on the ability to utilize telephone calls and text messages to mobile telephone numbers as a means of communication, when the prior consent of the person being contacted has not been obtained. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Consumer Protection Laws." A determination that we, one of our affiliates, one of our vendors or one of our physician partners violated the TCPA or other communications-based statutes could expose us to significant damage awards that could, individually or in the aggregate, materially harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Certain failures by our physician partners to comply with these laws could have an adverse effect on us. We do not directly employ or control our physician partners, and accordingly any adverse effects on us regarding their noncompliance are uncertain and unpredictable.

These activities also implicate privacy laws, such as HIPAA and analogous state laws, which limit how we and our affiliates can use an individual's protected health information in connection with marketing activities and member outreach activities. A violation of such laws could subject us to significant penalties.

Our physician partners are subject to federal and state healthcare fraud and abuse laws and regulations.

Our physician partners are subject to various federal and state laws pertaining to healthcare fraud and abuse, including, among others, the federal Anti-Kickback Statute, Stark Law and False Claims Act and analogous state laws. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters." Violations of these laws can occur under many different circumstances, including, for example, if a physician partner is engaging in prohibited financial and referral relationships with other physicians or providers; is improperly documenting and coding for services; is making prohibited internal referrals for certain services covered by the Stark Law or analogous state laws or is providing benefits to induce patients to self-refer. Depending on the circumstances, violations of these laws can be punishable by criminal and civil sanctions, including exclusion from participation in federal and state healthcare programs. Should government authorities find that our physician partners have violated applicable law or regulations, our physician partners could be subject to criminal and civil penalties that could adversely affect our reputation and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

In addition, our physician partners are subject to federal, state and local licensing regulations relating to, among other things, professional credentialing, the ability to practice medicine, professional ethics and prescribing medication and controlled substances. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Other Laws and Regulations." If our physician partners fail to obtain and maintain all necessary licenses, certifications, accreditations and other approvals and operate in compliance with applicable healthcare and other laws, their ability to provide medical services to members would be impaired.

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Given our reliance on anchor physician practices in some geographies, such noncompliance could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. We do not directly employ or control our physician partners, and accordingly any adverse effects on us regarding their noncompliance with laws and regulations are uncertain and unpredictable.

Our use, disclosure and processing of protected health information is subject to HIPAA and state patient confidentiality laws, and our failure to comply with those regulations or to adequately secure the information we hold could result in significant liability or reputational harm and, in turn, cause a material adverse effect on our members and revenue.

Numerous state and federal laws and regulations govern the collection, dissemination, use, privacy, confidentiality, security, availability, integrity and other processing of PHI and, more broadly, personally identifiable information whether or not related to healthcare. These laws and regulations include HIPAA, as amended by the HITECH Act. HIPAA establishes a set of national privacy and security standards for the protection of PHI by health plans, healthcare clearinghouses and certain healthcare providers, referred to as covered entities, and the business associates with which such covered entities contract for services. Components of our business are considered "covered entities" under HIPAA and others are considered "business associates" of our healthcare partners and payors.

HIPAA requires covered entities and business associates to develop and maintain policies and procedures with respect to PHI that is used or disclosed, including the adoption of administrative, physical and technical safeguards to protect such information. HIPAA also implemented the use of standard transaction code sets and standard identifiers that covered entities must use when submitting or receiving certain electronic healthcare transactions, including activities associated with the billing and collection of healthcare claims.

In addition to federal regulations issued under HIPAA, some states have enacted their own data privacy and security statutes or regulations that govern the use and disclosure of a person's health information or records. Such state laws, if more stringent than HIPAA requirements, are not preempted by the federal requirements, and we are required to comply with them. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Federal and State Privacy and Security Requirements." These and other laws and regulations affecting data security and data privacy are often uncertain, contradictory and subject to changing interpretations, and we expect new laws, rules and regulations regarding data privacy and information security to be proposed and enacted in the future. This complex, dynamic legal landscape creates significant compliance issues and potentially exposes us to expense, adverse publicity and liability. The regulatory framework for data privacy and security issues worldwide is evolving and is likely to remain in flux for the foreseeable future, so it is unclear how regulatory changes could impact our business or the costs of compliance, though the impacts and costs seem likely to increase. The general legal trend in the data privacy and security area is toward the broader adoption of more stringent laws and toward more aggressive enforcement.

The data privacy and security measures we have implemented may not adequately protect us from the risks associated with the storage and transmission of customer information and PHI. The security measures that we, and our third-party vendors and subcontractors, have in place to promote compliance with data privacy and data security laws may not protect our facilities and systems from data security breaches, acts of vandalism or theft, computer viruses, misplaced or lost data, programming and human errors, or other similar events. In the event that new data security laws are implemented, we may not be able to timely comply with such requirements, or such requirements may not be compatible with our current safeguards. Changing our safeguards could be time-consuming and expensive, and failure to timely implement required changes could subject us to liability for non-compliance. Under HIPAA, certain of our entities are directly liable for any data privacy and data security breaches that occur in our capacity as a covered entity. Under the HITECH Act, as business associates, our RBEs may also be liable under certain circumstances for data privacy and data security breaches and failures of our subcontractors. We from time to time experience security and privacy issues that require assessment of our duties and obligations under HIPAA, and we cannot guarantee that we will not face security or privacy breaches in the

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future. Additionally, the investigation and remediation of privacy breaches may result in additional material direct or indirect costs.

We incur substantial costs related to ordinary-course compliance with HIPAA and the HITECH Act. Such compliance could also require us to change our practices in a manner adverse to our business. Failure to comply with any applicable standards regarding patient privacy, or data privacy and data security more generally, may subject us to penalties, including significant civil monetary penalties and, in some circumstances, criminal penalties. In addition, any such failures may injure our reputation and adversely affect our ability to retain customers and attract new customers. Even an unsuccessful challenge by regulatory authorities could result in adverse publicity and could require a costly response. Any of the foregoing consequences could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Certain failures or non-compliance by our physician partners under these laws could result in their being required as covered entities to report to governmental authorities and patients, implement expensive corrections and pay civil penalties. To the extent the physician partners' non-compliance impacts members who are attributed to our RBEs (*e.g.*, through the loss of protected patient information), or otherwise implicates our data processing or billing operations, we could suffer reputational harm or a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Failure to obtain or maintain an insurance license, a certificate of authority or an equivalent authorization allowing our participation in downstream risk-sharing arrangements with payors could subject us to significant penalties and adversely impact our operations.

Regulation of downstream risk-sharing arrangements, including, but not limited to, global risk and other value-based arrangements, varies significantly from state to state. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Federal and State Insurance and Managed Care Laws." We therefore expect significant uncertainty regarding whether our operations fall within the scope of certain laws or regulations.

If a state in which we currently operate, or a new geography, views our participation in risk-sharing arrangements as the assumption of insurance risk, the arrangement may fall within the purview of state insurance or managed care laws. If so, in connection with our continued operations or our expansion into new geographies, we may be required to obtain a state insurance or managed care license (or some other type of registration) and comply with the state's insurance or managed care laws and regulations. Such laws and regulations may subject us to significant oversight by state regulators in the form of periodic reporting and audits, required financial reserves and refraining from taking certain actions without prior regulatory approval. The majority of states do not explicitly address whether and in what manner the state regulates the transfer of risk by a payor to a downstream entity, and in such states, regulators may nonetheless interpret statutes and regulations to regulate such activity. If downstream risk-sharing arrangements are not regulated directly in a particular state, the state regulatory agency may nonetheless require oversight by the licensed payor as the party to such a downstream risk-sharing arrangement. Such oversight is accomplished via contract and may include the imposition of reserve requirements and reporting obligations. Failure to comply with these direct and indirect oversight laws can result in significant monetary penalties, administrative fines, fraud or misrepresentation charges, denial of future insurer applications or loss of membership or suspension of membership growth.

Laws regulating the corporate practice of medicine could restrict the manner in which we are permitted to conduct our business, and the failure to comply with such laws, or any changes to such laws or regulations or similar laws or regulations could subject us to penalties and restructuring, or have a material adverse effect on our consolidation of the accounts of our majority-owned subsidiaries.

Some of the states in which we operate limit the practice of medicine to licensed individuals or professional organizations comprising licensed individuals, and lay business corporations generally may not exercise control over the medical decisions of physicians. Certain state regulatory bodies have taken the position that an

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arrangement that confers too much control over a physician practice to a lay entity may violate the corporate practice of medicine doctrine. See "Business—Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters—Corporate Practice of Medicine." A violation of the corporate practice of medicine doctrine constitutes the unlawful practice of medicine, which is subject to fines and other legal consequences. Penalties for violating fee-splitting statutes or regulations may include medical license revocation, suspension, probation or other disciplinary actions.

It is possible that a state regulatory agency or a court could determine that under applicable rules governing the corporate practice of medicine, we are violating the corporate practice of medicine doctrine or that our arrangements constitute unlawful fee splitting. As a result, our arrangements could be deemed invalid, potentially resulting in a loss of revenues and an adverse effect on results of operations derived from such arrangements. We could be subject to civil or other legal consequences, and our agreements and the accompanying governance structures and arrangements could be found legally unenforceable (in whole or in part). Such a determination could force a restructuring of the arrangements with our RBEs and physician partners. Such a restructuring may not be feasible or may not be accomplished within a reasonable time frame or on reasonable terms, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. We have been the subject of regulatory inquiries regarding our compliance with the corporate practice of medicine doctrine, and we cannot guarantee that we will not be subject to such inquiries in the future.

Further, our financial statements are consolidated in accordance with applicable accounting standards and include the accounts of our majority-owned subsidiaries, including RBEs, classified as variable interest entities. Such consolidation for accounting or tax purposes does not, is not intended to, and should not be deemed to, imply or provide us any control over the medical or clinical affairs of such practices. In the event of a change in accounting standards promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") or in interpretation of its standards, or if there is an adverse determination by a regulatory agency or a court, or a change in state or federal law relating to the ability to maintain such agreements or arrangements, we may not be permitted to continue to consolidate the revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of our majority-owned subsidiaries classified as variable interest entities, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

If we or our physician partners inadvertently employ or contract with an excluded person, we may face government sanctions.

Individuals and entities can be excluded from participating in the Medicare program for violating certain laws and regulations, or for other reasons such as the loss of a license in any state, even if the person retains other licensure. This means that the excluded person or entity is prohibited from receiving payments for such person's or entity's services rendered to Medicare or MA beneficiaries, and if the excluded person is a physician, all services ordered (not just provided) by such physician are also non-covered and non-payable. Entities that employ or contract with excluded individuals are prohibited from billing the Medicare program for the excluded individual's services and are subject to civil penalties if they do. We might inadvertently contract or do business with an excluded person or entity, such as a physician partner, contracted or employed physician, or any other contracted party, or with an excluded person which could become excluded in the future without our knowledge. If this occurs, we or our physician partnerships may be subject to substantial repayments and civil penalties. Physician partners are also expected to comply with these requirements. We do not directly control our physician partners, and accordingly any adverse effects on us regarding their noncompliance with these laws are uncertain and unpredictable.

We may face lawsuits not covered by insurance and related expenses may be material. Our failure to avoid, defend and accrue for claims and litigation could negatively impact our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We are exposed to, and may become involved in, various litigation matters arising out of our business, including from time to time, actual or threatened lawsuits. Lawsuits for tort liabilities associated with managed

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care activities that we conduct in our managed care business are common in the healthcare industry. Common liability exposures we face include performance of utilization review, performance of credentialing and peer review, provider network contracting determinations, and vicarious liability for the conduct of affiliated providers. Liability exposures in the managed care industry in which we operate vary greatly by state. The status of tort reform, availability of non-economic damages or the presence or absence of other statutes, such as elder abuse or vulnerable adult statutes, influence the incidence and severity of managed care litigation. We may also be subject to other types of lawsuits, inquiries, audits, investigations or other proceedings, such as those initiated by our competitors, stockholders, employees, service providers, contractors or by government agencies, including when we terminate relationships with them, which could involve large claims and significant defense costs. Furthermore, lawsuits for tort liabilities arising out of business activities, including the acquisition of other businesses or physician groups, also are common. Common liability exposures we face include interference with contract, interference with prospective economic advantage, violation of the Voidable Transactions Act, successor liability, and antitrust and unfair competition.

The results of any such lawsuits, inquiries, audits, investigations or other proceedings cannot be predicted, and determining reserves for pending litigation or other matters requires significant judgment. Further, the defense of litigation, including fees of legal counsel, expert witnesses and related costs, is expensive and difficult to forecast accurately. Such costs may be unrecoverable even if we ultimately prevail in litigation, and could consume a significant portion of our limited capital resources. To defend lawsuits or participate in other proceedings, it may also be necessary for us to divert officers and other employees from our normal business functions to gather evidence, give testimony and otherwise support litigation efforts. If any such proceeding is not resolved in our favor, we could face material judgments or awards against us. An unfavorable resolution of one or more of the proceedings in which we are involved now or in the future could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. We may also in the future find it necessary to file lawsuits to recover damages or protect our interests. The cost of such litigation could also be significant and unrecoverable, which could also deter us from aggressively pursuing even legitimate claims. All of our physician partners are required to carry medical malpractice insurance. We also currently maintain managed care errors and omissions insurance. We cannot be certain that our insurance coverage will be adequate to cover liabilities arising out of claims asserted against us, our affiliated professional liability and other claims, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Our insurance coverages generally must be renewed annually and may not continue to be available to us in future years at acceptable costs and on favorable terms, which could increase our exposure to litigation. Further, such coverage typically has substanti

Risks Related to Our Indebtedness

We have substantial indebtedness and may incur additional indebtedness, which could adversely affect our financial health and our ability to obtain financing in the future, react to changes in our business or satisfy our obligations.

As of December 31, 2020 we, through our wholly-owned subsidiary agilon health management, inc., had approximately \$68.6 million of total long-term consolidated indebtedness outstanding under our secured credit agreement, dated as of July 1, 2016 (as amended from time to time, the "Secured Credit Agreement") governing the term loan and revolving credit facility (the "Secured Credit Facility"), and our unsecured credit agreement, dated as of December 22, 2017 (the "Unsecured Credit Agreement"), governing our unsecured term loan facility (the "Unsecured Term Loan Facility" and, together with the Secured Credit Facility, the "Credit Facilities"). As of such date, we also had \$41.5 million of additional borrowings available under our revolving credit facility after taking into account \$18.5 million of letters of credit outstanding. On February 18, 2021, we, through our wholly-owned subsidiary agilon health management, inc., entered into the 2021 Secured Credit Agreement to refinance our outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Facilities, consisting of (i) a senior secured term loan

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facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$100.0 million and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$100.0 million. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness." In addition, we may incur additional indebtedness in the future, subject to the limitations contained in the agreements governing our indebtedness. Our substantial indebtedness could have important consequences to you. Because of our substantial indebtedness:

- our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, debt service requirements, pay dividends and
 make other distributions or to purchase, redeem or retire capital stock or for general corporate purposes and our ability to satisfy our
 obligations with respect to our indebtedness may be impaired in the future;
- a large portion of our cash flow from operations must be dedicated to the payment of principal and interest on our indebtedness, thereby reducing the funds available to us for other purposes;
- we are exposed to the risk of increased interest rates because a significant portion of our borrowings are at variable rates of interest;
- it may be more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations to our creditors, resulting in possible defaults on, and acceleration of, such indebtedness;
- we may be more vulnerable to general adverse economic and industry conditions;
- we may be at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors with proportionately less indebtedness or with comparable indebtedness on more favorable terms and, as a result, they may be better positioned to withstand economic downturns;
- our ability to refinance indebtedness may be limited or the associated costs may increase;
- · our flexibility to adjust to changing market conditions and ability to withstand competitive pressures could be limited;
- our ability to pay dividends and make other distributions or to purchase, redeem or retire capital stock may be limited; and
- we may be prevented from carrying out capital spending and restructurings that are necessary or important to our growth strategy and efforts to improve our operating margins.

Despite our indebtedness levels, we and our subsidiaries may incur substantially more indebtedness, which could increase the risks created by our indebtedness.

We and our subsidiaries may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future. The terms of the credit agreement, dated as of February 18, 2021 (the "2021 Credit Agreement") governing our term loan and revolving credit facility (as amended by the First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2021, the "2021 Secured Credit Facilities") by and among agilon health management, inc., Agilon Health Intermediate Holdings, Inc. ("Intermediate Holdings"), the Lenders party thereto, the Issuers party thereto (each as defined therein), JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. Bank of America, N.A., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and Nomura Securities International, Inc., as joint lead arrangers and joint bookrunners does not fully prohibit our subsidiaries from incurring additional debt. If our subsidiaries are in compliance with certain coverage ratios set forth in the agreements governing the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities, they may be able to incur substantial additional indebtedness, which could increase the risks created by our current indebtedness. In addition, subject to certain conditions and without the consent of the then-existing lenders, the loans under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities may be expanded (or new term loan facilities, revolving credit facilities or letter of credit facilities added) by up to \$50.0 million plus an additional amount equal to the aggregate amount of certain prepayments, repayments and redemptions of term loans and/or permanent reduction in the revolving credit facilities.

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Increases in interest rates would increase the cost of servicing our indebtedness and could reduce our profitability.

A significant portion of our outstanding indebtedness bears interest at variable rates, including \$48.6 million of outstanding borrowings and \$41.5 million of additional borrowings available under our Secured Credit Facility after taking into account \$18.5 million of letters of credit outstanding, as of December 31, 2020. As adjusted for the entry into the 2021 Credit Facilities, \$100.0 million of outstanding borrowings and \$81.5 million of additional borrowings available under the 2021 Credit Facilities bear interest at variable rates, after taking into account \$18.5 million of letters of credit outstanding as of February 18, 2021. As a result, increases in interest rates would increase the cost of servicing our indebtedness and could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. As of December 31, 2020, assuming the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") exceeded 1.00%, each one percentage point change in interest rates would have resulted in a change of approximately \$0.5 million in the annual interest rates would have resulted in a change of approximately \$1.1 million in annual interest expense on the Secured Credit Facility. The impact of increases in interest rates could be more significant for us than it would be for some other companies because of our indebtedness, thereby affecting our profitability.

Furthermore, uncertainty about the continuing availability of LIBOR may adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. On July 27, 2017, the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, announced that after December 31, 2021, it would no longer compel banks to submit the rates required to calculate LIBOR. On March 5, 2021, the current administrator of LIBOR, ICE Benchmark Administration, announced that it would cease publication of certain tenors of U.S. dollar LIBOR on June 30, 2023. With this announcement, there is uncertainty about the continued availability of LIBOR after 2021 or, in certain circumstances, 2023. If LIBOR ceases to be available or the methods of calculating LIBOR change from the current methods, financial products with interest rates tied to LIBOR may be adversely affected. Even if LIBOR remains available, it is uncertain whether it will continue to be viewed as an acceptable market benchmark, what rate or rates may become accepted alternatives to LIBOR or what the effect of any such changes in views or alternatives may be on the markets for LIBOR-indexed financial instruments. As of December 31, 2020, adjusted to reflect the entry into the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities, all of our aggregate consolidated indebtedness was indexed to LIBOR. If any of the foregoing were to occur, the interest rates on such indebtedness may be adversely affected.

The agreements and instruments governing our indebtedness contain restrictions and limitations that could significantly impact our ability to operate our business.

Our 2021 Secured Credit Facilities contain covenants that, among other things, restrict the ability of agilon management and its subsidiaries to:

- incur additional indebtedness and create liens;
- pay dividends and make other distributions or to purchase, redeem or retire capital stock;
- purchase, redeem or retire certain junior indebtedness;
- make loans and investments;
- enter into agreements that limit agilon management's or its subsidiaries' ability to pledge assets or to make distributions or loans to us or transfer assets to us;
- sell assets;
- enter into certain types of transactions with affiliates;
- consolidate, merge or sell substantially all assets;
- make voluntary payments or modifications of junior indebtedness; and
- enter into lines of business.

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agilon management and its subsidiaries accounted for 100% of our total assets and 100% of our total liabilities as of December 31, 2020. Consequently, the restrictions in the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities may prevent us from taking actions that we believe would be in the best interest of our business and may make it difficult for us to execute our business strategy successfully or effectively compete with companies that are not similarly restricted. We may also incur future debt obligations that might subject us to additional restrictive covenants that could affect our financial and operational flexibility. We may be unable to refinance our indebtedness, at maturity or otherwise, on terms acceptable to us or at all.

The ability of agilon management to comply with the covenants and restrictions contained in the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities may be affected by economic, financial and industry conditions outside our control including credit or capital market disruptions. The breach of any of these covenants or restrictions could result in a default that would permit the applicable lenders to declare all amounts outstanding thereunder to be due and payable, together with accrued and unpaid interest. If we are unable to repay indebtedness, lenders having secured obligations, such as the lenders under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities, could proceed against the collateral securing the indebtedness. All obligations under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities are guaranteed by Intermediate Holdings and each domestic subsidiary of agilon management other than certain excluded subsidiaries. All obligations of agilon management and each guarantor are secured by a perfected security interest in substantially all tangible and intangible assets of agilon management and each such guarantor, including the capital stock of each domestic subsidiary of agilon management and each such guarantor, and 65% of each series of capital stock of any non U.S. subsidiary held directly by agilon management or any guarantor, subject to certain exceptions. In any such case, we may be unable to borrow under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities and may not be able to repay the amounts due under such facilities. This could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations, and could cause us to become bankrupt or insolvent.

Our ability to generate the significant amount of cash needed to pay interest and principal on our indebtedness and our ability to refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness or obtain additional financing depends on many factors outside our control.

agilon management, the borrower under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities, is a holding company, and as such it has no independent operations or material assets other than ownership of equity interests in its subsidiaries, agilon management depends on its subsidiaries to distribute funds to it so that it may pay obligations and expenses, including satisfying obligations with respect to indebtedness. Our ability to make scheduled payments on, or to refinance our obligations under, our indebtedness depends on the financial and operating performance of the subsidiaries of agilon management and their ability to make distributions and dividends to it, which, in turn, depends on their results of operations, cash flows, cash requirements, financial position and general business conditions and any legal and regulatory restrictions on the payment of dividends to which they may be subject, many of which could be outside our control.

We may be unable to maintain a level of cash flows from operating activities sufficient to permit us to pay the principal and interest on our indebtedness. If our cash flow and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations, we may be forced to reduce or delay capital expenditures, sell assets, seek to obtain additional equity capital or restructure our indebtedness. In the future, our cash flow and capital resources may not be sufficient for payments of interest on and principal of our indebtedness, and such alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations.

The final maturity date of the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility and the 2021 Secured Revolving Facility is February 18, 2024 or, following consummation of this offering (so long as this offering generates total gross proceeds in excess of \$500.0 million), February 18, 2026. We may be unable to refinance any of our indebtedness or obtain additional financing, particularly because of our substantial indebtedness. Market disruptions, such as those experienced in 2008, 2009 and March 2020, as well as our indebtedness levels, may increase our cost of borrowing or adversely affect our ability to refinance our obligations as they become due.

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We may be unable to refinance our indebtedness, at maturity or otherwise, on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to refinance our indebtedness or access additional credit, or if short-term or long-term borrowing costs dramatically increase, our ability to finance current operations and meet our short-term and long-term obligations could be adversely affected.

If agilon management cannot make scheduled payments on its indebtedness, it will be in default and the lenders under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities could terminate their commitments to loan money or, in the case of lenders under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities, foreclose against the assets securing their borrowings, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. Any of these actions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock and This Offering

An active trading market for our common stock may not develop, and you may not be able to resell your shares at or above the initial public offering price.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for shares of our common stock. Although our common stock will be approved for listing on the NYSE, an active trading market for our shares may never develop or be sustained following this offering. The initial public offering price of our common stock was determined through negotiations between us and the underwriters. This initial public offering price may not be indicative of the market price of our common stock after this offering. In the absence of an active trading market for our common stock, investors may not be able to sell their common stock at or above the initial public offering price or at the time that they would like to sell.

agilon health is a holding company with no operations of its own, and it depends on its subsidiaries for cash to fund all of its operations and expenses, including to make future dividend payments, if any.

Our operations are conducted entirely through our subsidiaries, and our ability to generate cash to fund our operations and expenses, to pay dividends or to meet debt service obligations is highly dependent on the earnings and the receipt of funds from our subsidiaries through dividends or intercompany loans. Deterioration in the financial condition, earnings or cash flow of agilon management and its subsidiaries for any reason could limit or impair their ability to pay such distributions. Many of these subsidiaries are subject to regulatory, contractual or other legal restrictions that may restrict such subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends to us. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." To the extent our subsidiaries are restricted from making such distributions under applicable law or regulation or under the terms of our financing arrangements, or are otherwise unable to provide funds to the extent of our needs, there could be a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

For example, we are currently contractually required, and may in the future be required by state laws or regulations, to maintain specific prescribed minimum amounts of capital in certain subsidiaries. When we enter into a new payor contract, we are typically required by the payor to contribute risk-bearing capital to the local operating subsidiary. This typically takes the form of letters of credit or restricted deposits, or the payor may retain a percentage of the capitation payments due under the applicable contract. Risk-bearing capital required by payors varies by payor and geography and ranged from \$50,000 to \$10.0 million, or \$38.8 million in the aggregate across all of our geographies and payors, as of December 31, 2020. In addition, the agreements governing the Credit Facilities significantly restrict the ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends, make loans or otherwise transfer assets to us. Furthermore, our subsidiaries are permitted under the terms of the Credit Facilities to incur additional indebtedness that may restrict or prohibit the making of distributions, the payment of dividends or the making of loans by such subsidiaries to us. If we are unable to obtain sufficient funds from our subsidiaries to fund our obligations, our results of business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

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The market price of our common stock may be volatile and could decline after this offering.

Volatility in the market price of our common stock may prevent you from being able to sell your shares at or above the price you paid for your shares. The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly. Among the factors that could affect our stock price are:

- industry, regulatory or general market conditions;
- domestic and international economic factors unrelated to our performance;
- · changes in our physician partners' or their patients' preferences;
- new regulatory pronouncements and changes in regulatory guidelines;
- lawsuits, enforcement actions and other claims by third parties or governmental authorities;
- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly operating results;
- lack of research coverage and reports by industry analysts or changes in any securities analysts' estimates of our financial performance;
- action by institutional stockholders or other large stockholders, including future sales of our common stock;
- failure to meet any guidance given by us or any change in any guidance given by us, or changes by us in our guidance practices;
- announcements by us of significant impairment charges;
- speculation in the press or investment community;
- investor perception of us and our industry;
- changes in market valuations or earnings of similar companies;
- the impact of short selling or the impact of a potential "short squeeze" resulting from a sudden increase in demand for our common stock;
- announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions, dispositions or strategic partnerships;
- war, terrorist acts and epidemic disease, including COVID-19;
- any future sales of our common stock or other securities;
- additions or departures of key personnel; and
- misconduct or other improper actions of our employees.

In particular, we cannot assure you that you will be able to resell your shares at or above the public offering price. Stock markets have experienced extreme volatility in recent years that has been unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our common stock. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, class action litigation has often been instituted against the affected company. Any litigation of this type brought against us could result in substantial costs and a diversion of our management's attention and resources, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our management will have broad discretion over the use of the proceeds we receive in this offering and might not apply the proceeds in ways that increase the value of your investment.

Our management will have broad discretion to use the net proceeds we receive from this offering, and you will be relying on the judgment of our management regarding the use of these proceeds. Our management might

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not apply the net proceeds of this offering in ways that increase the value of your investment. We expect to use the net proceeds from this offering for working capital and other general corporate purposes, including accelerating the growth of our existing geographies and our national network of partners, and to make available financing options to our physician partners in connection with taxes payable on shares to be distributed to them upon consummation of the offering under the partner physician group equity agreements, in an aggregate amount estimated to be approximately \$90 million to \$120 million. Additionally, if the gross proceeds from this offering exceed \$1.0 billion, the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility requires a mandatory prepayment and reduction in an amount equal to the lesser of the net cash proceeds arising from this offering and \$50.0 million. In addition, we may also use a portion of the net proceeds to establish a foundation to advance our commitment to the future of diversity and growth in primary care leadership and education and training in value-based care. We do not currently have a specific plan for a significant portion of the remaining net proceeds. Our management might not be able to yield a significant return, if any, on any investment of the net proceeds received from this offering, which could compromise our ability to pursue our growth strategy. You will not have the opportunity to influence our decisions on how to use the net proceeds from this offering.

Future sales of shares by us or our existing stockholders could cause our stock price to decline.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market following this offering, or the perception that these sales could occur, could cause the market price of our common stock to decline. These sales, or the possibility that these sales may occur, also might make it more difficult for us to sell equity securities in the future at a time and at a price that we deem appropriate.

As of March 31, 2021, adjusted to give effect to this offering, we had 384,836,394 outstanding shares of common stock. Of these shares, all of the 46,600,000 shares to be sold in this offering will be immediately tradable without restriction under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), except for any shares held by "affiliates," as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act ("Rule 144"). We intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register the shares of common stock to be issued under our equity compensation plans and, as a result, all shares of common stock acquired upon exercise of stock options granted under our plan will also be freely tradable under the Securities Act, subject to the terms of the lock-up agreements, unless purchased by our affiliates. As of March 31, 2021, there were stock options outstanding to purchase a total of 41,412,100 shares of our common stock. Conditioned on completion of this offering, 12,487,317 shares will be issued pursuant to our partner physician group equity agreements (representing a number of shares equivalent to \$268.5 million at the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus). See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates—Stock-based Compensation" for additional information.

The remaining 325,749,077 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2021 are restricted securities within the meaning of Rule 144 under the Securities Act, but will be eligible for resale subject to applicable volume, means of sale, holding period and other limitations of Rule 144 under the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption from registration under Rule 701 under the Securities Act, or "Rule 701," subject to the lock-up agreements to be entered into by us, the CD&R Investor, certain of our stockholders and our executive officers and directors.

In connection with this offering, we, the CD&R Investor, certain of our stockholders and our executive officers and directors will sign lock-up agreements under which we and they will agree not to, among other things and subject to certain exceptions, offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, engage in any hedging or similar transaction or arrangement, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any of our securities that are substantially similar to the securities offered hereby, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus. See "Underwriting." Following the expiration of this 180-day lock-up period, 338,236,394 shares of our common stock will be eligible for future sale, subject to the applicable volume, manner of sale, holding period and other limitations of Rule 144 or

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pursuant to an exemption from registration under Rule 701. See "Shares Available for Future Sale" for a discussion of the shares of common stock that may be sold into the public market in the future. In addition, our significant stockholders may distribute shares that they hold to their investors who themselves may then sell into the public market following the expiration of the lock-up period. Such sales may not be subject to the volume, manner of sale, holding period and other limitations of Rule 144. Furthermore, the CD&R Investor and other significant stockholders have the right to require us to register shares of common stock for resale in certain circumstances. As resale restrictions end, the market price of our common stock could decline if the holders of those shares sell them or are perceived by the market as intending to sell them.

In the future, we may issue additional shares of common stock or other equity or debt securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of our common stock in connection with a financing, strategic investment, litigation settlement or employee arrangement or otherwise. Any of these issuances could result in substantial dilution to our existing stockholders and could cause the trading price of our common stock to decline.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or publish misleading or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock will depend in part on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts may publish about us or our business. We may never obtain research coverage by industry or financial analysts. If no or few analysts commence coverage of us, the trading price of our stock would likely decrease. Even if we do obtain analyst coverage, if one or more of the analysts that covers our common stock downgrades our stock or publishes misleading or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price would likely decline. If one or more of the analysts ceases coverage of our common stock or fails to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our common stock could decrease, which could cause our common stock price or trading volume to decline.

If you invest in our common stock in this offering, you will incur immediate and substantial dilution in the book value of your shares.

If you invest in our common stock in this offering, your ownership interest will be immediately diluted to the extent of the difference between the initial public offering price per share of our common stock and the net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after this offering. Assuming an initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share, purchasers of our common stock in this offering will experience immediate and substantial dilution in net tangible book value of \$19.25 per share. See "Dilution" for a more detailed description of the dilution to new investors in the offering.

Participation in this offering by the cornerstone investors could reduce the public float for our shares of common stock.

The cornerstone investors have indicated an interest, severally and not jointly, in purchasing up to an aggregate of \$500 million in shares in this offering at the initial public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the cornerstone investors may determine to purchase more, less or no shares in this offering or the underwriters may determine to sell more, less or no shares to any of the cornerstone investors. The underwriters will receive the same discount on any of our shares purchased by the cornerstone investors as they will from any other shares sold to the public in this offering. If the cornerstone investors are allocated all or a portion of the shares in which they have indicated an interest in this offering or more, and purchase any such shares, such purchase could reduce the available public float for our shares if the cornerstone investors hold these shares long term.

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Fulfilling our obligations incident to being a public company, including compliance with the Exchange Act and the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the Dodd-Frank Act, will be expensive and time-consuming, and any delays or difficulties in satisfying these obligations could have a material adverse effect on our future results of operations and our stock price.

As a public company, we will be subject to the reporting, accounting and corporate governance requirements of the NYSE, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") that apply to issuers of listed equity, which impose certain significant compliance requirements, costs and obligations upon us. The changes necessitated by being a publicly listed company and ongoing compliance with these rules and regulations require a significant commitment of additional resources and management oversight, which will increase our operating costs and could divert our management and personnel from other business concerns, particularly after we are no longer an emerging growth company. Further, to comply with the requirements of being a public company, we may need to undertake various actions, such as implementing new internal controls and procedures and hiring additional accounting or internal audit staff.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires us, among other things, to maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. In order to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, we have expended, and anticipate that we will continue to expend, significant resources, including accounting-related costs and significant management oversight.

In addition, our internal resources and personnel may in the future be insufficient to avoid accounting errors, and our auditors may identify deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in our internal control environment in the future. Any failure to develop or maintain effective controls or any difficulties encountered implementing required new or improved controls could harm our operating results or cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations and may result in a restatement of our financial statements for prior periods. Any failure to implement and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting also could adversely affect the results of periodic management evaluations and annual independent registered public accounting firm attestation reports regarding the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting that we will eventually be required to include in our periodic reports that will be filed with the SEC. Ineffective disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting could also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial and other information, which would likely have a negative effect on the trading price of our common stock. In addition, if we are unable to continue to meet these requirements, we may not be able to remain listed on the NYSE. As a public company, we are required to comply with the SEC rules that implement Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and are therefore required to make a formal assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting for that purpose, but we are not required to provide an annual management report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting until our second Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our independent registered public accounting firm has identified material weaknesses in the past, and the measures we implemented to remediate such weaknesses may be insufficient to identify or prevent future material weaknesses.

Our independent registered public accounting firm is not required to formally attest to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting until we cease to be an emerging growth company or a non-accelerated filer. We ceased to be an emerging growth company on December 31, 2020, and we do not expect to be a non-accelerated filer beginning as of December 31, 2022. As such, we will be required to provide an annual management report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K. At such time, our independent registered public accounting firm may issue a report that is adverse in the event it is not satisfied with the level at which our internal control over financial reporting is documented, designed or operating. Any failure to maintain effective disclosure controls and internal control over financial reporting could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

The expenses associated with being a public company include increases in auditing, accounting and legal fees and expenses, investor relations expenses, increased directors' fees and director and officer liability insurance costs,

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registrar and transfer agent fees and listing fees, as well as other expenses. As a public company, we are required, among other things, to define and expand the roles and the duties of our board of directors and its committees and institute more comprehensive compliance and investor relations functions. Most members of our management team have limited experience managing a publicly traded company, interacting with public company investors and complying with the increasingly complex laws pertaining to public companies. Our management team may not successfully or efficiently manage us as a public company that is subject to significant regulatory oversight and reporting obligations under the federal securities laws and the continuous scrutiny of securities analysts and investors. These new obligations and constituents require significant attention from our senior management and could divert their attention away from the day-to-day management of our business, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operation. Failure to comply with the requirements of being a public company could potentially subject us to sanctions or investigations by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") or other regulatory authorities.

In addition, changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure are creating uncertainty for public companies, increasing legal and financial compliance costs and making some activities more time consuming. We intend to invest resources to comply with evolving laws, regulations and standards, and this investment may result in increased general and administrative expenses. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to their application and practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us, and there could be a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Following the completion of this offering, the CD&R Investor will continue to control us and may have conflicts of interest with other stockholders.

Following the completion of this offering, the CD&R Investor will own approximately 58% of the outstanding shares of our common stock (or approximately 57% if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares). As a result, the CD&R Investor will have sufficient voting power without the consent of our other stockholders to be able to control all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions, which could reduce the market price of our common stock.

Because the CD&R Investor's interests may differ from your interests, actions the CD&R Investor takes as our controlling stockholder may not be favorable to you. For example, the concentration of ownership held by the CD&R Investor could delay, defer or prevent a change of control of us, impede a merger, takeover or other business combination that another stockholder may otherwise view favorably or cause us to enter into transactions or agreements that are not in the best interests of all stockholders. Other potential conflicts could arise, for example, over matters such as employee retention or recruiting, or our dividend policy.

Furthermore, as long as the CD&R Investor continues to beneficially own at least 40% of our outstanding common stock, the CD&R Investor will be able to determine the outcome of corporate actions requiring stockholder approval, including the election of the members of our board of directors and the approval of significant corporate transactions, such as mergers and the sale of substantially all of our assets. Even after the CD&R Investor reduces its beneficial ownership below 40% of our outstanding common stock, it will likely still be able to assert significant influence over our board of directors and certain corporate actions. Following the completion of this offering, the CD&R Investor will continue to have the right to designate for nomination for election at least a majority of our directors as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 50% of our common stock and to designate our Chairman of the board of directors so long as it beneficially owns at least 25% of our common stock.

Under our Certificate of Incorporation, the CD&R Investor and its affiliates and, in some circumstances, any of our directors and officers who is also a director, officer, employee, member or partner of the CD&R Investor and its affiliates, will have no obligation to offer us corporate opportunities.

The policies relating to corporate opportunities and transactions with the CD&R Investor set forth in our Certificate of Incorporation will address potential conflicts of interest between agilon health, on the one hand,

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and the CD&R Investor and its officers, directors, employees, members or partners who are directors or officers of our company, on the other hand. In accordance with those policies, the CD&R Investor may pursue corporate opportunities, including acquisition opportunities that may be complementary to our business, without offering those opportunities to us. By becoming a stockholder in agilon health, you will be deemed to have notice of and have consented to these provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation. Although these provisions are designed to resolve conflicts between us and the CD&R Investor and its affiliates fairly, conflicts may not be resolved in our favor or be resolved at all.

Future offerings of debt or equity securities which would rank senior to our common stock may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

If, in the future, we decide to issue debt or equity securities that rank senior to our common stock, it is likely that such securities will be governed by an indenture or other instrument containing covenants restricting our operating flexibility. Issuing additional shares of our common stock or other equity securities or securities convertible into equity may dilute the economic and voting rights of our stockholders or reduce the market price of our common stock. Additionally, any convertible or exchangeable securities that we issue in the future may have rights, preferences and privileges more favorable than those of our common stock and may result in dilution to owners of our common stock. We and, indirectly, our stockholders, will bear the cost of issuing and servicing such securities. Because our decision to issue debt or equity securities in any future offering will depend on market conditions and other factors outside our control, we cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing or nature of our future offerings. Thus, holders of our common stock will bear the risk of our future offerings, reducing the market price of our common stock or diluting the value of their stock holdings in us.

Anti-takeover provisions in our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws could discourage, delay or prevent a change of control of our company and may affect the trading price of our common stock.

Our Certificate of Incorporation and our By-laws will include a number of provisions that may discourage, delay or prevent a change in our management or control over us that stockholders may consider favorable. For example, our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws collectively will:

- authorize the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock that could be issued by our board of directors to thwart a takeover attempt;
- provide for a classified board of directors, which divides our board of directors into three classes, with members of each class serving staggered three-year terms, which prevents stockholders from electing an entirely new board of directors at an annual meeting;
- limit the ability of stockholders to remove directors if the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- provide that vacancies on our board of directors, including vacancies resulting from an enlargement of our board of directors, may be filled only by a majority vote of directors then in office;
- prohibit stockholders from calling special meetings of stockholders if the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- prohibit stockholder action by written consent, thereby requiring all actions to be taken at a meeting of the stockholders, if the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- opt out of Section 203 of the DGCL, which prohibits a publicly-held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years following the time the person became an interested stockholder, until the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- establish advance notice requirements for nominations of candidates for election as directors or to bring other business before an annual meeting of our stockholders; and

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require the approval of holders of at least 66 2/3% of the outstanding shares of our common stock to amend our By-laws and certain
provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation if the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our
common stock.

These provisions may prevent our stockholders from receiving the benefit from any premium to the market price of our common stock offered by a bidder in a takeover context or from changing our management and board of directors. Even in the absence of a takeover attempt, the existence of these provisions may adversely affect the prevailing market price of our common stock if the provisions are viewed as discouraging takeover attempts in the future. See "Description of Capital Stock—Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws."

Our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws may also make it difficult for stockholders to replace or remove our management. Furthermore, the existence of the foregoing provisions, as well as the significant amount of common stock that the CD&R Investor will continue to own following this offering, could limit the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock. These provisions may facilitate management entrenchment that may delay, deter, render more difficult or prevent a change in our control, which may not be in the best interests of our stockholders.

We could be the subject of securities class action litigation due to future stock price volatility, which could divert management's attention and materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

The stock market in general, and market prices for the securities of companies like ours in particular, have from time to time experienced volatility that often has been unrelated to the operating performance of the underlying companies. A certain degree of stock price volatility can be attributed to being a newly public company. These broad market and industry fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock, regardless of our operating performance. In certain situations in which the market price of a stock has been volatile, holders of that stock have instituted securities class action litigation against the company that issued the stock. If any of our stockholders were to bring a similar lawsuit against us, the defense and disposition of the lawsuit could be costly and divert the time and attention of our management and could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future and, consequently, your ability to achieve a return on your investment depends on appreciation in the price of our common stock.

We do not intend to declare and pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. We currently intend to use our future earnings, if any, to repay debt, to fund our growth, to develop our business, for working capital needs and for general corporate purposes. Therefore, you are not likely to receive any dividends on your common stock for the foreseeable future, and the success of an investment in shares of our common stock depends upon any future appreciation in their value. There is no guarantee that shares of our common stock will appreciate in value or even maintain the price at which our stockholders have purchased their shares. Payments of dividends, if any, are at the sole discretion of our board of directors after taking into account various factors, including general and economic conditions, our financial condition and operating results, our available cash and current and anticipated cash needs, capital requirements, contractual, legal, tax and regulatory restrictions and implications of the payment of dividends by us to our stockholders or by our subsidiaries to us, and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant. In addition, our operations are conducted almost entirely through our subsidiaries. As such, to the extent that we determine in the future to pay dividends on our common stock, none of our subsidiaries will be obligated to make funds available to us for the payment of dividends. Further, the agreements governing the Credit Facilities significantly restrict the ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or otherwise transfer assets to us, and we may enter into other credit agreements or borrowing arrangements in the future that restrict or limit our ability to pay cash dividends on our common stock.

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In addition, Delaware law imposes additional requirements that may restrict our ability to pay dividends to holders of our common stock.

Although we ceased to be an "emerging growth company," we can continue to take advantage of certain reduced disclosure requirements in this registration statement, which may make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We ceased to be an emerging growth company as defined in the JOBS Act on December 31, 2020, because our annual revenue for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 exceeded \$1.07 billion. However, because we ceased to be an emerging growth company after we confidentially submitted our registration statement related to this offering to the SEC, we will be treated as an emerging growth company for certain purposes until the earlier of the date on which we complete this offering and December 31, 2021. As such, we intend to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies, including (i) reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in this prospectus and (ii) not being required to provide more than two years of audited financial statements in this prospectus. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive because we have relied on these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive, there may be less demand for our common stock and the price that some investors are willing to pay for our common stock may decrease.

We expect to be a "controlled company" within the meaning of rules and, as a result, we will qualify for, and currently intend to rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements. You will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to such requirements.

After the completion of this offering, the CD&R Investor will continue to control a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock. Accordingly, we expect to be a "controlled company" within the meaning of corporate governance standards. Under the NYSE rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group or another company is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain corporate governance standards, including:

- the requirement that a majority of the board of directors consist of independent directors;
- the requirement that our Nominating and Governance Committee be composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities;
- the requirement that we have a Compensation Committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities; and
- the requirement for an annual performance evaluation of the Nominating and Governance and Compensation Committees.

Following this offering, we intend to continue to utilize these exemptions. As a result, we do not have a majority of independent directors, our Nominating and Governance Committee and Compensation Committees do not consist entirely of independent directors and such committees may not be subject to annual performance evaluations. Consequently, you will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the NYSE corporate governance rules and requirements. Our status as a controlled company could make our common stock less attractive to some investors or otherwise harm our stock price.

At such time as the CD&R Investor no longer controls a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock, we will no longer be a "controlled company" within the meaning of rules. However, we may continue to rely on exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements during a one-year transition period.

At such time as the CD&R Investor no longer controls a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock, we will no longer be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the NYSE corporate

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governance standards. The NYSE rules require that we (i) have a majority of independent directors on our board of directors within one year of the date we no longer qualify as a "controlled company," (ii) have at least one independent director on each of the Compensation and Nominating and Governance Committees on the date we no longer qualify as a "controlled company," at least a majority of independent directors on each of the Compensation and Nominating and Governance Committees within 90 days of such date and the Compensation and Nominating and Governance Committees composed entirely of independent directors within one year of such date and (iii) perform an annual performance evaluation of the Nominating and Governance and Compensation Committees. During this transition period, we may continue to utilize the available exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements as permitted by the NYSE rules. Accordingly, during the transition period, you will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the corporate governance requirements of the NYSE. Furthermore, a change in our board of directors and committee membership may result in a change in corporate strategy and operation philosophies, and may result in deviations from our current strategy.

Our Certificate of Incorporation will designate the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the sole and exclusive forum for certain litigation that may be initiated by our stockholders, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers or stockholders.

Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf, (ii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed to us or our stockholders by any of our directors, officers, other employees, agents or stockholders, (iii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim arising out of or pursuant to or seeking to enforce any right, obligation or remedy under the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL"), or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (including, without limitation, any action asserting a claim arising out of or pursuant to our Certificate of Incorporation or our By-laws) or (iv) any action or proceeding asserting a claim that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine, in each case subject to such Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware having personal jurisdiction over the indispensable parties named as defendants. It is possible that a court could find that the exclusive forum provisions described above are inapplicable for a particular claim or action or that such provision is unenforceable, and our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. As permitted by Delaware law, our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that, unless we consent in writing to the election of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder. To the fullest extent permitted by law, by becoming a stockholder in our company, you will be deemed to have notice of and have consented to the provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation related to choice of forum. The choice of forum provision in our Certificate of Incorporation may limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or any of our directors, officers, other employees, agents or stockholders, which could discourage lawsuits with respect to such claims. Additionally, a court could determine that the exclusive forum provision is unenforceable, and our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. If a court were to find these provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation inapplicable to, or unenforceable in respect of, one or more of the specified types of actions or proceedings, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements and cautionary statements. Some of the forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terms such as "believes," "expects," "may," "will," "shall," "should," "would," "could," "seeks," "aims," "projects," "is optimistic," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "anticipates" or the negative versions of these words or other comparable terms. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, all matters that are not historical facts. They appear in a number of places throughout this prospectus and include, without limitation, statements regarding our intentions, beliefs, assumptions or current expectations concerning, among other things, our financial position, results of operations, cash flows, prospects and growth strategies.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which may be outside our control. We caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance or outcomes and that actual performance and outcomes, including, without limitation, our actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the market in which we operate, may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus. In addition, even if our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows, and the development of the market in which we operate, are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus, those results or developments may not be indicative of results or developments in subsequent periods. A number of important factors, including, without limitation, the risks and uncertainties discussed under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this prospectus, could cause actual results and outcomes to differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements. Furthermore, new risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all risks and uncertainties that could have an impact on the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus. Factors that could cause actual results and outcomes to differ from those reflected in forward-looking statements include, without limitation:

- · our history of net losses, and our ability to achieve or maintain profitability in an environment of increasing expenses;
- · our ability to identify and develop successful new geographies, physician partners and payors, or to execute upon our growth initiatives;
- our ability to execute our operation strategies or to achieve results consistent with our historical performance;
- our expectation that our expenses will increase in the future and the risk that medical expenses incurred on behalf of members may exceed the amount of medical revenues we receive;
- our ability to secure contracts with MA payors or to secure MA at favorable financial terms;
- our ability to recover startup costs incurred during the initial stages of development of our physician partner relationships and program initiatives;
- our ability to obtain additional capital needed to support our business;
- significant reductions in our membership;
- challenges for our physician partners in the transition to a Total Care Model;
- inaccuracies in the estimates and assumptions we use to project the size, revenue or medical expense amounts of our target market;
- the spread of, and response to, the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, and the inability to predict the ultimate impact on us;
- inaccuracies in the estimates and assumptions we use to project our members' risk adjustment factors, medical services expense, incurred but not reported claims and earnings pursuant to payor contracts;

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- the impact of restrictive or exclusivity clauses in some of our contracts with physician partners that may prohibit us from establishing new RBEs within certain geographies in the future;
- the impact of restrictive or exclusivity clauses in some of our contracts with physician partners that may subject us to investigations or litigation;
- our ability to retain our management team and key employees or attract qualified personnel in the future;
- · our ability to realize the full value of our intangible assets and any impairment charges we have or may record;
- adverse determinations of tax matters;
- security breaches, loss of data or other disruptions to our data platforms;
- our reliance on third parties for internet infrastructure and bandwidth to operate our business and provide services to our members and physician partners;
- our ability to protect the confidentiality of our know-how and other proprietary and internally developed information;
- the impact of devoting significant attention and resources to the provision of certain transition services in connection with the disposition of our California operations;
- our subsidiaries' lack of performance or ability to fund their operations, which could require us to fund such losses;
- our dependence on a limited number of key payors;
- the limited terms of our contracts with payors and that they may not be renewed upon their expiration;
- our reliance on our payors for membership attribution and assignment, data and reporting accuracy and claims payment;
- our dependence on physician partners and other providers to effectively manage the quality and cost of care and perform obligations under payor contracts;
- difficulties in obtaining accurate and complete diagnosis data;
- our dependence on physician partners to accurately, timely and sufficiently document their services and potential False Claims Act or other liability if any diagnosis information or encounter data are inaccurate or incorrect;
- our reliance on third-party software and data to operate our business and provide services to our members and physician partners;
- the impact of consolidation in the healthcare industry;
- reductions in reimbursement rates or methodology applied to derive reimbursement from, or discontinuation of, federal government healthcare
 programs, from which we derive substantially all of our total revenue;
- uncertain or adverse economic conditions, including a downturn or decrease in government expenditures;
- · our ability to compete in our competitive industry;
- the impact of government performance standards and benchmarks on our compensation and reputation;
- statutory or regulatory changes, administrative rulings, interpretations of policy and determinations by intermediaries and governmental funding restrictions, and their impact on government funding, program coverage and reimbursements;

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- · regulatory proposals directed at containing or lowering the cost of healthcare and our participation in such proposed models;
- · we, our physician partners or affiliates being subject to federal or state investigations, audits and enforcement actions;
- regulatory inquiries and corrective action plans imposed by our payors;
- repayment obligations arising out of payor audits;
- the impact on our revenue of CMS modifying the methodology used to determine the revenue associated with MA members;
- negative publicity regarding the managed healthcare industry;
- the extensive regulation of the healthcare industry at the federal, state and local levels;
- our substantial indebtedness and the potential that we may incur additional indebtedness;
- no public market for our common stock and the potential that one may not develop;
- the significant influence the CD&R Investor has over us; and
- risks related to other factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in this prospectus.

You should read this prospectus completely and with the understanding that actual future results may be materially different from expectations. All forward-looking statements made in this prospectus are qualified by these cautionary statements. These forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this prospectus, and we do not undertake any obligation, other than as may be required by law, to update or revise any forward-looking or cautionary statements to reflect changes in assumptions, the occurrence of events, unanticipated or otherwise, and changes in future operating results over time or otherwise.

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USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that we will receive net proceeds from this offering of approximately \$943.2 million, or approximately \$1,086.0 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares, based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The principal purposes of this offering are to increase our capitalization and financial flexibility, create a public market for our common stock and enable access to the public equity market for us and our shareholders. We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for working capital and other general corporate purposes, including accelerating the growth of our existing geographies and our national network of partners, and to make available financing options to our physician partners in connection with taxes payable on shares to be distributed to them upon consummation of the offering under the partner physician group equity agreements, in an aggregate amount estimated to be approximately \$90 million to \$120 million. Additionally, if the gross proceeds from this offering exceed \$1.0 billion, the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility requires a mandatory prepayment and reduction in an amount equal to the lesser of the net cash proceeds arising from this offering and \$50.0 million. The 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility bears interest at a rate equal to the sum of, for LIBO Rate Loans: 4.00% (stepping down to 3.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the higher of (a) LIBO, as defined in the credit agreement, and (b) 0%; and the sum of, for Base Rate Loans, 3.00% (stepping down to 2.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the highest of: (a) 0.50% in excess of the overnight federal funds rate. (b) the prime rate established by the administrative agent from time to time, (c) the one-month LIBO rate (adjusted for maximum reserves) plus 1.00% and (d) 0%. The 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility will mature on February 18, 2024, or, following the consummation of this offering (so long as this offering generates total gross proceeds in excess of \$500.0 million), February 18, 2026. The proceeds from the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility were used to refinance our outstanding indebtedness under the Secured Credit Facility, and Unsecured Credit Facility, with the remaining \$30.1 million used for working capital and other general corporate purposes. Affiliates of certain of the underwriters are lenders under the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility and accordingly may receive a portion of the net proceeds of this offering. In addition, we may also use a portion of the net proceeds to establish a foundation to advance our commitment to the future of diversity and growth in primary care leadership and education and training in value-based care. We do not currently have a specific plan for a significant portion of the remaining net proceeds. As of the date of this prospectus, we cannot specify with certainty all of the particular uses of the net proceeds that we receive from this offering and, as a result, are not able to allocate the net proceeds among any potential uses at this time in light of the variety of factors that will impact how we ultimately utilize such net proceeds. Accordingly, we will have broad discretion in using these proceeds. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Common Stock and This Offering—Our management will have broad discretion over the use of the proceeds we receive in this offering and might not apply the proceeds in ways that increase the value of your investment."

A \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share would increase or decrease the net proceeds to us from this offering by \$44.3 million, assuming the number of shares offered by us remains the same and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. An increase or decrease of 1,000,000 shares in the number of shares offered by us would increase or decrease the net proceeds to us by \$20.4 million, assuming no change in the assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. The information discussed above is illustrative only and will change based on the actual initial public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing.

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DIVIDEND POLICY

We do not intend to declare or pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. We currently intend to use our future earnings, if any, to repay debt, to fund our growth, to develop our business and for working capital needs and general corporate purposes. Our ability to pay dividends to holders of our common stock is significantly limited as a practical matter by the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities insofar as we may seek to pay dividends out of funds made available to us by agilon management or its subsidiaries, because the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities restrict agilon management's ability to pay dividends or make loans to us. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness" for a description of restrictions on our ability to pay dividends under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities. Any future determination to pay dividends on our common stock will be subject to the discretion of our board of directors and depend upon various factors, including our results of operations, financial condition, liquidity requirements, capital requirements, level of indebtedness, contractual restrictions with respect to payment of dividends, restrictions imposed by Delaware law, general business conditions and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant.

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CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents and capitalization on a consolidated basis as of December 31, 2020 on an (i) actual basis and (ii) as adjusted basis giving effect to:

- the sale by us of 46,600,000 shares of our common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us; and
- the amendment and restatement of our certificate of incorporation and the reclassification of 76,201,300 shares of contingently redeemable common stock as common stock upon the completion of this offering.

You should read this table in conjunction with "Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Description of Certain Indebtedness" and our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	As of Decer	nber 31, 2020
	Actual	As Adjusted(1)
	(dollars ir	thousands)
Cash and cash equivalents(2)	\$ 106,795	\$ 1,051,115
Long-term debt(2)(3)	67,706	67,706
Mezzanine and Stockholders' Equity:		
Contingently redeemable common stock, \$0.01 par value(4)(6)	309,500	0
Common stock, \$0.01 par value(5)(6)	2,494	3,847
Additional paid-in capital	263,966	1,783,827
Accumulated deficit	(551,190)	(819,667)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(284,730)	968,007
Total capitalization	\$ 92,476	\$ 1,035,713

- (1) Each \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share would increase or decrease, as applicable, our as adjusted cash and cash equivalents, additional paid-in capital and total equity by \$44.3 million, assuming that the number of shares offered by us as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus remains the same and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses. An increase or decrease of 1,000,000 shares in the number of shares offered by us would increase or decrease the net proceeds to us by \$20.4 million, assuming no change in the assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share and after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. The information discussed above is illustrative only and will change based on the actual initial public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing.
- (2) If the gross proceeds from this offering exceed \$1.0 billion, the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility requires a mandatory prepayment and reduction in an amount equal to the lesser of the net cash proceeds arising from this offering and \$50.0 million.
- (3) As of December 31, 2020, we had \$48.6 million outstanding under the Secured Term Loan Facility and our Unsecured Term Loan Facility of \$20.0 million with a lender affiliated with the CD&R Investor. As of December 31, 2020, we had availability under the Secured Revolving Facility (as defined herein) totaling \$41.5 million and outstanding letters of credit totaling \$18.5 million. On February 18, 2021, we, through our whollyowned subsidiary agilon management entered into the 2021 Secured Credit Agreement to refinance our outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Facilities. As of February 18, 2021, \$100.0 million was outstanding under the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility and availability under the 2021 Secured Revolving Facility was \$81.5 million. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

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- (4) As of December 31, 2020, we had 76,201,300 shares and no shares, respectively, of contingently redeemable common stock issued and outstanding on an actual and as adjusted basis.
- (5) As of December 31, 2020, we had 249,373,577 shares and 384,662,194 shares, respectively, of common stock issued and outstanding on an actual and as adjusted basis.
- (6) Beginning in 2018, we issued contingently redeemable common stock to third-party investors that included a redemption feature that could require us, in certain limited circumstances, to repurchase such stock. As a result, the related capital contribution was classified as temporary equity in the mezzanine section of our consolidated balance sheet. The redemption feature will terminate upon the completion of this offering. See "Note 12. Common Stock" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The foregoing information excludes:

- 41,412,100 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of options outstanding as of March 31, 2021 at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.85 per share, of which 25,546,250 shares will be exercisable as of the consummation of this offering;
- 28,718,548 shares of common stock reserved for future issuance following this offering under our equity plans; and
- 35,400 shares of our common stock subject to outstanding RSUs granted to directors.

The foregoing information includes:

• 12,487,317 shares of common stock issuable under partner physician group equity agreements conditioned on completion of this offering (representing a number of shares equivalent to \$268.5 million at the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus). See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates—Stock-based Compensation" for additional information.

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DILUTION

If you invest in our common stock in this offering, your ownership interest will be immediately diluted to the extent of the difference between the initial public offering price per share of our common stock and the net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after this offering. Dilution results from the fact that the per share offering price of the common stock exceeds the book value per share attributable to the shares of common stock held by existing stockholders.

Our net tangible book value as of December 31, 2020 was \$(80.0) million or \$(0.25) per share. Net tangible book value per share before the offering has been determined by dividing net tangible book value, which is equal to total book value of tangible assets (excluding deferred offering costs), less total liabilities, by the number of shares of common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2020.

After giving effect to the sale of shares of our common stock sold by us in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us, our adjusted net tangible book value as of December 31, 2020 would have been \$866.0 million, or \$2.25 per share. This represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value per share of \$2.50 to the existing stockholders and an immediate and substantial dilution in net tangible book value per share of \$19.25 to new investors who purchase shares in this offering. The following table illustrates this per share dilution to new investors:

	Per Share
Assumed initial public offering price per share	\$ 21.50
Net tangible book value per share as of December 31, 2020	(0.25)
Increase in net tangible book value per share attributable to new investors in this	
offering	2.50
Adjusted net tangible book value per share after this offering	2.25
Dilution of net tangible book value per share to new investors	\$ 19.25

If the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares, the adjusted tangible book value per share after giving effect to the offering would be \$2.58 per share. This represents an immediate increase in adjusted net tangible book value of \$2.83 per share to the existing stockholders and an immediate and substantial dilution in adjusted net tangible book value of \$18.92 per share to new investors.

A \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share would increase or decrease total consideration paid by new investors and total consideration paid by all stockholders by \$44.3 million, assuming that the number of shares offered by us set forth on the front cover of this prospectus remains the same, and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us. An increase or decrease of 1,000,000 shares in the number of shares offered by us would increase or decrease the total consideration paid to us by new investors and total consideration paid to us by all stockholders by \$20.4 million, assuming an initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share remains the same and after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

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The following table summarizes, as of March 31, 2021, the total number of shares of common stock purchased from us, the total consideration paid to us and the average price per share paid by the existing stockholders and by new investors purchasing shares in this offering as well as new investors receiving shares of common stock issuable under partner physician group equity agreements conditioned on completion of this offering (amounts in thousands, except percentages and per share data):

	Shares Pu	rchased	Total Consi	deration	verage Price
	Number	Percent	Amount	Percent	r Share
Existing stockholders	325,749	84.65%	\$ 562,328	35.95%	\$ 1.73
New investors	59,087	15.35%	\$1,001,900	64.05%	\$ 16.96
Total	384,836	100.0%	\$1,564,228	100.00%	\$ 4.06

The foregoing table does not reflect stock options outstanding under our stock incentive plans or stock options to be granted after this offering. As of March 31, 2021, there were 41,412,100 stock options outstanding with an average exercise price of \$3.85 per share. The foregoing table includes 12,487,317 shares of common stock issuable under partner physician group equity agreements conditioned on completion of this offering (representing a number of shares equivalent to \$268.5 million at the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of the prospectus). See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates—Stock-based Compensation" for additional information.

After giving effect to the sale of shares by us in this offering, new investors will hold 59,087,317 shares, or 15.35% of the total number of shares of common stock after this offering and existing stockholders will hold 84.65% of the total shares outstanding. If the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full, the number of shares held by new investors will increase to 66,077,317, or 16.86% of the total number of shares of common stock after this offering, and the percentage of shares held by existing stockholders will decrease to 83.14% of the total shares outstanding.

To the extent that any of these stock options are exercised, there may be further dilution to new investors. See "Executive Compensation" and "Note 13. Stock Incentive Plan" in our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

In addition, we may choose to raise additional capital due to market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. To the extent that additional capital is raised through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of such securities could result in further dilution to our stockholders.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following information should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus and "Prospectus Summary—Summary Historical Consolidated Financial Data." The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed below and elsewhere in this prospectus, particularly under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Information."

Company Overview

Our business is transforming healthcare by empowering the PCP to be the agent for change in the communities they serve. We believe that PCPs, with their intimate patient-physician relationships, are best positioned to drive meaningful change in quality, cost and patient experience when provided with the right infrastructure and payment model. Through our combination of the agilon platform, a long-term partnership model with existing physician groups and a growing network of like-minded physicians, we are poised to revolutionize healthcare for seniors across communities throughout the United States. Our purpose-built model provides the necessary capabilities, capital and business model for existing physician groups to create a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. Our model operates by forming RBEs within local geographies, that enter into arrangements with payors providing for monthly payments to manage the total healthcare needs of our physician partners' attributed patients (or, global capitation arrangements), contract with agilon to perform certain functions and enter into long-term professional service agreements with one or more anchor physician groups pursuant to which the anchor physician groups receive a base compensation rate and share in the savings from successfully improving quality of care and reducing costs.

Our company was formed in 2016, and we established our inaugural partnership with an anchor physician group in 2017. Our ability to rapidly build scaled positions in local communities has allowed us to grow to 16 anchor physician groups and 17 geographies in fewer than five years. Our platform has enabled us to grow our total membership by 45% and revenue by 53% from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020. Currently, the PCPs on our platform serve approximately 210,000 MA members on our platform. In addition, through our participation in the CMS Innovation Center Direct Contracting Model, our PCPs are expected to serve over 50,000 Medicare FFS beneficiaries through our five currently approved DCEs. For the year ended December 31, 2020, our DCEs did not contribute to our revenue.

Our business model is differentiated by its focus on existing community-based physician groups and is built around three key elements: (1) agilon's platform; (2) agilon's long-term physician partnership approach; and (3) agilon's network. With our model, our goal is to remove the barriers that prevent community-based physicians from evolving to a Total Care Model, where the physician is empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their attributed Medicare patients.

Our platform, partnership and network model enable our physician partners to be the quarterback for healthcare delivery in their community, and successfully operate a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. This generates improving quality and cost outcomes, growing membership and increasing medical margin per member, which we share with our physician partners pursuant to our long-term partnership model. We believe this continuous improvement in patient and physician engagement and experience leads to more PCPs joining our platform and ultimately improves the success of each physician partner on the platform. As our platform grows, we believe we will be able to leverage our scale to drive additional investment in our geographies to accelerate this flywheel for the benefit of our physician partners and their patients.

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Impact of Medicare Advantage and Traditional Medicare on the Business

MA is a federal program that provides eligible persons age 65 years of age and over and some disabled persons with a variety of hospital, medical insurance and prescription drug benefits. In 2020, approximately 62 million Americans were enrolled in Medicare nationally, of which nearly 25 million, or 40%, were enrolled in MA. Medicare beneficiaries may enroll in an MA plan, under which payors contract with CMS to provide a defined range of healthcare services that are comparable to Medicare FFS (which is also referred to as "traditional Medicare").

The Direct Contracting Model is a voluntary payment model option aimed at reducing expenditures and preserving or enhancing quality of care for beneficiaries in Medicare established by the CMS Innovation Center that is set to begin in the first half of 2021. A key aspect of the Direct Contracting Model is providing new opportunities for us to participate in value-based care arrangements directly with our existing physician partners for their current Medicare members. In each community we serve, our Total Care Model can be extended to our physician partners' patients enrolled in traditional Medicare through the Direct Contracting Model. We have applied and been approved to participate in the program through five currently approved DCEs. Because of the size and scale of our network, we expect to be able to serve over 50,000 Medicare FFS beneficiaries in 2021 through the Direct Contracting Model.

Under MA, CMS issues a fixed PMPM premium, or capitation payment, to payors in exchange for providing defined healthcare benefits to attributed MA members. Under the typical capitation arrangement, we are entitled to monthly PMPM fees from payors to provide a defined range of healthcare services for MA health plan members attributed to our PCPs. These PMPM fees comprise our medical services revenue and are determined as a percent of the premium payors receive from CMS for these members. The amount of the monthly premium payment varies based on the county in which a member resides, adjusted for demographic and health risk factors. CMS assigns to each member a "risk adjustment factor," which is based on, among other things, the member's age, gender and diagnosed disease conditions, and is utilized by CMS to determine the amount of monthly premium payment paid to payors. MA revenue received by us is subject to federal government reviews and audits which can result, and have resulted, in retroactive and prospective revenue adjustments.

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

Growing Medicare Advantage Membership on Our Platform

Membership and revenue are tied to the number of members attributed to our physician partners by our payors. We believe we have multiple avenues to serve additional members, including through:

- Adding new physician partnerships through the expansion into new geographies,
- Growth in membership in existing geographies as a result of:
 - Patients who are attributed to our physician partners who (a) age into Medicare and elect to enroll in MA or (b) elect to convert from Medicare FFS to MA, and
 - Growth in the number of PCPs at existing physician partners, expanding our physician partners' capacity to care for a greater membership population.

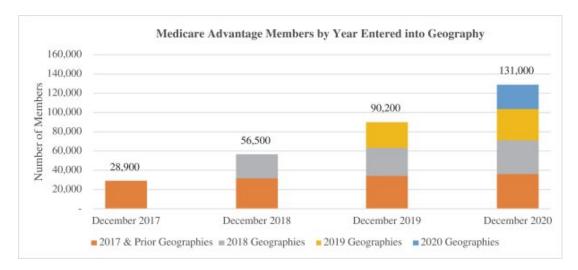
The retention of existing members is also important to our membership and revenue growth. We believe we are well-positioned to continue our relationships with existing members due to the sticky patient-physician relationship, 13-year average physician tenure at our anchor physician groups and long-term agreements with anchor physician groups that are typically 20-years in duration.

The strength of our multi-pronged growth strategy is evident by our growth from 2017 to 2020. At December 31, 2020, we managed global risk for 131,000 members on our platform as compared to 28,900

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members at December 31, 2017, representing a compound annual growth rate ("CAGR") of 65% over this period. Additionally, we have approximately 49,000 additional MA members with physician groups contracted to go-live on January 1, 2022.

The chart and table below illustrate membership growth since 2017:



	MA Memi	bership		
December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31 2020	CAGR
28,900	31,400	33,700	36,700	8%
_	25,100	29,700	35,500	19%
_	_	26,800	33,000	23%
			25,800	
28,900	56,500	90,200	131,000	65%
	2017 28,900 — — —	December 31, 2017 December 31, 2018 28,900 31,400 — 25,100 — —	2017 2018 2019 28,900 31,400 33,700 — 25,100 29,700 — — 26,800 — — —	December 31, 2017 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2019 December 31 2020 28,900 31,400 33,700 36,700 — 25,100 29,700 35,500 — 26,800 33,000 — - 25,800

Expanding into New Geographies

The proven exportability of our platform, partnership and network model positions us to expand into new geographies by establishing new regional hubs across the country. We have historically demonstrated success in effectively establishing new geographies. We have entered into 17 geographies within eight states, which includes three geographies that became operational in January 2021 and six geographies that will become operational in January 2022. We believe growth in the MA market overall will further increase our market opportunity. We consider our current addressable market to be the estimated 17.5 million Medicare beneficiaries affiliated with independent PCPs in states in which we already have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021, and those in which we have identified near-term prioritized geographies. Based on 2021 estimated average annual revenue per Medicare member to us of approximately \$10,000, we estimate that this represents a total addressable market size of approximately \$175 billion in 2020.

Our business development team maintains an active pipeline of new partnership opportunities. These potential opportunities are developed through significant inbound interest through the powerful network effect we have seen from our highly engaged existing physician partners, our proactive assessment of the independent provider market landscape and opportunities identified through our strategic relationships with national payors. With partnership dialogue and implementation planning often commencing 12 months prior to standing up operations in a given

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geography, we have significant forward visibility into new membership and associated revenue coming onto the platform. We currently have approximately 49,000 MA members with physician groups for which we are contracted to go live on January 1, 2022. Furthermore, in January of each year we typically have visibility into greater than 90% of that year's projected revenue.

Growing Members in Existing Geographies

Within our existing geographies, our attributed membership grows through:

- Patients who are attributed to our physician partners who age-in to Medicare and elect to enroll in MA or otherwise transition to MA.
- Growth in the number of PCPs at existing physician partners, expanding our physician partners' capacity to care for a greater membership population.

We have three anchor geographies on the platform that have been live for two or three years that have grown at an average CAGR of 18% over the course of their time on our platform. Our anchor geography that went live January 1, 2018 has grown at a CAGR of 17% over the last three years and the two anchor geographies that went live January 1, 2019 have grown at an average CAGR of 24% over the last two years.

Patients who are attributed to our physician partners who age-in or transition to MA

We have embedded growth opportunity within our existing PCP base. Our physician partners' patient panels include individuals anticipated to reach Medicare eligibility in the next five years who may elect to enroll in MA and existing Medicare FFS patients who may elect to transition to MA. Across our current physician partners, we estimate this opportunity to be approximately 375,000 members. These existing patients represent a large, growing and durable source of potential attributed member growth. As these patients enroll in MA through our payors, they become attributed to our platform with little incremental cost to us. We expect this embedded opportunity will continue to grow as we enter new geographies and add PCPs to our network who serve under-65 commercially insured patients and Medicare FFS patients.

Growth in the number of PCPs in our local geographies

We seek to increase the number of PCPs on our platform in local geographies and, through that, increase capacity to serve the approximately two million Medicare lives in our existing communities through:

- Affiliated physician groups recruiting new PCPs.
- Affiliated physician groups acquiring other physician groups.
- Contract with additional local physicians and physician groups by leveraging our local infrastructure and existing subscription-like PMPM
 agreements with payors.

Growing Medical Services Revenue

We expect to have significant visibility to our future revenue as our partnerships with our anchor physician groups are typically structured as 20-year partnerships for the MA line of business. Based on a 2004 study, patients 65 years of age and older remain with their PCP for an average of 10 years, and this sticky patient-physician relationship is further reinforced by a 13-year average physician tenure at our anchor physician groups. These relationships, when combined with the fixed monthly payment dynamics of the MA reimbursement model, create an extremely powerful long-term subscription-like revenue model.

Our medical services revenue consists of capitation revenue under contracts with various payors. Under the typical capitation arrangement, we are entitled to monthly PMPM fees to provide a defined range of healthcare

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services for MA health plan members through our contracted physician partners and affiliated PCPs. Such fees are typically based on a defined percentage of corresponding premium which payors receive from CMS. We generally accept full financial risk for members attributed to us through our contracted PCPs and, therefore, are responsible for the cost of all healthcare services required by those members. We recognize capitation revenue over the period eligible members are entitled to receive healthcare services. We expect that our PMPM revenue will continue to improve the longer our members are on our platform as we better understand and assess their health status (acuity) and coordinate their medical care.

We have been able to increase our revenue by growing our network in existing geographies, expanding into new geographies, and attracting new PCPs to join our existing physician partners on our platform in existing geographies. During the year ended December 31, 2020, we generated medical services revenue of \$1.2 billion compared to \$196.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Growing Medical Margin

Medical margin represents the amount earned from medical services revenue after medical services expenses are deducted. Our profitability depends to a significant degree on our ability to accurately predict and effectively manage our medical margin, through improving healthcare quality and effectively managing costs. We believe our membership and per-member profitability will grow over time due to structural characteristics inherent to our long-term partnerships, durable and growing MA membership within our physician partners and the nature of the MA economic model.

Through our platform, partnership and network model, we enter a geography by creating a long-term partnership with an existing physician group. After we enter a geography, our local network in that geography grows through our low cost and increasingly cost-efficient multi-pronged growth strategy. We also seek to grow medical margin over the course of our partnerships through this growth in our local networks and through improvement of per member medical margin, through improving healthcare quality and effectively managing costs. Medical margin and the pace of medical margin growth is influenced by the historical performance of our anchor physician groups in population health, regional variance in MA premium and healthcare utilization, the rate of member growth in the geography, per member revenue growth, and medical expenses associated with a member's healthcare delivery. As our membership matures and our physician partners become more adept at effectively managing the continuum of care of our members under a Total Care Model, we have observed that the profitability (measured by medical margin PMPM) of our live geographies typically increases over time.

Two critical factors that enhance our ability to improve medical margin over a long period of time that we believe are unique to our model are (i) our anchor physician groups are critical components of their local healthcare delivery system, having operated in their local geographies for more than 40 years, developing relationships with specialists, hospitals and post-acute facilities, enhancing their ability to coordinate care and (ii) our ability to deliver actionable insight at the patient and physician level through our aligned partnership model with peer-to-peer physician feedback driving accountability and accelerating the pace of change to a Total Care Model.

The power of our model is reflected in the relative performance of our network when compared to local FFS benchmarks. For example, in 2019, our members' ER utilization was 42% lower than the local FFS benchmark, inpatient acute utilization was 47% lower than the local FFS benchmark and hospital re-admission rate was 26% lower than the local FFS benchmark.

This has resulted in improving year-over-year performance in our anchor physician groups and acceleration of performance in our geographies that are newer to our platform versus markets that joined the platform previously. This ongoing improvement has occurred while membership during that same period in such geographies grew.

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The information below illustrates average membership and medical margin PMPM growth for our anchor physician groups that have been operational for more than two years. The medical margin PMPM data presented below reflect the ongoing dilutive impact of new members in any year. Medical margin profiles of cohorts of members grouped by enrollment year have historically improved over their duration on our platform.

		Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	CAGR
1	Average Membership	21,488	24,456	28,124	34,140	17%
Geography 1	Medical Margin PMPM	\$76	\$132	\$142	\$201	38%
	Average Membership	6,871	8,291	9,851		20%
Geography 2	Medical Margin PMPM	\$21	\$40	\$154		169%
	Average Membership	14,790	17,014	21,636		21%
Geography 3	Medical Margin PMPM	(\$18)	\$32	\$55		n/m

Note: Year 0 is the period of implementation prior to a geography being live. Year 0 statistics are attributable to the respective geography before joining on our platform.

The following table incorporates all live geographies on our platform regardless of time on the platform. We have also included Hawaii in our year 3+ geographies, which is different than our traditional anchor physician group model because Hawaii is not a single partner structure, but is a network of contracted physicians and accepts delegation of certain traditional health plan functions from our contracted payors, such as utilization review, provider network development and claims adjudication. The information below illustrates the medical margin maturity in our live geographies inclusive of the geographies that went live in 2020 and are considered to be in year 1 of their maturity cycle. We believe medical margin rates within any geography will continue to increase over the course of our long-term partnerships, as cohorts of members within the geography are on our platform for longer periods of time. With 70% of our members on our platform for fewer than three years, we believe that we are well-positioned to benefit from significant embedded margin growth from our long-term economic model by improving healthcare outcomes and effectively managing costs.

		2018	2019	2020	CAGR
Year 3+	Average Membership	55,535	61,299	70,053	12%
Geographies	Medical Margin PMPM	\$83	\$72	\$139	30%
Year 2	Average Membership		25,306	31,488	24%
Geographies	Medical Margin PMPM		\$35	\$86	146%
Year 1	Average Membership			24,708	
Geographies	Medical Margin PMPM			\$146	

Medical margin and the pace of medical margin growth is influenced by the historical performance of our anchor physician groups in population health, regional variance in MA premium and healthcare utilization, the rate of member growth in the geography, per member revenue growth, and medical expenses associated with a member's healthcare delivery. For this reason, in future periods, we expect to have geographies with different

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medical margin PMPM starting points and trajectories. While we believe the data reflected in the preceding tables accurately reflects the directional margin maturity trends in our geographies, the most recent year includes the impact of utilization avoidance resulting from COVID-19. We cannot accurately estimate the net ultimate impact to medical services expense at this time. See "—Impact of COVID-19."

Achieving Operating Efficiencies

As a result of our aligned partnership model and ability to grow our platform through our low cost and increasingly cost-efficient model, we generate operating efficiencies at both the geography and enterprise level. Our geography operating expenses, which include regionally-based support personnel and other operating costs to support our geographies, are expected to decrease over time as a percentage of revenue as our physician partners add members and our revenue grows. Our operating expenses at the enterprise level include resources and technology to support payor contracting, clinical program development, quality, data management, finance and legal functions. We continue to enhance existing service offerings by designing and developing technology and clinical solutions that can be leveraged by the entire platform across all geographies. While we expect our absolute investment in our enterprise resources to increase over time, we expect it will decrease as a percentage of revenue when we are able to scale this investment across a broader group of physician partners and our attributed membership. We expect our general and administrative expenses to increase in absolute dollars in the future as we continue to invest to support growth of our business, as well as due to the costs required to operate as a public company, including resulting from increased cost of insurance coverage, investments in internal audit, investor relations and financial reporting functions, fees paid to the exchange on which we list our securities and increased legal and audit fees. The operating efficiencies we are able to achieve with our aligned partnership model have enabled us to grow operating costs to support live geographies and enterprise functions by 12% year-over-year for the year ended December 31, 2020, while revenue grew 53% over the same period.

The table below illustrates our live geographies and enterprise level operating expenses since 2018 (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2019	2020
Platform supporting costs	\$59,254	\$89,266	\$99,943
% of Revenue	13%	11%	8%
Note: Represents costs to support our live geographies and enterprise functions, which are in	icluded in general and ad	ministrative expense	es.

Investing in Growth

We expect to continue to focus on long-term growth through investments in onboarding new geographies onto our platform and supporting the continued growth of physicians in our existing geographies. Our new geography investments include establishing local market infrastructure and investments to drive the improvement in cost and quality ahead of a geography becoming live. Following the launch of our foundational partnership with COPC in 2017, the average total launch cost, including both implementation year costs and initial losses (if applicable), for subsequent partnerships has been \$4.2 million.

We intend to continue to invest in improving the agilon platform and our technology to drive medical margin growth and enable further reinvestment in local care delivery. We also intend to continue to invest in growing our existing geographies by attracting new PCPs to join our local physician partners. In support of that, we may provide capital support to accelerate the recruitment of new PCPs to our anchor partners. Accordingly, in the short term, we expect our operating expenses to increase. However, in the long term, we anticipate that these investments will positively impact our results of operations.

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Impact of Seasonality

Our business is influenced by seasonality in the following primary manners:

- Growth in New Membership—While new members are attributed to our platform throughout the year, our largest amount of growth typically occurs in January of each year. Operations in our new geographies generally begin on January 1, at which time our MA payors attribute members from our new physician partners to our platform as our agreements with those payors in those geographies become effective. This coincides with the beginning of the Medicare program year. Similarly, our same market growth within a given year is typically greatest in January, as a result of the outcome of the Medicare Open Enrollment Period (sometimes called Annual Election Period or AEP), which runs each year from October 15 to December 7.
- Per Member Revenue—Our revenue is a function of the percent of premium we have negotiated with our payors as well as our ability to accurately and appropriately document the acuity of a member's total health status. We experience an element of seasonality with respect to our average per member revenue as it generally declines over the course of a given year. This results from the monthly cycle of (i) attributed members aging into Medicare, who typically have lower acuity profiles (and, therefore, lower average per member revenue rates) and (ii) older members with more severe acuity profiles (and, therefore, higher per member revenue rates) expiring. Additionally, in January of each year, CMS resets county-level benchmark rates, the risk adjustment factor for each member based upon health conditions documented in the prior year, and other components of premium revenue. The collective impact of these revisions has historically led to an increase in our average per member revenue.
- Medical Expense—Medical expense is driven by utilization of healthcare services by attributed membership. There are seasonal factors that can influence healthcare utilization, such as the flu season or the number of calendar or working days in a given period.

Impact of COVID-19

Since March 2020, we have implemented precautionary measures to protect the health and safety of our employees, physicians and members in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic. Because COVID-19 infections have been reported throughout the United States, certain national, provincial, state and local governmental authorities have issued proclamations and/or directives aimed at minimizing the spread of COVID-19. Additional, more restrictive proclamations and/or directives may be issued in the future.

The ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our operations is unknown and will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the duration of the COVID-19 outbreak, new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic and any additional preventative and protective actions that governments, or we, may direct, which may result in an extended period of continued business disruption. The ultimate impact of these matters to us and our financial condition cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Throughout most of 2020, our members incurred lower healthcare costs than we would have otherwise expected, which resulted in lower medical services expenses incurred. Average medical services expense per member declined 3% relative to 2019. This reduction was impacted by the temporary deferral of non-essential care amid the COVID-19 pandemic and improved medical cost management, among other factors. These costs may be incurred at future points in time, and it is possible that the deferral of healthcare services, or the impact of our members (who are seniors typically with chronic conditions) being diagnosed with COVID-19, could cause additional health problems in our existing members, which could increase our costs in the future. We cannot accurately estimate the net ultimate impact, positive or negative, to medical services expense at this time.

Given the disruption caused by COVID-19, it is unclear whether our physicians will be able to document the health conditions of our members as comprehensively as they did in historical periods. Because risk adjustment factors in the current period are based on the preceding year's diagnosed disease conditions, our revenue in future periods may be adversely impacted.

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On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") was enacted to provide economic relief to individuals and businesses facing economic hardship as a result of the COVID-19 public health emergency. The CARES Act includes, among other things, provisions relating to payroll tax credits and deferrals, net operating loss carryback periods, alternative minimum tax credits refunds, modifications to the net interest deduction limitations and technical corrections to tax depreciation methods for qualified improvement property. The changes in tax law did not have a material impact on our results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2020. We will continue to monitor possible future impacts of changes in tax legislation.

See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business—The spread of, and response to, the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, underscores certain risks we face and the rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact to us of COVID-19."

Key Financial and Operating Metrics

All of our key metrics exclude historical results from our California operations, which are included as discontinued operations in our consolidated financial statements. See "—California Operations."

We monitor the following key financial and operating metrics to help us evaluate our business, identify trends affecting our business, formulate business plans and make strategic decisions. We believe the following key metrics are useful in evaluating our business (dollars in thousands):

	As of a	nd for the Year E	nded
		December 31,	
	2020	2019	% change
MA members(1)	131,000	90,200	45%
Medical services revenue	\$1,214,270	\$788,566	54%
Medical margin	\$ 192,393	\$ 63,192	204%
Network contribution(2)	\$ 99,016	\$ 25,598	287%
Adjusted EBITDA(2)	\$ 5,827	\$ (56,711)	110%

- (1) Excludes MA members with physician groups contracted to go-live on January 1, 2021.
- (2) Network contribution and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. See "—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for additional information, including reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measures.

Medicare Advantage Members

Our MA members include all individuals enrolled in an MA plan that are attributed to the PCPs on our platform at the end of a given period.

Medical Services Revenue

Our medical services revenue consists of capitation revenue under contracts with various payors. Under the typical capitation arrangement, we are entitled to PMPM fees to provide a defined range of healthcare services for MA health plan members through our contracted physician partners and affiliated PCPs. Such fees are typically based on a defined percentage of corresponding premium which payors receive from CMS. We recognize capitation revenue over the period eligible members are entitled to receive healthcare services.

Medical Margin

Medical margin represents the amount earned from medical services revenue after medical services expenses are deducted. Medical services expense represents costs incurred for medical services provided to our

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members. As our platform matures over time, we expect medical margin to increase in absolute dollars. However, medical margin PMPM may vary as the percentage of new members brought onto our platform fluctuates. New membership added to the platform is typically dilutive to medical margin PMPM. Furthermore, in light of COVID-19, we continue to evaluate the ultimate impact of the pandemic on medical margin.

The following table presents our medical margin (dollars in thousands):

	Year En Decemb	
	2020	2019
Medical services revenue	\$ 1,214,270	\$ 788,566
Medical services expense	(1,021,877)	(725,374)
Medical margin	\$ 192,393	\$ 63,192

Network Contribution

We define network contribution as medical services revenue less the sum of: (i) medical services expense and (ii) other medical expenses excluding costs incurred in implementing geographies. Other medical expenses consist of physician incentive expense related to surplus sharing and other direct medical expenses incurred to improve care for our members. We believe this metric provides insight into the economics of our Total Care Model as it includes all medical services expense associated with our members' care as well as partner incentive and additional medical costs we incur as part of our aligned partnership model. Other medical expenses are largely variable and proportionate to the level of surplus in each respective geography.

The following table presents our network contribution (dollars in thousands):

	Year En Decembe	
	2020	2019
Medical services revenue	\$ 1,214,270	\$ 788,566
Medical services expense	(1,021,877)	(725,374)
Other medical expenses—live geographies(1)	(93,377)	(37,594)
Network contribution	\$ 99,016	\$ 25,598

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See "—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for information regarding our use of network contribution and a reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to network contribution.

Adjusted EBITDA

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) adjusted to exclude: (i) income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, (ii) interest expense, (iii) income tax expense (benefit), (iv) depreciation and amortization costs, (v) geography entry costs, (vi) share-based compensation expense, (vii) severance and related expense and (viii) certain other items that are not considered by us in the evaluation of ongoing operating performance. Net income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP measure to Adjusted EBITDA.

See "—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for information regarding our use of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes costs in geographies for which we are contracted to go live in January of the following period. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, costs incurred in implementing geographies were \$8.9 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

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California Operations

During 2020, we implemented a plan to divest all of our California operations, which includes the entirety of our Medicaid line of business, via three separate transactions with different parties. In August 2020, we disposed of our Southern California operations for a gross sale price of \$2.5 million and recognized a gain on sale of \$1.3 million. In October 2020, we disposed of our Fresno, California operations for a gross sales price of \$26.0 million and recognized a gain on sale of approximately \$19.1 million. In December 2020, we signed a definitive agreement to sell our remaining California operations for a gross sales price of \$1.0 million. The sale closed in February 2021. For the Southern California and Fresno divestiture transactions, we will continue to be responsible for any liabilities arising from the business which were incurred prior to the closing date of each transaction, including any fines, penalties and other sanctions relating to the DMHC matter described elsewhere in this prospectus, the payment of claims for medical services incurred prior to the effective date of each transaction, a liability for unrecognized tax benefits for which we are indemnified and other contingent liabilities that we currently believe are remote. See "Note 8. Medical Claims and Related Payables," "Note 14. Income Taxes" and "Note 19. Discontinued Operations" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our California operations are reflected in the consolidated financial statements as discontinued operations. Income (loss) from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2020 includes \$3.7 million of severance related to the disposition of our California operations.

Key Components of Our Results of Operations

Revenues

Medical Services Revenue

Our medical services revenue consists of capitation revenue under contracts with various payors. Under the typical capitation arrangement, we are entitled to PMPM fees to provide a defined range of healthcare services for MA health plan members through our contracted physician partners and affiliated PCPs. Such fees are typically based on a defined percentage of corresponding premium which payors receive from CMS. We recognize capitation revenue over the period eligible members are entitled to receive healthcare services.

Medical services revenue constitutes substantially all of our total revenue, accounting for 100% and 99% of our total revenues for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

For additional discussion related to our revenue, see "—Critical Accounting Estimates—Revenue Recognition" and Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Operating Expenses

Medical Services Expense

In each of our geographies, a network of physicians, hospitals and other healthcare providers provide care to our members. Medical services expense represents costs incurred for medical services provided to our members. Our medical services expense trends primarily relate to changes in per visit costs incurred by our members, along with changes in health system and provider utilization of services. Medical services expenses are recognized in the period in which services are provided and include estimates of our obligations for medical services that have been rendered by third parties, but for which claims have either not yet been received, processed or paid.

For additional discussion related to our medical services expense, see "—Critical Accounting Estimates— Medical Services Expense and Related Payables" and Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

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Other Medical Expenses

Other medical expenses include: (i) partner physician incentive expense and (ii) other provider costs. Partner physician incentive expense represents incentive obligations to our physician partners corresponding to a portion of the surplus generated in our geographies, which is a function of medical services revenues less the sum of medical services expenses, other provider costs and market operating costs, for the respective geography. Physician payment amounts payable are reconciled quarterly, and settlement payments are typically issued to providers on an annual basis in arrears, with interim payments issued periodically. Other provider costs include payments for additional incentives support physician-patient engagement, certain other medical costs, and other care management expenses that help to create medical cost efficiency. Other provider costs include costs incurred for payments for geographies that are in implementation and are not yet generating revenue.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses consist of market-based support personnel and other operating costs to support our geographies, personnel and other operating costs to support our enterprise functions, and investments to support development and expansion of our physician partners. Our enterprise functions include salaries and related expenses, stock-based compensation, operational support expenses, technology infrastructure, finance, legal, as well as other costs associated with the continued growth of our platform. For the purposes of calculating physician partner incentive expense, we allocate a portion of our enterprise general and administrative expenses to our geographies.

General and administrative expenses also include severance, investments to support the development and expansion of our physician partners, management fees paid to our majority shareholder and accruals for unasserted claims.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses are associated with our property and equipment and acquired intangible assets. Depreciation includes expenses associated with buildings, computer and network equipment, furniture and fixtures, and leasehold improvements. Amortization primarily includes expenses associated with acquired intangible assets.

Other Income (Expense)

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net includes the following items:

- Interest income, which consists primarily of interest earned on our cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents; and
- Equity income (loss) from unconsolidated joint ventures.

Interest Expense

Interest expense consists primarily of interest expense associated with our outstanding debt, including amortization of debt discounts and costs.

Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

We are subject to corporate U.S. federal, state and local income taxation. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management believes it is not more likely than not to be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income.

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Management makes estimates and judgments about future taxable income based on assumptions that are consistent with our plans and estimates.

Total Discontinued Operations

Total discontinued operations consist of the results of our California operations, which includes the entirety of our Medicaid line of business.

Results of Operations

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Revenues:	(dollars in t	housands)
Medical services revenue	\$ 1,214,270	\$ 788,566
Other operating revenue	4,063	5,845
Total revenues	1,218,333	794,411
Expenses:		,,,,,,
Medical services expense	1,021,877	725,374
Other medical expenses	102,306	40,526
General and administrative	137,292	122,832
Depreciation and amortization	13,531	12,253
Total expenses	1,275,006	900,985
Income (loss) from operations	(56,673)	(106,574)
Other income (expense):	, ,	
Other income (expense), net	2,465	955
Interest expense	(8,135)	(9,068)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(62,343)	(114,687)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(865)	232
Income from continuing operations	(63,208)	(114,455)
Discontinued operations:		
Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes	(20,049)	(86,108
Impairments	_	(98,343
Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net	20,401	_
Income tax benefit (expense)	2,804	16,166
Total discontinued operations	3,156	(168,285)
Net income (loss)	(60,052)	(282,740)
Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations	<u> </u>	152
Net income (loss) attributable to common shares	\$ (60,052)	\$ (282,588)

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The following table presents our results of operations as a percentage of total revenues:

	Year Ended Dec	ember 31,
	2020	2019
Revenues:		
Medical services revenue	100%	99%
Other operating revenue		1
Total revenues	100%	100
Expenses:		
Medical services expense	84	91
Other medical expenses	8	5
General and administrative	11	15
Depreciation and amortization	1	2
Total expenses	105	113
ncome (loss) from operations	(5)	(13)
Other income (expense):		
Other income (expense), net		_
Interest expense	(1)	(1)
ncome (loss) before income taxes	(5)	(14)
Income tax benefit (expense)	_	
ncome from continuing operations	(5)	(14)
Discontinued operations:		
Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes	(2)	(11)
Impairments	_	(12)
Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net	2	_
Income tax benefit (expense)		2
Total discontinued operations		(21)
Net income (loss)	(5)	(36)
Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations	<u>—</u>	<u> </u>
Net income (loss) attributable to common shares	(5)%	(36)%

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

Medical Services Revenue

	Year En					
	December	December 31,		<u>:</u>		
	2020	2019	\$	%		
		(dollars in thousands)				
Medical services revenue	\$1,214,270	\$788,566	\$425,704	54%		
% of total revenues	100%	99%				

Medical services revenue increased by 54%, due primarily to growth in average membership of 46% which was attributable to four new geographies that began to generate revenue in 2020 and growth in our existing geographies. The increase in medical services revenue was also driven, to a lesser extent, by a 6% increase in PMPM capitation rates.

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Medical Services Expense

		Year Ended December 31.		Change	
	2020	2019	\$	%	
		(dollars in thousands)			
Medical services expense	\$1,021,877	\$725,374	\$296,503	41%	
% of total revenues	84%	91%			

Medical services expense increased by 41% due to average membership growth of 46%, partially offset by a decrease in average medical services expense per member of 3%, which was impacted by the temporary deferral of non-essential care amid the COVID-19 pandemic and improved medical cost management.

Other Medical Expenses

		Year Ended December 31,		Change	
	2020	2019	\$	%	
		(dollars in thousands)			
Other medical expenses	\$102,306	\$40,526	\$61,780	152%	
% of total revenues	8%	5%			

Other medical expenses increased by \$61.8 million, or 152%, for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to 2019. Partner physician incentive expense increased by \$45.9 million to \$65.3 million in 2020 compared to \$19.4 million in 2019, which is a result of improvements in medical margin and expenses incurred for geographies that became operational in 2020. Other provider costs increased by \$16.0 million to \$37.0 million in 2020 compared to \$21.0 million in 2019, resulting from the increase in the number of geographies and members on our platform. Other provider costs for the year ended December 31, 2020 include \$8.9 million of costs related to geographies that became operational in January 2021. In addition, for a geography in which we commenced implementation and became operational in 2020 we incurred \$2.1 million of other provider costs. Other provider costs for the year ended December 31, 2019 include \$2.9 million of costs related to geographies that became operational in 2020.

General and Administrative

		Year Ended December 31,		Change	
	2020	2019	\$	%	
		(dollars in thousands)			
General and administrative	\$137,292	\$122,832	\$14,460	12%	
% of total revenues	11%	15%			

General and administrative expenses increased \$14.5 million, or 12%, for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to 2019. Operating costs to support our live geographies and enterprise functions increased by \$10.9 million to \$100.0 million in 2020 compared to \$89.1 million in 2019 due primarily to growth in operating costs incurred to support geographies that became operational in 2020, including \$1.4 million of cost to support a geography in which we commenced implementation and became operational in 2020. Operating costs to support our live geographies and enterprise functions as a percentage of revenue decreased from 11% to 8% during the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2020, respectively. Investments to support geography entry increased to \$17.9 million in 2020, compared to \$6.9 million in 2019 due to increased costs associated with our geographies that become operational in the following calendar year. In aggregate, costs incurred for severance, stock-based compensation and fees paid to our majority shareholder increased to \$12.0 million in 2020, compared to \$10.0 million in 2019, while accruals for unasserted claims decreased by \$9.4 million to \$7.4 million in 2020 compared to \$16.8 million in 2019.

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Total Discontinued Operations

		Ended				
	Decen	December 31,		Change		
	2020	2019	\$	%		
		(dollars in thousands)				
Total discontinued operations	\$3,156	\$(168,285)	\$171,441	102%		
% of total revenues	0%	(21)%				

Total discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2020 generated income of \$3.2 million compared to losses of \$168.3 million in 2019. During 2020, we completed the dispositions of our Southern California and Fresno operations, recognizing aggregate gain on sales of \$20.4 million. The year ended December 31, 2019 included: (i) intangible asset impairments of \$98.3 million and (ii) \$21.4 million of accelerated amortization expense on an abandoned intangible asset. Additionally, medical margin and general and administrative expenses related to discontinued operations declined during 2020 as a result of our planned disposition of California operations. For additional discussion related to discontinued operations, see Note 19 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to providing results that are determined in accordance with GAAP, we present network contribution and Adjusted EBITDA, which are non-GAAP financial measures.

We define network contribution as medical services revenue less the sum of: (i) medical services expense and (ii) other medical expenses excluding costs incurred in implementing geographies. Other medical expenses consist of physician incentive expense related to surplus sharing and other direct medical expenses incurred to improve care for our members. We believe this metric provides insight into the economics of our Total Care Model as it includes all medical services expense associated with our members' care as well as partner incentive and additional medical costs we incur as part of our aligned partnership model. Other medical expenses are largely variable and proportionate to the level of surplus in each respective geography.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) adjusted to exclude: (i) income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, (ii) interest expense, (iii) income tax expense (benefit), (iv) depreciation and amortization expense, (v) geography entry costs, (vi) share-based compensation expense, (vii) severance and related costs and (viii) certain other items that are not considered by us in the evaluation of ongoing operating performance.

Income (loss) from operations is the most directly comparable GAAP measure to network contribution. Net income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP measure to Adjusted EBITDA.

We believe network contribution and Adjusted EBITDA help identify underlying trends in our business and facilitate evaluation of period-to-period operating performance of our live geographies by eliminating items that are variable in nature and not considered by us in the evaluation of ongoing operating performance, allowing comparison of our recurring core business operating results over multiple periods. We also believe network contribution and Adjusted EBITDA provide useful information about our operating results, enhance the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects, and allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics we use for financial and operational decision-making. We believe network contribution and Adjusted EBITDA or similarly titled non-GAAP measures are widely used by investors, securities analysts, ratings agencies, and other parties in evaluating companies in our industry as a measure of financial performance. Other companies may calculate network contribution and Adjusted EBITDA or similarly-titled non-GAAP measures differently from the way we calculate these metrics. As a result, our presentation of network contribution and Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

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Adjusted EBITDA is not considered a measure of financial performance under GAAP, and the items excluded therefrom are significant components in understanding and assessing our financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to such GAAP measures as net income (loss), cash flows provided by or used in operating, investing or financing activities or other financial statement data presented in our consolidated financial statements as an indicator of financial performance or liquidity. Some of these limitations are:

- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital needs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense, or the requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on debt;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect income tax expense (benefit) or the cash requirements to pay taxes;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect historical cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- Although depreciation and amortization charges are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements; and
- The expenses and other items that we exclude in our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA may differ from the expenses and other items, if any, that other companies may exclude from similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to network contribution using data derived from our consolidated financial statements for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

		December 31,		
	2020	2019		
Income (loss) from operations	\$ (56,673)	\$(106,574)		
Other operating revenue	(4,063)	(5,845)		
Other medical expenses	102,306	40,526		
Other medical expenses (live geographies)(1)	(93,377)	(37,594)		
General and administrative	137,292	122,832		
Depreciation and amortization	13,531	12,253		
Network contribution	\$ 99,016	\$ 25,598		

⁽¹⁾ Represents physician incentive expense related to surplus sharing and other direct medical expenses incurred to improve care for our members in our live geographies. Excludes costs in geographies for which we are contracted to go live in January of the following period. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, costs incurred in implementing geographies were \$8.9 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

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The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA using data derived from our consolidated financial statements for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Net income (loss)	\$(60,052)	\$(282,588)	
(Income) loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(3,156)	168,285	
Interest expense	8,135	9,068	
Income tax expense (benefit)	865	(232)	
Depreciation and amortization	13,531	12,253	
Geography entry costs(1)	27,100	9,787	
Severance and related costs	4,009	3,675	
Management fees(2)	1,530	1,885	
Stock-based compensation expense	6,472	4,399	
Other(3)	7,393	16,757	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 5,827	\$ (56,711)	

- (1) Represents direct geography entry costs, including investments to develop and expand our platform, physician incentive expense, employee-related expenses and marketing. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, (i) \$8.9 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, are included in other medical expenses and (ii) \$17.9 million and \$6.9 million, respectively, are included in general and administrative expenses.
- (2) Represents management fees and other expenses paid to CD&R. In connection with our initial public offering, we expect to terminate our consulting agreement with CD&R. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."
- (3) Primarily relates to changes in non-cash accruals for unasserted claims.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

We have historically financed our operations primarily through funds generated from our capitation arrangements with payors, issuances of equity securities and borrowings under the Credit Facilities. We generate cash primarily from our contracts with payors, and we generally invest any excess cash in money market accounts, which are classified as cash and cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2020, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$106.8 million.

We expect to continue to incur operating losses and generate negative cash flows from operations for the foreseeable future due to the investments we intend to continue to make in expanding our business and additional general and administrative costs we expect to incur to operate as a public company. As a result, we may require additional capital resources to execute strategic initiatives to grow our business.

Our primary uses of cash include payments for medical claims and other medical expenses, administrative expenses, costs associated with the development of new geographies and expansion of existing geographies, debt service and capital expenditures. Final reconciliation and receipt of amounts due from payors are typically settled in arrears, following completion of the contractual program year.

Based on our planned operations, we believe our existing cash and cash equivalents, as well as available borrowing capacity under the Credit Facilities, will be sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure needs over at least the next 12 months, though we may require additional capital resources in the future. We have based these estimates on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we could utilize our available capital resources sooner than we expect.

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We estimate that we will receive net proceeds from this offering of approximately \$943.2 million, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with this offering and estimated offering expenses payable by us, based upon an assumed initial public offering price of \$21.50 per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. We intend to use such net proceeds as described under "Use of Proceeds."

We may require additional financing to fund working capital and pay our obligations. We may seek to raise any necessary additional capital through a combination of public or private equity offerings and/or debt financings. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in acquiring additional funding at levels sufficient to fund our operations or on terms favorable to us, if at all. If adequate funds are not available on acceptable terms when needed, we may be required to significantly reduce operating expenses, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. If we do raise additional capital through public or private equity or debt financings, the ownership interest of our existing stockholders will be diluted, and the terms of these securities may include liquidation or other preferences that adversely affect our existing stockholders' rights. If we raise additional capital through debt financing, we may be subject to covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions, such as incurring additional debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends.

Our ability to pay dividends to holders of our common stock is significantly limited as a practical matter by our growth plans as well as the Credit Facilities insofar as we may seek to pay dividends out of funds made available to us by agilon management or its subsidiaries, because the Credit Facilities directly or indirectly restrict agilon management's ability to pay dividends or make loans to us. The borrower on the Credit Facilities is agilon management a wholly-owned subsidiary. The Secured Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries, a pledge of our equity interest in agilon management and a pledge of all the assets of agilon management (all subject to customary exceptions). Under the terms of the Secured Credit Facility, agilon management's ability to pay dividends or lend to us is restricted.

Cash Flows

The following summary discussion of our cash flows is based on the consolidated statements of cash flows. The following table sets forth changes in cash flows (dollars in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,		
	2020 2019			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(53,204)	\$(103,861)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ 22,066	\$ (5,060)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ 24,621	\$ 176,298		

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$53.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to \$103.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. The improvement in net cash used in operating activities was primarily a result of an increase in medical margin, partially offset by higher physician incentive payments.

Our cash flow from operations is dependent upon the number of members on our platform, the timing of settlements with payors and the level of operating and general and administrative expenses necessary to operate and grow our business, among other factors.

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$22.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$5.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. The

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increase in net cash from investing activities was primarily a result of proceeds received of: (i) \$26.2 million from the disposition of our Southern California and Fresno operations; and (ii) \$2.0 million from the partial repayment of a loan receivable.

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$24.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to \$176.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. The decline in net cash provided by financing activities was primarily a result of higher capital raised from private sales of our common stock in 2019 compared to 2020, as well as the repurchase of common stock in 2020.

Debt Obligations

Secured Credit Facility

As of December 31, 2020, our Secured Credit Facility includes the Secured Term Loan Facility of up to \$60.0 million and the Secured Revolving Facility of up to \$60.0 million, subject to a \$10.0 million limitation on cash holdings and the capacity to issue standby letters of credit in certain circumstances up to a maximum of \$40.0 million. The Secured Revolving Facility is scheduled to mature on July 1, 2021, and the Secured Term Loan Facility is scheduled to mature on July 1, 2022. As of December 31, 2020, we had \$48.6 million outstanding under the Secured Term Loan Facility, and availability under the Secured Revolving Facility was \$41.5 million as we had outstanding letters of credit under our Secured Revolving Facility totaling \$18.5 million. No amounts have been drawn on the outstanding letters of credit as of December 31, 2020. Our wholly-owned subsidiary, agilon health management, inc. is the borrower under the Secured Credit Facility.

The Secured Credit Facility contains customary covenants including, among other things, limitations on restricted payments including: (i) dividends and distributions from restricted subsidiaries, (ii) requirements of minimum financial ratios and (iii) limitation on additional borrowings based on certain financial ratios. Failure to meet any of these covenants could result in an event of default under the agreement. If an event of default occurs, the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under the agreement to be immediately due and payable. As of December 31, 2020, we were in compliance with all covenants under the Secured Credit Facility.

Unsecured Debt

As of December 31, 2020, we have a \$20.0 million Unsecured Credit Facility with a lender affiliated with the CD&R Investor (the "unsecured debt"). The unsecured debt's interest rate is fixed at 11.50% and matures in December 2023. Our wholly-owned subsidiary, agilon health management, inc. is the borrower under the unsecured debt.

2021 Secured Credit Facilities

On February 18, 2021, we executed a credit facility agreement (as amended by the First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2021, the "2021 Secured Credit Facilities"). The 2021 Secured Credit Facilities include: (i) a \$100.0 million senior secured term loan (the "2021 Secured Term Loan Facility") and (ii) a \$100.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "2021 Secured Revolving Facility") with a capacity to issue standby letters of credit in certain circumstances up to a maximum of \$80.0 million. Subject to specified conditions and receipt of commitments, the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility may be expanded (or a new term loan facility, revolving credit facility or letter of credit facility added) by up to (i) \$50.0 million plus (ii) an additional amount determined in accordance with a formula tied to repayment of certain of our indebtedness. The maturity date of the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities is February 18, 2024 or, following the consummation of this offering (so long as this offering generates total gross proceeds in excess of \$500.0 million), February 18, 2026.

The proceeds from the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility were used to refinance our outstanding indebtedness under the Secured Credit Facility and Unsecured Credit Facility, with the remaining \$30.1 million used for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

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At our option, borrowings under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities, as defined in the credit agreement, can be either: (i) LIBO Rate Loans or (ii) Base Rate Loans. LIBO Rate Loans bear interest at a rate equal to the sum of 4.00% (stepping down to 3.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the higher of (a) LIBO, as defined in the credit agreement, and (b) 0%. Base Rate Loans bear interest at a rate equal to the sum of 3.00% (stepping down to 2.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the highest of: (a) 0.50% in excess of the overnight federal funds rate, (b) the prime rate established by the administrative agent from time to time, (c) the one-month LIBO rate (adjusted for maximum reserves) plus 1.00% and (d) 0%. Additionally, we pay a commitment fee on the unfunded 2021 Revolving Credit Facility amount of 0.50% (stepping down to 0.375% on and following October 1, 2023). We must also pay customary letter of credit fees.

The 2021 Secured Credit Facilities contain customary covenants including, among other things, limitations on restricted payments including:
(i) dividends and distributions from restricted subsidiaries, (ii) requirements of minimum financial ratios, and (iii) limitation on additional borrowings based on certain financial ratios.

For additional discussion on our debt obligations, see Note 10 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus and "Description of Certain Indebtedness."

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

The following table summarizes our material contractual payment obligations and commitments as of December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

		Payments Due by Period			
	Total	2021	2022-2023	2024-2025	More than Five Years
Term loan(1)	\$ 48,649	\$ 3,041	\$ 45,608	<u>\$</u>	\$ —
Unsecured debt(1)	20,000		20,000	_	
Operating leases	11,268	3,554	4,559	1,201	1,954
Capital commitments(2)	18,662	16,412	2,250	_	_
Interest(3)	12,459	6,459	3,726	2,274	
Total	\$111,038	\$29,466	\$ 76,143	\$ 3,475	\$ 1,954

⁽¹⁾ On February 18, 2021, we executed a credit facility agreement that includes a \$100.0 million senior secured term loan, which was used to repay the term loan and unsecured debt presented in the table above.

For additional discussion on our operating leases, other liabilities and capital commitments, see Notes 5, 9 and 11, respectively, to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We had no material off-balance sheet arrangements as of December 31, 2020.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. We base estimates on the best information available to us at the time, our historical experience, known trends and events and various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of

⁽²⁾ Represents capital commitments to physician partners to support physician partner expansion and related purposes.

⁽³⁾ Interest on variable-rate debt is calculated using rates in effect as of December 31, 2020.

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revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions or other matters had been different, it is possible that different accounting would have been applied, resulting in a different presentation of our consolidated financial statements. From time to time, we re-evaluate our estimates and assumptions. In the event estimates or assumptions prove to be different from actual results, adjustments are made in subsequent periods to reflect more current estimates and assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain. For a more detailed discussion of our significant accounting policies, see Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Below is a discussion of accounting policies that we consider critical in that they may require complex judgment in their application or require estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of agilon health, our wholly-owned subsidiaries and entities that we control, through voting rights or other means. We consolidate investments in variable interest entities ("VIEs") when we are the primary beneficiary of the VIE. A variable interest holder is considered to be the primary beneficiary of a VIE if it has the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and has the obligation to absorb losses, or the right to receive benefits, that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

We make judgments about which entities are VIEs based on an assessment of whether: (i) the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance that entity's activities without additional subordinated financial support, (ii) substantially all of an entity's activities either involve or are conducted on behalf of an investor that has disproportionately few voting rights, or (iii) the equity investors as a group lack any of the following: (a) the power through voting or similar rights to direct the activities of an entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance, (b) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of an entity or (c) the right to receive the expected residual returns of an entity.

We also make judgments with respect to our level of influence or control over an entity and whether we are (or are not) the primary beneficiary of a VIE. Consideration of various factors includes, but is not limited to:

- which activities most significantly impact the entity's economic performance, and our ability to direct those activities;
- our form of ownership interest;
- our representation on the entity's governing body;
- the size and seniority of our investment;
- our ability to manage our ownership interest relative to other interest holders;
- our ability and the rights of other parties to participate in policy making decisions; and
- our ability to liquidate the entity.

Our ability to correctly assess our influence or control over a VIE when determining the primary beneficiary affects the presentation of these VIEs in our consolidated financial statements. When we perform a reassessment of the primary beneficiary at a date other than at inception of the VIE, our assumptions may be different and may result in the identification of a different primary beneficiary. If we determine that we are the primary beneficiary of a VIE, our consolidated financial statements include the operating results of the VIE.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue in accordance with Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ("ASC 606"), which we adopted as of January 1, 2019 using the modified

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retrospective transition method. The adoption of ASC 606 had no impact on our revenue recognition, as revenue from our contracts with customers continues to be recognized over time as services are rendered, and therefore, no cumulative effect adjustment was recorded. Medical services revenue consists of capitation fees under contracts with various payors. Under the typical capitation arrangement, we are entitled to monthly PMPM fees to provide a defined range of healthcare services for MA health plan members attributed to our contracted physicians. PMPM fees are determined as a percent of the premium payors receive from CMS for these members. We generally accept full financial risk for members attributed to our contracted physicians, which means we are responsible for the cost of all healthcare services required by them. Contracts with payors are generally multi-year arrangements and have a single performance obligation that constitutes a series, as defined by ASC 606, to stand ready on a monthly basis to provide all aspects of necessary medical care to members for the contracted period. We recognize revenue in the month in which eligible members are entitled to receive healthcare benefits during the contract term.

The transaction price for our MA capitation contracts is variable as the PMPM fees to which we are entitled are subject to periodic adjustment under CMS's risk adjustment payment methodology. CMS deploys a risk adjustment model that determines premiums paid to all payors according to each member's health status and certain demographic factors. Under this risk adjustment methodology, CMS calculates the risk adjusted premium payment using diagnosis data from various settings. We and our healthcare providers collect and submit the necessary and available diagnosis data to payors and we utilize such data to estimate risk adjustment payments to be received in subsequent periods. Risk adjustment-related revenues are estimated using the most likely amount methodology and amounts are only included in revenue to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue will not occur once any uncertainty is resolved. PMPM fees are also subject to adjustment for incentives or penalties based on the achievement of certain quality metrics defined in our contracts with payors. We recognize incentive revenue as earned using the most likely amount methodology and only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue will not occur once any uncertainty is resolved.

The determination of these estimates is subject to significant judgment. If these assessments were to change, the timing and amount of our revenue recognized would be impacted, which may be material to our consolidated financial statements.

Medical Services Expense and Related Payables

Medical services expense represents costs incurred for medical services provided to members by physicians, hospitals and other ancillary providers for which we are financially responsible, and which are paid either directly by us or by payors with whom we have contracted. Medical services expenses are recognized in the period in which services are provided and include estimates of our obligations for medical services that have been rendered by third parties, but for which claims have either not yet been received, processed or paid.

Such estimates are based on many variables, including utilization trends and historical and statistical lag analysis, among other factors. The assumptions for making such estimates and establishing liabilities are continually reviewed and updated, and any adjustments resulting therein are reflected in current period earnings. These estimates may differ from actual results, which could be material to our consolidated financial statements. The difference between the estimated liability and the related actual settlement of claims is recognized in the period the claims are settled.

If it is determined that our assumptions in estimating such liabilities are significantly different than actual results, our results of operations and financial position could be impacted in future periods. Adjustments of prior period estimates may result in additional medical care expense or a reduction of medical care expense in the period an adjustment is made. Further, due to the considerable variability of healthcare costs, adjustments to claim liabilities occur each period and may be significant as compared to the net income (loss) recorded in that period.

The estimate of medical costs payable represents our best estimate of our liability for unpaid medical costs.

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Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Amortizable intangible assets include health plan contracts, trade names, provider networks, developed software, physician rosters and noncompete enforcement agreements. Amortization expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of these assets. We consider the period of expected cash flows and related underlying data used to measure the fair value of the intangible assets (or the length of time for a noncompete agreement) when selecting a useful life.

Intangible assets are subject to impairment tests when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset, or related group of assets, may not be recoverable. In such circumstances, we compare the carrying value of an amortizable intangible asset to the estimated future undiscounted cash flows generated by the asset or asset group. The estimated future undiscounted cash flows are calculated using the lowest level of identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities.

The impairment tests are based on financial projections prepared by us that incorporate anticipated results from programs and initiatives being implemented. If projections are not met, or if negative trends occur that impact the outlook, the value of the intangible assets may be impaired.

Goodwill represents the acquired fair value of a business in excess of the fair values of tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired. We test goodwill for impairment annually and on an interim basis if an event occurs or if circumstances change that would indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. When testing goodwill for impairment, we may first assess qualitative factors to determine if it is more likely than not that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value. If the qualitative assessment indicates that it is more likely than not that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, we perform the quantitative assessment. In the quantitative assessment, an estimate of the fair value of the reporting unit is determined primarily by an income approach, utilizing discounted cash flows and a market approach which considers comparable public companies and related transactions.

Due to the continued deterioration in the performance of our reporting unit, in the fourth quarter of 2019, we initiated a process to evaluate strategic alternatives for our California operations, including a sale or abandonment of all or substantially all of such operations. We therefore performed an assessment of the long-lived assets in the California reporting unit for impairment and determined that the carrying value of certain of those assets was not recoverable. Accordingly, we wrote-down such assets to fair value, resulting in the recognition of a \$98.3 million impairment charge in the consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our California operations, including the impairment charge, are presented as discontinued operations.

The determination of the fair value of intangible assets and goodwill involves significant judgment. This judgment is based on our analysis and estimates of fair value of intangible assets and goodwill, future operating results and resulting cash flows, and the period over which we will hold each asset. Our ability to accurately predict future operating results and resulting cash flows, and estimate fair values, impacts the timing and recognition of impairments. While we believe our assumptions are reasonable, changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Stock-based Compensation

Stock-based compensation cost is measured at grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized (i) on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for awards subject only to service-based vesting conditions or (ii) upon the achievement of the underlying performance condition for awards subject to such conditions. We determine the fair value of stock-based option awards subject to a service condition on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, unless the awards are also subject to a market condition, in which case we use a Monte Carlo simulation valuation model. The Black-Scholes option pricing

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model and the Monte Carlo simulation model require the use of several highly subjective and complex assumptions to determine the fair value of stock-based awards. These variables include the following:

- Expected Term. The estimated term is equal to the mid-point between the weighted-average vesting period and the contract life of the option. This method is known as the simplified method and is utilized due to our relatively short history.
- Expected Volatility. We have limited information on the volatility of our stock as shares of our common stock are not actively traded on any public markets. The expected volatility was derived from the historical stock volatilities of comparable peer public companies.
- Risk-Free Interest Rate. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the measurement date with maturities approximately equal to the expected term.
- Expected Dividend. The expected dividend rate is zero because we have not historically paid and do not expect for the foreseeable future to pay a dividend on our common stock.

Certain of our arrangements provide for the vesting of share-based awards to third parties at the time of an initial public offering or sale of a controlling interest ("Change of Control Event"). Such share-based instruments granted to third parties are accounted for as non-employee awards for which compensation cost will be recognized upon the achievement of the underlying performance condition of a Change of Control Event. As the instruments are liability-classified, the amount of shares ultimately issued and related compensation cost will be measured on the vesting date. A Change of Control Event is not deemed probable until consummated. As of March 15, 2021, unrecognized stock-based compensation cost relating to these share-based instruments is \$268.5 million.

We continue to use judgment in evaluating the expected volatility and expected term utilized in our stock-based compensation expense calculation on a prospective basis. As we continue to accumulate additional data related to our common stock, we may refine our estimates of expected volatility and expected term, which could materially impact our future stock-based compensation expense.

Common Stock Valuation

As there has been no public market for shares of our common stock to date, the estimated fair value of our shares has been determined by our board of directors as of the date of each grant of a share-based award, with input from management, considering the most recently available third-party valuations of our common stock and our board of directors' assessment of additional objective and subjective factors that we believed were relevant and which may have changed from the date of the most recent valuation through the date of the grant. Our board of directors intends all options granted to be exercisable at a price per share not less than the per share fair value of our common stock underlying those options on the date of grant. We use both the income and market approach valuation methods, in addition to giving consideration to recent secondary sales of our common stock. The income approach estimates value based on the expectation of future cash flows that a company will generate. These future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a discount rate based on our weighted-average cost of capital, which is adjusted to reflect the risks inherent in our cash flows. The market approach estimates value based on a comparison of the subject company to comparable public companies in a similar line of business. From the comparable companies, a representative market value multiple is determined and then applied to the subject company's financial forecasts to estimate the value of the subject company.

The fair value of our common stock was determined at each valuation date in accordance with the guidelines outlined in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Accounting and Valuation Guide, Valuation of Privately-Held Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation. The factors considered in determining the fair value include, but are not limited to, the following:

valuations of our common stock completed on a regular basis;

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- our historical financial results and estimated trends and projections for our future operating and financial performance;
- likelihood of achieving a liquidity event, such as an initial public offering or sale of our company, given prevailing market conditions;
- the market performance of comparable, publicly-traded companies; and
- the overall economic and industry conditions and outlook.

Applying these valuation and allocation approaches involves the use of estimates, judgments and assumptions that are highly complex and subjective, such as those regarding our expected future revenue, expenses and cash flows, discount rates, valuation multiples, the selection of comparable public companies and the probability of future events. Changes in any or all of these estimates and assumptions, or the relationships between these assumptions, impact our valuation as of each valuation date and may have a material impact on the valuation of our common stock.

We will no longer apply these valuation and allocation approaches to determine the fair value of our stock following the completion of this offering because our common stock will be traded in the public market. We will continue to use the Black-Scholes and Monte Carlo models for option pricing following the consummation of this offering.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For the impact of new accounting standards, see Note 2 to the audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks

We are exposed to various market risks, including the potential loss arising from adverse changes in interest rates. We do not use derivative financial instruments in the normal course of business or for speculative or trading purposes.

Our exposures to market risk for changes in interest expense relate primarily to the Secured Credit Facility. Indebtedness under the Secured Credit Facility is floating rate debt and is carried at amortized cost. Therefore, fluctuations in interest rates will impact our consolidated financial statements. A rising interest rate environment will increase the amount of interest paid on this debt. A hypothetical 100 basis point change in interest rates would impact our interest expense by less than \$1.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2020.

We had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash equivalents of \$135.2 million as of December 31, 2020, consisting primarily of bank deposits, certificates of deposit and money market funds. Such interest-earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. The goals of our investment policy are liquidity and capital preservation. We believe that we do not have any material exposure to changes in the fair value of these assets as a result of changes in interest rates due to the short-term nature of our cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash equivalents.

Emerging Growth Company Status

We ceased to be an emerging growth company on December 31, 2020 because our annual gross revenues exceeded \$1.07 billion for the year ended December 31, 2020. However, we will continue to be treated as an emerging growth company for disclosure purposes in this prospectus until the completion of our initial public offering.

Under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards issued subsequent to the enactment of the JOBS Act until such time as those standards apply to private

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companies. We have elected to avail ourselves of this exemption from new or revised accounting standards. As a result, our consolidated financial statements may or may not be comparable to companies that comply with new or revised accounting pronouncements as of the effective dates applicable to public companies.

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BUSINESS

Overview

Our business is transforming healthcare by empowering the PCP to be the agent for change in the communities they serve. We believe that PCPs, with their intimate patient-physician relationships, are best positioned to drive meaningful change in quality, cost and patient experience when provided with the right infrastructure and payment model. Through our combination of the agilon platform, a long-term partnership model with existing physician groups and a growing network of like-minded physicians, we are poised to revolutionize healthcare for seniors across communities throughout the United States. Our purpose-built model provides the necessary capabilities, capital and business model for existing physician groups to create a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. Our model operates by forming RBEs within local geographies, that enter into arrangements with payors providing for monthly payments to manage the total healthcare needs of our physician partners' attributed patients (or global capitation arrangements), contract with agilon to perform certain functions and enter into long-term professional service agreements with one or more anchor physician groups pursuant to which the anchor physician groups receive a base compensation rate and share in the savings from successfully improving quality of care and reducing costs.

Our company was formed in 2016, and we established our inaugural partnership with an anchor physician group in 2017. Our ability to rapidly build scaled positions in local communities has allowed us to grow to 16 anchor physician groups and 17 geographies in fewer than five years. Our platform has enabled us to grow our total membership by 45% and revenue by 53% from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020. Currently, the PCPs on our platform serve approximately 210,000 MA members on our platform, which includes approximately 49,000 MA patients with physician groups contracted to go-live on January 1, 2022. In addition, through our participation in the CMS Innovation Center Direct Contracting Model, our PCPs are expected to serve over 50,000 Medicare FFS beneficiaries through our five currently approved DCEs. For the year ended December 31, 2020, our DCEs did not contribute to our revenue.

Empower PCPs to Transform Care in Their Communities

What We Do

Disrupt the rapidly-growing Medicare market for physicians, patients and payors

- Empower community-based physicians to create a Medicarecentric globally capitated line of business.
- Enable PCPs to quarterback their patients' healthcare in a long-term, highly engaged relationship
- Transform the PCP business model from a transaction-based model to a long-term, holistic membership-based model

- How We Do It -

Migrate physicians, patients and payors from the traditional fee-forservice to a subscription-like Total Care Model

- Unified set of payment, data, clinical, quality and growth capabilities deployed as single platform
- Deployed through a long-term partnership model based on aligned outcomes and economics
- Enhanced through a growing network of like-minded physician partners that enable powerful network effect

Powerful Results -

Since 2016, this capital-light, exportable and scalable model has grown

- · 17 diverse geographies
- 16 anchor physician groups; average tenure of 40+ years in their community
- · 15 payors
- 210,000 MA members including approximately 49,000 that go-live in 2022
- NPS of 83 for patients and 73 for providers at live anchor physician groups

The current state of the U.S. healthcare system is defined by:

- Unsustainably high and rising costs characterized by waste, unnecessary variation in care and poor patient experience and health outcomes;
- FFS reimbursement model focused on units of service rather than a coordinated approach to meet the unique needs of individual patients;

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- High incidence of physician burnout driven by growing administrative burden and the FFS reimbursement model;
- An aging U.S. population, with the over 65 population projected to grow from approximately 49 million in 2016 to approximately 77 million in 2034, driving Medicare growth and pressuring the healthcare system as average reimbursement fails to keep pace with the rise in average patient complexity;
- Rapid patient adoption of MA plans, private health plans administering Medicare benefits, as seniors increasingly value supplemental benefits and low monthly premiums;
- The Medicare population is projected to grow from approximately 62 million in 2020 to more than 70 million individuals in 2025 with a total spend of approximately \$1.25 trillion, and MA enrollment comprised 37% of total Medicare enrollment in 2019 and is projected to comprise 47% of total Medicare enrollment in 2025;
- PCPs are positioned—but not currently empowered or incentivized—to act as the quarterback for healthcare delivery, with their decisions estimated to influence up to 90% of total healthcare spending according to a 2017 study; and
- The United States spends only 5% to 7% of its total healthcare dollars on primary care in contrast to 14% among OECD nations on average.

We believe that failing to empower PCPs has fostered waste, needless variability in care and unsustainable growth in healthcare costs. According to a 2019 article entitled "Waste in the US Health Care System: Estimated Costs and Potential for Savings" published in the Journal of the American Medical Association, failure of care delivery, failure of care coordination and overtreatment or low-value care were estimated to represent \$205.3 billion to \$345.1 billion of waste annually in the U.S. healthcare system. While there is broad recognition of the need to move beyond a volume-based, FFS reimbursement model, structural hurdles have impeded rapid adoption of a PCP-led Total Care Model.

To overcome these hurdles and achieve our mission of being the trusted long-term partner to community-based physicians, we have developed what we believe is a first-of-its-kind Total Care Model for community-based physicians that focuses exclusively on Medicare and manages subscription-like PMPM arrangements with health plans or directly with the government. The agilon Total Care Model is powered by our platform, enabled through a long-term partnership model and reinforced via our growing national network of like-minded physicians. Our position as innovators is demonstrated by a series of transformative accomplishments since the formation of the company in July 2016, and our first partnership in 2017, many of which we believe to be industry-firsts:

- Implemented the first MA multi-payor, globally capitated risk model with a community-based physician group in all of our diverse anchor geographies;
- Exported the Total Care Model from one to 17 geographies ranging from communities as small as Zanesville, Ohio to large and rapidly growing communities such as Austin, Texas;
- Built strong local positions with established community-based physician group leaders who have intimate and trusted relationships with
 patients in their communities, such as Austin Regional Clinic in Austin, Texas, Buffalo Medical Group in Buffalo, New York, Central Ohio
 Primary Care in Columbus, Ohio, Preferred Primary Care Physicians in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania and Wilmington Health in Wilmington,
 North Carolina;
- Grew from approximately 24,000 MA members to approximately 210,000 MA members on our platform;
- Expanded from two payors to 15 payors on our platform; and
- Poised to participate in the Direct Contracting Model, with over 50,000 Medicare FFS beneficiaries expected to be served by our existing PCPs contracted through our five currently approved DCEs.

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Our business model is differentiated by its focus on existing community-based physician groups and is built around three key elements: (1) agilon's platform; (2) agilon's long-term physician partnership approach; and (3) agilon's network. With our model, our goal is to remove the barriers that prevent community-based physicians from evolving to a Total Care Model, where the physician is empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their attributed Medicare patients.

The result is PCPs transforming their historical transaction-based model to a long-term, holistic membership-based model that is reflective of the intimate and trusted relationship between physician and patient. Despite our history of net losses, we believe this membership-based model results in a recurring revenue stream and provides our anchor physician groups with access to an incremental profit margin opportunity based on delivering high-quality care and health outcomes. Freed from the constraints of the transactional FFS reimbursement model, our PCPs are empowered to practice teambased, coordinated care when addressing individual patient needs and transition to a sustainable long-term business model for their senior patients. We believe enabling PCPs to unlock the value of a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business while remaining independent can transform the community-based physician business model.

The agilon Platform: The agilon platform is holistic in supporting the rapid transition to a Total Care Model with technology, people, process and capital. Our purpose-built platform comprises an integrated set of capabilities designed to continuously improve. Our platform is delivered to our anchor physician groups through a long-term partnership model to support the adoption and success of a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business:

- **Payor Engagement:** In each community, we connect multiple payors, patients and physicians around a single, purpose-built platform for MA patients with one streamlined and simplified approach to quality, patient experience, clinical program management and financial management.
- **Direct Contracting Model**: Enables our PCPs to expand our Total Care Model to patients enrolled in traditional Medicare FFS through the CMS Innovation Center Direct Contracting Model. This enables our PCPs to align the healthcare delivery of MA and Medicare FFS patients, providing them with greater opportunities to engage these patients and improve their overall experience.
- Data Integration and Management: Integration with health plan systems, physician EMR systems, labs, pharmacies and other third-party
 platforms to organize disparate data into actionable insights for our PCPs to improve quality of care, cost and patient and physician
 experience.
- Clinical Programs and Product Development: Combining insights from evidence-based medicine and patient-level data, our medical
 leadership and local physician leaders develop high-value, actionable playbooks for physicians to deliver quality care, which include
 operational plans, analytics and tracking metrics.
- **Quality (Clinical and Experience)**: The agilon platform provides actionable consolidated information, centralized and local resources and processes to expand access, strengthen the patient-physician relationship and reduce medically unnecessary drivers of healthcare costs.
- *Growth*: We enable our partners to create a local brand that embodies the value of the Total Care Model for patients as well as the history and culture of our physician partners. Through the development of this local brand and a Medicare-centric education approach, we enable our physician partners to actively engage with their approximately 220,000 patients that are currently Medicare-eligible but are not covered by an MA plan and their approximately 156,000 60-64 year old patients, to enable their patients to make educated healthcare choices. These existing patients represent a large, growing and durable source of potential attributed member growth.
- **Performance Management Analytics**: Our quality and cost network dashboards are continuously updated and used by physician group leaders to facilitate constructive dialogue and best practice sharing that benefits from the growth of the network.

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- *Financial Management*: Leveraging our dedicated team of subject-matter experts, and our robust technologies and capabilities, our platform operationalizes the finance elements of a risk-bearing structure.
- *National Policy*: We believe we are able to unite the voices of our community-based physician leaders to inform and advance policy in Washington, D.C.

agilon's Long-term Physician Partner Model: We built the agilon platform to be deployed through an aligned long-term partnership model with community-based physician groups to move healthcare closer to the physician, be outcome-centric and optimize the long-term sticky relationship between a patient and their existing physician. Through this partnership, our physician partners' existing MA patient panels are attributed to our platform through our subscription-like PMPM agreements with payors. The combination of these subscription-like agreements, the sticky patient-physician relationship and our long-term partnership model, which is typically 20 years in duration, results in a growing and recurring revenue stream and provides significant visibility into the near-term and long-term financial trajectory for both agilon and our anchor physician groups. In January of each year, we typically have visibility into greater than 90% of that year's projected revenue. As earnings are generated at the local level due to improvements in quality of care and management of healthcare costs, we share those earnings with our anchor physician groups.

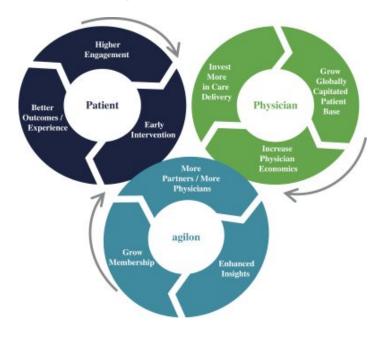
The power of our local partnership model is defined by the scale, breadth and local brand of our physician partners. On average, our anchor physician groups have been serving their communities for more than 40 years, have a PCP tenure of approximately 13 years and receive exceptionally strong NPS from their PCPs and patients in live geographies of 73 and 83, respectively. We believe this gives us the ability to influence the local healthcare delivery system at scale. We expect our physician partner patient panels to systematically migrate to MA as the patient population ages and our partnerships mature. We estimate that the number of Medicare FFS patients, Medicare-eligible patients and patients expected to age into Medicare over the next five years in our existing physician partner patient populations is approximately 375,000.

agilon's Network: Enhancing the power and growth of the agilon platform is the rapidly expanding group of leading community-based physician partners, functioning as a collaborative group through the agilon network. We believe the power of this network is demonstrated by our ability to add new physician partners and to attract additional PCPs to our physician partners. For example, in Ohio we have grown from one physician partner to five physician partners, approximately 180 PCPs to approximately 360 PCPs and approximately 21,000 members to approximately 65,000 members in fewer than four years. Columbus, the first market we entered in Ohio, has grown membership at a CAGR of 17%, and membership in Ohio overall has grown at a CAGR of 41%. The ability to share best practices, influence the development of the platform, compare notes on the transition to a Total Care Model and learn from one another represents a valuable opportunity for physicians who intentionally choose an independent path rather than joining a health system or insurance provider. We believe the power of a like-minded group of community-based physicians, many of whom are leaders in their community, will enhance innovation, growth, quality of care and patient experience, and ultimately strengthen the power of the independent physician business model in local communities across the country.

The agilon Flywheel Effect: Our platform, partnership and network model enable our physician partners to be the quarterback for healthcare delivery in their community, and successfully operate a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. This generates improving quality and cost outcomes, growing membership and increasing medical margin per member, which we share with our physician partners pursuant to our long-term partnership model. We believe this continuous improvement in patient and physician engagement and experience leads to more PCPs joining our platform and ultimately improves the success of each physician partner on the platform. As our platform grows, we believe we will be able to leverage our scale to drive additional investment in our geographies to accelerate this flywheel for the benefit of our physician partners and their patients. The power of the agilon flywheel is highlighted by our total membership growth of 45%, of which 42% was driven by same geography membership growth and 58% was driven by entry into new geographies.

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from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020. Over the same period, we had revenue of \$1.2 billion and a net loss of \$60.1 million.

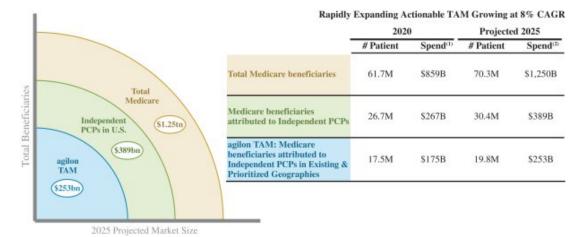


Our Market

In 2020, approximately 62 million Americans were enrolled in Medicare nationally, of which we estimate approximately 27 million to be affiliated with independent physicians. We consider near-term growth opportunities to be geographies with independent physician groups and further refine our prioritized geographies based on criteria to identify physician groups that are well-positioned to succeed in a Total Care Model and would benefit from joining the agilon platform.

We consider our current addressable market to be the estimated 17.5 million Medicare beneficiaries affiliated with independent PCPs in states in which we already have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021, and those in which we have identified near-term prioritized geographies. Based on 2021 estimated average annual revenue per Medicare member to us of approximately \$10,000, we estimate that this represents a total addressable market size of approximately \$175 billion in 2020. We believe this addressable market will increase to nearly 20 million Medicare beneficiaries and \$253 billion by 2025, based on CMS projected Medicare enrollment and spending per beneficiary growth rates.

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- (1) 2020 Medicare spend for total Medicare beneficiaries is based on CMS spend per beneficiary.
- (2) 2025 Medicare spend for total Medicare beneficiaries, beneficiaries attributed to independent PCPs and agilon total addressable market is based on CMS projected Medicare enrollment and spending per beneficiary growth rates.

Of our estimated 2020 addressable market, \$80 billion is concentrated in states in which we currently have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021, and \$24 billion is based in counties in which we currently have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021. In addition to the MA members our physician partners currently serve, we estimate our physician partners also serve approximately 375,000 patients that are addressable, which includes all Medicare FFS beneficiaries and commercial patients expected to age into Medicare over the next five years. This represents a 2020 market size of approximately \$3.8 billion, using the same assumed annual revenue per Medicare member to us.

In addition, we see an additional opportunity for growth of our addressable market in physicians currently affiliated with health systems or insurance providers who become increasingly dissatisfied with those models. In considering our total addressable market, please also see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business."

We have experienced substantial membership and revenue growth in our live geographies, as highlighted in the below graph. Membership in our live geographies has grown at a CAGR of approximately 65% from December 31, 2017 to December 31, 2020. Our revenue has grown at a CAGR of approximately 83% over the same period. Our membership on the platform as of December 31, 2020 represents less than 1% of total MA lives in our current addressable market. We have a history of net losses, we expect our expenses will increase as our membership and revenue grow, and we may not be able to achieve or maintain profitability.

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Total membership has increased 45% from 90,200 at December 31, 2019 to 131,000 at December 31, 2020. Total revenues increased 53% from \$794.4 million in the year ended December 31, 2019 to \$1.2 billion in the year ended December 31, 2020. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020, respectively, our net loss was \$282.7 million and \$60.1 million and our Adjusted EBITDA was \$(56.7) million and \$5.8 million. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for more information as to how we define and calculate Adjusted EBITDA and for a reconciliation of net loss, the most comparable GAAP measure, to Adjusted EBITDA.

Industry Challenges and Our Opportunity

We believe that failing to empower PCPs to drive meaningful change in quality, cost and patient experience has fostered waste, unnecessary variability in care and poor patient experience and health outcomes. The pressure to see more patients under the current FFS reimbursement model coupled with increasing administrative burden has resulted in physician dissatisfaction. Despite their proximity to patients, PCPs often do not have the capabilities or incentive to more effectively control delivery of care or to improve patient experience and health outcomes. We believe there is a significant opportunity to impact growth in U.S. healthcare costs and change the trajectory of the primary care business model through a platform, such as ours, in which PCPs are empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their attributed Medicare patients and share in the financial surplus created to the extent premiums received exceed the cost of medical care.

Unsustainably high and rising U.S. healthcare costs

The U.S. healthcare industry is the largest in the world. According to CMS, U.S. national healthcare expenditures are expected to increase from \$3.81 trillion in 2019 to \$4.01 trillion in 2020. CMS projects that by 2028, healthcare expenditures will reach \$6.20 trillion and will account for 19.7% of the U.S. GDP, up from 17.7% in 2018. Despite this level of spending, U.S. healthcare outcomes remain inferior relative to those of other OECD countries. According to a 2018 report, the U.S. ranked 54th in overall healthcare efficiency based on a weighted average of life expectancy, relative cost per capita and absolute cost per capita of healthcare. In addition to these inefficiencies, industry dynamics have led to significant variability in the quality and cost of healthcare services. A study by the NIH found a 36% difference in price between high priced and low priced physician practices for the most commonly billed PCP services. Moreover, the quality of healthcare services can vary dramatically across providers. According to the CMS, the predicted risk-adjusted 30-day readmission rate for hospitals across the country ranges from 2% to 30% with a median of 17%.

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Patients are dissatisfied with the fragmented and uncoordinated healthcare experience

In the current FFS model, reimbursement is focused on units of service rather than a coordinated approach to meet the unique needs of individual patients. As a result, care delivery is often uncoordinated, leaving patients frustrated and responsible to navigate their own way through a fragmented and complex healthcare system.

PCPs are well-positioned to be agents of change

According to Oregon's Patient-Centered Primary Care Home Program, every \$1 spent on primary care services can save \$13 of future healthcare costs. Across the U.S., there are more than 486,000 active PCPs who serve as patients' first and most frequent point of contact for their healthcare experience. This trusted position enables PCPs to act as the quarterback for the long-term health of their patients through the identification of individual health needs and implementation of high-value interventions. We believe that PCPs operating in this capacity represent the key to transforming the healthcare system.

The trajectory of the current independent primary care business model is unsustainable

In the current FFS reimbursement model, as average reimbursement rates decline, PCPs must increase the number of patients they see to sustain their practice. This volume-based model perpetuates physician burnout and jeopardizes the long-term sustainability of the independent primary care business model. According to a 2019 report, more than 50% of family physicians show symptoms of burnout, driven in part the FFS reimbursement model and increasing administrative burden. We believe this has been exacerbated by the effects of COVID-19.

Physician dissatisfaction coupled with inadequate physician compensation is having a significant negative impact on the primary care landscape. Medscape's 2020 Physician Compensation Report shows that more than 50% of PCPs do not feel fairly compensated, and 23% of all physicians would not choose medicine as their career today.

Growth of the complex and costly Medicare population is accelerating pressure on primary care

The Medicare population is expected to grow from approximately 62 million individuals in 2020 to approximately 70 million individuals by 2025. As Medicare patients increasingly represent a larger portion of the patient population, we believe the pressure on the strained primary care delivery system and overall healthcare system will accelerate. The Health Resources and Services Administration has found that approximately 83 million Americans live in areas designated as having a shortage of PCPs, with a current PCP shortage of approximately 15,000. The estimated shortage of PCPs is expected to grow over the next several years, projected to reach approximately 20,000 to 50,000 in the 2030's. Further, the Medicare population is medically complex and disproportionately drives utilization of healthcare services. For example, more than two-thirds of Medicare members suffer from two or more chronic illnesses, and Medicare members accounted for 31% of hospital admissions in 2017 despite representing only 18% of the U.S. population at that time. In addition, average Medicare FFS reimbursement is significantly lower than average commercial reimbursement, compensating PCPs less for complex and resource-intensive patients. We believe the imbalance between the needs of the Medicare population and a health system not rewarding PCPs, its most impactful care coordinators, is unsustainable.

We believe the healthcare industry has reached an inflection point and is ripe for a bold, disruptive approach. The state of primary care, increasing pressures from an aging population and an FFS reimbursement model that is not aligned with efforts to improve healthcare quality, cost and patient experience is creating an inflection point for physicians, payors and patients.

Structural Hurdles to Adoption of a Total Care Model

We believe that all key stakeholders—patients, physicians and payors—benefit significantly from an environment where PCPs are empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their

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attributed Medicare patients versus operating in the current FFS reimbursement model that primarily rewards units of service. However, over time, the existing FFS system has created structural hurdles that now impede rapid and broad adoption of a PCP-led Total Care Model.

PCPs lack the incentive structure to reorganize the healthcare delivery system.

The FFS reimbursement model forces PCPs to narrowly focus on the unit of care. Rather than rewarding PCPs for influencing health behaviors, improving the quality of care and effectively managing healthcare costs, the current incentive structure fosters waste and inefficiencies. We believe this creates significant opportunity for a platform that can change the payment model for PCPs.

PCPs lack the infrastructure to participate in a multi-payor model.

PCPs typically contract with multiple payors, each with a unique care delivery and quality framework. Accordingly, PCPs are required to organize services, deliver care and measure quality based on the specific insurance of each individual patient, resulting in administrative burden and a fragmented patient experience. We believe this creates significant opportunity for a platform that can create a unified experience for physicians across multiple payors.

PCPs lack the breadth of capabilities and resources necessary to transition to a Total Care Model.

Participation in a Total Care Model, in which a PCP assumes financial responsibility for their patients, requires technology, people, process and capital. For example, PCPs require technology to capture data and risk-stratify populations to better manage clinical outcomes, processes to improve quality of care and manage healthcare costs, and an ability to engage with payors to support different forms of payment. PCPs today do not have the time or the access to expertise and capital necessary to buy, build or implement these capabilities. Further, we believe that approximately two-thirds of physicians perceive that current value-based care models will negatively impact their practice. We believe this creates significant opportunity for a platform that can unify a broad set of capabilities and deliver them in a model that allows them to be utilized in an integrated and outcome-centric manner.

PCP groups are highly fragmented and lack the benefits of scale.

PCP groups are highly localized and fragmented. Fragmentation has exacerbated the challenge of moving towards a Total Care Model as scale supports the ability to take on financial risk, access new and different infrastructure and develop comprehensive models for managing the total care of a population. We believe this creates significant opportunity for a platform that allows physicians to remain independent but access necessary financial resources, infrastructure and a collaborative network of like-minded partners.

Limited long-term, deep collaboration between payors and physicians.

We believe that payors generally recognize that PCPs are critical in directing and managing the total cost of care. Payors have attempted to increase their proximity to PCPs through acquisitions and investments in clinical delivery and technologies. However, a payor's ability to impact physician workflow continues to be structurally limited by the multi-payor nature of most physician practices. This makes it challenging for any single payor to achieve the level of integration we believe is needed to improve clinical engagement and effectively manage healthcare costs. We believe this creates significant opportunity for a platform that can create alignment between payors and physicians while supporting the need to have access to multiple payors.

Our Answer

We have created a Total Care Model for community-based physicians that focuses exclusively on Medicare and manages the comprehensive healthcare needs of our members through subscription-like PMPM arrangements with health plans or directly with CMS—powered by the agilon platform, enabled through a long-term partnership model and reinforced via a growing national network.

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Our business model is differentiated by its focus on existing community-based physician groups and is built around three key elements: (1) agilon's platform; (2) agilon's long-term physician partnership approach; and (3) agilon's network. With our model, our goal is to remove the barriers that prevent community-based physicians from evolving to a Total Care Model, where the physician is empowered to manage health outcomes and the total healthcare needs of their attributed Medicare patients. The result is PCPs transforming their historical transaction-based model to a long-term, holistic membership-based model that is reflective of the intimate and trusted relationship between physician and patient.

The agilon Platform: The agilon platform is focused on existing community-based physician groups, senior patients within these practices and enabling our physician partners to rapidly move to a subscription-like Total Care Model. Our platform is holistic in supporting the rapid transition to a Total Care Model with technology, people, process and capital, and recognizes that enhanced capabilities are needed at multiple levels and must be deeply integrated within existing physician group operating processes to successfully execute the transition. The agilon platform was co-developed and has been continuously refined with our physician partners since the formation of the company. This enables the platform to meet the specific needs of community-based physicians, who continuously accrue knowledge and benefit from a growing network of physician partners. Today, the platform is deployed across 17 diverse geographies in conjunction with 15 different payors, serving 210,000 MA members on our platform. The platform's scalability is reflected in both the number of members onboarded and the diverse nature of our physician partners and our geographies. Our anchor physician group partners range from groups with approximately 30,000 commercial patients, Medicare FFS patients and MA patients to approximately 370,000. We serve communities that range in total population from approximately 225,000 to 3.2 million and adult population from approximately 137,000 to 2.5 million, MA penetration rates that range from 27% to 64% and five-year CAGR growth rates that range from 2% to 16%. The proportion of MA members that have selected a PPO insurance product as a percentage of total MA membership in our geographies ranges from 25% to 78%. Our anchor physician groups serve from approximately 6% to 59% of MA lives in their respective primary service areas.

The agilon platform comprises an integrated set of capabilities, delivered as a unified platform to enable successful partnerships at the community level, create a national network of PCPs and physician groups and empower our PCPs to improve health outcomes for their patients.

People Process Agilon Technology Platform Platform Capabilities Payor Engagement Data Integration & Clinical Programs & Product Development Performance Management Analytics Financial Management Direct Contracting National Policy

Purpose-Built Full Stack Platform

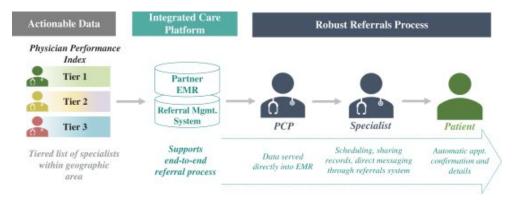
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We deliver a unified platform of integrated, constantly improving capabilities to our physician partners through a long-term partnership model:

Platform Capabilities:

- Payor Engagement: In each community, we connect multiple payors, patients and physicians around a single, purpose-built platform for MA patients with one approach to quality, patient experience, clinical program management and financial management. Under our multi-year contracts with payors, agilon receives a percentage of total premiums and is responsible for managing the cost of the total healthcare needs of patients attributed to our PCPs. In 2021, we anticipate working with 15 payors, nine of which were live in 2020 and five of which went live in 2021, across a total of approximately 40 local contracts. Five of our payors are national, and our relationships with them across geographies support the portability of the agilon platform.
- **Direct Contracting Model**: In each community we serve, our Total Care Model can be extended to patients enrolled in traditional Medicare through the CMS Innovation Center Direct Contracting Model. Through five currently approved DCEs, which encompass more than 500 of our existing PCPs providing care to over 50,000 traditional Medicare members in seven geographies, current and new physician partners may participate in the Direct Contracting Model. The ability to align the management for MA and Medicare FFS through the Direct Contracting Model gives agilon and its physician partners greater opportunities to engage patients, improve the overall patient experience and strengthen the collaborative relationships our partners have with other providers in their communities.
- Data Integration and Management: Our purpose-built and flexible platform enables ease of integration with payor systems, physician EMR systems, labs, pharmacies and other third-party platforms, encompassing millions of data records each month. The agilon platform extracts needed financial, clinical and social determinants data and organizes this disparate data to enable easy consumption by physicians in order to improve quality of care, cost and patient experience.
- Clinical Programs and Product Development: This component of the platform includes shared technology infrastructure, analytics and modular clinical products (e.g., products designed to enhance care coordination, quality management, and value-based care delivery) that are co-developed with our physicians and can be deployed and seamlessly integrated across our network to drive improved health outcomes. Combining insights from evidence-based medicine and patient-level data, our medical leadership and local physician leaders develop high-value actionable playbooks for partner physicians to deliver quality care, which include operational plans, analytics and tracking metrics.
 - Recently developed clinical products include our referral management product, which leverages our unique dataset, clinical analytics and technology-driven workflows to provide PCPs with evidence-based resources to identify top-performing, high-quality specialists in their service area. Performance evaluations are developed through several data sources as well as evidence-based care pathways, quality metrics and comparative analytics. These performance evaluations, along with EMR integration and an end-to-end referral management platform, enables a referrals process that we believe can reduce variability in quality of patient care and improve care coordination between PCPs and specialists. We believe that variation in specialty care contributes to lower quality of care and increased healthcare costs, and providing PCPs with access to better data and tools to effectively manage referrals provides an opportunity to reduce this waste.

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- Quality (Clinical and Experience): The agilon platform provides actionable consolidated information, centralized and local resources and processes to expand access, strengthen the patient-physician relationship and reduce medically unnecessary drivers of healthcare costs. Approximately 90% of agilon members in our live geographies are currently enrolled in 4-STAR-rated or higher plans, compared to 77% of MA members nationally. More than 90% of our providers surveyed in our live anchor physician groups believed that the quality of care programs developed through the agilon network enabled our physician partners to provide better care to their patients. Based on data from most of our anchor partners, approximately 50% of total medical costs are driven by specialists, with the potential for wide variability in costs depending on the quality of the specialist providing care.
- Growth: We enable our partners to extend their local brand into a senior care brand for their Total Care Model that embodies the history and culture of their local physician group. Through the development of this local brand and a Medicare-centric education approach, patients have access to information and communication about the MA plans for which our physician partners participate as a network provider, and about the MA program generally, enabling our physician partners to actively engage with their approximately 220,000 patients that are currently Medicare-eligible but are not covered by an MA plan and their approximately 156,000 60-64 year-old patients, to enable their patients to make educated healthcare choices. These existing patients represent a large, growing and durable source of potential attributed member growth. We believe many of these patients will enroll in MA plans and fuel our local attributed member growth over the coming years. During the year ended December 31, 2020, individuals who aged-in to MA or transitioned to MA from traditional Medicare were the primary driver of our 17% same-geography growth in existing geographies.
- **Performance Management Analytics**: One of the most powerful parts of our platform is enabled by the peer-to-peer comparison of efficiency and clinical metrics at the physician, population and network level. Our quality and cost network dashboards are continuously updated and used by physician group leaders to facilitate constructive dialogue and best practice sharing that benefit from the growth of the network. Through benchmarking performance to national standards, as well as local performance, we create a culture of relentless focus on improving care quality and patient experience.
- Financial Management: Leveraging our dedicated team of subject-matter experts, and our robust technologies and capabilities, our platform operationalizes the finance elements of a risk-bearing structure. These capabilities include timely and accurate reporting, actuarial analytics and support, strategic planning and forecasting, and reconciliation and auditing of revenues and healthcare expenses. These capabilities help to optimize performance and accelerate cash distributions to our physician partners, and are being enabled across 17 geographies, 15 payors and approximately 400 plan benefit packages.
- *National Policy*: We believe we are able to unite the voices of our community-based physician leaders to inform and advance policy in Washington, D.C. Together with our physician partners, we identify issues of significant impact to PCPs, such as telehealth policy, the details of Direct Contracting Models

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and MA payment. We regularly meet with policymakers and policy shapers in Washington, D.C. to help inform the national dialogue and future policies governing these critical issues.

agilon's Long-term Physician Partner Model

We built the agilon platform to be deployed through an aligned long-term partnership model with community-based physician groups to address the need to move healthcare closer to the physician, be outcome-centric and optimize the long-term sticky relationship between a patient and their existing physician. This model allows agilon to make significant early investments that enable our physician partners to rapidly transition to a Total Care Model and grow a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. The ability to deliver actionable insight at the patient and physician level delivered through our aligned partnership model with peer-to-peer physician feedback drives accountability and accelerates the pace of change. Our anchor physician group relationships have the following characteristics:

- Long-term partnership model that allows both agilon and physicians to take the long-term view and benefit from the maturity of a growing number of members on the platform;
- Shared governance and co-location of staff to manage our local partnerships;
- Local dyad leadership structure that includes a medical director from the local anchor physician group;
- Local brand which reflects the local anchor physician group or geography;
- Capital from agilon to support value-based care infrastructure supporting the delivery of high-quality healthcare, and 100% downside
 protection, which removes a major obstacle to physicians making the leap to a Total Care Model;
- Operating leverage created by amortizing centralized investments in the platform infrastructure across a growing number of physician partners; and
- Surplus dollars generated locally due to improvements in quality of care and healthcare costs are shared with the local anchor physician group. We believe this will allow physicians to unlock the value in their practices by moving to a membership-based model that is better aligned with the long-term physician-Medicare patient relationship.

In each of our geographies, we enter into subscription-like PMPM agreements with payors to manage the total healthcare costs of our attributed members. Through this partnership model, we believe we:

- empower PCPs to act as the quarterback for healthcare delivery;
- enable PCPs to define a tailored patient experience across multiple payors;
- create an operating partnership and economic model built around improved health outcomes instead of a transaction-based model; and
- align the physician business model with the strength of their long-term patient relationships enabling the long-term growth of independent, community-based physician groups.

The power of our local partnership model is defined by the scale, breadth and local brand of our physician partners. On average, our anchor physician groups have been serving their communities for more than 40 years, have a PCP tenure of approximately 13 years, and receive exceptionally strong NPS from their PCPs and patients in live geographies of 73 and 83, respectively. We believe this gives us the ability to influence the local healthcare delivery system at scale. We expect our physician partner patient panels to systematically migrate to MA as the patient population ages and our partnerships mature. We estimate that the number of Medicare FFS patients, Medicare-eligible patients and patients expected to age into Medicare over the next five years in our existing physician partner patient populations is approximately 375,000.

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The table below presents an overview of our anchor physician groups:

Go-Live Year	Geography	Anchor Physician Group	Founded	PCPs	Average PCP Tenure	Approx. MA, FFS, Commercial Lives	
2018	Columbus, OH	PRIMARY CARE	1996	>100	13	265K	
2019	Akron, OH	PIONEER PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO PERSON NAMED IN COLU	1995	25-100	18	60K	
	Austin, TX	ANTEN SAPERIER EAVILLY PHYSICIANS	1980/1994	>100	10	375K	
2020	Pittsburgh, PA	preferred	1995	25-100	13	65K	
	Dayton, OH	PriMED	1995	<25	13	30K	
	Southeast OH	ProtiesSter	2001	<25	14	35K	
	Wilmington, NC	E Nor	1971	25-100	14	115K	
2021	Buffalo, NY	GD Buthio Hedeal Group	1946	25-100	10	70K	
	Toledo, OH	ii. foiedo Cinic	1926	25-100	9	45K	
	Hartford, CT	Starling	1947	25-100	17	45K	
2022	Syracuse, NY	FamilyCare	1996	25-100	17	75K	
	Pinehurst, NC		1952	25-100	10	60K	
	Texarkana, TX	Claim State	1947	<25	13	15K	
	Longview, TX	DC DAGNOSTIC CANCELLING	1975	<25	16	75K	
	Grand Rapids & Traverse City, MI	answer HEALTH	1986	>100	10	120K	

In addition to our anchor physician groups in the table above, we have broadly contracted with PCPs across the state of Hawaii and have developed select deeper primary care relationships within that network.

Our Network

We believe the agilon network creates significant value for our patients, our physician partners, our payors and our organization. The ability to share best practices, compare notes on the transition to a Total Care Model and learn from one another represents a valuable opportunity for physicians who intentionally choose an independent path rather than joining a health system or insurance provider. Our physician partners are both collaborative and constructively competitive in service of their patients. We believe the power of a like-minded group of community-based physicians, many of whom are leaders in their community, will enhance innovation, growth, quality of care and patient experience, and ultimately strengthen the power of the independent physician business model in local communities across the country.

Through our scaled and growing network, we continue to rapidly develop and improve a suite of clinical programs and processes for use by our physician partners. Our clinical product development, designed to support our physician partners in their delivery of high-quality care, is performed in full partnership with our physician partners and engages national experts in the requisite specialty area to co-develop cutting-edge programs that support our physician partners in meeting or exceeding national benchmarks. We believe the quality and savings opportunities from such innovations are tremendous. As an example of shared learning and collaboration which we have helped facilitate, our physician partners have led the development of high-value clinical pathways for specific disease states, including osteoarthritis, CHF and coronary artery disease that have been adopted across our network. Additionally, outcomes from these clinical programs are enhanced by the application of performance management analytic capabilities and peer-to-peer comparison of efficiency and clinical metrics at the physician, population and network levels.

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As a result of COVID-19, we have taken a number of steps to continue to support and strengthen our network. This was highlighted by physicians from across the country coming together for daily huddles at the outset of the pandemic on clinical and operational impacts of COVID-19, as well as regular conference calls with recognized national experts in which up to 200 physicians and team members across our network participated. Through these interactions, physicians were able to gain insight into best practices, share knowledge and develop programs to influence appropriate and innovative care delivery for their patients.

Value Proposition to Stakeholders

Our Total Care Model empowers community-based physician groups to lead local healthcare transformation and ensure the long-term sustainability of the community-based physician model.

We believe the benefits of this differentiated model to community-based physician groups and the patients they serve include:

- Rapid creation of a Medicare Total Care Model. Our platform provides the technology, people, process and capital to participate in a Total Care Model. Through the Total Care Model, PCPs take financial responsibility for the healthcare needs of their patients, removing the transactional-based incentives and constraints of the traditional FFS reimbursement model. The Total Care Model enables our PCPs to take a long-term view of their relationships with their patients and allocate resources to meet individual member health needs.
- Sustainable long-term business model alongside commercial and Medicare FFS. We believe that more than two-thirds of independent PCPs are willing to consider an acquisition of their practice. Our platform provides an alternative by enabling physician partners to share in the economics of delivering high-quality, cost-effective care to their existing Medicare populations while maintaining their other lines of business.
- **Provides access to network of like-minded partners.** Our growing scale provides access to a collaborative network of like-minded partners to help facilitate the successful deployment of clinical best practices across our geographies. We believe this network also attracts new physicians to join, as access to cross-market know-how and best practices encourages success in a Total Care Model.
- *Improved economics*. We believe the economics of a Total Care Model can be transformative to PCPs. We believe that as members mature on our platform, physicians have the opportunity to significantly improve the long-term economics of their practice.
- *Improving the physician experience.* We believe our platform enables our PCPs to be the quarterback for delivery of healthcare services to their MA members through a single, multi-payor platform. Our PCPs working with our live anchor physician groups reported a 73 average NPS in 2020 for their local anchor physician group, which equals or exceeds leading consumer brands such as Southwest Airlines and Apple.
- Improving the patient experience. Our model enables the PCP to play the role of quarterback, enhancing the patient-physician relationship and providing for a more integrated healthcare experience, supporting increased patient satisfaction and better health outcomes. Our members attributed to our live anchor physician groups reported an exceptionally strong 83 average NPS score in 2020 for their local anchor physician group. Additionally, more than 90% of our members attributed to our live anchor physician groups report being satisfied or extremely satisfied with their ability to access their provider's practice when they have a question or need care, and 95% agree or strongly agree that they receive comprehensive, high-quality care from their provider or practice. We believe our differentiated patient experience also enhances the attractiveness of MA for Medicare-eligible patients, which

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enables our payors to grow their MA membership base, in some cases above market rates. For the year ended December 31, 2020, our membership has grown at approximately two times the average growth of the Medicare patient population in our live anchor geographies.

• Supporting superior health outcomes. We believe our platform provides the resources and network of shared experience to support superior health outcomes by equipping PCPs with the know-how and best practices to be able to identify and close CMS quality of care gaps and improve their patients' experience. Further, we believe our Total Care Model provides greater stability and predictability for CMS, the Medicare program and its beneficiaries in the communities our physician partners serve. For example, in 2019, 78% of our members attributed to our live anchor physician groups attended their wellness visits, compared to the FFS national average CMS Annual Wellness Visit completion rate of 35% in 2019, enabling our PCPs to comprehensively assess members' overall health condition and appropriately manage their care. Additionally, in 2019, our members' ER utilization was 42% lower than the local FFS benchmark, inpatient acute utilization was 47% lower than the local FFS benchmark, and hospital re-admission rate was 26% lower than the local FFS benchmark. Approximately 90% of our members in live geographies are currently enrolled in 4- and 5-STAR-rated plans compared to 77% of the MA population nationally.

We have also become an important strategic partner for our payors, as we are a material portion of their membership base, delivery network and annual membership growth in many of the geographies we serve. Through our subscription-like agreements, we ensure a consistent gross margin on a growing membership base. The strength of our relationships with payors has resulted in our establishment of national joint-operating committees with five national health plans through which we develop, execute and monitor a strategy for growth and performance as part of their Medicare delivery network.

Our Strengths

Local and National Leadership and First-Mover Dynamics

Core to our model is partnering in local geographies with leading physician groups that have already built significant scale and strong brands in the communities they serve. Our local leadership is highlighted by the fact that in multiple geographies, our anchor physician groups serve more than 15% of the total adult population in the counties they serve. We believe our anchor physician groups are a critical component of their local healthcare delivery system. On average, our anchor physician groups have been serving their communities for more than 40 years, have a PCP tenure of approximately 13 years and receive exceptionally strong NPS from their PCPs and patients in our live geographies of 73 and 83, respectively.

We believe we are pioneers in providing a full-risk, multi-payor Total Care Model within our local geographies, our growing regional hubs and the country. We believe we are the only MA multi-payor, globally capitated risk vehicle available for independent physician groups to access a Total Care Model in our local geographies. These multi-payor relationships coupled with the end-to-end platform we provide to our anchor physician groups enables them to often be the first Medicare-centric, globally capitated network in their geography, enhancing their already established leadership position. We believe this ultimately leads to more physicians joining our physician partners. The sustainability of this local leadership position is also enhanced by our long-term partnerships with our anchor physician groups.

We've established a strong local leadership position in 17 geographies creating what we believe to be the first national platform for a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. We believe our position as a first-mover creates a competitive advantage, resulting in other independent physician groups viewing us as an established and trusted partner. Our leadership position has translated to 210,000 total MA members on our platform. Because of the size and scale of our network, we also expect to be able to add over 50,000 Medicare FFS lives to our platform in 2021 through the Direct Contracting Model.

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Long-Term Economic Model

We believe our membership and per-member profitability will grow over time due to structural characteristics inherent to our long-term partnerships, durable and growing MA membership within our physician partners and the nature of the MA economic model. The key strengths of our economic model include:

- We believe we have the ability to generate significant, recurring and growing medical margin in concert with our physician partners over the
 course of our long-term partnerships and the inherently sticky physician-patient relationship. These durable relationships allow physician
 partners to invest time and resources to support our members' long-term health outcomes through preventative services and increased
 coordination across the entire care continuum.
 - Our partnerships with our anchor physician groups are structured as long-term contractual relationships, typically for 20 years.
 - Average physician tenure within our anchor physician groups is 13 years.
 - Patients 65 years of age and older remain with their PCP for an average of 10 years, according to a 2004 study.
- Embedded same-geography, long-term organic membership growth resulting from our physician partners' existing patients who age into Medicare and elect to enroll in MA or who elect to convert from Medicare FFS to MA over the life of our long-term partnership. Expanding this model to include patients enrolled in traditional Medicare through the Direct Contracting Model further increases the value of our long-term partnerships.

Although we have incurred net losses since our formation in 2016, we believe that the combination of a growing membership base and improving medical margin over the life of our long-term partnerships creates a significant LTV for the geographies we enter. As our members age and our physician partners become more adept at effectively managing the continuum of care of our members under a Total Care Model, we have observed that the profitability (measured by medical margin PMPM) of our live geographies, or a cohort of members within a live geography, typically increases over time. The below data illustrates how select live geographies at different maturities have grown and performed since joining the platform, including results for the year ended December 31, 2020. The medical margin PMPM data presented below reflect the ongoing dilutive impact of new members in any year. Since we commenced operations in 2017, medical margin profiles of cohorts of members grouped by enrollment year have historically improved over their duration on our platform. In future periods, we expect to have geographies with different medical margin PMPM starting points and trajectories.

		Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	CAGR
Geography 1	Average Membership	21,488	24,456	28,124	34,140	17%
	Medical Margin PMPM	\$76	\$132	\$142	\$201	38%
	Average Membership	6,871	8,291	9,851		20%
Geography 2	Medical Margin PMPM	\$21	\$40	\$154		169%
	Average Membership	14,790	17,014	21,636		21%
Geography 3	Medical Margin PMPM	(\$18)	\$32	\$55		n/m

Note: Year 0 is the period of implementation prior to a geography being live. Year 0 statistics are attributable to the respective geography before joining on our platform.

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With over 375,000 embedded non-MA patients in our existing geographies, and 70% of our members as of December 31, 2020 on our platform for fewer than three years, we believe that we are well positioned to benefit from significant embedded margin growth from our long-term economic model by improving healthcare outcomes and effectively managing costs. While we believe this data accurately reflects the directional margin maturity trends in our geographies, the most recent year includes the impact of utilization avoidance resulting from COVID-19. We cannot accurately estimate the net ultimate impact to medical services expense at this time. See "—Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Our Business" and "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business—The spread of, and response to, the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, underscores certain risks we face and the rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact to us of COVID-19."

We are able to access this attractive LTV through what we believe to be a low-cost and increasingly cost-efficient model. Our cost to launch a new physician partnership represents the most significant cash outlay in our model. In the implementation year, we incur stand-up costs related to developing local operational infrastructure and dedicated resources, including hiring local teams and establishing clinical programs prior to commencement of operations. We also provide 100% downside protection to our partners by funding losses, including losses that may occur in the early years of a physician partner's transition to the Total Care Model. Following the launch of our foundational partnership with COPC in 2017, the average total launch cost, including both implementation year costs and initial losses (if applicable), for subsequent partnerships has been \$4.2 million, with a range of implementation costs across our geographies of \$1.5 million to \$8.7 million. After a partnership has been launched, we drive same-market organic growth with little incremental cost. From December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2020, same-geography membership increased by 17% across our existing geographies. Over the same period, we had local sales and marketing costs of \$2.1 million and investments to support existing physician partners' growth of \$13.7 million across all geographies in the aggregate, collectively representing approximately 1% of medical services revenue for the year ended December 31, 2020. We believe this low-cost and increasingly cost-efficient growth model represents a significant advantage supporting our rapid scaling to new geographies and sustainable existing geography growth.

Model for Long-Term Sustainable Growth

We have created a multi-pronged growth strategy that has powerful tailwinds for our physician partners and our business. Our first priority is to leverage existing physician capacity in local geographies across the country by establishing an anchor partnership with a leading physician group in a geography. Our long-term partnership with our anchor physician groups creates the potential for cost-efficient organic growth over time in the number of members on our platform as existing patients of our PCPs age into Medicare and as existing Medicare-eligible patients choose to convert from FFS to MA. The success of the partnership enables our anchor physician groups to add PCPs to their own practices and agilon to expand to adjacent geographies, adding multiple levels of regional capacity to grow our attributed membership. As we partner with additional physician groups, we believe our ability to share best practices and drive improved medical outcomes and financial performance across our platform will increase, further enhancing our ability to add new physician groups. This "flywheel" nature of our model has allowed us to expand from one geography to 17 in fewer than five years and has resulted in an additional approximately 186,000 MA lives being attributed to our platform over the same time period.

Purpose-Built, Exportable, Scalable Platform

The creation of the agilon platform and an aligned physician partnership approach has enabled the consistent deployment of a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business across 17 heterogeneous geographies, 16 anchor physician groups and multiple payors. This consistent approach has enabled us to increase the number and breadth of geographies, physician partners and payors we have brought onto the platform in any given year. The components of our Total Care Model (including, data, payor engagement, clinical programs and growth) are discrete but are delivered as a unified platform through a highly-aligned model with physicians to optimize

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success. Our ability to deploy these components consistently through a partnership structure across geographies has:

- allowed us to optimize the physician capacity already deeply integrated in local communities;
- increased our speed to scale, as reflected in our rapid expansion of geographies and physician partners on our platform; and
- allowed us to deploy our model across heterogeneous physician partners and geographies:
 - our geographies range in total population from approximately 225,000 to approximately 3.2 million and total MA lives from approximately 20,000 to approximately 364,000;
 - our geographies range in MA penetration rate from 27% to 64% and five-year CAGR growth rate of 2% to 16%;
 - the proportion of MA members that have selected a PPO insurance product as a percentage of total MA membership in our geographies ranges from 25% to 78%; and
 - our anchor physician groups comprise both primary care and multi-specialty groups and range in size from fewer than 25 to more than 200 PCPs

Our platform has enabled us to grow revenue 53% year-over-year for the year ended December 31, 2020, while operating costs to support live geographies and enterprise functions grew 12% over the same period. Our net loss for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$60.1 million, a 79% decline from losses of \$282.7 million in the year ended December 31, 2019.

Network Feedback Loop

We believe our growing network of community-based physicians at the national, regional and local level drives continuous improvement of our platform, enables best practices sharing and innovation and accelerates the growth of independent physicians joining the agilon network. By entering new local geographies through a partnership with leading practices and top-quality physicians, we further reinforce the growing power of our network of physician leaders at the local, regional and national level. Many of our physician partners and individual physicians have joined our platform based on references from existing like-minded physician partners, and the credibility and quality of our physician partners is consistently cited as a deciding factor for joining the platform. In addition, our ability to compare efficiencies and clinical performance across geographies or across physicians groups within existing geographies also serves as a constant feedback mechanism, driving faster implementation of clinical programs and quality improvements across the network. Additionally, we have established peer groups among our physician partners to facilitate such partners sharing and identifying best practices in order to improve performance and reduce variability across the network. Our network includes established community-based physician group leaders, such as Austin Regional Clinic in Austin, Texas, Buffalo Medical Group in Buffalo, New York, Central Ohio Primary Care in Columbus, Ohio, Preferred Primary Care Physicians in Pittsburgh Pennsylvania and Wilmington Health in Wilmington, North Carolina. Additionally, our network includes leading physicians, such as Dr. Bill Wulf, who is the incoming Chairman of America's Physician Groups (a leading professional association representing more than 300 medical groups, independent practice associations and integrated healthcare systems across the country) and is also a member of our board of directors.

Differentiated Physician and Patient Experience

We designed our platform, partnership and network approach with the goal of delivering a superior and continuously improving experience to our physician partners and their patients.

Physician partners: We believe our model enables PCPs to unlock the value in a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business while
remaining independent. Subsequent to joining our platform, our PCPs have increased their average annual income by successfully managing
healthcare costs and improving health outcomes. Our PCPs working with our live anchor physician groups reported an

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exceptionally strong NPS for their local anchor physician group of 73 in 2020. Additionally, 95% of our PCPs working with our live anchor physician groups report being "extremely likely" to be practicing with their group in three years compared to benchmark data reporting one in five physicians is considering leaving primary care.

• *Members:* We believe that our PCPs' engagement is manifested through deeper relationships with patients and results in a greater opportunity to improve our members' health. For example, in 2019, 78% of our members attributed to our live anchor physician groups attended their wellness visits, compared to the FFS national average CMS Annual Wellness Visit completion rate of 35% in 2019. Similar to our PCPs, our members attributed to our live anchor physician groups report exceptionally strong NPS of 83 in 2020 and 96% report being "extremely likely" to be still seeing their PCP in three years.

Mission-Driven Team and Culture

We have a world-class management team, which is differentiated by its breadth and depth of expertise in healthcare. Our senior management team has an average of more than 15 years of experience in the healthcare industry and has significant exposure across all components of the payment and delivery continuum. These years of experience have fostered strong relationships in the managed care, provider and payor segments of the healthcare landscape and deep understanding of physicians, patients, technology, payments and branding. We believe our management team's collective robust, diverse and complementary exposure to different facets of the healthcare industry positions our team to navigate and enable the shift to a physician-driven Total Care Model.

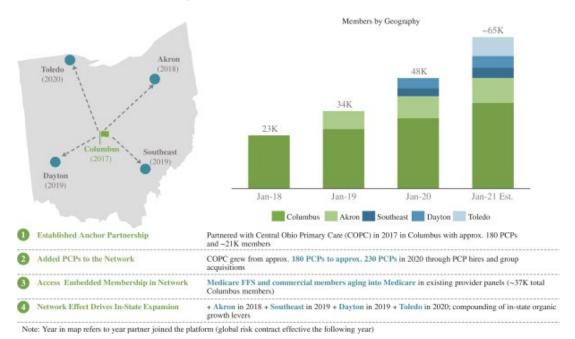
Our team is united by our mission of being the trusted long-term partner to community-based physicians and driven by our vision of transforming healthcare at the community level through exceptional patient-physician relationships.

Our Growth Strategy

We believe we are at an inflection point with multiple tailwinds supporting our mission to transform the role PCPs play in impacting the health of their senior patients. Our leadership position has translated to 210,000 MA members on our platform currently. However, this represents less than 1% of total MA lives in our current addressable market, highlighting our large addressable market opportunity. We intend to utilize our competitive strengths and capitalize on favorable industry trends to increase the number of regional hubs, local markets within those hubs and ultimately physicians and members we serve.

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The power of our model at work: Case study of Ohio expansion



Establish New Regional Hubs across the Country

We believe we are well-positioned to expand the number of our physician partners nationally across a diverse set of geographies. During 2020, we commenced operations with physician groups in two new regional hubs, Western Pennsylvania and North Carolina, and began implementation with physician groups in additional regional hubs in Western New York and Central Connecticut, which commenced operations in 2021. In addition, we recently established a new regional hub in Michigan that will go live in 2022. We have developed sophisticated business development capabilities and have established a robust pipeline with an array of physician groups across the country. We believe the extension of a globally capitated business model to patients enrolled in traditional Medicare through the Direct Contracting Model expands the number of potential regional hubs we can consider for entry.

Many of our physician partners, including Central Ohio Primary Care, Austin Regional Clinic and Buffalo Medical Group are considered among the most well-regarded physician groups in the country. We believe the exceptional quality and reputation of our physician partners represents a competitive advantage, and increases the attractiveness of our model relative to that of our competitors, which will help facilitate our growth and expansion. Many of our new physician partners and local physicians have joined our platform based on references from existing physician partners. The credibility and quality of our physician partners is consistently cited as a deciding factor for new physicians joining the platform.

Access the Large and Embedded Membership Opportunity within Our Existing Networks

We estimate that the number of Medicare FFS patients, Medicare-eligible patients and patients expected to age into Medicare over the next five years in our existing physician partner patient populations is approximately. These existing patients represent a large, growing and durable source of potential attributed member growth. As these patients enroll in MA through our payors, they become attributed to our platform with little incremental cost to us. As the number of Medicare-eligible patients and MA penetration rates increase, we expect to be favorably positioned to benefit from this source of growth, bolstered by the sticky physician-patient relationship

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and our platform's ability to assist our physician partners in more effectively managing healthcare quality, patient experience and cost. We believe this represents a significant source of growth for our geographies that have lower MA penetration rates, such as Wilmington, NC and Hartford, CT, where MA penetration rates are 31% and 48%, respectively, and forecasted MA growth is 16% and 13% respectively.

Facilitate and Capitalize on the Growth of Our Physician Partners

As the PCP base of our physician partners grows, our physician partners are better positioned to serve a growing Medicare population. Many of our physician partners, including organizations such as COPC and Austin Regional Clinic, are the leaders in their local geographies with high physician satisfaction rates, generally making them attractive places to practice for local physicians. In addition, our Total Care Model and comprehensive platform capabilities further enhance this value proposition as MA members with newly affiliated practices are on-boarded onto our platform. To capitalize on this opportunity, our physician partners are planning to expand provider capacity in existing geographies by approximately 9% over the next 18 months, adding capacity to serve a growing Medicare population. Many of our physician partners have well-established strategies to increase their PCP base through physician recruitment or acquisitions of established practices. Additionally, for several of our physician partners, we facilitate the recruitment of additional PCPs through capital support payments intended to ensure stable and high-quality networks to serve our growing MA membership.

Expand into Adjacent Geographies

We believe that we provide a compelling answer for independent physicians looking to access a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business while remaining independent. Once we establish a presence in a geography, we have the opportunity to accelerate the addition of new physician partnerships in the region. We are also able to leverage our regional infrastructure and our relationships with payors as we expand into adjacent geographies. For example, establishment of our initial partnership in Columbus, Ohio with Central Ohio Primary Care in 2017 helped lead to partnerships with Pioneer Physicians in Akron in 2018, PriMed Physicians in Dayton and Physicians Group of Southeast Ohio in 2019, and The Toledo Clinic in 2020. Our presence in a geography enables us to more efficiently identify and interact with potential physician partners in adjacent geographies, whose physicians are often colleagues of physicians with our existing physician partners. We believe this network feedback loop helps to efficiently expand our network of like-minded community-based physicians, and that we are poised to execute on similar expansions in other geographies. We have recently executed on similar regional hub expansions in Western New York, North Carolina, Texas and Michigan, with the addition of new physician partnerships contracted to go-live on January 1, 2022 within each of these hubs. Of our estimated 2020 addressable market, \$80 billion is concentrated in states in which we currently have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021.

Increase Quality and Improve Health Outcomes to Drive Profitability

We believe our Total Care Model drives increased profitability per member over time through increasing quality and improving health outcomes. As members and physicians mature on our platform, we increasingly recognize the benefits of improved quality of care and effectively managed healthcare costs. We believe there is significant opportunity to improve profitability per member over the course of our long-term partnerships by improving healthcare outcomes and effectively managing costs, with 70% of our MA members as of December 31, 2020 on our platform for fewer than three years. The nature of our long-term partnership model aligns with the long-term sticky relationship between a physician and their senior patients while increasing quality and improving health outcomes over the lifetime of a patient.

Demonstrate Operating Leverage

We expect to drive increasing profitability by leveraging both our market-level operating costs and centralized infrastructure, as we manage increased MA and DCE membership on our platform that has a

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maturing medical margin over time. The operating efficiencies we are able to achieve with our aligned partnership model have enabled us to grow operating costs to support live geographies and enterprise functions by 12% year-over-year for the year ended December 31, 2020, while revenue grew 53% and general and administrative expenses per member contracted by 23% over the same period. We believe the operating leverage inherent in our model is powerful because of the scalability of our regional hub model, and because we require very limited incremental investment to increase our capacity to serve the membership growth opportunity embedded in our physician partner practices.

Capitalize on Emerging Value-Based Care Opportunities

We believe we are positioned to capitalize on the shift from FFS towards a Total Care Model across the broader healthcare system. In each community we serve, our Total Care Model can now be extended to patients enrolled in traditional Medicare through the CMS Innovation Center Direct Contracting Model. Through five currently approved DCEs, which encompass more than 500 of our existing PCPs, we expect to provide care to over 50,000 traditional Medicare members in seven geographies. For the year ended December 31, 2020, our DCEs did not contribute to our revenue. We believe the Direct Contracting Model has the potential to expand our addressable market by approximately 15.9 million individuals, 4.5 million of which are located in states in which we currently have a physician partner or a signed letter of intent with a physician group as of January 2021 and are associated with independent PCPs. However, Medicare is not the only program seeking to integrate delivery and payment of services as a lever to control costs and improve health outcomes. As commercial plans, at-risk employers, hospital-aligned groups and others test the waters of a Total Care Model, we expect there could be opportunities to expand our platform beyond Medicare.

Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Our Business

Commencing in March 2020, we implemented the following measures to protect the health and safety of our employees, physicians and members in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic:

- Implement a cross-functional work team of management, physicians and staff to evaluate risks and ensure communication to all impacted stakeholders;
- Relocated the vast majority of our employees to home-based work settings;
- Discontinued employee travel unless supporting critical business needs;
- Coordinated with our physician partners to accelerate telehealth visit activity, increase the availability of same-day appointments and
 coordinate parking-lot clinic visits, in order to enable members to avoid emergency room or similar settings for non-emergent conditions;
- Deployed usage of personal protective equipment to employees returning to a workplace setting, and to our physician partners;
- Coordinated daily huddles for physicians and team members on clinical and operational impacts of COVID-19, which included participation
 and clinical education by nationally-recognized experts in infectious disease and epidemiology, and enabled physician partners across the
 country to engage with one another on best practices;
- Sent more than 800,000 communications to members to ensure they were well informed regarding best practices for staying safe, and aware of
 available support resources during the pandemic; and
- Facilitated the conversion to mail-order prescriptions and mail-in screening tests for patients

Despite the challenges and uncertainties created by the COVID-19 pandemic, we believe that our response to the pandemic has reinforced the value of our platform, long-term partnership model and network.

Throughout most of 2020, our members incurred lower healthcare costs than we would have otherwise expected, which resulted in lower medical services expenses incurred. Average medical services expense per member declined 3% relative to 2019. This reduction was impacted by the temporary deferral of non-essential care amid the COVID-19 pandemic and improved medical cost management, among other factors. These costs may be incurred at future points in time, and it is possible that the deferral of healthcare services could cause

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additional health problems in our existing members, which could increase our costs in the future. Additionally, our members' risk adjustment factors, which are reflective of documented clinical conditions during 2020 and which impact our 2021 revenues, may be lower than would have occurred without the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, resulting from members' avoidance or deferral of care during 2020. We cannot accurately estimate the net ultimate impact, positive or negative, to revenue or medical services expense at this time.

Also see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business—The spread of, and response to, the novel coronavirus, or COVID-19, underscores certain risks we face and the rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate adverse impact to us of COVID-19."

Company History

The Company is ultimately controlled by an investment fund associated with CD&R, a private equity firm headquartered in New York, NY. Our business was formed in 2016 through the completion of two acquisitions by CD&R: In July 2016, PPMC was acquired, which, together with the California IPAs, operated in Southern California. Also in July 2016, CPS was acquired, which, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates, operates a network of contracted physicians in Hawaii and provides software and medical billing solutions to independent healthcare organizations. During 2020, we implemented a plan to divest all of our California operations, which includes the entirety of our Medicaid line of business, via three separate transactions with different parties. In February 2021, we completed the divestiture of our California operations. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—California
Operations" for additional information.

agilon health, inc., the issuer in this offering, was incorporated in the State of Delaware in April 2017 in connection with our entry into a physician partnership with COPC, a physician-owned medical group, to establish a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business in the Columbus, Ohio region. Since that time, we have focused on collaborating with leading community-based physician groups to establish Medicare-centric, globally capitated lines of business for their existing practices in their local geography. The Company has expanded and entered into new partnerships in Austin, Akron, Pittsburgh, North Carolina, Hartford, Buffalo, Toledo, Dayton and Southeast Ohio. In March 2021, we changed our name from Agilon Health Topco, Inc. to agilon health, inc., and changed the name of our subsidiary, agilon health, inc., to agilon health management, inc.

Reimbursement Model and Organization

Under a traditional FFS reimbursement model, physicians are paid a fixed amount for services provided during a patient visit, regardless of a patient's medical need or health outcome. As a result, physician reimbursement is solely related to the volume of patient visits and procedures performed, thereby offering limited financial incentive to focus on preventative care and cost containment. Value-based care models offer alternative reimbursement models, which typically incentivize physicians for improving the cost and quality of healthcare provided for an attributed patient population. Various types of value-based care reimbursement models exist, including capitation, bundled payments, or payments for attainment of improved quality metrics or medical cost efficiency.

Under our Total Care Model, which is a type of value-based care reimbursement model, we are responsible for managing the medical costs associated with our attributed members. This structure empowers physicians to focus on the improvement of the quality of care provided, and to share in the financial surplus created to the extent premiums received exceed the cost of medical care. Under such a structure, physicians are incentivized to improve the quality and efficiency of care as well as health outcomes for their patients.

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Physician and Payor Contractual Relationships

Physicians

Our business model combines the agilon platform, a network of like-minded physicians and a long-term partnership model in order to provide physician groups with the necessary capabilities, capital and business model to create a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. We believe that failing to empower PCPs to drive meaningful change in quality, cost and patient experience has fostered waste, unnecessary variability in care and poor patient experience and health outcomes. We seek to partner with leading community-based physician groups under a Total Care Model. We have formed long-term partnerships with diverse leading community-based physician groups in geographies such as Columbus, Austin, Pittsburgh, North Carolina, Hartford and Buffalo. By providing technology, people, process and capital, we aim to improve the quality and cost of healthcare and drive long-term growth while creating a sustainable business model for our physician partners.

Under the Total Care Model, we typically operate by forming risk-bearing entities (each, an "RBE") within local geographies. These wholly-owned RBEs enter into risk-bearing, global capitation agreements with payors, contract with agilon to perform certain functions and enter into long-term professional service agreements with one or more partner primary care or multi-specialty physician groups. We refer to these groups as our "anchor physician groups." Individual MA members whose care is provided by PCPs employed or affiliated with our anchor physician groups are attributed to the RBE, which bears financial responsibility for the associated medical costs of such members. As of December 31, 2020, we had entered into long-term professional services agreements with 16 anchor physician groups, which typically have a contractual duration of 20 years. In accordance with relevant accounting guidance, each of these RBEs is determined to be a variable interest entity consolidated by agilon, as we have: (i) the ability, through the management services and governance arrangements, to direct the activities (excluding clinical decisions) that most significantly affect the RBE's economic performance; and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of or the right to receive benefits that could be potentially significant to the RBE.

Through incentive compensation arrangements, we share a portion of the RBE's savings from successfully improving the quality of care and reducing costs with our anchor physician groups. Typically, our anchor physician groups receive a FFS base compensation rate for services rendered which is paid directly by health plan payors to our anchor physician groups or, in certain arrangements, paid from the health plan payor to the applicable RBE, who pays the compensation received to our anchor physician groups. In certain cases, our anchor physician groups may be entitled to a guaranteed minimum FFS base compensation rate from the RBE in the event that the FFS base compensation rate paid by the health plan payor does not meet the negotiated base compensation rate as agreed between the RBE and the anchor physician group, or if the FFS base compensation rate paid by the health plan payor falls below what the anchor physician group had received prior to joining our platform. Historically, the base compensation rates paid directly by the health plan payors to our anchor physician groups have met or exceeded applicable guaranteed minimum FFS base compensation rates. This base compensation is initially negotiated with the RBE for the first ten years of each agreement, subject to annual increases based on current market rates and other agreed upon adjustment factors, after which it is subject to renegotiation. Although our RBEs are wholly-owned subsidiaries of agilon, our anchor physician groups participate in each RBE's governance, with individuals designated or nominated by the applicable anchor physician groups having representation on each RBE's board of directors. Most of our contracts with our anchor physician groups contain exclusivity or other provisions intended to promote interconnectedness with our physician partners for applicable lines of business in order to facilitate the longevity and stability of the partnership. Typically, these contracts provide for termination rights that are triggered upon certain events, subject to applicable cure periods, including bankruptcy or insolvency events, exclusion, suspension or debarment from state or federal government programs and the occurrence of government action that can be reasonably expected to negatively influence our business. We have historically issued certain stock-based instruments, which we refer to as "partner physician group equity agreements," to our anchor physician groups pursuant to which they are entitled to receive equity of their local RBE or agilon health, respectively, in the

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future only upon the occurrence of certain events deemed a "change of control" of the RBE, or a "change of control" of agilon health, if such event occurs before a "change of control" of the RBE.

In addition, in Hawaii we operate under a risk-bearing independent practice association model through which we have broadly contracted with physicians across the state and have developed select deeper primary care relationships within the network. PCPs in our Hawaii network are typically compensated on an FFS basis based on applicable Medicare fee schedules.

In addition to our contractual arrangements with our physician partners, we also maintain relationships with other providers who care for our members, including hospitals, specialists and ancillary providers. Such providers typically contract directly with payors. We and our physician partners maintain effective working relationships with the majority of the higher-volume providers in our geographies in order to retain insight into the provision of care to our members and ensure care is rendered effectively and in a manner which supports the achievement of appropriate clinical outcomes.

Payors

We enter into contractual agreements with payors in each of our geographies, under which we are financially responsible for our physician partners' provision of a defined spectrum of healthcare services to our members, in exchange for a defined PMPM fee for each of our members (which is also referred to as "global capitation"). The healthcare services for which we are responsible under such arrangements generally include all healthcare costs which CMS considers as Part A and B costs, including hospitalization and facility costs, primary and specialty care provider costs, and ancillary services cost. In certain of our payor arrangements, we are also financially responsible for Part D pharmaceutical costs for prescriptions rendered to our members. Through these payor agreements, we help to create access for our physician partners to value-based care reimbursement structures through our Total Care Model, which allow our physician partners to focus on the improvement of the quality of care provided to their patients, and to share in the financial surplus created to the extent premiums received exceed the cost of medical care.

The global capitation fees we are entitled to receive from our payor contracts are typically based on a defined percentage of the corresponding monthly premium payments which the payor receives from CMS for members attributed to our PCPs and covered under such contracts. The premium payments to payors are based on county-level benchmark rates established by CMS and payors' annual bid of amounts necessary to cover the cost of a standard MA patient, and are influenced by several factors, including, but not limited to, the applicable MA plan's STAR rating and CMS' risk-adjustment model, which compensates payors based on the health status (acuity) of each individual patient in the preceding calendar year. For agreements where we are delegated for claims payment, we utilize amounts received under the applicable agreement on a monthly basis to pay such claims for medical services rendered to our members. For agreements where the payor retains responsibility for paying claims on our behalf, as is the case today in the majority of our payor agreements, funding under the applicable agreement is utilized by the payor to pay such claims, and we receive surplus distributions on a monthly or quarterly basis. In these arrangements, the payor maintains the responsibility for entering into contractual agreements with network hospitals, network specialty physicians, and ancillary or other providers. Additionally, certain of our contracts with payors incorporate provisions in which we are eligible to earn additional payments on top of our capitation payments based upon the attainment of defined quality performance criteria correlated to applicable STAR ratings criteria. Premiums received may be subject to future adjustment. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Industry and Government Programs—Repayment obligations arising out of payor audits, such as CMS RADV audits, can be significant and adversely impact reimbursement rates."

We have developed local contracts across multiple payors, along with national form contracts with certain key payors, which provide a consistency of non-financial contract terms, data sharing, operational processes and governance structures and support portability of the agilon platform. We typically maintain various contracts with a single national payor in order to reflect varying economic terms across our geographies, and to provide for

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distinct subsidiary entities of our company and a national payor as parties to these contracts. As of December 31, 2020, we have relationships with 15 payors across 17 geographies. Payors with which we contract include large national health plans as well as smaller local and regional insurers. We believe our ability to offer multiple MA plans and products to our physician partners in each geography creates significant value for our physician partners and the members that they serve. Members are able to select the plan and benefit design that meets their individual needs while our platform enables a seamless experience regardless of plan or product for all patients and physician groups. For the year ended December 31, 2020, Humana represented approximately 38% of our total revenue, and Humana, Aetna and United Healthcare collectively represented approximately 69% of our total revenue.

The agreements with our payors outline the range of healthcare services for which we are financially responsible and at risk, the services for which we are contracted to perform on the payor's behalf and the key financial terms. The majority of our contracts are for terms ranging from one to three years and contain automatic annual renewal provisions. When we enter into a new payor contract, we are typically required by the payor to contribute risk-bearing capital to the local operating subsidiary. This typically takes the form of letters of credit or restricted deposits, or the payor may retain a percentage of the capitation payments due under the applicable contract. Risk-bearing capital required by payors varies by payor and geography, but typically averages between 1.5-2.0% of projected annual gross revenue attributable to the corresponding agreement, and ranged from \$50,000 to \$10.0 million as of December 31, 2020.

Our payor agreements also typically incorporate various termination rights, which are negotiated based on the scope of the market-facing solutions that the payor has adopted and the duration of the contract. Most of our contracts include cure periods during which time we may attempt to resolve any issues that would trigger a payor's ability to terminate the contract. However, certain of our contracts are also terminable immediately upon the occurrence of certain events. For example, some of our contracts may be terminated immediately by the payor if we lose applicable licenses, go bankrupt, lose our liability insurance or receive an exclusion, suspension or debarment from state or federal government authorities.

The contracts with our payors impose other obligations on us. For example, we typically agree that all services provided under our contract and all employees providing such services will comply with such payor's policies and procedures. We also typically agree to indemnify our payors against certain third-party claims.

Marketing and Distribution

In accordance with Medicare marketing guidelines, payors are responsible for marketing directly to patients. Our focus is on outreach to existing community-based physician groups to join our platform, establishing and maintaining our local branding and strategies to support education for our Medicare-eligible members in evaluating their Medicare options.

Through our long-term partnership model, we partner with leading community-based physician groups in our existing geographies, and aim to expand our geographic reach by partnering with community-based physician groups in new geographies, across the United States. Our growth strategy is supported by a dedicated business development team that works closely with physician groups, senior management and key stakeholders to identify potential physician groups to partner with and integrate onto our platform and into our network. Additionally, we believe our network of like-minded physician partners also attracts new physicians to join, as access to cross-market know-how and best practices encourages success in a Total Care Model.

Our enterprise marketing team develops branding strategies and identities in our geographies and supports the development of marketing and branding materials to support the local growth of our physician partners and their Medicare patient population. This begins with our entry into a new geography. We create a local brand that embodies the value of the Total Care Model for patients as well as the history and culture of our physician partner. Each geography has its own customized brand, which includes "Senior Care Advantage" as part of the

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naming convention to help reinforce the value of our national network to payors, policy makers and other industry constituents. To empower patients to make informed decisions about their coverage options, educational opportunities and materials are offered throughout the year, including educational physician presentations, monthly "Medicare 101" sessions across every geography, on-line resources, in-office materials that explain the difference between traditional Medicare and MA, and patient communications that highlight Medicare election coverage windows.

Competition

The healthcare industry is highly competitive and fragmented. We currently face competition in every aspect of our business, including in offering a favorable reimbursement structure for existing physician partners and attracting payors and physician partners who are not contracted with us, from a range of companies that provide care under a variety of models that could attract patients, providers and payors. Our primary competitors include ChenMed, Oak Street Health, Optum and VillageMD, in addition to numerous local provider networks, hospitals and health systems. Moreover, large, well-financed payors have in some cases developed their own managed services tools and may provide these services to their physicians and patients at discounted prices, or may seek to expand their relationships with additional competing physicians or physician networks. Other organizations may also seek to apply specialized services or programs, including providing data analytics or disease-based programs, designed to enable physicians or payors to operate successfully under value-based care arrangements. Although some of our competitors utilize elements of our MA multi-payor, globally capitated risk model deployed with community-based physician groups, including in certain of the geographies we serve, we do not believe any of our competitors offer a model that captures all elements of the agilon model. Our competitors typically vary by geography, and we may also encounter competition in the future from other new entrants. Our growth strategy and our business could be adversely affected if we are not able to continue to access existing geographies, successfully expand into new geographies or maintain or establish new relationships with payors and physician partners. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Industry and Government Programs—We operate in a competitive industry, and if we are not able to compete effectively, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations will be harmed"

The principal competitive factors in our business include the nature and caliber of relationships with physicians; patient healthcare quality, outcomes and cost; the strength of relationships with payors; the quality of the physician experience; local geography leadership position; and the strength of the underlying economic model. We believe our first-of-its-kind platform, partnership and network model enables us to compete favorably.

Intellectual Property

We rely on a combination of trademark laws in the U.S. as well as confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions to protect our trade secrets, including proprietary technology, databases and our brand.

We have registered "agilon" and our logo as trademarks in the U.S. We also have filed other trademark applications that are meaningful to our business in the U.S. across various states and local jurisdictions, including for the use of the local brand created within each of our geographies, and will pursue additional trademark registrations to the extent we believe it would be beneficial and cost-effective.

We are the registered holder of a variety of domain names that include "agilon" and similar variations.

We have developed proprietary technology and processes that support our operational programs and clinical insights, including our "CORE" technology platform and HCC Manager risk adjustment software application, both of which are proprietary systems that aid in the aggregation and analysis of third-party data we collect. Our internally developed technology is continuously refined to support the needs of our platform and partners. Although we do not currently hold a patent for CORE or HCC Manager, we continually assess the most appropriate methods of protecting our intellectual property and may decide to pursue available protections in the future.

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We maintain our intellectual property and confidential business information in a number of ways. For instance, we have a policy of requiring all employees and consultants to execute confidentiality agreements upon the commencement of an employment or consulting relationship with us. Our employee agreements also require relevant employees to assign to us all rights to any inventions made or conceived during their employment with us in accordance with applicable law. In addition, we have a policy of requiring individuals and entities with which we discuss potential business relationships to sign non-disclosure agreements. Lastly, our agreements with customers include confidentiality and non-disclosure provisions.

We may be unable to obtain, maintain and enforce our intellectual property rights, and assertions by third parties that we violate their intellectual property rights could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Human Capital

People join agilon because of our vision: To transform the future of healthcare in communities across the country by empowering exceptional patient-physician relationship. Together with our employees and physician partners, we have defined our company values and commitments to guide our everyday actions in executing our mission:

- Partnership and Collaboration: We are One Team. We collaborate deeply. We embrace diversity. Together with our physician partners, we
 empower the care that our families and friends deserve.
- Innovation: We rapidly adapt to our changing world and embrace the creativity of our physician partners and each other.
- Quality and Service Excellence: We value results, not activity. We serve others with passion and humility.
- Continuous Improvement: We are agile and move fast. We actively seek out and share feedback. We learn and improve every day.
- Expertise: We are curious. We aspire to be experts and share our knowledge.
- Accountability and Integrity: We celebrate our successes. We take ownership in everything we do.

Our human capital efforts are supported by our dedicated human resources team. This team supports the business in identifying and recruiting top talent, supporting the onboarding and orientation of new hires through a comprehensive new employee orientation, a manager's toolkit and resources to support onboarding, goal setting, and in-year management, as well as a comprehensive semi-annual review process that ties to our company values and supports continuous learning and improvement. Our efforts to promote a positive employee experience and build culture are further supported and enhanced by local and national in-person and virtual events, including town halls, in-office celebrations, employee activity committees and most-valuable-player awards, meant to champion our employees and create a sense of community. We conduct annual employee engagement surveys to solicit feedback and help guide annual planning on efforts and initiatives to support our team members. We have also developed a taskforce that seeks to drive focused and targeted diversity and inclusion efforts, including employee focus groups and participation up and down the organization to ensure all voices are heard.

As of December 31, 2020, agilon and its subsidiaries had 552 employees, of whom 548 were full-time and four were part-time. None of our employees is a member of a labor union, and we have not experienced a work stoppage. Our employees do not include our physician partners, whom we do not directly employ. We believe we enjoy a good working relationship with our employees.

Our Business Model and Environmental, Social and Governance Considerations

We were built to transform healthcare in communities across the country by addressing the structural hurdles driving poor outcomes and unsustainable costs in the U.S. healthcare system. We do this by

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revolutionizing care delivery for the medically complex Medicare population through the community-based physicians that are critical components of their local healthcare delivery system. Our model empowers community-based physicians to reorganize the care delivery system in order to improve outcomes and experience for seniors in their local communities and across the nation.

Healthcare and Other Applicable Regulatory Matters

The healthcare industry is highly regulated under both state and federal laws and regulations. Our operations and relationships with healthcare plans and providers are subject to extensive and increasing regulation by numerous federal, state, and local government agencies including the Office of Inspector General ("OIG"), the DOJ, the CMS, the Office of Civil Rights, and various state authorities.

Corporate Practice of Medicine

Some states in which we operate have laws prohibiting the corporate practice of medicine; such laws generally prohibit business entities with non-physician owners, such as agilon and certain of its subsidiaries, from practicing medicine. States that have corporate practice of medicine laws limit the practice of medicine to licensed individuals or professional organizations comprising licensed individuals; therefore, lay entities are prohibited from employing or contracting with physicians (unless the entity satisfies a limited exception), exercising control over medical decisions, or engaging in certain arrangements with other physicians, such as fee-splitting. These laws vary widely from state to state. A violation of the corporate practice of medicine prohibition constitutes the unlawful practice of medicine, which is a public offense punishable by fines or criminal penalties. In addition, any physician who participates in a scheme that violates the state's corporate practice of medicine prohibition may be subject to disciplinary action or potentially forfeiture of revenues from payors for services rendered, or may be punished for aiding and abetting a lay entity in the unlawful practice of medicine. We typically operate by forming RBEs which contract with payors on the one hand and provide professional services through contractual relationships with PCPs on the other hand. While we believe that our practices are in substantial compliance with the corporate practice of medicine laws to which we are subject, if a state determines that we are not in compliance that may result in a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition. See "Risk Factors—Legal and Regulatory Risks—Laws regulating the corporate practice of medicine could restrict the manner in which we are permitted to conduct our business, and the failure to comply with such laws, or any changes to such laws or regulations or similar laws or regulations could subject us to penalties and restructuring, or have a mat

Fee-Splitting Prohibitions

The laws of some states prohibit physicians from splitting with anyone, other than providers who are part of the same group practice, any professional fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any services not actually and personally rendered. Fee-splitting laws and their interpretations vary from state to state and are enforced by state courts and regulatory authorities that have broad discretion in their enforcement. Courts in some states have interpreted fee-splitting statutes as prohibiting all percentage of gross revenue and percentage of net profit fee arrangements, despite the performance of legitimate services. In addition, courts have refused to enforce contracts found to violate state fee-splitting prohibitions. Further, fee-splitting arrangements could implicate other laws applicable to our business, such as anti-kickback and corporate practice of medicine laws and regulations.

While we believe we are in substantial compliance with fee-splitting laws in the states in which we operate, if we are found to be non-compliant, penalties for violating fee-splitting statutes or regulations may include medical license revocation, suspension, probation or other disciplinary action against our affiliated providers.

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False Claims Acts

We are subject to numerous federal and state laws that prohibit the presentation of false information, or the failure to disclose information, in connection with the submission and payment of medical claims for reimbursement.

The federal civil and criminal false claims laws and civil monetary penalties laws, such as the federal False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729—3733, impose civil liability on individuals or entities that submit false or fraudulent claims for payment to the federal government. The False Claims Act provides, in part, that the federal government may bring a lawsuit against any person whom it believes has knowingly or recklessly: presented, or caused to be presented, a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval to the federal government; made, used or caused to be made or used a false statement or a false record to get a claim for payment approved, including a false or fraudulent claim; concealed, or knowingly and improperly avoided or decreased, an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the federal government; or conspired to commit any of the foregoing. The government may deem entities to have "caused" the submission of false or fraudulent claims by, for example, providing inaccurate billing or coding information, billing for services not rendered, billing services at a higher payment rate than appropriate and billing for care that is not considered medically necessary.

The federal government has used the False Claims Act to prosecute a wide variety of alleged false claims and fraud allegedly perpetrated against Medicare and state healthcare programs. The federal government, including as a result of the passage of the ACA, and a number of courts have taken the position that claims presented in violation of certain other statutes, including the federal Anti-Kickback Statute ("AKS") or the federal physician referral law, 42 U.S.C. 1395nn (the "Stark Law"), can also be considered a violation of the False Claims Act. Some government healthcare programs, including, but not limited to, the MA program, use a risk-adjustment model that adjusts premiums paid to contracted payors to reflect the specific characteristics of each enrolled member (including demographics, government program eligibility and health status). Many payors and government healthcare programs have set forth specific documentation rules that must be followed in compliantly selecting allowable codes. We rely on physician partners to follow the CMS documentation rules and code their claim submissions with accurate and substantially documented diagnoses, which we send to the payors, some of whom, in turn, submit the data to government healthcare agencies including CMS. In recent years, the DOJ has brought a number of investigations and actions under the federal False Claims Act against both payors and providers for alleged upcoding or improper coding of diagnosis coding under the risk-adjustment methodology. Further, amendments to the federal False Claims Act and Social Security Act impose severe penalties for the knowing and improper retention of overpayments collected from government payors.

A number of states have enacted laws that are similar to the federal False Claims Act. Under Section 6031 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, as amended, if a state enacts a false claims act that is at least as stringent as the federal statute and that also meets certain other requirements, the state will be eligible to receive a greater share of any monetary recovery obtained pursuant to certain actions brought under the state's false claims act. As a result, more states are expected to enact laws that are similar to the federal False Claims Act in the future along with a corresponding increase in state false claims enforcement efforts. Violations of federal and state fraud and abuse laws may be punishable by criminal and/or civil sanctions, including significant penalties, fines, disgorgement, additional reporting requirements and oversight under a corporate integrity agreement or similar agreement to resolve allegations of noncompliance with these laws, and/or exclusion or suspension from federal healthcare programs, such as Medicare, and debarment from contracting with the U.S. government. Penalties for False Claims Act violations include fines ranging from \$11,665 to \$23,331 for each false claim, plus up to three times the amount of damages sustained by the government. In addition to the provisions of the False Claims Act, which provide for civil enforcement, the federal government also can use several criminal statutes to prosecute persons who are alleged to have submitted false or fraudulent claims to the government for payments. Additionally, private parties may initiate *qui tam* whistleblower lawsuits against any person or entity under the False Claims Act in the name of the federal government, as well as under the false claims laws of several states, and may share in the proceeds of a successful suit. Generally, federal and state governments have made investigating and prosecuting healthcare fraud and abuse a priority.

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Federal and State Anti-Kickback Statutes

The AKS, set forth in Section 1128B of the Social Security Act, prohibits the knowing and willful offer, payment, solicitation or receipt of any form of remuneration in return for, or to induce, (i) the referral of a person for items or services reimbursable under federal healthcare programs, (ii) the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of items or services reimbursable under federal healthcare programs or (iii) the purchase, lease or order or arranging or recommending purchasing, leasing or ordering of any item or service reimbursable under federal healthcare programs. The core of a violation of the AKS is an "inducement" to refer patients for services or items that are reimbursed under a federal healthcare program, such as Medicare, Medicaid, or Tricare (which covers military personnel). The ACA amended the AKS to make it clear that a person need not have actual knowledge of the statute, or specific intent to violate the statute, as a predicate for a violation. Court cases have resulted in the interpretation that a violation may occur where even one purpose of the remuneration is to induce or reward referrals, and the OIG, which has the authority to impose administrative sanctions for violation of the statute, has adopted a similar standard.

There are certain AKS "safe harbors" which, if the respective requirements are met, would afford protection from the AKS. Failure to meet all requirements of an AKS safe harbor does not necessarily mean the arrangement violates the AKS, but it may be subject to scrutiny by legal authorities, in light of the parties' intent and arrangements. In other words, if an arrangement does not fit within a safe harbor, it does not necessarily mean that the arrangement is *per se* illegal—only that it is not shielded from regulatory scrutiny. The federal AKS provides criminal penalties for individuals or entities that knowingly and willfully solicit or receive any remuneration. A violation of the AKS is punishable by imprisonment of up to ten years, fines of up to \$100,000 per offense, or both. Violation can also give rise to federal healthcare program exclusion, liability under the False Claims Act and civil penalties, which may include monetary penalties of up to \$100,000 per offense, repayments of up to three times the total payments between the parties to the arrangement and suspension from future participation in Medicare and Medicaid.

We have endeavored to structure our business arrangements to fit within applicable federal AKS safe harbors and to otherwise operate in material compliance with the AKS. Federal courts in the U.S., for instance, have recognized that a referring party's provision of legitimate services to a referral recipient may not constitute prohibited remuneration for AKS purposes when the referral recipient pays fair market value in return for what it receives. Many of our arrangements are structured to provide for compensation that is fair market value for services actually rendered and in a manner that does not reflect the volume or value of referrals generated between the parties. In structuring our relationships with providers, including our physician partners, and other healthcare entities, we are careful to try to ensure wherever possible that we are in compliance with all of the regulatory requirements of such safe harbors and exceptions. In particular, a key managed care safe harbor under the AKS upon which we regularly rely allows for payments to providers for "healthcare services and items," but does not allow incentive payments for marketing or to encourage member enrollment. We therefore carefully analyze all payment structures to ensure that they constitute "services and items" that fall within this safe harbor or are otherwise in compliance with the AKS.

Additionally, some states have enacted statutes and regulations similar to the AKS, but which may be applicable regardless of the payor source for the patient. These state laws may contain exceptions and safe harbors that are different from and/or more limited than those of federal law and that may vary from state to state.

To help accelerate the U.S. healthcare system's transition from an FFS to a value-based system, HHS launched the "Regulatory Sprint to Coordinated Care" initiative ("Regulatory Sprint") in 2018, which aims to change the manner in which the healthcare regulatory framework has traditionally been applied to stakeholder arrangements. In connection with the Regulatory Sprint, the OIG has issued final rules effective January 19, 2021, amending the AKS by adding new safe harbors and modifying existing safe harbors that protect certain payment practices and business arrangements from sanctions under the AKS in order to remove potential barriers

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to more effective coordination and management of patient care and delivery of value-based care. Among other changes, the new regulations contain safe harbors for value-based arrangements centering around value-based enterprises, which are enterprises composed of participants collaborating to achieve one or more value-based purposes, including coordinating and managing the care of a target patient population and coordinating and managing the care of a target population. These new final rules provide additional protections to our payment models with providers. Since publication, however, the Government Accountability Office concluded that the final rules did not incorporate a required 60-day delay in their effective date. On January 20, 2021, the Biden Administration issued a memorandum to all agencies announcing a regulatory freeze; notwithstanding, CMS has taken the position that the final rules are currently in effect. The Biden Administration has not, to date, made any statement indicating that such final rules will be modified, retracted or corrected with a new effective date.

We have also endeavored to structure our participation in the Direct Contracting Model to comply with waivers of the AKS issued by the Secretary of HHS. The conditions of such waivers are to ensure that protected arrangements: (i) are consistent with the quality, care coordination, and cost-reduction goals of the Direct Contracting Model, (ii) are subject to safeguards designed to mitigate the risk of fraud and abuse; and (iii) can be readily monitored and audited.

Stark Law

The Stark Law generally prohibits a physician from referring Medicare and Medicaid patients to an entity providing DHS if such physician, or a member of the physician's immediate family, has a financial relationship with the entity, unless a specific exception applies. DHS is defined to mean any of the following enumerated items or services; clinical laboratory services; physical therapy services; occupational therapy services; radiology services, including magnetic resonance imaging, computerized axial tomography scans and ultrasound services; radiation therapy services and supplies; durable medical equipment and supplies; parenteral and enteral nutrients, equipment and supplies; prosthetics, orthotics and prosthetic devices and supplies; home health services; outpatient prescription drugs; inpatient and outpatient hospital services; and outpatient speech-language pathology services. The types of financial arrangements between the referring physician and an entity providing DHS that trigger the Stark Law are broad, including direct and indirect ownership and investment interests, and compensation arrangements. The Stark Law also prohibits any entity providing DHS and receiving a prohibited referral from presenting, or causing to be presented, a claim or billing for the services arising out of the prohibited referral. Similarly, the Stark Law prohibits an entity from "furnishing" a DHS to another entity in which it has a financial relationship when that entity bills for the service. The Stark Law also prohibits self-referrals within an organization by its own physicians, although broad exceptions exist that cover employed physicians and those referring DHS that are ancillary to the physician's practice to the physician group. The prohibition applies regardless of the reasons for the financial relationship and the referral; intent to induce referrals is not required. Like the federal AKS, the federal Stark Law contains statutory and regulatory exceptions intended to protect certain types of transactions and arrangements. If the Stark Law is implicated, the financial relationship must fully satisfy a Stark Law exception: if an exception is not satisfied, then the parties to the arrangement could be subject to sanctions. Sanctions for violation of the Stark Law include denial of payment for claims for services provided in violation of the prohibition, refunds of amounts collected in violation of the prohibition, a civil penalty of up to \$15,000 for each service arising out of the prohibited referral, a civil penalty of up to \$100,000 against parties that enter into a scheme to circumvent the Stark Law prohibition, civil assessment of up to three times the amount claimed, and potential exclusion from the federal healthcare programs, including Medicare and Medicaid. Amounts collected on claims related to prohibited referrals must be reported and refunded generally within sixty (60) days after the date on which the overpayment was identified. Furthermore, Stark Law violations and failure to return overpayments in a timely manner can form the basis for False Claims Act liability, as further discussed herein. Additionally, several states have enacted physician self-referral laws.

Notably, compensation pursuant to a risk-sharing arrangement between a managed care organization or an independent practice association and a physician (either directly or indirectly through a contractor) for services provided to enrollees of a health plan (an MA plan, for example) does not constitute a financial arrangement for Stark purposes. Further, physician incentive plans ("PIPs") are allowable provided that (i) the compensation is not

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determined in any manner (withhold, capitation, bonus, or otherwise) that takes into account, directly or indirectly, volume or value of referrals and (ii) the PIP does not induce the reduction of medically necessary care to individual patients and does not place the physician at substantial financial risk for services not provided by the physician.

As part of the Regulatory Sprint, OIG and the CMS each issued a sweeping set of proposed regulations that introduce significant new value-based terminology, safe harbors and exceptions to the AKS and Stark Law. The proposals purport to ease the compliance burden for healthcare providers across the industry while maintaining strong safeguards to protect patients and programs from fraud and abuse. These or other changes may change the parameters of the Stark Law exceptions that we rely upon and impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Section 1876 of the Social Security Act

Section 1876 of the Social Security Act prohibits MA plans and their downstream entities from entering into compensation arrangements with physicians that may directly or indirectly have an effect of reducing or limiting services to individual members. We have sought to structure our compensation arrangements with physicians to ensure compliance with this requirement.

Health Care Fraud Statute

The Health Care Fraud Statute, 18 U.S.C. § 1347, prohibits any person from knowingly and willfully executing, or attempting to execute, a scheme to defraud any healthcare benefit program, which can be either a government or private payor plan. Violation of this statute, even in the absence of actual knowledge of or specific intent to violate the statute, may be charged as a felony offense and may result in fines, imprisonment or both. The Health Care False Statement Statute, 18 U.S.C. § 1035, prohibits, in any matter involving a federal healthcare program, anyone from knowingly and willfully falsifying, concealing or covering up, by any trick, scheme or device, a material fact, or making any materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation, or making or using any materially false writing or document knowing that it contains a materially false or fraudulent statement. A violation of this statute may be charged as a felony offense and may result in fines, imprisonment, or both.

Civil Monetary Penalties Statute

The CMPL, 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7a, authorizes the imposition of civil monetary penalties, assessments, and exclusions against an individual or entity based on a variety of prohibited conduct, including, but not limited to: (i) presenting, or causing to be presented, claims for payment to Medicare, Medicaid, or other third-party payors that the individual or entity knows or should know are for an item or service that was not provided as claimed or is false or fraudulent; (ii) offering remuneration to a federal healthcare program beneficiary that the individual or entity knows or should know is likely to influence the beneficiary to order or receive healthcare items or services from a particular provider; (iii) arranging contracts with an entity or individual excluded from participation in a federal healthcare program; (iv) violating the federal AKS; (v) making, using, or causing to be made or used, a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim for payment for items and services furnished under a federal healthcare program; (vi) making, using, or causing to be made any false statement, omission, or misrepresentation of a material fact in any application, bid, or contract to participate or enroll as a provider of services or a supplier under a federal healthcare program; and (vii) failing to report and return an overpayment owed to the federal government. We could be exposed to a wide range of allegations to which the federal CMPL would apply. We perform monthly checks on our employees, affiliated providers and certain affiliates and vendors using government databases to confirm that these individuals have not been excluded from federal programs. However, should an individual become excluded and we fail to detect it, a federal agency could require us to refund amounts attributable to all claims or services performed or sufficiently linked to an excluded individual. Thus, we cannot foreclose the possibility that we will face allegations subject to the CMPL with the potential for a material advers

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depending on the underlying violation. In addition, an assessment of not more than three (3) times the total amount claimed for each item or service may also apply, and a violator may be subject to exclusion from federal and state healthcare programs.

Federal and State Insurance and Managed Care Laws

Regulation of downstream risk-sharing arrangements, including, but not limited to, global risk and other value-based arrangements, varies significantly from state to state. Some states require downstream entities and RBEs to obtain an insurance license, a certificate of authority, or an equivalent authorization, in order to participate in downstream risk-sharing arrangements with payors. In some states, statutes, regulations and/or formal guidance explicitly address whether and in what manner the state regulates the transfer of risk by a payor to a downstream entity. However, the majority of states do not explicitly address the issue, and in such states, regulators may nonetheless interpret statutes and regulations to regulate such activity. If downstream risk-sharing arrangements are not regulated directly in a particular state, the state regulatory agency may nonetheless require oversight by the licensed payor as the party to such a downstream risk-sharing arrangement. Such oversight is accomplished via contract and may include the imposition of reserve requirements, as well as reporting obligations. Further, state regulatory stances regarding downstream risk-sharing arrangements can change rapidly and codified provisions may not keep pace with evolving risk-sharing mechanisms.

Healthcare Reform

In March 2010, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the accompanying Health Care and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act, collectively referred to as the ACA, were enacted. The ACA includes a variety of healthcare reform provisions and requirements, which continue to be implemented and substantially changed the way healthcare is financed by both governmental and private insurers.

However, as a result of the election of Former President Trump, the Republican control of the Senate, and the former Republican control of the House, several changes have been made to the provisions of the ACA since 2010, including reduced funding. Looking forward, the future of the ACA and its underlying programs are subject to continuing and substantial uncertainty, making long-term business planning exceedingly difficult. However, it is expected that a Biden administration will work to strengthen the law and build upon it.

The prior administration and Congress were seeking legislative and regulatory changes to healthcare laws and regulations, including repeal and replacement of certain provisions of the ACA. To date, Congressional efforts to completely repeal and replace the ACA have been unsuccessful. However, the individual mandate was repealed by Congress as part of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act that was signed into law on December 22, 2017. In December 2018, in a case brought by the state of Texas and nineteen other states, a federal judge in Texas struck down the ACA based on his determination that the ACA's individual mandate is unconstitutional and, since that mandate cannot be separated from the rest of the ACA, the judge ruled that the rest of the ACA is also unconstitutional. The decision has been appealed to the United States Supreme Court. The hearing was held in November 2020, and a decision is likely to be made in 2021.

Because of the continued uncertainty about the implementation of the ACA, including the timing of and potential for further legal challenges, repeal or amendment of that legislation and future of the health insurance exchanges, we cannot quantify or predict with any certainty the likely impact of the ACA on our business, financial condition, operating results and prospects.

Additionally, the CMS Innovation Center continues to test an array of alternative payment models, including the Direct Contracting Model to allow DCEs to negotiate directly with the government to manage traditional Medicare beneficiaries and share in the savings and risks generated from managing such beneficiaries. The Direct Contracting Model's economic structure, including risk adjustment methodologies, quality reporting, and model timelines, has not yet been finalized by CMS, particularly as CMS continues to address the

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COVID-19 public health emergency. Additionally, state regulation of DCEs will likely be variable. For example, certain states may require DCEs to obtain specific licensure to participate in the Direct Contracting Model and assume risk directly from CMS. There likely will continue to be regulatory proposals directed at containing or lowering the cost of healthcare. Further, CMS also routinely adjusts the risk adjustment factor which is central to payment under the MA program. The monetary "coefficient" values associated with diseases that we manage in our population are subject to change by CMS. Such changes could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.

Federal and State Privacy and Security Requirements

We are subject to various federal, state and local laws and rules regarding the use, security and disclosure of protected health information, personal information, and other categories of confidential or legally protected data that our businesses may handle. Such laws and rules include, without limitation, HIPAA, the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45 ("FTC Act") and state privacy and security laws. Privacy and security laws and regulations often change due to new or amended legislation, regulations or administrative interpretation. We are highly dependent on information technology networks and systems, including the internet, to securely process, transmit and store this information. We also utilize third-party service providers for important aspects of the collection, storage and transmission of such sensitive information.

Congress enacted HIPAA, in part, to combat healthcare fraud and to protect the privacy and security of patients' individually identifiable healthcare information. Among other things, HIPAA requires healthcare providers and their business associates to maintain the privacy and security of individually identifiable PHI. The HIPAA Security Rule requires both covered entities and business associates to develop and maintain policies and procedures with respect to PHI, including adherence to HIPAA's security standards through the implementation of administrative, physical and technical safeguards to protect PHI. Additionally, the Privacy Rule contains requirements with respect to the use and disclosure of individuals' PHI, including a prohibition on a covered entity or business associate using or disclosing an individual's PHI unless the use or disclosure is authorized by the individual or is specifically required or permitted under the Privacy Rule. The HITECH Act of 2009 dramatically expanded, among other things, (1) the scope of HIPAA to now apply directly to "business associates," or independent contractors who receive or obtain PHI in connection with providing a service to a covered entity or another business associate, (2) substantive security and privacy obligations, including a new federal security breach notification requirement that unauthorized acquisitions, access, use or disclosure of PHI be reported to, depending on the number of people affected and their location, affected individuals, the Department of Health and Human Services and local media outlets, (3) restrictions on marketing communications, a prohibition on business associates from receiving remuneration in exchange for PHI, and a prohibition on covered entities from receiving remuneration in exchange for PHI without express patient authorization and (4) the civil and criminal penalties that may be imposed for HIPAA violations. Pursuant to HIPAA, as amended by HITECH, we are required to report breaches of unsecured PHI to our covered entity clients, such as our physician group partners, within 60 days of discovery of the breach, and notify certain agencies and potentially the media in accordance with clause (2) above. We have experienced cybersecurity incidents in the past and may experience them in the future. Any interruption in access to member information, unauthorized access to information, improper disclosure or other loss of information could result in, among other things, federal or state government investigations and liability under laws and regulations that protect the privacy of member information, such as HIPAA, potentially resulting in damages and regulatory penalties.

HIPAA mandates that the Secretary of HHS conduct periodic audits of covered entities and business associates for compliance with the HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules. HIPAA imposes penalties for certain violations, subject to a cap of \$1.5 million for violations of the same standard in a single calendar year. A single data privacy or data security incident can, in the view of HHS, result in violations of multiple standards. HIPAA, as amended by the HITECH Act, also authorizes state attorneys general to file suit on behalf of their states' residents. While HIPAA does not create a private right of action allowing individuals to sue us in federal court for violations of HIPAA, its standards have been used as a basis for establishing a duty of care in state-law civil

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suits alleging negligence or recklessness for the misuse of PHI. A finding of liability under HIPAA could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In order to ensure compliance, we encrypt and back up data, maintain company-wide security awareness training, enter into business associate agreements with our partners, as well as ensure our partners have implemented physical security and safeguards at the data centers where our data is stored and conduct regular internal and external security audits. Although we employ administrative, physical and technological safeguards to help protect confidential and other sensitive information from unauthorized access or disclosure, our information technology and infrastructure, and that of our third-party service providers, may be vulnerable to attacks by hackers or viruses, failures or breaches due to third-party action and employee (including contractor) negligence, error or malfeasance.

Additionally, many states also enacted laws that protect the privacy and security of confidential, personal and health information, which may be even more stringent than HIPAA and may add additional compliance costs and legal risks to our operations. Some of these state laws may impose fines and penalties on violators and may afford private rights of action to individuals who believe their personal information has been misused.

We are also subject to a provision of the federal 21st Century Cures Act that is intended to facilitate the appropriate exchange of health information. In May 2020, the United States Department of Health and Human Services Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology and CMS issued complementary new rules that are intended to clarify provisions of the 21st Century Cures Act regarding interoperability and information blocking and create significant new requirements for healthcare industry participants. It is unclear at this time what the costs of compliance with the new rules will be, and what additional risks there may be to our business. Various other federal and state laws may apply that restrict the use and protect the privacy and security of individually identifiable information, as well as employee personal information, including certain state laws modeled to some extent on the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation. Federal and state consumer protection laws, including laws that do not on their face specifically address data privacy or security, have been applied to data privacy and security matters by a range of government agencies and courts.

Consumer Protection Laws

Healthcare providers are uniquely affected by the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA"), which regulates the manner in which a business may advertise its products and services to consumers by phone, text and fax. The TCPA was enacted by Congress to combat aggressive telemarketing and fax advertising practices believed to invade consumer privacy. The TCPA also regulates the use of automated equipment to deliver non-telemarketing calls or text messages to mobile phones without prior express consent. Congress empowered the FCC to interpret the TCPA through rules, regulations and declaratory rulings. A 2015 order from the FCC clarified that calls or text messages that have an express healthcare-related purpose—such as treatment follow-up, appointment confirmations and reminders or pre-operative instructions—are exempt from the TCPA. In these instances, providers are not required to receive prior express consent from patients before reaching out by phone or text. As healthcare companies, such as ourselves, increasingly rely on mobile delivery platforms and other technologies to communicate with patients about appointments, billing and other issues, the potential for legal exposure under the TCPA also increases. Each call or text made in violation of the TCPA can cost up to \$1,500 per instance in fines and damages.

Competition and Antitrust Laws

We are subject to numerous statutes that govern competition in our industry, including the Sherman Act, the FTC Act and the Clayton Act. The Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1-7, outlaws "every contract, combination, or conspiracy in restraint of trade," and any "monopolization, attempted monopolization, or conspiracy or combination to monopolize." The penalties for violating the Sherman Act can be severe. Most enforcement actions are civil, but individuals and businesses that violate the Sherman Act may be prosecuted criminally by the DOJ. Criminal prosecutions are typically limited to clear violations, such as when competitors fix prices, allocate

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markets or rig bids. The Sherman Act imposes criminal penalties of up to \$100 million for a corporation and \$1 million for an individual, along with up to 10 years in prison. Under federal law, the maximum fine may be increased to twice the amount the conspirators gained from the illegal acts or twice the money lost by the victims of the crime, if either of those amounts is more than \$100 million.

The FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 41-58, bans "unfair methods of competition" and "unfair or deceptive acts or practices." The Supreme Court has said that all violations of the Sherman Act also violate the FTC Act. Thus, although the FTC does not technically enforce the Sherman Act, it can bring cases under the FTC Act against the same kinds of activities that violate the Sherman Act. The FTC Act also reaches other practices that harm competition, but that may not fit neatly into categories of conduct formally prohibited by the Sherman Act. Only the FTC brings cases under the FTC Act.

The Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 12-27, addresses specific practices that the Sherman Act does not clearly prohibit, such as mergers and interlocking directorates (that is, the same person serving as an officer or director of two competing companies). Section 7 of the Clayton Act prohibits mergers and acquisitions where the effect "may be substantially to lessen competition, or to tend to create a monopoly." As amended by the Robinson-Patman Act of 1936, 15 U.S.C. § 13, the Clayton Act also bans certain discriminatory prices, services and allowances in dealings between merchants. The Clayton Act was amended again in 1976 by the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act, 15 U.S.C. § 18a, to require companies planning large mergers or acquisitions to notify the government of their plans in advance. The Clayton Act also authorizes private parties to sue for treble damages when they have been harmed by conduct that violates either the Sherman or Clayton Act and to obtain a court order prohibiting the anticompetitive practice in the future.

In addition to these federal statutes, most states have antitrust laws that are enforced by state attorneys general or private plaintiffs. Many of state statutory provisions are based on federal antitrust law, namely, Sections 1 and 2 of the Sherman Act, and Sections 3 and 7 of the Clayton Act.

As the healthcare industry has continued to evolve in response to consumer demand and competition in the marketplace, the effect of the antitrust laws in healthcare is also changing. We have expanded our operations significantly since our inception, organically as well as through acquisitions. Such growth, and our long-term contracts with physician partners, could expose us to risks related to antitrust investigations. Competition and antitrust law inquiries often continue for several years and, if violations are found, can result in substantial fines.

Other Laws and Regulations

Some states in which we operate require licensing or registration for operations related to, among others, utilization review on behalf of payors, including reviewing medical necessity and appropriateness of healthcare services, or processing claims in connection with insurance or managed care products. Such laws vary from state to state, and our operations may be subject to exemption in certain states.

Additionally, our physician partners are subject to numerous federal, state and local licensing laws and regulations, relating to, among other things, professional credentialing and professional ethics. Our physician partners, as well as their nurse practitioners, must satisfy and maintain their individual professional licensing in each state where they practice medicine.

Further, organizations that receive reimbursement from a federal or state government payor are expected by the federal government to have a compliance program. For those organizations that do not receive reimbursement from any federal or state government payors, a compliance program is not mandatory but is considered best practice. As a result, we maintain a program to monitor compliance with federal and state laws and regulations applicable to healthcare entities. We have a compliance department that is charged with implementing and supervising our compliance program, which includes the adoption of (i) a Code of Conduct for our employees and affiliates and (ii) a process that specifies how employees, affiliates and others may report regulatory or

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ethical concerns to our compliance officer. We believe that our compliance program meets the relevant standards provided by the OIG of the Department of Health and Human Services. An important part of our compliance program consists of conducting periodic audits of various aspects of our operations. We also conduct mandatory educational programs designed to familiarize our employees with the regulatory requirements and specific elements of our compliance program.

We are also impacted by federal and state laws and policies that require providers to enroll in the Medicare program before submitting any claims for services, to promptly report certain changes in its operations to the agencies that administer these programs, and to re-enroll in these programs when changes in direct or indirect ownership occur or in response to revalidation requests from Medicare.

Properties

Our principal executive office is located in Long Beach, CA, where we occupy facilities totaling approximately 18,350 square feet under a lease that expires in 2022. We use this facility for principal corporate activities. We also lease additional office space around the U.S.

Legal Proceedings

We are not currently a party to any material litigation proceedings. From time to time, however, we may be a party to litigation and subject to claims incident to the ordinary course of business. Regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors. See "Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies" in our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

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MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth certain information concerning our executive officers and directors. The respective age of each individual in the table below is as of March 1, 2021.

Name	Age	Position
Ron Williams	71	Chairman of the Board
Ravi Sachdev	44	Vice Chairman of the Board
Steven J. Sell	54	Director, Chief Executive Officer and President
Michelle A. Gourdine, M.D.	58	Director
Sharad Mansukani, M.D.	51	Director
Clay Richards	46	Director
Richard J. Schnall	51	Director
Michael Smith	72	Director
Derek L. Strum	42	Director
William Wulf, M.D.	61	Director
Timothy S. Bensley	61	Chief Financial Officer
Theodore Halkias	53	Chief Business Officer
Veeral Desai	40	Chief Strategy and Development Officer
Lisa Dombro	53	Chief Experience & Innovation Officer
Benjamin Kornitzer, M.D.	43	Chief Medical and Quality Officer
Joan Danieley	60	Chief Administrative Officer
Ben Shaker	38	Chief Markets Officer
Girish Venkatachaliah	47	Chief Technology Officer

Executive Officers

Steven J. Sell has served as our Chief Executive Officer and President and director since June 2020. In addition to his current role as Chief Executive Officer and President and director of agilon health, Mr. Sell also serves as an advisor to several early-stage healthcare companies. Mr. Sell served as President, CEO and Chairman of Health Net from March 2016 to June 2019 and President, Western Region of Health Net from November 2008 to March 2016. Mr. Sell received his B.A. from Swarthmore College and holds an MBA from the Stanford Graduate School of Business. We believe Mr. Sell is a valuable member of our board because of his experience in the healthcare industry and as agilon health's Chief Executive Officer and President.

Timothy S. Bensley has served as our Chief Financial Officer since January 2021. Previously, Mr. Bensley served as the Chief Financial Officer of Blue Apron, from May 2018 to December 2020, and a variety of finance leadership roles at PepsiCo from July 1986 to April 2015. At PepsiCo, Mr. Bensley's leadership roles included heading Financial Planning and Analysis, Supply Chain Finance and Sales Finance at Frito Lay North America; Senior Vice President of PepsiCo's Global Transformation Group and serving as the Chief Financial Officer of Pepsi-Cola North America and ultimately PepsiCo Americas Foods. Mr. Bensley received his B.S. from the United States Military Academy at West Point and a Master's degree in Project Management from Boston University.

Theodore Halkias has served as our Chief Business Officer since January 2021. Mr. Halkias joined agilon health in May 2017 as Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Halkias served as Chief Financial Officer of Landmark Health from January 2016 through May 2017. Mr. Halkias served in various finance executive capacities for DaVita Medical Group (formerly HealthCare Partners Medical Group), most recently as Chief Financial Officer for the DaVita Medical Group division, from January 1995 through December 2015. Mr. Halkias received his B.A. from the University of California, Berkeley.

Veeral Desai has served as our Chief Strategy and Development Officer since September 2020. Mr. Desai joined agilon health in April 2017 as President of Enterprise Operations. Mr. Desai served in several senior

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executive roles at Vantage Oncology (most recently as President of Operations, Chief Operating Officer for Vantage Cancer Care Network) from December 2010 to April 2017. Mr. Desai served as a consultant at Bain & Company from September 2002 to July 2005 and September 2007 to December 2010. Mr. Desai received his B.S. from the University of California, Berkeley and holds an MBA from Harvard Business School.

Lisa Dombro has served as our Chief Experience & Innovation Officer since February 2021. Ms. Dombro joined agilon health in March 2017 as Senior Vice President and Chief of Communications in Planning and Strategic Development. Ms. Dombro served as Chief of Staff for the CEO of Fresenius Medical Care North America from November 2013 to February 2017, as well as Senior Vice President of Physician Practice Services from November 2012 to July 2016. Ms. Dombro received a B.S. from Miami University.

Benjamin Kornitzer, *M.D.* has served as our Chief Medical and Quality Officer since January 2020, when he joined agilon health. In addition to his role as Chief Medical and Quality Officer of agilon health. Dr. Kornitzer served as Chief Medical Officer and Vice-President of the Mount Sinai Health Network from January 2014 to January 2020. Dr. Kornitzer received his A.B. from Brown University and holds a medical degree from Mount Sinai School of Medicine and completed his residency at Harvard Medical School/Massachusetts General Hospital.

Joan Danieley has served as our Chief Administrative Officer since September 2020. Ms. Danieley joined agilon health in September 2017 as Market President, Hawaii then served as President, MSO starting January 2020. Ms. Danieley served as Vice President at Molina Healthcare from September 2015 to September 2017 and was an executive with Kaiser Foundation Health Plan prior to that. Ms. Danieley received her B.S. from Elon University and holds a J.D. and a Master's degree in Health Care Administration from Tulane University.

Ben Shaker has served as our Chief Markets Officer since September 2020. Mr. Shaker joined agilon health as Ohio Market President in January 2017. Mr. Shaker served as Vice President and COO for Mount Carmel Health Partners, which is part of Trinity Health, from December 2013 to January 2017. Mr. Shaker received his B.A. from Youngstown State University and holds a Master's degree in Health Administration from The Ohio State University.

Girish Venkatachaliah has served as our Chief Technology Officer since January 2021. Mr. Venkatachaliah served as a Partner, Data and Artificial Intelligence on the Growth Buyout team at Frazier Healthcare Partners from July 2020 to January 2021. Previously, Mr. Venkatachaliah served as the CEO of Decision Resources Group from September 2019 to April 2020. Mr. Venkatachaliah also served as the Vice President of Data Strategy, Analytics, and Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning at athenahealth from July 2017 to September 2019, where he led the strategy, research, product management and engineering teams. Prior to athenahealth, Mr. Venkatachaliah held several executive roles at IBM and was the Vice President of Product Development, responsible for a portfolio of cloud offerings in Data and Artificial Intelligence, at the time of his departure. Mr. Venkatachaliah received a Bachelor's degree from Bangalore University and Master's degrees from University of Nevada, Las Vegas, Santa Clara University and jointly from the University of California, Berkeley and Columbia University.

Directors

Ron Williams has served as a director and chairman of the board of agilon health since 2017. Mr. Williams also is chairman and CEO of RW2 Enterprises and serves as an operating advisor to CD&R. Mr. Williams serves on the board of directors of American Express Company, The Boeing Company and Johnson & Johnson. Mr. Williams also served on the Board of Envision Healthcare from May 2011 to October 2017. Mr. Williams served as the CEO and Chairman of Aetna Inc. from February 2006 and October 2006 to December 2010 and April 2011, respectively. Mr. Williams also serves as Chairman of The Conference Board and a director of NAF and the Peterson Institute for International Economics. Mr. Williams received his B.A. from Roosevelt University and holds an M.S. in Management from MIT Sloan School of Management. We believe Mr. Williams

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is a valuable member of our board because of his experience as an executive at a large healthcare company and because of his experience on other healthcare companies' boards.

Ravi Sachdev has served as a director of agilon health since 2017 and as Vice Chairman since January 2021. Mr. Sachdev also serves as a director of Covetrus, Inc. and Steve Madden, Inc. As a Partner of CD&R since June 2015, Mr. Sachdev focuses on the healthcare sector. From November 2010 to May 2015, Mr. Sachdev was a Managing Director and Co-Head of Healthcare Services at J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. Prior to November 2010, Mr. Sachdev held the positions of Managing Director at Deutsche Bank Securities, Inc. from January 2009 until November 2010 and Director at Deutsche Bank AG from January 2007 until January 2009. Prior to joining Deutsche Bank AG in 2006 as a Vice President, Mr. Sachdev served as a Vice President at Peter J. Solomon Company, an investment banking firm, specializing in mergers and acquisitions in the healthcare sector, from 1998 to 2006. Mr. Sachdev received his B.A. from the University of Michigan. Mr. Sachdev possesses knowledge of finance and the financial analytics used to measure business performance. We believe Mr. Sachdev is a valuable member of our board because of his experience in investment banking and private equity, including in the healthcare industry.

Mr. Sell can be found above under "-Executive Officers."

Michelle A. Gourdine, M.D. has served as a director of agilon health since January 2021. In addition to her role as director of agilon health, Dr. Gourdine also serves as Senior Vice President and Chief Medical Officer (interim) for the University of Maryland Medical System, Clinical Assistant Professor at the University of Maryland School of Medicine and Senior Associate faculty at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health. Dr. Gourdine also serves on the board of Horizon BlueCross Blue Shield of New Jersey. Previously, Dr. Gourdine served on the boards of Maryland Health Benefit Exchange, from April 2016 to December 2017, and LifeBridge Health, from February 2009 to May 2015. Dr. Gourdine is the former Deputy Secretary of Health and Chief Public Health Physician for the state of Maryland from February 2005 to February 2008, and former Health Commissioner for Baltimore County from August 1995 to February 2005. Dr. Gourdine received her B.S. from Tougaloo University and her M.D. from the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine. We believe Dr. Gourdine is a valuable member of our board because of her experience as an executive in a medical system, as an educator in the fields of medicine and public health, and on other healthcare companies' boards.

Sharad Mansukani, M.D. has served as a director of agilon health since 2017. Dr. Mansukani also serves as a Senior Advisor to TPG, Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, and Convey Health Solutions. Dr. Mansukani served as Chairman of the board of directors to Envision Rx Options from 2013 to 2016; a strategic advisor to the board of directors at Cigna Corp. from 2012 to 2015; Vice Chairman, Board of Directors of Health Spring, Inc. from 2007 to 2012; a director of IMS Health Holdings, Inc. from 2009 to 2016; a director of Surgical Care Affiliates, Inc. from 2007 to 2017; as lead director of IASIS Healthcare from 2005 to 2018; and a director of Kindred Healthcare, Inc. from 2015 to 2018. Dr. Mansukani also has served as a Senior Advisor on Medicare's Program Advisory and Oversight Committee to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services; Senior Advisor to the Administrator of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services; and senior vice president and chief medical officer at Health Partners. Dr. Mansukani completed a residency and fellowship in ophthalmology at the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine and a fellowship in quality management and managed care at the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. He is a graduate of the Managed Care Executive Program at the Kellogg School of Business. We believe Dr. Mansukani is a valuable member of our board because of his experience as a medical professional, including in his positions working for government agencies, and his experience on or as an advisor to other healthcare companies' boards.

Clay Richards has served as a director of agilon health since January 2021. In addition to his role as director of agilon health, Mr. Richards also serves as co-founder and chief executive officer of naviHealth, Inc. since 2012. Prior to founding naviHealth, Inc., Mr. Richards served in executive roles at Healthways, Inc. Mr. Richards also serves on the board of directors of several non-profit organizations and previously served on the Nashville Health Care Council Board of Directors. Mr. Richards received a B.S. from Washington and Lee University and

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his J.D. from the University of Mississippi School of Law. We believe Mr. Richards is a valuable member of our board because of his experience as a founder and executive at other healthcare companies.

Richard J. Schnall has served as a director of agilon health since 2017. Mr. Schnall also serves as co-President of CD&R and on the board of directors of SmileDirectClub, Inc., as well as on the board of directors of Carestream Dental LLC, DeVilbiss Healthcare LLC and Healogics, Inc. Mr. Schall previously served on the board of directors of US Foods and Envision Healthcare. Mr. Schnall worked in the investment banking divisions of Smith Barney & Co. and Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette from 1992 to 1996. Mr. Schnall is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School and holds an MBA from Harvard Business School. We believe Mr. Schnall is a valuable member of our board because of his extensive experience with health-related and other companies, as well as his strong financial and investing experience.

Michael Smith has served as a director of agilon health since 2017. Mr. Smith is also the co-founder and Senior Advisor of Cardinal Equity Fund. Mr. Smith also served as Executive Vice President and CFO of Anthem, Inc. from January 1999 until his retirement in January 2005. Mr. Smith joined Anthem in April 1996 as Chief Financial and Chief Operating Officer of Anthem's subsidiary American Health Network. Mr. Smith has served as an advisor to or director for several public and private companies, including Vectren Corporation, Envision Health Care and HH Gregg. For each of the foregoing companies, Mr. Smith served as both a director and chair of the audit committee. Mr. Smith received a degree in Economics from DePauw University. He has also served as the Chair of Indiana Commission for Higher Education and is currently serving as chair of Governor Holcomb's Commission for Next Level Teacher Pay. We believe Mr. Smith is a valuable member of our board because of his experience as an executive at a large healthcare company and his financial and investing experience.

Derek L. Strum has served as a director of agilon health since 2017. Mr. Strum also serves as a partner at CD&R, and on the board of directors of Carestream Dental, Cynosure, Digestive Disease Research Foundation, Drive DeVilbiss Healthcare and Healogics. Previously, Mr. Strum worked in the investment banking division of Morgan Stanley from 2000 to 2003, and at York Capital Management, a multi-strategy investment firm, during the summer of 2006. Mr. Strum received his B.A. from Emory University and holds an MBA from Columbia Business School. We believe Mr. Strum is a valuable member of our board because of his financial and investing experience and his experience on other healthcare companies' boards.

William Wulf, M.D. has served as a director of agilon health since 2017. In addition to his role as director of agilon health, Dr. Wulf is the CEO of Central Ohio Primary Care. COPC is one of our physician group partners. Dr. Wulf was a founding partner of COPC in 1996 and assumed the role of CEO in 2013 after 25 years as a practicing Internist and the Corporate Medical Director. Dr. Wulf has also served as an advisor for multiple payors, including Anthem, Aetna and United Healthcare. Dr. Wulf received his B.S. from Ohio State University and his M.D. from the Medical College of Ohio in Toledo. We believe Dr. Wulf is a valuable member of our board because of his experience as a medical professional, including as an executive at a medical group and because of his experience as an advisor for multiple payors.

Corporate Governance

Board Composition and Director Independence

Our board of directors is currently composed of ten directors. Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide for a classified board of directors, with members of each class serving staggered three-year terms as follows:

- Our Class I directors will be Richard J. Schnall, Sharad Mansukani, M.D., Michael Smith and Clay Richards, and their terms will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2022.
- Our Class II directors will be Derek L. Strum, Michelle A. Gourdine, M.D. and Ron Williams, and their terms will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2023.

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 Our Class III directors will be Ravi Sachdev, Steven J. Sell and William Wulf, M.D., and their terms will expire at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2024.

Any additional directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors will be distributed among the three classes so that, as nearly as possible, each class will consist of one-third of the directors. See "Description of Capital Stock—Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws—Classified Board of Directors."

Prior to the completion of this offering, we and the CD&R Investor will enter into a stockholders agreement (the "CD&R Stockholder Agreement") pursuant to which, among other matters, the CD&R Investor will have the right to designate nominees for our board of directors (the "CD&R Designees"), subject to the maintenance of specified ownership requirements. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Stockholders Agreements."

Our board of directors is led by our non-executive Chairman, Mr. Ron Williams, a CD&R Designee. The CD&R Stockholder Agreement will provide that a CD&R Designee will serve as our Chairman of the board of directors as long as the CD&R Investor holds at least 25% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

The number of members on our board of directors may be fixed by resolution adopted from time to time by the board of directors. Subject to the CD&R Stockholder Agreement, any vacancies or newly created directorships may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. Each director shall hold office until his or her successor has been duly elected and qualified, or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

With respect to any vacancy of a CD&R Designee, the CD&R Investor will have the right to designate a new director for election by a majority of the remaining directors then in office.

Our board of directors has determined that Michelle A. Gourdine, M.D., Sharad Mansukani, M.D., Clay Richards and Michael Smith are "independent" as defined under the NYSE and the Exchange Act rules and regulations.

Controlled Company

After the completion of this offering, the CD&R Investor will continue to control a majority of the voting power of our outstanding common stock. The CD&R Investor will own approximately 58% of our common stock after the completion of this offering (or approximately 57% if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares). Accordingly, we expect to be a "controlled company" within the meaning of the NYSE corporate governance standards. Under the NYSE rules, a company of which more than 50% of the voting power is held by an individual, group or another company is a "controlled company" and may elect not to comply with certain corporate governance standards, including:

- the requirement that a majority of the board of directors consist of independent directors;
- the requirement that our Nominating and Governance Committee be composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities;
- the requirement that we have a Compensation Committee that is composed entirely of independent directors with a written charter addressing
 the committee's purpose and responsibilities; and
- the requirement for an annual performance evaluation of the Nominating and Governance and Compensation Committees.

Following this offering, we intend to utilize these exemptions. Accordingly, you may not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to all of the NYSE corporate governance rules and requirements. The "controlled company" exception does not modify audit committee independence requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act and the NYSE rules.

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Board Committees

Upon the listing of our common stock, our board of directors will maintain an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, a Nominating and Governance Committee and a Compliance & Quality Committee. We will also maintain a Disclosure Committee as a management committee. Under the NYSE rules, we will be required to have one independent director on our Audit Committee during the 90-day period beginning on the date of effectiveness of the registration statement filed with the SEC in connection with this offering. After such 90-day period and until one year from the date of effectiveness of the registration statement, we are required to have a majority of independent directors on our Audit Committee. Thereafter, our Audit Committee is required to be composed entirely of independent directors. As a controlled company, we are not required to have independent Compensation or Nominating and Governance Committees. The following is a brief description of our committees.

Audit Committee

Our Audit Committee will be responsible, among its other duties and responsibilities, for overseeing our accounting and financial reporting processes, the audits of our financial statements, the qualifications and independence of our independent registered public accounting firm, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and the performance of our internal audit function and independent registered public accounting firm. Our Audit Committee will be responsible for reviewing and assessing the qualitative aspects of our financial reporting, our processes to manage business and financial risks, and our compliance with significant applicable legal, ethical and regulatory requirements. Our Audit Committee will be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of our independent registered public accounting firm. The charter of our Audit Committee will be available without charge on the investor relations portion of our website upon the listing of our common stock.

Prior to the completion of this offering, we expect the members of our Audit Committee to be Michael Smith (Chairperson), Clay Richards and Derek Strum. Our board of directors has designated Michael Smith as an "audit committee financial expert," and each of the three members has been determined to be "financially literate" under the NYSE rules. Our board of directors has also determined that Clay Richards and Michael Smith are "independent" as defined under the NYSE and Exchange Act rules and regulations.

Compensation Committee

Our Compensation Committee will be responsible, among its other duties and responsibilities, for reviewing and approving all forms of compensation to be provided to, and employment agreements with, the executive officers and directors of our company and its subsidiaries (including the Chief Executive Officer), establishing the general compensation policies of our company and its subsidiaries and reviewing, approving and overseeing the administration of the employee benefits plans of our company and its subsidiaries. Our Compensation Committee will also periodically review management development and succession plans. The charter of our Compensation Committee will be available without charge on the investor relations portion of our website upon the listing of our common stock.

Prior to the completion of this offering, we expect the members of our Compensation Committee to be Ravi Sachdev (Chairperson), Ron Williams, Sharad Masukani, M.D. and William Wulf, M.D. In light of our status as a "controlled company" within the meaning of the corporate governance standards of the NYSE following this offering, we are exempt from the requirement that our Compensation Committee be composed entirely of independent directors under listing standards applicable to membership on the Compensation Committee, with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities and the requirement that there be an annual performance evaluation of the Compensation Committee.

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Nominating and Governance Committee

Our Nominating and Governance Committee will be responsible, among its other duties and responsibilities, for identifying and recommending candidates to the board of directors for election to our board of directors, reviewing the composition of the board of directors and its committees, developing and recommending to the board of directors corporate governance guidelines that are applicable to us, and overseeing board of directors evaluations. The charter of our Nominating and Governance Committee will be available without charge on the investor relations portion of our website upon the completion of this offering.

Prior to the completion of this offering, we expect the members of our Nominating and Governance Committee to be Ron Williams (Chairperson), Michelle A. Gourdine, M.D., Clay Richards and Derek Strum. In light of our status as a "controlled company" within the meaning of the corporate governance standards of the NYSE following this offering, we are exempt from the requirement that our Nominating and Governance Committee be composed entirely of independent directors, with a written charter addressing the committee's purpose and responsibilities and the requirement that there be an annual performance evaluation of the Nominating and Governance Committee.

Compliance and Quality Committee

The Compliance and Quality Committee will be responsible, among its other duties and responsibilities, for assisting the board of directors in fulfilling its fiduciary responsibilities relating to compliance with the laws, rules and regulations applicable to our business and recommending adoption and implementation of, and changes to, our compliance programs, subject in all cases to the oversight and approval authority of the board of directors. Prior to the completion of this offering, we expect the members of our Compliance and Quality Committee to be Michelle A. Gourdine, M.D. (Chairperson), Sharad Mansukani, M.D., Steven J. Sell and William Wulf, M.D.

Disclosure Committee

The Disclosure Committee will be a management committee, responsible, among its other duties and responsibilities, for assisting the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer in fulfilling their responsibility for oversight of the accuracy and timeliness of the disclosures made by the Company.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

Prior to this offering, our Compensation Committee consisted of Ravi Sachdev (Chairperson), Ron Williams and Sharad Mansukani, M.D. None of our executive officers has served as a member of a compensation committee (or if no committee performs that function, the board of directors) of any other entity that has an executive officer serving as a member of our board of directors.

Code of Conduct and Financial Code of Ethics

We have a Code of Conduct that applies to all of our officers, employees and directors and, prior to the listing of our common stock, we expect that the board of directors will adopt a "Financial Code of Ethics" that will apply to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and corporate officers with financial and accounting responsibilities, including the Controller/Chief Accounting Officer, Treasurer and any other person performing similar tasks or functions. The Financial Code of Ethics and the Code of Conduct each address matters such as conflicts of interest, confidentiality, business practices and compliance with laws and regulations. The Financial Code of Ethics and the Code of Conduct will be available without charge on the investor relations portion of our website upon the listing of our common stock.

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EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Our named executive officers ("NEOs") for the year ended December 31, 2020 include our current principal executive officer, our two other most highly compensated executive officers and our former principal executive officer. These individuals are:

- Steven J. Sell, Chief Executive Officer and President, effective June 1, 2020
- Lisa Dombro, Chief Experience & Innovation Officer
- · Benjamin Kornitzer, M.D., Chief Medical and Quality Officer
- Ronald Kuerbitz, Former Chief Executive Officer until June 1, 2020

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth the compensation of our NEOs during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Salary _(\$)	Bonus (\$)	Option Awards (\$)(2)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)(3)	All Other Compensation (\$)(4)	Total _(\$)
Steven J. Sell, Chief Executive Officer and President(1)	2020	432,692	_	5,277,000	328,893	_	6,038,585
Lisa Dombro, Chief Experience & Innovation Officer	2020	350,000	_	519,140	275,625	7,947	1,152,712
Benjamin Kornitzer, M.D., Chief Medical and Quality							
Officer	2020	481,731	_	1,400,465	366,803	9,615	2,258,614
Ronald Kuerbitz, Former Chief Executive Officer	2020	372,115	_	762,555	_	2,670,987	3,805,657

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Sell commenced his employment with the Company as of June 1, 2020, and amounts reported for Mr. Sell in this table reflect that his annual base salary and non-equity incentive plan compensation were prorated for the 2020 calendar year.

Option Awards. Amounts reported in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair value of stock options, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates—Stock-based Compensation" for a discussion of the relevant assumptions used to calculate these amounts. With respect to stock options that vest subject to a performance condition, the grant date fair value is calculated based upon the probable outcome of the performance condition being achieved, consistent with the estimate of aggregate compensation cost to be recognized over the service period determined as of the grant date, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. Assuming the applicable performance conditions are achieved, the value of the performance-based vesting option awards at the grant date would be \$385,250 for Dr. Kornitzer and \$6,265,500 for Mr. Sell. See "Narrative Disclosure to Summary Compensation Table—Equity Compensation Plan" below for more information regarding the stock option awards. For Mr. Kuerbitz, the amount reported in this column represents the incremental fair value, calculated as of the modification date in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, resulting from the extension of the post-termination exercise period of Mr. Kuerbitz's vested time-based option awards in connection with his separation as described below under the heading "—Ronald Kuerbitz Separation Agreement."

⁽³⁾ Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation. The amounts in this column represent annual cash incentive bonuses earned based on the achievement of pre-established annual financial and individual performance goals. Pursuant to the terms of his separation agreement, Mr. Kuerbitz was not eligible for an annual cash incentive bonus in respect of fiscal year 2020. See "Narrative Disclosure to Summary Compensation Table—Annual Cash Incentive Program" below for more information.

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(4) **All Other Compensation**. Amounts reported in this column for our NEOs in fiscal year 2020 include the items set forth below, as applicable to each NEO. For additional information regarding the termination benefits paid to Mr. Kuerbitz, see "Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control—Ronald Kuerbitz Separation Agreement" below.

Name	401(k) Contributions	Severance Benefits	Other
Steven J. Sell			
Lisa Dombro	7,947	_	_
Benjamin Kornitzer, M.D.	9,615	_	_
Ronald Kuerbitz	9,987	2,661,000	_

Narrative Disclosure to Summary Compensation Table

Employment Agreements

We have entered into an employment agreement with each of our active NEOs, which, among its terms, provides salary, bonus, benefits and severance. We believe that these employment agreements enable us to attract and retain top executive talent, and ensure that the terms applicable to employment, including separation of service, are generally agreed upon in advance. A terminated NEO is also bound by confidentiality and non-solicitation provisions that protect our commercial interests. In 2020, each of our active NEOs was party to an employment agreement with agilon health management, inc. In connection with his separation on June 1, 2020, Mr. Kuerbitz entered into a separation agreement that replaced and superseded the terms of his employment agreement.

The material terms of the active NEOs' employment agreements and Mr. Kuerbitz's separation agreement are described below under the heading "—Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control."

Annual Cash Incentive Program

For the 2020 fiscal year, each of our NEOs was eligible to receive a cash incentive bonus at a percentage of the NEO's annual base salary, based on achievement of pre-established annual financial and individual performance goals that were approved by our Compensation Committee. For the 2020 fiscal year, the company performance goals included Adjusted EBITDA (subject to a cash flow threshold), and certain operational goals, including exit enrollment, annual wellness visits and net promoter scores. The payout of this 2020 annual cash incentive to our NEOs, as determined by our Compensation Committee in its discretion based on achievement of the 2020 fiscal year goals, is shown in the "Summary Compensation Table" above under the "Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation" column.

By conditioning a significant portion of our NEOs' potential total annual cash compensation on our achievement of annual performance targets, we reinforce our focus on achieving profitable growth and maintaining our standards of quality and compliance.

Equity Compensation Plan

Each of our NEOs holds nonqualified stock options to purchase shares of our common stock under the agilon health, inc. Stock Incentive Plan (the "Stock Incentive Plan"). See "Note 13. Stock Incentive Plan" in our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. Our Stock Incentive Plan is designed to ensure that senior management, including our NEOs, maximize their focus on increasing stockholder value through long-term growth, and stock options constitute a meaningful part of our NEOs' compensation. The Stock Incentive Plan is administered by our Compensation Committee, which has discretion, within the parameters of the Stock Incentive Plan, to determine the recipients, amounts and terms of awards.

The stock options granted to our NEOs consist of the following: (a) the "Base Options," which, for Ms. Dombro and Dr. Kornitzer, vest in four equal annual installments, and for Mr. Sell, vest in five equal annual

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installments; (b) the "Upside Options," which, for Ms. Dombro and Dr. Kornitzer, vest on the date the CD&R Investor realizes a return of at least three times its initial investment in the Company from sales of its shares and extraordinary cash dividends (the "Performance Condition"), and for Mr. Sell, vest in five equal annual installments but only if as of such date (or a later date prior to the option's termination), the Performance Condition has been achieved; and (c) for Mr. Sell only, the "IPO Options," which will vest upon the completion of this offering. Vesting of the outstanding stock options is subject to the NEO's continuous employment on the applicable vesting date, except as described below. The exercise price of each outstanding stock option is set forth in the "Option Exercise Price" column of the "Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End 2020" table. All stock options expire ten years after the date of grant.

Under each NEO's stock option agreement and the Stock Incentive Plan, the NEO's unvested stock options would be canceled upon the termination of his employment, except that, in the event of a termination due to death or disability, a certain number of unvested Base Options will vest. In the event we terminate an NEO for "cause," all of the NEO's unvested and vested stock options will be immediately cancelled. Following an NEO's termination of employment, vested options generally are cancelled unless the executive exercises them within 90 days (or 180 days if the termination was due to death, disability or retirement) or, if sooner, on the options' normal expiration date. In addition, in the event of an employment termination, our Compensation Committee has discretion to modify certain terms of the stock options.

If we experience a "change in control" (as defined in the Stock Incentive Plan), Base Options will generally accelerate and, along with vested Upside Options, will be canceled in exchange for a payment equal to the price per share offered in the "change in control" minus the stock option's exercise price, unless our board of directors elects to allow alternative awards in lieu of payment.

In connection with Mr. Kuerbitz's separation from the Company, Mr. Kuerbitz forfeited all of his outstanding Upside Options, and his vested Base Options will remain exercisable until the tenth anniversary of the grant date. For additional information regarding the treatment of Mr. Kuerbitz's options in connection with his separation, see "Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control—Ronald Kuerbitz Separation Agreement" below.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End 2020

The following table provides information about outstanding equity awards held by each of our NEOs as of December 31, 2020. All awards were granted under our Stock Incentive Plan, as described above.

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (S)	Option Expiration Date
Steven J. Sell	- Excicisable	2,000,000(2)		4.49	5/22/2030
	_		2,500,000(6)	10.11	5/22/2030
	_	_	1,000,000(7)	4.49	5/22/2030
Lisa Dombro	375,000(1)	125,000(3)	_	1.00	4/27/2027
	_	_	750,000(6)	3.00	4/27/2027
	125,000(1)	125,000(4)	_	1.00	1/24/2028
	_	200,000(5)	_	4.49	7/29/2030
Benjamin Kornitzer, M.D.	_	550,000(2)	_	4.49	1/31/2030
	_	_	250,000(6)	8.99	1/31/2030
Ronald Kuerbitz	4,250,000(1)	_	_	1.00	12/30/2026
	850,000(1)	_	_	1.00	4/27/2027

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- (1) The awards in this column consist of nonqualified stock options granted under our Stock Incentive Plan that have previously vested.
- (2) The awards in this column consist of nonqualified stock options granted under our Stock Incentive Plan that will vest (a) for Mr. Sell, 20% on each anniversary of June 1, 2020, and (b) for Dr. Kornitzer, 25% on each anniversary of January 9, 2020, in each case subject to that NEO's continued employment through each applicable vesting date, except as described above under "Narrative Disclosure to Summary Compensation Table—Equity Compensation Plan."
- (3) These awards consist of nonqualified stock options granted under our Stock Incentive Plan, which vested on March 1, 2021.
- (4) These awards consist of nonqualified stock options granted under our Stock Incentive Plan, of which half vested on January 24, 2021 and the remaining half will vest on January 24, 2022, subject to Ms. Dombro's continued service through such date.
- (5) These awards consist of nonqualified stock options granted under our Stock Incentive Plan, which vest 25% on each anniversary of July 29, 2020, subject to Ms. Dombro's continued service through such date.
- (6) These awards consist of nonqualified stock options granted under our Stock Incentive Plan, which vest (a) for Mr. Sell, 20% on each anniversary of June 1, 2020, but only if as of such date or a later date prior to the option's termination, the Performance Condition has been achieved, and (b) for Ms. Dombro and Dr. Kornitzer, on the date the Performance Condition is achieved, in each case subject to that NEO's continued employment through each applicable vesting date, except as described above under "Narrative Disclosure to Summary Compensation Table—Equity Compensation Plan."
- (7) These awards consist of nonqualified stock options granted under our Stock Incentive Plan, which will vest upon the completion of this offering, subject to Mr. Sell's continued service through such date.

Retirement Benefits

We maintain a 401(k) plan for the benefit of our eligible employees, including our NEOs, under which participants are permitted to contribute a percentage of their compensation on a pre-tax basis, subject to U.S. Internal Revenue Code limits. We make matching contributions under the 401(k) plan, subject to vesting conditions. Our NEOs are eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan on the same basis as our other employees.

We do not maintain any retirement plans other than the 401(k) plan.

Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control

Steven J. Sell Employment Agreement

Mr. Sell's employment agreement does not provide a fixed term and may be terminated at any time by either party. Under his agreement, Mr. Sell is entitled to an annual base salary of \$750,000 and is eligible for payment of an annual cash bonus, with a target amount equal to 75% of his base salary. In addition, Mr. Sell's agreement provides that he will be awarded options pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan, which vest based on the achievement of certain time and/or performance conditions.

The employment agreement provides for certain severance benefits. If Mr. Sell's employment is terminated without "cause" or if he resigns his employment for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in his employment agreement), he is entitled to receive (i) a continuing base salary for 18 months, payable on the Company's normal payroll dates, (ii) a cash payment equal to his target annual bonus, payable in equal monthly installments over 12 months on the Company's normal payroll dates, (iii) any earned but unpaid annual bonus for the fiscal year prior to the year in which Mr. Sell's employment terminates and (iv) continued medical, dental and vision insurance coverage for 12 months at active employee rates. Any severance payments are conditioned, among other things, upon Mr. Sell's execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and his continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants.

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Lisa Dombro Employment Agreement

Ms. Dombro's employment agreement does not provide a fixed term and may be terminated at any time by either party. Under her agreement, Ms. Dombro is entitled to an annual base salary of \$350,000 and is eligible for payment of an annual cash bonus, with a target amount equal to 75% of her base salary. In addition, Ms. Dombro's agreement provides that she will be awarded options pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan, which vest based on the achievement of certain time and/or performance conditions.

The employment agreement provides for certain severance benefits. If Ms. Dombro's employment is terminated without "cause" or if she resigns her employment for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in her employment agreement), she is entitled to receive a cash payment of two times the sum of her base salary and target bonus, payable in equal monthly installments over 24 months, and continued medical, dental and vision insurance coverage for 18 months at active employee rates. Any severance payments are conditioned, among other things, upon Ms. Dombro's execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and her continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants.

Benjamin Kornitzer Employment Agreement

Dr. Kornitzer's employment agreement does not provide a fixed term and may be terminated at any time by either party. Under his agreement, Dr. Kornitzer is entitled to an annual base salary of \$500,000 and is eligible for payment of an annual cash bonus, with a target amount equal to 75% of his base salary. In addition, Dr. Kornitzer's agreement provides that he will be awarded options pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan, which vest based on the achievement of certain time and/or performance conditions.

The employment agreement provides for certain severance benefits if Dr. Kornitzer's employment is terminated without "cause" or if he resigns for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in his employment agreement), he is entitled to receive a continuing base salary for 24 months, payable on the Company's normal payroll dates. Any severance payments are conditioned, among other things, upon Dr. Kornitzer's execution and non-revocation of a release of claims and his continued compliance with applicable restrictive covenants.

Ronald Kuerbitz Separation Agreement

Mr. Kuerbitz was employed pursuant to an employment agreement, which provided for an annual base salary of \$750,000. In connection with his separation from the Company on June 1, 2020, we entered into a separation agreement with Mr. Kuerbitz, which replaces and supersedes his employment agreement.

Under the separation agreement, Mr. Kuerbitz is entitled to receive the following benefits in connection with the termination of his employment, so long as he complies with provisions related to non-competition, non-solicitation of employees and customers, non-disparagement and other applicable covenants: (i) a continued base salary for 24 months, payable on the Company's normal payroll dates; (ii) continued medical, dental and vision insurance coverage for 18 months following his termination date at active employee rates or, if earlier, the date on which he obtains medical coverage through alternative employment; (iii) his vested Base Options will remain exercisable, on a cashless basis, until the tenth anniversary of the grant date; and (iv) upon the consummation of a public offering with aggregate gross cash proceeds meeting or exceeding the threshold set forth in the separation agreement or a change in control occurring on or prior to December 31, 2021, Mr. Kuerbitz will be paid a special cash bonus in recognition of the value he created at the Company and his significant contributions to the Company leading to a public offering. All of Mr. Kuerbitz's Upside Options were forfeited in connection with his separation, and Mr. Kuerbitz forfeited his entitlement to annual bonus for the 2020 fiscal year pursuant to the terms of the separation agreement. Following the termination of his employment, Mr. Kuerbitz is also subject to a 12-month non-compete and certain non-solicitation, non-disparagement and confidentiality obligations.

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Changes to the Executive Compensation Program in Connection with the Initial Public Offering

Omnibus Incentive Plan

Our board of directors has approved the agilon health, inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan, or the "Omnibus Incentive Plan," which will be effective on the day prior to the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, pursuant to which, following the offering at times determined by our board of directors or our compensation committee, we will make grants of long-term equity incentive compensation to our employees, directors and certain other eligible service providers.

Following this offering, we intend to grant annual equity awards to our NEOs and other executive officers in amounts determined by our board of directors or its compensation committee, as a key element of our post-offering compensation program. Generally, these annual equity awards to our NEOs and other executive officers will be comprised 50% of stock options that vest in annual quarterly installments based on service over a four year period, 25% of restricted stock units that vest in annual quarterly installments based on service over a four year period, and 25% of performance shares that will be subject to cliff vesting at the conclusion of a three year performance period based on service and the achievement of revenue and Adjusted EBITDA performance goals established by our board of directors or its compensation committee.

Consistent with the terms set forth above, an initial annual equity award for the 2021 fiscal year will be granted to each of our NEOs (excluding our chief executive officer and former chief executive officer) and to other executive officers and certain other employees in connection with the completion of this offering. Given our chief executive officer's existing equity interests in the Company, our compensation committee determined that he has sufficient alignment with our stockholders and incentives for the 2021 fiscal year, and therefore do not intend to grant him an annual equity award for the 2021 fiscal year. Also, we intend to make one-time equity awards in connection with the completion of this offering to certain of our executive officers (excluding our NEOs) and other employees to align their incentives with our stockholders and reward their performance. The equity awards approved by our compensation committee for grants to our employees (including the awards described above to certain of our NEOs) in connection with the completion of the offering represent 1,997,019 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of such awards and 10% of the shares reserved under the Omnibus Incentive Plan.

The following are the material terms of the Omnibus Incentive Plan, which is qualified by reference to the full text of the Omnibus Incentive Plan.

Administration. Our board of directors has the authority to interpret the terms and conditions of the Omnibus Incentive Plan, to determine eligibility for and terms of awards for participants and to make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the administration of the Omnibus Incentive Plan. The board of directors may delegate its authority to a committee, including its compensation committee. The board of directors, or the applicable committee, is referred to below as the "Administrator." To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Administrator may further delegate matters involving administration of the Omnibus Incentive Plan to our Chief Executive Officer or other officers. In addition, subcommittees may be established by the Administrator, including to comply with Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act.

Eligible Award Recipients. Our directors, employees and certain consultants are eligible to receive awards under the Omnibus Incentive Plan.

Awards. Awards under the Omnibus Incentive Plan may be made in the form of stock options, which may be either incentive stock options or non-qualified stock options; restricted stock; restricted stock units; performance shares; performance units; stock appreciation rights, or "SARs"; dividend equivalents; and other stock-based awards. Cash awards may also be granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan as annual or long-term incentives. All of the shares under the Omnibus Incentive Plan may be granted as incentive stock options within the meaning of the Code.

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Shares Subject to the Omnibus Incentive Plan. Subject to adjustment as described below, the aggregate number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the Omnibus Incentive Plan will be equal to 21,021,820 shares over the 10-year period from the date of adoption. The Omnibus Incentive Plan's share reserve will automatically increase on the first trading day in January of each calendar year, beginning in calendar year 2022, by an amount equal to 5% of the total number of outstanding shares of common stock on the last trading day in December of the immediately prior calendar year or such lesser amount as determined by our board of directors. Shares issued under the Omnibus Incentive Plan may be either authorized but unissued shares or shares reacquired by us.

Any shares covered by an award, or portion of an award, granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan that are forfeited, canceled, expired or otherwise terminated for any reason will again be available for the grant of awards under the Omnibus Incentive Plan. Additionally, any shares tendered or withheld to satisfy the grant or exercise price or tax withholding obligations pursuant to any award under the Omnibus Incentive Plan, and the shares subject to any award that is settled in cash, will again be available for issuance. The Omnibus Incentive Plan permits us to issue replacement awards to employees of companies acquired by us, but those replacement awards would not count against the share maximum listed above.

Director Limits. With respect to any period from one annual meeting of shareholders to the next following annual meeting of shareholders, the fair market value of awards granted to any non-employee director (as of the grant date), and the cash paid to any non-employee director may not exceed \$700,000 in the aggregate for any such non-employee director who is serving as chairman of the board of directors and \$600,000 in the aggregate for any other such non-employee director.

Terms and Conditions of Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. An "incentive stock option" is an option that meets the requirements of Section 422 of the Code, and a "non-qualified stock option" is an option that does not meet those requirements. A SAR is the right of a participant to a payment, in shares of common stock, or such other form determined by the Administrator, equal to the amount by which the fair market value of a share of common stock on the exercise date exceeds the exercise price of the stock appreciation right. An option or SAR granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan will be exercisable only to the extent that it is vested on the date of exercise. Each option and SAR will vest and become exercisable according to the terms and conditions determined by the Administrator. Unless otherwise determined by the Administrator, no option or SAR may be exercisable more than ten years from the grant date. SARs may be granted to participants in tandem with options or separately.

The exercise price per share under each non-qualified option and SAR granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of our common stock on the option grant date. The Omnibus Incentive Plan includes a general prohibition on the repricing of out-of-the-money options and SARs without shareholder approval.

Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units. Restricted stock is an award of common stock on which certain restrictions are imposed over specified periods that subject the shares to a substantial risk of forfeiture. A restricted stock unit is a unit, equivalent in value to a share of common stock, credited by means of a bookkeeping entry in our books to a participant's account, which is settled after vesting in stock or cash, as determined by the Administrator. Subject to the provisions of the Omnibus Incentive Plan, our Administrator will determine the terms and conditions of each award of restricted stock or restricted stock units, including the restricted period for all or a portion of the award, and the restrictions applicable to the award. Restricted stock and restricted stock units will vest based on a period of service specified by our Administrator, the occurrence of events specified by our Administrator or both. Restricted stock units granted under the plan will receive dividend equivalents settled in shares of our common stock unless otherwise determined by the Administrator.

Terms and Conditions of Performance Shares and Performance Units. A performance share is a grant of a specified number of shares of common stock, or a right to receive a specified (or formulaic) number of shares of

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common stock after the date of grant, subject to the achievement of predetermined performance conditions. A performance unit is a unit, having a specified cash value that represents the right to receive a share of common stock or cash (based on the fair market value of our common stock) if performance conditions are achieved. Vested performance units may be settled in cash, stock or a combination of cash and stock, at the discretion of the Administrator. Performance shares and performance units will vest based on the achievement of performance goals during the performance cycle established by the Administrator, and such other conditions, restrictions and contingencies as the Administrator may determine. Performance shares and performance units granted under the plan will receive dividend equivalents settled in shares of our common stock unless otherwise determined by the Administrator.

Other Stock-Based Awards. The Administrator may make other equity-based or equity-related awards not otherwise described by the terms of the Omnibus Incentive Plan.

Dividend Equivalents. A dividend equivalent is the right to receive payments in cash or in stock, based on dividends with respect to shares of stock. Dividend equivalents may be granted to participants in tandem with another award or as freestanding awards.

Termination of Employment or Service. Except as determined by the Administrator or provided in an award agreement, unvested awards granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan will be forfeited upon a participant's termination of employment or service to the Company.

Other Forfeiture Provisions; Clawback. A participant will be required to forfeit and disgorge any awards granted or vested and all gains earned or accrued due to the exercise of stock options or SARs or the sale of any Company common stock to the extent required by any policies as to forfeiture and recoupment or clawback policies as may be adopted by the Administrator or the board of directors, or as required by applicable law, including Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and Section 10D of the Exchange Act, or as required by any stock exchange or quotation system on which our common stock is listed.

In addition, the Administrator may impose similar penalties to a participant who engages in "competitive activity" (as defined in the Omnibus Incentive Plan).

Change in Capitalization or Other Corporate Event. The number or amount of shares of stock, other property or cash covered by outstanding awards, the number and type of shares of stock that have been authorized for issuance under the Omnibus Incentive Plan, the exercise or base price or purchase price of each outstanding award, and the other terms and conditions of outstanding awards, will be subject to adjustment by the Administrator, in its discretion, in the event of any stock dividend, extraordinary dividend, stock split or share combination or any recapitalization, merger, consolidation, exchange of shares, spin-off, liquidation or dissolution of the Company or other similar transaction affecting our common stock. Any such adjustment would not be considered a repricing for purposes of the prohibition on repricing described above.

Effect of a Change in Control. Except as otherwise determined by the Administrator, upon a future change in control of the Company, unless prohibited by applicable law (including if such action would trigger adverse tax treatment under Section 409A of the Code), no accelerated vesting or cancellation of awards would occur if the awards are assumed and/or replaced in the change in control with substitute awards having the same or better terms and conditions, except that any substitute service-based awards must fully vest on a participant's involuntary termination of employment without "cause" or, if applicable, for "good reason" (as defined in the Omnibus Incentive Plan) occurring within 12 months following the date of the change in control. If the Administrator determines that any outstanding awards will not be substituted in the change in control, then those awards would fully vest and be cancelled for the same per share payment made to the shareholders in the change in control (less, in the case of options and SARs, the applicable exercise or base price). The Administrator has the ability to prescribe different treatment of awards in the award agreements and/or to take actions that are more favorable to participants.

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Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Our board of directors has approved the agilon health, inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or the "ESPP," that will be intended to qualify for favorable tax treatment under Sections 421 and 423 of the Code for our employees and which will be effective on the day prior to the effective date of the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part. A total of 2% of our outstanding common stock at the time of this offering will be available for future issuance under the ESPP. The ESPP's share reserve will automatically increase on the first trading day in January of each calendar year, beginning in calendar year 2022, by an amount equal to 1% of the total number of outstanding shares of common stock on the last trading day in December of the immediately prior calendar year or such lesser amount as determined by our board of directors. Under the ESPP, eligible employees will have the opportunity to purchase shares of our common stock during pre-specified offering periods at a pre-specified discount established by the compensation committee of our board of directors, subject to applicable IRS limits.

Stock Ownership Guidelines

Our board of directors has established stock ownership guidelines in order to further align the long term interests of our executive officers and non-employee directors with those of our stockholders. Our stock ownership guidelines require that our executive officers own shares of the Company's common stock having an aggregate value equal to a multiple of the executive officer's annual base salary or non-employee director's annual board cash retainer as follows:

Position	Multiple
Chief Executive Officer	6x Annual Base Salary
All Other Executive Officers	2x Annual Base Salary
Non-Employee Directors*	5x Annual Board Cash Retainer

* Excludes CD&R affiliated directors

Executives are required to hold 50% of shares acquired as a result of exercise or settlement of compensatory awards (net of any shares withheld for taxes) until these ownership guidelines have been met.

Compensation of Directors for 2020 Fiscal Year

The following table sets forth information regarding compensation for each of our non-employee directors during our fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Mr. Sell's compensation for fiscal year 2020 is reported in the Summary Compensation table above.

<u>Name</u>	Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)	Stock awards (\$)(1)	Option awards (\$)(2)	All other compensation (\$)	Total <u>(\$)</u>
Ronald A. Williams	_	_			_
Ravi Sachdev	_				
Richard J. Schnall	_	_			_
Derek L. Strum	_	_		_	_
Sharad Mansukani, M.D.	215,000	_	_	_	215,000
William A. Sanger(3)	50,000	50,000		_	100,000
Michael L. Smith	75,000	50,000	_	_	125,000
J. William Wulf, M.D.	50,000	50,000	527,700	_	627,700

⁽¹⁾ The amount in this column represents the grant date fair value of restricted stock units issued to Messrs. Sanger, Smith and Wulf in fiscal year 2020, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. The restricted stock units vest in three equal annual installments, subject to each director's continued service as a member of our board of directors through such date. As of December 31, 2020, Messrs. Sanger, Smith and Wulf each held 36,500 outstanding restricted stock units.

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- (2) Amounts reported in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair value of stock options granted to Dr. Wulf in fiscal year 2020, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. As of December 31, 2020, Messrs. Mansukani, Williams and Wulf held 800,000, 1,100,000 and 500,000 outstanding stock options awards, respectively. With respect to stock options that vest subject to a performance condition, the grant date fair value is calculated based upon the probable outcome of the performance condition being achieved, consistent with the estimate of aggregate compensation cost to be recognized over the service period determined as of the grant date, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures. Assuming the applicable performance conditions are achieved, the value of the performance-based vesting option awards at the grant date would be \$435,240 for Dr. Wulf. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates—Stock-based Compensation" for a discussion of the relevant assumptions used to calculate these amounts.
- (3) Messr. Sanger retired as a director effective as of January 4, 2021.

In fiscal year 2020, no director who is a CD&R partner (i.e. Messrs. Sachdev, Schnall and Strum) was compensated by us for services as a director.

Three of our non-employee directors, Messrs. Sanger, Smith and Wulf, were paid an annual retainer fee of \$100,000 in fiscal year 2020, consisting of 50% cash paid in quarterly installments in arrears and 50% in restricted stock units based on the grant date value. These restricted stock units vest in three equal annual installments. Also, Mr. Smith received an additional fee of \$25,000 in respect of his service as chair of our Audit Committee.

In fiscal year 2020, Dr. Wulf also received a one-time stock option grant, consisting of (i) "Base Options," which vest in five annual installments, and (ii) "Upside Options," which vest in five annual installments but only if as of such date (or a later date prior to the option's termination), the Performance Condition (as defined above) has been achieved, in each case subject to Dr. Wulf's continuous service as a director on the applicable vesting date. The stock options expire ten years after the date of grant.

Changes to Director Compensation in Connection with the Offering

Our board of directors has adopted the following non-employee director compensation program to be effective as of the offering, including a mix of cash and equity compensation:

Cash Retainers and Equity-Based Awards

Compensation	Amount
Initial Equity Award	\$160,000 option grant with three-year ratable vesting
Annual Equity Award	\$160,000 restricted stock unit grant with one-year vesting
Annual Cash Retainer	\$70,000
Committee Chair Annual Cash Retainer Fee	Audit Committee: \$25,000
	Compensation Committee: \$15,000
	Nominating & Governance Committee: \$10,000
	Compliance Committee: \$15,000

We expect that each of our directors who is employed by or affiliated with CD&R will not receive compensation for his services as a director. Directors are also entitled to reimbursement of their expenses incurred in connection with travel to meetings. The initial equity awards and annual equity awards that we expect to grant to our non-employee directors in connection with the completion of the offering represent, in the aggregate, approximately 66,956 shares and 37,209 shares, respectively, of common stock issuable upon the vesting of such awards and less than 1% of the shares reserved under the Omnibus Incentive Plan. In addition, each non-employee director that does not hold equity of the Company immediately prior to the offering (excluding directors employed by or affiliated with CD&R) will have the opportunity to purchase shares of common stock having an aggregate value of up to \$500,000 at a per share price equal to the initial public offering price per share.

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PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information as of March 31, 2021 with respect to the ownership of our common stock by:

- each person known to own beneficially more than five percent of our common stock;
- each of our directors;
- each of our named executive officers; and
- all of our current executive officers and directors as a group.

The amounts and percentages of shares beneficially owned are reported on the basis of regulations of the SEC governing the determination of beneficial ownership of securities. Under SEC rules, a person is deemed to be a "beneficial owner" of a security if that person has or shares voting power or investment power, which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of such security. A person is also deemed to be a beneficial owner of any securities of which that person has a right to acquire beneficial ownership within 60 days. Securities that can be so acquired are deemed to be outstanding for purposes of computing such person's ownership percentage, but not for purposes of computing any other person's percentage. Under these rules, more than one person may be deemed to be a beneficial owner of securities as to which such person has no economic interest.

Percentage computations are based on approximately 325,749,077 shares of our common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2021, and 384,836,394 shares outstanding following the completion of this offering.

Except as otherwise indicated in the footnotes to the table, each of the beneficial owners listed has, to our knowledge, sole voting and investment power with respect to the indicated shares of common stock. Unless otherwise set forth in the footnotes to the table, the address for each listed stockholder is 1 World Trade Center, Suite 2000, Long Beach, CA 90831.

	Sh	ares Beneficially O	wned		
	I	Before the Offering	Shares Beneficially Owned		
		After the Offerin	After the (
	Assum	ing the Underwrite Is Not Exercised(Assuming the U Option Is Exer		
		Percent of		Option is Exer	ciscu iii r uii
		Class			Percent of
	Number of	Before the	Percent of Class		Class After
	Shares	Offering	After the Offering	Number of	the Offering
Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Owned	(%)	(%)	Shares Owned	(%)
5% Stockholders					
CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P(2)	224,718,177	69.0%	58.4%	224,718,177	57.4%
Morgan Stanley Investor(3)	26,444,000	8.1%	6.9%	26,444,000	6.7%
Capital World Investor(4)	21,946,500	6.7%	5.7%	21,946,500	5.6%
Directors and Named Executive Officers					
Ron Williams	3,394,900	1.0%	*	3,394,900	*
Michelle A. Gourdine, M.D.	_	*	*	_	*
Sharad Mansukani, M.D.	1,872,400	*	*	1,872,400	*
Clay Richards	_	*	*	_	*
Michael Smith	283,300	*	*	283,300	*
William Wulf, M.D.	148,800	*	*	148,800	*
Ravi Sachdev	_	*	*		*
Richard J. Schnall	_	*	*	_	*
Derek L. Strum	_	*	*	_	*
Steven J. Sell(5)	1,000,000	*	*	1,000,000	*

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Shares Beneficially Owned Before the Offering and After the Offering Assuming the Underwriters' Option

Shares Beneficially Owned
After the Offering
Assuming the Underwriters'
Ontion Is Exercised in Full

	Is Not Exercised(1)			Option Is Exercised in Full		
	Number of	Percent of Class Before the	Percent of Class		Percent of Class After	
Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Shares Owned	Offering (%)	After the Offering (%)	Number of Shares Owned	the Offering (%)	
Lisa Dombro	687,500	*	*	687,500	*	
Benjamin Kornitzer, M.D.	137,500	*	*	137,500	*	
All current directors and executive officers as a group						
(18 persons)(6)	12,149,400	3.7%	3.2%	12,149,400	3.1%	
Ronald Kuerbitz(7)	5,100,000	1.6%	1.3%	5,100,000	1.3%	

^{*} Less than one percent.

- (1) We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to an additional 6,990,000 shares.
- (2) CD&R Investment Associates IX, Ltd. ("CD&R Holdings GP"), as the general partner of the CD&R Investor, may be deemed to beneficially own the shares of common stock in which the CD&R Investor has beneficial ownership. CD&R Holdings GP expressly disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock in which the CD&R Investor has beneficial ownership. Investment and voting decisions with respect to the shares of common stock held by the CD&R Investor are made by an investment committee of limited partners of CD&R Associates IX, L.P., currently consisting of more than ten individuals, each of whom is also an investment professional of CD&R (the "Investment Committee"). All members of the Investment Committee disclaim beneficial ownership of the shares shown as beneficially owned by the CD&R Investor. CD&R Holdings GP is managed by a two-person board of directors. Donald J. Gogel and Nathan K. Sleeper, as the directors of CD&R Holdings GP, may be deemed to share beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock directly held by the CD&R Investor. Such persons expressly disclaim such beneficial ownership. The principal office of the CD&R Investor is c/o Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC, 375 Park Avenue, New York, New York, 10152.
- (3) Includes 26,444,000 shares owned by Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc. on behalf of certain funds and accounts (such entities collectively, the "Morgan Stanley Investor"). The mailing address for each of the foregoing entities is c/o Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc., 522 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10036. The amounts in the table above do not take into account the shares of our common stock, if any, that Counterpoint Global (Morgan Stanley Investment Management) may purchase in this offering as a cornerstone investor.
- (4) Includes 8,832,200 shares owned by The New Economy Fund and 13,114,300 shares owned by SMALLCAP World Fund, Inc. (such entities together, the "Capital World Investor"). The mailing address of each of the foregoing entities is c/o Capital Research and Management Company, 333 South Hope Street, 55th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90071. The amounts in the table above do not take into account the shares of our common stock, if any, that Capital World Investors may purchase in this offering as a cornerstone investor.
- (5) Excludes 556,200 shares held by the Sell Family Trust and the Sell Children's Trust, each an irrevocable trust of which Mr. Sell is neither the trustee nor a beneficiary.
- (6) Includes an aggregate amount of 7,640,000 shares which the current executive officers and directors have the right to acquire prior to May 30, 2021 through the exercise of stock options.
- (7) Includes 5,100,000 shares which Mr. Kuerbitz has the right to acquire through the exercise of stock options.

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CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Policies and Procedures for Related Person Transactions

Prior to the completion of this offering, we expect that our board of directors will approve policies and procedures with respect to the review and approval of certain transactions between us and a Related Person (as defined herein) or a Related Person Transaction (as defined herein) (the "Related Person Transaction Policy"). Pursuant to the terms of the Related Person Transaction Policy, our board of directors, acting through our Audit Committee, must review and decide whether to approve or ratify any Related Person Transaction. Any Related Person Transaction is required to be reported to our legal department, which will then determine whether it should be submitted to our Audit Committee for consideration. The Audit Committee must then review and decide whether to approve any Related Person Transaction.

For the purposes of the Related Person Transaction Policy, a "Related Person Transaction" means a transaction, arrangement or relationship (or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships) in which we (including any of our subsidiaries) were, are or will be a participant and the amount involved exceeds \$120,000, and in which any Related Person had, has or will have a direct or indirect interest; and a "Related Person" means any person who is, or at any time since the beginning of our last fiscal year was, a director or executive officer of agilon health or a nominee to become a director of agilon health; any person who is the beneficial owner of more than five percent of our common stock; any immediate family member of any of the foregoing persons, including any child, stepchild, parent, stepparent, spouse, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of the director, executive officer, nominee or more than five percent beneficial owner, and any person (other than a tenant or employee) sharing the household of such director, executive officer, nominee or more than five percent beneficial owner; and "spouse" includes an individual married to a person of the same sex if the couple is lawfully married under state law, regardless of the individual's domicile; and any firm, corporation or other entity in which any of the foregoing persons is a general partner or, for other ownership interests, a limited partner or other owner in which such person has a beneficial ownership interest of ten percent or more.

Stockholders Agreements

CD&R Stockholder Agreement

Prior to the completion of this offering, we expect to enter into a stockholders agreement with the CD&R Investor. The stockholders agreement will grant the CD&R Investor the right to designate for nomination for election to our board of directors a number of CD&R Designees equal to:

- at least a majority of the total number of directors comprising our board of directors at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 50% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- at least 40% of the total number of directors comprising our board of directors at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 40% but less than 50% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- at least 30% of the total number of directors comprising our board of directors at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 30% but less than 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- at least 20% of the total number of directors comprising our board of directors at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 20% but less than 30% of the outstanding shares of our common stock; and
- at least 5% of the total number of directors comprising our board of directors at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 5% but less than 20% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

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For purposes of calculating the number of CD&R Designees that the CD&R Investor is entitled to nominate pursuant to the formula outlined above, any fractional amounts would be rounded up to the nearest whole number and the calculation would be made on a pro forma basis after taking into account any increase in the size of our board of directors. If the CD&R Investor beneficially owns less than 5% of the outstanding shares of common stock, the CD&R Investor will no longer be entitled to designate any designees for nomination by the board of directors.

With respect to any vacancy of a CD&R-designated director, the CD&R Investor will have the right to designate a new director for election by a majority of the remaining directors then in office.

The stockholders agreement will provide that a CD&R Designee will serve as the Chairman of our board of directors as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 25% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

The stockholders agreement will also grant to the CD&R Investor certain other rights, including specified information and access rights.

Existing Stockholders' Agreement

We are a party to an Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of November 29, 2019 (as amended or otherwise modified, the "Existing Stockholders Agreement"), by and among agilon health, and our existing stockholders, including the CD&R Investor, the Morgan Stanley Investor and the Capital World Investor. The Existing Stockholders Agreement provides, among other things, (i) that each stockholder is obligated to vote the shares of voting securities owned by such stockholder to ensure that the composition of and directors on the board are as designated by the CD&R Investor, (ii) for transfer restrictions, including rights of first refusal for the CD&R Investor and non-selling stockholders in the event that a stockholder would like to transfer its shares, (iii) for a 180-day lock-up period in the event of an IPO and (iv) for drag-along rights in the event that a person or group of persons acquires more than 50% of the outstanding voting power of agilon health. Other than the lock-up provisions, the Existing Stockholders Agreement will terminate upon the completion of this offering.

Registration Rights Agreements

Prior to the closing of this offering, we expect to enter into a registration rights agreement with the CD&R Investor. The registration rights agreement will grant to the CD&R Investor and its permitted assigns, customary Form S-1 and Form S-3 demand registration rights and piggyback registration rights, in each case subject to customary terms and conditions.

We are a party to registration rights agreements with each of our existing stockholders, including the Morgan Stanley Investor and the Capital World Investor. The registration rights agreements grant to the existing stockholders and each of their respective permitted assigns, customary Form S-3 demand registration rights and piggyback registration rights, in each case subject to customary terms and conditions.

Investment Agreements

We are a party to an Investment Agreement, dated as of November 7, 2018, as amended by the first amendment, dated as of October 21, 2020 (as may be further amended or restated, the "Morgan Stanley Investment Agreement"), with the Morgan Stanley Investor, pursuant to which the Morgan Stanley Investor purchased the shares of our common stock that it owns. In addition to customary sale and issuance provisions and representations by us and the Morgan Stanley Investor, the Morgan Stanley Investment Agreement contains certain put rights regarding the ownership of our common stock and customary information rights. All such rights will terminate automatically upon the consummation of this offering.

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We are also party to an Investment Agreement, dated as of January 4, 2019, as amended by the first amendment, dated as of October 5, 2020, and an Investment Agreement, dated as of March 4, 2020 (as may be amended or restated, together, the "Capital World Investment Agreements"), with the Capital World Investor, pursuant to which the Capital World Investor purchased the shares of our common stock that it owns. In addition to customary sale and issuance provisions and representations by us and the Capital World Investor, the Capital World Investment Agreements contain rights which are substantially the same as the rights provided in the Morgan Stanley Investment Agreement, as well as certain consent rights. All such rights will terminate automatically upon the consummation of this offering.

We are also party to Investment Agreements with our other existing stockholders, which contain substantially similar rights as described above for the Morgan Stanley Investment Agreement and the Capital World Investment Agreements. All such rights will terminate automatically upon the consummation of this offering.

Indications of Interest

Prior to the date hereof, one or more funds and/or accounts affiliated with Counterpoint Global (Morgan Stanley Investment Management) and Capital World Investors have indicated an interest with the other cornerstone investors, severally and not jointly, in purchasing up to an aggregate of \$500 million in shares in this offering at the initial public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, these investors may determine to purchase more, less or no shares in this offering or the underwriters may determine to sell more, less or no shares to any of these investors. The underwriters will receive the same discount on any of our shares purchased by these investors as they will from any other shares sold to the public in this offering.

Consulting Agreement

We are a party to a consulting agreement with CD&R, dated as of July 1, 2016. For each of the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, we paid \$1.5 million to CD&R in advisory consulting fees, in addition to certain expense reimbursements. We expect that the consulting agreement with CD&R will be terminated in connection with this offering.

Indemnification Agreements

We are a party to an indemnification agreement (the "Indemnification Agreement") with the CD&R Investor, Clayton, Dubilier & Rice Fund IX, L.P., Clayton, Dubilier & Rice Fund IX-A, L.P., CD&R Advisor Fund IX, L.P. (together, the "CD&R Funds") and CD&R, pursuant to which we indemnify the CD&R Investor, the CD&R Funds and CD&R and each of their respective affiliates, successors, assigns, directors, officers, partners, members, employees, agents, advisors, consultants, representatives and controlling persons, against certain liabilities arising out of performance of the consulting agreements and any transaction fee agreements and certain other claims and liabilities, including liabilities arising out of financing arrangements and securities offerings. Our indemnification obligations under the Indemnification Agreements are primary to any similar rights to which any indemnitee may be entitled under any other agreement or document.

We are a party to indemnification agreements with our directors. The indemnification agreements provide the directors with contractual rights to indemnification and expense advancement. See "Description of Capital Stock—Limitations on Liability and Indemnification."

Transactions with Other Related Parties

We were a party to the Unsecured Credit Facility with Arawak IX, L.P., an affiliate of the CD&R Investor. The Unsecured Credit Facility was repaid in full in connection with the entry into the 2021 Secured Credit Agreement. See "Description of Certain Indebtedness."

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DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following description of our capital stock is a summary of the material terms of our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws. Reference is made to the more detailed provisions of, and the descriptions are qualified in their entirety by reference to, these documents, forms of which will be filed with the SEC as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, and applicable law. This description assumes the effectiveness of our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws, which will take effect prior to completion of this offering.

General

Upon the completion of this offering, our authorized capital stock will consist of 2,000,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share and 100,000,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share. Immediately following this offering, we expect to have 384,836,394 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding, as further described under "Prospectus Summary—The Offering."

Common Stock

Holders of common stock will be entitled:

- to cast one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of the stockholders;
- to receive, on a pro rata basis, dividends and distributions, if any, that our board of directors may declare out of legally available funds, subject to preferences that may be applicable to preferred stock, if any, then outstanding; and
- upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, to share equally and ratably in any assets remaining after the payment of all debt and other liabilities, subject to the prior rights, if any, of holders of any outstanding shares of preferred stock.

Our ability to pay dividends on our common stock is subject to our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends to us, which is in turn subject to the restrictions set forth in the Credit Facilities. See "Dividend Policy."

The holders of our common stock do not have any preemptive, cumulative voting, subscription, conversion, redemption or sinking fund rights. The common stock is not subject to future calls or assessments by us. The rights and privileges of holders of our common stock are subject to any series of preferred stock that we may issue in the future, as described below.

We have applied to list our common stock on the NYSE under the symbol "AGL".

Before the date of this prospectus, there has been no public market for our common stock.

As of March 31, 2021, we had 325,749,077 shares of common stock outstanding and 58 holders of record of common stock.

Preferred Stock

Under our Certificate of Incorporation, our board of directors will have the authority, without further action by our stockholders, to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the voting powers, designations, preferences and the relative participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations and restrictions of each series, including, without limitation, dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any series. Upon the settlement of this offering, no shares of our authorized preferred stock will be

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currently outstanding. Because the board of directors will have the power to establish the preferences and rights of the shares of any additional series of preferred stock, it may afford holders of any preferred stock preferences, powers and rights, including voting and dividend rights, senior to the rights of holders of our common stock, which could adversely affect the holders of the common stock and could delay, discourage or prevent a takeover of us even if a change of control of our company would be beneficial to the interests of our stockholders.

Annual Stockholders Meeting

Our By-laws will provide that annual stockholders meetings will be held at a date, time and place, if any, as exclusively selected by our board of directors. To the extent permitted under applicable law, we may conduct meetings by remote communications, including by webcast.

Voting

The affirmative vote of a plurality of the shares of our common stock present, in person or by proxy, at the meeting and entitled to vote on the election of directors will decide the election of any directors, and the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of our common stock present, in person or by proxy, at the meeting and entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders will decide all other matters voted on by stockholders, unless the question is one upon which, by express provision of law, under our Certificate of Incorporation, or under our By-laws, a different vote is required, in which case such provision will control. Stockholders do not have the right to cumulate their votes for the election of directors.

Board Designation Rights

Pursuant to the stockholder agreement, the CD&R Investor will have specified board designation and other rights following this offering. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Stockholders Agreements."

Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws

The provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws summarized below may have an anti-takeover effect and may delay, defer or prevent a tender offer or takeover attempt that you might consider in your best interest, including an attempt that might result in your receipt of a premium over the market price for your shares. These provisions are also designed, in part, to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with our board of directors, which could result in an improvement of their terms.

Authorized But Unissued Shares of Common Stock. Following the settlement of this offering, our shares of authorized and unissued common stock will be available for future issuance without additional stockholders approval. While our authorized and unissued shares are not designed to deter or prevent a change of control, under some circumstances we could use the additional shares to create voting impediments or to frustrate persons seeking to effect a takeover or otherwise gain control by, for example, issuing those shares in private placements to purchasers who might side with our board of directors in opposing a hostile takeover bid.

Authorized But Unissued Shares of Preferred Stock. Under our Certificate of Incorporation, our board of directors has the authority, without further action by our stockholders, to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the voting powers, designations, preferences and the relative participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations and restrictions of each series, including, without limitation, dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any series. The existence of authorized but unissued preferred stock could reduce our attractiveness as a target for an unsolicited takeover bid since we could, for example, issue shares of preferred stock to parties who might oppose such a takeover bid or shares that contain terms the potential acquiror may find unattractive. This may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control, may discourage bids for the common stock at a premium over the market price of the common stock, and may adversely affect the market price of, and the voting and other rights of the holders of, our common stock.

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Class If and Class III, with members of each class serving staggered three-year terms. Under our Certificate of Incorporation, our board of directors will consist of such number of directors as may be determined from time to time by resolution of the board of directors, but in no event may the number of directors be fewer than one. Any additional directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors will be distributed among the three classes so that, as nearly as possible, each class will consist of one-third of the directors. Our Certificate of Incorporation will also provide that any vacancy on our board of directors, including a vacancy resulting from an enlargement of our board of directors, may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of our directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, subject to the CD&R Stockholder Agreement with respect to the director designation rights of the CD&R Investor. Any director elected to fill a vacancy will hold office until such director's successor shall have been duly elected and qualified or until such director's earlier death, resignation or removal. Our classified board of directors could have the effect of delaying or discouraging an acquisition of us or a change in our management.

Removal of Directors. Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that directors may be removed with or without cause at any time upon the affirmative vote of holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock then entitled to vote at an election of directors until the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. Thereafter, our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that directors may be removed only for cause upon the affirmative vote of holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock then entitled to vote at an election of directors.

Special Meetings of Stockholders. Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that a special meeting of stockholders may be called only by the Chairman of our board of directors or by a resolution adopted by a majority of our board of directors. Special meetings may also be called by our corporate secretary at the request of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of our common stock until the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. Thereafter, stockholders will not be permitted to call a special meeting of stockholders.

Stockholder Advance Notice Procedure. Our By-laws will establish an advance notice procedure for stockholders to make nominations of candidates for election as directors or to bring other business before an annual meeting of our stockholders. The By-laws will provide that any stockholder wishing to nominate persons for election as directors at, or bring other business before, an annual meeting must deliver to our corporate secretary a written notice of the stockholder's intention to do so. These provisions may have the effect of precluding the conduct of certain business at a meeting if the proper procedures are not followed. We expect that these provisions may also discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect the acquirer's own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our company. To be timely, the stockholder's notice must be delivered to our corporate secretary at our principal executive offices not fewer than 90 days nor more than 120 days before the first anniversary date of the annual meeting for the preceding year; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting is set for a date that is more than 30 days before or delayed by more than 70 days after the first anniversary date of the preceding year's annual meeting, a stockholder's notice must be delivered to our corporate secretary not later than the later of (x) the close of business on the 90th day prior to the meeting or (y) the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which a public announcement of the date of the meeting is first made by us.

No Stockholder Action by Written Consent. Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that stockholder action may be taken only at an annual meeting or special meeting of stockholders; provided that stockholder action may be taken by written consent in lieu of a meeting until the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

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Amendments to Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws. Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that our Certificate of Incorporation may be amended by both the affirmative vote of a majority of our board of directors and the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of our common stock then entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders; provided that, at any time when the CD&R Investor beneficially owns less than 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, specified provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation may not be amended, altered or repealed unless the amendment is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the outstanding shares of our common stock then entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders, including, but not limited to, the provisions governing:

- liability and indemnification of directors;
- corporate opportunities;
- elimination of stockholder action by written consent if the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- prohibition on the rights of stockholders to call a special meeting if the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- removal of directors for cause if the CD&R Investor ceases to own at least 40% of our outstanding common stock;
- classified board of directors; and
- required approval of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the outstanding shares of our common stock to amend our By-laws and certain
 provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation if the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our
 common stock.

In addition, our By-laws may be amended, altered or repealed, or new by-laws may be adopted, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the board of directors, or by the affirmative vote of the holders of (x) as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 40% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, at least a majority, and (y) thereafter, at least 66 2/3%, of the outstanding shares of our common stock then entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders.

These provisions make it more difficult for any person to remove or amend any provisions in our Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws which may have an anti-takeover effect.

Delaware Anti-Takeover Law. In general, Section 203 of the DGCL prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in "business combinations," such as mergers, sales and leases of assets, issuances of securities and similar transactions by a corporation or subsidiary with an "interested stockholder," including a person or group who beneficially owns 15% or more of the corporation's voting stock for a period of three years following the date the person became an interested stockholder, unless (with certain exceptions) the business combination or the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. Section 203 permits corporations, in their certificate of incorporation, to opt out of the protections of Section 203. Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that we have elected not to be subject to Section 203 of the DGCL for so long as the CD&R Investor owns, directly or indirectly, at least five percent of the outstanding shares of our common stock. From and after the date that the CD&R Investor ceases to own, directly or indirectly, at least five percent of the outstanding shares of our common stock, we will be governed by Section 203.

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Limitations on Liability and Indemnification

Our Certificate of Incorporation will contain provisions relating to the liability of directors. These provisions will eliminate a director's personal liability for monetary damages resulting from a breach of fiduciary duty, except in circumstances involving:

- any breach of the director's duty of loyalty;
- acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law;
- unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock repurchases, redemptions or other distributions; or
- · any transaction from which the director derives an improper personal benefit.

The principal effect of the limitation on liability provision is that a stockholder will be unable to prosecute an action for monetary damages against a director unless the stockholder can demonstrate a basis for liability for which indemnification is not available under the DGCL. These provisions, however, should not limit or eliminate our rights or any stockholder's rights to seek non-monetary relief, such as an injunction or rescission, in the event of a breach of director's fiduciary duty. These provisions will not alter a director's liability under federal securities laws. The inclusion of this provision in our Certificate of Incorporation may discourage or deter stockholders or management from bringing a lawsuit against directors for a breach of their fiduciary duties, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise have benefited us and our stockholders. In addition, your investment may be adversely affected to the extent we pay costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

Our Certificate of Incorporation and our By-laws will require us to indemnify and advance expenses to our directors and officers to the fullest extent not prohibited by the DGCL and other applicable law, except in the case of a proceeding instituted by the director without the approval of our board of directors. Our Certificate of Incorporation and our By-laws will provide that we are required to indemnify our directors and executive officers, to the fullest extent permitted by law, for all judgments, fines, settlements, legal fees and other expenses incurred in connection with pending or threatened legal proceedings because of the director's or officer's positions with us or another entity that the director or officer serves at our request, subject to various conditions, and to advance funds to our directors and officers to enable them to defend against such proceedings. To receive indemnification, the director or officer must have been successful in the legal proceeding or have acted in good faith and in what was reasonably believed to be a lawful manner in our best interest and, with respect to any criminal proceeding, have had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.

We are a party to indemnification agreements with our directors. The indemnification agreements provide the directors with contractual rights to indemnification and expense advancement.

Corporate Opportunities

Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that we, on our behalf and on behalf of our subsidiaries, renounce and waive any interest or expectancy in, or in being offered an opportunity to participate in, potential transactions, matters or business opportunities (each, a "corporate opportunity"), that are from time to time presented to the CD&R Investor or any of their officers, directors, employees, agents, stockholders, members, partners, affiliates or subsidiaries (other than us and our subsidiaries), even if the transaction, matter or opportunity is one that we or our subsidiaries might reasonably be deemed to have pursued or had the ability or desire to pursue if granted the opportunity to do so. None of the CD&R Investor or any of their officers, directors, employees, agents, stockholders, members, partners, affiliates or subsidiaries will be liable to us or any of our subsidiaries for breach of any fiduciary or other duty, as a director or otherwise, by reason of the fact that such person pursues, acquires or participates in such corporate opportunity, directs such corporate opportunity to another person or fails to present such corporate opportunity, or information regarding such corporate

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opportunity, to us or our subsidiaries unless, in the case of any such person who is a director or officer of agilon health, such corporate opportunity is expressly offered to such director or officer in writing solely in his or her capacity as a director or officer of agilon health. To the fullest extent permitted by law, by becoming a stockholder in our company, stockholders will be deemed to have notice of and consented to this provision of our Certificate of Incorporation.

Choice of Forum

Our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for: (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf; (ii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed to us or our stockholders by any of our directors, officers, other employees, agents or stockholders; (iii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim arising out of or pursuant to or seeking to enforce any right, obligation or remedy under the DGCL or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (including, without limitation, any action asserting a claim arising out of or pursuant to our Certificate of Incorporation or our By-laws); or (iv) any action or proceeding asserting a claim that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine, in each case subject to such Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware having personal jurisdiction over the indispensable parties named as defendants. Although our Certificate of Incorporation will contain the choice of forum provisions described above, it is possible that a court could find that such provision is inapplicable for a particular claim or action or that such provision is unenforceable, and our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. As permitted by Delaware law, our Certificate of Incorporation will provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder. To the fullest extent permitted by law, by becoming a stockh

Market Listing

We have applied to list our common stock on the NYSE under the symbol "AGL".

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Computershare Trust Company, N.A.

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SHARES AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE SALE

We have applied to list our common stock on the NYSE under the symbol "AGL". Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock. Some shares of our common stock will not be available for sale for a certain period of time after this offering because they are subject to contractual and legal restrictions on resale, some of which are described below. Sales of substantial amounts of common stock in the public market after these restrictions lapse, or the perception that these sales could occur, could adversely affect the prevailing market price and our ability to raise equity capital in the future.

Sales of Restricted Securities

As of March 31, 2021, adjusted to give effect to this offering, we had 384,836,394 shares of common stock outstanding. Of these shares, all of the 46,600,000 shares to be sold in this offering will be immediately tradable without restriction under the Securities Act except for any shares held by "affiliates," as that term is defined in Rule 144. We intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register the shares of common stock to be issued under our equity compensation plans and, as a result, all shares of common stock acquired upon exercise of stock options granted under our plans are also freely tradable under the Securities Act, subject to the terms of the lock-up agreements, unless purchased by our affiliates. As of March 31, 2021, there were stock options outstanding to purchase a total of 41,412,100 shares of our common stock. Additionally, 35,400 shares of our common stock are issuable pursuant to director RSUs. As of March 31, 2021, 28,718,548 shares of our common stock were reserved for future issuance under our Omnibus Incentive Plan and ESPP.

325,749,077 shares of our common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2021, are "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144. Restricted securities may be sold in the public market only if they are registered under the Securities Act or are sold pursuant to an exemption from registration under Rule 144 or Rule 701, which are summarized below. Subject to the lock-up agreements described below, shares held by our affiliates that are not restricted securities or that have been owned for more than one year may be sold subject to compliance with Rule 144 without regard to the prescribed one-year holding period under Rule 144.

Stock Options

We intend to file one or more registration statements under the Securities Act to register the shares of common stock to be issued under our stock option plans and, as a result, all shares of common stock acquired upon exercise of stock options and other equity-based awards granted under these plans will, subject to a 180-day lock-up period, also be freely tradable under the Securities Act unless purchased by our affiliates. A total of 41,412,100 shares of common stock are subject to outstanding stock options previously granted under our stock incentive plans as of March 31, 2021, and an additional 21,021,820 shares of common stock will be available for grants of additional equity awards under stock incentive plans to be adopted prior to the completion of this offering.

Lock-up Agreements

We and our directors and executive officers, and stockholders currently representing substantially all of the outstanding shares of our common stock, will sign lock-up agreements, under which we and they will agree not to, among other things, offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, engage in any hedging or similar transaction or arrangement, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any of our securities that are substantially similar to the securities offered hereby, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, subject to certain exceptions and except as described in the underwriting agreement for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus. These agreements are described below under "Underwriting."

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Registration Rights Agreement

The CD&R Investor and its permitted assigns will have the right to require us to register shares of common stock for resale in some circumstances. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Registration Rights Agreements."

Certain other significant stockholders have the right to require us to register shares of common stock for resale in some circumstances. See "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions—Registration Rights Agreements."

Rule 144

In general, under Rule 144, as currently in effect, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is not deemed to be or have been one of our affiliates for purposes of the Securities Act at any time during 90 days preceding a sale and who has beneficially owned the shares proposed to be sold for at least six months, including the holding period of any prior owner other than an affiliate, is entitled to sell such shares without registration, subject to compliance with the public information requirements of Rule 144. If such a person has beneficially owned the shares proposed to be sold for at least one year, including the holding period of a prior owner other than an affiliate, then such person is entitled to sell such shares without complying with any of the requirements of Rule 144.

In general, under Rule 144, as currently in effect, our affiliates or persons selling shares on behalf of our affiliates, who have met the six-month holding period for beneficial ownership of "restricted shares" of our common stock, are entitled to sell within any three-month period, a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of:

- 1% of the number of shares of our common stock then outstanding, which will equal approximately 3,848,364 shares immediately after this
 offering; and
- the average reported weekly trading volume of our common stock on the NYSE during the four calendar weeks preceding the date of filing a Notice of Proposed Sale of Securities Pursuant to Rule 144 with respect to the sale.

Sales under Rule 144 by our affiliates or persons selling shares on behalf of our affiliates are also subject to certain manner of sale provisions and notice requirements and to the availability of current public information about us. The sale of these shares, or the perception that sales will be made, could adversely affect the price of our common stock after this offering because a great supply of shares would be, or would be perceived to be, available for sale in the public market.

Rule 701

Any of our employees, officers or directors who acquired shares under a written compensatory plan or contract may be entitled to sell them in reliance on Rule 701. Rule 701 permits affiliates to sell their Rule 701 shares under Rule 144 without complying with the holding period requirements of Rule 144. Rule 701 further provides that non-affiliates may sell these shares in reliance on Rule 144 without complying with the holding period, public information, volume limitation or notice provisions of Rule 144.

Partner Physician Group Equity Agreements

In connection with our entry into arrangements with anchor physician groups, we have historically entered into partner physician group equity agreements pursuant to which such anchor physician groups are entitled to receive equity in their local RBE or agilon health if certain conditions are satisfied. See "Business—Reimbursement Model and Organization" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates—Stock-based Compensation" for additional information.

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DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN INDEBTEDNESS

Secured Credit Facilities

On February 18, 2021, agilon health management, inc., entered into a credit agreement by and among agilon health management, inc., Intermediate Holdings, the Lenders party thereto, the Issuers party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and as collateral agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., and Bank of America, N.A., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., and Nomura Securities International, Inc., as joint lead arrangers and joint bookrunners (as amended by First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2021, the "2021 Secured Credit Agreement") governing agilon health management, inc.'s 2021 Secured Credit Facilities. The 2021 Secured Credit Agreement refinanced our indebtedness under the Credit Facilities, and the Secured Credit Agreement and Unsecured Credit Agreement were terminated.

The borrower under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities is agilon health management, inc. The 2021 Secured Credit Facilities consist of (i) a senior secured term loan facility (the "2021 Secured Term Loan Facility") in an aggregate principal amount of \$100.0 million and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility (the "2021 Secured Revolving Facility") in an aggregate principal amount of \$100.0 million. As of February 18, 2021, \$100.0 million was outstanding under the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility and availability under the 2021 Secured Revolving Facility was \$81.5 million. The final maturity date of the Secured Term Loan Facility and the Secured Revolving Facility is February 18, 2024 or, following the consummation of this offering (so long as this offering generates total gross proceeds in excess of \$500.0 million), February 18, 2026. In addition, however, each of the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility and the 2021 Secured Revolving Facility allows individual lenders to extend the maturity date of their loans upon the request of the Borrower and without the consent of any other lender, subject to specified conditions.

Subject to specified conditions and receipt of commitments, the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility may be expanded (or a new term loan facility, revolving credit facility or letter of credit facility added) by up to (i) \$50.0 million plus (ii) an additional amount determined in accordance with a formula tied to repayment of certain indebtedness of the Company.

Interest Rates and Fees

At our option, borrowings under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities, as defined in the credit agreement, can be either: (i) LIBO Rate Loans or (ii) Base Rate Loans. LIBO Rate Loans bear interest at a rate equal to the sum of 4.00% (stepping down to 3.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the higher of (a) LIBO, as defined in the credit agreement, and (b) 0%. Base Rate Loans bear interest at a rate equal to the sum of 3.00% (stepping down to 2.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the highest of: (a) 0.50% in excess of the overnight federal funds rate, (b) the prime rate established by the administrative agent from time to time, (c) the one-month LIBO rate (adjusted for maximum reserves) plus 1.00% and (d) 0%. Additionally, we pay a commitment fee on the unfunded 2021 Revolving Credit Facility amount of 0.50% (stepping down to 0.375% on and following October 1, 2023). We must also pay customary letter of credit fees.

Prepayments

The 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility are subject to mandatory prepayment and reduction in an amount equal to (a) if this offering generates total gross proceeds in excess of \$1.0 billion, an amount equal to the lesser of net cash proceeds arising from this offering and \$50.0 million (b) 50% of agilon management's excess cash flow (as defined in the 2021 Secured Credit Agreement), with a reduction to 0% based upon achievement of a leverage ratio of less than 2.50:1.00, (c) 100% of the net cash proceeds received from the incurrence of indebtedness by agilon management or any of its restricted subsidiaries (other than indebtedness permitted under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities) and (d) 100% of the net cash proceeds of all non-ordinary course asset sales or other dispositions of property by agilon management and its restricted subsidiaries (including certain insurance and condemnation proceeds) in excess of a certain amount and subject to the right of agilon management and its

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restricted subsidiaries to reinvest such proceeds within a specified period of time, and certain other exceptions. The 2021 Secured Revolving Facility is also subject to mandatory prepayment and to the extent that the aggregate amount of any outstanding revolving loans and letter of credit obligations exceed the aggregate amount of the commitments under the 2021 Secured Revolving Facility, subject to certain qualifications.

Voluntary prepayments of borrowings under the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility and 2021 Secured Revolving Facility are permitted at any time, subject to minimum principal amount requirements. Voluntary prepayments of borrowings under the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility are also subject to reimbursement of the lenders' redeployment costs actually incurred in the case of a prepayment of LIBOR rate borrowings other than on the last day of the relevant interest period.

Guarantee; Security

All obligations under the 2021 Secured Credit Facilities are guaranteed by each domestic subsidiary of agilon management other than certain excluded subsidiaries, as well as by Intermediate Holdings. All obligations of agilon management and each guarantor are secured by a perfected security interest in substantially all tangible and intangible assets of agilon management and each such guarantor, including the capital stock of each domestic subsidiary of agilon management and each such guarantor, and 65% of each series of capital stock of any non U.S. subsidiary held directly by agilon management or any guarantor, subject to certain exceptions.

Covenants, Representations and Warranties

The 2021 Secured Credit Agreement contains certain representations and warranties and certain affirmative and negative covenants. The negative covenants contain certain limitations, including with respect to the following: the incurrence of additional indebtedness; payment of dividends on, redemption or repurchase of stock or making of other distributions in respect of capital stock; making investments; repurchase, prepayment or redemption of subordinated indebtedness; agreeing to payment restrictions affecting the ability of agilon management's restricted subsidiaries to pay dividends to agilon management or make other intercompany transfers; incurrence of additional liens; transfer or sale of assets; consolidation, merger, sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of our assets; entering into certain transactions with affiliates; designation of any subsidiary as an unrestricted subsidiary; modifying the existing tax sharing agreement; changing the nature of agilon management's business and making of negative pledges. The negative covenants are subject to certain customary exceptions.

The 2021 Secured Credit Agreement also contains certain financial covenants, requiring agilon health management, inc. to (a) not permit its leverage ratio (i) for the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2021 and until (and including) the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2022, to exceed 4.00:1.00, (ii) for the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2022 and until (and including) the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2023, to exceed 3.00:1.00, (iii) for the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2023 and until (and including) the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2024, to exceed 5.00:1.00, (iv) for the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2024 and until (and including) the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2024, to exceed 4.25:1.00 and (v) for the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2025 and all subsequent fiscal quarters thereafter, to exceed 3.50:1.00 and (b) commencing with the fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2021 and until the consummation of this offering (so long as this offering generates total gross proceeds in excess of \$500.0 million) (but excluding any fiscal quarter ending thereafter), a minimum liquidity amount of \$50 million and a minimum availability under the 2021 Secured Revolving Facility of \$10 million.

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Events of Default

Events of default under the 2021 Secured Credit Agreement are limited to nonpayment of principal when due, nonpayment of interest, fees or other amounts, inaccuracy of representations or warranties in any material respect, violation of other covenants, cross default to other material debt, certain bankruptcy or insolvency events, certain U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") events, certain material judgments, actual or asserted invalidity of material guarantees or security interests, asserted invalidity or contest of the validity of any interceditor agreement or pledge and security agreement, and change of control, in each case subject to certain thresholds, notice and grace period provisions.

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CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR NON-U.S. HOLDERS

The following is a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock by Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) that purchase our common stock pursuant to this offering and hold such common stock as a capital asset. This discussion is based on the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), U.S. Treasury regulations promulgated or proposed thereunder, and administrative and judicial interpretations thereof, all as in effect on the date hereof and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect, or to different interpretation. This discussion does not address all of the U.S. federal income tax considerations that may be relevant to specific Non-U.S. Holders in light of their particular circumstances or to Non-U.S. Holders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax law (such as banks, insurance companies, dealers in securities or other Non-U.S. Holders that generally mark their securities to market for U.S. federal income tax purposes, foreign governments, international organizations, tax-exempt entities, certain former citizens or residents of the United States, or Non-U.S. Holders that hold our common stock as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion or other integrated transaction). This discussion does not address any U.S. state or local or non-U.S. tax considerations or any U.S. federal gift or alternative minimum tax considerations.

As used in this discussion, the term "Non-U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of our common stock that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is:

- an individual who is neither a citizen nor a resident of the United States;
- a corporation that is not created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
- an estate that is not subject to U.S. federal income tax on income from non-U.S. sources that is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States; or
- a trust unless (i) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all of its substantial decisions or (ii) it has in effect a valid election under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

If an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes invests in our common stock, the U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to such investment will depend in part upon the status and activities of such entity and the particular partner. Any such entity should consult its own tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to it and its partners relating to the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock.

PERSONS CONSIDERING AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS REGARDING THE U.S. FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL AND NON-U.S. INCOME, ESTATE AND OTHER TAX CONSIDERATIONS RELATING TO THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF OUR COMMON STOCK IN LIGHT OF THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES.

Distributions on Common Stock

If we make a distribution of cash or other property (other than certain pro rata distributions of our common stock or rights to acquire our common stock) with respect to a share of our common stock, the distribution generally will be treated as a dividend to the extent it is paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles). If the amount of such distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, such excess generally will be treated first as a tax-free return of capital to the extent of the Non-U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in such share of our common stock, and then as capital gain (which will be treated in the manner described below under "—Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition

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of Common Stock"). Distributions treated as dividends on our common stock that are paid to or for the account of a Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a rate of 30%, or at a lower rate if provided by an applicable tax treaty and the Non-U.S. Holder provides the documentation (generally, Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E) required to claim benefits under such tax treaty to the applicable withholding agent. Even if our current or accumulated earnings and profits are less than the amount of the distribution, the applicable withholding agent may elect to treat the entire distribution as a dividend for U.S. federal withholding tax purposes. Each Non-U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor regarding U.S. federal withholding tax on distributions, including such Non-U.S. Holder's eligibility for a lower rate and the availability of a refund of any excess U.S. federal tax withheld.

If, however, a dividend is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by a Non-U.S. Holder, such dividend generally will not be subject to the 30% U.S. federal withholding tax if such Non-U.S. Holder provides the appropriate documentation (generally, IRS Form W-8ECI) to the applicable withholding agent. Instead, such Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such dividend in substantially the same manner as a U.S. person (except as provided by an applicable tax treaty). In addition, a Non-U.S. Holder that is treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes may be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or a lower rate if provided by an applicable tax treaty) on its effectively connected income for the taxable year, subject to certain adjustments.

The foregoing discussion is subject to the discussion below under "—FATCA Withholding" and "—Information Reporting and Backup Withholding."

Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of Common Stock

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on any gain recognized on the sale, exchange or other disposition of our common stock unless:

- (i) such gain is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by such Non-U.S. Holder, in which event such Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such gain in substantially the same manner as a U.S. person (except as provided by an applicable tax treaty) and, if it is treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, may also be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or a lower rate if provided by an applicable tax treaty), subject to certain adjustments;
- (ii) such Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year of such sale, exchange or other disposition and certain other conditions are met, in which event such gain (net of certain U.S. source losses) generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% (except as provided by an applicable tax treaty); or
- (iii) we are or have been a "United States real property holding corporation" for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of (x) the five-year period ending on the date of such sale, exchange or other disposition and (y) such Non-U.S. Holder's holding period with respect to such common stock, and certain other conditions are met.

Generally, a corporation is a "United States real property holding corporation" if the fair market value of its United States real property interests equals or exceeds 50% of the sum of the fair market value of its worldwide real property interests and its other assets used or held for use in a trade or business (all as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes). We believe that we presently are not, and we do not presently anticipate that we will become, a United States real property holding corporation. However, because this determination is made from time to time and is dependent upon a number of factors, some of which are outside our control, including the value of our assets, there can be no assurance that we will not become a United States real property holding corporation. If we were a United States real property holding corporation during the period described in clause (iii) above, gain recognized by a Non-U.S. Holder generally would be treated as income effectively connected

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with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States by such Non-U.S. Holder, with the consequences described in clause (i) above (except that the branch profits tax would not apply), unless such Non-U.S. Holder owned (directly and constructively) five percent or less of our common stock throughout such period and our common stock is treated as "regularly traded on an established securities market" at any time during the calendar year of such sale, exchange or other disposition.

The foregoing discussion is subject to the discussion below under "—FATCA Withholding" and "—Information Reporting and Backup Withholding."

FATCA Withholding

Under the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act provisions of the Code and related U.S. Treasury guidance ("FATCA") a withholding tax of 30% will be imposed in certain circumstances on payments of dividends on our common stock. In the case of payments made to a "foreign financial institution" (such as a bank, a broker, an investment fund or, in certain cases, a holding company), as a beneficial owner or as an intermediary, this tax generally will be imposed, subject to certain exceptions, unless such institution (i) has agreed to (and does) comply with the requirements of an agreement with the United States (an "FFI Agreement") or (ii) is required by (and does comply with) applicable foreign law enacted in connection with an intergovernmental agreement between the United States and a foreign jurisdiction (an "IGA") to, among other things, collect and provide to the U.S. tax authorities or other relevant tax authorities certain information regarding U.S. account holders of such institution and, in either case, such institution provides the withholding agent with a certification as to its FATCA status. In the case of payments made to a foreign entity that is not a financial institution (as a beneficial owner), the tax generally will be imposed, subject to certain exceptions, unless such entity provides the withholding agent with a certification as to its FATCA status and, in certain cases, identifies any "substantial" U.S. owner (generally, any specified U.S. person that directly or indirectly owns more than a specified percentage of such entity). If our common stock is held through a foreign financial institution that has agreed to comply with the requirements of an FFI Agreement or is subject to similar requirements under applicable foreign law enacted in connection with an IGA, such foreign financial institution (or, in certain cases, a person paying amounts to such foreign financial institution) generally will be required, subject to certain exceptions, to withhold tax on payments made to (i) a person (including an individual) that fails to provide any required information or documentation or (ii) a foreign financial institution that has not agreed to comply with the requirements of an FFI Agreement and is not subject to similar requirements under applicable foreign law enacted in connection with an IGA. Each Non-U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor regarding the application of FATCA to our common stock.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Distributions on our common stock made to a Non-U.S. Holder and the amount of any U.S. federal tax withheld from such distributions generally will be reported annually to the IRS and to such Non-U.S. Holder by the applicable withholding agent.

The information reporting and backup withholding rules that apply to payments of dividends to certain U.S. persons generally will not apply to payments of dividends on our common stock to a Non-U.S. Holder if such Non-U.S. Holder certifies under penalties of perjury that it is not a U.S. person (generally by providing an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E to the applicable withholding agent) or otherwise establishes an exemption.

Proceeds from the sale, exchange or other disposition of our common stock by a Non-U.S. Holder effected outside the United States through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker generally will not be subject to the information reporting and backup withholding rules that apply to payments to certain U.S. persons, provided that the proceeds are paid to the Non-U.S. Holder outside the United States. However, proceeds from the sale, exchange or other disposition of our common stock by a Non-U.S. Holder effected through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker with certain specified U.S. connections or of a U.S. broker generally will be subject to these

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information reporting rules (but generally not to these backup withholding rules), even if the proceeds are paid to such Non-U.S. Holder outside the United States, unless such Non-U.S. Holder certifies under penalties of perjury that it is not a U.S. person (generally by providing an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E to the applicable withholding agent) or otherwise establishes an exemption. Proceeds from the sale, exchange or other disposition of our common stock by a Non-U.S. Holder effected through a U.S. office of a broker generally will be subject to these information reporting and backup withholding rules unless such Non-U.S. Holder certifies under penalties of perjury that it is not a U.S. person (generally by providing an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E to the applicable withholding agent) or otherwise establishes an exemption.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules generally will be allowed as a refund or a credit against a Non-U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability if the required information is furnished by such Non-U.S. Holder on a timely basis to the IRS.

U.S. Federal Estate Tax

Shares of our common stock owned or treated as owned by an individual Non-U.S. Holder at the time of such Non-U.S. Holder's death will be included in such Non-U.S. Holder's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes and may be subject to U.S. federal estate tax unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise.

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UNDERWRITING

We are offering the shares of common stock described in this prospectus through a number of underwriters. J.P. Morgan Securities LLC is acting as bookrunning manager of the offering and representative of the underwriters. We will enter into an underwriting agreement with the underwriters. Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase, at the public offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, the number of shares of common stock listed next to its name in the following table:

Underwriter	Number of Shares
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	
BofA Securities, Inc.	
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.	
Wells Fargo Securities, LLC	
William Blair & Company, L.L.C.	
Truist Securities, Inc.	
Nomura Securities International, Inc.	
Total	46,600,000

The underwriters are committed to purchase all the common shares offered by us if they purchase any shares, other than those shares covered by the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares described below. The underwriting agreement also provides that if an underwriter defaults, the purchase commitments of non-defaulting underwriters may also be increased or the offering may be terminated.

The underwriters have an option to buy on a pro rata basis up to 6,990,000 additional shares of common stock from us at the public offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions to cover sales of shares by the underwriters which exceed the number of shares specified in the table above. The underwriters have 30 days from the date of this prospectus to exercise this option. If any additional shares of common stock are purchased, the underwriters will offer the additional shares on the same terms as those on which the shares are being offered.

The underwriters propose to offer the common shares directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and to certain dealers at that price less a concession not in excess of \$ per share. After the public offering of the shares, the offering price and other selling terms may be changed by the underwriters. The offering of the shares by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part. The underwriters may offer and sell the shares through certain of their affiliates or other registered broker-dealers or selling agents. Sales of shares made outside of the United States may be made by affiliates of the underwriters.

The underwriting fee is the difference between the public offering price and the amount the underwriters pay us for the shares of common stock. The underwriting fee is \$ per share. The following table summarizes the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions we will pay to the underwriters. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of common stock from us.

	Per	Share	Total		
	No Exercise	Full Exercise	No Exercise	Full Exercise	
Public offering price	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Underwriting discounts and commissions	\$	\$	\$	\$	

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We estimate that the total expenses of this offering, including registration, filing and listing fees, printing fees and legal and accounting expenses, but excluding the underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$8.6 million. The underwriters have agreed to reimburse us for certain expenses incurred in connection with this offering.

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the websites maintained by one or more underwriters, or selling group members, if any, participating in the offering. The underwriters may agree to allocate a number of shares to underwriters and selling group members for sale to their online brokerage account holders. Internet distributions will be allocated by the representative to underwriters and selling group members that may make internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations.

We have agreed that we will not (i) offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, engage in hedging or similar transaction or arrangement, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, except as provided in the underwriting agreement, any of our securities that are substantially similar to the securities offered hereby, including but not limited to any options or warrants to purchase shares of our common stock or any securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, shares of our common stock or any such substantially similar securities, or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of our common stock or any such other securities (regardless of whether any of these transactions are to be settled by the delivery of our common stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise), in each case without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus, subject to certain limited exceptions set forth in the underwriting agreement.

Our directors, executive officers and certain stockholders will enter into lock-up agreements with the underwriters prior to the commencement of this offering pursuant to which each of these persons or entities, for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus, may not, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, engage in hedging or similar transaction or arrangement, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any of our securities that are substantially similar to the securities offered hereby, including but not limited to any options or warrants to purchase shares of our common stock or any securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, shares of our common stock or any such substantially similar securities, subject to certain exceptions.

We have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or contribute payments that the underwriters may be required to make in that respect.

We have applied to list our common stock on the NYSE under the symbol "AGL".

Prior to the date hereof, the cornerstone investors have indicated an interest, severally and not jointly, in purchasing up to an aggregate of \$500 million in shares in this offering at the initial public offering price. Because this indication of interest is not a binding agreement or commitment to purchase, the cornerstone investors may determine to purchase more, less or no shares in this offering or the underwriters may determine to sell more, less or no shares to any of the cornerstone investors. The underwriters will receive the same discount on any of our shares purchased by the cornerstone investors as they will from any other shares sold to the public in this offering.

The underwriters have advised us that, in connection with this offering, the underwriters may engage in stabilizing transactions, which involves making bids for, purchasing and selling shares of common stock in the open market for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock while this offering is in progress. These stabilizing transactions may include making short sales of the common stock, which involves the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares of common stock than they are required to purchase in this offering, and purchasing shares of common stock on the open market to cover positions

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created by short sales. Short sales may be "covered" shorts, which are short positions in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares referred to above, or may be "naked" shorts, which are short positions in excess of that amount. The underwriters may close out any covered short position either by exercising their option to purchase additional shares, in whole or in part, or by purchasing shares in the open market. In making this determination, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market compared to the price at which the underwriters may purchase shares through the option to purchase additional shares. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market that could adversely affect investors who purchase in this offering. To the extent that the underwriters create a naked short position, they will purchase shares in the open market to cover the position.

The underwriters have advised us that, pursuant to Regulation M of the Securities Act, they may also engage in other activities that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the common stock, including the imposition of penalty bids. This means that if the representative of the underwriters purchases common stock in the open market in stabilizing transactions or to cover short sales, the representative can require the underwriters that sold those shares as part of this offering to repay the underwriting discount received by them.

These activities may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of the common stock or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock, and, as a result, the price of the common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If the underwriters commence these activities, they may discontinue them at any time. The underwriters may carry out these transactions on the NYSE, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. The initial public offering price will be determined by negotiations between us and the representative of the underwriters. In determining the initial public offering price, we and the representative of the underwriters expect to consider a number of factors, including:

- the information set forth in this prospectus and otherwise available to the underwriters;
- our prospects and the history and prospects for the industry in which we compete;
- an assessment of our management;
- our prospects for future earnings;
- the general condition of the securities markets at the time of this offering;
- the recent market prices of, and demand for, publicly-traded common stock of generally comparable companies; and
- other factors deemed relevant by the underwriters and us.

Neither we nor the underwriters can assure investors that an active trading market will develop for shares of our common stock, or that the shares will trade in the public market at or above the initial public offering price.

Reserved Share Program

At our request, an affiliate of BofA Securities, Inc., a participating underwriter, has reserved for sale, at the public offering price, up to 5% of the shares offered by this prospectus. If purchased, these shares will not be subject to a lock-up restriction. The number of shares of common stock available for sale to the general public will be reduced to the extent shares of common stock are purchased pursuant to this program. Any reserved shares that are not so purchased will be offered by the underwriters to the general public on the same terms as the other shares of common stock offered by this prospectus. The underwriters will receive the same underwriting discounts and commissions on any shares of common stock purchased pursuant to this program as they will on any other shares of common stock sold to the public in this offering.

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Selling Restrictions

General

Other than in the United States, no action has been taken by us or the underwriters that would permit a public offering of the securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. The securities offered by this prospectus may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, nor may this prospectus or any other offering material or advertisements in connection with the offer and sale of any such securities be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable rules and regulations of that jurisdiction. Persons into whose possession this prospectus comes are advised to inform themselves about and to observe any restrictions relating to the offering and the distribution of this prospectus. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities offered by this prospectus in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or a solicitation is unlawful.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area (each a "Member State"), no shares have been offered or will be offered pursuant to the offering to the public in that Member State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the shares which has been approved by the competent authority in that Member State or, where appropriate, approved in another Member State and notified to the competent authority in that Member State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Regulation, except that offers of shares may be made to the public in that Member State at any time under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Regulation:

- (a) to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined under the Prospectus Regulation;
- (b) to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined under the Prospectus Regulation), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the underwriters; or
 - (c) in any other circumstances falling within Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of shares shall require us or any underwriter to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Regulation or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation and each person who initially acquires any shares or to whom any offer is made will be deemed to have represented, acknowledged and agreed to and with each of the underwriters and the Company that it is a "qualified investor" within the meaning of Article 2(e) of the Prospectus Regulation. In the case of any shares being offered to a financial intermediary as that term is used in the Prospectus Regulation, each such financial intermediary will be deemed to have represented, acknowledged and agreed that the shares acquired by it in the offer have not been acquired on a non-discretionary basis on behalf of, nor have they been acquired with a view to their offer or resale to, persons in circumstances which may give rise to an offer of any shares to the public other than their offer or resale in a Member State to qualified investors as so defined or in circumstances in which the prior consent of the underwriters has been obtained to each such proposed offer or resale.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer to the public" in relation to shares in any Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and any shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for any shares, and the expression "Prospectus Regulation" means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom

In relation to the United Kingdom, no shares have been offered or will be offered pursuant to the offering to the public in the United Kingdom prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the shares that has been approved by the Financial Conduct Authority in accordance with the transitional provisions in Regulation 74 of the Prospectus (Amendment etc.) (EU exit) Regulations 2019, except that offers of shares may be made to public

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in the United Kingdom at any time under the following exemptions under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129, as amended, as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (the "UK Prospectus Regulation"):

- (a) to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined under the UK Prospectus Regulation;
- (b) to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined under the UK Prospectus Regulation), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the underwriters; or
 - (c) in any other circumstances falling within section 86 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended, the "FSMA")

provided that no such offer of shares shall require us or the underwriters to publish a prospectus pursuant to section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer to the public" in relation to shares in the United Kingdom means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and any shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for any shares.

In the United Kingdom, this document is being distributed only to, and is directed only at, and any offer subsequently made may only be directed at persons who are "qualified investors" (as defined in the UK Prospectus Regulation) (i) who have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended (the "Order") and/or (ii) who are high net worth companies (or persons to whom it may otherwise be lawfully communicated) falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons") or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an offer to the public of the shares in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the FSMA.

Any person in the United Kingdom that is not a relevant person should not act or rely on the information included in this document or use it as basis for taking any action. In the United Kingdom, any investment or investment activity that this document relates to may be made or taken exclusively by relevant persons.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Canada

The shares may be sold only to purchasers purchasing, or deemed to be purchasing, as principal that are accredited investors, as defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions or subsection 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario), and are permitted clients, as defined in National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations. Any resale of the shares must be made in accordance with an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the prospectus requirements of applicable securities laws.

Securities legislation in certain provinces or territories of Canada may provide a purchaser with remedies for rescission or damages if this prospectus (including any amendment thereto) contains a misrepresentation, provided that the remedies for rescission or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory for particulars of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

Pursuant to section 3A.3 of National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflicts (NI 33-105), the underwriters are not required to comply with the disclosure requirements of NI 33-105 regarding underwriter conflicts of interest in connection with this offering.

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Notice to Prospective Investors in Switzerland

The shares may not be publicly offered in Switzerland and will not be listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange ("SIX") or on any other stock exchange or regulated trading facility in Switzerland. This document does not constitute a prospectus within the meaning of, and has been prepared without regard to the disclosure standards for issuance prospectuses under art. 652a or art. 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations or the disclosure standards for listing prospectuses under art. 27 ff. of the SIX Listing Rules or the listing rules of any other stock exchange or regulated trading facility in Switzerland. Neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the shares or the offering may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland.

Neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the offering, the Company or the shares has been or will be filed with or approved by any Swiss regulatory authority. In particular, this document will not be filed with, and the offer of shares will not be supervised by, the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA, and the offer of shares has not been and will not be authorized under the Swiss Federal Act on Collective Investment Schemes ("CISA"). The investor protection afforded to acquirers of interests in collective investment schemes under the CISA does not extend to acquirers of shares.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the Dubai International Financial Centre ("DIFC")

This document relates to an Exempt Offer in accordance with the Markets Rules 2012 of the Dubai Financial Services Authority ("DFSA"). This document is intended for distribution only to persons of a type specified in the Markets Rules 2012 of the DFSA. It must not be delivered to, or relied on by, any other person. The DFSA has no responsibility for reviewing or verifying any documents in connection with Exempt Offers. The DFSA has not approved this prospectus supplement nor taken steps to verify the information set forth herein and has no responsibility for this document. The securities to which this document relates may be illiquid and/or subject to restrictions on their resale. Prospective purchasers of the securities offered should conduct their own due diligence on the securities. If you do not understand the contents of this document you should consult an authorized financial advisor.

In relation to its use in the DIFC, this document is strictly private and confidential and is being distributed to a limited number of investors and must not be provided to any person other than the original recipient, and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose. The interests in the securities may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly to the public in the DIFC.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Arab Emirates

The shares have not been, and are not being, publicly offered, sold, promoted or advertised in the United Arab Emirates (including the Dubai International Financial Centre) other than in compliance with the laws of the United Arab Emirates (and the Dubai International Financial Centre) governing the issue, offering and sale of securities. Further, this prospectus does not constitute a public offer of securities in the United Arab Emirates (including the Dubai International Financial Centre) and is not intended to be a public offer. This prospectus has not been approved by or filed with the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates, the Securities and Commodities Authority or the Dubai Financial Services Authority.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Australia

This prospectus:

- does not constitute a disclosure document or a prospectus under Chapter 6D.2 of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (the "Corporations Act");
- has not been, and will not be, lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC"), as a disclosure document for the
 purposes of the Corporations Act and does not purport to include the information required of a disclosure document for the purposes of the
 Corporations Act; and
- may only be provided in Australia to select investors who are able to demonstrate that they fall within one or more of the categories of
 investors, available under section 708 of the Corporations Act ("Exempt Investors").

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The shares may not be directly or indirectly offered for subscription or purchased or sold, and no invitations to subscribe for or buy the shares may be issued, and no draft or definitive offering memorandum, advertisement or other offering material relating to any shares may be distributed in Australia, except where disclosure to investors is not required under Chapter 6D of the Corporations Act or is otherwise in compliance with all applicable Australian laws and regulations. By submitting an application for the shares, you represent and warrant to us that you are an Exempt Investor.

As any offer of shares under this document will be made without disclosure in Australia under Chapter 6D.2 of the Corporations Act, the offer of those securities for resale in Australia within 12 months may, under section 707 of the Corporations Act, require disclosure to investors under Chapter 6D.2 if none of the exemptions in section 708 applies to that resale. By applying for the shares you undertake to us that you will not, for a period of 12 months from the date of issue and sale of the shares, offer, transfer, assign or otherwise alienate those shares to investors in Australia except in circumstances where disclosure to investors is not required under Chapter 6D.2 of the Corporations Act or where a compliant disclosure document is prepared and lodged with ASIC.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Japan

The shares have not been and will not be registered pursuant to Article 4, Paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. Accordingly, none of the shares nor any interest therein may be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any "resident" of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to or for the benefit of a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan in effect at the relevant time.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Hong Kong

The shares have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold in Hong Kong, by means of any document, other than (a) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO") of Hong Kong and any rules made thereunder; or (b) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong) (the "CO") or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the CO. No advertisement, invitation or document relating to the shares has been or may be issued or has been or may be in the possession of any person for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to shares which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made thereunder.

The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Singapore

Each underwriter has acknowledged that this prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, each underwriter has represented and agreed that it has not offered or sold any shares or caused the shares to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase and will not offer or sell any shares or cause the shares to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, and has not circulated or distributed, nor will it circulate or distribute, this prospectus or

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any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares, whether directly or indirectly, to any person in Singapore other than:

- (a) to an institutional investor (as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289) of Singapore, as modified or amended from time to time (the "SFA")) pursuant to Section 274 of the SFA;
- (b) to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to Section 275(1) of the SFA, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA; or
 - (c) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (d) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (e) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities or securities-based derivatives contracts (each term as defined in Section 2(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the shares pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:

- (i) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 276(4)(i) (B) of the SFA;
 - (ii) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
 - (iii) where the transfer is by operation of law;
 - (iv) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA; or
- (v) as specified in Regulation 37A of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Securities and Securities-based Derivatives Contracts) Regulations 2018.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Bermuda

Shares may be offered or sold in Bermuda only in compliance with the provisions of the Investment Business Act of 2003 of Bermuda which regulates the sale of securities in Bermuda. Additionally, non-Bermudian persons (including companies) may not carry on or engage in any trade or business in Bermuda unless such persons are permitted to do so under applicable Bermuda legislation.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Saudi Arabia

This document may not be distributed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia except to such persons as are permitted under the Offers of Securities Regulations as issued by the board of the Saudi Arabian Capital Market Authority ("CMA") pursuant to resolution number 2-11-2004 dated 4 October 2004 as amended by resolution number 1-28-2008, as amended. The CMA does not make any representation as to the accuracy or completeness of this document and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss arising from, or incurred in reliance upon, any part of this document. Prospective purchasers of the securities offered hereby should conduct their own due diligence on the accuracy of the information relating to the securities. If you do not understand the contents of this document, you should consult an authorized financial adviser.

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Notice to Prospective Investors in the British Virgin Islands

The shares are not being, and may not be offered to the public or to any person in the British Virgin Islands for purchase or subscription by or on behalf of the Company. The shares may be offered to companies incorporated under the BVI Business Companies Act, 2004 (British Virgin Islands) ("BVI Companies"), but only where the offer will be made to, and received by, the relevant BVI Company entirely outside of the British Virgin Islands.

Notice to Prospective Investors in China

This prospectus will not be circulated or distributed in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and the shares will not be offered or sold, and will not be offered or sold to any person for re-offering or resale directly or indirectly to any residents of the PRC except pursuant to any applicable laws and regulations of the PRC. Neither this prospectus nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in the PRC, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Korea

The shares have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Investments Services and Capital Markets Act of Korea and the decrees and regulations thereunder (the "FSCMA"), and the shares have been and will be offered in Korea as a private placement under the FSCMA. None of the shares may be offered, sold or delivered directly or indirectly, or offered or sold to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Korea or to any resident of Korea except pursuant to the applicable laws and regulations of Korea, including the FSCMA and the Foreign Exchange Transaction Law of Korea and the decrees and regulations thereunder (the "FETL"). The shares have not been listed on any of securities exchanges in the world including, without limitation, the Korea Exchange in Korea. Furthermore, the purchaser of the shares shall comply with all applicable regulatory requirements (including but not limited to requirements under the FETL) in connection with the purchase of the shares. By the purchase of the shares, the relevant holder thereof will be deemed to represent and warrant that if it is in Korea or is a resident of Korea, it purchased the shares pursuant to the applicable laws and regulations of Korea.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Malaysia

No prospectus or other offering material or document in connection with the offer and sale of the shares has been or will be registered with the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("Commission") for the Commission's approval pursuant to the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Malaysia other than (i) a closed end fund approved by the Commission; (ii) a holder of a Capital Markets Services Licence; (iii) a person who acquires the shares, as principal, if the offer is on terms that the shares may only be acquired at a consideration of not less than RM250,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies) for each transaction; (iv) an individual whose total net personal assets or total net joint assets with his or her spouse exceeds RM3 million (or its equivalent in foreign currencies), excluding the value of the primary residence of the individual; (v) an individual who has a gross annual income exceeding RM300,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies) per annum in the preceding twelve months; (vii) an individual who, jointly with his or her spouse, has a gross annual income of RM400,000 (or its equivalent in foreign currencies) based on the last audited accounts; (viii) a partnership with total net assets exceeding RM10 million (or its equivalent in foreign currencies); (ix) a bank licensee or insurance licensee as defined in the Labuan Financial Services and Securities Act 2010; (x) an Islamic bank licensee or takaful licensee as defined in the Labuan Financial Services and Securities Act 2010; and (xi) any other person as may be specified by the Commission; provided that, in the each of the preceding

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categories (i) to (xi), the distribution of the shares is made by a holder of a Capital Markets Services Licence who carries on the business of dealing in securities. The distribution in Malaysia of this prospectus is subject to Malaysian laws. This prospectus does not constitute and may not be used for the purpose of public offering or an issue, offer for subscription or purchase, invitation to subscribe for or purchase any securities requiring the registration of a prospectus with the Commission under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Taiwan

The shares have not been and will not be registered with the Financial Supervisory Commission of Taiwan pursuant to relevant securities laws and regulations and may not be sold, issued or offered within Taiwan through a public offering or in circumstances which constitutes an offer within the meaning of the Securities and Exchange Act of Taiwan that requires a registration or approval of the Financial Supervisory Commission of Taiwan. No person or entity in Taiwan has been authorized to offer, sell, give advice regarding or otherwise intermediate the offering and sale of the shares in Taiwan.

Notice to Prospective Investors in South Africa

Due to restrictions under the securities laws of South Africa, no "offer to the public" (as such term is defined in the South African Companies Act, No. 71 of 2008 (as amended or re-enacted) (the "South African Companies Act")) is being made in connection with the issue of the shares in South Africa. Accordingly, this document does not, nor is it intended to, constitute a "registered prospectus" (as that term is defined in the South African Companies Act) prepared and registered under the South African Companies Act and has not been approved by, and/or filed with, the South African Companies and Intellectual Property Commission or any other regulatory authority in South Africa. The shares are not offered, and the offer shall not be transferred, sold, renounced or delivered, in South Africa or to a person with an address in South Africa, unless one or other of the following exemptions stipulated in section 96 (1) applies:

Section 96 (1) (a)

the offer, transfer, sale, renunciation or delivery is to:

- (i) persons whose ordinary business, or part of whose ordinary business, is to deal in securities, as principal or agent;
- (ii) the South African Public Investment Corporation;
- (iii) persons or entities regulated by the Reserve Bank of South Africa;
- (iv) authorised financial service providers under South African law;
- (v) financial institutions recognised as such under South African law;
- (vi) a wholly-owned subsidiary of any person or entity contemplated in (c), (d) or (e), acting as agent in the capacity of an authorised portfolio manager for a pension fund, or as manager for a collective investment scheme (in each case duly registered as such under South African law); or
- (vii) any combination of the person in (i) to (vi); or

Section 96 (1) (b)

the total contemplated acquisition cost of the securities, for any single addressee acting as principal is equal to or greater than ZAR1,000,000 or such higher amount as may be promulgated by notice in the Government Gazette of South Africa pursuant to section 96(2)(a) of the South African Companies Act.

Information made available in this prospectus should not be considered as "advice" as defined in the South African Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002.

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Other Relationships

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to the issuer and to persons and entities with relationships with the issuer, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates, officers, directors and employees may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of the issuer (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the issuer. In addition, affiliates of certain of the underwriters are lenders under the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility and may receive a portion of the net proceeds of this offering as a result of the application of such proceeds as described in "Use of Proceeds." If the underwriters or their affiliates have a lending relationship with us, certain of those underwriters or their affiliates may hedge their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, the underwriters and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities, including potentially the shares of our common stock offered hereby. Any such credit default swaps or short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the shares of our common stock offered hereby. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

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VALIDITY OF COMMON STOCK

The validity of the shares of our common stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Debevoise & Plimpton LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters related to this offering will be passed upon for the underwriters by Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP, New York, New York.

EXPERTS

Ernst & Young LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, has audited our consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, as set forth in their report. We've included our financial statements in the prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement in reliance on Ernst & Young LLP's report, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 with respect to the shares of our common stock being sold in this offering. This prospectus, which constitutes part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits thereto because some parts have been omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. You will find additional information about us and the common stock being sold in this offering in the registration statement and the exhibits thereto. For further information with respect to agilon health and the common stock being sold in this offering, reference is made to the registration statement and the exhibits filed therewith. Statements contained in this prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document referred to are not necessarily complete and in each instance, if such contract or document is filed as an exhibit, reference is made to the copy of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, each statement being qualified in all respects by such reference. The SEC maintains an internet site (http://www.sec.gov), from which interested persons can electronically access the registration statement, including the exhibits and any schedules thereto.

Upon the completion of this offering, we will become subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act and, accordingly, will file with the SEC annual reports containing financial statements audited by an independent registered public accounting firm, quarterly reports containing unaudited financial statements, current reports, proxy statements and other information. You will be able to access these reports, proxy statements and other information without charge at the SEC's website, which is listed above. You will also be able to access, free of charge, our reports filed with the SEC (for example, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and our Current Reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to those forms) through our website (http://www.agilonhealth.com). Reports filed with or furnished to the SEC will be available as soon as reasonably practicable after they are filed with or furnished to the SEC. None of the information contained on, or that may be accessed through our website or any other website identified herein is part of, or incorporated into, this prospectus, and you should not rely on any such information in connection with your decision to invest in our common stock. All website addresses in this prospectus are intended to be inactive textual references only.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of agilon health, inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of agilon health, inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of operations, contingently redeemable common stock and stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes and the financial statement schedules in Item 16 (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2017.

Los Angeles, California March 18, 2021, except for the second paragraph of Note 1, as to which the date is April 1, 2021

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agilon health, inc.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Decem	ber 31,
ACCETO	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets:	0.107.705	e 122 (22
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 106,795	\$ 123,633
Restricted cash and equivalents	28,383	15,519
Receivables, net	144,555	93,254
Prepaid expenses and other current assets, net Current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, net	9,639 4,825	4,312 8,810
1 /		
Total current assets	294,197	245,528
Property and equipment, net	6,456	7,152
Intangible assets, net	60,468	71,146
Goodwill	41,540	41,540
Other assets, net	43,700	33,284
Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, net	<u> </u>	4,144
Total assets	\$ 446,361	\$ 402,794
LIABILITIES, CONTINGENTLY REDEEMABLE COMMON STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Current liabilities:		
Medical claims and related payables	\$ 162,868	\$ 120,705
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	97,244	67,555
Current portion of long-term debt	3,041	3,041
Current liabilities held for sale and discontinued operations	3,682	8,309
Total current liabilities	266,835	199,610
Long-term debt, net of current portion	64,665	67,143
Other liabilities	90,091	86,949
Non-current liabilities held for sale and discontinued operations	_	120
Total liabilities	421,591	353,822
Commitments and contingencies		
Contingently redeemable common stock, 76,201 and 69,860 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	309,500	281,000
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 500,000 shares authorized; 249,374 and 246,743 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	2,494	2,467
Additional paid-in capital	263,966	256,643
Accumulated deficit	(551,190)	(491,138)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(284,730)	(232,028)
Total liabilities, contingently redeemable common stock and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 446,361	\$ 402,794
Total flatinities, contingently reaccinable common stock and stockholders equity (deficit)	\$ 740,501	ψ 1 02,794

The consolidated balance sheets include assets and liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities ("VIEs"), as the Company is the primary beneficiary of these VIEs. The consolidated balance sheets include total assets that can be used only to settle obligations of the Company's consolidated VIEs totaling \$287.9 million and \$160.0 million as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and total liabilities of the Company's consolidated VIEs for which creditors do not have recourse to the general credit of the primary beneficiary of \$174.0 million and \$116.6 million as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. See Note 17 for additional details.

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agilon health, inc.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share data)

Revenues: 2020 Medical services revenue \$ 1,214,270 Other operating revenue 4,063 Total revenues 1,218,333 Expenses: 102,306 General and administrative 102,306 General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations 5,6673 Other income (expense). 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) before income taxes (63,208) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (20,049) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	2010
Medical services revenue \$ 1,214,270 Other operating revenue 4,063 Total revenues 1,218,333 Expenses: 1021,877 Medical services expense 1023,06 General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense): 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (60,328) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments - Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052)	2019
Other operating revenue 4,063 Total revenues 1,218,333 Expenses: 1,021,877 Other medical services expense 102,366 General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense). 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (60,328) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments 20,401 Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 3,156 Net income (loss) 6,60,522 Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations -6,60,652	
Total revenues 1,218,333 Expenses: Medical services expense 1,021,877 Other medical expenses 102,306 General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense). 2,465 Interest expense 8,135 Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) before income taxes (865) Income (loss) from continuing operations (865) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments - Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) 66,052 Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations -	\$ 788,566
Expenses: 1,021,877 Other medical expenses 102,306 General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense): (8,135) Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (63,208) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,52) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	5,845
Medical services expense 1,021,877 Other medical expenses 102,306 General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense). 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (63,208) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments 20,401 Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	794,411
Other medical expenses 102,306 General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense): 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) before income taxes (63,208) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: — Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	
General and administrative 137,292 Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense): 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (865) Discontinued operations: (63,208) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	725,374
Depreciation and amortization 13,531 Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense): 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) before income taxes (63,208) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: — Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	40,526
Total expenses 1,275,006 Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense): (70,000) Other income (expense), net 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (865) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	122,832
Income (loss) from operations (56,673) Other income (expense): (2,465) Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (865) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	12,253
Other income (expense), net 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income (loss) from continuing operations (865) Discontinued operations: (63,208) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	900,985
Other income (expense), net 2,465 Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income tax benefit (expense) (865) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	(106,574)
Interest expense (8,135) Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income tax benefit (expense) (865) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	
Income (loss) before income taxes (62,343) Income tax benefit (expense) (865) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (20,049) Impairments — Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	955
Income tax benefit (expense) (865) Income (loss) from continuing operations (63,208) Discontinued operations: (20,049) Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes (20,049) Impairments 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	(9,068)
Income (loss) from continuing operations(63,208)Discontinued operations:(20,049)Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes(20,049)Impairments—Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net20,401Income tax benefit (expense)2,804Total discontinued operations3,156Net income (loss)(60,052)Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations—	(114,687)
Discontinued operations:Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes(20,049)Impairments—Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net20,401Income tax benefit (expense)2,804Total discontinued operations3,156Net income (loss)(60,052)Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations—	232
Income (loss) before impairments, gain (loss) on sales and income taxes(20,049)Impairments—Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net20,401Income tax benefit (expense)2,804Total discontinued operations3,156Net income (loss)(60,052)Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations—	(114,455)
Impairments—Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net20,401Income tax benefit (expense)2,804Total discontinued operations3,156Net income (loss)(60,052)Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations—	
Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net 20,401 Income tax benefit (expense) 2,804 Total discontinued operations 3,156 Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	(86,108)
Income tax benefit (expense)2,804Total discontinued operations3,156Net income (loss)(60,052)Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations—	(98,343)
Total discontinued operations3,156Net income (loss)(60,052)Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations—	_
Net income (loss) (60,052) Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations —	16,166
Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations	(168,285)
<u> </u>	(282,740)
	152
Net income (loss) attributable to common shares $$(60,052)$	\$ (282,588)
Net income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted	
Continuing operations \$ (0.20)	\$ (0.39)
Discontinued operations \$ 0.01	\$ (0.57)
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted 323,462	294,738

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agilon health, inc.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CONTINGENTLY REDEEMABLE COMMON STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (in thousands)

	Rede	ngently emable on Stock			Total Stoc	kholders' Equity (Deficit)		
	Shares	Amount	Commo	n Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In	Accumulated Deficit	Noncontrolling	Sto	Total ockholders' Equity (Deficit)
January 1, 2019	26,444	\$100,000	245,421	\$ 2,454	Capital \$ 247,237	\$ (208,550)	¶ Interests 455	\$	41,596
Net income (loss)		_				(282,588)	(152)	•	(282,740)
Issuance of contingently redeemable common						(- , ,	(-)		(- , -)
stock	43,416	181,000	_	_	(806)	_	_		(806)
Settlement of stock-based liabilities		_	1,322	13	4,987	_	_		5,000
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	_	_	5,225	_	_		5,225
Distribution to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	(303)		(303)
January 1, 2020	69,860	\$281,000	246,743	\$ 2,467	\$ 256,643	\$ (491,138)	\$ —	\$	(232,028)
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	(60,052)	_		(60,052)
Issuance of contingently redeemable common									
stock	6,341	28,500	_	_	(460)	_	_		(460)
Issuance of common stock	_	_	1,235	13	5,537	_	_		5,550
Repurchase of common stock	_	_	(1,500)	(15)	(6,727)	_	_		(6,742)
Exercises and vesting of stock-based awards	_	_	2,562	26	788	_	_		814
Settlement of stock-based liabilities	_	_	334	3	1,497	_	_		1,500
Stock-based compensation expense					6,688				6,688
December 31, 2020	76,201	\$309,500	249,374	\$ 2,494	\$ 263,966	\$ (551,190)	\$	\$	(284,730)

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agilon health, inc.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	Year I ————————————————————————————————————	Ended ber 31, 2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (60,052)	\$ (282,740)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	14,099	41,413
Stock-based compensation expense	6,688	5,225
Deferred income taxes and uncertain tax positions	(2,809)	(16,177)
Release of indemnification assets	3,475	19,219
Impairments	_	98,343
(Gain) loss on sale of assets, net	(20,401)	_
Other non-cash items	(676)	(2,321)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net	(59,381)	(23,280)
Prepaid expense and other current assets	(5,085)	(565)
Other assets	(1,977)	2,425
Medical claims and related payables	42,383	19,810
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	24,922	18,451
Other liabilities	5,610	16,336
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(53,204)	(103,861)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment, net	(1,775)	(2,892)
Purchase of intangible assets, net	(575)	(1,014)
Investments in loans receivable and other	(3,847)	(1,154)
Proceeds from repayment of loans receivable	2,058	` <u> </u>
Proceeds from sale of business	26,205	_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	22,066	(5,060)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from equity issuances, net	33,590	180,193
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	814	_
Repurchase of shares, net	(6,742)	_
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(3,041)	(3,592)
Distribution to noncontrolling interests	` <u></u>	(303)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	24,621	176,298
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and equivalents	(6,517)	67,377
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and equivalents from continuing operations, beginning of year	139,152	76,414
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and equivalents from discontinued operations, beginning of year	6,460	1,821
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and equivalents, beginning of year	145,612	78,235
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and equivalents from continuing operations, end of year	135,178	139,152
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and equivalents from discontinued operations, end of year	3,917	6,460
	\$139.095	\$ 145.612
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and equivalents, end of year	\$ 139,095	\$ 145,612

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agilon health, inc.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. Business

Description of Business

agilon health, inc. (formerly Agilon Health Topco, Inc.), together with its consolidated subsidiaries and variable interest entities (the "Company"), through its purpose-built model provides the necessary capabilities, capital, and business model for existing physician groups to create a Medicare-centric, globally capitated line of business. As of December 31, 2020, the Company, through its contracted physician networks, provided care to approximately 131,000 Medicare Advantage members enrolled with private health plans in Hawaii, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas. agilon health, inc. was incorporated in the state of Delaware in April 2017.

In March 2021, the Company's board of directors and the stockholders of the Company approved a 100-for-1 forward stock split of the Company's common stock, which became effective on April 1, 2021. The authorized number of common stock was proportionally increased in accordance with the 100-for-1 stock split and the par value of each class of Capital Stock was not adjusted as a result of this forward stock split. All common stock, contingently redeemable common stock, stock options, RSUs, and per share information presented within these consolidated financial statements has been adjusted to reflect this forward stock split on a retroactive basis for all periods presented.

The following provides information regarding the Company's strategic partnerships to deliver healthcare services:

- The Company operates an independent practice association ("IPA") in Hawaii.
- During 2017, the Company entered into a strategic partnership to expand its operations beginning January 1, 2018 into Columbus, Ohio.
- During 2018, the Company entered into strategic partnerships to further expand its operations beginning January 1, 2019 into the Greater Akron/Canton area of Ohio and Austin, Texas.
- During 2019, the Company entered into strategic partnerships to expand its operations beginning January 1, 2020 into: (i) Dayton, Ohio; (ii) Southeast Ohio; and (iii) Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
- During 2020, the Company entered into a strategic partnership to further expand its operations beginning April 1, 2020 into Wilmington, North Carolina. Additionally, during 2020, the Company entered into strategic partnerships to further expand its operations beginning January 1, 2021 into: (i) Buffalo, New York; (ii) Toledo, Ohio; and (iii) Hartford, Connecticut. In December 2020, the Company entered into a strategic partnership to further expand its operations beginning January 1, 2022 into Syracuse, New York.
- During 2021, the Company entered into strategic partnerships to further expand its operations beginning January 1, 2022 into: (i) Grand Rapids, Michigan; (ii) Pinehurst, North Carolina; and (iii) Longview, Texas, along with additional partnerships in the Company's existing Ohio and Texas markets.

See Note 17 for additional discussions related to the Company's involvement with variable interest entities.

The Company is ultimately controlled by an investment fund associated with Clayton Dubilier & Rice, LLC ("CD&R"), a private equity firm headquartered in New York, New York. All funds affiliated with CD&R are considered related parties.

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NOTE 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Disposition of California Operations

During 2020, the Company implemented a plan to divest its California operations, which included the entirety of its Medicaid line of business, via three separate transactions with different parties. In August 2020, the Company disposed of its Southern California operations for a gross sales price of \$2.5 million and recognized a gain on sale of \$1.3 million. In October 2020, the Company disposed of its Fresno, California operations for a gross sales price of \$26.0 million and recognized a gain on sale of approximately \$19.1 million. In December 2020, the Company signed a definitive agreement to sell its remaining California operations for a gross sales price of \$1.0 million. The sale closed in February 2021. The Company's decision to exit California and the Medicaid line of business represents a strategic shift that will have a major effect on its operations and financial results. As such, the Company's California operations are reflected in the consolidated financial statements as discontinued operations. See Note 19 for additional information.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of agilon health, inc., its wholly-owned subsidiaries and VIEs that it controls through voting rights or other means. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company is required to continually evaluate its VIE relationships and consolidate these entities when it is determined to be the primary beneficiary of their operations. A VIE is broadly defined as an entity that has any of the following three characteristics:

- i. the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance the entity's activities without additional subordinated financial support;
- ii. substantially all of the entity's activities either involve or are conducted on behalf of an investor that has disproportionately few voting rights; or
- iii. the equity investors as a group lack any of the following:
 - the power through voting or similar rights to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic
 performance;
 - the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity; or
 - the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity.

The designation of an entity as a VIE should be reassessed upon certain events, including, but not limited to:

- i. a change to the terms or in the ability of a party to exercise its kick-out rights;
- ii. a change in the capital structure of the entity; or
- iii. acquisitions or sales of interests that constitute a change in control.

A variable interest holder is considered to be the primary beneficiary of a VIE if it has the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company continuously assesses whether it is (or is not) the primary beneficiary of a VIE. That assessment involves the consideration of various factors, including, but not limited to, the form of the Company's ownership interest, its

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representation on the VIE's governing body, the size and seniority of its investment, its ability and the rights of other variable interest holders to participate in policy making decisions, its ability to manage its ownership interest relative to the other variable interest holders, and its ability to liquidate the entity.

Use of Estimates

Management is required to make estimates and assumptions in the preparation of financial statements. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates can include, among other things, those used to determine revenues and related receivables from risk adjustment, medical services expense and related payables (including the reserve for incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims), and the valuation and related recognition of impairments of long-lived assets, including goodwill. Management's estimates for revenue recognition, medical services expense and other estimates, judgments, and assumptions, may be materially and adversely different from actual results as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, among other things. These estimates are based on knowledge of current events and anticipated future events, and accordingly, actual results may ultimately differ materially from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition and Receivables

Medical Services Revenue

Medical services revenue consists of capitation fees under contracts with various Medicare Advantage payors ("payors"). Under the typical capitation arrangement, the Company is entitled to monthly per-member, per-month ("PMPM") fees to provide a defined range of healthcare services for Medicare Advantage health plan members ("members") attributed to the Company's contracted primary care physicians. PMPM fees are determined as a percent of the premium payors receive from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services' ("CMS") for these members. The Company generally accepts full financial risk for members attributed to its contracted primary care physicians and therefore is responsible for the cost of all healthcare services required by those members. Fees are recorded gross in revenue because the Company is acting as a principal in coordinating and controlling the range of services provided (other than clinical decisions) under its capitation contracts with payors. Capitation contracts with payors are generally multi-year arrangements and have a single performance obligation that constitutes a series, as defined by Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, Revenue From Contracts With Customers ("ASC 606"), to stand ready on a monthly basis to provide all aspects of necessary medical care to members for the contracted period. The Company recognizes revenue in the month in which eligible members are entitled to receive healthcare benefits during the contract term.

The transaction price for the Company's capitation contracts is variable, as the PMPM fees to which the Company is entitled are subject to periodic adjustment under CMS's risk adjustment payment methodology. CMS deploys a risk adjustment model that determines premiums paid to all payors according to each member's health status and certain demographic factors. Under this risk adjustment methodology, CMS calculates the risk adjusted premium payment using diagnosis data from various settings. The Company and healthcare providers collect and submit the necessary and available diagnosis data to payors and such data is utilized by the Company to estimate risk adjustment payments to be received in subsequent periods. Risk adjustment-related revenues are estimated using the most likely amount methodology and amounts are only included in revenue to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue will not occur once any uncertainty is resolved. PMPM fees are also subject to adjustment for incentives or penalties based on the achievement of certain quality metrics defined in the Company's contracts with payors. The Company recognizes incentive revenue as earned using the most likely amount methodology and only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue will not occur once any uncertainty is resolved.

Neither the Company nor any of its affiliates is a registered insurance company because state law in the states in which it operates does not require such registration for risk-bearing providers.

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Receivables

Receivables primarily consist of amounts due under capitation contracts with various payors. Receivables due under capitation contracts are recorded monthly based on reports received from payors and management's estimate of risk adjustment payments to be received in subsequent periods for open performance years. Receivables are recorded and stated at the amount expected to be collected.

Medical Services Expenses and Related Payables

Medical Services Expense

Medical services expense represents costs incurred for medical services provided to members by physicians, hospitals and other ancillary providers for which the Company is financially responsible and which are paid either directly by the Company or by payors with whom the Company has contracted. Medical services expenses are recognized in the period in which services are provided and include estimates of the Company's obligations for medical services that have been rendered by third parties, but for which claims have either not yet been received, processed, or paid.

Such estimates are based on many variables, including utilization trends, membership volumes, and historical claim payment patterns which are used to develop "completion factors" used to determine the amount of incurred but unpaid services using an actuarial process that is consistently applied each reporting period and that is commonly used by health insurance actuaries. Generally, for the most recent months, the Company estimates claim costs incurred by applying observed medical cost trend factors to the average PMPM medical costs incurred in prior months for which more complete claims data are available.

Each period, the Company re-examines previously established medical claims payable estimates based on actual claim submissions and other changes in facts and circumstances. As more complete claims information becomes available, the Company adjusts its estimates and recognizes those changes in estimates in the period in which the change is identified. The difference between the estimated liability and the actual settlements of claims is recognized in the period the claims are settled. The Company's medical claims payable balance represents management's best estimate of its liability for unpaid medical costs as of December 31, 2020 and 2019. The Company uses judgment to determine the appropriate assumptions for developing the required estimates.

The Company assesses the profitability of its managed care capitation arrangement to identify contracts where current operating results or forecasts indicate probable future losses. If anticipated future variable costs exceed anticipated future revenues, a premium deficiency reserve is recognized. Premium deficiency reserves as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 were immaterial.

Other Medical Expenses

Other medical expenses include: (i) partner physician incentive expense and (ii) other provider costs. Partner physician incentive expense relates to incentive obligations to the Company's physician partners. Other provider costs include payments for additional incentives to support physician-patient engagement and other care management expenses.

Goodwill and Amortizable Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price consideration over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination. The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually in the fourth quarter, and on an interim basis when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The Company first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value. Qualitative analysis involves assessing situations and developments that could affect key drivers used to evaluate whether the value of goodwill is impaired. The

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Company's procedures include assessing its financial performance, macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, various asset-specific factors, and entity-specific events. The Company may also elect to skip the qualitative testing and proceed directly to the quantitative testing.

In the quantitative assessment, the fair value of the reporting unit is determined primarily by an income approach, utilizing discounted cash flows and a market approach looking at comparable companies and related transactions. An impairment is recognized only to the extent that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value. If the fair value exceeds the carrying amount, goodwill is not considered impaired.

Amortizable intangible assets primarily relate to health plan contracts, trade names, provider networks and noncompete enforcement agreements. Amortizable intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the useful life of these assets, generally between four and 30 years. The Company considers the period of expected cash flows and related underlying data used to measure the fair value of the intangible assets (or the length of time for a noncompete agreement) when selecting a useful life.

Amortizable intangible assets are subject to impairment tests when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset, or related asset group, may not be recoverable. The Company compares the carrying value of an amortizable intangible asset (or asset group) to the future undiscounted cash flows generated by the asset (or asset group). The expected future undiscounted cash flows are calculated using the lowest level of identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities. When the carrying value of an intangible asset (or asset group) exceeds its expected future undiscounted cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized to the extent that the carrying value of the asset (or asset group) exceeds its fair value.

The impairment tests are based on financial projections prepared by management that incorporate anticipated results from programs and initiatives being implemented. If projections are not met, or if negative trends occur that impact the outlook, the intangible assets may be impaired.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and highly liquid financial instruments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Restricted cash equivalents primarily consist of amounts used as collateral to secure letters of credit which the Company is required to maintain pursuant to contracts with payors. Such amounts are generally maintained in certificates of deposit to satisfy these obligations and are presented as restricted cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, certificates of deposit totaled \$21.6 million and \$15.5 million, respectively.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. If acquired through a business combination, property and equipment are recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition. Costs incurred that significantly extend the useful life of the related assets are capitalized, while repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, except for land, which is not depreciated.

The following represents the estimated useful lives for property and equipment:

	Years
Computer equipment and software	3 – 5
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 7
Building	39

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the assets' estimated useful life or term of the lease.

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Leases

The Company determines whether a contract contains a lease based on whether it has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an identified asset that the Company does not own and whether it has the right to direct the use of that identified asset in exchange for consideration. The Company determines whether an arrangement constitutes a lease at inception. The Company's operating leases consist primarily of long-term leases for office space. The Company's leases do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. Right of use ("ROU") assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Most leases include one or more options to renew, with renewal terms that can extend the lease. The exercise of renewal options is at the sole discretion of the Company. ROU assets are recognized as the lease liability, adjusted for initial direct costs incurred and tenant lease incentives received. Lease liabilities are recognized as the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the lease commencement date. Since none of the Company's leases provide an implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date in determining the present value of future payments. The incremental borrowing rate is a hypothetical rate based on the Company's understanding of what its credit rating would be to borrow and based on the resulting interest the Company would pay to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments in a similar economic environment over the lease term on a collateralized basis. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Lease payments may be fixed or variable, however, only fixed payments or in-substance fixed payments are included in the Company's lease liability calculation. Variable lease payments are recognized in operating expenses in the period in which the obligation for those payments is incurred. Short-term leases (those with terms of 12 months or less) are not recorded as ROU assets or liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. For short-term leases, the Company recognizes rent expense in the consolidated statements of operations on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Operating leases are included in other assets, net, accounts payable and accrued expenses, and other liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. See Note 5 for additional information.

Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs related to debt instruments (excluding line of credit arrangements) are deferred, recorded as a reduction of the related debt liability, and amortized to interest expense over the remaining term of the related debt liability utilizing the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs related to line of credit arrangements are deferred, included in other assets, and amortized to interest expense on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the related line of credit arrangement. Costs incurred in connection with the issuance of common shares are recorded as a reduction of additional paid-in capital.

Contingently Redeemable Common Stock

Pursuant to the Company's investment agreements with third-party investors, in certain limited circumstances, the Company could be required to repurchase shares. As the redemption feature is outside the control of the Company, the related capital contributions do not qualify as permanent equity and have been classified as temporary equity in the mezzanine section of the consolidated balance sheets.

Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common shares by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is calculated by including the effect of dilutive securities, including outstanding employee stock options, using the treasury stock method. The treasury stock method assumes a hypothetical issuance of shares to settle stock-based awards, with the assumed proceeds used to purchase

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common stock at the average market price for the period. Assumed proceeds include the amount the employee must pay upon exercise and the average unrecognized compensation cost. The difference between the number of shares assumed issued and number of shares assumed purchased represents the dilutive shares. Basic net loss per share is the same as diluted net loss per share for the periods presented, as the inclusion of all potential common shares outstanding would have been anti-dilutive.

Stock-based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense for common stock options is recognized based on the fair value of the award as determined on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Stock-based compensation expense is recorded in general and administrative expense, with a corresponding increase in additional paid-in capital and is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Compensation cost for options that vest based on performance conditions in addition to the employee's continued service is recognized when the related performance condition is deemed to be probable of achievement. The fair value of awards with market conditions are valued using the Monte Carlo simulation model. Forfeitures of stock-based awards are recognized as they occur. See Note 13 for additional discussion on restricted stock units, non-employee awards, and incentive compensation.

Income Taxes

Current tax liabilities and assets are recognized for the estimated taxes payable or refundable, respectively, on the tax returns for the current year. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The carrying value of the Company's net deferred tax assets is based on whether it is more likely than not that the Company will generate sufficient future taxable income to realize the deferred tax assets. A valuation allowance is established for deferred tax assets, which the Company does not believe meet the "more likely than not" threshold. The Company's judgments regarding future taxable income may change over time due to changes in market conditions, changes in tax laws, tax planning strategies, or other factors. If the Company's assumptions and, consequently, its estimates, change in the future, the valuation allowance may materially increase or decrease, resulting in a decrease or increase, respectively, in income tax benefit and the related impact on the Company's reported net income (loss).

The Company utilizes a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining whether the weight of available evidence indicates it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than likely of being realized and effectively settled. The Company considers many factors when evaluating and estimating its tax positions and tax benefits, which may require periodic adjustments, and that may not accurately forecast actual outcomes. The Company recognizes interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits as additional income taxes.

Fair Value Measurement

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash equivalents, receivables, other liabilities, accounts payable, certain accrued expenses, a term loan (see Note 10), a revolving credit facility (see Note 10), and unsecured debt (see Note 10). The carrying values of the financial instruments classified as current in the consolidated balance sheets approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities. The carrying values of the term loan, revolving credit facility, and unsecured debt are a reasonable estimate of fair value because the interest rates on such borrowings approximate market rates as of the reporting date. Such borrowings are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no material transfers of financial assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy.

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The Company measures and discloses the fair value of nonfinancial and financial assets and liabilities utilizing a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to a fair value measurement are considered to be observable or unobservable in a marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. These inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1—quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets;
- Level 2—quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets; and
- Level 3—fair value measurements derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

The Company is responsible for determining fair value, as well as for assigning the appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy, based on the significance of unobservable inputs. The Company reviews methodologies, processes and controls of third-party pricing services and performs ongoing analyses of both prices received from third-party pricing services and those developed internally to determine whether they represent appropriate estimates of fair value.

Segment Reporting

The Company is organized as a single operating and reportable segment based on the manner in which the Chief Executive Officer, who is the chief operating decision maker, evaluates performance and makes decisions about how to allocate resources.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

2020 Adoption

Stock Compensation. In June 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2018-07, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718)—Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting ("ASU 2018-07"). The update expands the scope of ASC Topic 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation ("ASC 718"), to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. ASU 2018-07 specifies that ASC 718 applies to all share-based payment transactions in which a grantor acquires goods or services to be used or consumed in a grantor's own operations by issuing share-based payment awards. The amendments in the update also clarify that ASC 718 does not apply to share-based payments used to effectively provide: (i) financing to the issuer or (ii) awards granted in conjunction with selling goods or services to customers as part of a contract accounted for under ASC 606. The update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than an entity's adoption date of ASC 606. The Company adopted ASU 2018-07 effective January 1, 2020. The adoption of ASU 2018-07 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Income Taxes. In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes ("ASU 2019-12"). The amendments in this ASU 2019-12 simplify the accounting for income taxes by eliminating certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740 related to the approach for intraperiod tax allocations. The amendments also improve consistent application of and simplify U.S. GAAP for other areas of Topic 740 by clarifying and amending existing guidance. The update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. The Company early adopted ASU 2019-12 effective January 1, 2020. As a result of the ASU 2019-12 adoption, the exception to the intraperiod tax allocation rules due to a loss

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from continuing operations and income or a gain from discontinued operation was eliminated and the Company followed the general intraperiod allocation to determine total tax expense. See Note 14 for additional information.

Not Yet Adopted

Credit Losses. In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("ASU 2016-13"). ASU 2016-13 is intended to improve financial reporting by requiring timelier recognition of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments held at amortized cost. The amendments in ASU 2016-13 eliminate the "probable" initial threshold for recognition of credit losses in current accounting guidance and, instead, reflect an entity's current estimate of all expected credit losses over the life of the financial instrument. Currently, when credit losses are measured under current accounting guidance, an entity generally only considers past events and current conditions in measuring the incurred loss. The amendments in ASU 2016-13 broaden the information that an entity must consider in developing its expected credit loss estimate for assets measured either collectively or individually. The use of forecasted information incorporates more timely information in the estimate of expected credit loss. In November 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-10, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326), Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), and Leases (Topic 842): Effective Dates ("ASU 2019-10"). ASU 2019-10 amended the effective der for ASU 2016-13. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within, beginning after December 15, 2022. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal years, and interim periods within, beginning after December 15, 2018. A reporting entity is required to apply the amendments in ASU 2016-13 using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. Upon adoption of ASU 2016-13, the Company is required to reassess its financing receivables, including loans receivable, and expects that application of ASU 2016-13 may result in the Company recognizing credit losses at an earlier date than would otherwise be recognized under current accounting guidance. The Company is evaluati

NOTE 3. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is economically dependent on maintaining a base of primary care and specialty care physicians as well as capitation contracts with payors. The loss of certain of those contracts could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

The Company contracts with various payors whereby the Company is entitled to monthly PMPM fees to provide a defined range of healthcare services for members attributed to its contracted primary care physicians. The Company generally accepts full financial risk for such members and therefore is responsible for the cost of all healthcare services required by them. Substantially all of the Company's receivable balances are from a small number of payors.

Revenue from Medicare Advantage payors constitutes substantially all of the Company's total revenue, accounting for nearly 100% and 99% of the Company's total revenues for years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The following table provides the Company's revenue concentrations with respect to major payors as a percentage of the Company's total revenues:

	Year Ended Dec	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Payor A	38%	44%	
Payor B	20%	19%	
Payor C	11%	14%	
Payor D	*	11%	

Less than 10% of total revenue.

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The following table provides the Company's concentrations of credit risk with respect to major payors as a percentage of receivables, net:

	Decembe	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Payor A	38%	31%	
Payor B	27%	20%	
Payor C	*	11%	
Payor D	*	19%	

^{*} Less than 10% of total receivables.

NOTE 4. Property and Equipment, Net

The following table summarizes the Company's property and equipment (in thousands):

	Decemb	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Computer equipment and software	\$ 8,135	\$ 6,553	
Furniture and fixtures	2,856	2,745	
Building and leasehold improvements	2,740	2,704	
	13,731	12,002	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(7,275)	(4,850)	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 6,456	\$ 7,152	

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company recognized \$2.2 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, in depreciation expense, which is included in depreciation and amortization expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

NOTE 5. Leases

The Company has operating leases for corporate offices and certain equipment. The following tables provide information regarding the Company's operating leases for which it is the lessee (in thousands):

	Decen	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
ROU asset:			
Other assets, net	\$9,585	\$11,684	
Lease liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$3,377	\$ 3,366	
Other liabilities	5,508	7,737	
Total operating lease liabilities	\$8,885	\$11,103	

	Year Ended D	Year Ended December 31,		
	2020	2019		
Operating lease costs	\$ 4,152	\$ 3,349		
Short-term lease costs	29	8		
Variable lease costs	949	436		
Total lease costs	\$ 5,130	\$ 3,793		

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	 Year Ende	d Decembe	r 31,
Supplemental Cash Flow Information	2020		2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liability:			
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 4,495	\$	4,434
ROU asset obtained in exchange for new lease liability:			
Operating leases	\$ 363	\$	1,111

	Decemb	ær 31,
Weighted Average Lease Term and Discount Rate	2020	2019
Weighted average remaining lease term (years):		
Operating leases	5	6
Weighted average discount rate:		
Operating leases	9.78%	9.79%

The following table summarizes future minimum lease obligations under non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2020 (in thousands):

<u>Year</u>	Amount
<u>Year</u> 2021	\$ 3,554
2022	2,515
2023	2,044
2024	665
2025	536
Thereafter	1,954
Undiscounted minimum lease payments payable	11,268
Less: imputed interest	(2,383)
Present value of lease liability	\$ 8,885

NOTE 6. Goodwill and Amortizable Intangible Assets

Goodwill

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, goodwill of \$39.0 million was allocated to the Company's Hawaii reporting unit, which has a negative carrying amount of net assets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019. The Company completed the required annual goodwill impairment test during the fourth quarters of 2020 and 2019, and no impairment was recognized.

Contingent Consideration

Total liabilities for contingent consideration to fulfill expected remaining obligations related to prior acquisitions were \$2.5 million as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and are reflected in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets.

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Amortizable Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes the Company's amortizable intangible assets as of December 31, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

	Useful Life (Years)	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Health plan contracts	15	\$ 39,700	\$ (11,689)	\$28,011
Trade names	15-30	20,300	(2,989)	17,311
Provider networks	10-15	8,400	(2,473)	5,927
Noncompete enforcement agreements	4-5	30,787	(22,705)	8,082
Other	4-15	2,700	(1,563)	1,137
		\$101,887	\$ (41,419)	\$60,468

The following table summarizes the Company's amortizable intangible assets as of December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	Useful Life (Years)	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Health plan contracts	15	\$ 39,700	\$ (9,043)	\$30,657
Trade names	15-30	45,200	(27,212)	17,988
Provider networks	10-15	8,400	(1,913)	6,487
Noncompete enforcement agreements	4-5	30,377	(15,944)	14,433
Other	4-15	2,700	(1,119)	1,581
		\$126,377	\$ (55,231)	\$71,146

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company recognized \$11.4 million and \$10.7 million, respectively, in amortization expense which is included in depreciation and amortization expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

The following table summarizes the estimated annual amortization for each of the five succeeding fiscal years and thereafter as of December 31, 2020 (in thousands):

Year	Amount
<u>Year</u> 2021	\$ 10,332
2022	5,970
2023	4,012
2024	3,957
2025	3,957
Thereafter	32,240
	\$ 60,468

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NOTE 7. Other Assets

The following table summarizes the Company's other assets (in thousands):

	Dece	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Indemnification assets	\$ 10,009	\$ 13,484	
Health plan deposits	11,523		
Right of use asset	9,585	11,684	
Other	12,583	8,116	
	\$ 43,700	\$ 33,284	

Indemnification assets have been established to offset certain pre-closing liabilities for which the prior owners of some of the Company's California subsidiaries are obligated to indemnify the Company. The Company deems the amounts receivable under the indemnification agreements to be fully collectible should indemnification claims arise and, as such, a valuation allowance is not deemed necessary.

NOTE 8. Medical Claims and Related Payables

Medical claims and related payables include estimates for amounts owed for claims incurred for services provided to members by various providers. Changes in amounts reported for medical claims related to prior years result from claims being paid at amounts different than originally estimated. Liabilities are continually reviewed and re-estimated as information regarding actual claim payments becomes known. This information is compared to the originally established liability at year end. The following table presents the components of changes in medical claims and related payables (in thousands):

	Decemb	er 31,
	2020	2019
Medical claims and related payables, beginning of the year	\$ 121,779	\$ 101,967
Components of incurred costs related to:		
Current year	1,026,940	728,610
Prior years	(5,063)	(3,236)
Discontinued operations—current year	85,732	125,795
Discontinued operations—prior years	(1,543)	(1,945)
	1,106,066	849,224
Claims paid related to:		
Current year	(870,979)	(627,422)
Prior years	(94,868)	(76,049)
Discontinued operations—current year	(80,754)	(108,531)
Discontinued operations—prior years	(17,083)	(17,410)
	(1,063,684)	(829,412)
Medical claims and related payables, end of the year	\$ 164,161	\$ 121,779

Beginning and ending balances of medical claims and related payables disclosed above for December 31, 2020, include \$1.1 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, that are presented as current liabilities held for sale and discontinued operations. Beginning and ending balances of medical claims and related payables disclosed above for December 31, 2019, include \$1.8 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, of claims liabilities that are presented as current liabilities held for sale and discontinued operations. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, medical claims and related payables also include \$4.1 million and \$18.0 million, respectively, of claims liabilities associated with certain divested California businesses for which the Company has retained the liability for claims incurred prior to the date of divestiture.

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NOTE 9. Other Liabilities

The following table summarizes the Company's other liabilities (in thousands):

	Decei	nber 31,
	2020	2019
Other long-term contingencies	\$ 71,693	\$ 64,489
Reserve for uncertain tax positions	10,009	12,818
Lease liabilities, long-term	5,508	7,737
Other	2,881	1,905
	\$ 90,091	\$ 86,949

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had contingent liabilities of \$71.7 million and \$64.5 million, respectively, related to unasserted claims. While the Company intends to vigorously defend its position in the event of any assertion of such claims, it has established a liability for the potential exposure, including interest and penalties. Additionally, the Company estimated the range of reasonably possible losses in excess of reserves accrued on the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2020 to be \$0 to \$14.4 million.

See Note 14 for additional discussions related to reserve for uncertain tax positions.

NOTE 10. Debt

Credit Facility

As of December 31, 2020, the Company's credit facility (the "Credit Facility") includes a term loan of up to \$60.0 million (the "Term Loan") and a revolver of up to \$60.0 million, subject to a \$10.0 million limitation on cash holdings and the capacity to issue standby letters of credit in certain circumstances up to a maximum of \$40.0 million (the "Revolver"). The Revolver is scheduled to mature on July 1, 2021, and the term loan is scheduled to mature on July 1, 2022. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had \$48.6 million outstanding under the Term Loan and availability under the revolver was \$41.5 million as the Company had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$18.5 million. The standby letters of credit are automatically extended without amendment for one-year periods, unless the Company notifies the institution in advance of the expiration date that the letter will be terminated. No amounts have been drawn on the outstanding letters of credit as of December 31, 2020 or 2019.

At the Company's option, borrowings under the Credit Facility accrue interest at either: (i) the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin ranging from 5.50% to 6.00% or (ii) a base rate, as defined in the credit agreement, plus a margin ranging from 4.50% to 5.00%. Additionally, the Company pays a commitment fee on the unfunded revolver amount that ranges from 0.25% to 0.50%, depending on the leverage ratio. The Company must also pay customary letter of credit fees. As of December 31, 2020, the weighted average effective interest rate on the Term Loan was 8.28%.

The borrower on the Credit Facility is agilon health management, inc. (formerly agilon health, inc.), a wholly-owned subsidiary. The Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries, a pledge of the Company's equity interest in agilon health management, inc., and a pledge of all the assets of agilon health management, inc. (all subject to customary exceptions). Under the terms of the Credit Facility, agilon health management, inc.'s ability to pay dividends or lend to the Company is restricted.

The Term Loan may be subject to mandatory prepayments of the original principal amount. If the consolidated financial results of the Company indicate that it has excess cash flow (as defined in the Credit Facility), the Credit Facility requires that 50% of that excess cash flow be used as a prepayment of the term loan. The lenders have the right to waive the excess cash flow prepayment at their sole option. Outstanding Revolver balances are not subject to mandatory prepayment other than in circumstances arising from other provisions in

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the credit agreement. The Credit Facility is subject to mandatory prepayments if the outstanding loans and letters of credit exceed either the aggregate commitments or the current borrowing base.

The Credit Facility contains customary covenants including, among other things, limitations on restricted payments including: (i) dividends and distributions from restricted subsidiaries, (ii) requirements of minimum financial ratios, and (iii) limitation on additional borrowings based on certain financial ratios. Failure to meet any of these covenants could result in an event of default under the agreement. If an event of default occurs, the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under the agreement to be immediately due and payable. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Facility.

Unsecured Debt

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had a \$20.0 million unsecured credit agreement with a lender affiliated with CD&R (the "unsecured debt"). The unsecured debt's interest rate is fixed at 11.50% and matures in December 2023. The loan is guaranteed by a subsidiary of the Company and certain affiliates.

Debt Maturities

The following table summarizes the Company's stated debt maturities and scheduled principal repayments as of December 31, 2020 (in thousands):

<u>Year</u>	Term Loan	Unsecured Debt	Total
<u>Year</u> 2021	\$ 3,041	<u> </u>	\$ 3,041
2022	45,608	_	45,608
2023		20,000	20,000
	48,649	20,000	68,649
(Discounts), premiums and (debt costs), net	(745)	(198)	(943)
	\$47,904	\$ 19,802	\$67,706

Subsequent Events

On February 18, 2021, the Company executed a credit facility agreement (as amended by the First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2021, the "2021 Credit Facilities"). The 2021 Credit Facilities include: (i) a \$100.0 million secured term loan (the "2021 Secured Term Loan Facility") and (ii) a \$100.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "2021 Secured Revolving Facility") with a capacity to issue standby letters of credit in certain circumstances up to a maximum of \$80.0 million. Subject to specified conditions and receipt of commitments, the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility may be expanded (or a new term loan facility, revolving credit facility or letter of credit facility added) by up to (i) \$50.0 million plus (ii) an additional amount determined in accordance with a formula tied to repayment of certain of the Company's indebtedness. The proceeds from the 2021 Secured Term Loan Facility were used to refinance the outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Facility and unsecured debt, with the remaining \$30.1 million used for working capital and other general corporate purposes. The maturity date of the 2021 Credit Facilities is February 18, 2024 or, following the consummation of an initial public offering (subject to certain proceeds amounts), February 18, 2026.

At the Company's option, borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facility, as defined in the credit agreement, can be either: (i) LIBO Rate Loans or (ii) Base Rate Loans. LIBO Rate Loans bear interest at a rate equal to the sum of 4.00% (stepping down to 3.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the higher of (a) LIBO, as defined in the credit agreement, and (b) 0%. Base Rate Loans bear interest at a rate equal to the sum of 3.00% (stepping down to 2.50% on and following October 1, 2023) and the highest of: (a) 0.50% in excess of the overnight federal funds rate, (b) the prime rate established by the administrative agent from time to time, (c) the one-month LIBO rate (adjusted for maximum reserves) plus 1.00% and (d) 0%. Additionally, the Company pays a

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commitment fee on the unfunded 2021 Secured Revolving Facility amount of 0.50% (stepping down to 0.375% on and following October 1, 2023). The Company must also pay customary letter of credit fees.

The 2021 Credit Facilities are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries, including those identified as VIEs, and contain customary covenants including, among other things, limitations on restricted payments including: (i) dividends and distributions from restricted subsidiaries, (ii) requirements of minimum financial ratios, and (iii) limitation on additional borrowings based on certain financial ratios.

NOTE 11. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is a party to, or has a significant relationship to, legal proceedings, lawsuits, and other claims. Except as described below, the Company is not aware of any legal proceedings or claims that it believes may have, individually or taken together, a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company's policy is to expense legal costs as they are incurred.

Regulatory Matters

The healthcare industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government healthcare programs, together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.

The healthcare regulatory landscape is constantly changing. It is difficult to predict which final rules may be adopted and implemented by federal and state authorities, and if such final rules would result in any material adverse effect on the Company's business, consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Management is unable to determine how any future government spending cuts will affect Medicare reimbursement. There likely will continue to be legislative and regulatory proposals at the federal and state levels directed at containing or lowering the cost of healthcare that, if adopted, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes the Company's contractual obligations, excluding operating leases (see Note 5) and debt service obligations (see Note 10), as of December 31, 2020 (in thousands):

					More than
	Total	2021	2022-2023	2023-2025	Five Years
Capital commitments(1)	\$18 662	\$16.412	\$ 2.250	<u>s</u> —	<u>\$</u>

⁽¹⁾ Represents capital commitments to physician partners to support physician partner expansion and related purposes.

NOTE 12. Common Stock

Common Stock

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's authorized capital stock consisted of 500.0 million shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share. As of December 31, 2020, there were 325.6 million shares of the Company's common stock issued and outstanding, not including: (i) 41.3 million shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding stock options and (ii) 109,700 shares of common stock subject to outstanding RSUs. Every holder of record of common shares entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders is entitled to one vote for each share outstanding.

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2020. During 2020, the Company issued and sold approximately 1.2 million shares of common stock to certain officers and directors at a purchase price of \$4.49 per share and received aggregate proceeds of \$5.6 million.

In August 2020, the Company issued approximately 333,800 shares of common stock to settle provider incentive liabilities of \$1.5 million.

Also in 2020, the Company repurchased 1.5 million shares of common stock for \$6.7 million and issued approximately 2,340,000 shares of common stock in connection with exercises and vesting of stock-based awards.

2019. In April 2019, the Company issued 1.3 million shares of common stock to settle provider incentive liabilities of \$5.0 million.

Contingently Redeemable Common Stock

2020. During 2020, the Company closed private placements to third-party investors in which it issued and sold 6.3 million shares of contingently redeemable common stock at a purchase price of \$4.49 per share and received aggregate proceeds of \$28.5 million.

2019. In the first quarter of 2019, the Company closed a private placement to third-party investors in which it issued and sold 19.8 million shares of contingently redeemable common stock to funds advised by Capital Research and Management Company at a purchase price of \$3.78 per share and received aggregate proceeds of \$75.0 million.

In the fourth quarter of 2019, the Company closed private placements to third-party investors in which it issued and sold 23.6 million shares of contingently redeemable common stock at a purchase price of \$4.49 per share and received aggregate proceeds of \$106.0 million.

The private placements of contingently redeemable common stock have a redemption feature that may require the Company, in certain limited circumstances, to repurchase stock. Because the redemption feature is outside the control of the Company, the related capital contribution does not qualify as permanent equity and has been classified as temporary equity in the mezzanine section of the consolidated balance sheets. The redemption feature will terminate upon the completion of an initial public offering of the Company's common stock. The common stock classified as temporary equity was recorded at an initial carrying value equal to the gross proceeds received, which represented their fair value at the date of issuance. As the events requiring redemption are not probable of occurring, it is not probable that the common stock will become redeemable and therefore no subsequent remeasurement has been required.

NOTE 13. Stock Incentive Plan

The Company offers certain employees the ability to purchase common shares of the Company and/or receive common stock options under its Amended and Restated Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan") that was approved by the stockholders. The Company is authorized to grant 46,250,000 shares related to employee stock options, of which 1,970,000 shares remain available for grant as of December 31, 2020. Shares granted are not transferrable, except upon the employee's death, repurchase by the Company, or with the Company's consent. The Company recognizes compensation expense related to the Plan in its consolidated statements of operations, with a corresponding increase to additional paid-in capital for any employees who are granted stock options in exchange for services to the Company.

The stock options granted under the Plan consist of: (i) stock options that vest in four equal annual installments, subject to the employee's continued service until the applicable vesting date (the "Base Options"), and (ii) stock options that vest if, upon a sale of its interest in the Company, CD&R realizes a certain return on its investment, subject to the employee's continuous employment through such date (the "Upside Options"). Both the Base Options and Upside Options expire 10 years after the date of grant.

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Compensation cost for the Base Options is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite vesting period of four years. The fair value of each Base Option was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Expected volatilities are based on the historical equity volatility of comparable publicly traded companies. The expected term of Base Options is calculated via the simplified method and reflects the midpoint between the vesting date and the end of the contractual term. The risk-free rates utilized for periods throughout the contractual life of the Base Options are based on U.S. Treasury security yields at the time of grant.

Compensation cost for the Upside Options has not been recorded, as it is not considered probable that the performance target will be achieved. Compensation cost for the Upside Options will be recognized when the performance condition is considered probable, which will not be until the sale event and achievement of the performance target, as defined in the option agreement, occur. The fair value of the Upside Options was estimated on the date of grant using the Monte Carlo simulation model.

Because there is no public market for the Company's common stock, the Company determined the fair value of those shares at the grant dates by considering several objective and subjective factors, including the price paid by investors for common stock, actual and forecasted operating and financial performance, market conditions and performance of comparable publicly traded companies, developments and milestones in the Company, the likelihood of achieving a liquidity event, and transactions involving its common stock. The fair value of the Company's common stock has been determined in accordance with applicable elements of the practice aid issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, *Valuation of Privately Held Company Equity Securities Issued as Compensation*.

The assumptions used for the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of the Base Options granted are as follows:

	Decemb	per 31,
	2020	2019
Risk-free interest rate	0.43% - 1.68%	2.39% - 2.53%
Expected dividends	\$—	\$—
Expected volatility	59.39% - 63.47%	55.38% - 55.47%
Expected term (in years)	6.25	6.25

The Company's outstanding Base Options consisted of the following (shares in thousands):

	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Stock options outstanding as of January 1, 2020	23,080	\$ 1.41	7.5	
Granted	6,430	4.65	9.4	
Exercised	(2,783)	1.00	5.7	
Expired or forfeited	(2,081)	2.54	7.5	
Stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2020	24,646	\$ 2.21	7.2	\$ 165,866
Expected to vest as of December 31, 2020	9,663	\$ 3.74	8.5	\$ 50,245
Exercisable as of December 31, 2020	14,983	\$ 1.22	6.3	\$ 115,671

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the Base Options granted during the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$2.70 and \$2.11, respectively, per option. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the total stock-based compensation expense related to the stock options was \$6.5 million, of which \$6.3 million is

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recorded in general and administrative expense and \$0.2 million is recorded in income (loss) from discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2019, the total stock-based compensation expense related to the stock options was \$5.0 million, of which \$4.2 million is recorded in general and administrative expense and \$0.8 million is recorded in income (loss) from discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations. Forfeiture of awards is recognized as it occurs.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had \$17.5 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested Base Options. The compensation cost for the Base Options as of December 31, 2020 is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately 3 years.

The Company's outstanding Upside Options consisted of the following (shares in thousands):

	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)
Stock options outstanding as of January 1, 2020	15,090	\$ 3.52	7.5
Granted	6,175	9.89	9.4
Exercised	_	_	_
Expired or forfeited	(4,590)	3.77	6.5
Stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2020	16,675	\$ 5.81	7.6
Expected to vest as of December 31, 2020		\$ —	_
Exercisable as of December 31, 2020		\$ —	_

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the Upside Options granted during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$1.58 and \$1.23, respectively, per option. During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company did not recognize any stock-based compensation expense related to the Upside Options as achievement of the underlying performance condition is not probable. Forfeiture of awards is recognized as it occurs. As of December 31, 2020, the Company had \$13.2 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested Upside Options.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company has agreements with certain members of its board of directors that permit a portion of board compensation to be delivered in the form of equity awards. These issuances are in the form of restricted stock units. For both the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company recognized \$0.2 million of stock-based compensation expense related to these contracts, which is recorded in general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

Non-Employee Awards

Various of the Company's agreements provide for the vesting of certain stock-based instruments to third parties at the time of an initial public offering or sale of a controlling interest in the Company ("Change of Control Event"). The stock-based instruments granted to third parties are accounted for as non-employee awards for which compensation cost will be recognized upon achievement of the underlying performance condition of a Change of Control Event. As the instruments are liability-classified, the amount of shares ultimately issued and related compensation cost will be measured on the vesting date. A Change of Control Event is not deemed probable until consummated.

The Company has also issued equity-based instruments to third parties for incentive compensation. The equity instruments granted to third parties are accounted for as non-employee awards and are recognized to the

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extent that achievement of the financial performance threshold is probable. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company recognized \$1.5 million in expense as the related performance condition was satisfied. The Company recorded the amount in other medical expenses in the consolidated statements of operations and recognized a liability in accounts payable and accrued expenses as of December 31, 2019. In August 2020, the Company recognized \$1.5 million in additional paid-in capital for the issuance of common stock to settle 2019 incentives. In April 2019, the Company recognized \$5.0 million in additional paid-in capital for the issuance of common stock to settle 2018 incentives.

NOTE 14. Income Taxes

The Company applied the intra-period tax allocation rules to allocate income taxes between continuing operations and discontinued operations as prescribed by U.S. GAAP, where the tax effect of income (loss) before income taxes is computed without regard to the tax effects of income (loss) before income taxes from the other categories. Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Year Ei	Year Ended December 31,		
	2020	2019		
Current:				
Federal	\$ —	\$ —		
State	856	1		
	856	1		
Deferred:				
Federal	38	(179)		
State	(29)	(54)		
	9	(233)		
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 865	<u>\$ (232)</u>		

The principal items accounting for the difference between taxes computed at the U.S. statutory rate and taxes recorded consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Computed tax at US federal statutory rate of 21%	\$ (13,129)	\$ (24,052)
Increase (decrease) in taxes resulting from:		
State taxes, net of federal impact	840	(47)
Unrecognized tax benefit	(71)	224
Permanent differences	850	1,287
Valuation allowance	12,443	22,530
Other, net	(68)	(174)
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 865	\$ (232)

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The net deferred tax liability comprises the tax effect of temporary differences between U.S. GAAP and tax reporting related to the recognition of income and expenses. The net deferred income tax liabilities are included in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Components of the net deferred tax liability consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Decei	nber 31,
	2020	2019
Deferred income tax assets:		
Net operating losses	\$ 80,316	\$ 66,644
State taxes	56	60
Contingent consideration	776	857
Accrued expenses	20,708	17,441
Transaction costs	1,006	1,097
Stock-based compensation	3,530	2,332
Lease liabilities	2,237	2,850
Interest limitation	5,635	3,870
Goodwill	2,480	1,051
Intangible assets	23,166	7,870
Partnership outside basis	_	128
Other, net	333	287
Total deferred income tax assets	\$ 140,243	\$104,487
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Property and equipment	\$ (411)	\$ (483)
ROU assets	(2,412)	(2,998)
Intangible assets	(9,191)	(14,398)
Partnership outside basis	(1,465)	(1,562)
Investment	(411)	(423)
Total deferred income tax liabilities	\$ (13,890)	\$ (19,864)
Valuation allowance	(126,927)	(85,186)
Net deferred income tax liabilities	\$ (574)	\$ (563)

The Company regularly reviews its deferred tax assets for recoverability and establishes a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In making this assessment, the Company is required to consider all available positive and negative evidence to determine whether, based on such evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the net deferred tax assets will not be realized in future periods. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company believed that it is more likely than not that its deferred tax assets in excess of deferred tax liabilities will not be realized. Accordingly, the Company has provided a valuation allowance of \$126.9 million and \$85.2 million on the Company's deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, with a net change of \$41.7 million recorded in current year activities. The net deferred tax liability as of December 31, 2020 principally relates to deferred tax liabilities associated with long-term partnership investments and long-lived intangible assets which are expected to reverse against net operating losses which can only offset 80% of taxable income.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company has federal and state net operating losses of \$310.7 million and \$246.3 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2019, the Company has federal and state net operating losses of \$258.1 million and \$215.7 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2020, \$233.8 million of the total federal net operating losses are carried forward as indefinite-lived net operating losses. The remaining net operating losses are carried forward and will expire beginning in 2027 if unutilized. Utilization of these operating loss

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carryforwards may be subject to an annual limitation based on changes in ownership, as defined by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. \$32.3 million and \$32.7 million of the Company's federal and state net operating loss carryforward, respectively, are attributable to prior acquisition transactions and are subject to Section 382 limitations. The Company's preliminary analysis indicates that none of the acquired net operating loss carryforwards will expire unutilized solely as a result of the Section 382 limitations.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

As of December 31, 2020, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$8.9 million, \$7.1 million of which, if recognized, would impact its effective tax rate. As of December 31, 2019, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$10.8 million, \$9.4 million of which, if recognized, would impact its effective tax rate.

The following table summarizes the activity related to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits (in thousands):

2020	2019
Balance at beginning of the year \$10,839	\$ 23,219
Additions related to current year 384	242
Additions related to prior years 565	_
Reductions related to the lapse of applicable statute of limitations (2,874)	(12,622)
Balance at end of the year \$8,914	\$ 10,839

As of December 31, 2020, the Company recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefit of \$10.0 million, inclusive of \$2.9 million of accrued interest and penalties. As of December 31, 2019, the Company recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefit of \$12.8 million, inclusive of \$3.4 million of accrued interest and penalties. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, \$1.8 million and \$1.4 million of unrecognized benefits were reflected as a reduction in deferred tax asset balances. The unrecognized tax benefit is subject to a tax indemnification agreement between the prior owners of some of the Company's California subsidiaries and the Company. Thus, the Company does not bear significant risk for these uncertain tax positions, as any assessment on future tax examinations is expected to be recovered from the prior owners. The indemnification assets are reflected in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets (see Note 7). During the year ended December 31, 2020, due to expiration of the 2015 state statute of limitations, the Company reversed \$2.9 million of tax liability, \$0.6 million of accrued interest and \$0.6 million of accrued penalties on unrecognized tax benefits and realized a tax benefit of \$4.1 million attributable to discontinued operations. The tax benefit from the statute expiration was offset by \$0.6 million, \$0.6 million, and \$0.1 million of additional accruals for taxes, interest, and penalties, respectively, on uncertain tax positions during 2020 resulting in a net tax benefit of \$2.8 million attributable to discontinued operations. During the year ended December 31, 2019, due to expiration of the 2015 U.S. federal and 2014 state statute of limitations, the Company reversed \$12.6 million of tax liability, \$1.0 million of accrued interest and \$2.5 million of accrued penalties on unrecognized tax benefits and realized a tax benefit of \$16.2 million attributable to discontinued operations.

The amount of income taxes the Company pays is subject to ongoing audits. The estimate of the potential outcome of any uncertain tax issue is subject to management's assessment of the relevant risks, facts, and circumstances existing at the time. However, future results of operations may include favorable or unfavorable adjustments to the estimated tax liabilities in the period the assessments are made or resolved. As of December 31, 2020, the tax years 2016 to 2020 are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and the tax years 2016 to 2020 are subject to examination by state taxing jurisdictions in which the Company is subject. Currently, the Company's subsidiary VMG Vantage Medical Group, Inc. ("Vantage") is being examined by the IRS for the 2016 tax year. The outcome of the 2016 tax examination of Vantage is still

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uncertain. Management believes it has adequate reserves for potential tax exposures associated with all open tax years including the 2016 year currently under examination. It is reasonably possible that during the next 12 months the Company may realize a \$10.0 million decrease in its liability for uncertain tax positions, inclusive of \$2.9 million related to the reversal of interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions, as a result of closing of the tax years or the resolution of the IRS examination.

For additional discussion regarding income taxes and unrecognized tax benefits related to discontinued operations, see Note 19.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") was enacted to provide economic relief to individuals and businesses facing economic hardship as a result of the COVID-19 public health emergency. The CARES Act includes, among other things, provisions relating to payroll tax credits and deferrals, net operating loss carryback periods, alternative minimum tax credit refunds, modifications to the net interest deduction limitations, and technical corrections to tax depreciation methods for qualified improvement property. On June 29, 2020, the California Assembly Bill 85 (California AB 85) was enacted, which suspends the usage of NOLs for taxable years 2020, 2021, and 2022 for taxpayers with taxable income of \$1.0 million or more and limits the amount of tax that can be offset by business credits to \$5.0 million for tax years 2020, 2021, and 2022. The carryover period for NOL deductions and business credit limitation disallowed by this provision will be extended. On December 27, 2020, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 was enacted to provide further COVID-19 relief. These changes in tax laws did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Company will continue to monitor possible future impact of changes in tax legislation.

NOTE 15. Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic net income (loss) per common share ("EPS") is computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the impact of common shares issuable from the assumed conversion of stock options, certain performance restricted stock units and unvested restricted stock units. Only those instruments having a dilutive impact on basic loss per share are included in diluted loss per share during the periods presented.

The following table illustrates the computation of basic and diluted EPS (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Year Ended 1 2020	December 31, 2019
Numerator		
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (63,208)	\$ (114,455)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	3,156	(168,285)
Noncontrolling interests' share in discontinued operations	_	152
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ (60,052)	\$ (282,588)
Denominator		
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	323,462	294,738
Net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders		
Net income (loss) per common share from continuing operations, basic and diluted	\$ (0.20)	\$ (0.39)
Net income (loss) per common share from discontinued operations, basic and diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.57)

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Basic net income (loss) per share is the same as diluted net income (loss) per share for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 as the inclusion of all potential common shares outstanding would have been anti-dilutive. The following table provides the weighted-average potential shares of common stock that were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders because their effect would have been anti-dilutive (in thousands):

	Decemb	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Stock options—service only condition	23,646	23,080	
Stock options—market and performance condition	17,675	15,090	
Restricted stock units	110	185	

NOTE 16. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following table provides supplemental cash flow information (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,			
		2020		2019
Supplemental cash flow information:			_	
Interest paid	\$	7,086	\$	8,038
Income taxes paid (refunded), net		2		26
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities:				
Settlement of stock-based liabilities		1,500		5,000
Settlement of loans receivable with services provided		2,047		_

The following table summarizes cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash equivalents from continuing operations (in thousands):

	Dece	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 106,795	\$ 123,633	
Restricted cash and equivalents	28,383	15,519	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash equivalents	\$ 135,178	\$139,152	

NOTE 17. Variable Interest Entities

Consolidated Variable Interest Entities

agilon health, inc's consolidated assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 include certain assets of VIEs that can only be used to settle the liabilities of the related VIE. The VIE creditors do not have recourse to agilon health, inc.

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agilon health, inc's consolidated assets and liabilities include VIE assets and liabilities as follows (in thousands):

	Decemb	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Assets(1)			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 93,053	\$23,441	
Restricted cash equivalents	25,032	15,519	
Receivables, net	136,636	76,442	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets, net	5,986	1,708	
Property and equipment, net	797	687	
Intangible assets, net	8,208	18,388	
Other assets, net	13,343	15,188	
Assets held for sale and discontinued operations, net	4,825	8,672	
Liabilities(1)			
Medical claims and related payables	97,146	58,221	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	62,294	36,362	
Other liabilities	10,926	13,813	
Liabilities held for sale and discontinued operations	3,682	8,219	

⁽¹⁾ Assets and liabilities of VIEs presented above include the assets and liabilities of the Company's independent practice associations in California, which are consolidated VIEs and whose operations are reflected in the consolidated financial statements as discontinued operations.

Risk-Bearing Entities

The Company operates 11 wholly-owned risk-bearing entities ("RBEs") for the purpose of entering into risk-bearing contracts with payors. Each RBE's equity at risk is considered insufficient to finance its activities without additional support, and, therefore, each RBE is considered a VIE. The Company consolidates the RBEs as it has determined that it is the primary beneficiary because it has: (i) the ability to control the activities that most significantly impact the VIEs' economic performance; and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses or right to receive benefits that could potentially be significant to the RBEs. Specifically, the Company has the unilateral ability and authority, through the RBE governance and management agreements, to make significant decisions about strategic and operating activities of the RBEs, including negotiating and entering into risk-bearing contracts with payors and approving the RBEs' annual operating budget. The Company also has the obligation to fund losses of the RBEs and the right to receive a significant percentage of any financial surplus generated by the RBEs. The assets of the RBEs primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, net, intangibles, net, and other assets; its obligations primarily consist of medical claims and related payables as well as operating expenses of the RBEs (accounts payable and accrued expenses), including incentive obligations to the Company's physician partners. Assets generated by the RBEs (primarily from medical services revenues) may only be used to settle their contractual obligations (primarily from medical expenses).

Subsequent Events

On February 18, 2021, the Company executed the 2021 Credit Facilities, which are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries, including those identified as VIEs (see Note 10).

Unconsolidated Variable Interest Entities

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had two equity method investments which were deemed to be VIEs. The Company has determined that it is not the primary beneficiary of and therefore does not

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consolidate the VIEs because it does not have the ability to control the activities that most significantly impact their economic performance. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the carrying amount of the investments of the VIEs was \$8.5 million and \$6.2 million, which approximates the maximum loss exposure as a result of the Company's involvement with the VIEs.

NOTE 18. Related Party Transactions

Significant Stockholders

The Company maintains a consulting agreement with CD&R, for which it pays advisory consulting fees on a quarterly basis. For both the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company paid \$1.5 million to CD&R in advisory consulting fees, in addition to certain expense reimbursements. These are recorded in general and administrative expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had an outstanding payable to CD&R of \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

Morgan Stanley Investment Management, Inc. and Capital Research and Management Company advise funds that own in aggregate five percent or greater of the Company's common stock. All funds affiliated with Morgan Stanley Investment Management, Inc. and Capital Research and Management Company are considered related parties. See Note 12 for details on the issuances of contingently redeemable common stock.

Unsecured Debt

See Note 10 for details on the issuance of unsecured debt to a fund affiliated with CD&R.

Equity Method Investment

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company incurred expenses of \$6.7 million and \$5.7 million, respectively for provider services delivered by Population Health, LLC, which is accounted for under the equity method based on 49% equity ownership interest held by the Company. As of both December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had an outstanding payable to Population Health, LLC of \$1.1 million.

NOTE 19. Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations is a component of an entity that has either been disposed of or is deemed held-for-sale and, (i) the operations and cash flows of the component have been or will be eliminated from ongoing operations as a result of the disposal transaction, and (ii) the entity will not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the component after the disposal transaction.

During 2020, the Company implemented a plan to divest its California operations, which included the entirety of its Medicaid line of business, via three separate transactions with different parties. In August 2020, the Company disposed of its Southern California operations for a gross sales price of \$2.5 million and recognized a gain on sale of \$1.3 million. In October 2020, the Company disposed of its Fresno, California operations for a gross sales price of \$26.0 million and recognized a gain on sale of approximately \$19.1 million. The Company retained the working capital of both disposal groups and therefore such working capital accounts are not presented as assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations in the consolidated balance sheets. In December 2020, the Company signed a definitive agreement to sell its remaining California operations for a gross sales price of \$1.0 million. The sale closed in February 2021.

The Company's decision to exit California and the Medicaid line of business represents a strategic shift that will have a major effect on its operations and financial results. As such, the Company's California operations are reflected in the consolidated financial statements as discontinued operations. Net income (loss) from discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2020 includes \$3.7 million of severance related to the sale of the Company's California operations.

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The following is a summary of the assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations (in thousands):

	Dec	December 31,	
	2020	2019	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$3,917	\$ 6,460	
Receivables	908	2,350	
Total current assets	4,825	8,810	
Intangible assets, net	_	3,930	
Other assets, net	<u></u>	214	
Total assets	\$4,825	\$12,954	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Medical claims and related payables	\$1,293	\$ 1,073	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,389	7,236	
Total current liabilities	3,682	8,309	
Noncurrent liabilities	_	120	
Total liabilities	3,682	8,429	
Net assets	\$1,143	\$ 4,525	

The results of discontinued operations are as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Revenues:		
Medical services revenue	\$155,108	\$ 209,799
Other operating revenue	188	127
Total revenues	155,296	209,926
Expenses:		
Medical services expense	84,189	123,850
Other medical expenses	57,546	79,423
General and administrative	30,341	47,413
Depreciation and amortization	568	29,160
Impairments (recoveries)	_	98,343
Income (loss) from operations	(17,348)	(168,263)
Other income (expense), net	(2,351)	(15,177)
Gain (loss) on sales of assets, net	20,401	_
Interest expense	(350)	(1,011)
Income (loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interests	352	(184,451)
Income tax benefit (expense)	2,804	16,166
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	3,156	(168,285)
Noncontrolling interests' share of earnings		152
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to common shares	\$ 3,156	\$(168,133)

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The following table provides significant non-cash operating items for discontinued operations that are included in the consolidated statements of cash flows (in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Non-cash operating activities from discontinued operations:			
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 568	\$ 29,160	
Stock-based compensation expense	217	829	
Deferred income taxes and uncertain tax positions	(2,809)	(16,177)	
Release of indemnification assets	3,475	19,219	
Impairments	_	98,343	
Other non-cash items	(1,212)	(4,042)	

Intangible Assets

Due to the continued deterioration in the performance of the California reporting unit, in the fourth quarter of 2019, the Company initiated a process to evaluate strategic alternatives for its California operations, including a sale or abandonment of all or substantially all of such operations. The Company therefore performed an assessment of the long-lived assets in the California reporting unit for impairment and determined that the carrying value of certain of those assets was not recoverable. Accordingly, the Company wrote-down such assets to fair value, resulting in the recognition of a \$98.3 million impairment charge in discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2019.

To estimate the fair value, the Company considered both an orderly liquidation approach and an income approach. An orderly liquidation value is the amount that could be realized from a liquidation sale, given a reasonable period of time to find a purchaser (or purchasers), selling the asset in the existing condition where it is located, and assuming the highest and best use of the asset by market participants. The Company's valuation includes inputs that are unobservable and are therefore considered Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy.

Included in amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 is additional amortization of \$21.4 million due to a reduction in the useful life of an intangible asset that the Company ceased using in 2019.

Indemnification Assets

Indemnification assets have been established to offset certain pre-closing liabilities for which the prior owners of some of the Company's California subsidiaries are obligated to indemnify the Company. The Company deems the amounts receivable under the indemnification agreements to be fully collectible should indemnification claims arise and, as such, a valuation allowance is not deemed necessary. During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company released \$2.8 million and \$19.2 million, respectively, of indemnification assets in discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations as the corresponding pre-closing liabilities were released as a result of closing certain tax years (see below).

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

As of December 31, 2020, the Company has recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$10.0 million, inclusive of accrued interest and penalties on unrecognized tax benefits. The liability, if reversed, would result in a tax benefit attributable to continuing operations. During the year ended December 31, 2020, due to expiration of the 2015 state statute of limitations, the Company reversed \$2.9 million of tax liability, \$0.6 million of accrued interest and \$0.6 million of accrued penalties on unrecognized tax benefits and realized a tax benefit of \$4.1 million attributable to discontinued operations. The tax benefit from the statute expiration was

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offset by \$0.6 million, \$0.6 million, and \$0.1 million of additional accruals for taxes, interest, and penalties, respectively, on uncertain tax positions during 2020 resulting in a net tax benefit of \$2.8 million.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company has recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$12.8 million, inclusive of accrued interest and penalties on unrecognized tax benefits. The liability, if reversed, would result in a tax benefit attributable to discontinued operations. During the year ended December 31, 2019, due to expiration of the 2015 U.S. federal and 2014 state statute of limitations, the Company reversed \$12.6 million of tax liability, \$1.0 million of accrued interest and \$2.5 million of accrued penalties on unrecognized tax benefits and realized a tax benefit of \$16.2 million attributable to discontinued operations.

Compliance Requirements

In February 2018, the Company voluntarily disclosed to the California Department of Managed Health Care ("DMHC") and its contracting payors, certain noncompliant practices in the Company's claims and utilization management operations. Commencing in early 2018, the Company took action to remediate all identified exceptions in order to bring such operations into full compliance with the requirements of the DMHC and its payors. On December 10, 2019, the DMHC, Office of Financial Review, corresponded with the Company's Claims and Compliance departments seeking an acknowledgment letter from the Company's California affiliated independent practice associations ("California IPAs") regarding certain audit deficiencies covering the period December 1, 2018 through February 28, 2019. On December 17, 2019, the Company responded to the request stating that it did not materially dispute the DMHC's findings. It further stated, among other things, that the California IPAs had implemented corrective action to remediate substantially all known deficiencies identified by the DMHC's audit findings. On March 9, 2021, the Company received a set of investigative interrogatories from the DMHC pursuant to its investigation of the Company's claims and utilization management practices, including information regarding the payors affected thereby. The Company is cooperating with the DMHC to provide all requested information. While the Company has divested all of its California operations as of February 2021, the Company retains certain liabilities stemming therefrom. The Company is unable to predict the outcome of this matter or reasonably estimate the amount of any adverse impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, operations, or cash flows resulting from the DMHC's audit findings, if any.

NOTE 20. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 18, 2021, the date on which these consolidated financial statements were issued.

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Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

SCHEDULE I – CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT

agilon health, inc.

(Parent Company Only)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except per share data)

	December 31,	
	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Investment in wholly owned subsidiary	\$ 24,770	\$ 50,472
Total assets	\$ 24,770	\$ 50,472
LIABILITIES, CONTINGENTLY REDEEMABLE COMMON STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	\$ 1,500
Total liabilities		1,500
Contingently redeemable common stock, 76,201 and 69,900 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	309,500	281,000
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 500,000 shares authorized; 249,374 and 246,600 shares issued and outstanding,		
respectively	2,494	2,466
Additional paid-in capital	263,966	256,644
Accumulated deficit	(551,190)	(491,138)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	(284,730)	(232,028)
Total liabilities, contingently redeemable common stock and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 24,770	\$ 50,472

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements.

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agilon health, inc.
(Parent Company Only)
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(in thousands)

		Year Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	
Equity in net income (loss) of subsidiary	\$ (60,052)	\$ (282,588)	
Net income (loss) attributable to common shares	\$ (60,052)	\$ (282,588)	

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements.

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agilon health, inc.

(Parent Company Only)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. Description of agilon health, inc.

agilon health, inc., formerly Agilon Health Topco, Inc., ("Parent") was incorporated in Delaware and indirectly owns 100% of the equity interest in agilon health management, inc. ("agilon"). Parent has no significant operations or assets other than its indirect ownership of the equity of agilon. Accordingly, Parent is dependent upon distributions from agilon to fund its obligations. However, under the terms of the agreements governing agilon's borrowings, agilon's ability to pay dividends or lend to Parent is restricted. While certain exceptions to the paying of dividends or lending funds restrictions exist, these restrictions have resulted in the restricted net assets (as defined in Rule 4-08(e)(3) of Regulation S-X) of Parent's subsidiaries exceeding 25% of the consolidated net assets of Parent and its subsidiaries. agilon has no obligation to pay dividends to Parent.

Condensed statements of cash flows have not been presented, as agilon health, inc. did not have any cash as of, or for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019; see Note 3 for issuance of common stock.

NOTE 2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed Parent-only financial statements include the amounts of Parent and its investment in agilon under the equity method, and do not present the financial statements of Parent and agilon on a consolidated basis. Under the equity method, Parent's investment in agilon is stated at cost plus contributions and equity in undistributed income (loss) of agilon less distributions received since the date of acquisition.

These condensed Parent-only financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting principles and policies described in the notes to the agilon health, inc. consolidated financial statements, with the only exception being that Parent accounts for its subsidiaries using the equity method. These condensed Parent-only financial statements should be read in conjunction with the agilon health, inc. consolidated financial statements and their accompanying notes.

NOTE 3. Equity

A discussion of Parent's contingently redeemable common stock and stockholders' equity activities for the years ended December 31, 202 and 2019 can be found in Note 12 in "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" of the consolidated financial statements of agilon health, inc.

There were no cash dividends paid to Parent from agilon's consolidated subsidiaries for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

In August 2020, \$1.5 million in Parent's common stock was used to settle incentive compensation obligations from 2019. In April 2019, \$5.0 million in Parent's common stock was used to settle incentive compensation obligations from 2018. As of December 31, 2019, the incentive compensation was recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

NOTE 4. Stock Incentive Plan

A discussion of Parent's Stock Incentive Plan for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 can be found in Note 13 in the section, "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" of the consolidated financial statements of agilon health, inc.

46,600,000 Shares



agilon health, inc.

Common	Stock

J.P. Morgan
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC
BofA Securities
Deutsche Bank Securities
Wells Fargo Securities
William Blair
Truist Securities
Nomura

, 2021

Through and including , 2021 (25 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that buy, sell or trade our common stock, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This delivery requirement is in addition to the obligation of dealers to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

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PART II INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth the estimated expenses payable by us in connection with the sale and distribution of the securities registered hereby, other than underwriting discounts or commissions. All amounts are estimates except for the SEC registration fee and the FINRA filing fee.

SEC Registration Fee	\$	134,473
FINRA Filing Fee		185,386
Listing Fee		295,000
Printing Fees and Expenses		600,000
Accounting Fees and Expenses		1,850,000
Legal Fees and Expenses		5,500,000
Transfer Agent Fees and Expenses		4,500
Total	\$ 8	8,569,359

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

Indemnification Agreements

We are a party to the Indemnification Agreement with the CD&R Investor, the CD&R Funds and CD&R, pursuant to which we indemnify the CD&R Investor, the CD&R Funds and CD&R and each of their respective affiliates, successors, assigns, directors, officers, partners, members, employees, agents, advisors, consultants, representatives and controlling persons, against certain liabilities arising out of performance of the consulting agreements and any transaction fee agreements and certain other claims and liabilities, including liabilities arising out of financing arrangements and securities offerings. Our indemnification obligations under the Indemnification Agreement are primary to any similar rights to which any indemnitee may be entitled under any other agreement or document.

We are a party to indemnification agreements with our directors. The indemnification agreements provide the directors with contractual rights to indemnification and expense advancement.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Prior to the completion of this offering, we will obtain directors' and officers' liability insurance which insures against certain liabilities that our directors and officers and officers of our subsidiaries may, in such capacities, incur.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

The following sets forth information regarding all unregistered securities sold within the past three years adjusted to give effect to a 100-for-1 stock split effected on April 1, 2021.

Sales of Common Stock

In November 2018 and January 2019, we sold an aggregate of 46,276,900 shares of Common Stock to accredited investors at a purchase price per share of \$3.78 for an aggregate price of \$175,000,725.04. In April 2019, we issued an aggregate of 1,322,200 shares of Common Stock to an accredited investor partner to settle provider incentive liabilities, which stock was valued at a price per share of \$3.78 for an aggregate price of \$5,000,032. In November and December 2019, and January, February and March 2020, we sold an aggregate of

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29,924,400 shares of Common Stock to accredited investors at a purchase price per share of \$4.49 for an aggregate price of \$134,498,208.24. In August 2020, we issued an aggregate of 333,800 shares of Common Stock to an accredited investor partner to settle provider incentive liabilities, which stock was valued at a price per share of \$4.49 for an aggregate price of \$1,500,297. Between March 2018 and February 2021, we entered into partner physician group equity agreements pursuant to which our anchor physician partners are entitled to receive shares of Common Stock conditioned on completion of this offering with a total value of \$268.5 million.

The offers, sales and issuances of the securities described above were deemed to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act ("Section 4(a)(2)") as transactions by an issuer not involving a public offering. The recipients of securities in each of these transactions acquired the securities for investment only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof. Each of the recipients of securities in these transactions was an accredited investor within the meaning of Rule 501 of Regulation D under the Securities Act.

Plan-Related Issuances

In December 2017, March 2018, and May, June and September 2020 and January and March 2021 we issued an aggregate of 2,514,200 shares of Common Stock, primarily through the exercise of stock options, to our officers, directors and other employees in connection with our Stock Incentive Plan at a purchase price per share of \$1.00 for an aggregate price of \$2,514,200. For stock option exercises, the purchase price is a pre-determined grant date strike price. In June and July 2020 and March 2021 we sold an aggregate of 1,253,300 shares of Common Stock to our officers and directors in connection with our Stock Incentive Plan at a purchase price per share of \$4.49 for an aggregate price of \$5,633,082. In September 2020, we issued 336,800 shares in respect of a cashless net exercise of stock options under the Stock Incentive Plan for no proceeds. In April 2021 we issued an aggregate of 2,000 shares of Common Stock, pursuant to exercises of stock options, to our officers, directors and other employees in connection with our Stock Incentive Plan at a purchase price per share of \$4.45 for an aggregate price of \$8,897. In addition in April 2021, we issued an aggregate of 50,000 shares of Common Stock pursuant to exercises of stock options, to our officers, directors and other employees in connection with our Stock Incentive Plan at a purchase price per share of \$3.78 for an aggregate price of \$189,080.

The offers, sales and issuances of the securities described above were deemed to be exempt from registration either under the Securities Act, in that the transactions were under compensatory benefit plans and contracts relating to compensation, or under Section 4(a)(2) in that the transactions were between an issuer and members of its senior executive management and did not involve any public offering within the meaning of Section 4(a)(2). The recipients of such securities were our officers, employees and directors and received the securities under our equity incentive plans.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) Exhibits.

Note Regarding Reliance on Statements in Our Contracts: In reviewing the agreements included as exhibits to this Registration Statement on Form S-1, please remember that they are included to provide you with information regarding their terms and are not intended to provide any other factual or disclosure information about agilon health, its subsidiaries or affiliates, or the other parties to the agreements. The agreements contain representations and warranties by each of the parties to the applicable agreement. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the applicable agreement and (i) should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate; (ii) have been qualified by disclosures that were made to the other party in connection with the negotiation of the applicable agreement, which disclosures are not necessarily reflected in the agreement; (iii) may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from

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what may be viewed as material to investors; and (iv) were made only as of the date of the applicable agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in the agreement and are subject to more recent developments. Accordingly, these representations and warranties may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time. Additional information about agilon health, its subsidiaries and affiliates may be found elsewhere in this Registration Statement on Form S-1.

Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description
1.1*	Form of Underwriting Agreement.
3.1*	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of agilon health.
3.2*	Form of Amended and Restated By-laws of agilon health.
4.1*	Form of Common Stock Certificate.
5.1*	Opinion of Debevoise & Plimpton LLP.
10.1**	Credit Agreement, dated as of February 18, 2021, by and among agilon management, Agilon Health Intermediate Holdings, Inc., the Lenders party thereto, the Issuers party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and Nomura Securities International, Inc., as joint lead arrangers and joint bookrunners (as amended by the First Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of March 1, 2021).
10.1.1**	First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2021, by and between agilon management, inc., and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent.
10.2†**	Employment Agreement, dated as of May 4, 2020, by and among Steven J. Sell, agilon health and agilon management.
10.3†**	Employment Agreement, dated as of April 20, 2017, by and among Lisa Dombro, Agilon Health Holdings, Inc. and agilon management.
10.3.1†**	First Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2020, by and among Lisa Dombro, Agilon Health Holdings, Inc. and agilon management.
10.4†**	Employment Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2019, by and between Benjamin Kornitzer and agilon management.
10.5†**	Employment Agreement, dated as of January 11, 2021, by and between Timothy Bensley and agilon management.
10.6†**+	Separation Agreement, dated as of May 22, 2020, by and between Ronald J. Kuerbitz and Agilon Health Holdings, Inc.
10.7†**	Amended and Restated agilon health Stock Incentive Plan, dated as of April 27, 2017.
10.8†**	Indemnification Agreement between agilon health and Steven J. Sell (and Schedule to Exhibit 10.8).
10.9**	Indemnification Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2016, by and among Agilon Health Holdings, Inc., Agilon Health Intermediate Holdings, Inc., agilon management, Primary Provider Management Co., Inc., CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P., Clayton, Dubilier & Rice Fund IX, L.P., Clayton, Dubilier & Rice Fund IX-A, L.P., CD&R Advisor Fund IX, L.P. and Clayton, Dubilier & Rice LLC.
10.10**	Consulting Agreement, dated July 1, 2016, by and between Agilon Health Holdings, Inc., Primary Provider Management Co., Inc. and Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC.
10.11*	Form of Consulting Agreement Termination Agreement.
10.12*	Form of Stockholders Agreement.

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Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description	
10.13**	Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of November 29, 2019, by and among agilon health, CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P., and the stockholders party thereto.	
10.13.1**	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of December 19, 2019, by and among agilon health and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P.	
10.13.2**	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of December 27, 2019, by and among agilon health and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P.	
10.13.3**	Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of December 31, 2019, by and among agilon health and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P.	
10.13.4**	Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of January 30, 2020, by and among agilon health and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P.	
10.13.5**	Fifth Amendment to Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of February 18, 2020, by and among agilon health and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P.	
10.13.6**	Sixth Amendment to Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of March 4, 2020, by and among agilon health and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P.	
10.14*	Form of Registration Rights Agreement, by and between agilon health and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P.	
10.15**	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of November 7, 2018, by and among agilon health and each of the investors listed on the schedule thereto, each acting by and through one of Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc. or Morgan Stanley Investment Management Ltd, as agent and investment adviser.	
10.16**	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of January 4, 2019, by and among agilon health and each of the investors listed on the schedule thereto.	
10.16.1**	First Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of March 4, 2020, by and among agilon health and each entity listed on Schedule A to the Registration Rights Agreement.	
10.16.2**	Second Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of July 7, 2020, by and between agilon health and each entity listed on Schedule A to the Registration Rights Agreement.	
10.17**	Investment Agreement, dated as of November 7, 2018, by and among agilon health and each of entity listed on the exhibit thereto, each acting by and through one of Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc. or Morgan Stanley Investment Management Ltd, as agent and investment adviser.	
10.17.1**	First Amendment to Investment Agreement, dated as of October 21, 2020, by and among agilon health and each entity listed on the exhibit attached thereto, each acting by and through one of Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc. or Morgan Stanley Investment Management Ltd., as agent and investment adviser.	
10.18**	Investment Agreement, dated as of January 4, 2019, by and among agilon health and each entity listed on the exhibit thereto.	
10.18.1**	First Amendment to Investment Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2020, by and among agilon health, The New Economy Fund and SMALLCAP World Fund, Inc.	
10.19**	Investment Agreement, dated as of March 4, 2020, by and among agilon health and each entity listed on the exhibit thereto.	
10.20†*	Form of Employee Stock Option Agreement (Base and Upside Options)	
10.21†*	agilon health Executive Annual Bonus Plan	

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Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	
10.22†*	Form of agilon health 2021 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan	
10.23†*	Form of agilon health Employee Stock Purchase Plan	
21.1**	List of Subsidiaries of agilon health as of March 1, 2021.	
23.1*	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.	
23.2*	Consent of Debevoise & Plimpton LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1 hereto).	
24.1**	Powers of Attorney (contained on signature pages to the Registration Statement on Form S-1).	

^{*} Filed herewith.

- † Identifies each management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- + Certain portions of this exhibit have been redacted pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iv) of Regulation S-K.
- ** Previously filed.
 - (b) Financial Statement Schedules:

Schedule I—Condensed Financial Information of Registrant is included in the Registration Statement beginning on page F-36.

Item 17. Undertakings.

- (a) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
- (b) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:
 - (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b) (1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
 - (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Long Beach, State of California on April 7, 2021.

agilon health, inc.

By: /s/ Steven J. Sell

Name: Steven J. Sell

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed on April 7, 2021 by the following persons in the capacities indicated.

<u>Title</u> Chief Executive Officer, President, Director
(Principal Executive Officer)
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)
Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)
Director

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<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>
*	Director
Michael Smith	-
*	Director
Derek L. Strum	
*	Director
Ron Williams	-
*	Director
William Wulf, M.D.	-
*By: /s/ Timothy S. Bensley Timothy S. Bensley	
as Attorney-in-Fact	

agilon health, inc.

[•] Shares of Common Stock

Underwriting Agreement

 $[\bullet], 2021$

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC BofA Securities, Inc.

As Representatives of the several Underwriters named in Schedule I hereto,

c/o J.P. Morgan Securities LLC
383 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10179
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC
200 West Street
New York, New York 10282
BofA Securities, Inc.
One Bryant Park
New York, NY 10036

Ladies and Gentlemen:

agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), proposes, subject to the terms and conditions stated herein, to issue and sell to the several underwriters listed in Schedule I hereto (the "Underwriters"), for whom you are acting as representatives (the "Representatives"), an aggregate of [•] shares (the "Firm Shares") of Common Stock, par value \$[•] per share of the Company (the "Stock"). In addition, the Company proposes to issue and sell, at the option of the Underwriters, up to [•] additional shares of the Stock (collectively, the "Optional Shares"). The Firm Shares and the Optional Shares that the Underwriters may elect to purchase pursuant to Section 2 hereof are herein collectively called the "Shares."

The Company and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, (an affiliate of BofA Securities, Inc., a participating Underwriter, hereafter referred to as "Merrill Lynch") has agreed to reserve up to [•] of the Firm Shares to be purchased by it under this Agreement (as defined below) for sale to the Company's existing physician partners and other eligible participants (collectively, the "Participants"), as set forth in the Prospectus (as defined below) under the heading "Underwriting" (the "Reserved Share Program"). The Firm Shares to be sold by Merrill Lynch and its affiliates pursuant to the Reserved Share Program are referred to hereinafter as the "Reserved Shares." Any Reserved Shares not orally confirmed for purchase by any Participants by 11:59 P.M. (New York time) on the business day following the date on which this Agreement is executed will be offered to the public by the Underwriters as set forth in the Prospectus.

1. The Company represents and warrants to, and agrees with, each of the Underwriters that:

(a) A registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-234435) (the "Initial Registration Statement") in respect of the Shares has been filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"); the Initial Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment thereto, each in the form heretofore delivered to the Representatives and, excluding exhibits thereto, to the Representatives for each of the other Underwriters, have been declared effective by the Commission in such form; other than a registration statement, if any, increasing the size of the offering (a "Rule 462(b) Registration Statement"), filed pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), which became effective upon filing, and the issuer free writing prospectuses, if any, filed pursuant to Section 6(a) hereof, no other document with respect to the Initial Registration Statement has heretofore been filed with the Commission; and no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Initial Registration Statement, any post-effective amendment thereto or the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, has been issued and no proceeding for that purpose has been initiated or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened by the Commission (any preliminary prospectus included in the Initial Registration Statement or filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(a) of the rules and regulations of the Commission under the Act is hereinafter called a "Preliminary Prospectus"; the various parts of the Initial Registration Statement and the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, including all exhibits thereto and including the information contained in the form of final prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act in accordance with Section 6(a) hereof and deemed by virtue of Rule 430A under the Act to be part of the Initial Registration Statement at the time it was declared effective, each as

amended at the time such part of the Initial Registration Statement became effective or such part of the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement, if any, became or hereafter becomes effective, are hereinafter collectively called the "Registration Statement"; the Preliminary Prospectus relating to the Shares that was included in the Registration Statement immediately prior to the Applicable Time (as defined in Section 1(c) hereof) is hereinafter called the "Pricing Prospectus"; the final prospectus, in the form first filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act, is hereinafter called the "Prospectus"; and any "issuer free writing prospectus" as defined in Rule 433 under the Act relating to the Shares is hereinafter called an "Issuer Free Writing Prospectus");

- (b) No order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus has been issued by the Commission, and each Preliminary Prospectus dated on or after [•], 2021, at the time of filing thereof, conformed in all material respects to the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder, and did not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with any Underwriter Information (as defined in Section 10(b) hereof);
- (c) For the purposes of this underwriting agreement (the "Agreement"), the "Applicable Time" is [•] [A/P].M. (New York City time) on the date of this Agreement; the Pricing Prospectus, as supplemented by the Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses, if any, and the other information listed in Schedule II(b) hereto, taken together (collectively, the "Pricing Disclosure Package"), as of the Applicable Time, did not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus listed in Schedule II(a) or Schedule II(b) hereto does not conflict with the information contained in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus and each such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, as supplemented by and taken together with the Pricing Disclosure Package, as of the Applicable Time, did not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with any Underwriter Information;

- (d) At the time of initial confidential submission of the Registration Statement to the Commission, the Company was an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Act (an "Emerging Growth Company");
- (e) The Company (i) has not alone engaged in any Testing-the-Waters Communications other than Testing-the-Waters Communications with the consent of the Representatives with entities that are reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Act or institutions that are accredited investors within the meaning of Rule 501 under the Act and (ii) has not authorized anyone other than the Representatives to engage in Testing-the-Waters Communications. The Company reconfirms that the Representatives have been authorized to act on its behalf in undertaking Testing-the-Waters Communications. The Company has not distributed or approved for distribution any Written Testing-the-Waters Communications other than those listed on Annex II hereto. "Testing-the-Waters Communication" means any oral or written communication with potential investors undertaken in reliance on Section 5(d) of the Act and "Written Testing-the-Waters Communication that is a written communication within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Act. Any individual Written Testing-the-Waters Communication does not conflict with the information contained in the Registration Statement or the Pricing Disclosure Package, and when taken together with the Pricing Disclosure Package as of the Applicable Time, did not, and as of each Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 5(a) hereof), as the case may be, will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;
- (f) The Registration Statement conforms, and the Prospectus and any further amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement and the Prospectus will conform, in all material respects to the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and do not and will not, as of the applicable effective date as to each part of the Registration Statement and as of the applicable filing date as to the Prospectus and any amendment or supplement thereto, and as of each Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 5(a) hereof), as the case may be, contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading (in the case of the Prospectus, in light of the circumstances under which they were made); provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to any statements or omissions made in reliance upon and in conformity with any Underwriter Information;

- (g) Except as otherwise set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Disclosure Package: (i) neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has sustained since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus any material loss or material interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree, otherwise than as set forth in or contemplated by the Pricing Disclosure Package; (ii) neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has entered into any transaction or agreement (whether or not in the ordinary course of business) or incurred any liability or obligation, direct or contingent, that is material to the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole since the date of the last audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus and (iii) since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement and the Pricing Prospectus, there has not been any material change in (x) the capital stock of the Company or its subsidiaries or (y) long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries or any material adverse change or effect, or any development involving a prospective material adverse change or effect, in or affecting the general affairs, management, financial position, stockholders' equity or results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, taken together as a whole;
- (h) The Company and its subsidiaries have good title in fee simple to, or have valid rights to lease or otherwise use, all items of real property, and title to, or valid rights to lease or otherwise use, all personal property, which are material to the business of the Company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole (collectively, the "Business"), free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, claims and title defects (collectively, "Liens") that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, stockholders' equity or results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole (a "Material Adverse Effect"), other than Liens granted or to be granted to lenders under or otherwise permitted by the agreements and instruments governing the existing indebtedness of the Company and its subsidiaries described in the Pricing Disclosure Package, as the same may be amended, supplemented, waived or otherwise modified from time to time, or refunded, refinanced, restructured, replaced, renewed, repaid, increased or extended from time to time (whether in whole or in part) and except as do not materially interfere with the use of such properties;
- (i) Each of the Company and its subsidiaries listed on Schedule IV hereto, which shall include each "significant subsidiary" (as defined in Rule 405 under the Act) of the Company, (each, a "<u>Designated Subsidiary</u>") (i) has been duly incorporated or organized and is validly existing in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or organization (to the extent the concept of good standing is applicable in the relevant jurisdiction), with power and authority to own its properties and conduct its business as described in the

Pricing Prospectus, and (ii) has been duly qualified as a foreign corporation, limited liability company or partnership for the transaction of business and is in good standing (if applicable) under the laws of each other jurisdiction in which it owns or leases properties or conducts any business so as to require such qualification, except, in the case of clauses (i) (solely with respect to Designated Subsidiaries) and (ii), where the failure to be so incorporated or organized or in good standing, or to be so qualified or to have such power or authority, would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect:

- (j) The Company has an authorized capitalization as set forth in the Pricing Prospectus and all of the issued shares of capital stock of the Company, including the Shares to be issued and sold by the Company pursuant to this Agreement, have been duly and validly authorized and issued and are fully paid and non-assessable and conform in all material respects to the description of the Stock contained in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; none of the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company (including the Shares) were issued in violation of preemptive or other similar rights of any stockholder of the Company; and all of the issued shares of capital stock of each Designated Subsidiary that is a corporation have been duly and validly authorized and issued, are fully paid and non-assessable and, to the extent that a Designated Subsidiary is a partnership or a limited liability company, all of the issued equity interests of each such subsidiary of the Company have been duly and validly authorized and issued, and in each case, except as otherwise set forth in the Pricing Disclosure Package, are owned directly or indirectly by the Company, free and clear of all Liens other than the Liens granted under or otherwise permitted by the agreements and instruments governing the existing indebtedness of the Company and its subsidiaries as described in the Pricing Disclosure Package, as the same may be amended, supplemented, waived or otherwise modified from time to time, or refunded, refinanced, restructured, replaced, renewed, repaid, increased or extended from time to time (whether in whole or in part):
- (k) There are no persons with registration rights or other similar rights to have any securities registered for sale pursuant to the Registration Statement or otherwise registered for sale or sold by the Company under the Act pursuant to this Agreement, other than those rights that have been waived or rights which have been disclosed in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus;
- (I) The issuance and sale of the Shares and the compliance by the Company with this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions herein contemplated will not (i) conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any of the terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement or other agreement or instrument to which the

Company or any of its Designated Subsidiaries is a party or by which the Company or any of its Designated Subsidiaries is bound or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any of its Designated Subsidiaries is subject, (ii) violate any provision of the certificate of incorporation, certificate of formation, limited liability company agreement, by-laws, limited partnership agreement or similar organizational document, of the Company, or its Designated Subsidiaries, or (iii) violate any statute or any order, rule or regulation of any court or governmental agency or body having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its Designated Subsidiaries, except, in the case of clauses (i) and (iii), as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, in the case of each such clause, after giving effect to any consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations, qualifications, waivers and amendments as will have been obtained or made as of the First Time of Delivery (as defined in Section 5(a) hereof); and no consent, approval, authorization, order, registration or qualification of or with any such court or governmental agency or body is required for the issuance and sale of the Shares or the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except (A) for the registration under the Act of the Shares, (B) the approval by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") of the underwriting terms and arrangements, (C) such consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations or qualifications as may be required under state securities or Blue Sky laws in connection with the purchase and distribution of the Shares by the Underwriters, (D) as disclosed in the Pricing Disclosure Package, (E) such consents, approvals, authorizations, orders, registrations, qualifications, waivers, amendments or terminations as will have been obtained or made as of the First Time of Delivery, and (F) where the failure to obtain or make any such consent, approval, au

- (m) Neither the Company nor any of its Designated Subsidiaries is (i) in violation of its certificate of incorporation, certificate of limited partnership, certificate of formation, by-laws, limited partnership agreement or similar organizational document, as applicable or (ii) in default in the performance or observance of any obligation, covenant or condition contained in any indenture, mortgage, deed of trust, loan agreement, lease or other agreement or instrument to which it is a party or by which it or any of its properties may be bound, except, in the case of clause (ii) above, for any such violation or default that would not reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (n) The statements set forth in the Pricing Prospectus and the Prospectus under the caption "Description of Capital Stock," insofar as they purport to constitute a summary of the terms of the Stock, and under the caption "Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Holders," insofar as they purport to describe the provisions of the laws and documents referred to therein, are accurate in all material respects;

- (o) Other than as set forth in the Pricing Disclosure Package, there are no legal or governmental proceedings pending to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or of which any property of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is subject that would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and, to the knowledge of the Company, no such proceedings are threatened by governmental authorities or by others;
- (p) The Company is not, and after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Shares and the application of the proceeds thereof received by the Company as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, will not be required to register as an "investment company," as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act");
- (q) At the time of filing the Initial Registration Statement the Company was not and is not an "ineligible issuer," as defined in Rule 405 under the Act;
- (r) The consolidated historical financial statements of the Company included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus comply in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Act and present fairly the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries, as of the dates indicated, and the results of its operations and the changes in its stockholders' equity and cash flows for the periods specified (subject to the omission of footnotes and normal year-end audit and other adjustments, as to any unaudited financial statements of the Company); such consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") applied on a consistent basis, subject to the limitations set out in the notes to the respective financial statements of the Company included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; any supporting schedules included in the Registration Statement present fairly the information required to be stated therein; and the disclosures included in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus regarding "non-GAAP financial measures" (as such term is defined by the rules and regulations of Commission) comply in all material respects with Regulation G of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and Item 10 of Regulation S-K of the Act, to the extent applicable;

- (s) Ernst & Young LLP ("EY"), who has audited certain consolidated financial statements of the Company included in the Pricing Disclosure Package, has advised the Company that it is an independent registered public accounting firm with respect to the Company as required by the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and the rules and regulations of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;
- (t) The Company maintains a system of internal accounting controls that has been designed to provide reasonable assurance that (i) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations; (ii) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP and to maintain asset accountability; (iii) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (iv) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences;
- (u) Since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Disclosure Package, to the knowledge of the Company, there has been no change in the Company's internal accounting controls that has materially adversely affected, or would reasonably be expected to materially adversely affect, the Company's internal accounting controls;
- (v) The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act; such disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its subsidiaries is made known to the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer by others within those entities; and such disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a reasonable assurance level;
- (w) The Company and its subsidiaries' information technology assets and equipment, computers, systems, networks, hardware, software, websites, applications, and databases (collectively, "IT Systems") are adequate for, and operate and perform in all material respects as required in connection with, the operation of the business of the Company and its subsidiaries as currently conducted, free and clear to the best of the Company's knowledge of all material bugs, errors, defects, Trojan horses, time bombs, malware and other corruptants. The Company and its subsidiaries have implemented and maintained commercially reasonable controls, policies, procedures, and safeguards to maintain and protect their material confidential information and the integrity, continuous operation, redundancy and security of all IT Systems and data (including all personal, personally identifiable, sensitive, confidential or regulated data and any Protected Health Information as defined by the Health Insurance

Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009 ("HIPAA") (collectively, "Personal Data")) used in connection with their businesses, and the Company has no knowledge of any breaches, violations, outages or unauthorized uses of or accesses to same, except for those that have been remedied without material cost or liability or the duty to notify any other governmental or regulatory authority, nor any material incidents under internal review or investigations relating to the same. The Company and its subsidiaries are presently in material compliance with all applicable laws or statutes, including, without limitation, HIPAA, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, and all judgments, orders, rules and regulations of any court or arbitrator or governmental or regulatory authority, internal policies and contractual obligations relating to the privacy and security of IT Systems and Personal Data and to the protection of such IT Systems and Personal Data from unauthorized use, access, misappropriation or modification;

- (x) This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company;
- (y) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, nor any director, officer, employee, or, to the knowledge of the Company, agent or representative of the Company or any of its subsidiaries has (i) used any corporate funds for any unlawful contribution, gift, entertainment or other unlawful expense relating to political activity; (ii) made or taken an act in furtherance of an offer, promise or authorization of any direct or indirect unlawful payment or benefit to any foreign or domestic government official or employee, including of any government-owned or controlled entity or of a public international organization, or any person acting in an official capacity for or on behalf of any of the foregoing, or any political party or party official or candidate for political office; (iii) violated or is in violation of any provision of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, or any applicable law or regulation implementing the OECD Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions, or committed an offence under the Bribery Act 2010 of the United Kingdom or any other applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption law; or (iv) made, offered, agreed, requested or taken an act in furtherance of any unlawful bribe or other unlawful benefit, including, without limitation, any rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful or improper payment or benefit. The Company and its subsidiaries have instituted, maintain and enforce, and will continue to maintain and enforce policies and procedures reasonably designed to promote and achieve compliance with all applicable anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws;

- (z) The operations of the Company and its subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in compliance with applicable anti-money laundering laws, including, but not limited to, the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970, as amended by the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the applicable money laundering statutes of all jurisdictions where the Company or any of its subsidiaries conducts business, the rules and regulations thereunder and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines issued, administered or enforced by any governmental agency (collectively, the "Anti-Money Laundering Laws"), and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Company or any of its subsidiaries with respect to the Anti-Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened;
- (aa) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, directors, officers or employees, nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any agent, affiliate or other person associated with or acting on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is currently the subject or the target of any sanctions administered or enforced by the U.S. government (including, without limitation, the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury or the U.S. Department of State and including, without limitation, the designation as a "specially designated national" or "blocked person"), the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, Her Majesty's Treasury or other relevant sanctions authority (collectively, "Sanctions"), nor is the Company or any of its subsidiaries located, organized or resident in a country or territory that is the subject or target of Sanctions, including, without limitation, Crimea, Cuba, Iran, North Korea and Syria (each, a "Sanctioned Country"); and the Company will not knowingly directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the offering of the Shares hereunder or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity (i) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business with any person that, at the time of such funding or facilitation, is the subject or target of Sanctions or (ii) to fund or facilitate any activities of or business in any Sanctioned Country, in each case, that would violate applicable Sanctions;
- (bb) The Company and each of its subsidiaries collectively own, or have the valid and enforceable right to use, all United States patents, patent applications, trademarks, trademarks applications, trade names, copyrights, technology, know-how and processes necessary for them to conduct the Business as currently conducted (the "Intellectual Property"), except for those the failure to own or have such valid and enforceable right to use would not be reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. Except as disclosed in the Pricing

Disclosure Package, no claim by any person has been asserted or is pending against the Company or any of its subsidiaries challenging or questioning the use of any such Intellectual Property or the validity or effectiveness of any such Intellectual Property, nor has the Company received notice of any such claim, and, to the knowledge of the Company, the use of such Intellectual Property by the Company and its subsidiaries does not infringe on the rights of any person, except for such claims and infringements which in the aggregate, would not be reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect:

- (cc) The Company has filed or caused to be filed all United States federal income tax returns and all other material tax returns which are required to be filed or has requested extensions thereof and has paid (i) all taxes shown to be due and payable on such returns and (ii) all taxes shown to be due and payable on such returns and (ii) all taxes shown to be due and payable on any assessments of which it has received notice made against it or any of its property and all other taxes, fees or other charges imposed on it or any of its property by any governmental authority (other than any (A) taxes, fees or other charges with respect to which the failure to pay, in the aggregate, would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect or (B) taxes, fees or other charges the amount or validity of which are currently being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted and with respect to which reserves in conformity with GAAP have been provided on the books of the Company). No tax lien has been filed, and no claim is being asserted, with respect to any such tax, fee or other charge, against the Company or any of its Designated Subsidiaries, except for liens or charges that would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (dd) The Company and its subsidiaries possess all licenses, permits, certificates, consents, orders, approvals and other authorizations from, and have made all declarations and filings with, all federal, state and other governmental authorities, necessary to own or lease, as the case may be, and to operate their properties and to carry on the Business as set forth in the Pricing Disclosure Package ("Permits"), except as disclosed in the Pricing Disclosure Package or where the failure to possess, make or obtain such Permits (by possession, declaration or filing) would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
 - (ee) Reserved
- (ff) There is no strike or labor dispute, slowdown or work stoppage with the employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries that is pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened, except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

- (gg) The Company and its subsidiaries collectively carry insurance (including self-insurance, if any) in such amounts and covering such risks as in the Company's reasonable determination is adequate for the conduct of its business and the value of its properties, except where the failure to carry such insurance would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (hh) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries (x) currently sponsors, maintains, participates in, contributes to, has an obligation to contribute to, or has any liability or obligation, directly or indirectly, in respect of or (y) at any time in the past six years has sponsored, participated in, contributed to, had an obligation to contribute to or has had any liability or obligation, directly or indirectly, in respect of any (i) "pension plan" (within the meaning of Section 3(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA")) subject to the provisions of Section 302 and Title IV of ERISA and Section 412 of the Code or (ii) "multiemployer plan" (within the meaning of Section 3(37) of ERISA);
- (ii) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries have taken, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that could reasonably be expected to cause or result in any stabilization or manipulation of the price of the Shares;
- (jj) Except as described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, the Company: (i) has operated and currently operates its business in compliance in all material respects with applicable provisions of the Health Care Laws (as defined below); (ii) has not received any written or oral notice of adverse finding, warning letter, untitled letter or other written or oral correspondence or written or oral notice from any governmental or regulatory authority, including, but not limited to, the Department of Health and Human Services and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (collectively, the "Regulatory Authorities") or any court or arbitrator, or alleging or asserting non-compliance with (A) any Health Care Laws or (B) any licenses, certificates, approvals, clearances, exemptions, authorizations, permits and supplements or amendments thereto required by any such Health Care Laws ("Regulatory Authorizations"), except for any written or oral notice of adverse finding, warning letter, untitled letter or other written or oral correspondence or written or oral notice from any Regulatory Authorities or any court or arbitrator, or alleging or asserting material non-compliance with any Health Care Laws or Regulatory Authorizations that would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; (iii) possesses all Regulatory Authorizations required to conduct its business as currently conducted and such Regulatory Authorizations are valid and in full force and effect and the Company is not in violation, in any material respect, of any term of any such Regulatory Authorizations; (iv) has not received written

notice of any claim, action, suit, proceeding, hearing, enforcement, investigation, arbitration or other action from any of the Regulatory Authorities or any other third party alleging that any operation or activity is in material violation of any Health Care Laws or Regulatory Authorizations and has no knowledge that any of the Regulatory Authorities or any other third party is considering any such claim, litigation, arbitration, action, suit, investigation or proceeding that would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; (v) has not received written notice that any of the Regulatory Authorities has taken, is taking or intends to take action to limit, suspend, modify or revoke any Regulatory Authorizations and has no knowledge that any of the Regulatory Authorities is considering such action that would, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; (vi) is not a party to or has any ongoing reporting obligations pursuant to any corporate integrity agreements, deferred prosecution agreements, monitoring agreements, consent decrees, settlement orders, plans of correction or similar agreements with or imposed by any Regulatory Authority; and (vii)(A) has not, nor have any of its directors, officers or, to the Company's knowledge, employees, been excluded, suspended or debarred by a Regulatory Authority from participation in any government health care program or human clinical research or (B), to the best knowledge of the Company after due inquiry, is not, and none of its directors, officers or employees is, subject to a governmental inquiry, investigation, proceeding, or other similar action that would reasonably be expected to result in debarment, suspension, or exclusion by a Regulatory Authority. For purposes of this Agreement, "Health Care Laws" means, to the extent applicable to the Company: Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1395-1395hhh (the Medicare statute); Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396-1396v (the Medicaid statute); the Federal Anti-Kickback Statute, 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7b(b); the civil False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729 et seq.; the criminal False Claims Act 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b(a); the Federal TRICARE statute, 10 U.S.C. § 1071 et seq.; the False Claims Relating to Health Care Matters statute, 18 U.S.C. § 1035; the Health Care Fraud statute, 18 U.S.C. § 1347; 18 U.S.C. Sections 286 and 287 and the health care fraud criminal provisions under HIPAA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1320d et seq.; the Physician Payments Sunshine Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7h; the Exclusion Laws, 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7; the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. §§ 301 et seq.; the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 201 et seq.; the regulations promulgated pursuant to such laws; and any similar federal, state and local laws and regulations, in each case of the foregoing laws and regulations, as amended from time to time;

(kk) No consent, approval, authorization or order of, or qualification with, any governmental body or agency, other than those obtained or where the failure to obtain or make any such consent, approval, authorization, order or qualification would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, is required in connection with the offering of the Reserved Shares in any jurisdiction where the Reserved Shares are being offered; and

- (II) The Company has not offered, or caused Merrill Lynch or its affiliates to offer, Reserved Shares to any person pursuant to the Reserved Share Program with the specific intent to unlawfully influence (i) a customer or supplier of the Company to alter the customer's or supplier's level or type of business with the Company, or (ii) a trade journalist or publication to write or publish favorable information about the Company or its products.
- 2. Subject to the terms and conditions herein set forth, (a) the Company agrees to issue and sell to each of the Underwriters, and each of the Underwriters agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase at a purchase price per share of \$[•] from the Company the number of Firm Shares set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto and (b) in the event and to the extent that the Underwriters shall exercise the election to purchase Optional Shares as provided below, the Company agrees to issue and sell to each of the Underwriters, and each of the Underwriters agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company, at the purchase price per share set forth in clause (a) of this Section 2, that portion of the number of Optional Shares as to which such election shall have been exercised (to be adjusted by the Representatives so as to eliminate fractional shares) determined by multiplying such number of Optional Shares by a fraction, the numerator of which is the maximum number of Optional Shares which such Underwriter is entitled to purchase as set forth opposite the name of such Underwriter in Schedule I hereto and the denominator of which is the maximum number of Optional Shares that all of the Underwriters are entitled to purchase hereunder.
- 3. The Company hereby grants to the Underwriters the right to purchase at their election up to [•] Optional Shares at the purchase price per share set forth in the paragraph above less an amount per share equal to any dividends or distributions declared by the Company and payable on the Firm Shares but not payable on the Optional Shares, for the sole purpose of covering sales of shares in excess of the number of Firm Shares. Any such election to purchase Optional Shares may be exercised only by written notice from the Representatives to the Company, with copies to Debevoise & Plimpton LLP, given within a period of 30 calendar days after the date of this Agreement, setting forth the aggregate number of Optional Shares to be purchased and the date on which such Optional Shares are to be delivered, as determined by the Representatives but in no event earlier than the First Time of Delivery or, unless the Representatives and the Company otherwise agree in writing, earlier than two or later than ten business days after the date of such notice.
- 4. Upon the authorization by the Company of the release of the Firm Shares, the several Underwriters propose to offer the Firm Shares for sale upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Prospectus.

- 5. (a) The Shares to be purchased by each Underwriter hereunder, in book-entry form, and in such authorized denominations and registered in such names as the Representatives may request upon at least forty-eight hours' prior notice to the Company shall be delivered by or on behalf of the Company to the Representatives, through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), for the account of such Underwriter, against payment by or on behalf of such Underwriter of the purchase price therefor by wire transfer of Federal (same-day) funds to the account specified by the Company to the Representatives at least forty-eight hours in advance. The time and date of such delivery and payment shall be, with respect to the Firm Shares, [•] [A/P].M., New York time, on [•], 2021 or such other time and date as the Representatives and the Company may agree upon in writing, and, with respect to the Optional Shares, [•] [A/P].M., New York time, on the date specified by the Representatives in each written notice given by the Representatives of the Underwriters' election to purchase such Optional Shares, or such other time and date as the Representatives and the Company may agree upon in writing. Such time and date for delivery of the Firm Shares is herein called the "First Time of Delivery," each such time and date for delivery of the Optional Shares, if not the First Time of Delivery, is herein called the "Second Time of Delivery," and each such time and date for delivery is herein called a "Time of Delivery."
- (b) The documents to be delivered at each Time of Delivery by or on behalf of the parties hereto pursuant to Section 9 hereof, including the cross-receipt for the Shares and any additional documents requested by the Representatives pursuant to Section 9(l), will be delivered electronically at the offices of Debevoise & Plimpton LLP, 919 Third Avenue, New York, New York 10022 (the "Closing Location"), and the Shares will be delivered through the book-entry facilities of DTC at such Time of Delivery. A meeting (held virtually, telephonically or otherwise) will be held at the Closing Location at [•] [A/P].M., New York City time, on the New York Business Day next preceding such Time of Delivery, at which meeting the final drafts of the documents to be delivered pursuant to the preceding sentence will be available for review by the parties hereto. For the purposes of this Section 5, "New York Business Day" shall mean each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday which is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City are generally authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.
 - 6. The Company agrees with each of the Underwriters:
 - (a) To prepare the Prospectus in a form reasonably approved by the Representatives and to file such Prospectus pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act not later than the Commission's close of business on the second business day following the execution and delivery of this Agreement, or, if applicable, such earlier time as may be required by Rule 430A(a)(3) under the Act; to make no further amendment or any supplement to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus prior to the last Time of Delivery without the consent of the

Representatives which shall not be unreasonably withheld; to advise the Representatives, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the time when any amendment to the Registration Statement has been filed or becomes effective or any amendment or supplement to the Prospectus has been filed and to furnish the Representatives with copies thereof; to file promptly all material required to be filed by the Company with the Commission pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act; to advise the Representatives, promptly after it receives notice thereof, of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order or of any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or other prospectus in respect of the Shares, of the suspension of the qualification of the Shares for offering or sale in any jurisdiction, of the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for any such purpose, or of any request by the Commission for the amending or supplementing of the Registration Statement or the Prospectus or for additional information; and, in the event of the issuance of any stop order or of any order preventing or suspending the use of any Preliminary Prospectus or other prospectus or suspending any such qualification, to promptly use its best efforts to obtain the withdrawal of such order;

- (b) Promptly from time to time to take such action as the Representatives may reasonably request to qualify the Shares for offering and sale under the securities laws of such jurisdictions as the Representatives may reasonably request and to comply with such laws so as to permit the continuance of sales and dealings therein in such jurisdictions for as long as may be necessary to complete the distribution of the Shares; <u>provided</u> that in connection therewith the Company shall not be required to qualify as a foreign corporation or to file a general consent to service of process in any jurisdiction;
- (c) Prior to [●] [A/P].M., New York City time, on the second New York Business Day following the date of this Agreement and from time to time, to furnish the Underwriters with physical and electronic copies of the Prospectus in New York City in such quantities as the Representatives may reasonably request, and, if the delivery of a prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) is required at any time prior to the expiration of nine months after the time of issue of the Prospectus in connection with the offering or sale of the Shares and if at such time any event shall have occurred as a result of which the Prospectus as then amended or supplemented would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made when such Prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) is delivered, not misleading, or, if for any other reason it shall be necessary during such same period to amend or supplement the Prospectus in order to comply with the Act, to notify the Representatives and upon the Representatives' request to prepare and furnish

without charge to each Underwriter and to any dealer in securities as many physical and electronic copies as the Representatives may from time to time reasonably request of an amended Prospectus or a supplement to the Prospectus which will correct such statement or omission or effect such compliance; and in case any Underwriter is required to deliver a prospectus (or in lieu thereof, the notice referred to in Rule 173(a) under the Act) in connection with sales of any of the Shares at any time nine months or more after the time of issue of the Prospectus, upon the Representatives' request but at the expense of such Underwriter, to prepare and deliver to such Underwriter as many physical and electronic copies as the Representatives may request of an amended or supplemented Prospectus complying with Section 10(a)(3) of the Act;

- (d) To make generally available to its security holders as soon as practicable, but in any event not later than sixteen months after the effective date of the Registration Statement (as defined in Rule 158(c) under the Act), an earnings statement of the Company and its subsidiaries (which need not be audited) complying with Section 11(a) of the Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder (including, at the option of the Company, Rule 158);
- (e) (i) During the period beginning from the date hereof and continuing to and including the date 180 days after the date of the Prospectus (the "Lock-Up Period"), not to (A) offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, make any short sale, lend or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, or submit to or file with the Commission a registration statement under the Act relating to, any securities of the Company that are substantially similar to the Shares, including but not limited to any options or warrants to purchase shares of Stock or any securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, Stock or any such substantially similar securities or publicly disclose the intention to undertake any of the foregoing, or (B) enter into any swap or other agreement that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Stock or any such other securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (A) or (B) above is to be settled by delivery of Stock or such other securities, in cash or otherwise (other than (1) the Shares to be issued and sold by the Company hereunder, (2) any shares of Stock issued by the Company upon the exercise of an option, warrant, the settlement of any deferred stock unit or vesting or settlement of any restricted stock unit or the conversion of a security outstanding on the date hereof and referred to in the Registration Statement, Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, (3) any shares of Stock issued or options to purchase Common Stock or restricted stock units or deferred stock units granted pursuant to employee benefit or compensation plans of the Company referred to in the Registration Statement, Pricing Disclosure Package

and the Prospectus, (4) any shares of Stock, restricted stock units, deferred stock units or other Stock-based awards issued pursuant to any non-employee director stock plan or dividend reinvestment plan referred to in the Registration Statement, Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, (5) the filing of any registration statement on Form S-8, or (6) the entry into an agreement providing for the issuance of Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable for Stock, and the issuance of any such securities pursuant to such an agreement, in connection with (i) the acquisition by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of the securities, business, property or other assets of another person or entity, including pursuant to an employee benefit plan assumed by the Company in connection with such acquisition, or (ii) joint ventures, commercial relationships or other strategic transactions, and the issuance of any such securities pursuant to any such agreement; provided that the aggregate number of shares issued or issuable pursuant to this clause (6) does not exceed 10% of the outstanding shares of Stock and prior to any such issuance each recipient of any such securities shall have executed and delivered to the Representatives an agreement substantially in the form of Annex III hereto), without having received a prior written waiver from J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (the "Lock-Up Waiver Requirement");

- (ii) If J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, in their sole discretion, agree to release or waive the restrictions in lock-up letters described in Section 9(i) hereof, for an officer or director of the Company, pursuant to a waiver request and provide the Company with notice of the impending release or waiver substantially in the form of Annex IV hereto at least three business days before the effective date of the release or waiver, the Company agrees to announce the impending release or waiver by a press release substantially in the form of Annex V hereto through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver;
 - (f) To use its reasonable best efforts to list the Shares on the New York Stock Exchange (the "Exchange");
 - (g) To file with the Commission such information on Form 10-Q or Form 10-K as may be required by Rule 463 under the Act;
- (h) If the Company elects to rely upon Rule 462(b), to file a Rule 462(b) Registration Statement with the Commission in compliance with Rule 462(b) by [♠] [A/P].M., Washington, D.C. time, on the date of this Agreement, and the Company shall at the time of filing either pay to the Commission the filing fee for the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement or give irrevocable instructions for the payment of such fee pursuant to Rule 3a(c) of the Commission's Informal and Other Procedures (17 CFR 202.3a); and
- (i) To comply with all applicable securities and other applicable laws, rules and regulations in each jurisdiction in which the Reserved Shares are offered in connection with the Reserved Share Program.

- 7. (a) The Company represents and agrees that, without the prior consent of the Representatives, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the Shares that would constitute a "free writing prospectus" as defined in Rule 405 under the Act; and each Underwriter, severally and not jointly, represents and agrees that, without the prior consent of the Company and the Representatives, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the Shares that would constitute a free writing prospectus required to be filed with the Commission; any such free writing prospectus the use of which has been consented to by the Company and the Representatives is listed in Schedule II(a) and Schedule II(b) hereto;
- (b) The Company has complied and will comply with the requirements of Rule 433 under the Act applicable to any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, including timely filing with the Commission or retention where required and legending; and the Company represents that it has satisfied and agrees that it will satisfy the conditions under Rule 433 under the Act to avoid a requirement to file with the Commission any electronic road show; and
- (c) The Company agrees that if at any time following issuance of an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus any event occurred or occurs as a result of which such Issuer Free Writing Prospectus would conflict with the information in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus or would include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances then prevailing, not misleading, the Company will give notice thereof as soon as reasonably practicable to the Representatives and, if reasonably requested by the Representatives, will prepare and furnish without charge to each Underwriter an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or other document which will correct such conflict, statement or omission; provided, however, that this representation and warranty shall not apply to any statements or omissions in an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to the Company by an Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein.
- 8. The Company covenants and agrees with the several Underwriters that the Company will pay or cause to be paid the following: (i) the fees, disbursements and expenses of the Company's counsel and accountants in connection with the registration of the Shares under the Act and all other expenses of the Company in connection with the preparation, printing, reproduction and filing of the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and the Prospectus and amendments and supplements thereto and the mailing and delivering of copies thereof to the Underwriters and dealers; (ii) the cost of printing or producing any Agreement among

Underwriters, this Agreement, the Blue Sky Memorandum, closing documents (including any compilations thereof) and any other documents in connection with the offering, purchase, sale and delivery of the Shares; (iii) fees and expenses in connection with the qualification of the Shares for offering and sale under state securities laws as provided in Section 6(b) hereof, including the fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters in connection with such qualification and in connection with the Blue Sky survey, which fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters, taken together with any fees and disbursements of such counsel pursuant to clause (iv) of this Section, shall not exceed \$25,000; (iv) the filing fees incident to any required review by FINRA of the terms of the sale of the Shares and the reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters in connection therewith, which fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters, taken together with any fees and disbursements of such counsel pursuant to clause (iii) of this Section, shall not exceed \$25,000; (v) the cost of preparing stock certificates, if applicable; (vi) the cost and charges of any transfer agent or registrar; (vii) the travel expenses incurred by or on behalf of representatives of the Company in connection with attending or hosting meetings with prospective purchasers of the Stock, and expenses associated with any electronic road show (it being understood that the Underwriters, collectively, shall bear one-half of the costs associated with any chartered aircraft); (viii) all expenses (except underwriter discounts and commissions) incident to the sale and delivery of the Shares to be issued and sold to the Underwriters hereunder; (ix) all fees and disbursements of counsel for the Underwriters incident to the offer and sale of Reserved Shares by Merrill Lynch, and stamp duties, similar taxes or duties or other taxes, if any, incurred by Merrill Lynch incident to the offer and sale of Reserved Shares; and (x) all other costs and expenses incident to the performance of its obligations hereunder which are not otherwise specifically provided for in this Section. It is understood, however, that except as provided in this Section, and Sections 10 and 13 hereof, the Underwriters will pay all of their own costs and expenses, including the fees of their counsel, stock transfer taxes on resale of any of the Shares by them, and any advertising expenses connected with any offers they may make.

9. The obligations of the Underwriters hereunder, as to the Shares to be delivered at each Time of Delivery, shall be subject, in their discretion, to the condition that all representations and warranties and other statements of the Company herein are, at and as of such Time of Delivery, true and correct (except to the extent such representations and warranties speak as of another date, in which case such representations and warranties shall be true and correct as of such other date), the condition that the Company shall have performed all of its obligations hereunder theretofore to be performed, and the following additional conditions:

- (a) The Prospectus shall have been filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Act within the applicable time period prescribed for such filing by the rules and regulations under the Act and in accordance with Section 6(a) hereof; all material required to be filed by the Company pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act shall have been filed with the Commission within the applicable time period prescribed for such filing by Rule 433; if the Company has elected to rely upon Rule 462(b) under the Act, the Rule 462(b) Registration Statement shall have become effective on the date of this Agreement; no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any part thereof shall have been issued and no proceeding for that purpose shall have been initiated or threatened by the Commission no stop order suspending or preventing the use of the Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus shall have been initiated or threatened by the Commission; and all requests for additional information on the part of the Commission shall have been complied with to the reasonable satisfaction of the Representatives;
- (b) Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP, counsel for the Underwriters, shall have furnished to the Representatives such written opinion or opinions, dated such Time of Delivery, in form and substance satisfactory to the Representatives;
- (c) Debevoise & Plimpton LLP, counsel for the Company, shall have furnished to the Representatives its written opinion and negative assurance letter, substantially in the forms set forth in Annex I-A and Annex I-B hereto, each dated such Time of Delivery;
- (d) On the date of the Prospectus at a time prior to the execution of this Agreement, on the effective date of any post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement filed subsequent to the date of this Agreement and also at each Time of Delivery, EY shall have furnished to the Representatives a letter or letters, dated the respective dates of delivery thereof, in form and substance satisfactory to the Representatives and in accordance with professional auditing standards;
- (e) (i) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries shall have sustained since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus any loss or interference with its business from fire, explosion, flood or other calamity, whether or not covered by insurance, or from any labor dispute or court or governmental action, order or decree, otherwise than as set forth in or contemplated by the Pricing Disclosure Package; (ii) neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries shall have entered into any transaction or agreement (whether or not in the ordinary course of business) or incurred any liability or obligation, direct or contingent, since the date of the last audited financial statements included in the Pricing Prospectus and (iii) since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Pricing Prospectus there shall not have been any change in the capital stock or long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries or any change, or any development involving a prospective change, in or affecting the (A) general affairs, management, financial position, stockholders' equity or results of operations of the Company and its

subsidiaries, taken together as a whole or (B) the performance by the Company of its obligations under this Agreement, otherwise than as set forth or contemplated in the Pricing Disclosure Package, the effect of which, in any such case described in clause (i), (ii) or (iii), is in the judgment of the Representatives so material and adverse as to make it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the Shares being delivered at such Time of Delivery on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus;

- (f) On or after the Applicable Time (i) no downgrading shall have occurred in the rating accorded any debt securities of the Company by any "nationally recognized statistical rating organization" registered under Section 15E of the Exchange Act, and (ii) no such organization shall have publicly announced that it has under surveillance or review, with possible negative implications, its rating of any of the debt securities of the Company;
- (g) On or after the Applicable Time there shall not have occurred any of the following: (i) a suspension or material limitation in trading in securities generally on, or by, as the case may be, any of the New York Stock Exchange, or The NASDAQ Global Select Market; (ii) a suspension or material limitation in trading in the Company's securities on the Exchange; (iii) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities declared by either Federal or New York State authorities or a material disruption in commercial banking or securities settlement or clearance services in the United States; (iv) the outbreak or escalation of hostilities involving the United States or the declaration by the United States of a national emergency or war; or (v) the occurrence of any other calamity or crisis or any change in financial, political or economic conditions in the United States or elsewhere, if the effect of any such event specified in clause (iv) or (v) in the judgment of the Representatives makes it impracticable or inadvisable to proceed with the public offering or the delivery of the Shares being delivered at such Time of Delivery on the terms and in the manner contemplated in the Prospectus;
 - (h) The Shares to be sold at such Time of Delivery shall have been duly listed, subject to official notice of issuance, on the Exchange;
- (i) The Company shall have obtained and delivered to the Underwriters executed copies of an agreement from each executive officer, director and stockholder of the Company listed in Schedule III hereto, substantially to the effect set forth in Annex III hereto in form and substance satisfactory to the Representatives;
- (j) The Company shall have complied with the provisions of Section 6(c) hereof with respect to the furnishing of prospectuses on the second New York Business Day following the date of this Agreement;

- (k) The Company shall have furnished or caused to be furnished to the Underwriters at such Time of Delivery certificates of officers of the Company satisfactory to the Underwriters as to the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the Company herein at and as of such Time of Delivery, as to the performance by the Company of all of its respective obligations hereunder to be performed at or prior to such Time of Delivery, as to such other matters as the Underwriters may reasonably request as to the matters set forth in subsections (a) and (f) of this Section 9;
- (l) The Company shall have furnished or caused to be furnished to the Underwriters on the date of this Agreement and at such Time of Delivery, a certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, satisfactory to the Underwriters, as to the accuracy of certain data contained in the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus, respectively; and
- (m) On or prior to the date of this Agreement, the Representatives shall have received a certificate satisfying the beneficial ownership due diligence requirements of the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network ("<u>FinCEN</u>") from the Company, in form and substance satisfactory to the Representatives, along with such additional supporting documentation as the Representatives have requested in connection with the verification of the foregoing certificate.
- 10. (a) The Company will indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter and each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act and their respective officers, directors, employees and selling agents (including any affiliate of an Underwriter involved on behalf of the Underwriter in the distribution process for the Stock) against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such Underwriter may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus, the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any "issuer information" (in the case of either an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or such "issuer information," taken together with the Pricing Prospectus) filed or required to be filed pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act, any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication or any road show as defined in Rule 433(h) of the Act (a "Road Show"), or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading (in the case of the Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus, the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, and any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made), and will reimburse each Underwriter for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such Underwriter in connection with investigating or

defending any such action or claim as such expenses are incurred; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Company shall not be liable to any Underwriter in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by any Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein.

(b) Each Underwriter, severally and not jointly, will indemnify and hold harmless the Company and each person, if any, who controls the Company within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act and their respective officers, directors and employees against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities to which the Company may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus (taken together with the Pricing Prospectus), any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication or any Road Show, or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading (in the case of the Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made), in each case to the extent, but only to the extent, that such untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission was made in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication or any Road Show, in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by such Underwriter through the Representatives expressly for use therein; and will reimburse the Company for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim as such expenses are incurred. The Company acknowledges that the following statements constitute the only information furnished in writing by or on behalf of the Underwriters for inclusion in the Registration Statement, any Preliminary Prospectus, the Pricing Prospectus or the Prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus, any Written Testing-the-Waters Communication or any Road Show (the "Underwriter Information"): the names of the Underwriters and the statements in the fourth, seventh, fourteenth, fifteenth, eighteenth and nineteenth paragraphs under the heading "Underwriting" contained in the Pricing Prospectus.

(c) Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party under subsection (a) or (b) of this Section 10 of notice of the commencement of any action, such indemnified party shall, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against the indemnifying party under such subsection, notify the indemnifying party in writing of the commencement thereof; but the omission so to notify the indemnifying party shall not relieve it from any liability hereunder to the extent it is not materially prejudiced (through the forfeiture of substantive rights and defenses) as a result thereof and in any event shall not relieve it from any liability which it may have to any indemnified party otherwise than under such subsection. In case any such action shall be brought against any indemnified party and it shall notify the indemnifying party of the commencement thereof, the indemnifying party shall be entitled to participate therein and, to the extent that it shall wish, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to assume the defense thereof, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to such indemnified party (who shall not, except with the consent of the indemnified party, be counsel to the indemnifying party), and, after notice from the indemnifying party to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the indemnifying party shall not be liable to such indemnified party under such subsection for any legal expenses of other counsel or any other expenses, in each case subsequently incurred by such indemnified party, in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. To the extent that an indemnifying party does not assume the defense of any such action, it is understood that the indemnifying party or parties shall not, in connection with any one action or proceeding or separate but substantially similar actions or proceedings arising out of the same general allegations, be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one separate firm of attorneys at any time for all indemnified parties (except to the extent that local counsel (in addition to any regular counsel) is required to effectively defend against any such action or proceeding); provided that the fees and expenses of such separate firm of attorneys and any local counsel shall be reasonably incurred. No indemnifying party shall, without the written consent of the indemnified party, effect the settlement or compromise of, or consent to the entry of any judgment with respect to, any pending or threatened action or claim in respect of which indemnification or contribution may be sought hereunder (whether or not the indemnified party is an actual or potential party to such action or claim) unless such settlement, compromise or judgment (i) includes an unconditional release of the indemnified party from all liability arising out of such action or claim and (ii) does not include a statement as to or an admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act, by or on behalf of any indemnified party. No indemnifying party shall be liable for any settlement of any action effected without its prior written consent.

(d) If the indemnification provided for in this Section 10 is unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party under subsection (a) or (b) above in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits

received by the Company on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other from the offering of the Shares. If, however, the allocation provided by the immediately preceding sentence is not permitted by applicable law or if the indemnified party failed to give the notice required under subsection (c) above, then each indemnifying party shall contribute to such amount paid or payable by such indemnified party in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only such relative benefits but also the relative fault of the Company on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other in connection with the statements or omissions which resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof), as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative benefits received by the Company on the one hand and the Underwriters on the other from the offering of the Shares shall be deemed to be in the same respective proportions as the net proceeds from the offering (before deducting expenses) received by the Company from the sale of the Shares and the total underwriting discounts and commissions received by the Underwriters in connection therewith, in each case as set forth in the table on the cover of the Prospectus. The relative fault shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company on the one hand or the Underwriters on the other and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission. The Company and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this subsection (d) were determined by pro rata allocation (even if the Underwriters were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation which does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to above in this subsection (d). The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to above in this subsection (d) shall be deemed to include any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (d), no Underwriter shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total price at which the Shares underwritten by it and distributed to the public were offered to the public exceeds the amount of any damages which such Underwriter has otherwise been required to pay by reason of such untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

The Underwriters' obligations in this subsection (d) to contribute are several in proportion to their respective underwriting obligations and not joint.

- (e) The Company will indemnify and hold harmless Merrill Lynch, its affiliates, directors and officers, and each person, if any, who controls Merrill Lynch within the meaning of Section 15 of the Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities to which Merrill Lynch may become subject, under the Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) (i) are caused by any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any material prepared by or with the consent of the Company for distribution to Participants in connection with the Reserved Share Program, or caused by any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; (ii) are caused by the failure of any Participant to pay for and accept delivery of Reserved Shares which have been orally confirmed for purchase by any invitee by 11:59 P.M. (New York time) on the date of the Agreement; or (iii) relate to, arise out of, or are in connection with the Reserved Share Program other than losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or expenses relating thereto) that are finally judicially determined to have resulted from the bad faith or gross negligence of Merrill Lynch, and will reimburse Merrill Lynch for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by Merrill Lynch in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim, as such expenses are reasonably incurred.
- (f) Promptly after receipt by Merrill Lynch under subsection (e) of this Section 10 of notice of the commencement of any action, Merrill Lynch shall, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against the Company under such subsection, notify the Company in writing of the commencement thereof. In case any such action shall be brought against Merrill Lynch and it shall notify the Company of the commencement thereof, the Company shall be entitled to participate therein and to assume the defense thereof, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to Merrill Lynch (who shall not, except with the consent of Merrill Lynch, be counsel to the Company), and, after notice from the Company to Merrill Lynch of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the Company shall not be liable to Merrill Lynch under such subsection for any legal expenses of other counsel or any other expenses, in each case subsequently incurred by Merrill Lynch, in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. To the extent that the Company does not assume the defense of any such action, it is understood that the Company shall not, in connection with any one action or proceeding or separate but substantially similar actions or proceedings arising out of the same general allegations, be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one separate firm of attorneys at any time for Merrill Lynch (except to the extent that local counsel (in addition to any regular counsel) is required to effectively defend against any such action or proceeding); provided that the fees and expenses of such separate firm of attorneys and any local counsel shall be reasonably incurred. The Company shall not, without the written consent of Merrill Lynch, effect the settlement or compromise of, or consent to the entry of any judgment with respect to, any pending or threatened action or claim in respect of which indemnification or contribution may be sought hereunder (whether or not Merrill Lynch is an actual or potential party to such action or claim) unless such settlement, compromise or judgment (i) includes an unconditional release of Merrill Lynch from all liability arising out of such action or claim and (ii) does not include a statement as to or an admission of fault, culpability or a failure to act, by or on behalf of Merrill Lynch. The Company shall not be liable for any settlement of any action effected without its prior written consent.

(g) If the indemnification provided for in this Section 10 is unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless Merrill Lynch under subsection (e) above in respect of any losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to therein, then the Company shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by Merrill Lynch as a result of such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company on the one hand and Merrill Lynch on the other from the offering of the Reserved Shares. If, however, the allocation provided by the immediately preceding sentence is not permitted by applicable law or if Merrill Lynch failed to give the notice required under subsection (f) above, then the Company shall contribute to such amount paid or payable by Merrill Lynch in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only such relative benefits but also the relative fault of the Company on the one hand and Merrill Lynch on the other in connection with the statements or omissions which resulted in such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof), as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. If the loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon an untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact, the relative fault shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the Company on the one hand or Merrill Lynch on the other and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission. The Company and Merrill Lynch agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this subsection (g) were determined by pro rata allocation (even if Merrill Lynch were treated as one entity for such purpose) or by any other method of allocation which does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to above in this subsection (g). The amount paid or payable by Merrill Lynch as a result of the losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) referred to above in this subsection (g) shall be deemed to include any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by Merrill Lynch in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (g), Merrill Lynch shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the amount by which the total price at which the Reserved Shares distributed to the public were offered to the public exceeds the amount of any damages which Merrill Lynch has otherwise been required to pay by reason of such untrue or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

- (h) The obligations of the Company under this Section 10 shall be in addition to any liability which the Company may otherwise have and shall extend, upon the same terms and conditions, to each officer and director of each Underwriter and each person, if any, who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of the Act and each broker-dealer affiliate of any Underwriter; and the obligations of the Underwriters under this Section 10 shall be in addition to any liability which the respective Underwriters may otherwise have and shall extend, upon the same terms and conditions, to each officer and director of the Company and to each person, if any, who controls the Company within the meaning of the Act.
- 11. (a) If any Underwriter shall default in its obligation to purchase the Shares that it has agreed to purchase hereunder at a Time of Delivery, the Representatives may in their discretion arrange for the Representatives or another party or other parties to purchase such Shares on the terms contained herein. If within thirty-six hours after such default by any Underwriter the Representatives do not arrange for the purchase of such Shares, then the Company shall be entitled to a further period of thirty-six hours within which to procure another party or other parties reasonably satisfactory to the Representatives to purchase such Shares on such terms. In the event that, within the respective prescribed periods, the Representatives notify the Company that the Representatives have so arranged for the purchase of such Shares, or the Company notifies the Representatives that it has so arranged for the purchase of such Shares, the Representatives or the Company shall have the right to postpone such Time of Delivery for a period of not more than seven days, in order to effect whatever changes may thereby be made necessary in the Registration Statement or the Prospectus, or in any other documents or arrangements, and the Company agrees to file promptly any amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement or the Prospectus which in the opinion of the Representatives may thereby be made necessary. The term "Underwriter" as used in this Agreement shall include any person substituted under this Section with like effect as if such person had originally been a party to this Agreement with respect to such Shares.
- (b) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by the Representatives and the Company as provided in subsection (a) above, the aggregate number of such Shares which remains unpurchased does not exceed one-eleventh of the aggregate number of all the Shares to be purchased at such Time of Delivery, then the Company shall have the right to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase the number of Shares which such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder at such Time of Delivery and, in addition, to require each non-defaulting Underwriter to purchase its pro rata share (based on the number of Shares which such Underwriter agreed to purchase hereunder) of the Shares of such defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters for which such arrangements have not been made; but nothing herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter from liability for its default.

- (c) If, after giving effect to any arrangements for the purchase of the Shares of a defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters by the Representatives and the Company as provided in subsection (a) above, the aggregate number of such Shares which remains unpurchased exceeds one-eleventh of the aggregate number of all of the Shares to be purchased at such Time of Delivery, or if the Company shall not exercise the right described in subsection (b) above to require non-defaulting Underwriters to purchase Shares of a defaulting Underwriter, then this Agreement (or, with respect to a Second Time of Delivery, the obligations of the Underwriters to purchase and of the Company to sell the Optional Shares) shall thereupon terminate, without liability on the part of any non-defaulting Underwriter or the Company, except for the expenses to be borne by the Company and the Underwriters as provided in Section 8 hereof and the indemnity and contribution agreements in Section 10 hereof; but nothing herein shall relieve a defaulting Underwriter from liability for its default.
- 12. The respective indemnities, agreements, representations, warranties and other statements of the Company and the several Underwriters, as set forth in this Agreement or made by or on behalf of them, respectively, pursuant to this Agreement, shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation (or any statement as to the results thereof) made by or on behalf of any Underwriter or any controlling person of any Underwriter, or the Company or any officer or director or controlling person of the Company, and shall survive delivery of and payment for the Shares.
- 13. If this Agreement shall be terminated pursuant to Section 11 hereof, the Company shall not be under any liability to any Underwriter except as provided in Sections 8 and 10 hereof; but, if for any other reason any Shares are not delivered by or on behalf of the Company as provided herein, the Company will reimburse the Underwriters through the Representatives for all out-of-pocket expenses approved in writing by the Representatives, including fees and disbursements of counsel, reasonably incurred by the Underwriters in making preparations for the purchase, sale and delivery of the Shares not so delivered, but the Company shall not then be under any further liability to any Underwriter except as provided in Sections 8 and 10 hereof.
- 14. In accordance with the requirements of the USA Patriot Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law October 26, 2001)), the Underwriters are required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies their respective clients, including the Company, which information may include the name and address of their respective clients, as well as other information that will allow the Underwriters to properly identify their respective clients.

All statements, requests, notices and agreements hereunder shall be in writing, and if to the Underwriters shall be delivered or sent by mail or facsimile transmission to the Representatives in care of [J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, 383 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10179 (fax: 212-622-8353); Attention: Equity Syndicate Desk/ Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282, Attention:

Registration Department/ BofA Securities, Inc., BofA Securities, Inc., One Bryant Park, New York, NY 10036, Attention: [•]]; if to the Company shall be delivered or sent by mail or facsimile transmission to the address of the Company set forth on the cover of the Registration Statement, Attention: [[•] (fax: [•])]; and if to any stockholder that has delivered a lock-up letter described in Section 9(i) hereof shall be delivered or sent by mail to his or her respective address provided in Schedule III hereto or such other address as such stockholder provides in writing to the Company; provided, however, that any notice to an Underwriter pursuant to Section 10(c) hereof shall be delivered or sent by mail facsimile transmission to such Underwriter at its address set forth in its Underwriters' Questionnaire, which address will be supplied to the Company by the Representatives on request; provided, further, that notices under subsection 6(e) shall be in writing, and if to the Underwriters shall be delivered or sent by mail or facsimile transmission to the Representatives at the addresses above. Any such statements, requests, notices or agreements shall take effect upon receipt thereof.

- 15. This Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure solely to the benefit of, the Underwriters and the Company and, to the extent provided in Sections 10 and 12 hereof, the officers and directors of the Company and each person who controls the Company or any Underwriter, and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, and no other person shall acquire or have any right under or by virtue of this Agreement. No purchaser of any of the Shares from any Underwriter shall be deemed a successor or assign by reason merely of such purchase.
- 16. Time shall be of the essence of this Agreement. As used herein, the term "business day" shall mean any day when the Commission's office in Washington, D.C. is open for business.
- 17. The Company acknowledges and agrees that (i) the purchase and sale of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement is an arm's-length commercial transaction between the Company, on the one hand, and the several Underwriters, on the other, (ii) in connection therewith and with the process leading to such transaction each Underwriter is acting solely as a principal and not the agent or fiduciary of the Company, (iii) no Underwriter has assumed an advisory or fiduciary responsibility in favor of the Company with respect to the offering contemplated hereby or the process leading thereto (irrespective of whether such Underwriter has advised or is currently advising the Company on other matters) or any other obligation to the Company except the obligations expressly set forth in this Agreement and (iv) the Company has consulted its own legal and financial advisors to the extent it deemed appropriate. The Company agrees that it will not claim that the Underwriters, or any of them, has rendered advisory services of any nature or respect, or owes a fiduciary or similar duty to the Company, in connection with such transaction or the process leading thereto.

- 18. This Agreement supersedes all prior agreements and understandings (whether written or oral) between the Company and the Underwriters, or any of them, with respect to the subject matter hereof.
 - 19. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.
- 20. The Company and each of the Underwriters hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 21. (a) In the event that any Underwriter that is a Covered Entity becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, the transfer from such Underwriter of this Agreement, and any interest and obligation in or under this Agreement, will be effective to the same extent as the transfer would be effective under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if this Agreement, and any such interest and obligation, were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States.
- (b) In the event that any Underwriter that is a Covered Entity or a BHC Act Affiliate of such Underwriter becomes subject to a proceeding under a U.S. Special Resolution Regime, Default Rights under this Agreement that may be exercised against such Underwriter are permitted to be exercised to no greater extent than such Default Rights could be exercised under the U.S. Special Resolution Regime if this Agreement were governed by the laws of the United States or a state of the United States.
 - (c) As used in this Section 21:
 - (i) "BHC Act Affiliate" has the meaning assigned to the term "affiliate" in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 U.S.C. § 1841(k).
 - (ii) "Covered Entity" means any of the following:
 - (a) a "covered entity" as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 252.82(b);
 - (b) a "covered bank" as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 47.3(b); or
 - (c) a "covered FSI" as that term is defined in, and interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. § 382.2(b).
 - (iii) "Default Right" has the meaning assigned to that term in, and shall be interpreted in accordance with, 12 C.F.R. §§ 252.81, 47.2 or 382.1, as applicable.

- (iv) "U.S. Special Resolution Regime" means each of (i) the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (ii) Title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 22. This Agreement may be executed by any one or more of the parties hereto in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Agreement by one party to the others may be made by facsimile, electronic mail, other electronic format (including any electronic signature complying with the New York Electronic Signatures and Records Act (N.Y. State Tech. §§ 301-309), as amended from time to time, or other applicable law) or other transmission method, and the parties hereto agree that any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding, please sign and return to us one for the Company and the Representatives plus one for each counsel, and upon the acceptance hereof by the Representatives, on behalf of each of the Underwriters, this letter and such acceptance hereof shall constitute a binding agreement among each of the Underwriters and the Company. It is understood that your acceptance of this letter on behalf of each of the Underwriters is pursuant to the authority set forth in a form of Agreement among Underwriters, the form of which shall be submitted to the Company for examination, upon request, but without warranty on your part as to the authority of the signers thereof.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

Ver	y truly yours,
AG	ILON HEALTH, INC.
Ву:	
	Name:
	Title:
[Signature Page to Underwriting Agreeme	ent]

J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC	
By:	
Name: Title:	
GOLDMAN SACHS & CO. LLC	
By:	
Name:	
Title:	
BOFA SECURITIES, INC.	
By:	
Name:	
Title:	
For themselves and on behalf of	
the several Underwriters listed	

Accepted as of the date hereof

in Schedule I hereto

[Signature Page to Underwriting Agreement]

Number of Optional Shares to be Purchased if Maximum Option Exercised

Total Number of Firm Shares to be Purchased

<u>Underwriter</u> J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC BofA Securities, Inc. Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. Wells Fargo Securities, LLC William Blair & Company, L.L.C. Truist Securities, Inc. Nomura Securities International, Inc. Total

Schedule I-1

(a) Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses not included in the Pricing Disclosure Package:

Electronic Roadshow, dated [•]

(b) Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses and other information other than the Pricing Prospectus that comprises the Pricing Disclosure Package:

Public offering price per share for the Shares is \$[•].

The number of Firm Shares is [•].

The number of Optional Shares is [•].

The First Time of Delivery is [•], 2021.

Schedule II-1

SCHEDULE IIII

Directors, Officers and Stockholders Subject to Lock-Up

Schedule III-1

Designated Subsidiaries

Agilon New York Holdco, Inc.	
Buffalo IPA, Inc.	
CoreCare Holdings, Inc.	
Core Care Select, Inc.	
CCS Core Care Select - Columbus, Inc.	
CCSS Core Care Select - Southeast Ohio, Inc.	
CCSA Core Care Select - Akron, Inc	
Cyber-Pro Systems, Inc.	
MDX Hawai'i, Inc.	
Connecticut Holdco, Inc.	
Connecticut RBE, Inc.	
Lineage Investments, Inc.	
Primary Provider Management Co., Inc.	
Pennsylvania Holdco, Inc.	
Pittsburgh RBE, Inc.	
Texas Holdco, Inc.	
Texas RBE, Inc.	
	Schedule IV-1

[Form of opinion of counsel for the Company]

Annex I-A-1

[Form of negative assurance letter of counsel for the Company]

Annex I-B-1

[List of approved Written Testing-the-Waters Communications]

FORM OF LOCK-UP AGREEMENT

 $[\bullet], 2021$

J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC GOLDMAN SACHS & CO. LLC BOFA SECURITIES, INC.

As Representatives of the several Underwriters listed in Schedule 1 to the Underwriting Agreement referred to below

c/o J.P. Morgan Securities LLC 383 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10179

c/o Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC 200 West Street New York, New York 10282

c/o BofA Securities, Inc. One Bryant Park New York, New York 10036

Re: agilon health, inc. — Public Offering

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned understands that you, as Representatives of the several Underwriters, propose to enter into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), providing for the public offering (the "Public Offering") by the several Underwriters named in Schedule 1 to the Underwriting Agreement (the "Underwriters"), of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, of the Company (the "Common Stock") pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the Underwriting Agreement.

In consideration of the Underwriters' agreement to offer and sell the Common Stock, and for other good and valuable consideration receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned hereby agrees that, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC on behalf of the Underwriters, the undersigned will not, and will not cause any direct or indirect affiliate to, in each case subject to the exceptions set forth in this

letter agreement (this "Letter Agreement"), during the period beginning on the date of this Letter Agreement and ending at the close of business 180 days after the date of the final prospectus relating to the Public Offering (the "Prospectus") (such period, the "Restricted Period"), (1) offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, sell any option or contract to purchase, purchase any option or contract to sell, grant any option, right or warrant to purchase, lend, or otherwise transfer or dispose of, directly or indirectly, any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for Common Stock (including without limitation, Common Stock or such other securities which may be deemed to be beneficially owned by the undersigned in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC and securities which may be issued upon exercise of a stock option or warrant) [owned by the undersigned as of the date hereof] (collectively with the Common Stock, "Lock-Up Securities"), (2) enter into any hedging, swap or other agreement or transaction that transfers, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of the Lock-Up Securities, whether any such transaction described in clause (1) or (2) above is to be settled by delivery of Lock-Up Securities, in cash or otherwise, (3) make any demand for or exercise any right with respect to the registration of any Lock-Up Securities, or (4) publicly disclose the intention to do any of the foregoing, provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, to the extent that the undersigned has demand and/or piggyback registration rights, the foregoing shall not prohibit the undersigned from notifying the Company privately that it is or will be exercising its demand and/or piggyback registration rights following the expiration of the Restricted Period and undertaking preparations related thereto (which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall not include any filing or submission with the SEC). The undersigned acknowledges and agrees that the foregoing precludes the undersigned from engaging in any hedging or other transactions or arrangements (including, without limitation, any short sale or the purchase or sale of, or entry into, any put or call option, or combination thereof, forward, swap or any other derivative transaction or instrument, however described or defined) designed or intended, or which could reasonably be expected to lead to or result in, a sale or disposition or transfer (whether by the undersigned or any other person) of any economic consequences of ownership, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, of any Lock-Up Securities, whether any such transaction or arrangement (or instrument provided for thereunder) would be settled by delivery of Lock-Up Securities, in cash or otherwise. The undersigned further confirms that it has furnished J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC with the details of any transaction the undersigned, or any of its affiliates, is a party to as of the date hereof, which transaction would have been restricted by this Letter Agreement if it had been entered into by the undersigned during the Restricted Period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the undersigned may:

- (a) transfer the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities, without the prior written consent of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC:
- (i) as a bona fide gift or gifts, or for bona fide estate planning purposes,
- (ii) by will, other testamentary document or intestacy,

- (iii) to any member of the undersigned's immediate family or to any trust or other legal entity for the direct or indirect benefit of the undersigned or the immediate family of the undersigned, or if the undersigned is a trust, to a trustor or beneficiary of the trust or to the estate of a beneficiary of such trust (for purposes of this Letter Agreement, "immediate family" shall mean any relationship by blood, current or former marriage, domestic partnership or adoption, not more remote than first cousin),
- (iv)(1) to a partnership, limited liability company or other entity of which the undersigned and/or the immediate family of the undersigned are the legal and beneficial owner of all of the outstanding equity securities or similar interests; (2) to a corporation, member, partner, partnership, limited liability company, trust or other entity that is an affiliate (as defined in Rule 405 as promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) of the undersigned; or (3) to any investment fund or other entity controlling, controlled or managed by, or under common control with the undersigned or affiliates of the undersigned (including where the undersigned is a partnership, to a successor partnership or fund, or any other funds managed by such partnership),
 - (v) to a nominee or custodian of a person or entity to whom a disposition or transfer would be permissible under clauses (i) through (iv) above,
- (vi) if the undersigned is a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, trust or other business entity, as part of a distribution to members, stockholders, partners or equityholders of the undersigned or its affiliates (including a fund managed by the same manager or managing member or general partner or management company or by an entity controlled by, or under common control with such manager or managing member or general partner or management company as the undersigned or who shares a common investment advisor with the undersigned),
- (vii) by operation of law or pursuant to a qualified domestic order, divorce settlement, divorce decree or separation agreement or other final order of a court or regulatory agency,
- (viii) to the Company from an employee, independent contractor or services provider of the Company upon death, disability or termination of employment or cessation of services, in each case, of such employee, independent contractor or services provider.
- (ix) as part of a sale of the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities acquired in the Public Offering or in open market transactions on or after the date of the Prospectus,
- (x) to the Company in connection with the vesting, settlement, or exercise of restricted stock units, options, warrants or other rights to purchase shares of Common Stock (including, in each case, by way of "net" or "cashless" exercise), including for the payment of exercise price and tax withholding and remittance payments due as a result of the vesting, settlement, or exercise of such restricted stock units, options, warrants or rights, provided that any such shares of Common Stock received upon such exercise, vesting or settlement shall be subject to the terms of this Letter Agreement, and provided further that any such restricted stock units, options, warrants or rights are held by the undersigned pursuant to an agreement or equity awards granted under a stock incentive plan or other equity award plan, each such agreement or plan which is described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus,

(xi) pursuant to a bona fide third-party tender offer, merger, consolidation or other similar transaction made to all or substantially all holders of the Company's capital stock involving a Change of Control (as defined below) of the Company (for purposes hereof, "Change of Control" shall mean the transfer (whether by tender offer, merger, consolidation or other similar transaction), in one transaction or a series of related transactions, to a person or group of affiliated persons, of shares of capital stock if, after such transfer, such person or group of affiliated persons would hold a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Company (or the surviving entity)); provided that in the event that such tender offer, merger, consolidation or other similar transaction is not completed, the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities shall remain subject to the provisions of this Letter Agreement, or

(xii) as transfers in connection with bona fide gifts of the Lock-Up Securities to charitable organizations by certain partners and employees of the undersigned, its affiliates or any investment fund or other entity controlled or managed by, or under common control or management with, the undersigned,

provided that (A) in the case of any transfer or distribution pursuant to clause (a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii) and (xii), such transfer shall not involve a disposition for value and each donee, devisee, transferee or distributee shall execute and deliver to the Representatives a lock-up letter in substantially the form of this Letter Agreement, (B) in the case of any transfer or distribution pursuant to clause (a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (ix) and (x), no filing by any party (donor, donee, devisee, transferor, transferee, distributer or distributee) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or other public announcement shall be required or shall be made voluntarily in connection with such transfer or distribution (other than a filing on a Form 5, Schedule 13G or Schedule 13G/A, Schedule 13D or Schedule 13D/A, or Schedule 13F, each of which shall clearly indicate therein the nature and conditions of such transfer) and (C) in the case of any transfer or distribution pursuant to clause (a)(vii), (viii) and (xii) it shall be a condition to such transfer that no public filing, report or announcement shall be voluntarily made and if any filing under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act, or other public filing, report or announcement reporting a reduction in beneficial ownership of shares of Common Stock in connection with such transfer or distribution shall be legally required during the Restricted Period, such filing, report or announcement shall clearly indicate in the footnotes thereto the nature and conditions of such transfer;

- (b) exercise outstanding options, settle restricted stock units or other equity awards or exercise warrants pursuant to plans described in the Registration Statement, the Pricing Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; provided that any Lock-up Securities received upon such exercise, vesting or settlement shall be subject to the terms of this Letter Agreement;
- (c) convert outstanding preferred stock, warrants to acquire preferred stock or convertible securities into shares of Common Stock or warrants to acquire shares of Common Stock; provided that any such shares of Common Stock or warrants received upon such conversion shall be subject to the terms of this Letter Agreement; and

(d) establish trading plans pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act for the transfer of shares of Lock-Up Securities; <u>provided</u> that (1) such plans do not provide for the transfer of Lock-Up Securities during the Restricted Period and (2) no filing by any party under the Exchange Act or other public announcement shall be required or made voluntarily during the Restricted Period in connection with the establishment of such trading plan.

[If the undersigned is not a natural person, the undersigned represents and warrants that no single natural person, entity or "group" (within the meaning of Section 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, 50% or more of the common equity interests, or 50% or more of the voting power, in the undersigned.]

If the undersigned is an officer or director of the Company, the undersigned further agrees that the foregoing provisions shall be equally applicable to any Company-directed Securities the undersigned may purchase in the Public Offering.

If the undersigned is an officer or director of the Company, (i) J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC on behalf of the Underwriters agree that, at least three business days before the effective date of any release or waiver of the foregoing restrictions in connection with a transfer of shares of Lock-Up Securities, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC on behalf of the Underwriters will notify the Company of the impending release or waiver, and (ii) the Company has agreed in the Underwriting Agreement to announce the impending release or waiver through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver. Any release or waiver granted by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC on behalf of the Underwriters hereunder to any such officer or director shall only be effective two business days after the publication date of such announcement. The provisions of this paragraph will not apply if (a) the release or waiver is effected solely to permit a transfer not for consideration or that is to an immediate family member as defined in FINRA Rule 5130(i)(5) and (b) the transferee has agreed in writing to be bound by the same terms described in this letter to the extent and for the duration that such terms remain in effect at the time of the transfer.

If any record or beneficial owner of any Lock-Up Securities other than the undersigned (each, a "Triggering Shareholder") is granted an early release, in whole or in part, from the restrictions of any lock-up agreement such as those described herein during the Restricted Period (each, a "Triggering Release"), then the undersigned shall also be automatically granted an early release from its obligations hereunder with respect to the same percentage of the undersigned's Lock-Up Securities as the percentage that the Lock-Up Securities being released in the Triggering Release represent with respect to the Lock-Up Securities held by the Triggering Shareholder at the time of the Triggering Release; provided that (a) the foregoing pro rata release will not apply if the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock released pursuant to all Triggering Releases is less than or equal to 1.0% of the total number of outstanding shares of Common Stock calculated as of the date of the Public Offering (after giving effect to such Public Offering), (b) the foregoing pro rata release will not apply if it is effected solely to permit a transfer not for consideration and the transferee has agreed in writing to be bound by the same

terms described in this Letter Agreement to the extent and for the duration that such terms remain in effect at the time of the transfer, and (c) in the case of an early release from the restrictions described herein during the Restricted Period in connection with an underwritten public offering, whether or not such offering or sale is wholly or partially a secondary offering of the Company's shares of Common Stock (an "Underwritten Sale"), such early release shall only apply with respect to the undersigned's participation in such Underwritten Sale [provided that (i) the undersigned is offered the opportunity to participate on a pro rata basis with and otherwise on the same terms as any other stockholders in such Underwritten Sale and (ii) in the event the underwriters make the determination to cut back the number of securities to be sold by stockholders in such Underwritten Sale, such cut back shall be applied to the undersigned on a basis consistent with all stockholders]. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this lock-up agreement, if J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC on behalf of the Underwriters in their sole judgment determine that a record or beneficial owner of any securities that is a natural person should be granted an early release from a lock-up agreement due to circumstances of an emergency or hardship, then the undersigned shall not have any right to be granted an early release pursuant to the terms of this paragraph. J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC on behalf of the Underwriters shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide notice to the Company within two business days upon the occurrence of a release of a shareholder of its obligations under any lock-up agreement executed in connection with the Public Offering that gives rise to a corresponding release of the undersigned from its obligations hereunder pursuant to the terms of this paragraph; provided that the failure to give such notice shall not give rise to any claim or liability against th

In furtherance of the foregoing, the Company, and any duly appointed transfer agent for the registration or transfer of the securities described herein, are hereby authorized to decline to make any transfer of securities if such transfer would constitute a violation or breach of this Letter Agreement.

The undersigned hereby represents and warrants that the undersigned has full power and authority to enter into this Letter Agreement. All authority herein conferred or agreed to be conferred and any obligations of the undersigned shall be binding upon the successors, assigns, heirs or personal representatives of the undersigned.

The undersigned acknowledges and agrees that the Underwriters have not provided any recommendation or investment advice nor have the Underwriters solicited any action from the undersigned with respect to the Public Offering of the Common Stock and the undersigned has consulted their own legal, accounting, financial, regulatory and tax advisors to the extent deemed appropriate. The undersigned further acknowledges and agrees that, although the Representatives may be required or choose to provide certain Regulation Best Interest and Form CRS disclosures to you in connection with the Public Offering, the Representatives and the other Underwriters are not making a recommendation to you to enter into this Letter Agreement, and nothing set forth in such disclosures is intended to suggest that the Representatives or any Underwriter is making such a recommendation.

This Letter Agreement shall automatically terminate and be of no further effect upon the earliest to occur, if any, of: (i) the date of the filing with the SEC of a notice of withdrawal of the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (which covers the Common Stock) pursuant to Rule 477 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, prior to payment for and delivery of the Common Stock to be sold under the Underwriting Agreement, (ii) the Company advises J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC in writing prior to the execution of the Underwriting Agreement that it has determined not to proceed with the Public Offering, (iii) the Underwriting Agreement is executed but is terminated (other than the provisions thereof that survive termination) prior to payment for and delivery of the Common Stock to be sold thereunder, and (iv) July 31, 2021, in the event that the Underwriting Agreement has not been executed on or before that date. The undersigned understands that the Underwriters are entering into the Underwriting Agreement and proceeding with the Public Offering in reliance upon this Letter Agreement.

This Letter Agreement and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Letter Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

[NAME OF STOCKHOLDER] By: Name:	Very truly yours,
	[NAME OF STOCKHOLDER]
Name:	Ву:
Title:	

[Form of waiver of lock up]

Annex IV-1

[Form of press release]

Annex V-1

AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF AGILON HEALTH, INC.

agilon health, inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (the "Corporation"), hereby certifies as follows:

- 1. The name of the Corporation is agilon health, inc.
- 2. The original Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation was filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (the "Secretary of State") on April 21, 2017. Amendments to the Certificate of Incorporation were filed with the Secretary of State on March 9, 2021 and on April 1, 2021.
- 3. This amendment and restatement of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation has been duly adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation and by the written consent of the stockholders of the Corporation in accordance with the provisions of Sections 228, 242 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (as amended from time to time, the "DGCL").
- 4. The Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation is hereby amended and restated pursuant to Sections 242 and 245 of the DGCL, so as to read in its entirety as set forth in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by this reference.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned officer of the Corporation has executed this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation on the $[\bullet]$ day of $[\bullet]$, 2021.

By:	
Name:	[•]
Title:	[•]

AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF AGILON HEALTH, INC.

FIRST. Name. The name of the corporation is agilon health, inc. (the "Corporation").

SECOND. Registered Office. The Corporation's registered office in the State of Delaware is The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, State of Delaware, 19801. The name of its registered agent at such address is The Corporation Trust Company.

THIRD. *Purpose*. The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "DGCL").

FOURTH. Capital Stock. The total number of shares of stock which the Corporation shall have authority to issue is $[\bullet]$, consisting of: (\underline{x}) $[\bullet]$ shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Common Stock") and (\underline{y}) $[\bullet]$ shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share (the "Preferred Stock"), issuable in one or more series as hereinafter provided. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein or in a Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation (as defined herein), the number of authorized shares of the Common Stock or Preferred Stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the voting power of the stock of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors irrespective of the provisions of Section 242(b)(2) of the DGCL or any corresponding provision hereinafter enacted and no vote of the holders of shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock voting separately as a class shall be required thereof.

1. Provisions Relating to the Common Stock.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or by the DGCL, each holder of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled, with respect to each share of Common Stock held by such holder, to one vote in person or by proxy on all matters submitted to a vote of the holders of Common Stock, whether voting separately as a class or otherwise.
- (b) Subject to the preferences and rights, if any, applicable to shares of Preferred Stock or any series thereof, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive such dividends and other distributions in cash, property, stock or otherwise as may be declared thereon by the board of directors of the Corporation (the "Board") at any time and from time to time out of assets or funds of the Corporation legally available therefor and shall share equally on a per share basis in such dividends and distributions.
- (c) In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Corporation, after payment or provision for payment of the debts and other liabilities of the Corporation, and subject to the preferences and rights, if any, applicable to shares of Preferred Stock or any series thereof, the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Corporation available for distribution to its stockholders, ratably in proportion to the number of shares of Common Stock held by them.

2. Provisions Relating to the Preferred Stock.

- (a) The Preferred Stock may be issued at any time and from time to time in one or more series. The Board is hereby authorized to provide for the issuance of shares of Preferred Stock in one or more series and, by resolution adopted in accordance with common law and by filing a certificate of designation pursuant to the applicable provisions of the DGCL (hereinafter referred to as a "Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation"), to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each such series, and to fix the voting powers, designations, preferences and the relative participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations and restrictions of each series, including, without limitation, dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption and liquidation preferences.
 - (b) The Common Stock shall be subject to the express terms of the Preferred Stock and any series thereof.
- (c) Except as otherwise required by law, holders of Common Stock, as such, shall not be entitled to vote on any amendment to this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or to a Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation that alters or changes the powers, preferences, rights or other terms of one or more outstanding series of Preferred Stock if the holders of such affected series are entitled, either separately or together with the holders of one or more other series of Preferred Stock, to vote thereon pursuant to this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or a Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation or pursuant to the DGCL as currently in effect or as the same may hereafter be amended.
- 3. <u>Voting in Election of Directors</u>. Except as may be required by the DGCL or as provided in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or in a Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation, holders of Common Stock shall have the exclusive right to vote for the election of directors and for all other purposes, and holders of Preferred Stock shall not be entitled to vote on any matter or receive notice of any meeting of stockholders.
- <u>FIFTH</u>. *Management of Corporation*. The following provisions are inserted for the management of the business, for the conduct of the affairs of the Corporation and for the purpose of creating, defining, limiting and regulating the powers of the Corporation and its directors and stockholders:
 - 1. Except as may otherwise be provided by law, the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board.
 - 2. Subject to any rights granted to the holders of shares of any class or series of Preferred Stock then outstanding and the rights granted pursuant to the Stockholders Agreement, between the Corporation and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P. (together with its successors and assigns, the "CD&R Investor"), to be effective as of the date of the initial listing of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange (as the same may be amended, supplemented, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Stockholders Agreement"), the number of directors of the Corporation shall be fixed, and may be altered from time to time, exclusively by resolution of the Board, but in no event may the number of directors of the Corporation be less than one.

- 3. The directors of the Corporation, subject to any rights granted to holders of shares of any class or series of Preferred Stock then outstanding, shall be divided into three classes designated Class I, Class II and Class III. Each class shall consist, as nearly as possible, of one-third of the total number of such directors. Class I directors shall initially serve for a term expiring at the first annual meeting of stockholders of the Corporation following the effectiveness of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (the "Effective Date"), Class II directors shall initially serve for a term expiring at the second annual meeting of stockholders following the Effective Date and Class III directors shall initially serve for a term expiring at the third annual meeting of stockholders following the Effective Date. Directors of each class shall hold office until the annual meeting at which his or her term expires and until his or her successor shall be elected and qualified, or his or her death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal from office. At each succeeding annual meeting, successors to the class of directors whose term expires at that annual meeting shall be elected for a term expiring at the third succeeding annual meeting of stockholders, subject to any rights granted to holders of shares of any class or series of Preferred Stock then outstanding to elect directors and the rights granted pursuant to the Stockholders Agreement. If the number of such directors is changed, any increase or decrease shall be apportioned among the classes so as to maintain the number of directors in each class as nearly equal as possible, and any such additional director of any class elected to fill a newly created directorship resulting from an increase in such class shall hold office for a term that shall coincide with the remaining term of that class, but in no case shall a decrease in the number of directors remove or shorten the term of any incumbent director. The Board is authorized to assign
- 4. Subject to any rights granted to the holders of shares of any class or series of Preferred Stock then outstanding and the rights granted pursuant to the Stockholders Agreement, (a) following the Effective Date and until the first date (the "Trigger Date") on which the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own (directly or indirectly) at least forty percent (40%) of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, a director may be removed at any time, either with or without cause, upon the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock then entitled to vote in an election of directors and (b) from and after the Trigger Date, a director may be removed from office only for cause and only upon the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock then entitled to vote in an election of directors.
- 5. Subject to any rights granted to the holders of shares of any class or series of Preferred Stock then outstanding and the rights granted pursuant to the

Stockholders Agreement, and except as otherwise provided by law, any vacancy in the Board that results from an increase in the number of directors, from the death, disability, resignation, disqualification or removal of any director or from any other cause shall be filled solely by an affirmative vote of at least a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director. A director elected to fill a vacancy or a newly created directorship shall hold office until his or her successor has been elected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

- 6. No director of the Corporation shall be liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of his or her fiduciary duty as a director, provided that nothing contained in this Article FIFTH shall eliminate or limit the liability of a director (a) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders, (b) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law, (c) under Section 174 of the DGCL or (d) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.
- 7. To the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, the Corporation shall indemnify and advance expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) to the directors and officers of the Corporation, provided that, except as otherwise provided in the By-laws, the Corporation shall not be obligated to indemnify or advance expenses to a director or officer of the Corporation in respect of an action, suit or proceeding (or part thereof) instituted by such director or officer, unless such action, suit or proceeding (or part thereof) has been authorized by the Board. The rights provided by this Section 7 of Article FIFTH shall not limit or exclude any rights, indemnities or limitations of liability to which any director or officer of the Corporation may be entitled, whether as a matter of law, under the By-laws, by agreement, vote of the stockholders, approval of the directors of the Corporation or otherwise.

SIXTH. Stockholder Action by Written Consent. Until the Trigger Date, any action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote of stockholders, if a consent or consents in writing, including by electronic transmission, setting forth the action so taken, are: (a) signed by the holders of the outstanding shares of Common Stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted (but not less than the minimum number of votes otherwise prescribed by law) and (b) delivered within 60 days of the earliest dated consent so delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of the stockholders are recorded. From and after the Trigger Date, any action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation may be taken only upon the vote of the stockholders at an annual or special meeting duly called and may not be taken by written consent of the stockholders.

SEVENTH. Special Meeting of Stockholders. Except as otherwise required by law and subject to any rights granted to holders of shares of any class or series of Preferred Stock then outstanding, special meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation for any purpose or purposes may be called only by the Chairman of the Board or pursuant to a resolution of the Board adopted by at least a majority of the directors then in office, provided that, until the Trigger Date, a special meeting of the stockholders may also be called by the Secretary of the Corporation at the request of the holders of record of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock. From and after the Trigger Date, the stockholders of the Corporation shall not have the power to call a special meeting of the stockholders of the Secretary of the Corporation to call a special meeting of the stockholders.

EIGHTH. Business Opportunities. To the fullest extent permitted by Section 122(17) of the DGCL (or any successor provision), the Corporation, on behalf of itself and its subsidiaries, renounces and waives any interest or expectancy of the Corporation and its subsidiaries in, or in being offered an opportunity to participate in, directly or indirectly, any potential transactions, matters or business opportunities (including, without limitation, any business activities or lines of business that are the same as or similar to those pursued by, or competitive with, the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries or any dealings with customers or clients of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries) (each a "Corporate Opportunity") that are from time to time presented to the CD&R Investor or any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, stockholders, members, partners, affiliates or subsidiaries (other than the Corporation and its subsidiaries), even if the transaction, matter or opportunity is one that the Corporation or its subsidiaries might reasonably be deemed to have pursued or had the ability or desire to pursue if granted the opportunity to do so. Neither the CD&R Investor nor any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, stockholders, members, partners, affiliates or subsidiaries shall be liable to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries for breach of any fiduciary or other duty, as a director or officer or otherwise, by reason of the fact that such person pursues, acquires or participates in such Corporate Opportunity, directs such Corporate Opportunity to another person or fails to communicate, offer or present such Corporate Opportunity, or information regarding such Corporate Opportunity, to the Corporation or its subsidiaries, unless, in the case of any such person who is a director or officer of the Corporation, such business opportunity is expressly offered to such director or officer in writing solely in his or her capacity as a director or officer of the Corporation. Any person purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in any shares of capital stock of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and have consented to the provisions of this Article EIGHTH. Neither the alteration, amendment or repeal of this Article EIGHTH, nor the adoption of any provision of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation inconsistent with this Article EIGHTH, nor, to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, any modification of law, shall eliminate or reduce the effect of this Article EIGHTH in respect of any Corporate Opportunity first identified or any other matter occurring, or any cause of action, suit or claim that, but for this Article

EIGHTH, would accrue or arise, prior to such alteration, amendment, repeal, adoption or modification. If any provisions or provisions of this Article EIGHTH shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable as applied to any circumstance for any reason whatsoever: (a) the validity, legality and enforceability of such provisions in any other circumstance and of the remaining provisions of this Article EIGHTH (including, without limitation, each portion of any paragraph of this Article EIGHTH containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable that is not itself held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby and (b) to the fullest extent possible, the provisions of this Article EIGHTH (including, without limitation, each such portion of any paragraph of this Article EIGHTH containing any such provision held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable) shall be construed so as to permit the Corporation to protect its directors, officers, employees and agents from personal liability in respect of their good faith service to or for the benefit of the Corporation to the fullest extent permitted by law. This Article EIGHTH shall not limit any protections or defenses available to, or indemnification or advancement rights of, any director or officer of the Corporation under this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the By-laws, applicable law, any agreement or otherwise.

NINTH. Section 203 of the DGCL. The Corporation elects not to be governed by Section 203 of the DGCL ("Section 203"), as permitted under and pursuant to subsection (b)(3) of Section 203, until the first date on which the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own (directly or indirectly) at least five percent (5%) of the outstanding shares of Common Stock. From and after such date, the Corporation shall be governed by Section 203 so long as Section 203 by its terms would apply to the Corporation.

TENTH. Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation. The Corporation reserves the right to amend, alter or repeal any provision contained in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by the DGCL, and all rights herein conferred upon stockholders or directors are granted subject to this reservation, provided, however, that any amendment, alteration or repeal of Sections 6 or 7 of Article FIFTH shall not adversely affect any right or protection existing under this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation immediately prior to such amendment, alteration or repeal, including any right or protection of a director thereunder in respect of any act or omission occurring prior to the time of such amendment, alteration or repeal. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, and notwithstanding that a lesser percentage may be permitted from time to time by applicable law, no provision of Articles FIFTH, SIXTH, SEVENTH, EIGHTH, NINTH, this Article TENTH and Articles ELEVENTH and TWELFTH may be amended, altered or repealed in any respect, nor may any provision or by-law inconsistent therewith be adopted, unless in addition to any other vote required by this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or otherwise required by law, (a) until the Trigger Date, such amendment, alteration or repeal is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock then entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders, and (b) from and after the Trigger Date, an amendment, alteration or repeal of Articles FIFTH, SIXTH, SEVENTH, EIGHTH,

NINTH, this Article TENTH and Articles ELEVENTH and TWELFTH is approved at a meeting of the stockholders called for that purpose by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds ($66 \frac{2}{3}\%$) of the outstanding shares of Common Stock then entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders.

ELEVENTH. Amendment of the By-laws. In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by law, the Board is expressly authorized to amend, alter or repeal the By-laws, without the assent or vote of stockholders of the Corporation. Any amendment, alteration or repeal of the By-laws by the Board shall require the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the directors then in office. In addition to any other vote otherwise required by law, the stockholders of the Corporation may amend, alter or repeal the By-laws, provided that any such action will require (a) until the Trigger Date, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders and (b) from and after the Trigger Date, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (66 2/3%) of the outstanding shares of Common Stock entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders. In addition, so long as the Stockholders Agreement remains in effect, the Board shall not approve any amendment, alteration or repeal of any provision of the By-laws, or the adoption of any new by-law, that would be contrary to or inconsistent with the then-applicable terms, if any, of the Stockholders Agreement, or this sentence.

TWELFTH. Exclusive Jurisdiction for Certain Actions. Unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (the "Court of Chancery") shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (a) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Corporation, (b) any action or proceeding asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any current or former director, officer, employee, agent or stockholder of the Corporation to the Corporation or the Corporation's stockholders (c) any action or proceeding asserting a claim arising out of or pursuant to or seeking to enforce any right obligation or remedy under any provision of the DGCL, or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Court of Chancery (including, without limitation, any action asserting a claim arising out of or pursuant to this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or the By-laws), or (d) any action or proceeding asserting a claim that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Unless the Corporation consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for the resolution of any action asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. Any person or entity holding, owning, purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of capital stock of the Corporation shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of this Article TWELFTH.

AGILON HEALTH, INC.

AMENDED AND RESTATED BY-LAWS

Effective as of [●], 2021

AGILON HEALTH, INC.

BY-LAWS

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AGILON HEALTH, INC.

AMENDED AND RESTATED BY-LAWS

As amended and restated effective as of [•], 2021

ARTICLE I

MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS

Section 1.01. <u>Annual Meetings</u>. An annual meeting of the stockholders of agilon health, inc. (the "Corporation") for the election of directors to succeed directors whose terms expire and for the transaction of such other business as properly may come before such meeting shall be held each year either within or without the State of Delaware on such date and at such place, if any, and time as exclusively may be fixed from time to time by resolution of the Corporation's board of directors (the "Board"), and set forth in the notice or waiver of notice of the meeting, unless, subject to the certificate of incorporation of the Corporation as then in effect (as the same may be amended from time to time, the "Certificate of Incorporation") and Section 1.11 of these By-laws, the stockholders have acted by written consent to elect directors as permitted by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as amended from time to time (the "DGCL"). In lieu of holding an annual meeting of the stockholders at a designated place, the Board may, in its sole discretion, determine that any annual meeting of stockholders may be held solely by means of remote communication in accordance with Section 1.03 of By-laws. The Board may postpone, reschedule or cancel any annual meeting of stockholders previously scheduled by the Board.

Section 1.02. Special Meetings. A special meeting of the stockholders for any purpose may be called only in the manner set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation. Notice of every special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation shall state the purpose or purposes of such meeting. Except as otherwise required by law, the business conducted at a special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation shall be limited exclusively to the business set forth in the Corporation's notice of meeting, and the individual or group calling such meeting shall have exclusive authority to determine the business included in such notice. Any special meeting of the stockholders shall be held either within or without the State of Delaware, at such place, if any, and on such date and time, as shall be specified in the notice of such special meeting. In lieu of holding a special meeting of the stockholders at a designated place, the Board may, in its sole discretion, determine that any special meeting of stockholders may be held solely by means of remote communication in accordance with Section 1.03 of By-laws. The Board may postpone, reschedule or cancel any special meeting of stockholders previously scheduled by the Board.

Section 1.03. Participation in Meetings by Remote Communication. The Board, acting in its sole discretion, may establish guidelines and procedures in accordance with applicable provisions of the DGCL and any other applicable law for the participation by stockholders and proxyholders in a meeting of stockholders by means of remote

communications (including by webcast), and may determine that any meeting of stockholders will not be held at any place but will be held solely by means of remote communication (including by webcast). Stockholders and proxyholders complying with such procedures and guidelines and otherwise entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be deemed present in person and entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders, whether such meeting is to be held at a designated place or solely by means of remote communication (including by webcast); provided that (i) the Corporation shall implement reasonable measures to verify that each person deemed present and permitted to vote at the meeting by means of remote communication is a stockholder or proxyholder, (ii) the Corporation shall implement reasonable measures to provide such stockholders and proxyholders a reasonable opportunity to participate in the meeting and to vote on matters submitted to the stockholders, including an opportunity to read or hear the proceedings of the meeting substantially concurrently with such proceedings, and (iii) if any stockholder or proxyholder votes or takes other action at the meeting by means of remote communication, a record of such vote or other action shall be maintained by the Corporation.

Section 1.04. Notice of Meetings; Waiver of Notice.

- (a) The Secretary or any Assistant Secretary shall cause notice of each meeting of stockholders to be given in writing in a manner permitted by the DGCL not less than 10 days nor more than 60 days prior to the meeting to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting as of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting, subject to such exclusions as are then permitted by the DGCL. The notice shall specify (i) the place, if any, date and time of such meeting, (ii) the means of remote communications, if any, by which stockholders and proxyholders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at such meeting, (iii) in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which such meeting is called, and (iv) the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting (if such date is different from the record date for stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting). The notice may contain such other information as may be required by law or as may be deemed appropriate by the Chairman of the Board, the Secretary or the Board. If the stockholder list referred to in Section 1.06 of these By-laws is made accessible on an electronic network, the notice of meeting must indicate how the stockholder list can be accessed. If the meeting of stockholders is to be held solely by means of electronic communications, the notice of meeting must provide the information required to access such stockholder list during the meeting.
- (b) A written waiver of notice of meeting signed by a stockholder or a waiver by electronic transmission by a stockholder, whether given before or after the meeting time stated in such notice, is deemed equivalent to notice. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the stockholders need be specified in a waiver of notice. Attendance of a stockholder at a meeting is a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the stockholder attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business at the meeting on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

Section 1.05. Proxies.

- (a) Each stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders or to express consent to or dissent from corporate action in writing without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for such stockholder by proxy.
- (b) A stockholder may authorize a valid proxy by executing a written instrument signed by such stockholder, or by causing his or her signature to be affixed to such writing by any reasonable means, including but not limited to by facsimile signature, or by transmitting or authorizing an electronic transmission (as defined in Section 8.08 of these By-laws) setting forth an authorization to act as proxy to the person designated as the holder of the proxy, a proxy solicitation firm or a like authorized agent. Proxies by electronic transmission must either set forth, or be submitted with, information from which it can be determined that the electronic transmission was authorized by the stockholder. Any copy, facsimile telecommunication or other reliable reproduction of a writing or transmission created pursuant to this section may be substituted or used in lieu of the original writing or transmission for any and all purposes for which the original writing or transmission could be used if such copy, facsimile telecommunication or other reproduction is a complete reproduction of the entire original writing or transmission.
- (c) No proxy may be voted or acted upon after the expiration of three years from the date of such proxy, unless such proxy provides for a longer period. Every proxy is revocable at the pleasure of the stockholder executing it unless the proxy states that it is irrevocable and applicable law makes it irrevocable. A stockholder may revoke any proxy that is not irrevocable by attending the meeting and voting in person or by filing an instrument in writing revoking the proxy or by filing another duly executed proxy bearing a later date with the Secretary.

Section 1.06. <u>Voting Lists</u>. The officer of the Corporation who has charge of the stock ledger of the Corporation shall prepare, at least 10 days before every meeting of the stockholders (and before any adjournment thereof for which a new record date has been set), a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting (provided, however, if the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote is fewer than 10 days before the date of the meeting, the list shall reflect the stockholders entitled to vote as of the tenth day before the meeting date), arranged in alphabetical order and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. This list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder prior to and during the meeting for any purpose germane to the meeting: (i) on a reasonably accessible electronic network, provided that the information required to gain access to such list is provided with the notice of meeting or (ii) during ordinary business hours at the principal place of business of the Corporation. If the meeting is to be held at a place, then a list of stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting shall be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof and may be examined by any stockholder who is present. If the meeting is to be held solely by means of remote communication, then the list shall also be open to the examination of any stockholder during the whole time of the meeting on a reasonably accessible electronic network, and the information required to access such list shall be provided with the notice of the

meeting. The stock ledger shall be the only evidence as to who are the stockholders entitled by this section to examine the list required by this section or to vote in person or by proxy at any meeting of stockholders.

Section 1.07. Quorum. Except as otherwise required by law or by the Certificate of Incorporation, the presence in person or by proxy of the holders of record of a majority of the shares entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at such meeting.

Section 1.08. <u>Voting</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation or by applicable law, every holder of record of shares entitled to vote at a meeting of stockholders is entitled to one vote for each share outstanding in his or her name on the books of the Corporation (a) at the close of business on the record date for such meeting, or (b) if no record date has been fixed, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice of the meeting is given, or if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. All matters at any meeting at which a quorum is present, except the election of directors, shall be decided by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the subject matter in question, unless otherwise expressly provided by express provision of law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws. The election of directors shall be decided by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a plurality of the votes cast by the holders of the outstanding shares of common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote in an election of directors, unless otherwise expressly provided by express provision of law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws. The stockholders do not have the right to cumulate their votes for the election of directors.

Section 1.09. Adjournment. Any meeting of stockholders may be adjourned from time to time, by the chairperson of the meeting or by the vote of a majority of the shares of stock present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting, to reconvene at the same or some other place, and notice need not be given of any such adjourned meeting if the place, if any, and date and time thereof (and the means of remote communication, if any, by which stockholders and proxy holders may be deemed to be present in person and vote at such meeting) are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken unless the adjournment is for more than 30 days or a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting after the adjournment, in which case notice of the adjournment a new record date for determination of stockholders entitled to vote is fixed for the adjourned meeting, the Board shall fix as the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of such adjourned meeting to each stockholder of record as of the record date so fixed for notice of such adjourned meeting, the Corporation may transact any business that might have been transacted at the original meeting.

Section 1.10. Organization; Procedure.

(a) At every meeting of stockholders the presiding person shall be the Chairman of the Board or, in the event of his or her absence or disability, the Chief Executive Officer and President or, in the event of his or her absence or disability, a presiding person chosen by resolution of the Board. The Secretary or, in the event of his or her absence or disability, the Assistant Secretary, if any, or, if there be no Assistant Secretary, in the absence of the Secretary, an appointee of the presiding person, shall act as secretary of the meeting. The Board may make such rules or regulations for the conduct of meetings of stockholders as it shall deem necessary, appropriate or convenient. Subject to any such rules and regulations, the presiding person of any meeting shall have the right and authority to prescribe rules, regulations and procedures for such meeting and to take all such actions as in the judgment of the presiding person are appropriate for the proper conduct of such meeting. Such rules, regulations or procedures, whether adopted by the Board or prescribed by the presiding person of the meeting, may include, without limitation, the following: (i) the establishment of an agenda or order of business for the meeting; (ii) rules and procedures for maintaining order at the meeting and the safety of those present; (iii) limitations on attendance at or participation in the meeting to stockholders or records of the Corporation, their duly authorized and constituted proxies or such other persons as the presiding person of the meeting shall determine; (iv) restrictions on entry to the meeting after the time fixed for the commencement thereof; and (v) limitations on the time allotted to questions or comments by participants. The presiding person at any meeting of stockholders, in addition to making any other determinations that may be appropriate to the conduct of the meeting, shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a matter or business was not properly brought before the meeting and if such presiding person should so determine, such presiding person shall so declare to the meeting and any such matter of business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted or considered. Unless and to the extent determined by the Board or the person presiding over the meeting, meetings of stockholders shall not be required to be held in accordance with the rules of parliamentary procedure.

(b) Preceding any meeting of the stockholders, the Board may, and when required by law shall, appoint one or more persons to act as inspectors of elections, and may designate one or more alternate inspectors. If no inspector or alternate so appointed by the Board is able to act, or if no inspector or alternate has been appointed and the appointment of an inspector is required by law, the person presiding at the meeting shall appoint one or more inspectors to act at the meeting. No director or nominee for the office of director shall be appointed as an inspector of elections. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of the duties of an inspector, shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of inspector with strict impartiality and according to the best of his or her ability. The inspectors shall discharge their duties in accordance with the requirements of applicable law.

Section 1.11. <u>Consent of Stockholders in Lieu of Meeting</u>. Except as otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation, stockholders may not take any action by written consent in lieu of action at an annual or special meeting of stockholders.

Section 1.12. Notice of Stockholder Proposals and Nominations.

- (a) Annual Meetings of Stockholders.
- (i) Nominations of persons for election to the Board and the proposal of business to be considered by the stockholders may be made at an annual meeting of stockholders only (A) in accordance with the then-applicable terms, if any, of the Stockholders Agreement, between the Corporation and CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P. (together with its successors and assigns, the "CD&R Investor"), to be effective as of the date of the initial listing of the common stock on the New York Stock Exchange (as the same may be amended, supplemented, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Stockholders Agreement"), (B) pursuant to the Corporation's notice of the meeting (or any supplement thereto) delivered pursuant to Section 1.04 of these By-laws, (C) by or at the direction of the Board or a committee of the Board appointed by the Board for such purpose or (D) by any stockholder of the Corporation who is entitled to vote at the meeting, who complies with the notice procedures set forth in clauses (ii) and (iii) of this Section 1.12(a) and who is a stockholder of record at the time such notice is delivered to the Secretary and at the date of the meeting, subject to paragraph (c)(ii)(D) of this Section 1.12.
- (ii) For nominations or other business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder pursuant to subclause (D) of Section 1.12(a) (i) of these By-laws, the stockholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary and, in the case of business other than nominations for persons for election to the Board, such other business must constitute a proper matter for stockholder action. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting (which date shall, for purposes of the Corporation's first annual meeting of stockholders after its shares of common stock are first publicly traded, be deemed to have occurred on [•]); provided, however, that in the event that the date of the annual meeting is advanced by more than thirty (30) days or delayed by more than seventy (70) days from such anniversary date of the preceding year's annual meeting, notice by the stockholder to be timely must be so delivered not earlier than one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to such annual meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such annual meeting or the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made. Such stockholder's notice shall set forth (A) as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director, all information relating to such person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for election of directors in an election contest, or is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to and in accordance with Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, including such person's written consent to being named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected; (B) as to any other business that the stockholder proposes to bring before the meeting, a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting, the text of the proposal or business (including

the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration and, in the event that such business includes a proposal to amend the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws, the text of the proposed amendment), the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting and any material interest in such business of such stockholder and of the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made; and (C) as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made (1) the name and address of such stockholder, as they appear on the Corporation's books, and of such beneficial owner; (2) the class or series and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation which are owned, directly or indirectly, beneficially and of record by such stockholder and such beneficial owner; (3) a representation that the stockholder is a holder of record of the stock of the Corporation at the time of giving the notice, will be entitled to vote at such meeting and will appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to propose such business or nomination; (4) a representation whether the stockholder or the beneficial owner, if any, will be or is part of a group which will (x) deliver a proxy statement and/or form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the Corporation's outstanding capital stock required to approve or adopt the proposal or elect the nominee and/or (y) otherwise to solicit proxies from stockholders in support of such proposal or nomination; and (5) a certification regarding whether such stockholder and beneficial owner, if any, have complied with all applicable federal, state and other legal requirements in connection with the stockholder's and/or beneficial owner's acquisition of shares of capital stock or other securities of the Corporation and/or the stockholder's and/or beneficial owner's acts or omissions as a stockholder of the Corporation. Notice of a stockholder nomination or proposal shall also set forth, as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made (A) a description of any agreement, arrangement or understanding with respect to the nomination or proposal and/or the voting of shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation between or among the stockholder giving notice, beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made, any of their respective affiliates or associates and/or other person or persons (including their names) acting in concert with any of the foregoing (collectively, the "proponent persons"); (B) a description of any agreement, arrangement or understanding (including, without limitation, regardless of the form of settlement, any derivative, long or short positions, profit interests, forwards, futures, swaps, options, warrants, convertible securities, stock appreciation or similar rights. hedging transactions and borrowed or loaned shares) to which any proponent person is a party, the effect or intent of which is to transfer to or from any proponent person, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of any security of the Corporation, to increase or decrease the voting power of any proponent person with respect to shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation and/or to provide any proponent person, directly or indirectly, with the opportunity to profit or share in any profit derived from, or to otherwise benefit economically from, any increase or decrease in the value of any security of the Corporation (a "Derivative Instrument"); (C) to the extent not disclosed pursuant to the immediately preceding clause (B), the principal amount of any indebtedness of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries beneficially owned by such stockholder or by beneficial owner, if any, together with the title of the instrument under which such indebtedness was issued and a description of any Derivative Instrument entered into by or

on behalf of such stockholder or such beneficial owner relating to the value or payment of any indebtedness of the Corporation or any such subsidiary; and (D) any other information relating to such stockholder and beneficial owner, if any, required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filings required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for, as applicable, the proposal and/or for the election of directors in an election contest pursuant to and in accordance with Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The foregoing notice requirements shall be deemed satisfied by a stockholder if the stockholder has notified the Corporation of his or her intention to present a proposal at an annual meeting in compliance with Rule 14a-8 (or any successor thereof) promulgated under the Exchange Act, and such stockholder's proposal has been included in a proxy statement that has been prepared by the Corporation to solicit proxies for such annual meeting. A stockholder providing notice of a proposed nomination for election to the Board or other business proposed to be brought before a meeting (whether given pursuant to this paragraph (a)(ii) or paragraph (b) of this Section 1.12 of these By-laws) shall update and supplement such notice from time to time to the extent necessary so that the information provided or required to be provided in such notice shall be true and correct (x) as of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting and (y) as of the date that is fifteen (15) days prior to the meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof, provided that if the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting is less than fifteen (15) days prior to the meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof, the information shall be supplemented and updated as of such later date. Any such update and supplement shall be delivered in writing to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not later than five (5) days after public announcement of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting (in the case of any update and supplement required to be made as of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting), not later than ten (10) days prior to the date for the meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof (in the case of any update or supplement required to be made as of fifteen (15) days prior to the meeting or adjournment or postponement thereof) and not later than five (5) days after public announcement of the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, but no later than the date prior to the meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof (in the case of any update and supplement required to be made as of a date less than fifteen (15) days prior the date of the meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof). The Corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as it may reasonably require to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a director of the Corporation and to determine the independence of such director under the Exchange Act and rules and regulations thereunder and applicable stock exchange rules. In addition, a stockholder seeking to bring an item of business before the annual meeting shall promptly provide any other information reasonably requested by the Corporation.

(iii) Notwithstanding anything in Section 1.12(a)(ii) of these By-laws to the contrary, in the event that the number of directors to be elected to the Board at an annual meeting is increased and there is no public announcement naming all of the nominees for director or specifying the size of the increased Board made by the Corporation at least one hundred (100) calendar days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's

annual meeting (which date shall, for purposes of the Corporation's first annual meeting of stockholders after its shares of common stock are first publicly traded, be deemed to have occurred on [•]), then a stockholder's notice under this Section 1.12(a) shall also be considered timely, but only with respect to nominees for any new positions created by such increase, if it is received by the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the day on which such public announcement is first made by the Corporation.

(b) Special Meetings of Stockholders. Only such business as shall have been brought before the special meeting of the stockholders pursuant to the Corporation's notice of meeting shall be conducted at such meeting. Nominations of persons for election to the Board may be made at a special meeting of stockholders at which directors are to be elected pursuant to the Corporation's notice of meeting (1) in accordance with the then-applicable terms, if any, of the Stockholders Agreement, (2) by or at the direction of the Board or a Committee appointed by the Board for such purpose or (3) provided that the Board has determined that directors shall be elected at such meeting, by any stockholder of the Corporation who is entitled to vote at the meeting, who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 1.12(b) and at the date of the meeting who is a stockholder of record at the time such notice is delivered to the Secretary, subject to paragraph (c)(ii)(D) of this Section 1.12. In the event the Corporation calls a special meeting of stockholders for the purpose of electing one or more directors of the Corporation, any stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting may nominate a person or persons, as the case may be, for election to such position(s) as specified by the Corporation, if the stockholder's notice as required by Section 1.12(a)(ii) of these By-laws shall be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not earlier than the one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to such special meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the ninetieth (90th) day prior to such special meeting or the tenth (10th) day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the special meeting and of the nominees proposed by the Board to be elected at such meeting. In no event shall the public announcement of an adjournment or postponement of a special meeting commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of a stockh

(c) General.

(i) Only such persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 1.12 or in accordance with the then-applicable terms, if any, of the Stockholders Agreement shall be eligible to serve as directors and only such business shall be conducted at an annual or special meeting of stockholders as shall have been brought before the meeting in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section. Except as otherwise provided by applicable law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws, the presiding officer of a meeting of stockholders shall have the power and duty (x) to determine whether a nomination or any business proposed to be brought before the meeting was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 1.12 (including whether the stockholder or beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination or proposal is made, solicited (or is part of a group which solicited) or did not

so solicit, as the case may be, proxies in support of such stockholder's nominee or proposal in compliance with such stockholder's representation as required by clause (a)(ii)(C)(4) of this Section 1.12), and (y) if any proposed nomination or business is not in compliance with this Section 1.12, to declare that such defective nomination shall be disregarded or that such proposed business shall not be transacted.

- (ii) If the stockholder (or a qualified representative of the stockholder) making a nomination or proposal under this Section 1.12 does not appear at a meeting of stockholders to present such nomination or proposal, the nomination shall be disregarded and/or the proposed business shall not be transacted, as the case may be, notwithstanding that proxies in favor thereof may have been received by the Corporation. For purposes of this Section 1.12, to be considered a qualified representative of the stockholder, a person must be authorized by a writing executed by such stockholder or an electronic transmission delivered by such stockholder to act for such stockholder as proxy at the meeting of stockholders and such person must produce such writing or electronic transmission, or a reliable reproduction of the writing or electronic transmission, at the meeting of stockholders.
 - (A) Whenever used in these By-laws, "public announcement" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Reuters Information Services, Inc., Associated Press or comparable national news service or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
 - (B) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 1.12, a stockholder shall also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Section 1.12. Nothing in this Section 1.12 shall be deemed to affect any rights of (x) stockholders to request inclusion of proposals in the Corporation's proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act or (y) the holders of any series of preferred stock to elect directors pursuant to any applicable provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation or of the relevant preferred stock certificate of designation.
 - (C) The announcement of an adjournment or postponement of an annual or special meeting does not commence a new time period (and does not extend any time period) for the giving of notice of a stockholder nomination or a stockholder proposal as described above.
 - (D) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 1.12, for as long as the Stockholders Agreement remains in effect, the CD&R Investor shall not be subject to the notice procedures set forth in paragraphs (a)(ii), (a)(iii) or (b) of this Section 1.12 with respect to any annual or special meeting of stockholders.

ARTICLE II

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- Section 2.01. <u>General Powers</u>. Except as may otherwise be provided by law or the Certificate of Incorporation, the affairs and business of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board. The directors shall act only as a Board, and the individual directors shall have no power as such.
- Section 2.02. <u>Number and Term of Office</u>. The number of directors constituting the entire Board and the term of office for each director shall be as provided for in the Certificate of Incorporation.
- Section 2.03. <u>Classification</u>; <u>Election of Directors</u>. The Board shall be classified into three classes as provided by the Certificate of Incorporation. Except as otherwise provided in Section 2.14 of these By-laws, at each annual meeting of the stockholders, the successors of the directors whose term expires at that meeting shall be elected. At each meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors, provided a quorum is present, the directors who are standing for election shall be elected by a plurality of the votes validly cast in such election.
- Section 2.04. <u>Regular Meetings</u>. Regular meetings of the Board shall be held on such dates, and at such times and places as are determined from time to time by resolution of the Board.
- Section 2.05. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board shall be held whenever called by the Chairman or, in the event of his or her absence or disability, by the Secretary, or by a majority of the directors then in office, at such place, date and time as may be specified in the respective notices or waivers of notice of such meetings. Any business may be conducted at a special meeting.

Section 2.06. Notice of Meetings; Waiver of Notice.

- (a) Notices of special meetings shall be given to each director, and notice of each resolution or other action affecting the date, time or place of one or more regular meetings shall be given to each director not present at the meeting adopting such resolution or other action, subject to Section 2.09 of these By-laws. Notices shall be given personally, or by telephone confirmed by facsimile or email dispatched promptly thereafter, or by facsimile or email confirmed by a writing delivered by a recognized overnight courier service, directed to each director at the address from time to time designated by such director to the Secretary. Each such notice and confirmation must be given (received in the case of personal service or delivery of written confirmation) at least 24 hours prior to the time of a special meeting, and at least five days prior to the initial regular meeting affected by such resolution or other action, as the case may be.
- (b) A written waiver of notice of meeting signed by a director or a waiver by electronic transmission by a director, whether given before or after the meeting time stated in such notice, is deemed equivalent to notice. Attendance of a director at a

meeting is a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when the director attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business at the meeting on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

- Section 2.07. Quorum; Voting. At all meetings of the Board, the presence of a majority of the total authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Except as otherwise required by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws, the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board.
- Section 2.08. <u>Action by Telephonic Communications</u>. Members of the Board may participate in a meeting of the Board by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.
- Section 2.09. <u>Adjournment</u>. A majority of the directors present may adjourn any meeting of the Board to another date, time or place, whether or not a quorum is present. No notice need be given of any adjourned meeting unless (a) the date, time and place of the adjourned meeting are not announced at the time of adjournment, in which case notice conforming to the requirements of Section 2.06 of these By-laws applicable to special meetings shall be given to each director, or (b) the meeting is adjourned for more than 24 hours, in which case the notice referred to in clause (a) shall be given to those directors not present at the announcement of the date, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
- Section 2.10. <u>Action Without a Meeting</u>. Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board consent thereto in writing or by electronic transmission, and such writing or writings or electronic transmissions are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board. Such filing shall be in paper form if the minutes are maintained in paper form and shall be in electronic form if the minutes are maintained in electronic form.
- Section 2.11. <u>Regulations</u>. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Certificate of Incorporation and these By-laws, the Board may adopt such rules and regulations for the conduct of meetings of the Board and for the management of the affairs and business of the Corporation as the Board may deem appropriate. Subject to the then-applicable terms of the Stockholders Agreement, the Board may elect from among its members a chairperson and one or more vice-chairpersons to preside over meetings and to perform such other duties as may be designated by the Board.
- Section 2.12. <u>Resignations of Directors</u>. Any director may resign at any time by submitting an electronic transmission or by delivering a written notice of resignation, signed by such director, to the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, President or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect upon delivery unless the resignation specifies a later effective date or an effective date determined upon the happening of a specified event.

- Section 2.13. Removal of Directors. Directors may be removed in the manner set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation and applicable law.
- Section 2.14. <u>Vacancies and Newly Created Directorships</u>. Any vacancies or newly created directorships shall be filled as set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation, subject to the then-applicable terms, if any, of the Stockholders Agreement.
- Section 2.15. <u>Compensation</u>. The directors shall be entitled to compensation for their services to the extent approved by the stockholders at any regular or special meeting of the stockholders. The Board may by resolution determine the expenses in the performance of such services for which a director is entitled to reimbursement.
- Section 2.16. Reliance on Accounts and Reports, etc. A director, as such or as a member of any committee designated by the Board, shall in the performance of his or her duties be fully protected in relying in good faith upon the records of the Corporation and upon information, opinions, reports or statements presented to the Corporation by any of the Corporation's officers or employees, or committees designated by the Board, or by any other person as to the matters the member reasonably believes are within such other person's professional or expert competence and who has been selected with reasonable care by or on behalf of the Corporation.

ARTICLE III

COMMITTEES

Section 3.01. <u>Designation of Committees</u>. The Board shall designate such committees as may be required by applicable laws, regulations or stock exchange rules, and may designate such additional committees as it deems necessary or appropriate (collectively, the "Committees"). Each Committee shall consist of such number of directors, with such qualifications, as may be required by applicable laws, regulations or stock exchange rules, or as from time to time may be fixed by the directors then in office and shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation to the extent delegated to such Committee by the Board but no Committee shall have any power or authority as to (a) approving or adopting, or recommending to the stockholders, any action or matter (other than the election or removal of directors) expressly required by the DGCL to be submitted to stockholders for approval, (b) adopting, amending or repealing any of these By-laws or (c) as may otherwise be excluded by law or by the Certificate of Incorporation. Any Committee may be abolished or re-designated from time to time by the Board.

Section 3.02. <u>Members and Alternate Members</u>. The members of each Committee and any alternate members shall be selected by the Board. The Board may provide that the members and alternate members serve at the pleasure of the Board. An

alternate member may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the Committee. An alternate member shall be given all notices of Committee meetings, may attend any meeting of the Committee, but may count towards a quorum and vote only if a member for whom such person is an alternate is absent or disqualified. Each member (and each alternate member) of any Committee (whether designated at an annual meeting of the Board or to fill a vacancy or otherwise) shall hold office until the time he or she shall cease for any reason to be a director, or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

Section 3.03. <u>Committee Procedures</u>. A quorum for each Committee shall be a majority of its members, unless the Committee has only one or two members, in which case a quorum shall be one member, or unless a greater quorum is established by the Board. The vote of a majority of the Committee members present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Committee. Each Committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and report to the Board when required. The Board may adopt other rules and regulations for the government of any Committee not inconsistent with the provisions of these By-laws, and each Committee may adopt its own rules and regulations of government, to the extent not inconsistent with these By-laws or rules and regulations adopted by the Board.

Section 3.04. <u>Meetings and Actions of Committees</u>. Meetings and actions of each Committee shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of the following sections of these By-laws, with such By-laws being deemed to refer to the Committee and its members in lieu of the Board and its members:

- (a) Section 2.04 (to the extent relating to place and time of regular meetings);
- (b) Section 2.05 (relating to special meetings);
- (c) Section 2.06 (relating to notice and waiver of notice);
- (d) Sections 2.08 and 2.10 (relating to telephonic communication and action without a meeting); and
- (e) Section 2.09 (relating to adjournment and notice of adjournment).

Special meetings of Committees may also be called by resolution of the Board.

Section 3.05. <u>Resignations and Removals</u>. Any member (and any alternate member) of any Committee may resign from such position at any time by delivering a written notice of resignation, signed by such member, to the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, President or the Secretary. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery. Any member (and any alternate member) of any Committee may be removed from such position by the Board at any time, either for or without cause.

Section 3.06. <u>Vacancies</u>. If a vacancy occurs in any Committee for any reason, the remaining members (and any alternate members) may continue to act if a quorum is present. A Committee vacancy may be filled only by the Board subject to Section 3.01 of these By-laws.

ARTICLE IV

OFFICERS

Section 4.01. Officers. The officers of the Corporation shall be chosen by the Board and shall be a Chief Executive Officer and President (which offices shall be held by the same person) and a Secretary, provided that for so long as the Stockholders Agreement is in effect, the choosing of any such officer shall also be subject to the then-applicable terms, if any, of the Stockholders Agreement. The Board may also elect a Treasurer, Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, and such other officers and agents as the Board may determine. In addition, the Board from time to time may delegate to any officer the power to appoint subordinate officers or agents and to prescribe their respective rights, terms of office, authorities and duties. Any action by an appointing officer may be superseded by action by the Board. Any number of offices may be held by the same person. Each officer shall hold office until his or her successor is elected and qualified or until his or her earlier resignation or removal. No officer need be a director of the corporation.

Section 4.02. <u>Election</u>. The officers of the Corporation elected by the Board shall serve at the pleasure of the Board. Officers and agents appointed pursuant to delegated authority as provided in Section 4.01 (or, in the case of agents, as provided in Section 4.06) shall hold their offices for such terms as may be determined from time to time by the appointing officer. Each officer shall hold office until his or her successor has been elected or appointed and qualified, or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

Section 4.03. <u>Compensation</u>. The salaries and other compensation of all officers and agents of the Corporation shall be fixed by the Board or in the manner established by the Board.

Section 4.04. Removal and Resignation; Vacancies. Any officer may be removed for or without cause at any time by the Board. Any officer granted the power to appoint subordinate officers and agents as provided in Section 4.01 may remove any subordinate officer or agent appointed by such officer, for or without cause. Any officer or agent may resign at any time by delivering notice of resignation, either in writing signed by such officer or by electronic transmission, to the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and President. Unless otherwise specified therein, such resignation shall take effect upon delivery. Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Corporation by death, resignation, removal or otherwise, may be filled by the Board or by the officer, if any, who appointed the person formerly holding such office.

Section 4.05. <u>Authority and Duties of Officers</u>. An officer of the Corporation shall have such authority and shall exercise such powers and perform such duties (a) as may be required by law, (b) to the extent not inconsistent with law, as are specified in

these By-laws, (c) to the extent not inconsistent with law or these By-laws, as may be specified by resolution of the Board, and (d) to the extent not inconsistent with any of the foregoing, as may be specified by the appointing officer with respect to a subordinate officer appointed pursuant to delegated authority under Section 4.01.

Section 4.06. Chief Executive Officer and President. The Chief Executive Officer and President shall, unless otherwise provided by the Board, be the chief executive officer of the Corporation, shall have general control and supervision of the policies and operations of the Corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect. He or she shall manage and administer the Corporation's business and affairs and shall also perform all duties and exercise all powers usually pertaining to the office of a chief executive officer and a president of a corporation, unless otherwise specified by the Board. He or she shall have the authority to sign, in the name and on behalf of the Corporation, checks, orders, contracts, leases, notes, drafts and all other documents and instruments in connection with the business of the Corporation. He or she shall have the authority to cause the employment or appointment of such employees or agents of the Corporation as the conduct of the business of the Corporation may require, to fix their compensation, and to remove or suspend any employee or any agent employed or appointed by any officer or to suspend any agent appointed by the Board. The President shall have the duties and powers of the Treasurer if no Treasurer is elected and shall have such other duties and powers as the Board may from time to time prescribe.

Section 4.07. <u>Vice Presidents</u>. If one or more Vice-Presidents have been elected, each Vice President shall perform such duties and exercise such powers as may be assigned to him or her from time to time by the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and President. In the event of absence or disability of the Chief Executive Officer and President, the duties of the Chief Executive Officer and President shall be performed, and his or her powers may be exercised, by such Vice President as shall be designated by the Board or, failing such designation, by the Vice President in order of seniority of election to that office.

Section 4.08. Secretary. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, the Secretary shall have the following powers and duties:

- (a) The Secretary shall keep or cause to be kept a record of all the proceedings of the meetings of the stockholders, the Board and any Committees thereof in books provided for that purpose.
 - (b) The Secretary shall cause all notices to be duly given in accordance with the provisions of these By-laws and as required by law.
- (c) Whenever any Committee shall be appointed pursuant to a resolution of the Board, the Secretary shall furnish a copy of such resolution to the members of such Committee.

- (d) The Secretary shall be the custodian of the records and of the seal of the Corporation and cause such seal (or a facsimile thereof) to be affixed to all certificates representing shares of the Corporation prior to the issuance thereof and to all documents and instruments that the Board or any officer of the Corporation has determined should be executed under seal, may sign (together with any other authorized officer) any such document or instrument, and when the seal is so affixed he or she may attest the same.
- (e) The Secretary shall properly maintain and file all books, reports, statements, certificates and all other documents and records required by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws.
- (f) The Secretary shall have charge of the stock books and ledgers of the Corporation and shall cause the stock and transfer books to be kept in such manner as to show at any time the number of shares of stock of the Corporation of each class issued and outstanding, the names (alphabetically arranged) and the addresses of the holders of record of such shares, the number of shares held by each holder and the date as of which each such holder became a holder of record.
- (g) The Secretary shall sign (unless the Treasurer, an Assistant Treasurer or an Assistant Secretary shall have signed) certificates representing shares of the Corporation the issuance of which shall have been authorized by the Board.
- (h) The Secretary shall perform, in general, all duties incident to the office of secretary and such other duties as may be specified in these By-laws or as may be assigned to the Secretary from time to time by the Board or the President.
- Section 4.09. <u>Treasurer</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, the Treasurer, if there be one, shall be the chief financial officer of the Corporation and shall have the following powers and duties:
- (a) The Treasurer shall have charge and supervision over and be responsible for the moneys, securities, receipts and disbursements of the Corporation, and shall keep or cause to be kept full and accurate records thereof.
- (b) The Treasurer shall cause the moneys and other valuable effects of the Corporation to be deposited in the name and to the credit of the Corporation in such banks or trust companies or with such bankers or other depositaries as shall be determined by the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and President, or by such other officers of the Corporation as may be authorized by the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and President to make such determinations.
- (c) The Treasurer shall cause the moneys of the Corporation to be disbursed by checks or drafts (signed by such officer or officers or such agent or agents of the Corporation, and in such manner, as the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and President may determine from time to time) upon the authorized depositaries of the Corporation and cause to be taken and preserved proper vouchers for all moneys disbursed.

- (d) The Treasurer shall render to the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and President, whenever requested, a statement of the financial condition of the Corporation and of the transactions of the Corporation, and render a full financial report at the annual meeting of the stockholders, if called upon to do so.
- (e) The Treasurer shall be empowered from time to time to require from all officers or agents of the Corporation reports or statements giving such information as he or she may desire with respect to any and all financial transactions of the Corporation.
- (f) The Treasurer may sign (unless an Assistant Treasurer or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary shall have signed) certificates representing shares of stock of the Corporation the issuance of which shall have been authorized by the Board.
- (g) The Treasurer shall perform, in general, all duties incident to the office of treasurer and such other duties as may be specified in these By-laws or as may be assigned to the Treasurer from time to time by the Board or the Chief Executive Officer and President.

ARTICLE V

CAPITAL STOCK

Section 5.01. Certificates of Stock, Uncertificated Shares. The shares of the Corporation shall be represented by certificates except to the extent that the Board has provided by resolution that some or all of any or all classes or series of the stock of the Corporation shall be uncertificated shares. Any such resolution shall not apply to shares represented by a certificate until such certificate is surrendered to the Corporation. Notwithstanding the adoption of such a resolution by the Board, every holder of stock in the Corporation represented by certificates shall be entitled to have, and every holder of uncertificated shares may at the direction of the Board be permitted to receive upon request, a certificate signed by the appropriate officers of the Corporation, representing the number and class of shares registered in certificate form and owned by such holder. Such certificate shall be in such form as the Board may determine, to the extent consistent with applicable law, the Certificate of Incorporation and these By-laws.

Section 5.02. <u>Facsimile Signatures</u>. Any or all signatures on the certificates referred to in Section 5.01 of these By-laws may be in facsimile form. If any officer, transfer agent or registrar who has signed, or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon, a certificate shall have ceased to be such officer, transfer agent or registrar before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the Corporation with the same effect as if he or she were such officer, transfer agent or registrar at the date of issue.

Section 5.03. <u>Lost</u>, <u>Stolen or Destroyed Certificates</u>. A new certificate may be issued in place of any certificate theretofore issued by the Corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed only upon delivery to the Corporation of an affidavit of the owner or owners (or their legal representatives) of such certificate, setting forth such allegation, and a bond or other undertaking as may be satisfactory to a financial officer of

the Corporation designated by the Board to indemnify the Corporation against any claim that may be made against it on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of any such certificate or the issuance of any such new certificate.

Section 5.04. Transfer of Stock.

- (a) Transfer of shares represented by certificates shall be made on the books of the Corporation upon surrender to the Corporation of a certificate for shares, duly endorsed or accompanied by appropriate evidence of succession, assignment or authority to transfer, and otherwise in compliance with applicable law. Transfers of uncertificated shares shall be made on the books of the corporation as provided by applicable law. Within a reasonable time after the transfer of uncertificated stock, the corporation shall send to the registered owner thereof a written notice containing the information required to be set forth or stated on certificates pursuant to Sections 151, 156, 202(a) and 218(a) of the DGCL. Subject to applicable law, the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation and these By-laws, the Board may prescribe such additional rules and regulations as it may deem appropriate relating to the issue, transfer and registration of shares of the Corporation.
- (b) The Corporation may enter into agreements with shareholders to restrict the transfer of stock of the Corporation in any manner not prohibited by the DGCL.

Section 5.05. Registered Stockholders. Prior to due surrender of a certificate for registration of transfer, or due delivery of instructions for the registration of transfer of uncertificated shares, the Corporation may treat the registered owner as the person exclusively entitled to receive dividends and other distributions, to vote, to receive notice and otherwise to exercise all the rights and powers of the owner of the shares represented by such certificate or of such uncertificated shares, and the Corporation shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or legal claim to or interest in such shares on the part of any other person, whether or not the Corporation shall have notice of such claim or interests. If a transfer of shares is made for collateral security, and not absolutely, this fact shall be so expressed in the entry of the transfer if, when the certificates are presented to the Corporation for transfer or uncertificated shares are requested to be transferred, both the transferor and transferee request the Corporation to do so.

Section 5.06. <u>Transfer Agent and Registrar</u>. The Board may appoint one or more transfer agents and one or more registrars, and may require all certificates representing shares to bear the signature of any such transfer agents or registrars.

ARTICLE VI

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 6.01. Indemnification.

(a) <u>In General</u>. The Corporation shall indemnify, to the full extent permitted by the DGCL and other applicable law, any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding,

whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (each, a "proceeding") by reason of the fact that (x) such person is or was serving or has agreed to serve as a director or officer of the Corporation, or (y) such person, while serving as a director or officer of the Corporation, is or was serving or has agreed to serve at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee, manager or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise or (z) such person is or was serving or has agreed to serve at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer or manager of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, or by reason of any action alleged to have been taken or omitted by such person in such capacity, and who satisfies the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the DGCL or other applicable law:

- (i) in a proceeding other than a proceeding by or in the right of the Corporation, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person or on such person's behalf in connection with such proceeding and any appeal therefrom, or
- (ii) in a proceeding by or in the right of the Corporation to procure a judgment in its favor, against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person or on such person's behalf in connection with the defense or settlement of such proceeding and any appeal therefrom.
- (b) <u>Indemnification in Respect of Successful Defense</u>. To the extent that a present or former director or officer of the Corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any proceeding referred to in Section 6.01(a) or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, such person shall be indemnified by the Corporation against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection therewith.
- (c) <u>Indemnification in Respect of Proceedings Instituted by Indemnitee</u>. Section 6.01(a) does not require the Corporation to indemnify a present or former director or officer of the Corporation in respect of a proceeding (or part thereof) instituted by such person on his or her own behalf, unless such proceeding (or part thereof) has been authorized by the Board or the indemnification requested is pursuant to the last sentence of Section 6.03 of these By-laws.

Section 6.02. <u>Advance of Expenses</u>. The Corporation shall advance all expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred by a present or former director or officer in defending any proceeding prior to the final disposition of such proceeding upon written request of such person and delivery of an undertaking by such person to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that such person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation. The Corporation may authorize any counsel for the Corporation to represent (subject to applicable conflict of interest considerations) such present or former director or officer in any proceeding, whether or not the Corporation is a party to such proceeding.

Section 6.03. <u>Procedure for Indemnification</u>. Any indemnification under Section 6.01 of these By-laws or any advance of expenses under Section 6.02 of these By-laws

shall be made only against a written request therefor (together with supporting documentation) submitted by or on behalf of the person seeking indemnification or advance. Indemnification may be sought by a person under Section 6.01 of these By-laws in respect of a proceeding only to the extent that both the liabilities for which indemnification is sought and all portions of the proceeding relevant to the determination of whether the person has satisfied any appropriate standard of conduct have become final. A person seeking indemnification or advance of expenses may seek to enforce such person's rights to indemnification or advance of expenses (as the case may be) in the Delaware Court of Chancery to the extent all or any portion of a requested indemnification has not been granted within 60 days of, or to the extent all or any portion of a requested advance of expenses has not been granted within 20 days of, the submission of such request. All expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) incurred by such person in connection with successfully establishing such person's right to indemnification or advancement of expenses under this Article, in whole or in part, shall also be indemnified by the Corporation.

Section 6.04. Burden of Proof.

- (a) In any proceeding brought to enforce the right of a person to receive indemnification to which such person is entitled under Section 6.01 of these By-laws, the Corporation has the burden of demonstrating that the standard of conduct applicable under the DGCL or other applicable law was not met. A prior determination by the Corporation (including its Board or any Committee thereof, its independent legal counsel, or its stockholders) that the claimant has not met such applicable standard of conduct does not itself constitute evidence that the claimant has not met the applicable standard of conduct.
- (b) In any proceeding brought to enforce a claim for advances to which a person is entitled under Section 6.02 of these By-laws, the person seeking an advance need only show that he or she has satisfied the requirements expressly set forth in Section 6.02 of these By-laws.

Section 6.05. Contract Right; Non-Exclusivity; Survival.

- (a) The rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by this Article VI shall be deemed to be separate contract rights between the Corporation and each director and officer who serves in any such capacity at any time while these provisions as well as the relevant provisions of the DGCL are in effect, and no repeal or modification of any of these provisions or any relevant provisions of the DGCL shall adversely affect any right or obligation of such director or officer existing at the time of such repeal or modification with respect to any state of facts then or previously existing or any proceeding previously or thereafter brought or threatened based in whole or in part upon any such state of facts. Such "contract rights" may not be modified retroactively as to any present or former director or officer without the consent of such director or officer.
- (b) The rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by this Article VI shall not be deemed exclusive of any other indemnification or

advancement of expenses to which a present or former director or officer of the Corporation seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled by any agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors, or otherwise.

(c) The rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by this Article VI to any present or former director or officer of the Corporation shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such person.

Section 6.06. <u>Insurance</u>. The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was or has agreed to become a director or officer of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director or officer of another Corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person or on such person's behalf in any such capacity, or arising out of such person's status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such liability under the provisions of this Article.

Section 6.07. Employees and Agents. The Board, or any officer authorized by the Board generally or in the specific case to make indemnification decisions, may cause the Corporation to indemnify any present or former employee or agent of the Corporation in such manner and for such liabilities as the Board may determine, up to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL and other applicable law.

Section 6.08. Interpretation; Severability. Terms defined in Sections 145(h) or (i) of the DGCL have the meanings set forth in such sections when used in this Article VI. If this Article or any portion hereof shall be invalidated on any ground by any court of competent jurisdiction, then the Corporation shall nevertheless indemnify each director or officer of the Corporation as to costs, charges and expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement with respect to any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, including an action by or in the right of the Corporation, to the fullest extent permitted by any applicable portion of this Article that shall not have been invalidated and to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law.

ARTICLE VII

OFFICES

Section 7.01. <u>Registered Office</u>. The registered office of the Corporation in the State of Delaware shall be located at the location provided in the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation.

Section 7.02. Other Offices. The Corporation may maintain offices or places of business at such other locations within or without the State of Delaware as the Board may from time to time determine or as the business of the Corporation may require.

ARTICLE VIII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 8.01. Dividends.

- (a) Subject to any applicable provisions of law and the Certificate of Incorporation, dividends upon the shares of the Corporation may be declared by the Board at any regular or special meeting of the Board and any such dividend may be paid in cash, property, or shares of the Corporation's stock.
- (b) A member of the Board, or a member of any Committee designated by the Board shall be fully protected in relying in good faith upon the records of the Corporation and upon such information, opinions, reports or statements presented to the Corporation by any of its officers or employees, or Committees of the Board, or by any other person as to matters the director reasonably believes are within such other person's professional or expert competence and who has been selected with reasonable care by or on behalf of the Corporation, as to the value and amount of the assets, liabilities and/or net profits of the Corporation, or any other facts pertinent to the existence and amount of surplus or other funds from which dividends might properly be declared and paid.

Section 8.02. <u>Reserves</u>. There may be set apart out of any funds of the Corporation available for dividends such sum or sums as the Board from time to time may determine proper as a reserve or reserves for meeting contingencies, equalizing dividends, repairing or maintaining any property of the Corporation or for such other purpose or purposes as the Board may determine conducive to the interest of the Corporation, and the Board may similarly modify or abolish any such reserve.

Section 8.03. Execution of Instruments. Except as otherwise required by law or the Certificate of Incorporation, the Board or any officer of the Corporation authorized by the Board may authorize any other officer or agent of the Corporation to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name and on behalf of the Corporation. Any such authorization must be in writing or by electronic transmission and may be general or limited to specific contracts or instruments.

Section 8.04. <u>Voting as Stockholder</u>. Unless otherwise determined by resolution of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and President or any Vice President shall have full power and authority on behalf of the Corporation to attend any meeting of stockholders of any Corporation in which the Corporation may hold stock, and to act, vote (or execute proxies to vote) and exercise in person or by proxy all other rights, powers and privileges incident to the ownership of such stock at any such meeting, or through action without a meeting. The Board may by resolution from time to time confer such power and authority (in general or confined to specific instances) upon any other person or persons.

Section 8.05. <u>Fiscal Year</u>. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall commence on the first day of January of each year and shall terminate in each case on December 31, unless otherwise fixed by the Board by resolution.

Section 8.06. <u>Seal</u>. The seal of the Corporation shall be circular in form and shall contain the name of the Corporation, the year of its incorporation and the words "Corporate Seal" and "Delaware". The form of such seal shall be subject to alteration by the Board. The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed, affixed or reproduced, or may be used in any other lawful manner.

Section 8.07. <u>Books and Records</u>; <u>Inspection</u>. Except to the extent otherwise required by law, the books and records of the Corporation shall be kept at such place or places within or without the State of Delaware as may be determined from time to time by the Board.

Section 8.08. <u>Electronic Transmission</u>. "<u>Electronic transmission</u>", as used in these By-laws, means any form of communication, not directly involving the physical transmission of paper, that creates a record that may be retained, retrieved and reviewed by a recipient thereof, and that may be directly reproduced in paper form by such a recipient through an automated process.

ARTICLE IX

AMENDMENT OF BY-LAWS

Section 9.01. <u>Amendment</u>. Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation, these By-laws may be amended, altered or repealed, or new by-laws may be adopted:

- (a) by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the directors then in office at any special or regular meeting of the Board if, in the case of such special meeting only, notice of such amendment, alteration or repeal is contained in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting, and
- (b) (i) until the Trigger Date (the first date on which the CD&R Investor ceases to beneficially own (directly or indirectly) at least forty percent (40%) of the outstanding shares of common stock), the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders if, in the case of such special meeting only, notice of such amendment, alteration or repeal is contained in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting, or
- (ii) from and after the Trigger Date, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (66 2/3%) of the outstanding shares of common stock entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of stockholders if, in the case of such special meeting only, notice of such amendment, alteration or repeal is contained in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no amendment, alteration or repeal of Article VI of these By-laws shall adversely affect any right or protection existing under these By-laws immediately prior to such amendment, alteration or repeal, including any right or protection of a present or former director or officer thereunder in respect of any act or omission occurring prior to the time of such amendment.

ARTICLE X

CONSTRUCTION

Section 10.01. <u>Construction</u>. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of these By-laws as in effect from time to time and the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation as in effect from time to time, the provisions of such Certificate of Incorporation shall be controlling.



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agilon health, inc.
THE COMPANY WILL FURNISH WITHOUT CHARGE TO EACH SHAREHOLDER WHO SO REQUESTS, A SUMMARY OF THE POWERS, DESIGNATIONS, PREFERENCES AND RELATIVE, PARTICIPATING, OPTIONAL OR OTHER SPECIAL RIGHTS OF EACH CLASS OF STOCK OF THE COMPANY AND THE COULIFICATIONS, LIMITATIONS OR RESTRICTIONS OF SUCH PREFERENCES AND RIGHTS, AND THE WARRATIONS IN RIGHTS, PREFERENCES AND LIMITATIONS DETERMINED FOR EACH SERIES, WHICH ARE FIXED BY THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF THE COMPANY, AS AMENDED, AND HER RESOLUTIONS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO PRECTORS TO DETERMINE WARRATIONS FOR FUTURE SERIES. SUCH REQUEST MAY BE MADE TO THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY OR TO THE TRANSFER AGENT. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO DETERMINE WARRATIONS FOR FUTURE SERIES, SUCH REQUIEST MAY BE MADE TO THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY OR TO THE TRANSFER AGENT. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO THE TRANSFER AGENTATIVES, TO DIVE THE COMPANY A BOND TO INDEMNIFY IT AND ITS TRANSFER AGENTS AND REGISTRARS AGAINST ANY CLAIM THAT MAY BE MADE AGAINST THEM ON ACCOUNT OF THE ALLEGED LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF ANY SUCH CERTIFICATE.

The following abbreviations, when used in according to applicable laws or regulation		cate, shall be construed as though they were written out in full
TEN COM - as tenants in common	UNIF GIFT MIN AC	T - Custodian Milrori
TEN ENT - as tenants by the entireties		under Uniform Gifts to Minors Act
JT TEN - as joint tenants with right of		(State)
and not as tenants in comm	non	(Cust) under Uniform Transfers to Minors Act
Additional abbreviations may also be us	sed though not in the above list.	(Mnor) (State)
	-	If the control of the
		PLEASE INSERT SOCIAL SECURITY OR OTHER IDENTIFYING MARKER OF ASSIGN
For value received,	hereby sell, assign and transfe	runto
		-
LEASE PRINT OR TYPEWRITE NAME AND ADDRESS. INCLUDING	POSTAL ZIP CODE, OF ASSIGNEE)	
of the common stock represented by the with	nin Certificate, and do hereby irrevocabi	
o transfer the said stock on the books of the	within-named Company with full power	of substitution in the premises.
Dated:	20	Signature(s) Guaranteed: Medallion Guarantee Stamp
pantu.	20	THE SIGNATURE(S) SHOULD BE GUARANTEED BY AN ELIGIBLE GUARANTOR INSTITUTION (Burks Stobboken, Sanings and Lisan Associations and Cheb Listons) WITH MEMBERSHIP IN AN APPROVED SIGNATURE GUARANTEE MEDILLION PROCESSAY, PUSSIGNANT TO SEC, FURLE TISA-TO-
Signature:		
253		
Signature:		
	nment must correspond with the name of the certificate, in every particular,	
	ement, or any change whatever.	

SECURITY INSTRUCTIONS



1234567



Debevoise & Plimpton LLP 919 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022 +1 212 909 6000

April 7, 2021

agilon health, inc. 1 World Trade Center, Suite 2000 Long Beach, CA 90831

Registration Statement on Form S-1 of agilon health, inc. (Registration No. 333-254435)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special New York counsel to agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the filing with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), of a Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-254435), as amended (the "Registration Statement"), relating to an initial public offering (the "Offering") of 46,600,000 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), to be issued and sold by the Company (such shares of Common Stock, together with up to 6,990,000 shares of Common Stock that may be issued and sold by the Company upon exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of Common Stock and any additional shares of Common Stock that may be registered in accordance with Rule 462(b) under the Act for sale in the Offering, the "Shares") pursuant to an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") to be entered into among the Company and the representatives of the several underwriters to be named in Schedule I thereto.

In arriving at the opinion expressed below, we have (a) examined and relied on the originals, or copies certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of such agreements, documents and records of the Company and its subsidiaries and such certificates of public officials, officers and representatives of the Company and its subsidiaries and other persons as we have deemed appropriate for the purposes of such opinion, (b) examined and relied as to factual matters upon, and have assumed the accuracy of, the statements made in the certificates of public officials, officers and representatives of the Company and its subsidiaries and other persons delivered to us and (c) made such investigations of law as we have deemed appropriate as a basis for such opinion.

www.debevoise.com

In rendering the opinion expressed below, we have assumed, with your permission, without independent investigation or inquiry, (i) the authenticity and completeness of all documents that we examined, (ii) the genuineness of all signatures on all documents that we examined, (iii) the conformity to authentic originals and completeness of documents examined by us that are certified, conformed, reproduction, photostatic or other copies, (iv) the legal capacity of all natural persons executing documents, (v) that the Shares are uncertificated and that the statements required by Section 151(f) of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as in effect on the date hereof (the "DGCL"), will be furnished in accordance with the DGCL, and (vi) that, upon the issuance of the Shares, such issuance will be duly recorded in the stock ledger of the Company.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing and the assumptions, qualifications and limitations hereinafter set forth, we are of the opinion that the Shares have been duly authorized and, when issued by the Company and delivered against payment therefor in accordance with the Underwriting Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable under the DGCL.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement, to the reference to our firm under the caption "Validity of Common Stock" in the Prospectus forming a part thereof and to the incorporation by reference of this opinion and consent as exhibits to any registration statement filed in accordance with Rule 462(b) under the Act relating to the Offering. In giving such consent, we do not concede that we are within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder.

We are members of the bar of the State of New York. We express no opinion as to the laws of any jurisdiction other than the DGCL.

Very truly yours, /s/ Debevoise & Plimpton LLP

TERMINATION AGREEMENT

This TERMINATION AGREEMENT (this "<u>Agreement</u>") is entered as of [●], 2021, by and between Agilon Health Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a CD&R Vector Topco, Inc.), a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), Primary Provider Management Co., Inc., a California corporation ("<u>Opco</u>") and Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>CD&R Manager</u>").

WHEREAS, the parties hereto are party to a Consulting Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2016 (the "Consulting Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto wish to terminate the Consulting Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants, conditions and agreements set forth herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. <u>Termination of Consulting Agreement</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of the Consulting Agreement to the contrary (including any provisions that purport to survive the termination thereof), effective as of the date hereof, the Consulting Agreement is hereby terminated without any obligation surviving such termination. Each party hereto hereby waives any notice, consent or other requirement in connection with such termination of the Consulting Agreement. As a matter of precaution each party hereto waives, effective as of the date hereof, any claims it may have against the other party under the Consulting Agreement.

Section 2. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof.

Section 3. <u>Binding on Successors</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

Section 4. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts (including via facsimile or scanned pages), each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

[Signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have duly executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

CLAYTON, DUBILIER & RICE, LLC

By:

Name: Theresa A. Gore

Title: Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant

Secretary

AGILON HEALTH HOLDINGS, INC.

By:

Name: Kenneth Bellendir

Title: Vice President and Secretary

PRIMARY PROVIDER MANAGEMENT CO., INC.

By

Name: Kenneth Bellendir

Title: Vice President, Treasurer and Secretary

[Signature Page to Termination Agreement (for CD&R Consulting Agreement)]

STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT

of

AGILON HEALTH, INC.

Dated as of [•], 2021

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 $Exhibit \ A-Joinder \ Agreement$

THIS STOCKHOLDERS AGREEMENT is entered into as of [•], 2021, by and among agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation (and any successor in interest thereto, the "Company"), CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership (and any successor in interest thereto, the "CD&R Investor"), and any Person who executes a Joinder Agreement in the form of Exhibit A hereto (each, a "Stockholder" and collectively, the "Stockholders"). Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings set forth in Section 1.1.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Company intends to undertake an underwritten initial public offering (the "IPO") of Common Stock; and

WHEREAS, in connection with the IPO, and effective as of the date of the initial listing (the "<u>Listing Date</u>") of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange (the "<u>NYSE</u>"), the Company and the CD&R Investor wish to set forth their respective rights and obligations on and after the Listing Date, including with respect to certain governance matters.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements contained herein, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 Certain Defined Terms. As used herein, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- "Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, (i) any Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with such Person, (ii) any Person directly or indirectly owning or controlling 10% or more of any class of outstanding voting securities of such Person or (iii) any officer, director, general partner or trustee of any such Person described in clause (i) or (ii).
 - "Agreement" means this Stockholders Agreement, as amended from time to time in accordance with Section 3.2.
 - "Annual Budget" has the meaning given to such term in Section 2.2(b).
- "Applicable Law" means all applicable provisions of (i) constitutions, treaties, statutes, laws (including the common law), rules, regulations, ordinances, codes or orders of any Governmental Entity, (ii) any consents or approvals of any Governmental Entity and (iii) any orders, decisions, injunctions, judgments, awards, decrees of or agreements with any Governmental Entity.

"beneficial owner" or "beneficially own" has the meaning given such term in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act and a Person's beneficial ownership of Common Stock or other voting securities of the Company shall be calculated in accordance with the provisions of such Rule.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"By-laws" means the Amended and Restated By-laws of the Company, as in effect on the date hereof and as the same may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof and the terms of the Charter.

"CD&R Designee" has the meaning given to such term in Section 2.1(b).

"CD&R Investor" has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

"Chairman" has the meaning given to such term in Section 2.1(e).

"Charter" means the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as in effect on the date hereof and as the same may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof.

"Common Stock" means the shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company including any shares of capital stock into which Common Stock may be converted (as a result of recapitalization, share exchange or similar event) or are issued with respect to Common Stock, including with respect to any stock split or stock dividend, or a successor security.

"Company" has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

"control" (including the terms "controlling", "controlled by" and "under common control with"), with respect to the relationship between or among two or more Persons, means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the affairs or management of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, as trustee or executor, by contract or otherwise.

"Director" means any member of the Board.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles, as in effect in the United States of America from time to time.

"Governmental Entity" means any federal, state, local or foreign court, legislative, executive or regulatory authority or agency.

"Group" has the meaning given to such term in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act.

"Information" means all confidential information about the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that is or has been furnished to any Stockholder or any of its Representatives by or on behalf of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or any of their respective Representatives, whether written or oral or in electronic or other form and whether prepared by the Company, its Representatives or otherwise, together with all written or electronically stored documentation prepared by such Stockholder or its Representatives based on or reflecting, in whole or in part, such information; provided that the term "Information" does not include any information that (i) is or becomes generally available to the public through no action or omission by such Stockholder or its Representatives, (ii) is or becomes available to such Stockholder on a non-confidential basis from a source, other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or any of their respective Representatives, that to such Stockholder's knowledge, after reasonable inquiry, is not prohibited from disclosing such portions to such Stockholder by a contractual, legal or fiduciary obligation, (iii) is independently developed by a Stockholder or its Representatives or Affiliates on its own behalf without use of any of the confidential information or (iv) was in such Stockholder's, its Affiliates' or its Representatives' possession prior to the date of this Agreement.

"IPO" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"Issuer Competitor" means any Person that directly competes with the business of the Company and its direct and indirect Subsidiaries from time to time.

"Listing Date" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"NYSE" has the meaning set forth in the Recitals.

"<u>Permitted Transferee</u>" means with respect to any Stockholder, an Affiliate of such Stockholder, including to any investment fund or other entity controlled or managed by, or under common control or management with, such Stockholder; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that any such transferee agrees in a writing in the form attached as Exhibit A hereto to be bound by and to comply with all applicable provisions of this Agreement. Any Stockholder shall also be a Permitted Transferee of the Permitted Transferees or itself.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, limited liability company, limited or general partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, government or any agency or political subdivisions thereof or any Group comprised of any two or more of the foregoing.

"Representatives" means with respect to any Person, any of such Person's, or its Affiliates', directors, officers, employees, general partners, Affiliates, direct or indirect shareholders, members or limited partners, attorneys, accountants, financial and other advisers, and other agents and representatives, including in the case of the CD&R Investor, any person designated for nomination by the Board as a Director by the CD&R Investor.

"Stockholder" and "Stockholders" have the meanings given to such terms in the Preamble.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, entity or other organization whether incorporated or unincorporated, of which (i) such first Person directly or indirectly owns or controls at least a majority of the securities or other interests having by their terms ordinary voting power to elect a majority of the board of directors or others performing similar functions or (ii) such first Person is a general partner, managing member or otherwise exercises similar management control.

"Transfer" means, directly or indirectly, to sell, transfer, assign, pledge, encumber, hypothecate or similarly dispose of, either voluntarily or involuntarily, or to enter into any contract, option or other arrangement or understanding with respect to the sale, transfer, assignment, pledge, encumbrance, hypothecation or similar disposition of, any shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by a Person or any interest in any shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by a Person.

1.2 Other Definitional Provisions.

- (a) The words "hereof," "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import when used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement, and Article and Section references are to this Agreement unless otherwise specified. The words "includes" and "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the phrase "without limitation."
 - (b) The meanings given to terms defined herein shall be equally applicable to both the singular and plural forms of such terms.

ARTICLE II

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

2.1 Board Representation.

(a) Following the Listing Date, the CD&R Investor shall have the right, but not the obligation, to designate for nomination by the Board as Directors a number of designees equal to at least: (i) at least a majority of the total number of Directors comprising the Board at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 50% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock; (ii) at least 40% of the total number of Directors comprising the Board at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 30% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock; (iii) at least 30% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock; (iv) at least 20% of the total number of Directors comprising the Board at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 30% but less than 40% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock; (iv) at least 20% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock; and (v) at least 5% of the total number of Directors comprising the Board at such time as long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 5% but less than 20% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock. For purposes of calculating the number of CD&R Designees that the CD&R Investor is entitled to designate for nomination pursuant to the formula outlined above, any fractional amounts would be rounded up to the nearest whole number and the calculation would be made on a pro forma basis after taking into account any increase in the size of the Board. For the avoidance of doubt, if the CD&R Investor beneficially owns less than 5% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock, the CD&R Investor shall no longer be entitled to designate any designees for nomination by the Board as Directors.

(b) In the event that the CD&R Investor has designated for nomination by the Board less than the total number of designees the CD&R Investor shall be entitled to designate for nomination pursuant to Section 2.1(a), the CD&R Investor shall have the right, at any time, to designate for nomination such additional designees to which it is entitled, in which case, the Company and the Directors shall take all necessary action, to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law (including with respect to any fiduciary duties under Delaware law), to (\underline{x}) enable the CD&R Investor to designate for nomination and effect the election or appointment of such additional individuals, whether by increasing the size of the Board, or otherwise, and (\underline{y}) to designate such additional individuals designated for nomination by the CD&R Investor to fill such newly-created vacancies or to fill any other existing vacancies. Each such individual whom the CD&R Investor shall actually designate for nomination pursuant to this Section 2.1 and who is thereafter elected to the Board to serve as a Director shall be referred to herein as a "CD&R Designee."

- (c) In the event that a vacancy is created at any time by the death, retirement or resignation of any Director designated by the CD&R Investor pursuant to this Section 2.1, the remaining Directors and the Company shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law (including with respect to any fiduciary duties under Delaware law), cause the vacancy created thereby to be filled by a new designee of the CD&R Investor as soon as possible, and the Company hereby agrees to take, to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law (including with respect to any fiduciary duties under Delaware law), at any time and from time to time, all actions necessary to accomplish the same.
- (d) The Company agrees, to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law (including with respect to any fiduciary duties under Delaware law) and notwithstanding any mandatory Director retirement age that may be adopted by the Company, to include in the slate of nominees recommended by the Board for election at any meeting of stockholders called for the purpose of electing Directors the individuals designated pursuant to this Section 2.1 and to nominate and recommend each such individual to be elected as a Director as provided herein, and to solicit proxies or consents in favor thereof. The Company is entitled to identify such individual as a CD&R Designee pursuant to this Agreement.
- (e) For so long as the CD&R Investor beneficially owns at least 25% of the outstanding shares of the Common Stock, a CD&R Designee shall serve as the Chairman of the Board ("Chairman") and in such capacity as Chairman shall preside over meetings of the Board and the stockholders, among other duties.
- (f) Insofar as the Company is or becomes subject to requirements under Applicable Law or the regulations of any self-regulatory organization, including the NYSE or such other national securities exchange upon which the Common Stock is listed to which the Company is then subject, relating to the composition of the Board or committees thereof, their respective responsibilities or the qualifications of their respective members, the CD&R Investor shall cooperate in good faith to select for nomination its designees to the Board under this Section 2.1 so as to permit the Company to comply with all such applicable legal or regulatory requirements.
- (g) No CD&R Designee shall be paid any fee (or provided any equity-based compensation) for service as Director or member of any committee of the Board, unless otherwise determined by the Board; provided that each CD&R Designee shall be entitled to reimbursement by the Company for reasonable expenses incurred while traveling to and from Board and committee meetings as well as travel for other business related to his or her service on the Board or committees thereof, subject to any maximum reimbursement obligations as may be established by the Board from time to time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any CD&R Designee whom the Board determines to be "independent" as defined under NYSE and Exchange Act rules and regulations shall be entitled to participate in the Company's compensation arrangements in which non-CD&R Designees, or other "independent" Directors, participate.

- 2.2 <u>Available Financial Information</u>. Upon written request of the CD&R Investor, the Company will deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the CD&R Investor or its designated Representative:
- (a) as soon as available after the end of each month and in any event within 30 days thereafter, a consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of the end of such month and consolidated statements of operations, income, cash flows, retained earnings and stockholders' equity of the Company and its Subsidiaries, for each month and for the current fiscal year of the Company to date, prepared in accordance with GAAP (subject to normal year-end audit adjustments and the absence of notes thereto), together with a comparison of such statements to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year and to the Company's business plan then in effect and approved by the Board;
- (b) an annual budget, a business plan and financial forecasts for the Company for the next fiscal year of the Company (the "Annual Budget"), no later than 30 days before the beginning of the Company's next fiscal year, in such manner and form as approved by the Board, which shall include at least a projection of income and a projected cash flow statement for each fiscal quarter in such fiscal year and a projected balance sheet as of the end of each fiscal quarter in such fiscal year, in each case prepared in reasonable detail, with appropriate presentation and discussion of the principal assumptions upon which such budgets and projections are based, which shall be accompanied by the statement of the chief executive officer or chief financial officer or equivalent officer of the Company to the effect that such budget and projections are based on reasonable and good faith estimates and assumptions made by the management of the Company for the respective periods covered thereby; it being recognized by the CD&R Investor that such budgets and projections as to future events are not to be viewed as facts and that actual results during the period or periods covered by them may differ from the projected results. Any material changes in such Annual Budget shall be delivered to the CD&R Investor as promptly as practicable after such changes have been approved by the Board;
- (c) as soon as available after the end of each fiscal year of the Company, and in any event within 90 days thereafter, (i) the annual financial statements required to be filed by the Company pursuant to the Exchange Act, (ii) a consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of the end of such fiscal year, and consolidated statements of income, retained earnings and cash flows of the Company and its Subsidiaries for such year, prepared in accordance with GAAP and setting forth in each case in comparative form the figures for the previous fiscal year, all in reasonable detail and accompanied by the opinion of independent public accountants of recognized national standing selected by the Company and (iii) a Company-prepared comparison to the Annual Budget for such year as approved by the Board; and

- (d) as soon as available after the end of the first, second and third quarterly accounting periods in each fiscal year of the Company, and in any event within 45 days thereafter, (i) the quarterly financial statements required to be filed by the Company pursuant to the Exchange Act, (ii) a consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its Subsidiaries as of the end of each such quarterly period, and consolidated statements of income, retained earnings and cash flows of the Company and its Subsidiaries for such period and for the current fiscal year to date, prepared in accordance with GAAP (subject to normal year-end audit adjustments and the absence of notes thereto) and (iii) a Company-prepared comparison to the corresponding periods of the previous fiscal year and to the Annual Budget then in effect as approved by the Board, all of the information to be provided pursuant to this Section 2.2(d) in reasonable detail and certified by the principal financial or accounting officer of the Company.
- (e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Sections 2.2(c) and (d), the Company may satisfy its obligations thereunder (other than its obligations under Sections 2.2(c)(iii) and 2.2(d)(iii)) by (i) providing the financial statements of any wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company to the extent such financial statements reflect the entirety of the operations of the business or (ii) filing such financial statements of the Company or any wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company whose financial statements satisfy the requirements of clause (i), as applicable, with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on EDGAR or in such other manner as makes them publicly available. The Company's obligation to furnish the materials described in Sections 2.2(c) and (d) shall be satisfied so long as it transmits such materials to the CD&R Investor within the time periods specified therein, notwithstanding that such materials may actually be received after the expiration of such periods.
- 2.3 Other Information. The Company covenants and agrees to deliver to the CD&R Investor, upon written request, with reasonable promptness, such other information and data (including such information and reports made available to any lender of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries under any credit agreement or otherwise) with respect to the Company and each of its Subsidiaries as from time to time may be reasonably requested by the CD&R Investor; provided that the Company reserves the right to withhold any information under this Section 2.3 or access under Section 2.4 from the CD&R Investor if the Board determines that providing such information or granting such access would reasonably be expected to materially adversely affect the Company on a competitive basis or otherwise. The CD&R Investor shall have access to such other information concerning the Company's business or financial condition and the Company's management as may be reasonably requested, including all information that is necessary for (\underline{x}) each of the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates to comply with income tax reporting and regulatory requirements and (\underline{y}) the CD&R Investor to prepare its quarterly and annual financial statements.

- 2.4 Access. Subject to Section 2.3, the Company shall, and shall cause its Subsidiaries, officers, Directors, employees, auditors and other agents to (a) afford the CD&R Investor and its Representatives, during normal business hours and upon reasonable notice, reasonable access at all reasonable times to its officers, employees, auditors, legal counsel, properties, offices and other facilities and to all books and records, and (b) afford the CD&R Investor the opportunity to discuss the affairs, finances and accounts of the Company and its Subsidiaries with their respective officers from time to time as the CD&R Investor may reasonably request upon reasonable notice.
- 2.5 <u>Termination of Rights</u>. This Agreement shall terminate on the earlier to occur of (<u>a</u>) such time as the CD&R Investor is no longer entitled to nominate a Director pursuant to Section 2.1(a) of this Agreement and (<u>b</u>) upon the delivery of a written notice by the CD&R Investor to the Company requesting that this Agreement terminate.

ARTICLE III

MISCELLANEOUS

3.1 Confidentiality. Each party hereto agrees to, and shall cause its Representatives to, keep confidential and not divulge any Information, and to use, and cause its Representatives to use, such Information only in connection with the operation of the Company and its Subsidiaries and monitoring and making voting and investment decisions with respect to the Company; provided that nothing herein shall prevent any party hereto from disclosing such Information (a) upon the order of any court or administrative agency, (b) upon the request or demand of any regulatory agency or authority having jurisdiction over such party, (c) to the extent required by law or legal process or required or requested pursuant to subpoena, interrogatories or other discovery requests, (d) to the extent necessary in connection with the exercise of any remedy hereunder, (e) to other Stockholders, (f) to such party's Representatives that in the reasonable judgment of such party need to know such Information, (g) to any potential Permitted Transferee of a Stockholder to whom such proposed Transfer would be permitted in accordance with Section 3.3 as long as such potential Permitted Transferee agrees to be bound by the provisions of this Section 3.1 as if a Stockholder or (h) to any prospective purchaser of all of a Stockholder's shares of the Common Stock, provided that (1) such prospective purchaser shall have been advised of this Agreement and shall have expressly agreed to be bound by the confidentiality provisions hereof, (2) such prospective purchaser is not an Issuer Competitor or a Person who controls any Issuer Competitor, and (3) such prospective purchaser shall be responsible for any breach of or failure to comply with the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement by any of its Affiliates and such prospective purchaser agrees, at its sole expense, to take reasonable measures (including but not limited to court proceedings) to restrain its Representatives

and Affiliates from prohibited or unauthorized disclosure or use of any Information; <u>provided further</u> that, in the case of clause (a) or (c), such party shall notify the other parties hereto of the proposed disclosure as far in advance of such disclosure as practicable and use reasonable efforts to ensure that any Information so disclosed is accorded confidential treatment, when and if available.

- 3.2 Amendments and Waivers. This Agreement may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified only by a written instrument executed by the Company and the CD&R Investor. Neither the failure nor delay on the part of any party hereto to exercise any right, remedy, power or privilege under this Agreement shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, remedy, power or privilege preclude with respect to any occurrence be construed as a waiver of such right, remedy, power or privilege with respect to any other occurrence. No waiver shall be effective unless it is in writing and is signed by the party asserted to have granted such waiver.
- 3.3 <u>Successors, Assigns and Permitted Transferees</u>. This Agreement shall bind and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns. Any Stockholder may assign its rights and obligations hereunder to any Permitted Transferee.
- 3.4 <u>Notices</u>. All notices and other communications to be given to any party hereunder shall be sufficiently given for all purposes hereunder if in writing and delivered by hand, courier or overnight delivery service, or when received in the form of a facsimile or other electronic transmission (receipt confirmation requested), and shall be directed to the address set forth below (or at such other address or facsimile number as such party shall designate by like notice):
 - (a) if to the Company, to:

agilon health, inc.

1 World Trade Center
Suite 2000
Long Beach, CA 90831
Attention: Chief Busines

Attention: Chief Business Officer Email: ted.halkias@agilonhealth.com (b) if to the CD&R Investor, to:

Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC 375 Park Avenue 18th Floor New York, New York 10152 Attention: Chief Financial Officer Email: Finance@cdr-inc.com

(c) if to any other Stockholder, to the address of such other Stockholder as shown in the stock record book of the Company.

in each case, with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Debevoise & Plimpton LLP 919 Third Avenue New York, New York 10022

Attention: Peter J. Loughran, Esq. and Paul M. Rodel, Esq.

Fax: (212) 909-6836

Email: pjloughran@debevoise.com; pmrodel@debevoise.com

3.5 <u>Further Assurances</u>. At any time or from time to time after the date hereof, the parties agree to cooperate with each other, and at the request of any other party, to execute and deliver any further instruments or documents and to take all such further action as the other party may reasonably request in order to evidence or effectuate the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and to otherwise carry out the intent of the parties hereunder. To the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law, the Company shall not directly or indirectly take any action that is intended to, or would reasonably be expected to result in, any Stockholder being deprived of the rights contemplated by this Agreement.

3.6 Entire Agreement; No Third Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersedes any prior discussions, correspondence, negotiation, proposed term sheet, agreement or understanding and there are no agreements, understandings, representations or warranties between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement other than those set forth or referred to in this Agreement, and this Agreement is not intended to confer in or on behalf of any Person not a party to this Agreement (and their successors and assigns) any rights, benefits, causes of action or remedies with respect to the subject matter or any provision hereof.

- 3.7 <u>Restrictions on Other Agreements; By-laws</u>. The provisions of this Agreement shall be controlling if any such provision or the operation thereof conflicts with the provisions of the By-laws. Each of the parties covenants and agrees to take, or cause to be taken, to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law (including with respect to any fiduciary duties under Delaware law), any action reasonably requested by the Company or any Stockholder, as the case may be, to amend the By-laws so as to avoid any conflict with the provisions hereof, including, in the case of the Stockholders, to vote their shares of Common Stock.
- 3.8 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws thereof to the extent that such principles would require or permit the application of laws of another jurisdiction.
- 3.9 <u>Jurisdiction and Forum; Waiver of Jury Trial</u>. In any judicial proceeding involving any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this Agreement, each of the parties unconditionally accepts the jurisdiction and venue of or, if the Court of Chancery does not have subject matter jurisdiction over this matter, the Superior Court of the State of Delaware (Complex Commercial Division), or if jurisdiction over the matter is vested exclusively in federal courts, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, and the appellate courts to which orders and judgments thereof may be appealed. In any such judicial proceeding, the parties agree that in addition to any method for the service of process permitted or required by such courts, to the fullest extent permitted by law, service of process may be made by delivery provided pursuant to the directions in Section 3.4. EACH OF THE PARTIES HEREBY WAIVES TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING INVOLVING ANY DISPUTE, CONTROVERSY OR CLAIM ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT.
- 3.10 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to any Person or circumstance or in any jurisdiction, shall be held to be invalid or unenforceable to any extent, (a) the remainder of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby, and each other provision hereof shall be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law, (b) as to such Person or circumstance or in such jurisdiction such provision shall be reformed to be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law and (c) the application of such provision to other Persons or circumstances or in other jurisdictions shall not be affected thereby.
- 3.11 Enforcement. Each party hereto acknowledges that money damages would not be an adequate remedy in the event that any of the covenants or agreements in this Agreement are not performed in accordance with its terms, and it is therefore agreed that in addition to and without limiting any other remedy or right it may have, the non-breaching party will have the right to an injunction, temporary restraining order or other equitable relief in any court of competent jurisdiction enjoining any such breach and enforcing specifically the terms and provisions hereof.

- 3.12 <u>Titles and Subtitles</u>. The titles of the articles, sections and subsections of this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and will not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.
 - 3.13 Effectiveness. This Agreement shall become effective upon the Listing Date.
- 3.14 No Recourse. This Agreement may only be enforced against, and any claims or cause of action that may be based upon, arise out of or relate to this Agreement, or the negotiation, execution or performance of this Agreement may only be made against the entities that are expressly identified as parties hereto and no past, present or future Affiliate, Director, officer, employee, incorporator, member, manager, partner, stockholder, agent, attorney or representative of any party hereto shall have any liability for any obligations or liabilities of the parties to this Agreement or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 3.15 <u>Counterparts; Facsimile Signatures</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Agreement by one party to the others may be made by facsimile, electronic mail, other electronic format (including any electronic signature complying with the Delaware Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, as amended from time to time, or other applicable law) or other transmission method, and the parties hereto agree that any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Agreement as of the date set forth in the fir	irst paragraph hereof.
--	------------------------

AGILON HEALTH, INC.

By:				
	Name:			
	Title:			

[Signature Page - Stockholders Agreement]

By: CD&R Investment Associates IX, Ltd., its general partner

By: Name: Title:

CD&R VECTOR HOLDINGS, L.P.

[Signature Page - Stockholders Agreement]

JOINDER AGREEMENT

Reference is made to the Stockholders Agreement, dated as of $[\bullet]$, 2021 (as amended from time to time, the "<u>Stockholders Agreement</u>"), by and among agilon health, inc. (the "<u>Company</u>") and certain stockholders of the Company party thereto. The undersigned agrees, by execution hereof, to become a party to, and to be subject to the rights and obligations under, the Stockholders Agreement.

[NAME]
Ву:
Name:
Title:
Date:
Address:
Acknowledged by:
AGILON HEALTH, INC.
Ву:
Name:
Title:
Date:

REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

of

AGILON HEALTH, INC.

Dated as of [•], 2021

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Exhibit A Joinder Agreement

This REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is entered into as of [•], 2021, by and among agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation (and any successor in interest thereto, the "Company"), CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership (and any successor in interest thereto, the "CD&R Investor"), any Person who executes a Joinder Agreement in the form of Exhibit A hereto and any Person who becomes a party hereto pursuant to Section 9(d). Capitalized terms used herein shall have the meaning assigned to such terms in the text of this Agreement or in Section 1.

WHEREAS, the Company intends to undertake an underwritten initial public offering (the "IPO") of Common Stock; and

WHEREAS, in connection with the IPO, the Company desires to provide to the Holders rights to registration under the Securities Act of Registrable Securities, on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing recitals and of the mutual promises hereinafter set forth, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

- 1. <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this Agreement, the following capitalized terms shall have the following respective meanings:
- "Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, (i) any Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with such Person, (ii) any Person directly or indirectly owning or controlling 10% or more of any class of outstanding voting securities of such Person or (iii) any officer, director, general partner or trustee of any such Person described in clause (i) or (ii).
 - "Agreement" has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble, as the same may be amended, supplemented or restated from time to time.
 - "Automatic Shelf Registration Statement" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(f)(iii).
 - "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- "Business Day" means any day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or other day on which banks are required or authorized by law to be closed in New York City.
 - "CD&R Investor" has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.
- "Charitable Gifting Event" means any transfer by a Holder of Registrable Securities, or any subsequent transfer by such Holder's members, partners or other employees, in connection with a bona fide gift to any Charitable Organization made in connection with sales of Registrable Securities by a Holder pursuant to an effective registration statement.

"Charitable Organization" means a charitable organization as described by Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect from time to time.

"Common Stock" means the shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company including any shares of capital stock into which Common Stock may be converted (as a result of recapitalization, share exchange or similar event) or are issued with respect to Common Stock, including with respect to any stock split or stock dividend, or a successor security.

"Company" has the meaning given to such term in the Preamble.

"control" (including the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with"), with respect to the relationship between or among two or more Persons, means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the affairs or management of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, as trustee or executor, by contract or otherwise.

"Covered Person" has the meaning given to such term in Section 5(a).

"Demand Follow-Up Notice" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(a).

"Demand Notice" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(a).

"Demand Registration" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(a).

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any successor statute thereto and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.

"FINRA" means the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.

"Free Writing Prospectus" has the meaning given to such term in Section 4(a).

"Holdback Period" means, with respect to a registered offering covered by this Agreement, 90 days after and during the 10 days before the effective date of the related Registration Statement or, in the case of a takedown from a Shelf Registration Statement, 90 days after the date of the Prospectus supplement filed with the SEC in connection with such takedown and during such prior period (not to exceed 10 days) as the Company has given reasonable written notice to the Holders, or such shorter period as may be agreed to by the managing underwriter(s).

"Holder" means any of (i) the CD&R Investor, (ii) any other Person entitled to incidental or piggyback registration rights hereunder upon entering into a joinder agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto or (iii) any direct or indirect transferee of a Holder who has acquired Registrable Securities from a Holder and who has entered into a joinder agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto, in each case so long as such Person continues to hold any Registrable Securities.

- "Indemnified Party" has the meaning given to such term in Section 5(c).
- "Indemnifying Party" has the meaning given to such term in Section 5(c).
- "Indemnitors" has the meaning given to such term in Section 5(h).
- "IPO" has the meaning given to such term in the Recitals.
- "Losses" has the meaning given to such term in Section 5(a).
- "Minority Holder" means any "Holder" as defined under the Minority Registration Rights Agreements.
- "Minority Registration Rights Agreements" means the registration rights agreements between agilon health, inc. (f/k/a Agilon Health Topco, Inc.) and certain minority stockholders as of the date of the IPO.
 - "Minority Registrable Securities" means any "Registrable Securities" as defined under the Minority Registration Rights Agreements.
 - "Parties" means the parties to this Agreement.
- "Person" means any individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, limited liability company, trust, unincorporated organization, government or any department or agency thereof or any other entity.
- "Prospectus" means the prospectus included in any Registration Statement (including, without limitation, a prospectus that discloses information previously omitted from a prospectus filed as part of an effective Registration Statement in reliance upon Rule 430A promulgated under the Securities Act), as amended or supplemented by any prospectus supplement, relating to Registrable Securities, and all other amendments and supplements to the Prospectus, including post-effective amendments, and all material incorporated by reference or deemed to be incorporated by reference in such prospectus.

"Registrable Securities" means (a) any Common Stock held by a Holder and (b) to the extent held, or to be held, by a Holder, any other equity securities or equity interests issued or issuable, directly or indirectly, with respect to the securities described in clause (a) by way of conversion or exchange thereof or stock dividends, stock splits or in connection with a combination of shares, reclassification, recapitalization, merger, consolidation or other reorganization. As to any particular Registrable Securities, once issued such securities shall cease to be Registrable Securities when (i) they are disposed of pursuant to an effective Registration Statement under the Securities Act, (ii) they are sold to the public pursuant to Rule 144 or Rule 145 (or other exemption from registration under the Securities Act), (iii) other than with respect to Common Stock held by the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates who are Holders, they are able to be sold by their Holder in a single day pursuant to, and in accordance with, Rule 144, (iv) they shall have ceased to be outstanding, or (v) they have been sold in a private transaction in which the transferor's rights under this Agreement are not assigned to the transferee of the securities.

"Registration Statement" means any registration statement of the Company filed with the SEC under the Securities Act which covers any of the Registrable Securities pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement, including any Prospectus, Free Writing Prospectus, amendments and supplements to such registration statement, including post-effective amendments, all exhibits and all material incorporated by reference or deemed to be incorporated by reference in such registration statement.

"Rule 144" means Rule 144 under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time, or any similar rule or regulation hereafter adopted by the SEC.

"Rule 145" means Rule 145 under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time, or any similar rule or regulation hereafter adopted by the SEC.

"Rule 405" means Rule 405 under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time, or any similar rule or regulation hereafter adopted by the SEC.

"SEC" means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or any other federal agency at the time administering the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and any successor statute thereto and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.

"Shelf Registration Statement" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(f)(i).

"Shelf Underwritten Offering" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(g).

"Short-Form Registration" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(f)(i).

"Subsidiary" means (i) any corporation of which a majority of the securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors thereof, at the time as of which any determination is being made, are owned by another entity, either directly or indirectly and (ii) any joint venture, general or limited partnership, limited liability company or other legal entity in which an entity is the record or beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of a majority of the voting interests or the general partner.

"Take-Down Notice" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(g).

"WKSI" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3(f)(iii).

2. Incidental Registrations.

(a) Right to Include Registrable Securities. If the Company determines to register its Common Stock under the Securities Act (other than under Section 3, pursuant to a Registration Statement filed by the Company on Form S-4 or Form S-8, or any successor or other forms promulgated for similar purposes, or filed solely in connection with an exchange offer or any employee benefit or dividend reinvestment plan), whether or not for sale for its own account, in a manner which would permit registration of Registrable Securities for sale to the public under the Securities Act, it shall, at each such time, give prompt written notice to all Holders of its intention to do so and of such Holders' rights under this Section 2. Upon the written request of any such Holder made within five Business Days after the receipt of any such notice (which request shall specify the Registrable Securities intended to be disposed of by such Holder and, in the case of the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders of Registrable Securities, the intended method or methods of disposition thereof), the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to effect the registration under the Securities Act of all Registrable Securities which the Company has been so requested to register by the Holders thereof, to the extent required to permit the disposition of the Registrable Securities so to be registered; <u>provided</u> that (\underline{x}) if, at any time after giving written notice of its intention to register any securities and prior to the effective date of the Registration Statement filed in connection with such registration, the Company shall determine for any reason not to proceed with the proposed registration of the securities to be sold by it, the Company may, at its election, give written notice of such determination to each Holder and, thereupon, shall be relieved of its obligation to register any Registrable Securities in connection with such registration (but not from its obligation to pay the expenses in connection therewith) without prejudice to the rights of the Holders to request that such registration be effected as a registration under Section 3, and (y) if such registration involves an underwritten offering, all Holders requesting to be included in the Company's registration must sell their Registrable Securities to the underwriters selected by the Company on the same terms and conditions as apply to the Company, with such differences, including any with respect to indemnification and liability insurance, as may be customary or appropriate in combined primary and secondary offerings. If a registration requested pursuant to this Section 2(a) involves an underwritten public offering, any Holder requesting to be included in such registration may elect, in writing at least five Business Days prior to the effective date of the Registration Statement filed in connection with such registration, to withdraw its request to register such securities in connection with such registration. The Company shall not be required to maintain the effectiveness of the Registration Statement for a registration requested pursuant to this Section 2(a) beyond the earlier to occur of (i) 180 days after the effective date thereof and (ii) consummation of the distribution by the holders of the Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement. Any Holder who has elected to sell Registrable Securities in an offering pursuant to this Section 2 shall be permitted to withdraw from such registration by written notice to the Company if the price to the public at which the Registrable Securities are proposed to be sold will be less than 90% of the average closing price of the class of stock being sold in the offering during the ten trading days preceding the date on which the Demand Notice of such offering was given pursuant to this Section 2(a).

- (b) <u>Priority in Incidental Registrations</u>. The Company shall use reasonable efforts to cause the managing underwriter(s) of a proposed underwritten offering to permit Holders who have requested to include Registrable Securities in such offering to include in such offering all Registrable Securities so requested to be included on the same terms and conditions as any other shares of capital stock, if any, of the Company included in the offering. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the managing underwriter(s) of such underwritten offering have informed the Company that in its (or their) good-faith opinion the total number or dollar amount of securities that are intended to be included in such offering is such as to adversely affect the success of such offering (including, without limitation, adversely affect the per-share offering price), then the amount of securities to be offered for the account of Holders (other than the Company) or Minority Holders shall be reduced to the extent necessary to reduce the total amount of securities to be included in such offering to the amount recommended in the good-faith opinion of such managing underwriter(s) by:
 - (i) in the case of an underwritten offering initiated by the Company or any Holder to register securities for its or their own account: first reducing, or eliminating if necessary, all securities of the Company requested to be included by the Holders (other than the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders) requesting such registration *pro rata* among such Holders on the basis of the percentage of the Registrable Securities requested to be included in such registration by such Holders; second, by reducing, or eliminating if necessary, all securities of the Company requested to be included by the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders or any Minority Holders, *pro rata* among all such Holders on the basis of the percentage of Registrable Securities requested to be included in such registration by such Holders, and in accordance with the Minority Registration Rights Agreements with respect to any Minority Registrable Securities requested to be included in such registration by such Minority Holders; and third, by reducing all securities of the Company requested to be included by the Company.
 - (ii) in the case of an underwritten offering initiated by a Minority Holder: first reducing, or eliminating if necessary, all securities of the Company requested to be included by the Holders (other than the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders) *pro rata* among such Holders on the basis of the percentage of the Registrable Securities requested to be included in such registration by such Holders; second, by reducing, or eliminating if necessary, all securities of the Company requested to be included by the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders, *pro rata* among all such Holders on the basis of the percentage of Registrable Securities requested to be included in such registration by such Holders; third, by reducing, or eliminating if necessary, all securities of the Company requested to be included by the Company; and fourth, by reducing all securities of the Company requested to be included by the Minority Registration Rights Agreements.

3. Registration on Request.

(a) Request by the Demand Party. Subject to Section 3(d), at any time, each of the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders shall have the right to require the Company to register, pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, under and in accordance with the provisions of the Securities Act, the number of Registrable Securities of such Holder requested to be so registered pursuant to this Agreement, in each case by delivering written notice to the Company (any such written notice, a "Demand Notice" and any such registration, a "Demand Registration"). Subject to Section 3(d), following receipt of a Demand Notice for a Demand

Registration in accordance with this Section 3(a), the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to file a Registration Statement as promptly as practicable, but no later than 30 days, and to cause such Registration Statement to be declared effective under the Securities Act as promptly as practicable after the filing thereof.

No Demand Registration shall be deemed to have occurred for purposes of the first sentence of the preceding paragraph if (\underline{x}) the Registration Statement relating thereto (\underline{A}) does not become effective, (\underline{B}) is not maintained effective for the period required pursuant to this Section 3, or (\underline{C}) the offering of the Registrable Securities pursuant to such Registration Statement is subject to a stop order, injunction or similar order or requirement of the SEC during such period, (\underline{y}) more than 90% of the Registrable Securities requested by the demanding Holder to be included in such registration are not so included pursuant to Section 3(b) or (\underline{z}) the conditions to closing specified in any underwriting agreement, purchase agreement or similar agreement entered into in connection with the registration relating to such request are not satisfied (other than as a result of a material default or breach thereunder by such demanding Holder) or otherwise waived by such demanding Holder; <u>provided</u> that the Company's obligation to pay expenses pursuant to Section 6 hereof shall still apply.

Within two calendar days after receipt by the Company of a Demand Notice in accordance with this Section 3(a), the Company shall give written notice (the "<u>Demand Follow-Up Notice</u>") of such Demand Notice to all other Holders and shall, subject to the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof, include in such registration all Registrable Securities with respect to which the Company received written requests for inclusion therein within three Business Days after such Demand Follow-Up Notice is given by the Company to such Holders.

All requests made pursuant to this Section 3 shall specify the number of Registrable Securities to be registered and the intended method or methods of disposition thereof.

The Company shall be required to maintain the effectiveness of the Registration Statement with respect to any Demand Registration for a period of at least 180 days after the effective date thereof or such shorter period during which all Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement have actually been sold; <u>provided</u> that such period shall be extended for a period of time equal to the period the Holder refrains from selling any securities included in such Registration Statement at the request of the Company or an underwriter of the Company pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement.

(b) <u>Priority on Demand Registration</u>. If any of the Registrable Securities registered pursuant to a Demand Registration are to be sold in a firm commitment underwritten offering, and the managing underwriter(s) advise the Holders of such securities that in its (or their) good-faith opinion the total number or dollar amount of Registrable Securities proposed to be sold in such offering (including, without limitation, securities proposed to be included by other Holders or Minority Holders entitled to include securities in such Registration Statement pursuant to incidental or piggyback registration rights), is such as to adversely affect the success of such offering, then there shall be included in such firm commitment underwritten offering the number or dollar amount of Registrable Securities that in the good faith opinion of such managing underwriter(s) can be sold without adversely affecting such offering, and such number of Registrable Securities shall be allocated as follows, unless the underwriters require a different allocation:

- (i) first, to the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders requesting such registration (whether pursuant to a Demand Notice or pursuant to incidental or piggyback registration rights) and the Minority Holders requesting such registration, *pro rata* on the basis of the percentage of Registrable Securities owned by each such Holder relative to the number of Registrable Securities owned by the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders, and in accordance with the Minority Registration Rights Agreements with respect to any Minority Registrable Securities, until, with respect to each such Holder and Minority Holder, all Registrable Securities or Minority Registrable Securities, as applicable, requested for registration by such Holders or Minority Holders have been included in such registration;
- (ii) second, among the Holders (other than the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates) requesting such registration pursuant to incidental or piggyback registration rights *pro rata*, with respect to the Holders, on the basis of the percentage of Registrable Securities owned by each such Holder relative to the number of Registrable Securities owned by all such Holders, until, with respect to each such Holder, all Registrable Securities requested for registration by such Holders have been included in such registration; and
 - (iii) third, the securities for which inclusion in such Demand Registration was requested by the Company.
- (c) <u>Cancellation of a Demand Registration</u>. Each Holder that submitted a Demand Notice pursuant to a particular offering and the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities that are to be registered in a particular offering pursuant to this Section 3 shall have the right, prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, to notify the Company that it or they, as the case may be, have determined that the Registration Statement be abandoned or withdrawn, in which event the Company shall abandon or withdraw such Registration Statement. Any Holder who has elected to sell Registrable Securities in an underwritten offering pursuant to this Section 3 (including the Holder who delivered the Demand Notice of such registration) shall be permitted to withdraw from such registration by written notice to the Company (i) at least two Business Days prior to the effective date of the Registration Statement filed in connection with such registration, or, in the case of an underwritten offering, at least two Business Days prior to the earlier of the anticipated filing of the "red herring" prospectus, if applicable, and the anticipated pricing date, (ii) if the price to the public at which the Registrable Securities are proposed to be sold will be less than 90% of the average closing price of the class of stock being sold in the offering during the ten trading days preceding the date on which the Demand Notice of such offering was given pursuant to Section 3(a) or (iii) if more than 10% of the Registrable Securities requested by such demanding Holder to be included in such registration are not so included.
- (d) <u>Limitations on Demand Registrations</u>. The CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders shall, collectively, be entitled to initiate no more than five Demand Registrations (other than any Short-Form Registrations or any Shelf Underwritten Offerings).

(e) Postponements in Requested Registrations. If the filing, initial effectiveness or continued use of a Registration Statement, including a Shelf Registration Statement, with respect to a Demand Registration would require the Company to make a public disclosure of material, non-public information, which disclosure in the good-faith judgment of the Board (after consultation with external legal counsel) (i) would be required to be made in any Registration Statement so that such Registration Statement would not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, (ii) would not be required to be made at such time but for the filing, effectiveness or continued use of such Registration Statement and (iii) would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company or its business or on the Company's ability to effect a bona fide material proposed acquisition, disposition, financing, reorganization, recapitalization or similar transaction, and the Company furnishes to the Holders a certificate signed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer stating such, then the Company may, upon giving prompt written notice of such action to the Holders participating in such registration, delay the filing or initial effectiveness (but not the preparation) of, or suspend use of, such Registration Statement; provided that the Company shall not be permitted to so delay or suspend (x) more than once in any 12-month period or (y) for any single period of time in excess of 60 days. In the event that the Company exercises its rights under the preceding sentence, such Holders agree to suspend, promptly upon receipt of the notice referred to above, the use of any Prospectus relating to such registration in connection with any sale or offer to sell Registrable Securities. The Company covenants and agrees that it shall not deliver a suspension notice with respect to a suspension period unless all of the Company's employees, officers and directors who are subject to any of the Company's policies on trading in securities, and who are prohibited by the terms thereof from effecting any public sales of securities of the Company beneficially owned by them, are so prohibited for the duration of the suspension period. If the Company so postpones the filing of a Prospectus or the effectiveness of a Registration Statement, the demanding Holder shall be entitled to withdraw such request and, if such request is withdrawn, such registration request shall not count for the purposes of the limitations set forth in Section 3(d). The Company shall promptly give the Holders requesting registration thereof pursuant to this Section 3 written notice of any postponement made in accordance with the preceding sentence.

(f) Short-Form Registrations.

(i) The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to qualify for registration on Form S-3 or any comparable or successor form or forms or any similar short-form registration (a "Short-Form Registration"), and, if requested by any of the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders and available to the Company, such Short-Form Registration shall be a "shelf" registration statement providing for the registration of, and the sale on a continuous or delayed basis of, the Registrable Securities, pursuant to Rule 415 or otherwise (a "Shelf Registration Statement"). At any time and from time to time, the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders shall be entitled to request an unlimited number of Short-Form Registrations, if available to the Company, with respect to the Registrable Securities held by such requesting Holder in addition to the other registration rights provided in Section 2 and this Section 3. In no event shall the Company be obligated to effect any shelf registration other than pursuant

to a Short-Form Registration, subject to the immediately following sentence. No such registration nor any other Short-Form Registration shall count as a Demand Registration for purposes of calculating how many Demand Registrations the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders have initiated pursuant to the provisions of Section 3.

- (ii) Upon filing any Short-Form Registration, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to keep such Short-Form Registration effective with the SEC at all times and to re-file such Short-Form Registration upon its expiration, and to cooperate in any shelf take-down, whether or not underwritten, by amending or supplementing the Prospectus related to such Short-Form Registration as may be reasonably requested by the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders or as otherwise required, until such time as all Registrable Securities that could be sold in such Short-Form Registration have been sold or are no longer outstanding. To the extent that the Company becomes ineligible to use Form S-3, the Company shall file a "shelf" registration statement on Form S-1 not later than 45 days after the date of such ineligibility and use its reasonable best efforts to have such registration statement declared effective as promptly as practicable.
- (iii) To the extent the Company is a well-known seasoned issuer (as defined in Rule 405) (a "WKSI") at the time any Demand Notice for a Short-Form Registration is submitted to the Company and such Demand Notice requests that the Company file a Shelf Registration Statement, the Company shall file an automatic shelf registration statement (as defined in Rule 405) on Form S-3 (an "Automatic Shelf Registration Statement") in accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder, which covers the number or class of Registrable Securities which are requested to be registered. If registering a number of Registrable Securities, the Company shall pay the registration fee for all Registrable Securities to be registered pursuant to an Automatic Shelf Registration Statement at the time of filing of the Automatic Shelf Registration Statement and shall not elect to pay any portion of the registration fee on a deferred basis. The Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to remain a WKSI (and not to become an ineligible issuer (as defined in Rule 405)) during the period during which any Automatic Shelf Registration Statement is effective. If at any time following the filing of an Automatic Shelf Registration Statement when the Company is required to re-evaluate its WKSI status the Company determines that it is not a WKSI, the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to (A) post-effectively amend the Automatic Shelf Registration Statement to a Shelf Registration Statement on Form S-3 or, if such form is not available, Form S-1, (B) have such Shelf Registration Statement declared effective by the SEC and (C) keep such Registration Statement effective during the period during which such Short-Form Registration is required to be kept effective in accordance with Section 3(f)(ii).
- (g) <u>Shelf Take-Downs</u>. At any time that a Shelf Registration Statement covering Registrable Securities is effective, if any of the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders delivers a notice to the Company (a "<u>Take-Down Notice</u>") stating that it intends to effect an underwritten offering of all or part of its Registrable Securities included by it on the shelf registration statement (a "<u>Shelf Underwritten Offering</u>"), then the Company shall amend or

supplement the Shelf Registration Statement as may be necessary in order to enable such Registrable Securities to be distributed pursuant to the Shelf Underwritten Offering (taking into account the inclusion of Registrable Securities by any other Holders pursuant to Section 3(g)(i)). The CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders shall be entitled to request an unlimited number of shelf take-downs to effect a Shelf Underwritten Offering, if available to the Company, with respect to the Registrable Securities held by such Holders in addition to the other registration rights provided in Section 2 and this Section 3. In connection with any Shelf Underwritten Offering:

- (i) the Company shall also deliver the Take-Down Notice to all other Holders with securities included on such Shelf Registration Statement and permit each such Holder to include its Registrable Securities included on the Shelf Registration Statement in the Shelf Underwritten Offering if such Holder notifies the requesting Holder and the Company within two calendar days after distribution or dissemination (including via e-mail, if available) of the Take-Down Notice to such Holder; and
- (ii) in the event that the underwriter advises such requesting Holder and the Company in its good-faith opinion that the total number or dollar amount of Registrable Securities proposed to be sold in such offering is such as to adversely affect the success of such offering (including, without limitation, adversely affect the per-share offering price), then the underwriter may limit the number of shares which would otherwise be included in such take-down offering in the same manner as described in Section 3(b) with respect to a limitation of shares to be included in a registration.
- (h) <u>Registration Statement Form</u>. If any registration requested pursuant to this Section 3 which is proposed by the Company to be effected by the filing of a Registration Statement on Form S-3 (or any successor or similar short-form registration statement) shall be in connection with an underwritten offering, and if the managing underwriter(s) shall advise the Company that, in its (or their) good-faith opinion, the use of another form of Registration Statement is of material importance to the success of such proposed offering or is otherwise required by applicable law, then such registration shall be effected on such other form.
- (i) <u>Selection of Underwriters</u>. If any of the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders intends that the Registrable Securities requested to be covered by a Demand Registration or Take-Down Notice, as applicable, requested by such demanding Holder shall be distributed by means of an underwritten offering, such Holder shall so advise the Company as a part of the Demand Notice or Take-Down Notice, as applicable, and the Company shall include such information in the notice sent by the Company to the other Holders with respect to such Demand Registration or Shelf Underwritten Offering, as applicable. In such event, the lead underwriter to administer the offering shall be chosen by the demanding Holder, subject to the prior written consent, not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed, of the Company. If the offering is underwritten, the right of any Holder to registration pursuant to this Section 3 will be conditioned upon such Holder's participation in such underwriting and the inclusion of such Holder's Registrable Securities in the underwriting (unless otherwise agreed by the demanding Holder) and each such Holder will (together with the Company and the other Holders distributing their securities through such underwriting) enter into an underwriting agreement in customary form with the underwriter(s) selected for such underwriting (including, without

limitation, pursuant to the terms of any underwriter option or "green shoe" option requested by the managing underwriter(s)), provided that (x) no Holder shall be required to sell more than the number of Registrable Securities that such Holder has requested the Company to include in any registration, (y) if any Holder disapproves of the terms of the underwriting, such Holder may elect to withdraw therefrom by written notice to the Company, the managing underwriter(s) and, in connection with an underwritten registration pursuant to this Section 3, the demanding Holder and (z) no such Person (other than the Company) shall be required to make any representations or warranties other than those related to title and ownership of, and power and authority to transfer, shares and as to the accuracy and completeness of statements made in a Registration Statement, Prospectus or other document in reliance upon, and in conformity with, written information prepared and furnished to the Company or the managing underwriter(s) by such Person pertaining exclusively to such Holder; provided, further, that no Holder shall be required to agree to any indemnification obligations on the part of such Holder that are greater than its obligations pursuant to Section 5.

- 4. <u>Registration Procedures</u>. If and whenever the Company is required to use its reasonable best efforts to effect the registration of any Registrable Securities under the Securities Act as provided in Section 2 and Section 3, the Company shall effect such registration to permit the sale of such Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition thereof, and, pursuant thereto, the Company shall cooperate in the sale of such Registrable Securities and shall, as expeditiously as possible:
 - (a) prepare and file, in each case as promptly as practicable, with the SEC a Registration Statement or Registration Statements on such form as shall be available for the sale of the Registrable Securities by the Holders thereof or by the Company in accordance with the intended method or methods of distribution thereof, make all required filings with FINRA, and, if such Registration Statement is not automatically effective upon filing, use its reasonable best efforts to cause such Registration Statement to be declared effective as soon as practicable and to remain effective as provided herein; provided that before filing a Registration Statement or Prospectus or any amendments or supplements thereto (including free writing prospectuses under Rule 433 (each a "Free Writing Prospectus")) and, to the extent reasonably practicable, documents that would be incorporated by reference or deemed to be incorporated by reference in a Registration Statement filed pursuant to a Demand Notice (other than a Shelf Registration Statement), the Company shall (i) furnish or otherwise make available to the holders of the Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement, their counsel and the managing underwriter(s), if any, copies of all such documents proposed to be filed (including exhibits thereto), which documents will be subject to the reasonable review and comment of such counsel, and such other documents reasonably requested by such counsel, including any comment letter from the SEC and (ii) if requested by such counsel, provide such counsel (A) reasonable opportunity to participate in the preparation of such Registration Statement and each Prospectus included therein and (B) such other opportunities to conduct a reasonable investigation within the meaning of the Securities Act, including reasonable access to the Company's books and records, officers, accountants and other advisors. The Company shall not file any such Registration Statement or Prospectus, or any amendments or supplements thereto (including such

therein and including Free Writing Prospectuses), with respect to a Demand Registration to which the demanding Holder, the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement (or their counsel) or the managing underwriter(s), if any, shall reasonably object, in writing, on a timely basis, unless, in the opinion of the Company, such filing is necessary to comply with applicable law;

(b) (i) prepare and file with the SEC such amendments and supplements to such Registration Statement and the Prospectus used in connection therewith and such Free Writing Prospectuses and Exchange Act reports as may be necessary to keep such Registration Statement continuously effective during the period provided herein, (ii) comply in all material respects with the provisions of the Securities Act with respect to the disposition of all securities covered by such Registration Statement and (iii) cause the related Prospectus to be supplemented by any Prospectus supplement as may be necessary to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act with respect to the disposition of the securities covered by such Registration Statement, and as so supplemented, to be filed pursuant to Rule 424 (or any similar provisions then in force) under the Securities Act, in each case, until such time as all of such securities have been disposed of in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition by the seller or sellers thereof set forth in such Registration Statement;

(c) notify each selling Holder, its counsel and the managing underwriter(s), if any, (i) when a Prospectus or any Prospectus supplement or posteffective amendment or any Free Writing Prospectus has been filed, and, with respect to a Registration Statement or any post-effective amendment, when the same has become effective, (ii) of any request by the SEC or any other federal or state governmental authority for amendments or supplements to a Registration Statement or related Prospectus or for additional information, (iii) of the issuance by the SEC of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of such Registration Statement or the initiation or threatening of any proceedings for that purpose, (iv) if at any time the Company has reason to believe that the representations and warranties of the Company contained in any agreement (including any underwriting agreement) contemplated by Section 4(n) cease to be true and correct. (v) of the receipt by the Company of any notification with respect to the suspension of the qualification or exemption from qualification of such Registrable Securities for sale in any jurisdiction, or the initiation or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose, and (vi) of the happening of any event that makes any statement made in such Registration Statement, related Prospectus, Free Writing Prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto, or any document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated therein by reference, as then in effect, untrue in any material respect or that requires the making of any changes in such Registration Statement, Prospectus or documents so that, in the case of the Registration Statement, it will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and that in the case of the Prospectus, it will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (which notice shall notify the selling Holders only of the occurrence of such an event and shall provide no additional information regarding such event to the extent such information would constitute material, non-public information);

- (d) use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the withdrawal of any order suspending the effectiveness of a Registration Statement or the lifting of any suspension of the qualification (or exemption from qualification) of any of the Registrable Securities for sale in any jurisdiction at the earliest date reasonably practical;
- (e) if requested by the managing underwriter(s), if any, a Holder making a Demand Notice or Take-Down Notice with respect to such offering or the holders of a majority of the then issued and outstanding Registrable Securities being sold in connection with an underwritten offering, promptly include in a Prospectus supplement or post-effective amendment such information as the managing underwriter(s), if any, or such Holder or Holders, as the case may be, may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method or methods of distribution of such securities set forth in the Registration Statement and make all required filings of such Prospectus supplement or such post-effective amendment as soon as practicable after the Company has received such request (provided that the Company shall not be required to take any actions under this Section 4(e) that are not, in the opinion of counsel for the Company, in compliance with applicable law);
- (f) deliver to each selling Holder, its counsel, and the underwriter(s), if any, without charge, as many copies of the Prospectus or Prospectuses (including each form of Prospectus) and each amendment or supplement thereto (including any Free Writing Prospectus) as such Persons may reasonably request from time to time in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition thereof (the Company, subject to the last paragraph of this Section 4, hereby consents to the use of such Prospectus and each amendment or supplement thereto by each of the selling Holders and the underwriter(s), if any, in connection with the offering and sale of the Registrable Securities covered by such Prospectus and any such amendment or supplement thereto);
- (g) prior to any public offering of Registrable Securities, use its reasonable best efforts to register or qualify or cooperate with the selling Holders, the underwriter(s), if any, and their respective counsel in connection with the registration or qualification (or exemption from such registration or qualification) of such Registrable Securities for offer and sale under the securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions within the United States as any seller or underwriter reasonably requests in writing and to keep each such registration or qualification (or exemption therefrom) effective during the period such Registration Statement is required to be kept effective and to take any other action that may be necessary or advisable to enable such Holders to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities in such jurisdiction in accordance with the intended method or methods of disposition thereof; provided that the Company shall not be required to (\underline{x}) qualify generally to do business in any jurisdiction where it would not otherwise be required to qualify but for this Section 4(g), (\underline{y}) subject itself to taxation in any jurisdiction wherein it is not so subject or (\underline{z}) take any action that would subject it to general service of process in any such jurisdiction where it is not then so subject (other than service of process in connection with such registration or qualification or any sale of Registrable Securities in connection therewith);

- (h) cooperate with the selling Holders and the managing underwriter(s), if any, to facilitate the timely preparation and delivery of certificates (not bearing any legends, unless required by applicable law) or book-entry positions representing Registrable Securities to be sold after receiving written representations from such selling Holders that the Registrable Securities represented by the certificates or book-entry positions so delivered by such Holder will be transferred in accordance with the Registration Statement, and enable such Registrable Securities to be in such denominations and registered in such names as the managing underwriter(s), if any, or the selling Holders may request;
- (i) use its reasonable best efforts to cause the Registrable Securities covered by the Registration Statement to be registered with or approved by such other governmental agencies or authorities within the United States as may be necessary in light of the business or operations of the Company to enable the seller or sellers thereof or the managing underwriter(s), if any, to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities, in accordance with the intended method or methods thereof, except as may be required solely as a consequence of the nature of such selling Holder's business, in which case the Company will cooperate in all reasonable respects with the filing of such Registration Statement and the granting of such approvals, as may be necessary to enable the seller or sellers thereof or the underwriter(s), if any, to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method or methods thereof;
- (j) upon the occurrence of any event contemplated by Section 4(c)(vi) above, promptly prepare a supplement or post-effective amendment to the Registration Statement or a supplement to the related Prospectus or any document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated therein by reference, or file any other required document so that, as thereafter delivered to the purchasers of the Registrable Securities being sold thereunder, such Prospectus will not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;
- (k) prior to the effective date of the Registration Statement relating to the Registrable Securities, provide a CUSIP number for the Registrable Securities;
- (l) provide and cause to be maintained a transfer agent and registrar for all such Registrable Securities from and after the effective date of such Registration Statement (and in connection therewith, if required by the Company's transfer agent, the Company will promptly after the effective date of the Registration Statement, cause an opinion of counsel as to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement to be delivered to and maintained with such transfer agent, together with any other authorizations, certificates and directions required by the transfer agent which authorize and direct the transfer agent to issue such Registrable Securities without any legend upon sale by the Holder or the underwriter(s) of an underwritten offering of Registrable Securities, if any, of such Registrable Securities under the Registration Statement);

(m) use its reasonable best efforts to cause all shares of Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement to be listed on a national securities exchange if shares of the particular class of Registrable Securities are at that time listed on such exchange prior to the effectiveness of such Registration Statement;

(n) enter into such agreements (including an underwriting agreement in form, scope and substance as is customary in underwritten offerings) and take all such other actions reasonably requested by a Holder submitting a Demand Notice or Take-Down Notice with respect to such offering, or the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities being sold in connection therewith (including those reasonably requested by the managing underwriter(s), if any) to expedite or facilitate the disposition of such Registrable Securities, and including, whether or not an underwriting agreement is entered into and whether or not the registration is an underwritten registration, (i) making such representations and warranties to the Holders and the underwriter(s), if any, with respect to the business of the Company and its material Subsidiaries, and the Registration Statement, Prospectus and documents, if any, incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference therein, in each case, in form, substance and scope as are customarily made by issuers to underwriters in underwritten offerings, and, if true, confirming the same if and when requested, (ii) using its reasonable best efforts to furnish to the selling Holders opinions of outside counsel to the Company and updates thereof (which counsel and opinions (in form, scope and substance) shall be reasonably satisfactory to the managing underwriter(s), if any, and counsels to the selling Holders), addressed to each selling Holder and each of the underwriters, if any, covering the matters customarily covered in opinions requested in underwritten offerings and such other matters as may be reasonably requested by such counsel and underwriters, (iii) using its reasonable best efforts to obtain "cold comfort" letters and updates thereof from an independent registered public accounting firm with respect to the Company (and, if necessary, any other independent certified public accountants of any material Subsidiary of the Company or of any business acquired by the Company for which financial statements and financial data are, or are required to be, included in the Registration Statement) who has certified the financial statements included in such Registration Statement, addressed to each selling Holder (unless such accountants shall be prohibited from so addressing such letters by applicable standards of the accounting profession) and each of the underwriters, if any, with such letters to be in customary form and covering matters of the type customarily covered in "cold comfort" letters in connection with underwritten offerings, (iv) if an underwriting agreement is entered into, causing such underwriting agreement to contain indemnification provisions and procedures that are customary for underwriting agreements in connection with underwritten offerings except as otherwise agreed by the parties thereto and (v) delivering such documents and certificates as may be reasonably requested by a Holder submitting a Demand Notice or Take-Down Notice with respect to such offering, the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities being sold pursuant to such Registration Statement, its or their counsel, as the case may be, or the managing underwriter(s), if any, to evidence the continued validity of the representations and warranties made pursuant to Section 4(n)(i) above and to evidence compliance with any customary conditions contained in the underwriting agreement or other agreement entered into by the Company (it being understood that the above shall be done at each closing under such underwriting or similar agreement, or as and to the extent required thereunder);

- (o) upon reasonable notice, make available for inspection by a representative of the selling Holders, the underwriter(s) participating in any such disposition of Registrable Securities, if any, and any attorneys or accountants retained by such selling Holders or underwriter at the offices where normally kept, during reasonable business hours, all financial and other records, pertinent corporate documents and properties of the Company and its Subsidiaries, and cause the officers, directors and employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries to supply all information in each case reasonably requested by any such representative, underwriter, attorney or accountant in connection with such Registration Statement (provided that any information that is not generally publicly available at the time of delivery of such information shall be kept confidential by such Persons unless (x) disclosure of such information is required by court or administrative order, (y) disclosure of such information, in the opinion of counsel to such Person, is required by applicable law or applicable legal process, or (z) such information becomes generally available to the public other than as a result of a disclosure or failure to safeguard by such Person; provided, further, that in the case of a proposed disclosure pursuant to clause (x) or (y) above, such Person shall be required to give the Company written notice of the proposed disclosure prior to such disclosure and, if requested by the Company, assist the Company in seeking to prevent or limit the proposed disclosure) (it being agreed, without limiting the foregoing, that no such information shall be used by such Person as the basis for any market transactions in securities of the Company or its Subsidiaries in violation of applicable law);
- (p) cause its officers to use their reasonable best efforts to support the marketing of the Registrable Securities covered by the Registration Statement (including, without limitation, participation in such number of "road shows" and other customary marketing activities, including "one-on-one" meetings with prospective purchasers of the Registrable Securities, in each case as the underwriter(s) reasonably request);
- (q) cooperate with each seller of Registrable Securities and each underwriter or agent participating in the disposition of such Registrable Securities and their respective counsel in connection with any filings required to be made with the FINRA;
- (r) otherwise use its reasonable best efforts to comply with all applicable rules and regulations of the SEC, and make available to its security holders, as soon as reasonably practicable, an earnings statement covering the period of at least twelve months beginning with the first day of the Company's first full calendar quarter after the effective date of the Registration Statement, which earnings statement will satisfy the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and Rule 158 under the Securities Act; and
- (s) cooperate with the Holders of Registrable Securities subject to the Registration Statement and with the underwriter(s) or agent participating in the distribution, if any, to facilitate any Charitable Gifting Event and to prepare and file with the SEC such amendments and supplements to such Registration Statement and the Prospectus used in connection therewith as may be necessary to permit any such recipient Charitable Organization to sell in the underwritten offering if it so elects.

The Company may require each holder of Registrable Securities as to which any registration is being effected to furnish to the Company in writing such information required in connection with such registration regarding such seller and the distribution of such Registrable Securities as the Company may, from time to time, reasonably request and the Company may exclude from such registration the Registrable Securities of any Holder who unreasonably fails to furnish such information within a reasonable time after receiving such request.

The Company agrees not to file or make any amendment to any Registration Statement with respect to any Registrable Securities, or any amendment of or supplement to the Prospectus or any Free Writing Prospectus used in connection therewith, that refers to any Holder covered thereby by name, or otherwise identifies such Holder as the holder of any securities of the Company, without the consent of such Holder, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed, unless and to the extent such disclosure is required by applicable law, in which case the Company shall provide written notice to such Holder no less than five Business Days prior to the filing of such amendment to any Registration Statement or amendment of or supplement to the Prospectus or any Free Writing Prospectus.

If the Company files any Shelf Registration Statement for the benefit of the holders of any of its securities other than the Holders, the Company agrees that it shall use its reasonable best efforts to include in such registration statement such disclosures as may be required by Rule 430B under the Securities Act (referring to the unnamed selling security holders in a generic manner by identifying the initial offering of the securities to the Holders) in order to ensure that the Holders may be added to such Shelf Registration Statement at a later time through the filing of a Prospectus supplement rather than a post-effective amendment.

Each Holder agrees that if such Holder has Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement that, upon receipt of any notice from the Company of the happening of any event of the kind described in Section 4(c)(ii), 4(c)(iii), 4(c)(iv), 4(c)(v) and 4(c)(vi), such Holder will promptly discontinue disposition of such Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement or Prospectus until such Holder's receipt of the copies of the supplemented or amended Prospectus contemplated by Section 4(j), or until it is advised in writing by the Company that the use of the applicable Prospectus may be resumed and has received copies of any additional or supplemental filings that are incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in such Prospectus; provided that the time periods under Section 3 with respect to the length of time that the effectiveness of a Registration Statement must be maintained shall automatically be extended by the amount of time the Holder is required to discontinue disposition of such securities.

Notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, to the extent that any *pro rata* or other allocation or reduction of Registrable Securities is required pursuant to Sections 2(b), 3(b), 3(g)(ii) or any other section herein, (i) all Common Stock transferred by a Holder to a Charitable Organization in connection with an underwritten offering for which such *pro rata* or other allocation is required shall be included in the number of Registrable Securities deemed to be held by each Holder (or deemed to be included in such Holder's request for inclusion of Registrable

Securities) for purposes of calculating such Holder's *pro rata* allocation or reduction in such underwritten offering and (ii) the number of Registrable Securities that a Holder is otherwise entitled to include in such underwritten offering shall be reduced by the number of shares of Common Stock transferred by such Holder to a Charitable Organization in connection with such underwritten offering.

5. Indemnification.

(a) <u>Indemnification by the Company</u>. The Company shall, without limitation as to time, indemnify and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, each Holder whose Registrable Securities are covered by a Registration Statement or Prospectus, the officers, directors, partners, members, managers, shareholders, accountants, attorneys, agents and employees of each of them, each Person who controls (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) each such Holder and the officers, directors, partners, members, managers, shareholders, accountants, attorneys, agents and employees of each such controlling person, each underwriter, if any, and each Person who controls (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) such underwriter (each such person being referred to herein as a "Covered Person"), from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, costs (including, without limitation, costs of preparation and reasonable attorneys' fees and any legal or other fees or expenses incurred by such Person in connection with any investigation or proceeding), expenses, judgments, fines, penalties, charges and amounts paid in settlement (collectively, "Losses"), as incurred, arising out of or based upon any untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any Prospectus, offering circular, or other document (including any related Registration Statement, notification, or the like or Free Writing Prospectus or any amendment thereof or supplement thereto or any document incorporated by reference therein) incident to any such registration, qualification, or compliance, or based on any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, or any violation by the Company of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, any state securities law, or any rule or regulation thereunder applicable to the Company and relating to any action or inaction in connection with the related offering of Registrable Securities, and will reimburse each such Covered Person for any legal and any other expenses reasonably incurred in connection with investigating and defending or settling any such Loss; provided that the Company will not be liable in any such case to the extent that any such Loss arises out of or is based on any untrue statement or omission by such Covered Person relating to such Covered Person or its Affiliates (other than the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), but only to the extent, that such untrue statement (or alleged untrue statement) or omission (or alleged omission) is made in such Registration Statement, Prospectus, offering circular, Free Writing Prospectus or any amendment thereof or supplement thereto, or any document incorporated by reference therein, or other document in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by such Covered Person with respect to such Covered Person for use therein. It is agreed that the indemnity agreement contained in this Section 5(a) shall not apply to amounts paid in settlement of any such Loss or action if such settlement is effected without the consent of the Company (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed).

(b) Indemnification by Holder of Registrable Securities. As a condition to including any Registrable Securities in any Registration Statement filed in accordance with Section 4, the Company shall have received an undertaking reasonably satisfactory to it from the participating Holder of such Registrable Securities to indemnify, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, severally and not jointly with any other holders of Registrable Securities whose Registrable Securities are included in any such Registration Statement, the Company, its directors and officers and each Person who controls (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act and Section 20 of the Exchange Act) the Company and any other Person selling securities in such Registration Statement, from and against all Losses arising out of or based on any untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any such Registration Statement, Prospectus, Free Writing Prospectus, offering circular, or other document, or any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and will reimburse the Company, such directors and officers, and controlling persons for any legal or any other expenses reasonably incurred in connection with investigating or defending any such Loss, in each case to the extent, but only to the extent, that such untrue statement or omission is made in such Registration Statement, Prospectus, Free Writing Prospectus, offering circular, or other document in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by such Holder with respect to such Holder for inclusion in such Registration Statement, Prospectus, offering circular or other document; provided that the obligations of such Holder hereunder shall not apply to amounts paid in settlement of any such Losses (or actions in respect thereof) if such settlement is effected without the consent of such Holder (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed); provided, further, that the liability of such Holder shall be individual, not joint and several, for each Holder and shall be limited to the net proceeds received by such selling Holder from the sale of Registrable Securities covered by such Registration Statement (less the aggregate amount of any damages which the Holder has otherwise been required to pay in respect of such Loss or any substantially similar Loss arising from the sale of such Registrable Securities).

(c) Conduct of Indemnification Proceedings. If any Person shall be entitled to indemnity hereunder (an "Indemnified Party"), such Indemnified Party shall give prompt notice to the Party from which such indemnity is sought (the "Indemnifying Party") of any claim or of the commencement of any proceeding with respect to which such Indemnified Party seeks indemnification or contribution pursuant hereto; provided that the delay or failure to so notify the Indemnifying Party shall not relieve the Indemnifying Party from any obligation or liability under this Section 5. The Indemnifying Party shall have the right, exercisable by giving written notice to an Indemnified Party promptly after the receipt of written notice from such Indemnified Party of such claim or proceeding, to, unless in the Indemnified Party's reasonable judgment a conflict of interest between such indemnified and indemnifying parties may exist in respect of such claim, assume, at the Indemnifying Party's expense, the defense of any such claim or proceeding, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to such Indemnified Party; provided that an Indemnified Party shall have the right to employ separate counsel in any such claim or proceeding and to participate in the defense thereof, but the fees and expenses of such counsel shall be at the expense of such Indemnified Party unless (i) the Indemnifying Party agrees to pay such fees and expenses or (ii) the Indemnifying Party fails promptly to assume, or in the event of a conflict of interest cannot assume, the defense of such claim or proceeding or fails to employ counsel reasonably satisfactory to such Indemnified Party, in which case the Indemnified Party shall have the right to employ counsel and to assume the defense of such claim or proceeding at the Indemnifying Party's expense; provided, further, that the Indemnifying Party shall not, in

connection with any one such claim or proceeding or separate but substantially similar or related claims or proceedings in the same jurisdiction, arising out of the same general allegations or circumstances, be liable for the fees and expenses of more than one firm of attorneys (together with appropriate local counsel) at any time for all of the Indemnified Parties, or for fees and expenses that are not reasonable. Whether or not such defense is assumed by the Indemnifying Party, such Indemnifying Party will not be subject to any liability for any settlement made without its consent (but such consent will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed). Without the prior written consent of the Indemnified Party, the Indemnifying Party shall not consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement that (\underline{x}) does not include as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or plaintiff to such Indemnified Party of a release, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Party, from all liability in respect of such claim or litigation for which such Indemnified Party would be entitled to indemnification hereunder or (\underline{y}) involves the imposition of equitable remedies or the imposition of any obligations on the Indemnified Party or adversely affects such Indemnified Party other than as a result of financial obligations for which such Indemnified Party would be entitled to indemnification hereunder.

(d) Contribution. If the indemnification provided for in this Section 5 is unavailable to an Indemnified Party in respect of any Losses (other than in accordance with its terms), then each applicable Indemnifying Party, in lieu of indemnifying such Indemnified Party, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such Indemnified Party as a result of such Losses, in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the Indemnifying Party, on the one hand, and such Indemnified Party, on the other hand, in connection with the actions, statements or omissions that resulted in such Losses as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault of such Indemnifying Party, on the one hand, and Indemnified Party, on the other hand, shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether any action in question, including any untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact, has been made (or omitted) by, or relates to information supplied by, such Indemnifying Party or Indemnified Party, and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent any such action, statement or omission.

The Parties agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 5(d) were determined by *pro rata* allocation or by any other method of allocation that does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 5(d), the amount any Holder will be obligated to contribute pursuant to this Section 5(d) will be limited to an amount equal to the net proceeds to such Holder from the Registrable Securities sold pursuant to the Registration Statement which gives rise to such obligation to contribute (less the aggregate amount of any damages which the Holder has otherwise been required to pay in respect of such Loss or any substantially similar Loss arising from the sale of such Registrable Securities). No Person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any Person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. No selling Holder shall be liable for contribution under this Section 5(d), except under such circumstances as such selling Holder would have been liable for indemnification under this Section 5 if such indemnification were enforceable under applicable law.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent that the provisions on indemnification and contribution contained in the underwriting agreement entered into in connection with the underwritten offering are more favorable to the Holders than the foregoing provisions, the provisions in the underwriting agreement shall control.

- (e) <u>Deemed Underwriter</u>. To the extent that any of the Holders is, or would be expected to be, deemed to be an underwriter of Registrable Securities pursuant to any SEC comments or policies or any court of law or otherwise, the Company agrees that (\underline{i}) the indemnification and contribution provisions contained in this Section 5 shall be applicable to the benefit of such Holder in its role as deemed underwriter in addition to its capacity as a Holder (so long as the amount for which any other Holder is or becomes responsible does not exceed the amount for which such Holder would be responsible if the Holder were not deemed to be an underwriter of Registrable Securities) and ($\underline{i}\underline{i}$) such Holder and its representatives shall be entitled to conduct the due diligence which would normally be conducted in connection with an offering of securities registered under the Securities Act, including receipt of customary opinions and comfort letters.
- (f) Other Indemnification. Indemnification similar to that specified in the preceding provisions of this Section 5 (with appropriate modifications) shall be given by the Company and each seller of Registrable Securities with respect to any required registration or other qualification of securities under any federal or state law or regulation or governmental authority other than the Securities Act.
- (g) Non-Exclusivity. The obligations of the Parties under this Section 5 shall be in addition to any liability that any Party may otherwise have to any other Party.
- (h) Primacy of Indemnification. The Company hereby acknowledges that the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders have certain rights to indemnification, advancement of expenses and/or insurance provided by certain of their Affiliates (collectively, the "Indemnitors"). The Company hereby agrees that (i) it is the indemnitor of first resort (*i.e.*, its obligations to the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders are primary and any obligation of the Indemnitors to advance expenses or to provide indemnification for the same Losses incurred by the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders are secondary to any such obligation of the Company), (ii) that it shall be liable for the full amount of all Losses to the extent legally permitted and as required by the terms of this Agreement and the articles and other organizational documents of the Company (or any other agreement between the Company and the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders), without regard to any rights the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders may have against the Indemnitors, and (iii) it irrevocably waives, relinquishes and releases the Indemnitors from any and all claims (x) against the Indemnitors for contribution, indemnification, subrogation or any other recovery of any kind in respect thereof and (y) that the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders must seek indemnification from any Indemnitor before the Company must perform its indemnification obligations under this Agreement. No advancement or payment by the Indemnitors on behalf of the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders with respect to any claim for which the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders has sought indemnification from the Company hereunder shall affect the foregoing. The Indemnitors shall have a right of contribution and/or be subrogated to the extent of such advancement or payment to all of the rights of recovery which

the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders would have had against the Company if the Indemnitors had not advanced or paid any amount to or on behalf of the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders. The Company and the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders agree that the Indemnitors are express third party beneficiaries of this Section 5.

6. Registration Expenses. All reasonable fees and expenses incurred in the performance of or compliance with this Agreement by the Company including, without limitation, (i) all registration and filing fees (including, without limitation, fees and expenses (\underline{A}) with respect to filings required to be made with the SEC, all applicable securities exchanges and/or FINRA and (B) with respect to compliance with securities or blue sky laws, including, without limitation, any fees and disbursements of counsel for the underwriters in connection with blue sky qualifications of the Registrable Securities pursuant to Section 4(g)), (ii) printing expenses (including, without limitation, expenses of printing certificates for Registrable Securities in a form eligible for deposit with The Depository Trust Company and of printing Prospectuses if the printing of Prospectuses is requested by the managing underwriter(s), if any, or by a Holder submitting a Demand Notice or Take-Down Notice with respect to such offering or the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities included in any Registration Statement), (iii) messenger, telephone and delivery expenses of the Company, (iy) fees and disbursements of counsel for the Company, (\underline{v}) expenses of the Company incurred in connection with any road show, (\underline{v}) fees and disbursements of all independent registered public accounting firms referred to in Section 4(n) (including, without limitation, the expenses of any "cold comfort" letters required by this Agreement) and any other Persons, including special experts retained by the Company, (vii) fees and disbursements of separate counsel for the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders if any of them is participating in the offering (which counsel shall be selected by such participating Holders) and one counsel for the other Holders whose Registrable Securities are included in a Registration Statement (which counsel shall be selected by the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement), (viii) all reasonable fees and disbursements of underwriters (other than those described in the next paragraph) customarily paid by issuers or sellers of securities and (ix) all other costs, fees and expenses incident to the Company's performance or compliance with this Agreement, shall be borne by the Company whether or not any Registration Statement is filed or becomes effective. In addition, the Company shall pay its internal expenses (including, without limitation, all salaries and expenses of its officers and employees performing legal or accounting duties), the expense of any annual audit, the fees and expenses incurred in connection with the listing of the securities to be registered on any securities exchange on which similar securities issued by the Company are then listed and rating agency fees and the fees and expenses of any Person, including special experts, retained by the Company.

The Company shall not be required to pay (i) fees and disbursements of any counsel retained by any Holder or by any underwriter (except as set forth above in this Section 6), (ii) any underwriter's fees (including discounts, commissions or fees of underwriters, selling brokers, dealer managers or similar securities industry professionals) relating to the distribution of the Registrable Securities (other than with respect to Registrable Securities sold by the Company), or (iii) any other expenses of the Holders not specifically required to be paid by the Company pursuant to the first paragraph of this Section 6.

- 7. Rule 144. The Company covenants that it will file the reports required to be filed by it under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations adopted by the SEC thereunder (or, if the Company is not required to file such reports, it will, upon the request of any of the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders, make publicly available such information so long as necessary to permit sales of Registrable Securities pursuant to Rule 144), and it will take such further action as any Holder (or, if the Company is not required to file reports as provided above, any of the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders) may reasonably request, all to the extent required from time to time to enable such Holder to sell shares of Registrable Securities without registration under the Securities Act within the limitation of the exemptions provided by Rule 144. Upon the request of any Holder, the Company will deliver to such Holder a written statement as to whether it has complied with such requirements and, if not, the specific requirements with which it did not so comply.
- 8. <u>Certain Additional Agreements</u>. If any Registration Statement or comparable statement under state blue sky laws refers to any Holder by name or otherwise as the holder of any securities of the Company, then such Holder shall have the right to require (<u>a</u>) the insertion therein of language, in form and substance satisfactory to such Holder and the Company, to the effect that the holding by such Holder of such securities is not to be construed as a recommendation by such Holder of the investment quality of the Company's securities covered thereby and that such holding does not imply that such Holder will assist in meeting any future financial requirements of the Company, or (<u>b</u>) in the event that such reference to such Holder by name or otherwise is not in the judgment of the Company required by the Securities Act or any similar federal statute or any state blue sky or securities law then in force, the deletion of the reference to such Holder.

9. Miscellaneous.

- (a) <u>Termination</u>. The provisions of this Agreement (other than Sections 5 and 6) shall terminate upon the earliest to occur of (\underline{i}) its termination by the written agreement of all Parties or their respective successors in interest, $(\underline{i}\underline{i})$ with respect to a Holder, the date on which all shares of Common Stock held by such Holder have ceased to be Registrable Securities, $(\underline{i}\underline{i}\underline{i})$ with respect to the Company, the date on which all shares of Common Stock have ceased to be Registrable Securities and $(\underline{i}\underline{v})$ the dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company. Nothing herein shall relieve any Party from any liability for the breach of any of the agreements set forth in this Agreement.
- (b) <u>Holdback Agreement</u>. In consideration for the Company agreeing to its obligations under this Agreement, each Holder agrees in connection with any registration of the Company's securities (whether or not such Holder is participating in such registration) upon the request of the Company and the underwriter(s) managing any underwritten offering of the Company's securities, not to effect (other than pursuant to such registration) any public sale or distribution of Registrable Securities, including, but not limited to, any sale pursuant to Rule 144, or make any short sale of, loan, grant any option for the purchase of, or otherwise dispose of, or enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another Person any of the economic consequences of ownership of, any Registrable Securities, any other equity securities of the Company or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for any equity securities of the Company without the prior written consent of the Company or such underwriters, as the case may be, during the Holdback Period.

If any registration pursuant to Section 3 shall be in connection with any underwritten offering, the Company will not effect any public sale or distribution of any common equity (or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for common equity) (other than a registration statement (i) on Form S-4, Form S-8 or any successor forms promulgated for similar purposes or (ii) filed in connection with any employee benefit or dividend reinvestment plan) for its own account, during the Holdback Period.

- (c) <u>Amendments and Waivers</u>. This Agreement may be amended and the Company may take any action herein prohibited, or omit to perform any act herein required to be performed by it, only if any such amendment, action or omission to act, has received the written consent of the Company and each of the CD&R Investor and its Affiliates that are Holders, or if no such Holders remain, the holders of a majority of the Registrable Securities; <u>provided</u> that this Agreement may not be amended in a manner that would, by its terms, adversely affect the rights or obligations of the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates that are Holders without the consent of such Holders; <u>provided</u>, <u>further</u>, that this Agreement may not be amended in a manner that would, by its terms, adversely affect the rights or obligations of all similarly situated Holders in the same manner without the consent of such Holder. The failure of any Party to enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement shall in no way be construed as a waiver of such provisions and shall not affect the right of such Party thereafter to enforce each and every provision of this Agreement in accordance with its terms. Any Holder may waive (in writing) the benefit of any provision of this Agreement with respect to itself for any purpose. Any such waiver shall constitute a waiver only with respect to the specific matter described in such writing and shall in no way impair the rights of the Holder granting such waiver in any other respect or at any other time.
- (d) <u>Successors, Assigns and Transferees</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Parties and their respective successors and assigns who agree in writing to be bound by the provisions of this Agreement. In addition, and whether or not any express assignment shall have been made, the provisions of this Agreement that are for the benefit of Holders shall also be for the benefit of and enforceable by any subsequent Holder, subject to the provisions contained herein.
- (e) <u>Notices</u>. All notices, requests and other communications to any Party shall be in writing (including e-mail transmission) and shall be given as follows, or to such other address or e-mail as such Party may hereafter specify for the purpose by notice to the other Parties:

if to the Company, to:

agilon health, inc. 1 World Trade Center Suite 2000 Long Beach, CA 90831

Attention: Chief Business Officer Email: ted.halkias@agilonhealth.com with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Debevoise & Plimpton LLP 919 Third Avenue New York, New York 10022 Attention: Peter J. Loughran, Esq. and Paul M. Rodel, Esq. Email: pjloughran@debevoise.com; pmrodel@debevoise.com

if to the CD&R Investor, to:

Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC 375 Park Avenue 18th Floor New York, New York 10152 Attention: Chief Financial Officer Email: Finance@cdr-inc.com

with a copy (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Debevoise & Plimpton LLP 919 Third Avenue New York, New York 10022

Attention: Peter J. Lougran, Esq. and Paul M. Rodel, Esq. Email: pjloughran@debevoise.com; pmrodel@debevoise.com

If to any other Holder, to the e-mail or address of such other Holder as shown in the stock record book of the Company.

All such notices, requests and other communications shall be deemed received on the date of receipt by the recipient thereof if received prior to 5:30 p.m. on a Business Day in the place of receipt. Otherwise, any such notice, request or communication shall be deemed to have been received on the next succeeding Business Day in the place of receipt.

- (f) <u>Further Assurances</u>. At any time or from time to time after the date hereof, the Parties agree to cooperate with each other, and at the request of any other Party, to execute and deliver any further instruments or documents and to take all such further action as the other Party may reasonably request in order to evidence or effectuate the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and to otherwise carry out the intent of the Parties hereunder. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, the Company shall not directly or indirectly take any action that is intended to, or would reasonably be expected to result in, any Holder being deprived of the rights contemplated by this Agreement.
- (g) No Inconsistent Agreements. Without the approval of the CD&R Investor or its Affiliates holding a majority of the Registrable Securities, subsequent to the date hereof, neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries shall enter into any agreement granting registration rights to any other Person; <u>provided</u>, that this Section 9(g) shall not apply the extension of customary registration rights in connection with the sale of debt securities or convertible debt securities.

- (h) Entire Agreement; No Third-Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement (i) except as may be provided in a Joinder Agreement, constitutes the entire agreement among the Parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersedes any prior discussions, correspondence, negotiation, proposed term sheet, agreement, understanding or agreement and there are no agreements, understandings, representations or warranties between the Parties other than those set forth or referred to in this Agreement and (ii) except as provided in Section 5 with respect to an Indemnified Party, is not intended to confer in or on behalf of any Person not a party to this Agreement (and their successors and assigns) any rights, benefits, causes of action or remedies with respect to the subject matter or any provision hereof.
 - (i) Governing Law; Jurisdiction and Forum; Waiver of Jury Trial.
 - (i) This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York applicable to contracts executed and to be performed wholly within such State and without reference to the choice-of-law principles that would result in the application of the laws of a different jurisdiction.
 - (ii) Each Party irrevocably submits to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York or any court of the State of New York located in such district any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement, and hereby irrevocably agrees that all claims in respect of such suit, action or proceeding may be heard and determined in such court. Each Party hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent that it may effectively do so, the defense of an inconvenient forum to the maintenance of such suit, action or other proceeding. The Parties further agree, to the extent permitted by applicable law, that final and unappealable judgment against any of them in any suit, action or other proceeding contemplated above shall be conclusive and may be enforced in any other jurisdiction within or outside the United States by suit on the judgment, a certified copy of which shall be conclusive evidence of the fact and amount of such judgment.
 - (iii) EACH PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES ANY RIGHT SUCH PARTY MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN RESPECT OF ANY LITIGATION DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.
- (j) <u>Severability</u>. If any term, provision, covenant or restriction of this Agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction or other authority to be invalid, void or unenforceable, the remainder of the terms, provisions, covenants and restrictions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated so long as the economic or legal substance of the transactions contemplated hereby is not affected in any manner materially adverse to any Party. Upon such a determination, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the Parties as closely as possible in a mutually acceptable manner in order that the transactions contemplated hereby be consummated as originally contemplated to the fullest extent possible.

- (k) Enforcement. Each Party acknowledges that money damages would not be an adequate remedy in the event that any of the covenants or agreements in this Agreement are not performed in accordance with its terms, and it is therefore agreed that in addition to and without limiting any other remedy or right it may have, the non-breaching Party will have the right to an injunction, temporary restraining order or other equitable relief in any court of competent jurisdiction enjoining any such breach and enforcing specifically the terms and provisions hereof.
- (1) <u>Titles and Subtitles</u>. The titles of the sections and subsections of this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and will not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.
- (m) No Recourse. This Agreement may only be enforced against, and any claims or cause of action that may be based upon, arise out of or relate to this Agreement, or the negotiation, execution or performance of this Agreement may only be made against the entities that are expressly identified as Parties hereto and no past, present or future Affiliate, director, officer, employee, incorporator, member, manager, partner, stockholder, agent, attorney or representative of any Party hereto shall have any liability for any obligations or liabilities of the Parties to this Agreement or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, the transactions contemplated hereby.
- (n) Counterparts; PDF Signatures. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts (including via facsimile and electronic transmission), each of which shall be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Agreement by one Party to the others may be made by facsimile, electronic mail, other electronic format (including any electronic signature complying with the New York Electronic Signatures and Records Act (N.Y. State Tech. §§ 301-309), as amended from time to time, or other applicable law) or other transmission method, and the parties hereto agree that any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.

[Remainder of page left intentionally blank]

IN WITNESS WHEDEOE	the parties hereto have duly	v executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.
IN WITHESS WHEREOF	, the parties hereto have dury	y executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

AGILON HEALTH, INC.

By:				
	Name:			
	Title:			

[Signature Page – Registration Rights Agreement]

By: CD&R Investment Associates IX, Ltd., its general partner

By: Name:
Title:

CD&R VECTOR HOLDINGS, L.P.

[Signature Page – Registration Rights Agreement]

JOINDER AGREEMENT

Reference is made to the Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of [•], 2021 (as amended from time to time, the "<u>Registration Rights Agreement</u>"), by and among agilon health, inc. (the "<u>Company</u>") and certain stockholders of the Company party thereto. The undersigned agrees, by execution hereof, to become a party to, and to be subject to the rights and obligations under, the Registration Rights Agreement, other than the obligations set forth in the first paragraph of Section 9(b) thereof.

[NAME]
By:
Name:
Title:
Date:
Address:
Acknowledged by:
AGILON HEALTH, INC.
Ву:
Name:
Title:
Date:

agilon health, inc. Employee Stock Option Agreement (Base and Upside Options)

The Company and the Employee hereby agree as follows:

Section 1. Grant of Options

- (a) <u>Confirmation of Grant</u>. The Company hereby evidences and confirms its grant to the Employee of (x) Options to purchase a number of shares of Common Stock that are designated as "Base Options" on the signature page hereof (the "<u>Base Options</u>") and (y) Options to purchase a number of shares of Common Stock that are designated as "Upside Options" on the signature page hereof (the "<u>Upside Options</u>"). The Options are not intended to be incentive stock options under the Code. This Agreement is entered into pursuant to, and the terms of the Options are subject to, the terms of the Plan. In consideration of the receipt of the Options granted pursuant to this Agreement, the Employee agrees to be bound by the covenants set forth in <u>Exhibit A</u> to this Agreement; it being understood that the Employee shall be required to comply with such restrictive covenants, to the extent permitted by applicable law, even if the Employee has vested in, exercised, or forfeited all of the Options, or sold the shares underlying the Options.
- (b) Option Price. Each share covered by a Base Option or Upside Option shall have the Option Price specified on the signature page hereof for Base Options and Upside Options, respectively.

Section 2. Vesting and Exercisability

(a) Vesting.

(i) <u>Base Options</u>. Except as otherwise provided in Section 2(b) or 6(a), the Base Options shall become vested in four equal annual installments on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the Vesting Commencement Date, subject to the continuous employment of the Employee with the Company from the Vesting Commencement Date until the applicable vesting date.

- (ii) <u>Upside Options</u>. Except as otherwise provided in Section 2(b) or 6(a), the Upside Options shall become vested and exercisable, (\underline{x}) in four equal annual installments on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the Vesting Commencement Date *but only if* (\underline{y}) as of such date or a later date prior to termination of the Upside Options, the Investors have earned an Investor Return of at least three times (3x) on all of their Aggregate Initial Investment, subject to the continuous employment of the Employee with the Company from the Vesting Commencement Date through such date.
- (b) <u>Discretionary Acceleration</u>. The Board, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the vesting or exercisability of all or a portion of the Options, at any time and from time to time.
- (c) Exercise. Once vested in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, the Options may be exercised at any time and from time to time prior to the date such Options terminate pursuant to Section 3. Options may only be exercised with respect to whole shares of Common Stock and must be exercised in accordance with Section 4.
- (d) No Other Accelerated Vesting; No Other Entitlements. The vesting and exercisability provisions set forth in this Section 2 or in Section 6 or expressly set forth in the Plan, shall be the exclusive vesting and exercisability provisions applicable to the Options and shall supersede any other provisions relating to vesting and exercisability, unless such other such provision expressly refers to the Plan by name and this Agreement by name and date. As a condition to the grant of these Options, the Employee acknowledges and agrees that these Options (together with any other previously awarded Options evidenced by an Option Agreement executed by the Company) are in full and final satisfaction of any and all entitlements to equity awards from the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that the Employee now has or prior to the date hereof has ever had (including under any prior commitment or grant by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), and, to give full effect to this Agreement, the Employee hereby releases any and all right, claim or action that the Employee may have or have ever had as to any such equity compensation.

Section 3. <u>Termination of Options</u>

- (a) Normal Termination Date. Unless earlier terminated pursuant to Section 3(b) or Section 6, the Options shall terminate on the tenth anniversary of the Grant Date (the "Normal Termination Date"), if not exercised prior to such date.
 - (b) Early Termination. If the Employee's employment with the Company terminates for any reason, any Options held by the

Employee that have not vested before the effective date of such termination of employment shall terminate immediately upon such termination of employment and, if the Employee's employment is terminated for Cause, all Options (whether or not then vested or exercisable) shall automatically terminate immediately upon such termination. All vested Options held by the Employee following the effective date of a termination of employment shall remain exercisable until the first to occur of (i) the 90th day following the effective date of the Employee's termination of employment (or the 180th day in the case of a Special Termination or Retirement), (ii) the Normal Termination Date or (iii) the cancellation of the Options pursuant to Section 6, and if not exercised within such period the Options shall automatically terminate upon the expiration of such period.

Section 4. Manner of Exercise

- (a) General. Subject to such reasonable administrative regulations as the Board may adopt from time to time, the Employee may exercise vested Options by giving at least 15 business days prior written notice to the Secretary of the Company specifying the proposed date on which the Employee desires to exercise a vested Option (the "Exercise Date"), the number of whole shares with respect to which the Options are being exercised (the "Exercise Shares") and the aggregate Option Price for such Exercise Shares (the "Exercise Price"); provided that following a Public Offering notice may be given within such lesser period as the Board may permit. The Exercise Shares shall be subject to the Subscription Agreement to which the Employee is then a party, or if the Employee is not then a party to a Subscription Agreement, as otherwise provided to the Employee in the form then customarily used by the Company. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, and subject to such other terms, representations and warranties as may be provided for in the Subscription Agreement, (i) on or before the Exercise Date the Employee shall deliver to the Company full payment for the Exercise Shares in United States dollars in cash, or cash equivalents satisfactory to the Company, in an amount equal to the Exercise Price plus any required withholding taxes or other similar taxes, charges or fees and (ii) the Company shall register the issuance of the Exercise Shares on its records (or direct such issuance to be registered by the Company's transfer agent). The Company may require the Employee to furnish or execute such other documents as the Company shall reasonably deem necessary (i) to evidence such exercise, (ii) to determine whether registration is then required under the Securities Act or other applicable law or (iii) to comply with or satisfy the requirements of the Securities Act, applicable state or non-U.S. securities laws or any other applicable law.
 - (b) Restrictions on Exercise. Notwithstanding any other

provision of this Agreement, the Options may not be exercised in whole or in part, and no certificates representing Exercise Shares shall be delivered, (i) unless (\underline{A}) all requisite approvals and consents of any governmental authority of any kind shall have been secured, (\underline{B}) the purchase of the Exercise Shares shall be exempt from registration under applicable U.S. federal and state securities laws, and applicable non-U.S. securities laws, or the Exercise Shares shall have been registered under such laws, and (\underline{C}) all applicable U.S. federal, state and local and non-U.S. tax withholding requirements shall have been satisfied or (\underline{i}) if such exercise would result in a violation of the terms or provisions of or a default or an event of default under, any of the Financing Agreements. The Company shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to obtain any consents or approvals referred to in clause (i) (A) of the preceding sentence, but shall otherwise have no obligations to take any steps to prevent or remove any impediment to exercise described in such sentence.

Section 5. Employee's Representations; Investment Intention. The Employee represents, warrants and covenants as follows:

- (a) (i) the Employee has carefully reviewed the information and materials furnished to the Employee in connection with the offer of the Options pursuant to this Agreement, (ii) the Employee has had an adequate opportunity to consider whether or not to accept the grant of Options offered to the Employee and agree to the covenants set forth in Exhibit A hereto, (iii) the Employee understands the terms and conditions that apply to the Options (including the Employee's agreement of the covenants set forth in Exhibit A hereto) and the risks associated with an investment in the Options and (iv) the Employee has a good understanding of the English language;
- (b) the Employee is accepting the Options (and agreeing to the covenants set forth in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto) voluntarily, and, if applicable, the Options satisfy any obligation of the Company or its Affiliates to sell or grant equity in the Company or its Affiliates to the Employee;
- (c) the Employee shall be required to comply with the restrictive covenants set forth in Exhibit A hereto, to the extent permitted by applicable law, even if the Employee has vested in, exercised, or forfeited all of the Options, or sold the shares underlying the Options;
 - (d) the Employee can afford to suffer the complete loss of the Options;
- (e) the Options have been, and any Exercise Shares will be, acquired by the Employee's own account for investment and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof; and

(f) the Employee represents and warrants that the Employee understands that none of the Exercise Shares may be transferred, sold, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of unless the provisions of the Subscription Agreement shall have been complied with or have expired in accordance with their terms.

Section 6. Change in Control

- (a) Vesting. In the event of a Change in Control, all then-outstanding Base Options shall immediately become fully vested.
- (b) Election to Exercise. The Company will notify the Employee in writing of a Change in Control at least ten business days prior to the closing date of the Change in Control. At the Employee's written election to the Company no later than three business days prior to the closing date of the Change in Control, all or any portion of the outstanding Base Options and, to the extent they will become vested in the Change in Control, Upside Options may be exercised by the Employee, and, if exercised, such Options will terminate immediately prior to the Change in Control and the Employee will receive the Change in Control Price for any Exercise Shares acquired upon exercise of such Options and if the Change in Control Price is solely cash, then this payment will likewise be solely in cash. In connection with any exercise under this Section 6(b), (i) the Employee will have the ability to request that a number of shares be withheld from such exercise to satisfy the payment of the Exercise Price of such exercised Options and (ii) no later than the closing date of the Change in Control, the Employee will pay to the Company in cash (or, at the Employee's written request, have withheld from any cash paid to the Employee in respect of such Exercise Shares in the Change in Control) any required withholding taxes or other similar taxes, charges or fees associated with such exercise of the Options.
- (c) <u>Cancellation</u>. Except for any Options exercised under Section 6(b) and as otherwise provided in Section 6(d), all (x) Base Options outstanding at the Change in Control and (y) Upside Options, if any, that become vested in the Change in Control pursuant to Section 2(a)(ii) or Section 2(b), shall be canceled in exchange for a payment (determined in accordance with the Plan) having a value equal to the excess, if any, of (i) the product of the Change in Control Price multiplied by the aggregate number of shares covered by all such Options immediately prior to the Change in Control over (ii) the aggregate Option Price for all such shares, to be paid as soon as reasonably practicable, but in no event later than 30 days following the Change in Control (or, if

applicable, on such later dates in conformity with the payment of the proceeds payable to the holders of Common Stock (as permitted under Section 409A of the Code)). If the Change in Control Price is solely cash, then the payment described in the preceding sentence will likewise be paid solely in cash. Except as otherwise provided in Section 6(d), if at the time of the Change in Control the Board reasonably determines in good faith that any Upside Options will not vest after giving effect to the Change in Control pursuant to Section 2(a)(ii), such Upside Options shall be cancelled upon the Change in Control without payment of consideration therefor.

- (d) <u>Alternative Award</u>. Notwithstanding Section 6(c), no cancellation, termination, or other payment shall occur with respect to any Option outstanding at the time of the Change in Control if the Board reasonably determines prior to the Change in Control that the Employee shall receive an Alternative Award to the extent permitted under, and meeting the requirements of, the Plan; <u>provided</u> that Section 8.2(b) of the Plan shall not apply to Upside Options. Any Alternative Award granted in respect of Base Options or vested Upside Options will be fully vested at the time it is awarded to the Employee.
- (e) <u>Limitation of Benefits</u>. If, whether as a result of accelerated vesting, the grant of an Alternative Award or otherwise, the Employee would receive any payment, deemed payment or other benefit as a result of the operation of Section 6 that, together with any other payment, deemed payment or other benefit the Employee may receive under any other plan, program, policy or arrangement, would constitute an "excess parachute payment" under section 280G of the Code, then, notwithstanding anything in this Section 6 to the contrary, the payments, deemed payments or other benefits the Employee would otherwise receive under this Section 6 shall be reduced to the extent necessary to eliminate any such excess parachute payment and the Employee shall have no further rights or claims with respect thereto. If the preceding sentence would result in a reduction of the payments, deemed payments or other benefits the Employee would otherwise receive in more than an immaterial amount, the Company will (1) submit payment of the reduced payments to the Company's shareholders for approval in the manner provided for in Section 280G(b)(5) of the Code and the regulations thereunder with respect to such reduced payments or other benefits (if the Company is eligible to do so), so that such payments would not be treated as "parachute payments" for these purposes (and therefore would cease to be subject to reduction pursuant to this Section 6(e)) and (2) use its commercially reasonable efforts to obtain such approval.

Section 7. <u>Certain Definitions</u>. As used in this Agreement and <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto, capitalized terms that are not defined herein have the respective meaning given in the Plan, and the following additional terms shall have the following meanings:

"Aggregate Initial Investment" means the total amount paid by the Investors in respect of all shares of Common Stock acquired by the Investors in connection with their acquisition of (i) Primary Provider Management Company, Inc. and certain of its Affiliates, (ii) MDX Hawaii, Inc., and (iii) Cyber-Pro Systems, Inc. (taking into account any adjustment as a result of any stock dividend, split, reverse split, combination, recapitalization, liquidation, reclassification, merger, consolidation or otherwise).

"Agreement" means this Employee Stock Option Agreement (including Exhibit A hereto), as amended from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof.

"Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any successor thereto.

"Company" means agilon health, inc.; provided that for purposes of determining the status of Employee's employment with the "Company," such term shall include the Company and/or any Subsidiaries and any of their respective Affiliates that employ the Employee.

"Employee" means the grantee of the Options, whose name is set forth on the signature page of this Agreement; <u>provided</u> that for purposes of Section 4 and Section 8, following such person's death "Employee" shall be deemed to include such person's beneficiary or estate and following such Person's Disability, "Employee" shall be deemed to include such person's legal representative.

"Exercise Date" has the meaning given in Section 4(a). "Exercise Price" has the meaning given in Section 4(a).

"Exercise Shares" has the meaning given in Section 4(a).

"Grant Date" means ______, 2020.

"Investor Return" means, on any date all cash and marketable securities, directly or indirectly, received by the Investors in respect of the Aggregate Initial Investment as proceeds in any sale or other disposition of the shares of Common Stock acquired by the Investors in the Aggregate Initial Investment and any extraordinary cash dividends paid on such shares of Common Stock (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, any consulting fees paid to, or on behalf of, Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC); <u>provided, however</u>, that any calculations of Investor Return may, in the Board's discretion, include the value of any illiquid property received by any of the Investors in respect of such shares of Common Stock (e.g., securities of a privately-held corporation) or otherwise will include

the cash and marketable securities ultimately received by any of the Investors as proceeds from the sale or other disposition of such illiquid property received in respect of such shares of Common Stock, which for such purposes shall be deemed received on the date such illiquid property is sold.

"Normal Termination Date" has the meaning given in Section 3(a).

"Option" means the right granted to the Employee hereunder in the form of a Base Option or Upside Option to purchase one share of Common Stock for a purchase price equal to the applicable Option Price, subject to the terms of this Agreement and the Plan.

"Option Price" means, with respect to each share of Common Stock covered by an Option (whether a Base Option or Upside Option), the purchase price specified in Section 1(b) for which the Employee may purchase such share of Common Stock upon exercise of such Option.

"Plan" means the agilon health, inc. Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time.

"Vesting Commencement Date" means [_______, 2020][the Grant Date].

Section 8. Miscellaneous.

- (a) Withholding. The Company or one of its Subsidiaries may require the Employee to remit to the Company an amount in cash sufficient to satisfy any applicable U.S. federal, state and local and non-U.S. tax withholding and other similar charges or fees that may arise in connection with the grant, vesting, exercise or purchase of the Options (excluding, where applicable, the employer portion of any employment, social or similar taxes).
- (b) <u>Authorization to Share Personal Data</u>. The Employee authorizes any Affiliate of the Company that employs the Employee or that otherwise has or lawfully obtains personal data relating to the Employee to divulge or transfer such personal data to the Company or to a third party, in each case in any jurisdiction, if and to the extent necessary or appropriate in connection with this Agreement or the administration of the Plan.
- (c) No Rights as Stockholder; No Voting Rights. The Employee shall have no rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to any shares covered by the Options until the exercise of the Options and delivery of the shares. Except as provided in Section 3.3 of the Plan, no adjustment shall be made for dividends or other rights for which the record date is prior to the delivery of the shares. Any shares

delivered in respect of the Options shall be subject to a Subscription Agreement and the Employee shall have no voting rights with respect to such shares until such time as specified in the applicable Subscription Agreement.

- (d) No Right to Continued Employment. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to confer on the Employee any right to continue in the employ of the Company or any Subsidiary, or to interfere with or limit in any way the right of the Company or any Subsidiary to terminate such employment at any time.
- (e) <u>Non-Transferability of Options</u>. The Options may be exercised only by the Employee, or, following the Employee's death, by his or her designated beneficiary or by his or her estate in the absence of a designated beneficiary. The Options are not assignable or transferable, in whole or in part, and they may not, directly or indirectly, be offered, transferred, sold, pledged, assigned, alienated, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of or encumbered (including, but not limited to, by gift, operation of law or otherwise) other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution to the estate of the Employee upon the Employee's death or with the Company's consent.
- (f) Notices. All notices and other communications required or permitted to be given under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given if delivered personally or sent by certified or express mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or by any recognized international equivalent of such delivery, to the Company or the Employee, as the case may be, at the following addresses or to such other address as the Company or the Employee, as the case may be, shall specify by notice to the other:
 - (i) if to the Company, to it at:

agilon health, inc. One World Trade Center, Suite 2050 Long Beach, CA 90831 Attention: Chief Executive Officer

with copies (which shall not constitute notice) to:

Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC 375 Park Avenue 18th Floor New York, New York 10152 Attention: Ravi Sachdev Facsimile: (212) 407-5252 Debevoise & Plimpton 919 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022 Attention: Christopher Anthony, Esq.

Meir Katz, Esq. Facsimile: (212) 909-6836

(ii) if to the Employee, to the Employee at his or her most recent address as shown on the books and records of the Company or Subsidiary employing the Employee.

All such notices and communications shall be deemed to have been received on the date of delivery if delivered personally or on the third business day after the mailing thereof.

(g) <u>Binding Effect; Benefits</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties to this Agreement and their respective successors and assigns. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended or shall be construed to give any person other than the parties to this Agreement or their respective successors, assigns, beneficiaries, legal representatives or estate any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or in respect of any agreement or any provision contained herein.

(h) Waiver; Amendment.

- (i) Waiver. Any party hereto or beneficiary hereof may by written notice to the other parties (\underline{A}) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other actions of the other parties under this Agreement, (\underline{B}) waive compliance with any of the conditions or covenants of the other parties contained in this Agreement and (\underline{C}) waive or modify performance of any of the obligations of the other parties under this Agreement. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, no action taken pursuant to this Agreement, including, without limitation, any investigation by or on behalf of any party or beneficiary, shall be deemed to constitute a waiver by the party or beneficiary taking such action of compliance with any representations, warranties, covenants or agreements contained herein. The waiver by any party hereto or beneficiary hereof of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach and no failure by a party or beneficiary to exercise any right or privilege hereunder shall be deemed a waiver of such party's or beneficiary's rights or privileges hereunder or shall be deemed a waiver of such party's or beneficiary's rights to exercise the same at any subsequent time or times hereunder.
- (ii) <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may not be amended, modified or supplemented orally, but only by a written instrument executed by the Employee and the Company.

- (i) <u>Assignability</u>. Neither this Agreement nor any right, remedy, obligation or liability arising hereunder or by reason hereof shall be assignable by the Company or the Employee without the prior written consent of the other party.
- (j) <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of Delaware, regardless of the application of rules of conflict of law that would apply the laws of any other jurisdiction.
- (k) <u>Waiver of Jury Trial</u>. Each party hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any right it may have to a trial by jury in respect of any suit, action or proceeding arising out of this Agreement or any transaction contemplated hereby. Each party (i) certifies that no representative, agent or attorney of any other party has represented, expressly or otherwise, that such other party would not, in the event of litigation, seek to enforce the foregoing waiver and (ii) acknowledges that it and the other parties have been induced to enter into the Agreement by, among other things, the mutual waivers and certifications in this Section 8(k).
- (l) <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement (including <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto) is held to be invalid or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, then, to the fullest extent permitted by law, (i) the other provisions hereof shall remain in full force and effect in such jurisdiction and the Company and the Employee shall replace the invalid or unenforceable provision by a valid and enforceable provision that has the effect nearest to that of the provision being replaced and (ii) the invalidity or unenforceability of any provision hereof in any jurisdiction shall not affect the validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction.
- (m) <u>Section and Other Headings, etc</u>. The section and other headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.
- (n) Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the agreements referred to herein (including Exhibit A) set forth the entire understanding of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements, written or oral, between them as to such subject matter.

(o) <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and the Employee have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

	AGILON HEALTH, INC.	
	By: Name: Title:	
	THE EMPLOYEE:	
	Name:	
Option Type	Total Number of Shares for the Purchase of Which Options have been Granted	Option Price
Base Options	Shares	\$
Upside Options	Shares	\$

Exhibit A

Restrictive Covenants

Section 1 Confidential Information.

- 1.1 The Employee agrees that during the Employee's employment with the Company, and thereafter, the Employee will not disclose confidential or proprietary information, or trade secrets, related to any business of the Company, the Subsidiaries or any of their respective Affiliates, including without limitation, and whether or not such information is specifically designated as confidential or proprietary: all business plans and marketing strategies; information concerning existing and prospective markets, suppliers and customers; financial information; information concerning the development of new products and services; and technical and non-technical data related to software programs, design, specifications, compilations, inventions, improvements, patent applications, studies, research, methods, devices, prototypes, processes, procedures and techniques (collectively, "Confidential Information"). Subject to Section 2 of this Exhibit A, the Employee agrees to hold as Company property all Confidential Information and all books, papers, media and other data and all copies thereof and therefrom, in any way relating to the businesses of the Company, the Subsidiaries or any of their respective Affiliates, whether made or received by the Employee. "Confidential Information" does not include information that is or becomes generally known to the public, other than through the breach of this Exhibit A by the Employee.
- 1.2 Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, this Agreement does not prohibit the Employee from disclosing Confidential Information to the extent required by applicable law, providing truthful testimony or accurate information in connection with any investigation being conducted into the business or operations of the Company by any government agency or other regulator that is responsible for enforcing a law on behalf of the government or otherwise providing information to the appropriate government regulatory agency or body regarding conduct or action undertaken or omitted to be taken by the Company that the Employee reasonably believes is illegal or in material non-compliance with any financial disclosure or other regulatory requirement applicable to the Company. The Employee acknowledges that the Employee hereby has been notified by this writing, in accordance with the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016, 18 U.S.C. § 1833(b), that: (a) an individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made in confidence to a federal, state, or local government official, or to an attorney, solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; (b) an individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal; and (c) an individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose the trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret

information in the court proceeding, if the individual files any document containing the trade secret under seal and does not disclose the trade secret except pursuant to court order.

- 1.3 The Employee hereby assigns to the Company any rights the Employee may have or acquire in such Confidential Information and acknowledges that all Confidential Information shall be the sole property of the Company, the Subsidiaries and/or their respective Affiliates or their assigns.
 - 1.4 The Employee's obligations under this Section 1 are indefinite in term.
- Section 2 Return of Company Property. The Employee acknowledges that all tangible items containing any Confidential Information or trade secrets, including, without limitation, memoranda, photographs, records, reports, manuals, drawings, blueprints, prototypes, notes, documents, drawings, specifications, software, media and other materials, including any copies thereof (including electronically-recorded copies), are the exclusive property of the Company and the Subsidiaries, and the Employee shall deliver to the Company all such material in the Employee's possession or control upon the Company's request and in any event upon the termination of the Employee's employment with the Company. The Employee shall also return any keys, equipment, identification or credit cards, or other property belonging to the Company or its Subsidiaries upon termination of the Employee's employment or the Company's request.

Section 3 Noncompetition. The Employee hereby covenants and agrees that, during the Employee's employment with the Company and, to the extent permitted by applicable law, for the one-year period following the date on which the Employee's employment with the Company terminates for any reason, the Employee shall not, directly or indirectly, as an employee, agent, consultant, partner, joint venture, owner, officer, director, member of any other firm, partnership, corporation or other entity or in any other capacity (other than the Employee's ownership of not more than 2% of the outstanding equity securities of a publicly-traded company), on the Employee's own behalf or on behalf of another, be employed by, provide services to, or have any business connection with any other person, corporation, firm, partnership or other entity or organization whatsoever that competes with the business of the Company, its Subsidiaries and Affiliates as then conducted, throughout the United States where any of the Company, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates then conducts business or is actively planning to conduct business, including, without limitation, partnerships, joint ventures or similar arrangements with physician practices to contract with Medicare Advantage health insurers under global risk contracts (but, for the avoidance of doubt, not owning or operating Medicare Advantage health plans or physician practices themselves).

Section 4 Nonsolicitation. The Employee hereby covenants and agrees that, during the Employee's employment with the Company and, to the extent permitted by applicable law, for the two-year period following the date on which the Employee's employment with the Company terminates for any reason, the Employee shall not,

directly or indirectly, as an employee, agent, consultant, partner, joint venture, owner, officer, director, member of any other firm, partnership, corporation or other entity or in any other capacity, on the Employee's own behalf or on behalf of another:

- (a) solicit, induce or encourage any then-current employee of the Company, any Subsidiary or any of the Company's Affiliates to leave their employment with the Company, the Subsidiaries or any of the Company's Affiliates or hire or knowingly take any action to assist or aid any other person, corporation, firm, partnership or other entity in identifying or hiring any such employee or former employee whose employment terminated within the prior one-year period; and
- (b) (i) induce (or attempt to induce) a breach or disruption of the contractual relationship between the Company, any Subsidiary or any of the Company's Affiliates and any physician practice, physician, health plan or payor that is then-currently or was in the prior one-year period under contract with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or (ii) use Confidential Information or the trade secrets of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or Affiliates, physician practices, physicians, health plans or payors to end its, his or her relationship with the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates, as applicable.

Section 5 <u>Intellectual Property</u>.

- 5.1 The Employee shall at all times during the Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter (i) fully and promptly disclose to the appropriate Company personnel any Developments (as defined below) that the Employee becomes aware of or involved in, (ii) make himself or herself generally and reasonably available to Company representatives to discuss such Developments; and (iii) hold all Developments for the sole use and benefit of the Company.
- 5.2 As used herein, "<u>Developments</u>" shall mean any and all work product, and the intellectual property rights therein, made, conceived, created, discovered, authored, invented, developed or reduced to practice (collectively, "<u>Created</u>") by the Employee during and within the scope of the Employee's employment with the Company (including actual and/or anticipated business, developments, inventions or research), whether Created by the Employee alone or working with others, whether or not such items are patentable, registrable, or protected as Confidential Information or trade secrets, whether or not made or conceived during normal working hours or on the Company's premises, or protected as Confidential Information or trade secrets, including but not limited to inventions, ideas, improvements, modifications, discoveries, know-how, creations, designs, technologies, techniques, devices, formulae, software, models, trademarks, patents, service marks, copyrights, copyrightable material, works of authorship, trade secrets, methods, processes, developments, derivatives, mask works, works made for hire, rights of priority, reissue of letters patent, renewals, registrations and extensions that are at any time granted

with respect to any one or more of the foregoing intellectual property items. For the avoidance of doubt, "Developments" do not include any intellectual property Created by the Employee prior to the commencement of his or her employment with the Company (unless otherwise agreed with the Company or its Affiliates).

- 5.3 **Notice required by the State of California and any other state requiring such notice**: The Employee understands that the Employee's obligation to assign inventions to the Company under this Section 5 shall not apply to any inventions for which no equipment, supplies, facilities, or trade secret information of the Company or its Affiliates was used and that was developed entirely on the Employee's own time, unless (i) the invention relates directly to the business of the Company, or to the Company's actual or demonstrably anticipated research or development or (ii) the invention results from any work performed by the Employee for the Company.
- 5.4 The Employee acknowledges and agrees that any copyrightable works included in the Developments are "works-made-for- hire" under the U.S. Copyright Act of 1976 (as amended) and the copyright laws of other relevant jurisdictions and that the Company will be considered the author and owner of such copyrightable works. The Employee hereby irrevocably assigns, transfers, conveys, and delivers to the Company all of the Employee's right, title and interest in and to the Developments. The Employee understands and acknowledges that the Developments include, and the assignment in this Section 5 constitutes a present conveyance to the Company of ownership of, property and rights in existence as of or prior to the date of this Agreement, those currently being Created, as well as those which have not yet been Created.
- 5.5 The Employee hereby irrevocably assigns, transfers, conveys, and delivers to the Company, and waives and agrees never to assert, any and all Moral Rights (defined below) that the Employee may have in or with respect to any Developments, even after termination of Employee's employment with the Company. As used herein, "Moral Rights" mean any rights to claim authorship of any Development, to object to or prevent any modification of any Development, to withdraw from circulation or control the publication or distribution of any Development, and any similar right existing under any law anywhere in the world.
- 5.6 The Employee agrees at all times during the Employee's employment with the Company and thereafter to sign and deliver any and all further documents necessary or desirable to effectuate or evidence the assignments and waivers set forth in this Section 5 and to maintain, perfect, and enforce patent, copyright, trade secret and other legal protection for the Developments.
- 5.7 The Employee shall not use any of the Developments or any Residual Knowledge (defined below) related to the Developments for any purpose unrelated to the Employee's duties at the Company during and after termination of Employee's employment with the Company. As used herein, "Residual Knowledge" means any

information or idea known to and remembered by Employee without the use of or reliance on any materials or other tangible objects containing such information or idea.

5.8 If, in the course of providing services to the Company, the Employee exploits or incorporates into any Developments any work product, or intellectual property rights therein, owned by the Employee or in which the Employee has an interest ("Employee IP"), the Employee hereby grants to the Company a nonexclusive, royalty-free, perpetual, irrevocable, worldwide right and license to make, have made, copy, modify, use, distribute, sell or otherwise exploit such Employee IP in the conduct of the Company's and its Affiliates' business.

Section 6 Nondisparagement. While employed by the Company and thereafter, the Employee shall not, whether in writing or orally, disparage the Company, any Subsidiary, their respective Affiliates or their respective predecessors and successors, or any of the current or former directors, officers, employees, shareholders, partners, members, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing, with respect to any of their respective past or present activities; or otherwise publish (whether in writing or orally) statements that tend to portray any of the aforementioned parties in an unfavorable light; provided that nothing herein shall or shall be deemed to prevent or impair the Employee from testifying truthfully in any legal or administrative proceeding if such testimony is compelled or requested (or otherwise complying with legal requirements).

Section 7 Remedies. The Company and the Employee agree that the provisions of this Exhibit A do not impose an undue hardship on the Employee and are not injurious to the public; that these provisions are necessary to protect the business of the Company, the Subsidiaries and the Company's Affiliates; that the nature of the Employee's responsibilities with the Company provide and/or will provide the Employee with access to confidential or proprietary information or trade secrets that are valuable and confidential to the Company, the Subsidiaries and the Company's Affiliates; that the Company would not grant Options to the Employee if the Employee did not agree to the provisions of this Exhibit A; that the provisions of this Exhibit A are reasonable in terms of length of time, geography and scope; and that adequate consideration supports the provisions of this Exhibit A. In the event that a court determines that any provision of this Exhibit A is unreasonably broad, extensive or prohibited, the Employee agrees that such court should narrow such provision to the extent necessary to make it reasonable and permitted and enforce the provisions as narrowed. The Company reserves all rights to seek any and all remedies and damages permitted under law, including, but not limited to, any remedies provided for pursuant to the provisions of the Plan and related Award Agreements and any other injunctive relief, equitable relief and compensatory damages for any breach of the Employee's obligations under this Exhibit A.

Section 8 <u>Miscellaneous</u>. The Employee's obligations under this Exhibit A shall be cumulative of any similar obligations the Employee has under any other agreement with the Company, any Subsidiary or any of their respective Affiliates.

AGILON HEALTH, INC. EXECUTIVE ANNUAL BONUS PLAN

I. Purposes

The purposes of the agilon health, inc. Executive Annual Bonus Plan (the "*Plan*"), are to retain and motivate certain executive officers of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries who have been designated by the Committee (as defined below) to participate in the Plan by providing them with the opportunity to earn performance-based incentive payments.

II. Certain Definitions

"Award" shall mean any incentive payment made to a Participant pursuant to the Plan.

"Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Company.

"CEO" shall mean the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

"Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Committee" shall mean the Compensation Committee of the Board or such other committee or subcommittee designated by the Board that satisfies any then applicable requirements of the principal national stock exchange on which the common stock of the Company is then traded to constitute a compensation committee.

"Company" shall mean agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation and any successor thereto.

"Participant" shall mean an employee of the Company or its Subsidiary who is eligible to, and selected by the Administrator, in its discretion, to participate in the Plan. Eligibility and Participants in the Plan may vary from Performance Period to Performance Period.

"Performance Period" shall mean the fiscal year of the Company.

"Plan" shall mean this agilon health inc. Executive Annual Bonus Plan, as it may be amended from time to time.

"Section 409A of the Code" means Section 409A of the Code, as amended from time to time, and the applicable rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Subsidiary" shall mean any entity that is directly or indirectly controlled by the Company or any entity in which the Company directly or indirectly has at least a 50% equity interest.

III. Administration

3.1. *General.* The Plan shall be administered by the Committee, which shall have the full power and authority to interpret, construe, amend and administer the Plan and any Award granted hereunder (including reconciling any inconsistencies, correcting any defaults and

addressing any omissions). The Committee's interpretation, construction, amendments and administration of the Plan and all its determinations hereunder shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons for all purposes.

- 3.2. Powers and Responsibilities. The Committee shall have the following discretionary powers, rights and responsibilities in addition to those described in Section 3.1:
 - (a) to determine the amounts of the Awards and any other material terms and conditions applicable to the Awards;
 - (b) to determine the eligibility of Participants; and
 - (c) to adopt, revise, suspend, waive or repeal, when and as appropriate, in its discretion, such administrative rules, guidelines and procedures for the Plan as it deems necessary or advisable to implement the terms and conditions of the Plan.
- 3.3. Adjustments. The Administrator may adjust performance goals, personal objectives, targets or metrics at such time or times as determined by the Administrator. The Administrator may, in its discretion, (a) reduce or eliminate the amount of any payment under the Plan that would otherwise be made to any Participant and/or (b) determine that an amount shall be paid under the Plan that is greater than what would apply under the applicable performance goals, based on individual performance or any other criteria as the Administrator deems appropriate.
- 3.4. Delegation of Power. The Committee may delegate some or all of its power and authority hereunder to the CEO or other executive officer of the Company as the Committee deems appropriate. The Chairman of the Compensation Committee and the CEO shall be authorized, in their discretion, to determinate the allocation of each Bonus Pool between enterprise support employees, market employees and any other employees included in the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Participant shall make decisions under the Plan with respect to his or her own compensation under the Plan, including, without limitation, regarding his or her own Award.

IV. Awards

- 4.1. Determination of Bonus Pool. For each Performance Period, a bonus pool (the "Bonus Pool") shall be funded based on corporate financial and non-financial performance criteria selected by the Administrator, in its discretion. Unless otherwise determined by the Administrator, each Bonus Pool shall have a target amount of 100% (assuming achievement of 100% of the relevant performance criteria), a threshold/minimum level at which 50% of the Bonus Pool's target amount will be funded and a maximum level at which 150% of the Bonus Pool's target amount will be funded.
- 4.2. Determination of Award Amounts. Unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, the amount of each Participant's Award for a Performance Period shall be determined by the CEO or the Participant's manager (or the manager of the Participant's employee group, market, division or unit, acting in their sole discretion.

- 4.3. *Timing and Form of Payment*. Unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, payment in respect of an Award under the Plan shall be in cash and paid as soon as practicable after the end of the Performance Period, but no later than March 15 of the year immediately following the end of the fiscal year that is coincident with the Performance Period.
- 4.4. Conditions to Payment. The Administrator shall have the authority to establish terms and conditions that will apply to Awards under the Plan. Without limiting the foregoing, unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, any Participant who resigns or is terminated from his or her employment for any reason prior to the bonus payment date applicable to a Performance Period is ineligible for any bonus payment under the Plan for such Performance Period.

V. General

- 5.1. Effective Date and Term of Plan. The Plan shall become effective with respect to fiscal years of the Company beginning with, and including, the 2021 fiscal year. The Plan shall remain in effect until it is terminated by the Board or the Committee pursuant to Section 5.2.
- 5.2. Amendment and Termination. The Board or the Committee may at any time amend, suspend, discontinue or terminate the Plan. Without limiting the foregoing, the Board or the Committee may unilaterally amend, modify or terminate the Plan or any right hereunder if the Board or Committee determines, in its sole discretion, that such amendment, modification or termination is necessary or advisable to comply with applicable U.S. law, as a result of changes in law or regulation or to avoid the imposition of an additional tax, interest or penalty under the Code.
- 5.3. Non-Transferability of Awards. No Award under the Plan shall be transferable other than by will, the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to beneficiary designation procedures approved by the Company (including the procedures in Section 5.8, if applicable). Except to the extent permitted by the foregoing sentence, no Award may be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, hypothecated, encumbered or otherwise disposed of (whether by operation of law or otherwise) or be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to sell, transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate, encumber or otherwise dispose of any such Award, such Award and all rights thereunder shall immediately become null and void.
- 5.4. Tax Withholding. The Company and each Subsidiary shall have the right and power to deduct from all amounts paid to a Participant (whether under the Plan or otherwise), or to require a Participant to remit to the Company promptly upon notification of the amount due, an amount sufficent to satisfy all federal, state, local and foreign taxes or other obligations required by law to be withheld or paid with respect to any Award.
- 5.5. Payment by a Subsidiary. The Company may satisfy its obligations under the Plan with respect to a Participant by causing any Subsidiary to make the payment to which such Participant is entitled under the Plan.
- 5.6. No Right of Participation or Employment. No person shall have any right to participate in the Plan, unless agreed to in writing by the Company. Neither the Plan nor any Award shall confer upon any person any right to continued employment by the Company, any

Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company or affect in any manner the right of the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company to terminate the employment of any person at any time without liability hereunder.

- 5.7. No Limitation on Actions. Nothing contained in the Plan shall be construed to prevent the Company or any Subsidiary from taking any action which is deemed by it to be appropriate or in its best interest (as determined in its discretion), whether or not such action would have an adverse effect on any awards made under the Plan. Any reference in the Plan to discretion of the Administrator, the Company, the CEO or any other person acting on behalf of the Company shall mean its sole and absolute discretion. No Participant (or anyone claiming through a Participant), employee, beneficiary or other person shall have any claim against the Company or any Subsidiary as a result of any such action.
- 5.8. Designation of Beneficiary. If permitted by the Company, a Participant may file with the Committee a written designation of one or more persons as such Participant's beneficiary or beneficiaries (both primary and contingent) in the event of the Participant's death. Each beneficiary designation shall become effective only when filed in writing with the Committee during the Participant's lifetime on a form prescribed by the Committee. The spouse of a married Participant domiciled in a community property jurisdiction shall join in any designation of a beneficiary other than such spouse. The filing with the Committee of a new beneficiary designation shall cancel all previously filed beneficiary designations. If a Participant fails to designate a beneficiary, or if all designated beneficiaries of a Participant predecease the Participant, then each outstanding Award shall be payable to the Participant's executor, administrator, legal representative or similar person.
- 5.9. Governing Law. The Plan and each Award, and all determinations made and actions taken pursuant thereto, to the extent not otherwise governed by the Code or the laws of the United States, shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware and construed in accordance therewith without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws.
- 5.10. Other Plans. Award payments under the Plan shall not be treated as compensation for purposes of any other compensation or benefit plan, program or arrangement of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, unless either (i) such other plan provides compensation such as Award payments made pursuant to the Plan are to be considered as compensation thereunder or (ii) the Board or the Committee so determines in writing. The adoption of the Plan shall not be construed as limiting the power of the Board or the Committee to adopt any other incentive arrangements as it may otherwise deem appropriate.
- 5.11. Binding Effect. The Plan shall be binding upon the Company and its successors and assigns and the Participants and their beneficiaries, personal representatives and heirs. If the Company becomes a party to any merger, consolidation or reorganization, then the Plan shall remain in full force and effect as an obligation of the Company or its successors in interest, unless the Plan is amended or terminated pursuant to Section 5.2.
- 5.12. Forfeiture of Awards under Applicable Laws or Regulations. Awards granted under the Plan shall be subject to clawback policies as the Company may adopt or approve from time to time or as required by applicable law, regulation or stock exchange rule. Pursuant to

such clawback policies, the Company may (i) cancel, reduce, or require a Participant to forfeit any Award granted under the Plan or (ii) require a Participant to reimburse or disgorge to the Company any amounts received pursuant to the payment of an Award granted under the Plan, in each case, to the extent not prohibited by applicable law, regulation or stock exchange rule in effect on or after the effective date of the Plan.

- 5.13. Unfunded Plan; Plan Not Subject to ERISA. The Plan is an unfunded plan and Participants shall have the status of unsecured creditors of the Company. The Plan is not intended to be subject to the Employee Retirement Income and Security Act of 1974, as amended.
- 5.14. No Liability. No member of the Board or the Committee or any employee of the Company or its Subsidiary (a "Covered Person") shall have any liability to any person (including any Participant) for any action taken or omitted to be taken or any determination made in good faith with respect to this Plan or any Participant's participation in it. Each Covered Person shall be indemnified and held harmless by the Company against and from any loss, cost, liability, or expense (including attorneys' fees) that may be imposed upon or incurred by such Covered Person in connection with or resulting from any action, suit or proceeding to which such Covered Person may be a party or in which such Covered Person may be involved by reason of any action taken or omitted to be taken under the Plan and against and from any and all amounts paid by such Covered Person, with the Company's or Administrator's approval, in settlement thereof, or paid by such Covered Person in satisfaction of any judgment in any such action, suit or proceeding against such Covered Person, provided that the Company will have the right, at its own expense, to assume and defend any such action, suit or proceeding and, once the Company gives notice of its intent to assume the defense, the Company will have sole control over such defense with counsel of the Company's choice. This right of indemnification will not be available to a Covered Person to the extent that a court of competent jurisdiction in a final judgment or other final adjudication, in either case, not subject to further appeal, determines that the acts or omissions of such Covered Person giving rise to the indemnification claim resulted from such Covered Persons may be entitled from the Company, as a matter of law or otherwise, or any other power that the Company may have to indemnify such persons or hold them harmless.
- 5.15. 409A Compliance. The Plan is intended to provide for payments that are exempt from the provisions of Section 409A of the Code to the maximum extent possible and otherwise to be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements, where applicable, of Section 409A of the Code. Where reasonably possible and practicable, the Plan shall be administered in a manner to avoid the imposition on Participants of immediate tax recognition and additional taxes pursuant to Section 409A of the Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither the Company nor the Committee, nor any of the Company's directors, officers or employees shall have any liability to any person in the event Section 409A of the Code applies to any payment or right under the Plan in a manner that results in adverse tax consequences for the Participant or any of his beneficiaries or transferees.

AGILON HEALTH, INC. 2021 OMNIBUS EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

ARTICLE I

PURPOSES

This agilon health, inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan, as may be amended from time to time (the "Plan"), has the following purposes:

- (1) To further the growth, development and financial success of agilon health, inc. (the "<u>Company</u>") and the Subsidiaries (as defined herein), by providing additional incentives to employees, consultants and directors of the Company and the Subsidiaries by allowing them to become owners of Company Common Stock, thereby benefiting directly from the growth, development and financial success of the Company and the Subsidiaries.
- (2) To enable the Company and the Subsidiaries to obtain and retain the services of the type of professional and managerial employees, consultants and directors considered essential to the long-range success of the Company and the Subsidiaries by providing and offering them an opportunity to become owners of Company Common Stock pursuant to the Awards granted hereunder.

The Plan is intended to replace and succeed the Amended and Restated agilon health, inc. Stock Incentive Plan (the "Stock Incentive Plan"), and, from and after the Effective Date, no further awards shall be made under the Stock Incentive Plan and, subject to Section 4.1(b), any available reserves under the Stock Incentive Plan at the Effective Date shall be terminated and not transferred to this or any other stock incentive plan (but, for the avoidance of doubt, the adoption of this Plan will have no effect on the terms and conditions of outstanding awards under the Stock Incentive Plan).

ARTICLE II

DEFINITIONS

Whenever the following terms are used in this Plan, they shall have the meanings specified below unless the context clearly indicates to the contrary. The singular pronoun shall include the plural where the context so indicates.

- Section 2.1 "Administrator" shall mean the Board or any committee of the Board designated by the Board to administer the Plan, in each case as further provided in Article III.
- Section 2.2 "Affiliate" shall mean, with respect to any Person, any other Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with, such first Person where "control" shall have the meaning given such term under Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
 - Section 2.3 "Alternative Award" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 14.1.

- Section 2.4 "Applicable Laws" shall mean the requirements relating to stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares, performance awards, and other equity-based compensation awards and plans under U.S. federal and state corporate laws, U.S. federal and state securities laws, the Code, any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Company Common Stock is listed or quoted and the applicable laws of any other country or jurisdiction where Awards are granted under the Plan.
- Section 2.5 "Award" shall mean any Option, Stock Purchase Right, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Unit, Performance Share, Performance Unit, SAR, Dividend Equivalent, Deferred Share Unit or other Stock-Based Award granted to a Participant pursuant to the Plan, including an Award combining two or more types of Awards into a single grant.
- Section 2.6 "Award Agreement" shall mean any written agreement, contract or other instrument or document evidencing an Award, including through an electronic medium. The Administrator may provide for the use of electronic, internet or other non-paper Award Agreements, and the use of electronic, internet or other non-paper means for the Participant's acceptance of, or actions under, an Award Agreement, unless otherwise expressly specified herein.
 - Section 2.7 "Base Price" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.54.
 - Section 2.8 "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Company.
 - Section 2.9 "Cause" with respect to any Participant, shall have the meaning set forth in an applicable Award Agreement.
- Section 2.10 "CD&R Investors" means any of (i) CD&R Vector Holdings, L.P., (ii) any Affiliate of the foregoing that acquires Company Common Stock, and (iii) any successor in interest to any of the foregoing.
 - Section 2.11 "Change in Control" shall mean the first to occur of any of the following events after the Effective Date:
 - (a) any transaction, whether by way of sales of capital stock, merger, consolidation or otherwise, that results in the direct or indirect beneficial ownership by any person, entity or "group" (as defined in Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act), excluding the Company, any of its Subsidiaries, any employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, and the CD&R Investors (and any "group" that includes any of the CD&R Investors and any member of such group, if the non-Investor members of such group do not by themselves, directly or indirectly, own more than 50% of the Company's then outstanding voting securities), or any Affiliates of any of the foregoing, of more than 50% of the combined voting power of the Company's (or, if applicable, the surviving company after such a merger) then outstanding voting securities;
 - (b) within any 12-month period, the persons who were members of the Board at the beginning of such period (the "<u>Incumbent Directors</u>") shall cease to constitute at least a majority of the Board, <u>provided</u> that any director elected or nominated for election

to the Board by any Investor or a majority of the Incumbent Directors then still in office shall be deemed to be an Incumbent Director for purposes of this clause (b); or

(c) the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company to one or more Persons that are not any of the CD&R Investors and are not, immediately prior to such sale, transfer or other disposition, Affiliates of the Company;

in each case, <u>provided</u> that, as to Awards subject to Section 409A of the Code, such event also constitutes a "change in control" within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) a "Change in Control" shall not be deemed to occur if the Company files for bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization under the United States Bankruptcy Code or as a result of any restructuring that occurs as a result of any such proceeding and (ii) a Public Offering shall not constitute a Change in Control.

- Section 2.12 "<u>Change in Control Price</u>" shall mean the price per share of Company Common Stock paid in conjunction with any transaction resulting in a Change in Control. If any part of the price is payable other than in cash, the value of the non-cash portion of the Change in Control Price shall be determined in good faith by the Administrator as constituted immediately prior to the Change in Control.
 - Section 2.13 "Code" shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - Section 2.14 "Company" shall have the meaning set forth in Article I and shall include any successor thereto.
- Section 2.15 "Company Common Stock" shall mean the common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company and such other stock or securities into which such common stock is hereafter converted or for which such common stock is exchanged.
- Section 2.16 "Competitive Activity" with respect to a Participant means the Administrator's determination, made reasonably and in good faith, that the Participant, directly or indirectly, has engaged in a material breach of any agreement to which the Participant and the Company or any of its Affiliates are parties (including, but not limited to, any Award Agreement) that prohibits or otherwise limits or conditions actions of the Participant related to competition; interference with key business relationships; solicitation of employees or physician practices, physicians, health plans or payors; disclosure of confidential information; ownership of intellectual property; disparagement; and other similar activities.
- Section 2.17 "Consultant" shall mean any natural person who is engaged by the Company or any of the Subsidiaries to render consulting or advisory services to such entity.
- Section 2.18 "<u>Corporate Event</u>" shall mean, as determined by the Administrator in its sole discretion, any transaction or event described in Section 4.3(a) or any unusual or nonrecurring transaction or event affecting the Company, any Subsidiary, or the financial statements of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, or changes in Applicable Laws or accounting principles (including, without limitation, a recapitalization of the Company).

- Section 2.19 "<u>Deferred Share Unit</u>" shall mean a unit credited to a Participant's account in the books of the Company under Article X, which represents the right to receive one Share of Company Common Stock or cash equal to the Fair Market Value thereof on settlement of the account.
 - Section 2.20 "Director" shall mean a member of the Board or a member of the board of directors of any Subsidiary.
- Section 2.21 "<u>Disability</u>" shall mean (\underline{x}) for Awards that are not subject to Section 409A of the Code, "disability" as such term is defined in the long-term disability insurance plan or program of the Company or any Subsidiary then covering the Participant or, in the absence of such a plan or program, as determined by the Administrator, provided, that, with respect to Awards that are not subject to Section 409A, in the case of any Participant who, as of the date of determination, is a party to an effective employment, severance, consulting or other services agreement with the Company or any Subsidiary that employs such Participant, "Disability" shall have the meaning, if any, specified in such agreement, and (\underline{y}) for Awards that are subject to Section 409A of the Code, "disability" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 409A(a)(2)(c) of the Code.
 - Section 2.22 "Dividend Equivalent" shall mean the right to receive payments, in cash or in Shares, based on dividends paid with respect to Shares.
 - Section 2.23 "Effective Date" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 15.7.
- Section 2.24 "<u>Eligible Representative</u>" for a Participant shall mean such Participant's personal representative or such other person as is empowered under the deceased Participant's will or trust or the then applicable laws of descent and distribution to represent the Participant hereunder.
- Section 2.25 "Employee" shall mean any individual classified as an employee by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries, whether such employee is so employed at the time this Plan is adopted or becomes so employed subsequent to the adoption of this Plan, including any person to whom an offer of employment has been extended (except that any Award granted to such person shall be conditioned on his or her commencement of service). A person shall not cease to be an Employee in the case of (a) any leave of absence approved by the Company or (b) transfers between locations of the Company or between the Company, any of its Subsidiaries, or any successor to the foregoing. For purposes of Incentive Stock Options, no such leave may exceed three (3) months, unless reemployment upon expiration of such leave is guaranteed by statute or contract. If reemployment upon expiration of a leave of absence approved by the Company is not so guaranteed, the employment relationship shall be deemed to have terminated on the first day immediately following such three (3)-month period, and such Incentive Stock Option held by the Optionee shall cease to be treated as an Incentive Stock Option and shall be treated for tax purposes as a Non-Qualified Stock Option on the first (1st) day immediately following a three (3)-month period from the date the employment relationship is deemed terminated.

Section 2.26 "Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

- Section 2.27 "Executive Officer" shall mean each person who is an officer of the Company or any Subsidiary and who is subject to the reporting requirements under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act.
 - Section 2.28 "Fair Market Value" of a Share as of any date of determination shall be, unless otherwise determined by the Administrator:
 - (a) If the Company Common Stock is listed on any established stock exchange or a national market system, then the closing price on such date per Share as reported on such stock exchange or system shall be the Fair Market Value for the date of determination;
 - (b) If there are no transactions in the Company Common Stock that are available to the Company on any date of determination pursuant to clause (a) but transactions are available to the Company as of the immediately preceding trading date, then the Fair Market Value determined as of the immediately preceding trading date shall be the Fair Market Value for the date of determination; or
 - (c) If neither clause (a) nor clause (b) shall apply on any date of determination, then the Fair Market Value shall be determined in good faith by the Administrator with reference to (x) the most recent valuation of the Company Common Stock performed by an independent valuation consultant or appraiser of nationally recognized standing selected by the Administrator, if any, (y) sales prices of securities issued to investors in any recent arm's length transactions, and (z) any other factors determined to be relevant by the Administrator.
 - Section 2.29 "FICA" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 15.11.
- Section 2.30 "Good Reason" with respect to any Participant, has the meaning, if any, set forth in an applicable Award Agreement (or, if there is no such definition in the Participant's Award Agreement, this term shall not apply to the Participant).
- Section 2.31 "Incentive Stock Option" shall mean an Option which qualifies under Section 422 of the Code and is expressly designated as an Incentive Stock Option in the Award Agreement.
 - Section 2.32 "Incumbent Directors" shall have the meaning set forth in the definition of "Change in Control."
 - Section 2.33 "Non-Qualified Stock Option" shall mean an Option that is not an Incentive Stock Option.
- Section 2.34 "Option" shall mean an option to purchase Company Common Stock granted under the Plan. The term "Option" includes both an Incentive Stock Option and a Non-Qualified Stock Option.
 - Section 2.35 "Option Price" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.3.

- Section 2.36 "Optionee" shall mean a Participant to whom an Option or SAR is granted under the Plan.
- Section 2.37 "Participant" shall mean any Service Provider who has been granted an Award pursuant to the Plan.
- Section 2.38 "Performance Award" shall mean Performance Shares, Performance Units and all other Awards that vest (in whole or in part) upon the achievement of specified Performance Goals.
- Section 2.39 "<u>Performance Cycle</u>" shall mean the period of time selected by the Administrator during which performance is measured for the purpose of determining the extent to which a Performance Award has been earned or vested.
- Section 2.40 "<u>Performance Goals</u>" means the objectives established by the Administrator for a Performance Cycle pursuant to Section 9.5 for the purpose of determining the extent to which a Performance Award has been earned or vested.
- Section 2.41 "<u>Performance Share</u>" means an Award granted pursuant to Article IX of the Plan of a contractual right to receive a Share (or the cash equivalent thereof) upon the achievement, in whole or in part, of the applicable Performance Goals.
- Section 2.42 "Performance Unit" means a U.S. Dollar-denominated unit (or a unit denominated in the Participant's local currency) granted pursuant to Article IX of the Plan, payable upon the achievement, in whole or in part, of the applicable Performance Goals.
- Section 2.43 "Person" shall mean an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, business trust, joint stock company, trust, unincorporated association, joint venture, governmental authority or any other entity of whatever nature.
 - Section 2.44 "Plan" shall have the meaning set forth in Article I.
- Section 2.45 "Public Offering" shall mean the first day as of which (i) sales of Company Common Stock are made to the public in the United States pursuant to an underwritten public offering of the Company Common Stock led by one or more underwriters at least one of which is an underwriter of nationally recognized standing or (ii) the Administrator has determined that the Company Common Stock otherwise has become publicly traded for this purpose.
- Section 2.46 "Replacement Awards" shall mean Shares or Awards, issued in assumption of, or in substitution for, any outstanding awards of any entity acquired in any form or combination by the Company or any of the Subsidiaries as reasonably determined by the Administrator.
 - Section 2.47 "Restricted Stock" shall mean an Award granted pursuant to Section 8.1.
 - Section 2.48 "Restricted Stock Unit" shall mean an Award granted pursuant to Section 8.2.

- Section 2.49 "Retirement" shall mean, (i) with respect to a Participant that is an Employee, such Employee's resignation after reaching the age of at least 65, together with the minimum service period, if any, required by the Administrator, or as otherwise determined by the Administrator, or (ii) with respect to a Participant that is a Consultant or Director, as determined by the Administrator.
 - Section 2.50 "Securities Act" shall mean the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
 - Section 2.51 "Service Provider" shall mean an Employee, Consultant or Director.
 - Section 2.52 "Share" shall mean a share of Company Common Stock.
 - Section 2.53 "Special Termination" shall mean a termination by reason of the Participant's death or Disability.
- Section 2.54 "<u>Stock Appreciation Right</u>" or "SAR" shall mean the right to receive a payment from the Company in cash and/or Shares equal to the product of (<u>i</u>) the excess, if any, of the Fair Market Value of one Share on the exercise date over a specified price (the "Base Price") fixed by the Administrator (which specified price shall not be less than the Fair Market Value of one Share on the grant date), multiplied by (<u>ii</u>) a stated number of Shares.
 - Section 2.55 "Stock-Based Award" shall have the meaning set forth in Article XI.
 - Section 2.56 "Stock Incentive Plan" shall have the meaning set forth in Article I.
 - Section 2.57 "Stock Purchase Right" shall mean an Award granted pursuant to Section 5.4.
- Section 2.58 "<u>Subsidiary</u>" shall mean any entity that is directly or indirectly controlled by the Company or any entity in which the Company directly or indirectly controls at least a 50% equity interest, <u>provided</u> that, to the extent required under Section 422 of the Code when granting an Incentive Stock Option, Subsidiary shall mean any corporation in an unbroken chain of corporations beginning with such entity if each of the corporations other than the last corporation in the unbroken chain then owns stock possessing 50% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock in one of the other corporations in such chain.
- Section 2.59 "Termination of employment," "termination of service" and any similar term or terms shall mean, with respect to an Employee, the date the Participant ceases to be an Employee (determined without regard to any statutory or deemed or express contractual notice period); with respect to a Director who is not an Employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, the date upon which such Director ceases to be a member of the Board; and, with respect to a Consultant who is not an Employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, the date upon which such Consultant ceases to provide consulting or advisory services to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries; provided that with respect to any Award subject to Section 409A of the Code, such terms shall mean "separation from service," as defined in Section 409A of the Code and the rules, regulations and guidance promulgated thereunder.

Section 2.60 "Withholding Taxes" shall mean the federal, state, local or foreign income taxes, withholding taxes or employment taxes required to be withheld under Applicable Law, which shall be at a rate determined by the Company that is permitted under applicable IRS withholding rules and that does not to cause adverse accounting consequences.

ARTICLE III

ADMINISTRATION

- Section 3.1 Administrator. The Plan shall be administered by the Board or a committee appointed by the Board.
- Section 3.2 Powers of the Administrator. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Administrator shall have the authority to do the following:
 - (a) determine the Fair Market Value;
 - (b) determine the type or types of Awards to be granted to each Participant;
 - (c) select the Service Providers to whom Awards may from time to time be granted hereunder;
 - (d) determine the number of Awards to be granted and the number of Shares to which an Award will relate;
 - (e) approve forms of Award Agreements for use under the Plan, which need not be identical for each Service Provider;
- (f) determine the terms and conditions of any Awards granted hereunder (including, without limitation, the exercise price, the time or times when Awards may be exercised (which may be based on performance criteria), any vesting acceleration or waiver of forfeiture restrictions and any restriction or limitation regarding any Awards or the Company Common Stock relating thereto) based in each case on such factors as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, shall determine;
- (g) determine all matters and questions related to the termination of service of a Service Provider with respect to any Award, including, but not by way of limitation of, all questions of whether a particular Service Provider has taken a leave of absence, all questions of whether a leave of absence taken by a particular Service Provider constitutes a termination of service, and all questions of whether a termination of service of a particular Service Provider was for Cause;
 - (h) prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan;
- (i) determine whether, to what extent, and pursuant to what circumstances an Award may be settled in, or the exercise or purchase price of an Award may be paid in, cash, Company Common Stock, other Awards, or other property, or an Award may be canceled, forfeited or surrendered;

- (j) suspend or accelerate the vesting of any Award or waive the forfeiture restrictions or any other restriction or limitation regarding any Awards or the Company Common Stock relating thereto;
 - (k) construe and interpret the terms of the Plan and Awards granted pursuant to the Plan;
- (l) interpret, administer, reconcile any inconsistency in, correct any defect in and/or supply any omission in the Plan and any instrument or agreement relating to, or Award granted under, the Plan;
 - (m) authorize any person to execute, on behalf of the Company, any instrument required to carry out the purposes of the Plan; and
- (n) make all other decisions and determinations that may be required pursuant to the Plan or as the Administrator deems necessary or advisable to administer the Plan.

Any determination made by the Administrator under the Plan, including, without limitation, under Section 4.3, shall be final, binding and conclusive on all Participants and other persons having or claiming any right or interest under the Plan.

Section 3.3 <u>Delegation by the Administrator</u>. The Administrator may delegate, subject to such terms or conditions or guidelines as the Board or Administrator shall determine (in the case of a committee acting as the Administrator, to the extent of its authority under the committee's charter or as otherwise approved by the Board), to any officer or group of officers, or Director or group of Directors of the Company or its Affiliates any portion of the Administrator's authority and powers under the Plan with respect to Participants who are not the Chief Executive Officer, Executive Officers or non-employee directors of the Board; <u>provided</u> that any delegation to one or more officers of the Company shall be subject to and comply with Section 157(c) of the Delaware General Corporation Law (or successor provision). In addition, with respect to any Award intended to qualify for the exemption contained in Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act, it is intended that such Award be granted by a committee consisting of solely two or more "non-employee directors" within the meaning of such rule, or, in the alternative, the entire Board.

Section 3.4 <u>Professional Assistance, Good Faith Actions</u>. The Administrator may, in its discretion, elect to engage the services of attorneys, consultants, accountants, appraisers, brokers or other persons. The Administrator, the Company and its officers and Directors shall be entitled to rely upon the advice, opinions or valuations of any such persons. All actions taken and all interpretations, decisions and determinations made by the Administrator, in good faith shall be final and binding upon all Participants, the Company and all other interested persons. The Administrator's determinations under the Plan need not be uniform and may be made by the Administrator selectively among persons who receive, or are eligible to receive, Awards under the Plan, whether or not such persons are similarly situated. The Administrator (and its members) shall not be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made with respect to the Plan or the Awards, and the Administrator (and its members) shall be fully indemnified by the Company with respect to any such action, determination or interpretation.

ARTICLE IV

SHARES SUBJECT TO PLAN

Section 4.1 Shares Subject to Plan.

- (a) Subject to Section 4.3, the aggregate number of Shares which may be issued under this Plan is [●],¹ all of which may be issued in the form of Incentive Stock Options under the Plan. During the term of the Plan (excluding extensions), the share reserve will automatically increase on the first trading day in January of each calendar year, beginning in calendar year 2022, by an amount equal to 5% of the total number of outstanding shares of common stock on the last trading day in December of the immediately prior calendar year or such lesser amount as determined by the Administrator. The Shares issued under the Plan may be authorized but unissued, or reacquired Company Common Stock. No provision of this Plan shall be construed to require the Company to maintain the Shares in certificated form.
- (b) Upon the grant of an Award, the maximum number of Shares set forth in Section 4.1(a) shall be reduced by the maximum number of Shares that are issued or may be issued pursuant to such Award. Upon the exercise, settlement or conversion of any Award or portion thereof, there shall again be available for grant under the Plan the number of Shares subject to such Award or portion thereof minus the actual number of Shares issued in connection with such exercise, settlement or conversion. If any such Award or portion thereof is for any reason forfeited, canceled, expired or otherwise terminated without the issuance of Shares, the Shares subject to such forfeited, canceled, expired or otherwise terminated Award or portion thereof shall again be available for grant under the Plan. If Shares are withheld from issuance with respect to an Award by the Company in satisfaction of any tax withholding or similar obligations, such withheld Shares shall again be available for grant under the Plan. Awards which the Administrator reasonably determines will be settled in cash shall not reduce the Plan maximum set forth in Section 4.1(a). Notwithstanding the foregoing, and except to the extent required by Applicable Law, Replacement Awards shall not be counted against Shares available for grant pursuant to this Plan. If any award issued under the Stock Incentive Plan or portion thereof shall again be available for grant under the Plan. Upon the exercise, settlement or conversion of any award under the Stock Incentive Plan or portion thereof, there shall again be available for grant under the Plan the number of Shares subject to such award or portion thereof minus the actual number of Shares issued in connection with such exercise, settlement or conversion.

Note to Draft: Pool to equal 5% of total shares *plus* the unallocated portion remaining under the existing equity incentive plan (approximately 2%).

Section 4.2 <u>Limitation on Non-Employee Director Awards</u>. Subject to Section 4.1(a) and Section 4.3, the maximum grant date value of Awards granted to a non-employee Director, and the maximum amount of cash paid to such Director, shall not exceed (i) in the case of such non-employee Director who is serving as the chairman of the Board, \$700,000 and (ii) in the case of any other such Director, \$600,000, in each case, in any calendar year in respect of such Director's service to the Company as a non-employee Director.

Section 4.3 Changes in Company Common Stock; Disposition of Assets and Corporate Events.

- (a) If and to the extent necessary or appropriate to reflect any stock dividend, extraordinary dividend, stock split or share combination or any recapitalization, merger, consolidation, exchange of shares, spin-off, liquidation or dissolution of the Company or other similar transaction affecting the Company Common Stock or other Corporate Event, the Administrator shall adjust the number of shares of Company Common Stock available for issuance under the Plan and the number, class and Option Price (if applicable) or Base Price (if applicable) of any outstanding Award, and/or make such substitution, revision or other provisions or take such other actions with respect to any outstanding Award or the holder or holders thereof, in each case as it determines to be equitable. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing sentence, in the event of any Corporate Event, the Administrator shall have the power to make such changes as it deems appropriate in (i) the number and type of shares or other securities covered by outstanding Awards, (ii) the prices specified therein (if applicable), (iii) the securities, cash or other property to be received upon the exercise, settlement or conversion of such outstanding Awards or otherwise to be received in connection with such outstanding Awards, and (iv) and any applicable Performance Goals. After any adjustment made by the Administrator pursuant to this Section 4.3, the number of shares subject to each outstanding Award shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number.
- (b) Any adjustment of an Award pursuant to this Section 4.3 shall be effected in compliance with Section 422 and 409A of the Code to the extent applicable.
- Section 4.4 <u>Award Agreement Provisions</u>. The Administrator may include such further provisions and limitations in any Award Agreement as it may deem equitable and in the best interests of the Company and its Subsidiaries.
- Section 4.5 <u>Prohibition Against Repricing</u>. Except to the extent (i) approved in advance by holders of a majority of the Shares entitled to vote generally in the election of directors or (ii) pursuant to Section 4.3 as a result of any Corporate Event, the Administrator shall not have the power or authority to reduce, whether through amendment or otherwise, the exercise price of any outstanding Option or Base Price of any outstanding SAR or to grant any new Award, or make any cash payment, in substitution for or upon the cancellation of Options or SARs previously granted.

ARTICLE V

GRANTING OF OPTIONS AND SARS AND SALE OF COMPANY COMMON STOCK

- Section 5.1 <u>Eligibility</u>. Non-Qualified Stock Options and SARs may be granted to Service Providers. Subject to Section 5.2, Incentive Stock Options may only be granted to Employees.
- Section 5.2 Qualification of Incentive Stock Options. No Employee may be granted an Incentive Stock Option under the Plan if such Employee, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock possessing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any then existing Subsidiary or "parent corporation" (within the meaning of Section 424(e) of the Code) unless such Incentive Stock Option conforms to the applicable provisions of Section 422 of the Code.

Section 5.3 Granting of Options and SARs to Service Providers.

- (a) Options and SARs. The Administrator may from time to time:
- (i) Select from among the Service Providers (including those to whom Options or SARs have been previously granted under the Plan) such of them as in its opinion should be granted Options and/or SARs;
- (ii) Determine the number of Shares to be subject to such Options and/or SARs granted to such Service Provider, and determine whether such Options are to be Incentive Stock Options or Non-Qualified Stock Options; and
 - (iii) Determine the terms and conditions of such Options and SARs, consistent with the Plan.
- (b) SARs may be granted in tandem with Options or may be granted on a freestanding basis, not related to any Option. Unless otherwise determined by the Administrator at the grant date or determined thereafter in a manner more favorable to the Participant, SARs granted in tandem with Options shall have substantially similar terms and conditions to such Options to the extent applicable, or may be granted on a freestanding basis, not related to any Option.
- (c) Upon the selection of a Service Provider to be granted an Option or SAR under this Section 5.3, the Administrator shall issue, or shall instruct an authorized officer to issue, such Option or SAR and may impose such conditions on the grant of such Option or SAR as it deems appropriate. Subject to Section 15.2 of the Plan, any Incentive Stock Option granted under the Plan may be modified by the Administrator, without the consent of the Optionee, even if such modification would result in the disqualification of such Option as an "incentive stock option" under Section 422 of the Code.

Section 5.4 Sale of Company Common Stock to Service Providers. The Administrator, acting in its sole discretion, may from time to time designate one or more Service Providers to whom an offer to sell Shares shall be made and the terms and conditions thereof, provided, however, that the price per Share shall not be less than the Fair Market Value of such Shares on the date any such offer is accepted. Each Share sold to a Service Provider under this Section 5.4 shall be evidenced by such agreements as shall be approved by the Administrator, which shall contain terms consistent with the terms hereof. Any Shares sold under this Section 5.4 shall be subject to the same limitations, restrictions and administration hereunder as would apply to any Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of an Option under this Plan including, without limitation, conditions and restrictions set forth in Section 7.6.

ARTICLE VI

TERMS OF OPTIONS AND SARS

Section 6.1 <u>Award Agreement</u>. Each Option and each SAR shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement, which shall be accepted and acknowledged by the Optionee, including by electronic means, and which shall contain such terms and conditions as the Administrator shall determine, consistent with the Plan. Award Agreements evidencing Incentive Stock Options shall contain such terms and conditions as may be necessary to qualify such Options as "incentive stock options" under Section 422 of the Code.

Section 6.2 Exercisability and Vesting of Options and SARs.

- (a) Each Option and SAR shall vest and become exercisable according to the terms of the applicable Award Agreement; provided, however, that by a resolution adopted after an Option or SAR is granted the Administrator may, on such terms and conditions as it may determine to be appropriate, accelerate the time at which such Option or SAR or any portion thereof may be exercised.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided by the Administrator or in the applicable Award Agreement, no portion of an Option or SAR which is unexercisable on the date that an Optionee incurs a termination of service as a Service Provider shall thereafter become exercisable.
- (c) The aggregate Fair Market Value (determined as of the time the Option is granted) of all Shares with respect to which Incentive Stock Options are first exercisable by a Service Provider in any calendar year may not exceed U.S. \$100,000 or such other limitation as imposed by Section 422(d) of the Code, or any successor provision. To the extent that Incentive Stock Options are first exercisable by a Participant in excess of such limitation, the excess shall be considered Non-Qualified Stock Options.
- (d) SARs granted in tandem with an Option shall become vested and exercisable on the same date or dates as the Options with which such SARs are associated vest and become exercisable. SARs that are granted in tandem with an Option may only be exercised upon the surrender of the right to exercise such Option for an equivalent number of Shares, and may be exercised only with respect to the Shares for which the related Option is then exercisable.

Section 6.3 Option Price and Base Price. Excluding Replacement Awards, the per Share purchase price of the Shares subject to each Option (the "Option Price") and the Base Price of each SAR shall be set by the Administrator and shall be not less than 100% of the Fair Market Value of such Shares on the date such Option or SAR is granted.

Section 6.4 Expiration of Options and SARs. No Option or SAR may be exercised after the first to occur of the following events:

- (a) The expiration of ten (10) years from the date the Option or SAR was granted; or
- (b) With respect to an Incentive Stock Option, in the case of an Optionee owning (within the meaning of Section 424(d) of the Code), at the time the Incentive Stock Option was granted, more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Subsidiary, the expiration of five (5) years from the date the Incentive Stock Option was granted.

ARTICLE VII

EXERCISE OF OPTIONS AND SARS

- Section 7.1 <u>Person Eligible to Exercise</u>. During the lifetime of the Optionee, only the Optionee may exercise an Option or SAR (or any portion thereof) granted to him or her; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Optionee's Eligible Representative may exercise his or her Option or SAR or portion thereof during the period of the Optionee's Disability. After the death of the Optionee, any exercisable portion of an Option or SAR may, prior to the time when such portion becomes unexercisable under the Plan or the applicable Award Agreement, be exercised by his or her Eligible Representative.
- Section 7.2 <u>Partial Exercise</u>. At any time and from time to time prior to the date on which the Option or SAR becomes unexercisable under the Plan or the applicable Award Agreement, the exercisable portion of an Option or SAR may be exercised in whole or in part; <u>provided, however</u>, that the Company shall not be required to issue fractional Shares and the Administrator may, by the terms of the Option or SAR, require any partial exercise to exceed a specified minimum number of Shares.
- Section 7.3 <u>Manner of Exercise</u>. Subject to any generally applicable conditions or procedures that may be imposed by the Administrator, an exercisable Option or SAR, or any exercisable portion thereof, may be exercised solely by delivery to the Administrator or its designee of all of the following prior to the time when such Option or SAR or such portion becomes unexercisable under the Plan or the applicable Award Agreement:
 - (a) Notice in writing delivered by the Optionee or his or her Eligible Representative, stating that such Option or SAR or portion is being exercised, and specifically stating the number of Shares with respect to which the Option or SAR is being exercised (which form of notice shall be provided by the Administrator upon request and may be electronic);

- (b) A copy of any agreements or other documentation required by the Company at the time of exercise;
- (c) (i) With respect to the exercise of any Option, full payment (in cash (through wire transfer only) or by personal, certified, or bank cashier check) of the aggregate Option Price of the Shares with respect to which such Option (or portion thereof) is thereby exercised; (ii) with the consent of the Administrator, (A) Shares owned by the Optionee duly endorsed for transfer to the Company or (B) Shares issuable to the Optionee upon exercise of the Option, with a Fair Market Value on the date of Option exercise equal to the aggregate Option Price of the Shares with respect to which such Option (or portion thereof) is thereby exercised; or (iii) unless otherwise determined by the Administrator, payment of the Option Price and applicable Withholding Taxes through a broker-assisted cashless exercise program established by the Company; or (iv) with the consent of the Administrator, any form of payment of the Option Price permitted by Applicable Laws and any combination of the foregoing methods of payment; and
- (d) In the event that the Option or SAR or portion thereof shall be exercised as permitted under Section 7.1 by any person or persons other than the Optionee, appropriate proof of the right of such person or persons to exercise the Option or SAR or portion thereof.
- Section 7.4 Optionee Representations. The Company, in its sole discretion, may require an Optionee to make certain representations or acknowledgements, on or prior to the purchase of any Shares pursuant to any Option or SAR granted under this Plan, in respect thereof including, without limitation, that the Optionee is acquiring the Shares for an investment purpose and not for resale, and, if the Optionee is an Affiliate, additional acknowledgements regarding when and to what extent any transfers of such Shares may occur.
- Section 7.5 <u>Settlement of SARs</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Administrator, upon exercise of a SAR, the Participant shall be entitled to receive payment in the form, determined by the Administrator, of Shares, or cash, or a combination of Shares and cash having an aggregate value equal to the amount determined by multiplying:
 - (a) any increase in the Fair Market Value of one Share on the exercise date over the Base Price of such SAR, by
 - (b) the number of Shares with respect to which such SAR is exercised;

provided, however, that on the grant date, the Administrator may establish, in its sole discretion, a maximum amount per Share that may be payable upon exercise of a SAR, and provided, further, that in no event shall the value of the Company Common Stock or cash delivered on exercise of a SAR exceed the excess of the Fair Market Value of the Shares with respect to which the SAR is exercised over the Fair Market Value of such Shares on the grant date of such SAR.

Section 7.6 <u>Conditions to Issuance of Shares</u>. The Company shall evidence the issuance of Shares delivered upon exercise of an Option or SAR in the books and records of the Company or in a manner determined by the Company. The Administrator shall not have any liability to any Optionee for any delay in the delivery of Shares to be issued upon an Optionee's exercise of an Option or SAR.

Section 7.7 <u>Rights as Stockholders</u>. The holder of an Option or SAR shall not be, nor have any of the rights or privileges of, a stockholder of the Company in respect of any Shares purchasable upon the exercise of any part of an Option or SAR unless and until the Shares attributable to the exercise of the Option or SAR have been issued by the Company to such holder.

Section 7.8 <u>Transfer Restrictions</u>. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may set forth in an Award Agreement or in such other agreements to be entered into at the time of exercise, such further restrictions on the transferability of the Shares purchasable upon the exercise of an Option or SAR as it deems appropriate. Any such restriction may be referred to in the Share register maintained by the Company or otherwise in a manner reflecting its applicability to the Shares. An Employee must give the Company prompt notice of any disposition of Shares acquired by exercise of an Incentive Stock Option, within two (2) years from the date of granting such Option or one (1) year after the transfer of such Shares to such Employee.

ARTICLE VIII

RESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS AND RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARDS

Section 8.1 Restricted Stock.

- (a) <u>Grant of Restricted Stock</u>. The Administrator is authorized to make Awards of Restricted Stock to any Service Provider selected by the Administrator in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as determined by the Administrator. All Awards of Restricted Stock shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement.
- (b) <u>Issuance and Restrictions</u>. Restricted Stock shall be subject to such restrictions on transferability and other restrictions as the Administrator may impose. These restrictions may lapse separately or in combination at such times, pursuant to such circumstances, in such installments, or otherwise, as the Administrator determines at the time of the grant of the Award or thereafter.
- (c) <u>Issuance of Restricted Stock</u>. The issuance of Restricted Stock granted pursuant to the Plan may be evidenced in such manner as the Administrator shall determine.

Section 8.2 <u>Restricted Stock Units</u>. The Administrator is authorized to make Awards of Restricted Stock Units to any Service Provider selected by the Administrator in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as determined by the Administrator. At the time of grant, the Administrator shall specify the date or dates on which the Restricted Stock Units shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable, and may specify such conditions to vesting as it deems appropriate. At the time of grant, the Administrator shall specify the settlement date applicable to each grant of Restricted Stock Units. Unless otherwise provided in an Award Agreement, on the settlement date, the Company shall, subject to the terms of this Plan (including satisfaction of

applicable Withholding Taxes), transfer to the Participant one Share for each Restricted Stock Unit scheduled to be paid out on such date and not previously forfeited. The Administrator shall specify the purchase price, if any, to be paid by the grantee to the Company for such Shares.

Section 8.3 Rights as a Stockholder. A Participant shall not be, nor have any of the rights or privileges of, a stockholder in respect of Restricted Stock Units awarded pursuant to the Plan unless and until the Shares attributable to such Restricted Stock Units have been issued to such Participant.

ARTICLE IX

PERFORMANCE SHARES AND PERFORMANCE UNITS

- Section 9.1 <u>Grant of Performance Awards</u>. The Administrator is authorized to make Awards of Performance Shares and Performance Units to any Participant selected by the Administrator in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as determined by the Administrator. All Performance Shares and Performance Units shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement.
- Section 9.2 <u>Issuance and Restrictions</u>. The Administrator shall have the authority to determine the Participants who shall receive Performance Shares and Performance Units, the number of Performance Shares and the number and value of Performance Units each Participant receives for any Performance Cycle, and the Performance Goals applicable in respect of such Performance Shares and Performance Units for each Performance Cycle. The Administrator shall determine the duration of each Performance Cycle (and the duration of Performance Cycles may differ from one another), and there may be more than one Performance Cycle in existence at any one time. An Award Agreement evidencing the grant of Performance Shares or Performance Units shall specify the number of Performance Shares and the number and value of Performance Units awarded to the Participant, the Performance Goals applicable thereto, and such other terms and conditions not inconsistent with the Plan as the Administrator shall determine. No Company Common Stock will be issued at the time an Award of Performance Shares is made, and the Company shall not be required to set aside a fund for the payment of Performance Shares or Performance Units.
- Section 9.3 <u>Earned Performance Shares and Performance Units</u>. Performance Shares and Performance Units shall become earned, in whole or in part, based upon the attainment of specified Performance Goals or the occurrence of any event or events, as the Administrator shall determine, either in an Award Agreement or thereafter on terms more favorable to the Participant. In addition to the achievement of the specified Performance Goals, the Administrator may condition payment of Performance Shares and Performance Units on such other conditions as the Administrator shall specify in an Award Agreement. The Administrator may also provide in an Award Agreement for the completion of a minimum period of service (in addition to the achievement of any applicable Performance Goals) as a condition to the vesting of any Performance Share or Performance Unit Award.

Section 9.4 Rights as a Stockholder. A Participant shall not have any rights as a stockholder in respect of Performance Shares or Performance Units awarded pursuant to the Plan

(including, without limitation, the right to vote on any matter submitted to the Company's stockholders) until such time as the Shares attributable to such Performance Shares or Performance Units have been issued to such Participant or his or her beneficiary.

Section 9.5 Performance Goals. The Administrator shall establish in the Award Agreement or otherwise the Performance Goals that must be satisfied in order for a Participant to receive an Award for a Performance Period or for an Award of Performance Shares or Performance Units to be earned or vested. The Administrator may provide for a threshold level of performance below which no amount of compensation will be paid and a maximum level of performance above which no additional amount of compensation will be paid under the Plan, and it may provide for the payment of differing amounts of compensation for different levels of performance. Performance Goals may be established on a Company-wide basis, with respect to one or more business units, divisions, Subsidiaries or products or based on individual performance measures, and may be expressed in absolute terms or relative to other metrics including internal targets or budgets, past performance of the Company, the performance of one or more similarly situated companies, performance of an index, outstanding equity or other external measures. In the case of earning-based measures, Performance Goals may include comparisons relating to capital (including but limited to, the cost of capital), shareholders' equity, shares outstanding, assets or net assets, or any combination thereof. Performance Goals may also be subject to such other terms and conditions as the Administrator may determine appropriate. The Administrator may also adjust the Performance Goals for any Performance Cycle as it deems equitable in recognition of unusual or nonrecurring events affecting the Company, changes in applicable tax laws or accounting principles or such other events, changes or factors as the Administrator may determine.

Section 9.6 <u>Determination of Attainment of Performance Goals</u>. As soon as practicable following the end of a Performance Cycle and prior to any payment or vesting in respect of such Performance Cycle, the Administrator shall determine the number of Performance Shares, other Performance Awards, the number and value of Performance Units or the amount of any cash entitlement, as applicable that has been earned or vested. Notwithstanding anything in this Article IX to the contrary, the Administrator shall have the right, in its absolute discretion, (i) to reduce or eliminate the amount otherwise payable to any Participant based on individual performance or any other factors that the Administrator, in its discretion, shall deem appropriate and (<u>ii</u>) to establish rules or procedures that have the effect of limiting the amount payable to each Participant to an amount that is less than the maximum amount otherwise authorized under the Award or under the Plan.

Section 9.7 Newly Eligible Participants. Notwithstanding anything in this Article IX to the contrary, the Administrator shall be entitled to make such rules, determinations and adjustments as it deems appropriate with respect to any Participant who becomes eligible to receive Performance Shares, Performance Units or other Performance Awards after the commencement of a Performance Cycle.

ARTICLE X

DEFERRED SHARE UNITS

- Section 10.1 Grant. Subject to Article III, the Administrator is authorized to make awards of Deferred Share Units to any Participant selected by the Administrator at such time or times as shall be determined by the Administrator without regard to any election by the Participant to defer receipt of any compensation or bonus amount payable to him. The grant date of any Deferred Share Unit under the Plan will be the date on which such Deferred Share Unit is awarded by the Administrator or on such other future date as the Administrator shall determine in its sole discretion. Upon the grant of Deferred Share Units pursuant to the Plan, the Company shall establish a notional account for the Participant and will record in such account the number of Deferred Share Units awarded to the Participant. No Shares will be issued to the Participant at the time an award of Deferred Share Units is granted. Subject to Article III and Applicable Law (including Section 409A of the Code), Deferred Share Units may become payable on a Corporate Event, termination of employment or on a specified date or dates set forth in the Award Agreement evidencing such Deferred Share Units.
- Section 10.2 <u>Rights as a Stockholder</u>. A Participant shall not be, nor have any of the rights and privileges of, a stockholder of the Company in respect of Deferred Share Units awarded pursuant to the Plan unless and until such time as the Shares attributable to such Deferred Share Units have been issued to such Participant.
- Section 10.3 <u>Vesting</u>. Unless the Administrator provides otherwise at the grant date or provides thereafter in a manner more favorable to the Participant, Deferred Share Units shall be fully vested and nonforfeitable when granted.
- Section 10.4 <u>Settlement</u>. Subject to this Article X, upon the date specified in the Award Agreement evidencing the Deferred Share Units, for each such Deferred Share Unit the Participant shall receive, as specified in the Award Agreement (and subject to satisfaction of applicable Withholding Taxes), (i) a cash payment equal to the Fair Market Value of one (1) Share as of such payment date, (ii) one (1) Share or (iii) any combination of clauses (i) and (ii).

ARTICLE XI

OTHER STOCK-BASED AWARDS

Section 11.1 <u>Grants of Stock-Based Awards</u>. The Administrator is authorized to make Awards of other types of equity-based or equity-related awards ("<u>Stock-Based Awards</u>") not otherwise described by the terms of the Plan in such amounts and subject to such terms and conditions as the Administrator shall determine. All Stock-Based Awards shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement. Such Stock-Based Awards may be granted as an inducement to enter the employ of the Company or any Subsidiary or in satisfaction of any obligation of the Company or any Subsidiary to a Service Provider, whether pursuant to this Plan or otherwise, that would otherwise have been payable in cash or in respect of any other obligation of the Company. Such Stock-Based Awards may entail the transfer of actual Shares, or payment in cash or otherwise of amounts based on the value of Shares.

ARTICLE XII

DIVIDEND EQUIVALENTS

Section 12.1 Generally. Dividend Equivalents may be granted to Participants at such time or times as shall be determined by the Administrator. Dividend Equivalents may be granted in tandem with other Awards, in addition to other Awards, or freestanding and unrelated to other Awards. The grant date of any Dividend Equivalents under the Plan will be the date on which the Dividend Equivalent is awarded by the Administrator, or such other date permitted by Applicable Laws as the Administrator shall determine in its sole discretion. Dividend Equivalents may, at the discretion of the Administrator, be fully vested and nonforfeitable when granted or subject to such vesting conditions as determined by the Administrator. For the avoidance of doubt, Dividend Equivalents with respect to Awards shall not be fully vested until the Awards have been earned and shall be forfeited if the related Award is forfeited. Dividend Equivalents shall be evidenced in writing, whether as part of the Award Agreement governing the terms of the Award, if any, to which such Dividend Equivalent relates, or pursuant to a separate Award Agreement with respect to freestanding Dividend Equivalents.

ARTICLE XIII

TERMINATION AND FORFEITURE

Section 13.1 <u>Termination</u>. Except as provided in Article XIV or in the applicable Award Agreement, or as determined by the Administrator, unvested awards granted under the Plan will be forfeited upon a Participant's termination of employment or service to the Company for any reason.

Section 13.2 Forfeiture and Recoupment of Awards. Awards granted under this Plan (and gains earned or accrued in connection with Awards) shall be subject to such generally applicable policies as to forfeiture and recoupment (including, without limitation, upon the occurrence of material financial or accounting errors, financial or other misconduct or Competitive Activity) as may be adopted by the Administrator or the Board from time to time. Any such policies may (in the discretion of the Administrator or the Board) be applied to outstanding Awards at the time of adoption of such policies, or on a prospective basis only. Participants shall also forfeit and disgorge to the Company any Awards granted or vested and any gains earned or accrued due to the exercise of Options or SARs or the sale of any Company Common Stock to the extent required by Applicable Law or as required by any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Company Common Stock is listed or quoted, in each case in effect on or after the Effective Date, including Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Section 10D of the Exchange Act and any regulations promulgated thereunder. For the avoidance of doubt, the Administrator shall have full authority to implement any policies and procedures necessary to comply with Applicable Law and/or the requirements of any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Company Common Stock is listed or quoted. The implementation of policies and procedures pursuant to this Section 13.2 and any modification of the same shall not be subject to any restrictions on amendment or modification of Awards.

Section 13.3 <u>Clawbacks</u>. Awards shall be subject to any generally applicable clawback policy adopted by the Administrator, the Board or the Company that is communicated to the Participants or any such policy adopted to comply with Applicable Law.

ARTICLE XIV

CHANGE IN CONTROL

Section 14.1 <u>Alternative Awards</u>. Unless otherwise expressly provided in an Award Agreement, subject to Section 14.2, no cancellation, acceleration of vesting or other payment shall occur in connection with a Change in Control with respect to any (i) unvested or unexercisable Award and/or (ii) if reasonably determined in good faith by the Administrator prior to the occurrence of the Change in Control, vested Awards, and such Award shall be honored or assumed, or new rights substituted therefor following the Change in Control (such honored, assumed or substituted award, an "Alternative Award"), provided that any Alternative Award must (x) give the Participant who held such Award rights and entitlements substantially equivalent to or better than the rights and terms applicable under such Award immediately prior to the Change in Control, including, without limitation, an identical or better schedule as to vesting and/or exercisability and that Alternative Awards that are stock options have identical or better methods of payment of the exercise price thereof; (y) as to any service-based vesting requirement applicable to the Award, provide for full vesting of the Alternative Award, if within twelve (12) months following a Change in Control, the Participant's employment or service is terminated by the Company without Cause or by the Participant for Good Reason during the remaining vesting period thereof; and (z) as to any performance-based vesting requirement applicable to the Award, provide for vesting of the Alternative Award at target levels, if within twelve (12) months following a Change in Control, the Participant's employment or service is terminated by the Company without Cause or by the Participant for Good Reason during the remaining vesting period thereof. If the Administrator determines in connection with a Change in Control that performance-based vesting requirements applicable to an Award will no longer operate as intended following the Change in Control or will no longer provide the intended incentive, the Administrator may modify such performance-based vesting requirements or impose new performance-based vesting requirements so long as the Administrator determines that such modified or new performancebased vesting requirements are not materially more difficult to achieve than the performance-based vesting requirements applicable to the Award immediately prior to the Change in Control.

Notwithstanding this Section 14.1, if the securities underlying the Alternative Award are not publicly traded, (i) the acquisition, holding and disposition of the shares underlying the Alternative Award may be subject to such terms and conditions as are established by the Administrator prior to the Change in Control and (ii) the Company or the acquiror in such Change in Control shall be required to repurchase any vested Alternative Awards or securities underlying such Alternative Awards following termination of employment (other than termination for Cause or other circumstances resulting in the forfeiture of such Alternative Awards in accordance with Section 13.2 or an applicable award agreement) for cash or

marketable securities equal to the fair market value of the securities subject to such Alternative Award on the effective date of termination (and, in the case of Alternative Awards that are stock options or stock appreciation rights, in excess of the exercise price or base price that the Participant would be required to pay in respect of such Alternative Award).

- Section 14.2 <u>Settlement</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Article XIV or in an Award Agreement or thereafter on terms more favorable to a Participant, if the Administrator reasonably determines in good faith, prior to the occurrence of a Change in Control, that no Alternative Awards will be provided upon a Change in Control:
 - (a) each unvested Award (other than Performance Awards and freestanding Dividend Equivalents not granted in connection with another Award) shall vest;
 - (b) each outstanding Option and SAR shall be canceled in exchange for a payment equal to the excess, if any, of the Change in Control Price over the applicable Option Price or Base Price;
 - (c) Shares underlying all Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Performance Shares and Performance Units, and other Stock-Based Awards that are vested (as provided in this Section 14.2 or otherwise) shall be issued or released to the Participant holding such Award, except to the extent that the Administrator has determined, in accordance with authority granted to it by the Plan or the applicable Award Agreement to settle such Award in cash in lieu of shares;
 - (d) Each outstanding Performance Award shall be treated as provided in the individual Award Agreement governing such Performance Award; and
 - (e) all freestanding Dividend Equivalents not granted in connection with another Award shall be cancelled without payment therefor.

To the extent any portion of the Change in Control Price is payable other than in cash and/or other than at the time of the Change in Control, Award holders under the Plan shall receive the same value in respect of their Awards (less any applicable exercise price, Base Price or similar feature) as is received by the Company's stockholders in respect of their Company Common Stock (as determined by the Administrator), and the Administrator shall determine the extent to which such value shall be paid in cash, in securities or other property, or in a combination of cash and securities or other property, consistent with Applicable Law. To the extent any portion of the Change in Control Price is payable other than at the time of the Change in Control, the Administrator shall determine the time and form of payment to the holders of Award consistent with Section 409A of the Code and other Applicable Laws. For avoidance of doubt, upon a Change in Control the Administrator may cancel Options and SARs for no consideration if the aggregate Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to Options and SARs is less than or equal to the Option Price of such Options or the Base Price of such SARs.

Section 14.3 Section 409A. Notwithstanding the discretion in Sections 14.1 and 14.2, if any Award is subject to Section 409A of the Code and an Alternative Award would be deemed a non-compliant modification of such Award under Section 409A, then no Alternative Award shall be provided and such Award shall instead be treated as provided in Section 14.2 or in the Award Agreement (or in such other manner determined by the Administrator that is a compliant modification under Section 409A).

ARTICLE XV

OTHER PROVISIONS

Section 15.1 <u>Awards Not Transferable</u>. Unless otherwise approved by the Administrator, no Award or interest or right therein or part thereof shall be liable for the debts, contracts or engagements of the Participant or his or her successors in interest or shall be subject to disposition by transfer, alienation, anticipation, pledge, encumbrance, assignment or any other means whether such disposition be voluntary or involuntary or by operation of law, by judgment, levy, attachment, garnishment or any other legal or equitable proceedings (including bankruptcy), and any attempted disposition thereof shall be null and void and of no effect; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that nothing in this Section 15.1 shall prevent transfers by will or by the applicable laws of descent and distribution or, with the prior approval of the Company's General Counsel or the Administrator, estate planning transfers.

Section 15.2 <u>Amendment, Suspension or Termination of the Plan or Award Agreements.</u>

- (a) The Plan may be wholly or partially amended or otherwise modified, suspended or terminated at any time or from time to time by the Administrator; <u>provided</u> that without the approval by a majority of the shares entitled to vote at a duly constituted meeting of shareholders of the Company, no amendment or modification to the Plan may (<u>i</u>) except as otherwise expressly provided in Section 4.1(a) or Section 4.3, increase the number of Shares subject to the Plan, (<u>ii</u>) the individual Award limitations applicable to non-employee Directors specified in Section 4.2; (<u>iii</u>) modify the class of persons eligible for participation in the Plan; (<u>iv</u>) modify the prohibition against repricing in Section 4.5; or (<u>v</u>) materially modify the Plan in any other way that would require shareholder approval under Applicable Law.
- (b) Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, neither the amendment, suspension nor termination of the Plan shall, without the consent of the holder of the Award, adversely alter or impair any rights or obligations under any Award theretofore granted.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, in no event shall adjustments made by the Administrator pursuant to Section 4.3 or the application of Section 13.2, Section 13.3, Section 14.1, Section 14.2, Section 15.6 or Section 15.12 to any Participant constitute an amendment of the Plan or of any Award Agreement requiring the consent of any Participant.
- (d) No Award may be granted during any period of suspension or after termination of the Plan, and in no event may any Award be granted under this Plan after the expiration of ten (10) years from the Effective Date.

- Section 15.3 Effect of Plan upon Other Award and Compensation Plans. The adoption of this Plan shall not affect any other compensation or incentive plans in effect for the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, except for the Stock Incentive Plan. Nothing in this Plan shall be construed to limit the right of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries (a) to establish any other forms of incentives or compensation for Service Providers or (b) to grant or assume options or restricted stock other than under this Plan in connection with any proper corporate purpose, including, but not by way of limitation, the grant or assumption of options or restricted stock in connection with the acquisition by purchase, lease, merger, consolidation or otherwise, of the business, stock or assets of any corporation, firm or association.
- Section 15.4 <u>At-Will Employment</u>. Nothing in the Plan or any Award Agreement hereunder shall confer upon the Participant any right to continue as a Service Provider of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries or shall interfere with or restrict in any way the rights of the Company and any of its Subsidiaries, which are hereby expressly reserved, to discharge any Participant at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without Cause.
 - Section 15.5 <u>Titles</u>. Titles are provided herein for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of the Plan.
- Section 15.6 <u>Conformity to Securities Laws</u>. The Plan is intended to conform to the extent necessary with all provisions of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act and any and all regulations and rules promulgated under any of the foregoing, to the extent the Company, any of the Subsidiaries or any Participant is subject to the provisions thereof. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Plan shall be administered, and Awards shall be granted and may be exercised, only in such a manner as to conform to such laws, rules and regulations. To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, the Plan and Awards granted hereunder shall be deemed amended to the extent necessary to conform to such laws, rules and regulations.
- Section 15.7 <u>Term of Plan</u>. The Plan shall become effective upon the effectiveness of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (the "<u>Effective Date</u>") and shall continue in effect, unless sooner terminated pursuant to Section 15.2, until the tenth (10th) anniversary of the Effective Date. The provisions of the Plan shall continue thereafter to govern all outstanding Awards.
- Section 15.8 Governing Law. To the extent not preempted by federal law, the Plan shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware regardless of the application of rules of conflict of law that would apply the laws of any other jurisdiction.
- Section 15.9 Severability. In the event any portion of the Plan or any action taken pursuant thereto shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, the illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining parts of the Plan, and the Plan shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provisions had not been included, and the illegal or invalid action shall be null and void.
- Section 15.10 Governing Documents. In the event of any express contradiction between the Plan and any Award Agreement or any other written agreement between a Participant and the Company or any Subsidiary that has been approved by the Administrator, the express terms of the Plan shall govern, unless it is expressly specified in such Award Agreement or other written document that such express provision of the Plan shall not apply.

Section 15.11 Withholding Taxes. In addition to any rights or obligations with respect to Withholding Taxes under the Plan or any applicable Award Agreement, the Company or any Subsidiary employing a Service Provider shall have the right to withhold from the Service Provider, or otherwise require the Service Provider or an assignee to pay, any Withholding Taxes arising as a result of grant, exercise, vesting or settlement of any Award or any other taxable event occurring pursuant to the Plan or any Award Agreement, including, without limitation, to the extent permitted by law, the right to deduct any such Withholding Taxes from any payment of any kind otherwise due to the Service Provider or to take such other actions (including, without limitation, withholding any Shares or cash deliverable pursuant to the Plan or any Award) as may be necessary to satisfy all or any portion of such Withholding Taxes; provided, however, that in the event that the Company withholds Shares issued or issuable to the Participant to satisfy all or any portion of the Withholding Taxes, the Company shall withhold a number of whole Shares having a Fair Market Value, determined as of the date of withholding, not in excess of the maximum amount of tax required to be withheld by law (or such lower amount as may be necessary to avoid liability award accounting) and any remaining amount shall be remitted in cash or withheld; and provided, further, that with respect to any Award subject to Section 409A of the Code, in no event shall Shares be withheld pursuant to this Section 15.11 (other than upon or immediately prior to settlement in accordance with the Plan and the applicable Award Agreement) other than to pay taxes imposed under the U.S. Federal Insurance Contributions Act ("FICA") and any associated U.S. federal withholding tax imposed under Section 3401 of the Code and in no event shall the value of such Shares (other than upon immediately prior to settlement) exceed the amount of the tax imposed under FICA and any associated U.S. fede

Section 15.12 Section 409A. To the extent that the Administrator determines that any Award is subject to Section 409A of the Code, the Award Agreement evidencing such Award shall incorporate any terms and conditions required by Section 409A of the Code. To the extent applicable, the Plan and Award Agreements shall be interpreted in accordance with Section 409A of the Code and Department of Treasury regulations and other interpretive guidance issued thereunder, including without limitation any such regulations or other guidance that may be issued after the adoption of the Plan. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, in the event that following the adoption of the Plan, the Administrator determines that any Award may be subject to Section 409A of the Code and related regulations and Department of Treasury guidance (including such Department of Treasury guidance as may be issued after the adoption of the Plan), the Administrator may adopt such amendments to the Plan and the applicable Award Agreement or adopt other policies and procedures (including amendments, policies and procedures with retroactive effect), or take any other actions, that the Administrator determines are necessary or appropriate to (a) exempt the Award from Section 409A of the Code and/or preserve the intended tax treatment of the benefits provided with respect to the Award, (b) comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and related Department of Treasury guidance or (c) comply with any correction procedures available with respect to Section 409A of the Code. Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Plan or any Award Agreement to the contrary, if a Service Provider is a "specified employee" as

determined pursuant to Section 409A under any Company Specified Employee policy in effect at the time of the Service Provider's "separation from service" (as determined under Section 409A) or, if no such policy is in effect, as defined in Section 409A of the Code), then, to the extent necessary to comply with, and avoid imposition on such Service Provider of any tax penalty imposed under, Section 409A of the Code, any payment required to be made to a Service Provider hereunder upon or following his or her separation from service shall be delayed until the first to occur of (i) the six (6)-month anniversary of the Service Provider's separation from service and (ii) the Service Provider's death. Should payments be delayed in accordance with the preceding sentence, the accumulated payment that would have been made but for the period of the delay shall be paid in a single lump sum during the ten (10)-day period following the lapsing of the delay period. No provision of this Plan or an Award Agreement shall be construed to indemnify any Service Provider for any taxes incurred by reason of Section 409A (or timing of incurrence thereof), other than an express indemnification provision therefor.

Section 15.13 Notices. Except as provided otherwise in an Award Agreement, all notices and other communications required or permitted to be given under this Plan or any Award Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been given if delivered personally, sent by email or any other form of electronic transfer approved by the Administrator, sent by certified or express mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or by any recognized international equivalent of such delivery, (i) in the case of notices and communications to the Company, to its current business address and to the attention of the General Counsel of the Company or (ii) in the case of a Participant, to the last known address, or email address or, where the individual is an employee of the Company or one of its subsidiaries, to the individual's workplace address or email address or by other means of electronic transfer acceptable to the Administrator. All such notices and communications shall be deemed to have been received on the date of delivery, if sent by email or any other form of electronic transfer, at the time of dispatch or on the third business day after the mailing thereof.

Section 15.14 <u>Beneficiary Designation</u>. Each Participant under the Plan may from time to time pursuant to procedures approved by the Company name any beneficiary or beneficiaries by whom any right under the Plan is to be exercised in case of such Participant's death.

AGILON HEALTH, INC. EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

Article I Purpose

The purpose of the agilon health, inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>") is to provide eligible Employees of the Company and its Designated Subsidiaries with an opportunity to purchase shares of Common Stock of the Company through payroll deductions. The Plan is intended to qualify as an "employee stock purchase plan" under Section 423 of the Code. Accordingly, the provisions of the Plan shall be construed in a manner consistent with the requirements of Section 423 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Article II Definitions

Whenever used herein, the following terms shall have the respective meanings set forth below:

- (a) "Acquisition Date" means the last day of each Offering Period at which time the Shares subject to a Share Purchase Right granted under the Plan may be purchased by or on behalf of the Participant.
- (b) "Administrator" means, as applicable, the Board or any committee of the Board designated by the Board to administer the Plan. If the Board or any such committee delegates administrative authority hereunder to any other person or group of persons pursuant to Section 10.2, such person or group of persons shall be deemed to be the Administrator hereunder to such extent, except that further delegation by such persons shall not be permitted hereunder.
- (c) "Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with, such Person where "control" shall have the meaning given such term under Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
 - (d) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.
 - (e) "Change in Control" means the happening of any of the events that would constitute a "Change in Control" under the Omnibus Incentive Plan.
 - (f) "Change in Control Date" shall mean the first date as of which a Change in Control occurs.
 - (g) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

- (h) "Common Stock" means the common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company and such other stock or securities into which such common stock is hereafter converted or for which such common stock is exchanged.
 - (i) "Company" means agilon health, inc., a Delaware corporation, and any successor thereto.
- (j) "Compensation" means the base salary or wages and overtime of an Employee. Compensation shall be determined prior to the Employee's pre-tax contributions pursuant to Section 125 or 401(k) of the Code. If determined by the Administrator, other forms of compensation may be included in or excluded from the definition of Compensation as permitted by Section 423 of the Code.
- (k) "Contribution" means the amount of an after-tax payroll deduction an Employee has made, as set out in such Employee's payroll deduction authorization form. If the Administrator so determines, a Contribution for Employees on a Company-approved leave of absence shall include a cash contribution equal to the amount of the after-tax payroll deduction an Employee would have made if such Employee had been receiving Compensation during the Company-approved leave of absence.
- (l) "Designated Subsidiary" means the Subsidiary or Subsidiaries of the Company that have been designated from time to time by the Administrator in its sole discretion as eligible to participate in the Plan.
 - (m) "Effective Date" means the date of effectiveness of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1.
- (n) "Employee" means any person who performs services for, and who is classified as an employee on the payroll records of, the Company or a Designated Subsidiary. For purposes of the Plan, the employment relationship shall be treated as continuing intact while the individual is on sick leave or other leave of absence approved by the Company or Designated Subsidiary and meeting the requirements of Treasury Regulation Section 1.421-1(h)(2). For purposes of this Plan, where the period of leave exceeds three months and the individual's right to reemployment is not guaranteed either by statute or by contract, the employment relationship shall be deemed to have terminated on the first day immediately following such three month period.
 - (o) "Fair Market Value" has the meaning set forth in the Omnibus Incentive Plan.
 - (p) "Offer Date" means the first day of each Offering Period.

- (q) "Offering Period" means a period of time specified by the Administrator, consistent with Section 423 of the Code, beginning on the Offer Date and ending on the Acquisition Date.
 - (r) "Omnibus Incentive Plan" means the agilon health, inc. 2021 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan, as may be amended from time to time.
 - (s) "Participant" means an Employee who becomes a participant in the Plan pursuant to Article V.
- (t) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, business trust, joint stock company, trust, unincorporated association, joint venture, governmental authority or any other entity of whatever nature.
 - (u) "Purchase Price" means the purchase price per Share subject to the Share Purchase Right determined pursuant to Section 6.3.
 - (v) "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
 - (w) "Share" means a share of Common Stock.
- (x) "Share Purchase Right" means a right that entitles the holder to purchase from the Company a stated number of Shares in accordance with, and subject to, the terms and conditions of the Plan.
- (y) "Subsidiary" of an entity means any corporation in an unbroken chain of corporations beginning with such entity if each of the corporations other than the last corporation in the unbroken chain then owns stock possessing 50% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock in one of the other corporations in such chain.

Article III Available Shares and Adjustments

Section 3.1 Available Shares. Subject to adjustments as provided in this Article III, the maximum number of Shares available for purchase under the Plan on or after the Effective Date is $[\bullet]$, I Shares. During the term of the Plan, the share reserve will automatically increase on the first trading day in January of each calendar year, beginning in calendar year 2022, by an amount equal to 1% of the total number of outstanding shares of Common Stock on the last trading day in December of the immediately prior calendar year or such lesser amount as determined by the Administrator. Shares issued under the Plan may be authorized but unissued Shares, Shares held in treasury or reacquired Common Stock.

Note to Draft: Pool to equal 2% of total shares outstanding at the IPO.

Section 3.2 Adjustments.

- (a) <u>Changes in Capitalization</u>. If and to the extent necessary or appropriate to reflect any stock dividend, extraordinary dividend, stock split or share recombination or any recapitalization, merger, consolidation, exchange of shares, spin-off, liquidation or dissolution of the Company or other similar transaction affecting the Company Common Stock (each, a "<u>Corporate Event</u>"), the Administrator shall, in such manner as it may deem equitable to prevent the diminution or enlargement of the rights of the Company and Participants hereunder by reason of such Corporate Event, adjust any or all of the number and kind of Shares (or other securities or property) with respect to which a Share Purchase Right may be granted under the Plan (including, but not limited to, adjustments of the limitations in Section 3.1 on the maximum number and kind of Shares that may be issued under the Plan). All determinations and adjustments made by the Administrator in good faith pursuant to this Section 3.2 shall be final and binding on the affected Participants and the Company. Any adjustment of an Award pursuant to this Section 3.2 shall be effected in compliance with Section 423 of the Code.
- (b) Change in Control. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, in the event of a Change in Control of the Company, the Administrator, in its sole discretion, may take whatever action it deems necessary or appropriate in connection therewith, including, but not limited to (i) shortening any Offering Period then in progress such that the Acquisition Date is on or prior to the Change in Control Date, (ii) shortening any Offering Period then in progress and refunding any amounts accumulated in a Participant's account for such Offering Period, (iii) cancelling all outstanding Share Purchase Rights as of the Change in Control Date and paying each holder thereof an amount equal to the difference between the per Share Fair Market Value as of the Change in Control Date and the Purchase Price determined in accordance with Section 6.3, or (iv) for each outstanding Share Purchase Right, granting a substitute right to purchase shares in accordance with Section 424 of the Code. Nothing in this Section 3.2(b) shall affect in any way the Company's right to terminate the Plan at any time pursuant to Section 10.7 or Section 10.8.
- (c) <u>Insufficient Shares</u>. If the Administrator determines that, on a given Acquisition Date, the number of Shares that may be purchased under the outstanding Share Purchase Rights for the applicable Offering Period may exceed (i) the number of Shares that were available for issuance under the Plan on the Offer Date of the applicable Offering Period or (ii) the number of Shares available for sale under the Plan on such Acquisition Date, including but not limited to by reason of a limitation on the maximum number of Shares that may be purchased set by the Administrator pursuant to Section 6.2(a) or (b), the Administrator shall make a *pro rata* allocation of the Shares available for issuance on such Acquisition Date in as uniform a manner as shall be practicable and

as it shall determine in its sole discretion to be equitable among all Participants purchasing Shares on such Acquisition Date, and unless additional Shares are authorized for issuance under the Plan, no further Offering Periods shall take place and the Plan shall terminate pursuant to Section 10.7 hereof. If the Plan is so terminated, then the balance of the amount credited to the Participant's account which has not been applied to the purchase of Shares shall be paid to such Participant in one lump sum in cash as soon as reasonably practicable without any interest thereon. The Company may make a pro rata allocation of the Shares available on the Offer Date of any applicable Offering Period pursuant to the first sentence of this section, notwithstanding any authorization of additional Shares for issuance under the Plan by the Company's shareholders subsequent to such Offer Date.

Article IV Eligibility

Section 4.1 <u>Eligible Employees</u>. Any person who is an Employee of the Company or a Designated Subsidiary as of the Offer Date for a given Offering Period shall be eligible to participate in the Plan for such Offering Period, subject to the requirements of this Article IV and the limitations imposed by Section 423(b) of the Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrator may, on a prospective basis, (i) exclude from participation in the Plan Employees (a) whose customary employment is for not more than 20 hours per week or five months per year or (b) who are citizens or residents of a non-U.S. jurisdiction if the grant of a Share Purchase Right under the Plan is prohibited under the laws of such non-U.S. jurisdiction would cause the Plan or any actions under the Plan to violate Section 423 of the Code and (ii) impose a generally applicable eligibility service requirement of up to two years of employment. The Administrator may also determine that a designated group of highly compensated employees (within the meaning of Section 414(q) of the Code) are ineligible to participate in the Plan.

Section 4.2 <u>Five Percent Shareholders.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, no Employee shall be eligible to participate in the Plan if, after giving effect to the grant of a Share Purchase Right in the next Offering Period, the Employee (or any other person whose stock would be attributed to the Employee pursuant to Section 424(d) of the Code) owns and/or holds Common Stock and outstanding rights to purchase Common Stock possessing, in the aggregate, five percent or more of the total combined voting power or value of all issued and outstanding stock of the Company.

Article V Participation

- Section 5.1 Generally. An eligible Employee may become a Participant in the Plan by completing a payroll deduction authorization form and any other required enrollment documents provided by the Administrator or its designee and submitting them to the Administrator or its designee in accordance with the rules established by the Administrator. The enrollment documents, which may be in electronic form, shall set forth the portion of the Participant's Compensation, including any minimum or maximum Contribution percentage and any minimum or maximum percentage increments, to be paid as Contributions pursuant to the Plan. An Employee's payroll deduction authorization shall become effective on the Offer Date. Amounts deducted from a Participant's Compensation pursuant to this Article V shall be credited to the Participant's Plan account. No interest shall be payable on the amounts credited to the Participant's Plan account.
- Section 5.2 <u>Successive Offering Periods</u>. A Participant's election to participate in the Plan with respect to an Offering Period shall enroll such Participant in the Plan for each successive Offering period at the same payroll deduction percentage as in effect at the termination of the prior Offering Period, unless (i) such Participant delivers to the Company a different election with respect to the successive Offering Period by such time and in such manner as is designated by the Administrator for enrollment in the Plan for such successive Offering Period, (ii) such Participant withdraws from the Plan pursuant to Article IX or becomes ineligible for participation in the Plan or (iii) the Administrator determines that elections for all Participants shall cease at the end of an applicable Offering Period.
- Section 5.3 <u>Rights and Privileges</u>. Each Employee who is granted a Share Purchase Right under the Plan for any Offering Period shall have the same rights and privileges as all other Employees granted Share Purchase Rights under the Plan for such Offering Period.

Article VI Share Purchase Rights

Section 6.1 Number of Shares. Each Eligible Employee who on the Offer Date is a Participant participating in such Offering Period shall be granted a Share Purchase Right to purchase Shares on the Acquisition Date for such Offering Period. Subject to the limitations set forth in Section 6.2, the number of Shares subject to such Share Purchase Right shall be the number of whole Shares determined by dividing the Purchase Price into the balance credited to the Participant's account as of the Acquisition Date.

Section 6.2 <u>Limitation on Purchases</u>. Participant purchases are subject to adjustment as provided in Section 3.2(c) and to the following limitations:

(a) Offering Period Limitation. Subject to the calendar year limits provided in Section 6.2(b), the Administrator shall have the right to set a maximum value of Shares that a Participant shall have the right to purchase or a maximum Contribution percentage of the Participant's Compensation earned during such Offering Period that the Participant may use to purchase Shares in any Offering Period pursuant to a Share Purchase Right or right intended to qualify under Section 423 of the Code.

- (b) <u>Calendar Year Limitation</u>. Notwithstanding Section 6.2(a), in the event that a Participant is granted a Share Purchase Right that permits such Participant to purchase Shares that, together with all other Share Purchase Rights granted to the Participant during the same calendar year under this Plan and any other plan of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company that are qualified under Section 423 of the Code, has an aggregate value in excess of \$25,000 (determined on the date of grant), such Share Purchase Right shall be reduced such that the aggregate value of all Share Purchase Rights granted to the Participant during the same calendar year under any plan of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company that are qualified under Section 423 of the Code is \$25,000. The Administrator may also set a maximum aggregate number of Shares or maximum aggregate Fair Market Value of Shares, which is less than the \$25,000 limitation set forth in this Section 6.2(b), that may be purchased pursuant to Share Purchase Rights in a calendar year or Offering Period or on any Acquisition Date.
- (c) <u>Refunds</u>. As of the first date on which a Participant's ability to purchase Shares is limited by this Section 6.2, the Participant's payroll deductions shall terminate, and any excess payroll deductions credited to his or her account shall be paid to the Participant in a lump sum as soon as reasonably practicable without any interest thereon.
- Section 6.3 <u>Purchase Price</u>. The purchase price per Share with respect to an Offering Period shall be determined by the Administrator; <u>provided that</u> such purchase price shall not be less than the lesser of (\underline{x}) eighty-five percent (85%) of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date on which an Offering Period commences and (\underline{y}) eighty-five percent (85%) of the Fair Market Value of a Share on the Acquisition Date.

Article VII Purchase of Shares Under Share Purchase Rights

Section 7.1 <u>Purchase</u>. Unless a Participant withdraws from the Plan as provided in Article IX, each Participant shall automatically purchase and acquire as of the Acquisition Date the number of whole Shares subject to the Share Purchase Right that may be purchased at the Purchase Price for that Share Purchase Right with the Contributions in such Participant's account. Any surplus in the account that is insufficient to purchase a whole Share shall be carried forward into the next Offering Period unless the Participant has elected to withdraw from the Plan pursuant to Article IX or the Administrator determines that surplus amounts for Participants shall not be carried forward, in which case such surplus amount shall be distributed to the Participant in a lump sum as soon as reasonably practicable without any interest thereon.

Section 7.2 Registration Compliance.

- (a) No Shares may be purchased under a Share Purchase Right unless the Shares to be issued or transferred upon purchase are covered by an effective registration statement pursuant to the Securities Act or are eligible for an exemption from the registration requirements, and the Plan is in material compliance with all applicable federal, state, foreign and other securities and other laws applicable to the Plan.
- (b) If, on an Acquisition Date of any Offering Period, the Shares are not registered or exempt or the Plan is not in such compliance, no Shares under the Share Purchase Rights granted under the Plan shall be purchased on the Acquisition Date. The Acquisition Date shall be delayed until the Shares are subject to such an effective registration statement or exempt, and the Plan is in such compliance. The Acquisition Date shall in no event be more than 27 months from the Offer Date or, if applicable, such lesser time as permitted under Section 423 of the Code.
- (c) If, on the Acquisition Date of any Offering Period, as delayed to the maximum extent permissible, the Shares are not registered or exempt and the Plan is not in such compliance, no Shares under the Share Purchase Rights shall be purchased, and all Contributions accumulated during the Offering Period (reduced to the extent, if any, such deductions have been used to acquire Shares) shall be distributed to the Participants in a lump sum as soon as reasonably practicable without any interest thereon.
- Section 7.3 <u>Delivery of Shares</u>. As soon as practicable after each Acquisition Date, the Company shall deliver the Shares acquired by each Participant during an Offering Period to the Participant or an account established in the Participant's name at a stock brokerage or other financial services firm designated by the Company. No certificates shall be delivered with respect to the Shares acquired by a Participant.
 - Section 7.4 Vesting. A Participant's interest in the Shares purchased under a Share Purchase Right shall be immediately vested and nonforfeitable.
- Section 7.5 Nontransferability. Each Share Purchase Right granted under this Plan shall be nontransferable. During the lifetime of the Participant to whom the Share Purchase Right is granted, the Shares under a Share Purchase Right may be purchased only by the Participant. No right or interest of a Participant in any Share Purchase Right shall be liable for, or subject to, any lien, obligation, or liability of such Participant.

Article VIII Restrictions on Sale

Shares purchased under the Plan may be subject to any such holding restrictions that the Administrator shall determine to be appropriate with respect to any Offering Period consistent with Section 423 of the Code.

Article IX Withdrawal from Participation and Termination of Employment

A Participant may revoke his or her payroll deduction authorization form for an Offering Period and withdraw from participation in the Plan for that Offering Period by giving written or electronic notice to the Administrator in such form and at such time before the Acquisition Date as may be established by the Administrator. In the event of a Participant's withdrawal in accordance with the preceding sentence, all of the payroll deductions credited to his or her account shall be paid to the Participant in a lump sum as soon as reasonably practicable after receipt of the notice of withdrawal, without any interest thereon, and no further payroll deductions shall be made from his or her Compensation for that Offering Period. A Participant shall be deemed to have elected to withdraw from the Plan in accordance with this Article IX if he or she ceases to be an employee of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries for any reason. Unless the Administrator determines otherwise consistent with Section 423 of the Code, a Participant's withdrawal (other than due to a termination of employment) during an Offering Period shall not have any effect upon the Participant's eligibility to participate in the Plan during a subsequent Offering Period.

Article X General Provisions

Section 10.1 <u>Administration</u>. The Plan shall be administered by the Administrator. The Administrator may prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the administration of the Plan and make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the administration and interpretation of the Plan. Any authority exercised by the Administrator under the Plan shall be exercised by the Administrator in its sole discretion. Determinations, interpretations, or other actions made or taken by the Administrator under the Plan shall be final, binding, and conclusive for all purposes and upon all persons.

Section 10.2 <u>Delegation by the Administrator</u>. Any or all of the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Administrator hereunder may be delegated by the Administrator to, and thereafter exercised by, one or more persons designated by the Administrator, including members of management of the Company and/or members of the human resources function of the Company, and any determination, interpretation, or other action taken by such designee shall have the same effect hereunder as if made or taken by the Administrator. Notwithstanding the foregoing, only the Administrator shall have the power to determine the Purchase Price for any Offering Period.

Section 10.3 <u>Tax Withholding</u>. The Company shall have the power to withhold, or to require the Participant to remit to the Company, an amount in cash sufficient to satisfy all U.S. federal, state, local, and any non-U.S. withholding tax or other governmental tax, charge or fee requirements in respect of any payment under the Plan.

- Section 10.4 <u>At-Will Employment</u>. Nothing in the Plan shall confer upon any Participant any right to continue in the employ of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or shall interfere with or restrict in any way the rights of the Company and any of its Subsidiaries, which are hereby expressly reserved, to discharge any Participant at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without cause.
- Section 10.5 <u>Unfunded Plan; Plan Not Subject to ERISA</u>. The Plan is an unfunded plan and Participants shall have the status of unsecured creditors of the Company. The Plan is not intended to be subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.
- Section 10.6 Freedom of Action. Nothing in the Plan shall be construed as limiting or preventing the Company or any of its Affiliates from taking any action that it deems appropriate or in its best interest (as determined in its sole and absolute discretion) and no Participant (or person claiming by or through a Participant) shall have any right relating to the diminishment in the value of any account or any associated return as a result of any such action. The foregoing shall not constitute a waiver by a Participant of the terms and provisions of the Plan.
- Section 10.7 <u>Term of Plan</u>. The Plan shall be effective upon the Effective Date. The Plan shall terminate on the earlier of (<u>i</u>) the tenth anniversary of the Effective Date, (<u>ii</u>) the termination of the Plan pursuant to Section 10.8 or (<u>iii</u>) the date on which no more Shares are available for issuance under the Plan. Upon termination of the Plan, all funds accumulated in a Participant's account shall be paid to such Participant in a lump sum as soon as reasonably practicable without any interest thereon, and all Share Purchase Rights shall automatically terminate.
- Section 10.8 Amendment or Alteration. The Board or the Administrator may at any time amend, suspend, discontinue or terminate the Plan; provided that if the Plan is amended in a manner that is considered the adoption of a new plan pursuant to Section 423 of the Code, including (i) an increase in the aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under the Plan pursuant to Section 3.1 (other than an increase merely reflecting a change in the number of outstanding Shares pursuant to Section 3.2), (ii) a change in the granting Company or the stock available for purchase under the Plan or (iii) a change in the designation of corporations whose Employees may be offered Share Purchase Rights under the Plan, the shareholders of the Company must reapprove the Plan as if such action were the adoption of a new plan within the time prescribed under Section 423 of the Code. The Board or the Administrator, in its sole discretion, may terminate the Plan at any time. Upon such termination, all funds accumulated in a Participant's account at such time shall be paid to such Participant in a lump sum as soon as reasonably practicable without any interest thereon, and all Share Purchase Rights shall automatically terminate.

Section 10.9 Severability. In the event any portion of the Plan or any action taken pursuant thereto shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, the illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining parts of the Plan, and the Plan shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provisions had not been included, and the illegal or invalid action shall be null and void.

Section 10.10 <u>Assignment</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 10.10, this Plan shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective heirs, representatives, successors, and assigns. Neither this Plan nor any right or interest hereunder shall be assignable by a Participant, his beneficiaries, or legal representatives; <u>provided</u> that nothing in this Section 10.10 shall preclude the Participant from designating a beneficiary to receive any benefit payable hereunder upon his death, or the executors, administrators, or other legal representatives of the Participant or his estate from assigning any rights hereunder to the person or persons entitled thereunto. This Plan shall be assignable by the Company to: a Subsidiary or Affiliate of the Company; to any corporation, partnership, or other entity that may be organized by the Company, its general partners, or its Participants, as a separate business unit in connection with the business activities of the Company or Participants; or to any corporation, partnership, or other entity resulting from the reorganization, merger, or consolidation of the Company with any other corporation, partnership, or other entity, or any corporation, partnership, or other entity to or with which all or any portion of the Company's business or assets may be sold, exchanged, or transferred, in each case to the extent permitted under Section 423 of the Code.

Section 10.11 Non-Transferability of Rights. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Administrator, no rights or interests hereunder or part thereof shall be liable for the debts, contracts or engagements of the Participant or his or her successors in interest or shall be subject to disposition by transfer, alienation, anticipation, pledge, encumbrance, assignment or any other means whether such disposition be voluntary or involuntary or by operation of law, by judgment, levy, attachment, garnishment or any other legal or equitable proceedings (including bankruptcy), and any attempted disposition thereof shall be null and void and of no effect; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 10.11 shall prevent transfers by will or by the applicable laws of descent and distribution.

Section 10.12 Equal Rights and Privileges. All eligible Employees granted a Share Purchase Right under this Plan that is intended to meet the requirements of Section 423 of the Code shall have equal rights and privileges with respect to this Plan or within any separate offering under the Plan so that this Plan qualifies as an "employee stock purchase plan" within the meaning of Section 423 or any successor provision of the Code and the related regulations. Any provision of this Plan which is inconsistent with Section 423 or any successor provision of the Code, without further act or amendment by the Company or the Administrator shall be reformed to comply with the requirements of Section 423. This Section 10.12 shall take precedence over all other provisions in this Plan.

- Section 10.13 Notices. All notices or other communications by a Participant to the Administrator under or in connection with the Plan shall be deemed to have been duly given when received in the form specified by the Administrator at the location, or by the person, designated by the Administrator for the receipt thereof.
- Section 10.14 <u>Headings</u>. The Section headings appearing in this Plan are used for convenience of reference only and shall not be considered a part of this Plan or in any way modify, amend, or affect the meaning of any of its provisions.
- Section 10.15 <u>Rules of Construction</u>. Whenever the context so requires, the use of the masculine gender shall be deemed to include the feminine and vice versa, and the use of the singular shall be deemed to include the plural and vice versa. The fact that this Plan was drafted by the Company shall not be taken into account in interpreting or construing any provision of this Plan.
- Section 10.16 <u>Governing Law</u>. To the extent not preempted by federal law, the Plan shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware regardless of the application of rules of conflict of law that would apply the laws of any other jurisdiction.
- Section 10.17 <u>Conformity to Securities Laws</u>. The Plan is intended to conform to the extent necessary with all provisions of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act and any and all regulations and rules promulgated under any of the foregoing, to the extent the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or any Participant is subject to the provisions thereof. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Plan shall be administered only in such a manner as to conform to such laws, rules and regulations. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Plan shall be deemed amended to the extent necessary to conform to such laws, rules and regulations.
- Section 10.18 <u>Tax Reporting Information</u>. At the Company's request, Participants will be required to provide the Company and any Affiliates with any information reasonably required for tax reporting purposes.
- Section 10.19 Participant Acknowledgment. By electing to participate in an Offering Period, Participants acknowledge and agree that (i) Participants may be required to hold Shares during any holding periods to which such Shares are subject; (ii) the Shares acquired under the Plan may lose some or all of their value in the future; (iii) Participants are able to afford to bear the economic risk of holding the Shares for any holding period and of any loss in value of the Shares and (iv) Participants may be required to agree to other terms and conditions imposed by the Administrator that are permitted by Section 423 of the Code and other applicable law.

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" and to the use of our report dated March 18, 2021, except for the second paragraph of Note 1, as to which the date is April 1, 2021, in the Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement (Form S-1 No. 333-254435) and related Prospectus of agilon health, inc. for the registration of shares of its common stock.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Los Angeles, California April 7, 2021