

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-38635

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

82-5318796

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

16100 N. 71st Street, Suite 550, Scottsdale, Arizona

(Address of principal executive offices)

85254

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (480) 573-5340

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class:	Trading Symbol:	Name of each exchange on which registered:
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	REZI	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the Registrant, based on the closing price of the shares of common stock on the New York Stock Exchange as of June 27, 2025, was \$3.3 billion.

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share as of February 17, 2026 was 151,247,101 shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A in connection with the registrant's 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the "2026 Proxy Statement"), which will be filed subsequent to the date hereof, are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K. The 2026 Proxy Statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days following the end of the registrant's fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

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PART I.

Item 1. Business.

General

As used herein, unless the context otherwise dictates, the term “Resideo”, the “Company”, “we”, “us”, or “our” means Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. Our common stock began trading under the ticker symbol “REZI” on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) on October 29, 2018.

We separated from Honeywell International Inc. (“Honeywell”) in 2018, becoming an independent publicly traded company as a result of a pro rata distribution of our common stock to stockholders of Honeywell (the “Honeywell Spin-Off”).

Description of Business

We are a global manufacturer, developer, and distributor of technology-driven sensing and controls products and solutions that help homeowners and businesses stay connected and in control of their comfort, security, energy use, and smart living. We are a leading player in key product markets including home heating, ventilation, and air conditioning controls; smoke and carbon monoxide detection home safety and fire suppression; and security. Our global footprint serves residential and commercial end-markets. Our solutions and services can be found in over 150 million residential and commercial spaces globally, with tens of millions of new devices sold annually.

We operate in large markets that sit at the intersection of multiple secular growth trends. We believe the increased desire for critical and cost-effective comfort, energy management, and actionable safety and security solutions in residential and commercial spaces, combined with the long-term impacts of energy transitions, are driving investment in the types of products and solutions we provide.

Our primary focus is on the professional channel where we are a trusted partner to approximately 100 thousand professional contractors, installers, dealers, and integrators in the HVAC, security, fire, electrical, connected home, and home comfort markets (“professionals”). Our global scale, breadth of product offerings, innovation heritage, and differentiated service and support has enabled our trusted relationship with professionals and has been a key driver of our success.

We manage our business operations through two business segments, Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution. On July 30, 2025, we announced our intention to separate the ADI Global Distribution segment through a tax-free spin-off to our shareholders (the “ADI Spin-Off”). Following the completion of the announced future ADI Spin-Off, the Products and Solutions segment would continue to operate as Resideo and ADI Global Distribution would become an independent public company.

Products and Solutions: Our products and solutions for comfort, energy management, safety, and security benefit from trusted, well-established branded offerings such as Braukmann, BRK, First Alert, Honeywell Home, Resideo, and others. Our offerings include temperature and humidity control, water and air solutions, smoke and carbon monoxide detection home safety products, residential and small business security products, video cameras, other home-related lifestyle convenience solutions, cloud infrastructure, installation and maintenance tools, and related software. We also sell components to manufacturers of water heaters, heat pumps, and boilers. Through our whole home presence, we are an enabler of home connectivity with over 14 million connected customers. Our connected solutions harness data to provide control, visibility, insights, and alerts to the end user. Our comprehensive product suite has also allowed us to develop and sustain long-standing partnerships with professionals who have relied on our selection and availability of products and configured solutions to help them succeed and grow their businesses.

ADI Global Distribution: Our ADI Global Distribution segment is a leading, global specialty distributor of professionally installed low-voltage products, including security and audio-visual (“AV”) solutions, serving commercial and residential markets through an omnichannel go-to-market platform. ADI Global Distribution sells primarily to licensed professional installers, dealers, and integrators. We offer an expansive list of products from leading suppliers across key specialty low-voltage categories. ADI complements our third-party supplier products with a suite of exclusive brands and services offerings.

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Competition

Our industries and markets are highly competitive in both our Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution business segments, where we compete with global, national, regional, and local providers for our products, services and solutions, including manufacturers, distributors, service providers, retailers, and online commerce providers, as well as newer entrants to the market with non-traditional business and customer service models or disruptive technologies and products, including cable, telecommunications, and technology companies competing in the connected home space as well as smaller market entrants that offer control capabilities among their products, applications, and services and have ongoing development efforts to address the broader connected home market.

Factors influencing our competitive position in the industry include product and service innovation, our reputation and the reputation of our brands, sales and marketing programs, customer relationships, product performance, reliability and warranty, quality and breadth of product training and events, product availability, speed and accuracy of delivery, service and price, technical support, and credit availability.

Materials and Suppliers

Purchased materials used in our manufacture of products in Products and Solutions include copper, steel, aluminum, plastics, printed circuit boards (“PCB”), semiconductors, and passive electronics. Purchased materials cover a wide range of supplier value-add from raw materials and single components to subassemblies and complete finished goods, and there are considerable expenditures on both commercial off-the-shelf and make-to-print items. Although execution of material substitutions or supplier changes may be resource intensive and can cause delays and other inefficiencies, alternatives may exist in the event that a supplier becomes unable to provide material. With respect to our ADI Global Distribution business, we rely on key suppliers of branded products to deliver certain products for resale to our customers who may purchase based on job specifications or otherwise based on brand reputation. Both our third-party and exclusive brand suppliers may be impacted by raw material price fluctuations, the ability of key suppliers (or factories) to meet quality and delivery requirements, and catastrophic events can increase the cost and affect the supply of our products and services and impact our ability to meet commitments to customers. Tariffs, sanctions, and other barriers to trade could adversely affect our suppliers which could in turn negatively impact our material costs and operations.

Manufacturing

Our Products and Solutions business operates manufacturing and distribution facilities throughout the world, including sites in Mexico, the Czech Republic, Hungary, the United States (“U.S.”), Germany, the United Kingdom, Netherlands, and China. A significant percentage of our Products and Solutions revenue is derived from products manufactured in our own facilities, with the remainder being “buy to sell” (finished products purchased directly from other manufacturers) or sourced from third-party contract manufacturers. Major activities and competencies in our manufacturing operations include PCB assembly, injection molding, surface mount technologies, automatic and manual assembly and test, electrotechnical assembly and test, die casting and machining, calibration, and final test. We source raw materials and commodities, electronic components and assemblies, mechanical components, and assemblies from a wide range of third-party suppliers worldwide. With respect to our ADI Global Distribution business, we rely on third-party manufacturers to supply both third-party branded and exclusive branded products. A significant percentage of our exclusive branded products are sourced with manufacturers located in Asia.

Regulatory and Environmental Compliance and Regulatory Capital Expenditures

We are subject to various federal, state, local, and foreign government requirements relating to environmental health and safety protection standards and permitting, labeling, and other requirements regarding, among other things, electronic and wireless communications, air emissions, wastewater discharges, the use, handling, and disposal of hazardous or toxic materials, remediation of environmental contamination, data privacy and security, cybersecurity, telemarketing, email marketing, other forms of online advertising and consumer protection, licensing, working conditions for and compensation of our employees and others. Our business may also be affected by changes in governmental regulation of energy efficiency and conservation standards and product safety regulations. These and other laws and regulations impact the manner in which we conduct our business, and changes in legislation or government policies can affect our worldwide operations, both favorably and unfavorably. For a more detailed description of the various laws and regulations that affect our business, refer to *Item 1A. Risk Factors*.

Our efforts to comply with numerous federal, state, and local laws and regulations applicable to our business and products often results in capital expenditures. We make capital expenditures to design, maintain, and upgrade our products to

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comply with or exceed standards applicable to the industries in which they compete. Our ongoing environmental compliance programs also result in capital expenditures. As of December 31, 2025, we have recorded a liability for environmental investigation and remediation of approximately \$22 million related to sites owned and operated by Resideo. Regulatory and environmental considerations are a part of all significant capital expenditure decisions; however, expenditures in 2025 related solely to regulatory compliance were not material. It is management's opinion that the amount of any future capital expenditures related to compliance with any individual regulation or grouping of related regulations will not have a material adverse effect on our financial results or competitive position in any one year. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Human Capital

As of December 31, 2025, we employed approximately 14,800 employees in 35 countries, of which about 4,100 employees were located in the U.S. and 6,400 in Mexico. Approximately 3% of Resideo's U.S. employees and 7% non-U.S. employees are covered under collective bargaining agreements. We believe relations with our workforce are good.

Talent Acquisition, Management, and Development: We have a robust recruiting model to attract all levels of talent across the regions where we operate. Our model includes (1) attract, develop, and retain an inclusive workforce, (2) foster a winning culture, and (3) be identified as a company of choice by our customers and the communities we serve. We continue to assess the needs of the business and identify inclusive organizations to partner with that promote a pipeline of diverse talent. Our inclusive outreach includes contacting job boards and inclusive partnerships, such as Society of Women Engineers ("SWE") and Direct Employers Association. We have eliminated degree requirements from the majority of our professional roles to increase the breadth of our applicant talent pool unless required by local legislation.

Internally, strategic talent reviews and succession planning occur on an annual basis, globally and across all business areas. In addition, we provide regular trainings to our people managers.

At Resideo, we are committed to employee growth and development and are proud to offer employees a wide range of opportunities. A key offering is LinkedIn Learning, enabling skills development through thousands of courses. In 2025 we introduced a monthly webinar (Empowering For Success) geared toward supporting our professional population with practical ways to support career development. Our employees also have access to a formal mentor program that connects team members with experienced professionals.

Additionally, our quarterly leadership development series (People Leadership Series), offers valuable insights from executive leaders and subject matter experts to reinforce our commitment to informed, inclusive and effective leaders across the organization.

We conduct three performance review discussions throughout the year and refer to them as the "Pulse." We continue to leverage performance ratings as part of the final "Pulse" conversation. The purpose of the rating is to drive accountability, strengthen our succession planning process and establish "pay-for-performance" standards.

Our annual Employee Voice Survey allows each function in our Company to better understand engagement across the organization. Each sub-organization is tasked with creating an action plan based on feedback received to help increase engagement. We also hosted our first non-technical company-wide Hackathon to impact the employee experience. In 2025, we continued to support and evolve our six employee resource groups which are available to all employees: Women, LGBTQIA+, Black, Latino, Veterans, and People with Differing Abilities.

Forbes Recognition: In 2025, Resideo was recognized on three of Forbes' 2026 corporate performance lists, reflecting the strength of our brand, the trust of our customers, and the commitment of our employees. Resideo was named one of America's Most Trusted Companies, one of America's Best Companies, and one of America's Best-in-State Companies for Arizona.

Culture: We continue to reinforce our four Core Values:

- Start with the Customer: We understand our customers' needs and pride ourselves on delivering exceptional experiences;
- Act as One Team: We work together toward common goals, engaging from a place of humility and respect;
- Pioneer the Future: We embrace change, boldly step into the unknown, and relentlessly foster innovation to fuel our growth; and
- Make a Difference: We care about the long-lasting, positive impact we make on each other, our customers, our communities, and the planet.

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Total Rewards: Our primary reward strategy is ensuring “pay-for-performance” on an annual basis, as well as over the long term, which drives a mindset of accountability and productivity. Our compensation guiding principles are to structure compensation that is simple, aligned and balanced. We structure and administer our rewards programs in a manner consistent with good governance practices. We believe that the interests of employees must be aligned with our stockholders. We provide comprehensive and competitive benefits that are designed to meet the varying needs of our employees and promote choice. Our package includes paid time off, flexible work schedules, education assistance programs and more.

These actions reinforce our culture that values employees and seeks to attract and retain the talent that we need to win in the market. We believe the combination of our competitive pay-for-performance compensation programs and our comprehensive benefit programs demonstrate our commitment to a compelling total rewards value proposition for our employees.

Health and Safety: In 2025, we reaffirmed our commitment to maintaining a safe and healthy workplace for all employees, advancing toward our goal of full certification across key international standards. We successfully achieved certification at 10 manufacturing locations for ISO 14001:2015 (Environmental Management Systems) and 8 locations for ISO 45001:2018 (Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems).

Our global Total Case Incident Rate (“TCIR”), which tracks the number of occupational injuries and illnesses per 100 employees, was 0.26 for 2025. This reflects our continued focus on proactive safety measures. We monitor our health and safety performance through a balanced scorecard of key performance indicators (“KPIs”), encompassing both reactive incident management and proactive safety measures. In addition to thorough incident investigations and root cause analysis, we leverage data from hazard observations, regular health and safety inspections conducted by line managers and internal audits led by accredited health and safety auditors. These insights enable us to identify and address potential risks before they lead to incidents, reinforcing our ongoing commitment to the well-being of our workforce.

Seasonality

Our Products and Solutions business typically experiences a moderate level of seasonality. Sales activity is generally highest in the fall and early winter months, reflecting increased customer purchases of heating related products with the highest sales at the end of the third quarter and throughout the fourth quarter in the majority of our geographical markets. The effects of climate change, such as extreme weather conditions and events and water scarcity, may exacerbate fluctuations in typical weather patterns, creating financial risks to our business. In addition, the dynamic global and macroeconomic conditions and regulatory changes may further disrupt these seasonal patterns. Our ADI Global Distribution business historically experiences some variability in results of operations and capital requirements from quarter to quarter due to the seasonal nature of our end users’ businesses with a minor increase in revenues due to more active residential construction, school spending, and general construction activities during the second and third quarters.

Research and Development and Intellectual Property

We have major product design centers in the U.S., Europe, Asia, and Latin America and software centers of excellence in Bengaluru, India; Belgrade, Serbia; and Melville, New York. In addition, our laboratories are certified to meet various industry standards, such as Federal Communications Commission and Underwriters Laboratories, enabling us to test and certify products internally. As of December 31, 2025, we employed approximately 1,400 engineers.

Our deep domain expertise, proprietary technology and brands are protected by a combination of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, non-disclosure agreements and contractual provisions. We own over 2,900 worldwide active patents and pending patent applications to protect our research and development investments in new products and services. We have and will continue to protect our products and technology by asserting our intellectual property rights against third-party infringers. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. We also have a significant trademark license with Honeywell in connection with our use of the Honeywell Home trademark as well as certain intellectual property licensed by Honeywell to us in connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off. For a more detailed description of the various intellectual property rights and relationships that affect our business, refer to *Item 1A. Risk Factors*.

Other Information

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to those reports are available free of charge on our website (www.Resideo.com) under the heading Investors (see SEC

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Filings) immediately after they are filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). All of the reports that we file with or furnish to the SEC are also available on the SEC’s website (www.sec.gov). In addition, in this Form 10-K, we incorporate by reference certain information from parts of our 2026 Proxy Statement, which will also be available free of charge on our website. Information contained on, or connected to, our website does not and will not constitute part of this Form 10-K.

We are a Delaware corporation incorporated on April 24, 2018. Our principal executive offices are located at 16100 N. 71st Street Suite 550, Scottsdale, Arizona 85254. Our telephone number is (480) 573-5340. Our website address is www.Resideo.com.

We disclose public information to investors, the media, and others interested in our Company through a variety of means, including our investor relations website (<https://investor.resideo.com>), press releases, SEC filings, blogs, public conference calls and presentations, webcasts, and social media in order to achieve broad, non-exclusionary distribution of information to the public. We use these channels to communicate with our stockholders and the public about us, our products, solutions, and other issues. It is possible that the information we post on social media could be deemed to be material information. We encourage investors, the media, and others interested in our Company to review the information we post on our website and the social media channels listed below. The list of social media channels we use may be updated from time to time on our investor relations website.

The Company’s News Page (www.Resideo.com/news)

The Company’s Facebook Page (www.facebook.com/Resideo)

The Company’s X Feed (www.X.com/Resideo)

The Company’s LinkedIn Feed (www.linkedin.com/company/Resideo1/)

References to our website and other social media channels are made as inactive textual references and information contained on them is not incorporated by reference into this Form 10-K.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

You should carefully consider all of the information in this Form 10-K and each of the risks described below, which we believe are the material risks that we face.

Any of these risks could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows and the actual outcome of matters as to which forward-looking statements are made in this Form 10-K.

The following risk factors are not necessarily presented in order of relative importance and should not be considered to represent a complete set of all potential risks that could affect us.

Risks Relating to Our Business

We operate in highly competitive markets that are rapidly changing.

We operate in a highly competitive, rapidly changing environment in each of our Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution segments, and we compete directly with global, national, regional, and local providers of our products, services, and solutions, including manufacturers, distributors, service and software providers, retailers, and online commerce providers. The most significant competitive factors we face are product and service innovation, reputation of our Company and brands, sales and marketing programs, customer relationships, product performance, reliability and warranty, quality and breadth of product training and events, product availability, speed and accuracy of delivery, service and price, customer and technical support, and furnishing of customer credit, with the relative importance of these factors varying among our segments and their respective products and services.

In addition to current competitive factors, there have been, and in the future there may be, new market entrants with nontraditional businesses, new business, distribution and customer service models or disruptive technologies and products, resulting in increased competition and changing business dynamics. In addition, aggressive pricing actions by competitors may affect our ability to achieve desired revenue growth and profitability levels. To the extent that we do not meet changing customer preferences or demands or other market changes, or if one or more of our competitors introduces new technologies, products or services, becomes more successful with private label products, online offerings or establishes

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exclusive supply relationships, our ability to attract and retain customers could be adversely affected, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

To remain competitive, we will need to invest continually in product and services development, marketing, custom installer service and support, manufacturing, and our distribution networks. We may not have sufficient resources to continue to make such investments and we may be unable to maintain our competitive position including due to the fact that our competitors and potential competitors may have greater brand recognition, resources, access to capital, including greater research and development or sales and marketing funds, more customers, lower costs, and more advanced technology platforms. It is possible that competitive pressures resulting from customer or competitor consolidations, including customers taking manufacturing or distribution in house, or purchasing directly from a manufacturer instead of from ADI Global Distribution, could affect our growth and profit margins.

Some of our competitors, including technology companies, may also be able to deliver their service solutions more quickly to market than we can by capitalizing on technology developed in connection with their substantial existing service models. In addition, some of our competitors have significant bases of customer adoption in other services and online content, which they could use as a competitive advantage. Technology companies could exert pricing pressure in the connected/smart home solutions space, resulting in a shift in customer preferences toward the services of these companies and a reduction in our market share. In addition, in order to successfully compete, our products often need to integrate with the platforms of our competitors, which may be able to focus more on their own solutions versus ours, which may make it difficult to compete for the consumer market. A portion of our net sales derives from subscription-based solutions. If we are unable to successfully develop new subscription solutions or to enhance existing such solutions to meet customer requirements in a timely manner, our net sales may not grow as expected or may decline.

Our Products and Solutions business offerings are primarily delivered through networks of professional contractors, installers and integrators, distributors, and original equipment manufacturers (“OEM”), as well as major retailers and online merchants. Our ADI Global Distribution offerings are primarily distributed and delivered through our omni-channel platform to a network of professional contractors, installers, and integrators, as well as select online merchants. Growth of the retail markets, adoption of simple do-it-yourself solutions rather than adopting professionally installed do-it-for-me solutions, and greater electronic retail distribution alternatives relative to the professional installation markets may negatively impact our sales and margins, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and cash flows.

With respect to our ADI Global Distribution business, if retail outlets, including online commerce platforms, increase their presence in wholesale distribution markets, or if customers increasingly purchase our products through these channels rather than through us, our ADI Global Distribution business may be unable to compete effectively, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Technology, industry standards, and consumer preferences in our markets are changing rapidly. Our future results and growth are largely dependent upon our ability to: identify consumer preferences and industry standards; develop and protect intellectual property related thereto; and successfully market new technologies and products and services to consumers.

Technology in our markets changes constantly as new technologies and enhancements to existing technologies continue to be introduced, both in our traditional and connected product markets, and industry standards continuously evolve. Our future results will depend upon a number of factors, including our ability to (i) identify consumer and installer preferences, emerging technological and broader trends, (ii) develop and maintain competitive, innovative products that differentiate our products from those of our competitors as well as protect our products through the use of intellectual property protections, (iii) grow our market share, (iv) develop, manufacture, and bring compelling new products to market quickly and cost-effectively, (v) source and manage independent contract manufacturers, (vi) effectively partner with connected device manufacturers and (vii) attract, develop, and retain individuals with the requisite technical expertise and understanding of customers’ needs to develop new technologies and introduce new products. Our inability to predict the growth of and respond in a timely way to customer preferences and other developments could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We rely on a combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, trade secrets, and other proprietary rights, as well as contractual arrangements, including licenses, to establish, maintain, and protect our intellectual property rights. Our intellectual property rights may not be sufficient to permit us to take advantage of some business opportunities. As a result, we may be required to change our plans or acquire necessary intellectual property rights, which could be costly. Furthermore, our ability to enforce our intellectual property rights in emerging markets may be limited by legal or practical

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considerations that have not historically affected our business in markets with more established intellectual property protection systems.

Our industry experiences significant intellectual property litigation and we have in the past and could in the future become involved in costly and lengthy litigation involving patents or other intellectual property rights which could adversely affect our business. We have received allegations of patent infringement from third parties, including both operating companies and non-practicing entity patent holders, as well as communications from customers requesting indemnification for allegations brought by third parties. These allegations have resulted in patent litigation relating to certain of our products and may continue to result in new litigation. These proceedings have in the past and could in the future result in financial liability, harm our ability to compete, and divert our management's time and attention. Often, we receive offers to license patents for our use. We believe that we will be able to access any necessary rights through licensing, cross-licensing, or other mutually beneficial arrangements, although to the extent we are required but unable to enter into such arrangements on acceptable economic terms, it could adversely impact us, requiring us to take specific actions including ceasing using, selling or manufacturing certain products, services or processes or incurring significant costs and time delays to develop alternative technologies or re-design products.

Our operations depend in part upon third-party technologies, software, and intellectual property. Failure to renew contracts with existing providers or licensors of technology, software, intellectual property, or connectivity solutions, or to contract with other providers or licensors on commercially acceptable terms or at all, as well as any failure by such third-party provider to provide such technology solutions may adversely impact our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. We could also be subjected to claims of infringement regardless of our lack of involvement in the development of the licensed technology. Although a third-party technology provider is typically obligated to indemnify us if the provided technology infringes on another party's intellectual property rights, such indemnification is often limited in amount and may be worthless if the provider becomes insolvent.

We rely on certain suppliers of products, materials, and components and are otherwise subject to raw material supply variability with our suppliers which may impact our ability to meet commitments to customers and cause us to incur significant liabilities.

Each of our business segments depends on third parties for the supply of product components, production equipment, and replacement parts for products we manufacture and those manufactured on our behalf, or sold through our ADI Global Distribution business, some of which are supplied by single or limited source suppliers/manufacturers. Our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows have in the past been and could in the future continue to be adversely affected by the impact of disruptions in our supply chain from third-party suppliers and manufacturers, including our inability to obtain necessary raw materials and product components, production equipment, or replacement parts, whether due to work stoppages, cyberattacks, component failures, natural disasters, pandemics, economic, political, financial or labor concerns, weather conditions affecting products or shipments or transportation disruptions or other reasons, or if suppliers lack sufficient quality control or if there are significant changes in their financial or business condition or otherwise. If we are required to find alternative sources of supply, qualification of alternative suppliers and the establishment of reliable supplies could result in delays and possible loss of sales, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows, and financial condition.

Our ability to manage inventory and meet delivery requirements have in the past and could in the future be constrained by our suppliers' inability to scale production and adjust delivery of long lead-time products during times of volatile demand. Our inability to fill our supply needs would jeopardize our ability to fulfill our contractual obligations.

With respect to our ADI Global Distribution segment, terminations of supply or services agreements or a change in terms or conditions of sale from one or more of our key manufacturers have in the past and could in the future negatively affect that segment's operating income and margins, net revenue, or the level of capital required to fund operations. Manufacturers who currently distribute their products through our ADI Global Distribution business have in the past and could in the future decide to shift to or substantially increase their existing distribution with other distributors, their own dealer networks, or directly to resellers or end-users. This could result in more intense competition, which could have an adverse impact on our ADI Global Distribution business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. In addition, our ADI Global Distribution business may not be able to acquire from manufacturers or additional supply chains certain product lines that we are interested in adding to our distribution business, and if even we are able to add products, they may not result in sales as expected and may not be profitable to the overall business.

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We may from time to time pursue acquisitions. Our business may be adversely affected if we cannot consummate acquisitions on satisfactory terms, or if we cannot effectively integrate acquired companies or assets.

We have in the past and may from time to time in the future continue to pursue and consummate acquisitions of companies or assets. Our ability to consummate any future acquisitions will be partially dependent upon the availability of suitable acquisition candidates at favorable prices and upon advantageous terms and conditions. We may not be able to find suitable acquisition candidates to purchase or may be unable to acquire on economically acceptable terms or to receive necessary regulatory approvals or support.

The consummation of any particular acquisition may depend, in part, on our ability to raise the capital necessary to fund such acquisition which may not be available to us at all or on economically advantageous terms. In addition, if we consummate an acquisition, our capitalization and results of operations may change significantly. Future acquisitions could result in gross and/or operating income dilution, the incurring of additional debt or equity issuances and contingent liabilities, and an increase in interest and amortization expenses or periodic impairment expenses related to goodwill and other intangible assets and significant charges relating to integration costs.

We may not be successful in effectively identifying all risks of an acquired business, integrating the acquired business or technology into our existing business, or realizing the benefits expected at acquisition. Our due diligence may fail to identify all of the liabilities or challenges of an acquired business, product, software, service, or technology, including issues related to intellectual property, product quality or product or software architecture, regulatory compliance practices, revenue recognition, or other accounting practices or employee, customer, or supplier issues. We may not be able to achieve expected operational synergies or savings, or any growth targets identified in acquisition diligence. The successful integration of future acquisitions may also require substantial attention from our senior management and the management of the acquired business, which could decrease the time that they have to manage our existing portfolio, attract customers, and develop new products and services or attend to other acquisition opportunities.

Uncertainty in the development, deployment, and use of artificial intelligence (“AI”) in our products and services, as well as our business more broadly, could adversely affect our business and reputation.

Resideo uses AI both in the operation of our business and in the products and solutions we develop. The use of AI involves various risks and challenges that could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Within our operations, employees leverage AI, including generative AI, to accelerate the creation of new features and reduce overall development time. While these technologies can enhance efficiency, they also present potential intellectual property and privacy risks. Confidential information or trade secrets may inadvertently be disclosed through generative AI interactions, and there is a risk that third-party intellectual property could be inadvertently embedded in AI-generated results. There is also a risk of incorrect, biased or unethical outputs, which can harm Resideo’s reputation and competitive position and result in regulatory scrutiny or legal liability.

Our products utilize AI to offer richer insights and more relevant notifications to our customers. For example, our video solutions use AI to identify people, animals, packages, and other objects. We believe it is necessary to support these capabilities to remain competitive in the smart home marketplace. Customers may reject AI-powered solutions over fears that their personal data, video footage, or usage patterns could be misused or inadequately protected. Our competitors or other third parties may incorporate AI into their products more quickly or successfully than us, which could impair our ability to compete effectively and adversely affect our results and operations. Additionally, there is no guarantee that AI-based features will succeed commercially or even prove technically feasible in all scenarios. Additionally, AI may generate false alerts or fail to detect real events, undermining customer trust, and potentially damaging our reputation.

AI functionality in smart homes typically requires extensive data collection that can raise privacy concerns. Mismanagement of this collected data can lead to unauthorized access and misuse. AI may generate inaccurate demand models and recommendations for inventory management that may lead to overstocking or lack of inventory availability, which can affect supply chain efficiency and customer satisfaction.

In addition, AI technologies are subject to increasing regulation. New and evolving privacy and AI regulations worldwide have increased our compliance obligations, costs, and exposure to potential legal action. It can be technically challenging to keep AI algorithms fully compliant with these standards. In some instances, these constraints may limit our ability to deploy AI-driven features or delay product launches.

AI may also be used by bad actors for sophisticated phishing emails or malicious code that can bypass traditional security measures, increasing the likelihood of successful data breaches, cyber threats, and system compromises. AI usage in smart

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home devices can be targeted by bad actors for unauthorized access of devices or corruption of the devices and/or connected system. Unauthorized access can lead to sophisticated attacks, compromising user safety and privacy. Additionally, AI can be used to generate harmful code that exploits software vulnerabilities, leading to data breaches and system downtime.

Failure to effectively manage these AI-related risks could adversely affect our competitive standing, financial results, and brand reputation. Even with robust oversight and legal review, the pace of AI innovation and regulatory changes can outstrip existing safeguards, creating further uncertainty and potential liability.

Weakness in the economy, market trends and other conditions affecting the profitability and financial stability of our customers, our supply chain and our logistics network could negatively impact our sales growth, costs and results of operations.

Economic, political and industry trends affect our business environment. In particular, our business is affected by the performance of the global new construction and the repair and remodel construction industry. Similarly, the slowing of the housing market may result in reduced demand for the products we manufacture and distribute. These and other industries and markets we serve have demand that is sensitive to the production activity, capital spending and demand for products and services of our customers. Many of these customers operate in markets that are subject to fluctuations resulting from market uncertainty, trade and tariff policies, costs of goods sold, supply shortages or reduced availability of raw materials, components and finished goods; capacity constraints or delays at suppliers, third-party contract manufacturers, component vendors and other suppliers, ports and logistics hubs, currency exchange rates, interest rate fluctuations, government spending and government shutdowns, economic downturns, recessions, foreign competition, offshoring of production, oil and natural gas prices, information system outages or cyber incidents, geopolitical developments, labor shortages, work stoppages, natural or human induced disasters, extreme weather, disruptions to transportation infrastructure and networks, outbreaks of pandemic disease, inflation, deflation and a variety of other factors beyond our control. Certain of these factors have in the past, could in the future, cause customers to idle, delay purchases, reduce production levels or experience reductions in the demand for their own products or services. Similarly, certain of these factors have in the past, and could in the future, impact our supply chain and logistics network and could cause shipment delays, backlogs, longer lead times and higher transportation, import and export costs.

Any of these events could also reduce the volume of products and services these customers purchase from us or impair the ability of our customers to make full and timely payments and could cause increased pressure on our pricing and terms of sale. Accordingly, a significant or prolonged slowdown in economic activity in the U.S. or any other major world economy, or a segment of any such economy, could negatively impact our sales and results of operations.

Failure to achieve and maintain a high level of product and service quality could damage our reputation with customers and negatively impact our results.

Product and service quality issues could result in a negative impact on customer confidence in our Company, our products and our brand image. If our offerings do not meet applicable legal and safety standards or our customers' expectations regarding safety or quality, or if our products are improperly designed, manufactured, packaged, or labeled, or are otherwise alleged to cause harm or injury, we may need to recall those items, experience increased warranty costs or lost sales, and increased costs and exposure to legal, financial, and reputational risks including litigation and government enforcement action, as well as product liability claims. Such actions may damage our relationship with our customers which may result in a loss of market share. Additionally, the financial expenses related to such events may not be covered by our insurance or may be subject to deductibles. We have had instances in the past and may in the future be unable to obtain indemnity or reimbursement from our suppliers or other third parties for the warranty costs or liabilities associated with our products and there can be no assurance that we will have adequate reserves to cover any recalls and repair and replacement costs. We have in the past experienced, and may in the future experience, product recalls and litigation related to our products or services, none of which have been material to date. A significant product recall, warranty claim, or product liability case, especially with respect to our security and life safety-related products or services, could also result in adverse publicity, damage to our reputation, and a loss of consumer confidence in our products and services. We rely on qualified installers and integrators to sell and install many of our products and solutions for end-users and if our solutions are not properly installed they may fail to operate as intended which could adversely impact our reputation and consumer confidence in our products and solutions and otherwise expose us to financial liability and adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

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We may not be able to retain or expand relationships with certain significant customers.

A number of our customers contribute significantly to our net revenue and operating income. Consolidation, change of control, or termination of the contractual relationships with any of these customers, particularly among our OEM customers (and in certain instances, their authorized dealers), or a decision by any one or more of our customers to outsource all or most manufacturing work to a single equipment manufacturer, or to partner with third parties has in the past and may in the future continue to concentrate our business in a limited number of customers and expose us to increased risks relating to dependence on a smaller number of customers. We generally have to qualify, and are required to maintain our status, as a supplier for each of our OEM customers. A significant failure or an inability to comply with customer specifications and manufacturing requirements or delays or other problems with existing or new products or inability to meet price requirements could result in cancelled orders, increased costs, loss of sales, market share shift, loss of customers or potential breaches of contracts, which have had and could in the future have an adverse effect on our profitability and results of operations. By virtue of certain customers' size and the significant portion of revenue that we derive from them, they can exert significant influence in the negotiation of our commercial agreements and the conduct of our business with them which could adversely affect our profitability. If consolidation among our retailers, distributors, or other channel partners who purchase our products becomes more prevalent, our business, results of operations and financial conditions could be adversely affected.

Failure to increase productivity through sustainable operational improvements, as well as an inability to successfully execute transformation programs or to effectively manage our workforce, may reduce our profitability or adversely impact our businesses.

Our profitability and margin growth are dependent upon our ability to drive sustainable improvements. We seek productivity and cost savings benefits through our ongoing transformation, restructuring, and other programs, such as consolidation and outsourcing of manufacturing operations or facilities, reductions in manufacturing shifts, transitions to cost-competitive regions, workforce optimizations, product line rationalizations and divestitures, and other cost-saving initiatives. Risks associated with these actions that we have in the past or may in the future experience include delays in execution of the planned initiatives, additional unexpected costs, asset impairments, realization of fewer than estimated productivity improvements, reduced ability to manage supply chain anomalies, employment claims, and adverse effects on employee morale leading to reduced production and unanticipated departures. We may not realize the full operational or financial benefits we expect, the recognition of these benefits may be delayed, and these actions may potentially disrupt our operations. In addition, organizational changes, attrition, labor relations difficulties, or work stoppages could have an adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

We are subject to the economic, political, regulatory, foreign exchange, and other risks of international operations.

Our international revenue represented approximately 22% of our net revenue for the year ended December 31, 2025. Our international geographic footprint subjects us to many risks including but not limited to: exchange control regulations; wage and price controls; antitrust/competition and environmental regulations; employment regulations; foreign investment laws; monetary and fiscal policies and protectionist measures that may prohibit acquisitions or joint ventures, establish local content requirements, or impact trade volumes; import, export and other trade restrictions (such as embargoes); tariffs; violations by our employees of anti-corruption laws (despite our efforts to mitigate these risks); changes in regulations regarding transactions with state-owned enterprises; nationalization of private enterprises; natural and man-made disasters, hazards and losses; backlash from foreign labor organizations related to our restructuring actions; violence; civil and labor unrest; acts of terrorism; global conflicts; and our ability to hire and maintain qualified staff and maintain the safety of our employees in these regions.

Additionally, certain of the markets in which we operate have adopted increasingly strict requirements concerning personal and non-personal data, privacy, artificial intelligence and cybersecurity. These requirements may negatively affect our ability to maintain, develop, sell and advertise our products and our services, may limit our ability to derive revenue from data, may require us to disclose product and services data to our competitors, may cause us to incur additional expense in obtaining mandatory or quasi-mandatory certifications, and may restrict our ability to transfer data internationally.

With respect to our Products and Solutions segment, we operate six manufacturing facilities in northern Mexico, a country that periodically experiences heightened civil unrest or may experience trade disputes with the U.S., both of which could cause a disruption of the supply of products to or from these facilities. Some of our Mexican facilities are authorized to operate as Maquiladoras by the Ministry of Economy of Mexico. Maquiladora status allows us to temporarily import raw materials into Mexico, provided that such items, after processing, are exported from Mexico within a stipulated time frame. Maquiladora status is subject to various restrictions and requirements, including compliance with the terms of the

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Maquiladora program and other local regulations, which have become stricter in recent years. In addition, if the Mexican government adopts additional adverse changes to the program, including nationalization, our manufacturing costs in Mexico would increase.

Current global conflicts, have created substantial uncertainty in the global economy, including sanctions and penalties imposed on certain countries from several governments. We are unable to predict the impact that these actions will have on the global economy or on our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows as of the date of these financial statements.

We operate in many diverse regions that require modifications to our products based on local building codes, regulations, standards, certifications, and other factors, which may impact our cost to serve and profitability as we continue our penetration into these regions.

We rely on a dependable information technology (“IT”) infrastructure and network operations that have adequate cybersecurity functionality.

The efficient operation of our business requires substantial investment in technology infrastructure systems, including enterprise resource planning systems, information systems, supply chain management systems, digital commerce systems, and connected solutions platforms and network operations and systems. The failure to acquire, implement, maintain, and upgrade these systems may impact our ability to respond effectively to changing customer expectations, manage our business, scale our solutions effectively, or impact our customer service levels, which may put us at a competitive disadvantage and negatively impact our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows. In connection with our acquisition of the Snap One business, we are in the process of consolidating and integrating our ADI Global Distribution business and Snap One enterprise applications. We have experienced delays in certain aspects of the implementation of certain ADI Global Distribution enterprise systems; while we have resolved concerns to date related to the system implementation, we may not be able to successfully implement or consolidate all systems without additional challenges with the critical implementation process. While we have in the past experienced interruptions of service in our enterprise systems, none of these have been material to date. Repeated or prolonged interruptions of service, due to cyber threats or problems with our systems or third-party technologies could have a significant negative impact on our reputation and our ability to sell products and services. Our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows may be adversely affected if our information systems fail, become unavailable for prolonged periods of time, are corrupted or do not allow us to transmit accurate information. Failure to properly or adequately address these issues, including the failure to fund backups, upgrades, and improvements to our systems, could impact our ability to perform necessary business operations, which could adversely affect our reputation, competitive position, business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows. Our ability to keep our business operating is highly dependent on the proper and efficient operation of our own and our third-party data centers, networks, and data backup systems. In addition, a significant portion of our employees are engaged in remote or hybrid work from their homes, which further exposes our IT systems to potential cyber interference and disruption of work activities based on availability and performance of internet access in the regions in which our employees reside.

Our IT and engineering systems contain sensitive information, including personal data, trade secrets, and other proprietary information. In addition, our connected products potentially expose our business and customers to cybersecurity threats. As a result, we have experienced and may in the future be subject to systems interruption, data corruption, data loss, and service and product failures, not only resulting from the failures of our products or services but also from the failures of third-party service providers, natural disasters, power shortages or terrorist attacks, and cyber or other security threats. There is no assurance that the comprehensive security measures we have put in place to protect our IT and engineering systems, services, and products against unauthorized access and disclosure of personal data or confidential or trade secret information will be effective in every case.

We have experienced, and expect to continue to experience, cybersecurity threats and incidents, none of which, to our knowledge, have been material to date. The potential consequences to any of our connected solutions platforms, data centers, or network operations and systems resulting from a material cyber or other security incident such as a successful ransomware attack or malicious publication of confidential information, trade secrets, or personal data include financial loss, reputational and brand impact, negative media coverage, loss of stockholder value, loss of customers, litigation with third parties, including class-action litigation, regulatory investigations, audits, or other enforcement actions, theft of intellectual property, fines, regulatory reporting for data breaches, and increased cyber and other security protection and remediation costs due to the increasing sophistication and proliferation of threats, which in turn could adversely affect our competitiveness, business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. In addition, damages, fines and claims

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arising from such incidents may not be covered by, or may exceed the amount of any insurance available or may not be insurable.

Enhanced tariff, import/export restrictions, or other trade barriers may continue to impact global economic conditions.

We are subject to certain laws and regulations affecting our international operations which, among other things, provide certain preferential duties and tariffs for qualifying imports subject to compliance with the applicable rules of origin and other requirements. Various modifications to global tariffs, sanctions, and other trade measures have introduced uncertainty in global markets that could adversely affect the business of our customers and suppliers, which could in turn negatively impact our net revenue, cash flows, and results of operations.

In addition, the U.S. federal government, and certain states, as well as other foreign governments including the United Kingdom and European Union, have imposed certain restrictions on the licensing, use and import, and export of certain surveillance, networking, telecommunications, and other equipment manufactured by certain of our suppliers based in China for our ADI Global Distribution business, which may require us to find additional sources of end-user products and result in higher costs. We have in the past had inquiries and claims from the U.S. federal government and a U.S. state court regarding sales of certain Chinese made products in the U.S., which inquiries and litigation could impact our business reputation.

On February 20, 2026, the U.S. Supreme Court issued its opinion that the tariffs imposed by the U.S. government under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (“IEEPA”) were unauthorized. The opinion did not direct refunds or remedies, leaving the decision on that to the lower courts, and it is anticipated that there will be litigation on any remedies set by the lower courts. On a go-forward basis, the U.S. government directed agencies to take measures to cease collection of tariffs, but did not address how or when the tariff collection would stop or whether any refunds should be issued. Further, by a presidential proclamation a new tariff surcharge of not less than 10% was directed under the balance of payments statute (19 USC 2132) on all imports with certain exceptions for certain commodities (e.g., electronics, critical minerals) and United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (“USMCA”) qualified products. The tariffs under this statute are intended to take effect on February 24, 2026, and will remain in effect for 150 days (the maximum under the statute). Tariffs have not been previously imposed under this statutory provision. We are currently evaluating the impacts of these actions on our business.

Further, we cannot predict the extent to which the U.S. or other countries will impose new or additional quotas, duties, tariffs, taxes, or other similar restrictions upon the import or export of our products in the future, nor can we predict future trade policy or the terms of any renegotiated trade agreements and their impact on our business. The continuing adoption or expansion of trade restrictions, the occurrence of a trade war, or other governmental action related to tariffs or trade agreements or policies has the potential to adversely impact demand for our products, our costs, our customers, our suppliers, and the U.S. economy, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, and financial condition.

Regulations and societal actions to respond to global climate change could negatively affect our business.

Responses to climate change may cause a shift away from fossil fuels to alternative power sources such as electricity or alternative fuels such as natural gas/hydrogen mixtures. Many of our thermal solutions are designed for application with oil and gas systems. A shift away from fossil fuels could affect our OEM customers’ business and result in a loss of business for them and for us. If we fail to adapt our solutions to alternative power sources, it could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. Similarly, regulations to drive higher fuel efficiency and requirements to support varying fuel mix could shift business away from us if we fail to adapt our solutions to address these needs in a timely manner.

Addressing stakeholder expectations and regulatory requirements relating to corporate responsibility (“CR”) matters requires an investment of time, money, and other resources. We have periodically communicated our strategies, commitments, and targets related to CR matters through the issuance of a CR report. Although we are committed to these strategies and targets, we may be unable to achieve them due to impacts on resources, operational costs, regulatory changes, and technological advancements. Furthermore, investor and other stakeholder expectations relating to CR matters have changed over time. Any failure or perceived failure by us to achieve our strategies or targets or otherwise respond to stakeholder expectations could adversely impact our business and reputation.

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Our business is subject to the risks of earthquakes, hurricanes, tornadoes, fires, power outages, floods, pandemics, epidemics, natural disasters, and other catastrophic events or other public health emergencies.

A significant natural disaster, such as an earthquake, hurricane, tornado, fire, flood, or a public health pandemic, or a significant power outage could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows, and results of operations. The impact of climate change may increase these risks due to changes in weather patterns, such as increases in storm intensity and frequency, sea-level rise, and temperature extremes in areas where we conduct our business. Extreme weather, natural disasters, power outages, global health crises, or other unexpected catastrophic events have in the past and could in the future disrupt our operations by impacting the availability and cost of materials needed for manufacturing, causing physical damage and partial or complete closure of our manufacturing sites or distribution centers, loss of human capital, and disruption in the manufacturing and supply of products and services to customers.

With respect to our Products and Solutions segment, we operate six manufacturing facilities in Mexico and rely on third-party manufacturing partners with manufacturing capabilities in Mexico. A significant portion of our finished products are manufactured in Mexican sites, several of which operate in water stressed environments. A significant natural disaster or other event affecting the region could have a material and disproportionate impact on our ability to manufacture our products. Further, if a natural disaster or other event occurs in a region from which we derive a significant portion of our revenue, consumers in that region may delay or forego purchases of our products and solutions in the region, which may harm our results of operations for a particular period. These risks may be increased if the disaster recovery plans for us and our suppliers prove to be inadequate. To the extent that any of the above results in delays or cancellations of orders, or delays in the manufacture, deployment or shipment of our products and solutions, our business, financial condition, cash flows, and results of operations would be harmed, and if such event adversely affects our business and financial results, they may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described in this “Risk Factors” section.

Risks Associated with the Proposed ADI Spin-Off

The proposed ADI Spin-Off is subject to various risks and uncertainties and may not be completed in accordance with the expected plans or anticipated timeline, or at all, and will involve significant time and expense, which could disrupt or adversely affect our business.

Resideo’s proposed separation into two independent, publicly traded companies is complex in nature, and unanticipated developments or changes, including changes in the law, the macroeconomic environment, competitive conditions of Resideo’s markets, regulatory approvals or clearances, the uncertainty of the financial markets and challenges in executing the ADI Spin-Off, could delay or prevent the completion of the transaction or cause the transaction to occur on terms or conditions that are different or less favorable than expected. We expect to complete the ADI Spin-Off in the second half of 2026, subject to satisfaction of customary conditions, including among others, final approval from the Resideo Board of Directors, filing and effectiveness of a registration statement on Form 10 with the SEC, receipt of a tax opinion from our advisors and/or private letter ruling from the Internal Revenue Service, satisfactory completion of financing, and receipt of necessary consents and regulatory approvals. There can be no assurance that the conditions to the completion of the ADI Spin-Off will be satisfied or with respect to the ultimate timing of the intended transaction or that it will be completed at all.

The process of completing the proposed ADI Spin-Off has been and is expected to continue to be time-consuming and involves significant costs and expenses. The ADI Spin-Off costs may be significantly higher than what we currently anticipate and may not yield a discernible benefit if the ADI Spin-Off is not completed or is not well executed, or if the expected benefits of the ADI Spin-Off are not realized. Executing the proposed ADI Spin-Off will also require significant amounts of management’s time and effort, which may divert management’s attention from operating and growing our business. Further, while it is intended that the transaction will be tax-free to the Company’s stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes, there is no assurance that the transaction will qualify for this treatment. If the ADI Spin-Off is ultimately determined to be taxable, either the Company, the spun-off entity and/or the Company’s stockholders could incur income tax liabilities that could be significant.

The ADI Spin-Off may not achieve the anticipated benefits and may expose us to additional risks.

We may not realize the anticipated strategic, financial, operational or other benefits of the ADI Spin-Off. Whether or not the spin-off is completed, we may face material challenges in connection with the intended separation, including but not limited to, attracting, retaining and motivating employees during the pendency of the ADI Spin-Off and following its completion; addressing disruptions to our supply chain, manufacturing, sales and distribution and other operations resulting from separating the Company into two independent companies; separating the Company’s information systems; and the impact of having to operate under the terms of any agreements we enter into in connection with the ADI Spin-Off.

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Additionally, there is no assurance that following the ADI Spin-Off each separate company will be successful and we cannot predict whether the market value of our common stock after the intended separation will be, in the aggregate with the shares of the spun-off entity, less than, equal to or greater than the market value of our common stock prior to the separation. The trading price of our common stock may be more volatile prior to, around the time of or following the intended separation.

A spin-off of ADI Global Distribution business could adversely affect our earnings and cash flows.

ADI Global Distribution business contributed 64% of our revenue and 35% of our operating income during the twelve months ended December 31, 2025. If the ADI Spin-Off is completed, it may adversely affect our earnings and cash flows, which in turn may result in our failure to maintain our current credit ratings from independent rating agencies that could adversely affect our cost of capital and our liquidity and access to the capital markets. If our access to capital were to become constrained significantly, or if costs of capital increased significantly, that could have a material adverse impact on our business and results of operations.

Risks Relating to Legal and Regulatory Matters

Failure to comply with the broad range of standards, laws, and regulations in the jurisdictions in which we operate may result in exposure to substantial disruptions, costs, and liabilities.

Applicable laws and regulations impose complex, stringent, and costly compliance activities, including but not limited to environmental, health, and safety protection standards and permitting, labeling and other requirements regarding, among other things, electronic and wireless communications, air emissions, wastewater discharges, the use, handling, and disposal of hazardous or toxic materials, remediation of environmental contamination, anti-money-laundering and anti-corruption, antitrust and competition law concerns, data security, data protection and data privacy, consumer protection and working conditions, and benefits for and compensation of our employees. We may also be affected by future standards, laws, or regulations, including those imposed in response to cybersecurity, energy, decarbonization, climate change, product functionality, geopolitical, corporate social responsibility, data privacy, artificial intelligence, new types of online advertising, or similar concerns. We expect that the growth of our business may depend on our development of new technologies in response to such regulations and laws. These standards, laws, or regulations may further impact our costs of operation, the sourcing of raw materials, and the manufacture, design, redesign, and distribution of our products and place restrictions and other requirements on the products and solutions we can sell. The net revenue and margins of our business are directly impacted by government regulations, including safety, performance, and product certification regulations, particularly those driven by customer demands, as well as changes in trade agreements, tariffs, and environmental and energy efficiency standards. We have in the past been subject to and in the future may be subject to various claims, including legal and regulatory claims arising in the normal course of business. Such claims may include without limitation employment and benefits claims, product recall, personal injury, network security, breaches of or other non-compliance with cybersecurity, data protection, data privacy, or advertising and marketing regulations, or property damage claims resulting from the use of our products, services, or solutions, as well as exposure to hazardous materials, contract disputes, or intellectual property disputes. The actual costs of resolving legal claims may be substantially higher or lower than the level of insurance coverage we hold and/or the amounts accrued for such claims or may be excluded from coverage. In the event of unexpected future developments, it is possible that the ultimate resolutions of such matters could be unfavorable.

Various laws and regulations as well as contracts we have entered into with third parties apply to the collection, processing, transfer, disposal, disclosure, and security of personal data and other types of regulated data, including obligations concerning clear, accurate, and transparent data use practices and advertising that is not misleading.

The interpretation and application of many privacy and data protection laws and regulations around the world may be inconsistent with our existing data use, management, and retention practices, public descriptions thereof or the features of our products and services. Any such new laws or regulations, any changes to existing laws and regulations, and any such interpretation may affect demand for our products and services, impact our ability to effectively transfer data across borders or advertise our products and services in support of our business operations, or increase the cost of providing our products and services. Additionally, any actual or perceived breach of such laws or regulations may subject us to claims and may lead to administrative, civil, or criminal liability, as well as fines and reputational harm. We could also be required to fundamentally change our business activities and practices, or modify or re-design our products and services, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. Claims or lawsuits related to cybersecurity, advertising, marketing, data protection or data privacy initiated by governmental bodies, customers, or other third parties, whether meritorious or not, could be time consuming, result in costly regulatory proceedings, litigation, fines and other liabilities, or require us to change our business practices, sometimes in expensive ways. Unfavorable

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publicity regarding our privacy practices could injure our reputation, harm our ability to keep existing customers or attract new customers, or otherwise adversely affect our business, assets, revenue, brands, and reputation.

Changes in laws, regulations, or government enforcement of policies concerning the environment, the discovery of previously unknown contamination or new technology or information related to individual contaminated sites owned or operated by Resideo, the establishment of stricter state or federal toxicity standards with respect to certain contaminants, or the imposition of new clean-up requirements or remedial techniques, could require us to incur additional currently unanticipated costs in the future that would have a negative effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

We are currently subject to laws and regulations regarding labor, employment and benefits matters, including consultation requirements, and may be subject in the future to government investigations and/or claims, allegations and/or work stoppages in these areas that may have a negative effect on our business operations and/or financial results.

We cannot predict with certainty the outcome of litigation matters, government proceedings, and other contingencies and uncertainties.

In the ordinary course of business, we may make certain commitments, including representations, warranties, and indemnities relating to current and past operations, and issue guarantees of third-party obligations. We have in the past and may in the future be subject to various lawsuits, investigations, or disputes arising out of the conduct of our business, including matters relating to public disclosure and reporting, commercial transactions, government contracts, product liability, prior acquisitions and divestitures, compliance with laws, labor and employment matters, employee benefit plans, intellectual property, and environmental, health and safety matters.

We have incurred, and may continue to incur, significant costs in connection with some or all of these matters.

While we maintain or may otherwise have access to insurance for certain risks, certain risks may be excluded, and the amount of our insurance coverage may not be adequate to cover the total amount of all insured claims, legal fees, costs, and liabilities, and we may have to satisfy high insurance retentions. The incurrence of significant liabilities for which there is no or insufficient insurance coverage (or where there is available insurance but high retention levels) could adversely affect our liquidity and financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

As described in *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, we are subject to potentially material liabilities related to the investigation and cleanup of environmental hazards and to claims of personal injuries or property damages that may arise from hazardous substance releases and exposures. These liabilities arise out of our current and past operations and the operations and properties of predecessor companies (including off-site waste disposal). We are also subject to potentially material liabilities related to compliance of Resideo owned sites with the requirements of various federal, state, local, and foreign governments that regulate the discharge of materials into the environment and the generation, handling, storage, treatment, and disposal of and exposure to hazardous substances. If we are found to be in violation of these laws and regulations, we may be subject to substantial fines, criminal sanctions, trade restrictions, product recalls, public exposure, and be required to install costly equipment or make operational changes to achieve compliance with such laws and regulations.

Risks related to the Honeywell Spin-Off, our agreements and our relationships with Honeywell

In connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, we entered into the Tax Matters Agreement with Honeywell, pursuant to which we are responsible and will indemnify Honeywell for certain taxes, including certain income taxes, sales taxes, VAT, and payroll taxes, relating to the business for all periods, including periods prior to the consummation of the Honeywell Spin-Off (“Tax Matters Agreement”). Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Honeywell Spin-Off was generally intended by Honeywell to be a tax-free transaction for our stockholders, but any failure to comply with the relevant tax requirements could result in certain of our stockholders incurring substantial tax liabilities. In addition, we may have material payment obligations to Honeywell under the Tax Matters Agreement, including upon the resolution of pending or future disputes with Honeywell regarding the appropriate allocation of tax liabilities incurred in connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off.

We may have disputes with Honeywell regarding the allocation of tax related liabilities between us and Honeywell under the Tax Matters Agreement. While we maintain reserves for potential liabilities arising under the Tax Matters Agreement,

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to the extent we are obligated to indemnify Honeywell for tax related liabilities in respect of matters that are not reserved or in excess of reserved amounts, including upon resolution of any dispute with Honeywell, such payments could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and cash flows.

In addition, conflicts of interest have arisen in the past and may in the future arise with Honeywell in a number of areas relating to our past and ongoing relationships, including: tax, employee benefit, indemnification, and other matters arising from our separation from Honeywell; intellectual property matters; and interpretations of contractual arrangements.

We may not be able to resolve any potential conflicts, and, even if we do so, the resolution may be less favorable to us than if we were dealing with a party other than our former parent company.

The agreements that we entered into with Honeywell in connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off may impose significant restrictions on us and our subsidiaries and limit our ability to engage in actions that may be in our long-term best interests. As described in more detail in *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, the Trademark Agreement is terminable by Honeywell under certain circumstances, including if we fail to comply with all material obligations. The Trademark Agreement also automatically terminates upon the occurrence of a change of control of Resideo that is not approved by Honeywell and automatically terminates as to any subsidiary of Resideo upon it ceasing to be a wholly owned subsidiary of Resideo. Any termination of the Trademark Agreement could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows, and reputation. In addition, the provisions of the Trademark Agreement in respect of a change of control of Resideo or the sale of any interests in any subsidiary of Resideo may impact our ability to enter into transactions that are otherwise in the best interests of our stockholders. Our intention to separate the ADI Global Distribution business through a tax-free spin-off to our shareholders does not impact the terms of the Trademark Agreement.

We and Honeywell also have had and may in the future have disputes under the agreements and related exhibits entered into in connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off. In addition, because of their former positions with Honeywell, certain of our executive officers, own equity interests in Honeywell. Continuing ownership of Honeywell stock and equity awards could appear to create potential conflicts of interest if our Company and Honeywell face decisions that could have implications for both our Company and Honeywell.

The terms of our debt documents may impose restrictions on our business and our operations require substantial capital and we may not be able to obtain additional capital that we need in the future on favorable terms or at all.

The terms of our varied indebtedness include a number of restrictive covenants that impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us and limit our ability to engage in actions that may be in our long-term best interests, including actions such as incurring additional indebtedness, paying dividends, making investments or acquisitions, selling or transferring certain assets, and other corporate actions. If market changes, economic downturns, or other negative events occur, our ability to comply with these covenants may be impaired. A breach of any of these covenants could result in an event of default under the terms of our indebtedness, giving lenders the right to accelerate the repayment of such debt, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. Additionally, we might not have, or be able to obtain, sufficient funds to make these accelerated payments, and lenders could then proceed against any collateral. Any new indebtedness could have similar or greater restrictions. As a result of these restrictions, we may be limited in how we conduct our business and pursue our strategy, unable to raise additional debt financing to operate during general economic or business downturns, or unable to compete effectively or to take advantage of new business opportunities.

We may require additional capital in the future to finance our growth and development, upgrade and improve our manufacturing capabilities, implement further marketing and sales activities, fund ongoing research and development activities, satisfy regulatory and environmental compliance obligations and national approvals requirements, fund acquisitions, pay preferred stock dividends to the extent we choose to settle these dividends in cash, and meet general working capital needs. If our access to capital were to become constrained significantly, or if costs of capital increased significantly, due to lowered credit ratings, increased interest rates, prevailing business conditions, financial leverage, the volatility of the capital markets, decreased investor interest, or other factors, our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows could be adversely affected and our ability to fund future development and acquisition activities could be impacted.

We believe that we have adequate capital resources to meet our projected operating needs, capital expenditures, and other cash requirements. However, we may need additional capital resources in the future and if we are unable to obtain

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sufficient resources for our operating needs, capital expenditures, and other cash requirements for any reason, our business, financial condition, and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Risks Relating to Our Common Stock and the Securities Market

Our stock price has been volatile; stockholder's percentage ownership in our Company may be diluted in the future.

The market price of our common stock has been volatile in the past and may be volatile in the future. The market price of our common stock may be significantly affected by the following factors: actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results; changes in financial estimates by securities analysts or our failure to perform in line with such estimates; announcements by us or our competitors of significant technical innovations, acquisitions, divestitures, strategic partnerships, joint ventures, or capital commitments; the potential spin-off of the ADI Global Distribution business; the loss of, or decrease in sales to, one or more key customers; global macroeconomic conditions; and departures of key personnel.

A stockholder's percentage ownership in our Company may be diluted in the future because of common stock-based equity awards that we have granted and expect to grant in the future in accordance with our 2018 Stock Incentive Plan for the benefit of certain employees and other service providers, as well as our equity plan for our non-employee directors. In addition, we may issue additional equity as necessary to finance our ongoing operations and future acquisitions.

In addition, our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation ("our Certificate") authorizes us to issue, without the approval of our stockholders, one or more classes or series of preferred stock, which may have preferences over our common stock with respect to dividends and distributions, as our Board may determine. The terms of one or more classes or series of preferred stock could dilute the voting power or reduce the value of our common stock. Refer to the risk factor "**The preferred stock issued in connection with the Snap One transaction has rights, preferences, and privileges that are not held by, and are preferential to, the rights of our common stock and has reduced the relative voting power of the holders of our common stock.**" Similarly, the repurchase or redemption rights or liquidation preferences that we could assign to holders of preferred stock could affect the residual value of our common stock.

The preferred stock issued in connection with the Snap One transaction has rights, preferences, and privileges that are not held by, and are preferential to, the rights of our common stock and has reduced the relative voting power of the holders of our common stock.

In June 2024, we issued 500,000 shares of Series A Cumulative Convertible Participating Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Preferred Stock"), to CD&R Channel Holdings, L.P. (the "CD&R Stockholder"), an entity affiliated with the investment firm Clayton, Dubilier & Rice LLC, pursuant to an Investment Agreement dated April 14, 2024. The proceeds of the issuance were used to partially finance the Snap One transaction. The Preferred Stock is convertible perpetual participating preferred stock of Resideo. Refer to *Note 16. Stockholders' Equity* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of the material terms of the Preferred Stock, including with respect to conversion rights, voting rights, dividend rights, anti-dilution adjustments and the Company's optional redemption rights.

Certain of the preferential rights belonging to the Preferred Stock could result in divergent interests between the holders of the Preferred Stock and our common shareholders. In addition, our obligations to pay regular dividends to the holders of the Preferred Stock (which we may elect to pay in cash or in-kind) or the exercise of any of our optional redemption rights with respect to the outstanding Preferred Stock could, if paid in cash, impact our liquidity and reduce the amount of cash available for working capital, capital expenditures, growth opportunities, acquisitions, and other general corporate purposes.

The CD&R Stockholder holds a significant equity interest in our business and may exercise influence over us, including through its ability to designate up to two directors to our board of directors, and its interests as a preferred equity holder may diverge from, or even conflict with, the interests of our other holders of our common stock.

