

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-K**

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
OR

Commission file number 001-39220

**CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

**83-4051582**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**13995 Pasteur Boulevard, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33418**

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

**(561) 365-2000**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock (\$0.01 par value)	CARR	New York Stock Exchange
4.125% Notes due 2028	CARR28	New York Stock Exchange
4.500% Notes due 2032	CARR32	New York Stock Exchange
3.625% Notes due 2037	CARR37	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Emerging growth company   
Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the voting Common Stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant as of June 30, 2025, the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was approximately \$58.5 billion, based on the New York Stock Exchange closing price for such shares on that date. Solely for purposes of this disclosure, shares of Common Stock held by executive officers and directors of the Registrant as of such date have been excluded because such persons may be deemed to be affiliates. This determination of executive officers and directors as affiliates is not necessarily a conclusive determination for any other purpose.

As of January 30, 2026, there were 835,843,882 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

Part III hereof incorporates by reference portions of the Registrant's definitive proxy statement related to its 2026 annual meeting of shareholders.

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Carrier Global Corporation and its subsidiaries' names, abbreviations thereof, logos and product and service designators are all either the registered or unregistered trademarks or trade names of Carrier Global Corporation and its subsidiaries. Names, abbreviations of names, logos and products and service designators of other companies are either the registered or unregistered trademarks or trade names of their respective owners. As used herein, the terms "we," "us," "our," "the Company" or "Carrier," unless the context otherwise requires, mean Carrier Global Corporation and its subsidiaries. References to internet websites in this Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "Annual Report") are provided for convenience only. Information available through these websites is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report.

### **CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS**

This Annual Report contains statements which, to the extent they are not statements of historical or present fact, constitute "forward-looking statements" under the securities laws. From time to time, oral or written forward-looking statements may also be included in other information released to the public. These forward-looking statements are intended to provide management's current expectations or plans for our future operating and financial performance, based on assumptions currently believed to be valid. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "believe," "expect," "expectations," "intend," "plans," "strategy," "prospects," "estimate," "project," "target," "anticipate," "will," "should," "see," "guidance," "outlook," "confident," "scenario" and other words of similar meaning in connection with a discussion of future operating or financial performance. Forward-looking statements may include, among other things, statements relating to future sales, earnings, cash flow, results of operations, uses of cash, share repurchases, tax rates and other measures of financial performance or potential future plans, strategies or transactions of Carrier, cost optimization actions, market conditions including with respect to residential end-markets, data center and otherwise, growth prospects for 2026 and beyond, pending dispositions, Carrier's guidance for full-year 2026, future revenues including relating to digitally-enabled products, Carrier's plans with respect to our indebtedness and other statements that are not historical facts. All forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. For those statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, without limitation:

- the effect of economic conditions in the industries and markets in which Carrier and our businesses operate in the U.S. and globally and any changes therein, including financial market conditions, inflationary cost pressures, fluctuations in commodity prices, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, levels of end market demand in construction, the impact of weather conditions, pandemic health issues, natural disasters and the financial condition of our customers and suppliers;
- challenges in the development, production, delivery, support, performance and realization of the anticipated benefits of advanced technologies and new products and services;
- future levels of capital spending and research and development spending;
- future availability of credit and factors that may affect such availability, including credit market conditions and Carrier's capital structure and credit ratings;
- the timing and scope of future repurchases of Carrier's common stock, including market conditions and the level of other investing activities and uses of cash;
- delays and disruption in the delivery of materials and services from suppliers;
- cost reduction efforts and restructuring costs and savings and other consequences thereof;
- new business and investment opportunities;
- the outcome of legal proceedings, investigations and other contingencies;
- the impact of pension plan assumptions on future cash contributions and earnings;
- the impact of the negotiation of collective bargaining agreements and labor disputes;
- the effect of uncertainty and/or changes in political conditions in the U.S. and other countries in which Carrier and our businesses operate, including the effect of uncertainty and/or changes in U.S. trade policies, on general market conditions, global trade policies, the imposition of tariffs, and currency exchange rates in the near term and beyond;
- the effect of changes in tax, environmental, regulatory (including among other things import/export) and other laws and regulations in the U.S. and other countries in which we and our businesses operate;
- the ability of Carrier to retain and hire key personnel;
- the scope, nature, impact or timing of acquisition and divestiture activity, including among other things integration of acquired businesses, such as the VCS Business (as defined below), into existing businesses and realization of synergies and opportunities for growth and innovation and incurrence of related costs;

- a determination by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and other tax authorities that the Distribution (as defined below) or certain related transactions should be treated as taxable transactions; and
- risks associated with current and future indebtedness, as well as our ability to reduce indebtedness and the timing thereof.

This Annual Report includes important information as to risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. See the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report under the heading "Note 23 – Commitments and Contingent Liabilities," the sections entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" under the headings "Business Overview," "Results of Operations," "Liquidity and Financial Condition," and "Critical Accounting Estimates," and the section entitled "Risk Factors." This Annual Report also includes important information as to these factors in the "Business" section under the headings "General," "Other Matters Relating to Our Business as a Whole," and in the "Legal Proceedings" section. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report or, in the case of any document incorporated by reference, the date of that document. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law. Additional information as to factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements is disclosed from time to time in our other filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

This Annual Report and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports are available free of charge through the Investors section of our Internet website (<http://www.ir.carrier.com>) under the heading "Financials" and sub-heading "SEC Filings" as soon as reasonably practicable after these reports are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet website (<http://www.sec.gov>) containing reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC.

## PART I

### ITEM 1. BUSINESS

#### General

Carrier Global Corporation ("we" or "our" or the "Company") is a global leader in intelligent climate and energy solutions, focused on providing differentiated, digitally enabled lifecycle solutions to our customers. Our portfolio includes industry-leading brands such as Carrier, Viessmann, Toshiba, Automated Logic and Carrier Transicold, among others, that offer innovative heating, cooling and cold chain solutions to enhance the lives we live and the world we share. We also provide a broad array of related building services, including audit, design, installation, system integration, repair, maintenance and monitoring.

Through our performance-driven culture, we anticipate creating long-term shareowner value by investing strategically to strengthen our product position in homes, buildings and across the cold chain to drive profitable growth. We believe our business segments are well positioned to benefit from favorable secular trends, including the mega-trends of urbanization, population growth and demographic shifts, food security and safety, electrification, increasing demand for climate control and accelerated digitalization. Coupled with our industry-leading brands and track record of innovation, we continue to provide market-leading solutions for our customers.

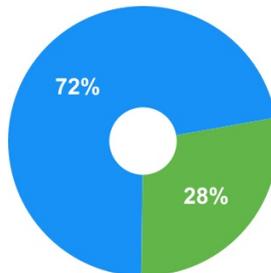
In addition, we continue to invest in product and technology innovation within our core offerings and in new business models. Carrier Energy, our business offering new energy management solutions, is developing intelligent climate and energy solutions to meet future energy needs by optimizing home energy management, providing grid flexibility and unlocking energy capacity to support economic growth. This new business model is also expected to enhance the digital connection between the end-customers and Carrier, providing us with opportunities to offer services and aftermarket parts and components over the life of the product.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, our net sales were \$21.7 billion and our operating profit was \$2.2 billion. Our international operations, including U.S. export sales, represented approximately 52% of our net sales for 2025. During the same period, new equipment comprised 72% and parts and service comprised 28% of our net sales.

**Sales by Segment**



**Sales by Type**



■ CSA   ■ CSE   ■ CSAME   ■ CST

■ Parts and Service   ■ New Equipment

### *Separation from United Technologies Corporation*

On April 3, 2020 (the "Distribution Date"), United Technologies Corporation, ("UTC"), since renamed RTX Corporation ("Raytheon Technologies Corporation" or "RTX") completed the spin-off of Carrier into an independent publicly traded company (the "Separation") through a pro rata distribution (the "Distribution") on a one-for-one basis of all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Carrier to UTC shareowners who held shares of UTC common stock as of the close of business on March 19, 2020, the record date of the Distribution. In addition, we entered into several agreements with UTC and Otis Worldwide Corporation ("Otis") that govern various aspects of the relationship among us, UTC and Otis following the Separation and Distribution. As of December 31, 2025, only certain portions of the Tax Matters Agreement ("TMA") remain in effect.

### **Business Segments**

In May 2025, we announced changes to our reportable segments to better align our reporting structure with our business strategy, resource allocation and performance assessment. Under the revised segment structure, we globally manage our business operations through four segments: Climate Solutions Americas ("CSA"), Climate Solutions Europe ("CSE"), Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa ("CSAME") and Climate Solutions Transportation ("CST"). Each respective segment's major products, services and distribution methods are as follows:

The Climate Solutions Americas, Climate Solutions Europe and Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa segments provide products and controls, services, and system solutions to meet the heating, cooling and ventilation needs of our customers while enhancing building performance, health and energy efficiency on a regional basis. Products and controls, services, and systems include air conditioners, heat pumps, heating systems, home and building energy management systems, aftermarket components, repair and maintenance services and rentals as well as modernization and upgrades through the product lifecycle. We serve a wide range of customers, including in the residential, commercial, education, healthcare, technology, retail, hospitality, data center, and infrastructure markets, among others. Products and controls, services and systems are sold directly to building contractors and owners and indirectly through joint ventures, independent sales representatives, distributors, wholesalers, dealers and retail outlets. Our established brands include Carrier, Viessmann, Toshiba, Automated Logic, Bryant, CIAT, Day & Night, Heil, and NORESKO which offer innovative solutions and a complete portfolio of products to our customers. These products and controls, services and systems, in addition to the markets they serve, provide future service opportunities including replacement components, preventative and on-demand contractual maintenance and repair, digital monitoring and modifications/upgrades.

The Climate Solutions Transportation segment provides climate and energy solutions for customers globally. Our products, services, systems and monitoring solutions offer reliable transport and preservation of food, medicine and other perishable cargo. Products include trucks, trailers, shipping containers and intermodal applications to meet customer needs for both ground transport and ocean freight, while services include maintenance, repair, and monitoring. Products and services are sold directly to transportation companies and indirectly through joint ventures, independent sales representatives, distributors, wholesalers and dealers. Products and services are sold under established brand names, including Carrier Transcold and Sensitech. We provide customers the flexibility to select solutions from a very broad range of technologies, including fossil fuel applications and electric solutions, to best adhere to their objectives and preferences as well as regulatory requirements. In addition, our focus on digitalization and innovation is expanding our offering of service and aftermarket solutions, including on-demand and subscription-based monitoring of customer cargo. Through the lifecycle of the product, we also offer modifications and upgrades to the current installed base, improving energy efficiency, noise or other customer requirements.

### *Portfolio Transformation*

In 2023, we began the journey to further simplify our company and accelerate our business strategy. Our actions transformed our business portfolio in an effort to establish us as a pure-play, global leader in intelligent climate and energy solutions. We believe that our greater focus on breakthrough innovation, electrification, energy-efficient solutions, the use of environmentally friendly refrigerants and connected ecosystems will further strengthen our global leadership position in our end-markets and provide responsible solutions for our customers.

During 2024, we completed several activities designed to simplify our business portfolio, transforming us into a pure-play climate and energy solutions provider. On January 2, 2024, we acquired the climate solutions business (the "VCS Business") of Viessmann Group GmbH & Co. KG (together with its affiliates, "Viessmann"). The VCS Business, primarily reported in the Climate Solutions Europe segment, is a premier residential and light commercial heating, ventilating and air conditioning ("HVAC") provider in Europe that expanded our portfolio to offer a global, comprehensive suite of sustainable and innovative building and energy management solutions. In addition, we divested our Commercial and Residential Fire, Access Solutions and Industrial Fire businesses which were historically reported in our Fire & Security segment. The transactions represented a single disposal plan to separately divest multiple businesses over different reporting periods and met the criteria to be presented as discontinued operations. We also divested our Commercial Refrigeration business ("CCR") during 2024. CCR, which was historically reported in the Climate Solutions Transportation segment (previously named Refrigeration), did not meet the criteria to be presented as discontinued operations.

### ***Sale of Riello Business***

On December 16, 2025, we entered into a purchase agreement to sell our Riello business ("Riello") to Ariston Group with expected gross proceeds of approximately \$430 million. Riello, predominantly reported in our Climate Solutions Europe segment, is a leading international manufacturer that designs, produces and integrates a comprehensive portfolio of thermal solutions including burners, boilers, heat pumps, cooling systems and aftermarket services for residential, commercial and industrial applications. The business has a strong focus on energy efficiency, innovation and a global distribution network. This transaction is expected to close in the first half of 2026 and is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals.

### **Business Strategy**

Our vision is to be a global leader in intelligent climate and energy solutions with a focus on providing differentiated, digitally-enabled lifecycle solutions to our customers. To achieve our vision, our core business strategy is to create innovative, differentiated products and solutions to provide a fully-integrated customer experience in order to be our customer's preferred provider. We believe our strategy is supported by significant favorable secular trends, our industry-leading brands and track record of innovation. Our business strategy is built around the following pillars to drive long-term growth and deliver shareholder value:

#### ***Differentiated Products, Channels and Brands***

Our strategy involves driving organic growth by further enhancing our proven track record of innovation, which is focused on designing smarter, more connected and more efficient sustainable systems and solutions. Our strategy also relies on our iconic, industry-leading brands and on strengthening our long-term relationships with channel partners and customers by offering solutions that anticipate customer needs with a focus on technologies related to energy efficiency, emissions, air quality, electrification, refrigerants with lower global warming potential and noise reduction.

#### ***Digitally-Enabled Lifecycle Solutions***

We are focused on offering a comprehensive and differentiated suite of sustainable technologies and services. We expect that these solutions increase our total available market opportunity, enhance our predictive service and maintenance capabilities, strengthen our customer intimacy and increase aftermarket growth. Beginning with product design, our product offerings are moving towards digitally-enabled solutions that connect us to our customers throughout the product's full lifecycle and help us grow our aftermarket sales. We plan to meet our customer's needs by offering a wider-range of aftermarket products and services including replacement components, preventative and on-demand maintenance and repair, digital monitoring and modifications/upgrades. Our digitally-enabled lifecycle solutions include Abound, a cloud-based building platform that unlocks and unites building data to create healthy, sustainable and intelligent solutions for indoor spaces. It gathers data from disparate systems, sensors and sources; identifies opportunities to optimize performance; and works with healthy building solutions to improve occupant experiences. In addition, our Lynx digital platform, developed in collaboration with Amazon Web Services ("AWS"), allows customers to leverage data to enhance visibility, resiliency, agility and efficiency in the cold chain to reduce loss of cargo, lower operations costs and support real-time decisions.

### ***Expand Portfolio with Systems Solutions***

As power grids and transportation infrastructure shift from fossil fuels to renewables, we will continue to position ourselves as a leader in innovative solutions that reduce emissions and energy consumption and promote power grid stability. Our solutions range from residential home energy management to sustainable solutions for commercial and industrial buildings to optimized low noise and low gas emission transport solutions. With the integration of the VCS Business, we believe we are well-positioned to provide complete energy solutions globally. Our portfolio includes environmentally friendly refrigerants, high temperature heat pumps for use in industrial and commercial applications, natural refrigerant heat pumps for residential buildings and a connected ecosystem for homes including solar photovoltaic, batteries and a differentiated digital platform, all supported by extensive service and aftermarket offerings. In addition, to address the cooling demands from the growth in data centers and the increasing intensity of performance requirements, we developed Carrier QuantumLeap™, an integrated solution that combines traditional and liquid cooling with advanced building and server management systems. This approach delivers an efficient, differentiated offering to enhance data center performance for our customers.

### ***Strategic Capital Allocation***

Our priorities for capital deployment include funding organic growth, acquisitions and capital returns to shareowners through a growing and sustainable dividend and share repurchases. We pursue potential acquisitions to complement existing products and services and to expand the range of technologies and solutions available to our customers. We leverage our global operations, the strength of our iconic, industry-leading brands and our success in creating valuable partnerships to focus on targeted expansion into new locations and channels where we believe that we can drive profitable growth. These drivers are supported by research and development activities with a focus on new product development and new technology innovation. In addition, Carrier Ventures, our global venture capital wholly-owned subsidiary, focuses on investments to accelerate the development of sustainable innovations and disruptive technologies to transform future building and cold chain management. It engages in strategic partnerships with high growth organizations as they invest in the development of technologies to innovate and commercialize the next generation of integrated offerings.

### **Other Matters Relating to Our Business as a Whole**

#### ***Competitive Conditions***

Each of our businesses is subject to significant competition from a number of companies throughout the world. Due to the nature of our products and services and the markets we serve, our competition can vary from regional or specialized companies to larger public or private companies.

The most significant competitive factors we face are technology differentiation, product performance, service, delivery schedule and price. Brand reputation, service to customers and quality are also important competitive factors for our products and services. While our competitive position varies among our products and services, we are a significant competitor with respect to each of our major product and service offerings. We believe that the loss of any individual contract or customer would not have a material adverse effect on our results.

#### ***Raw Materials and Supplies***

We rely on suppliers and commodity markets to secure components and raw materials such as copper, aluminum and steel. In addition, we also use semi-conductors and other electronic components in the manufacture of our products. To maximize our buying effectiveness and leverage our scale, we have a central strategic sourcing group that consolidates purchases of certain materials and components across our business segments. We work closely with our suppliers to ensure availability of products and implement other cost savings initiatives. In addition, we continue to invest in our supply chain to improve its resilience with a focus on automation, dual sourcing of critical components and localized manufacturing when feasible.

#### ***Intellectual Property***

We maintain a broad portfolio of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, licenses and franchises related to our business to protect our research and development investments and to maintain our competitive advantages. We hold approximately 11,000 active patents and pending patent applications worldwide. From time to time, we take actions to protect our business by asserting our intellectual property rights against third-party infringement. We believe that we have taken reasonable measures to build and protect this portfolio of intellectual property rights, but we cannot be assured that these rights will not be challenged, found invalid or unenforceable.

### ***Operating System***

We plan to continue to foster operational, financial and commercial excellence to drive sales and earnings growth. With roots in our legacy manufacturing and business processes, the Carrier operating system — Carrier Excellence — is our continuous improvement framework that is expected to drive operational excellence across our businesses. Our Supplier Excellence program is intended to apply these same operating principles to our supply base and we continue to focus on strategic cost reductions through operational efficiency, digitalization, automation and supply chain productivity.

### ***Joint Ventures and Strategic Relationships***

Our joint ventures and strategic relationships are an important part of our business. We hold direct ownership interests in approximately 58 joint ventures, the financial results of which are accounted for by the equity method of accounting or the cost basis of accounting, of which 52% relates to Climate Solutions Americas and 38% relates to Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa. These relationships engage in distribution, manufacturing and product development activities and are integral to our business operations and growth strategy.

### ***Seasonality***

Demand for certain of our products and services is seasonal and can be impacted by weather conditions. For instance, sales and services of our HVAC products to residential customers have historically been higher in the second and third quarters of the calendar year, which represent the peak seasons for air conditioning-related sales in North America markets. A change in building and remodeling activity also can affect our financial performance. In addition, our financial performance may be influenced by the production and utilization of transport equipment, including truck production cycles in North America and Europe.

### ***Compliance with the Regulation of our Business and Operations***

We operate our businesses and sell our products all over the world. As a result, rapid changes in legislation, regulations and government policies affect our operations and business in the countries, regions and localities in which we operate and sell our products. While international frameworks like the Paris Agreement continue to shape climate policies abroad, the U.S. withdrawal from the accord creates a divergent regulatory environment. The resulting differences in international mandates, coupled with varying U.S. federal and local regulations aimed at reducing fossil fuel use, have the potential to impact our products and service offerings. Such changes, which can render our products and technologies non-compliant, involve refrigerants, noise levels, product and fire safety, hydrofluorocarbon emissions, fluorinated gases, hazardous substances and electric and electronic equipment waste. Increased fragmentation of regulatory requirements changes the manner in which we conduct our business and increases our costs because it necessitates the development of country or regional specific variants, monitoring of and compliance with those regulations and additional testing and certifications. In addition, our operations are subject to and affected by environmental regulations promulgated by federal, state and local authorities in the U.S. and by authorities with jurisdiction over our foreign operations. We have made, and will be required to continue to make, capital expenditures to design and upgrade our products to comply with or exceed environmental and other regulations and energy efficiency standards. However, we believe that the costs related to compliance requirements for environmental or other government regulations will not have a material adverse effect on our capital expenditures, financial results or competitive position.

### ***Environmental Goals***

As a global leader in intelligent climate and energy solutions, we are committed to making the world safer, sustainable and more comfortable. We have set ambitious sustainability goals to be reached by 2030, which include the following:

- Invest over \$4 billion to develop intelligent climate and energy solutions that reduce environmental impacts,
- Avoid more than 1 gigaton of customer greenhouse gas emissions,
- Achieve carbon neutral operations,
- Reduce energy intensity by 10% across our operations,
- Develop water stewardship programs across our global operations, prioritizing water-scarce locations, and
- Promote sustainability and positively impact communities and our workforce through education, partnerships, programs and volunteering our time and talent.

## ***Human Capital Management***

At Carrier, we strive to connect our people to our purpose, our vision, our strategic priorities, our culture and each other, with the ultimate goal to engage our teams, drive success and create value for our customers and shareowners.

### *Culture and People*

Our operating fundamentals - *The Carrier Way*, *Leading People The Carrier Way*, and *Carrier Excellence* – serve as a basis for how we operate our company and drive success, as One Team. *The Carrier Way* outlines our vision, values, and cultural behaviors. *Leading People The Carrier Way* sets expectations for people leaders and how we build the best teams. *Carrier Excellence* is our continuous improvement operating system, a mindset that focuses the organization on problem-solving, enhancing efficiency, and delivering high-quality outcomes across all facets of our business.

Our employees collaborate as one team across more than 52 countries. We develop and deploy best-in-class programs and practices, provide enriching career opportunities, listen to employee feedback and always challenge ourselves to do better. As of December 31, 2025, we had approximately 47,000 employees worldwide, of which 34% are located in the Americas, 36% are located in Europe and 30% are located in Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa.

We are an employer of choice and we focus on our *Build Best Teams* cultural behavior priority through the deployment of our talent ecosystem that connects strategy, embeds talent in our culture and activates it through people programs, processes and leadership. One of our core values in *The Carrier Way*, inclusion, is fundamental to who we are and what we do. We aspire to have an inclusive culture where each and every employee can come to work, every day, feeling like they belong, and can contribute to their fullest and greatest potential. We continuously evaluate, modify and enhance our recruitment and retention strategies as part of the overall management of our business.

Aligned to our fundamentals and talent ecosystem, we promote learning and development through technical and leadership programs, as well as tuition assistance to enhance our employees' skills and abilities. Our offerings include an online platform, strategic partnerships and on-site technical training centers. We conduct annual leadership development reviews to identify future leaders and foster succession planning. We also renew our talent pipeline with internships and early career rotational programs. Through a strategic approach to human capital, we are creating an environment where employees thrive, belong, and contribute to a more sustainable and resilient world.

### *Employee Well-being, Health and Safety*

Creating an environment where employees thrive includes prioritizing health, safety, and overall well-being. We are committed to maintaining world-class standards.

Our Environmental, Health and Safety program is focused on eliminating the risk of serious injuries, illness and fatalities to employees, contractors and customers during manufacturing, installation, servicing and other business activities. We apply rigorous standards to ensure that our operations and premises comply with national and local regulations and our incident reporting requirements. For 2025, our total recordable incident rate ("TRIR"), based upon the number of employee injuries per 200,000 hours worked, was 0.35 and our lost time incident rate ("LTIR") was 0.13.

Our global well-being programs support employees' physical, mental and financial health, offering flexible benefits, mental health resources, hybrid-work and financial planning tools. Our total rewards philosophy is designed to align the compensation of our employees with individual and company performance and to provide market-competitive total rewards to attract, retain and motivate employees to achieve superior results.

We measure employee engagement through three company-wide *Pulse* surveys each year, which assess employee sentiment related to company priorities, leadership practices, and inclusion, and what we can do to improve the overall employee experience.

As of December 31, 2025, in the U.S., 78% of our approximately 3,800 production and maintenance employees were covered under six collective bargaining agreements with expiration dates ranging from 2026 to 2029. In Europe, approximately 16,500 employees are represented by a European Works Council and, at national and local levels, we inform and consult with 42 local works councils and with unions representing employees at approximately 40 sites. Relations with our labor unions and works councils are generally positive.

## Corporate Information

Carrier was incorporated in Delaware in connection with the Separation on March 15, 2019. Our principal executive offices are located at 13995 Pasteur Boulevard, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33418, and our telephone number is (561) 365-2000. We maintain an Internet website at [www.carrier.com](http://www.carrier.com).

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

### RISK FACTOR SUMMARY

#### Risks Related to Our Business

- Risks associated with our international operations could adversely affect our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.
- We are party to joint ventures and other strategic relationships, which may not be successful and may expose us to unique risks and restrictions.
- Risks associated with climate events, government regulations and incentives associated with climate events and mitigation efforts could adversely affect our business.
- Demand for our HVAC products and services is influenced by weather conditions, seasonality, macroeconomic conditions and other factors.
- Our business and financial performance depend on continued and substantial investments in our information and operational technology infrastructure, which may not yield anticipated benefits and which may be vulnerable to cyber-attacks.
- Cybersecurity incidents could disrupt business operations, result in the loss of critical and confidential information, and adversely impact our reputation and results of operations.
- We engage in acquisitions and divestitures and may encounter difficulties integrating acquired businesses with, or disposing of businesses from, our current operations; therefore, we may not realize the anticipated benefits of these acquisitions and divestitures.
- We incurred debt obligations, and we may incur additional debt in the future, which could adversely affect our business and profitability and our ability to meet other obligations.
- We depend on our intellectual property and have access to certain intellectual property and information of our customers and suppliers. Infringement of or the failure to protect that intellectual property could adversely affect our future growth and success.
- We use a variety of raw materials, supplier-provided parts, and third-party service providers in our business. The ability of suppliers to deliver materials, parts, components and manufacturing equipment to our manufacturing facilities, and our ability to manufacture without disruption, could affect our business performance. Significant shortages, supplier capacity constraints or production disruptions, price increases, duties, tariffs or other government actions could increase our operating costs, disrupt our operations and adversely impact the competitive positions of our products.
- We design, manufacture and service products that incorporate advanced technologies. The introduction of new products and technologies involves risks, and we may not realize the degree or timing of benefits initially anticipated.
- We operate in a competitive environment and our profitability and competitive position depend on our ability to accurately estimate the costs and timing of providing our products and services.
- Customers and others may take disruptive actions.
- Labor matters may impact our business.
- Our defined benefit pension plans are subject to financial market risks that could adversely affect our results.
- We may not realize expected benefits from our cost reduction and restructuring efforts, and our profitability or our business otherwise might be adversely affected.
- Failure to achieve and maintain a high level of product and service quality could damage our reputation with customers and negatively impact our results.
- We are subject to litigation, environmental and other legal and compliance risks.
- We are subject to risks arising from doing business with the U.S. government.
- We may recognize impairment charges for our goodwill and intangible assets.

- Failure to maintain a satisfactory credit rating could adversely affect our liquidity, capital position, borrowing costs and access to the capital markets.

#### **Risks Related to the Separation from UTC**

- After the Separation and the Distribution, certain members of management, directors and shareowners own stock in UTC, Carrier and Otis and as a result may face actual or potential conflicts of interest.
- In connection with the Separation into three independent public companies, each of UTC, Carrier and Otis has agreed to indemnify the other parties for certain liabilities. If we are required to pay UTC and/or Otis under these indemnities, our financial results could be negatively impacted. Also, the UTC or Otis indemnities may not be sufficient to hold us harmless from the full amount of liabilities for which UTC and Otis have been allocated responsibility, and UTC and/or Otis may not be able to satisfy their respective indemnification obligations in the future.
- In certain circumstances, we could be required to indemnify UTC for material taxes and other related amounts pursuant to indemnification obligations under the TMA.
- Potential liabilities may arise due to fraudulent transfer considerations, which would adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

#### **Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

- The market price and trading volume of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.
- Shareowner's percentage of ownership in our common stock may be diluted in the future.
- Quarterly cash dividends may be discontinued or modified, are subject to a number of uncertainties and may affect the price of our common stock.
- Our amended and restated bylaws designate the courts within the State of Delaware as the sole and exclusive forum for certain types of actions and proceedings that may be initiated by our shareowners, which could discourage lawsuits against Carrier and our directors and officers.
- Anti-takeover provisions could enable our Board of Directors to resist a takeover attempt by a third party and limit the power of our shareowners.

#### **General Risks**

- Natural disasters, epidemics or other unexpected events may disrupt our operations, adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition, and may not be fully covered by insurance.
- We may be affected by global economic, capital market and political conditions, and conditions in the energy, construction, transportation and infrastructure industries in particular. Uncertainty in U.S. trade policy, including uncertainty surrounding changes in tariffs, trade agreements or other trade restrictions imposed by the U.S. or other governments, as well as political conditions in and between the United States and foreign countries in which we operate, could significantly and adversely affect our business and financial results.
- Our business success depends on attracting and retaining key personnel and other talent throughout the Company.
- Additional tax expense or additional tax exposures could affect our future profitability.
- Failure to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act could materially and adversely affect us.

## **RISK FACTORS**

Our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flows can be impacted by the factors set forth subsequently, any one of which could cause our actual results to vary materially from recent results or from our anticipated future results.

### **Risks Related to Our Business**

*Risks associated with our international operations could adversely affect our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.*

Approximately 52% of our net sales for the year ended December 31, 2025, are derived from international operations, including U.S. export sales. As a result, changes in local and regional economic conditions, including fluctuating exchange rates, may adversely affect demand for our products and the profits generated by our non-U.S. operations because a significant portion of our sales and expenses are denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars. While we attempt to manage our exchange rate risks, we are not completely insulated from that exposure. Exchange rates can be volatile and a substantial weakening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar could reduce our operating margins in various locations outside of the U.S., which would adversely impact the comparability of our results from period to period.

Our international sales and operations are also subject to the risks associated with changes in local government regulations and policies regarding investments, employment, taxation, incentives, foreign exchange and capital controls and the repatriation of earnings. Moreover, government regulations and policies regarding international trade, such as import quotas, punitive taxes or tariffs or similar trade barriers, including counter-tariffs and other retaliatory trade policies, whether imposed by individual governments or regional trade blocs, can affect demand for our products and services, impact the competitive position of our products or services or encumber our ability to manufacture or sell or procure products in certain countries. The implementation of more restrictive trade policies, including tariffs, by the U.S. or by other countries, such as China and Mexico, where we sell or produce our products and services or procure materials, or unpredictability or rapid shifts in trade policies, including as a result of trade conflict between the U.S. and other countries, have in the past negatively impacted, and could in the future negatively impact, our business, results of operations and financial condition. Our international sales and operations are also sensitive to political and economic instability, changes in foreign national priorities and government budgets, and the risks associated with differing legal systems and customs in foreign countries.

We expect that sales to emerging markets will continue to account for a significant portion of our sales as developing nations around the world increase their demand for our products. In addition, as part of our globalization strategy, we have invested in certain countries, including Mexico, Brazil, China, India, Saudi Arabia and other countries in the Middle East. Emerging markets can present many risks, including cultural differences (such as employment and business practices), compliance risks, economic and government instability, exchange rate fluctuations and the imposition of foreign exchange and capital controls. While these factors and their impact are difficult to predict, any one or more of them could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

*We are party to joint ventures and other strategic relationships, which may not be successful and may expose us to unique risks and restrictions.*

Our business operations, particularly in our Climate Solutions Americas and Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa segments, depend on various strategic relationships, namely, joint ventures and non-wholly owned subsidiaries. We sell our products and services through certain key distributor, joint venture and similar relationships, including the Carrier Enterprise joint ventures with Watsco, Inc., AHI-Carrier FZC, a United Arab Emirates-based joint venture and various joint ventures with members of the Midea Group.

Some of our strategic relationships engage in manufacturing and/or product development. Loss of a key channel partner, or a significant downturn or deterioration in the business or financial condition of a key channel partner, joint venture or similar relationship, whether related to, among other things, a labor strike, diminished liquidity or credit unavailability, weak demand for products or delays in the launch of new products, could adversely affect our results of operations in a particular period or the value of our equity investment. If we are not successful in maintaining our strategic distribution relationships, our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows may be adversely affected.

In addition, our ability to apply our internal controls and governance and compliance policies to our minority-held joint ventures is limited and can expose us to additional financial and reputational risks. We seek to take proactive steps to mitigate these concerns, including through audits and similar reviews.

Joint ventures and strategic relationships inherently involve certain other risks. Whether or not we hold a majority interest or maintain operational control in such arrangements, our partners and similar business associates may, for example: (1) have economic or business interests or objectives that are inconsistent with or contrary to our own; (2) exercise veto or other rights, to the extent available, to block actions that we believe are in our or the joint venture's best interests; (3) act contrary to our policies or objectives; or (4) be unable or unwilling to fulfill their obligations.

In addition, there can be no assurance that any particular joint venture or strategic relationship will continue to be beneficial to us in the long term. For example, some of our joint ventures or other strategic agreements prohibit us from competing in certain geographic markets or product and services channels, and these restrictions may apply to other products and services we develop or businesses we acquire in the future.

***Risks associated with climate events, government regulations and incentives associated with climate events and mitigation efforts could adversely affect our business.***

The effects of climate events, including increased frequency and intensity of extreme weather conditions and water scarcity, create financial risks to our business. The potential impacts of climate events on our operations are highly uncertain and depend upon the unique geographic and environmental factors present; for example rising sea levels at certain of our facilities, changing storm patterns and intensities and changing temperature levels. The effects of climate events could disrupt our operations by impacting the availability and cost of materials and by increasing insurance and other operating costs. The effects of climate events also may impact our decisions to construct new facilities or maintain existing facilities in the areas most prone to physical risks, which could similarly increase our operating and material costs. We could also face indirect financial risks passed through the supply chain that could result in higher prices for our products and the resources needed to produce them. Potential adverse impacts from climate events may create health and safety issues for employees operating at our facilities and may lead to an inability to maintain standard operating hours.

There is a general consensus that greenhouse gas emissions are linked to climate events, and that these emissions must be reduced dramatically to avert its worst effects. Increased public awareness and concern about climate events may continue to: (1) generate more international, regional and/or national requirements to curtail the use of high global warming potential refrigerants (e.g., the Kigali Amendment to the Montreal Protocol and the American Innovation and Manufacturing ("AIM") Act of 2020, which are essential to many of our products); (2) increase building energy and cold chain efficiency; (3) cause a shift away from the use of fossil fuels as an energy source, including natural gas prohibitions; and (4) lead to the adoption of additional rules and regulations surrounding public disclosures relating to greenhouse gas emissions, including those adopted in California and the European Union as well as in other jurisdictions, which may vary by jurisdiction. In some instances, these requirements may render our existing technology, particularly some of our HVAC and refrigeration products, non-compliant or obsolete and we may be required to make increased capital expenditures to meet new regulations and standards, changing interpretations and stricter enforcement of current laws and regulations, or divergent requirements across jurisdictions in which we operate. Furthermore, our customers and the markets we serve may impose emissions or other environmental standards through regulation, market-based emissions policies or consumer preferences that we may not be able to timely meet due to our required level of capital investment and technology advancement. While we are committed to pursuing sustainable solutions for our products, there can be no assurance that our development efforts will be successful, that our products will be accepted by the market, that proposed regulations or deregulation will not have an adverse effect on our competitive position, or that economic returns will justify our investments in new product development.

At the same time, U.S. energy and climate policy may not align with the above trends. Inconsistent international, regional and/or national requirements associated with climate regulations, including the withdrawal by the U.S. from the Paris Climate Agreement, also create economic and regulatory uncertainty. There is also regulatory and budgetary uncertainty associated with government incentives, which, if discontinued or materially reduced, could adversely impact the demand for energy-efficient buildings and homes and could increase costs of compliance. Further, the retraction of existing and implementation of new U.S. energy and/or climate policy and incentives could significantly and adversely impact our business, strategic direction and growth plans.

We have set sustainability goals to be achieved by 2030, which include investing over \$4 billion to develop intelligent climate and energy solutions that reduce environmental impacts, avoiding more than 1 gigaton of customer greenhouse gas emissions, achieving carbon neutral operations and reducing energy intensity by 10% across our operations. Although we intend to meet these goals, we have expended and may be required to continue to expend significant resources to do so, which has increased and could continue to increase our operational costs. Further, there can be no assurance of the extent to which any of our goals will be achieved, or that any future expenditures or investments we make in furtherance of achieving such goals will be available, effective, meet investor expectations or any binding or non-binding legal standards regarding sustainability performance. For example, to make substantial progress toward or to meet some of these goals, we may need to purchase or deploy a combination of renewable energy utility contracts, carbon credits or offsets, energy-efficient or low-emission products or operations, or carbon sequestration technologies, and there can be no assurance of the extent to which such contracts, credits, offsets, products, operations or technologies will be available or effective in reducing emissions or energy intensity. As global regulatory reporting obligations continue to emerge and evolve, we strive to align our sustainability disclosures to global reporting requirements, standards, and best practices. To the extent that reporting gaps exist as reporting standards change over time, this could result in increased compliance costs and risks.

Moreover, we may determine that it is in the best interest of our company and our shareowners to prioritize other business, social, governance or sustainability investments over the achievement of our current goals based on economic, regulatory and social factors, business strategy or pressure from investors, activist groups or other stakeholders. If we are unable to make substantial progress toward or meet these goals, then we could incur adverse publicity and reaction from investors, activist groups or other stakeholders, which could adversely impact the perception of us and our products and services by current and potential customers, as well as investors, which could in turn adversely impact our results of operations. Differing views of environmental, social and governance issues may also increase the risk that our goals or actions taken to meet our goals would be viewed unfavorably by investors, activist groups, current and potential customers, employees and other stakeholders.

***Demand for our HVAC products and services is influenced by weather conditions and seasonality.***

Demand for our HVAC products and services, representing our largest segments by sales, is seasonal and affected by the weather. Cooler than normal summers depress sales of our replacement air conditioning products and services and warmer than normal winters have the same effect on our heating products. Historically, sales to residential HVAC customers tend to be higher in the second and third quarters of the year because, in the U.S. and other northern hemisphere regions, spring and summer are the peak seasons for sales of air conditioning systems and services. In these circumstances, the results of any quarterly period may not be indicative of expected results for a full year, and unusual weather patterns or events could positively or negatively affect our business and impact overall results of operations.

***Our business and financial performance depend on continued and substantial investments in our information and operational technology infrastructure, which may not yield anticipated benefits and which may be vulnerable to cyber-attacks.***

The efficient operation of our business requires continued and substantial investments in information technology ("IT") and operational technology ("OT", together, "Technology") infrastructure systems. The failure to design, develop, maintain and implement Technology infrastructure systems in an effective and timely manner or to maintain these systems could divert management's attention and resources. Our information systems may also become obsolete because of inadequate investments, requiring an unplanned transition to a new platform that could be time consuming, costly, and damaging to our competitive position and could require additional management attention. Repeated or prolonged interruptions of service because of poor execution, inadequate investments or obsolescence could have a significant adverse impact on our reputation and our ability to sell products and services.

***Cybersecurity incidents could disrupt business operations, result in the loss of critical and confidential information, and adversely impact our reputation and results of operations.***

Our business has been and may again in the future be impacted by disruptions to our or third-party providers' Technology infrastructure, which have resulted and could in the future result from (among other causes) cyber-attacks, infrastructure failures or compromises to our physical security. Cyber-based risks are evolving and include attacks: (i) on our Technology infrastructure; (ii) targeting the security, integrity and/or availability of hardware and software; (iii) exploiting weaknesses or vulnerabilities in our products, or capturing information installed, stored or transmitted in our products (including after the purchase of those products and when they are installed into, or into environments using, third-party products); and (iv) on facilities or similar infrastructure. Such attacks could disrupt our systems (or those of third parties) and business operations, impact the ability of our products to work as intended or result in the unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification or destruction of information in violation of applicable law and/or contractual obligations. We continue to make investments and adopt measures to enhance our protection, detection, response and recovery capabilities, and to mitigate potential risks to our technology, products, services, operations and confidential data. However, depending on the nature, sophistication and scope of cyber-attacks, it is possible that potential vulnerabilities could go undetected for an extended period. As a result, we could potentially experience: (i) production downtimes; (ii) operational delays or other detrimental impacts on our operations; (iii) destruction or corruption of our data (or data at or third-party providers); (iv) security breaches; (v) manipulation or improper use of our or third-party systems, networks or products; and (vi) financial losses from remedial actions, loss of business, liability, penalties, fines and/or damage to our reputation, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition. Due to the evolving nature of such risks, the impact of any potential incident cannot be predicted.

In addition, because of the global nature of our business, our internal systems and products must comply with applicable laws, regulations and standards in a number of jurisdictions, and government enforcement actions and violations of data privacy and cybersecurity laws could be costly or interrupt our business operations. Any disruption to our business arising from such issues, or an increase in our costs to cover these issues that is greater than what we have anticipated, could have an adverse effect on our reputation, competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

These risks are heightened by the increasingly connected nature of our products and services as we continue to focus on providing digitally-enabled lifecycle solutions to our customers, including due to the use of third-party products to connect these products and services to the internet, which may be subject to additional vulnerabilities beyond our control.

***We engage in acquisitions and divestitures and may encounter difficulties integrating acquired businesses with, or disposing of businesses from, our current operations; therefore, we may not realize the anticipated benefits of these acquisitions and divestitures.***

We seek to grow through strategic acquisitions in addition to organic growth. In the past several years, we have acquired consolidated and minority-owned businesses in an effort to complement and expand our business, including the acquisition of the VCS Business, which we completed on January 2, 2024. We expect to continue such pursuits in the future. Our due diligence reviews may not identify all of the issues necessary to accurately estimate the cost and potential loss contingencies of a particular transaction, including potential exposure to regulatory sanctions resulting from an acquisition target's historical activities.

In connection with these acquisitions, we have in the past incurred, and expect to incur in the future, significant costs, including in connection with the integration of such businesses. For example, in connection with the integration of the VCS Business, we incurred transaction fees and costs related to formulating integration plans and achieving cost synergies, and the execution of our integration plans may lead to additional unanticipated costs, including costs related to employee retention, redeployment, relocation or severance fees, as well as costs necessary to maintain employee morale and to attract, motivate or retain management personnel and other key employees. Furthermore, integrating a business, including the VCS Business, may result in material challenges, including the diversion of management's attention from ongoing business concerns; retaining key management and other employees; retaining or attracting business and operational relationships; managing the expenses and operational challenges of the integration process; consolidating corporate and administrative infrastructures; coordinating geographically separate organizations; loss of customers, distributors, suppliers, and other business partners of the acquired business; unanticipated issues in integrating information technology, communications, internal controls and other systems; as well as potential unknown liabilities and unforeseen expenses related to integration. We ultimately may not realize, and have sometimes not realized, the degree or timing of benefits or cost synergies we anticipate when we first enter into a transaction.

We also may incur, and have incurred, unanticipated costs or expenses, including asset impairment and other charges and expenses associated with litigation and other liabilities. In addition, in connection with certain acquisitions including the acquisition of the VCS Business, we have disclosed and may from time to time disclose, unaudited pro forma financial information. This pro forma financial information is presented for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what our actual financial position or results of operations would have been had the acquisition been completed on the dates indicated therein. Further, our actual results and financial position may differ materially and adversely from the unaudited pro forma financial information, including due to certain adjustments made by our management, and due to changes between preliminary estimates of the fair value of assets to be acquired and liabilities to be assumed, and the final acquisition accounting. Additionally, accounting requirements relating to business combinations, including the requirement to expense certain acquisition costs as incurred, may cause us to incur greater earnings volatility and generally lower earnings subsequent to periods in which we acquire new businesses. Any of the foregoing could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

We also make strategic divestitures from time to time, including the dispositions during 2024 of Access Solutions, Industrial Fire, CCR and the CRF Business, as well as the pending disposition of the Riello business which is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. These and other divestitures may result in continued financial exposure to the divested businesses, such as through guarantees, other financial arrangements, continued supply and services arrangements or through the retention of liabilities, such as for environmental and product liability claims. Under these arrangements, nonperformance by those divested businesses or claims against retained liabilities could result in the imposition of obligations that could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

The success of future acquisitions, divestitures and joint ventures will depend on the satisfaction of conditions precedent to such transactions, which will depend in part on the ability of the parties to secure any required regulatory approvals in a timely manner, among other things.

***We incurred debt obligations, and we may incur additional debt in the future, which could adversely affect our business and profitability and our ability to meet other obligations.***

As of December 31, 2025, we had approximately \$11.5 billion in aggregate principal amount of outstanding indebtedness. See Note 7 – Borrowings and Lines of Credit in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements and the section entitled "Liquidity and Financial Condition" in this Annual Report for additional information. We may also incur additional indebtedness in the future, including via issuance of commercial paper, under our Revolving Credit Facility or by issuing additional notes.

Our debt obligations could potentially have important consequences to us and our debt and equity investors, including: (1) requiring a substantial portion of our cash flows from operations to make debt service payments or to refinance our indebtedness as it becomes due, making it more difficult for us to satisfy our other priorities and obligations; (2) increasing the risk of a future credit ratings downgrade of our debt, which could increase future debt costs and limit the future availability of debt financing; (3) increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions; (4) reducing the cash flows available to fund capital expenditures and other corporate purposes and to grow our business; (5) limiting our flexibility in pursuing strategic opportunities or planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry; (6) placing us at a competitive disadvantage relative to our competitors that may not be as highly leveraged; and (7) limiting our ability to borrow additional funds as needed or take advantage of business opportunities as they arise, pay cash dividends or repurchase shares.

Our ability to make scheduled payments of the principal of, to pay interest on or to refinance our indebtedness depends on our future performance, which is subject to economic, financial, competitive, regulatory factors, and other factors beyond our control. Our cash flow from operations in the future may be insufficient to service our indebtedness because of factors beyond our control, including if our actual cash requirements in the future are greater than expected. If we are unable to generate the necessary cash flow, we may be required to adopt one or more alternatives, such as selling assets, restructuring debt or obtaining additional equity capital on terms that may be onerous or highly dilutive. Our ability to refinance our indebtedness will depend on the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. We may not be able to engage in any of these activities or engage in these activities on desirable terms, which could result in a default on our debt obligations.

As described in Note 7 – Borrowings and Lines of Credit in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements and "Liquidity and Financial Condition," the agreements governing our indebtedness contain covenants restricting our financial flexibility in a number of ways, including, among other things, restrictions on our ability and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to incur liens, to make certain fundamental changes and to enter into sale and leaseback transactions. In addition, some of the agreements governing our indebtedness require that we not exceed a maximum consolidated total leverage ratio and contain certain customary events of default, including related to changes of control. As of the date of this report, we were in compliance with the covenants under the agreements governing our outstanding indebtedness. Our ability to comply with such restrictions and covenants, some of which have already been amended as described above, may be affected by events beyond our control. If we breach any of these restrictions or covenants and do not obtain a waiver from the lenders or holders, as applicable, then, subject to the applicable cure periods and conditions, any outstanding indebtedness could be declared immediately due and payable.

Apart from these covenants, neither we nor any of our subsidiaries are restricted from incurring additional unsecured debt or liabilities, and to the extent that we incur additional indebtedness, the foregoing risks could increase.

***We depend on our intellectual property and have access to certain intellectual property and information of our customers and suppliers. Infringement of or the failure to protect that intellectual property could adversely affect our future growth and success.***

Our intellectual property rights are important to our business and include numerous patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, proprietary technology, technical data, business processes and other confidential information. Although we consider our intellectual property rights in the aggregate to be valuable, we do not believe that our business is materially dependent on a single intellectual property right or any group of them. We nonetheless rely on a combination of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, nondisclosure agreements, customer and supplier agreements, license agreements, Technology security systems, internal controls and compliance systems and other measures to protect our intellectual property. We also rely on nondisclosure agreements, Technology security systems and other measures to protect certain customer and supplier information and intellectual property that we have in our possession or to which we have access. Our efforts to protect such intellectual property and proprietary information may not be sufficient, however.

We cannot be sure that our pending patent applications will result in the issuance of patents, that patents issued to or licensed by us in the past or in the future will not be challenged or circumvented by competitors, or that these patents will be found to be valid or sufficiently broad to preclude our competitors from introducing technologies similar to those covered by our patents and patent applications.

In addition, we may be the target of competitor or other third-party patent enforcement actions (for example, brought by owners of Standard Essential Patents or other relevant patents) seeking substantial monetary damages or seeking to prevent the sale and marketing of certain of our products. Our competitive position also may be adversely impacted by limitations on our ability to obtain possession, ownership or necessary licenses concerning data important to the development or sale of our products or service offerings, or by limitations on our ability to restrict the use by others of data related to our products or services. Any of these events or factors could subject us to judgments, penalties and significant litigation costs or temporarily or permanently disrupt our sales and marketing of the affected products or services and could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

***We use a variety of raw materials, supplier-provided parts, finished goods, and third-party service providers in our business. The ability of suppliers to deliver materials, parts, components, finished goods, and manufacturing equipment to our manufacturing facilities, and our ability to manufacture and distribute without disruption, could affect our business performance. Significant shortages, supplier capacity constraints, supplier disputes, supplier quality issues, or production disruptions, price increases, duties, tariffs or other government actions could increase our operating costs, disrupt our operations and adversely impact the competitive positions of our products.***

Our reliance on suppliers and commodity markets to secure components (such as motors and valves), finished goods (including products purchased directly from suppliers for resale), and raw materials (such as copper, aluminum and steel), as well as on service providers to deliver our products, exposes us to volatility in the prices and availability of these materials, products, and services. We use a wide range of materials, finished goods, and components in the global production and distribution of our products, which come from numerous suppliers around the world. Because some key parts and finished goods may be available only from a single supplier or a limited group of suppliers, we are subject to supply and pricing risk. In addition, certain proprietary component parts used in some of our products are provided by single-source unaffiliated third-party suppliers. We would be unable to obtain these proprietary components for an indeterminate period of time if these single-source suppliers were to cease or interrupt production or otherwise fail to supply these components to us, which could adversely affect our product sales and operating results. Our supply chain could be impacted by climate events through extreme weather, resulting in delivery or production disruptions and increased material costs. In addition, other issues with suppliers (such as capacity constraints, quality issues, consolidations, closings or bankruptcies), price increases, raw material/component/finished good shortages, regulatory limitations, government actions, or the decreased availability of trucks and other delivery services could also have a material adverse effect on our ability to meet our commitments to customers or increase our operating costs. Periodic disruptions in our supply chains have resulted, and may continue to result, in sufficient inventory not being available in a timely manner or during the appropriate season as well as higher freight and other logistic costs, including increased carrier rates, which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We use various tactical and strategic actions to mitigate our raw material, finished good, and supply chain risks and challenges, including consolidating commodity purchases, locking in prices of expected purchases of certain raw materials, finished goods and components, dual sourcing, increasing regionalization, requirements as to safety stock, proactive engagement with suppliers and our workforce and dynamic management of freight costs and availability. However, these efforts may be unsuccessful or could cause us to pay higher prices for a commodity when compared with the market price at the time the commodity is actually purchased or delivered. For example, the availability and prices of raw materials and supplies may be impacted as a result of, among other things, the imposition of tariffs, duties and other potential changes in trade policies. Our suppliers could also be subject to regulations including climate related regulations, compliance with which would increase our costs and the impacts of which are difficult to predict. We believe that our supply management and production practices appropriately balance the foreseeable risks and the costs of alternative practices or other mitigation. Nonetheless, these risks may have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

Our operations and those of our suppliers are subject to disruption for a variety of reasons, including epidemics, pandemics, supplier plant shutdowns or slowdowns, transportation delays, work stoppages, utility outages, labor relations, changes in laws or regulations, governmental regulatory and enforcement actions, intellectual property claims against suppliers, financial issues such as a supplier bankruptcy, Technology failures and hazards such as fire, earthquakes, flooding or other natural disasters. Insurance for certain disruptions may not be available, affordable or adequate. The effects of climate-related matters, including extreme weather events, long-term changes in temperature levels and water availability may exacerbate these risks. Such disruption has in the past and could in the future interrupt our ability to manufacture certain products. Any significant disruption could have a material adverse impact on our competitive position.

***We design, manufacture and service products that incorporate advanced technologies. The introduction of new products and technologies involves risks, and we may not realize the degree or timing of benefits initially anticipated.***

Our future success depends on designing, developing, producing, selling and supporting innovative products that incorporate advanced technologies. The regulations and policies applicable to our products, as well as our customers' product and service needs, change from time to time. Moreover, regulatory and policy changes, inclusive of those aimed at addressing energy infrastructure and incentives and climate events and its impacts, may render our products and technologies non-compliant or noncompetitive and may subject us to operational, compliance, business and reputational risks. Our ability to realize the anticipated benefits of our technological advancements or product improvements – including those associated with regulatory or policy changes – depends on a variety of factors, including: meeting development, production and regulatory approval schedules; meeting performance plans and expectations; the availability of raw materials and parts; our suppliers' performance; the hiring, training and deployment of qualified personnel; achieving efficiencies; identifying emerging regulatory, policy and technological trends; validating innovative technologies; the level of customer interest in new technologies and products; and the costs and customer acceptance of our new or improved products.

Our products and services also may incorporate technologies developed or manufactured by third parties, which, when combined with our technology or products, creates additional risks and uncertainties. As a result, the performance and market acceptance of these third-party products and services could affect the level of customer interest and acceptance of our own products in the marketplace.

Our research and development efforts, including those that advance environmental sustainability, may not culminate in new technologies or timely products, or may not meet the needs of our customers as effectively as competitive offerings. Our competitors may develop competing technologies that gain market acceptance before or instead of our products. In addition, we may not be successful in anticipating or reacting to changes in the regulatory or policy environments in which our products are sold, and the markets for our products may not develop or grow as we anticipate.

***We operate in a competitive environment and our profitability and competitive position depend on our ability to accurately estimate the costs and timing of providing our products and services.***

In certain of our businesses, our contracts are typically awarded on a competitive basis. Our bids are based upon, among other factors, the cost to timely provide the products and services. To generate an acceptable return, we must accurately estimate our costs and schedule. If we fail to do so, the profitability of contracts may be adversely affected – including because some of our contracts provide for liquidated damages if we do not perform on time – which could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

***Customers and others may take disruptive actions.***

From time to time customers and others may seek to become suppliers or integrators of products and services that compete with our own or pursue other strategies to disrupt our business model. For example, an affiliate of a customer in our transport refrigeration business produces refrigeration units for shipping containers that compete with our products, and another one of our transport refrigeration customers produces refrigeration units for truck trailers that compete with our refrigeration units. In addition, our customers or existing or future competitors may seek to introduce non-traditional business models or disruptive technologies and products in the industries in which we participate, resulting in increased competition and new dynamics in these industries.

***Labor matters may impact our business.***

A significant portion of our employees are represented by labor unions or works councils in a number of countries under various collective bargaining agreements with varying durations and expiration dates. See the section entitled "Other Matters Relating to Our Business as a Whole - Human Capital Management." We may not be able to successfully renegotiate each of these agreements before they expire. In addition, existing agreements may not prevent a strike or work stoppage, union and works council campaigns and other labor disputes. We may also be subject to general national or sector-level strikes or work stoppages unrelated to our specific business or collective bargaining agreements, for example, those resulting from geopolitical instability or social unrest. Additionally, a shortage in certain work forces, such as technicians, manufacturing workers or truck drivers, due to external forces such as geopolitical strife or pandemics, may impact our business by affecting the ability to produce, install, sell and deliver our products. Any such work stoppages (or potential work stoppages) or labor shortages could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, productivity, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

***Our defined benefit pension plans are subject to financial market risks that could adversely affect our results.***

The performance of the financial markets and interest rates can impact our defined benefit pension plan expenses and funding obligations. Significant decreases in the discount rate or investment losses on plan assets may increase our funding obligations and adversely impact our financial results. See Note 10 – Employee Benefit Plans to the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report for additional discussion on pension plans and related obligations and contingencies.

***We may not realize expected benefits from our cost reduction and restructuring efforts, and our profitability or our business otherwise might be adversely affected.***

In order to operate more efficiently and cost effectively, we have, and we may from time to time, adjust employment levels, optimize our footprint and/or implement other restructuring activities. These activities are complex and may involve or require significant changes to our operations. If we do not successfully manage these activities, expected efficiencies and benefits might be delayed or not realized. Risks associated with these actions and other workforce management issues include: unfavorable political responses and reputational harm; unforeseen delays in the implementation of the restructuring activities; additional costs; adverse effects on employee morale; the failure to meet operational targets due to the loss of employees or work stoppages; and difficulty managing our operations during or after facility consolidations, any of which may impair our ability to achieve anticipated cost reductions, harm our business or reputation, or have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

***Failure to achieve and maintain a high level of product and service quality could damage our reputation with customers and negatively impact our results.***

Product and service quality issues could harm customer confidence in our company and our brands. If certain of our product and service offerings do not meet applicable safety standards, as has previously occurred, or our customers' expectations regarding safety or quality, we can experience, and have experienced previously, lost sales and increased costs and we can be exposed, and have previously been exposed, to legal, financial and reputational risks. Actual, potential or perceived product safety concerns could expose us to litigation as well as government enforcement actions, which has also occurred in certain instances. In addition, when our products fail to perform as expected, we have been, and may in the future be, exposed to warranty, product liability, personal injury and other claims.

We maintain strict quality controls and procedures. However, we cannot be certain that these controls and procedures will reveal defects in our products or their raw materials, which may not become apparent until after the products have been placed in use in the market. Accordingly, there is a risk that products will have defects, which could require a product recall or field corrective action. Product recalls and field corrective actions can be expensive to implement and may damage our reputation, customer relationships and market share. We have conducted product recalls and field corrective actions in the past and may do so again in the future.

In many jurisdictions, product liability claims are not limited to any specified amount of recovery. If any such claims or contribution requests or requirements exceed our available insurance or if there is a product recall, there could be an adverse impact on our results of operations. In addition, a recall or claim could require us to review our entire product portfolio to assess whether similar issues are present in other products, which could result in a significant disruption to our business and which could have a further adverse impact on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. There can be no assurance that we will not experience any material warranty or product liability claims in the future, that we will not incur significant costs to defend such claims or that we will have adequate reserves to cover any recall, repair and replacement costs.

***We are subject to litigation, environmental and other legal and compliance risks.***

We are subject to a variety of litigation, legal and compliance risks including, without limitation, claims, lawsuits and/or regulatory enforcement actions relating to breach of contract, cybersecurity and data privacy, employment and labor, environmental and employee health and safety matters, global chemical compliance, intellectual property rights, personal injury, product safety and taxes as well as anti-corruption, competition and securities laws and other laws governing improper business practices. If found responsible in connection with such matters, we could be subject to significant fines, penalties, repayments and other damages (in certain cases, multiple damages) and experience reputational harm.

As a global business, we are subject to complex laws and regulations in the U.S. and other countries in which we operate. Those laws and regulations may be interpreted in different ways. They may also change from time to time, as may related interpretations and other guidance. Changes in laws or regulations could result in higher expenses. Uncertainty relating to laws or regulations may also affect how we operate, structure our investments and enforce our rights.

Global chemical use restrictions related to human health and the environment as well as climate event directives may require additional investments in product designs, resulting in increased manufacturing, production and sourcing costs as well as updates to product safety assessments. These restrictions may also increase our legal obligations regarding remediation of our current and legacy operational sites.

At times, we are involved in disputes with private parties over environmental issues, including litigation over the allocation of cleanup costs, alleged personal injuries and property damage. Existing and future asbestos-related claims could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Personal injury lawsuits may involve individual and putative class actions alleging that contaminants originating from our current or former products or operating facilities caused or contributed to medical conditions. Property damage lawsuits may involve claims relating to environmental damage or diminution of real estate values. Even in litigation where we believe our liability is remote, there is a risk that a negative outcome could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition, in particular with respect to environmental claims in regions where we have, or previously had, significant operations or where certain of our products have been manufactured and used.

We must comply with U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (“FCPA”), antitrust, anti-money laundering, and other anti-corruption and anti-collusion laws. Despite meaningful measures to ensure lawful conduct, which include training, audits and internal control policies and procedures, violations or allegations of violations of such laws may occur, and could disrupt our operations, cause reputational harm, involve significant management distraction, subject us to criminal and civil penalties, as well as disgorgement, and result in a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition. We could be required to make changes or enhancements to our compliance measures that could increase our costs, and we could be subject to other remedial actions.

We also must comply with various laws and regulations relating to the import and export of products, services and technology into and from the U.S. and other countries having jurisdiction over our operations. In the U.S., these laws include, amongst others, the Export Administration Regulations administered by the U.S. Department of Commerce and embargoes and sanctions regulations administered by the U.S. Department of the Treasury. Restrictions on the export of our products, services or technologies could have a material adverse effect on our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

For a description of material legal proceedings and regulatory matters, see the section entitled "Legal Proceedings" and Note 23 – Commitments and Contingent Liabilities in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

***We are subject to risks arising from doing business with the U.S. government.***

As a supplier and service provider to the U.S. government, including as a subcontractor under prime contracts with the U.S. government, we are subject to certain heightened risks, such as those associated with the government’s rights to audit and conduct investigations and with its rights to terminate contracts for convenience or default. In light of the current U.S. government contracting environment, we are and will continue to be the subject of U.S. government investigations relating to our U.S. government contracts or subcontracts. Such investigations often take years to complete and could result in administrative, civil or criminal liabilities, including repayments, fines, treble and other damages, forfeitures, restitution or penalties, or could lead to suspension or debarment of U.S. government contracting or of export privileges. For instance, if a business unit were charged with wrongdoing in connection with a U.S. government investigation (including fraud or violation of certain environmental or export laws), the U.S. government could suspend us from bidding on or receiving awards of new U.S. government contracts or subcontracts. If convicted or found liable, the U.S. government could fine and debar us from receiving new awards for a period generally not to exceed three years and could void any contracts found to be tainted by fraud. We also could suffer reputational harm if allegations of impropriety were made against us, even if such allegations are later determined to be unsubstantiated. There is also uncertainty in the current U.S. government contracting environment as to the extent of funding that may be available for future projects.

***We may recognize impairment charges for our goodwill and intangible assets.***

As of December 31, 2025, the net carrying value of our goodwill and intangible assets totaled \$15.5 billion and \$6.3 billion, respectively. Our intangible assets primarily consist of customer relationships, patents, trademarks and technology. We periodically assess these assets to determine if they are impaired. Significant negative industry or economic trends, disruptions to our business, planned or unexpected significant changes in the use of the assets, and sustained market capitalization declines may result in the impairment of goodwill or intangible assets. Any charges relating to such impairments could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations in the period in which the impairment is recognized.

***Failure to maintain a satisfactory credit rating could adversely affect our liquidity, capital position, borrowing costs and access to the capital markets.***

We have been issued an investment grade credit rating by each of Moody's Investors Services, Inc. ("Moody's") and Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). Any future downgrades could increase our borrowing costs, reduce market capacity for our commercial paper or require the posting of collateral under our derivative contracts. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our credit ratings, and any additional actual or anticipated changes or downgrades, including any announcement that our ratings are under review for a downgrade, may have a negative impact on our liquidity, capital position and access to the capital markets. Additionally, our credit agreements generally provide for an increase in interest rates if the ratings for our debt are downgraded.

**Risks Related to the Separation from UTC**

***After the Separation and the Distribution, certain members of management, directors and shareowners own stock in UTC, Carrier and Otis, and as a result may face actual or potential conflicts of interest.***

Following the Separation and the Distribution, certain members of management and the Board of Directors of each of UTC, Carrier and Otis own common stock in all three companies. This ownership overlap could create, or appear to create, potential conflicts of interest when the management and directors of one company face decisions that could have different implications for themselves and the other two companies. These agreements include a separation and distribution agreement, the TMA, the employee matters agreement, the intellectual property agreement and any commercial agreements between the parties or their affiliates. Potential conflicts of interest may also arise out of any commercial arrangements that we or UTC may enter into in the future. See Note 1 – Description of the Business in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report for additional information on these agreements.

***In connection with the Separation into three independent public companies, each of UTC, Carrier and Otis has agreed to indemnify the other parties for certain liabilities. If we are required to pay UTC and/or Otis under these indemnities, our financial results could be negatively impacted. Also, the UTC or Otis indemnities may not be sufficient to hold us harmless from the full amount of liabilities for which UTC and Otis have been allocated responsibility, and UTC and/or Otis may not be able to satisfy their respective indemnification obligations in the future.***

Pursuant to the separation and distribution agreement and certain other agreements among UTC, us and Otis, each party has agreed to indemnify the other parties for certain liabilities as discussed further in Note 1 – Description of the Business in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report. Indemnities that we may be required to provide UTC and/or Otis are not subject to any cap, may be significant and could negatively impact our business. Third parties could also seek to hold us responsible for any of the liabilities that UTC and/or Otis has agreed to retain. The indemnities from UTC and Otis for our benefit may not be sufficient to protect us against the full amount of such liabilities, and UTC and/or Otis may not be able to fully satisfy their respective indemnification obligations. Any amounts we are required to pay pursuant to such indemnification obligations and other liabilities could require us to divert cash that would otherwise have been used in furtherance of our operating business.

Moreover, even if we ultimately succeed in recovering from UTC or Otis, as applicable, we may be temporarily required to bear these losses. Each of these risks could negatively affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

***In certain circumstances, we could be required to indemnify UTC for material taxes and other related amounts pursuant to indemnification obligations under the TMA.***

Under the TMA, we are generally required to indemnify UTC and Otis for any taxes resulting from the Separation (and any related costs and other damages) to the extent such amounts resulted from: (1) an acquisition of all or a portion of the equity securities or assets of Carrier, whether by merger or otherwise (and regardless of whether we participated in or otherwise facilitated the acquisition), (2) other actions or failures to act by Carrier or (3) certain of Carrier's representations, covenants or undertakings contained in any of the Separation-related agreements and documents or in any documents relating to the IRS ruling and/or the opinion of counsel being incorrect or violated. Further, under the TMA, we are generally required to indemnify UTC and Otis for a specified portion of any taxes (and any related costs and other damages) (a) arising as a result of the failure of the Distribution and certain related transactions to qualify as a transaction that is generally tax-free (including if the transactions were determined not to qualify for non-recognition of gain or loss under Section 355 and related provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) or a failure of any internal separation transaction that is intended to qualify as a transaction that is generally tax-free to so qualify, in each case, to the extent such amounts did not result from a disqualifying action by, or acquisition of equity securities of, Carrier, Otis or UTC or (b) arising from an adjustment, pursuant to an audit or other tax proceeding, with respect to any separation transaction that is not intended to qualify as a transaction that is generally tax-free. Any such indemnity obligations could be material. See Note 1 – Description of the Business in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report for additional information.

***Potential liabilities may arise due to fraudulent transfer considerations, which would adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.***

In connection with the Separation (including the internal reorganization described in our previously-filed periodic reports), UTC completed several corporate reorganization transactions involving its subsidiaries which, along with the Distribution, may be subject to various fraudulent conveyance and transfer laws. If, under these laws, a court were to determine that, at the time of the Separation, any entity involved in these reorganization transactions or the Separation: (1) was insolvent, was rendered insolvent by reason of the Separation, or had remaining assets constituting unreasonably small capital, and (2) received less than fair consideration in exchange for the Distribution; or intended to incur, or believed it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay these debts as they matured, then the court could void the Separation and the Distribution, in whole or in part, as a fraudulent conveyance or transfer. The court could then require our shareowners to return to UTC some or all of the shares of Carrier common stock issued in the Distribution, or require UTC or us, as the case may be, to fund liabilities of the other company for the benefit of creditors. The measure of insolvency will vary depending upon the jurisdiction and the applicable law. Generally, however, an entity would be considered insolvent if the fair value of its assets was less than the amount of its liabilities (including the probable amount of contingent liabilities), or if it incurred debt beyond its ability to repay the debt as it matures. No assurance can be given as to what standard a court would apply to determine insolvency or that a court would determine that we or any of our subsidiaries were solvent at the time of or after giving effect to the Distribution.

**Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

***The market price and trading volume of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.***

The trading price of our common stock has been and may continue to be volatile and the trading volume in our common stock may fluctuate.

The factors that could affect our common stock price include among others: (1) industry or general market conditions, including inflation and increasing cost of goods; (2) domestic and international economic factors unrelated to our performance; (3) our ability to execute our planned strategies; (4) lawsuits, enforcement actions and other claims by third parties or governmental authorities; (5) changes in our customers' preferences; (6) new regulatory pronouncements and changes in regulatory guidelines; (7) actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly operating results; (8) changes in securities analysts' estimates of our financial performance or lack of research coverage and reports by industry analysts; (9) action by institutional shareowners or other large shareowners; (10) failure to meet any financial guidance given by us or any change in any financial guidance given by us, or changes by us in our financial guidance practices; (11) announcements by us of significant impairment charges; (12) speculation in the press or investment community; (13) investor perception of us and our industry; (14) changes in market valuations or earnings of similar companies; (15) announcements by us or our competitors of significant contracts, acquisitions, dispositions or strategic partnerships; (16) war or terrorist acts; (17) any future sales of our common stock or other securities; (18) additions or departures of key personnel; (19) failure to achieve any of our sustainability goals; and (20) other risk factors discussed in this "Risk Factors" section or in our other filings from time to time with the SEC.

Stock markets experience volatility that can be unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, class action litigation has often been instituted against the affected company. Any litigation of this type brought against us could result in substantial costs and a diversion of our management's attention and resources, which could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Shareowner's percentage of ownership in our common stock may be diluted in the future.***

The percentage ownership of shareowners in our common stock may be diluted because of equity issuances for acquisitions, capital market transactions or otherwise, including any equity awards that we grant to our directors, officers and employees. Our employees have, and will receive from us, stock-based awards that correspond to shares of our common stock. Such awards have had and will have a dilutive effect on our earnings per share, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Additionally, in connection with our acquisition of the VCS Business, we issued 58,608,959 shares of our common stock to Viessmann, with which we entered into an Investor Rights Agreement that provides for, among other things, customary resale, demand and piggyback registration rights. While the Investor Rights Agreement also provides that, for the time periods specified therein, Viessmann and its affiliates are subject to customary standstill, lockup and transfer restrictions, registration of the shares of common stock held by Viessmann will permit those shares to be sold into the public market, once eligible to be disposed of pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement. See Note 14 – Stock-Based Compensation and Note 18 – Earnings Per Share in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report for additional information.

***Quarterly cash dividends may be discontinued or modified, are subject to a number of uncertainties and may affect the price of our common stock.***

Quarterly cash dividends are a component of our capital allocation strategy, which we fund with operating cash flows, borrowings and divestitures. However, we are not required to declare dividends. Dividends may be discontinued, accelerated, suspended or delayed at any time without prior notice. Even if not discontinued, the amount of such dividends may be changed, and the amount, timing and frequency of such dividends may vary from past practice or from our stated expectations. Decisions with respect to dividends are subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors and will be based on a variety of factors. Important factors that could cause us to discontinue, limit, suspend, increase or delay our quarterly cash dividends include market conditions, the price of our common stock, the nature and timing of other investment opportunities, changes in our business strategy, the terms of our financing arrangements, our outlook as to the ability to obtain financing at attractive rates, the impact on our credit ratings and the availability of domestic cash. The reduction or elimination of our cash dividend could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

***Our amended and restated bylaws designate the courts within the State of Delaware as the sole and exclusive forum for certain types of actions and proceedings that may be initiated by our shareowners, which could discourage lawsuits against Carrier and our directors and officers.***

Our amended and restated bylaws provide that unless our Board of Directors otherwise determines, the state courts within the State of Delaware (or, if no state court located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction, the federal district court for the District of Delaware) will be the sole and exclusive forum for any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of Carrier, any action asserting a claim for or based on a breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any current or former director or officer or other employee of Carrier to Carrier or to Carrier shareowners, including a claim alleging the aiding and abetting of such a breach of fiduciary duty, any action asserting a claim against Carrier or any current or former director or officer or other employee of Carrier arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL") or our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or amended and restated bylaws, any action asserting a claim relating to or involving Carrier governed by the internal affairs doctrine, or any action asserting an "internal corporate claim" as that term is defined in Section 115 of the DGCL.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, this exclusive forum provision applies to state and federal law claims, including claims under the federal securities laws, including the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"), and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), although Carrier shareowners will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. The enforceability of similar choice of forum provisions in other companies' organizational documents has been challenged in legal proceedings, and it is possible that, in connection with claims arising under federal securities laws or otherwise, a court could find the exclusive forum provision contained in the amended and restated bylaws to be inapplicable or unenforceable.

This exclusive forum provision may limit the ability of our shareowners to bring a claim in a judicial forum that such shareowners find favorable for disputes with Carrier or our directors or officers, which may discourage such lawsuits against Carrier and our directors and officers. Alternatively, if a court were to find this exclusive forum provision inapplicable to, or unenforceable in respect of, one or more of the specified types of actions or proceedings described previously, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such matters in other jurisdictions, which could negatively affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***Anti-takeover provisions could enable our Board of Directors to resist a takeover attempt by a third party and limit the power of our shareowners.***

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws contain, and Delaware law contains, provisions that are intended to deter coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids by making such practices or bids unacceptably expensive to the bidder and to encourage prospective acquirers to negotiate with our Board of Directors rather than to attempt a hostile takeover. These provisions include, among others: (1) the ability of our remaining directors to fill vacancies on our Board of Directors (except in an instance where a director is removed by shareowners and the resulting vacancy is filled by shareowners); (2) limitations on shareowners' ability to call a special shareowner meeting; (3) rules regarding how shareowners may present proposals or nominate directors for election at shareowner meetings; and (4) the right of our Board of Directors to issue preferred stock without shareowner approval.

In addition, we are subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, which could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control that shareowners may favor. Section 203 provides that, subject to limited exceptions, persons that acquire, or are affiliated with persons that acquire, more than 15% of the outstanding voting stock of a Delaware corporation may not engage in a business combination with that corporation, including by merger, consolidation or acquisitions of additional shares, for a three-year period following the date on which that person or any of its affiliates becomes the holder of more than 15% of the corporation's outstanding voting stock.

We believe these provisions will protect our shareowners from coercive or otherwise unfair takeover tactics by requiring potential acquirers to negotiate with our Board of Directors and by providing our Board of Directors with more time to assess any acquisition proposal. These provisions are not intended to make us immune from takeovers; however, these provisions will apply even if the offer may be considered beneficial by some shareowners and could delay or prevent an acquisition that our Board of Directors determines is not in the best interests of Carrier and our shareowners. These provisions may also prevent or discourage attempts to remove and replace incumbent directors.

**General Risks**

***Natural disasters, epidemics or other unexpected events may disrupt our operations, adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows or financial condition and may not be fully covered by insurance.***

The occurrence of one or more natural disasters, power outages or other unexpected events, including hurricanes, fires, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, tsunamis, floods and other forms of severe weather, health epidemics, pandemics or other contagious outbreaks, conflicts, wars or terrorist acts, in the U.S. or in other countries in which we or our suppliers or customers operate have in the past and could in the future adversely affect our operations and financial performance. Natural disasters, power outages or other unexpected events could damage or close one or more of our facilities or disrupt our operations temporarily or long-term, such as by causing business interruptions or by affecting the availability and/or cost of materials needed for manufacturing. In some cases, we have one factory that can manufacture a specific product or product line. As a result, damage to or the closure of a certain factory or factories may disrupt or prevent us from manufacturing certain products. Existing insurance arrangements may not cover all of the costs or lost cash flows that may arise from such events. The occurrence of any of these events could also increase our insurance and other operating costs or harm our sales.

***We may be affected by global economic, capital market and political conditions, and conditions in the energy, construction, transportation and infrastructure industries in particular. Uncertainty in U.S. trade policy, including uncertainty surrounding changes in tariffs, trade agreements or other trade restrictions imposed by the U.S. or other governments, as well as political conditions in and between the U.S. and foreign countries in which we operate, could significantly and adversely affect our business and financial results.***

Our business, operating results, cash flows and financial condition have in the past been and in the future may be adversely affected by changes in global economic conditions and geopolitical risks and conditions, including climate and energy policies, regulatory changes, credit market conditions, levels of consumer and business confidence, fluctuations in residential, commercial and industrial construction activity, pandemic health issues, natural disasters, commodity prices, energy costs, interest rate fluctuations, inflation, recession, foreign exchange rates, levels of government spending and deficits, trade policies (including tariffs, boycotts and sanctions), military conflicts, acts of terrorism, government instability, actual or anticipated defaults on sovereign debt and other challenges that could affect the global economy. These economic and political conditions affect our business in a number of ways. For example, because we have a number of factories and suppliers in foreign countries, the imposition of tariffs or additional sanctions, which we continue to monitor and mitigate, as necessary, or unusually restrictive border crossing rules could adversely affect our supply chain, operations and overall business.

There are ongoing threats of war, terrorism or governmental instability in various countries and regions, including those where we do business. In March 2022, we suspended business operations in Russia by ceasing to pursue new business opportunities while continuing to fulfill existing contracts for equipment, service and parts, where possible, in a manner that fully complies with applicable sanctions and trade controls. Our sales, operations and supply chain in Russia and Ukraine are not material to Carrier. However, the military conflict between the two countries, as well as other global conflicts such as the conflict in the Middle East, and attendant geopolitical environment may continue to negatively impact the global economy and major financial markets, and may result in additional increases in commodity prices and supply-chain disruptions, including shortages of materials, higher costs for fuel and freight and increased transportation delays. Uncertainty related to these global economic, capital market and political conditions and events, and the perception that such conditions and events may occur, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. Furthermore, the tightening of credit in the capital markets could adversely affect the ability of our customers, including individual end-customers and businesses, to obtain financing for significant purchases and operations, which could result in a decrease in or cancellation of orders for our products and services. Similarly, tightening credit may adversely affect our supply base and increase the potential for one or more of our suppliers to experience financial distress or bankruptcy.

Our business and financial performance is also adversely affected by decreases in the general level of economic activity, such as decreases in business and consumer spending and construction (both residential and commercial as well as remodeling). In addition, our financial performance may be influenced by the production and utilization of transport equipment, including truck production cycles in North America and Europe. Significant changes in these factors have in the past and may in the future have materially adverse impacts on our results of operations or financial condition.

***Our business success depends on attracting and retaining key personnel and other talent throughout the Company.***

Our future success and ability to execute our strategic plan depends on our ability to hire, retain and develop a high performance, customer-centric executive management team and its ability to provide consistent leadership and direction. The failure to retain our executive officers and other key personnel could result in significant disruption and have a material adverse effect on our business operations and ability to deliver our growth objectives.

Our future success also depends on our ability to attract, retain and develop qualified personnel with the requisite technical expertise and understanding of our customers' needs at all levels of the organization, including skilled labor. The availability of skilled labor needed for the design and production of our products and delivery of services is limited in a number of the locations in which we operate, and the competition for talent is robust. Difficulties attracting and retaining a qualified workforce could adversely impact our operations and overall business.

This risk may also be exacerbated as a result of acquisitions undertaken as part of our transformation, which are dependent on the continuity, experience and industry knowledge of management personnel and other key employees to execute our business plans for the acquired businesses. Our success after completion of any acquisition may depend in part upon our ability to attract, motivate and retain key management personnel and other key employees within the acquired business, and current and prospective employees of the acquired business may experience uncertainty about their roles, which may have an adverse effect on the acquired business's ability to attract, motivate or retain management personnel and other key personnel.

***Additional tax expense or additional tax exposures could affect our future profitability.***

We are subject to income taxes in the U.S. and various international jurisdictions. Changes to tax laws and regulations as well as changes and conflicts in related interpretations or other tax guidance could materially impact our tax receivables and liabilities and our deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities. Additionally, in the ordinary course of business, we are subject to examinations by various tax authorities. Tax authorities in various jurisdictions could also launch new examinations and expand existing examinations. The global and diverse nature of our operations means that these risks will continue, and additional examinations, proceedings and contingencies will arise from time to time. Our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition may be affected by the outcome of examinations, proceedings and contingencies that cannot be predicted with certainty.

See "Business Overview" and "Results of Operations—Income Taxes" under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and Note 3 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note 17 – Income Taxes in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report for further discussion on income taxes and related contingencies.

***Failure to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act could materially and adversely affect us.***

As a public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act") and the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and are required to prepare our financial statements according to the rules and regulations required by the SEC. In addition, the Exchange Act requires that we file annual, quarterly and current reports. Our failure to prepare and disclose this information in a timely manner or to otherwise comply with applicable law could subject us to penalties under federal securities laws, expose us to lawsuits and restrict our ability to access financing. In addition, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires that, among other things, we establish and maintain effective internal controls and procedures for financial reporting and disclosure purposes. Internal control over financial reporting is complex and may change over time due to changes in our business or in applicable accounting rules. We cannot provide assurance that our internal controls over financial reporting will be effective in the future or that a material weakness will not be discovered with respect to a prior period for which we had previously believed that internal controls were effective. If we are not able to maintain or document effective internal controls over financial reporting, our independent registered public accounting firm will not be able to certify as to the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting.

Matters affecting our internal controls may cause us to be unable to report our financial information on a timely basis, or may cause us to restate previously issued financial information, and thereby subject us to adverse regulatory consequences, including sanctions or investigations by the SEC, or violations of applicable stock exchange listing rules. There could also be a negative reaction in the financial markets due to a loss of investor confidence in our company and the reliability of our financial statements. Confidence in the reliability of our financial statements is also likely to suffer if we or our independent registered public accounting firm report a material weakness in our internal controls over financial reporting. This could have a material and adverse effect on us by, for example, leading to a decline in the share price of our common stock and impairing our ability to raise additional capital.

**ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS**

None.

**ITEM 1C. CYBERSECURITY**

***Impact of cybersecurity risks on business strategy, results of operations or financial condition.***

As discussed under the "Risk Factors" heading in this Annual Report, our business has been and may again in the future be impacted by disruptions to our Technology infrastructure or our third-party providers' Technology infrastructures from (among other causes) cybersecurity-based risks, including attacks (i) on our Technology infrastructure (ii) targeting the security, integrity and/or availability of hardware and software; (iii) exploiting weaknesses or vulnerabilities in products, or capturing information installed, stored or transmitted in our products (including after the purchase of those products and when they are installed into third-party products); and (iv) on facilities or similar infrastructure.

## ***Risk Management and strategy***

We mitigate cybersecurity risks (and other material risks) through our enterprise risk management (“ERM”) program, which is a company-wide effort, managed by senior executives and overseen by our Audit Committee and Board of Directors to identify, assess, manage, report and monitor material risks that may affect our ability to achieve our business objectives.

In connection with the ERM process, cybersecurity risks, including those relating to risks posed by our use of third-party service providers, are assigned to cross-functional management committees responsible for identifying and classifying the cybersecurity risks in accordance with our ERM risk rating methodology, and developing and administering risk mitigation and incident response plans. These cross-functional management committees regularly meet to review current and emerging cybersecurity risks and maintain policies and procedures governing the evaluation and classification of such risks.

Cybersecurity risks deemed to be critical are reviewed by a Critical Threat Committee, which is comprised of members of our senior leadership team including our Executive Vice President, Chief Financial & Strategy Officer; Senior Vice President, Chief Legal Officer; Senior Vice President, Chief Digital Officer; Senior Vice President, Operations; Senior Vice President, Engineering; and Vice President, Controller & Chief Accounting Officer. The Critical Threat Committee reviews the risk and mitigation plan with the applicable cross-functional management team and facilitates notification to the Audit Committee of emerging critical cybersecurity risks. The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors receive regular briefings on cybersecurity risks. See “Governance” below for further discussion of governance of our cybersecurity program.

In the event of a cybersecurity incident, we maintain incident response plans to investigate, classify, respond to, and manage cybersecurity incidents that may compromise the availability or integrity of our information systems, network resources, or data. In accordance with the incident response plans, cross-functional management teams assess and assign a threat level to each cybersecurity incident. A cybersecurity incident (or incidents, if aggregated together) assigned a critical threat level is escalated to the Critical Threat Committee for review.

To ensure that our employees are equipped to identify and mitigate material cybersecurity incidents and to empower them to help us maintain a secure environment for our operations and data assets, we utilize a multifaceted training approach aimed at fostering a culture of security awareness and responsibility among all employees. These tailored programs are designed and updated to address evolving threats and industry best practices. In addition to annual cybersecurity training for employees and contractors and simulated phishing email campaigns, our cybersecurity teams conduct tabletop exercises with our senior management team. Our cybersecurity teams also oversee a security assessment process that is used to screen our third-party service providers for cybersecurity vulnerabilities based on the level of inherent risk they pose to the company or our customers, based on factors including but not limited to the products or services they provide and their ability to access our information systems, network resources, or data.

We engage and retain outside consultants and legal advisors and we are members of several cybersecurity industry groups to keep us apprised of emerging cybersecurity risks, defense and mitigation strategies and governance best practices. Many of our processes and procedures are independently audited and assessed on a periodic basis against leading international cybersecurity standards and programs.

Cybersecurity threats are constantly evolving, are becoming more frequent and more sophisticated and are made by groups of individuals with a wide range of expertise and motives which increases the difficulty of detecting and successfully defending against them. However, to date, cybersecurity threats have not materially affected us, including our business, strategy, results of operations or financial condition.

## ***Governance***

Our cybersecurity programs, including the cross-functional management committees described above are the responsibility of our Chief Information Security Officer. Day-to-day administration of the cybersecurity programs are led by our Chief Information Security Officer and Chief Product Security Officer who collectively possess significant experience related to cybersecurity issues in both the private and government sectors, and possess certifications including but not limited to Certified Information Systems Security Professional (“CISSP”) and Certified Information Security Manager (“CISM”).

Cybersecurity risk oversight continues to remain a top priority for the Board of Directors. Although the Audit Committee maintains primary responsibility for oversight of cybersecurity risks through the ERM program, responsibility related to oversight of cybersecurity risks is also delegated to other committees in alignment with their focus charter responsibilities. For example, the Technology and Innovation and Governance Committees assist with the cybersecurity programs through their oversight of our technology, digital, and innovation strategies and product integrity program, respectively.

The Critical Threat Committee is also responsible for evaluating the materiality of a cybersecurity incident based on criteria that has been reviewed with the Board of Directors, and for determining whether there are disclosure obligations under applicable securities laws. In the event that the Critical Threat Committee determines that a critical cybersecurity incident (or incidents, if aggregated together) is deemed to be material, the Critical Threat Committee will brief the Board of Directors and oversee the disclosure process. For all critical cybersecurity incidents that are not deemed to be material, the Critical Threat Committee will notify the Chairman of the Board to determine whether the Board of Directors will be notified of the critical incident during the next regularly-scheduled cybersecurity update to the Audit Committee, or sooner as circumstances warrant.

## **ITEM 2. PROPERTIES**

We operate approximately 850 sites, which comprise approximately 36 million square feet of productive space. Of these, our facilities and key manufacturing sites greater than 100,000 square feet comprise approximately 27 million square feet of productive space. Approximately 34%, 22%, 26% and 10% of these significant properties are associated with our Climate Solutions Americas, Climate Solutions Europe, Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa and Climate Solutions Transportation segments, respectively, with approximately 8% not associated with a particular segment. Approximately 34% of these significant properties are leased and the remainder are owned. Approximately 29% of these significant properties are located in the U.S.

Our fixed assets as of December 31, 2025, include manufacturing facilities and non-manufacturing facilities, such as warehouses and machinery and equipment, most of which is general purpose machinery and equipment that use special jigs, tools and fixtures and that, in many instances, have automatic control features and special adaptations. The facilities, warehouses, machinery and equipment in use as of December 31, 2025, are in good operating condition, are well-maintained and substantially all are in regular use.

## **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

### **Asbestos Matters**

The Company has been named as a defendant in lawsuits alleging personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos allegedly integrated into certain Carrier products or business premises. While the Company has never manufactured asbestos and no longer incorporates it into any currently-manufactured products, certain products that the Company no longer manufactures contained components incorporating asbestos. A substantial majority of these asbestos-related claims have been dismissed without payment or have been covered in full or in part by insurance or other forms of indemnity. Additional cases were litigated and settled without any insurance reimbursement. The amounts involved in asbestos-related claims were not material individually or in the aggregate in any period. The amounts recorded for asbestos-related liabilities are based on currently available information and assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable and are made with input from outside actuarial experts. These amounts are undiscounted and exclude the Company's legal fees to defend the asbestos claims, which are expensed as incurred. In addition, the Company has recorded insurance recovery receivables for probable asbestos-related recoveries.

### **Aqueous Film Forming Foam Litigation**

As of December 31, 2025, the Company, Kidde-Fenwal, Inc. ("KFI") and others have been named as defendants in more than 17,000 lawsuits filed in United States state or federal courts and a single case in Canada alleging that the historic use of Aqueous Film Forming Foam ("AFFF") caused personal injuries and damage to property and water supplies. In December 2018, the U.S. Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred and consolidated all AFFF cases pending in the U.S. federal courts against the Company, KFI and others to the U.S. District Court for the District of South Carolina (the "MDL Proceedings"). Individual plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings generally seek damages for alleged personal injuries, medical monitoring, diminution in property value and injunctive relief to remediate alleged contamination of water supplies. U.S. state, municipal and water utility plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings generally seek damages and costs related to the remediation of public property and water supplies.

AFFF is a firefighting foam, developed beginning in the late 1960s pursuant to U.S. military specification, used to extinguish certain types of hydrocarbon-fueled fires. The lawsuits identified above relate to Kidde Fire Fighting, Inc., which owned the "National Foam" business that manufactured AFFF for sale to government (including the U.S. federal government) and non-government customers in the U.S. at a single facility located in West Chester, Pennsylvania (the "Pennsylvania Site"). Kidde Fire Fighting, Inc. was acquired by a UTC subsidiary in 2005 and merged into KFI in 2007. In 2013, KFI divested the AFFF businesses to an unrelated third party. The Company acquired KFI as part of the Separation in April 2020.

The key components that contribute to AFFF's fire-extinguishing capabilities are known as fluorosurfactants. Neither the Company, nor KFI, nor any of the Company's subsidiaries involved in the AFFF litigation manufactured fluorosurfactants. Instead, the National Foam business purchased these substances from unrelated third parties for use in manufacturing AFFF. Plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings allege that the fluorosurfactants used by various manufacturers in producing AFFF contained, or over time degraded into, compounds known as per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (referred to collectively as "PFAS"), including perfluorooctanesulfonic acid ("PFOS") and perfluorooctanoic acid ("PFOA"). Plaintiffs further allege that, as a result of the use of AFFF, PFOS and PFOA were released into the environment and, in some instances, ultimately reached drinking water supplies.

Plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings have named multiple defendants, including suppliers of chemicals and raw materials used to manufacture fluorosurfactants, fluorosurfactant manufacturers and AFFF manufacturers. The defendants in the MDL Proceedings moved for summary judgment on the government contractor defense, which potentially applies to AFFF sold to or used by the U.S. government. After full briefing and oral argument, on September 16, 2022, the MDL court declined to enter summary judgment for the defendants. The defense, however, remains available at any trial in which it would apply.

On May 14, 2023, KFI filed a voluntary petition with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court") seeking relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, after the Company determined that it would not provide financial support to KFI going forward other than ensuring KFI has access to services necessary for the effective operation of its business. As a result, all litigation against KFI was automatically stayed. By agreement, all AFFF-related litigation against the Company, its other subsidiaries and RTX also was stayed. On November 21, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court ordered certain parties, including the Company, to participate in mediation sessions with respect to claims that might be asserted by and against it in the bankruptcy proceedings.

Following the conclusion of these mediation sessions in October 2024, the Company entered into a Settlement and Plan Support Agreement which contemplates that the Company will subsequently enter into three distinct settlement agreements (collectively, the "Proposed Settlement Agreements") with KFI, the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in KFI's bankruptcy case (the "Committee") and the Plaintiffs' Executive Committee (the "MDL PEC") appointed in the MDL Proceedings.

The first of the Proposed Settlement Agreements relates to claims that the Company is responsible for liabilities arising from KFI's manufacture or sale of AFFF ("Estate Claims Settlement"). Upon Bankruptcy Court approval, the Estate Claims Settlement will permanently resolve all present and future claims that the Company is responsible for any liabilities of KFI, including all liabilities arising from KFI's manufacture and sale of AFFF. The second and third of the Proposed Settlement Agreements release a very substantial amount of current and future direct claims against the Company (the "Direct Claims Settlements"). Direct claims allege that UTC, which indirectly owned KFI's AFFF business for eight years, engaged in conduct independent of KFI that caused harm to AFFF claimants. The Company agreed to indemnify UTC for these direct claims when it was spun-off from UTC. Upon approval by the MDL Court, the Direct Claims Settlements resolve and enjoin all current and future AFFF-related direct claims against the Company by participating public water providers and airports. Non-settling parties may still assert direct AFFF-related claims, although we expect a vast majority of public water providers and airports will participate in the Direct Claims Settlements.

As part of the Proposed Settlement Agreements, the Company will pay \$615 million in cash over five years, 100% of the net sale proceeds from its sale of KFI's assets to Pacific Avenue Capital Partners, which are estimated to be \$115 million, and contribute the right to recover proceeds under certain of its insurance policies. The Company will be entitled to receive up to \$2.4 billion of proceeds from those insurance policies and will contribute the first \$125 million of such proceeds as additional consideration in the Direct Claims Settlements. The Company also will be entitled to any earnouts payable to KFI under the KFI sale agreement. The Company expects insurance proceeds it receives in the future, in the aggregate, to cover the amount paid under the Proposed Settlement Agreements. As a result of the Proposed Settlement Agreements, the Company recorded a liability in the amount of \$565 million during the year ended December 31, 2024. The amount recognized is in addition to liabilities of \$50 million that the Company recorded upon the deconsolidation of KFI on May 14, 2023. As of December 31, 2025, the Company has not recorded any amounts associated with expected insurance proceeds.

The Company and KFI believe that they have meritorious defenses to the remaining AFFF claims. Given the numerous factual, scientific and legal issues to be resolved relating to these claims, the Company is unable to assess the probability of liability or to reasonably estimate a range of possible loss at this time. There can be no assurance that any such future exposure will not be material in any period.

On November 14, 2024, KFI filed the chapter 11 plan of liquidation (as may be further amended, restated, supplemented, waived, or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Chapter 11 Plan"), which incorporates the Estate Claims Settlement, provides for the treatment of the various creditor classes, and establishes wind-down provisions, among other things, and the disclosure statement for the Chapter 11 Plan (as may be further amended, restated, supplemented, waived, or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Disclosure Statement"). A hearing to approve the Disclosure Statement was held in June 2025. A revised and supplemented Disclosure Statement was filed on August 15, 2025. The Bankruptcy Court held a hearing on that statement on October 6, 2025. Following that hearing, the Bankruptcy Court ordered that the revised and supplemented Disclosure Statement be modified further in two areas, which the parties are addressing.

#### **Other**

We have commitments and contingent liabilities related to legal proceedings, self-insurance programs and matters arising out of the ordinary course of business. Additionally, we are routinely a defendant in, party to or otherwise subject to many pending and threatened legal actions, claims, disputes and proceedings. These matters are often based on alleged violations of contract, product liability, warranty, regulatory, environmental, health and safety, employment, intellectual property, tax and other laws. In some of these proceedings, claims for substantial monetary damages are asserted against us and could result in fines, penalties, compensatory or treble damages or non-monetary relief. We do not believe that these matters will have a material adverse effect upon our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

A further discussion of our potential regulatory liabilities can be found under the headings "Business" and "Risk Factors" in this Annual Report.

#### **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE**

Not Applicable.

**PART II**

**ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED SHAREOWNER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

The Company's common stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "CARR." As of December 31, 2025, the approximate number of common stock shareowners of record was 18,212.

The declaration and payment of dividends is at the discretion of our Board of Directors, and will depend upon our financial results, cash requirements and other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors.

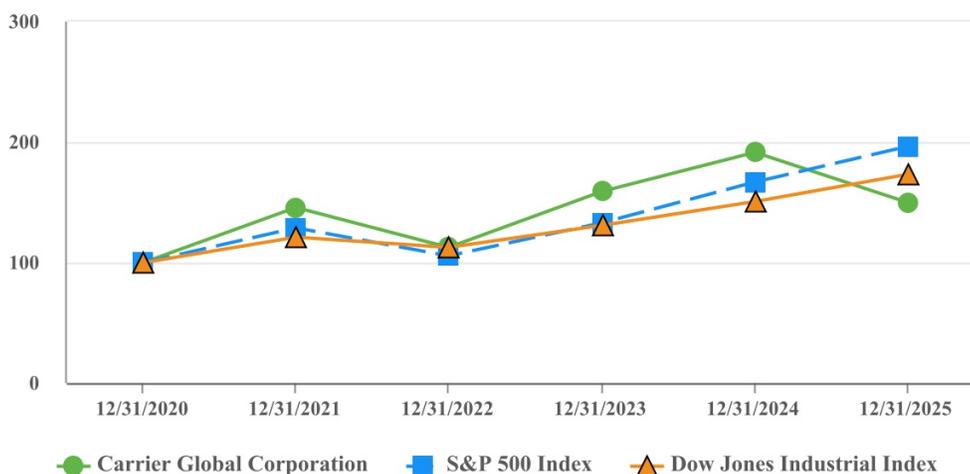
**PERFORMANCE GRAPH**

The following information is not deemed to be "soliciting material" or to be "filed" with the SEC or subject to Regulation 14A or 14C under the Exchange Act or to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, and will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent the Company specifically incorporates it by reference into such a filing.

The following graph presents the cumulative total shareowner return for the five years ended December 31, 2025, for our common stock, as compared with the S&P 500 Index and the Dow Jones Industrial Index.

Our common stock is a component of the S&P 500 Index. These figures assume that all dividends paid over the period were reinvested and that the starting value of each index and the investment in our common stock was \$100 on December 31, 2020.

**Comparison of Cumulative Total Return**



The cumulative total returns on our common stock and each index as of each December 31, 2020, through December 31, 2025, plotted in the above graph are as follows:

Company / Index	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025
Carrier Global Corporation	\$ 100.00	\$ 145.30	\$ 112.33	\$ 158.93	\$ 191.11	\$ 149.39
S&P 500 Index	\$ 100.00	\$ 128.68	\$ 105.36	\$ 133.03	\$ 166.28	\$ 195.98
Dow Jones Industrial Index	\$ 100.00	\$ 120.95	\$ 112.65	\$ 130.87	\$ 150.49	\$ 172.95

**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The following table provides information about our purchases during the three months ended December 31, 2025, of equity securities that are registered by us pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act.

	Total Number of Shares Purchased (in 000's)	Average Price Paid per Share <sup>(1)</sup>	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Program (in 000's)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program (in millions)
<b>2025</b>				
October 1 - October 31	4,385	\$58.33	4,385	\$ 5,555
November 1 - November 30	2,139	\$54.27	2,139	\$ 5,439
December 1 - December 31	1,976	\$54.20	1,976	\$ 5,332
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,500</b>	<b>\$56.35</b>	<b>8,500</b>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes broker commissions.

We may purchase our outstanding common stock from time to time subject to market conditions and at our discretion. Repurchases occur in the open market or through one or more other public or private transactions pursuant to plans complying with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. Since the initial authorization in February 2021, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$12.1 billion of the Company's outstanding common stock.

**Equity Compensation Plan Information**

See Item 12, Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Shareowner Matters, of this Annual Report.

**ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS****BUSINESS OVERVIEW****Business Summary**

Carrier Global Corporation ("we" or "our") is a global leader in intelligent climate and energy solutions with a focus on providing differentiated, digitally-enabled lifecycle solutions to our customers. Our portfolio includes industry-leading brands such as Carrier, Viessmann, Toshiba, Automated Logic and Carrier Transicold, among others, that offer innovative heating, cooling and cold chain solutions to enhance the lives we live and the world we share. We also provide a broad array of related building services, including audit, design, installation, system integration, repair, maintenance and monitoring. Our operations are classified into four segments: Climate Solutions Americas, Climate Solutions Europe, Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa and Climate Solutions Transportation.

Through our performance-driven culture, we anticipate creating long-term shareowner value by investing strategically to strengthen our product position in homes, buildings and across the cold chain in order to drive profitable growth. We believe our business segments are well positioned to benefit from favorable secular trends, including the mega-trends of urbanization, population growth and demographic shifts, food security and safety, electrification, increasing demand for climate control and accelerated digitalization. Coupled with our industry-leading brands and track record of innovation, we continue to provide market-leading solutions for our customers.

Our worldwide operations are affected by global and regional industrial, economic and political factors, trade policies and trends. They are also affected by changes in the general level of economic activity, such as changes in business and consumer spending, construction and shipping activity as well as short-term economic factors such as currency fluctuations, commodity price volatility and supply disruptions. We continue to invest in our business, take pricing actions to mitigate supply chain and inflationary pressures, develop new products and services in order to remain competitive in our markets and use risk management strategies to mitigate various exposures.

We continue to actively monitor evolving macroeconomic conditions and recent trade policy announcements. Based on our updated analysis, we fully mitigated the impact of tariffs during 2025 through a combination of supply-chain adjustments, productivity initiatives and approximately \$200 million of incremental product pricing actions. To date, tariffs have not had a material impact on our business and we are deploying additional strategies, including cost containment measures, to limit future exposure in the current market environment.

## **Significant Events**

### ***Sale of Riello Business***

On December 16, 2025, we entered into a purchase agreement to sell our Riello business ("Riello") to Ariston Group with expected gross proceeds of approximately \$430 million. Riello, predominantly reported in our Climate Solutions Europe segment, is a leading international manufacturer that designs, produces and integrates a comprehensive portfolio of thermal solutions including burners, boilers, heat pumps, cooling systems and aftermarket services for residential, commercial and industrial applications, with a strong focus on energy efficiency, innovation and a global distribution network. This transaction is expected to close in the first half of 2026 and is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals.

### ***Portfolio Transformation***

During 2024, we completed several activities designed to simplify our business portfolio, transforming it into a pure-play climate and energy solutions provider. On January 2, 2024, we acquired the climate solutions business (the "VCS Business") of Viessmann Group GmbH & Co. KG (together with its affiliates, "Viessmann"). The VCS Business, primarily reported in the Climate Solutions Europe segment, is a premier residential and light commercial heating, ventilating and air conditioning ("HVAC") provider in Europe that expanded our portfolio to offer a global, comprehensive suite of sustainable and innovative building and energy management solutions. In addition, we divested our Commercial and Residential Fire, Access Solutions and Industrial Fire businesses which were historically reported in our Fire & Security segment. The transactions represented a single disposal plan to separately divest multiple businesses over different reporting periods and met the criteria to be presented as discontinued operations. We also divested our Commercial Refrigeration business ("CCR") during 2024. CCR, which was historically reported in the Climate Solutions Transportation segment (previously named Refrigeration), did not meet the criteria to be presented as discontinued operations.

### ***Segment Reorganization***

As a result of our portfolio transformation, we revised our reportable segments to better align our reporting structure with our business strategy, resource allocation and performance assessment. Under the revised segment structure, we have three new regional HVAC operating segments. Combined with the existing Climate Solutions Transportation operating segment, the four operating segments also serve as our reportable segments. This model is designed to create a simplified, more focused and customer-centric organization across the globe. Each segment reports through separate management teams which regularly review their operating results with our Chief Operating Decision Maker (the "CODM") determined in accordance with applicable accounting guidance. In connection with the revised structure, the CODM changed the measure used to evaluate segment profitability from *Operating profit* to *Segment operating profit*. All prior period comparative information has been recast to reflect the revised segment structure.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

This discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting our consolidated results of operations, financial condition and liquidity for the year ended December 31, 2025, compared with December 31, 2024. This discussion should be read in conjunction with Item 8, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report. A detailed discussion of the year ended December 31, 2024, compared with December 31, 2023, is not included herein and can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section in the recast of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, included within Exhibit 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 29, 2025, under the heading "Results of Operations," which is incorporated herein by reference.

## Year Ended December 31, 2025 Compared with Year Ended December 31, 2024

The following represents our consolidated net sales and operating results:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	Period Change	% Change
Net sales	\$ 21,747	\$ 22,486	\$ (739)	(3) %
Cost of products and services sold	(16,123)	(16,505)	382	(2) %
<b>Gross margin</b>	<b>5,624</b>	<b>5,981</b>	<b>(357)</b>	<b>(6) %</b>
Operating expenses	(3,452)	(3,335)	(117)	4 %
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>2,172</b>	<b>2,646</b>	<b>(474)</b>	<b>(18) %</b>
Non-operating income (expense), net	(374)	(372)	(2)	1 %
<b>Earnings (loss) before income taxes</b>	<b>1,798</b>	<b>2,274</b>	<b>(476)</b>	<b>(21) %</b>
Income tax expense	(240)	(1,062)	822	(77) %
<b>Earnings (loss) from continuing operations</b>	<b>1,558</b>	<b>1,212</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>29 %</b>
Discontinued operations, net of income taxes	29	4,496	(4,467)	(99) %
<b>Net earnings (loss)</b>	<b>1,587</b>	<b>5,708</b>	<b>(4,121)</b>	<b>(72) %</b>
Less: Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries' earnings from operations	103	104	(1)	(1) %
<b>Net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareowners</b>	<b>\$ 1,484</b>	<b>\$ 5,604</b>	<b>\$ (4,120)</b>	<b>(74) %</b>

### Net Sales

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Net sales* was \$21.7 billion, a 3% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	2025
Organic / Operational	(1) %
Foreign currency translation	1 %
Acquisitions and divestitures, net	(3) %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(3) %</b>

Organic sales for the year ended December 31, 2025, decreased by 1% compared with the same period of 2024. The organic decrease was primarily due to our Climate Solutions Americas segment as reduced demand in certain end-markets resulted in lower volumes. In addition, lower end-market demand in both Climate Solutions Europe and Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa further impacted results. These amounts were partially offset by improved end-market demand in our Climate Solutions Transportation segment. Refer to "Segment Review" below for a discussion of *Net sales* by segment.

### Gross Margin

For the year ended December 31, 2025, gross margin was \$5.6 billion, a 6% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Net sales	\$ 21,747	\$ 22,486
Cost of products and services sold	(16,123)	(16,505)
<b>Gross margin</b>	<b>\$ 5,624</b>	<b>\$ 5,981</b>
Percentage of net sales	25.9 %	26.6 %

Gross margin decreased by \$357 million compared with the year ended December 31, 2024, primarily due to lower volumes in certain end-markets partially offset by our continued focus on productivity initiatives. As a result, gross margin as a percentage of *Net sales* decreased by 70 basis points compared with the same period of 2024. The prior period included inventory step-up and backlog amortization resulting from the recognition of acquired assets of the VCS Business at fair value which are now fully amortized. These costs had a 130 basis point unfavorable impact on the prior period gross margin as a percentage of *Net sales*.

**Operating Expenses**

For the year ended December 31, 2025, operating expenses, including *Equity method investment net earnings*, was \$3.5 billion, a 4% increase compared with the same period of 2024. The components were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	<b>For the Year Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
Selling, general and administrative	\$ (3,092)	\$ (3,197)
Research and development	(625)	(686)
Equity method investment net earnings	229	231
Other income (expense), net	36	317
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>\$ (3,452)</b>	<b>\$ (3,335)</b>
Percentage of net sales	15.9 %	14.8 %

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Selling, general and administrative* expenses were \$3.1 billion, a 3% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The decrease relates to productivity initiatives associated with our portfolio transformation and synergies associated with the integration of the VCS Business. In addition, foreign currency translation further benefitted results. These benefits were partially offset by higher compensation and other employee-related costs. In addition, the current year also included \$56 million of acquisition and divestiture-related costs compared with \$95 million during the year ended December 31, 2024.

*Research and development* costs relate to new product development and new technology innovation. Due to the variable nature of program development schedules, year-over-year spending levels can fluctuate. In addition, we continue to invest to prepare for future product innovations and digital controls technologies.

Investments over which we do not exercise control, but have significant influence, are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Equity method investment net earnings* were \$229 million, a 1% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The decrease was primarily driven by lower earnings in joint ventures within our Climate Solutions Americas segment.

*Other income (expense), net* primarily includes the impact of gains and losses related to the sale of businesses or interests in our equity method investments, foreign currency gains and losses on transactions that are denominated in a currency other than an entity's functional currency and hedging-related activities. During the year ended December 31, 2025, we finalized the working capital and other adjustments provided in the stock purchase agreement governing the sale of CCR and recognized gains on sale of several equity method investments.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we completed the sale of CCR and recognized a gain on the sale of \$318 million. In addition, we recognized a \$46 million gain associated with our share of United Technologies Corporation's conclusion of certain income tax matters from their 2017 and 2018 tax audit with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"). In connection with the acquisition of the VCS Business, we recognized an \$86 million loss on the mark-to-market valuation of our window forward contracts associated with the expected cash outflows of the Euro-denominated purchase price.

***Non-Operating Income (Expense), net***

For the year ended December 31, 2025, Non-operating income (expense), net was \$374 million, a 1% increase compared with the same period of 2024. The components were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Non-service pension benefit (expense)	\$ (10)	\$ (1)
Interest expense	(458)	(580)
Interest income	94	209
<b>Interest (expense) income, net</b>	<b>(364)</b>	<b>(371)</b>
<b>Non-operating income (expense), net</b>	<b>\$ (374)</b>	<b>\$ (372)</b>

*Non-operating income (expense), net* includes the results from activities other than normal business operations such as interest expense, interest income and the non-service components of pension and post-retirement obligations. Interest expense is affected by the amount of debt outstanding and the interest rates on that debt. For the year ended December 31, 2025, interest expense was \$458 million, a 21% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. Consistent with our capital allocation strategy, we reduced our outstanding debt by approximately \$3 billion over the course of 2024 and repaid an additional \$1.2 billion during 2025. During 2024, we incurred make-whole premiums of \$14 million in *Interest expense*, wrote off \$17 million of unamortized deferred financing costs in *Interest expense* and recognized a net gain of \$97 million in *Interest income*.

***Income Taxes***

	2025	2024
Effective tax rate	13.4 %	46.7 %

The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2025 was lower than the Company's statutory U.S. federal income tax rate. The decrease was primarily driven by a net tax benefit of \$64 million from changes to the German effective rate and a statutory reduction to the German corporate tax rate enacted during the year, a tax benefit of \$49 million from the re-organization of a Japanese subsidiary and a \$16 million tax benefit generated by the purchase of investment tax credits from a third-party.

The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 was higher than the Company's statutory U.S. federal income tax rate. The increase was primarily driven by a net tax charge of \$650 million related to a re-organization of the VCS Business and a non-deductible loss of \$86 million on the mark-to-market valuation of the Company's window forward contracts associated with the expected cash outflows of the Euro-denominated purchase price of the VCS Business. These amounts were partially offset by the lower effective tax rate on the \$318 million gain on the sale of CCR and \$44 million of foreign tax credits generated and utilized in the current year.

***Adjusted Operating Profit***

We report our financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). In addition, we supplement the reporting of our financial information determined under GAAP with certain non-GAAP financial information. Adjusted operating profit is a non-GAAP measure that we define as consolidated operating profit (a GAAP measure), excluding restructuring costs, amortization of acquired intangibles and other significant items of a nonoperational nature. This measure is useful to investors because it is how management assesses the operating performance of the business. A reconciliation of the amounts prepared in accordance with GAAP to the corresponding non-GAAP measure appears below and provides additional information as to the items and amounts that have been excluded from the adjusted measure.

<i>(In millions)</i>	<b>For the Year Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Reconciliation to Adjusted operating profit</b>		
Operating profit	\$ 2,172	\$ 2,646
Restructuring costs	178	108
Amortization of acquired intangibles	856	689
Acquisition step-up amortization	—	282
Acquisition/divestiture-related costs	55	95
Viessmann-related hedges	—	86
CCR gain	(7)	(318)
VCS pre-acquisition product replacement cost	38	—
Gain on liability adjustment	—	(46)
<b>Adjusted operating profit</b>	<b>\$ 3,292</b>	<b>\$ 3,542</b>

Adjusted operating profit may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures used by other companies and should not be considered a substitute for Operating profit calculated in accordance with GAAP. The non-GAAP information presented provides investors with additional useful information, but should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the related GAAP measure. Moreover, other companies may define non-GAAP measures differently, which limits the usefulness of these measures for comparisons with such other companies. We encourage investors to review our financial statements and publicly filed reports in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure.

**Segment Review**

We have four operating segments:

- Climate Solutions Americas provides products, controls, services and solutions to meet the heating, cooling and ventilation needs of residential and commercial customers in North and South America while enhancing building performance, health, energy efficiency and sustainability.
- Climate Solutions Europe provides products, controls, services and solutions to meet the heating, cooling and ventilation needs of residential and commercial customers in Europe while enhancing building performance, health, energy efficiency and sustainability.
- Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa provides products, controls, services and solutions to meet the heating, cooling and ventilation needs of residential and commercial customers in Asia Pacific, the Middle East and Africa while enhancing building performance, health, energy efficiency and sustainability.
- Climate Solutions Transportation includes global transport refrigeration and monitoring products, services and digital solutions for trucks, trailers, shipping containers, intermodal and rail.

*Segment operating profit* is the measure of profit and loss that our CODM uses to evaluate the financial performance of the business and as the basis for resource allocation, performance reviews and compensation. It represents operating profit (a GAAP measure) adjusted to exclude restructuring costs, amortization of acquired intangible assets and other significant items of a nonoperational nature.

## Year Ended December 31, 2025 Compared with Year Ended December 31, 2024

Summary performance for each of our segments is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Net sales		Segment operating profit		Segment operating profit margin	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Climate Solutions Americas	\$ 10,470	\$ 10,527	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,323	20.5 %	22.1 %
Climate Solutions Europe	5,044	4,984	444	469	8.8 %	9.4 %
Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa	3,339	3,500	448	466	13.4 %	13.3 %
Climate Solutions Transportation	2,894	3,475	452	485	15.6 %	14.0 %
<b>Total segment</b>	<b>\$ 21,747</b>	<b>\$ 22,486</b>	<b>\$ 3,494</b>	<b>\$ 3,743</b>	<b>16.1 %</b>	<b>16.6 %</b>

A reconciliation of *Segment operating profit* to Adjusted operating profit is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Segment operating profit	\$ 3,494	\$ 3,743
Corporate and other	(202)	(201)
<b>Adjusted operating profit</b>	<b>\$ 3,292</b>	<b>\$ 3,542</b>

### Climate Solutions Americas

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Net sales* were \$10.5 billion, a 1% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	Net sales
Organic / Operational	(1) %
Foreign currency translation	— %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(1) %</b>

The organic decrease in *Net sales* of 1% was driven by volume reductions within certain end-markets compared with the prior year. Lower volume in our residential business (down 9%) was primarily due to reduced end-market demand and distributor destocking. In addition, lower volume in our light commercial business (down 20%) further impacted segment results. These results were partially offset by growth in our commercial business (up 23%) primarily driven by ongoing customer demand and improved price.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Segment operating profit* was \$2.2 billion, a 7% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	Segment operating profit
Organic / Operational	(7) %
Foreign currency translation	— %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(7) %</b>

The operational profit decrease of 7% was primarily attributable to volume reductions in certain end-markets compared with prior year. In addition, lower earnings from equity method investments and higher selling, general and administrative expenses further impacted the segment. These results were partially offset by favorable productivity initiatives and product mix.

***Climate Solutions Europe***

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Net sales* were \$5.0 billion, a 1% increase compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	<b>Net sales</b>
Organic / Operational	(3) %
Foreign currency translation	4 %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>1 %</b>

The organic decrease in *Net sales* of 3% was driven by ongoing challenges in certain end-markets compared with the prior year. Results in our residential and light commercial business decreased (down 5%) due to lower volumes across the region as economic conditions, inflationary cost pressures and regulatory uncertainty impacted end-market demand. These results were partially offset by growth in our commercial business (up 2%) as a result of end-market demand and improved price.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Segment operating profit* was \$444 million, a 5% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	<b>Segment operating profit</b>
Organic / Operational	(8) %
Foreign currency translation	3 %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(5) %</b>

The segment operational profit decrease of 8% was primarily attributable to volume reductions in certain end-markets compared with the prior year. In addition, unfavorable product mix and geographical mix further impacted the segment. These amounts were partially offset by favorable productivity initiatives, business integration synergies associated with the acquisition of the VCS Business and lower selling, general and administrative costs.

***Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa***

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Net sales* were \$3.3 billion, a 5% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	<b>Net sales</b>
Organic / Operational	(5) %
Foreign currency translation	— %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(5) %</b>

The organic decrease in *Net sales* of 5% was driven by volume reductions within certain end-markets compared with the prior year. Results in China decreased (down 12%) as residential end-markets experienced economic challenges impacting both demand and price. Commercial end-markets in China were flat compared with the prior year. These results were partially offset by ongoing end-market demand in a majority of the region's remaining geographies.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Segment operating profit* was \$448 million, a 4% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	<b>Segment operating profit</b>
Organic / Operational	(7) %
Foreign currency translation	3 %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(4) %</b>

The segment operational profit decrease of (7)% was primarily attributable to volume reductions within certain end-markets compared with the prior year. In addition, unfavorable price and product mix further impacted segment results. These reductions were partially offset by favorable productivity initiatives, lower selling, general and administrative expenses and higher earnings from equity method investments.

### **Climate Solutions Transportation**

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Net sales* were \$2.9 billion, a 17% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	<b>Net sales</b>
Organic / Operational	4 %
Foreign currency translation	1 %
Acquisitions and divestitures, net	(22) %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(17)%</b>

The organic increase in *Net sales* of 4% was primarily driven by volume growth within certain end-markets compared with the prior year. Container results increased (up 31%) due to ongoing end-market demand and improved price. These results were partially offset by our global truck and trailer business (down 3%) as lower end-market demand in Asia and Europe more than offset modest growth in North America.

On October 1, 2024, we divested CCR, a global supplier of turnkey solutions for commercial refrigeration systems and services. The results of CCR are excluded from our Consolidated Financial Statements subsequent to the divestiture date. The transaction is included in Acquisitions and divestitures, net as part of the year-over-year change.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, *Segment operating profit* was \$452 million, a 7% decrease compared with the same period of 2024. The components of the year-over-year change were as follows:

	<b>Segment operating profit</b>
Organic / Operational	(7) %
Foreign currency translation	1 %
Acquisitions and divestitures, net	(2) %
Other	1 %
<b>Total % change</b>	<b>(7)%</b>

The segment decrease in operational profit of 7% was primarily driven by volume reductions in certain end-markets. In addition, costs associated with warranty-related issues further impacted the segment. These amounts were partially offset by favorable productivity initiatives, lower selling, general and administrative costs and higher volumes in certain end-markets. However, the higher volumes led to an unfavorable mix in the segment. Amounts reported in other represent a gain on the sale of equity method investments.

## **LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL CONDITION**

We assess liquidity in terms of our ability to generate adequate amounts of cash necessary to fund our current and future cash requirements to support our business and strategic initiatives. In doing so, we review and analyze our cash on hand, working capital, debt service requirements and capital expenditures. We rely on operating cash flows as our primary source of liquidity. In addition, we have access to other sources of capital to finance our strategic initiatives and fund growth.

As of December 31, 2025, we had *Cash and cash equivalents* of \$1.6 billion, of which approximately 94% was held by our foreign subsidiaries. We manage our worldwide cash requirements by reviewing available funds and the cost effectiveness with which we can access funds held by foreign subsidiaries. On occasion, we are required to maintain cash deposits in connection with contractual obligations related to acquisitions or divestitures or other legal obligations. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the amount of such restricted cash was \$2 million and \$3 million, respectively.

We continue to actively manage and strengthen our business portfolio to meet the current and future needs of our customers. This is accomplished through research and development activities with a focus on new product development and new technology innovation as well as sustaining activities with a focus on improving existing products and reducing production costs. We also pursue potential acquisitions to complement existing products and services to enhance our product portfolio. In addition, we routinely conduct discussions, evaluate targets and enter into agreements regarding possible acquisitions, divestitures, joint ventures and equity investments to manage our business portfolio.

We believe that our available cash and operating cash flows will be sufficient to meet our future operating cash needs. Our committed credit facilities and access to the debt and equity markets provide additional sources of short-term and long-term capital to fund current operations, debt maturities and future investment opportunities. Although we believe that the arrangements currently in place permit us to finance our operations on acceptable terms and conditions, our access to and the availability of financing on acceptable terms and conditions in the future will be impacted by many factors, including: (1) our credit ratings or absence of credit ratings; (2) the level of our existing indebtedness; (3) the restrictions under our debt agreements; (4) the liquidity of the overall capital markets and (5) the state of the economy. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain additional financing on terms favorable to us, if at all.

The following table contains several key measures of our financial condition and liquidity:

<i>(In millions)</i>	As of December 31,	
	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,555	\$ 3,969
Total debt	\$ 11,833	\$ 12,362
Total equity	\$ 14,128	\$ 14,395
Net debt (total debt less cash and cash equivalents)	\$ 10,278	\$ 8,393
Total capitalization (total debt plus total equity)	\$ 25,961	\$ 26,757
Net capitalization (total debt plus total equity less cash and cash equivalents)	\$ 24,406	\$ 22,788
Total debt to total capitalization	46 %	46 %
Net debt to net capitalization	42 %	37 %

#### **Borrowings and Lines of Credit**

We maintain a \$2.0 billion USD-denominated facility and a \$500 million Euro-denominated facility as part of an unsecured, unsubordinated commercial paper program which we can use for general corporate purposes, including the funding of working capital and potential acquisitions. In addition, we maintain a \$2.5 billion revolving credit agreement with various banks (the "Revolving Credit Facility") that matures in December 2029 which supports our commercial paper borrowing program and can be used for general corporate purposes. A ratings-based commitment fee is charged on unused commitments. As of December 31, 2025, we had \$325 million and zero borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program and our Revolving Credit Facility, respectively.

Our short-term obligations primarily consist of current maturities of long-term debt. Our long-term obligations primarily consist of long-term notes with maturity dates ranging between 2027 and 2054. Interest payments related to long-term notes are expected to approximate \$408 million per year, reflecting an approximate weighted-average interest rate of 3.7%. Any borrowings from the Revolving Credit Facility are subject to variable interest rates. See Note 7 - Borrowings and Lines of Credit in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the terms of our long-term debt obligations.

Scheduled maturities of long-term debt, excluding amortization of discount, are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	
2026	\$ 108
2027	\$ 1,309
2028	\$ 903
2029	\$ 43
2030	\$ 2,019
Thereafter	\$ 7,169

Our credit ratings are periodically reviewed by the major independent debt-rating agencies. As of December 31, 2025, Standards & Poor's Global Inc. and Moody's Investor Service Inc. have ratings on our debt set forth in the table below:

Rating Agency	Long-term Rating	Short-term Rating	Outlook
Standards & Poor's Global Inc.	BBB+	A2	Stable
Moody's Investors Service Inc.	Baa1	P-2	Positive

### Portfolio Transformation

On June 2, 2024, we completed the divestiture of Access Solutions for cash proceeds of \$5.0 billion. On July 1, 2024, we completed the divestiture of Industrial Fire for cash proceeds of \$1.4 billion. On October 1, 2024, we completed the divestiture of CCR for cash proceeds of \$679 million. On December 2, 2024, we completed the divestiture of the CRF Business for cash proceeds of \$2.9 billion. Consistent with our capital allocation strategy, the net proceeds were to fund repayment of debt, investments in organic and inorganic growth initiatives and capital returns to shareowners as well as for general corporate purposes. Further, on December 16, 2025, we entered into a purchase agreement to sell our Riello business with expected gross proceeds of approximately \$430 million, and the transaction is expected to close in the first half of 2026 and is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals.

### Share Repurchase Program

We may purchase our outstanding common stock from time to time subject to market conditions and at our discretion. Repurchases occur in the open market or through one or more other public or private transactions pursuant to plans complying with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. Since the initial authorization in February 2021, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$12.1 billion of our outstanding common stock which includes a \$5 billion increase approved in October 2025. As of December 31, 2025, the Company repurchased 114.9 million shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$6.8 billion. As a result, the Company has approximately \$5.3 billion remaining under the current authorization at December 31, 2025.

### Dividends

We paid dividends on our common stock of \$0.90 per share during the year ended December 31, 2025, totaling \$772 million. On December 3, 2025, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.24 per share payable on February 9, 2026, to shareowners of record at the close of business on January 20, 2026.

**Discussion of Cash Flows**

The following table reflects the major categories of cash flows for the following periods:

<i>(In millions)</i>	<b>For the Years Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Net cash provided by (used in):</b>		
Continuing operating activities	\$ 2,089	\$ 1,571
Continuing investing activities	(343)	(11,025)
Continuing financing activities	(4,672)	(4,611)

Cash flows from continuing operating activities primarily represent inflows and outflows associated with our continuing operations. Primary activities include net earnings from continuing operations adjusted for non-cash transactions, working capital changes and changes in other assets and liabilities. The year-over-year increase in net cash provided by continuing operating activities was primarily driven by an increase in net earnings and distributions from equity method investments. In addition, cash conversion on long-term contracts further benefited operating cash flow. These increases were partially offset by changes in working capital balances compared with the prior period.

Cash flows from continuing investing activities primarily represent inflows and outflows associated with long-term assets. Primary activities include capital expenditures, acquisitions, divestitures and proceeds from the sale of fixed assets. During the year ended December 31, 2025, net cash used in continuing investing activities was \$343 million. The primary driver of the outflow related to \$392 million of capital expenditures offset by \$105 million related to settlement of derivatives. During the year ended December 31, 2024, net cash used in continuing investing activities was \$11 billion. The primary driver of the outflow related to the acquisition of the VCS Business, which totaled \$10.8 billion, net of cash acquired. Additional investing outflows include \$264 million related to settlement of derivatives and \$519 million of capital expenditures. These outflows were partially offset by net proceeds of \$634 million related to divestitures.

Cash flows from continuing financing activities primarily represent inflows and outflows associated with equity or borrowings. Primary activities include debt transactions, paying dividends to shareowners and the repurchase of our common stock. During the year ended December 31, 2025, net cash used in continuing financing activities was \$4.7 billion. The primary driver of the outflow was related to repurchases of our common stock totaling \$2.9 billion. In addition, we made long-term debt repayments of \$1.2 billion and dividend payments of \$772 million to our common shareowners. During the year ended December 31, 2024, net cash used in continuing financing activities was \$4.6 billion. The primary driver of the outflow was due to repayments of long-term debt of \$5.3 billion. In addition, we made payments totaling \$1.9 billion to repurchase common stock and dividend payments of \$670 million to our common shareowners. These outflows were partially offset by the proceeds of borrowings used to fund the cash portion of the acquisition of the VCS Business.

**Summary of Other Sources and Uses of Cash**

Rapid changes in legislation, regulations and government policies, including with respect to regulations intended to combat climate events, affect our operations and business in the countries, regions and localities in which we operate and sell our products. We are committed to comply with these regulations and to environmental stewardship. As a result, we have set goals to invest over \$4 billion by 2030 to develop intelligent climate and energy solutions that reduce environmental impacts. In addition, to reach our goal to achieve carbon neutrality in our operations by 2030, we expect to incur capital expenditures for climate-related projects including upgrading our facilities, equipment and controls to optimize energy efficiency, transition our energy consumption from a dependency on fossil fuels to renewable energy and expanding the electrification of our fleet vehicles. See section entitled Environmental Goals under the headings "Other Matters Relating to Our Business as a Whole" for additional information.

We also have obligations related to environmental and asbestos matters, pension and post-retirement benefits and taxes. See Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plans, Note 17 - Income Taxes, and Note 23 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report for additional information.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with those accounting principles requires management to use judgment in making estimates and assumptions based on the relevant information available at the end of each period. These estimates and assumptions have a significant effect on reported amounts of assets, liabilities, sales and expenses as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities because they result primarily from the need to make estimates and assumptions on matters that are inherently uncertain. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

### Business Combinations

In accordance with ASC 805, *Business Combinations* ("ASC 805"), acquisitions that meet the definition of a business are recorded using the acquisition method of accounting. We recognize and measure the identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest as of the acquisition date at fair value. The valuation of intangible assets is determined by an income approach methodology, using assumptions such as projected future revenues, customer attrition rates, royalty rates, tax rates and discount rates. The excess, if any, of total consideration transferred in a business combination over the fair value of identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest is recognized as goodwill. Costs incurred as a result of a business combination other than costs related to the issuance of debt or equity securities are recorded in the period the costs are incurred.

### Goodwill

In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other* ("ASC 350"), goodwill is tested and reviewed annually for impairment on July 1 or whenever there is a material change in events or circumstances that indicates that the fair value of the reporting unit may be less than its carrying value.

ASC 350 provides entities with an option to perform a qualitative assessment (commonly referred to as "step zero") to determine whether a quantitative analysis for impairment is necessary. In performing step zero for our impairment test, we are required to make assumptions and judgments, including but not limited to the following: the evaluation of macroeconomic conditions as related to our business, industry and market trends, and the overall future financial performance of our reporting units and future opportunities in the markets in which they operate. If impairment indicators are present after performing step zero, we would perform a quantitative impairment analysis to estimate fair value.

For our 2025 goodwill impairment tests, we elected to perform qualitative step zero assessments for all tests, except for our Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit, to determine if the fair values of our reporting units were below carrying value. This constitutes the entire Climate Solutions Europe segment. We considered macroeconomic factors including global economic growth, general macroeconomic trends for the markets in which our reporting units operate and the forecasted growth of the global industrial products industry. In addition to these macroeconomic factors, among other things, we considered the reporting units' current results and forecasts, changes in the nature of each business, any significant legal, regulatory, contractual, political or other business climate factors, changes in the industry and competitive environment, changes in the composition or carrying value of net assets and any intention to sell or dispose of a reporting unit or a significant portion of a reporting unit. Based upon our qualitative analysis, we determined that our goodwill was not impaired.

For the remaining goodwill test, we elected to perform a quantitative test to determine if the fair value of our Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit was below carrying value. We utilized a discounted cash flow method under the income approach to estimate the fair value of the reporting unit. Key assumptions used in estimating future cash flows included the revenue growth rate, earnings before interest and income taxes margin, discount rate, and terminal growth rate, among others and explicitly addressed factors such as timing, growth and margins with due consideration given to forecasting, market and geographic risk. Upon completion of the test, the reporting unit had a fair value of approximately 14% above its carrying value. As a result, the test did not indicate any goodwill impairment. A significant increase in the discount rate, decrease in the long-term growth rate or substantial reductions in our end markets and volume assumptions could have a negative impact on the estimated fair value of this reporting unit.

## **Revenue Recognition from Contracts with Customers**

Revenue is recognized when control of a good or service promised in a contract (i.e., performance obligation) is transferred to a customer. Control is obtained when a customer has the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from that good or service. A significant portion of our performance obligations are recognized at a point-in-time when control of the product transfers to the customer, which is generally the time of shipment. The remaining portion of our performance obligations are recognized over time as the customer simultaneously obtains control as we perform work under a contract, or if the product being produced for the customer has no alternative use and we have a contractual right to payment.

A performance obligation is a distinct good, service or a bundle of goods and services promised in a contract. Some of our contracts with customers contain a single performance obligation, while others contain multiple performance obligations most commonly when a contract spans multiple phases of a product life-cycle such as production, installation, maintenance and support. We identify performance obligations at the inception of a contract and allocate the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation. Revenue is recognized when or as the performance obligation is satisfied. When there are multiple performance obligations within a contract, we allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation based on its relative stand-alone selling price.

We primarily generate revenue from the sale of products to customers and recognize revenue at a point in time when control transfers to the customer. Transfer of control is generally based on the shipping terms of the contract. In addition, we recognize revenue on an over-time basis on installation and service contracts. For over-time performance obligations requiring the installation of equipment, revenue is recognized using costs incurred to date relative to total estimated costs at completion to measure progress. Incurred costs represent work performed, which correspond with and best depict transfer of control to the customer. Contract costs include direct costs such as labor, materials and subcontractors' costs and, where applicable, indirect costs.

The transaction price allocated to performance obligations reflects our expectations about the consideration we will be entitled to receive from a customer. We include variable consideration in the estimated transaction price when there is a basis to reasonably estimate the amount and when it is probable that a significant reversal of revenue recognized would not occur when the uncertainty associated with variable consideration is subsequently resolved. In addition, we customarily offer our customers incentives to purchase products to ensure an adequate supply of our products in distribution channels. The principal incentive programs provide reimbursements to distributors for offering promotional pricing for products. We account for estimated incentive payments as a reduction in sales at the time a sale is recognized.

## **Income Taxes**

We account for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, applying enacted tax rates expected to be in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. We recognize future tax benefits to the extent that realizing these benefits is considered in our judgment to be more likely than not. For those jurisdictions where the expiration date of tax carryforwards or the projected operating results indicate that realization is not likely, a valuation allowance is provided. We review the realizability of our deferred tax asset valuation allowances on a quarterly basis, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that a review is required and will adjust our estimate if significant events so dictate. To the extent that the ultimate results differ from our original or adjusted estimates, the effect will be recorded in the provision for income taxes in the period that the matter is finally resolved.

In the ordinary course of business, there is inherent uncertainty in quantifying our income tax positions. We assess our income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon management's evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. For those tax positions where it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, we have recorded the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Contingent Liabilities

We are involved in various litigation, claims and administrative proceedings, including those related to environmental (including asbestos) and legal matters. In accordance with ASC 450, *Contingencies* ("ASC 450"), we record accruals for loss contingencies when it is probable that a liability will be incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These accruals are generally based upon a range of possible outcomes. If no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, we accrue the minimum amount. In addition, these estimates are reviewed periodically and adjusted to reflect additional information when it becomes available. We are unable to predict the final outcome of these matters based on the information currently available. However, we do not believe that the resolution of any of these matters will have a material adverse effect upon our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

As described in Note 23 – Commitments and Contingent Liabilities in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report, contractual, regulatory and other matters, including asbestos claims, may arise in the ordinary course of business that subject us to claims or litigation. We have recorded reserves in the consolidated financial statements related to these matters, which are developed using input derived from actuarial estimates and historical and anticipated experience depending on the nature of the reserve, and in certain instances in consultation with legal counsel, internal and external consultants and engineers. Subject to the uncertainties inherent in estimating future costs for these types of liabilities, we believe our estimated reserves are reasonable and do not believe the final determination of the liabilities with respect to these matters would have a material adverse effect upon our competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition. See the "Risk Factors" section in this Annual Report for additional information.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 3 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this Annual Report for a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements and their effect on our financial statements.

## ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

### Market Risk and Risk Management

We are exposed to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices which could impact our results of operations and financial condition. There has been no significant change in our exposure to market risk for the year ended December 31, 2025.

**Foreign Currency Exposures.** We have operations throughout the world that manufacture and sell products in various international markets. As a result, we are exposed to exchange rate movements in relation to our reporting currency, the U.S. dollar. Many of our non-U.S. operations have a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar. Therefore, our reported results will be higher or lower depending on the weakening or strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the respective foreign currency. We actively manage material currency exposures that are associated with purchases and sales and other assets and liabilities at the legal entity level.

We enter into cross currency swaps in order to manage foreign currency translation risk on assets denominated in a functional currency other than the U.S. Dollar. The swaps are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using observable market inputs, such as forward, discount and interest rates and are designated as a partial hedge of our investment in certain subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the U.S. Dollar. As a result, changes in the fair value of the cross currency swaps are recorded in *Equity* in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. To the extent that any hedge is not fully effective at offsetting changes in the underlying hedged item, the ineffective portion of the hedge would impact net earnings.

**Commodity Price Exposures.** We are exposed to volatility in the prices of commodities used in some of our products and when appropriate, we use fixed price contracts with suppliers to manage this exposure. In addition, we are exposed to fuel costs to ship our products and materials. We do not have commodity hedge contracts in place at December 31, 2025.

**Interest Rate Exposures.** Substantially all of our long-term debt has fixed interest rates. As a result, any fluctuation in market interest rates is not expected to have a material effect on our results of operations.

## ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareowners of Carrier Global Corporation

#### *Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Carrier Global Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of operations, of comprehensive income (loss), of changes in equity and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the COSO.

#### *Basis for Opinions*

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company's consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

#### *Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the

company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### ***Critical Audit Matters***

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

#### *Annual Goodwill Impairment Assessment – Climate Solutions Europe Reporting Unit*

As described in Notes 3 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's goodwill balance was \$15.5 billion as of December 31, 2025, and the goodwill associated with the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit was \$7.8 billion. Goodwill is tested and reviewed annually for impairment on July 1 or whenever there is a material change in events or circumstances that indicates that the fair value of the reporting unit may be less than its carrying value. A discounted cash flow method under the income approach was utilized by management to estimate the fair value of the reporting unit. Key assumptions used in estimating future cash flows included the revenue growth rate, earnings before interest and income taxes (EBIT) margin, discount rate, and terminal growth rate, among others.

The principal considerations for our determination that performing procedures relating to the annual goodwill impairment assessment of the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit is a critical audit matter are (i) the significant judgment by management when developing the fair value estimate of the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit; (ii) a high degree of auditor judgment, subjectivity, and effort in performing procedures and evaluating management's significant assumptions related to the revenue growth rate, EBIT margin, discount rate, and terminal growth rate; and (iii) the audit effort involved the use of professionals with specialized skill and knowledge.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures included testing the effectiveness of controls relating to management's annual goodwill impairment assessment, including controls over the valuation of the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit. These procedures also included, among others (i) testing management's process for developing the fair value estimate of the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit; (ii) evaluating the appropriateness of the discounted cash flow method used by management; (iii) testing the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data used in the discounted cash flow method; and (iv) evaluating the reasonableness of the significant assumptions used by management related to the revenue growth rate, EBIT margin, discount rate, and terminal growth rate. Evaluating management's assumptions related to the revenue growth rate and EBIT margin involved evaluating whether the assumptions used by management were reasonable considering (i) the current and past performance of the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit; (ii) the consistency with external market and industry data; and (iii) whether the assumptions were consistent with evidence obtained in other areas of the audit. Professionals with specialized skill and knowledge were used to assist in evaluating (i) the appropriateness of the discounted cash flow method and (ii) the reasonableness of the discount rate and terminal growth rate assumptions.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Miami, Florida  
February 5, 2026

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2019.

**CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

<i>(In millions, except per share amounts)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Net sales</b>			
Product sales	\$ 19,173	\$ 19,990	\$ 16,665
Service sales	2,574	2,496	2,286
<b>Total Net sales</b>	<b>21,747</b>	<b>22,486</b>	<b>18,951</b>
<b>Costs and expenses</b>			
Cost of products sold	(14,232)	(14,580)	(12,002)
Cost of services sold	(1,891)	(1,925)	(1,787)
Research and development	(625)	(686)	(493)
Selling, general and administrative	(3,092)	(3,197)	(2,607)
<b>Total Costs and expenses</b>	<b>(19,840)</b>	<b>(20,388)</b>	<b>(16,889)</b>
Equity method investment net earnings	229	231	211
Other income (expense), net	36	317	(113)
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>2,172</b>	<b>2,646</b>	<b>2,160</b>
Non-service pension benefit (expense)	(10)	(1)	(1)
Interest (expense) income, net	(364)	(371)	(160)
<b>Earnings before income taxes</b>	<b>1,798</b>	<b>2,274</b>	<b>1,999</b>
Income tax (expense) benefit	(240)	(1,062)	(521)
<b>Earnings from continuing operations</b>	<b>1,558</b>	<b>1,212</b>	<b>1,478</b>
Discontinued operations, net of tax	29	4,496	(38)
<b>Net earnings (loss)</b>	<b>1,587</b>	<b>5,708</b>	<b>1,440</b>
Less: Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries'	103	104	91
<b>Net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareowners</b>	<b>\$ 1,484</b>	<b>\$ 5,604</b>	<b>\$ 1,349</b>
<b>Amounts attributable to common shareowners:</b>			
Continuing operations	\$ 1,455	\$ 1,108	\$ 1,387
Discontinued operations	29	4,496	(38)
<b>Net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareowners</b>	<b>\$ 1,484</b>	<b>\$ 5,604</b>	<b>\$ 1,349</b>
<b>Earnings per share</b>			
Basic:			
Continuing operations	\$ 1.71	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.66
Discontinued operations	0.03	5.01	(0.05)
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 1.74	\$ 6.24	\$ 1.61
Diluted:			
Continuing operations	\$ 1.69	\$ 1.22	\$ 1.63
Discontinued operations	0.03	4.93	(0.05)
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 1.72	\$ 6.15	\$ 1.58
<b>Weighted-average number of shares outstanding</b>			
Basic	852.4	898.2	837.3
Diluted	862.4	911.7	853.0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

<i>(In millions)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Net earnings (loss)</b>	\$ 1,587	\$ 5,708	\$ 1,440
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:</b>			
<b>Foreign currency translation:</b>			
Foreign currency translation adjustments arising during period	1,836	(1,173)	157
Divestitures	—	564	—
<b>Foreign currency translation adjustments arising during period</b>	<b>1,836</b>	<b>(609)</b>	<b>157</b>
<b>Pension and post-retirement benefit plans:</b>			
Net actuarial gain (loss) arising during period	12	(15)	(17)
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss and prior service credit	3	2	1
Divestitures	—	7	—
	15	(6)	(16)
Tax (expense) benefit	(1)	(1)	—
<b>Pension and post-retirement benefit plans adjustments arising during period</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>(7)</b>	<b>(16)</b>
<b>Change in unrealized cash flow hedging:</b>			
Unrealized cash flow hedging gain (loss) arising during period	—	—	58
Amortization of unrealized cash flow hedging gain (loss)	(6)	(6)	—
	(6)	(6)	58
Tax (expense) benefit	1	2	—
<b>Change in unrealized cash flow hedging adjustments arising during period</b>	<b>(5)</b>	<b>(4)</b>	<b>58</b>
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	1,845	(620)	199
Comprehensive income (loss)	3,432	5,088	1,639
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	(111)	(104)	(88)
<b>Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common shareowners</b>	<b>\$ 3,321</b>	<b>\$ 4,984</b>	<b>\$ 1,551</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

<i>(In millions, except share amounts)</i>	As of December 31,	
	2025	2024
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,555	\$ 3,969
Accounts receivable, net	2,639	2,651
Inventories, net	2,483	2,299
Assets held for sale	592	—
Other assets, current	1,264	972
Total current assets	8,533	9,891
Future income tax benefits	1,074	1,131
Fixed assets, net	3,165	2,999
Operating lease right-of-use assets	546	554
Intangible assets, net	6,326	6,432
Goodwill	15,501	14,601
Pension and post-retirement assets	56	43
Equity method investments	1,321	1,194
Other assets	668	558
Total Assets	\$ 37,190	\$ 37,403
<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,702	\$ 2,458
Accrued liabilities	3,774	4,098
Liabilities held for sale	170	—
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	468	1,336
Total current liabilities	7,114	7,892
Long-term debt	11,365	11,026
Future pension and post-retirement obligations	192	214
Future income tax obligations	1,833	2,015
Operating lease liabilities	418	432
Other long-term liabilities	2,140	1,429
Total Liabilities	23,062	23,008
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 23)		
<b>Equity</b>		
Common stock, par value \$0.01; 4,000,000,000 shares authorized; 950,633,287 and 948,068,772 shares issued; 836,141,122 and 878,337,677 outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively	10	9
Treasury stock - 114,891,176 and 70,093,639 common shares, respectively	(6,795)	(3,915)
Additional paid-in capital	8,665	8,610
Retained earnings	12,193	11,483
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(269)	(2,106)
Non-controlling interest	324	314
Total Equity	14,128	14,395
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 37,190	\$ 37,403

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

<i>(In millions)</i>	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Non-Controlling Interest	Total Equity
<b>Balance, December 31, 2022</b>	\$ (1,688)	\$ 9	\$ (1,910)	\$ 5,481	\$ 5,866	\$ 318	\$ 8,076
Net earnings (loss)	—	—	—	—	1,349	91	1,440
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	202	—	—	—	—	(3)	199
Dividends declared on common stock (\$0.745 per share)	—	—	—	—	(624)	—	(624)
Shares issued under incentive plans, net	—	—	—	(27)	—	—	(27)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	81	—	—	81
Acquisition (sale) of non-controlling interest, net	—	—	—	—	—	(22)	(22)
Dividends attributable to non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	—	(56)	(56)
Treasury stock repurchases	—	—	(62)	—	—	—	(62)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2023</b>	<b>\$ (1,486)</b>	<b>\$ 9</b>	<b>\$ (1,972)</b>	<b>\$ 5,535</b>	<b>\$ 6,591</b>	<b>\$ 328</b>	<b>\$ 9,005</b>
Net earnings (loss)	—	—	—	—	5,604	104	5,708
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(620)	—	—	—	—	—	(620)
Dividends declared on common stock (\$0.795 per share)	—	—	—	—	(712)	—	(712)
Shares issued under incentive plans, net	—	—	—	(25)	—	—	(25)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	100	—	—	100
Acquisition of VCS Business	—	—	—	3,000	—	—	3,000
Acquisition (sale) of non-controlling interest, net	—	—	—	—	—	(36)	(36)
Dividends attributable to non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	—	(82)	(82)
Treasury stock repurchases	—	—	(1,943)	—	—	—	(1,943)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>\$ (2,106)</b>	<b>\$ 9</b>	<b>\$ (3,915)</b>	<b>\$ 8,610</b>	<b>\$ 11,483</b>	<b>\$ 314</b>	<b>\$ 14,395</b>
Net earnings (loss)	—	—	—	—	1,484	103	1,587
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	1,837	—	—	—	—	8	1,845
Dividends declared on common stock (\$0.675 per share)	—	—	—	—	(774)	—	(774)
Shares issued under incentive plans, net	—	—	—	(18)	—	—	(18)
Stock-based compensation	—	1	—	73	—	—	74
Dividends attributable to non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	—	(101)	(101)
Treasury stock repurchase	—	—	(2,580)	—	—	—	(2,580)
Share repurchase with Viessmann	—	—	(300)	—	—	—	(300)
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$ (269)</b>	<b>\$ 10</b>	<b>\$ (6,795)</b>	<b>\$ 8,665</b>	<b>\$ 12,193</b>	<b>\$ 324</b>	<b>\$ 14,128</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

<i>(In millions)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<b>Operating Activities</b>			
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 1,587	\$ 5,708	\$ 1,440
Discontinued operations, net of tax	(29)	(4,496)	38
Adjustments for non-cash items, net:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,274	1,232	491
Deferred income tax provision	(401)	(352)	(243)
Stock-based compensation cost	74	86	71
Equity method investment net earnings	(229)	(231)	(211)
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	—	(82)	—
(Gain) loss on sale of investments / deconsolidation	(32)	(322)	(19)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable, net	(98)	(40)	(161)
Inventories, net	(81)	292	123
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(219)	87	541
Distributions from equity method investments	201	46	129
Other operating activities, net	42	(357)	53
Net cash flows provided by (used in) continuing operating activities	2,089	1,571	2,252
Net cash flows provided by (used in) discontinued operating activities	424	(1,008)	355
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	2,513	563	2,607
<b>Investing Activities</b>			
Capital expenditures	(392)	(519)	(439)
Investment in businesses, net of cash acquired	(107)	(10,890)	(84)
Dispositions of businesses	27	634	54
Settlement of derivative contracts, net	105	(264)	(50)
Other investing activities, net	24	14	15
Net cash flows provided by (used in) continuing investing activities	(343)	(11,025)	(504)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) discontinued investing activities	36	9,000	(156)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	(307)	(2,025)	(660)
<b>Financing Activities</b>			
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings, net	275	50	(5)
Issuance of long-term debt	48	3,412	5,609
Repayment of long-term debt	(1,212)	(5,345)	(111)
Repurchases of common stock	(2,892)	(1,944)	(62)
Dividends paid on common stock	(772)	(670)	(620)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	(101)	(84)	(58)
Other financing activities, net	(18)	(30)	(121)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) continuing financing activities	(4,672)	(4,611)	4,632
Net cash flows provided by (used in) discontinued financing activities	—	(25)	(20)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	(4,672)	(4,636)	4,612
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	76	(103)	88
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, including cash classified in current assets held for sale	(2,390)	(6,201)	6,647
Less: Change in cash balances classified as assets held for sale	25	(320)	97
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	(2,415)	(5,881)	6,550
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	3,972	9,853	3,303
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	1,557	3,972	9,853
Less: restricted cash	2	3	1
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 1,555</b>	<b>\$ 3,969</b>	<b>\$ 9,852</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS**

Carrier Global Corporation (the "Company") is a global leader in intelligent climate and energy solutions with a focus on providing differentiated, digitally-enabled lifecycle solutions to its customers. The Company's portfolio includes industry-leading brands such as Carrier, Viessmann, Toshiba, Automated Logic and Carrier Transicold, among others, that offer innovative heating, cooling and cold chain solutions to enhance the lives we live and the world we share. The Company also provides a broad array of related building services, including audit, design, installation, system integration, repair, maintenance and monitoring. The Company's operations are classified into four segments: Climate Solutions Americas, Climate Solutions Europe, Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa and Climate Solutions Transportation.

**NOTE 2: BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements reflect the consolidated operations of the Company and have been prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") within the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"). Inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Related party transactions between the Company and its equity method investees have not been eliminated.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include all majority-owned subsidiaries of the Company. A non-controlling interest in a subsidiary is considered an ownership interest in a majority-owned subsidiary that is not attributable to the parent. The Company includes *Non-controlling interest* as a component of *Total equity* in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet and the *Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries' earnings* from operations are presented as an adjustment to *Earnings before income taxes* used to arrive at *Net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareowners* in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. Partially-owned equity affiliates represent 20 to 50% ownership interests in investments where the Company demonstrates significant influence, but does not have a controlling financial interest. Partially-owned equity affiliates are accounted for under the equity method.

**Sale of Riello Business**

On December 16, 2025, the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to sell its Riello business ("Riello") to Ariston Group with expected gross proceeds of approximately \$430 million. Riello, predominantly reported in the Company's Climate Solutions Europe segment, is a leading international manufacturer that designs, produces and integrates a comprehensive portfolio of thermal solutions including burners, boilers, heat pumps, cooling systems and aftermarket services for residential, commercial and industrial applications, with a strong focus on energy efficiency, innovation and a global distribution network. As a result, the assets and liabilities of Riello are presented as held for sale in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2025 and recorded at the lower of their carrying value or fair value less estimated cost to sell. See Note 20 - Divestitures for additional information.

**Portfolio Transformation**

On April 25, 2023, the Company announced that it entered into a Share Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") to acquire the climate solutions business (the "VCS Business") of Viessmann Group GmbH & Co. KG ("Viessmann"), a privately-held company. The acquisition was completed on January 2, 2024. As a result, the assets, liabilities and results of operations of the VCS Business are consolidated in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements as of the date of acquisition and reported primarily within the Company's Climate Solutions Europe segment. See Note 19 - Acquisitions for additional information.

During 2024, the Company divested its Commercial and Residential Fire ("CRF Business"), Access Solutions ("Access Solutions") and Industrial Fire ("Industrial Fire") businesses which were historically reported in its Fire & Security segment. The transactions represented a single disposal plan to separately divest multiple businesses over different reporting periods and met the criteria to be presented as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. In addition, the Company also divested its Commercial Refrigeration business ("CCR"). CCR, which was historically reported in the Climate Solutions Transportation segment (previously named Refrigeration), did not meet the criteria to be presented as discontinued operations. See Note 20 - Divestitures for additional information.

### **Segment Reorganization**

As a result of the Company's portfolio transformation, the Company revised its reportable segments during 2025 to better align the reporting structure with the Company's business strategy, resource allocation and performance assessment. Under the revised segment structure, the Company has three new regional heating, ventilating and air conditioning ("HVAC") operating segments. Combined with the Climate Solutions Transportation operating segment, the four operating segments also serve as the Company's reportable segments. This model is designed to create a simplified, more focused and customer-centric organization across the globe. Each segment reports through separate management teams which regularly review their operating results with the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker (the "CODM") determined in accordance with applicable accounting guidance. In connection with the revised structure, the CODM changed the measure used to evaluate segment profitability from *Operating profit* to *Segment operating profit*. All prior period comparative information has been recast to reflect the revised segment structure. See Note 21 - *Segment Financial Data* for additional information.

### **Deconsolidation of Kidde-Fenwal, Inc.**

On May 14, 2023, Kidde-Fenwal, Inc. ("KFI"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, filed a petition for voluntary reorganization under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code ("Chapter 11") in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. KFI, an industrial fire detection and suppression business historically reported in the Company's Fire & Security segment, filed a voluntary petition with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court") seeking relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. As of the petition date, KFI was deconsolidated and its respective assets and liabilities were derecognized from the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Separation from United Technologies**

On April 3, 2020 (the "Distribution Date"), United Technologies Corporation ("UTC"), since renamed RTX Corporation ("Raytheon Technologies Corporation" or "RTX"), completed the spin-off of Carrier into an independent, publicly traded company (the "Separation") through a pro rata distribution (the "Distribution") on a one-for-one basis of all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Carrier to UTC shareowners who held shares of UTC common stock as of the close of business on March 19, 2020, the record date for the Distribution. In addition, the Company entered into several agreements with UTC and Otis Worldwide Corporation ("Otis") that govern various aspects of the relationship among the Company, UTC and Otis. As of December 31, 2025, only certain portions of the Tax Matters Agreement ("TMA") remain in effect.

### **NOTE 3: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

A summary of significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements is as follows:

***Use of Estimates.*** The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are based on several factors including the facts and circumstances available at the time the estimates are made, historical experience and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Currency Translation.** Assets and liabilities of non-U.S. subsidiaries, where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, have been translated at year-end exchange rates, and income and expense accounts have been translated using average exchange rates throughout the year. Adjustments resulting from the process of translating an entity's financial statements into the U.S. dollar have been recorded in the equity section of the Consolidated Balance Sheet within *Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)*. Transactions that are denominated in a currency other than an entity's functional currency are subject to changes in exchange rates with the resulting gains and losses recorded in *Net earnings (loss)*.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents.** Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term cash investments that are highly liquid in nature and have original maturities of three months or less. On occasion, the Company is required to maintain restricted cash deposits with certain banks due to contractual or other legal obligations. Restricted cash of \$2 million and \$3 million is included in *Other assets, current* as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

**Accounts Receivable.** Accounts receivable consist of billed amounts owed for products shipped to or services performed for customers. Amounts are recorded net of an allowance for expected credit losses which represents the best estimate of probable loss inherent in the Company's accounts receivable portfolio. The allowance is determined using a combination of factors including a reserve based on the aging of the outstanding accounts receivable portfolio and the Company's historical credit loss experience with its end markets, customer base and products. In addition, the Company considers knowledge of specific customers, current market conditions as well as reasonable and supportable forecasts of future events and economic conditions. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the allowance for expected credit losses was \$81 million and \$97 million, respectively. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically with the effects of changes, if any, reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Operations in the period that they are determined.

**Fixed Assets.** Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Assets placed in service are recorded at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. Assets acquired in a business combination are recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition. Major expenditures for replacements and significant improvements that increase asset values and extend useful lives are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance expenditures that do not extend the useful life of an asset are charged to expense as incurred.

Per ASC 360, *Property, Plant and Equipment* ("ASC 360"), the Company assesses the recoverability of the carrying value of its property, plant and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset group may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by a comparison of the carrying value of an asset group to the future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset group. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset group, an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying value of the asset group exceeds the fair value of the asset group.

**Equity Method Investments.** Investments in which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence, but does not control, are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and are presented on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Under this method of accounting, the Company's share of the net earnings or losses of the investee is presented within *Operating profit* on the Consolidated Statement of Operations since the activities of the investee are closely aligned with the operations of the Company. The Company evaluates its equity method investments whenever events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying values of such investments may be impaired. If a decline in the value of an equity method investment is determined to be other than temporary, a loss is recorded in earnings in the current period. Distributions received from equity method investees are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows based on the cumulative earnings approach.

**Goodwill and Intangible Assets.** The Company records goodwill as the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired in a business combination. In accordance with ASC 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other* ("ASC 350"), goodwill is tested and reviewed annually for impairment on July 1 or whenever there is a material change in events or circumstances that indicates that the fair value of the reporting unit may be less than its carrying value.

Impairment of goodwill is assessed at the reporting unit level and begins with a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the goodwill impairment test under ASC 350. For those reporting units that bypass or fail the qualitative assessment, the test compares the carrying value of the reporting unit to its estimated fair value. Fair value of a reporting unit is estimated using a discounted cash flow method under the income approach. The approach relies on estimates of future cash flows, revenue growth rates, earnings before interest and income taxes margins, discount rates, and terminal growth rates and explicitly addressed factors such as timing, growth and margins with due consideration given to forecasting, market and geographic risk. If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, goodwill of the reporting unit is not impaired. To the extent that the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, an impairment loss will be recognized for the amount by which the reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying value of goodwill in that reporting unit.

Intangible assets such as patents, service contracts, monitoring lines and customer relationships with finite useful lives are amortized based on the pattern in which the economic benefits of the intangible assets are consumed. If a pattern of economic benefit cannot be reliably determined or if straight-line amortization approximates the pattern of economic benefit, a straight-line amortization may be used.

The range of useful lives approximate the following (in years):

Customer relationships	1 to 30
Patents and trademarks	5 to 40
Technology and other	1 to 50

The Company assesses the recoverability of the carrying value of its intangible assets with finite useful lives whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset group may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by a comparison of the carrying value of an asset group to the future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset group. If the undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset group, an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying value of the asset group exceeds the fair value of the asset group.

**Leases.** The Company accounts for leases in accordance with ASC 842, *Leases* ("ASC 842"), which requires a lessee to record a right-of-use ("ROU") asset and a lease liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. The Company generally uses its incremental borrowing rate, which is based on information available at the lease commencement date, to determine the present value of lease payments except when an implicit interest rate is readily determinable. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. The Company has elected not to recognize ROU assets and lease obligations for its short-term leases, which are defined as leases with an initial term of 12 months or less.

**Income Taxes.** The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, applying enacted tax rates expected to be in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company recognizes future tax benefits to the extent that realizing these benefits is considered in its judgment to be more likely than not. For those jurisdictions where the expiration date of tax carryforwards or the projected operating results indicate that realization is not likely, a valuation allowance is provided. The Company reviews the realizability of its deferred tax asset valuation allowances on a quarterly basis, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that a review is required and will adjust its estimate if significant events so dictate. To the extent that the ultimate results differ from the Company's original or adjusted estimates, the effect will be recorded in the provision for income taxes in the period that the matter is finally resolved.

In the ordinary course of business, there is inherent uncertainty in quantifying the Company's income tax positions. The Company assesses its income tax positions and records tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon management's evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. For those tax positions where it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, the Company has recorded the largest amount of tax benefit with a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Pension and Post-retirement Obligations.** The Company provides a range of benefit plans to eligible current and former employees. The Company accounts for its benefit plans in accordance with ASC 715, *Compensation - Retirement Benefits* ("ASC 715") which requires balance sheet recognition of the overfunded or underfunded status of pension and post-retirement benefit plans. Determining the amounts associated with these benefits are performed by actuaries and dependent on various actuarial assumptions including discount rates, expected return on plan assets, compensation increases, mortality and health care cost trends. Actual results may differ from the actuarial assumptions and are generally recorded in *Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)* and amortized into *Net earnings (loss)* over future periods. The Company reviews its actuarial assumptions at each measurement date and makes modifications to the assumptions based on current rates and trends, if appropriate. See Note 10 – Employee Benefit Plans for additional information.

**Business Combinations.** In accordance with ASC 805, *Business Combinations* ("ASC 805"), acquisitions that meet the definition of a business are recorded using the acquisition method of accounting. The Company recognizes and measures identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest as of the acquisition date at fair value. The valuation of intangible assets is determined by an income approach methodology, using assumptions such as projected future revenues, customer attrition rates, royalty rates, tax rates and discount rates. The excess, if any, of total consideration transferred in a business combination over the fair value of identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest is recognized as goodwill. Costs incurred as a result of a business combination other than costs related to the issuance of debt or equity securities are recorded in the period the costs are incurred.

**Asset Retirement Obligations.** The Company records the fair value of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets in the period in which a liability is determined to exist, if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. Upon initial recognition of a liability, the Company capitalizes the cost of the asset retirement obligation by increasing the carrying value of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is increased for changes in its present value and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset.

**Research and Development.** The Company conducts research and development activities with a focus on new product development and technology innovation. These costs are charged to expense as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, these costs amounted to \$625 million, \$686 million and \$493 million, respectively.

#### **Recent Pronouncements**

The FASB ASC is the sole source of authoritative GAAP other than United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued rules and regulations that apply only to SEC registrants. The FASB issues Accounting Standards Updates ("ASU") to communicate changes to the codification. The Company considers the applicability and impact of all ASUs. ASUs not referenced below were assessed and determined to be either not applicable or are not expected to have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures* ("ASU 2023-09"), which requires public entities to disclose disaggregated information about their effective tax rate reconciliation as well as information on income taxes paid. ASU 2023-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2023-09 prospectively for the period ending December 31, 2025.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses (DISE)* ("ASU 2024-03"), which requires public entities to disclose disaggregated information about expenses by nature on an interim and annual basis. ASU 2024-03 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this ASU on its financial statements.

#### **NOTE 4: INVENTORIES, NET**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value. Cost is primarily determined based on the first-in, first-out inventory method ("FIFO") or average cost methods, which approximates current replacement cost. However, certain Carrier entities use the last-in, first-out inventory method ("LIFO").

Inventories, net consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Raw materials	\$ 666	\$ 625
Work-in-process	245	213
Finished goods	1,572	1,461
<b>Inventories, net</b>	<b>\$ 2,483</b>	<b>\$ 2,299</b>

The Company performs periodic assessments utilizing customer demand, production requirements and historical usage rates to determine the existence of excess and obsolete inventory and records necessary provisions to reduce such inventories to the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value. Raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods are net of valuation reserves of \$337 million and \$215 million as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Certain entities use LIFO to determine the cost of inventory. If inventories that were valued using the LIFO method had been valued under the FIFO method, the net book value of the inventories would have been higher by \$289 million and \$238 million as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, approximately 36% and 39%, respectively, of all inventory utilized the LIFO method.

#### NOTE 5: FIXED ASSETS, NET

Fixed assets, net consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Estimated Useful Lives (Years)	2025	2024
Land		\$ 165	\$ 169
Buildings and improvements	20 to 40	1,535	1,325
Machinery, tools and equipment	3 to 25	3,344	2,947
Rental assets	3 to 12	351	355
Other, including assets under construction		613	715
Fixed assets, gross		6,008	5,511
Accumulated depreciation		(2,843)	(2,512)
<b>Fixed assets, net</b>		<b>\$ 3,165</b>	<b>\$ 2,999</b>

Depreciation expense was \$383 million, \$385 million and \$270 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### NOTE 6: GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company records goodwill as the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is tested and reviewed annually for impairment on July 1 or whenever there is a material change in events or circumstances that indicates that the fair value of the reporting unit may be less than its carrying value.

The changes in the carrying value of goodwill were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Climate Solutions Americas	Climate Solutions Europe	Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa	Climate Solutions Transportation	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 4,543	\$ 703	\$ 1,237	\$ 1,037	\$ 7,520
Goodwill resulting from business combinations <sup>(1)</sup>	526	6,861	235	33	7,655
Foreign currency translation	(10)	(529)	(92)	57	(574)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 5,059	\$ 7,035	\$ 1,380	\$ 1,127	\$ 14,601
Goodwill resulting from business combinations <sup>(1)</sup>	12	3	6	44	65
Reclassified to held for sale <sup>(2)</sup>	—	(175)	—	—	(175)
Foreign currency translation	4	945	24	37	1,010
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$ 5,075</b>	<b>\$ 7,808</b>	<b>\$ 1,410</b>	<b>\$ 1,208</b>	<b>\$ 15,501</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> See Note 19 - Acquisitions for additional information.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Note 20 - Divestitures for additional information.

Identifiable intangible assets consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025			2024		
	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amount	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amount
Customer relationships	\$ 6,143	\$ (1,573)	\$ 4,570	\$ 5,607	\$ (939)	\$ 4,668
Patents and trademarks	945	(191)	754	885	(147)	738
Technology and other	1,692	(690)	1,002	1,530	(504)	1,026
<b>Total intangible assets</b>	<b>\$ 8,780</b>	<b>\$ (2,454)</b>	<b>\$ 6,326</b>	<b>\$ 8,022</b>	<b>\$ (1,590)</b>	<b>\$ 6,432</b>

Amortization of intangible assets was \$884 million, \$843 million and \$221 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The estimated future amortization of intangible assets is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Thereafter
Future amortization	\$ 868	\$ 818	\$ 742	\$ 655	\$ 599	\$ 2,644

### Impairment Test

In connection with its revised segment structure, the Company performed a quantitative goodwill impairment test on its reporting units prior to the reorganization to determine if any impairment existed. The tests did not indicate any goodwill impairment. The Company then reassigned goodwill among its new reporting units using a relative fair value approach. Based on these analyses, the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit had a fair value of 10% above its carrying value. This constitutes the entire Climate Solutions Europe segment. All other reporting units had fair values substantially in excess of their carrying values.

The Company tested its goodwill for impairment on July 1 as part of its annual assessment. For each test, except the Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit, the Company qualitatively assessed all relevant events or circumstances that could impact the estimate of fair value and determined the fair value of each reporting unit substantially exceeded their carrying value. For the remaining test, the Company's Climate Solutions Europe reporting unit, the Company performed a quantitative goodwill impairment test to determine if any impairment existed. Upon completion of the test, the reporting unit had a fair value of approximately 14% above its carrying value. Key assumptions used in estimating future cash flows included the revenue growth rate, earnings before interest and income taxes margin, discount rate, and terminal growth rate, among others. As a result, the test did not indicate any goodwill impairment.

## NOTE 7: BORROWINGS AND LINES OF CREDIT

Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Commercial paper	\$ 325	\$ —
Short-term borrowings	35	84
Current portion of long-term debt	108	1,252
<b>Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt</b>	<b>\$ 468</b>	<b>\$ 1,336</b>

### Commercial Paper Program

The Company has a \$2.0 billion USD-denominated facility and a \$500 million Euro-denominated facility as part of an unsecured, unsubordinated commercial paper program, which can be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of working capital and potential acquisitions. As of December 31, 2025, the Company had \$325 million outstanding under its USD-denominated commercial paper facility, with a weighted average rate of 3.98%.

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
2.242% Notes due 2025 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ —	\$ 1,200
2.493% Notes due 2027	900	900
4.125% Notes due 2028	883	783
2.722% Notes due 2030	2,000	2,000
2.700% Notes due 2031	750	750
4.500% Notes due 2032	1,001	887
5.900% Notes due 2034	875	875
3.625% Notes due 2037	883	783
3.377% Notes due 2040	1,500	1,500
3.577% Notes due 2050	1,400	1,400
6.200% Notes due 2054	650	650
Total long-term notes	10,842	11,728
Japanese Term Loan Facility	345	342
Other debt (including project financing obligations and finance leases)	364	296
Discounts and debt issuance costs	(78)	(88)
Total long-term debt	11,473	12,278
Less: current portion of long-term debt	108	1,252
<b>Long-term debt, net of current portion</b>	<b>\$ 11,365</b>	<b>\$ 11,026</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> 2.242% Notes due February 15, 2025; repaid during February 2025.

### Revolving Credit Facility

On December 20, 2024, the Company entered into a revolving credit agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and certain other lenders, permitting aggregate borrowings of up to \$2.5 billion pursuant to an unsecured, unsubordinated revolving credit facility that matures in December 2029 (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The Revolving Credit Facility supports the Company's commercial paper program and can be used for other general corporate purposes. Borrowings are available in U.S. Dollars and Euros. U.S. Dollar borrowings can bear interest at either a Term SOFR Rate plus 0.10% and a ratings-based margin or, alternatively, at an alternate base rate plus a ratings-based margin. Euro borrowings bear interest at an adjusted EURIBOR rate plus a ratings-based margin. A ratings-based commitment fee is charged on unused commitments. In addition, the Company capitalized \$11 million of deferred financing costs which are being amortized over the term of the facility. As of December 31, 2025, there were no borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

## Project Financing Arrangements

The Company is involved in long-term construction contracts in which it arranges project financing with certain customers. As a result, the Company issued \$34 million and \$53 million of debt during the year ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Long-term debt repayments associated with these financing arrangements for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, were zero and \$14 million, respectively.

## Debt Covenants

The Revolving Credit Facility, the indenture for the long-term notes and the Japanese Term Loan Facility contain affirmative and negative covenants customary for financings of these types, which, among other things, limit the Company's ability to incur additional liens, to make certain fundamental changes and to enter into sale and leaseback transactions. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with the covenants under the agreements governing its outstanding indebtedness.

## Tender Offers

In July 2024, the Company commenced tender offers to purchase up to \$800 million ("Aggregate Tender Cap") aggregate purchase price of certain tranches of the Company's notes. The tender offers included payment of applicable accrued and unpaid interest up to the settlement date, along with a fixed spread for early repayment. Based on several factors, the Company elected to increase the Aggregate Tender Cap and settle the tender offers early. The aggregate principal amount tendered and accepted was approximately \$1.1 billion, which included \$125 million of notes due 2034, \$350 million of notes due 2054 and approximately \$600 million of notes due 2050. Upon settlement, the Company recognized a net gain of \$97 million and wrote off \$11 million of unamortized deferred financing costs within *Interest (expense) income, net* on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

## Schedule of Long-term Debt Maturities

Scheduled maturities of long-term debt, excluding amortization of discount, are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	
2026	\$ 108
2027	\$ 1,309
2028	\$ 903
2029	\$ 43
2030	\$ 2,019
Thereafter	\$ 7,169

As of December 31, 2025, the average maturity of the Company's long-term notes is approximately 10 years and the weighted-average interest rate on its total borrowings is approximately 3.7%. Interest expense associated with long-term debt for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 was \$458 million, \$580 million and \$306 million, respectively.

## NOTE 8: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement* ("ASC 820"), defines fair value as the price that would be received if an asset is sold or the price paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes information used in developing assumptions when pricing an asset or liability as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs where there is little or no market data, which requires the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

ASC 820 requires the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to certain risks arising from business operations and economic factors, including foreign currency and commodity price risk. These exposures are managed through operational strategies and the use of undesignated hedging contracts. The Company's derivative assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using internal models based on observable market inputs, such as forward, interest, contract and discount rates with changes in fair value reported in *Other income (expense), net* in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The Company enters into external cross currency swaps in order to manage foreign currency translation risk on assets denominated in a functional currency other than the U.S. Dollar. The swaps have an aggregate notional amount of \$3.1 billion and are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using observable market inputs, such as forward, discount and interest rates. The Company designates the cross currency swaps as a partial hedge of its investment in certain subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the U.S. Dollar. As a result, changes in the fair value of the swaps are recorded in *Equity* in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.

During 2023, the Company entered into several interest rate swap contracts to mitigate interest rate exposure on the forecasted issuance of long-term debt. The contracts had an aggregate notional amount of \$1.5 billion and were designated as cash flow hedges with changes in fair value reported in *Equity* in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet. Fair value was measured on a recurring basis using observable market inputs, such as forward, discount and interest rates. In November 2023, the contracts were settled upon the issuance of the underlying debt. As a result, the Company deferred a net unrecognized gain of \$58 million in *Equity* which will be subsequently recognized in *Interest expense* over the term of the related notes which range from 2034 to 2044. The amount expected to be amortized during 2026 is a net gain of \$4 million.

In connection with the acquisition of the VCS Business, the Company entered into window forward contracts with Bank of America N.A. and JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. to mitigate the foreign currency risk of the expected cash outflows associated with the Euro-denominated purchase price. The instruments have an aggregate notional amount of €7 billion and are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using observable market inputs, such as forward, discount and interest rates with changes in fair value reported in *Other income (expense), net* in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized a \$96 million loss on the mark-to-market valuation of its window forward contracts. The Company settled the window forward contracts on January 2, 2024, upon the acquisition of the VCS Business and recognized an additional \$86 million loss.

The following tables provide the valuation hierarchy classification of assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value and measured on a recurring basis in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>December 31, 2025</b>				
Fair value measurement:				
Derivative assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 129	\$ —	\$ 129	\$ —
Derivative liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ (166)	\$ —	\$ (166)	\$ —
<b>December 31, 2024</b>				
Fair value measurement:				
Derivative assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 82	\$ —	\$ 82	\$ —
Derivative liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ (41)	\$ —	\$ (41)	\$ —

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in *Other assets, current* and *Other assets* on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.

<sup>(2)</sup> Included in *Accrued liabilities* and *Other long-term liabilities* on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The following table provides the carrying values and fair values of the Company's long-term notes that are not recorded at fair value in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025		2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Total long-term notes <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 10,842	\$ 10,167	\$ 11,728	\$ 10,798

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes debt discount and issuance costs.

The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is measured based on observable market inputs which are considered Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term borrowings approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these accounts and would be classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy. The Company's financing leases and project financing obligations, included in *Long-term debt* and *Current portion of long-term debt* on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet, approximate fair value and are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

**NOTE 9: LEASES**

The Company enters into operating and finance leases for the use of real estate, vehicles, information technology equipment and certain other equipment. At contract inception, the Company determines a lease exists if the arrangement conveys the right to control an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is considered to exist when the lessee has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an identified asset as well as the right to direct the use of that asset. If a contract is considered to be a lease, the Company recognizes a lease liability based on the present value of the future lease payments with an offsetting entry to recognize a right-of-use asset.

Operating lease right-of-use assets and liabilities are reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$ 546	\$ 554
Accrued liabilities	\$ (142)	\$ (135)
Operating lease liabilities	(418)	(432)
<b>Total operating lease liabilities</b>	<b>\$ (560)</b>	<b>\$ (567)</b>
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term (in years)	6.4	6.8
Weighted-Average Discount Rate	4.6 %	4.5 %

Where applicable, the Company accounts for each separate lease component of a contract and its associated non-lease component as a single lease component.

Supplemental cash flow and lease expense information related to operating leases were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Operating cash flows for measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$ 179	\$ 173	\$ 135
Operating lease ROU assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations	\$ 100	\$ 112	\$ 50
Operating lease expense	\$ 184	\$ 175	\$ 127

Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. In addition, the Company has certain leases that contain variable lease payments which are based on an index, a rate referenced in the lease or on the actual usage of the leased asset. These payments are not included in the right-of-use asset or lease liability and are expensed as incurred as variable lease expense.

Undiscounted maturities of operating lease liabilities as of December 31, 2025, are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>		
2026	\$	163
2027		124
2028		95
2029		70
2030		50
Thereafter		147
Total undiscounted lease payments		649
Less: imputed interest		(89)
Total discounted lease payments	\$	560

**NOTE 10: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS**

The Company sponsors U.S. and international defined benefit pension and defined contribution plans. In addition, the Company contributes to various U.S. and international multi-employer defined benefit pension plans.

**Pension Plans**

Qualified U.S. pension plan benefits covering collectively bargained employees comprise approximately 37% of the projected benefit obligation. This noncontributory defined benefit plan provides benefits on a flat dollar formula based on an employee's location and is closed to new entrants. The non-U.S. plans comprise approximately 63% of the projected benefit obligation; certain of these plans provide participants with one-time payments upon separation of employment rather than a retirement annuity. The plans' benefits are based on plan specific parameters. Non-qualified U.S. pension plans provide supplementary retirement benefits to certain employees and are not a material component of the projected benefit obligation.

The following table details information regarding the Company's pension plans:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
<b>Change in Benefit Obligation</b>		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 657	\$ 575
Service cost	13	14
Interest cost	28	26
Actuarial (gain) loss	(14)	(9)
Benefits paid	(19)	(24)
Curtailment, settlements and special termination benefits	(39)	(13)
Other, including expenses paid	37	(25)
Acquisitions <sup>(2)</sup>	—	113
Benefit obligation at end of year	<u>\$ 663</u>	<u>\$ 657</u>
<b>Change in Plan Assets</b>		
Fair value at beginning of year	\$ 507	\$ 468
Actual return on plan assets	38	1
Company contributions	36	34
Benefits paid	(19)	(24)
Settlements	(46)	(13)
Other, including expenses paid	24	(15)
Acquisitions <sup>(2)</sup>	—	56
Fair value of assets end of year	<u>\$ 540</u>	<u>\$ 507</u>
<b>Funded status of plans</b>	<u>\$ (123)</u>	<u>\$ (150)</u>
<b>Amounts included in the balance sheet:</b>		
Other non-current assets	\$ 56	\$ 43
Accrued compensation and benefits	(14)	(13)
Post-employment and other benefit liabilities	(165)	(180)
<b>Net amount recognized</b>	<u>\$ (123)</u>	<u>\$ (150)</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> See Note 20 - Divestitures for additional information.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Note 19 - Acquisitions for additional information.

The funded status improved primarily due to favorable returns on plan assets. In addition, higher employer contributions related to restructuring activities and increases in discount rates that reduced benefit obligations contributed to the improvement. These factors were partially offset by curtailment losses and unfavorable foreign currency movements.

The pretax amounts recognized in *Accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss* are:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Prior Service Cost (Benefit)	Net Actuarial (Gain) Loss	Total
As of December 31, 2024	\$ 4	\$ 130	\$ 134
Current year changes recorded in AOCI	—	(12)	(12)
Amortization reclassified to earnings	(1)	(2)	(3)
Settlement/curtailment reclassified to earnings	(2)	(10)	(12)
Currency translation and other	—	8	8
<b>As of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$ 1</b>	<b>\$ 114</b>	<b>\$ 115</b>

Information for pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 255	\$ 481
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 232	\$ 456
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 76	\$ 288

Information for pension plans with projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 255	\$ 481
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 232	\$ 456
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 76	\$ 288

The accumulated benefit obligation for all defined benefit plans was \$639 million and \$631 million as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Pension benefit payments, including amounts to be paid from corporate assets, and reflecting expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	
2026	\$ 39
2027	\$ 48
2028	\$ 45
2029	\$ 47
2030	\$ 48
2031 through 2035	\$ 251

For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the Company made \$36 million, \$34 million and \$33 million, respectively, of cash contributions to its defined benefit pension plans. The Company expects to make required funding contributions of approximately \$5 million to its defined benefit pension plans in 2026.

The components of net periodic pension expense (benefit) for the defined benefit pension plans are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025		2024		2023	
Service cost	\$	13	\$	14	\$	15
Interest cost		28		26		31
Expected return on plan assets		(33)		(36)		(32)
Amortization of prior service cost		1		1		3
Recognized actuarial net loss		2		1		(2)
Net settlement, curtailment and special termination benefit loss		12		4		1
<b>Net periodic pension expense (benefit)</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>16</b>

Major assumptions used in determining the benefit obligation and net cost for pension plans are presented in the following table as weighted-averages:

	Benefit Obligation		Net Costs		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2023
Discount rate					
Projected benefit obligation	4.5%	4.3 %	4.3%	4.3 %	4.2 %
Interest cost <sup>(1)</sup>	—%	—%	4.1%	4.2 %	4.1 %
Service cost <sup>(1)</sup>	—%	—%	3.8%	4.5 %	4.5 %
Salary scale	2.4%	2.6 %	2.6%	2.2 %	2.4 %
Expected return on plan assets	—%	—%	5.2%	6.3 %	5.7 %

<sup>(1)</sup> The 2025 and 2024 discount rates used to measure the service cost and interest cost apply to the significant plans of the Company. The projected benefit obligation discount rate is used for the service cost and interest cost measurements for non-significant plans.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is determined by considering the relative weighting of plan assets, the historical performance of total plan assets, individual asset classes, economic and other indicators of future performance. Return projections are assessed for reasonableness using a simulation model that incorporates yield curves, credit spreads and risk premiums to project long-term prospective returns.

The Company's investment objective is to provide liquidity and asset levels needed to meet current and future benefit payments, while maintaining a prudent degree of portfolio diversification considering interest rate risk and market volatility. Globally, investment strategies target a mix of approximately 20% of growth seeking assets and 80% of income generating and hedging assets using a wide diversification of asset types, fund strategies and investment managers.

The growth seeking allocation consists of global public equities in developed and emerging countries and alternative asset class strategies. The income generating assets primarily consist of government and broadly diversified high quality corporate bonds. In addition, the Company's investment strategies seek to reduce interest rate risk and have incorporated liability hedging programs as part of the long-term investment strategy. Under this objective, the income generating and hedging assets typically increase as the plans' funded status improves. The Company monitors plan funded status and asset allocation regularly in addition to investment manager performance.

The fair values of pension plan assets by asset category are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Not Subject to Leveling	Total
<b>Asset Category</b>					
Public Equities:					
Global Equities	\$ —	\$ 25	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 25
Global Equity Funds at net asset value <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	—	—	—	120	120
Fixed Income Securities:					
Governments	—	56	—	27	83
Corporate Bonds	—	92	—	—	92
Fixed Income Securities <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	—	146	146
Real Estate <sup>(3)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1
Other <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	—	15	—	7	22
Cash & Cash Equivalents <sup>(2)(6)</sup>	—	40	—	9	49
Subtotal	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 229</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 309</u>	<u>\$ 538</u>
Other assets and liabilities <sup>(7)</sup>					2
<b>Total as of December 31, 2025</b>					<u>\$ 540</u>

<i>(In millions)</i>	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Not Subject to Leveling	Total
<b>Asset Category</b>					
Public Equities:					
Global Equities	\$ —	\$ 23	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 23
Global Equity Funds at net asset value <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	—	—	—	125	125
Fixed Income Securities:					
Governments	—	23	—	25	48
Corporate Bonds	—	93	—	—	93
Fixed Income Securities <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	—	156	156
Real Estate <sup>(3)</sup>	—	1	—	—	1
Other <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	—	15	—	8	23
Cash & Cash Equivalents <sup>(2)(6)</sup>	—	28	—	9	37
Subtotal	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 183</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 323</u>	<u>\$ 506</u>
Other assets and liabilities <sup>(7)</sup>					1
<b>Total as of December 31, 2024</b>					<u>\$ 507</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents commingled funds that invest primarily in common stocks.

<sup>(2)</sup> In accordance with ASU 2015-07, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)*, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented for the total pension plan assets.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents investments in real estate, including commingled funds and directly held properties.

<sup>(4)</sup> Represents insurance contracts and global balanced risk commingled funds consisting mainly of equity, bonds and some commodities.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes fixed income repurchase agreements entered into for purposes of pension asset and liability matching.

<sup>(6)</sup> Represents short-term commercial paper, bonds and other cash or cash-like instruments.

<sup>(7)</sup> Represents trust receivables and payables that are not leveled.

Derivatives in the plan are primarily used to manage risk and gain asset class exposure while still maintaining liquidity. Derivative instruments mainly consist of fixed income repurchase agreements, interest rate swaps, total return swaps and currency forward contracts.

Quoted market prices are used to value investments when available. Investments in securities traded on exchanges, including listed futures and options, are valued at the last reported sale prices on the last business day of the year or, if not available, the last reported bid prices. Fixed income securities are primarily measured using a market approach pricing methodology, whereby observable prices are obtained by market transactions involving identical or comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. Over-the-counter securities and government obligations are valued at the bid prices or the average of the bid and ask prices on the last business day of the year from published sources or, if not available, from other sources considered reliable, including broker quotes. Temporary cash investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

### Multiemployer Benefit Plans

The Company contributes to various domestic and foreign multiemployer defined benefit pension plans. The risks of participating in these multiemployer plans are different from those of single-employer plans in that assets contributed are pooled and may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers. If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers. The Company's contributions to these plans were \$15 million for both of the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

### Employee Savings Plans

The Company sponsors various employee savings plans. Employer contributions are determined based on criteria specific to each plan and were \$118 million, \$138 million and \$125 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### NOTE 11: PRODUCT WARRANTIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company provides standard warranty coverage on its products. Provisions for these amounts are established at the time of sale and estimated primarily based on product warranty terms and historical claims experience. In addition, the Company incurs discretionary costs to service its products in connection with specific product performance issues. Provisions for these amounts are established when they are known and estimable. The Company assesses the adequacy of its initial provisions and will make adjustments as necessary based on known or anticipated claims or as new information becomes available that suggests it is probable that future costs will be different than estimated amounts. Amounts associated with these provisions are classified on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet as *Accrued liabilities* or *Other long-term liabilities* based on their anticipated settlement date.

The changes in the carrying value of warranty related provisions are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Balance as of January 1,	\$ 786	\$ 568
Warranties, performance guarantees issued and changes in estimated liability	364	327
Settlements made	(282)	(346)
Other	32	5
Acquisitions <sup>(1)</sup>	—	232
Reclassified to held for sale <sup>(2)</sup>	(7)	—
<b>Balance as of December 31,</b>	<b>\$ 893</b>	<b>\$ 786</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> See Note 19 - Acquisitions for additional information.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Note 20 - Divestitures for additional information.

### NOTE 12: EQUITY

The authorized number of shares of common stock of Carrier is 4,000,000,000 shares of \$0.01 par value. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, 950,633,287 and 948,068,772 shares of common stock were issued, respectively, which includes 114,891,176 and 70,093,639 shares of treasury stock, respectively.

## Share Repurchase Program

The Company may purchase its outstanding common stock from time to time subject to market conditions and at the Company's discretion. Repurchases occur in the open market or through one or more other public or private transactions pursuant to plans complying with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. Shares acquired are recognized at cost and presented separately on the balance sheet as a reduction to *Equity*. Since the initial authorization in February 2021, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$12.1 billion of the Company's outstanding common stock which includes a \$5 billion increase approved in October 2025.

In June 2025, the Company repurchased from Viessmann, an entity controlled by one of the Company's directors, an aggregate 4,267,425 shares of the Company's common stock at a price per share of \$70.30 for an aggregate purchase price of \$300 million. During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company repurchased 44.8 million shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$2.9 billion, which included shares repurchased from Viessmann under the repurchase agreement. As a result, the Company has approximately \$5.3 billion remaining under the current authorization at December 31, 2025.

## Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

A summary of changes in the components of *Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)* is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Foreign Currency Translation	Defined Benefit Pension and Post- retirement Plans	Unrealized Hedging Gains (Losses)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$ (1,604)	\$ (84)	\$ —	\$ (1,688)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net	160	(17)	58	201
Amounts reclassified, pre-tax	—	1	—	1
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ (1,444)	\$ (100)	\$ 58	\$ (1,486)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net	(1,173)	(15)	—	(1,188)
Amounts reclassified, pre-tax	—	2	(6)	(4)
Tax benefit reclassified	—	(1)	2	1
Divestitures, net	564	7	—	571
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ (2,053)	\$ (107)	\$ 54	\$ (2,106)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net	1,828	12	—	1,840
Amounts reclassified, pre-tax	—	3	(6)	(3)
Tax benefit reclassified	—	(1)	1	—
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$ (225)</b>	<b>\$ (93)</b>	<b>\$ 49</b>	<b>\$ (269)</b>

## NOTE 13: REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company accounts for revenue in accordance with ASC 606: *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Revenue is recognized when control of a good or service promised in a contract (i.e., performance obligation) is transferred to a customer. Control is obtained when a customer has the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from that good or service. A significant portion of the Company's performance obligations are recognized at a point-in-time when control of the product transfers to the customer, which is generally the time of shipment. The remaining portion of the Company's performance obligations are recognized over time as the customer simultaneously obtains control as the Company performs work under a contract, or if the product being produced for the customer has no alternative use and the Company has a contractual right to payment.

## Performance Obligations

A performance obligation is a distinct good, service or a bundle of goods and services promised in a contract. Some of the Company's contracts with customers contain a single performance obligation, while others contain multiple performance obligations most commonly when a contract spans multiple phases of a product life-cycle such as production, installation, maintenance and support. The Company identifies performance obligations at the inception of a contract and allocates the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation. Revenue is recognized when or as the performance obligation is satisfied. When there are multiple performance obligations within a contract, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on its relative stand-alone selling price.

The Company primarily generates revenue from the sale of products to customers and recognizes revenue at a point in time when control transfers to the customer. Transfer of control is generally based on the shipping terms of the contract. In addition, the Company recognizes revenue on an over-time basis on installation and service contracts. For over-time performance obligations requiring the installation of equipment, revenue is recognized using costs incurred to date relative to total estimated costs at completion to measure progress. Incurred costs represent work performed, which correspond with and best depict transfer of control to the customer. Contract costs include direct costs such as labor, materials and subcontractors' costs and where applicable, indirect costs.

External segment sales disaggregated by product and service are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
<b>Sales Type</b>			
Product	\$ 9,327	\$ 9,428	\$ 8,538
Service	1,143	1,099	1,077
Climate Solutions Americas sales	10,470	10,527	9,615
Product	4,572	4,652	1,722
Service	472	332	215
Climate Solutions Europe sales	5,044	4,984	1,937
Product	2,606	2,849	3,053
Service	733	651	528
Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa sales	3,339	3,500	3,581
Product	2,668	3,061	3,352
Service	226	414	466
Climate Solutions Transportation sales	2,894	3,475	3,818
<b>Net sales</b>	<b>\$ 21,747</b>	<b>\$ 22,486</b>	<b>\$ 18,951</b>

The transaction price allocated to performance obligations reflects the Company's expectations about the consideration it will be entitled to receive from a customer. The Company includes variable consideration in the estimated transaction price when there is a basis to reasonably estimate the amount and when it is probable that a significant reversal of revenue recognized would not occur when the uncertainty associated with variable consideration is subsequently resolved. In addition, the Company customarily offers its customers incentives to purchase products to ensure an adequate supply of its products in distribution channels. The principal incentive programs provide reimbursements to distributors for offering promotional pricing for products. The Company accounts for estimated incentive payments as a reduction in sales at the time a sale is recognized.

## Contract Balances

Total contract assets and liabilities consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Contract assets, current (included within <i>Other current assets</i> )	\$ 499	\$ 366
Contract assets, non-current (included within <i>Other assets</i> )	83	65
Total contract assets	<u>582</u>	<u>431</u>
Contract liabilities, current (included within <i>Accrued liabilities</i> )	(691)	(553)
Contract liabilities, non-current (included within <i>Other long-term liabilities</i> )	(203)	(164)
Total contract liabilities	<u>(894)</u>	<u>(717)</u>
<b>Net contract assets (liabilities)</b>	<b>\$ (312)</b>	<b>\$ (286)</b>

The timing of revenue recognition, billings and cash collections results in contract assets and contract liabilities. Contract assets relate to the conditional right to consideration for any completed performance under a contract when costs are incurred in excess of billings under the percentage-of-completion methodology. Contract liabilities relate to payments received in advance of performance under a contract or when the Company has a right to consideration that is conditioned upon transfer of a good or service to the customer. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue as (or when) the Company performs under the contract.

The Company recognized revenue of \$506 million for the year ended December 31, 2025, that was related to contract liabilities as of January 1, 2025. The Company expects a majority of its contract liabilities at the end of the period to be recognized as revenue over the next 12 months. There were no individually significant customers with sales exceeding 10% of total sales for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

## NOTE 14: STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation plans in accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation*, which requires a fair-value based method for measuring the value of stock-based compensation. Fair value is measured at the date of grant and is generally not adjusted for subsequent changes. The Company's stock-based compensation plans include programs for stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and performance share units.

### Stock Options and Appreciation Rights

Eligible participants may receive stock options or stock appreciation rights as part of the Company's long-term incentive program. The fair value of each instrument is determined as of the date of grant using a binomial lattice model and expensed on a straight-line basis over the required service period, which is generally a three-year vesting period. However, in the event of retirement, awards held for at least one year may vest and become exercisable (if applicable), subject to certain terms and conditions.

The following table summarizes fair value information for stock options and stock appreciation rights:

	2025 <sup>(1)</sup>	2024 <sup>(1)</sup>	2023 <sup>(1)</sup>
Stock options and stock appreciation rights weighted-average fair value per award	\$ 17.79	\$ 14.84	\$ 11.64
Assumptions:			
Volatility	31.2% to 33.4%	30.6% to 31.7%	30.9%
Expected term (in years)	5.6	5.6 to 7.8	5.8
Expected dividend yield	1.3%	1.8%	1.8%
Range of risk-free rates	3.7% to 4.3%	4.0% to 4.3%	3.6%

<sup>(1)</sup> Carrier has limited historical trading data and used peer group data to estimate expected volatility for the 2025, 2024 and 2023 awards.

The Company used historical employee data, including data prior to the Separation and the Distribution, to estimate expected term. The expected dividend yield is consistent with management's expectations. The risk-free rate is based on the term structure of interest rates at the time the awards were granted.

Changes in stock options and stock appreciation rights outstanding were as follows:

	Shares Subject to Option (in thousands)	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)	Weighted- Average Remaining Life (in years)
As of December 31, 2022	30,778	\$ 24.53		
Granted	3,494	\$ 46.13		
Exercised	(8,432)	\$ 20.48		
Cancelled	(769)	\$ 42.94		
As of December 31, 2023	25,071	\$ 28.34		
Granted	4,187	\$ 56.46		
Exercised	(8,041)	\$ 23.21		
Cancelled	(430)	\$ 50.77		
As of December 31, 2024	20,787	\$ 35.52		
Granted	2,072	\$ 64.99		
Exercised	(2,785)	\$ 26.20		
Cancelled	(724)	\$ 54.40		
<b>Outstanding as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>19,350</b>	<b>\$ 39.31</b>	<b>\$ 299</b>	<b>5.4</b>
<b>Exercisable as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>11,909</b>	<b>\$ 28.99</b>	<b>\$ 285</b>	<b>3.7</b>

### Restricted Stock Units

Eligible participants may receive restricted stock units ("RSU") as part of the Company's long-term incentive program. The fair value of restricted stock units is based on the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant and expensed on a straight-line basis over the required service period (which is generally a three-year vesting period). However, in the event of retirement, awards held for at least one year may vest and become exercisable (if applicable), subject to certain terms and conditions. Dividends accrue during the vesting period and are paid in shares of the Company's common stock.

Changes in restricted stock units were as follows:

	RSUs (in thousands)	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2022	2,067	\$ 29.87
Granted	577	\$ 45.71
Vested	(1,140)	\$ 26.09
Cancelled	(161)	\$ 35.09
Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2023	1,343	\$ 39.22
Granted	264	\$ 59.88
Vested	(448)	\$ 38.17
Cancelled	(68)	\$ 49.14
Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2024	1,091	\$ 43.94
Granted	330	\$ 63.70
Vested	(348)	\$ 44.83
Cancelled	(92)	\$ 42.88
<b>Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>981</b>	<b>\$ 50.41</b>

## Performance Share Units

The Company has a performance share program for key employees whereby awards are provided in the form of performance share units ("PSU") based on performance against pre-established objectives. The annual target level is expressed as shares of the Company's common stock based on the fair value of its stock on the date of grant. Awards are generally earned over a three-year performance period based equally on a performance condition, measured by the compound annual growth rate of the Company's earnings per share and on a market condition, measured by the Company's relative total shareholder return compared to the total shareholder return of a subset of industrial companies in the S&P 500 Index. The fair value of the market condition is estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation approach. The fair value of the PSU awards is expensed over the required service period, which is generally a three-year vesting period. In the event of retirement, performance share units held for at least one year remain eligible to vest based on actual performance relative to pre-established metrics. Dividends do not accrue on the performance share units during the performance period.

Changes in PSUs were as follows:

	PSUs (in thousands)	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2022	1,930	\$ 35.86
Granted	902	\$ 47.93
Vested	(607)	\$ 18.23
Forfeited	(183)	\$ 46.52
Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2023	2,042	\$ 45.47
Granted	1,741	\$ 50.75
Vested	(1,339)	\$ 41.49
Forfeited	(121)	\$ 52.56
Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2024	2,323	\$ 51.35
Granted	836	\$ 57.22
Vested	(845)	\$ 46.57
Forfeited	(194)	\$ 55.70
<b>Outstanding and unvested as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>2,120</b>	<b>\$ 55.17</b>

## Compensation Expense

Stock-based compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, is included in *Cost of products sold, Selling, general and administrative* and *Research and development*, in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Stock-based compensation cost by award type is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Equity compensation costs - equity settled	\$ 74	\$ 98	\$ 81
Equity compensation costs - cash settled <sup>(1)</sup>	(2)	2	3
<b>Total stock-based compensation cost</b>	<b>\$ 72</b>	<b>\$ 100</b>	<b>\$ 84</b>
Amounts recorded in continuing operations	\$ 72	\$ 87	\$ 74
Amounts recorded in discontinued operations	—	13	10
<b>Total stock-based compensation cost</b>	<b>\$ 72</b>	<b>\$ 100</b>	<b>\$ 84</b>
<b>Income tax benefit</b>	<b>\$ 8</b>	<b>\$ 13</b>	<b>\$ 11</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The cash settled awards are classified as liability awards and are measured at fair value at each balance sheet date.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, there were \$101 million and \$112 million of unrecognized stock-based compensation costs related to non-vested awards granted under the plan, respectively, which will be recognized ratably over the awards weighted-average remaining vesting period of 2 years.

#### NOTE 15: RESTRUCTURING COSTS

The Company incurs costs associated with restructuring initiatives intended to improve operating performance, profitability and working capital levels. Actions associated with these initiatives may include improving productivity, workforce reductions and the consolidation of facilities. Due to the size, nature and frequency of these discrete plans, they are fundamentally different from the Company's ongoing productivity initiatives.

The Company recorded net pre-tax restructuring costs for new and ongoing restructuring actions as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Climate Solutions Americas	\$ 23	\$ 9	\$ 11
Climate Solutions Europe	92	70	10
Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa	26	10	23
Climate Solutions Transportation	8	8	21
<b>Total Segment</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>65</b>
Corporate and other	29	11	10
<b>Total restructuring costs <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 178</b>	<b>\$ 108</b>	<b>\$ 75</b>
Cost of sales	\$ 42	\$ 42	\$ 13
Selling, general and administrative	136	66	62
<b>Total restructuring costs <sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>\$ 178</b>	<b>\$ 108</b>	<b>\$ 75</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Restructuring costs include period-related charges.

The following table summarizes changes in the restructuring reserve, included in *Accrued liabilities* on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Balance as of January 1,	\$ 69	\$ 41
Net pre-tax restructuring costs	145	98
Acquisitions <sup>(1)</sup>	—	8
Utilization, foreign exchange and other	(110)	(78)
Reclassified to held for sale <sup>(2)</sup>	(2)	—
<b>Balance as of December 31,</b>	<b>\$ 102</b>	<b>\$ 69</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> See Note 19 - Acquisitions for additional information.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Note 20 - Divestitures for additional information.

As of December 31, 2025, the Company had \$102 million accrued for costs associated with its announced restructuring initiatives. The balance relates to cost reduction efforts, primarily severance, across each of the Company's segments. The Company expects a majority of the balance to be utilized within 12 months.

**NOTE 16: OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET**

Other income (expense), net consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Viessmann-related hedges	\$ —	\$ (86)	\$ (96)
CCR gain	7	318	—
CST gain on sale of equity method investment	6	—	—
TMA-related gain	—	46	—
TCC acquisition-related adjustment	—	—	(8)
Other	23	39	(9)
<b>Other income (expense), net</b>	<b>\$ 36</b>	<b>\$ 317</b>	<b>\$ (113)</b>

*Other income (expense), net* primarily includes the impact of gains and losses related to the sale of businesses or interests in equity method investments, foreign currency gains and losses on transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency and hedging-related activities. During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company finalized working capital adjustments provided in the stock purchase agreement governing the sale of CCR and recognized an incremental gain of \$7 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company completed the sale of CCR and recognized a gain on the sale of \$318 million. In addition, the Company recognized a \$46 million gain associated with its share of UTC's conclusion of certain income tax matters from their 2017 and 2018 tax audit with the IRS. In connection with the acquisition of the VCS Business, the Company recognized an \$86 million loss on the mark-to-market valuation of its window forward contracts associated with the cash outflows of the Euro-denominated purchase price. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized a \$96 million loss on the mark-to-market valuation of its window forward contracts associated with the cash outflows of the Euro-denominated purchase price of the VCS Business. In addition, the Company recognized an \$8 million charge related to the fair value adjustment of Toshiba Carrier Corporation (“TCC”) investments.

**NOTE 17: INCOME TAXES**
**Income Before Income Taxes**

The sources of *Income from operations before income taxes* are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
United States	\$ 1,536	\$ 1,948	\$ 1,398
Foreign	262	326	601
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,798</b>	<b>\$ 2,274</b>	<b>\$ 1,999</b>

**Provision for Income Taxes**

The income tax expense (benefit) consisted of the following components:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
<b>Current:</b>			
United States:			
Federal	\$ 218	\$ 920	\$ 361
State	86	120	110
Foreign	337	374	293
	<u>641</u>	<u>1,414</u>	<u>764</u>
<b>Future:</b>			
United States:			
Federal	(28)	(90)	(135)
State	(10)	(13)	(28)
Foreign	(363)	(249)	(80)
	<u>(401)</u>	<u>(352)</u>	<u>(243)</u>
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>\$ 240</b>	<b>\$ 1,062</b>	<b>\$ 521</b>

**Reconciliation of Effective Income Tax Rate**

Upon adoption of ASU 2023-09, the reconciliation of taxes at the statutory U.S. federal income tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025		
Statutory U.S. federal income tax rate	\$	377	21.0 %
State income tax, net of federal income tax effect		60	3.4
Foreign tax effects:			
Canada			
Statutory tax rate difference		(3)	(0.2)
Local tax, net of national income tax effect		9	0.5
All Other		3	0.2
China			
Statutory tax rate difference		4	0.2
Changes in valuation allowance		19	1.1
All Other		6	0.3
France			
Statutory tax rate difference		9	0.5
Changes in valuation allowance		(1)	(0.1)
Germany			
Statutory tax rate difference		58	3.2
Local tax, net of national income tax effect		(78)	(4.3)
Enactment of new tax laws		(130)	(7.2)
All Other		(9)	(0.5)
Ireland			
Statutory tax rate difference		(13)	(0.7)
All Other		7	0.4
Mexico			
Statutory tax rate difference		10	0.5
All Other		12	0.7
Other foreign jurisdictions		(1)	(0.1)
Effect of cross-border tax laws:			
U.S. tax on outside basis		(64)	(3.6)
Net CFC tested income		14	0.8
U.S. tax on deemed dividends		(6)	(0.4)
Foreign tax credits		(21)	(1.2)
Tax credits:			
R&D tax credits		(13)	(0.7)
Other tax credits		(17)	(0.9)
Changes in valuation allowances		65	3.6
Nontaxable or nondeductible items:			
Equity income from joint ventures		(21)	(1.2)
Stock options		(11)	(0.6)
Other		12	0.7
Changes in unrecognized tax benefits		4	0.2
All Other			
Re-organization tax benefit		(43)	(2.4)
Other		2	0.2
<b>Effective income tax rate</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>13.4 %</b>

The most significant jurisdictions that comprise the U.S. state income tax, net of federal income tax benefit are Florida, California, New Jersey, Illinois, Georgia, Pennsylvania, New York, and Texas.

The differences between the effective income tax rate and the statutory U.S. federal income tax rate, prior to adoption of ASU 2023-09, are as follows:

	2024	2023
Statutory U.S. federal income tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %
State income tax	2.4	2.4
Taxes on international activities	(0.2)	4.9
CCR divestiture impact	(2.0)	—
VCS reorganization impact	28.6	—
Other	(3.1)	(2.2)
<b>Effective income tax rate</b>	<b>46.7 %</b>	<b>26.1 %</b>

The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2025, was lower than the Company's statutory U.S. federal income tax rate. The decrease was primarily driven by a net tax benefit of \$64 million from changes to the German effective rate and a statutory reduction to the German corporate tax rate enacted during the year, a tax benefit of \$49 million from the re-organization of a Japanese subsidiary and a \$16 million tax benefit generated by the purchase of investment tax credits from a third-party.

The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2024, was higher than the Company's statutory U.S. federal income tax rate. The increase was primarily driven by a net tax charge of \$650 million related to a re-organization of the VCS Business and a non-deductible loss of \$86 million on the mark-to-market valuation of the Company's window forward contracts associated with the expected cash outflows of the Euro-denominated purchase price of the VCS Business, partially offset by the lower effective tax rate on the \$318 million gain on the sale of CCR and \$44 million of foreign tax credits generated and utilized in the current year.

The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023, was higher than the Company's statutory U.S. federal income tax rate. The increase was primarily driven by a net tax charge of \$27 million relating to the re-organization and disentanglement of the CCR businesses in advance of the planned divestiture. In addition, the effective tax rate was impacted by the recognition of a deferred tax liability for withholding tax of \$19 million on repatriated foreign earnings, non-deductible divestiture-related costs and a non-deductible loss of \$96 million on the mark-to-market valuation of the Company's window forward contracts associated with the expected cash outflows of the Euro-denominated purchase price of the VCS Business.

#### Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Future income taxes represent the tax effects of transactions, which are reported in different periods for tax and GAAP purposes. These amounts consist of the tax effects of differences between tax and GAAP that are expected to be reversed in the future and tax carryforwards. Future income tax benefits and obligations within the same tax paying component of a particular jurisdiction are offset for presentation in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The tax effects of temporary differences and tax carryforwards which give rise to future income tax benefits and obligations as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
<b>Future income tax benefits:</b>		
Insurance and employee benefits	\$ 114	\$ 142
Other assets basis differences	519	576
Other liabilities basis differences	773	674
Tax loss carryforwards	256	178
Tax credit carryforwards	1,411	1,404
Valuation allowances	(1,539)	(1,442)
<b>Future income tax benefits</b>	<b>\$ 1,534</b>	<b>\$ 1,532</b>
<b>Future income tax obligations:</b>		
Goodwill and intangible assets	\$ (1,663)	\$ (1,769)
Other asset basis differences	(374)	(381)
<b>Future income tax obligations</b>	<b>\$ (2,037)</b>	<b>\$ (2,150)</b>

Valuation allowances have been established primarily for tax credit carryforwards, tax loss carryforwards and certain foreign temporary differences to reduce future income tax benefits to expected realizable amounts.

Changes to valuation allowances consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>		
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$	83
Additions charged to income tax expense		27
Reduction credited to income tax expense		(22)
Other adjustments		1,303
Reclassified to held for sale		(19)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	1,372
Additions charged to income tax expense		46
Reduction credited to income tax expense		(41)
Other adjustments		65
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$	1,442
Additions charged to income tax expense		110
Reduction credited to income tax expense		(4)
Other adjustments		(9)
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2025</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>1,539</b>

## Tax Credit and Loss Carryforwards

As of December 31, 2025, tax credit carryforwards and tax loss carryforwards were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Tax Loss Carryforwards	Tax Credit Carryforwards
Expiration period:		
2026-2030	\$ 1,179	\$ 18
2031-2035	10	1,391
2036-2045	222	—
Indefinite	410	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,821</b>	<b>\$ 1,411</b>

The Company assesses the realizability of its deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis through an analysis of potential sources of future taxable income, including prior year taxable income available to absorb a carryback of tax losses, reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, tax planning strategies and forecasts of taxable income. The Company considers all negative and positive evidence, including the weight of the evidence, to determine if valuation allowances against deferred tax assets are required. The Company maintains valuation allowances against certain deferred tax assets.

In conjunction with the announced portfolio transformation, the Company is implementing changes to its corporate structure, including a re-organization of a subsidiary in Switzerland. As operations in the Swiss subsidiary expand within the next 12 months, it is possible that there may be sufficient positive evidence to release a portion of the \$1.4 billion valuation allowance applied against a tax credit in Switzerland. A partial release of this valuation allowance would result in a benefit to income tax expense for the period the release is recorded, which could have a material impact on net earnings. The timing and amount of the potential valuation allowance release are subject to significant management judgment, as well as prospective earnings in Switzerland.

## Unrecognized Tax Benefits

As of December 31, 2025, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$322 million, all of which, if recognized, would impact its effective tax rate. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized tax benefits and related interest expense is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 365	\$ 382	\$ 291
Additions for tax positions related to the current year	10	34	37
Additions for tax positions of prior years <sup>(1)</sup>	12	30	81
Reductions for tax positions of prior years	(3)	(7)	—
Settlements	(29)	(68)	(27)
Reclassified to other accounts <sup>(2)</sup>	(33)	(6)	—
Balance at end of period	<b>\$ 322</b>	<b>\$ 365</b>	<b>\$ 382</b>
Gross interest expense related to unrecognized tax benefits	<b>\$ 18</b>	<b>\$ 19</b>	<b>\$ 18</b>
Total accrued interest balance at end of period	<b>\$ 71</b>	<b>\$ 57</b>	<b>\$ 64</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$73 million during the year ended December 31, 2023, related to acquisitions.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes \$33 million during the year ended December 31, 2025, related to held for sale.

The Company conducts business globally and, as a result, the Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal, various state and foreign jurisdictions. In certain jurisdictions, the Company's operations were included in UTC's combined tax returns for the periods through the date of the Separation and Distribution. The IRS finalized the examination of UTC's tax year 2020 resulting in the recognition of a tax benefit of \$6 million in the second quarter of 2025. The U.S. Federal statute of limitations for Carrier's tax year 2021 expired during the three months ended December 31, 2025 resulting in a recognized tax benefit of \$5 million. The IRS is examining Carrier's tax year 2022 with the examination progressing slowly due to IRS turnover and the U.S. government shutdown. In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to examination by taxing authorities throughout the world, including the U.S., Australia, Belgium, Canada, China, France, Germany, India, Italy, Malaysia, Poland, Singapore, Spain, and the United Kingdom. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examination for years prior to 2022 and, with few exceptions, is no longer subject to U.S. state and local and foreign income tax examinations for tax years before 2013.

In the ordinary course of business, there is inherent uncertainty in quantifying the Company's income tax positions. The Company assesses its income tax positions and records tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon management's evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that a net decrease in unrecognized tax benefits of \$10 million to \$95 million may occur within 12 months as a result of additional uncertain tax positions, the revaluation of uncertain tax positions arising from examinations, appeals, court decisions or the closure of tax statutes.

As a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("TCJA"), the Company no longer intends to reinvest certain undistributed earnings of its international subsidiaries including some earnings which have been previously taxed in the U.S. As such, the Company has recorded tax liabilities associated with the future remittance of these earnings. For the remainder of the Company's undistributed international earnings, unless it becomes tax effective to repatriate, the Company intends to continue to permanently reinvest these earnings. It is not practicable to estimate the amount of tax that might be payable on the remaining amounts. The One Big Beautiful Bill Act subjects the Company to a tax on net CFC tested income, which the Company accounts for as a period cost.

#### NOTE 18: EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share is computed by dividing *Net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareowners* by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period (excluding treasury stock). Diluted earnings per share is computed by giving effect to all potentially dilutive stock awards that are outstanding. The computation of diluted earnings per share excludes the effect of the potential exercise of stock-based awards, including stock appreciation rights and stock options, when the effect of the potential exercise would be anti-dilutive.

The following table summarizes the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share calculations:

<i>(In millions, except per share amounts)</i>	2025	2024	2023
<b>Net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareowners</b>	<b>\$ 1,484</b>	<b>\$ 5,604</b>	<b>\$ 1,349</b>
Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding	852.4	898.2	837.3
Stock awards and equity units (share equivalent)	10.0	13.5	15.7
<b>Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding</b>	<b>862.4</b>	<b>911.7</b>	<b>853.0</b>
Antidilutive shares excluded from computation of diluted earnings per share	1.9	0.1	2.0

#### NOTE 19: ACQUISITIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company acquired consolidated and minority-owned businesses. The aggregate cash paid, net of cash acquired, totaled \$107 million. Acquisitions are recorded using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805. As a result, the aggregate purchase price has been allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the estimate of fair market value of such assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition. The excess purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill.

## Viessmann Climate Solutions

On January 2, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of the VCS Business from Viessmann for total consideration of \$14.2 billion. The purchase price consisted of (i) \$11.2 billion in cash and (ii) 58,608,959 shares of the Company's common stock, subject to certain lock-up provisions and anti-dilution protection. The Company funded the cash portion of the purchase price with a combination of cash on hand and proceeds from various borrowing facilities.

The VCS Business develops intelligent, integrated and sustainable technologies, including heat pumps, boilers, photovoltaic systems, home battery storage and digital solutions, primarily for residential customers in Europe. The Company believes that secular trends in these areas will drive significant, sustained future growth. In addition, the Company anticipates realizing significant operational synergies including savings through supplier rationalization and leverage, reduced manufacturing costs and lower general and administrative costs. Longer term, the Company expects to benefit from synergies related to service revenue expansion, leverage of distribution channels and cross-selling opportunities.

The components of the purchase price are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	January 2, 2024
Cash	\$ 11,156
Common shares (58,608,959 shares at \$51.20 per share)	3,001
<b>Total consideration</b>	<b>\$ 14,157</b>

The preliminary allocation of the purchase price is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Preliminary January 2, 2024	Measurement Period Adjustments	As Adjusted January 2, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 394	\$ (1)	\$ 393
Accounts receivable	408	5	413
Inventories	948	(28)	920
Other current assets	17	—	17
Fixed assets	913	6	919
Intangible assets	6,640	5	6,645
Other assets	284	15	299
Accounts payable	(288)	(2)	(290)
Other liabilities, current	(626)	(37)	(663)
Future income tax obligations	(1,825)	15	(1,810)
Other liabilities	(284)	(17)	(301)
<b>Total identifiable net assets</b>	<b>6,581</b>	<b>(39)</b>	<b>6,542</b>
Goodwill	7,576	31	7,607
<b>Total consideration</b>	<b>\$ 14,157</b>	<b>\$ (8)</b>	<b>\$ 14,149</b>

The excess purchase price over the estimated fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired was recognized as goodwill and totaled \$7.6 billion, which is not deductible for tax purposes. Accounts receivable and current liabilities were stated at their historical carrying value, which approximates fair value given the short-term nature of these assets and liabilities. The estimate of fair value for inventory and fixed assets was based on an assessment of the acquired assets' condition as well as an evaluation of the current market value of such assets.

The Company recorded intangible assets based on its estimate of fair value which consisted of the following:

<i>(In millions)</i>	Estimated Useful Life (in years)	Intangible Assets Acquired
Customer relationships	17	\$ 4,787
Technology	10 - 20	1,051
Trademark	40	679
Backlog	1	123
Other	50	5
<b>Total intangible assets acquired</b>		<b>\$ 6,645</b>

The valuation of intangible assets was determined using an income approach methodology including the multi-period excess earnings method and the relief from royalty method. Key assumptions used in estimating future cash flows included projected short-term revenue growth rates, research and development expenses, EBITDA margins, income tax rates, discount rates, customer attrition rates, royalty rates, contributory asset charge and obsolescence rates among others. The projected future cash flows are discounted to present value using an appropriate discount rate. The Company finalized the process of allocating the purchase price and valuing the acquired assets and liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2024.

The Company incurred \$40 million of acquisition-related costs during 2024. During 2023, \$80 million of acquisition-related costs were incurred. These acquisition costs are reflected within *Selling, general and administrative* in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The assets, liabilities and results of operations of the VCS Business are consolidated in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements as of the date of acquisition and primarily reported within the Company's Climate Solutions Europe segment.

#### **NOTE 20: DIVESTITURES**

On December 16, 2025, the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement to sell its Riello business to Ariston Group with expected gross proceeds of approximately \$430 million. Riello, predominantly reported in the Company's Climate Solutions Europe segment, is a leading international manufacturer that designs, produces, and integrates a comprehensive portfolio of thermal solutions—including burners, boilers, heat pumps, cooling systems, and aftermarket services—for residential, commercial, and industrial applications, with a strong focus on energy efficiency, innovation, and a global distribution network. As a result, the assets and liabilities of Riello are presented as held for sale in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2025, and recorded at the lower of their carrying value or fair value less estimated cost to sell. This transaction is expected to close in the first half of 2026 and is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals.

The following table summarizes assets and liabilities classified as held for sale:

<i>(In millions)</i>	December 31, 2025	
	Riello	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25
Accounts receivable, net		103
Inventories, net		98
Other current assets		2
Fixed assets, net		77
Intangible assets, net		18
Goodwill		175
Operating lease right-of-use assets		7
Other assets		87
<b>Total assets held for sale</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>592</b>
Accounts payable	\$	91
Accrued liabilities		45
Contract liabilities		3
Future pension and post-retirement obligations		7
Future income tax obligations		9
Operating lease liabilities		4
Other long-term liabilities		11
<b>Total liabilities held for sale</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>170</b>

### Discontinued Operations

During 2024, the Company exited its Fire & Security segment in multiple transactions that represented a single disposal plan to separately divest multiple businesses over different reporting periods. As a result, the components of the Fire & Security segment in aggregate met the criteria to be presented as discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. Amounts reported during 2023 and 2024 include the operating results of each component through their respective date of sale and related gain on sale or loss on deconsolidation. Amounts reported during 2025 relate to retained obligations from these business divestitures.

The components of *Discontinued operations, net of tax* are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025		2024		2023	
Net sales	\$	—	\$	2,323	\$	3,147
Costs of sales		—		(1,390)		(1,926)
Research and development		—		(86)		(124)
Selling, general and administrative		(6)		(564)		(690)
Other income (expense), net		(3)		(584)		26
Gain (loss) on divestitures and deconsolidation		(22)		5,176		(297)
Interest (expense) income, net		—		(41)		(51)
Earnings before income taxes		(31)		4,834		85
Income tax (expense) benefit		55		1,391		(128)
Tax on divestitures and deconsolidation		5		(1,729)		5
<b>Discontinued operations, net of tax</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>4,496</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>(38)</b>

## Portfolio Transformation

On June 2, 2024, the Company completed the sale of Access Solutions for cash proceeds of \$5.0 billion. Access Solutions, historically reported in the Company's Fire & Security segment, is a global supplier of physical security and digital access solutions supporting the hospitality, commercial, education and military markets. The Company recognized a net gain on the sale of \$1.8 billion, which is included in *Discontinued operations, net of tax* on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

On July 1, 2024, the Company completed the sale of Industrial Fire for cash proceeds of \$1.4 billion. Industrial Fire, historically reported in the Company's Fire & Security segment, is a leading manufacturer of a full spectrum of fire detection and suppression solutions and services in critical high-hazard environments, including oil and gas, power generation, marine and offshore facilities, automotive, data centers and aircraft hangars. The Company recognized a net gain on the sale of \$319 million, which is included in *Discontinued operations, net of tax* on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

On October 1, 2024, the Company completed the sale of CCR for cash proceeds of \$679 million. CCR, historically reported in the Company's Climate Solutions Transportation segment, is a global supplier of turnkey solutions for commercial refrigeration systems and services, with a primary focus on serving food retail customers, cold storage facilities and warehouses. The Company recognized a gross gain on the sale of \$318 million, which is included in *Other income (expense), net* on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. During 2025, the Company finalized the working capital and other adjustments provided in the stock purchase agreement governing the sale of CCR.

On December 2, 2024, the Company completed the sale of the CRF Business for cash proceeds of \$2.9 billion. The CRF Business, historically reported in the Company's Fire & Security segment, is a leading manufacturer of fire detection and alarm solutions for both commercial and residential applications. The Company recognized a net gain on the sale of \$1.4 billion, which is included in *Discontinued operations, net of tax* on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

## NOTE 21: SEGMENT FINANCIAL DATA

The Company conducts its operations through four reportable operating segments. In accordance with ASC 280 - *Segment Reporting*, the Company's segments maintain separate financial information for which results of operations are evaluated on a regular basis by the Company's CODM in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

- Climate Solutions Americas ("CSA") provides products, controls, services and solutions to meet the heating, cooling and ventilation needs of residential and commercial customers in North and South America while enhancing building performance, health, energy efficiency and sustainability.
- Climate Solutions Europe ("CSE") provides products, controls, services and solutions to meet the heating, cooling and ventilation needs of residential and commercial customers in Europe while enhancing building performance, health, energy efficiency and sustainability.
- Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa ("CSAME") provides products, controls, services and solutions to meet the heating, cooling and ventilation needs of residential and commercial customers in Asia Pacific, the Middle East and Africa while enhancing building performance, health, energy efficiency and sustainability.
- Climate Solutions Transportation ("CST") includes global transport refrigeration and monitoring products, services and digital solutions for trucks, trailers, shipping containers, intermodal and rail.

The Corporate and other category primarily includes corporate administrative functions such as tax, treasury, internal audit, legal and human resources. A portion of these costs and costs associated with shared service centers that provide transaction processing, accounting and other business support functions are allocated to the reportable segments.

*Segment operating profit* is the measure of profit and loss that the Company's CODM, the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), uses to evaluate the financial performance of the business and as the basis for resource allocation, performance reviews and compensation. It represents operating profit (a GAAP measure) adjusted to exclude restructuring costs, amortization of acquired intangible assets and other significant items of a nonoperational nature. Targets are established on an annual basis and used by the CODM throughout the year to compare with actual results. Quarterly forecasts supplement annual targets and provide incremental information utilized to assess the performance of a segment. Variance analysis further provides insight into segment end-markets and operational cost optimization. These results also support the CODM to manage the Company's business portfolio.

Consistent with the management approach for segment reporting, the tables below present reported external net sales and significant expense categories for each of the Company's segments that are regularly provided to the CODM and included in its reported measure of segment profit or loss. The Company manages research and development costs on a global basis and allocates these costs to the reportable segments.

A summary of results by reportable segment are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31, 2025				
	CSA	CSE	CSAME	CST	Segment Total
Net sales	\$ 10,470	\$ 5,044	\$ 3,339	\$ 2,894	\$ 21,747
Cost of goods sold	(7,073)	(3,494)	(2,499)	(2,112)	(15,178)
Research and development	(347)	(75)	(61)	(66)	(549)
Selling, general and administrative	(1,036)	(1,039)	(476)	(287)	(2,838)
Equity method investment net earnings	126	(3)	100	6	229
Other income (expense), net	10	11	45	17	83
<b>Segment operating profit</b>	<b>\$ 2,150</b>	<b>\$ 444</b>	<b>\$ 448</b>	<b>\$ 452</b>	<b>\$ 3,494</b>

<i>(In millions)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31, 2024				
	CSA	CSE	CSAME	CST	Segment Total
Net sales	\$ 10,527	\$ 4,984	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,475	\$ 22,486
Cost of goods sold	(6,997)	(3,368)	(2,579)	(2,540)	(15,484)
Research and development	(390)	(81)	(69)	(80)	(620)
Selling, general and administrative	(962)	(1,062)	(520)	(369)	(2,913)
Equity method investment net earnings	135	(1)	92	6	232
Other income (expense), net	10	(3)	42	(7)	42
<b>Segment operating profit</b>	<b>\$ 2,323</b>	<b>\$ 469</b>	<b>\$ 466</b>	<b>\$ 485</b>	<b>\$ 3,743</b>

<i>(In millions)</i>	For the Year Ended December 31, 2023				
	CSA	CSE	CSAME	CST	Segment Total
Net sales	\$ 9,615	\$ 1,937	\$ 3,581	\$ 3,818	\$ 18,951
Cost of goods sold	(6,629)	(1,410)	(2,697)	(2,854)	(13,590)
Research and development	(294)	(28)	(52)	(74)	(448)
Selling, general and administrative	(974)	(327)	(573)	(431)	(2,305)
Equity method investment net earnings	145	—	61	6	212
Other income (expense), net	(32)	5	41	29	43
<b>Segment operating profit</b>	<b>\$ 1,831</b>	<b>\$ 177</b>	<b>\$ 361</b>	<b>\$ 494</b>	<b>\$ 2,863</b>

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
<b>Reconciliation to Earnings before income taxes</b>			
Segment operating profit	\$ 3,494	\$ 3,743	\$ 2,863
Corporate and other	(202)	(201)	(214)
Restructuring costs	(178)	(108)	(75)
Amortization of acquired intangibles	(856)	(689)	(143)
Acquisition step-up amortization	—	(282)	(41)
Acquisition/divestiture-related costs	(55)	(95)	(123)
Viessmann-related hedges	—	(86)	(96)
CCR gain	7	318	—
VCS pre-acquisition product replacement cost	(38)	—	—
Gain on liability adjustment	—	46	—
Bridge loan financing costs	—	—	(3)
TCC Acquisition-related adjustment	—	—	(8)
Non-service pension (expense) benefit	(10)	(1)	(1)
Interest (expense) income, net	(364)	(371)	(160)
<b>Earnings before income taxes</b>	<b>\$ 1,798</b>	<b>\$ 2,274</b>	<b>\$ 1,999</b>

*Segment operating profit* is not defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. Measures of capital expenditures, depreciation expense, amortization expense and total assets by reportable segment are not provided to the CODM and therefore not disclosed.

Total assets are not presented for each segment as they are not presented to or reviewed by the CODM. Segment assets in the following table represent *Accounts receivable, net* and *Inventories, net*. These assets are regularly reviewed by management and are therefore reported in the following table as segment assets. All other remaining assets and liabilities for all periods presented are managed on a company-wide basis.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Segment Assets		Capital Expenditures			Depreciation & Amortization		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
CSA	\$ 1,472	\$ 1,405	\$ 151	\$ 198	\$ 179	\$ 133	\$ 134	\$ 120
CSE	1,660	1,590	135	197	63	878	813	56
CSAME	988	952	39	48	74	198	213	241
CST	915	818	25	32	30	26	35	34
Total Segment	5,035	4,765	350	475	346	1,235	1,195	451
Corporate and other	87	185	42	44	93	39	37	40
Consolidated	<b>\$ 5,122</b>	<b>\$ 4,950</b>	<b>\$ 392</b>	<b>\$ 519</b>	<b>\$ 439</b>	<b>\$ 1,274</b>	<b>\$ 1,232</b>	<b>\$ 491</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	1,555	3,969						
Other assets, current	1,264	972						
Assets held for sale	592	—						
Total current assets	<b>\$ 8,533</b>	<b>\$ 9,891</b>						

## Geographic External Sales

Geographic external sales and operating profits are attributed to the geographic regions based on their location of origin. With the exception of the U.S. as presented in the following table, there were no individually significant countries with sales exceeding 10% of total sales for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

<i>(In millions)</i>	External Sales			Long-Lived Assets	
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024
United States Operations	\$ 11,136	\$ 11,294	\$ 10,457	\$ 789	\$ 807
International Operations					
Europe	6,092	6,687	3,910	1,404	1,253
Asia Pacific	3,841	3,817	3,949	482	486
Other	678	688	635	490	453
<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>\$ 21,747</b>	<b>\$ 22,486</b>	<b>\$ 18,951</b>	<b>\$ 3,165</b>	<b>\$ 2,999</b>

## NOTE 22: RELATED PARTIES

### Equity Method Investments

The Company sells products to and purchases products from unconsolidated entities accounted for under the equity method and, therefore, these entities are considered to be related parties. The Company has 28 directly owned unconsolidated domestic and foreign affiliates as of December 31, 2025, of which 56% relates to Climate Solutions Americas, and 40% relates to Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa. The Company periodically reviews the carrying value of its equity method investments to determine if there has been an other-than-temporary decline in fair value.

Amounts attributable to equity method investees are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Sales to equity method investees included in <i>Product sales</i>	\$ 2,874	\$ 2,956	\$ 2,920
Purchases from equity method investees included in <i>Cost of products sold</i>	\$ 227	\$ 237	\$ 214

The Company had receivables from and payables to equity method investees as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Receivables from equity method investees included in <i>Accounts receivable, net</i>	\$ 220	\$ 363
Payables to equity method investees included in <i>Accounts payable</i>	\$ 40	\$ 32

**Summarized Financial Information.** Pursuant to Rule 3-10 and Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act, the Company presents summarized financial information of the combined accounts of its non-consolidated joint ventures accounted for by the equity method.

Summarized unaudited financial information for equity method investments is as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Current assets	\$ 11,835	\$ 12,823
Non-current assets	2,418	2,396
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>14,253</b>	<b>15,219</b>
Current liabilities	(9,675)	(11,053)
Non-current liabilities	(236)	(210)
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>(9,911)</b>	<b>(11,263)</b>
<b>Total net equity of investees</b>	<b>\$ 4,342</b>	<b>\$ 3,956</b>

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Net sales	\$ 18,154	\$ 17,567	\$ 16,180
Gross profit	3,168	3,063	2,862
Income from continuing operations	\$ 676	\$ 700	\$ 655
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 676	\$ 700	\$ 655

### NOTE 23: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company is involved in various litigation, claims and administrative proceedings, including those related to environmental (including asbestos) and legal matters. In accordance with ASC 450, *Contingencies*, the Company records accruals for loss contingencies when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These accruals are generally based upon a range of possible outcomes. If no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the Company accrues the minimum amount. In addition, these estimates are reviewed periodically and adjusted to reflect additional information when it becomes available. The Company is unable to predict the final outcome of the following matters based on the information currently available, except as otherwise noted. However, the Company does not believe that the resolution of any of these matters will have a material adverse effect upon its results of operations or financial condition.

#### Environmental Matters

The Company's operations are subject to environmental regulation by various authorities. The Company has accrued for the costs of environmental remediation activities, including but not limited to, investigatory, remediation, operating and maintenance costs and performance guarantees. The most likely cost to be incurred is accrued based on an evaluation of currently available facts with respect to individual sites, including the technology required to remediate, current laws and regulations and prior remediation experience.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the outstanding liability for environmental obligations are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Environmental reserves included in <i>Accrued liabilities</i>	\$ 18	\$ 25
Environmental reserves included in <i>Other long-term liabilities</i>	182	185
<b>Total environmental reserves</b>	<b>\$ 200</b>	<b>\$ 210</b>

For sites with multiple responsible parties, the Company considers its likely proportionate share of the anticipated remediation costs and the ability of other parties to fulfill their obligations in establishing a provision for these costs. Accrued environmental liabilities are not reduced by potential insurance reimbursements and are undiscounted.

## Asbestos Matters

The Company has been named as a defendant in lawsuits alleging personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos allegedly integrated into certain Carrier products or business premises. While the Company has never manufactured asbestos and no longer incorporates it into any currently-manufactured products, certain products that the Company no longer manufactures contained components incorporating asbestos. A substantial majority of these asbestos-related claims have been dismissed without payment or have been covered in full or in part by insurance or other forms of indemnity. Additional cases were litigated and settled without any insurance reimbursement. The amounts involved in asbestos-related claims were not material individually or in the aggregate in any period.

The Company's asbestos liabilities and related insurance recoveries are as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Asbestos liabilities included in <i>Accrued liabilities</i>	\$ 17	\$ 17
Asbestos liabilities included in <i>Other long-term liabilities</i>	201	208
<b>Total asbestos liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 218</b>	<b>\$ 225</b>
Asbestos-related recoveries included in <i>Accounts receivable, net</i>	\$ 6	\$ 7
Asbestos-related recoveries included in <i>Other assets</i>	86	88
<b>Total asbestos-related recoveries</b>	<b>\$ 92</b>	<b>\$ 95</b>

The amounts recorded for asbestos-related liabilities are based on currently available information and assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable and are made with input from outside actuarial experts. These amounts are undiscounted and exclude the Company's legal fees to defend the asbestos claims, which are expensed as incurred. In addition, the Company has recorded insurance recovery receivables for probable asbestos-related recoveries.

## Aqueous Film Forming Foam Litigation

As of December 31, 2025, the Company, Kidde-Fenwal, Inc. ("KFI") and others have been named as defendants in more than 17,000 lawsuits filed in United States state or federal courts and a single case in Canada alleging that the historic use of Aqueous Film Forming Foam ("AFFF") caused personal injuries and damage to property and water supplies. In December 2018, the U.S. Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred and consolidated all AFFF cases pending in the U.S. federal courts against the Company, KFI and others to the U.S. District Court for the District of South Carolina (the "MDL Proceedings"). Individual plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings generally seek damages for alleged personal injuries, medical monitoring, diminution in property value and injunctive relief to remediate alleged contamination of water supplies. U.S. state, municipal and water utility plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings generally seek damages and costs related to the remediation of public property and water supplies.

AFFF is a firefighting foam, developed beginning in the late 1960s pursuant to U.S. military specification, used to extinguish certain types of hydrocarbon-fueled fires. The lawsuits identified above relate to Kidde Fire Fighting, Inc., which owned the "National Foam" business that manufactured AFFF for sale to government (including the U.S. federal government) and non-government customers in the U.S. at a single facility located in West Chester, Pennsylvania (the "Pennsylvania Site"). Kidde Fire Fighting, Inc. was acquired by a UTC subsidiary in 2005 and merged into KFI in 2007. In 2013, KFI divested the AFFF businesses to an unrelated third party. The Company acquired KFI as part of the Separation in April 2020.

The key components that contribute to AFFF's fire-extinguishing capabilities are known as fluorosurfactants. Neither the Company, nor KFI, nor any of the Company's subsidiaries involved in the AFFF litigation manufactured fluorosurfactants. Instead, the National Foam business purchased these substances from unrelated third parties for use in manufacturing AFFF. Plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings allege that the fluorosurfactants used by various manufacturers in producing AFFF contained, or over time degraded into, compounds known as per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (referred to collectively as "PFAS"), including perfluorooctanesulfonic acid ("PFOS") and perfluorooctanoic acid ("PFOA"). Plaintiffs further allege that, as a result of the use of AFFF, PFOS and PFOA were released into the environment and, in some instances, ultimately reached drinking water supplies.

Plaintiffs in the MDL Proceedings have named multiple defendants, including suppliers of chemicals and raw materials used to manufacture fluorosurfactants, fluorosurfactant manufacturers and AFFF manufacturers. The defendants in the MDL Proceedings moved for summary judgment on the government contractor defense, which potentially applies to AFFF sold to or used by the U.S. government. After full briefing and oral argument, on September 16, 2022, the MDL court declined to enter summary judgment for the defendants. The defense, however, remains available at any trial in which it would apply.

On May 14, 2023, KFI filed a voluntary petition with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court") seeking relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, after the Company determined that it would not provide financial support to KFI going forward other than ensuring KFI has access to services necessary for the effective operation of its business. As a result, all litigation against KFI was automatically stayed. By agreement, all AFFF-related litigation against the Company, its other subsidiaries and RTX also was stayed. On November 21, 2023, the Bankruptcy Court ordered certain parties, including the Company, to participate in mediation sessions with respect to claims that might be asserted by and against it in the bankruptcy proceedings.

Following the conclusion of these mediation sessions in October 2024, the Company entered into a Settlement and Plan Support Agreement which contemplates that the Company will subsequently enter into three distinct settlement agreements (collectively, the "Proposed Settlement Agreements") with KFI, the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors appointed in KFI's bankruptcy case (the "Committee") and the Plaintiffs' Executive Committee (the "MDL PEC") appointed in the MDL Proceedings.

The first of the Proposed Settlement Agreements relates to claims that the Company is responsible for liabilities arising from KFI's manufacture or sale of AFFF ("Estate Claims Settlement"). Upon Bankruptcy Court approval, the Estate Claims Settlement will permanently resolve all present and future claims that the Company is responsible for any liabilities of KFI, including all liabilities arising from KFI's manufacture and sale of AFFF. The second and third of the Proposed Settlement Agreements release a very substantial amount of current and future direct claims against the Company (the "Direct Claims Settlements"). Direct claims allege that UTC, which indirectly owned KFI's AFFF business for eight years, engaged in conduct independent of KFI that caused harm to AFFF claimants. The Company agreed to indemnify UTC for these direct claims when it was spun-off from UTC. Upon approval by the MDL Court, the Direct Claims Settlements resolve and enjoin all current and future AFFF-related direct claims against the Company by participating public water providers and airports. Non-settling parties may still assert direct AFFF-related claims, although we expect a vast majority of public water providers and airports will participate in the Direct Claims Settlements.

As part of the Proposed Settlement Agreements, the Company will pay \$615 million in cash over five years, 100% of the net sale proceeds from its sale of KFI's assets to Pacific Avenue Capital Partners, which are estimated to be \$115 million, and contribute the right to recover proceeds under certain of its insurance policies. The Company will be entitled to receive up to \$2.4 billion of proceeds from those insurance policies and will contribute the first \$125 million of such proceeds as additional consideration in the Direct Claims Settlements. The Company also will be entitled to any earnouts payable to KFI under the KFI sale agreement. The Company expects insurance proceeds it receives in the future, in the aggregate, to cover the amount paid under the Proposed Settlement Agreements. As a result of the Proposed Settlement Agreements, the Company recorded a liability in the amount of \$565 million during the year December 31, 2024. The amount recognized is in addition to liabilities of \$50 million that the Company recorded upon the deconsolidation of KFI on May 14, 2023, as further discussed below. As of December 31, 2025, the Company has not recorded any amounts associated with expected insurance proceeds.

The Company and KFI believe that they have meritorious defenses to the remaining AFFF claims. Given the numerous factual, scientific and legal issues to be resolved relating to these claims, the Company is unable to assess the probability of liability or to reasonably estimate a range of possible loss at this time. There can be no assurance that any such future exposure will not be material in any period.

On November 14, 2024, KFI filed the chapter 11 plan of liquidation (as may be further amended, restated, supplemented, waived, or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Chapter 11 Plan"), which incorporates the Estate Claims Settlement, provides for the treatment of the various creditor classes, and establishes wind-down provisions, among other things, and the disclosure statement for the Chapter 11 Plan (as may be further amended, restated, supplemented, waived, or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Disclosure Statement"). A hearing to approve the Disclosure Statement was held in June 2025. A revised and supplemented Disclosure Statement was filed on August 15, 2025. The Bankruptcy Court held a hearing on that statement on October 6, 2025. Following that hearing, the Bankruptcy Court ordered that the revised and supplemented Disclosure Statement be modified further in two areas, which the parties are addressing.

### Deconsolidation Due to Bankruptcy

As of May 14, 2023, the Company no longer controlled KFI as its activities are subject to review and oversight by the Bankruptcy Court. Therefore, KFI was deconsolidated and its respective assets and liabilities were derecognized from the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. Upon deconsolidation, the Company determined the fair value of its retained interest in KFI to be zero and accounted for it prospectively using the cost method. As a result of these actions, the Company recognized a net loss of \$292 million in its Consolidated Statement of Operations within *Discontinued operations, net of tax*. In addition, the deconsolidation resulted in an investing cash outflow of \$134 million in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows within *Net cash flows provided by (used in) discontinued investing activities*.

In connection with the bankruptcy filing, KFI entered into several agreements with subsidiaries of the Company to ensure they have access to services necessary for the effective operation of their business. All post-deconsolidation activity between the Company and KFI are reported as third-party transactions recorded within the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations. Since the petition date, there were no material transactions between the Company and KFI other than a \$15 million payment during 2024 by the Company to KFI under the terms of a tax sharing arrangement.

### Income Taxes

Under the TMA relating to the Separation, the Company is responsible to UTC for its share of the TCJA transition tax associated with foreign undistributed earnings as of December 31, 2017. As a result, a liability of \$101 million is included within the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet within *Accrued liabilities* as of December 31, 2025. This obligation is expected to be settled in April 2026. The Company believes that the likelihood of incurring losses materially in excess of this amount is remote.

### Self-Insurance

The Company maintains self-insurance for a number of risks, including but not limited to, workers' compensation, general liability, automobile liability, property and employee-related healthcare benefits. It has obtained insurance coverage for amounts exceeding individual and aggregate loss limits. The Company accrues for known future claims and incurred but not reported losses.

The Company's self-insurance liabilities were as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024
Self-insurance liabilities included in <i>Accrued liabilities</i>	\$ 159	\$ 173
Self-insurance liabilities included in <i>Other long-term liabilities</i>	42	43
<b>Total self-insurance liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 201</b>	<b>\$ 216</b>

The Company incurred expenses related to self-insured risks of \$157 million, \$135 million and \$139 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### Other Matters

The Company has other commitments and contingent liabilities related to legal proceedings, self-insurance programs and matters arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company accrues for contingencies generally based upon a range of possible outcomes. If no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the Company accrues the minimum amount.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is also routinely a defendant in, party to or otherwise subject to many pending and threatened legal actions, claims, disputes and proceedings. These matters are often based on alleged violations of contract, product liability, warranty, regulatory, environmental, health and safety, employment, intellectual property, tax and other laws. In some of these proceedings, claims for substantial monetary damages are asserted against the Company and could result in fines, penalties, compensatory or treble damages or non-monetary relief. The Company does not believe that these matters will have a material adverse effect upon its competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

## NOTE 24: SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental cash flow information was as follows:

<i>(In millions)</i>	2025	2024	2023
Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 422	\$ 610	\$ 320
Income taxes paid, net of refunds <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 729	\$ 2,126	\$ 942
<b>Non-cash financing activity:</b>			
Common stock dividends payable	\$ 201	\$ 199	\$ 161

<sup>(1)</sup> Following the adoption of ASU 2023-09, for the year ended December 31, 2025, income taxes paid amounted to \$284 million for Federal, \$118 million for State, \$69 million for China, \$56 million for France, \$53 million for Mexico, and \$198 million to other jurisdictions. In addition, refunds received amounted to \$49 million for Germany.

## ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

### ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures** — Our management, with the participation of our CEO and Executive Vice President, Chief Financial & Strategy Officer ("CFO"), has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2025. Based on that evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO have concluded that, as of December 31, 2025, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act, and that information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

**Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting** — The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's CEO and CFO, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria described in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, the Company's management has concluded that, as of December 31, 2025, the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has audited the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, as stated in their report which appears herein.

**Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting** — There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended December 31, 2025, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

During the three months ended December 31, 2025, no director or Section 16 officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

## ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not applicable.

## PART III.

## ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by Item 10 with respect to directors, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, audit committee financial experts and insider trading arrangements and policies is incorporated herein by reference to the sections of our Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners entitled "Proposal 1: Election of Directors" (under the subheadings "Criteria for Board Membership", "Nominees for the 2026 Annual Meeting" and "Corporate Governance").

### *Information about our Executive Officers*

The following persons are executive officers of Carrier Global Corporation as of February 5, 2026:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Position</b>	<b>Age as of February 5, 2026</b>
David Gitlin	Chairman & Chief Executive Officer	56
Ajay Agrawal	Senior Vice President, Global Services & Chief Business Development Officer	62
Francesca Campbell	Senior Vice President, Chief Legal Officer	42
Beril Yildiz	Vice President, Controller & Chief Accounting Officer	47
Patrick Goris	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial & Strategy Officer	54
Gaurang Pandya	President, Climate Solutions Americas	49
Thomas Heim	President, Climate Solutions Europe	57
Michael L. Gierges	President, Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa	41
Edward Dryden	President, Climate Solutions Transportation	47
Nadia Villeneuve	Senior Vice President, Chief People & Communications Officer	53

**David Gitlin.** Mr. Gitlin was elected Chairman of the Board in April 2021 and was appointed President & Chief Executive Officer of Carrier in June 2019. Mr. Gitlin also held the position of President, HVAC from December 2019 to March 2020. He also previously served as President and Chief Operating Officer of Collins Aerospace Systems from 2018 to 2019 and President of UTC Aerospace Systems from 2015 to 2018.

**Ajay Agrawal.** Mr. Agrawal was appointed Senior Vice President, Global Services & Chief Business Development Officer in March 2025. Mr. Agrawal joined Carrier in October 2019 and has held various executive leadership roles within strategy, aftermarket and business development. Prior to joining Carrier, he served as President, Aftermarket Services, and Vice President responsible for Rockwell Collins integration for Collins Aerospace, a UTC company, from August 2015 to September 2019.

**Francesca Campbell.** Ms. Campbell was appointed Senior Vice President & Chief Legal Officer in 2024. She joined Carrier in 2021, where prior to her current role, she served as Vice President, Legal Affairs. Prior to joining Carrier, Ms. Campbell served as an attorney at Davis, Polk & Wardwell within their mergers & acquisitions group.

**Beril Yildiz.** Ms. Yildiz was appointed Vice President, Controller & Chief Accounting Officer of Carrier in September 2025. She joined Carrier from International Flavors & Fragrances Inc., where she served as the Senior Vice President, Controller & Chief Accounting Officer from September 2022 to August 2025. Ms. Yildiz served as the Corporate Controller and Chief Accounting Officer of Revlon Inc. from September 2021 to September 2022, including as the Chief Financial Officer North America and Latin America from April 2022 to September 2022. She served in various positions with Colgate-Palmolive Company from September 2018 through September 2021, including as Director of Financial Reporting, Technical Accounting and SOX Compliance and as the Controller, Asia Pacific Division, and also worked in various roles at PricewaterhouseCoopers from 2000 to 2018.

**Patrick Goris.** Mr. Goris served as Carrier's Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer from November 2020 until his appointment as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial & Strategy Officer in January 2026. Prior to joining Carrier, Mr. Goris served in various roles at Rockwell Automation, Inc. from 2006 to 2020, including as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer from 2017 to 2020.

**Gaurang Pandya.** Mr. Pandya was appointed President, Climate Solutions Americas in 2025. Prior to his current role, he served as the President, HVAC Americas and Commercial HVAC EMEA beginning in October 2023. He has held various other positions at Carrier since 1999 with increasing levels of responsibility in finance and general management, with roles leading both regional and global businesses.

**Thomas Heim.** Mr. Heim was appointed President, Climate Solutions Europe in 2025. Prior to his current role, he served as the President, Climate Solutions Europe Residential & Light Commercial beginning in January 2024. He joined Carrier through its acquisition of Viessmann Climate Solutions, of which he served as Chief Sales and Marketing Officer from July 2017 to July 2022 and as Chief Executive Officer from July 2022 until the acquisition was completed in January 2024.

**Michael L. Gierges.** Mr. Gierges was appointed President, Climate Solutions Asia Pacific, Middle East & Africa in 2025. Prior to joining Carrier, he served in various roles at Schneider Electric SE, including as Executive Vice President, President Home & Distribution Business from April 2023 - April 2025 and Senior Vice President, Power Products & Systems - North America from March 2022 to June 2023. He also served in various roles at ABB Ltd from April 2007 to March 2022, including as Senior Vice President, Head of Group Smart Buildings Solutions - America's Region from January 2020 to March 2022.

**Edward Dryden.** Mr. Dryden was appointed President, Climate Solutions Transportation in 2025. Prior to his current role, he served as the President, Refrigeration beginning in July 2024. Prior to joining Carrier, he held various senior roles at Collins Aerospace, a subsidiary of RTX Corporation, from November 2018 until July 2024, including President, Interiors and Vice President, Actuators.

**Nadia Villeneuve.** Ms. Villeneuve served as Carrier's Senior Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer from 2015 until her appointment as Senior Vice President, Chief People & Communications Officer in January 2026. Prior to that, she served as Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer for the Pratt & Whitney division of UTC from 2012 to 2015.

Information concerning Section 16(a) compliance is incorporated herein by reference to the section of our Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners entitled "Other Important Information" under the heading "Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports." We have adopted a code of ethics that applies to all of our directors, officers, employees and representatives. This code is publicly available on our website at <https://www.carrier.com/us/en/governance>. Amendments to the code of ethics and any grant of a waiver from a provision of the code requiring disclosure under applicable SEC rules will be disclosed on our website. Our Corporate Governance Guidelines and the charters of our Board of Directors' Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Governance Committee are available on our website at <https://www.carrier.com/us/en/board-of-directors>. These materials may also be requested in print free of charge by writing to our Investor Relations Department at Carrier Global Corporation, 13995 Pasteur Boulevard, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33418.

#### **ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The information required by Item 11 is incorporated herein by reference to the sections of our Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners entitled "Proposal 2: Advisory Vote to Approve Named Executive Officer Compensation."

#### **ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED SHAREOWNER MATTERS**

The information relating to security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management is incorporated herein by reference to the section of our Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners titled "Share Ownership."

### Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2025, concerning Common Stock issuable under Carrier's equity compensation plans.

<b>Plan Category</b>	<b>Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)</b>	<b>Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)</b>	<b>Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)</b>
Equity compensation plans approved by shareowners	9,104,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 39.31	25,600,000 <sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Consists of the following issuable shares of Common Stock awarded under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2020 LTIP"): (i) shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding non-qualified stock options; (ii) shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs); (iii) shares of Common Stock issuable pursuant to outstanding restricted stock unit and performance share unit awards, assuming performance at the target level (up to an additional 2,572,000 shares of Common Stock could be issued if performance goals are achieved above target); and (iv) shares of Common Stock issuable upon the settlement of outstanding deferred stock units awarded under the 2020 LTIP. Under the 2020 LTIP, each SAR referred to in clause (ii) is exercisable for a number of shares of Common Stock having a value equal to the increase in the market price of a share of such stock from the date the SAR was granted. For purposes of determining the total number of shares to be issued in respect of outstanding SARs as reflected in column (a) above, we have used the NYSE closing price for a share of Common Stock on December 31, 2025 of \$52.84. The weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights shown in column (b) takes into account only the shares identified in clauses (i) and (ii).

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the maximum number of shares of Common Stock available to be awarded under the 2020 LTIP as of December 31, 2025. Performance share units and restricted stock units (Full Share Awards) will result in a reduction in the number of shares of Common Stock available for delivery under the 2020 LTIP in an amount equal to 2 times the number of shares to which the award corresponds. Stock options and stock appreciation rights do not constitute Full Share Awards and will result in a reduction in the number of shares of Common Stock available for delivery under the 2020 LTIP on a one-for-one basis.

### ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by Item 13 is incorporated herein by reference to the sections of our Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners entitled "Nominees for the 2026 Annual Meeting" (under the subheading "Director Independence") and "Other Important Information" (under the subheading "Transactions with Related Persons").

### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by Item 14 is incorporated by reference to the sections of our Proxy Statement for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners entitled "Proposal 3: Ratify Appointment of Independent Auditor for 2026," including the information provided in that section with regard to "Audit Fees," "Audit-Related Fees," "Tax Fees" and "All Other Fees."

## PART IV

### ITEM 15. EXHIBIT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

#### (a) Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules and Exhibits

##### 1. Financial Statements

See [Index](#) appearing on [page 1](#).

##### 2. Financial Statement Schedules

Schedules not filed herewith called for under Regulation S-X are omitted because of the absence of conditions under which they are required, they are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K or are not material.

##### 3. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this report.

#### Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
2.1	<a href="#">Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2020, by and among United Technologies Corporation, Otis Worldwide Corporation and Carrier Global Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220)</a>
2.2	<a href="#">Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2021, among Carrier Global Corporation, Carrier Investments UK Limited, Chubb Limited and APi Group Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 30, 2021, File No. 001-39220)</a>
3.1	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Carrier Global Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1(b) of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220)</a>
3.2	<a href="#">Third Amended and Restated Bylaws of Carrier Global Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report filed with the SEC on June 7, 2024, File No. 001-39220)</a>
4.1	<a href="#">Indenture, dated February 27, 2020, between Carrier Global Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Amendment No. 1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020, File No. 001-39220)</a>
4.2	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated February 27, 2020, between Carrier Global Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Amendment No. 1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020, File No. 001-39220)</a>
4.3	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated June 19, 2020, between Carrier Global Corporation and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 19, 2020, File No. 001-39220)</a>
4.4	<a href="#">Registration Rights Agreement, dated June 19, 2020, by and among Carrier Global Corporation, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, BofA Securities, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 19, 2020, File No. 001-39220)</a>
4.5	<a href="#">Description of Securities*</a>
4.6	<a href="#">Indenture, dated November 29, 2023, between Carrier Global Corporation and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 30, 2023, File No. 001-39220)</a>
4.7	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated November 29, 2023, between Carrier Global Corporation and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 30, 2023, File No. 001-39220)</a>
4.8	<a href="#">Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated November 30, 2023, between Carrier Global Corporation and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 30, 2023, File No. 001-39220)</a>

- 4.9 [Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 29, 2023, by and among Carrier Global Corporation, J.P. Morgan Securities plc, Merrill Lynch International, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, HSBC Bank plc, Barclays Bank PLC, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, BNP Paribas, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Mizuho International plc, MUFG Securities EMEA plc, SMBC Nikko Capital Markets Limited, UniCredit Bank AG, Wells Fargo Securities International Limited, Bank of Montreal, London Branch, Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft, ICBC Standard Bank Plc, Loop Capital Markets LLC, Société Générale, and Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC, \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 30, 2023, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 4.10 [Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 30, 2023, by and among Carrier Global Corporation, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, BofA Securities, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and HSBC Securities \(USA\) Inc. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 30, 2023, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.1 [Amendment No. 2 dated as of November 15, 2021 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of February 10, 2020, among Carrier Global Corporation, the subsidiary borrowers party thereto, the lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Carrier Global Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 8, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.2 [Transition Services Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2020, by and among United Technologies Corporation, Otis Worldwide Corporation and Carrier Global Corporation \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.3 [Tax Matters Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2020, by and among United Technologies Corporation, Otis Worldwide Corporation and Carrier Global Corporation \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.4 [Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2020, by and among United Technologies Corporation, Otis Worldwide Corporation and Carrier Global Corporation \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.5 [Intellectual Property Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2020, by and among United Technologies Corporation, Otis Worldwide Corporation and Carrier Global Corporation \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.6 [Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.7 [Carrier Global Corporation Change in Control Severance Plan \(Amended and Restated effective as of April 13, 2022\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on July 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.8 [Carrier Global Corporation Executive Annual Bonus Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.9 [Carrier Global Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.10 [Carrier Global Corporation Company Automatic Contribution Excess Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.11 [Carrier Global Corporation LTIP Performance Share Unit Deferral Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on February 7, 2023, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.12 [Carrier Global Corporation Pension Preservation Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.13 [French Sub-Plan for Restricted Stock Granted Under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.14 [Carrier Global Corporation Amended and Restated Savings Restoration Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 3, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.15 [Schedule of Terms for Carrier Founders Grant Performance Share Unit Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 of Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on July 31, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.16 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(Founders Grant\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 of Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on July 31, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.17 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on February 7, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)

- 10.18 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on February 7, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.19 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards \(Off-Cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on February 7, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.20 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(Off-Cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on February 7, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.21 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on February 7, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.22 [Schedule of Terms for Non-Qualified Stock Option Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Carrier Global Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the SEC on February 7, 2020, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.23 [Offer Letter with Patrick Goris, dated October 13, 2020 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of Carrier Global Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 9, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.24 [Carrier Global Corporation Board of Directors Deferred Stock Unit Plan \(amended and restated effective October 15, 2020\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 of Carrier Global Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 9, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.25 [Carrier Summary of Compensation and Benefits for Directors \(2025-2026 Board Cycle\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.26 [Form of Award Agreement for Carrier Founders Performance Share Unit and Stock Appreciation Right Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 of Carrier Global Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 9, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.27 [Share Purchase Agreement, dated December 7, 2020, between Carrier Refrigeration ECR Holding Luxembourg S.à.r.l., and Breeze TopCo S.à.r.l. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 of Carrier Global Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 9, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.28 [Carrier Global Corporation Senior Executive Severance Plan, effective April 19, 2021 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 22, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.29 [Schedule of Terms for 2021 Performance Share Unit Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 29, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.30 [Form of Award Agreement for 2021 Performance Share Unit Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 29, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.31 [Letter Agreement, dated April 19, 2021, by and between Carrier Corporation and John V. Faraci \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 29, 2021, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.32 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. February 1, 2022\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.33 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(February 1, 2022\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.34 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(February 1, 2022\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.35 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(February 1, 2022\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.36 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(February 1, 2022\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.37 [Form of Award Agreement for 2022 Performance Share Unit Awards granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)

- 10.38 [Letter Agreement, dated July 12, 2021, by and between Carrier Corporation and Timothy N. White \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.39 [Amendment Number One to the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on July 28, 2022, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.40 [Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of May 19, 2023, among Carrier Global Corporation, Carrier Intercompany Lending Designated Activity Company, the Subsidiary Borrowers party hereto, the Lenders party hereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 25, 2023, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.41 [364-Day Credit Agreement, dated as of May 17, 2024, among Carrier Global Corporation and Carrier Intercompany Lending Designated Activity Company as borrowers, the lenders party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 17, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.42 [Term Loan Credit Agreement, dated as of May 19, 2023, among Carrier Global Corporation, the Subsidiary Borrowers party hereto, the Lenders party hereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 25, 2023, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.43 [License Agreement dated as of January 2, 2024, by and among Viessmann Group GmbH & Co. KG, Viessmann Climate Solutions SE and Carrier Global Corporation \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 2, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.44 [Investor Rights Agreement dated as of January 2, 2024, by and between Carrier Global Corporation and Viessmann Group GmbH & Co. KG \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 2, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.45 [Bridge Loan Agreement dated as of January 2, 2024, by and among Carrier Global Corporation, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., BofA Securities, Inc. and Bank of America, N.A. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 2, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.46 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.47 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.48 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.49 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.50 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.51 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.52 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards \(supplemental\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(Supplemental Retention Award January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\) +](#)
- 10.53 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(supplemental\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(Supplemental Retention Award January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\) +](#)
- 10.54 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards \(modified annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. January 30, 2024\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.55 [Form of Award Agreement granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on April 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)

- 10.56 [Letter Agreement, dated June 24, 2024, by and between Carrier Corporation and Jurgen Timperman \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on July 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.57 [Settlement and Plan Support Agreement, dated as of October 18, 2024 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on October 25, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.58 [Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated November 8, 2024, between Carrier Global Corporation and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 8, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.59 [Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 8, 2024, by and among Carrier, J.P. Morgan Securities plc, HSBC Continental Europe, Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc, Merrill Lynch International, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, UniCredit Bank GmbH, Barclays Bank PLC, BNP Paribas, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, Mizuho International plc, MUFG Securities EMEA plc, SMBC Bank International plc, Wells Fargo Securities International Limited, Bank of Montreal, London Branch, Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft, ICBC Standard Bank plc, Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A., Loop Capital Markets LLC, Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC, Société Générale and Standard Chartered Bank \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 8, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.60 [Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2024, among Carrier Global Corporation, Carrier Intercompany Lending Designated Activity Company and Carrier Treasury Services Ireland Limited as borrowers, the lenders party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 20, 2024, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.61 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. February 6, 2025\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.62 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(February 6, 2025\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.63 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(annual\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(February 6, 2025\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.64 [Schedule of Terms for Performance Share Unit Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. February 6, 2025\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.65 [Schedule of Terms for Restricted Stock Unit Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. February 6, 2025\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.66 [Schedule of Terms for Stock Appreciation Right Awards \(off-cycle\) granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(rev. February 6, 2025\) \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.67 [Form of Award Agreement granted under the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Carrier Global Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 1, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)+](#)
- 10.68 [Second Amendment to the Carrier Global Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan, effective as of April 9, 2025 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Carrier Global Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 11, 2025, File No. 001-39220\)](#)
- 10.69 [Form of Executive Officer Offer Letter\\*+](#)
- 10.70 [Form of Letter of Assignment\\*+](#)
- 14 Code of Ethics. The Carrier Global Corporation Code of Ethics may be accessed via Carrier Global Corporation's website at <https://www.corporate.carrier.com/corporate-responsibility/governance/ethics-compliance/>
- 19 Carrier Global Corporation Prohibited Securities Trading Policy at [https://www.corporate.carrier.com/Images/CPSW-Section-13B-Preventing-Insider-Other-Prohibited-Securities-Trade-Practices-0124\\_tcm558-136603.pdf](https://www.corporate.carrier.com/Images/CPSW-Section-13B-Preventing-Insider-Other-Prohibited-Securities-Trade-Practices-0124_tcm558-136603.pdf)
- 21 [Subsidiaries of the Registrant\\*](#)
- 23 [Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP\\*](#)
- 31.1 [Rule 13a-14\(a\)/15d-14\(a\) Certification\\*](#)
- 31.2 [Rule 13a-14\(a\)/15d-14\(a\) Certification\\*](#)
- 31.3 [Rule 13a-14\(a\)/15d-14\(a\) Certification\\*](#)

32	<a href="#">Section 1350 Certifications</a> ‡
97	<a href="#">Carrier Global Corporation Clawback Policy (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 97 to Carrier Global Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 6, 2024)</a>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.* (File name: carr-20211231.xml)
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.* (File name: carr-20211231.xsd)
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.* (File name: carr-20211231_cal.xml)
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.* (File name: carr-20211231_def.xml)
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.* (File name: carr-20211231_lab.xml)
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.* (File name: carr-20211231_pre.xml)
104	The cover page from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.

**Notes to Exhibits List:**

\* Filed herewith.

‡ Furnished herewith.

+ Exhibit is a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

† Certain exhibits and schedules to this Exhibit have been omitted in accordance with Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The registrant agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of all omitted exhibits and schedules to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request.

Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following formatted in extensible Business Reporting Language ("XBRL"): (i) Consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, (ii) Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, (iv) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, (v) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, and (vi) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY**

Not applicable.



Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<b>Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
<u>/s/David Gitlin</u> David Gitlin	Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Patrick Goris</u> Patrick Goris	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial & Strategy Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Beril Yildiz</u> Beril Yildiz	Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Jean-Pierre Garnier</u> Jean-Pierre Garnier	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/John J. Greisch</u> John J. Greisch	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Charles M. Holley, Jr.</u> Charles M. Holley, Jr.	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Michael M. McNamara</u> Michael M. McNamara	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Amy E. Miles</u> Amy E. Miles	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Susan N. Story</u> Susan N. Story	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Michael A. Todman</u> Michael A. Todman	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Maximilian Viessmann</u> Maximilian Viessmann	Director	February 5, 2026
<u>/s/Virginia M. Wilson</u> Virginia M. Wilson	Director	February 5, 2026

**DESCRIPTION OF THE REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

As of the date of the Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this exhibit is a part, Carrier Global Corporation (the "Company," "Carrier," "we," "us," and "our") has four classes of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), (i) our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, (ii) our 4.125% Notes due 2028, (iii) our 4.500% Notes due 2032, and (iv) our 3.625% Notes due 2037.

**Common Stock**

*The following briefly summarizes certain terms of Carrier's common stock. This summary does not describe every aspect of our common stock and is subject, and is qualified in its entirety by reference, to all the provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws.*

Carrier's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "CARR."

Holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters submitted to a vote of shareowners.

Holders of common stock are entitled to share equally in the dividends, if any, that may be declared by Carrier's board of directors out of funds that are legally available to pay dividends, but only after payment of any dividends required to be paid on outstanding preferred stock. Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Carrier, the holders of common stock will be entitled to share ratably in all assets of Carrier remaining after we pay:

- all of our debts and other liabilities and
- any amounts we may owe to the holders of our preferred stock.

Holders of common stock do not have any preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of common stock are subject to the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock that we may designate and issue.

Delaware law and our amended and restated bylaws permit us to issue uncertificated shares of common stock.

The rights, preferences and privileges of common shareowners may be affected by the rights, preferences and privileges granted to holders of preferred stock. The Carrier board of directors has the authority, without further action by the shareowners, to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more series, and to fix the rights, preferences and privileges (including voting rights, dividend rights, conversion rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences) of each series, which may be greater than the rights of the common stock. It is not possible to state the actual effect of the issuance of any additional series of preferred stock upon the rights of common shareowners until the board of directors determines the specific rights of the holders of that series. However, the effects might include, among other things (1) restricting dividends on the common stock, (2) diluting the voting power of the common stock, (3) impairing the liquidation rights of the common stock or (4) delaying or preventing a change in control of Carrier without further action by the shareowners.

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At each annual meeting of shareowners, members of Carrier's board of directors are elected for terms of one year. Carrier's amended and restated bylaws provide that the board of directors may, from time to time, designate the number of directors; however, the number may not be less than five nor more than 14. Vacancies on the board (except in an instance where a director is removed by holders of common stock and the resulting vacancy is filled by holders of common stock) may be filled by a vote of the majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum.

Carrier's amended and restated bylaws establish advance notice procedures with respect to stockholder proposals and the nomination of candidates for election of directors, other than nominations made by or at the direction of Carrier's board of directors. Eligible shareowners will be permitted to include their own director nominees in Carrier's proxy materials under the circumstances set forth in the amended and restated bylaws. Generally, a stockholder or a group of up to 20 shareowners, who has maintained continuous qualifying ownership of at least 3% of Carrier's outstanding common stock for at least three years, will be permitted to include director nominees constituting up to 20% of the board of directors in the proxy materials for an annual meeting of shareowners if such stockholder or group of shareowners complies with the other requirements set forth in the proxy access provision.

Carrier's amended and restated bylaws include an exclusive forum provision. This provision provides that, unless Carrier consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the sole and exclusive forum for various types of suits will be a state court located within the State of Delaware (or, if no state court located within the State of Delaware has jurisdiction, the federal district court for the District of Delaware). Such suits include (1) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of Carrier, (2) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any current or former director or officer or other employee of Carrier to the company or to Carrier's shareowners, (3) any action asserting a claim against Carrier or any current or former director or officer or other employee of Carrier arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") or Carrier's amended and restated certificate of incorporation or amended and restated bylaws (as either may be amended from time to time), (4) any action asserting a claim against Carrier or any director or officer or other employee of Carrier governed by the internal affairs doctrine or (5) any action asserting an "internal corporate claim" as that term is defined in Section 115 of the DGCL. Under Carrier's amended and restated bylaws, to the fullest extent permitted by law, this exclusive forum provision applies to state and federal law claims, including claims under the federal securities laws, including the Exchange Act, although Carrier shareowners will not be deemed to have waived Carrier's compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. The enforceability of exclusive forum provisions in other companies' organizational documents has been challenged in legal proceedings, and it is possible that, in connection with claims subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, a court could find the exclusive forum provision contained in Carrier's amended and restated bylaws to be inapplicable or unenforceable.

Carrier's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws provide that any action permitted to be taken at an annual or special meeting of shareowners may be effected by the written consent of shareowners if shareowners representing 25% of the outstanding voting power of Carrier capital stock have requested a record date for such action and certain other conditions are satisfied in accordance with Carrier's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws.

Carrier's amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws provide that special meetings of shareowners may be called only by the board of directors, the chairman of the board of directors, or the Chief Executive Officer. The Secretary may also call a special meeting of shareowners in response to a written request of a stockholder or a group of shareowners who own at least 15% of Carrier's outstanding common

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stock, subject to the provisions and conditions set forth in Carrier’s amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws.

Under Delaware law, the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on any matter is required to amend a corporation’s certificate of incorporation or bylaws, unless a corporation’s certificate of incorporation or bylaws, as the case may be, requires a greater percentage.

Certain of the provisions of Carrier’s amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws discussed above and below could discourage a proxy contest or the acquisition of control of a substantial block of our stock. These provisions could also have the effect of discouraging a third party from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of Carrier, even though an attempt to obtain control of Carrier might be beneficial to Carrier and its shareowners.

Carrier’s amended and restated certificate of incorporation includes provisions eliminating the personal liability of our directors for monetary damages resulting from breaches of their fiduciary duty to the extent permitted by Delaware law. The amended and restated bylaws include provisions indemnifying our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law, including under circumstances in which indemnification is otherwise discretionary. The amended and restated bylaws additionally include provisions permitting the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Legal Officer and the Chief Financial Officer acting together to reimburse the expenses of our current and former employees, agents and fiduciaries in advance of the final disposition of any such proceeding.

Section 203 of the DGCL, under certain circumstances, may make it more difficult for a person who is an “Interested Stockholder,” as defined in Section 203, to effect various business combinations with a corporation for a three-year period. Under Delaware law, a corporation’s certificate of incorporation or bylaws may exclude a corporation from the restrictions imposed by Section 203. However, Carrier’s amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws do not exclude us from these restrictions, and these restrictions apply to us.

## Notes

*The following briefly summarizes certain terms of Carrier’s 4.125% Notes due 2028, 4.500% Notes due 2032, and 3.625% Notes due 2037. This summary does not describe every aspect of our Notes and is subject, and is qualified in its entirety by reference, to the Indenture (each as defined below).*

### General

#### 2028 Notes

We have €750,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of 4.125% Notes due 2028 outstanding (together with any additional notes of such series, including such additional notes that Carrier may issue from time to time under the Indenture, the “2028 Notes”). The 2028 Notes mature on May 29, 2028, and bear interest at a rate of 4.125% per annum. Interest on the 2028 Notes is payable on May 29 of each year, beginning on May 29, 2024.

#### 2032 Notes

We have €850,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of 4.500% Notes due 2032 outstanding (together with any additional notes of such series, including such additional notes that Carrier may issue from time to time under the Indenture, the “2032 Notes”). The 2032 Notes mature on November 29, 2032, and bear interest at a rate of

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4.500% per annum. Interest on the 2032 Notes is payable on November 29 of each year, beginning on November 29, 2024.

### **2037 Notes**

We have €750,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of 3.625% Notes due 2037 outstanding (together with any additional notes of such series, including such additional notes that Carrier may issue from time to time under the Indenture, the “2037 Notes”). The 2037 Notes mature on January 15, 2037, and bear interest at a rate of 3.625% per annum. Interest on the 2037 Notes is payable on January 15 of each year, beginning on January 15, 2025.

### **Form and Denomination**

We issued the 2028 Notes, 2032 Notes, and 2037 Notes (collectively, the “Notes”) only in fully registered form, without coupons. The Notes were issued in minimum denominations of €100,000 and integral multiples of €1,000 in excess thereof. The Notes are not subject to any sinking fund provision.

The Company executed and the Trustee, in accordance with the Indenture, authenticated and delivered initially one or more global notes that were deposited with and registered in the name of the nominee of the common depository for the accounts of Euroclear and Clearstream.

### **Place of Payment**

The Place of Payment for the Notes, and the place where notices and demand to or upon the Company in respect of the Notes and the Indenture may be served, shall be the designated corporate trust office of the Paying Agent.

### **Maturity**

Each series of Notes will mature on the applicable maturity date set forth above.

### **Interest on the Notes**

The Notes bear interest at the applicable annual rate described above under the heading “-General”. The 2028 Notes and 2032 Notes accrue interest from November 29, 2023, or from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for. The 2037 Notes accrue interest from November 8, 2024, or from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for.

Interest is payable on the Notes annually in arrears on the dates set forth in this paragraph and on the relevant Maturity, to the persons in whose names such Notes are registered on the relevant Record Date; provided that interest payable at the relevant Maturity is payable to the persons to whom the principal of such Notes is payable. Interest on the 2028 Notes is payable on May 29 of each year, beginning on May 29, 2024. Interest on the 2032 Notes is payable on November 29 of each year, beginning November 29, 2024. Interest on the 2037 Notes is payable on January 15 of each year, beginning on January 15, 2025. If the date on which a payment of interest or principal on the Notes is scheduled to be paid is not a Business Day, then the interest or principal payable on that date will be paid on the next succeeding Business Day, and no further interest will accrue as a result of such delay. Interest with respect to the Notes is computed on the basis of (i) the actual number of days in the period for which interest is being calculated and (ii) the actual number of days from and including the last date on which interest was paid on the Notes, to but excluding the next scheduled interest payment date for the applicable series of Notes. This

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payment convention is referred to as ACTUAL/ACTUAL (ICMA) as defined in the rulebook of the International Capital Markets Association. The rights of holders of beneficial interests of Notes to receive the payments of interest on such Notes are subject to the applicable procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream.

## Optional Redemption

### Notes

Prior to the applicable Par Call Date, we may redeem the Notes of any series at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, at a redemption price (expressed as a percentage of principal amount and rounded to three decimal places) equal to the greater of:

(1) (a) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest thereon discounted to the redemption date (assuming the Notes matured on the Par Call Date) on an annual basis (ACTUAL/ACTUAL (ICMA)) at the Comparable Government Bond Rate plus the number of basis points set forth below under the heading “*Description of Notes-Optional Redemption-Notes-Make-Whole Basis Points*” across from the name of such series of Notes less (b) interest accrued to the date of redemption, and

(2) 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed,

plus, in either case, accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date.

Series of Notes	Make-Whole Basis Points
2028 Notes	+25 basis points
2032 Notes	+30 basis points
2037 Notes	+20 basis points

On or after the applicable Par Call Date, we may redeem the Notes of any series, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such series of Notes being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date.

For purposes of this Notes section, “Par Call Date” means, in respect of a series of Notes, the date set forth under the heading “Par Call Date” immediately below across from the name of such series of Notes.

Series of Notes	Par Call Date
2028 Notes	April 29, 2028 (one month prior to the stated maturity of such 2028 Notes)
2032 Notes	August 29, 2032 (three months prior to the stated maturity of such 2032 Notes)
2037 Notes	October 15, 2036 (three months prior to the stated maturity of such 2037 Notes)

“Comparable Government Bond” means, with respect to the Notes to be redeemed prior to the applicable Par Call Date, in relation to any Comparable Government Bond Rate (as defined below) calculation, at the discretion

of an independent investment bank selected by us, a bond that is a direct obligation of the Federal Republic of Germany (a “German government bond”) whose maturity is closest to the Par Call Date of the Notes to be redeemed, or if such independent investment bank in its discretion determines that such similar bond is not in issue, such other German government bond as such independent investment bank may, with the advice of three brokers of, and/or market makers in, German government bonds selected by us, determine to be appropriate for determining the Comparable Government Bond Rate.

“Comparable Government Bond Rate” means the yield to maturity, expressed as a percentage (rounded to three decimal places, with 0.0005 being rounded upwards), on the third business day prior to the date fixed for redemption, of the Comparable Government Bond on the basis of the middle market price of the Comparable Government Bond prevailing at 11:00 a.m. (London time) on such business day as determined by an independent investment bank selected by us, and calculated in accordance with generally accepted market practice at such time.

The term “independent investment bank” means an independent investment banking institution of international standing appointed by us from time to time.

The Company’s actions and determinations in determining the redemption price shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error.

Notice of any redemption will be mailed or electronically delivered (or otherwise transmitted in accordance with the depository’s procedures) at least 10 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of Notes to be redeemed.

In the case of a partial redemption, selection of the Notes for redemption will be made pro rata, by lot or, in accordance with the procedures of the applicable depository. No Notes of a principal amount of €100,000 or less will be redeemed in part unless otherwise required by law. If any Note is to be redeemed in part only, the notice of redemption that relates to the Note will state the portion of the principal amount of the Note to be redeemed. A new Note in a principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion of the Note will be issued in the name of the holder of the Note upon surrender for cancellation of the original Note. For so long as the Notes are held by Euroclear, Clearstream or the Common Depository, the redemption of the Notes shall be done in accordance with the policies and procedures of the applicable depository.

Unless we default in payment of the redemption price, on and after the redemption date interest will cease to accrue on the Notes or portions thereof called for redemption.

If the redemption date is on or after a Record Date and on or before the related Interest Payment Date, the accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will be paid to the person in whose name the Note is registered at the close of business on such Record Date, and no additional interest will be payable to holders whose Notes are subject to redemption by the Company.

Any notice of redemption of the Notes may, at our discretion, be subject to one or more conditions precedent with respect to completion of a corporate transaction (including, but not limited to, any merger, acquisition, disposition, asset sale or corporate restructuring or reorganization) or financing (including, but not limited to, any incurrence of indebtedness (or entering into a commitment with respect thereto), sale and leaseback transaction, issuance of securities, equity offering or contribution, liability management transaction or other capital raise) and may be given prior to the completion thereof. If a redemption is subject to satisfaction of one or more conditions precedent, the notice shall describe each condition, and the notice may be rescinded in the event that any or all of the conditions shall not have been satisfied by the redemption date. In the case of the 2037 Notes, if such

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redemption or notice is subject to satisfaction of one or more conditions precedent, such notice may state that, in our discretion, such redemption may not occur and such notice may be rescinded, or the redemption date may be delayed or extended (including more than 60 days after the date the notice of redemption was mailed or delivered), in the event that any or all such conditions shall not have been satisfied by the redemption date. Any notice of redemption may provide that payment of the redemption price and our obligations with respect to the redemption may be performed by another person.

We may at any time and from time to time purchase Notes in the open market, by tender offer, through privately negotiated transactions or otherwise.

### **Currency**

All payments of interest and principal, including payments made upon any redemption or repurchase of the Notes, will be payable in euro. If the euro is unavailable to us due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control or if the euro is no longer being used by any of the member states of the European Monetary Union that as of the date hereof have adopted the euro as their currency or for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the international banking community, then all payments in respect of the Notes will be made in U.S. Dollars until the euro is again available to us or so used. In such circumstances, the amount payable on any date in euro will be converted into U.S. Dollars on the basis of the most recently available market exchange rate for euro, as determined by us in our sole discretion. The term "market exchange rate" means the noon buying rate in The City of New York for cable transfers of euro as certified for customs purposes (or, if not so certified, as otherwise determined) by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Any payment in respect of the Notes so made in U.S. Dollars will not constitute an Event of Default under the Notes or the Indenture. Neither the Trustee nor the Paying Agent for the Notes shall have any responsibility for any calculation or conversion in connection with the foregoing.

Holders of the Notes will be subject to foreign exchange risks as to payments of principal and interest that may have important economic and tax consequences to them.

### **Listing**

The 2028 Notes, 2032 Notes, and 2037 Notes are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the bond trading symbols of "CARR28," "CARR32," and "CARR37," respectively.

### **Ranking**

The Notes are our unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness, liabilities and other obligations and senior in right of payment to all of our future indebtedness that is subordinated to the Notes. The Notes are effectively subordinated in right of payment to any of our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness and are structurally subordinated in right of payment to any existing and future indebtedness, liabilities and other obligations of our subsidiaries.

### **Offer to Purchase Upon Change of Control Triggering Event**

Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Triggering Event with respect to the Notes, unless we have exercised our right to redeem the Notes by giving irrevocable notice on or prior to the 30th day after the Change of Control Triggering Event in accordance with the Indenture, each holder of the Notes will have the right to require us

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to purchase all or a portion of such holder's Notes pursuant to the offer described below (the "Change of Control Offer"), at a purchase price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, thereon to, but excluding, the Change of Control Payment Date (as defined below) (the "Change of Control Payment"). If the Change of Control Payment Date is (a) on a day that is not a Business Day, the related payment of the Change of Control Payment will be made on the next Business Day as if it were made on the date such payment was due, and no interest will accrue on the amounts so payable for the period from and after such date to the next Business Day and/or (b) on or after a Record Date and on or before the related Interest Payment Date, the accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will be paid to the person in whose name the Note is registered at the close of business on such Record Date, and no additional interest will be payable to holders whose Notes are subject to purchase by the Company.

Within 30 days following the date upon which the Change of Control Triggering Event occurs or, at our option, prior to any Change of Control but after the public announcement of the pending Change of Control, we will be required to mail or otherwise deliver in accordance with the applicable procedures of DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable, a notice to each holder of Notes, which notice will govern the terms of the Change of Control Offer. Such notice will state the purchase date, which must be no earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed or otherwise delivered in accordance with the applicable procedures of DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable (or, in the case of a notice mailed or otherwise delivered in accordance with the applicable procedures of DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable, prior to the date of consummation of a Change of Control, no earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days from the date of the Change of Control Triggering Event), other than as may be required by law (the "Change of Control Payment Date"). The notice, if mailed or otherwise delivered in accordance with the applicable procedures of DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable, prior to the date of consummation of the Change of Control, will state that the Change of Control Offer is conditioned on the Change of Control being consummated on or prior to the Change of Control Payment Date.

On the Change of Control Payment Date, we will, to the extent lawful:

- accept or cause a third party to accept for payment all the Notes properly tendered pursuant to the Change of Control Offer;
- deposit or cause a third party to deposit with the applicable Paying Agent an amount equal to the Change of Control Payment in respect of all the Notes properly tendered; and
- deliver or cause to be delivered to the Trustee the Notes properly accepted together with an officer's certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of the Notes being purchased.

We will not be required to make a Change of Control Offer with respect to the Notes if a third party makes such an offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements for such an offer made by us and such third party purchases all the Notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under its offer. In addition, we will not purchase any Notes if there has occurred and is continuing on the Change of Control Payment Date an Event of Default under the Indenture, other than an Event of Default in the payment of the Change of Control Payment on the Change of Control Payment Date.

In connection with any Change of Control Offer, if holders of not less than 90% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes validly tender and do not withdraw such Notes in the Change of Control Offer and the Company, or any third party making the Change of Control Offer in lieu of the Company as described above, purchases all of those Notes validly tendered and not withdrawn by the holders, the Company or such third party will have the right, upon not less than 15 but not more than 60 days' notice mailed or otherwise delivered in

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accordance with the applicable procedures of DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream, as applicable, by the Company to each holder of such Notes (provided, that the notice is given not more than 30 days following the purchase date in respect of such Change of Control Offer), to redeem all the Notes that remain outstanding following such purchase at a price in cash equal to 101% of the outstanding principal amount of the Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the applicable purchase date (it being agreed that if the purchase date is (a) on a day that is not a Business Day, the related payment will be made on the next Business Day as if it were made on the date such payment was due, and no interest will accrue on the amounts so payable for the period from and after such date to the next Business Day and/or (b) on or after a Record Date and on or before the related Interest Payment Date, the accrued and unpaid interest, if any, will be paid to the person in whose name the Note is registered at the close of business on such Record Date, and no additional interest will be payable to holders whose Notes are subject to purchase by the Company).

We must comply in all material respects with the requirements of Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act and any other securities laws and regulations thereunder to the extent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the purchase of the Notes as a result of a Change of Control Triggering Event. To the extent that the provisions of any such securities laws or regulations conflict with the Change of Control Offer provisions of the Notes, we will be required to comply with those securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached our obligations under the Indenture with respect to the Notes by virtue of any such conflict.

The definition of Change of Control includes a phrase relating to the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of “all or substantially all” of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase “substantially all,” there is no precise, established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the applicability of the requirement that we offer to purchase the Notes as a result of a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole to another “person” (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) may be uncertain.

#### **Additional Notes**

We may from time to time, without notice to or the consent of the holders of the Notes, create and issue further notes of any such series ranking equally with the Notes (and being treated as a single class with the applicable series of Notes already outstanding) in all respects and having the same terms as the Notes of such series already outstanding except for issue date, issue price and, under some circumstances, the first Interest Payment Date thereof. If any additional notes are not fungible with the initial series of Notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes, then those additional notes will have a separate, not contemporaneously outstanding, CUSIP number, ISIN and Common Code, as applicable. Each series of Notes and any additional notes of such series will be treated as a single series for all purposes under the Indenture, including, without limitation, waivers, amendments and redemptions.

#### **Limitation upon Liens**

The Company will not itself, and will not permit any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary to, create, incur, issue or assume any Debt secured by a Lien on any Principal Property owned by the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary, and the Company will not itself, and will not permit any subsidiary to, create, incur, issue or assume any Debt secured by any Lien on any equity interests or Debt of any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary, without in any such case effectively providing that, the Notes (together with, if the Company shall so determine, any other Debt of the Company then existing or thereafter created which is not subordinate in right of payment to the Notes) will be secured equally and ratably with (or prior to) such secured Debt, so long as such secured Debt shall be so secured, unless, after giving effect thereto, the aggregate

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principal amount of all such secured Debt then outstanding plus Attributable Debt of the Company and its Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiaries in respect of sale and leaseback transactions involving Principal Properties entered into after the date of the issuance of the Notes (other than such sale and leaseback transactions as are permitted by the Indenture) would not exceed an amount equal to 10% of Consolidated Net Total Assets of the Company; provided that nothing contained in this covenant will prevent, restrict or apply to, and there will be excluded from secured Debt in any computation under this covenant, Debt secured by:

- (a) Liens on any property or assets of the Company or any subsidiary (including equity interests or Debt owned by the Company or any subsidiary) existing as of the date of the issuance of the Notes;
  - (b) Liens on any property or assets of, or on any equity interests or Debt of, any person existing at the time such person becomes a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary, or arising thereafter (i) otherwise than in connection with the borrowing of money arranged thereafter and (ii) pursuant to contractual commitments entered into prior to and not in contemplation of such person's becoming a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary;
  - (c) Liens on any property or assets or equity interests or Debt existing at the time of acquisition thereof (including acquisition through merger or consolidation) or securing the payment of all or any part of the purchase price or construction cost thereof or securing any Debt incurred prior to, at the time of or within 120 days after, the acquisition of such property or assets or equity interests or Debt or the completion of any such construction, whichever is later, for the purpose of financing all or any part of the purchase price or construction cost thereof (provided that such Liens are limited to such equity interests or Debt or such other property or assets, improvements thereon and the land upon which such property, assets and improvements are located and any other property or assets not then constituting a Principal Property);
  - (d) Liens on any property or assets to secure all or any part of the cost of development, operation, construction, alteration, repair or improvement of all or any part of such property or assets, or to secure Debt incurred prior to, at the time of or within 120 days after, the completion of such development, operation, construction, alteration, repair or improvement, whichever is later, for the purpose of financing all or any part of such cost (provided that such Liens are limited to such property or assets, improvements thereon and the land upon which such property, assets and improvements are located and any other property or assets not then constituting a Principal Property);
  - (e) Liens which secure Debt owing by a subsidiary to the Company or to a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary;
  - (f) Liens arising from the assignment of moneys due and to become due under contracts between the Company or any subsidiary and the United States of America, any State, Commonwealth, Territory or possession thereof or any agency, department, instrumentality or political subdivision of any thereof; or Liens in favor of the United States of America, any State, Commonwealth, Territory or possession thereof or any agency, department, instrumentality or political subdivision of any thereof, pursuant to the provisions of any contract not directly or indirectly in connection with securing Debt;
  - (g) any materialmen's, carriers', mechanics', workmen's, repairmen's or other like Liens arising in the ordinary course of business in respect of obligations which are not overdue or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings; any deposit or pledge as security for the performance of
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any bid, tender, contract, lease, or undertaking not directly or indirectly in connection with the securing of Debt; any deposit or pledge with any governmental agency required or permitted to qualify the Company or any subsidiary to conduct business, to maintain self-insurance or to obtain the benefits of any law pertaining to workmen's compensation, unemployment insurance, old age pensions, social security or similar matters, or to obtain any stay or discharge in any legal or administrative proceedings; deposits or pledges to obtain the release of mechanics', workmen's, repairmen's, materialmen's or warehousemen's Liens or the release of property in the possession of a common carrier; any security interest created in connection with the sale, discount or guarantee of notes, chattel mortgages, leases, accounts receivable, trade acceptances or other paper, or contingent repurchase obligations, arising out of sales of merchandise in the ordinary course of business; Liens for taxes levied or imposed upon the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary or upon the income, profits or property of the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary or Liens on any Principal Property of the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary arising from claims from labor, materials or supplies; provided that either such tax is not overdue or that the amount, applicability or validity of such tax or claim is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings; or other deposits or pledges similar to those referred to in this subdivision (g);

(h) Liens arising by reason of any judgment, decree or order of any court, so long as any appropriate legal proceedings which may have been initiated for the review of such judgment, decree or order shall not have been finally terminated or so long as the period within which such proceedings may be initiated shall not have expired; any deposit or pledge with any surety company or clerk of any court, or in escrow, as collateral in connection with, or in lieu of, any bond on appeal from any judgment or decree against the Company or any subsidiary, or in connection with other proceedings or actions at law or in equity by or against the Company or any subsidiary; and

(i) any extension, renewal, substitution or replacement (or successive extensions, renewals, substitutions or replacements), as a whole or in part, of any of the Liens referred to in subdivisions (a) through (h) above or the Debt secured thereby; provided that (1) such extension, renewal, substitution or replacement Lien shall be limited to all or any part of the same property or assets or equity interests or Debt that secured the Lien extended, renewed, substituted or replaced (plus improvements on such property, and plus any other property or assets not then constituting a Principal Property) and (2) in the case of subdivisions (a) through (c) above, the Debt secured by such Lien at such time is not increased.

For the purposes of this covenant and the covenant described under the caption "*-Limitations upon Sales and Leasebacks,*" the giving of a guarantee which is secured by a Lien on a Principal Property, and the creation of a Lien on a Principal Property or equity interests or Debt to secure Debt which existed prior to the creation of such Lien, will be deemed to involve the creation of Debt in an amount equal to the principal amount guaranteed or secured by the Lien; however, the amount of Debt secured by Liens on Principal Properties and equity interests and Debt will be computed without cumulating the underlying indebtedness with any guarantee thereof or Lien securing the same.

For purposes of this covenant and the covenant described under the caption "*-Limitations upon Sales and Leasebacks,*" the following will not be deemed to be Liens securing Debt, and, accordingly, nothing contained in this covenant and the covenant described under the caption "*-Limitations upon Sales and Leasebacks*" will prevent, restrict or apply to: (a) any acquisition by the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary of any property or assets subject to any reservation or exception under the terms of which any vendor, lessor or assignor creates, reserves or excepts or has created, reserved or excepted an interest in oil, gas and/or any other

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mineral and/or the process thereof, (b) any conveyance or assignment under the terms of which the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary conveys or assigns to any person or persons an interest in oil, gas and/or any other mineral and/or the proceeds thereof, or (c) any Lien upon any property or assets owned or leased by the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary or in which the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary owns an interest to secure to the person or persons paying the expenses of developing and/or conducting operations for the recovery, storage, transportation and/or sale of the mineral resources of the said property (or property with which it is utilized) the payment to such person or persons of the Company's or the Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary's proportionate part of such development and/or operating expense.

#### **Limitations upon Sales and Leasebacks**

The Company will not itself, and will not permit any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary to, enter into any arrangement on or after the date of the issuance of the Notes with any bank, insurance company or other lender or investor (other than the Company or another Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary) providing for the leasing by the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary of any Principal Property (except a lease for a temporary period not to exceed three years by the end of which it is intended that the use of such Principal Property by the lessee will be discontinued), which was or is owned by the Company or a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary and which has been or is to be sold or transferred, more than 365 days after the completion of construction and commencement of full operation thereof by the Company or such Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary, to such bank, insurance company, lender or investor or to any person to whom funds have been or are to be advanced by such bank, insurance company, lender or investor on the security of such Principal Property (herein referred to as a "sale and leaseback transaction") unless, either:

(a) the Attributable Debt of the Company and its Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiaries in respect of such sale and leaseback transaction and all other sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of the issuance of the Notes (other than such sale and leaseback transactions as are permitted by the provisions described in the following paragraph), plus the aggregate principal amount of Debt secured by Liens on Principal Properties then outstanding (excluding any such Debt secured by Liens covered by the provisions described in subdivisions (a) through (i) of the first paragraph of the covenant described under the caption "*Limitation upon Liens*") without equally and ratably securing the Notes, would not exceed 10% of Consolidated Net Total Assets, or

(b) the Company, within 365 days after the sale or transfer, applies or causes a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary to apply an amount equal to the greater of the net proceeds of such sale or transfer or fair market value of the Principal Property so sold and leased back at the time of entering into such sale and leaseback transaction (in either case as determined by any two of the following: the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, the President, any Vice President, the Treasurer and the Controller of the Company) to the retirement of securities of any series outstanding under the Indenture or other indebtedness of the Company (other than indebtedness subordinated in right of payment to the Notes) or indebtedness of a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary, for money borrowed, having a stated maturity more than 12 months from the date of such application or which is extendible at the option of the obligor thereon to a date more than 12 months from the date of such application (and, unless otherwise expressly provided with respect to any one or more series of securities outstanding under the Indenture, any redemption of securities pursuant to this provision shall not be deemed to constitute a refunding operation or anticipated refunding operation for the purposes of any provision limiting the Company's right to redeem securities of any one or more such series when such

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redemption involves a refunding operation or anticipated refunding operation); provided that the amount to be so applied will be reduced by (i) the principal amount of securities outstanding under the Indenture delivered within 120 days after such sale or transfer to the Trustee for retirement and cancellation, and (ii) the principal amount of any such indebtedness of the Company or a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary, other than such securities, voluntarily retired by the Company or a Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary within 120 days after such sale or transfer. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no retirement referred to in this subsection (b) may be effected by payment at maturity or pursuant to any mandatory sinking fund payment or any mandatory prepayment provision.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary is the lessee in any sale and leaseback transaction, Attributable Debt will not include any Debt resulting from the guarantee by the Company or any other Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary of the lessee's obligation thereunder.

#### **Existence**

Subject to the covenant described under the caption "*-Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets,*" the Company will do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its legal existence.

#### **Reports by the Company**

The Company shall file with the Trustee, within 15 days after the Company is required to file the same with the Commission, copies of the annual reports and of the information, documents and other reports (or copies of such portions of any of the foregoing as the Commission may by rules and regulations prescribe) which the Company is required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. The Company will be deemed to have complied with the obligations described in the immediately previous sentence to the extent that the information, documents and reports are filed with the Commission via EDGAR (or any successor electronic delivery procedure) and posted on the Company's website or otherwise publicly available.

Delivery of the reports, information and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and the Trustee's receipt shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants under the Indenture (as to which the Trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on officer's certificates). The Trustee shall have no responsibility whatsoever to determine whether such filing has occurred.

During any time period in which the Trust Indenture Act does not apply to the Indenture or the Notes of any series issued pursuant to the Indenture, for so long as such securities remain outstanding, the Company will furnish to the holders and to prospective investors, upon their request, the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act.

#### **Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets**

The Company will not consolidate with or merge into any other person or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of its properties and assets to any person, unless:

- (a) the person formed by the consolidation or into which the Company is merged or the person which acquires by conveyance or transfer, or which leases, all or substantially all of the properties
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and assets of the Company is a person organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State thereof or the District of Columbia and expressly assumes, by an indenture supplemental to the Indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee, the Company's obligation for the due and punctual payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on all the Notes and the performance of every covenant of the Indenture on the part of the Company to be performed or observed;

(b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Event of Default, and no event which, after notice or lapse of time or both, would become an Event of Default, shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(c) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an officer's certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that the consolidation, merger, conveyance, transfer or lease and such supplemental indenture comply with the covenant described in this section.

The covenant described in this section will only apply to a merger or consolidation in which the Company is not the surviving person and to conveyances, leases and transfers by the Company as transferor or lessor.

Upon any consolidation by the Company with or merger by the Company into any other person or any conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company in accordance with the covenant described in this section, the successor person formed by the consolidation or into which the Company is merged or to which the conveyance, transfer or lease is made will succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under the Indenture with the same effect as if the successor person had been named as the Company in the Indenture. In the event of any such conveyance or transfer, the Company, except in the case of a lease, will be discharged of all obligations and covenants under the Indenture and the Notes. In case of any such consolidation, merger, conveyance, transfer or lease, certain changes in phraseology and form may be made in the Notes thereafter to be issued as may be appropriate.

#### **Events of Default**

When we use the term "Event of Default" with respect to the Notes of any series we mean:

(a) default in the payment of any interest upon any security of that series when it becomes due and payable, and continuance of the default for a period of 30 days;

(b) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any security of that series at its Maturity;

(c) default in the performance, or breach, of any covenant or warranty of the Company in the Indenture (other than a covenant or warranty a default in whose performance or whose breach is elsewhere in this section specifically dealt with or which has been expressly included in the Indenture for the benefit of one or more series of Notes other than that series), and continuance of that default or breach for a period of 90 days after there has been given, by registered or certified mail, to the Company by the Trustee or to the Company and the Trustee by the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of all affected Notes of any series issued under the Indenture then outstanding (taking such action as one class) (including any affected Notes) a written notice specifying the default or breach and requiring it to be remedied and stating that the notice is a "Notice of Default" under the Indenture;

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(d) the entry of a decree or order by a court having jurisdiction in the premises adjudging the Company a bankrupt or insolvent, or approving as properly filed a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of the Company under any applicable federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar law, or appointing a custodian, receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, sequestrator (or other similar official) of the Company or of all or substantially all of its property, or ordering the winding up or liquidation of its affairs, and the continuance of any such decree or order unstayed and in effect for a period of 90 consecutive days; or

(e) the institution by the Company of proceedings to be adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent, or the consent by it to the institution of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings against it, or the filing by it of a petition or answer or consent seeking reorganization or relief under any applicable federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar law, or the consent by it to the filing of any such petition or to the appointment of a receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, sequestrator (or other similar official) of the Company or all or substantially all of its property, or the making by it of an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or the admission by it in writing of its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due.

An Event of Default with respect to the Notes of a particular series may not constitute an Event of Default with respect to the Notes of any other series.

If an Event of Default described above in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of “Event of Default” occurs with respect to the Notes of any series at the time outstanding and is continuing, then in every such case the Trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes of that series may declare the principal amount of all of the Notes of that series to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by the holders), and upon such declaration the principal amount of all of the Notes of that series will become immediately due and payable.

If an Event of Default described above in clause (c) of the definition of “Event of Default” occurs and is continuing, then in every such case the Trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of all affected Notes of any series issued under the Indenture then outstanding (taking such action as one class) may declare the principal amount of all affected outstanding Notes to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by the holders), and upon any such declaration the principal amount of all affected outstanding Notes will become immediately due and payable.

If an Event of Default described above in clause (d) or (e) of the definition of “Event of Default” occurs with respect to the Notes of any series at the time outstanding occurs, then the principal amount and any accrued interest upon all the Notes of that series will automatically, and without any declaration or other action on the part of the Trustee or any holder, become immediately due and payable.

Under certain circumstances the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes of a series (or of more than one series of affected Notes (acting as one class), as the case may be), by written notice to the Company and the Trustee, may rescind and annul an acceleration and its consequences.

The Company covenants that if (a) default is made in the payment of any interest on any Note when such interest becomes due and payable and such default continues for a period of 30 days, or (b) default is made in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any Note at the Maturity thereof, the Company will, upon demand of the Trustee, pay to it, for the benefit of the holders of such Notes, the whole amount then due and payable

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on such Notes for principal (and premium, if any) and interest and, to the extent that payment of such interest is legally enforceable, interest on any overdue principal (and premium, if any) and on any overdue interest, at the rate or rates prescribed therefor in such Notes, and, in addition thereto, such further amount as is sufficient to cover the reasonable costs and expenses of collection, including the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel.

If the Company fails to pay such amounts forthwith upon such demand, the Trustee, in its own name as trustee of an express trust, may institute a judicial proceeding for the collection of the sums due and unpaid, may prosecute such proceeding to judgment or final decree and may enforce the same against the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes and collect the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable in the manner provided by law out of the property of the Company or any other obligor upon the Notes, wherever situated.

If an Event of Default with respect to the Notes (or of all series issued under the Indenture, as the case may be) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the holders of Notes (or of all series under the Indenture, as the case may be) by appropriate judicial proceedings as the Trustee deems most effectual to protect and enforce those rights, whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement in the Indenture or in aid of the exercise of any power granted therein, or to enforce any other proper remedy.

The Indenture contains a provision entitling the Trustee, subject to the duty of the Trustee during a default to act with the required standard of care, to be indemnified by the holders of Notes of the relevant series before proceeding to exercise any right or power under the Indenture at the request of the holders. Subject to provisions in the Indenture for the indemnification of the Trustee and certain other limitations, (a) the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes of the relevant series have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee, relating to or arising under clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default" and (b) with respect to all Notes issued under the Indenture, the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of all affected Notes of any series issued under the Indenture outstanding (taking such action as one class) have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee, not relating to or arising under clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default."

The Indenture provides that the Trustee may withhold notice to the holders of the Notes of any default (except in payment of principal (or premium, if any) or interest, if any) if the Trustee considers it in the interest of the holders of the Notes to do so.

The Indenture provides that no holder of any Notes will have any right to institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, with respect to the Indenture, for the appointment of a receiver or trustee or for any other remedy hereunder, unless:

- (a) the holder has previously given written notice to the Trustee of a continuing Event of Default with respect to the Notes;
  - (b) the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the outstanding Notes in the case of any Event of Default described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default," or, in the case of any Event of Default not described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default," the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of all affected Notes of any series issued under the Indenture
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outstanding (making such request as one class), will have made written request to the Trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such Event of Default in its own name as Trustee under the Indenture;

(c) the holder or holders have offered to the Trustee indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred in compliance with such request;

(d) the Trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of indemnity has failed to institute any such proceeding; and

(e) no direction inconsistent with the written request has been given to the Trustee during the 60-day period by the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes in the case of any Event of Default described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default," or, in the case of any Event of Default not described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default," by the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of all affected Notes of any series issued under the Indenture outstanding (making the direction as one class), it being understood and intended that no one or more of such holders will have any right in any manner whatever by virtue of, or by availing of, any provision of the Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights of any other holders of Notes, in the case of any Event of Default described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default," or of holders of all affected Notes of any series issued under the Indenture in the case of any Event of Default not described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default," or to obtain or to seek to obtain priority or preference over any other of such holders or to enforce any right under the Indenture, except in the manner therein provided and for the equal and ratable benefit of all holders of the Notes, in the case of any Event of Default described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default," or of holders of all affected Notes of any series issued under the Indenture in the case of any Event of Default not described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of "Event of Default."

The Indenture contains a covenant under which we are required to furnish to the Trustee an annual statement as to the compliance with all conditions and covenants of the Indenture.

#### **Modification and Waiver**

The Indenture provides that, without the consent of the holders of any Notes, we, together with the Trustee, at any time and from time to time, may enter into one or more supplemental indentures or other instruments, in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, for any of the following purposes:

(a) to evidence the succession of another person to the Company and provide for the assumption by a successor person of the Company's obligations under the Indenture and the Notes, in each case in compliance with the provisions thereof;

(b) to add to the covenants of the Company or to surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company in the Indenture;

(c) to add any additional Events of Default;

(d) to add to, change or eliminate any of the provisions of the Indenture; provided that any such addition, change or elimination shall (i) neither (A) apply to any Notes of any series created prior to the execution of such supplemental indenture which is entitled to the benefit of such provision nor (B)

modify the rights of the holder of any such Notes with respect to such provision or (ii) become effective only when there are no Notes of any series outstanding;

(e) to secure the Notes pursuant to the requirements of the covenant described under the caption “-*Limitation upon Liens*” or otherwise;

(f) to establish the form or terms of the Notes of any series as permitted under the Indenture;

(g) to evidence and provide for the acceptance of appointment under the Indenture by a successor Trustee with respect to the Notes of one or more series and to add to or change any of the provisions of the Indenture as shall be necessary to provide for or facilitate the administration of the trusts thereunder by more than one Trustee, pursuant to the requirements of the Indenture;

(h) to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provision under the Indenture which may be defective or inconsistent with any other provision therein, or to make any other provisions with respect to matters or questions arising under the Indenture; provided such action will not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Notes of any particular series in any material respect;

(i) to supplement any of the provisions of the Indenture to the extent as necessary to permit or facilitate the defeasance and/or discharge of any series of Notes pursuant to the Indenture; provided that any such action does not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Notes of that series or any other series of Notes in any material respect;

(j) to provide for the guarantee by any person of any series of previously issued and outstanding Notes;

(k) to add to the Indenture such provisions as may be expressly permitted by the Trust Indenture Act, excluding, however, the provisions referred to in Section 316(a)(2) of the Trust Indenture Act as in effect at the date as of which the Indenture is executed or any corresponding provision in any similar federal statute thereafter enacted;

(l) to conform to any mandatory provisions of law and in particular to comply with the requirements of the Commission in connection with the qualification of this Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act;

(m) to conform the terms of the Indenture and the Notes to any provision or other description of the Notes, as the case may be, contained in an offering document related thereto;

(n) to provide for the issuance of any additional securities under the Indenture;

(o) to comply with the rules of any applicable securities depository; or

(p) to make any change in any series of Notes or to add to the Indenture such provisions that do not adversely affect in any material respect the interests of the holders of such Notes.

Other amendments and modifications of the Indenture may be made with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of outstanding Notes of all series issued under the Indenture affected by the

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amendment or modification (voting as one class); provided, no modification or amendment may, without the consent of the holder of each outstanding Note affected thereby:

(a) change the stated maturity of the principal of, or any installment of interest on, any security, or reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest thereon or any premium payable upon the redemption thereof, or reduce the amount of the principal of an original issue discount security that would be due and payable upon a declaration of acceleration of the Maturity thereof pursuant to the Indenture or the amount thereof provable in bankruptcy pursuant to the Indenture, or change any Place of Payment where, or the coin, currency, currencies, currency units or composite currency in which, any security or any premium or the interest thereon is payable, or impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after the stated maturity thereof (or, in the case of redemption or repayment at the option of the holder, on or after the redemption date or repayment date, as the case may be);

(b) reduce the percentage in principal amount of the outstanding Notes of any series, the consent of whose holders is required for any such supplemental indenture, or the consent of whose holders is required for any waiver (of compliance with certain provisions of the Indenture or certain defaults thereunder and their consequences) provided for in the Indenture; or

(c) modify (i) the requirements of the section of the Indenture described in this paragraph, (ii) provisions with respect to waiving compliance with specified provisions of the Indenture or (iii) provisions with respect to waiving specified defaults, except to increase any applicable percentage or to provide that other specified provisions of this Indenture cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of each outstanding security affected thereby; provided, that this clause will not be deemed to require the consent of any holder with respect to changes in the references to “the Trustee” and concomitant changes in the foregoing requirements and provisions with respect to waiving compliance with certain provisions of the Indenture, or the deletion of this proviso, in accordance with the requirements of the Indenture.

A supplemental indenture which changes or eliminates any covenant or other provision of the Indenture which has expressly been included solely for the benefit of one or more particular series of Notes, or which modifies the rights of the holders of Notes of such series with respect to such covenant or other provision, will be deemed not to affect the rights under the Indenture of the holders of Notes of any other series.

If any additional Notes of any series are issued under the Indenture, then such additional Notes, together with the notes of such series, will be treated together as one class for purposes of determining whether the consent or approval of holders of a specified percentage has been obtained.

It will not be necessary for any act of holders described in the foregoing provisions to approve the particular form of any proposed supplemental indenture, but it will be sufficient if the act approves the substance thereof.

#### **Satisfaction and Discharge**

The Indenture will upon Company request cease to be of further effect with respect to any series of Notes (except as to any surviving rights of registration of transfer or exchange of Notes of such series as expressly

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provided for in the Indenture) and the Trustee, at the expense of the Company, will execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture as to the applicable series when:

(a) either:

(i) all Notes of the applicable series theretofore authenticated and delivered (other than Notes that have been mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen and that have been replaced or paid as provided in Indenture and Notes for whose payment money has theretofore been deposited in trust or segregated and held in trust by the Company and thereafter repaid to the Company or discharged from such trust, as provided in the Indenture) have been cancelled or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or

(ii) all Notes of the applicable series not theretofore cancelled or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation:

(1) have become due and payable, or

(2) will become due and payable at their stated maturity within one year, or

(3) are to be called for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the Trustee in the name, and at the expense, of the Company, and the Company, in the case of clauses (ii)(1), (ii)(2) or (ii)(3) above, has deposited or caused to be deposited with the Trustee as trust funds in trust for the purpose (A) an amount of cash (in the currency, currencies or currency units in which the applicable Notes are then specified as payable at stated maturity), or (B) Government Obligations applicable to the applicable Notes (determined on the basis of the currency, currencies or currency units in which the applicable Notes are then specified as payable at stated maturity), which through the scheduled payment of principal and interest in respect thereof in accordance with their terms will provide money in an amount, or (C) a combination thereof, sufficient, in the case of clauses (B) and (C) in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness on such Notes not theretofore cancelled or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, for principal (and premium, if any) and interest to, but excluding, the date of the deposit (in the case of Notes that have become due and payable) or to, but excluding, the stated maturity or redemption date, as the case may be; provided that if on the date of the deposit, the interest payable to, but excluding, or any premium payable on, the stated maturity or redemption date cannot be calculated, the amount deposited shall be sufficient to the extent that an amount is deposited with the Trustee equal to the interest payable to, but excluding, or the premium payable on, the stated maturity or the redemption date calculated as of the date of the deposit, with any deficit on the stated maturity or redemption date, as applicable (any such amount, the "Applicable Deficit"), only required to be deposited with the Trustee on or prior to the stated maturity or redemption date, as applicable; provided, further, any Applicable Deficit shall be set forth in an officer's certificate delivered to the Trustee simultaneously with the deposit of the Applicable Deficit that confirms that the Applicable Deficit shall be applied to the interest or other amounts payable at the stated maturity or on the redemption date, as applicable;

(b) the Company has paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable under the Indenture by the Company in respect of the applicable Notes;  
and

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(c) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an officer's certificate and an opinion of counsel (as specified in the Indenture), each stating (i) that all conditions precedent in respect of such discharge have been satisfied, and (ii) such discharge is authorized and permitted by the terms and conditions of the Indenture.

#### **Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance**

The Indenture provides that the Company may elect either "defeasance" or "covenant defeasance" of the Notes of or within a series as described below:

(a) "*defeasance*" means that the Company may elect to defease and be discharged from any and all obligations with respect to the applicable Notes except for the obligations to register the transfer or exchange of the applicable Notes, to replace temporary or mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes and any related coupons, to maintain an office or agency in respect of the applicable Notes and to hold moneys for payment in trust; and

(b) "covenant defeasance" means that the Company may elect to be released from its obligations with respect to the applicable Notes that are described under the captions "*-Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets,*" "*-Existence,*" "*-Limitation upon Liens*" and "*-Limitations upon Sales and Leasebacks,*" and any omission to comply with these obligations will not constitute a default or an Event of Default with respect to the applicable Notes.

To elect either defeasance or covenant defeasance under the Indenture, the Company must deposit with the Trustee, as trust funds in trust, (a) an amount of cash (in such currency, currencies or currency units in which the applicable Notes are then specified as payable at stated maturity), (b) Government Obligations applicable to the applicable Notes (determined on the basis of the currency, currencies or currency units in which the applicable Notes are then specified as payable at stated maturity), which through the payment of principal and interest in respect thereof in accordance with their terms will provide money in an amount, or (c) a combination thereof, sufficient, in the case of clauses (b) and (c) in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee, to pay and discharge the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on the applicable outstanding Notes on their scheduled due dates.

A trust of this kind may only be established if, among other things, the Company has delivered to the applicable trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that the holders of the Notes will not recognize income, gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of the defeasance or covenant defeasance and will be subject to federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if the defeasance or covenant defeasance had not occurred. In the case of defeasance, an opinion of counsel must refer to and be based upon a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or a change in applicable federal income tax law occurring after the date of the Indenture.

#### **No Personal Liability of Incorporators, Stockholders, Officers, Directors, Employees or Agents**

The Indenture provides that no recourse will be had for the payment of principal, premium, if any, or interest, if any, on any Note, or for any claim based on or in respect of any Note or the Indenture or any supplemental indenture, against any incorporator, stockholder, officer, director, employee or agent, as such, past, present or future, of ours or of any successor person thereof under any constitution, statute or rule of law or by the enforcement of any assessment or penalty or otherwise. Each holder, by accepting the Notes, waives and releases all such liability.

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## Concerning Our Relationship with the Trustee, Securities Registrar and Paying Agent

Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas acts as Trustee, securities registrar and Paying Agent under the Indenture. We maintain customary banking relationships in the ordinary course of business with the Trustee and its affiliates.

## Governing Law

The Indenture and the Notes are governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

## Certain Definitions

For purposes of this “Notes” section the following definitions are applicable:

“Attributable Debt” means, as to any particular lease under which any person is at the time liable for a term of more than 12 months, at any date as of which the amount thereof is to be determined, the total net amount of rent required to be paid by such person under such lease during the remaining term thereof (excluding any subsequent renewal or other extension options held by the lessee), discounted from the respective due dates thereof to such date at the rate of 15% per annum, compounded monthly. The net amount of rent required to be paid under any such lease for any such period shall be the aggregate amount of the rent payable by the lessee with respect to such period after excluding amounts required to be paid on account of maintenance and repairs, services, insurance, taxes, assessments, water rates and similar charges and contingent rents (such as those based on sales). In the case of any lease which is terminable by the lessee upon the payment of a penalty in an amount which is less than the total discounted net amount of rent required to be paid from the later of the first date upon which such lease may be so terminated or the date of the determination of such net amount of rent, as the case may be, such net amount shall also include the amount of such penalty, but no rent shall be considered as required to be paid under such lease subsequent to the first date upon which it may be so terminated.

“Business Day” means any other than a Saturday or Sunday, (1) which is not a day on which banking institutions in The City of New York or London are authorized or required by law, regulation or executive order to close, and (2) on which the Trans European Automated Real Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System (*i.e.*, the T2 System), or any successor or replacement for that system is open.

“Change of Control” means the occurrence of any of the following after the date of issuance of the Notes:

(1) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole to any “person” (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) other than to the Company or one of its subsidiaries, and other than any such transaction or series of related transactions in which the holders of the Company’s Voting Stock outstanding immediately prior thereto hold Voting Stock of the transferee person representing a majority of the voting power of the transferee person’s Voting Stock immediately after giving effect thereto;

(2) the consummation of any transaction (including without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any “person” (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) (other than the Company or one of its subsidiaries) becomes the “beneficial owner” (as

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defined in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of the Company's Voting Stock representing a majority of the voting power of the Company's outstanding Voting Stock;

(3) the Company consolidates with, or merges with or into, any person, or any person consolidates with, or merges with or into, the Company, in any such event pursuant to a transaction in which any of the Company's outstanding Voting Stock is converted into or exchanged for cash, securities or other property, other than any such transaction where the Company's Voting Stock outstanding immediately prior to such transaction constitutes, or is converted into or exchanged for, Voting Stock representing a majority of the voting power of the Voting Stock of the surviving person (or its parent) immediately after giving effect to such transaction; or

(4) the adoption by our shareholders of a plan relating to our liquidation or dissolution.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a transaction will not be deemed to involve a change of control under clause (2) above if (i) we become a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a holding company or other person and (ii)(A) the direct or indirect holders of the Voting Stock of such holding company or other person immediately following that transaction are substantially the same as the holders of the Company's Voting Stock immediately prior to that transaction or (B) immediately following that transaction no "person" (as that term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) (other than a holding company or other person satisfying the requirements of this sentence) is the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the Voting Stock of such holding company or other person.

"Change of Control Triggering Event" means the Notes cease to be rated Investment Grade by each of the Rating Agencies on any date during the period (the "Trigger Period") commencing 60 days prior to the first public announcement by us of any Change of Control (or pending Change of Control) and ending 60 days following consummation of such Change of Control (which Trigger Period will be extended following consummation of a Change of Control for so long as any of the Rating Agencies has publicly announced that it is considering a possible ratings downgrade or withdrawal). However, a Change of Control Triggering Event otherwise arising by virtue of a particular reduction in, or withdrawal of, rating shall not be deemed to have occurred in respect of a particular Change of Control (and thus shall not be deemed a Change of Control Triggering Event for purposes of the definition of Change of Control Triggering Event) if the Rating Agencies making the reduction in, or withdrawal of, rating to which this definition would otherwise apply do not announce or publicly confirm or inform the Trustee in writing at our request that the reduction or withdrawal was the result, in whole or in part, of any event or circumstance comprised of or arising as a result of, or in respect of, the applicable Change of Control (whether or not the applicable Change of Control shall have occurred at the time of the Change of Control Triggering Event). If a Rating Agency is not providing a rating for the Notes at the commencement of any Trigger Period, the Notes will be deemed to have ceased to be rated Investment Grade by such Rating Agency during that Trigger Period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Change of Control Triggering Event will be deemed to have occurred in connection with any particular Change of Control unless and until such Change of Control has actually been consummated.

"Commission" means the Securities and Exchange Commission, as from time to time constituted, created under the Exchange Act, or, if at any time after the execution of the Indenture such Commission is not existing and performing the duties now assigned to it under the Trust Indenture Act, then the body performing such duties at such time.

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“Consolidated Net Total Assets” means the total amount of assets of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (less applicable reserves and other properly deductible items) after deducting therefrom all current liabilities (excluding any thereof which are by their terms extendible or renewable at the option of the obligor thereon to a time more than 12 months after the time as of which the amount thereof is being computed), all as set forth on the most recent consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries and computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (which calculation shall give pro forma effect to any Material Acquisition or Material Disposition consummated by the Company or its consolidated subsidiaries since the date of such balance sheet and on or prior to the date of determination, as if such Material Acquisition or Material Disposition had occurred on the date of such consolidated balance sheet).

“Debt” means notes, bonds, debentures or other similar evidences of indebtedness for borrowed money.

“DTC” means, for purposes of this “Notes” section, The Depository Trust Company, its nominees and their respective successors.

“Government Obligations” means any security denominated in euro that is (1) a direct obligation of any country that is a member of the European Monetary Union and whose long-term debt is rated A-1 or higher by Moody’s or A+ or higher by S&P or the equivalent rating category of another nationally recognized statistical rating organization in the United States on the date of the Indenture, for the payment of which the full faith and credit of such country is pledged or (2) an obligation of a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of any such country the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by such country, which, in either case under the preceding clause (1) or (2), is not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof.

“Indenture” means the Indenture, dated November 29, 2023, between Carrier Global Corporation and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee, as supplemented by the Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated November 29, 2023, the Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated November 30, 2023, and the Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated November 8, 2024.

“Industrial Development Bonds” means obligations issued by a State, a Commonwealth, a Territory or a possession of the United States of America, or any political subdivision of any of the foregoing, or the District of Columbia, the interest on which is excludable from gross income of the holders thereof pursuant to the provisions of Section 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (or any similar provision), as in effect at the time of the issuance of such obligations.

“Interest Payment Date” when used with respect to any Notes, means the date specified in such Notes as the fixed date on which an installment of interest is due and payable.

“Investment Grade” means a rating of Baa3 or better by Moody’s (or its equivalent under any successor rating category of Moody’s) and a rating of BBB- or better by S&P (or its equivalent under any successor rating category of S&P), and the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any replacement rating agency or rating agencies selected by us under the circumstances permitting us to select a replacement rating agency and in the manner for selecting a replacement rating agency, in each case as set forth in the definition of “Rating Agency.”

“Lien” means any pledge, mortgage, lien, encumbrance and security interest.

“Material Acquisition” means any acquisition by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of (a) equity interests in any person if, after giving effect thereto, such person will become a subsidiary of the Company or (b)

assets comprising all or substantially all the assets of (or all or substantially all the assets constituting a business unit, division, product line or line of business of) any person (in the case of clauses (a) and (b), including as a result of a merger or consolidation); provided that, in the case of clauses (a) and (b), the aggregate consideration therefor exceeds \$50,000,000.

“Material Disposition” means any sale, transfer or other disposition by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of (a) all or substantially all the issued and outstanding equity interests in any person that are owned by the Company or any of its subsidiaries or (b) assets comprising all or substantially all the assets of (or all or substantially all the assets constituting a business unit, division, product line or line of business of) any person; provided that, in the case of clauses (a) and (b), such sale, transfer or other disposition yields net proceeds to the Company or any of its subsidiaries in excess of \$50,000,000.

“Maturity” means the date on which the principal (or premium, if any) of such Note or an installment of principal becomes due and payable as provided by the Indenture or the Note, whether at the stated maturity or by declaration of acceleration, call for redemption or otherwise.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., a subsidiary of Moody’s Corporation, and its successors.

“person” means any individual, corporation, estate, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, limited liability company, trust, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof or any other entity of whatever nature.

“Place of Payment” means, when used with respect to the Notes of or within any series, the place or places where the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such Notes are payable, as contemplated by the Indenture.

“Principal Property” means any manufacturing plant or warehouse, together with the land upon which it is erected and fixtures comprising a part thereof, owned by the Company or any Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary and located in the United States, the gross book value (without deduction of any reserve for depreciation) of which on the date as of which the determination is being made is an amount which exceeds 1% of Consolidated Net Total Assets, other than any such manufacturing plant or warehouse or any portion thereof or any such fixture (together with the land upon which it is erected and fixtures comprising a part thereof) (a) which is financed by Industrial Development Bonds or (b) which, in the opinion of the board of directors of the Company (or any duly authorized committee thereof), is not of material importance to the total business conducted by the Company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole.

“Rating Agency” means each of Moody’s and S&P; provided, that if either Moody’s or S&P cease to provide rating services to issuers or investors or fails to make a rating of the Notes publicly available for reasons outside of the Company’s control, the Company may appoint another “nationally recognized statistical rating organization,” as defined under Section 3(a)(62) of the Exchange Act, as a replacement agency for Moody’s or S&P, as applicable; provided, that we shall give notice of such appointment to the Trustee.

“Record Date” means the close of business on the date that is fifteen calendar days prior to the date on which interest is scheduled to be paid, regardless of whether such date is a Business Day; provided, that if any of the Notes are held by a securities depository in book-entry form, the Record Date for those Notes will be the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding the date on which interest is scheduled to be paid.

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“S&P” means S&P Global Ratings, and its successors.

“Voting Stock” of any specified person as of any date means the capital stock of such person that is at the time entitled to vote generally in the election of the board of directors of such person.

“Wholly-Owned Domestic Manufacturing Subsidiary” means any subsidiary of which, at the time of determination, all of the outstanding capital stock (other than directors’ qualifying shares) is owned by the Company directly and/or indirectly and which, at the time of determination, is primarily engaged in manufacturing, except a subsidiary that (a) neither transacts any substantial portion of its business nor regularly maintains any substantial portion of its fixed assets within the United States, (b) is engaged primarily in the finance business, including, without limitation thereto, financing the operations of, or the purchase of products which are products of or incorporate products of, the Company and/or its subsidiaries, or (c) is primarily engaged in ownership and development of real estate, construction of buildings, or related activities, or a combination of the foregoing. In the event that there shall at any time be a question as to whether a subsidiary is primarily engaged in manufacturing or is described in the foregoing clause (a), (b) or (c), such matter shall be determined for all purposes of the Indenture by a board resolution.

Carrier  
13995 Pasteur Boulevard  
Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410

[ ]

[ ] [ ], [ ]

Dear [ ],

I am pleased to confirm our offer of employment for you to join Carrier in the role of [ ] within our [ ] organization. Your executive level will be [ ]. You will report to [ ], and will be based in [ ], [ ].

Your starting base salary will be \$[ ] per year and your start date will be on or about [ ] [ ], [ ].

As a Carrier executive, you may receive awards under the company's **Annual Bonus Plan**. Individual awards, when made, are a function of individual and Carrier performance measured against previously established objectives and metrics. Your target bonus opportunity is [ ]% of your annual base salary. You will have pro-rated [ ] bonus eligibility based on your start date. *\*or\** You will have full-year [ ] Bonus eligibility (no pro-ration based on start date). Annual Bonus awards for [ ] are expected to be paid to active, eligible executives in February [ ].

You will be eligible to participate in **Carrier's Long-Term Incentive Plan (LTIP)**, beginning in [ ]. LTI awards are provided annually and are typically granted in February of each year. This Plan is designed to provide the opportunity for financial awards to key employees whose efforts and achievements contribute to the long-term success of the company. Awards may be comprised of a mix of Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs), Restricted Stock Units (RSUs), and/or Performance Share Units (PSUs), subject to annual review and approval by the Compensation Committee of the Carrier Board of Directors.

You will receive a cash sign-on bonus of \$[ ], paid on the following schedule:

- \$[ ] will be paid [ ]

These payments are subject to applicable tax withholdings and your continued employment. As part of accepting this offer, you acknowledge that if you voluntarily terminate your employment, you agree to reimburse the Company 100 percent of any payments made in the [ ] months prior to your date of termination.

Additionally, you will be granted a sign-on equity award with a value of \$[ ]. This time-based restricted stock unit (RSU) award will vest in equal installments on the [ ] and [ ] anniversary of the grant date. The quantity of RSUs granted will be based on the closing stock price as of the grant date.

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In addition to your compensation, you will be eligible to join **Carrier Choice**, the Company's flexible benefits plan, immediately following your hire date. This includes medical, dental, life insurance, and disability benefit programs for you and your eligible dependents.

You will be eligible to join the **Carrier Savings Plan** immediately, and you will receive the Company match on your contributions at 60 cents on the dollar up to 6% of your compensation, subject to IRS limits. The company match will begin one year after your date of hire. Beginning January 1, [\_\_\_\_\_] you will be eligible to participate in the **Savings Restoration Plan** for compensation in excess of the IRS limits. This plan replicates the Savings Plan with Company match on contributions at 60 cents on the dollar up to 6% of compensation after one year of service.

You will also receive a **Company Retirement Contribution**, an enhanced savings feature where you will receive an automatic contribution each pay period, regardless of your participation in the Savings Plan. The Company Retirement Contribution will automatically begin 45 days after your date of hire. The contribution percentage will be based on your age as of December 31 of each calendar year. You will be automatically enrolled into the Company Retirement Contribution Excess Plan once your pensionable earnings reach the annual IRS limit at the same contribution percentage.

U.S based executives are eligible to defer up to 50% of base salary and 70% of annual bonus compensation into Carrier's **Deferred Compensation Programs**. Money put aside in this non-qualified program may be deferred for a minimum of five years and up to retirement. When taken, payments can be made in one lump sum or over a period of years.

You are eligible for [\_\_\_\_\_] days of **Vacation** annually. Subsequent increases in vacation eligibility are based on your length of service. Because your start date is [\_\_\_\_\_] you will be eligible for [\_\_\_\_\_] vacation days for the remainder of [\_\_\_\_\_]. Up to five additional days may be purchased with pre-tax dollars during the annual Open Enrollment of benefits with the cost divided over the 24 pay periods during that vacation year. The next opportunity to purchase vacation will be the [\_\_\_\_\_] Open Enrollment that occurs in fall [\_\_\_\_\_].

As discussed, your work location will be [\_\_\_\_\_] [\_\_\_\_\_]. You will be eligible for **Relocation** assistance from Carrier's relocation management provider. Per our policy, your relocation benefits will expire 1 year from when they are initiated. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Assistance in marketing and selling your current home; Carrier will provide an Appraised Value Offer (guaranteed buyout) based on appraisals that are prepared on your home
  - Assistance in purchasing a new home including reimbursement of normal and customary closing costs
  - One home finding trip for a total of 7 days, for you and 1 individual
  - Reimbursement of actual costs of your interim living expenses for up to 60 days or until you move into your new home, whichever occurs first. You also have the option to receive a lump sum cash allowance in lieu of the interim living expense reimbursement. The cash allowance is based on 60 days at the government lodging rate in your move destination.
  - Shipment of household goods and storage for up to 60 days, if needed
-

- A one-time \$[ ] relocation allowance to help offset expenses not specifically covered by this policy; this payment will be grossed up
- It is expected that you will initiate your relocation process to [ ] expediently upon your start.

This offer is contingent upon verification of your authorization to work in the United States of America and your satisfactory completion of our employment requirements including screening for the presence of illegal or unauthorized drugs, a background check and the completion of an Intellectual Property Agreement. Upon your acceptance, you will receive a confirmation via e-mail with a link that outlines arrangements for your drug screening and background check requirements. This must be completed as soon as possible after offer acceptance, but not more than 30 days or less than five days in advance of your start date. The drug test results must be confirmed prior to the announcement of your appointment and/or your start date, whichever is earlier.

You will be contacted to review pre-employment requirements and on-boarding documents. As proof of U.S. person status and work authorization, you are required to bring with you a U.S passport or other appropriate form(s) of identification as required for Export Control and I-9 form processing on your first day. Copies of this documentation may be requested in advance to facilitate appropriate systems access on your first day.

This offer of employment should not be construed as a contract. Specifically, your employment with the Company will be "at will," meaning that either you or the Company will be entitled to terminate your employment at any time for any reason, with or without cause, and with or without notice. Any contrary representations, which may have been made to you, are superseded by this offer.

[ ], I look forward to you joining Carrier and becoming part of the team. Please acknowledge your acceptance of our offer by emailing the completed acceptance confirmation.

If you have any questions at all, please do not hesitate to call me at [ ].

Sincerely,

[ ]  
[ ]

*To document your acceptance of this offer, please sign and date below, and email a scanned copy by [ ] [ ], [ ].*

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Name                      Date

# Form of Letter of Assignment

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Exhibit 10.70

[ ]

## **PERSONAL & CONFIDENTIAL**

Dear [ ]:

Congratulations on your new International Assignment! We hope this global opportunity will be both a professionally and personally rewarding experience. This Letter of Assignment (“LOA” or “Agreement”), including Appendices, details the terms and general conditions applicable to your Assignment as summarized below:

Home Country: [ ]  
Home Company: [ ]  
Host Country: [ ]  
Host Company: [ ]  
Reporting To: [ ]

Your Assignment is subject to obtaining and maintaining all applicable immigration authorizations, medical or other clearances required by the Host Country and providing your Home Company a signed copy of this LOA.

### **Long-Term Assignment Policy**

The Long-Term Assignment Policy outlines the relocation and on-going Assignment benefits and support provided to Assignees and accompanying Eligible Dependents. See Appendix A for details about your Assignment allowances. By signing this Agreement, you formally agree to adhere to the policies and requirements of the Carrier Corporation Global Mobility Program. You further acknowledge that you have been provided with and agree to comply with the terms of the Carrier Long-Term Assignment Policy, Version 2.0 (the “Policy”). Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms have been defined in the Policy.

### **Repayment Agreement**

Should you voluntarily terminate employment or are terminated for cause you agree to repay the Company according to the following schedule:

100% of Relocation Costs if termination occurs while on assignment.

50% of Relocation Costs if termination occurs after repatriation but prior to one year of continuous service from the repatriation date.

The repayment obligation is applicable to the costs related to House-hunting Trip, Relocation Allowance, Temporary Accommodations, Shipment of Household Goods, and Travel to the Host Country (“Relocation Costs”) as defined in the Policy.

You agree to repay the Company such costs if you are “terminated for cause”, in accordance with the schedule above. “Termination for Cause” includes gross misconduct, gross negligence

# Form of Letter of Assignment

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in performance of job duties, violation of Company Policy or the Company's Code of Ethics. "Termination for Cause" does not include change in control, office closings, or job elimination.

This repayment obligation is considered satisfied at the earlier of one year of continuous service from your repatriation date or entrance into a new repayment obligation as a result of a subsequent move.

It is agreed that any amount owing to the Company as the result of such termination or resignation, may, at the Company's discretion, be deducted from any monies owing by the Company to you, as allowed by local law, including, but not limited to, any salary, wages, incentive compensation, or severance pay. Any amounts owing to the Company, beyond any amounts deducted, shall be paid within thirty (30) days after severance of employment, after which interest at the maximum legal rate on any unpaid balance shall be due and owing by you, together with all costs and attorney's fees which are incurred by the Company in the collection of such amounts.

The repayment obligation will be subject to applicable laws as required. In the event of a subsequent move at the request of the Company, only the most recently signed repayment obligation will be valid. You accept the terms and conditions of this repayment obligation by signing and returning this Letter of Assignment.

## **Assignment Duration**

International Assignments are set at a maximum of three years, at which point the Assignee must repatriate or begin to localize in the Host Country. Localization includes the removal of assignment allowances and benefits.

## **Assignment Status**

You will be assigned to the Host Company. You must abide by all laws in the Host Country and perform duties reasonably assigned to you by the Host Company. It is also expected that you will conduct yourself in a professional manner at all times and carry out your duties and responsibilities. While on Assignment, your status for Carrier International Trade Compliance ("ITC") purposes shall be determined in accordance with the Carrier ITC Global Mobility procedures.

This LOA does not create a contract of employment, but simply seeks to confirm the conditions which pertain to your International Assignment. The duration, terms and conditions of the Assignment are subject to revision in accordance with business needs, and changes to the Global Mobility Program or Company policies.

Upon successful completion of your Assignment, the Company will relocate you back to your Home Country. Repatriation is contingent upon you independently obtaining and maintaining all applicable immigration authorizations, medical or other clearances required by Home Country. Carrier is under no obligation to facilitate your admission to Home Country. Repatriation or relocation to another global assignment location is provided if you have not been terminated for cause. The Company will make its best effort to identify an equivalent position for you within the

# Form of Letter of Assignment

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organization. However, the Company does not guarantee employment at the end of your assignment.

## **Tax Equalization Policy**

The Tax Equalization Policy is to support your general tax neutrality and global tax compliance while on Assignment. You acknowledge that you have been provided with, understand and consent and are subject to the terms of the Carrier Tax Equalization Policy, version 2.0. By signing this LOA, you expressly authorize the company to withhold any amounts due to the company.

## **Code of Ethics and Compliance with Laws**

You agree that you are bound by the provisions of the Carrier Code of Ethics and the Carrier Corporate Policy Manual. You agree to perform all aspects of your job in accordance with all applicable laws, both in the Home and Host Countries, to strictly follow all workplace safety rules, to protect the property of the company and to maintain the highest standards of personal and professional ethics.

## **Data Privacy**

By signing this Agreement, you confirm your understanding and explicitly agree that the company, its affiliate and/or third parties may, in connection with your employment and/or your International Assignment, collect, use, process, transmit and hold personal data, including sensitive personal data. The data may be in electronic or other form and may be used to manage your employment and Assignment arrangements, to comply with legal and regulatory obligations and to fulfill the company's business or other legitimate interests as required or permitted by law or regulation. Because of the global nature of an International Assignment, your personal data will, subject to applicable law, be transferred internationally to other countries worldwide. This may mean that personal data is transferred to countries, such as the United States, where data servers may be located. Each country provides different standards of legal protection of personal data. All such collection, use, processing, transmission and holding of data will comply with applicable data privacy protection requirements. If you do not want to have your personal data shared, you may choose to not sign this LOA and not be deployed on Assignment.

## **Intellectual Property**

You agree and acknowledge that to the extent allowed by applicable law, all rights, titles and interests in all intellectual property created by you in the course of your International Assignment will belong to the company and/or its affiliates and you will have no right, title, interest, claim or right of sale on such intellectual property rights.

## **Confidentiality**

# Form of Letter of Assignment

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By signing this Agreement, you agree that Company Information acquired and known to you shall be deemed strictly confidential. Unless permitted by the company in writing, during the term of this International Assignment or at any time thereafter, you shall not disclose any Company Information to any legal person, individual or other organization or entity for any purpose and in any manner, nor utilize the Company Information for any purpose other than performing your duties.

By signing this Agreement, you further agree to keep the terms of this Agreement confidential and to not disclose its content to anyone except for purposes of seeking legal or financial advice.

## Governing Law

Your LOA, International Assignment and employment relationship are generally subject to and governed by the laws of the Home Country in accordance with the terms of the Policy.

Thank you for supporting our global initiatives. Best wishes to you in your new Assignment.

Sincerely,

\_\_\_\_\_ [ ] (Home HR Manager) \_\_\_\_\_ Date

Please indicate your agreement by signing below and returning this LOA as soon as possible. This letter shall not be amended or supplemented unless in writing and signed by you and a duly authorized representative of the company.

I have reviewed the general terms and conditions of my International Assignment outlined above (including appendices) and by signing below, accept these conditions.

\_\_\_\_\_ [ ] (Assignee) \_\_\_\_\_ Date

Please scan and return a full signed copy of this Letter to Global Mobility.

Inclusions:

Appendix A: Long-Term Assignment and Allowance Summary

# Form of Letter of Assignment

## APPENDIX A: Long-Term Assignment and Allowance Summary

Please review the Long-Term Assignment Policy for additional detail regarding the Assignment and relocation support for this Assignment. Some allowances may fluctuate due to exchange rate, data updates or family size changes. Allowances that are calculated on Base Salary are subject to a Policy Maximum of a Base Salary cap of 200,000 USD or local equivalent, as determined at time of payment. Policy benefits are subject to revision based on changes in the duration, terms and conditions of the Assignment.

Assignment Summary	
Home Country	<input type="text"/>
Host Country	<input type="text"/>
Position Title	
Reporting To	<input type="text"/>
Anticipated Assignment Start Date	<input type="text"/>
Anticipated Assignment End Date	<input type="text"/>
Tax Equalization Location	<input type="text"/>
Split Family	<input type="text"/>

Policy Benefit	Amount and Frequency
Relocation Allowance	<input type="text"/> One-time payment
Goods and Services Differential (G&S)	<input type="text"/> Per month
Host Country Transportation	<input type="text"/>
Host Country Housing - Unfurnished	<input type="text"/> Monthly housing budget
Host Country Housing - Furnished	<input type="text"/> Monthly housing budget
Host Country Utilities Allowance	<input type="text"/> Per month

## SUBSIDIARIES OF CARRIER GLOBAL CORPORATION

The following entities are subsidiaries of Carrier Global Corporation as of December 31, 2025:

Subsidiary	State or Country of Incorporation or Organization
Addvolt, S.A., Portugal	Portugal
AHI Carrier CZ s.r.o., Czech Republic	Czech Republic
AHI Carrier FZC, United Arab Emirates	United Arab Emirates
AHI Carrier Hungary HVAC Limited Liability Company, Hungary	Hungary
AHI Carrier Romania S.R.L., Romania	Romania
Ainsworth Holdings SAS, France	France
AIR-COND International GmbH, Austria	Austria
Alarko Carrier Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S., Turkey	Turkey
Aldridge Holdings LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Andanoli AG, Switzerland	Switzerland
Arabian Air Conditioning Company Ltd., Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabia
Ardmore Holdings S.a r.l., Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg	Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg
Automated Logic Contracting Services, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Automated Logic Corporation, Georgia	Georgia
B. Grimm Airconditioning Limited, Thailand	Thailand
B. Grimm Carrier (Thailand) Limited, Thailand	Thailand
Berlinger & Co. AG, Switzerland	Switzerland
Bio-Energie Allendorf GmbH, Germany	Germany
Blaich Automation GmbH, Germany	Germany
Bresco Limited, Ireland	Ireland
CACI Aircon Private Limited, India	India
C-Air AG, Switzerland	Switzerland
Carin Holdings S.a r.l., Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg	Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg
Carlyle Air Conditioning Company, Inc., New York	New York
Carlyle Scroll Holdings Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Carolin Holdings B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Carrier (Malaysia) SDN. BHD., Malaysia	Malaysia
Carrier (Puerto Rico), Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Carrier (Thailand) Limited, Thailand	Thailand
Carrier Air Conditioning & Refrigeration R&D Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd, China	China
Carrier Air Conditioning (Thailand) Co., Ltd., Thailand	Thailand
Carrier Air Conditioning Philippines, Inc., Philippines	Philippines
Carrier Air Conditioning Pty Ltd, Australia	Australia
Carrier Air Conditioning Sales & Service (Shanghai) Co Ltd, China	China
Carrier Aircon Lanka Private Limited, Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka
Carrier Airconditioning & Refrigeration Limited, India	India

Carrier Air-Conditioning & Refrigeration Sales (Shanghai) Co., Ltd, China	China
Carrier Air-Conditioning & Refrigeration System (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., China	China
Carrier Aire Acondicionado De Venezuela, S.A., Venezuela	Venezuela
Carrier Aktiebolag, Sweden	Sweden
Carrier ARCD Pte. Ltd, Singapore	Singapore
Carrier Asia Limited, Hong Kong	Hong Kong
Carrier Asia Pacific Operations Pte Ltd, Singapore	Singapore
Carrier Australia Commercial Holdings Pty Ltd, Australia	Australia
Carrier Australia Pty Ltd, Australia	Australia
Carrier Automated Logic Australia Pty Ltd, Australia	Australia
Carrier Canada Corporation, New Brunswick	New Brunswick
Carrier CIT Mexico, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., Mexico	Mexico
Carrier Controls Limited, England	England
Carrier Corporation Regional Head Quarter Company, Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabia
Carrier Corporation, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Culoz S.A., France	France
Carrier Deutschland Holding GmbH, Germany	Germany
Carrier Distribution Italy Srl, Italy	Italy
CARRIER EMEA SAS, France	France
Carrier EMEA Verwaltungs GmbH, Austria	Austria
Carrier Enterprise Canada L.P., Ontario	Ontario
Carrier Enterprise Canada, (G.P.), Inc., New Brunswick	New Brunswick
Carrier Enterprise Leasing, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Enterprise Northeast, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Enterprise, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Experts Service (Central Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd., Malaysia	Malaysia
Carrier Far East Limited, Hong Kong	Hong Kong
Carrier Fire & Security EMEA BV, Belgium	Belgium
Carrier Fire & Security Luxembourg S.a r.l., Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg	Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg
Carrier Fire & Security, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Foundation, Inc., Florida	Florida
Carrier France SCS, France	France
Carrier Global Corporation, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Guam, Inc., Guam	Guam
Carrier Holdings Australia Pty Ltd, Australia	Australia
Carrier Holdings B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Carrier Hong Kong Limited, Hong Kong	Hong Kong
Carrier HVAC Equipment (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd., China	China
Carrier HVAC Sales & Service (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., China	China
Carrier HVACR Investments B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Carrier Innovation Technologies GmbH, Switzerland	Switzerland
Carrier InterAmerica Corporation, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Intercompany Lending Designated Activity Company, Ireland	Ireland
Carrier International Corporation, Delaware	Delaware

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Carrier International Corporation, Nevada	Nevada
Carrier International Deutschland GmbH, Germany	Germany
Carrier International Mauritius Ltd., Mauritius	Mauritius
Carrier International Sdn. Berhad, Malaysia	Malaysia
Carrier Investments Australia Pty Ltd, Australia	Australia
Carrier Investments UK Limited, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
Carrier Japan Corporation, Japan	Japan
Carrier Japan Engineering Corporation, Japan	Japan
Carrier Kältesysteme Austria GmbH, Austria	Austria
Carrier Kältetechnik Schweiz AG aka Carrier Refrigeration Switzerland Ltd, Switzerland	Switzerland
Carrier Klimatechnik GmbH, Germany	Germany
Carrier Kuwait Airconditioning K.S.C., Kuwait	Kuwait
Carrier Linde Refrigeration Philippines, Inc., Philippines	Philippines
Carrier Mexico, S.A. de C.V., Mexico	Mexico
Carrier Middle East Limited, Bermuda	Bermuda
Carrier Midea India Private Limited, India	India
Carrier Midea North America LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Montilla, S.A.U., Spain	Spain
Carrier Montluel SCS, France	France
Carrier Overseas Service, Limited, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Oy, Finland	Finland
Carrier Park View, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
CARRIER PENSION TRUSTEE LIMITED, England	England
CARRIER Polska Sp. z o.o., Poland	Poland
Carrier Portugal Ar Condicionado, Lda, Portugal	Portugal
Carrier Reefers & Gensets B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Carrier Refrigeracao Brasil Ltda., Brazil	Brazil
Carrier Refrigeration Operation Czech Republic s.r.o, Czech Republic	Czech Republic
Carrier Refrigeration Operation Italy Srl, Italy	Italy
Carrier Refrigeration Operations France SAS, France	France
Carrier Refrigeration Rus Limited Liability Company, Russian Federation	Russian Federation
Carrier Refrigeration Sweden AB, Sweden	Sweden
Carrier Rental Systems (UK) Limited, Scotland	Scotland
Carrier Rental Systems Asia Pte Ltd, Singapore	Singapore
Carrier Rental Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Malaysia	Malaysia
Carrier Research Center, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Carrier RLC EMEA Holding GmbH, Germany	Germany
Carrier RLC Europe SAS, France	France
Carrier S.A. Industria E Comercio, Brazil	Brazil
CARRIER SAS, France	France
Carrier Saudi Service Company Ltd., Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabia
Carrier Service Company, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Singapore (PTE) Limited, Singapore	Singapore
Carrier Solutions Contracting and Trading and Services W.L.L., Qatar	Qatar
Carrier Solutions UK Ltd, England	England

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Carrier South Africa Proprietary Limited, South Africa	South Africa
Carrier Srl, Italy	Italy
Carrier Taiwan Co., Ltd., Taiwan (Province of China)	Taiwan (Province of China)
Carrier Technologies India Limited, India	India
Carrier Technologies ULC, Alberta	Alberta
Carrier Transicold (UK) Limited, England	England
Carrier Transicold Austria GmbH, Austria	Austria
Carrier Transicold Belgium BV, Belgium	Belgium
Carrier Transicold Brasil Equipamentos de Ar Condicionado e de Refrigeração para Transportes Ltda., Brazil	Brazil
Carrier Transicold Container Products B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Carrier Transicold Container Products Limited, Hong Kong	Hong Kong
Carrier Transicold Container Products Limited, Japan	Japan
Carrier Transicold De Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico	Mexico
Carrier Transicold Deutschland GmbH, Germany	Germany
Carrier Transicold Espana, S.A., Spain	Spain
Carrier Transicold Europe, France	France
Carrier Transicold France, France	France
Carrier Transicold Hong Kong Limited, Hong Kong	Hong Kong
Carrier Transicold Industries, France	France
Carrier Transicold Italia S.r.l., Italy	Italy
Carrier Transicold Limited, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Transicold Netherlands B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Carrier Transicold Polska Sp. z o.o., Poland	Poland
Carrier Transicold Pte. Ltd, Singapore	Singapore
Carrier Transicold Scandinavia A/S, Denmark	Denmark
Carrier Transicold Sweden AB, Sweden	Sweden
Carrier Treasury Center Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Treasury Services Ireland Limited, Ireland	Ireland
Carrier UK Holdings Limited, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
Carrier Ventures, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Vietnam Air Conditioning Company Limited, Vietnam	Vietnam
Carrier Warranty Holdings, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Carrier Warranty, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Chipan Corporation, Delaware	Delaware
CIAT GROUP, France	France
Climate & Controls Benelux B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Climate, Controls & Security Argentina S.A., Argentina	Argentina
Clipper Enterprises Limited, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
CLK Corporation, Korea (the Republic of)	Korea (the Republic of)
Comercial Sensitech South America Limitada, Chile	Chile
Compu-Home Systems, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Concepcion Carrier Realty Holdings Inc., Philippines	Philippines
Concepcion-Carrier AirConditioning Company, Philippines	Philippines
Concepcion-Carrier Holdings Inc., Philippines	Philippines

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Conkey-NORESKO JV, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Connectivity Solutions GmbH (chem. Wibutler / Vi-Acht), Germany	Germany
Dah Fung Hong (Holdings) Company Limited, Hong Kong	Hong Kong
DBT Digital Building Technology GmbH & Co. KG, Germany	Germany
DBT Verwaltungs GmbH, Germany	Germany
DTKO BV, Netherlands	Netherlands
EcoEnergy Insights Limited, India	India
Edward B. Ward & Company, Inc., California	California
Elgin Holdings SAS, France	France
Empresas Carrier, S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico	Mexico
Energiegestalter GmbH, Germany	Germany
Energy Infrastructure, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Environmental Market Solutions, Inc., China	China
Environmental Market Solutions, Inc., District of Columbia	District of Columbia
Etanomics Italia srl, Italy	Italy
FHP Manufacturing Company, Delaware	Delaware
FIT SERVICE S.P.A., Italy	Italy
Foshan Midea Carrier Air-Conditioning Equipment Co. Ltd., China	China
Frigi Transport (Fritans) S.A., Panama	Panama
Frylands B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
GD Midea Air-Conditioning Equipment Co., Ltd, China	China
GD Midea Group WUHAN Air-Conditioning Equipment Co., Ltd, China	China
Global Comfort Solutions LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Gnitrow Ltd, England	England
Guangdong Carrier Heating, Ventilation & Air Conditioning Company Limited, China	China
Guangdong Giwee Electronics Commerce Co., Ltd, China	China
Guangdong Giwee Group Co., LTD, China	China
Guangdong Giwee Technology Co., Ltd, China	China
Guangdong Yucan Information Technology Co., Ltd., China	China
Hawthorne Holdings S.a r.l., Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg	Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg
HVAC Clima, Servicio y Controles Iberia, S.L., Spain	Spain
ICP Petroleum Inc., Delaware	Delaware
ithinx GmbH (vorher: Blitz 15_231 GmbH), Germany	Germany
Jada Holdings B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Johann Purchaser GmbH, Germany	Germany
Kaysail Limited, England	England
KFI Wind-Down Corp., Delaware	Delaware
Kidde International Limited, England	England
Kidde IP Holdings Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Kidde Limited, England	England
Kidde plc Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Kidde Products Limited, England	England
Kidde Securities Limited, England	England
Kidde US Holdings, LLC, Delaware	Delaware

Mangrove Cell 11 PC, District of Columbia	District of Columbia
Maroc Climate & Security - MCS, Morocco	Morocco
Matlock Holdings Ltd, England & Wales	England & Wales
Miraco Development Services & Trading Company, S.A.E., Egypt	Egypt
Misr Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Manufacturing Company S.A.E., Egypt	Egypt
Nihon Sensitech Corporation, Japan	Japan
Nlyte Software Americas Limited, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
Nlyte Software Holdings Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Nlyte Software Limited, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
NORESCO Puerto Rico, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
NORESCO, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Noresco, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
NORESCO-SG, LLC, Delaware	Delaware
Nuove Energie s.r.l., Italy	Italy
Onity India Private Limited, India	India
Onity SA, Argentina	Argentina
Parkview Treasury Services (UK) Limited, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
PBX GmbH, Austria	Austria
Peccon GmbH, Germany	Germany
PSV Project Service and Value S.r.l., Italy	Italy
PT Berca Carrier Indonesia, Indonesia	Indonesia
Q-Carrier (B) Sendirian Berhad, Brunei Darussalam	Brunei Darussalam
Refrigeration Solutions Netherlands B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Riello America LLC, New Jersey	New Jersey
Riello Canada Inc., Ontario	Ontario
RIELLO FRANCE SA, France	France
RIELLO GROUP S.P.A, Italy	Italy
Riello Heating Equipment (Shanghai) Co Ltd, China	China
Riello Investments Inc., Ontario	Ontario
Riello Ltd, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
RIELLO PALNIKI SP.Zoo, Poland	Poland
Riello RO S.r.l., Romania	Romania
Riello S.A., Switzerland	Switzerland
RIELLO S.P.A., Italy	Italy
Riello Trading (shanghai) Co.Ltd, China	China
RUG RIELLO URZADZENIA GRZEWCZE SA, Poland	Poland
Saudi Airconditioning Manufacturing Company (Samco), Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabia
Sebec Holdings Corporation, Nova Scotia	Nova Scotia
SEC Carrier Energy Performance Engineering Co., Ltd. (YiChuang), China	China
Sensitech Canada Inc., Alberta	Alberta
Sensitech EMEA B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Sensitech France S.a.r.L., France	France
Sensitech Iberica SL, Spain	Spain
Sensitech Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Sensitech Pty Limited, Australia	Australia

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Shandong Fuerda Air-Conditioning Equipment Co., Ltd., China	China
Shanghai Carrier Transicold Equipment Co., Ltd, China	China
Shanghai Yileng Carrier Air Conditioning Equipment Company Limited, China	China
South American Coöperatief U.A., Netherlands	Netherlands
South American HoldCo I B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
South American HoldCo II B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Springer Carrier Ltda., Brazil	Brazil
SSS Carrier, S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico	Mexico
Sunbelt Transport Refrigeration, Ltd., Florida	Florida
Sustainability Investment Asia Limited, Hong Kong	Hong Kong
TEC Distribution LLC, Delaware	Delaware
TEC Leasing, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
Tianjin Yuanchang Reefer Container Service Co., Ltd, China	China
Toshiba Carrier North America, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
TRS Transportkoeling B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
US CIT LLC, Delaware	Delaware
UTEC, Inc., Delaware	Delaware
UTS Carrier L.L.C., United Arab Emirates	United Arab Emirates
VCS Holding One GmbH & Co. KG, Germany	Germany
VCS Holding Two GmbH & Co. KG, Germany	Germany
Viessmann (Schweiz) GmbH, Switzerland	Switzerland
Viessmann ApS, Denmark	Denmark
Viessmann Australia PTY Ltd., Australia	Australia
Viessmann Belgium BV (ehemals Viessmann Belgium BVBA), Belgium	Belgium
Viessmann China Ltd., Hong Kong	Hong Kong
Viessmann Climate Solutions Berlin GmbH (chem. VC/O GmbH; ehem. Vi Digital GmbH), Germany	Germany
Viessmann Climate Solutions GmbH & Co. KG, Germany	Germany
Viessmann CS Real Estate GmbH & Co. KG, Germany	Germany
Viessmann d.o.o., Croatia	Croatia
Viessmann d.o.o., Slovenia	Slovenia
Viessmann Deutschland GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann DOO, Serbia	Serbia
Viessmann Elektronik GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Engineering s.r.l., Italy	Italy
Viessmann EOOD, Bulgaria	Bulgaria
Viessmann Faulquemont SAS, France	France
Viessmann France SAS, France	France
Viessmann Fütéstechnika Kft., Hungary	Hungary
Viessmann Gesellschaft m.b.H., Austria	Austria
Viessmann Heating Technology Beijing Co. Ltd., China	China
Viessmann Heating Technology Dachang Co., Ltd., China	China
Viessmann Heating Technology Zhejiang Co., Ltd., China	China
Viessmann Holding Austria GmbH, Austria	Austria
Viessmann Holding GmbH, Switzerland	Switzerland
Viessmann Holding International GmbH, Germany	Germany

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Viessmann Holding International Verwaltungs GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Holzheiztechnik GmbH, Austria	Austria
Viessmann Industrie France SAS, France	France
Viessmann Industrie Holding SAS, France	France
Viessmann Industriekessel Mittenwalde GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Isi Teknikleri Ticaret Limited Sirketi, Turkey	Turkey
Viessmann IT Service GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Kraft-Wärme-Kopplung GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Limited, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
Viessmann LLC, Ukraine	Ukraine
Viessmann LLC, Uzbekistan	Uzbekistan
Viessmann Logistik International GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Manisa Isi Teknolojileri Sanayi ve Ticaret Limited Sirketi, Turkey	Turkey
Viessmann Manisa Sales Marketing and Trade Ltd. (Viessmann Manisa Satış Pazarlama ve Ticaret Limited Şirketi, Manisa), Turkey	Turkey
Viessmann Manufacturing Company (U.S.) Inc., Rhode Island	Rhode Island
Viessmann Manufacturing Company ULC, Nova Scotia	Nova Scotia
Viessmann Middle East FZE, United Arab Emirates	United Arab Emirates
Viessmann Nederland B.V., Netherlands	Netherlands
Viessmann Oy, Finland	Finland
Viessmann s r.o., Slovakia	Slovakia
Viessmann S.L., Spain	Spain
Viessmann S.r.l., Italy	Italy
Viessmann Services Poland Sp. z o.o. (ehemals Viessmann Refrigeration Solutions Operations Sp. z o.o. Wroclaw), Poland	Poland
Viessmann Shared Service GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann SIA, Latvia	Latvia
Viessmann Singapore PTE Ltd, Singapore	Singapore
Viessmann Solutions & Services GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Sp. z o.o., Poland	Poland
Viessmann SRL, Romania	Romania
Viessmann Technika Dombóvár Kft., Hungary	Hungary
Viessmann Technika Grzewcza Sp. z o.o., Poland	Poland
Viessmann Technology Vietnam Company Limited, Vietnam	Vietnam
Viessmann UAB, Lithuania	Lithuania
Viessmann Värmeteknik AB, Sweden	Sweden
Viessmann Vietnam Co. Ltd., Vietnam	Vietnam
Viessmann Werke Allendorf GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Werke Berlin GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann Workforce GmbH, Germany	Germany
Viessmann, spol. s r.o., Czech Republic	Czech Republic
VOKERA (IRELAND) LIMITED, Ireland	Ireland
Vokera Ltd, United Kingdom	United Kingdom
VWB Real Estate GmbH & Co. KG, Germany	Germany
Waldhauser GmbH & Co. Wärmetechnik KG, Germany	Germany
Waldhauser GmbH, Germany	Germany

Worthington Holdings B.V., Netherlands

Netherlands

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-273510) and Form S-8 (Nos. 333-237207 and 333-289045) of Carrier Global Corporation of our report dated February 5, 2026 relating to the financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Miami, Florida  
February 5, 2026

## CERTIFICATION

I, David Gitlin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Carrier Global Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 5, 2026

/s/David Gitlin

David Gitlin

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION

I, Patrick Goris, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Carrier Global Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 5, 2026

/s/Patrick Goris

Patrick Goris

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial & Strategy Officer

## CERTIFICATION

I, Beril Yildiz, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Carrier Global Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 5, 2026

/s/Beril Yildiz

Beril Yildiz

Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer

**Section 1350 Certifications**  
**Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**  
**(Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)**

Pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), each of the undersigned officers of Carrier Global Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Corporation"), does hereby certify that:

The Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the "Form 10-K") of the Corporation fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and information contained in the Form 10-K fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Corporation.

Date: February 5, 2026 /s/David Gitlin  
\_\_\_\_\_  
David Gitlin  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 5, 2026 /s/Patrick Goris  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Patrick Goris  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial & Strategy Officer

Date: February 5, 2026 /s/Beril Yildiz  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Beril Yildiz  
Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer