

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 12, 2026

BridgeBio Pharma, Inc.
(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

001-38959
(Commission File Number)

84-1850815
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

3160 Porter Dr., Suite 250
Palo Alto, CA
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

94304
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (650) 391-9740

Not Applicable
(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	BBIO	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On January 12, 2026, BridgeBio Pharma, Inc., or the Company, issued a press release that contains certain preliminary financial information as of and for the quarter and fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. Specifically, the press release states that the Company estimates it had approximately \$587.5 million of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of December 31, 2025 and \$146.0 million and \$362.4 million in net product revenue for the quarter ended December 31, 2025, and the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, respectively.

The information in this Item 2.02 is unaudited and preliminary, and does not present all information necessary for an understanding of the Company's results of operations for the quarter and fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, or financial condition as of December 31, 2025. The audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the quarter and fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 is ongoing and could result in changes to the information in this Item 2.02.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

The disclosure in Item 2.02 above is hereby incorporated by reference into this Item 7.01, and a copy of the press release referenced in Item 2.02 is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 hereto.

The information contained in Items 2.02 and 7.01, as well as Exhibit 99.1, to this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

Item 8.01 Other Events.

On January 12, 2026, the Company also presented a business update at the 44th Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference. A copy of the Company's presentation slides, which has been published on the Company's website, is filed as Exhibit 99.2 to this current report on Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

Forward Looking Statements

This Current Report on Form 8-K contains forward-looking statements. Statements in this Current Report on Form 8-K or the materials furnished or filed herewith may include statements that are not historical facts and are considered forward-looking within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), which are usually identified by the use of words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “continues,” “estimates,” “expects,” “hopes,” “intends,” “may,” “plans,” “projects,” “remains,” “seeks,” “should,” “will,” and variations of such words or similar expressions. The Company intends these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These forward-looking statements, including express and implied statements relating to the Company’s preliminary and unaudited estimate of cash resources as of December 31, 2025 and the Company’s preliminary and unaudited estimate of net product revenue for the quarter and full year ended December 31, 2025; the commercial success of Attruby; the clinical timeline and clinical and therapeutic potential for the new antibody depleter program for ATTR-CM; the timing and expectations regarding the status and progress of the Company’s various clinical trials, including data readouts for these trials; the safety, efficacy and mechanisms and the clinical, therapeutic and market potential of the Company’s clinical development programs and pipeline, including BBP-418, infigratinib, encaleret and BBP-812; expected timing for submitting New Drug Applications with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) and similar submissions with foreign regulatory authorities, receiving U.S. approval and commencing commercial launch for BBP-418 and encaleret; the Company’s anticipated interactions with and feedback from the FDA and similar foreign regulatory authorities; the efficiency of the Company’s engine to rapidly and efficiently deliver medicines; the Company’s value creation potential for patients; the timing and progress of advancing GondolaBio’s pipeline, including the clinical potential of GondolaBio’s PORT-77 in EPP; the Company’s financial position, including the Company’s expectations regarding potential market opportunities, reaching certain clinical and regulatory milestones, and the Company’s anticipated funding to support the potential launch of three additional medicines globally; the potency and safety of the Company’s product candidates, the potential benefits of the Company’s product candidates; and the potential for greater patient access to medications, among others, reflect the Company’s current views about the Company’s plans, intentions, expectations and strategies, which are based on the information currently available to the Company and on assumptions the Company has made. Although the Company believes that its plans, intentions, expectations and strategies as reflected in or suggested by those forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company can give no assurance that the plans, intentions, expectations or strategies will be attained or achieved. Furthermore, actual results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements and will be affected by a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including factors beyond the Company’s control, that could cause actual results, performance or achievement to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the statements. Such factors may include, but are not limited to, initial and ongoing data from the Company’s preclinical studies and clinical trials not being indicative of final data, the design and success of ongoing and planned clinical trials, future regulatory filings, approvals and/or sales, despite having ongoing and future interactions with the FDA or other regulatory agencies to discuss potential paths to registration for the Company’s product candidates, the FDA or such other regulatory agencies not agreeing with the Company’s regulatory approval strategies, components of the Company’s filings, such as clinical trial designs, conduct and methodologies, or the sufficiency of data submitted, the continuing success of the Company’s collaborations, the Company’s ability to obtain additional funding, potential volatility in the Company’s share price, the impacts of current macroeconomic and geopolitical events, including changing conditions from hostilities in Ukraine and in Israel and the Gaza Strip, increasing rates of inflation and changing interest rates, on business operations and expectations. Further information regarding the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause differences between the Company’s expectations and actual results is contained in the Risk Factors section of the Company’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and the Company’s other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Moreover, the Company operates in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment in which new risks emerge from time to time. These forward-looking statements are based upon the current expectations and beliefs of the Company’s management as of the date of this Current Report on Form 8-K, and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Except as required by applicable law, the Company assumes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit	Description
99.1	Press Release dated January 12, 2026.
99.2	Slides from BridgeBio Pharma, Inc.'s J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference Presentation, dated January 12, 2026.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

BridgeBio Pharma, Inc.

Date: January 12, 2026

By: /s/ Thomas Trimarchi
Thomas Trimarchi, Ph.D.
President and Chief Financial Officer

BridgeBio Announces Commercial Progress, Program Updates, and 2026 Milestones at the 44th Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference

- Preliminary unaudited Q4 and Full Year 2025 net Attruby® product revenue of \$146.0 million and \$362.4 million, respectively
- Attruby (acoramidis) is rapidly becoming the first-choice therapy for newly diagnosed ATTR-CM patients with 6,629 unique patient prescriptions written by 1,632 prescribers as of December 31, 2025, driven by differentiated clinical data and growing real-world confidence
- New TTR amyloid depleter antibody program announced to explore the potential of ATTR-CM disease reversal; program expected to advance into the clinic between 2027 – 2028
- The interim analysis from FORTIFY, BridgeBio's Phase 3 study of LGMD21/R9, demonstrated broad benefit in all subgroups across α -controlled endpoints and a highly clinically meaningful and statistically significant 2.6 point benefit on NSAD relative to placebo at 12 months; based on these data, the FDA recommended orienting NDA toward traditional full approval; the Company intends to submit an NDA in first half of 2026
- Rapid increase in diagnosis of ADHI with >1,700 unique patients identified since October 2023; BridgeBio intends to submit an NDA to the FDA based on results from CALIBRATE, the Company's Phase 3 clinical trial of encalaret, in the first half of 2026
- Initiation of RECLAIM-HP, phase 3 trial of encalaret in chronic hypoparathyroidism, in summer 2026 subsequent to a recently completed End of Phase 2 interaction with FDA
- LPLV achieved for PROPEL 3, the registrational Phase 3 study of infigratinib for children with achondroplasia, with topline results expected by end of Q1 2026; LPI achieved for the Phase 2 portion of ACCEL 2/3, the registrational study of infigratinib for children with hypochondroplasia
- Approximately \$587.5 million in cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities as of December 31, 2025; well financed to sustain the continued acceleration of Attruby and potentially launch three additional medicines globally

PALO ALTO, Calif., January 12, 2026 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) — BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. (Nasdaq: BBIO) (“BridgeBio” or the “Company”), a new type of biopharmaceutical company focused on genetic diseases, today provided updates on its commercial progress for Attruby (acoramidis), status of late-stage pipeline programs, and anticipated 2026 milestones. These updates were presented by co-founder and CEO, Neil Kumar, Ph.D., at the 44th Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference in San Francisco, CA on Monday, January 12 at 7:30 am PT.

“BridgeBio was built on the belief that if you start with patients, move with urgency, and stay disciplined on science and data, you can deliver transformative medicines with unprecedented results quickly, safely, and effectively,” said Dr. Kumar. “Over the past decade, we’ve built a company that proves this model. Today, we’re seeing progress widely across that decentralized model, allowing us to drive impact for several different communities and hopefully doubling the number of patients that we’re able to serve by the end of 2026.”

Webcast Information

To access the webcast of BridgeBio’s presentation, please visit the “Events & Presentations” page within the Investors section of the BridgeBio website at <http://investor.bridgebio.com>. A replay of the webcast will be available on the BridgeBio website for 30 days following the event.

About Attruby® (acoramidis)

INDICATION

Attruby is a transthyretin stabilizer indicated for the treatment of the cardiomyopathy of wild-type or variant transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM) in adults to reduce cardiovascular death and cardiovascular-related hospitalization.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

Adverse Reactions

Diarrhea (11.6% vs 7.6%) and upper abdominal pain (5.5% vs 1.4%) were reported in patients treated with Attruby versus placebo, respectively. The majority of these adverse reactions were mild and resolved without drug discontinuation. Discontinuation rates due to adverse events were similar between patients treated with Attruby versus placebo (9.3% and 8.5%, respectively).

About BridgeBio Pharma, Inc.

BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. (BridgeBio; Nasdaq: BBIO) is a new type of biopharmaceutical company founded to discover, create, test, and deliver transformative medicines to treat patients who suffer from genetic diseases. BridgeBio’s pipeline of development programs ranges from early science to advanced clinical trials. BridgeBio was founded in 2015 and its team of experienced drug discoverers, developers and innovators are committed to applying advances in genetic medicine to help patients as quickly as possible. For more information visit bridgebio.com and follow us on [LinkedIn](#), [X](#), [Facebook](#), [Instagram](#), and [YouTube](#).

BridgeBio Pharma, Inc. Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements. Statements in this press release may include statements that are not historical facts and are considered forward-looking within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), which are usually identified by the use of words such as “anticipates,” “believes,” “continues,” “estimates,” “expects,” “hopes,” “intends,” “may,” “plans,” “projects,” “remains,” “seeks,” “should,” “will,” and variations of such words or similar expressions. BridgeBio intends these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These forward-looking statements, including express and implied statements relating to the Company’s preliminary and unaudited estimate of cash resources as of December 31, 2025 and the Company’s preliminary and unaudited estimate of net product revenue for the quarter and full year ended December 31, 2025; the commercial success of Attruby; the clinical timeline for the new antibody depleter program for ATTR-CM; the timing and expectations regarding the status and progress of the Company’s various clinical trials, including data readouts for these trials; expected timing for submitting New Drug Applications with the FDA for BBP-418 and encaleret; the Company’s anticipated interactions with and feedback from the FDA; and the Company’s financial position, including the Company’s anticipated funding to support the potential launch of three additional medicines globally, among others, reflect the Company’s current views about the Company’s plans, intentions, expectations and strategies, which are based on the information currently available to the Company and on assumptions the Company has made. Although the Company believes that its plans, intentions, expectations and strategies as reflected in or suggested by those forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company can give no assurance that the plans, intentions, expectations or strategies will be attained or achieved. Furthermore, actual results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements and will be affected by a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including factors beyond the Company’s control, that could cause actual results, performance or achievement to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the statements. Such factors may include, but are not limited to, initial and ongoing data from the Company’s preclinical studies and clinical trials not being indicative of final data, the design and success of ongoing and planned clinical trials, future regulatory filings, approvals and/or sales, despite having ongoing and future interactions with the FDA or other regulatory agencies to discuss potential paths to registration for the Company’s product candidates, the FDA or such other regulatory agencies not agreeing with the Company’s regulatory approval strategies, components of the Company’s filings, such as clinical trial designs, conduct and methodologies, or the sufficiency of data submitted, the continuing success of the Company’s collaborations, the Company’s ability to obtain additional funding, potential volatility in the Company’s share price, the impacts of current macroeconomic and geopolitical events, including changing conditions from hostilities in Ukraine and in Israel and the Gaza Strip, increasing rates of inflation and changing interest rates, on business operations and expectations. Further information regarding the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause differences between the Company’s expectations and actual results is contained in the Risk Factors section of the Company’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and the Company’s other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Moreover, the Company operates in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment in which new risks emerge from time to time. These forward-looking statements are based upon the current expectations and beliefs of the Company’s management as of the date of this press release, and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Except as required by applicable law, BridgeBio assumes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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BridgeBio Investor Contact:

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bridgebio

hope through
rigorous science

J.P. Morgan
Presentation

January 12, 2026



Forward Looking Statements and Disclaimer

The presentation contains forward-looking statements. Statements made or presented may include statements that are not historical facts and are considered forward-looking within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Words such as “believe,” “anticipate,” “plan,” “expect,” “intend,” “will,” “may,” “goal,” “potential,” “should,” “could,” “aim,” “estimate,” “predict,” “continue” and similar expressions or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements, though not all forward-looking statements necessarily contain these identifying words. We intend these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These forward-looking statements, including express and implied statements relating to the preliminary and unaudited estimate of cash resources as of December 31, 2025 and the preliminary and unaudited estimate of net product revenue for Attruby for the quarter ended December 31, 2025; the commercial success of Attruby; the clinical timeline and clinical and therapeutic potential for the new antibody depleter program for ATTR-CM; the timing and expectations regarding the status and progress of our various clinical trials, including data readouts for these trials; the safety, efficacy and mechanisms and the clinical, therapeutic and market potential of our clinical development programs and our pipeline, including infigratinib, BBP-418, encalaret and BBP-812; expected timing for submitting New Drug Applications with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) and similar submissions with foreign regulatory authorities, receiving U.S. approval and commencing commercial launch for BBP-418 and encalaret; our anticipated interactions with and feedback from the FDA and similar foreign regulatory authorities; the efficiency of our engine to rapidly and efficiently deliver medicines; our value creation potential for patients; the timing and progress of advancing GondolaBio’s pipeline, including the clinical potential of GondolaBio’s PORT-77 in EPP; our financial position, including our expectations regarding potential market opportunities, and reaching certain clinical and regulatory milestones; the potency and safety of our product candidates, the potential benefits of our product candidates; and the potential for greater patient access to medications, reflect our current views about our plans, intentions, expectations and strategies, which are based on the information currently available to us and on assumptions we have made. Such statements reflect the current views of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to known and unknown risks, including business, regulatory, economic and competitive risks, uncertainties, contingencies and assumptions about the Company, including, without limitation, risks inherent in developing and commercializing therapeutic products, and those risks and uncertainties described under the heading “Risk Factors” in the Company’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and in subsequent filings made by the Company with the SEC, which are available on the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. In light of these risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company’s control, the events or circumstances referred to in the forward-looking statements, express or implied, may not occur. The actual results may vary from the anticipated results and the variations may be material. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak to the Company’s current beliefs and expectations only as of the date of the presentation. Except as required by law, the Company disclaims any intention or responsibility for updating or revising any forward-looking statements made or presented at the presentation in the event of new information, future developments or otherwise.

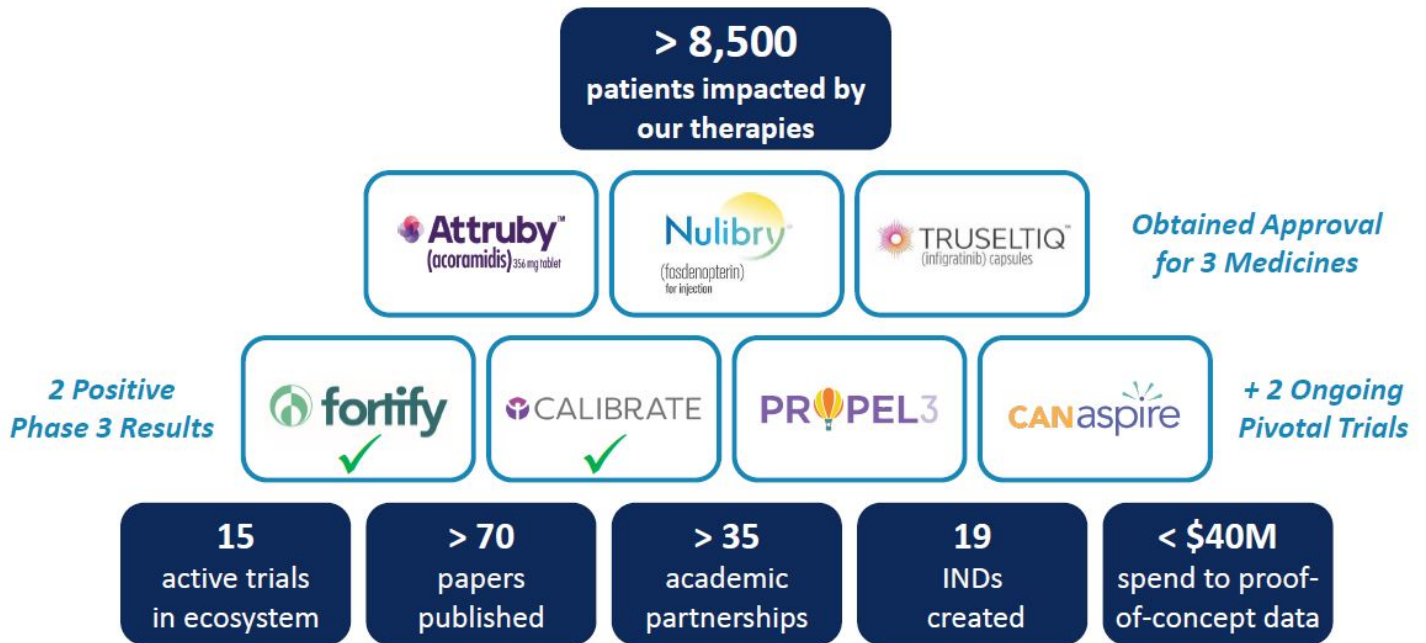
This presentation discusses product candidates that are investigational only and have not yet been approved for marketing by the FDA or any comparable foreign regulatory authority. No representation is made as to the safety or effectiveness of the product candidates for the therapeutic use for which such product candidates are being studied.

Certain information communicated at the presentation may relate to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and the Company’s own internal estimates and research. While the Company believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of the presentation, it has not independently verified, and makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. In addition, certain information to be communicated at the presentation involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and there can be no guarantee as to the accuracy or reliability of such assumptions. Finally, such research has not been verified by any independent source.

Such information is provided as of the date of the presentation and is subject to change without notice. The Company has not verified, and will not verify, any part of this presentation, and the Company makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the information to be communicated at the presentation or as to the existence, substance or materiality of any information omitted from the presentation at the presentation. The Company disclaims any and all liability for any loss or damage (whether foreseeable or not) suffered or incurred by any person or entity as a result of anything contained or omitted from this document or the related presentation and such liability is expressly disclaimed.

This Presentation is for informational purposes only. This Presentation shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities, nor shall there be any sale of any securities in any state or jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state or jurisdiction.

Thank you to our investors for enabling us to deliver hope and medicines to the patients that we serve



Fortify results reflect interim analysis data. BridgeBio does not commercialize Nulibry but receives royalties. Truselqtq was withdrawn from the market voluntarily after receiving FDA approval.

Today we will review commercial/late-stage programs and early-stage progress



Attruby revenue



Late-stage data and regulatory progress



Early-stage research and our potentially best-in-class EPP program

Continued Attruby commercial momentum

\$146M¹

Q4 2025 Net Product Revenue

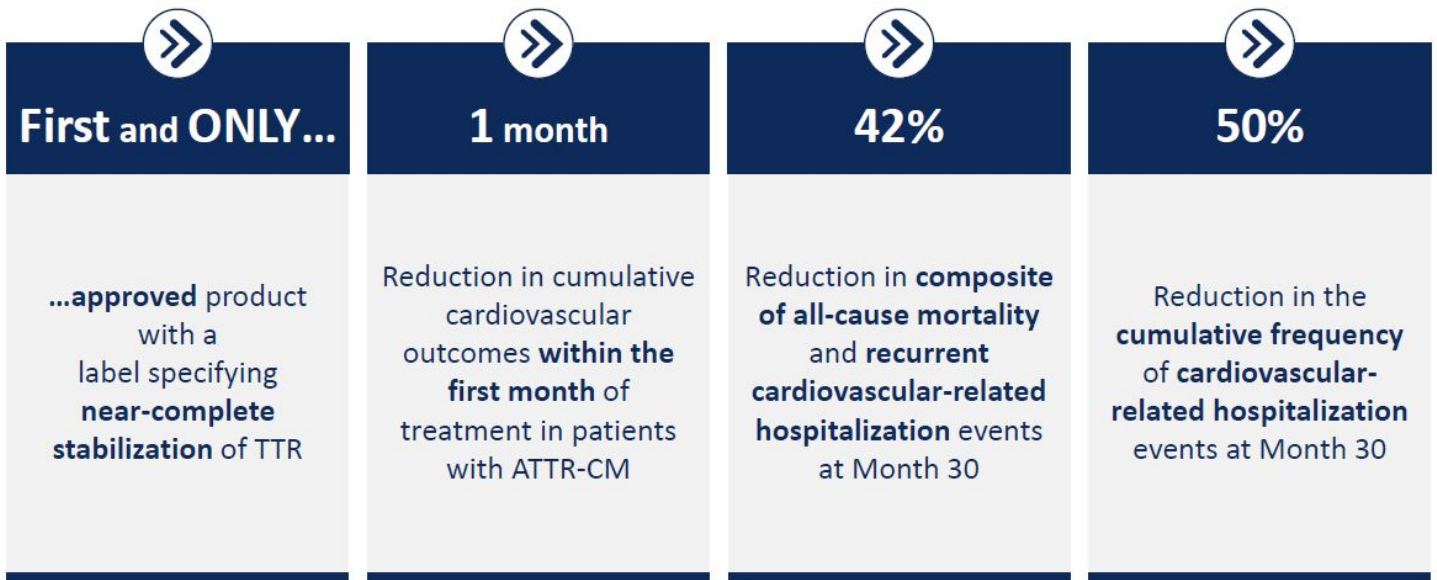
¹Represents preliminary, unaudited results for the fourth quarter ended December 31, 2025, based on management's current expectations and subject to completion of year end audit procedures. See Forward Looking Statements and Disclaimer on slide 2 regarding risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ.

Continued Attruby commercial momentum and patient impact



As of December 31st, 2025

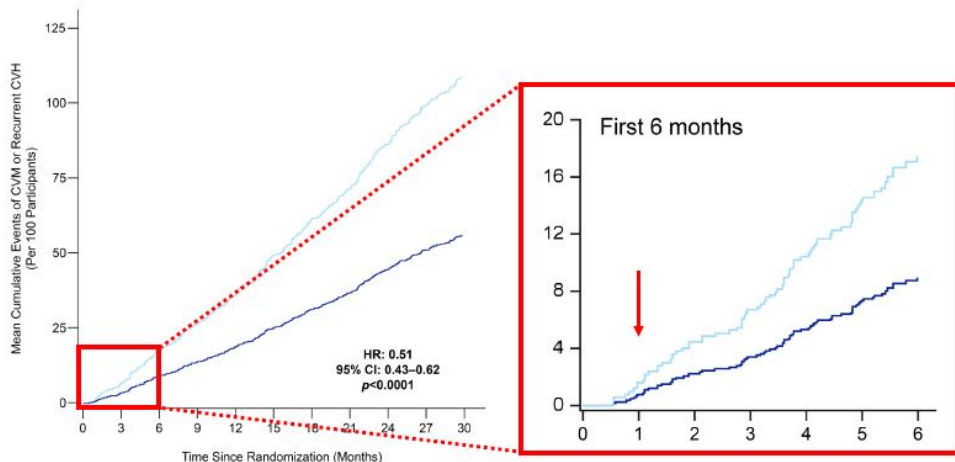
We continue to study the impact of Attruby across clinical dimensions



Attruby significantly reduced the risk of CVM or recurrent CVH through Month 30 vs. placebo by 49% with separation of curves starting by Month 1

Estimated Mean Cumulative Events of CVM or Recurrent CVH Through Month 30

(mITT Population, Acoramidis, n = 409; Placebo, n = 202)



	Acoramidis (n = 409)	Placebo (n = 202)
Participants with CVM or recurrent CVH, n (%)	136 (33.3)	98 (48.5)
Hazard ratio (95% CI) ^a	0.51 (0.43, 0.62)	
p value	< 0.0001	

Source: Masri et al. (2025) Early, Long-Term Reduction in CV-Outcomes With Acoramidis, JACC; HFSA 2025 Presentation (Masri) Acoramidis Reduces Cumulative Cardiovascular Outcomes Within the First Month of Treatment in Transthyretin Amyloid Cardiomyopathy: Results From ATTRIBUTE-CM
Data are for the mITT population in the ATTRIBUTE-CM study, defined as all the participants who had undergone randomization, received at least one dose of acoramidis or placebo, and had at least one efficacy evaluation after baseline; participants with eGFR < 30 mL/min/1.73 m² were excluded
aModified Andersen-Gill model with a robust variance estimator, with treatment, age, NYHA class, genotype, eGFR, and log-transformed baseline NT-proBNP as covariates
CI, confidence interval; CVH, cardiovascular-related hospitalization; CVM, cardiovascular mortality; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; mITT, modified intention-to-treat; NT-proBNP; N-terminal pro-B-type natriuretic peptide; NYHA, New York Heart Association

Attruby's advantages stem from the fact that it is the most potent stabilizer

Acoramidis is the only stabilizer with "near complete" stabilization in the label



- ✓ **Sees more target**
(superior free fraction)
- ✓ **Binds more target**
(superior kd2)
- ✓ **Glues the target together stronger**
(enthalpic binding mode)

The multiplicity of advantages to superior stabilization continue to be better understood and elucidated in novel research

RESEARCH ARTICLE | BIOCHEMISTRY

Mass spectrometry footprinting reveals how kinetic stabilizers counteract transthyretin dynamics altered by pathogenic mutations

Francisca Pinheiro, Ravi Kant, Saketh Chemuru, and Salvador Ventura

Edited by Jeffery Kelly, Scripps Research, La Jolla, CA; received July 25, 2025; accepted November 19, 2025

December 31, 2025 | 123 (1) e2519908122 | <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.2519908122>

"Our thermodynamic analysis further supports the notion that binding enthalpy (ΔH), not affinity (K_d or ΔG), better predicts the conformational stabilization imparted by kinetic stabilizers.... These results underscore the need to prioritize enthalpy-driven interactions during stabilizer design."

"Given the variability in stoichiometry in the experiments between tafamidis and AG10 and TTR, **the data always tell the same story, that AG10 is better than tafamidis** as would be expected from the determined binding constants."

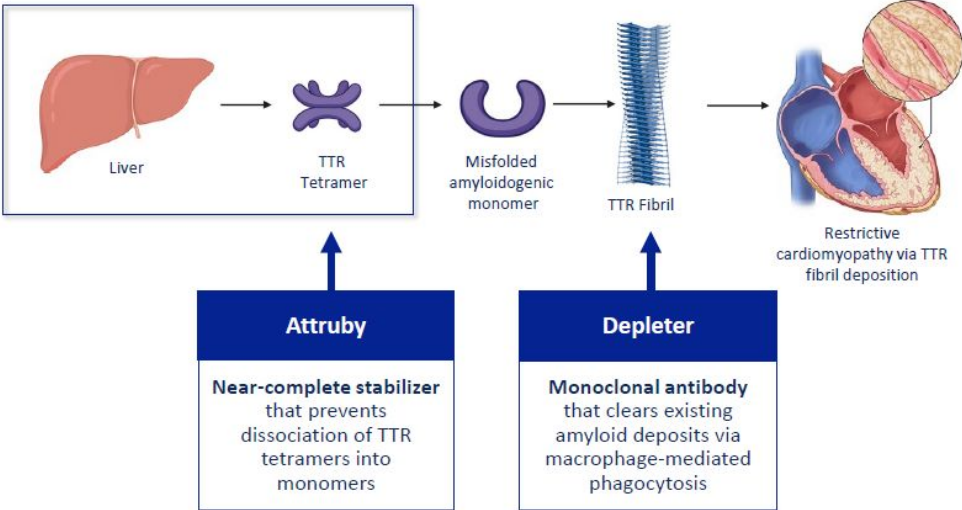
– Prof. Jeffery Kelly (inventor of tafamidis) in email correspondence with Dr. Isabella Graef, February 12, 2013. Bold added.

Along with work on Attriby, BridgeBio has initiated a depleter program to explore the potential of ATTR-CM disease reversal

ATTR-CM Disease Pathophysiology

Existing TTR therapies target upstream tetramer stabilization and synthesis...

...but unmet need remains for patients with existing amyloid deposits for downstream clearance



Led by Renowned Antibody Expert



Dr. Richard Scheller

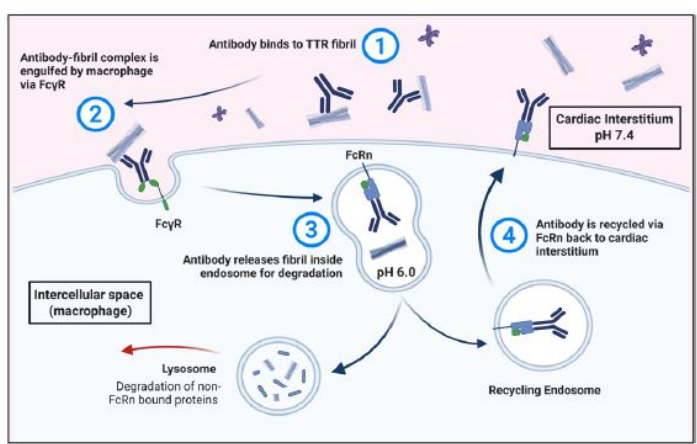
- Former Professor, Stanford
- Former CSO, Genentech
- Former EVP and Executive Committee, Roche Genentech
- Chairman of R&D, BridgeBio

Source: Wanniarachige et al., 2025

BridgeBio's depleter is engineered across 4 novel properties for potential differentiation on clinical efficacy and dosing convenience

NEW PROGRAM

Depleter Mechanism of Action



Keywords

- TTR Fibril
- TTR Tetramer
- Antibody
- Fc γ R
- FcRn

BridgeBio's Differentiated Target Properties

- Improved fibril:tetramer binding ratio**
 - >10 \times preferential binding to misfolded TTR fibrils vs. native TTR tetramers
 - **Binds more target**
- Faster macrophage recruitment**
 - First depleter to activate Fc γ receptors to boost macrophage activity
 - **Clears more target**
- pH sensitivity**
 - Intentionally designed for pH-dependent antigen release inside macrophages
 - **Extends antibody half-life**
- Half-life extension**
 - First depleter engineered for enhanced FcRn binding
 - **Extends antibody half-life**

Program expected to advance into the clinic in 2027–2028

Limitations of first-generation depleters highlight the opportunity for a next-generation depleter to better serve patient needs

Property	Competitors		BridgeBio	
	Company A	Company B	BridgeBio's Depleter	Why it Matters
1 Improved fibril:tetramer binding ratio	✘	Limited	✓ >10× preferential binding to misfolded TTR fibrils vs. native TTR tetramers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maximizes on-target engagement with misfolded TTR fibrils Minimizes unintended clearance of physiologic TTR tetramers
2 Faster macrophage recruitment	✘	✘	✓ First depleter to activate Fcγ receptors to boost macrophage activity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accelerates amyloid clearance Potentially enables earlier time to separation on clinical endpoints
3 pH sensitivity	Limited	✘	✓ Intentionally designed for pH-dependent antigen release inside macrophages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enables antibody recycling after phagocytosis
4 Half-life extension	✘	✘	✓ First depleter engineered for enhanced FcRn binding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extends circulating half-life Enables more convenient dosing vs. monthly IV infusions

Note: Green = favorable; orange = unfavorable; grey = in-between.

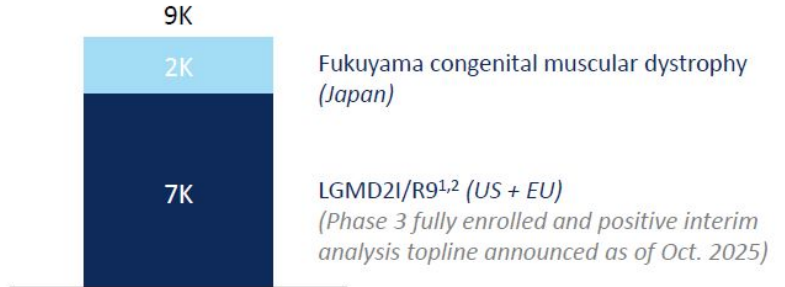
BBP-418

Status: Positive Phase 3 Interim Result in LGMD2I/R9



Addressable people by indication

(current population with addressable mutations)



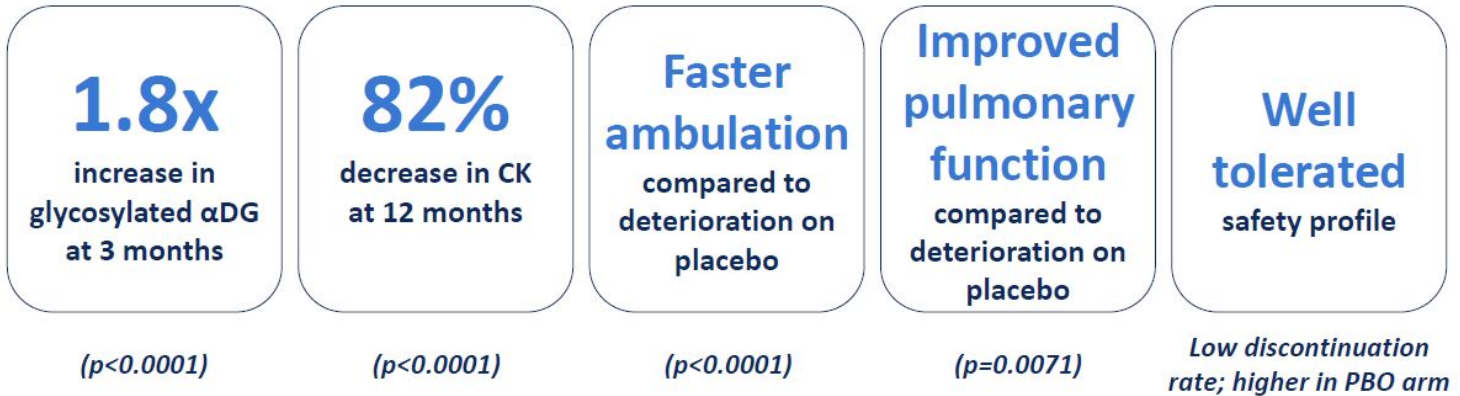
Analogous markets to LGMD2I/R9

Product	Vyjuvek® <i>beremagene geparpavec-svdt</i>	EXONDYS 51 <i>(eteplirsen) Injection</i>	SKYCLARYS® <i>(amaveloxalone)</i>
Indication	Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa	DMD w/ amenable exon 51 mutations	Friedreich's Ataxia
Prevalence (US)	~4K ³	~1.3-2K ⁴	~4-5K ⁵
Projected peak year sales (US) ⁶ / Market cap	\$640M / \$7.6B	\$541M / \$2.5B	\$565M / \$7.3B ⁷

¹ Liu, et al. Genetics in Medicine. 2019; ² Includes all patients with potentially treatable mutations in FKRP, FKTN, and ISPD; ³ Eichstadt et al Clin Cosmet Investig Dermatol; ⁴ Cure Duchenne and Sarepta; ⁵ MDA and Friedreich's Ataxia Research Alliance; ⁶ Evaluate; ⁷ M&A value of Reata

Unprecedented, clinically meaningful improvement across all pre-specified endpoints and well-tolerated safety profile at interim analysis

MET PRIMARY AND ALL KEY SECONDARY ENDPOINTS VS. PLACEBO



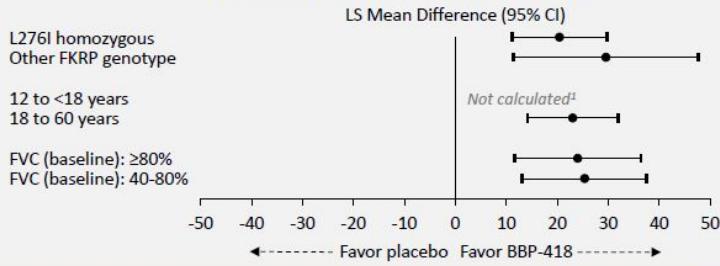
An appreciable share of patients achieved normal levels on some measures in just 1 year

α DG = alpha dystroglycan; PBO = placebo; CK = creatine kinase
Source: Data on file

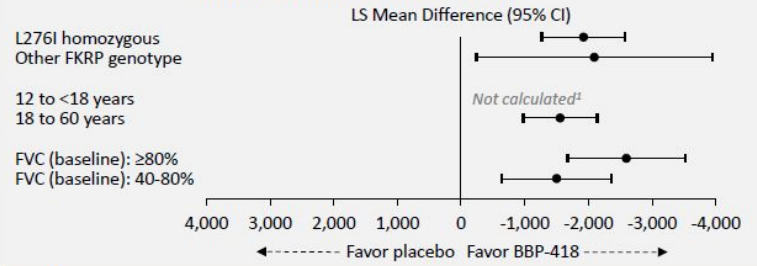
Planned subgroup analyses show consistent benefit of BBP-418 vs. placebo in all subgroups across α -controlled efficacy endpoints at 12 months

Biomarker

Glycosylated α DG (% of control)

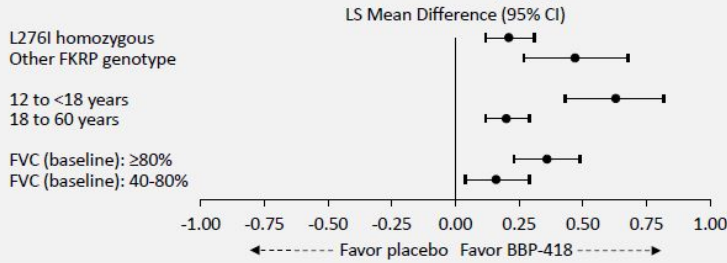


Serum creatine kinase (U/L)

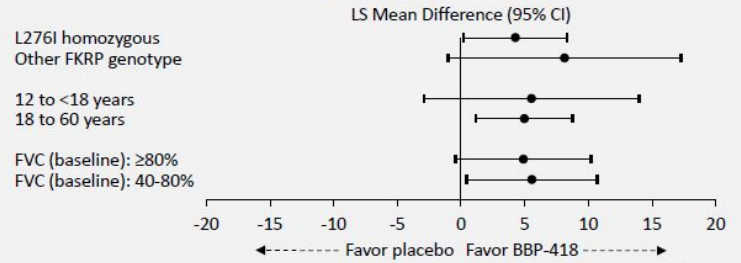


Functional

100-meter timed test (m/s)



Forced vital capacity (% predicted)

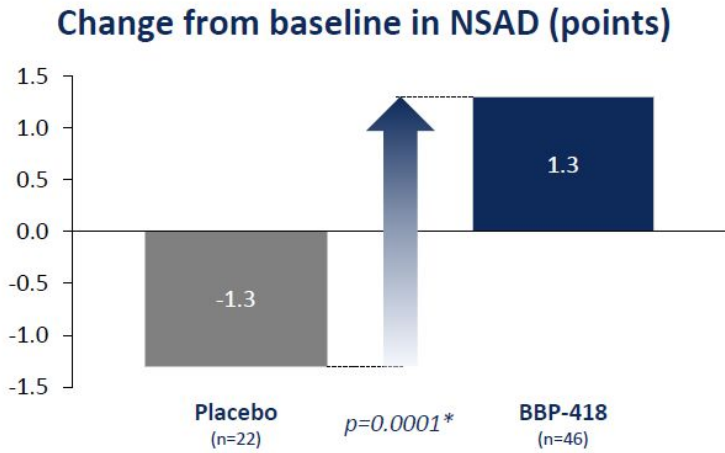


Note: ¹ Pre-specified inferential statistics not performed for subgroups representing <15% of all participants in relevant analysis set; α DG=alpha dystroglycan; PBO=placebo; FKRP= Fukutin Related Protein; FVC=forced vital capacity. Source: Data on file

BBP-418 treated patients experienced highly clinically meaningful 2.6 point benefit on NSAD relative to placebo even at early 12-month timepoint

Improved gross motor function

Even a 1-point difference in NSAD can mean...



- Requiring someone's help to get up → Able to get up from a fall
- Requiring assistance or mobility aids → Able to use stairs or steps
- Asking for help to get up from toilet → Able to toilet independently

NSAD (primary endpoint at 36 months) benefit is highly clinically meaningful even at 12 months

** Nominally statistically significant based on exploratory analysis; analysis not part of alpha-controlled hierarchy at interim analysis*

NSAD = North Star Assessment for Limb-Girdle Type Muscular Dystrophies; Least-Squares Mean Change from Baseline at 12-month timepoint
Source: Data on file.

We completed a successful meeting with the FDA and they recommended orienting our NDA toward traditional and full approval

NEW INFORMATION

- All data from the Phase 3 FORTIFY study were presented to the agency, including key sensitivities
- FDA acknowledged the data “...demonstrate consistent treatment effects on multiple efficacy endpoints”
- FDA recommends orienting NDA toward traditional approval

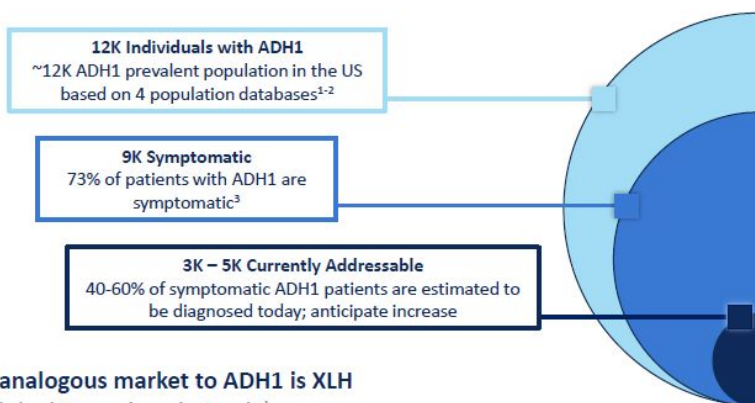
We anticipate filing an NDA with the FDA in 1H 2026

Encaleret

Status: Positive Phase 3 Result in ADH1



Addressable people by indication in US (current population with ADH1)








An analogous market to ADH1 is XLH (X-linked Hypophosphatemia)

	XLH	ADH1
Prevalence (US)	12K ⁴	12K
Disease burden	Hypophosphatemia	Acute - hypocalcemia Chronic - hypercalciuria
Standard of care	Vitamin D, daily phosphate ⁵	Vitamin D, daily calcium
Registrational endpoint	Serum phosphate	Serum and urine calcium
Projected peak year sales	\$2B+ ⁶	\$1B+

¹Dershem, J. et al. Amer. J. Hum. Genetics, 2020. ²Chang, J.B. et al. Amer. J. Hum. Genetics, 2025. ³Roszkó, K.L. et al. JBMR, 2022. ⁴Dahir, K. et al. J. Endocr. Soc., 2020. ⁵Munns, C.F. et al., JBMR Plus., 2023. ⁶Evaluate Pharma.

CALIBRATE achieved & exceeded all criteria set forth as an upside target, with a 76% responder rate following 24 weeks of encalaret treatment

Upside Target Clinical Profile	Outcome Observed
 Statistically significant primary analysis result compared to conventional therapy	Primary endpoint met ($p < 0.0001$) demonstrating superiority to conventional therapy
 At Week 24, $\geq 50\%$ of study participants achieve target serum and urine Ca on encalaret	76% (34 out of 45) achieved target serum and urine Ca on encalaret vs. 4% on conventional therapy
 Majority of participants randomized to encalaret able to remain independent from conventional therapy ¹	Among encalaret responders at Week 24, none required conventional therapy during Period 3 ¹
 At Week 24, mean iPTH within normal range on encalaret	>90% of participants administered encalaret achieved iPTH above the lower limit of the reference range
 Comparable safety and tolerability profile to conventional therapy	Encalaret was well-tolerated; no discontinuations related to study drug

¹Requirement for conventional therapy defined as oral calcium >600 mg/day and/or active vitamin D during Period 3.
 Ca = Calcium; iPTH = Intact Parathyroid Hormone. Encalaret is an investigational drug. Its safety and efficacy have not been fully evaluated by any regulatory authority.

>90% of CALIBRATE participants administered encalaret demonstrated a pharmacologic response

Primary Analysis – Within Group	Week 4 SoC (N=45)	Week 24 Encalaret (N=45)	p-value ³
Number of Participants Meeting The Primary Endpoint (Responder status) ^{1,2}	2	34	
Proportion, %	4%	76%	
Difference in Proportion of Responders (95% CI)	71% (58%, 84%)		<0.0001

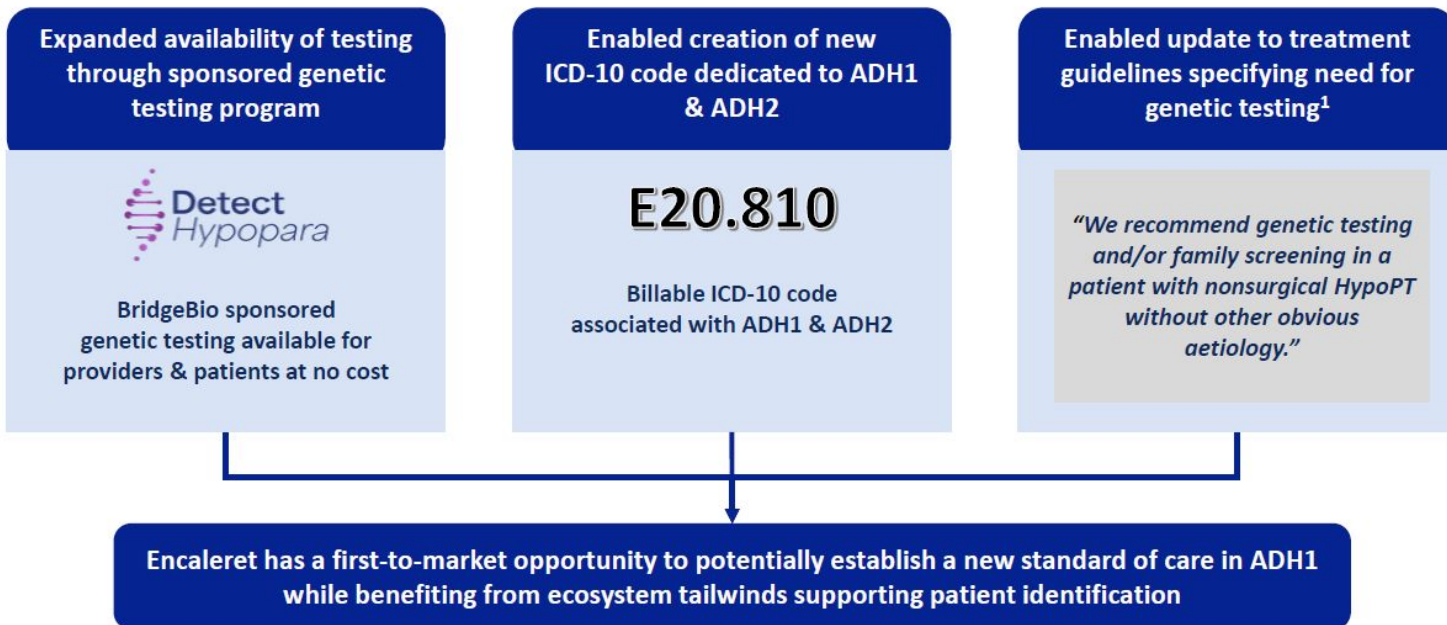
Key Secondary Analysis – Within Group	Week 4 SoC (N=45)	Week 24 Encalaret (N=45)	p-value ³
Number of Participants With <u>iPTH</u> ≥ LL Reference Range	3	41	
Proportion, %	7%	91%	
Difference in Proportion of Responders (95% CI)	84% (74%, 95%)		<0.0001

¹The primary endpoint assessed responder status of participants who achieved both corrected serum calcium and 24-hour urine calcium in the target range at the completion of the maintenance periods.

²Participants randomized to receive encalaret who required doses of elemental calcium >600 mg/day for >7 days during Period 3 were evaluated as non-responders. ³Analyzed by McNemar's test.

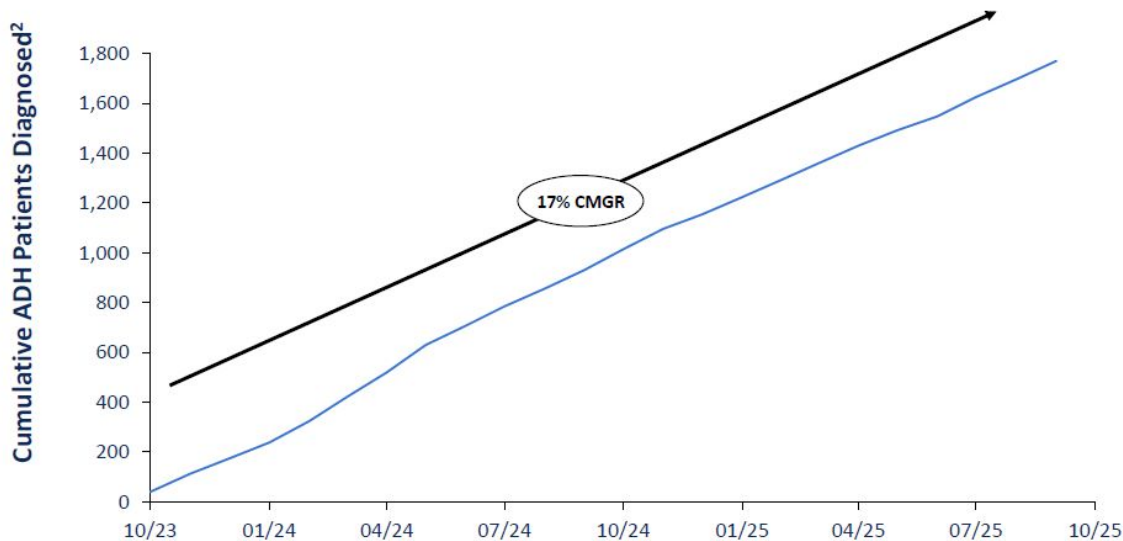
CI = Confidence Interval; iPTH = Intact Parathyroid Hormone; LL = Lower Limit

BridgeBio is pioneering efforts to enable the successful launch of **encaleret**, potentially the first calcilytic molecule to be approved for any condition



¹Included in updated best practice recommendations for diagnosis and management of hypoparathyroidism (Khan, A. A. et al., Metabolism, 2025.) and European Society of Endocrinology (ESE) treatment guidelines (Bollerslev, J. et al., Eur. J. Endocrinol., 2025.)

Over a 24-month period, >1,700 unique patients were diagnosed with ADH in the US



~50% of HCPs diagnosing ADH patients manage ≥5 non-surgical hypoparathyroidism patients³

¹Compounded Monthly Growth Rate (CMGR) since the code's introduction in Oct. 2023. ²Komodo Claims Data, October 2023-September 2025. ICD10 Code E20.810 (Autosomal Dominant Hypocalcemia). ³Based on analysis of Symphony and Definitive Healthcare Claims Data for ICD-10 Code E20.810.

Encalaret has the potential to be an orally administered option for patients with chronic hypoparathyroidism (CHP)

Encalaret has the potential to normalize blood and urine calcium in CHP patients

- CHP patients present similarly as ADH1 patients (i.e., hypocalcemia and hypercalciuria)
- Current guidelines specify normalization of blood and urine calcium as therapeutic goals^{1,2}
- In a Phase 2 study (N=10) presented at the ASBMR 2025 meeting, encalaret demonstrated a PTH-independent effect to normalize blood and 24-hour urine calcium in 80% of study participants within 5 days³

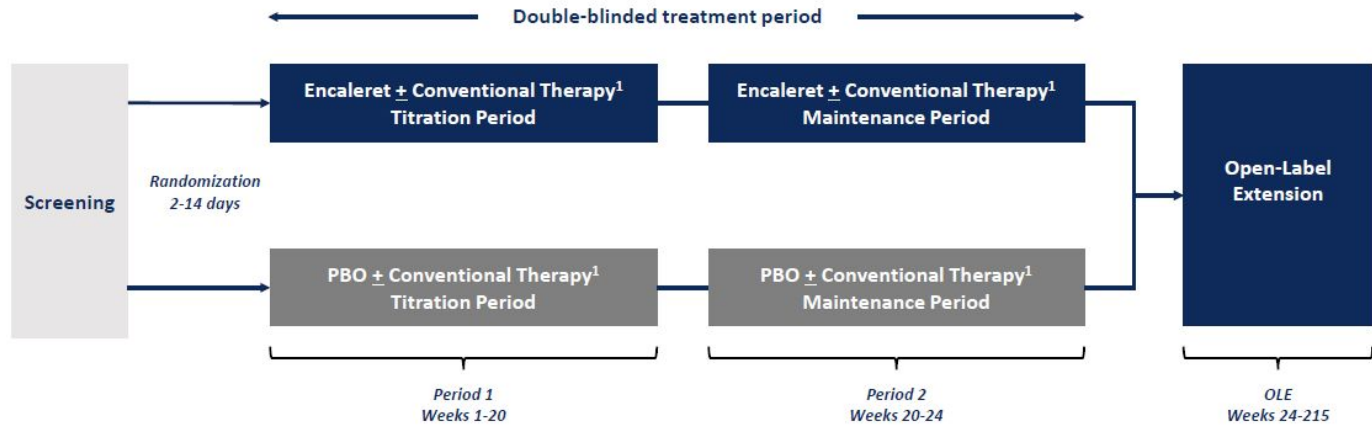
Announcing the RECLAIM-HP Phase 3 Study of Encalaret in CHP Initiating in 2026

- Completed successful End of Phase 2 interaction with the FDA
- Phase 3 registrational trial to evaluate encalaret in CHP
- Primary endpoint will assess achievement of target blood and urine calcium

¹Bollerslev, J. et al., Eur Jour of Endocrinol., 2025. ²Khan, A.A. et al., Metabolism, 2025. ³Hartley, I.R. et al., presented at ASBMR 2025 Annual Meeting. ASBMR = American Society for Bone and Mineral Research

RECLAIM-HP Phase 3 study of encalaret in chronic hypoparathyroidism to initiate in Summer 2026

RECLAIM-HP: Global, multi-center, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study



Primary Endpoint

Proportion of participants achieving albumin-corrected blood and urine calcium within target range

¹Conventional therapy includes a combination of oral activated vitamin D and/or calcium supplements
PBO = Placebo

Infigratinib

Status: LPLV in Phase 3 in achondroplasia



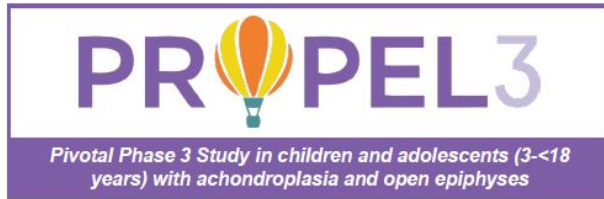
**55,000
individuals with
achondroplasia
in US/EU**

*Represents
diagnosed and
addressable ACH
population with
open growth plates*

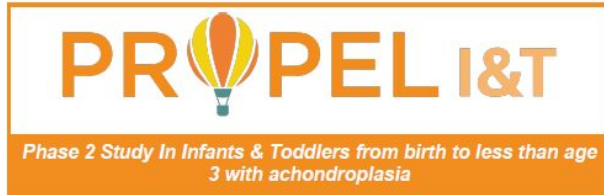
**\$5B+ potential
global market**

¹CDC birth estimates; EU Eurostats birth estimates; Foreman, et al. Am J Med Genet. 2020.; Bober, et al. Gene Reviews. 2020.; Wenger, et al. Gene Reviews. 2020.; Al-Namman, et al. J Oral Biol Craniofac Res. 2019. ²Achondroplasia market includes all approved drugs.

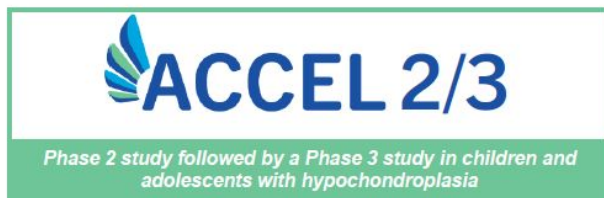
We have achieved LPLV on PROPEL 3 and expect topline in Q1, and we have made significant operational progress on expansion opportunities



Last participant last visit completed;
Topline expected Q1 2026



First participant enrolled



Full enrollment completed for Phase 2
portion; data expected 2H 2026

Infigratinib: Defining characteristics of a potentially best-in-class program in the ACH landscape



Designed to target achondroplasia at its genetic source: FGFR3 overactivation

Addresses not just overactivation of the MAPK pathway (chondrocyte hypertrophy), but also STAT1 (chondrocyte proliferation) and all other downstream pathways



Achieved profound efficacy in animal models, beyond just long bone growth

In mouse models of achondroplasia, treatment with infigratinib showed an increase in proximal and distal long bone length (femur +21%, humerus +12%, tibia +33%, ulna 22%, and radius +24%) and foramen magnum area (+17%)⁵



Demonstrated the largest degree of efficacy (across multiple dimensions¹) across any clinical trial for ACH²

1. Mean change from baseline in AHV: +2.51 cm/yr at M12
2. Mean absolute AHV: >6 cm/yr at M12
3. Mean change in height Z-score compared to ACH growth charts: +0.36 SD at M12
4. Mean improvement in upper-to-lower body segment ratio (proportionality): Decrease of 0.12 (P=0.001)



Received the only Breakthrough Designation from the FDA for ACH

Met the regulatory requirement of showing preliminary evidence of substantial improvement over SoC



Designed to be taken as a daily oral, avoiding side effects associated with CNPs and repeated injections

Avoids symptomatic hypotension¹, injection site reactions¹, and the psychosocial burden of receiving/administering repeated injections^{3,4}

¹Savarirayan et al, NEJM, 2024; ²For monotherapy trials in ACH; ³Antal et al, Journal of Pediatric Psychology, 2011; ⁴Jacobse et al, European Journal of Pediatrics, 2019; ⁵Komla-Ebri et al, J Clin Invest. 2016.

Infigratinib sprinkle capsules are being developed for oral administration^{1,2}



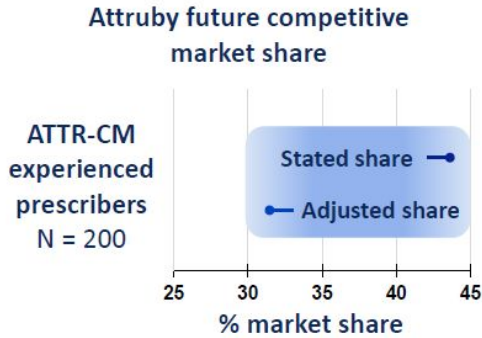
- Infigratinib is being studied in children over 3 years of age with achondroplasia (0.25 kg/mg/day) as a sprinkle capsule
- Capsules can be swallowed whole or content (granules) sprinkled on soft food
- The dosage strength of each capsule depends on how many granules are inside
- Each child's dose is based on their weight

¹Savarirayan R, et al. N Engl J Med. 2024;392(9):865–874. ²BridgeBio data on file.

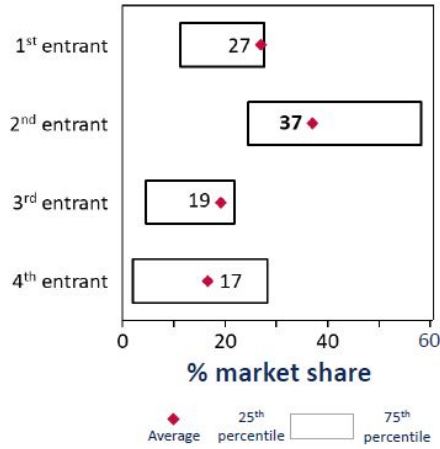
*Infigratinib is an investigational agent that is not approved for use by any regulatory authority. Size 2 capsules are shown in photo.

BridgeBio has developed a validated evidence-based perspective to forecasting market share performance

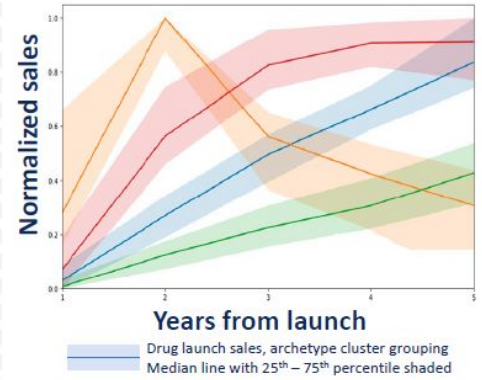
Comprehensive market surveys indicated 30-40%+ Attriby share



Analog research shows 2nd entrants achieve average ~37% share



ML-based empirical analysis enables high fidelity drug launch modeling



We have analyzed >900 drug launches and built a **proprietary algorithm** capable of categorizing launch profiles into **archetypes** and **predicting future revenue**

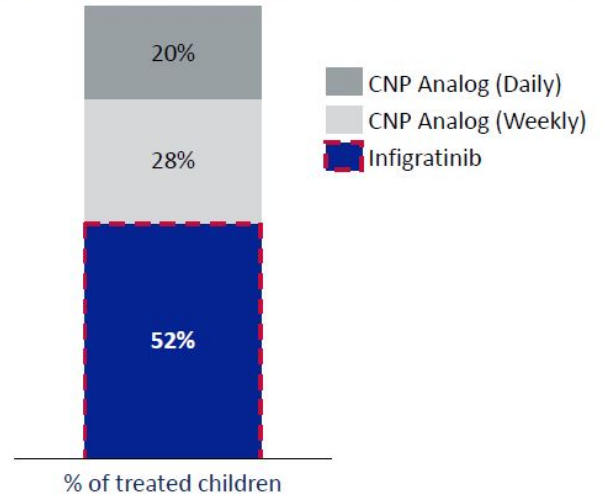
Note: Stated share adjusted for historical performance of demand study market research on new product launches.
Source: BridgeBio market research HCP surveys (n = 184 & n=200), Evaluate Pharma, PhAST Rx, Advisory board, IQVIA LAAD data set

Our market research indicates that infigratinib could capture >50% of treated market share, primarily driven by the favorable oral administration and MOA

Attribute	TPP for testing market share
Indication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children (3 – 18 years) with achondroplasia and open epiphyses
MOA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selective FGFR1-3 tyrosine kinase inhibitor
Dosing and Administration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Once daily capsules (containing minitablets swallowed whole/chewed/sprinkled on soft foods)
Primary Endpoint	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Statistically significant improvement in change from baseline in annualized height velocity (AHV): +1.5 cm/year vs. placebo
Safety & Tolerability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Well-tolerated AE profile: No injection site reactions or symptomatic hypotension. Less than 10% rate of hyperphosphatemia.



Potential share for ACH children
 % of treated children
 (N = 95 HCPs; represents ~37% of current market)



¹BridgeBio market research (Analyses from ACH demand forecast Aug – Oct 2025); % of children, patient-weighted responses from n=95 HCPs; Q: Based on the information you just reviewed, please think about how you might decide to prescribe pharmacological therapy to the next 10 children you see who fall into each of the following clinical scenarios. For each scenario, how many of these children would you expect to prescribe each of the following treatment options?

BBP-812

*Status: Pivotal trial ongoing
in Canavan disease*

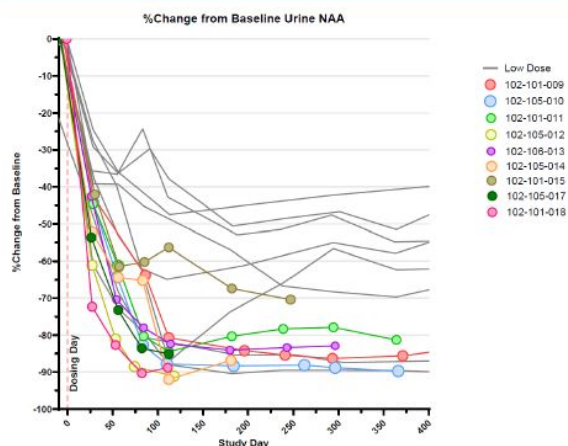


Canavan disease is a fatal, neurodegenerative and ultra-rare pediatric disease with no approved therapies

- Canavan disease (CD) is an ultra-rare neurodegenerative disease with ~1,000 patients across the US and EU
- CD is usually fatal within the first two decades of life, and >25% of patients die by the age of 10 years¹
- Children with CD exhibit global and severe cognitive, motor, and language impairment, missing or regressing on most developmental milestones
- Children with CD require around the clock care – they cannot hold their heads up, sit, crawl, walk, are generally unable to speak, and suffer from seizures and spasticity
- There are no therapies available for Canavan disease

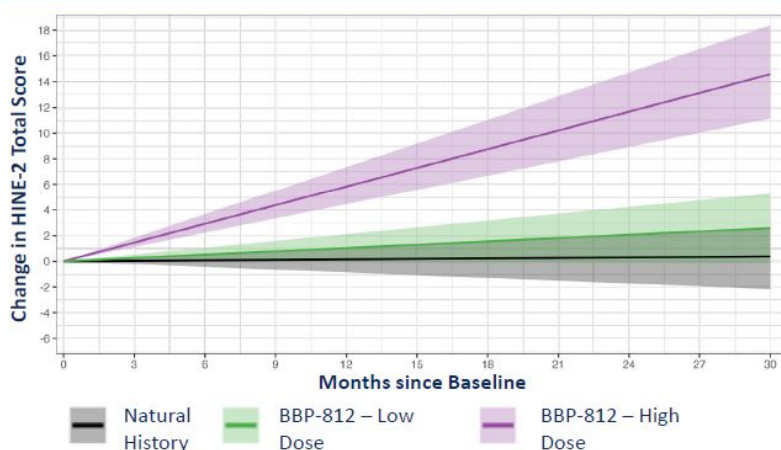
Current path to a potential BLA filing in 2027 based on reductions in urine NAA (surrogate endpoint) supported by motor function improvements

Urine N-acetylaspartic acid (NAA) levels



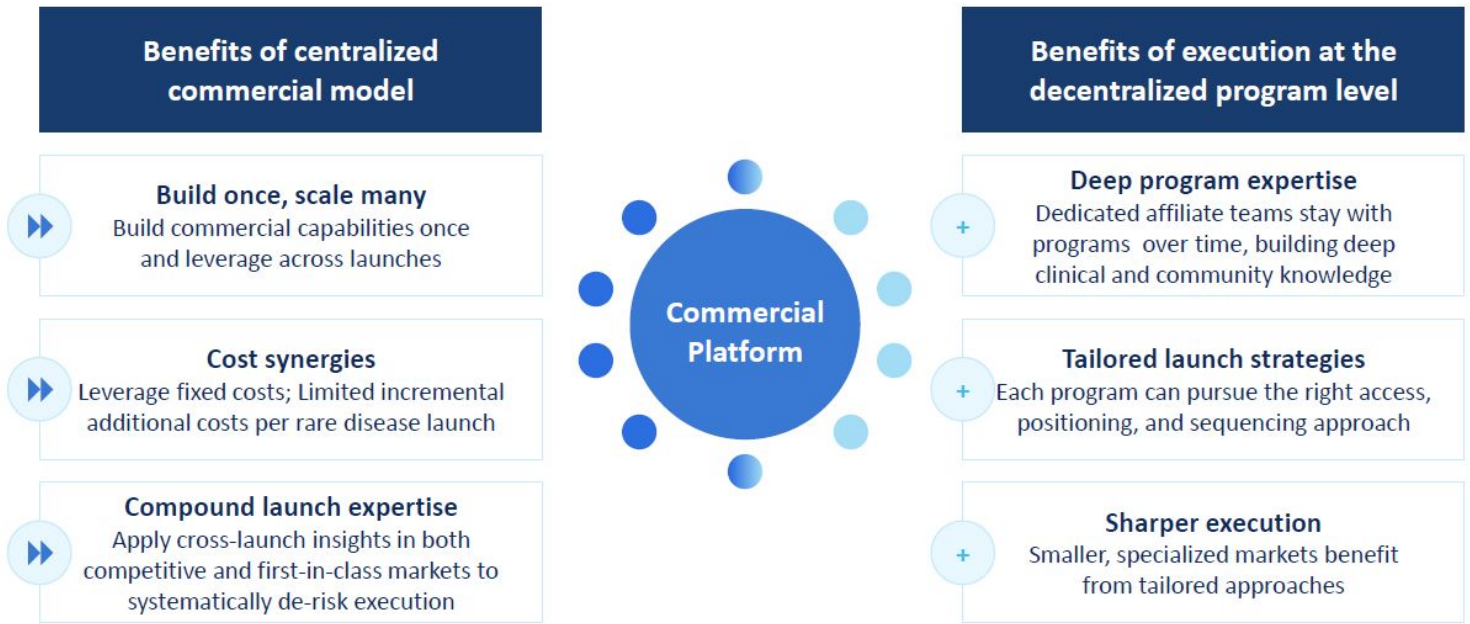
- **BBP-812 dose-dependently reduces urine NAA** to levels associated with only mild disease
- **FDA is open to the use of urine NAA as a surrogate endpoint** to support accelerated approval of BBP-812

Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Trajectory



- Trajectory analysis shows **clear, dose-dependent separation in HINE-2 total score** with BBP-812 vs. natural history study
- Children are also showing **improvement on key motor metrics such as sitting, head control, and reaching / grasping**

Centralized scale + disease-level focus = ability to have multiple, focused launches



Our future: It's still day 1 in genetic disease

We are at day 1 of genetic medicine

NEWS FEATURE PERSONAL GENOMES

NATURE 456 8 November 2009



The case of the missing heritability

When scientists opened up the human genome, they expected to find the genetic components of common traits and diseases. But they were nowhere to be seen. **Brendan Maher** shines a light on six places where the missing loot could be stashed away.

Maher Nature 2008; Manolio Nature 2009.

Today, missing heritability is being explained

“..we show that 12,111 independent SNPs that are significantly associated with height account for nearly all of the common SNP-based heritability.”

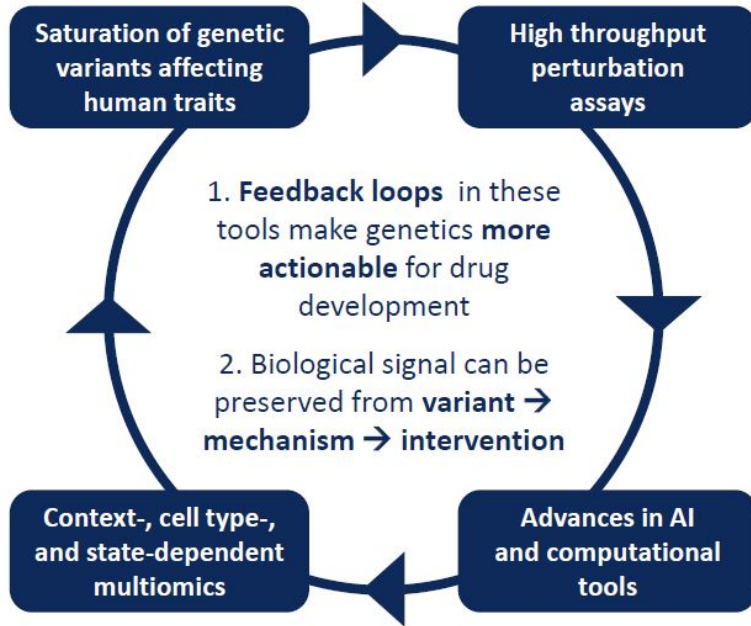
- Yengo et al, Nature 2022

“We identified 15 traits with no significant difference between WGS-based and pedigree-based heritability estimates, suggesting their heritability is fully accounted for by WGS data.”

- Wainschtein et al, Nature 2025

From the missing heritability to the missing mechanism

- Larger Biobanks: UKB, AOU, ADG, etc.
- WGS for non-coding rare variants
- Long-read sequencing for complex SVs



- Perturb-seq to perturb every single gene across the genome
- MAVE to perturb every possible variant within a gene

- Cell atlases: Human Cell Atlas, Tabula Sapiens
- Tissue mapping: HuBMAP
- Large-scale compendia: CellxGENE, TenK10K

- Variant effect prediction: Alphasense
- Pangenome graphs
- Disease prediction: MILTON

Example #1: The GondolaBio pipeline features a diverse set of programs across therapeutic areas and modalities

Indication	Patient Population (US+EU)	Discovery	Lead Op	IND Enabling	Phase 1	Phase 2
Erythropoietic Protoporphyrin (EPP)	25k					
Autosomal Dominant Polycystic Kidney Disease (ADPKD)	300k					
Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Deficiency (AATD)	200k					
Charcot-Marie-Tooth 1A (CMT1A)	130k					
Neurofibromatosis Type 1 (NF1)	200k					
Hereditary Pancreatitis	30k					
Fibrous Dysplasia	50k					
Tuberous Sclerosis Complex 1/2 (TSC)	65k					
Genetic Epilepsy Driven by SynGAP1 Mutations	15k					
Dup15q Developmental Epileptic Encephalopathy	20k					
Recurrent Oxalate Kidney Stones	300k					
Best vitelliform macular dystrophy	15k					
Early onset preeclampsia	40k					
+4 discovery programs						

GondolaBio is an independent company from BridgeBio. As of December 31, 2025, BridgeBio has a 27.5% stake in GondolaBio. BridgeBio's interest in GondolaBio is subject to reduction as additional tranches of capital contributions are funded.

Example #2: The Phase 2 Erythropoietic Protoporphyrin (EPP) program targets a genetic disease with high unmet need

EPP has severe health consequences...



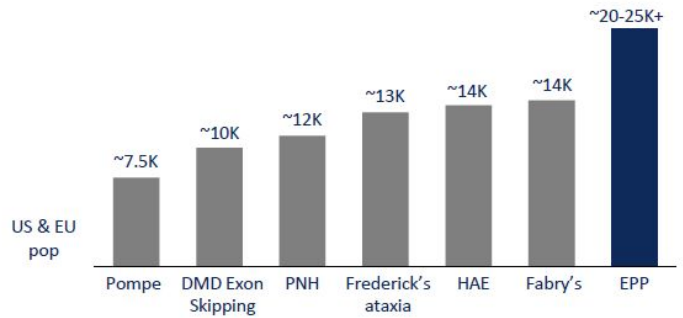
Sunlight causes skin damage and excruciating pain leading to severely impaired lifestyle and quality of life

Liver stress and liver damage are also common (20-30%), with a small portion of patients (5%) experiencing liver failure requiring transplant

Symptoms present at 4 years on average and are lifelong

Standard of care is limited; a tanning agent partially improves symptoms and QoL but does not modify the disease

...and affects a large patient population



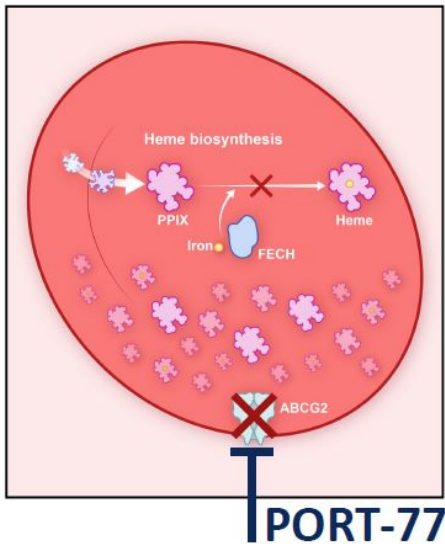
20-25k+ EPP patients in the US and EU

- 10-14k in US estimated from multiple independent claims datasets
- Internal genomic prevalence estimates 45-70k genetic incidence in US + EU, with incomplete penetrance and underdiagnosis

The pathomechanism of EPP is driven by the heme biosynthesis intermediate protoporphyrin nine (PPIX) in plasma and bile

Inhibition of ABCG2 prevents the transport of PPIX out of red blood cells to the plasma

The Portal small molecule PORT-77 is designed as a potentially best-in-class disease modifying therapy to meet three main criteria



○ Sunlight and liver efficacy

Dual mechanism that lowers plasma and bile PPIX may address both the phototoxic and hepatobiliary impacts of EPP

○ Avoid CNS side effects

Novel mechanism that does not modulate glycine or other neurotransmitters to prevent headaches, dizziness, or daytime sleepiness

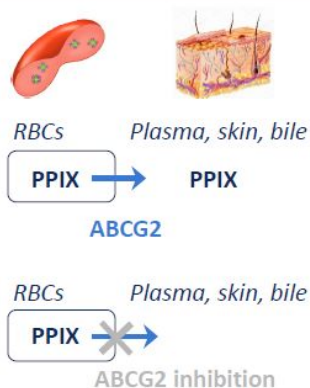
○ Shorten onset of protection

Rapid ABCG2 inhibition mechanism to maximize speed of protection after dosing

PORT-77 targets EPP at its source by preventing transport of PPIX out of red blood cells into the plasma, skin, and bile

Mechanism

ABCG2 inhibition keeps PPIX out of the plasma, skin, and bile



PORT-77 is a small molecule ABCG2 inhibitor

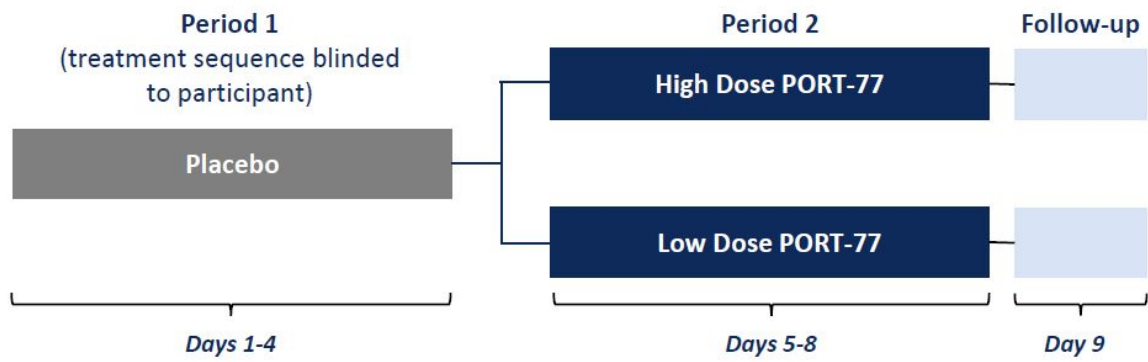
- Orally bioavailable
- 15nM IC_{50} for ABCG2 inhibition
- Highly selective for ABCG2 over other transporters
- Human half-life ($t_{1/2}$): 10-21 hrs
- Favorable ADME properties
- Composition of matter IP through at least 2044

Which addresses all aspects of EPP safely and rapidly

- ✓ Addresses both skin and liver symptoms
- ✓ Highly safe and well-tolerated in preclinical + phase 1 dosing
- ✓ No CNS side effects
- ✓ Onset of action in minutes vs weeks

PORT-77 has a potential best-in-disease drug profile

PORT-77 is being investigated in the GATEWAY Phase 2a trial



Design

- Single-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled cross-over
- In-clinic dosing, single-site

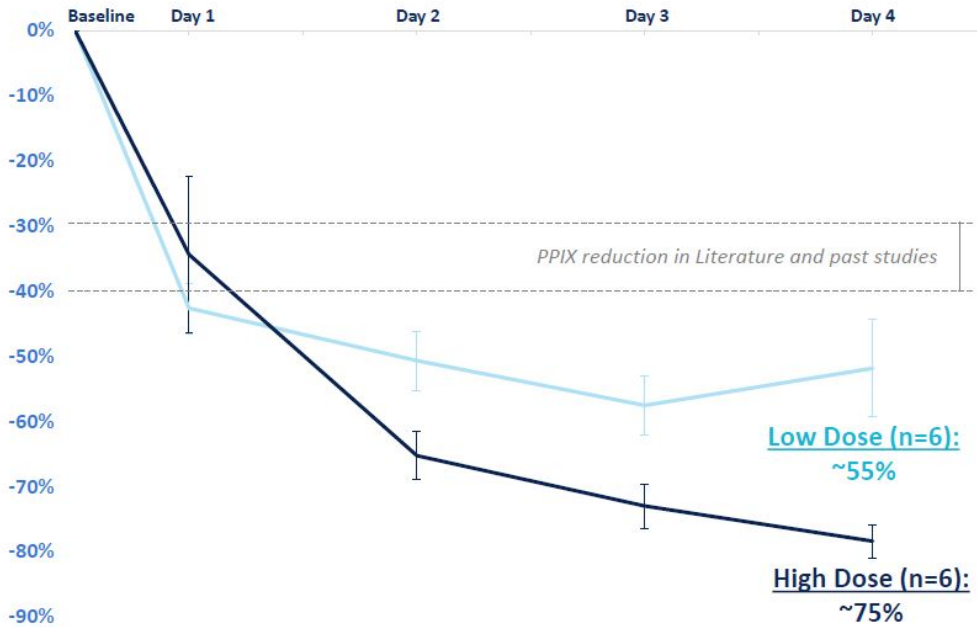
Endpoints

- Change in plasma PPIX as compared to baseline and placebo
 - Safety and tolerability
 - PK in EPP patients
 - Exploratory clinical endpoints

Study population

- EPP patients
- Age 18 years or older

PORT-77 has shown the largest PPIX reduction seen to date, reaching steady state within days



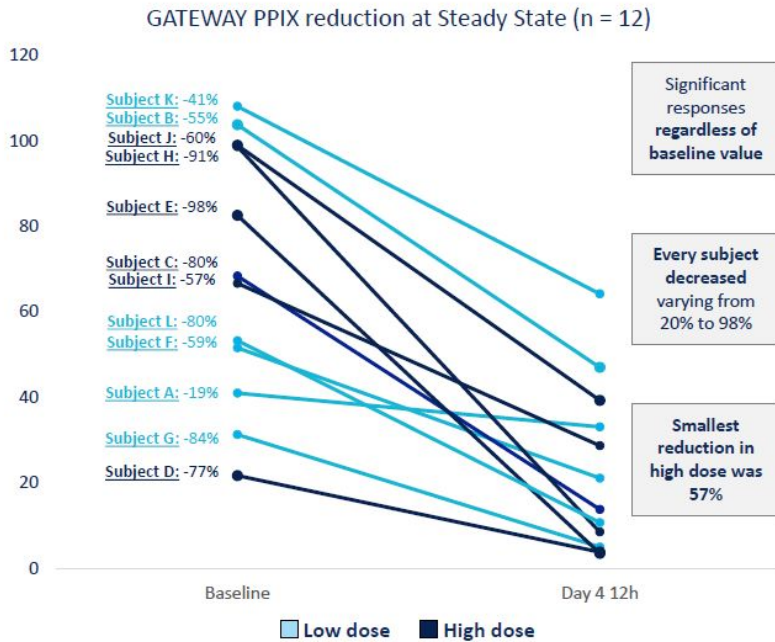
Dose dependent reductions in Plasma PPIX (relevant disease compartment) observed

Largest PPIX reduction seen to date with ~75% at high dose

Rapid PPIX reduction to steady state within days

Note: Baseline defined as the pre-dose value on Day 1 of treatment period (D5 of study). Treatment measurements are averages within a day; Source: Internal data

Significant PPIX reduction seen in the Phase 2a, regardless of baseline PPIX value



% PPIX reduction between Baseline and Steady State:		
	Baseline PPIX value (ug/dL)	Steady State (D4 12H)
Subject A	41	-19%
Subject B	104	-55%
Subject F	52	-59%
Subject G	31	-84%
Subject K	108	-41%
Subject L	53	-80%
Subject C	68	-80%
Subject D	22	-77%
Subject E	83	-98%
Subject H	99	-91%
Subject I	67	-57%
Subject J	99	-60%

Note: Baseline defined as the pre-dose value on Day 1 of treatment period (D5 of study). D4 12H was the last timepoint of the treatment period (D8 of study); Source: Internal data.

PORT-77 has a clean safety profile across dose levels with no SAEs or NEW INFORMATION safety and tolerability signals identified to date in the Phase 1 and Phase 2a trials

	Predose (n=12)	Placebo (n=12)	PORT-77 Treatment (n=12)
Subjects with any TEAE	3 (25%)	7 (58%)	5 (42%)
TEAEs leading to discontinuation	0	0	0
SAEs	0	0	0
Common TEAEs			
Headache	2 (17%)	3 (33%)	0
Nausea	0	4 (33%)	3 (25%)
Loose stools	0	1 (8%)	2 (17%)

No SAEs, no discontinuations, and AEs balanced across placebo and treatment period (likely viral)

Source: Internal data

The EPP program has achieved proof-of-concept for a potential best-in-disease profile



Consistent and potential **best-in-class PPIX reduction**;
Dual-mechanism independently treating sunlight and liver symptoms

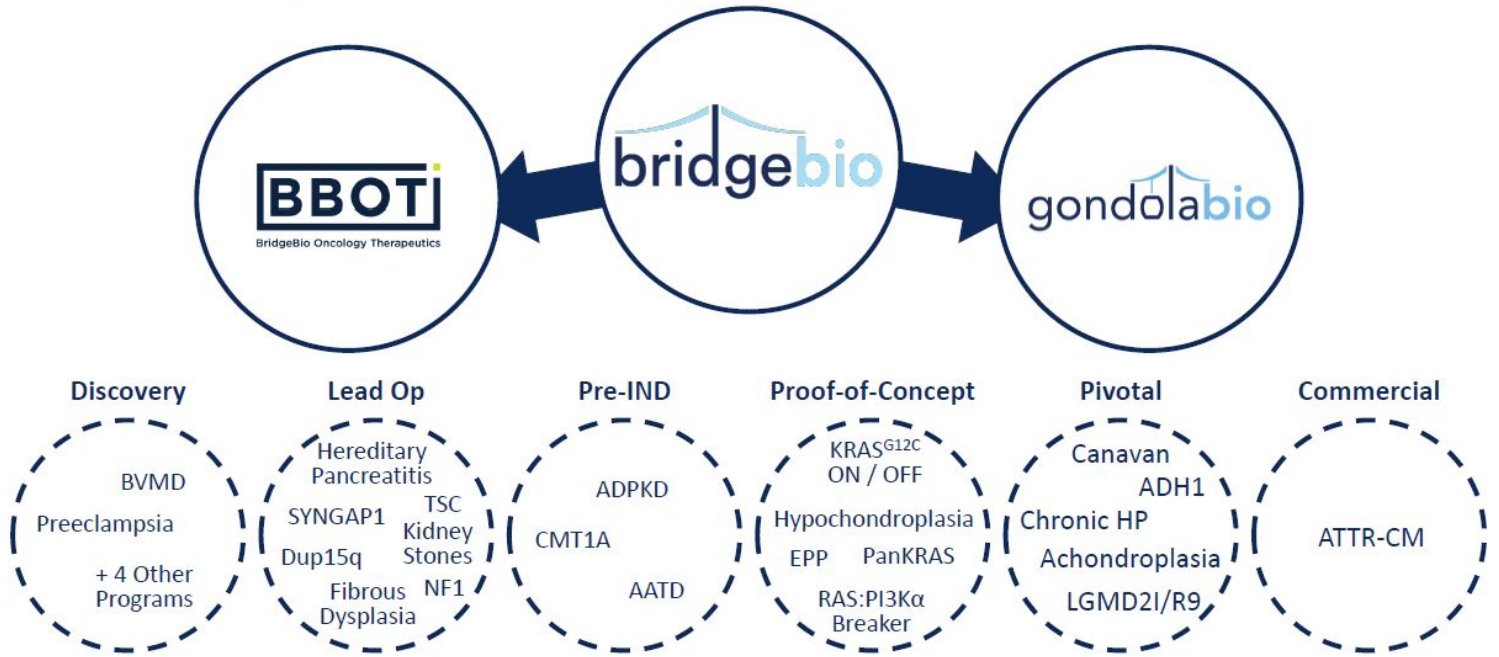


Clean safety profile with no notable AEs in treatment group
and lack of CNS effects to date



PPIX reduction seen within hours, days to steady-state effect

Continued progress across the BridgeBio ecosystem



As of December 31, 2025, BridgeBio has an 18.2% ownership stake in BridgeBio Oncology Therapeutics and a 27.5% ownership stake in GondolaBio. BridgeBio Oncology Therapeutics and GondolaBio are independent companies from BridgeBio. BridgeBio's interest in GondolaBio is subject to reduction as additional tranches of capital contributions are funded.

Key takeaways today – significant momentum across the portfolio

ATTR-CM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attruby: \$146M¹ in Q4 net product revenue; 6,629 unique patient prescriptions; and >25% NBRx share • New antibody depleter program announced for ATTR-CM
Infigratinib	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LPLV for Phase 3 achondroplasia trial achieved • LPI for Phase 2 hypochondroplasia trial achieved
BBP-418	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broad benefit of BBP-418 in all subgroups across α-controlled efficacy endpoints at 12 months • Highly clinically meaningful and stat sig. 2.6 point benefit on NSAD relative to placebo at 12 months • Recommendation from FDA to orient NDA toward traditional approval
Encaleret	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rapid uptake in diagnosis of ADH1 with >1,700 unique patients identified in claims since October 2023 • FDA alignment on and path forward with Phase 3 RECLAIM-HP trial in Chronic HP; expected to initiate in summer 2026
BBP-812	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additional data demonstrating dose-dependent reductions in urine NAA and motor function improvements • Current path to potential BLA filing in 2027
GondolaBio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Positive Phase 2a data for PORT-77 in EPP

¹Represents preliminary, unaudited results for the fourth quarter ended December 31, 2025, based on management's current expectations and subject to completion of year end audit procedures. See Forward Looking Statements and Disclaimer on slide 2 regarding risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ. Note: Unique patient prescriptions and NBRx share as of 12/31/2025. GondolaBio is an independent company from BridgeBio. As of December 31, 2025, BridgeBio has a 27.5% stake in GondolaBio. BridgeBio's interest in GondolaBio is subject to reduction as additional tranches of capital contributions are funded. NSAD=North Star Assessment for Girdle Type Muscular Dystrophies. EPP = Erythropoietic Protoporphyrria

We are well-financed to hit a drumbeat of potential milestones in 2026 and beyond



BridgeBio ended 2025 with \$587.5M¹ in cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities



Cash burn declined in Q4 2025 relative to Q3 2025, driven by rising revenues and improving operating leverage

1H 2026

- Infigratinib: ACH Topline
- Encaleret: Initiate P2/3 pediatric ADH1
- Encaleret: NDA filing
- BBP-418: NDA filing

2H 2026

- Infigratinib: HCH P2 data readout
- Encaleret: Initiate P3 CHP trial

1H 2027

- Encaleret: FDA approval and product launch
- BBP-418: FDA approval and product launch

¹Represents preliminary, unaudited results as of December 31, 2025, subject to completion of year-end audit procedures. See Forward Looking Statements and Disclaimer on slide 2 regarding risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ. ACH=achondroplasia. HCH=hypochondroplasia. CHP=chronic hypoparathyroidism. Dates reflect anticipated timing.