The CD&R Stockholder beneficially owns shares of our common stock and Preferred Stock, which, taken together on an as-converted basis, represent approximately 19.9% of our total voting power based on CD&R's Schedule 13-D filed November 11, 2025 and total shares outstanding as of December 31, 2025. As a result, the CD&R Stockholder may have the indirect ability to influence our policies and operations. In addition, under the Investment Agreement, the CD&R Stockholder is entitled to appoint up to two directors to our board of directors, subject to specified minimum ownership requirements. Both Nathan K. Sleeper and John Stroup, partners at CD&R, currently serve as directors. With such representation on our board of directors, the CD&R Stockholder has influence over the appointment of management and

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any action requiring the vote of our board of directors, including significant corporate action such as mergers and sales of substantially all of our assets. Additionally, for so long as the CD&R Stockholder owns Preferred Stock, certain matters will require the approval of the CD&R Stockholder, including: (1) amendments to our certificate of incorporation, the certificate of designations for the Preferred Stock or our bylaws that would alter or change the terms or the powers, preferences, rights, or privileges of the Preferred Stock as to affect them adversely; (2) authorizing, creating, increasing the authorized amount of, or issuing any class or series of equity securities that rank senior to or on par with the Preferred Stock; (3) increasing or decreasing the authorized number of shares of Preferred Stock; (4) amending certain debt financing documents to include limitations on our ability to accrue dividends on the Preferred Stock that are more restrictive in any material respect than those set forth in our existing debt financing documents; or (5) adopting any plan of liquidation or filing any voluntary petition for bankruptcy, receivership, or any similar proceeding. The CD&R Stockholder and its affiliates are in the business of making or advising on investments in companies, including businesses that may directly or indirectly compete with certain portions of our business. In addition, the CD&R Stockholder may have an interest in pursuing acquisitions, divestitures, financings, or other transactions that, in their judgment, could enhance their overall equity investment and have a negative impact to holders of our common stock as a whole.

Certain provisions in our governing documents may discourage takeovers.

Several provisions of our governing documents and Delaware law may discourage, delay, or prevent a merger or acquisition. These provisions include: our stockholders are not permitted to act by written consent; advance notice requirements for stockholder nominations and proposals; limitations on the persons who may call special meetings of stockholders and limitations on our ability to enter into business combination transactions.

These and other provisions of our governing documents and Delaware law may discourage, delay, or prevent certain types of transactions involving an acquisition or change in control of our Company, including unsolicited takeover attempts, even though the transaction may offer our stockholders the opportunity to sell their shares of our common stock at a price above the prevailing market price.

General Risk Factors

We depend on the recruitment and retention of qualified personnel, and our failure to attract and retain such personnel could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

Our future performance is highly dependent upon the continued services of our employees and management who have significant industry expertise, including our engineering and design personnel and trained sales force. Our performance is also dependent on the development of additional personnel and the hiring of new qualified personnel for our operations. Competition for qualified personnel in our markets is intense; many locations in which we operate have seen competition for talent and increases in wages, and we may not be successful in attracting or retaining qualified personnel. The loss of key employees, our inability to attract new qualified employees or adequately train employees, or the delay in hiring key personnel could negatively affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. With our intent to spin our ADI Global Distribution business, there can be no guarantee that we will be able to recruit and retain critical executive talent who have the necessary skill sets and capabilities required to lead the Company, nor can we guarantee the timeline required for such recruitment.

Our effective tax rate will be affected by factors including changes in tax rules, and in the interpretation and application of those rules, in the countries in which we operate.

Our future results of operations could be adversely affected by changes in the effective tax rate as a result of changes to the various statutory tax rates and rules to which we are subject and other factors outside our control. Our tax expense includes estimates of tax reserves and reflects other estimates and assumptions, including assessments of our future earnings which could impact the valuation of our deferred tax assets. Changes in tax laws or regulations may adversely impact our provision for income taxes.

Currency exchange rate fluctuations and financial counterparty risks may adversely affect our results.

We are exposed to a variety of market risks, including the effects of changes in currency exchange rates. Refer to *Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*. Approximately 22% of our 2025 net revenue was derived outside the U.S., and we expect sales to non-U.S. customers to continue to represent a similar portion of our consolidated net revenue. A significant amount of our payment obligations, including pursuant to the Tax Matters Agreement and our debt obligations are denominated in U.S. dollars. Finally, we generate significant amounts

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of cash outside of the U.S. that are invested with foreign financial counterparties. These factors expose us to foreign exchange risk.

Although we may enter into currency exchange contracts to reduce our risk related to currency exchange fluctuations, changes in the relative fair values of currencies occur from time to time and may, in some instances, have a material impact on our operations. We do not currently hedge against our currency exposure and, therefore, our business will continue to be susceptible to currency fluctuations. While we employ comprehensive controls regarding global cash management, a material disruption to the counterparties with whom we transact business could expose us to financial loss.

We also translate assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses denominated in non-U.S. dollar currencies into U.S. dollars for our Consolidated Financial Statements based on applicable exchange rates. Consequently, fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar compared to other currencies may have a material impact on the value of these items in our Consolidated Financial Statements, even if their value has not changed in their original currency.

If we fail to maintain proper and effective internal controls, our ability to produce accurate and timely financial statements could be impaired and investors' views of us could be harmed.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires that we maintain effective internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. If we are not able to comply with the requirements of Section 404 thereunder in a timely manner, or if we or our independent registered public accounting firm identify deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting that are deemed to be material weaknesses, the market price of our common stock could decline and we could be subject to sanctions or investigations by SEC or other regulatory authorities, which would require additional financial and management resources.

Even if we were to conclude, and our auditors were to concur, that our internal control over financial reporting provided reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP"), because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting might not prevent or detect fraud or misstatements. This, in turn, could have an adverse impact on trading prices for our common stock, and could adversely affect our ability to access the capital markets.

If our goodwill, other intangible assets and long-lived assets become impaired, we may be required to record a significant charge to earnings.

We test, at least annually, the carrying value of goodwill for impairment, as discussed in *Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. We review other intangible assets and long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. The estimates and assumptions about future results of operations and cash flows made in connection with the impairment testing could differ from future actual results. If the assumptions used in our analysis are not realized or if there was an adverse change in facts and circumstances, it is possible that an impairment expense may need to be recorded in the future. If the fair value of our reporting units falls below their carrying amounts because of reduced operating performance, market declines, changes in the discount rate, or other conditions, expenses for impairment may be necessary. Any such expenses may have a material negative impact on our results of operations. There were no material impairment expenses taken during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023.

We may be required to make significant cash contributions to our defined benefit pension plans.

We sponsor defined benefit pension plans under which certain eligible employees will earn pension benefits. We have plans in several countries including the U.S., the terms of which require that such qualified defined benefit pension plans maintain certain capitalization levels. Changes in discount rates and actual asset returns different than our anticipated asset returns can result in significant non-cash actuarial gains or losses. With regard to cash pension contributions, funding requirements for our pension plans are largely dependent upon interest rates, actual investment returns on pension assets, and the impact of legislative or regulatory changes related to pension funding obligations. Our future required pension plan contributions may be material and could adversely impact our financial condition, cash flows, and results of operations. We may need to make pension plan contributions in future periods sufficient to satisfy funding requirements.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

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Item 1C. Cybersecurity.

We maintain an Enterprise Risk Management (“ERM”) program, which is managed by members of senior management, designed to identify, assess, and monitor key risks that are aligned with our strategic and business objectives. Our policies and processes are based on recognized frameworks established by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (“NIST”), the International Organization for Standardization and other applicable industry standards. We apply NIST best practices in how we implement security and privacy controls. We use NIST to define our practice in conducting risk assessments as well as to define our approach in managing internet of things (“IOT”) device security. We have identified various cybersecurity risks that could adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition, including violation of privacy laws, intellectual property theft, fraud, business interruption or ransomware, harm to customers or employees and other legal and reputational risks.

Our Chief Information Security Officer (“CISO”) oversees our information security program, leading a team responsible for enterprise-wide cybersecurity strategy, policy, process, standards, and architecture. Our CISO holds a master’s in information security and an MBA in technology management and has over twenty-five years of technology leadership experience, along with other certifications in efficiency and project management. Beyond the CISO, the security team in charge of incident management has a strong bench of experienced information security practitioners holding diverse degrees in science, technology, computer science, and mathematics. Members of the operations team have certifications such as the Certified Information Systems Security Professional (“CISSP”), Certified Information Security Manager (“CISM”), Offensive Security Certified Professional (“OSCP”), Certified Ethical Hacker, and many more. They all come from backgrounds that complement professions in security and all of them have at least several years of industry experience.

Internal and external experts regularly evaluate our information security program, with results reported to senior management and our Board of Directors. We actively collaborate with vendors, industry experts, and intelligence and law enforcement communities to continually assess and enhance the effectiveness of our information security policies and procedures.

We follow a structured framework linked to specific security standards and the procedural practices that the security team employs in supporting associated activities. Our information security team works closely with our managed security service provider to triage identified anomalies and alerts that are raised as risks and work across the Company to validate the risk and act as deemed appropriate. The global security operations center (“SOC”) within the CISO’s organization is responsible for incident management including identification, assessment of initial threat, notification of key stakeholders, containment, remediation, and recovery. We have a cross-functional team prepared to respond in a timely manner to the incident and assess our obligations when incidents occur.

We use technical safeguards to protect our systems from cybersecurity threats, including firewalls and access controls. As part of our risk management practice, and given the rapidly changing regulatory landscape, we focus on making relevant privacy and cybersecurity training available to all employees, this includes mandatory training for all users on privacy and security best practices, as well as awareness training tied to our phishing campaigns. Topics included in our yearly training include best practices in password hygiene, phishing awareness, data privacy, and other focus areas. We periodically test our policies and practices to guard against cybersecurity threats and engage in audits, threat modeling, vulnerability testing, and table top exercises.

We have an established practice to oversee and manage third-party service providers in order to protect our interests related to cybersecurity threats. The Contract and Procurement Security Services (“CPSS”) process has several key requirements of third-party vendors who manage or control our electronic information resources to ensure they protect our interests in cybersecurity, including: adherence to cybersecurity best practices, such as the NIST Cybersecurity Framework; completion of a security assessment questionnaire prior to any contract execution; and through application of our GRC (Governance, Risk, and Compliance) Tool, which triggers automatic annual security reviews of vendors. The security compliance team within the CISO’s organization actively reviews and assesses third-party responses and takes appropriate actions based on such responses.

The Board and the committees of the Board oversee our risk profile and exposures relating to matters within the scope of their authority. Among other matters, the Audit Committee is charged with oversight of Resideo’s risks relating to enterprise-wide cybersecurity, including review of the state of our cybersecurity policies and programs and steps

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management has taken to monitor and control such exposures. Cybersecurity review with the CISO is a regular standing calendar item of the Audit Committee in connection with its overall ERM program oversight. In addition, our Audit Committee provides oversight of our product technology and software cybersecurity program. The Audit Committee, together with the CISO, provide the full Board with visibility into the risks that impact us and the plans to mitigate them. The CISO's reports to the committees and the Board include insights on operations, business cyber risks, emerging threats and key strategic initiatives driving improved security capabilities, and special topics around what we are doing to strengthen Resideo's security posture.

Item 2. Properties.

Our corporate headquarters is located in Scottsdale, Arizona. The following table shows the types of sites owned or leased by business segment:

	Products and Solutions	ADI Global Distribution	Corporate	Total
Manufacturing	15	—	—	15
Distribution centers	4	21	—	25
Branches	—	198	—	198
Other	36	26	3	65
Totals	55	245	3	303

Other sites owned or leased include offices, engineering, lab, and storage sites used by one or more of the business segments.

The following table shows the regional distribution of these sites:

	Americas	Asia Pacific	EMEA
Sites	215	11	77

With respect to our Products and Solutions segment, we operate six manufacturing facilities in Mexico and rely on third-party manufacturing partners with manufacturing capabilities in Mexico.

In addition to the above sites, we partner with third-party logistics that operate warehousing and transportation sites for some of our ADI Global Distribution products.

The majority of our sites are leased rather than owned. We believe our properties are adequate and suitable for our business as presently conducted and are adequately maintained.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

We are subject to various lawsuits, investigations, and disputes arising out of the conduct of our business, including matters relating to commercial transactions, government contracts, product liability, prior acquisitions and divestitures, employee matters, intellectual property, trade and tax compliance, compliance with laws and environmental, health, and safety matters. We recognize a liability for any contingency that is probable of occurrence and reasonably estimable. We continually assess the likelihood of adverse judgments of outcomes in these matters, as well as potential ranges of possible losses (taking into consideration any insurance recoveries), based on a careful analysis of each matter with the assistance of outside legal counsel and, if applicable, other experts. We do not currently believe that such matters are material to our results of operations. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

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PART II.

Item 5. Market for Registrant’s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol “REZI.” On February 17, 2026, there were 30,288 holders of record of our common stock and the closing price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange was \$36.42 per share. As of February 17, 2026, approximately 151 million shares of our common stock and 0.5 million shares of our Preferred Stock were outstanding.

Dividends

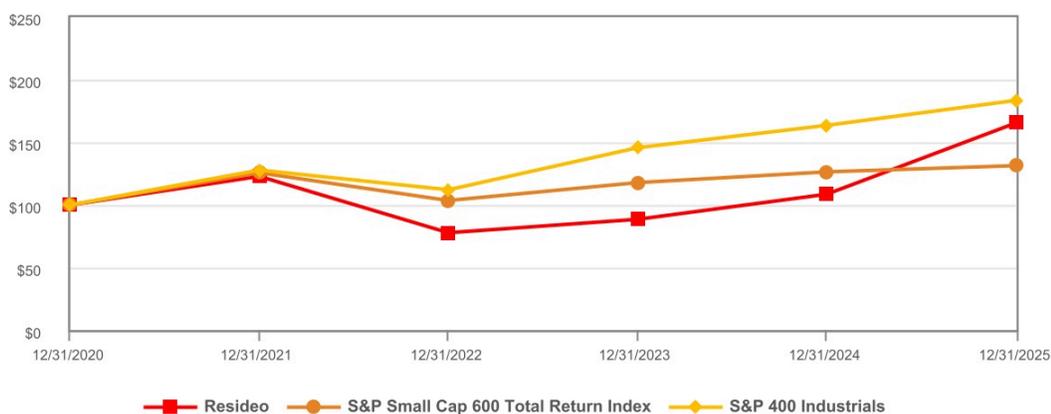
We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we currently do not intend to pay cash dividends on our common stock. However, we are required to make preferred dividend payments under the terms of our Preferred Stock in cash or in-kind. We currently expect to retain any future earnings to fund the operation and expansion of our business, pay back debt obligations, or to repurchase our common stock. The Board’s decision regarding any future payment of common stock dividends will depend on the consideration of many factors, including our financial condition, earnings, sufficiency of distributable reserves, opportunities to retain future earnings for use in the operation of our business and to fund future growth, capital requirements, debt service obligations, obligations under the Tax Matters Agreement, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, and other factors that the Board deems relevant. Additionally, the terms of the indebtedness, including obligations owed to Honeywell under the Tax Matters Agreement, Trademark License, and Patent Cross-License Agreements, may limit our ability to pay cash dividends. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

During the three months ended December 31, 2025, we did not make any common share repurchases. As of December 31, 2025, we had approximately \$108 million of authorized repurchases remaining under our share repurchase program.

Stock Performance

The following graph shows a comparison through December 31, 2025 of the cumulative total returns for (i) our common stock, (ii) the S&P Small Cap 600 Index, and (iii) the S&P 400 Industrials assuming an initial investment of \$100 in the stock or the index on December 31, 2020 and reinvestment of all dividends. This graph covers the period from December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2025. The returns in the graph are not intended to forecast or be indicative of possible future performance of our common stock.



Item 6. [RESERVED]

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Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.
(In millions, except per share amounts)

The following Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is intended to help readers understand the results of our operations and financial condition for the three years ended December 31, 2025, and should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

Current Period Highlights

- Net revenue of \$7.47 billion in 2025, up 10.5% from \$6.76 billion in 2024
- Gross profit margin of 29.4%, compared to 28.1% in the prior year comparable period
- Income from operations of \$607 million, or 8.1% of revenue, compared to \$520 million, or 7.7% of revenue in 2024
- Fully diluted earnings (loss) per common share of \$(3.77), compared to \$0.61 per common share in the same period last year

Overview and Business Trends

We are a global manufacturer, developer, and distributor of technology-driven sensing and controls products and solutions that help homeowners and businesses stay connected and in control of their comfort, security, energy use, and smart living. We are a leading player in key product markets including home heating, ventilation, and air conditioning controls; smoke and carbon monoxide detection home safety and fire suppression; and security. Our global footprint serves residential and commercial end-markets. Our solutions and services can be found in over 150 million residential and commercial spaces globally, with tens of millions of new devices sold annually.

We manage our business operations through two business segments, Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution.

Our Products and Solutions segment offerings include temperature and humidity control, water and air solutions, smoke and carbon monoxide detection home safety products, residential and small business security products, video cameras, other home-related lifestyle convenience solutions, cloud infrastructure, installation and maintenance tools, and related software. We also sell components to manufacturers of water heaters, heat pumps, and boilers. Our products and solutions for comfort, energy management, safety, and security benefit from trusted, well-established branded offerings such as Braukmann, BRK, First Alert, Honeywell Home, Resideo, and others.

Our ADI Global Distribution segment is a leading, global specialty distributor of professionally installed low-voltage products, including security and AV solutions, serving commercial and residential markets through an omnichannel go-to-market platform. ADI Global Distribution sells primarily to licensed professional installers, dealers, and integrators. We offer an expansive list of products from leading suppliers across key specialty low-voltage categories. ADI complements our third-party supplier products with a suite of exclusive brands and services offerings.

Our financial performance is influenced by macroeconomic factors underlying end user demand such as repair and remodeling activity, residential and commercial construction, new and existing home sales, employment rates, interest rates and bank lending standards, and supply chain dynamics that can be influenced by geopolitics. The ongoing uncertainty and volatility in the global macroeconomic and political environments have affected, and could continue to affect, our visibility toward future performance. Uncertainties remain, including the global tariff environment, geopolitical relations between and among the U.S. and other countries, potential for changes in inflation and interest rates, increased labor costs, reduced consumer spending due to softening labor markets, elevated mortgage rates, shifts in energy policies, and potential market and other disruption from any of the above.

Outlook

For 2026, we anticipate executing our business operations against a highly dynamic global macroeconomic environment. The vast majority of costs associated with the building products that the Products and Solutions segment sells in the U.S. are incurred in Mexico. Most Products and Solutions products manufactured in Mexico, along with a significant portion of the ADI Global Distribution segment products sourced in Mexico, are currently exempt from tariffs under the USMCA or specific commodity exceptions. Tariff impacts related to imported products that are not subject to the USMCA or another exception may be impacted by the new tariff surcharge of at least 10%. We will continue to take actions to address the cost

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impact of any tariffs that affect our business; however, rising prices and other macroeconomics factors may lead to lower purchase levels by our customers. We are monitoring these dynamics closely and will adjust our business operations as appropriate. Also, we anticipate slow growth in the U.S. residential housing market and a moderation of growth in the non-residential construction market. Based on the aforementioned, our 2026 revenue outlook is growth in the mid-single-digits range year-over-year.

Basis of Presentation and Reclassifications

Refer to *Note 1. Nature of Operations and Basis of Presentation* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

This section of the Form 10-K discusses fiscal 2025 and fiscal 2024 items and year-over-year comparisons of these periods. Discussions of fiscal 2023 items and year-over-year comparisons between fiscal 2024 and fiscal 2023 that are not included in this Form 10-K can be found in “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*” in Part II, Item 7 in our 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 20, 2025.

The following table represents results of operations on a consolidated basis for the periods indicated:

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(in millions, except per share data and percentages)	Years Ended December 31,			
	2025	2024	\$ change	% change
Net revenue	\$ 7,472	\$ 6,761	\$ 711	10.5 %
Cost of goods sold	5,276	4,860	416	8.6 %
Gross profit	2,196	1,901	295	15.5 %
<i>Gross Profit %</i>	29.4 %	28.1 %		130 bps
Operating expenses:				
Research and development expenses	167	111	56	50.5 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,266	1,138	128	11.2 %
Intangible asset amortization	122	80	42	52.5 %
Restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs	16	52	(36)	(69.2)%
Business separation costs	18	—	18	NA
Total operating expenses	1,589	1,381	208	15.1 %
Income from operations	607	520	87	16.7 %
Indemnification Agreement expense ⁽¹⁾	972	211	761	360.7 %
Other expense (income), net	(43)	7	(50)	(714.3)%
Interest expense, net	135	81	54	66.7 %
Net income (loss) before taxes	(457)	221	(678)	(306.8)%
Provision for income taxes	70	105	(35)	(33.3)%
Net income (loss)	(527)	116	(643)	(554.3)%
Less: preferred stock dividends	35	19	16	84.2 %
Less: undistributed income allocated to preferred stockholders	—	6	(6)	(100.0)%
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (562)	\$ 91	\$ (653)	(717.6)%
Earnings (loss) per common share				
Basic	\$ (3.77)	\$ 0.62	\$ (4.39)	(708.1)%
Diluted	\$ (3.77)	\$ 0.61	\$ (4.38)	(718.0)%
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	149	146		
Diluted	149	149		

⁽¹⁾ In connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, we entered into an indemnification and reimbursement agreement, pursuant to which we had an obligation to make cash payments associated with Honeywell's environmental liabilities (the "Indemnification Agreement") which was terminated in August 2025.

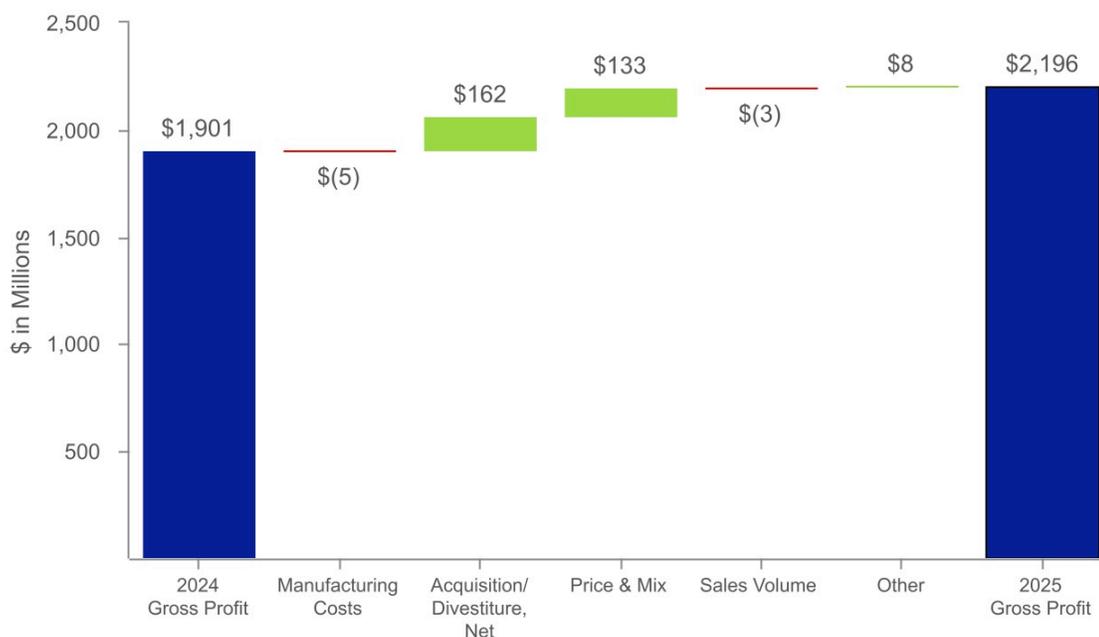
Net Revenue

Net revenue for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$7,472 million, an increase of \$711 million, or 10.5%, compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily due to \$446 million of revenue from the acquisition of Snap One, \$193 million from favorable price and mix, \$47 million from higher sales volume, and \$32 million from favorable foreign currency exchange rates.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

Gross Profit

The chart below presents the drivers of the gross profit variance from the years ended December 31, 2024 to December 31, 2025.



Gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$2,196 million, an increase of \$295 million, or 15.5%, compared to the same period in 2024, as shown in the above waterfall.

Gross margin rate for the year ended December 31, 2025 was 29.4%, an increase of 130 basis points (“bps”) from the prior year. The increase was primarily driven by favorable price and mix shift of 100 bps, and favorable impacts from the acquisition of Snap One of 50 bps. The increase was partially offset by lower margins on sales volumes of 20 bps.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses for the year ended December 31, 2025 were \$167 million, an increase of \$56 million, or 51% compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily driven by \$34 million from Products and Solutions related to incremental headcount and third-party services to develop and introduce new products into the market, and \$22 million from ADI Global Distribution primarily as a result of the acquisition of Snap One.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2025, were \$1,266 million, an increase of \$128 million, or 11.2%, compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was driven by \$78 million of higher operating costs versus prior year associated with the acquisition and integration of Snap One, \$44 million of incremental operating costs including payroll and benefits, rent, and third-party spend, and \$6 million of unfavorable foreign currency impacts.

Intangible Asset Amortization

Intangible asset amortization for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$122 million, an increase of \$42 million, or 53% compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily due to amortization expense of \$36 million associated with the new intangible assets acquired in the Snap One acquisition, and \$6 million higher amortization primarily related to an increase in capitalized software development.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.***Restructuring, Impairment and Extinguishment Costs***

Restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs for the year ended December 31, 2025 were \$16 million, a decrease of \$36 million, or 69% compared to the same period in 2024. The decrease was due to \$26 million of lower restructuring costs in 2025 due to fewer restructuring actions, \$6 million of lower impairment expenses associated with certain equity investments in the prior year, and \$4 million of lower debt extinguishment and modification costs.

Business Separation Costs

Business separation costs for the year ended December 31, 2025 were \$18 million. These expenditures are one-time in nature and included third-party advisory, consulting, legal, and other incremental separation-related costs incurred in connection with the announced ADI Spin-Off.

Indemnification Agreement Expense

Indemnification Agreement expense for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$972 million, an increase of \$761 million compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was driven by additional expense incurred in connection with the termination of the Indemnification Agreement with Honeywell.

Other expense (income), net

Other income, net for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$43 million, a change of \$50 million compared to other expenses, net of \$7 million in the same period in 2024. The change was primarily driven by a \$52 million gain on sale recorded in 2025 in connection with the sale of the Resideo Grid Services business by the Products and Solutions segment, and \$11 million from amortization of actuarial gains related to the non-U.S. pension plans, which was partially offset by \$17 million of foreign currency impacts.

Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$135 million, an increase of \$54 million, or 67% compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily due to an approximately \$1.2 billion increase in outstanding debt resulting in \$34 million of higher interest expense, a decrease of \$14 million in interest rate derivative related receipts due to interest rate fluctuations and a lower aggregate notional amount of interest rate swaps due to maturities, and lower interest income of \$5 million as a result of lower interest rates and lower cash balances.

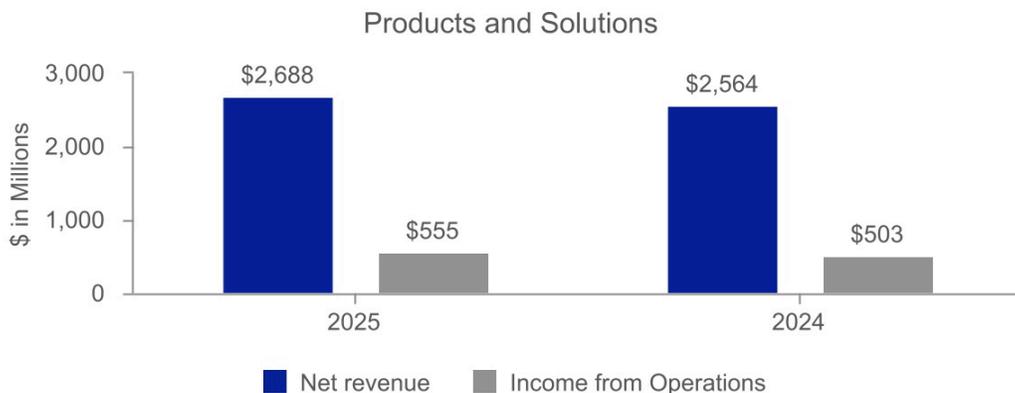
Tax Expense

Income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$70 million, a decrease of \$35 million or 33% compared to the same period in 2024. The decrease was primarily driven by a decrease in income before taxes and an increase in the non-deductible Indemnification Agreement expense, offset by an increase in deductible interest expense.

The effective income tax rate decreased from 47.5% to (15.3)%, compared to the same period in 2024, primarily driven by the mix of earnings across the jurisdictions in which we operate, decreased income before taxes with relatively fixed non-deductible expenses, a large increase in the non-deductible Indemnification Agreement expense offset by an increase in deductible interest expense and U.S. taxation of foreign earnings.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.**Segment Results of Operations***Products and Solutions*

The chart below presents net revenue and income from operations for the years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

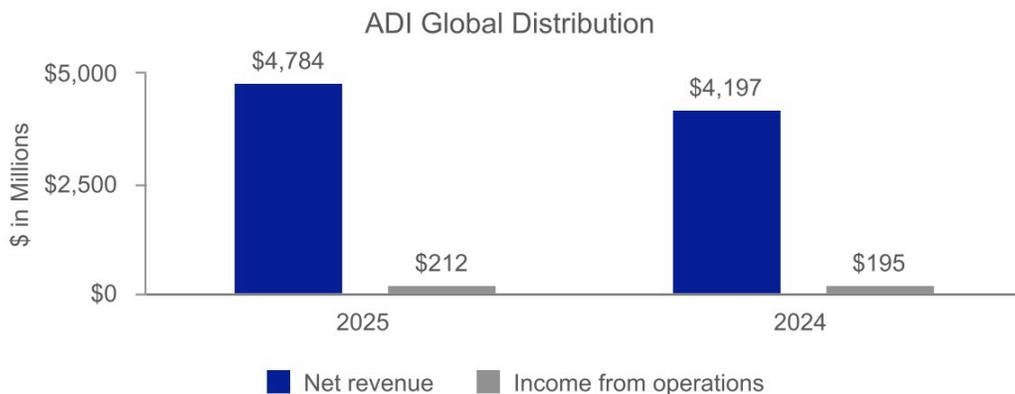


Products and Solutions net revenue for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$2,688 million, an increase of \$124 million, or 4.8%, compared to the same period in 2024. The increase is primarily due to an \$129 million favorable impact from price and mix, and \$14 million from favorable foreign currency exchange rates. The increase was partially offset by \$19 million from lower sales volumes.

Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$555 million, an increase of \$52 million, or 10.3%, compared to the same period in 2024. The increase is primarily due to favorable price and mix shift of \$72 million, \$11 million reduction in engineering costs within cost of goods sold, lower restructuring costs of \$9 million, and lower manufacturing costs of \$4 million. The increase was partially offset by \$34 million of incremental research and development expenses, reflecting a strategic reallocation of engineering resources to support new product development, and lower sales volumes of \$13 million.

ADI Global Distribution

The chart below presents net revenue and income from operations for the years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.



ADI Global Distribution net revenue for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$4,784 million, an increase of \$587 million, or 14.0%, compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily driven by \$446 million of

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

revenue from the acquisition of Snap One, \$66 million from higher sales volumes, \$64 million from favorable price and mix shift, and \$18 million from favorable foreign currency exchange rates.

Income from operations for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$212 million, an increase of \$17 million, or 8.7%, compared to the same period in 2024. The increase was primarily driven by \$162 million in additional gross profit from the acquisition of Snap One, \$61 million from net favorable price and mix shift, \$11 million lower restructuring expense, and \$10 million from higher sales volumes. This increase was partially offset by an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses of \$146 million including payroll and benefits, rent, bad debt, and third-party spend. Additionally, amortization increased by \$40 million primarily due to intangibles acquired as part of the Snap One acquisition, research and development costs increased by \$22 million, freight and duties increased by \$10 million primarily due to the one-time impacts from our system implementation, and we had \$10 million in unfavorable impacts due to foreign currency exchange rates and other miscellaneous items.

Corporate

Corporate costs for the year ended December 31, 2025 were \$160 million, a decrease of \$18 million, or 10.1% compared to the same period in 2024. The decrease was primarily driven by \$33 million of Snap One acquisition and integration costs incurred in the prior year, and lower restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs of \$16 million. The decrease was partially offset by \$18 million of business separation costs related to the announced ADI Spin-Off and incremental operating costs of \$11 million including payroll and benefits and third-party spend.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2025, total cash and cash equivalents were \$661 million, of which 33% were held by foreign subsidiaries. Our liquidity is primarily dependent on our ability to continue to generate positive cash flows from operations, supplemented by external sources of capital as needed. Additional liquidity may also be provided through access to the capital markets and our senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$500 million (the "A&R Revolving Credit Facility").

In August 2025, we made a pre-tax, one-time cash payment of \$1,590 million to Honeywell to terminate the Indemnification Agreement. This was partially financed in the amount of \$1,225 million in incremental term loans under our credit agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. as administrative agent (the "A&R Credit Agreement"), which mature in August 2032. The remainder of the payment to Honeywell was financed with our existing cash. Refer to *Note 11. Long-Term Debt* and *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Liquidity

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including acquisition or strategic transactions we may enter into such as the announced future ADI Spin-Off, the rate of sales growth, market acceptance of our products, the timing and extent of research and development projects, potential acquisitions of companies or technologies, and the expansion of our sales and marketing activities. While we may elect to seek additional funding at any time, we believe our existing cash, cash equivalents, and availability under our credit facilities are sufficient to meet our capital requirements for the foreseeable future.

We may from time to time take steps to reduce our debt or otherwise improve our financial position. These actions could include prepayments, open market debt repurchases, negotiated repurchases, other redemptions or retirements of outstanding debt, opportunistic refinancing of debt, raising additional capital, or divesting certain assets. The amount of prepayments or the amount of debt that may be refinanced, repurchased, or otherwise retired, if any, will depend on market conditions, trading levels of our debt, our cash position, compliance with debt covenants, and other considerations.

A&R Credit Agreement and Senior Notes

As of December 31, 2025, we had \$3,231 million of total debt, including \$2,331 million outstanding under our A&R Credit Agreement, \$300 million 4.000% Senior Notes due 2029, and \$600 million 6.500% Senior Notes due 2032. We have \$18 million in outstanding debt due in the next twelve months and \$46 million of unamortized deferred financing costs. The Senior Notes due 2029 and Senior Notes due 2032 are senior unsecured obligations of Resideo guaranteed by Resideo's existing and future domestic subsidiaries and rank equally with all of Resideo's senior unsecured debt.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

We have also entered into certain interest rate swap agreements based on the term secured overnight financing rate (“Term SOFR”). These interest rate swap agreements effectively convert a portion of our variable-rate debt to fixed-rate debt. Additionally, we assumed an interest rate cap in 2024 which effectively capped the interest on a portion of our variable-rate debt with a notional amount of \$342 million and a strike rate of 4.79% (the “Interest Rate Cap”). Pursuant to the terms of the Interest Rate Cap, we paid a premium of \$7 million at the maturity date of December 31, 2025; therefore, the instrument was fully settled and is no longer outstanding.

In August 2025, we issued \$1,225 million of incremental terms loans which mature in August 2032, the net proceeds of which were used primarily to fund the termination of the Indemnification Agreement. As a result of the August 2025 amendment, the A&R Term B Facility bears interest at a rate per annum based on Term SOFR plus an interest rate margin of 2.00% per annum.

As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all covenants related to the A&R Credit Agreement, Senior Notes due 2029, and Senior Notes due 2032.

Refer to *Note 11. Long-Term Debt* and *Note 12. Derivative Financial Instruments* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of our debt obligations and the timing of future principal and interest payments, including impacts from our interest rate derivatives.

Common Share Repurchase Program

In August 2023, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for the repurchase of up to \$150 million of our common stock over an unlimited time period. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2025, there were no common stock repurchases. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, we repurchased approximately 75 thousand shares of common stock in the open market at a total cost of \$1 million. As of December 31, 2025, we had approximately \$108 million of authorized repurchases remaining under the share repurchase program.

Cash Flow Summary for the Years Ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Our cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, as reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements are summarized as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	\$ change
Cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities	\$ (1,137)	\$ 444	\$ (1,581)
Investing activities	(39)	(1,409)	1,370
Financing activities	1,128	1,031	97
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	17	(10)	27
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (31)	\$ 56	\$ (87)

2025 compared with 2024

Net cash used for operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$1,137 million, a decrease in cash from operating activities of \$1,581 million. This change was primarily driven by a net loss of \$527 million in 2025 compared to net income of \$116 million in the prior year, a \$583 million use of cash in 2025 versus a \$71 million source of cash in the prior year associated with long-term obligations payable under the Indemnification Agreement. The decrease was also driven by an \$111 million greater use of cash in accrued liabilities associated primarily with a reduction in short-term obligations payable under the Indemnification Agreement and \$97 million lower cash provided by accounts payable.

Net cash used for investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$39 million, a decrease of \$1,370 million, or 97.2%, as compared to 2024. The decrease was primarily driven by the prior year acquisition of Snap One for \$1,337

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million and \$77 million received in 2025 in connection with the sale of the Resideo Grid Services business, partially offset by an increase in capital expenditures of \$36 million in 2025.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$1,128 million, an increase of \$97 million, or 9.4% as compared to 2024. This increase was primarily driven by a \$596 million reduction in long term debt repayments offset by prior year proceeds of \$482 million related to the issuance of Preferred Stock and an increase in Preferred Stock dividend payments of \$23 million in 2025.

Contractual Obligations and Probable Liability Payments

In addition to our long-term debt discussed above, our material cash requirements include the following contractual obligations.

Indemnification Agreement Payments

In connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, we entered into the Indemnification Agreement with Honeywell. On July 30, 2025, we entered into the Termination Agreement with Honeywell to terminate the Indemnification Agreement. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Termination Agreement, we made a pre-tax, one-time cash payment of \$1,590 million to Honeywell in August 2025 using proceeds from the incremental term loans issued under the A&R Credit Agreement, together with a portion of our cash on hand. We are no longer required to make any further payments to Honeywell under the Indemnification Agreement and the associated affirmative and negative covenants no longer apply. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2025, we paid Honeywell \$1,695 million under the Indemnification Agreement, which includes the impact of the Termination Agreement. For further discussion on the Indemnification Agreement refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Environmental Liability

We make environmental liability payments for sites which we own and are directly responsible for. As of December 31, 2025, \$22 million was deemed probable and reasonably estimable.

Operating Leases

We have operating lease arrangements for the majority of our manufacturing sites, offices, engineering, lab, and storage sites, stocking locations, warehouses, automobiles, and certain equipment. As of December 31, 2025, we had operating lease payment obligations of \$346 million, with \$57 million payable within 12 months.

Purchase Obligations

We enter into purchase obligations with various vendors in the normal course of business. As of December 31, 2025, we had purchase obligations of \$178 million, with \$130 million payable within 12 months.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not engage in any off-balance sheet financial arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, net revenue or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Estimates

Our Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and pursuant to SEC regulations and is based, in part, on the application of significant accounting policies, many of which require us to make estimates and assumptions. Application of the critical accounting estimates discussed below requires management's significant judgments and involves a significant level of estimation uncertainty and have had or are reasonably likely to have a material impact on our financial condition and results of operations. We review our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis and reflect changes as appropriate when additional information becomes available. We base our estimates and assumptions on extensive historical experience and/or other pertinent factors we believe are applicable and reasonable under the circumstances, such as forecasts of future performance, which serve as the foundation for determining how to

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

recognize and measure assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. We consider the below critical areas in the application of our accounting policies and estimates that involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty, complex judgment, subjectivity, and have had or are reasonably likely to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations and are critical to the understanding of our Consolidated Financial Statements. Actual results could differ from our estimates and assumptions. Refer to *Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

We review the carrying values of goodwill and identifiable intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable and annually, on the first day of the fourth quarter. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, we record a goodwill impairment loss as the amount by which the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. Refer to *Note 9. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, net* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Revenue

Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration expected to be received in exchange for our products. Allowances for cash discounts, volume rebates, and other customer incentive programs, as well as gross customer returns, among others, are recorded as a reduction of sales at the time of sale based upon the estimated future outcome. Cash discounts, volume rebates and other customer incentive programs are based upon certain percentages agreed upon with various customers, which are typically earned by the customer over an annual period.

Revenue is adjusted for variable consideration, which includes customer volume rebates and prompt payment discounts. We measure variable consideration by estimating expected outcomes using analysis and inputs based upon anticipated performance, historical data, and current and forecasted information. Customer returns are recorded as a reduction to sales on an actual basis throughout the year and also include an estimate at the end of each reporting period for future customer returns related to sales recorded prior to the end of the period. We generally estimate customer returns based upon the time lag that historically occurs between the sale date and the return date, while also factoring in any new business conditions that might impact the historical analysis such as new product introduction. Measurement of variable consideration is reviewed by management periodically and revenue is adjusted accordingly. We do not have significant financing components. Refer to *Note 5. Revenue Recognition* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Income Taxes

Significant judgment is required in evaluating tax positions. We establish additional reserves for income taxes when, despite the belief that tax positions are fully supportable, there remain certain positions that do not meet the minimum recognition threshold. The approach for evaluating certain and uncertain tax positions is defined by the authoritative guidance which determines when a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority. In the normal course of business, we are examined by various federal, state, and foreign tax authorities. We regularly assess the potential outcomes of these examinations and any future examinations for the current or prior years in determining the adequacy of our provision for income taxes. We continually assess the likelihood and amount of potential adjustments and adjust the income tax provision, the current tax liability, and deferred taxes in the period in which the facts that give rise to a change in estimate become known. Refer to *Note 17. Income Taxes* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other Matters

Litigation, Environmental Matters and the Indemnification Agreement

Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to *Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.**Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements**

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates, assumptions, and projections about our industries and our business and financial results. Forward-looking statements often include words such as “anticipates,” “estimates,” “expects,” “projects,” “forecasts,” “intends,” “plans,” “continues,” “believes,” “may,” “will,” “goals,” and words and terms of similar substance in connection with discussions of future operating or financial performance. This Annual Report includes industry and market data that we obtained from various third-party sources, including forecasts based upon such data; as with any projection or forecast, forward-looking statements are inherently susceptible to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. Our actual results may vary materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements. Accordingly, undue reliance should not be placed on any forward-looking statement made by us or on our behalf. Although we believe that the forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report are based on reasonable assumptions, you should be aware that many factors could affect our actual financial results or results of operations and could cause actual results to differ materially from those in such forward-looking statements, including but not limited to:

- our ability to spin-off the ADI Global Distribution business, including the timeframe and process for the same and unexpected consequences of the spin-off, including loss of customers;
- competition from other companies in our markets and segments, as well as in new markets and emerging markets;
- the potential adverse impacts of tariffs, import/export restrictions, or other trade barriers on global economic conditions, financial markets and our business;
- our ability to obtain additional future capital on favorable terms or at all;
- our ability to identify consumer preferences and industry standards, develop, and protect intellectual property related thereto, and successfully market new technologies, products, and services to consumers;
- our reliance on independent integrators to sell and install our solutions;
- our reliance on certain suppliers;
- the impact of disruptions in our supply chain from third-party suppliers and manufacturers, including our inability to obtain necessary raw materials and product components, production equipment, or replacement parts;
- inability to consummate acquisitions on satisfactory terms or to integrate such acquisitions effectively;
- the impact of earthquakes, hurricanes, fires, power outages, floods, pandemics, epidemics, natural disasters, and other catastrophic events or other public health emergencies;
- the impact of potentially volatile global market, geo-political and economic conditions and industry, and end market cyclicality, including factors such as interest rates, inflation, energy costs, availability of financing, consumer spending habits, and preferences, housing market changes, and employment rates;
- failure to achieve and maintain a high level of product and service quality, including the impact of warranty claims, product recalls, and product liability actions that may be brought against us;
- our ability to retain or expand relationships with significant customers;
- the significant failure or inability to comply with specifications and manufacturing requirements or delays or other problems with existing or new products or inability to meet price requirements;
- inability to successfully execute restructuring or transformation programs or to effectively manage our workforce;
- the failure to increase productivity through sustainable operational improvements;
- the failure to acquire, implement, maintain and upgrade business technology infrastructure systems;
- economic, political, regulatory, foreign exchange, and other risks of international operations;
- our dependence upon information technology infrastructure and network operations having adequate cyber-security functionality;
- risks associated with our relationships with Honeywell, including our reliance on Honeywell for the Honeywell Home trademark;
- regulations and societal actions to respond to global climate change;
- failure to comply with the broad range of current and future standards, laws, and regulations in the jurisdictions in which we operate;
- the impact of potential material litigation matters, government proceedings, and other contingencies and uncertainties;
- our ability to borrow funds and access capital markets in light of the terms of our debt documents or otherwise;
- provisions in our governing documents discouraging takeovers;
- our ability to recruit and retain qualified personnel;
- uncertainty in the development, deployment, and the use of artificial intelligence in our products and services, as well as our business interests more broadly;

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- currency exchange rate, stock price, and effective tax rate fluctuations;
- the CD&R Stockholder's interest in and influence over us that may diverge from, or even conflict with, interests of the holders of our common stock, and the reduction in the relative voting power of holders of our common stock resulting from the issuance of preferred stock;
- our ability to maintain effective internal controls, and deliver timely financial statements;
- impairment of goodwill, other intangible assets, and long-lived assets;
- being required to make significant cash contributions to our defined benefit pension plans;
- compatibility and ease of integration of our products and solutions with third-party products and services and our ability to control such third-party integrations;
- other risks detailed under the caption "Risk Factors" in this Annual Report, in Part I, *Item 1A. Risk Factors*; and
- certain factors discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

These risks could cause actual results to differ materially from those implied by forward-looking statements in this Annual Report. Even if our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the industries in which we operate are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report, those results or developments may not be indicative of results or developments in subsequent periods.

Any forward-looking statements made by us in this Form 10-K speak only as of the date on which they are made. We are under no obligation to and expressly disclaim any obligation to, update or alter our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, subsequent events or otherwise.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risk from foreign currency exchange rates, commodity price risk, and interest rates, which could affect operating results, financial position, and cash flows. We manage our exposure to these market risks through our regular operating and financing activities and, when appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments.

Interest Rate Risk

In March 2021, we entered into eight interest rate swap agreements ("Swap Agreements") with several financial institutions for a combined notional value of \$560 million. As of December 31, 2025, the remaining Swap Agreements, with a notional value of \$280 million, effectively convert a portion of our \$2,331 million long-term variable rate A&R Term B Facility to fixed-rate debt. Specifically, the Swap Agreements effectively convert a portion of our variable interest rate obligations to a rate based on Term SOFR with a minimum rate of 0.39% per annum to a base fixed weighted average rate of 1.57% over the remaining terms. Additionally, our Interest Rate Cap notional value, which matured on December 31, 2025, was \$342 million with a strike rate of 4.79% which effectively capped SOFR on the notional amount at that rate. Pursuant to the terms of the Interest Rate Cap, we paid a premium of \$7 million at the maturity date of December 31, 2025; therefore, the instrument was fully settled and is no longer outstanding.

As of December 31, 2025, an increase in interest rates by 100 bps would have an approximately \$22 million impact on our annual interest expense.

For more information on the Swap Agreements and Interest Rate Cap, refer to *Note 12. Derivative Financial Instruments* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We are exposed to market risks from changes in currency exchange rates. While we primarily transact with customers and suppliers in the U.S. dollar, we also transact in foreign currencies, primarily including the British Pound, Mexican Peso, Euro, Canadian Dollar, Indian Rupee, and Czech Koruna. These exposures may impact total assets, liabilities, future earnings and/or operating cash flows. Our exposure to market risk for changes in foreign currency exchange rates emerges from transactions arising from international trade, foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, and international financing activities between subsidiaries. We rely primarily on natural offsets to address our exposures and may supplement this approach from time to time by entering into forward and option hedging contracts. As of December 31, 2025, we have no outstanding foreign currency hedging arrangements.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

Commodity Price Risk

We are exposed to price risk for commodities used in manufacturing including steel, aluminum, copper, brass, gold, silver, nickel, as well as other critical components such as semiconductors, memory cells, connectors, and printed circuit boards. Current macroeconomic and geopolitical factors, including commodity-based tariffs and export restrictions on critical materials such as rare earth minerals, may increase the risk of price volatility. We attempt to pass through significant changes in component and raw material costs to our customers based on the contractual terms of our arrangements. In limited situations, we may not be fully compensated for such changes in costs.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

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Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in millions, except par value)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 661	\$ 692
Accounts receivable, net	1,073	1,023
Inventories, net	1,354	1,237
Other current assets	270	220
Total current assets	3,358	3,172
Property, plant and equipment, net	447	410
Goodwill	3,100	3,072
Intangible assets, net	1,091	1,176
Other assets	437	369
Total assets	\$ 8,433	\$ 8,199
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,131	\$ 1,073
Accrued liabilities	624	717
Total current liabilities	1,755	1,790
Long-term debt	3,167	1,983
Non-current obligations payable under the Indemnification Agreement	—	583
Other liabilities	594	534
Total liabilities	5,516	4,890
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 15)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 100 shares authorized, 0.5 shares issued and outstanding, and \$500 liquidation preference at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024	482	482
Common stock, \$0.001 par value: 700 shares authorized, 158 and 150 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2025, respectively, and 154 and 147 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024, respectively	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	2,391	2,315
Retained earnings	345	907
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(157)	(284)
Treasury stock at cost	(144)	(111)
Total stockholders' equity	2,917	3,309
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 8,433	\$ 8,199

Refer to accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations

(in millions, except per share data)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Net revenue	\$ 7,472	\$ 6,761	\$ 6,242
Cost of goods sold	5,276	4,860	4,546
Gross profit	2,196	1,901	1,696
Operating expenses:			
Research and development expenses	167	111	109
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,266	1,138	960
Intangible asset amortization	122	80	38
Restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs	16	52	42
Business separation costs	18	—	—
Total operating expenses	1,589	1,381	1,149
Income from operations	607	520	547
Indemnification Agreement expense	972	211	178
Other expense (income), net	(43)	7	(9)
Interest expense, net	135	81	65
Net income (loss) before taxes	(457)	221	313
Provision for income taxes	70	105	103
Net income (loss)	(527)	116	210
Less: preferred stock dividends	35	19	—
Less: undistributed income allocated to preferred stockholders	—	6	—
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (562)	\$ 91	\$ 210
Earnings (loss) per common share:			
Basic	\$ (3.77)	\$ 0.62	\$ 1.43
Diluted	\$ (3.77)	\$ 0.61	\$ 1.42
Weighted average common shares outstanding:			
Basic	149	146	147
Diluted	149	149	148

Refer to accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Comprehensive income (loss):			
Net income (loss)	\$ (527)	\$ 116	\$ 210
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Foreign exchange translation gain (loss)	132	(88)	47
Pension liability adjustments	3	15	(12)
Changes in fair value of effective cash flow hedges	(8)	(17)	(17)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	127	(90)	18
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (400)	\$ 26	\$ 228

Refer to accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ (527)	\$ 116	\$ 210
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	195	144	98
Restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs	16	52	42
Stock-based compensation expense	57	59	44
Other, net	(36)	(24)	(42)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquired companies:			
Accounts receivable, net	(29)	(18)	19
Inventories, net	(92)	(71)	32
Other current assets	(54)	(5)	6
Accounts payable	30	127	18
Accrued liabilities	(107)	4	(34)
Non-current obligations payable under the Indemnification Agreement	(583)	71	38
Other, net	(7)	(11)	9
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,137)	444	440
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	—	(1,337)	(16)
Capital expenditures	(116)	(80)	(105)
Proceeds from sale of business	77	—	86
Other investing activities, net	—	8	(9)
Net cash used in investing activities	(39)	(1,409)	(44)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net	1,198	1,176	—
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock, net of issuance costs	—	482	—
Preferred stock dividend payments	(35)	(12)	—
Acquisition of treasury stock to cover stock award tax withholding	(29)	(17)	(17)
Repayments of long-term debt	(9)	(605)	(12)
Common stock repurchases	—	(1)	(41)
Other financing activities, net	3	8	6
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,128	1,031	(64)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	17	(10)	(24)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(31)	56	308
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	693	637	329
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 662	\$ 693	\$ 637

Refer to accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock				Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Treasury Stock		Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings		Shares	Amount	
(in millions, except shares in thousands)										
January 1, 2023	—	\$ —	146,222	\$ —	\$ 2,176	\$ 600	\$ (212)	2,050	\$ (35)	\$ 2,529
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	210	—	—	—	210
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	18
Common stock issuance, net of shares withheld for taxes	—	—	1,726	—	6	—	—	927	(17)	(11)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	44	—	—	—	—	44
Common stock repurchases	—	—	(2,559)	—	—	—	—	2,559	(41)	(41)
Balance at December 31, 2023	—	\$ —	145,389	\$ —	\$ 2,226	\$ 810	\$ (194)	5,536	\$ (93)	\$ 2,749
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	116	—	—	—	116
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	(90)	—	—	(90)
Preferred stock issuance, net of issuance costs	500	482	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	482
Common stock issuance, net of shares withheld for taxes	—	—	1,916	—	8	—	—	825	(17)	(9)
Stock-based compensation awards issued for acquisition of Snap One	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	17
Stock-based compensation	—	—	—	—	64	—	—	—	—	64
Preferred stock dividend	—	—	—	—	—	(19)	—	—	—	(19)
Common stock repurchases	—	—	(75)	—	—	—	—	75	(1)	(1)
Balance at December 31, 2024	500	\$ 482	147,230	\$ —	\$ 2,315	\$ 907	\$ (284)	6,436	\$ (111)	\$ 3,309
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(527)	—	—	—	(527)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	—	—	—	—	—	—	127	—	—	127
Common stock issuance, net of shares withheld for taxes	—	—	2,644	—	16	—	—	1,280	(33)	(17)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	60	—	—	—	—	60
Preferred stock dividend	—	—	—	—	—	(35)	—	—	—	(35)
Balance at December 31, 2025	500	\$ 482	149,874	\$ —	\$ 2,391	\$ 345	\$ (157)	7,716	\$ (144)	\$ 2,917

Refer to accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Basis of Presentation*Nature of Operations*

Resideo is a global manufacturer, developer, and distributor of technology-driven sensing and controls products and solutions that help homeowners and businesses stay connected and in control of their comfort, security, energy use, and smart living. We are a leading player in key product markets including home heating, ventilation, and air conditioning controls; smoke and carbon monoxide detection home safety and fire suppression; and security. Our global footprint serves residential and commercial end-markets. Our solutions and services can be found in over 150 million residential and commercial spaces globally, with tens of millions of new devices sold annually. We manage our business operations through two business segments: Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution.

Basis of Consolidation and Reporting

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and our wholly-owned subsidiaries and have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. All intercompany accounts, transactions, and profits arising from consolidated entities have been eliminated in consolidation. For the purpose of comparability, certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period classification.

Reporting Period

We report financial information on a fiscal quarter basis using a modified four-four-five week calendar. Our fiscal calendar begins on January 1 and ends on December 31. We have elected the first, second, and third quarters to end on a Saturday in order to not disrupt business processes. The effects of this election are generally not significant to reported results for any quarter and only exist within a reporting year.

Announced Future Spin-Off of ADI Global Distribution Segment

On July 30, 2025, we announced our intention to separate the ADI Global Distribution segment through a tax-free spin-off to our shareholders. Following the completion of the announced future ADI Spin-Off, the Products and Solutions segment would continue to operate as Resideo and ADI Global Distribution would become an independent public company. In connection with the announced future ADI Spin-Off, we incurred third-party advisory, consulting, legal, and other costs that are incremental and one-time in nature. We expect to incur such costs through the completion of the separation of the businesses. Business separation costs were \$18 million as reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

We consider the following policies in the preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements and the uncertainties that could impact our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

(a) Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities within the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, provisions for expected credit losses and inventory reserves, revenue recognition, accounting for income taxes, accounting for business combinations and dispositions, valuation of reporting units for purposes of assessing goodwill for impairment, valuation of long-lived asset groups for impairment testing, the useful lives of long-lived assets, accruals for employee benefits, stock-based compensation, pension benefits, indemnification liabilities, deferred taxes, warranties, and certain contingencies. We base our estimates on historical experience, market participant fair value considerations, projected future cash flows, and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(b) Business Combinations—Our acquisitions are accounted for under ASC 805, *Business Combinations*. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of acquired companies are included on the Consolidated Balance Sheets from the acquisition date, adjusted to reflect their fair value. Intangible assets are measured and recognized at fair value and amortized over their estimated useful lives. We recognize goodwill equal to the difference between the purchase price and the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities. Acquisition-related costs are recognized as incurred.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

We estimate the fair value of acquired assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date utilizing either a cost or income approach. Determining the fair value of acquired intangible assets involves significant estimates and assumptions, including, but not limited to, forecasted revenue growth rates, customer attrition rates, market-participant discount rates, assumed royalty rates, and income tax rates. The valuation of tangible and intangible assets and liabilities resulting from an acquisition is subject to management review and may change materially between the preliminary allocation and end of the purchase price allocation period, which is a maximum of one year.

Customer relationships are valued using the multi-period excess earnings method. The multi-period excess earnings method estimates the discounted net earnings attributable to the customer relationships that are acquired after considering items, such as possible customer attrition. Estimated useful lives and the length and trend of the projected cash flow period are determined based on the expected attrition of the customer relationships, which is based on our historical experience and future expectations for renewing and extending similar customer relationships.

Technology and trade names are valued using the relief from royalty method to estimate the cost savings based on what we would otherwise have to pay for royalties or license fees on revenue earned by using the asset. The useful lives of the assets are determined based on management's estimate of the period of time the technology or name will be in use. Refer to *Note 3. Acquisitions and Divestitures* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

(c) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash—Cash and cash equivalents may consist of cash on hand, money market instruments, time deposits, and highly liquid investments. All highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents that are restricted as to the withdrawal or use under terms of certain contractual agreements are recorded in other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and primarily relate to collateral to support certain bank guarantees. Restricted cash for the periods presented was not material. Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

(d) Accounts Receivable, net of Allowance for Credit Losses—Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount, presented net of allowance for credit losses and do not bear interest. We review the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses on an ongoing basis using historical collection trends and aging of receivables. Management also periodically evaluates individual customers' financial condition, credit history, and the current economic conditions to make adjustments to the allowance when it is considered necessary. Account balances are written off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. Allowance for credit losses was not material as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

(e) Concentration of Credit Risk—Credit risk represents the loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties failed to perform as contracted. We continually monitor the creditworthiness of our customers to which we grant credit terms in the normal course of business. The terms and conditions of credit sales are designed to mitigate or eliminate concentrations of credit risk with any single customer. Management does not believe we are exposed to any significant concentrations of credit risk that arise from cash and cash equivalent investments or accounts receivable.

(f) Inventories—Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost being determined using the moving-average method or first in, first out ("FIFO") method. Inventory reserves are maintained for obsolete and surplus items.

The following table summarizes the details of our inventories, net:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Raw materials	\$ 154	\$ 171
Work in process	16	14
Finished products	1,184	1,052
Total inventories, net	<u>\$ 1,354</u>	<u>\$ 1,237</u>

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment—Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. For financial reporting purposes, the straight-line method of depreciation is used over the estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the term of the underlying lease. Depreciation is recognized in cost of sales, research and development, and selling, general and administrative expenses based on the nature and use of the underlying assets.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes the details of our property, plant and equipment, including useful lives:

(in millions)	December 31,		Useful Lives
	2025	2024	
Machinery and equipment	\$ 705	\$ 618	3-16 years
Buildings and improvements	376	339	6-50 years
Construction in progress	83	80	NA
Land	11	9	NA
Gross property, plant and equipment	1,175	1,046	
Accumulated depreciation	(728)	(636)	
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 447	\$ 410	

NA = Not applicable; assets categorized as construction in progress and land are not depreciated.

Depreciation expense was \$73 million, \$64 million, and \$59 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

(h) Impairment of Long-Lived Assets—We assess the recoverability of the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the related group of assets may not be recoverable. We perform an impairment test primarily utilizing the replacement cost method (a Level 3 valuation method) for the fair value of property, plant and equipment. If the expected undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value.

(i) Goodwill and Intangible Assets—We review the carrying values of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that such carrying values may not be recoverable as well as annually, on the first day of the fourth quarter. The fair values calculated during the goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment test use the market approach in combination with the income approach for the reporting units. We use the relief from royalty method for the indefinite-lived intangible assets. The fair values are Level 3 valuations based on certain unobservable inputs including estimated future cash flows and discount rates aligned with market-based assumptions, that would be utilized by market participants in valuing these assets or prices of similar assets. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, we record a goodwill impairment loss at the amount by which the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit.

For definite-lived intangible assets, cost is generally amortized on a straight-line basis over the asset's estimated economic life. Definite-lived intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amounts may not be recoverable. In these circumstances, they are tested for impairment based on undiscounted cash flows and, if impaired, written down to estimated fair value based on either discounted cash flows or appraised values. Refer to *Note 9. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, net* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(j) Restructuring—We enter into various restructuring initiatives, optimization projects, strategic transactions, and other business activities that may include the recognition of exit or disposal costs. Exit or disposal costs are typically costs of termination benefits, such as severance, and costs associated with the closure or consolidation of operating facilities. Impairment of property and equipment and other current or long-term assets as a result of a restructuring initiative is recognized as a reduction of the appropriate asset. Refer to *Note 6. Restructuring* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(k) Derivatives—We have interest rate swap agreements and had an interest rate cap agreement which was settled on December 31, 2025. Our interest rate swap agreements effectively modify our exposure to interest rate risk by converting floating rate debt to a fixed rate for the term of the swap agreements, reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. These agreements involve the receipt of floating rate amounts in exchange for fixed rate interest payments over the life of the agreement without an exchange of the underlying principal amount. Our interest rate cap agreement protected us from increases in interest rates above the capped rate.

Our interest rate derivative agreements are designated as cash flow hedges with hedge effectiveness assessed at inception and quarterly thereafter. To the extent the hedging relationship is highly effective, the unrealized gains or losses on the

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

swaps and interest rate cap are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified into earnings within interest expense, net when the payments occur. We classify our cash flows related to interest rate swap agreements as operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The fair values of the interest rate derivatives are reflected as an other asset or liability on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the change in fair value is reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The fair values of the interest rate derivatives are estimated as the net present value of projected cash flows based upon forward interest rates at the balance sheet date. We do not offset fair value amounts recognized in our Consolidated Balance Sheets for presentation purposes. Refer to *Note 12. Derivative Financial Instruments* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(l) Warranties and Guarantees—Expected warranty costs for products sold are recognized based on an estimate of the amount that will eventually be required to settle such obligations. These accruals are based on factors such as historical experience, warranty period, and various other considerations. Costs of product recalls, which may include the cost of replacing the product as well as the customer’s cost of the recall, including labor to remove and replace the recalled part, are accrued as part of the warranty accrual when an obligation becomes probable and can be reasonably estimated. We periodically adjust these provisions to reflect actual experience and other facts and circumstances that impact the status of existing claims. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(m) Leases—Included on our Consolidated Balance Sheets are certain operating leases which are reported as a component of other assets and other liabilities with the short-term portion of the lease liability reported as a component of accrued liabilities. The leased assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and the lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. An incremental borrowing rate is used to calculate the present value of the remaining lease payments.

Each contract is reviewed at inception to determine if it contains a lease and whether the lease qualifies as an operating or financing lease. For short-term leases (leases with a term of 12 months or less), right-of-use assets or lease liabilities are not recognized on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Operating leases are expensed on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. In determining the lease term, we consider the probability of exercising renewal or early termination options. In addition to the monthly base rent, we are often charged separately for common area maintenance, utilities, and taxes, which are considered non-lease components. These non-lease component payments are expensed as incurred and are not included in operating lease assets or liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable in accordance with our long-lived asset impairment assessment policy. We perform an impairment test primarily utilizing the income method to estimate the fair value of right-of-use assets, which incorporates Level 3 inputs such as internal business plans, real estate market capitalization and rental rates, and discount rates. Refer to *Note 10. Leases* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(n) Revenue Recognition—We enter into contracts that pertain to products, which are accounted for as separate performance obligations and are typically one year or less in duration. A contract’s transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. For product sales, typically each product sold to a customer represents a distinct performance obligation. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration expected to be received in exchange for our products. We recognize the majority of our revenue from performance obligations outlined in contracts with our customers that are satisfied at a point in time, generally when the product has shipped from our facility and control has transferred to the customer. For certain products, it is industry practice that customers take title to products upon delivery, at which time revenue is then recognized. For contracts with multiple performance obligations, we allocate the contract’s transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling price (“SSP”). Judgment is required to determine the SSP for each distinct performance obligation that is not sold separately. In instances where SSP is not directly observable, the primary method used to estimate the SSP is the expected cost plus an estimated-margin approach. For services, revenue is recognized ratably over the contract period in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to be received in exchange for those services as the customer receives such services on a consistent basis throughout the contract period. Allowances for cash discounts, volume rebates, and other customer incentive programs, as well as gross customer returns, among others, are recorded as a reduction of sales.

Revenue is adjusted for variable consideration, which includes customer volume rebates and prompt payment discounts. We measure variable consideration by estimating expected outcomes using analysis and inputs based upon anticipated performance, historical data, and current and forecasted information. Customer returns are recorded as a reduction to sales on an actual basis throughout the year at the time of sale and also include an estimate at the end of each reporting period for future customer returns related to sales recorded prior to the end of the period. We generally estimate customer returns

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

based upon the time lag that historically occurs between the sale date and the return date, while also factoring in any new business conditions that might impact the historical analysis such as new product introduction. Measurement of variable consideration is reviewed by management periodically and revenue is adjusted accordingly. We do not have significant financing components.

Sales, use, and value added taxes collected and remitted to various government authorities are not recognized as revenue and are reported on a net basis. Shipping and handling fees billed to customers are included in cost of goods sold. Refer to *Note 5. Revenue Recognition* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(o) Royalty—In connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, we entered into a 40-year Trademark License Agreement (the “Trademark Agreement”) with Honeywell that authorizes our use of certain licensed trademarks in the operation of Resideo’s business for the advertising, sale, and distribution of certain licensed products. In exchange, we pay a royalty fee of 1.5% of net revenue of the licensed products to Honeywell, which is recorded in selling, general and administrative expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(p) Indemnification Agreement—In connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, we entered into an Indemnification Agreement pursuant to which we had an obligation to make cash payments to Honeywell in amounts equal to 90% of payments, which include amounts billed, with respect to certain environmental claims, remediation and, to the extent arising after the Honeywell Spin-Off, hazardous exposure or toxic tort claims, in each case, including consequential damages (the liabilities) in respect of specified Honeywell properties contaminated through historical business operations prior to the Honeywell Spin-Off (Honeywell Sites), including the legal and other costs of defending and resolving such liabilities, less 90% of Honeywell’s net insurance receipts relating to such liabilities, and less 90% of the net proceeds received by Honeywell in connection with (i) affirmative claims relating to such liabilities, (ii) contributions by other parties relating to such liabilities, and (iii) certain property sales. The amount payable in respect of such liabilities arising in any given year was subject to a cap of \$140 million. Indemnification Agreement expense is presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The liability is presented in non-current obligations payable under the Indemnification Agreement on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

On July 30, 2025, we entered into a definitive agreement with Honeywell to terminate the Indemnification Agreement. As a result, we are no longer required to make any further payments to Honeywell under the Indemnification Agreement. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(q) Environmental—We accrue costs related to environmental matters when it is probable that we have incurred a liability related to a contaminated site and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Environmental costs for our owned, operating sites are presented within cost of goods sold in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(r) Tax Matters Agreement—The Tax Matters Agreement provides that Resideo is required to indemnify Honeywell for any taxes (and reasonable expenses) resulting from the failure of the Honeywell Spin-Off and related internal transactions to qualify for their intended tax treatment under U.S. federal, state and local income tax law, as well as foreign tax law, where such taxes result from (a) breaches of covenants and representations we make and agree to in connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, (b) the application of certain provisions of U.S. federal income tax law to these transactions or (c) any other action taken or omission made (other than actions expressly required or permitted by the Separation and Distribution Agreement, the Tax Matters Agreement or other ancillary agreements) after the consummation of the Honeywell Spin-Off that gives rise to these taxes. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, we had an indemnity outstanding to Honeywell for past and potential future tax payments of \$88 million and \$91 million, respectively, which are presented within other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(s) Research and Development—We conduct research and development activities, which consist primarily of the development of new products and solutions as well as enhancements and improvements to existing products that substantially change the product. Research and development costs primarily relate to employee compensation and consulting fees, which are expensed as incurred.

(t) Defined Contribution Plans—Certain eligible employees participate in our various defined contribution plans. These plans have various terms depending on the country of employment. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2023, we recognized compensation expense related to the defined contribution plans of \$29 million, \$23 million, and \$22 million, respectively.

(u) Stock-Based Compensation Plans—The principal awards issued under our stock-based compensation plans, which are described in *Note 8. Stock-Based Compensation Plans*, are restricted stock units (“RSUs”), performance stock units (“PSUs”) and stock option awards. The cost for such awards is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award. Some awards are issued with a market condition, which are valued on the grant date utilizing the Monte Carlo simulation model. Stock options are also issued under our stock-based compensation plans and are valued on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Black-Scholes option pricing model and the Monte Carlo simulation model require estimates of future stock price volatility, expected term, risk-free interest rate, and forfeitures.

For all stock-based compensation, the fair value of the award is recognized as expense over the requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity award) and is included in either selling, general and administrative expenses or restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations based on the nature of the expense. Our time-based restricted stock awards are typically subject to graded vesting over a service period, while our performance- or market-based awards are typically subject to cliff vesting at the end of the service period.

(v) Pension—We disaggregate the service cost component of net benefit costs and report those costs in the same line item or items in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. The other non-service components of net benefit costs are required to be presented separately from the service cost component and outside of income from operations.

We have recorded the service cost component of pension expense in costs of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expenses based on the classification of the employees it relates to. The remaining components of net benefit costs within pension expense, primarily interest costs and expected return on plan assets, are recorded in other expense (income), net. We recognize net actuarial gains or losses in excess of 10% of the greater of the fair value of plan assets or the plans’ projected benefit obligation (the “corridor”) annually in the fourth quarter of each year. This adjustment is reported in other expense (income), net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Refer to *Note 7. Pension Plans* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(w) Fair Value Accounting—We classify and disclose assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1—quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 2—observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data
- Level 3—unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data

Financial and non-financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Refer to *Note 13. Fair Value* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(x) Foreign Currency Translation and Remeasurement—Assets and liabilities of operations outside the U.S. with a functional currency other than U.S. dollars are translated into U.S. dollars using year-end exchange rates. Revenue, costs, and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates in effect during the year. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on the Consolidated Financial Statements. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, foreign currency remeasurement and transaction gains (losses) totaled a gain of \$16 million, a loss of \$1 million, and not material, respectively, and are included in other expenses (income), net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

(y) Advertising Costs—Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, total advertising costs totaled \$44 million, \$41 million, and \$37 million, respectively, and are included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

(z) Income Taxes—Significant judgment is required in evaluating tax positions. We established additional reserves for income taxes when, despite the belief that tax positions are fully supportable, there remain certain positions that do not meet the minimum recognition threshold. The approach for evaluating certain and uncertain tax positions is defined by the authoritative guidance, which determines when a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority. In the normal course of business, we are examined by various federal, state, and foreign tax authorities. We regularly assess the potential outcomes of these examinations and any future examinations for the current or prior years in determining the adequacy of our provision for income taxes. We continually assess the likelihood and amount of potential adjustments and adjust the income tax provision, the current tax liability and deferred taxes in the

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period in which the facts that give rise to a change in estimate become known. Refer to *Note 17. Income Taxes* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(aa) Accounting Pronouncements—We consider the applicability and impact of all recent accounting standards updates (“ASU”) issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”). ASUs not listed below were assessed and determined to be either not applicable or are expected to have an immaterial impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which includes amendments that further enhance income tax disclosures, primarily through standardization and disaggregation of rate reconciliation categories and income taxes paid by jurisdiction. We adopted annual requirements under ASU 2023-09 on January 1, 2025 which have been incorporated into *Note 17. Income Taxes* to our Consolidated Financial Statements on a prospective basis.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosure (Topic 220): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*. This ASU requires entities to disaggregate operating expenses into specific categories, such as purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, and amortization, to provide enhanced transparency into the nature and function of expenses. The guidance is effective for annual reporting years beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. We are currently assessing the impact of adoption to our Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

Note 3. Acquisitions and Divestitures

2025

In the fourth quarter of 2025, we sold our Resideo Grid Services business in a cash transaction for \$77 million, subject to working capital and other closing adjustments. The sale resulted in a \$52 million pre-tax gain on sale which is included in other expense (income), net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. As a result of the transaction, we derecognized \$26 million of goodwill. This divestiture relates to our Products and Solutions segment and will enable us to better focus on our core strategy to be a leader in residential controls and sensing products serving our professional contractor and integrator customer base. The divested business did not represent a strategic shift that has a major effect on our operations and financial results, and, as such, it was not presented as discontinued operations.

2024

On June 14, 2024, we acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding equity of Snap One Holdings Corp. (“Snap One”), a leading provider of smart-living products, services, and software to professional integrators, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.4 billion. The business is included within the ADI Global Distribution segment.

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During the first quarter of 2025, measurement period adjustments were made to income tax assets and liabilities within the one-year measurement period. As a result, goodwill related to the acquisition decreased by \$9 million, reflecting a net decrease in income tax liabilities. We completed accounting for the acquisition of Snap One in June 2025, and the following table presents the final fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition:

(in millions)

Assets acquired:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47
Accounts receivable		49
Inventories		240
Other current assets		26
Property, plant and equipment		63
Goodwill ⁽¹⁾		396
Intangible assets ⁽²⁾		770
Other assets		69
Total assets acquired		1,660

Liabilities assumed:

Accounts payable		48
Accrued liabilities		69
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾		138
Total liabilities assumed		255

Net assets acquired	\$	1,405
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⁽¹⁾ Of the \$396 million of goodwill from the acquisition, \$90 million is being amortized for tax purposes and is expected to be deductible over time. Goodwill is comprised of expected synergies for the combined operations and the assembled workforce acquired in the acquisition.

⁽²⁾ Includes customer relationships of \$590 million, technology of \$110 million, and trademarks of \$70 million with weighted average useful lives of 12, 7, and 10 years, respectively.

⁽³⁾ Includes \$68 million of deferred tax liabilities.

We expensed approximately \$34 million of costs related to the acquisition of Snap One during the twelve months ended December 31, 2024. These costs are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations and consisted primarily of advisory, insurance, and legal fees. We assumed \$21 million of seller success fees which were paid upon the closing of the acquisition.

Snap One's contribution in the period post-acquisition for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$553 million of revenue and an immaterial impact to operating income.

Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information

On a pro forma basis, assuming the acquisition occurred at the beginning of 2023, Resideo's net revenue for years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have been \$7,222 million and \$7,303 million, respectively. Snap One's contribution to unaudited pro forma operating income is not materially different on a pro forma basis than the amounts reported for both periods. Acquisition-related costs of \$34 million would have been reported in 2023 on a pro forma basis. The pro forma results are presented for informational purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations of the combined company would have been if the acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2023, nor are they indicative of future results of operations.

2023

Genesis Cable—On October 16, 2023, we sold the Genesis Cable business in a cash transaction for \$86 million, subject to working capital and other closing adjustments. We recognized a pre-tax gain of \$18 million in other expense (income), net in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, which includes \$5 million of divestiture related costs. The divested business did not represent a strategic shift that has a major effect on our operations and financial results, and, as such, it was not presented as discontinued operations.

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Sfty AS—On August 9, 2023, we acquired 100% of the outstanding equity of Sfty AS, a developer of cloud-based services providing alerts to multifamily homes and property managers with smoke, carbon monoxide, and water leak detection products. We report Sfty AS's results within the Products and Solutions segment. We completed the accounting for the acquisition during the fourth quarter of 2023, which did not result in any material adjustments.

BTX Technologies, Inc.— On January 23, 2023, we acquired 100% of the outstanding equity of BTX Technologies, Inc., a leading distributor of professional audio, video, data communications, and broadcast equipment. We report BTX Technologies, Inc.'s results within the ADI Global Distribution segment. We completed the accounting for the acquisition during the fourth quarter of 2023, which did not result in any material adjustments.

Note 4. Segment Financial Data

We monitor our operations through two reportable segments: Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution, with Corporate reported separately. We identified these segments because we have organized our business and reporting structure into Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution. Segment information is evaluated by our Chief Executive Officer who is also the Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”). The CODM uses income from operations to evaluate the performance of the overall business, make investing decisions, and allocate resources predominantly in the annual budget and forecasting process and the monthly results review, which includes variance analysis against the forecast, the budget, and the prior year. Disaggregated assets by segment are not used to allocate resources or to assess performance of the segments and therefore, segment assets have not been disclosed. Capital expenditures for each segment are reviewed by the CODM. The accounting policies used to derive segment results are substantially the same as those used in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Products and Solutions—Our Products and Solutions segment is a leading building products manufacturer focused on residential controls and sensing solutions. Our products and solutions for comfort, energy management, safety, and security benefit from trusted, well-established branded offerings such as Braukmann, BRK, First Alert, Honeywell Home, Resideo, and others. Our offerings include temperature and humidity control, water and air solutions, smoke and carbon monoxide detection home safety products, residential and small business security products, video cameras, other home-related lifestyle convenience solutions, cloud infrastructure, installation and maintenance tools, and related software. We also sell components to manufacturers of water heaters, heat pumps, and boilers.

ADI Global Distribution—Our ADI Global Distribution segment is a leading, global specialty distributor of professionally installed low-voltage products, including security and AV solutions, serving commercial and residential markets through an omnichannel go-to-market platform. ADI Global Distribution sells primarily to licensed professional installers, dealers, and integrators. We offer an expansive list of products from leading suppliers across key specialty low-voltage categories. ADI complements our third-party supplier products with a suite of exclusive brands and services offerings.

Corporate—Corporate expenses include costs related to the corporate functions such as the executive function, legal, accounting, tax, treasury, corporate development, human resources, investor relations, and information technology. Additionally, unallocated amounts for restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs, business separation costs, and non-operating items such as Indemnification Agreement expense, interest income (expense), other income (expense), and provision for income taxes are reported within Corporate.

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Segment results of operations for Products and Solutions, including significant segment expenses that are regularly reviewed by the CODM, are included in the table below:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Net revenue	\$ 2,688	\$ 2,564	\$ 2,672
Cost of goods sold	1,557	1,514	1,640
Research and development expenses	128	94	108
Selling, general and administrative expenses	417	416	428
Intangible asset amortization	26	23	23
Restructuring and impairment costs	5	14	27
Segment income from operations	<u>\$ 555</u>	<u>\$ 503</u>	<u>\$ 446</u>

Segment results of operations for ADI Global Distribution, including significant segment expenses that are regularly reviewed by the CODM, are included in the table below:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Net revenue	\$ 4,784	\$ 4,197	\$ 3,570
Cost of goods sold	3,719	3,346	2,902
Research and development expenses	39	17	—
Selling, general and administrative expenses	712	566	407
Intangible asset amortization	94	54	11
Restructuring and impairment costs	8	19	12
Segment income from operations	<u>\$ 212</u>	<u>\$ 195</u>	<u>\$ 238</u>

The following table provides a reconciliation of segment income from operations to consolidated income (loss) before taxes:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<i>Segment income from operations</i>			
Products and Solutions	\$ 555	\$ 503	\$ 446
ADI Global Distribution	212	195	238
Total segment income from operations	<u>767</u>	<u>698</u>	<u>684</u>
Unallocated amounts:			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	137	156	125
Restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs	3	19	3
Business separation costs	18	—	—
Indemnification Agreement expense	972	211	178
Other expense (income), net	(43)	7	(9)
Interest expense, net	135	81	65
Other corporate items	2	3	9
Income (loss) before taxes	<u>\$ (457)</u>	<u>\$ 221</u>	<u>\$ 313</u>

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The following table provides detail on cash paid for capital expenditures, which are regularly reviewed by the CODM:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
<i>Capital expenditures</i>			
Products and Solutions	\$ 62	\$ 55	\$ 77
ADI Global Distribution	54	25	26
Total segment capital expenditures	116	80	103
Corporate activities	—	—	2
Total capital expenditures	\$ 116	\$ 80	\$ 105

Capital expenditures in accounts payable for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 was \$25 million, \$22 million, and \$14 million, respectively.

Note 5. Revenue Recognition

A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. For product sales, typically each product sold to a customer represents a distinct performance obligation. We recognize the majority of our revenue from performance obligations outlined in contracts with our customers that are satisfied at a point in time. Our revenue satisfied over time is not material. We have contract liabilities of \$41 million and \$40 million as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which primarily relate to deferred revenues associated with the ADI Global Distribution operating segment. Additionally, contract assets were not material as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

The timing of satisfaction of performance obligations does not significantly vary from the typical timing of payment. For some contracts, we may be entitled to receive an advance payment.

We have applied the practical expedient to not disclose the value of remaining performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected term of one year or less or (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue in proportion to the amount we have the right to invoice for services performed.

Disaggregated Revenue

We have two operating segments: Products and Solutions and ADI Global Distribution. Disaggregated revenue information for Products and Solutions is presented by product grouping, while ADI Global Distribution is presented by region.

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The following table presents revenue by business line and geographic location, as we believe this presentation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of net revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Products and Solutions			
Safety and Security	\$ 963	\$ 885	\$ 965
Air	841	858	862
Energy	563	512	525
Water	321	309	320
Total Products and Solutions	2,688	2,564	2,672
ADI Global Distribution			
Americas ⁽¹⁾	4,189	3,680	3,085
International ⁽²⁾	595	517	485
Total ADI Global Distribution	4,784	4,197	3,570
Total net revenue	\$ 7,472	\$ 6,761	\$ 6,242

⁽¹⁾ Americas represents North, Central, and South America.

⁽²⁾ International represents all geographies that are not included in Americas.

Note 6. Restructuring

We took restructuring actions, including capturing synergies from our acquisition of Snap One, to align our cost structure based on our strategic objectives and our outlook of market conditions. The intent of these actions is to improve our operating efficiency and position us for long-term growth. We expect to fully execute on our restructuring programs over the next 12 months, and the estimated cost of these actions is approximately \$21 million. We may incur additional restructuring expenses associated with these plans or new plans in the future.

The following table summarizes information concerning recorded obligations for our restructuring programs included within accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Amounts associated with impairment and extinguishment costs are not included in the table below because those amounts are charged directly against the relevant assets and debt, respectively.

(in millions)	December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Beginning of period	\$ 31	\$ 30	\$ 27
Charges	15	41	34
Usage ⁽¹⁾	(25)	(40)	(31)
End of period	\$ 21	\$ 31	\$ 30

⁽¹⁾ Usage primarily relates to cash payments and shares issued associated with employee termination costs.

Note 7. Pension Plans

Pension benefits for some U.S. employees are provided through non-contributory, qualified, and non-qualified defined benefit plans, which are currently frozen. We also sponsor defined benefit pension plans for non-U.S. employees in Germany, Switzerland, Netherlands, Belgium, India, Austria, and France.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following table summarizes the balance sheet impact, including the benefit obligations, assets, and funded status associated with the pension plans:

(in millions)	U.S. Plans			Non-U.S. Plans		
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Change in benefit obligation:						
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 209	\$ 234	\$ 281	\$ 98	\$ 108	\$ 96
Service cost	2	2	3	4	4	4
Interest cost	12	12	13	3	3	3
Actuarial losses (gains) ⁽¹⁾	6	(16)	23	(14)	(5)	8
Net benefits paid	(15)	(2)	(3)	—	—	4
Settlements and curtailments ⁽²⁾	—	(21)	(83)	(3)	(4)	(13)
Foreign currency translation and other	—	—	—	12	(8)	6
Benefit obligation at end of year	214	209	234	100	98	108
Change in plan assets:						
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	181	197	262	24	26	27
Actual return on plan assets	18	7	20	—	1	1
Employer contributions	10	—	—	3	2	2
Net benefits paid	(15)	(2)	(3)	—	—	4
Settlements and curtailments ⁽²⁾	—	(21)	(83)	(3)	(4)	(11)
Foreign currency translation and other	—	—	1	3	(1)	3
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	194	181	197	27	24	26
Funded status of plans ⁽³⁾	\$ (20)	\$ (28)	\$ (37)	\$ (73)	\$ (74)	\$ (82)

⁽¹⁾ Primarily driven by actuarial assumptions.

⁽²⁾ Settlement accounting was triggered in 2024 and 2023, resulting in a remeasurement of our U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plan.

⁽³⁾ The amounts recognized in accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets were \$2 million at December 31, 2025 and 2024. The amounts recognized in other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets were \$92 million and \$100 million at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Actuarial losses and prior service costs recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) associated with pension plans at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are immaterial, and therefore, any amortization into net periodic pension cost over the next fiscal year is also immaterial.

The components of net periodic benefit cost (income), excluding service costs, are included in other expense (income), net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 and are as follows:

(in millions)	U.S. Plans			Non-U.S. Plans		
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Net periodic benefit cost (income)						
Service cost	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4
Interest cost	12	12	13	3	3	3
Expected return on plan assets	(10)	(10)	(11)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Amortization of actuarial losses (gains)	—	—	2	(11)	—	—
Other ⁽¹⁾	—	—	5	—	—	(2)
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 12	\$ (5)	\$ 6	\$ 4

⁽¹⁾ Other includes immaterial impacts from amortization of prior service credit and settlements.

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The following table outlines the impacts of the pensions on other comprehensive income (loss):

(in millions)	U.S. Plans			Non-U.S. Plans		
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Pension liability adjustments						
Actuarial losses (gains)	\$ (1)	\$ (13)	\$ 14	\$ (13)	\$ (6)	\$ 9
Actuarial (losses) gains recognized during the year	—	(1)	(8)	11	—	—
Other	—	—	1	(1)	—	(1)
Total recognized in other comprehensive (income) loss	(1)	(14)	7	(3)	(6)	8
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	4	4	12	(5)	6	4
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost (income) and other comprehensive (income) loss	\$ 3	\$ (10)	\$ 19	\$ (8)	\$ —	\$ 12

Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the benefit obligations and net periodic benefit cost (income) for benefit plans are presented in the following table as weighted averages:

	U.S. Plans			Non-U.S. Plans		
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
Actuarial assumptions used to determine benefit obligations as of December 31:						
Discount rate	5.7 %	5.0 %	5.2 %	3.1 %	3.0 %	3.4 %
Interest crediting rate	6.0 %	6.0 %	6.0 %	2.2 %	2.3 %	2.5 %
Expected annual rate of compensation increase	3.5 %	3.5 %	3.5 %	2.5 %	2.7 %	2.6 %
Actuarial assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost (income) for the year ended December 31:						
Discount rate - benefit obligation	5.6 %	5.7 %	5.0 %	3.8 %	3.0 %	3.0 %
Interest crediting rate	6.0 %	6.0 %	6.0 %	0.4 %	0.4 %	2.2 %
Expected rate of return on plan assets	5.7 %	5.5 %	5.3 %	1.1 %	1.1 %	3.4 %
Expected annual rate of compensation increase	3.5 %	3.5 %	3.5 %	2.3 %	2.5 %	2.7 %

The U.S. pension plan discount rate reflects the rate at which the associated liabilities could be settled at December 31 and was determined from a modeling process that involves matching the expected cash outflows of its benefit plans to a yield curve constructed from a portfolio of high-quality, fixed income debt instruments. We use the single weighted-average yield of this hypothetical portfolio as a discount rate benchmark.

The expected rate of return on U.S. plan assets of 5.7% is a long-term rate based on historical plan asset returns over varying long-term periods combined with current market conditions and broad asset mix considerations. We review the expected rate of return on an annual basis and revise it as appropriate. For non-U.S. benefit plans, actuarial assumptions reflect economic, market factors, and demographic developments relevant to each country.

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The following amounts relate to pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations exceeding the fair value of plan assets at December 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in millions)	U.S. Plans		Non-U.S. Plans	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 214	\$ 209	\$ 93	\$ 97
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 212	\$ 207	\$ 86	\$ 89
Fair value of plan assets	\$ 194	\$ 181	\$ 20	\$ 23

The amounts related to pension plans with projected benefit obligations exceeding the fair value of the plan assets at December 31, 2025 and 2024 are not materially different from the table above.

We utilize a third-party investment management firm and have an internal investment committee that monitors adherence to the investment guidelines. We employ an investment approach whereby a mix of equities and fixed income investments are used to maximize the long-term return of plan assets for a prudent level of risk. Risk tolerance is established through careful consideration of plan liabilities and plan funded status. The investment portfolio contains a diversified blend of equity and fixed income investments. Furthermore, equity investments are diversified across U.S. and non-U.S. stocks, as well as growth, value, and small and large capitalizations. Other assets such as real estate and hedge funds may be used to improve portfolio diversification. The non-U.S. investment policies are different for each country as local regulations, funding requirements, and financial and tax considerations are part of the funding and investment allocation process in each country.

A majority of the U.S. pension plan assets as of December 31, 2025 do not have published pricing and are valued using Net Asset Value (“NAV”). As a practical expedient, assets valued using NAV have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. NAV and fair value by asset category are as follows for December 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in millions)	U.S. Plans NAV	
	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3	\$ 2
Equity	64	58
Government bonds	16	10
Corporate bonds	52	50
Real estate / property	23	22
Other	36	39
Total assets at fair value	\$ 194	\$ 181

The fair values of the non-U.S. pension plan assets by asset category are as follows for December 31, 2025 and 2024:

(in millions)	Non-U.S. Plans							
	2025				2024			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Equity	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ —
Government bonds	6	—	6	—	5	—	5	—
Insurance contracts	7	—	—	7	6	—	—	6
Other	6	—	—	6	6	—	—	6
Total assets at fair value	\$ 27	\$ 8	\$ 6	\$ 13	\$ 24	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 12

Refer to *Note 13. Fair Value* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Government bonds and corporate bonds held as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 are valued either by using pricing models, bids provided by brokers or dealers, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows and as

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such include adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable such as credit and liquidity risks. Real estate, insurance contracts, and other investments as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 are classified as Level 3 as there are neither quoted prices nor other observable inputs for pricing. Insurance contracts are issued by insurance companies and are valued at cash surrender value, which approximates the contract fair value. Other investments consist of a collective pension foundation that is valued and allocated by the plan administrator.

We utilize the services of retirement and investment consultants to actively manage the assets of our pension plans. We have established asset allocation targets and investment guidelines based on the guidance of the consultants. Our target allocations are 35% fixed income investments, 33% global equity investments, 12% global real estate investments, and 20% cash and other investments.

Our general funding policy for qualified defined benefit pension plans is to contribute amounts at least sufficient to satisfy regulatory funding standards. In 2025, we made contributions of \$10 million to the U.S. pension plans and expect to make contributions of \$10 million in 2026.

Benefit payments are expected to be approximately \$18 million per year through 2028, \$17 million per year through 2030 and \$80 million in aggregate from 2031 to 2036 for our U.S. pension plans and \$3 million in 2026, \$4 million per year through 2028, \$7 million in 2029, \$4 million in 2030, and \$26 million in aggregate from 2031 to 2036 for our non-U.S. pension plans.

Note 8. Stock-Based Compensation Plans

The Stock Incentive Plan, which consists of the Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates and the 2018 Stock Incentive Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Resideo Technologies, Inc., provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units, restricted stock, and other stock-based awards. At December 31, 2025, 27.8 million shares of our common stock are authorized under the Stock Incentive Plan and 7.6 million are available to be granted in the future.

Our stock-based compensation expense, net of tax was \$59 million, \$64 million, and \$43 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023. Stock-based compensation expense is included in either selling, general and administrative expenses or restructuring, impairment and extinguishment costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations based on the nature of the expense.

Restricted Stock Units and Performance Stock Units

RSUs are issued to certain key employees and to non-employee directors. These awards entitle the holder to receive one share of common stock for each unit upon vesting. RSUs typically become fully vested over a three-year period following the grant date; however, RSUs granted to our non-employee directors have a one-year service period. We expense the grant-date fair value of these awards on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

PSUs are issued to certain key employees. The number of shares of common stock that may ultimately be issued as settlement for each award may range from 0% to 200% of the target award, subject to the achievement of our market-based Total Shareholder Return (“TSR”) relative to the performance of the S&P SmallCap 600 Index over a three-year performance period for a portion of the PSUs. A portion of the PSUs granted in 2025 are separately subject to the achievement of a performance-based return on invested capital (“ROIC”). PSUs typically vest at the end of a three-year period and upon achievement of the performance target.

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The fair value of market-based PSUs based on relative TSR was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model. For PSUs issued during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the calculation of the fair value of these awards was calculated using the following assumptions:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Expected volatility	45.2%	45.9% - 47.6%	63.4%
Risk-free interest rate %	4.3%	3.9% - 4.3%	4.2%
Expected term (in years)	2.88	2.39 - 2.90	2.88
Dividend yield ⁽¹⁾	—%	—%	—%

⁽¹⁾ We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we currently do not intend to pay cash dividends on our common stock.

The following table summarizes activity related to the Stock Incentive Plan for employees and non-employee directors:

	PSUs ⁽¹⁾		RSUs	
	Number of Performance Stock Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share	Number of Restricted Stock Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
(in thousands except for per share amounts)				
Non-vested as of January 1, 2025	1,680	\$ 31.33	5,749	\$ 19.65
Granted	237	25.56	2,263	22.25
Vested	(341)	36.11	(2,704)	19.97
Forfeited	(311)	33.12	(537)	19.24
Non-vested as of December 31, 2025	<u>1,265</u>	<u>\$ 28.51</u>	<u>4,771</u>	<u>\$ 20.75</u>

⁽¹⁾ Includes PSUs at target payout. Final common shares issued may be different based upon the actual achievement versus the performance measure target.

Weighted average grant date fair value per share of awards granted during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$27.94 and \$29.89, respectively, for PSUs and \$19.59 and \$18.79, respectively, for RSUs.

As of December 31, 2025, unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested awards granted to employees and non-employee directors under the Stock Incentive Plan is as follows:

(in millions)	Unrecognized Compensation Cost	Weighted-Average Period
RSUs	\$ 61	1 year, 8 months
PSUs	10	11 months
Total unrecognized compensation cost	<u>\$ 71</u>	

The fair value of shares vested follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
(in millions)			
RSUs	\$ 67	\$ 47	\$ 29
PSUs	7	—	14
Total	<u>\$ 74</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 43</u>

Stock Options

Stock option awards entitle the holder to purchase shares of our common stock at a specific price when the options vest. Stock options typically vest over 3 years from the date of grant and expire 7 years from the grant date. There were no stock options granted to employees during the twelve months ended December 31, 2025, 2024, or 2023.

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The following table summarizes stock option activity related to the Stock Incentive Plan:

	Stock Options			
	Number of Stock Options (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Contractual Life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value ⁽¹⁾ (in millions)
Stock Options outstanding as of January 1, 2025	1,006	\$ 14.34	2.3 years	\$ 9
Expired	(28)	24.39		
Exercised	(608)	17.15		
Stock Options outstanding and exercisable as of December 31, 2025	<u>370</u>	\$ 8.97	1.4 years	\$ 10

⁽¹⁾ Represents the total intrinsic value (the difference between the fair market value of our common stock as of January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025, respectively, and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money service-based common stock options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025, respectively. This amount is subject to change based on changes to the fair market value of our common stock.

For the year ended December 31, 2025, there was no unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options as all stock option awards were fully vested. Cash received from stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2025 was \$7 million, while amounts received in 2024 and 2023 were not material.

Note 9. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, net

Our goodwill balance and changes in carrying value by segment were as follows:

(in millions)	Products and Solutions	ADI Global Distribution	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 2,045	\$ 660	\$ 2,705
Acquisitions ⁽¹⁾	—	405	405
Impact of foreign currency translation	(30)	(8)	(38)
Balance as of December 31, 2024	2,015	1,057	3,072
Divestitures ⁽¹⁾	(26)	—	(26)
Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	—	(9)	(9)
Impact of foreign currency translation	47	16	63
Balance as of December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 2,036</u>	<u>\$ 1,064</u>	<u>\$ 3,100</u>

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Note 3. *Acquisitions and Divestitures* for additional information.

The following table summarizes the net carrying amount of intangible assets:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Intangible assets subject to amortization	\$ 911	\$ 996
Indefinite-lived intangible assets	180	180
Total intangible assets	<u>\$ 1,091</u>	<u>\$ 1,176</u>

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Intangible assets subject to amortization consisted of the following:

(in millions)	December 31, 2025			Useful Lives	Weighted Average Amortization
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount		
Patents and technology	\$ 170	\$ (63)	\$ 107	5 - 10 years	8 years
Customer relationships	912	(253)	659	7 - 15 years	13 years
Trademarks	79	(20)	59	5 - 10 years	10 years
Software	256	(170)	86	3 - 7 years	5 years
Total intangible assets subject to amortization	\$ 1,417	\$ (506)	\$ 911		

(in millions)	December 31, 2024			Useful Lives	Weighted Average Amortization
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount		
Patents and technology	\$ 170	\$ (41)	\$ 129	5 - 10 years	8 years
Customer relationships	901	(177)	724	7 - 15 years	13 years
Trademarks	78	(12)	66	5 - 10 years	10 years
Software	222	(145)	77	2 - 12 years	5 years
Total intangible assets subject to amortization	\$ 1,371	\$ (375)	\$ 996		

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis or a basis consistent with the expected future cash flows over their expected useful lives. Intangible assets amortization expense was \$122 million, \$80 million, and \$38 million during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The estimated aggregate amortization on these intangible assets for each of the next five years as of December 31, 2025, follows:

(in millions)	Amortization Expense
2026	\$ 119
2027	\$ 110
2028	\$ 106
2029	\$ 96
2030	\$ 85

Note 10. Leases

We are party to operating leases for the majority of our manufacturing sites, offices, engineering and lab sites, stocking locations, warehouses, automobiles, and certain equipment. Certain real estate leases include variable rental payments which adjust periodically based on inflation. Other variable amounts paid under operating leases, such as taxes and common area maintenance, are charged to selling, general and administrative expenses as incurred. Generally, lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

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Total operating lease costs were as follows:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Operating lease cost:			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 82	\$ 69	\$ 57
Cost of goods sold	19	16	20
Total operating lease costs ⁽¹⁾	\$ 101	\$ 85	\$ 77

⁽¹⁾ Total operating lease costs include variable lease costs of \$18 million, \$17 million, and \$22 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts of our operating leased assets and liabilities along with key inputs used to discount our lease liabilities:

(in millions, except weighted-average data)	Financial Statement Line Item	December 31,	
		2025	2024
Operating lease assets	Other assets	\$ 327	\$ 248
Operating lease liabilities - current	Accrued liabilities	\$ 57	\$ 51
Operating lease liabilities - non-current	Other liabilities	\$ 289	\$ 212
Weighted-average remaining term		6.89 years	5.95 years
Weighted-average incremental borrowing rate		6.36 %	6.08 %

The following table summarizes our future minimum lease payments under our non-cancelable leases as of December 31, 2025:

(in millions)	Commitments
2026	\$ 72
2027	70
2028	62
2029	48
2030	40
Thereafter	137
Total lease payments	429
Less: Imputed interest	(83)
Present value of operating lease liabilities	\$ 346

Supplemental cash flow information related to operating leases follows:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Cash paid for operating lease liabilities	\$ 69	\$ 41	\$ 36
Non-cash activities: operating lease assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities ⁽¹⁾	\$ 126	\$ 116	\$ 39

⁽¹⁾ The year ended December 31, 2024 includes \$61 million of operating lease assets acquired from the Snap One acquisition.

As of December 31, 2025, we have additional operating leases that have not yet commenced. Obligations under these leases are not material. Additionally, as a lessor, we lease all or a portion of certain owned and subleased properties. Rental income for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 was not material.

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Note 11. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
4.000% Senior Notes due 2029	\$ 300	\$ 300
6.500% Senior Notes due 2032	600	600
Variable rate A&R Term B Facility	2,331	1,115
Gross debt	3,231	2,015
Less: current portion of long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	(18)	(6)
Less: unamortized deferred financing costs	(46)	(26)
Total long-term debt	\$ 3,167	\$ 1,983

⁽¹⁾ Included within accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Aggregate required principal payments on long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2025, follows:

(in millions)	Payments
2026	\$ 18
2027	18
2028	536
2029	318
2030	18
Thereafter	2,323
Total	\$ 3,231

A&R Credit Agreement

In 2021, we entered into a credit agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. as administrative agent which was most recently amended on August 13, 2025 (as amended, the “A&R Credit Agreement”). As part of the August 2025 amendment, we issued \$1,225 million of incremental term loans which mature in August 2032. Net proceeds of \$1,198 million were primarily used to fund the termination of the Indemnification Agreement. A 1.00% prepayment premium is payable in connection with certain repricing transactions if executed within six months of the closing date. Refer to *Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies* of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

In addition to the \$1,222 million of remaining principal on the incremental term loans, the A&R Credit Agreement includes \$518 million of term loans maturing in February 2028 and \$591 million of term loans maturing in June 2031 (together, the “A&R Term B Facility”). As a result of the August 2025 amendment, the A&R Term B Facility bears interest at a rate per annum based on Term SOFR plus an interest rate margin of 2.00% per annum. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the weighted average interest rate on the A&R Term B Facility, excluding the impact of the interest rate swaps, was 5.76% and 6.13%, respectively.

The A&R Credit Agreement also includes a senior secured revolving credit facility (the “A&R Revolving Credit Facility”) with an aggregate capacity of \$500 million and a five-year term ending in June 2029. There were no outstanding borrowings and no letters of credit issued under the A&R Revolving Credit Facility.

We are obligated to make quarterly principal payments throughout the term of the A&R Term B Facility according to the amortization provisions in the A&R Credit Agreement. In addition to paying interest on outstanding borrowings under the A&R Revolving Credit Facility, we are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee between 0.25% and 0.35% based on the unused portion of the A&R Revolving Credit Facility depending on our consolidated leverage ratio. Up to \$75 million may be utilized under the A&R Revolving Credit Facility for the issuance of letters of credit to us or any of our subsidiaries.

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The A&R Credit Agreement includes customary affirmative and negative covenants and reporting requirements, including limitations on indebtedness, liens, investments, and other restricted transactions. All obligations under the A&R Credit Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed jointly and severally by us and substantially all of the direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of ours that are organized under the laws of the U.S. (collectively, the “Guarantors”). The A&R Credit Agreement is secured on a first priority basis by the equity interests of each direct subsidiary of ours, as well as the tangible and intangible personal property and material real property of ours and each of the Guarantors. As of December 31, 2025, we are in compliance with all covenants.

We have entered into certain interest rate swap agreements based on Term SOFR that effectively convert a portion of our variable-rate debt to fixed-rate debt. Additionally, we assumed the Interest Rate Cap in 2024 with a maturity date of December 31, 2025 that effectively capped the interest on a portion of our variable rate debt. Refer to *Note 12. Derivative Financial Instruments* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Senior Notes

In August 2021, we issued \$300 million in principal amount of 4.000% Senior Notes due 2029 (“Senior Notes due 2029”).

In July 2024, we issued \$600 million in aggregate principal of 6.500% Senior Notes due 2032 (“Senior Notes due 2032” and together with the Senior Notes due 2029, the “Senior Notes”).

We may, at our option, redeem the Senior Notes in whole (at any time) or in part (from time to time), at varying prices based on the timing of the redemption. The Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations of Resideo guaranteed by Resideo’s existing and future domestic subsidiaries and rank equally with all of Resideo’s senior unsecured debt and senior to all of Resideo’s subordinated debt. The Senior Notes limit us and our restricted subsidiaries’ ability to, among other things, incur additional secured indebtedness; enter into certain sale and leaseback transactions; incur liens; and consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets. These covenants are subject to a number of limitations and exceptions. Additionally, upon certain events constituting a change of control together with a ratings downgrade, the holders of the Senior Notes have the right to require us to offer to repurchase the Senior Notes at a purchase price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, to (but not including) the date of purchase.

Interest Paid

At December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, cash paid for interest net of interest rate derivative receipts was \$136 million, \$78 million, and \$80 million, respectively.

Note 12. Derivative Financial Instruments

In March 2021, we entered into eight interest rate swap agreements with several financial institutions for a combined notional value of \$560 million. The Swap Agreements were entered into to reduce the consolidated interest rate risk associated with variable rate long-term debt and designated as cash flow hedges.

During 2023, we modified two of the Swap Agreements, each with a notional value of \$70 million, by blending the asset positions of the original interest rate swap agreements into new interest rate swap agreements and extending the term of our hedged positions to February 2027. The new pay-fixed interest rate swap agreements qualify as hybrid instruments in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, consisting of financing components and embedded at-market derivatives that were designated as cash flow hedges. The amounts remaining in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the modified interest rate swap agreements were amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the effective period of the original interest rate swap agreements, or May 2024. The financing components are accounted for at amortized cost over the life of the swap while the embedded at-market derivatives are accounted for at fair value.

Two of the Swap Agreements matured in February 2025, two matured in May 2025, two mature in February 2026, and two mature in February 2027. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Swap Agreements had a combined notional value of \$280 million and \$560 million, respectively. The remaining Swap Agreements effectively convert a portion of our variable interest rate obligations to a rate based on Term SOFR with a minimum rate of 0.39% per annum to a base fixed weighted average rate of 1.57% over the remaining terms. We designated the Swap Agreements as cash flow hedges of the variability in expected cash outflows for interest payments.

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In 2024, in connection with our acquisition of Snap One, we assumed an interest rate cap that matured on December 31, 2025. At its maturity, the Interest Rate Cap had a notional value of \$342 million and a strike rate of 4.79%, which effectively capped SOFR on the notional amount at that rate. The Interest Rate Cap qualified as a hybrid instrument consisting of a financing component and an embedded at-market derivative that was designated as a cash flow hedge on our A&R Term B Facility as of the Snap One acquisition date. Pursuant to the terms of the Interest Rate Cap, we paid a premium of \$7 million at the maturity date of December 31, 2025; therefore, the instrument was fully settled and is no longer outstanding.

The Swap Agreements and Interest Rate Cap (referred to collectively as “interest rate derivatives”) are adjusted to fair value on a quarterly basis. The following tables summarize the fair value and presentation of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as well as the changes in fair value recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

(in millions)	Financial Statement Line Item	Fair Value of Derivative Assets	
		Years Ended December 31,	
		2025	2024
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:			
Interest rate derivatives	Other current assets	\$ 2	\$ 10
Interest rate derivatives	Other assets	1	3
Total derivative assets designated as hedging instruments		<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>

(in millions)	Financial Statement Line Item	Fair Value of Derivative Liabilities	
		Years Ended December 31,	
		2025	2024
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:			
Interest rate derivatives	Accrued liabilities	\$ —	\$ 6
Unrealized gain	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ —	\$ 8

The following table summarizes the effect of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges in other comprehensive income (loss) in the Consolidated Statements of Operations:

(in millions)	Financial Statement Line Item	Years Ended December 31,	
		2025	2024
Gains recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), beginning of year		\$ 8	\$ 25
Current period losses recognized in/reclassified from other comprehensive income (loss)	Other comprehensive income (loss)	(10)	(16)
Gains reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income (loss)	Interest expense, net	2	(1)
Gains recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), end of year		<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>

Unrealized gains expected to be reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the next 12 months are estimated to be immaterial as of December 31, 2025.

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Note 13. Fair Value

The estimated fair value of our financial instruments held, and when applicable, issued to finance our operations, is summarized below. Certain estimates and judgments are required to develop fair value amounts. The fair value amounts shown below are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we would realize upon disposition nor do they indicate our intent or ability to dispose of the financial instrument. There were no material changes in the methodologies used in our valuation practices as of December 31, 2025.

The fair values of long-term debt instruments were determined using quoted market prices in inactive markets or discounted cash flows based upon current observable market interest rates and therefore were classified as Level 2 measurements in the fair value hierarchy.

The following table provides a summary of the carrying amount and fair value of outstanding debt:

(in millions)	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Debt				
4.000% Senior Notes due 2029	\$ 300	\$ 291	\$ 300	\$ 272
6.500% Senior Notes due 2032	600	615	600	602
Variable rate A&R Term B Facility	2,331	2,339	1,115	1,119
Total debt	\$ 3,231	\$ 3,245	\$ 2,015	\$ 1,993

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no borrowings and no letters of credit issued under the A&R Revolving Credit Facility. Refer to *Note 11. Long-Term Debt* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Foreign Currency Risk Management—We conduct business on a multinational basis in a wide variety of foreign currencies. We are exposed to market risks from changes in currency exchange rates. These exposures may impact future earnings and/or operating cash flows. The exposure to market risk for changes in foreign currency exchange rates arises from international trade transactions, foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, and international financing activities between subsidiaries. We rely on natural offsets to address these market risk exposures. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, we had no forward or option hedging contracts.

Interest Rate Risk—We have exposure to movements in interest rates associated with cash and borrowings. We may enter into various interest rate protection agreements in order to limit the impact of movements in interest rates.

The following table provides a summary of the carrying amount and fair value of our interest rate derivatives:

(in millions)	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Assets:				
Interest rate derivatives	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 13	\$ 13
Liabilities:				
Interest rate derivatives	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6	\$ 6

The fair values of derivative financial instruments have been determined based on market value equivalents at the balance sheet date, taking into account the current interest rate environment and therefore were classified as Level 2 measurements in the fair value hierarchy. Refer to *Note 12. Derivative Financial Instruments* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term maturity.

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Note 14. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consist of the following:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Compensation, benefit and other employee-related	\$ 137	\$ 131
Customer rebate reserve	129	112
Current operating lease liability	57	51
Current obligations payable under the Indemnification Agreement	—	140
Other ⁽¹⁾	301	283
Total accrued liabilities	\$ 624	\$ 717

⁽¹⁾ Other includes accruals for taxes payable, deferred revenue, freight payable, interest, product warranties, restructuring, current portion of long-term debt, legal and professional reserves, advertising, royalties, and other miscellaneous items.

Note 15. Commitments and Contingencies***Environmental Matters***

We are subject to various federal, state, local, and foreign government requirements relating to the protection of the environment and accrue costs related to environmental matters when it is probable that we have incurred a liability related to a contaminated site and the amount can be reasonably estimated. We believe that, as a general matter, our policies, practices, and procedures are properly designed to prevent unreasonable risk of environmental damage and personal injury and that our handling, manufacture, use, and disposal of hazardous substances are in accordance with environmental and safety laws and regulations. We have incurred remedial response and voluntary cleanup costs for site contamination. Additional claims and costs involving environmental matters may arise in the future.

Environmental expenses for sites owned and operated by us are presented within cost of goods sold for operating sites. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, environmental expenses related to these operating sites were not material. Liabilities for environmental costs were \$22 million for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Obligations Payable Under the Indemnification Agreement and Tax Matters Agreement***Indemnification Agreement***

We separated from Honeywell on October 29, 2018, becoming an independent publicly traded company as a result of a pro rata distribution of our common stock to shareholders of Honeywell. In connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, we entered into an indemnification and reimbursement agreement, pursuant to which we had an obligation to make cash payments associated with Honeywell's environmental liabilities which were capped at \$140 million annually (the "Indemnification Agreement"). Pursuant to its terms, the Indemnification Agreement extended until the earlier of (1) December 31, 2043; or (2) December 31 of the third consecutive anniversary where the annual reimbursement obligation (including accrued amounts) had been less than \$25 million.

On July 30, 2025, we entered into a definitive agreement with Honeywell to terminate the Indemnification Agreement (the "Termination Agreement"). We paid our regularly scheduled payments of \$35 million each in the first quarter, second quarter, and third quarter of 2025, and subject to the terms and conditions of the Termination Agreement, we made a pre-tax, one-time cash payment of \$1,590 million to Honeywell in August 2025 (the "Closing"). Proceeds from the incremental term loans issued under the A&R Credit Agreement in August 2025, together with a portion of our cash on hand, were utilized to fund the payment required under the Termination Agreement. Refer to *Note 11. Long-Term Debt* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion. Upon the Closing, the Indemnification Agreement terminated. As a result, we are no longer required to make any further payments to Honeywell under the Indemnification Agreement, and the associated affirmative and negative covenants no longer apply.

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Tax Matters Agreement

In connection with the Honeywell Spin-Off, we entered into the Tax Matters Agreement with Honeywell, pursuant to which we are responsible and will indemnify Honeywell for certain taxes, including certain income taxes, sales taxes, VAT, and payroll taxes, relating to the business for all periods, including periods prior to the consummation of the Honeywell Spin-Off. In addition, the Tax Matters Agreement addresses the allocation of liability for taxes that are incurred as a result of restructuring activities undertaken to effectuate the Honeywell Spin-Off.

We are required to indemnify Honeywell for any taxes resulting from the failure of the Honeywell Spin-Off and related internal transactions to qualify for their intended tax treatment under U.S. federal, state and local income tax law, as well as foreign tax law, where such taxes result from our action or omission not permitted by the Separation and Distribution Agreement between Honeywell and Resideo dated as of October 19, 2018 or the Tax Matters Agreement.

The following table summarizes information concerning the Indemnification Agreement and Tax Matters Agreement liabilities:

(in millions)	Indemnification Agreement	Tax Matters Agreement	Total
Beginning balance, January 1, 2024	\$ 652	\$ 97	\$ 749
Accruals for liabilities deemed probable and reasonably estimable	211	(2)	209
Payments to Honeywell	(140)	(4)	(144)
Balance as of January 1, 2025	723	91	814
Accruals for liabilities deemed probable and reasonably estimable	972	(3)	969
Payments to Honeywell	(1,695)	—	(1,695)
Balance as of December 31, 2025	\$ —	\$ 88	\$ 88

The liabilities related to the Indemnification Agreement and Tax Matters Agreement are included in the following balance sheet accounts:

(in millions)	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Accrued liabilities	\$ —	\$ 140
Non-current obligations payable under the Indemnification Agreement	—	583
Other liabilities	88	91
Total indemnification liabilities	\$ 88	\$ 814

Neither the timing nor the amount of the ultimate costs associated with such Tax Matters Agreement liability payments can be determined although they could be material to our consolidated results of operations and operating cash flows in the periods recognized or paid.

Trademark Agreement

We entered into a 40-year Trademark Agreement with Honeywell that authorizes our use of the Honeywell Home trademark in the operation of our business for the advertising, sale and distribution of certain licensed products. In exchange, we pay Honeywell a royalty fee of 1.5% based on net revenue related to such licensed products, which is recorded in selling, general and administrative expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For the year ended December 31, 2025 royalty fees were \$16 million and \$18 million each for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Other Matters

We are subject to lawsuits, investigations and disputes arising out of the conduct of our business, including matters relating to commercial transactions, government contracts, product liability, acquisitions and divestitures, employee matters, intellectual property, trade and tax compliance, compliance with laws and environmental, health, and safety matters. We

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recognize a liability for any contingency that is probable of occurrence and reasonably estimable. We continually assess the likelihood of adverse judgments or outcomes in these matters, as well as potential ranges of possible losses, based on a careful analysis of each matter with the assistance of outside legal counsel and, if applicable, other experts. No such matters are material to our financial statements.

Warranties and Guarantees

In the normal course of business, we issue product warranties and product performance guarantees. We accrue for the estimated cost of product warranties and product performance guarantees based on contract terms and historical experience at the time of sale. Adjustments to initial obligations for warranties and guarantees are made as changes to the obligations become reasonably estimable. Product warranties and product performance guarantees are included in accrued liabilities and other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following table summarizes information concerning recorded obligations for product warranties and product performance guarantees:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Beginning balance	\$ 35	\$ 34	\$ 48
Accruals for warranties/guarantees issued during the year	30	31	24
Settlement/adjustment of warranty/guarantee claims	(29)	(30)	(38)
Ending balance	\$ 36	\$ 35	\$ 34

Purchase Commitments

Our unconditional purchase obligations include purchase commitments with suppliers and other obligations entered into during the normal course of business regarding the purchase of goods and services. For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, purchases related to these obligations were \$220 million, \$276 million, and \$91 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes the future aggregate payments on these obligations as of December 31, 2025:

(in millions)	Payments
2026	\$ 130
2027	31
2028	9
2029	8
2030 and thereafter	—
Total	\$ 178

Note 16. Stockholders' Equity

Share Repurchase Program

On August 3, 2023, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program for the repurchase of up to \$150 million of our common stock over an unlimited time period (the "Share Repurchase Program"). Under the Share Repurchase Program, we may repurchase common stock from time-to-time through various methods, including in open market transactions, block trades, accelerated share repurchases, privately negotiated transactions, derivative transactions, or otherwise, certain of which may be made pursuant to a trading plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in compliance with applicable state and federal securities laws. The Share Repurchase Program can be modified or terminated by our Board of Directors at any time.

The timing, as well as the number and value of common stock repurchased under the Share Repurchase Program, will be determined at our discretion and will depend on a variety of factors, including our assessment of the intrinsic value and market price of our common stock, general market and economic conditions, available liquidity, compliance with our debt

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and other agreements, applicable legal requirements, the nature of other investment opportunities available to us, and other considerations.

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2025, there were no common stock repurchases. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, we repurchased 0.1 million of common stock in the open market at a total cost of \$1 million. Common stock repurchases are recorded at cost and presented as a reduction to stockholders' equity. As of December 31, 2025, we had approximately \$108 million of authorized repurchases remaining under the Share Repurchase Program.

Preferred Stock

On June 14, 2024, in connection with our acquisition of Snap One, we issued 500,000 shares of Preferred Stock to the CD&R Stockholder for an aggregate purchase price of \$500 million pursuant to an investment agreement dated April 15, 2024. In connection with the issuance of the Preferred Stock, we incurred direct and incremental expenses of \$18 million which reduced the Preferred Stock carrying value.

The Preferred Stock is convertible perpetual participating preferred stock of the Company, with an initial conversion price equal to \$26.92, and accrues dividends at a rate of 7% per annum, payable in cash or in kind. The Preferred Stock votes on an as-converted basis together with common stockholders.

The Preferred Stock can be converted into our common stock at the holder's option at any time. We can also force conversion of all (but not less than all) of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock if at any time our common stock trading price exceeds 200% of the then-effective conversion price for at least 20 out of 30 trailing trading days. Following the third anniversary of the closing date, we have the option to redeem the Preferred Stock for an aggregate redemption price equal to two times the sum of the Accumulated Amount (as defined in the Certificate of Designations) plus any interim accrued and unpaid dividends (calculated at 1X instead of 2X) on such share of Preferred Stock in effect at the time of redemption. In the event of a change of control, we will have the option to purchase all (but not less than all) of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock at a price per share equal to 150% of the sum of the Accumulated Amount plus any interim accrued and unpaid dividends (calculated at 100% instead of 150%) on such share of Preferred Stock in effect at the time of such purchase.

Note 17. Income Taxes

Income tax expense is based on pretax financial accounting income. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the temporary differences between the recorded amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and such amounts for income tax purposes.

On July 4, 2025, the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBBBA") was enacted in the U.S. It includes a broad range of tax reform provisions affecting businesses, including extending and modifying certain key Tax Cuts and Jobs Act provisions (both U.S. and non-U.S.). The tax effects of the OBBBA have been reflected in our financial results for the period ended December 31, 2025, with no material impact to the effective tax rate. We continue to assess the overall impact of potential changes as developments occur, consistent with our practice of monitoring all tax law changes.

The following is a summary of the components of income before provision for income taxes:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
U.S.	\$ (793)	\$ (65)	\$ 76
Non-U.S.	336	286	237
Total	\$ (457)	\$ 221	\$ 313

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The components of the provision for income taxes consisted of the following for 2025:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31, 2025	
Current:		
U.S. federal	\$	4
U.S. state and local		4
Non-U.S.		54
Total current		62
Deferred:		
U.S. federal		(14)
U.S. state and local		3
Non-U.S.		19
Total deferred		8
Total income tax expense:		
U.S. federal		(10)
U.S. state and local		7
Non-U.S.		73
Total income tax expense	\$	70

The components of the provision for income taxes consisted of the following for 2024 and 2023:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
Current:		
U.S.	\$ 76	\$ 80
Non-U.S.	60	51
Total current	136	131
Deferred:		
U.S. federal	(23)	(6)
Non-U.S.	(8)	(22)
Total deferred	(31)	(28)
Total provision	\$ 105	\$ 103

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The reconciliation of income tax computed at the U.S. federal statutory tax rate to the effective income tax rate is as follows for 2025:

	Year Ended December 31, 2025	
	\$	%
Federal statutory tax rate	\$ (96)	21.0 %
State and local income taxes, net of federal income tax effect ⁽¹⁾	7	(1.5)
Foreign tax effects		
Switzerland		
Cantonal tax	16	(3.5)
Statutory tax rate difference	(34)	7.4
Other	2	(0.4)
Germany		
Changes in valuation allowances	6	(1.3)
Other	3	(0.7)
Other foreign jurisdictions	8	(1.8)
Effect of cross-border tax laws	3	(0.7)
Tax credits	(5)	1.1
Changes in valuation allowances	(1)	0.2
Nontaxable or nondeductible items		
Non-deductible Indemnification Agreement costs	204	(44.5)
Interest expense deduction	(61)	13.4
§162(m) excess officer compensation	6	(1.3)
Other	4	(0.9)
Changes in unrecognized tax benefits	8	(1.8)
Total	\$ 70	(15.3)%

⁽¹⁾ State taxes in New York, Florida, Pennsylvania and Tennessee made up the majority (greater than 50%) of the tax effect in this category.

The reconciliation of income tax computed at the U.S. federal statutory tax rate to the effective income tax rate is as follows for 2024 and 2023:

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
U.S. federal statutory income tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %
Impact of foreign operations	(0.9)	(0.9)
U.S. state income taxes	4.9	4.4
Non-deductible Indemnification Agreement costs	18.1	10.9
Executive compensation over \$1 million	2.4	1.6
U.S. taxation of foreign earnings	3.1	2.8
Tax credits	(2.3)	(0.8)
Change in tax basis in foreign assets ⁽¹⁾	(0.9)	(6.5)
All other items, net	1.8	0.2
Effective income tax rate	47.2 %	32.7 %

⁽¹⁾ The 2024 impact represents subsequent adjustment to tax basis, net of valuation allowance, based on refinement of the step-up calculation. The 2023 impact represents the initial recognition of a step-up in the tax basis of intangible assets recorded under Switzerland tax reform, net of valuation allowance.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Deferred income taxes reflect the net impact of temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and such amounts recognized for income tax purposes. The tax effects of the temporary differences as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Deferred tax assets:		
Pension	\$ 14	\$ 17
Intangibles ⁽¹⁾	29	27
Other asset basis differences	43	44
Operating lease liabilities	89	60
Employee compensation and benefits	29	30
Inventory costing and related reserves	16	15
Capitalized research and development	2	56
Other accruals and reserves	28	27
§163(j) carryforward	63	13
Net operating losses, capital losses, and tax credits	104	81
Other	12	18
Gross deferred tax assets	429	388
Valuation allowance	(93)	(86)
Total deferred tax assets	\$ 336	\$ 302
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Intangibles	\$ (191)	\$ (191)
Property, plant and equipment	(10)	(9)
Operating lease assets	(84)	(56)
Other	(6)	(10)
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$ (291)	\$ (266)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 45	\$ 36

⁽¹⁾ A valuation allowance brings the net deferred tax effect of the allowed step-up of intangible assets recorded under Switzerland tax reform to the amount more likely than not to be realized.

Valuation allowance

In assessing the need for a valuation allowance, we consider whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. We evaluate our ability to realize the tax benefits associated with deferred tax assets by analyzing the relative impact of all the available positive and negative evidence regarding our forecasted taxable income using both historical and projected future operating results, the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, taxable income in prior carry-back years (if permitted), and the availability of tax planning strategies. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of certain types of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. In making this assessment, we consider the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, our ability to carry back the deferred tax asset, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies. A valuation allowance is recorded in each jurisdiction when it is more likely than not that the deferred income tax asset will not be realized. Changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances typically impact income tax expense.

We maintain a valuation allowance of \$93 million against a portion of deferred tax assets. Valuation allowances principally relate to foreign net operating loss carryforwards. As of December 31, 2025, we have deferred tax assets relating to foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$63 million. These tax losses can be carried forward to offset the income tax liabilities

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

on future income in these countries. Cumulative tax losses of \$58 million can be carried forward indefinitely, while the remaining \$5 million of tax losses must be used during tax years 2025 to 2045.

The rollforward of the valuation allowance on deferred taxes is as follows for the periods indicated:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Beginning balance	\$ 86	\$ 75	\$ 63
Additions / (Subtractions)	7	11	12
Ending balance	\$ 93	\$ 86	\$ 75

As of December 31, 2025, our total undistributed earnings of foreign affiliates were \$1.6 billion, of which \$1.1 billion was not considered indefinitely reinvested. While these earnings would not be subject to incremental U.S. tax, if we were to actually distribute these earnings, they could be subject to additional foreign income taxes and/or withholding taxes payable in foreign jurisdictions. Thus, we provide for foreign income taxes payable upon future distributions of the earnings not considered indefinitely reinvested annually. For the year ended December 31, 2025, the tax charge related to earnings that are not considered indefinitely reinvested is not material. Determination of the unrecognized deferred foreign income tax liability related to these undistributed earnings is not practicable due to the complexities associated with this hypothetical calculation.

Uncertain tax positions

The table below sets forth the changes to our gross unrecognized tax benefit as a result of uncertain tax positions, excluding interest and penalties for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023:

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Unrecognized tax benefits at beginning of year	\$ 24	\$ 22	\$ 22
Decreases related to positions taken on items from prior years	—	—	(1)
Increases related to positions taken in the current year	16	8	5
Decreases due to expiration of statutes of limitations	(5)	(6)	(4)
Unrecognized tax benefits at end of year	\$ 35	\$ 24	\$ 22

Included in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, are potential benefits of \$35 million and \$24 million, respectively, that if recognized would affect the effective tax rate.

We report accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. For the year ended December 31, 2025, we recognized no net expense for interest and penalties for unrecognized tax benefits and had net accumulated accrued interest and penalties of \$2 million as of December 31, 2025. For the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized no net expense for interest and penalties relating to unrecognized tax benefits and had net accumulated accrued interest and penalties of \$2 million as of December 31, 2024.

Open tax periods

We file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, all states, and various local and foreign jurisdictions. Our U.S. federal tax returns are no longer subject to income tax examinations for taxable years before 2022. With limited exception, state, local, and foreign income tax returns for taxable years before 2021 are no longer subject to examination.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Income taxes paid, net of refunds

The following table presents the income taxes paid, net of refunds, disaggregated by jurisdiction for the year ended December 31, 2025:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31, 2025	
U.S. federal	\$	20
U.S. state and local		16
Foreign		
Canada		7
Mexico		13
Switzerland		26
Other foreign jurisdictions		11
Total income tax payments, net of refunds	\$	<u>93</u>

Income taxes paid, net of refunds was \$162 million and \$123 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 18. Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

The reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used for the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share follows:

(in millions, except per share data)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share:			
Net income (loss)	\$ (527)	\$ 116	\$ 210
Less: preferred stock dividends	35	19	—
Less: undistributed income allocated to preferred stockholders	—	6	—
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	<u>\$ (562)</u>	<u>\$ 91</u>	<u>\$ 210</u>
Denominator for basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share:			
Basic	149	146	147
Plus: dilutive effect of common stock equivalents	—	3	1
Weighted average diluted number of common shares outstanding	<u>149</u>	<u>149</u>	<u>148</u>
Earnings (loss) per common share			
Basic	\$ (3.77)	\$ 0.62	\$ 1.43
Diluted	\$ (3.77)	\$ 0.61	\$ 1.42

Diluted earnings (loss) per common share is computed based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year plus the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents using the if-converted method and treasury stock method using the average market price of our common stock for the period, except when the inclusion of such instruments would be antidilutive.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following potentially dilutive instruments, presented as a weighted average of the instruments outstanding, were excluded from the calculation of diluted (loss) earnings per common share because their effect would have been antidilutive, and in the case of certain PSUs, the contingency has not been satisfied.

(in millions)	Years Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
RSUs and other rights	5.9	0.7	1.5
PSUs	2.5	0.7	1.2
Preferred stock	0.5	0.3	—

Note 19. Geographic Areas - Financial Data

Revenue and long-lived assets by geography are as follows:

(in millions)	Net Revenue ⁽¹⁾			Long-Lived Assets ⁽²⁾		
	Years Ended December 31,			December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023	2025	2024	2023
U.S.	\$ 5,817	\$ 5,232	\$ 4,720	\$ 494	\$ 412	\$ 332
Europe	1,098	1,046	1,065	159	138	143
Other International	557	483	457	121	108	107
Total	\$ 7,472	\$ 6,761	\$ 6,242	\$ 774	\$ 658	\$ 582

⁽¹⁾ Net revenue is classified according to the country of origin. Included in U.S. net revenue are export sales of \$66 million, \$57 million, and \$41 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Long-lived assets are comprised of property, plant and equipment, net and right-of-use lease assets.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 20. Subsequent Events

On February 20, 2026, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that tariffs imposed by the U.S. government under the IEEPA were unauthorized. The Court did not address refunds or remedies but instead remanded the matter to the Court of International Trade to address remedies. The president also issued an executive order rescinding the IEEPA tariffs and directing agencies to take measures to cease collection of the tariffs. However, in addition, a presidential proclamation was issued imposing a tariff surcharge of at least 10% under the balance of payments statute (**19 USC 2132**) on all imports with certain exceptions for certain commodities (e.g., electronics, critical minerals) and USMCA qualified products. The tariffs under this statute are intended to take effect on February 24, 2026, and will remain in effect for 150 days (the maximum under the statute). Tariffs have not been previously imposed under this statutory provision. We are evaluating the impacts of these actions on our business which are uncertain at this time.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Resideo Technologies, Inc.

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025, of the Company and our report dated February 24, 2026, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company’s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company’s internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company’s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota
February 24, 2026

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Resideo Technologies, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, cash flows, and stockholders’ equity, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the “financial statements”). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company’s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 24, 2026, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Honeywell Termination Agreement – Refer to Note 15 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

On July 30, 2025, the Company entered into a Termination Agreement (the “Agreement”) with Honeywell International, Inc. (“Honeywell”) pursuant to which, upon closing of the transactions contemplated thereby, a one-time cash payment of \$1,590,000,000 was made to Honeywell on August 13, 2025 (the “Closing”) in lieu of all future payments to which Honeywell was entitled pursuant to the Indemnification and Reimbursement Agreement (the “Indemnification Agreement”). Effective as of the Closing, the Indemnification Agreement is terminated, subject only to certain limited provisions that survived.

Prior to the execution of the Agreement on July 30, 2025, the Company evaluated the nature, amounts and timing of recording its liabilities due to Honeywell under the Indemnification Agreement, and related expenses under Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 450. Upon execution of the Agreement, the Company evaluated the nature, amount and timing of recording its liabilities to Honeywell and related expenses under ASC 405.

Given the significant assumptions and judgments made by management in determining the relevant accounting guidance both prior to and subsequent to the execution of the Agreement, as well as the significant assumptions and judgments made relating to the associated amounts of liability incurred in connection with the Agreement, performing audit procedures to evaluate the same required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the Company’s obligations arising from and pursuant to the Termination Agreement included the following, among others:

- We evaluated the Company’s accounting conclusions through the following procedures:
 - We tested the effectiveness of controls related to management’s controls over the recording of and changes to the liability for the Company’s obligations under the Indemnification Agreement and the Agreement
 - Obtained, read and evaluated the underlying terms of the Agreement
 - Obtained, read and evaluated the Company’s accounting position papers, including relevant accounting literature, regarding the timing of and amount recorded and the associated liability and expense
 - Obtained, read and evaluated the relevant accounting literature to be applied prior to and subsequent to the execution and completion of the Agreement
 - Obtained support of payment to Honeywell as defined within the Termination Agreement
 - Evaluated the completeness and accuracy of the disclosures related to the Agreement and Indemnification Agreement

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota
February 24, 2026

We have served as the Company’s auditor since 2018.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain a system of disclosure controls and procedures designed to give reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Management recognizes that any disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives. Because there are inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud have been or will be detected.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, with the assistance of other members of our management, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Based upon such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a reasonable assurance level as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and for the assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance to our management and board of directors regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements.

Management assessed the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013). Based on this assessment, management determined that we maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025.

The effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025 has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is included in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data of this Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended December 31, 2025 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

(a) Chief Executive Officer Transition Agreement Amendment.

On February 20, 2026, the Company entered into a letter agreement with Mr. Geldmacher further amending his prior letter agreement governing the terms of his transition in connection with his retirement from the Company. Given that Mr. Geldmacher's retirement date has extended beyond what was originally contemplated, the Compensation and Human Capital Management Committee, as reflected in the letter agreement, approved an increase to his annual base salary to \$1,103,310, effective April 1, 2026 and granted him, on February 18, 2026, a restricted stock unit that vests on the first

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

anniversary of the grant date so long as he remains employed through the vesting date or, if his employment has ended six months following the date a new Chief Executive Officer commences employment as Chief Executive Officer pursuant to the original letter agreement, he remains in compliance with his noncompete and other restrictive covenant agreements as of the vesting date, subject to the other provisions of the award agreement.

(b) Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Executive Officers.

During the three months ended December 31, 2025, no director or officer of the Company adopted, modified or terminated a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement” or “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement,” as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.

Not applicable.

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

PART III.

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The information required by this item will be included in the 2026 Proxy Statement under the headings “Proposal 1: Election of Directors,” “Other Executive Officers,” “Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports,” “Our Governance Framework,” and “Elements of Compensation.” That information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information required by this item will be included in the 2026 Proxy Statement under the headings “Non-Employee Director Compensation” and “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” (excluding the information presented under the subheading “Pay Versus Performance”). That information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

Information required by this item relating to security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management will be included in the 2026 Proxy Statement under the heading “Stock Ownership of Directors and Executive Officers.” That information is incorporated herein by reference.

Information required by this item relating to equity compensation plans will be included in the 2026 Proxy Statement under the heading “Equity Compensation Plan Information.” That information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information required by this item will be included in the 2026 Proxy Statement under the headings “Related Party Transactions” and “Director Independence.” That information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

Information relating to fees paid to and services performed by Deloitte & Touche LLP and our Audit Committee’s pre-approval policies and procedures with respect to non-audit services are contained in the 2026 Proxy Statement under the heading “Proposal 3: Ratification of the Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.” That information is incorporated herein by reference.

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

PART IV.

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a)(1) Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes, together with the report of Deloitte & Touche LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID No. 34), appear in Part II Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data of this Form 10-K.

(a)(2) Financial Statements Schedules

All schedules have been omitted because they are not required or because the required information is given in the Consolidated Financial Statements or accompanying notes thereto.

(a)(3) Exhibits

The Exhibits listed below on the Exhibit Index are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Form 10-K.

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
2.1	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated October 19, 2018, between Honeywell International Inc. and Resideo Technologies, Inc.* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2018, File No. 001-38635)
2.2	Transition Services Agreement, dated October 19, 2018, between Honeywell International Inc. and Ademco Inc., a subsidiary of Resideo Technologies, Inc.* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2018, File No. 001-38635)
2.3	Tax Matters Agreement, dated October 19, 2018, between Honeywell International Inc. and Resideo Technologies, Inc.* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.3 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2018, File No. 001-38635)
2.4	Employee Matters Agreement, dated October 19, 2018, between Honeywell International Inc. and Resideo Technologies, Inc.* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.4 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2018, File No. 001-38635)
2.5	Patent Cross-License Agreement, dated October 19, 2018, between Honeywell International Inc. and Resideo Technologies, Inc.* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.5 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2018, File No. 001-38635)
2.6	Trademark License Agreement, dated October 19, 2018, between Honeywell International Inc. and Resideo Technologies, Inc.* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.6 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2018, File No. 001-38635)
2.7	First Amendment to Trademark License Agreement, dated as of April 21, 2020, between Resideo Technologies, Inc. and Honeywell International Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.7 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on April 23, 2020, File No. 001-38635)
2.8	Second Amendment to Trademark License Agreement, dated as of September 23, 2020, between Resideo Technologies, Inc. and Honeywell International Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.11 to Resideo's Form 10-K filed on February 25, 2021, File No. 001-38635)
2.9	Third Amendment to Trademark License Agreement, dated as of May 12, 2021, between Resideo Technologies, Inc. and Honeywell International Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.14 to Resideo's Form 10-K filed on February 21, 2023, File No. 001-38635)
2.10	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 14, 2024, by and among Resideo Technologies, Inc., Pop Acquisition Inc., and Snap One Holdings Corp.* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on April 15, 2024, File No. 001-38635)
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2018, File No. 001-38635)
3.2	Amended and Restated By-laws of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on February 6, 2023, File No. 001-38635)
3.3	Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of Series A Cumulative Convertible Participating Preferred Stock of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Form S-8 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 14, 2024, File No. 333-280220)

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

- 4.1 [Description of Securities of Registrant \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.2 [First Supplemental Indenture, dated April 1, 2022, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated August 26, 2021, relating to the Issuer’s 4.000% 2029 Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Resideo’s Form 8-K filed on April 4, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.3 [Second Supplemental Indenture, dated May 19, 2022, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated August 26, 2021, relating to the Issuer’s 4.000% 2029 Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on August 4, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.4 [Third Supplemental Indenture, dated September 26, 2022, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated August 26, 2021, relating to the Issuer’s 4.000% 2029 Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on November 1, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.5 [Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated April 11, 2023, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated August 26, 2021, relating to the Issuer’s 4.000% 2029 Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed May 3, 2023, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.6 [Fifth Supplemental Indenture dated July 17, 2024 to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated August 26, 2021, relating to the Issuer’s 4.000% 2029 Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on August 9, 2024, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.7 [Sixth Supplemental Indenture dated December 20, 2024, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated August 26, 2021, relating to the Issuer’s 4.000% 2029 Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.9 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.8 [Indenture, dated as of July 17, 2024, among Resideo Funding Inc., as issuer, Resideo Technologies, Inc., the other guarantors named therein, and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Resideo’s Form 8-K filed on July 17, 2024, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.9 [First Supplemental Indenture, dated December 20, 2024, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated July 17, 2024, relating to the Issuer’s 6.500% 2032 Senior Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.11 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.10 [Seventh Supplemental Indenture dated September 30, 2025, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated August 26, 2021, relating to the Issuer’s 4.000% 2029 Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on November 5, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 4.11 [Second Supplemental Indenture, dated September 30, 2025, to the Senior Notes Indenture, dated July 17, 2024, relating to the Issuer’s 6.500% 2032 Senior Notes \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on November 5, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.01 [Form of Internal Hire Offer Letter ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.03 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on August 23, 2018, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.02 [Resideo Technologies Supplemental Savings Plan ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.05 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on March 18, 2019, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.03 [Resideo Technologies, Inc. Severance Plan For Designated Officers as amended on July 31, 2025 ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.04 [Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Form S-8 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 14, 2024, File No. 333-280220\)](#)

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

- 10.05 [2018 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Resideo Technologies, Inc. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to Resideo’s Form S-8 filed on December 6, 2018, File No. 333-228687\)](#)
- 10.06 [2018 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Resideo Technologies, Inc. Form of Stock Option Award Agreement. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.10 to Resideo’s Form S-8 filed on December 6, 2018, File No. 333-228687\)](#)
- 10.07 [2018 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Resideo Technologies, Inc. Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.11 to Resideo’s Form S-8 filed on December 6, 2018, File No. 333-228687\)](#)
- 10.08 [Resideo Technologies UK Sharebuilder Plan. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.12 to Resideo’s Form S-8 filed on December 6, 2018, File No. 333-228687\)](#)
- 10.09 [Supplemental Deed to Resideo Technologies UK Sharebuilder Plan ‡ \(filed herewith\)](#)
- 10.10 [Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates Form of Stock Option Award Agreement. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on March 18, 2019, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.11 [Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement amended as of July 28, 2022. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on November 1, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.12 [Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates Form of Performance Stock Unit Agreement amended as of July 28, 2022. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on November 1, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.13 [Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates Form of Omnibus Amendment to Performance Stock Unit Agreements \(for outstanding PSU awards\). ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on November 1, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.14 [Resideo Supplemental Pension Plan ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on March 18, 2019, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.15 [Resideo Technologies, Inc. Bonus Plan, amended as of April 28, 2022. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on August 4, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.16 [Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates Form of Stock Option Award Agreement \(adopted 2020\). ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on May 7, 2020, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.17 [Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and its Affiliates Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement \(adopted 2020\). ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on May 7, 2020, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.18 [Employment Agreement Letter with Jay Geldmacher dated May 18, 2020. ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Form 8-K filed on May 19, 2020, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.19 [Amendment to Employment Agreement Letter with Jay Geldmacher dated July 1, 2021. ‡ \(incorporated nu reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed August 5, 2021, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.20 [Restricted Stock Unit Agreement with Robert B. Aarnes dated February 15, 2024 ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Form 10-Q filed on May 2, 2024 \(File No. 001-38635\)](#)

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

- 10.21 [Employment Agreement Letter with Michael Carlet ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo's Form 10-Q filed on November 7, 2024 \(File No. 001-38635\)\)](#)
- 10.22 [Letter Agreement with Terms and Conditions of Employment with Jay Geldmacher, dated November 6, 2024 ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to Resideo's Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.23 [Amendment to Letter Agreement with Terms and Conditions of Employment with Jay Geldmacher, dated January 6, 2026 ‡ \(filed herewith\)](#)
- 10.24 [Second Amendment to Letter Agreement with Terms and Conditions of Employment with Jay Geldmacher, dated February 20, 2026 ‡ \(filed herewith\)](#)
- 10.25 [Amendment to Stock Option Agreement with Jay Geldmacher dated July 31, 2025 ‡ \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Resideo's Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2025, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.26 [Amendment and Restatement Agreement, dated as of February 12, 2021, by and among the Resideo Technologies, Inc., Resideo Holding Inc., Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc., Resideo Funding Inc., certain other subsidiaries of Resideo Technologies, Inc., the lenders and issuing banks party thereto, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed February 17, 2021, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.27 [First Amendment dated as of March 28, 2022 to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of February 12, 2021, among Resideo Funding Inc., Resideo Technologies Inc., Resideo Holding Inc., Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc., the other subsidiaries of Resideo Technologies, Inc., party thereto JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., as administrative agent, and the lending institutions party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed March 28, 2022, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.28 [Second Amendment dated as of June 30, 2023 to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of February 12, 2021, among Resideo Funding Inc., Resideo Technologies Inc., Resideo Holding Inc., Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc., the other subsidiaries of Resideo Technologies, Inc., party thereto JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., as administrative agent, and the lending institutions party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Resideo's Form 10-Q filed August 4, 2023, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.29 [Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of May 24, 2024, among Resideo Technologies, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Holding Inc., a Delaware Corporation, Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Funding Inc., a Delaware corporation, the financial institutions party thereto as Lenders and Issuing Banks and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on May 28, 2024, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.30 [Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 14, 2024, among Resideo Technologies, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Holding Inc., a Delaware Corporation, Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Funding Inc., a Delaware corporation, the lenders and issuing banks party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on June 18, 2024, File No. 001-38635\)](#)
- 10.31 [Fifth Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 16, 2024, among Resideo Technologies, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Holding Inc., a Delaware Corporation, Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Funding Inc., a Delaware corporation, the lenders and issuing banks party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo's Form 8-K filed on December 18, 2024, File No. 001-38635\)](#)

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

10.32	Sixth Amendment to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of August 13, 2025, among Resideo Technologies, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Holding Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc., a Delaware corporation, Resideo Funding Inc., a Delaware corporation, the lenders and issuing banks party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 14, 2025, File No. 001-38635)
10.33	Investment Agreement, dated as of April 14, 2024, by and among Resideo Technologies, Inc., CD&R Channel Holdings, L.P. and Clayton, Dubilier & Rice Fund XII, L.P. (solely for purposes of Section 4.10 thereof) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Form 8-K filed on April 15, 2024, File No. 001-38635)
10.34	Amendment No. 1 to Investment Agreement, dated as of June 14, 2024, by and among Resideo Technologies, Inc., CD&R Channel Holdings, L.P. and Clayton, Dubilier & Rice Fund XII, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Resideo’s Form 8-K filed on June 18, 2024, File No. 001-38635)
10.35	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of June 14, 2024, by and between Resideo Technologies, Inc. and CD&R Channel Holdings, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Resideo’s Form 8-K filed on June 18, 2024, File No. 001-38635)
10.36	Termination Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2025, by and among Honeywell International Inc., Resideo Technologies, Inc., Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc. and the guarantors party thereto and identified on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 30, 2025, File No. 001-38635)
19.1	Resideo Insider Trading Policy (filed herewith)
21.1	List of subsidiaries of the registrant (filed herewith)
23.1	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm (filed herewith)
24.1	Powers of Attorney ‡ (filed herewith)
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
97	Policy Concerning Recoupment of Incentive Based Compensation from Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 97 to Resideo’s Form 10-K filed on February 14, 2024, File No. 001-38635)
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document (filed herewith)
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema (filed herewith)
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase (filed herewith)
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase (filed herewith)

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase (filed herewith)
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase (filed herewith)
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Certain schedules and similar attachments have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby undertakes to furnish copies of any of the omitted schedules and similar attachments upon request by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

‡ Indicates management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.

None.

RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ Michael Carlet

Michael Carlet

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(on behalf of the Registrant and as the Registrant's Principal Financial Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this annual report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated:

Name	Title	Date
<u>/s/ Jay Geldmacher</u> Jay Geldmacher	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	February 24, 2026
<u>/s/ Jeffrey Kutz</u> Jeffrey Kutz	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Andrew C. Teich	Chairman of the Board	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Paul F. Deninger	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Cynthia Hostetler	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Brian G. Kushner	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Jack R. Lazar	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Nina L. Richardson	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Nathan K. Sleeper	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> John Stroup	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>*</u> Sharon Wienbar	Director	February 24, 2026
<u>Kareem Yusuf</u>		

*By: /s/ Jeannine J. Lane
(Jeannine J. Lane, Attorney-in-Fact)

February 24, 2026

SUPPLEMENTAL DEED

This Deed is made on 19 December 2024

BETWEEN:

- (1) **Resideo Technologies, Inc.** a Delaware incorporated company whose principal executive offices are at 115 Tabor Road, Morris Plains, New Jersey 07950, U.S.A. (the “**Company**”);
- (2) **Computershare Trustees Limited** (Registered Number 3661515) whose registered office is at The Pavilions, Bridgwater Road, Bristol BS13 8AE, U.K. (the “**Trustees**”); and
- (3) **Snap One EMEA Ltd** (Registered Number 06537279) whose registered office is c/o Corporation Service Company (UK) Limited, 5 Churchill Place, 10th Floor, London E14 5HU, U.K. (“**Snap One**”).
- (4) **RECITALS:**
 - (A) This Deed is supplemental to the trust deed entered into between the Company and the Trustees dated 11 December 2018 establishing the Resideo Technologies UK Sharebuilder Plan (the “**Plan**”).
 - (B) Clause 6.1 of the Plan provides that any Subsidiary of the Company (being any company which is under the Control of the Company and which is a subsidiary within the meaning given by section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006) may, with the consent of the Company and the Trustees, become a party to and participate in the Plan by entering into a deed supplemental to the Plan agreeing to be bound in all respects by its terms.
 - (C) It is proposed that Snap One, whose ultimate parent company is the Company (and so is a “Subsidiary” as defined by the Plan), becomes a party to, and bound by, the Plan.

AGREED TERMS

1. DEFINED TERMS

Words and expressions used in this deed shall, unless the context expressly requires otherwise, have the meaning given to them in the Plan.

2. PARTIES

For the avoidance of doubt, the Company and the Trustees hereby acknowledge that the registered company number of the Trustees was stated incorrectly in the Plan and should have read 3661515 (not 2045938) and it is hereby agreed that the Plan is amended accordingly.

3. CONFIRMATION

Snap One confirms that it has been supplied with and has read a copy of the Plan.

4. ADHERENCE

3.1 Snap One undertakes to the Company and the Trustees, and the Company and the Trustees acknowledge that, from the date of this Deed, Snap One shall:

- (a) assume the benefit of the rights of a Participating Company under the Plan;
- (b) observe, perform, be bound by and adhere to all the terms, conditions, obligations and provisions of the Plan that apply to it as a Participating Company and which are to be performed on or after the date of this Deed; and
- (c) without limitation to clause 3.1(b), shall provide the Trustees with all such information as may be required by them for the purposes of the administration and termination of the Plan in any form the Trustees may reasonably require.

5. COUNTERPARTS

This Deed may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which when executed and delivered shall constitute a duplicate original, but all the counterparts shall together constitute the one agreement.

6. GOVERNING LAW AND JURISDICTION

This Deed and any dispute or claim (including non-contractual disputes or claims) arising out of or in connection with it or its subject matter or formation is governed by and shall be construed in accordance with the laws of England. Each party irrevocably agrees that the courts of England and Wales shall have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute or claim (including non-contractual disputes or claims) arising out of or in connection with this deed or its subject matter or formation.

IN WITNESS of which this document has been executed as a deed and is delivered and takes effect on the date stated at the beginning of it.

[signature pages follow]

Executed as a Deed by
RESIDEO TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
acting by Steve Kelly, officer of the company
who, in accordance with
the laws of the company's state of
incorporation, is acting under its
authority

/s/ Steve Kelly
Steve Kelly

Executed as a Deed by
**COMPUTERSHARE TRUSTEES
LIMITED** acting by two directors or by one
director and the company secretary

/s/ Kevan Botha
Director

/s/ Leighton Hazel-Smart
Director / Secretary

Executed as a Deed by
SNAP ONE EMEA LIMITED
acting by a Director

/s/ Mark David Reynolds

in the presence of:

Signature of witness: /s/ Nathan Plummer

Name of witness (PRINT): Nathan Plummer

Occupation: Account Manager

January 6, 2026

Jay Geldmacher

Re: Amendment to November 6, 2024 Letter Setting Forth Terms and Conditions of Employment

Dear Jay:

This letter amends those Terms and Conditions of Employment previously outlined in the November 6, 2024 letter between you and Sharon Wienbar (the "2024 Term Sheet"). As indicated in the 2024 Term Sheet, you notified the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Resideo Technologies, Inc. ("Resideo" or the "Company") of your intention to retire from the Company. To effectuate a smooth transition for the Company and for the new CEO, the Board and you agreed in the 2024 Term Sheet that you would remain employed by the Company for a period of six (6) months following the date a new CEO commences employment as CEO (the "Transition Date").

Given that a new CEO is now anticipated to be appointed during the 2026 calendar year, the 2024 Term Sheet is hereby amended to include the following paragraph in the section titled "**Annual Incentive Plan**":

- 2026 Performance Year:
 - If the Transition Date is prior to December 31, 2026, in recognition of your agreement to assist with the CEO transition, you will receive a pro-rated target bonus payment based on the period January 1, 2026, through the Transition Date, payable either within 30 days following your separation or at the time other participants receive their bonus payments, whichever is earlier; and
 - If the Transition Date is on or after December 31, 2026, you will receive a full year bonus payment calculated based upon financial results against Resideo Bonus Plan metrics, payable at or around the same time other participants receive their bonus payments (which shall be no later than March 31, 2027).

All other terms and conditions outlined in the 2024 Term Sheet remain unchanged.



ACCEPTANCE OF TERMS

Please indicate your acceptance of these terms by electronically signing this letter via Adobe.

If you have any questions or need further information, please contact either me, Jeannine Lane, EVP, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, or Steve Kelly, EVP and Chief Human Resources Officer.

Thank you for your contributions to Resideo.

Best,

/s/ Sharon Wienbar

Sharon Wienbar

Chair of the Compensation & Human Capital
Management Committee of the Board

Read and Accepted:

/s/ Jay Geldmacher 01/06/2026

JAY GELDMACHER Date

February 20, 2026

Jay Geldmacher

Re: Second Amendment to November 6, 2024, Letter Setting Forth Terms and Conditions of Employment

Dear Jay:

This letter amends those Terms and Conditions of Employment previously outlined in the November 6, 2024 letter between you and Sharon Wienbar (the "2024 Term Sheet"). As indicated in the 2024 Term Sheet, you notified the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Resideo Technologies, Inc. ("Resideo" or the "Company") of your intention to retire from the Company. To effectuate a smooth transition for the Company and for the new CEO, the Board and you agreed in the 2024 Term Sheet that you would remain employed by the Company for a period of six (6) months following the date a new CEO commences employment as CEO (the "Transition Date").

Given that a new CEO is now anticipated to be appointed during the 2026 calendar year, the 2024 Term Sheet is hereby amended as follows:

Base Salary:

- Effective April 1, 2026, your annual base salary will be \$1,103,310.

Annual Long-term Incentive Compensation:

- On February 18, 2026, the Compensation and Human Capital Management Committee of the Board approved an annual grant of restricted stock units (RSUs) with a grant date value of \$3,000,000. The RSUs will vest on the one-year anniversary of the grant date, provided that either (1) you continue to be employed by the Company through the vesting date; or (2) if your separation of employment occurs six months after the Transition Date but prior to such first anniversary, you remain in compliance with your noncompete and other restrictive covenant agreements as of the vesting date. This grant is not subject to accelerated vesting as described in the "Annual Long-term Incentive" section of your 2024 Term Sheet. The terms of this grant will be governed by the Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Incentive Plan of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and the applicable award agreement.

All other terms and conditions outlined in both the 2024 Term Sheet and the Amendment to November 6, 2024, Letter Setting Forth Terms and Conditions of Employment, dated January 6, 2026, remain unchanged.



ACCEPTANCE OF TERMS

Please indicate your acceptance of these terms by electronically signing this letter via AdobeSign.

If you have any questions or need further information, please contact either me, Jeannine Lane, EVP, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, or Steve Kelly, EVP and Chief Human Resources Officer.

Thank you for your contributions to Resideo.

Best,

/s/ Sharon Wienbar

Sharon Wienbar

Chair of the Compensation & Human Capital
Management Committee of the Board

Read and Accepted:

/s/ Jay Geldmacher 02/20/2026

JAY GELDMACHER Date

resideo.com



Insider Trading Policy

Issue Date: October 30, 2024

Date Revised: February 18, 2026

Document owner/contact: Jeannine Lane

Functions: All

Geography: Global

SUMMARY

Federal, state and foreign securities laws prohibit trading in the equity or debt securities of a company while aware of material non-public information about the company. In order to take an active role in promoting compliance with such laws, and preventing insider trading violations by its officers, directors, employees and certain others, Resideo Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") has adopted the policies and procedures described in this memorandum (the "Policy").

1.0 Purpose

This Policy applies to all transactions in the Company's securities, including common stock, options for common stock and other stock units, and any other securities the Company may issue from time to time, such as preferred stock, warrants and convertible debentures, as well as to derivative securities relating to the Company's securities, including securities exchangeable into the Company's securities, whether or not issued by the Company, such as exchange-traded options (collectively, "Company Securities").

The Supplemental Provisions at the end of this Policy imposes additional obligations on certain Company Persons who have, or are likely to have, regular or special access to material non-public information about the Company and potentially about other companies in the normal course of their duties ("Access Persons"). These Access Persons include the Company's executive officers, the members of the Board of Directors, and other officers and key employees who have been designated by the general counsel ("General Counsel"), in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as necessary, as Access Persons.

2.0 Scope

Persons and Entities Subject to Policy

This Policy's prohibitions apply to actions taken by all officers, directors, employees, temporary employees, independent consultants and contractors of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Company Persons" and each a "Company Person").

The restrictions and prohibitions in this Policy on actions by Company Persons also apply to actions by the members of a Company Person's immediate families and others living in the Company Person's households, and any entities (including trusts, corporations, partnerships or other associations) that a Company Person directly or indirectly influences or controls (collectively, "related persons"). All

Company Persons are responsible for ensuring that their related persons do not engage in the activities restricted or prohibited under this Policy.

Post-Separation Transactions

This Policy applies even after separation from employment or service with the Company. If a Company Person is aware of material non-public information when his or her employment or service terminates, that person may not trade in Company Securities (or another company's securities, as described in this Policy) until such information has become public or is no longer material. Accordingly, certain provisions of this Policy may continue to apply to the Company Person after ceasing to be a Company Person, based on the circumstances in effect at the time of separation.

3.0 Policy

3.1 General Prohibition Against Insider Trading Applicable to All Company Persons

No Trading on or Tipping of Material Non-Public Information

No Company Person may, while aware of material non-public information about the Company:

- buy, sell or otherwise engage in any transactions, directly or indirectly, in any Company Securities, except as described in Section 3.4 below;
- make recommendations or express opinions about trading in Company Securities on the basis of such information;
- disclose such information to any third party, including family or household members; or
- assist anyone in the above activities.

Transactions that may be necessary or justifiable for independent reasons (such as the need to raise money for an emergency expenditure) are not excepted from these restrictions. Applicable securities laws do not recognize mitigating circumstances and, in any event, even the appearance of an improper transaction must be avoided to preserve the Company's reputation for adhering to the highest standards of conduct.

"Material Non-Public Information"

Material Information. It is not possible to define all categories of material information, as the ultimate determination of materiality by enforcement authorities will be based on an assessment of all of the facts and circumstances. Information that is material at one point in time may cease to be material at another point in time, and vice versa.

In general, information is considered "material" if there is a reasonable likelihood that it would be considered important to an investor in making a decision to buy, hold or sell securities. Any information that could reasonably be expected to affect a company's stock price, whether positive or negative, may be considered material.

While it may be difficult under this standard to determine whether particular information is material, there are various categories of information that are particularly sensitive and, as a general rule, are more likely to be considered material, or may be presumptively material, such as:

- Financial results;
- Projections of future revenues, earnings or losses;
- Announcement of a new product, facility or technology introductions, or timing thereof;
- Significant changes in production capacity or utilization of existing production capacity;
- News of a pending or proposed merger;

- News of the disposition or acquisition of assets or a subsidiary;
- Impairments, write-offs or restructurings;
- Creation of a direct or contingent financial obligation;
- Impending bankruptcy or financial liquidity problems;
- Cybersecurity incidents;
- The gain or loss of a substantial customer or supplier, or termination or reduction of business relationship with a customer that provides significant revenue to the Company;
- Significant product defects or modifications;
- Changes in dividend policy;
- Significant pricing changes;
- Stock splits;
- New equity or debt offerings;
- Significant litigation or regulatory exposure due to actual or threatened litigation, investigation or enforcement activity;
- Major changes in senior management; or
- Significant agreements not in the ordinary course of business (or termination thereof).

For guidance on whether any particular piece of information constitutes material non-public information, consult the General Counsel.

Keep in mind that determinations about whether certain information is material is often evaluated after-the-fact with the benefit of hindsight.

Non-Public Information. Information is not considered public until it has been disclosed broadly to the marketplace (for example, included in a press release, a filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), or a broadly-accessible conference call or webcast) and the investing public has had time to absorb the information fully. Information will be considered to be fully absorbed after one full trading day has passed after the information is released. If, for example, the Company were to make an announcement before the market opens on Monday, the information in the announcement would be considered public (and trades could be made) when trading opens on Tuesday (assuming all relevant days are "trading days"; a "trading day" is a day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business).

3.2 Restrictions Applicable to Trading in Other Companies' Securities

A Company Person may also come into contact with material non-public information relating to another company (such as a customer, supplier, competitor or merger or acquisition target of the Company) in the course of their employment with, or other services performed on behalf of, the Company or any subsidiary of the Company, or otherwise. This Policy prohibits a Company Person from trading in another company's securities, and from disclosing such information or making trading recommendations regarding such other company, while the Covered Person is aware of material non-public information about such other company.

3.3 Special Restrictions and Prohibitions Applicable to All Company Persons

The following transactions present heightened legal risk and/or the appearance of improper or inappropriate conduct on the part of Company Persons, and are restricted or prohibited as follows. The restrictions and prohibitions apply *even if* the relevant Company Person is not aware of material non-public information.

Short Sales

Short sales of a security (*i.e.*, the sale of a security that the seller does not own) by their nature reflect an expectation that the value of the security will decline. Short sales can create perverse incentives for the seller, and signal to the market a lack of confidence in the Company's prospects. Accordingly, no Company Person may engage in a short sale of Company Securities.

Publicly Traded Options

A put is an option to sell a security at a specific price before a set date, and a call is an option or right to buy a security at a specific price before a set date. Generally, put options are purchased when a person believes the value of a security will fall, and call options are purchased when a person believes the value of a security will rise. A transaction in options is, in effect, a bet on the short-term movement of the Company's securities, and therefore creates the appearance of trading on the basis of material non-public information. Transactions in options may also focus a Company Person's attention on short-term performance at the expense of the Company's long-term objectives. Accordingly, no Company Person may engage in a put, call or other derivative security transaction relating to Company Securities on an exchange or in any other organized market.

Hedging Transactions

Certain forms of hedging or monetization transactions, including zero-cost collars, equity swaps, exchange funds and forward sale contracts, allow a stockholder to lock in much of the value of his or her stock holdings, often in exchange for all or part of the potential for upside appreciation in the stock. These transactions allow the stockholder to continue to own the covered securities, but without the full risks and rewards of ownership. Because participating in these transactions may cause a Company Person to no longer have the same objectives as the Company's other stockholders, no Company Person may engage in such transactions.

Margin Accounts and Pledges

Securities held in margin accounts for collateral as a margined loan may be sold by the broker without the customer's consent if the customer fails to meet a margin call. Similarly, securities pledged (or hypothecated) as collateral for a loan may be sold in foreclosure if the borrower defaults on the loan. A margin sale or foreclosure sale that occurs at a time when the pledgor is aware of material non-public information or otherwise is not permitted to trade in Company Securities would fall under the restrictions in this Policy on trading during such times. Therefore, no Company Person may hold Company Securities in a margin account or pledge Company Securities as collateral for a loan.

Short-Term Trading

Frequent trading of Company Securities can create the appearance of wrongdoing even if the decision to trade was based solely on public information. Company Persons are strongly discouraged from trading in Company Securities for short-term trading profits.

Special Trading Windows

From time to time the General Counsel may impose special closed window periods, such as in connection with a particular event or transaction, during which affected persons will be prohibited from engaging in transactions in Company Securities. In the event of a special closed trading window, the General Counsel will notify Access Persons or other affected persons, who will be prohibited from engaging in any transaction involving the Company Securities until further written notice. The imposition of a special closed trading window is itself confidential information, and the fact that it has been imposed may not be disclosed to others.

3.4 Certain Exceptions

The following routine transactions, within the limits described, are generally not subject to the restrictions on trading in this Policy. The Company reserves, though, the right to prohibit any such transaction as it, in its sole discretion, deems necessary.

Stock Option Exercises

This Policy does not apply to the exercise of any employee stock options, whereby a Company Person pays out-of-pocket to exercise and hold the stock, or to the "net exercise" of a tax withholding right pursuant to which a Company Person elects to have the Company withhold shares subject to an option to satisfy tax- withholding requirements. This Policy does apply, however, to any sale of shares as part of a broker-assisted cashless exercise of, or tax withholding on, an option or any other market sale for the purpose of generating the cash needed to pay the exercise price of an option.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

This Policy does not apply to purchases of Company stock resulting from a Company Person's periodic contribution of money to the employee stock purchase plan pursuant to the election made by such Company Person at the time of enrollment. This Policy does apply, however, to sales of Company stock purchased pursuant to the plan.

Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Unit and Performance Stock Unit Awards

This Policy does not apply to the vesting and settlement of restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance stock units, or the withholding or sale of stock back to the Company to satisfy tax withholding obligations upon the vesting of any restricted stock, restricted stock units or performance stock units. The Policy does apply, however, to any market sale of stock after vesting.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

This Policy does not apply to purchases of Company stock under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan, if such plan is in existence, resulting from a Company Person's reinvestment of dividends paid on Company stock. This Policy does apply, however, to voluntary purchases of Company stock resulting from additional contributions a Company Person chooses to make to the dividend reinvestment plan, and to an election to participate in the plan or to increase his or her level of participation in the plan. This Policy also applies to a Company Person's sale of any Company stock purchased pursuant to the plan.

Dispositions by Gift

This Policy does not apply to a disposition of Company stock by bona fide gift if either of the following applies:

- The gift is made to a person or entity that is subject to this Policy by virtue of being a Company Person or related person; or
- The individual making the gift has a reasonable basis for believing that the recipient of the gift will not sell the Company stock immediately or during a period when the individual making the gift would not be permitted to trade pursuant to the terms of this Policy.

Any Section 16 Person (as defined below) making such an exempt gift must provide notice of the planned gift to the Office of the General Counsel at least two business days prior to making the gift.

All other gifts must comply with all provisions of this Policy, including trading windows and pre-clearance requirements.

Hardship Trades

The Company recognizes that an Insider may experience exceptional circumstances that may necessitate a transaction outside of an open window period. In that case, the Insider must request permission to do so from the General Counsel and the CFO. Permission to transact outside of an open window period is in the discretion of the General Counsel and the CFO.

4.0 Individual Responsibility

All Company Persons have the individual responsibility to comply with this Policy. A Company Person may, from time to time, have to forgo a proposed transaction in Company Securities even if he or she planned to make the transaction before learning of the material non-public information. While the Office of the General Counsel can and should be consulted regarding the application of this Policy, including the appropriateness of engaging in a particular transaction at a particular time, the responsibility for adhering to this Policy and avoiding unlawful transactions, and ensuring that related persons (as described above) do the same, rests with each Company Person.

i.0 Potential Criminal and Civil Liability and/or Disciplinary Action

Criminal and Civil Liability

Pursuant to Federal, state and foreign securities laws, persons engaging in transactions in a company's securities at a time when they have material non-public information regarding the company, or that disclose material non-public information or make recommendations or express opinions on the basis of material non-public information to a person who engages in transactions in that company's securities ("tipping"), may be subject to significant monetary fines and imprisonment. The Company and its supervisory personnel also face potential civil and criminal liability if they fail to take appropriate steps to prevent illegal insider trading.

The SEC has imposed large penalties even when the disclosing person did not profit from the trading; there is no minimum amount of profit required for prosecution.

Possible Disciplinary Action

Company Persons who violate this Policy will be subject to disciplinary action by the Company, which may include ineligibility for future participation in the Company's equity incentive plans or termination of employment.

6.0 Monitoring Compliance

The Office of the General Counsel will monitor compliance with this Policy and the General Counsel will periodically review this Policy with the Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board of Directors. In addition to the other duties of the Office of the General Counsel under this Policy, the Office of the General Counsel will be responsible for the following:

- Circulating this Policy (and/or a summary thereof) and coordinating training to appropriate groups of Company Persons from time to time;
- Maintaining a current version of this Policy on the Company's intranet website accessible to all employees;
- Pre-clearing all transactions involving Company Securities by Access Persons in order to determine compliance with this Policy, insider trading laws, Section 16 of the Exchange Act and Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended;
- Sending quarterly and other reminders to Access Persons regarding the start and completion of the open window periods;
- Sending notifications to Access Persons and other affected persons regarding special blackout periods; and
- Assisting the Company in implementing this Policy, including monitoring relevant changes in law, regulation or best practices and making appropriate changes to this Policy and related practices and procedures.

7.0 Amendment, Questions and Interpretation

This Policy may be amended from time to time by the Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board, provided that the General Counsel has authority to amend this Policy as needed for matters pertaining to the administration or implementation of the Policy.

Any person who has a question about this Policy or its application to any proposed transaction may obtain additional guidance from the Office of the General Counsel. If there is any uncertainty as to the appropriateness of any such communications, please consult with the Office of the General Counsel before speaking with anyone, especially brokers or any other persons or entities contemplating or executing securities trades.

The General Counsel has ultimate responsibility for all matters pertaining to the interpretation and enforcement of this Policy.

8.0 Acknowledgement

The general requirements regarding trading in Company Securities and reference to this Policy are included in the Company's Code of Business Conduct. Company Persons shall comply with any attestation processes implemented by the Company to confirm their understanding of, and intent to comply with, this Policy, including as part of any attestation regarding the Company's Code of Business Conduct.

SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ACCESS PERSONS

Quarterly Trading Windows

Access Persons will generally be able to buy, sell or otherwise engage in transactions in Company Securities only during four quarterly open window periods, subject to any special blackout periods, each as described below.

Quarterly Open Window Periods. Quarterly open window periods start when one full trading day has passed following the release to the public of the Company's earnings for a fiscal quarter or the fiscal year and ends at the close of trading on the day before the 15th day of the last month of the fiscal quarter (i.e., March 14, June 14, September 14 and December 14). Access Persons may not conduct any transactions in Company Securities except during open window periods, subject to certain limited exceptions described below. However, even during an open window period, restrictions on the purchase or sale of Company Securities apply if an Access Person is aware of material non-public information.

Pre-Clearance

Access Persons must obtain written pre-clearance from the Office of the General Counsel before transacting in Company Securities, including for transactions occurring during an open window period and any exercise of stock options other than as described under "—Certain Exceptions—Stock Option Exercises" above. The procedures for obtaining pre-clearance of transactions will be announced from time to time by the Office of the General Counsel. Requests may be submitted, together with all required supporting documentation and certification, at any time during an open window period and when a special blackout period is not in effect. All trades that are pre-cleared must be effected within five business days of receipt of the pre-clearance.

Transactions under Rule 10b5-1 Plans

Implementation of a trading plan under Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act allows a person to place a standing order with a broker to purchase or sell stock of the Company, so long as the plan specifies the dates, prices and amounts of the planned trades or establishes a formula for those purposes and the person is not aware of material non-public information at the time of entering into the plan. Trades executed pursuant to a Rule 10b5-1 plan that meets the requirements listed below may generally be executed even though the person who established the plan may be aware of material non-public information at the time of the trade.

Anyone subject to this Policy who wishes to enter into a Rule 10b5-1 plan must submit the trading plan to the Office of the General Counsel for prior, written approval. Subsequent modifications to any Rule 10b5-1 plan must also be pre-approved by the Office of the General Counsel.

Whether or not pre-approval will be granted will depend on all the facts and circumstances at the time, but the following guidelines should be kept in mind:

- The trading plan must be in writing and entered into or modified only during an open window period, when a special blackout period is not in effect and when the individual is not aware of material non-public information;
- For Section 16 Persons, no transaction may take place under a Rule 10b5-1 Plan until expiration of a cooling-off period consisting of the later of (i) 90 days after adoption or modification (as specified in Rule 10b5-1) of the Rule 10b5-1 Plan or (ii) two business days following the disclosure of the Company's financial results in a Form 10-Q or Form 10-K for the fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of a Form 10-K) in which the Rule 10b5-1 Plan was adopted or modified (as specified in Rule 10b5-1), but in any event, this

- required cooling-off period is subject to a maximum of 120 days after adoption of the Rule 10b5-1 Plan;
- For persons other than Section 16 Persons, no transaction may take place under a Rule 10b5-1 Plan until the expiration of a cooling-off period that is 30 days following the adoption or modification (as specified in Rule 10b5-1) of a Rule 10b5-1 Plan;
 - Subject to certain limited exceptions specified in Rule 10b5-1, a person may not have more than one Rule 10b5-1 Plan in effect at any same time;
 - Subject to certain limited exceptions specified in Rule 10b5-1, a person may only enter into a Rule 10b5-1 Plan that is designed to effect an open market purchase or sale of the total amount of securities subject to the Rule 10b5-1 Plan as a single transaction (a "single-transaction plan") once in any 12-month period;
 - The person must act in good faith with respect to a Rule 10b5-1 Plan. A Rule 10b5-1 Plan cannot be entered into as part of a plan or scheme to evade the prohibitions of Rule 10b5. Therefore, although modifications to an existing Rule 10b5-1 Plan are not prohibited, a Rule 10b5-1 Plan should be adopted with the intention that it will not be amended or terminated prior to its expiration; and
 - Section 16 Persons must include a representation in the Rule 10b5-1 Plan that (i) the person is not aware of material nonpublic information about the Company or Company securities and (ii) the person is adopting the plan in good faith and not as part of plan or scheme to evade the prohibitions of Rule 10b-5.

For purposes of the above, a modification as specified in Rule 10b5-1 includes any modification of a Rule 10b5-1 Plan that changes the amount, price, or timing of the purchase or sale of securities underlying the 10b5-1 Plan.

A copy of the executed version of any pre-cleared trading plan must be provided to the Office of the General Counsel.

Resideo Technologies, Inc.

Subsidiaries of the Registrant as of December 31, 2025

Subsidiary Name	Country of Incorporation
Ademco 1 B.V.	Netherlands
Ademco 1 GmbH	Germany
ADEMCO 1 LIMITED	United Kingdom
Ademco 2 GmbH	Germany
ADEMCO 2 LIMITED	United Kingdom
ADEMCO 4 LIMITED	United Kingdom
Ademco Adi Global Distribution, S.L.	Spain
Ademco Australia Pty Limited	Australia
Ademco Comercial y Centro de Investigación y Desarrollo, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Ademco CZ s.r.o.	Czechia (Czech Republic)
ADEMCO FZE	United Arab Emirates
Ademco I LLC	United States
ADEMCO III Ltd.	Canada
Ademco Manufacturing Holding Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Ademco Otomasyon Limited Şirketi	Turkey
ADEMCO SRL	Argentina
Ademco Supply S.r.l.	Romania
ADI Global Distribution AB	Sweden
ADI Global Distribution Denmark A/S	Denmark
ADI Global Distribution Inc.	United States
ADI Global Germany GmbH	Germany
ADI of Puerto Rico, Inc.	Puerto Rico
ADI-Gardiner SAS	France
ADI-Gardiner EMEA SAS	France
ADI-Gardiner Ireland Limited	Ireland
ADI-Gardiner Limited	United Kingdom
ADI-GARDINER Netherlands B.V.	Netherlands
ADI-Gardiner NV	Belgium
AlarmNet, Inc.	United States
BRK Brands LLC	United States
Control4 India Private Limited	India
Control4 Switzerland AG	Switzerland
Electronica BRK de Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Mexhon, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico

Pittway BV	Belgium
Pittway Sarl	Switzerland
Radio Systemes Ingénierie Video Technologies SAS	France
Resideo Funding Inc.	United States
Resideo Holding Inc.	United States
Resideo Intermediate Holding Inc.	United States
Resideo International (India) Private Limited	India
Resideo Korea Co., Ltd.	South Korea
Resideo Korlátolt Felelősségű Társaság (Resideo Kft.)	Hungary
Resideo LLC	United States
Resideo Overseas Limited	United Kingdom
Resideo Overseas, LLC	United States
Resideo Plumbing Limited	United Kingdom
Resideo S.r.l.	Italy
Resideo s.r.o.	Slovakia
Resideo Sarl	France
Resideo Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Resideo Smart Home Technologies (India) Private Limited	India
Resideo Smart Homes Technology (Tianjin) Co., Ltd	China
Resideo Technologies, Inc.	United States
Resideo USA LLC	United States
RSI Participations SAS	France
Satamatics Global Limited	United Kingdom
Satcom1 Integration Services ApS	Denmark
Securite Communications SAS	France
SFTY AS	Norway
SNAP ONE APAC PTY LTD	Australia
SNAP ONE AUSTRALIA HOLDINGS PTY LTD	Australia
SNAP ONE AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Australia
Snap One doo Beograd	Serbia
Snap One EMEA LTD	United Kingdom
Snap One Holdings Corp.	United States
Snap One, LLC	United States
Snap One, LLC (Taiwan Branch)	China
Staub Electronics Ltd	Canada
SunBrite Holding Corp	United States
SUNBRITETV LLC	United States
Teknique Limited	New Zealand

From: Foster, Joshua
To: Hawk, Rand; Barner, Brian; Rode, Tyler; Killham, Carol
Cc: Sele, Brittany
Subject: Re: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit
Date: Monday, February 23, 2026 5:56:10 PM

No.

Get [Outlook for iOS](#)

From: Hawk, Rand
Sent: Monday, February 23, 2026 4:53:32 PM
To: Barner, Brian; Rode, Tyler; Killham, Carol; Foster, Joshua
Cc: Sele, Brittany
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Thanks, Brian – we'll push that through. [@Foster, Joshua](#) anything else from your end? Thanks,
Rand Hawk
Senior Manager
SEC Reporting | Technical Accounting

Resideo
16100 N 71st St
Scottsdale, AZ 85245

M 480.74
0.6124

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From: Barner, Brian
Sent: Monday, February 23, 2026 2:42 PM
To: Rode, Tyler; Hawk, Rand; Killham, Carol
Cc: Foster, Joshua; Sele, Brittany
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

ADI-Gardiner should have "SAS" at the end of the name. The rest looks fine.
Brian Elliott Barner, BA, JD, LLM, EMBA
Tax Planning Leader

Resideo Technologies Inc.
(+1) 202-500-2802
1985 Douglas Drive N Golden Valley, MN 55422

From: Rode, Tyler
Sent: Friday, February 20, 2026 5:56 PM
To: Hawk, Rand; Barner, Brian; Killham, Carol
Cc: Foster, Joshua; Sele, Brittany
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Hello, good evening.

Attached updated exhibit listing.

Please note this does not include Control4 Smart Control Technology Shanghai Co Ltd – China given it was liquidated in 2025.
Can you review and confirm approval? Thanks,
Tyler

From: Hawk, Rand
Sent: Friday, February 20, 2026 5:58 PM
To: Barner, Brian; Killham, Carol; Rode, Tyler
Cc: Foster, Joshua; Sele, Brittany
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Thanks, Brian.

[@Rode, Tyler](#) can you please make those updates and send the draft back to Brian and

Josh for final review?

Thanks,

Rand Hawk
Senior Manager
SEC Reporting | Technical Accounting

Resideo
16100 N 71st St
Scottsdale, AZ 85245

M 480.74
0.6124

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From: Barner, Brian
Sent: Friday, February 20, 2026 3:29 PM
To: Killham, Carol; Hawk, Rand
Cc: Rode, Tyler; Foster, Joshua; Sele, Brittany
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Rand,

See comments below in **red text**.

Brian Elliott Barner, BA, JD, LL.M, EMBA
Tax Planning Leader

Resideo Technologies Inc.
1985 Douglas Drive N Golden Valley, MN 55422 Brian.Barner@resideo.com

From: Killham, Carol
Sent: Friday, February 20, 2026 9:38 AM
To: Barner, Brian
Cc: Rode, Tyler; Hawk, Rand; Foster, Joshua; Sele, Brittany
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Hi Brian

As requested I have compared the two documents and the differences are:-

Companies not appearing on the Dec 31 2025 Org Chart:-

ADI Gardiner Holding Ltd – UK Dissolved 14 November 2025. **This company did not exist at year end and should be removed from the list.**

LLC Resideo – Russia Will be liquidated in March 2026. **This company was liquidated on December 12, 2025, and should be removed from the list.**

Resideo Manufacturas de Chihuahua, S. de R.L. de C.V. – Mexico. **This company was sold in 2024 and should be removed from the list.**

Companies on Org Chart not appearing on the list:-

Control4 Smart Control Technology Shanghai Co Ltd – China. **Let's add Control4 Smart Control Technology Shanghai Co Ltd to the list please. It was liquidated on the last day of 2025.**

Hope this helps Carol

Carol Killham
Legal Project Management Specialist (EMEA/APAC)

Resideo
3 Waterside Drive Arlington Business Park Theale
Reading RG7 4SW

From: Barner, Brian
Sent: Thursday, February 19, 2026 1:26 PM
To: Hawk, Rand; Sele, Brittany; Foster, Joshua; Killham, Carol
Cc: Rode, Tyler
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Carol,

Do you mind comparing the attached listing of entities with the attached 2025 year-end org chart and let us know any differences?

Brian Elliott Barner, BA, JD, LLM, EMBA
Tax Planning Leader

Resideo Technologies Inc.
1985 Douglas Drive N Golden Valley, MN 55422

From: Hawk, Rand
Sent: Wednesday, February 18, 2026 10:01 PM
To: Sele, Brittany; Foster, Joshua; Barner, Brian
Cc: Rode, Tyler
Subject: RE: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Thanks, Brittany!

@Barner, Brian can you please take a look and let us know if you are in agreement?

Thanks,

Rand Hawk
Senior Manager
SEC Reporting | Technical Accounting

Resideo
16100 N 71st St
Scottsdale, AZ 85245

M 480.74
0.6124

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From: Sele, Brittany
Sent: Wednesday, February 18, 2026 2:23 PM
To: Foster, Joshua; Hawk, Rand
Subject: 2025 10K Listings Exhibit

Hi Josh and Rand,
Please see attached for Rezi entities as of 12-31-25. Thanks,
Brittany

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement No. 333-280926 on Form S-3 and Registration Statement No. 333-280220 on Form S-8 of our reports dated February 24, 2026, relating to the financial statements of Resideo Technologies, Inc. and the effectiveness of Resideo Technologies, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota
February 24, 2026

POWER OF ATTORNEY

Each of the undersigned, as a director of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (the “Company”), a Delaware corporation, hereby appoints Jay Geldmacher and Jeannine J. Lane, each with power to act without the other and with power of substitution and resubstitution, as my attorney-in-fact and agent for me and in my name, place and stead in any and all capacities,

- (i) to sign the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the year ended December 31, 2025,

- (ii) to sign any amendment to the Annual Report referred to in (i) above, and

- (iii) to file the documents described in (i) and (ii) above and all exhibits thereto and any and all other documents in connection therewith,

granting unto each said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform every act and thing requisite, necessary or desirable to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as I might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or any of them, or their or his or her substitutes or substitute, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

This Power of Attorney may be signed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument.

/s/ Andrew C. Teich
Andrew C. Teich, Chairman of the Board

/s/ Paul F. Deninger
Paul F. Deninger, Director

/s/ Cynthia L. Hostetler
Cynthia L. Hostetler, Director

/s/ Brian G. Kushner
Brian G. Kushner, Director

/s/ Jack R. Lazar
Jack R. Lazar, Director

/s/ Nina L. Richardson
Nina L. Richardson, Director

/s/ Nathan K. Sleeper
Nathan K. Sleeper, Director

/s/ John Stroup
John Stroup, Director

/s/ Sharon Wienbar
Sharon Wienbar, Director

/s/ Kareem Yusuf
Kareem Yusuf, Director

Dated: February 24, 2026

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Jay Geldmacher, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Resideo Technologies, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ Jay Geldmacher

Jay Geldmacher
President and Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Michael Carlet, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Resideo Technologies, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ Michael Carlet

Michael Carlet

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Jay Geldmacher, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ Jay Geldmacher
Jay Geldmacher
President and Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Resideo Technologies, Inc. (the Company) on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Michael Carlet, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ Michael Carlet

Michael Carlet

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer