

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2025**

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: **001-36393**

**Paycom Software, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)

**7501 W. Memorial Road**  
**Oklahoma City, Oklahoma**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**80-0957485**  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**73142**  
(Zip Code)

**(405) 722-6900**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	PAYC	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of July 29, 2025, there were 57,876,797 shares of common stock, par value of \$0.01 per share, outstanding, including 1,620,203 shares of restricted stock.

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
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**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets**  
(in millions, except per share amounts)

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 532.2	\$ 402.0
Accounts receivable	39.9	39.2
Prepaid expenses	55.7	44.4
Inventory	1.6	1.4
Income tax receivable	6.3	11.9
Deferred contract costs	150.1	140.4
Current assets before funds held for clients	785.8	639.3
Funds held for clients	1,616.9	3,665.5
Total current assets	2,402.7	4,304.8
Property and equipment, net	602.1	561.4
Intangible assets, net	44.3	46.2
Goodwill	51.9	51.9
Long-term deferred contract costs	822.3	783.6
Operating lease right-of-use assets	76.8	80.6
Other assets	31.1	31.4
Total assets	\$ 4,031.2	\$ 5,859.9
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 19.7	\$ 23.9
Accrued commissions and bonuses	26.3	33.0
Accrued payroll and vacation	59.0	59.0
Deferred revenue	30.3	30.0
Operating lease liabilities	21.9	20.4
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	75.1	74.8
Current liabilities before client funds obligation	232.3	241.1
Client funds obligation	1,616.9	3,665.7
Total current liabilities	1,849.2	3,906.8
Deferred income tax liabilities, net	150.2	149.7
Long-term deferred revenue	119.4	114.6
Long-term operating lease liabilities	59.3	63.0
Other long-term liabilities	51.2	49.9
Total long-term liabilities	380.1	377.2
Total liabilities	2,229.3	4,284.0
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12 "Commitments and Contingencies")		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value (100.0 shares authorized, 63.5 and 63.0 shares issued at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively; 56.2 and 55.9 shares outstanding at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively)	0.6	0.6
Additional paid-in capital	801.9	724.8
Retained earnings	2,073.3	1,887.5
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss)	0.2	(0.6)
Treasury stock, at cost (7.2 and 7.1 shares at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively)	(1,074.1)	(1,036.4)
Total stockholders' equity	1,801.9	1,575.9
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,031.2	\$ 5,859.9

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**  
(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Revenues</b>				
Recurring and other	\$ 455.1	\$ 405.5	\$ 955.1	\$ 871.6
Interest on funds held for clients	28.5	32.0	59.0	65.8
Total revenues	<u>483.6</u>	<u>437.5</u>	<u>1,014.1</u>	<u>937.4</u>
<b>Cost of revenues</b>				
Operating expenses	68.4	67.5	134.8	131.1
Depreciation and amortization	19.1	16.4	37.4	31.4
Total cost of revenues	<u>87.5</u>	<u>83.9</u>	<u>172.2</u>	<u>162.5</u>
<b>Administrative expenses</b>				
Sales and marketing	116.0	106.9	226.9	222.4
Research and development	74.8	62.4	137.1	112.9
General and administrative	70.2	70.1	135.9	22.0
Depreciation and amortization	22.8	19.2	44.5	36.7
Total administrative expenses	<u>283.8</u>	<u>258.5</u>	<u>544.4</u>	<u>393.9</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>371.3</u>	<u>342.4</u>	<u>716.6</u>	<u>556.4</u>
Operating income	112.3	95.1	297.5	381.0
Interest expense	(0.8)	(0.8)	(1.6)	(1.6)
Other income (expense), net	5.7	4.8	11.6	9.8
Income before income taxes	<u>117.2</u>	<u>99.1</u>	<u>307.5</u>	<u>389.2</u>
Provision for income taxes	27.7	31.2	78.6	74.0
Net income	<u>\$ 89.5</u>	<u>\$ 68.0</u>	<u>\$ 228.9</u>	<u>\$ 315.2</u>
Earnings per share, basic	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.08	\$ 5.58
Earnings per share, diluted	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.06	\$ 5.57
<b>Weighted average shares outstanding:</b>				
Basic	56.1	56.5	56.0	56.5
Diluted	56.5	56.8	56.3	56.5
<b>Comprehensive earnings:</b>				
Net income	\$ 89.5	\$ 68.0	\$ 228.9	\$ 315.2
Unrealized net (losses) gains on available-for-sale securities	(0.1)	0.3	0.6	1.2
Tax effect	0.3	(0.1)	0.1	(0.4)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Comprehensive earnings	<u>\$ 89.7</u>	<u>\$ 68.2</u>	<u>\$ 229.6</u>	<u>\$ 315.9</u>

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity**  
(in millions)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock		Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				Shares	Amount	
<b>Balances at December 31, 2023</b>	<u>62.7</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 724.4</u>	<u>\$ 1,470.0</u>	<u>\$ (1.0)</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>\$ (891.0)</u>	<u>\$ 1,303.0</u>
Vesting of restricted stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	(89.6)	—	—	—	—	(89.6)
Dividends declared (\$0.375 per share)	—	—	—	(20.0)	—	—	—	(20.0)
Repurchases of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	(3.1)	(3.1)
Net income	—	—	—	247.2	—	—	—	247.2
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax	—	—	—	—	0.5	—	—	0.5
<b>Balances at March 31, 2024</b>	<u>62.7</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 634.8</u>	<u>\$ 1,697.2</u>	<u>\$ (0.5)</u>	<u>6.2</u>	<u>\$ (894.1)</u>	<u>\$ 1,438.1</u>
Vesting of restricted stock	0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	32.4	—	—	—	—	32.4
Dividends declared (\$0.375 per share)	—	—	—	(21.6)	—	—	—	(21.6)
Repurchases of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	0.6	(90.5)	(90.5)
Net income	—	—	—	68.0	—	—	—	68.0
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2
<b>Balances at June 30, 2024</b>	<u>62.9</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 667.2</u>	<u>\$ 1,743.6</u>	<u>\$ (0.3)</u>	<u>6.7</u>	<u>\$ (984.6)</u>	<u>\$ 1,426.5</u>

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock		Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				Shares	Amount	
<b>Balances at December 31, 2024</b>	<u>63.0</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 724.8</u>	<u>\$ 1,887.5</u>	<u>\$ (0.6)</u>	<u>7.1</u>	<u>\$ (1,036.4)</u>	<u>\$ 1,575.9</u>
Vesting of restricted stock	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	28.0	—	—	—	—	28.0
Dividends declared (\$0.375 per share)	—	—	—	(21.4)	—	—	—	(21.4)
Repurchases of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5.2)	(5.2)
Net income	—	—	—	139.4	—	—	—	139.4
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax	—	—	—	—	0.5	—	—	0.5
<b>Balances at March 31, 2025</b>	<u>63.1</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 752.8</u>	<u>\$ 2,005.5</u>	<u>\$ (0.1)</u>	<u>7.1</u>	<u>\$ (1,041.6)</u>	<u>\$ 1,717.2</u>
Vesting of restricted stock	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	49.1	—	—	—	—	49.1
Dividends declared (\$0.375 per share)	—	—	—	(21.6)	—	—	—	(21.6)
Repurchases of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	(32.5)	(32.5)
Net income	—	—	—	89.5	—	—	—	89.5
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax	—	—	—	—	0.2	—	—	0.2
<b>Balances at June 30, 2025</b>	<u>63.5</u>	<u>\$ 0.6</u>	<u>\$ 801.9</u>	<u>\$ 2,073.3</u>	<u>\$ 0.2</u>	<u>7.2</u>	<u>\$ (1,074.1)</u>	<u>\$ 1,801.9</u>

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
(in millions)

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income	\$ 228.9	\$ 315.2
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	81.9	68.1
Accretion of discount on available-for-sale securities	(4.9)	(0.1)
Non-cash marketing expense	0.8	0.8
Amortization of debt issuance costs	0.5	0.6
Stock-based compensation expense	60.6	(69.7)
Deferred income taxes, net	0.7	(7.8)
Other	0.5	(0.2)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(0.7)	(3.6)
Prepaid expenses	(11.5)	(8.3)
Inventory	(0.2)	0.4
Other assets	(0.2)	(0.4)
Deferred contract costs	(45.4)	(55.2)
Income taxes, net	5.6	28.7
Accounts payable	(3.6)	—
Accrued commissions and bonuses	(6.7)	(8.3)
Accrued payroll and vacation	—	4.2
Deferred revenue	5.1	11.9
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(8.0)	3.9
Net change in operating right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities	1.6	0.5
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>305.0</u>	<u>280.7</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchases of investments from funds held for clients	(465.8)	—
Proceeds from investments from funds held for clients	—	165.0
Purchases of property and equipment	(99.4)	(93.3)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	<u>(565.2)</u>	<u>71.7</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Repurchases of common stock	—	(80.8)
Withholding taxes paid related to net share settlements	(37.8)	(12.4)
Dividends paid	(42.9)	(42.4)
Net change in client funds obligation	(2,048.8)	(24.9)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(2,129.5)</u>	<u>(160.4)</u>
(Decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents	(2,389.7)	192.0
<b>Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents</b>		
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents, beginning of period	4,042.8	2,422.8
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 1,653.1</u>	<u>\$ 2,614.7</u>

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, continued**  
(in millions)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
<b>Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 532.2	\$ 346.5
Restricted cash included in funds held for clients	1,120.9	2,268.3
Total cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 1,653.1</u>	<u>\$ 2,614.7</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</b>		
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment, accrued but not paid	\$ 11.4	\$ 8.5
Stock-based compensation for capitalized software	\$ 13.7	\$ 8.8
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$ 5.3	\$ 11.9

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**(tabular dollars and shares in millions, except per share and per unit amounts)**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Paycom Software, Inc. (“Software”), together with its wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company”), is a leading provider of a comprehensive, cloud-based human capital management (“HCM”) solution delivered as Software-as-a-Service. Unless we state otherwise or the context otherwise requires, the terms “we,” “our,” “us” and the “Company” refer to Software and its consolidated subsidiaries.

We provide functionality and data analytics that businesses need to manage the complete employment lifecycle, from recruitment to retirement. Our solution requires virtually no customization and is based on a core system of record maintained in a single database for all HCM functions, including payroll, talent acquisition, talent management, human resources (“HR”) management and time and labor management applications.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Our significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2 “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies” in the notes to our audited consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the “Form 10-K”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on February 20, 2025.

***Basis of Presentation***

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include the financial results of Software and its wholly owned subsidiaries and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) and applicable rules and regulations of the SEC regarding interim financial statements that permit reduced disclosure for interim periods. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of our results for the interim periods presented. These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and related notes presented in the Form 10-K. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year.

In 2024, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (the “OCC”) issued final approval to Paycom National Trust Bank, National Association (the “Paycom National Trust Bank”), our wholly owned subsidiary, to operate as a national trust bank pursuant to the National Bank Act and relevant OCC regulations. Paycom National Trust Bank is the primary trustee of Paycom Client Trust, our grantor trust (the “Client Trust”), which now holds substantially all client payroll and related funds and is responsible for the oversight and management of those client funds. We have determined that the Client Trust is a variable interest entity that meets the criteria established for consolidation in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 810, “Consolidation”. We are the sole beneficial owner of the Client Trust, and we have the power to direct its activities and a controlling financial interest in its economic performance.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, we changed the presentation of revenues on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income to disaggregate interest on funds held for clients and combine recurring and other revenues. Prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to this presentation. Reclassifications for the presentation of revenue did not have a material impact on previously reported amounts or change total revenues.

In the fourth quarter of 2024, we adopted the presentation of dollar amounts in millions, except amounts per share. As a result, amounts presented for prior periods may differ immaterially from those reported in previous filings and some amounts may not sum due to rounding. All percentages have been calculated using unrounded amounts.

***Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements***

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures (“ASU 2023-07”). ASU 2023-07 expands reportable segment disclosure requirements for public business entities by requiring disclosures of significant reportable segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) and included within each reported measure of segment’s profit or loss. The ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. We adopted this ASU retrospectively on December 31, 2024. See Note 14 “Segment Reporting” for further information.

***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant estimates include income taxes, loss contingencies, the useful life of property and equipment and intangible assets, the life of our client relationships, the

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**(tabular dollars and shares in millions, except per share and per unit amounts)**

fair value of our stock-based awards and the fair value of our financial instruments, intangible assets and goodwill. These estimates are based on historical experience, where applicable, and other assumptions that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could materially differ from these estimates.

***Seasonality***

Our revenues are seasonal in nature. Generally, we expect our first and fourth quarter recurring revenues to be higher than other quarters during the year because payroll tax filing forms and Affordable Care Act (“ACA”) forms are typically processed in the first quarter, and unscheduled payroll runs (such as bonuses) for our clients are typically concentrated in the fourth quarter. In addition, these seasonal fluctuations in recurring revenues impact operating income. Historical results impacted by these seasonal trends should not be considered a reliable indicator of our future results of operations.

***Segment Information***

We operate in a single operating segment and a single reporting segment. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is regularly evaluated by the chief operating decision maker function (which is fulfilled by our Chief Executive Officer) in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Our Chief Executive Officer allocates resources and assesses performance based upon financial information at the consolidated level. See Note 14 “Segment Reporting” for additional information.

***Funds Held for Clients and Client Funds Obligation***

As part of our payroll and payroll tax filing services, we collect funds from our clients for employment taxes and payroll obligations, which we remit to the appropriate tax agencies and accounts designated by our clients. We typically invest these funds in money market funds, demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and U.S. treasury securities from which we earn interest income during the period between receipt and disbursement of such funds.

These investments are shown in our consolidated balance sheets as funds held for clients, and the associated liability for the tax filings is shown as client funds obligation. The liability is recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at the time we obtain the funds from clients. The client funds obligation represents liabilities that will be repaid within one year of the consolidated balance sheet date. We typically invest funds held for clients in money market funds, demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and U.S. treasury securities. Short-term investments in instruments with an original maturity of less than three months are classified as cash and cash equivalents within funds held for clients in the consolidated balance sheets. Investments in instruments with an original maturity greater than three months are classified as available-for-sale securities and are also included within funds held for clients in the consolidated balance sheets.

These available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value, with the difference between the amortized cost and fair value of these available-for-sale securities recorded as unrealized net gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, and are included within comprehensive earnings (loss) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Funds held for clients are classified as a current asset in the consolidated balance sheets because the funds are held solely to satisfy the client funds obligation. Additionally, the funds held for clients is classified as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents and presented within the reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents on the consolidated statements of cash flows.

We report the cash flows related to the purchases of investments from funds held for clients and related to the proceeds from the maturities of investments from funds held for clients on a gross basis in the cash flows from investing activities section of the consolidated statements of cash flows. Additionally, we report cash flows related to cash received from and paid on behalf of clients on a net basis within net change in client funds obligation in the cash flows from financing activities section of the consolidated statements of cash flows.

***Stock Repurchase Plan***

In May 2016, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase plan allowing for the repurchase of shares of our common stock in open market transactions at prevailing market prices, in privately negotiated transactions or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws, including Rule 10b5-1 programs. Since the initial authorization of the stock repurchase plan, our Board of Directors has amended and extended and authorized new stock repurchase plans from time to time. Most recently, in July 2024, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$1.5 billion of our common stock. As of June 30, 2025, there was \$1.44 billion available for repurchases under our stock repurchase plan. Our stock repurchase plan may be suspended or discontinued at any time. The actual timing, number and value of shares repurchased depends on a number of factors, including the market price of our common stock, general market and economic conditions, shares withheld for taxes associated with the vesting of equity incentive awards and other corporate considerations. The current stock repurchase plan will expire on August 15, 2026.

**Paycom Software, Inc.**  
**Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**(tabular dollars and shares in millions, except per share and per unit amounts)**

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we repurchased an aggregate of 152,704 shares of our common stock at an average cost of \$247.55 per share, all of which were shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations for certain employees upon the vesting of equity incentive awards.

***Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements***

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures" ("ASU 2023-09"). ASU 2023-09 requires disaggregated information about a reporting entity's effective tax rate reconciliation, as well as information on income taxes paid. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The guidance allows for adoption using either a prospective or retrospective transition method. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this ASU on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, "Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses" ("ASU 2024-03"). ASU 2024-03 requires public businesses disclose additional information about specific expense categories in the notes to the financial statements. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted. Upon adoption, the guidance should be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this ASU on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

**3. REVENUE RECOGNITION**

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to our clients in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to for those goods or services. Substantially all of our revenues are derived from contracts with clients. Sales and other applicable taxes are excluded from revenues.

***Recurring and Other Revenues***

Recurring revenues are derived primarily from our payroll, talent acquisition, talent management, HR management and time and labor management applications, fees charged for form filings and delivery of client payroll checks and reports, and revenues associated with background checks and income and employment verification services. Payroll includes Beti®, Payroll and Payroll Tax Management, Vault, Everyday®, Paycom Pay®, Client Action Center, Expense Management, Garnishment Administration and GL Concierge applications. Talent acquisition includes our Applicant Tracking, Enhanced Background Checks®, Onboarding, E-Verify® and Tax Credits applications. Talent management includes our Employee Self-Service®, Compensation Budgeting, Performance Management, Position Management and Paycom Learning applications. HR management includes our Manager on-the-Go®, Direct Data Exchange®, Ask Here, Documents and Checklists, Government and Compliance, Benefits Administration, COBRA Administration, Personnel Action Forms and Performance Discussion Forms, Paycom Surveys, Enhanced ACA and Clue® applications. Time and labor management includes Time and Attendance, Scheduling, Time-Off Requests featuring GONE®, and Labor Allocation applications. In addition, with Global HCM™, a number of our HCM applications and tools are available in 15 languages and dialects and are accessible to users in more than 190 countries.

We consider our commitment in our customer contracts to be a series of distinct services that together constitute a single performance obligation that is generally satisfied over time and recognized during each client's payroll period. The agreed-upon fee is variable consideration that is determined by client usage, billed and collected as part of our processing of the client's payroll. The client's use of our applications routinely fluctuates based upon factors that include the number of payrolls run and changes in the client's employee population. These usage-based fluctuations do not change our core performance obligation to stand ready to provide the customer with services for the remainder of the contractual term. Collectability is reasonably assured as the fees are generally collected through an automated clearing house as part of the client's payroll cycle or through direct wire transfer, which minimizes the default risk.

The contract period for the majority of contracts associated with these revenues is one month due to the fact that both we and the client typically have the unilateral right to terminate a wholly unperformed contract without compensating the other party by providing 30 days' notice of termination. We consider the total price charged to a client in a given period to be indicative of the standalone selling price, as the total amount charged is within a reasonable range of prices typically charged for our goods and services for comparable classes of client groups, which we periodically assess for price adjustments. Because the variable consideration in our client contracts is allocated entirely to a wholly unsatisfied promise to transfer a series of distinct services forming a single performance obligation, we are not required to disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations.

Other revenues consist of nonrefundable implementation fees, which are charged upfront to new clients to offset the expense of new client set-up as well as revenues from the sale of time clocks as part of our time and attendance application. Although these

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revenues are related to our recurring revenues, they represent distinct performance obligations. The nonrefundable upfront fee charged to our clients results in an implied performance obligation in the form of a material right to the client related to the client's option to renew at the end of the contract period. The nonrefundable upfront fee is typically collected upon contract inception and is deferred and recognized ratably over the period that our client realizes the benefits from the material right (*i.e.*, 10-year estimated client life). We conduct an annual analysis of client retention data to support our client life estimate. A change in our client life estimate could have a material impact on the timing and amounts recognized as revenue for nonrefundable upfront fees.

Revenues from the sale of time clocks are recognized when control is transferred to the client upon delivery of the product. We estimate the standalone selling price for the time clocks by maximizing the use of observable inputs such as our specific pricing practices for time clocks.

For additional information, see Note 14 "Segment Reporting".

***Interest on Funds Held for Clients***

Interest income on funds held for clients is earned on funds that are collected from clients in advance of either the applicable due date for payroll tax submissions or the applicable disbursement date for employee payment services. The interest earned on these funds is included in revenues in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income as the collection, holding, and remittance of these funds are essential components of providing these services.

***Contract Balances***

The timing of revenue recognition for recurring services is consistent with the invoicing of clients as they both occur during the respective client payroll period for which the services are provided. Therefore, we generally do not recognize a contract asset or liability resulting from the timing of revenue recognition and invoicing.

Changes in deferred revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 148.7	\$ 137.0	\$ 144.6	\$ 130.5
Recognition of revenue included in beginning of period balance	(12.0)	(10.3)	(21.4)	(16.0)
Contract balance, net of revenue recognized during the period	13.0	15.6	26.5	27.9
Balance, end of period	\$ 149.7	\$ 142.4	\$ 149.7	\$ 142.4

We expect to recognize \$17.6 million of deferred revenue in the remainder of 2025, \$25.8 million in 2026, and \$106.3 million thereafter.

***Assets Recognized from the Costs to Obtain and Costs to Fulfill Revenue Contracts***

We recognize an asset for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a client if we expect the amortization period to be longer than one year. We also recognize an asset for the costs to fulfill a contract with a client if such costs are specifically identifiable, generate or enhance resources used to satisfy future performance obligations, and are expected to be recovered. We have determined that substantially all costs related to implementation activities are administrative in nature and also meet the capitalization criteria under ASC 340-40, "Other Assets and Deferred Costs". These capitalized costs to fulfill principally relate to upfront direct costs that are expected to be recovered through margin and that enhance our ability to satisfy future performance obligations. The assets related to both costs to obtain, and costs to fulfill, contracts with clients are accounted for utilizing a portfolio approach and are capitalized and amortized ratably over the expected period of benefit, which we have determined to be the estimated life of the client relationship of 10 years, primarily because we incur no new costs to obtain, or costs to fulfill, a contract upon renewal. A change in our client life estimate could have a material impact on the timing and amounts recognized as amortization expense.

Additional commission costs may be incurred when an existing client purchases additional applications; however, these commission costs relate solely to the additional applications purchased and are not related to contract renewal. Furthermore, additional fulfillment costs associated with existing clients purchasing additional applications are minimized by our seamless single-database platform.

The assets related to both costs to obtain, and costs to fulfill, contracts with customers are presented as deferred contract costs in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Amortization expense related to costs to obtain and costs to fulfill a contract is included in sales and marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of

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comprehensive income. We regularly review our assets recognized from the costs to obtain and costs to fulfill client contracts for potential impairment and did not recognize an impairment loss during the six months ended June 30, 2025 or 2024.

The following tables present the asset balances and related amortization expense for these contract costs:

	As of and for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025			
	Beginning Balance	Capitalization of Costs	Amortization	Ending Balance
Costs to obtain a contract	\$ 441.4	\$ 21.4	\$ (18.1)	\$ 444.7
Costs to fulfill a contract	\$ 514.6	\$ 32.5	\$ (19.4)	\$ 527.7

  

	As of and for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024			
	Beginning Balance	Capitalization of Costs	Amortization	Ending Balance
Costs to obtain a contract	\$ 396.9	\$ 15.8	\$ (15.8)	\$ 397.0
Costs to fulfill a contract	\$ 440.4	\$ 35.3	\$ (16.0)	\$ 459.7

  

	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025			
	Beginning Balance	Capitalization of Costs	Amortization	Ending Balance
Costs to obtain a contract	\$ 425.7	\$ 54.7	\$ (35.7)	\$ 444.7
Costs to fulfill a contract	\$ 498.3	\$ 67.3	\$ (37.9)	\$ 527.7

  

	As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024			
	Beginning Balance	Capitalization of Costs	Amortization	Ending Balance
Costs to obtain a contract	\$ 378.5	\$ 49.7	\$ (31.2)	\$ 397.0
Costs to fulfill a contract	\$ 420.0	\$ 70.9	\$ (31.2)	\$ 459.7

#### 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment and accumulated depreciation and amortization were as follows:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Property and equipment		
Software and capitalized software development costs	\$ 567.5	\$ 497.2
Buildings	279.1	275.6
Computer equipment	241.1	203.2
Rental clocks	50.4	48.0
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	42.4	41.9
Other	20.6	20.7
	1,201.1	1,086.6
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(656.1)	(576.4)
	545.0	510.2
Construction in progress	20.6	14.7
Land	36.5	36.5
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 602.1</u>	<u>\$ 561.4</u>

We capitalize software development costs related to software developed or obtained for internal use in accordance with ASC 350-40, "Other Assets and Deferred Costs". For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, we capitalized \$36.9 million and \$70.7 million, respectively, of software development costs related to software developed or obtained for internal use. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, we capitalized \$31.2 million and \$61.0 million, respectively, of software development costs related to software developed or obtained for internal use.

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Rental clocks included in property and equipment, net in the consolidated balance sheets, represent time clocks issued to clients under month-to-month operating leases. As such, these items are transferred from inventory to property and equipment and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Prior to the repayment of our debt on November 21, 2023, we capitalized interest costs incurred for indebtedness related to construction in progress. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, we incurred interest costs of \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, none of which was capitalized. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, we incurred interest costs of \$0.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, none of which was capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization expense for property and equipment was \$41.0 million and \$80.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Depreciation and amortization expense for property and equipment was \$34.6 million and \$66.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

**5. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET**

As of both June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, goodwill was \$51.9 million. We have selected June 30 as our annual goodwill impairment testing date. We performed a qualitative impairment test of our goodwill and concluded that, as of June 30, 2025, it was more likely than not that the fair value exceeded the carrying value and, therefore, goodwill was not impaired. As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there were no indicators of impairment.

In June 2021, in connection with our marketing initiatives, we purchased the naming rights to the downtown Oklahoma City arena that is currently home to the Oklahoma City Thunder National Basketball Association franchise. Under the terms of the naming rights agreement, we committed to make escalating annual sponsorship fee payments from 2021 to 2035. As described in Note 15 “Subsequent Events,” we amended certain terms of the naming rights agreement in July 2025, resulting in, among other things, a reduction in the remaining term of the agreement. The cost of the naming rights has been recorded as an intangible asset with an offsetting liability as of the date of the contract. The intangible asset is being amortized over the life of the agreement on a straight-line basis that commenced in June 2021. The difference between the present value of the offsetting liability and actual cash payments is being relieved through sales and marketing expense using the effective interest method over the life of the agreement.

All of our intangible assets other than goodwill are considered to have definite lives and, as such, are subject to amortization. The following tables present the components of intangible assets within our consolidated balance sheets:

	June 30, 2025		
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Intangibles:			
Naming rights	\$ 60.2	\$ (15.9)	\$ 44.3
Total	<u>\$ 60.2</u>	<u>\$ (15.9)</u>	<u>\$ 44.3</u>
	December 31, 2024		
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Intangibles:			
Naming rights	\$ 60.2	\$ (14.0)	\$ 46.2
Total	<u>\$ 60.2</u>	<u>\$ (14.0)</u>	<u>\$ 46.2</u>

Amortization of intangible assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. As stated above, the Company amended its naming rights agreement in July 2025. As a result, future amortization expense and the weighted average remaining useful life as of the balance sheet date are no longer an accurate reflection of the expected pattern of recognition of expense. Please see Note 15 “Subsequent Events” for more information on the amended terms of the agreement.

**6. LONG-TERM DEBT**

Paycom Payroll, LLC, Software, and certain other subsidiaries of Software (collectively, the “Loan Parties”) are party to a credit agreement (as amended from time to time, the “Credit Agreement”) with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as a lender, swingline lender and issuing bank, the lenders from time to time party thereto (collectively with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., the “Lenders”), and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as the administrative agent.

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The Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$1.0 billion, and the ability to request an incremental facility of up to an additional \$500.0 million, subject to obtaining additional lender commitments and certain approvals and satisfying certain other conditions. The Credit Agreement includes a \$25.0 million sublimit for swingline loans and a \$6.5 million sublimit for letters of credit. All loans under the Credit Agreement will mature on July 29, 2027 (the “Scheduled Maturity Date”). Unamortized debt issuance costs of \$2.3 million as of June 30, 2025 are included in other assets on our consolidated balance sheets.

As of June 30, 2025, there was no debt outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Subject to certain conditions set forth in the Credit Agreement, we may borrow, prepay and reborrow under the Revolving Credit Facility and terminate or reduce the Lenders’ commitments at any time prior to the Scheduled Maturity Date. We are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee on the daily amount of the undrawn portion of the revolving commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility at a rate per annum of (i) 0.20% if the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio is less than 1.0 to 1.0; (ii) 0.225% if the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 1.0 to 1.0 but less than 2.0 to 1.0; (iii) 0.25% if the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 2.0 to 1.0 but less than 3.0 to 1.0; or (iv) 0.275% if the Company’s consolidated leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 3.0 to 1.0.

Under the Credit Agreement, we are required to maintain as of the end of each fiscal quarter a consolidated interest coverage ratio of not less than 3.0 to 1.0 and a consolidated leverage ratio of not greater than 3.25 to 1.0, stepping down to 3.0 to 1.0 as of December 31, 2025 and thereafter. Additionally, the Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including covenants limiting our ability to, among other things, grant liens, incur debt, effect certain mergers, make investments, dispose of assets, enter into certain transactions, including swap agreements and sale and leaseback transactions, pay dividends or distributions on our capital stock, and enter into transactions with affiliates, in each case subject to customary exceptions. As of June 30, 2025, we were in compliance with these covenants. Our obligations under the Credit Agreement are secured by a senior security interest in all personal property of the Loan Parties.

**7. CORPORATE INVESTMENTS AND FUNDS HELD FOR CLIENTS**

The tables below present our cash and cash equivalents, the funds held for clients cash and cash equivalents as well as the investments that were included within funds held for clients on the consolidated balance sheets:

Type of issue	June 30, 2025			
	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 532.2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 532.2
Funds held for clients cash and cash equivalents	1,120.9	—	—	1,120.9
Available-for-sale securities <sup>(1)</sup> :				
U.S. treasury securities	495.7	0.4	(0.1)	496.0
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 2,148.8</b>	<b>\$ 0.4</b>	<b>\$ (0.1)</b>	<b>\$ 2,149.1</b>

Type of issue	December 31, 2024			
	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 402.0	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 402.0
Funds held for clients cash and cash equivalents	3,640.8	—	—	3,640.8
Available-for-sale securities <sup>(1)</sup> :				
U.S. treasury securities	24.9	—	(0.2)	24.7
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 4,067.7</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (0.2)</b>	<b>\$ 4,067.5</b>

(1) All available-for-sale securities were included within the funds held for clients.

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The unrealized losses and fair values of available-for-sale securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for a period of less than and greater than 12 months as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

Type of issue	June 30, 2025					
	Securities in unrealized loss position for less than 12 months		Securities in unrealized loss position for greater than 12 months		Total	
	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value
U.S. treasury securities	\$ (0.1)	\$ 396.3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (0.1)	\$ 396.3
Total	<u>\$ (0.1)</u>	<u>\$ 396.3</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (0.1)</u>	<u>\$ 396.3</u>

The unrealized losses and fair values of available-for-sale securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for a period of less than and greater than 12 months as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Type of issue	December 31, 2024					
	Securities in unrealized loss position for less than 12 months		Securities in unrealized loss position for greater than 12 months		Total	
	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value
U.S. treasury securities	\$ (0.2)	\$ 24.7	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (0.2)	\$ 24.7
Total	<u>\$ (0.2)</u>	<u>\$ 24.7</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (0.2)</u>	<u>\$ 24.7</u>

We did not make any reclassification adjustments out of accumulated other comprehensive income for realized gains or losses on the sale or maturity of available-for-sale securities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 or 2024. There were no realized gains or losses on the sale of available-for-sale securities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 or 2024.

We regularly review the composition of our investment portfolio and did not recognize any credit impairment losses during the six months ended June 30, 2025 or 2024. We believe it is probable that the principal and interest will be collected in accordance with contractual terms and that the unrealized losses on these securities were due to changes in interest rates and were not due to increased credit risk. As of June 30, 2025, our U.S. treasury securities held a rating of AA+.

Expected maturities of available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Expected maturity	Amortized cost	Fair value
One year or less	\$ 412.5	\$ 412.5
One year to five years	83.2	83.5
Total available-for-sale securities	<u>\$ 495.7</u>	<u>\$ 496.0</u>

## 8. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Our financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, funds held for clients and client funds obligation. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, funds held for clients and client funds obligation approximates fair value.

Our corporate investments consist primarily of money market funds and demand deposit accounts and are classified as cash and cash equivalents on the consolidated balance sheets.

As discussed in Note 2 “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies”, we typically invest the funds held for clients in money market funds, demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and U.S. treasury securities. Short-term investments in instruments with an original maturity of less than three months are classified as cash and cash equivalents within funds held for clients in the consolidated balance sheets. Investments in instruments with an original maturity greater than three months are classified as available-for-sale securities and are also included within funds held for clients in the consolidated balance sheets. These available-for-sale securities are recognized at fair value, with the difference between the amortized cost and fair value of these available-for-sale securities recorded as unrealized net gains (losses) within comprehensive earnings (loss) in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income. See Note 7 “Corporate Investments and Funds Held for Clients” for additional information.

The accounting standard for fair value measurements establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1 – Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets

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- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly or quoted prices that are not active
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data

Included in the following tables are the Company’s major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	June 30, 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets:</b>				
U.S. treasury securities	\$ —	\$ 496.0	\$ —	\$ 496.0

	December 31, 2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<b>Assets:</b>				
U.S. treasury securities	\$ —	\$ 24.7	\$ —	\$ 24.7

**9. EMPLOYEE SAVINGS PLAN AND EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN**

Employees over the age of 18 who have completed 30 days of service are eligible to participate in our employee savings plan (401(k) plan). We have made a Qualified Automatic Contribution Arrangement (“QACA”) election, whereby the Company matches the contribution of our employees equal to 100% of the first 1% of salary deferrals and 50% of salary deferrals between 2% and 6%, up to a maximum matching contribution of 3.5% of an employee’s salary each plan year. We are allowed to make additional discretionary matching contributions and discretionary profit sharing contributions. Employees are 100% vested in amounts attributable to salary deferrals and rollover contributions. The QACA matching contributions as well as the discretionary matching and profit sharing contributions vest 100% after two years of employment from the date of hire. Matching contributions were \$4.2 million and \$10.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Matching contributions were \$5.4 million and \$10.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

The Paycom Software, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the “ESPP”) has overlapping offering periods, with each offering period lasting approximately 24 months. At the beginning of each offering period, eligible employees may elect to contribute, through payroll deductions, up to 10% of their compensation, subject to an annual per-employee maximum of \$25,000. Eligible employees purchase shares of the Company’s common stock at a price equal to 85% of the fair market value of the shares on the exercise date. The maximum number of shares that may be purchased by a participant during each offering period is 2,000 shares, subject to limits specified by the Internal Revenue Service. The shares reserved for purposes of the ESPP are shares we purchase in the open market. The maximum aggregate number of shares of the Company’s common stock that may be purchased by all participants under the ESPP is 2.0 million shares. During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, eligible employees purchased 35,284 and 50,325 shares, respectively, of the Company’s common stock under the ESPP. Compensation expense related to the ESPP is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period.

**10. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed in a similar manner to basic earnings per share after assuming the issuance of shares of common stock for all potentially dilutive equity incentive awards using the treasury stock method.

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The following is a reconciliation of net income and the shares of common stock used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Numerator:</b>				
Net income	\$ 89.5	\$ 68.0	\$ 228.9	\$ 315.2
<b>Denominator:</b>				
Basic weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands)	56,117	56,451	56,045	56,499
Dilutive effect of unvested restricted stock and restricted stock units (in thousands)	383	320	279	49
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands)	<u>56,500</u>	<u>56,771</u>	<u>56,324</u>	<u>56,548</u>
<b>Earnings per share:</b>				
Basic	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.08	\$ 5.58
Diluted	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.06	\$ 5.57

## 11. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company recognizes stock-based compensation expense related to awards of (i) restricted stock subject to time-based or no vesting conditions (“Time-Based Restricted Stock Awards”), (ii) restricted stock subject to market-based vesting conditions (“Market-Based Restricted Stock Awards”), (iii) restricted stock units subject to time-based vesting conditions (“RSUs”) and (iv) restricted stock units subject to performance-based vesting conditions (“PSUs”). During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, awards were granted pursuant to the Paycom Software, Inc. 2023 Long-Term Incentive Plan.

The following table summarizes restricted stock awards activity for the six months ended June 30, 2025:

	Time-Based Restricted Stock Awards		Market-Based Restricted Stock Awards	
	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (in dollars)	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (in dollars)
Unvested shares of restricted stock outstanding at December 31, 2024	1,140.3	\$ 230.10	195.7	\$ 244.14
Granted	570.9	\$ 220.20	188.4	\$ 203.53
Vested	(259.3)	\$ 247.94	(159.8)	\$ 187.98
Forfeited	(169.0)	\$ 234.13	(33.5)	\$ 229.57
Unvested shares of restricted stock outstanding at June 30, 2025	<u>1,282.9</u>	<u>\$ 221.55</u>	<u>190.8</u>	<u>\$ 253.65</u>

The following table summarizes PSU and RSU activity for the six months ended June 30, 2025:

	RSUs		PSUs	
	Units (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Unit (in dollars)	Units (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Unit (in dollars)
Unvested restricted stock units outstanding at December 31, 2024	23.6	\$ 198.54	23.7	\$ 181.24
Granted	80.1	\$ 213.06	80.1	\$ 213.06
Vested	(8.4)	\$ 203.56	(23.7)	\$ 181.24
Forfeited	(6.1)	\$ 212.70	—	\$ —
Unvested restricted stock units outstanding at June 30, 2025	<u>89.2</u>	<u>\$ 210.13</u>	<u>80.1</u>	<u>\$ 213.06</u>

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For the six months ended June 30, 2025, our total non-cash stock-based compensation expense was \$60.6 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company recognized non-cash stock-based compensation expense, inclusive of forfeitures, that totaled a net benefit of \$69.7 million.

The following table presents the non-cash stock-based compensation expense that is included within the specified line items in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
<b>Non-cash stock-based compensation expense:</b>		
Operating expenses	\$ 9.4	\$ 7.2
Sales and marketing	12.5	10.3
Research and development	19.5	13.1
General and administrative	19.2	(100.3) <sup>(1)</sup>
Total non-cash stock-based compensation expense	<u>\$ 60.6</u>	<u>\$ (69.7)</u>

- <sup>(1)</sup> The change in Chad Richison’s position from Chief Executive Officer to Co-Chief Executive Officer, effective February 7, 2024, triggered the forfeiture of 1,610,000 shares of restricted stock granted to him on November 23, 2020, in accordance with the terms of the award. As a result, \$117.5 million of previously recognized compensation costs that were recorded in reporting periods prior to 2024 were reversed to additional paid-in capital in the consolidated balance sheets and to general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The following table presents the unrecognized compensation cost and the related weighted average recognition period associated with unvested restricted stock awards and unvested restricted stock unit awards (including RSUs and PSUs) as of June 30, 2025:

	Restricted Stock Awards	Restricted Stock Units
Unrecognized compensation cost	\$ 241.0	\$ 26.4
Weighted average period for recognition (years)	2.7	1.6

We capitalized stock-based compensation costs related to software developed for internal use of \$8.5 million and \$13.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. We capitalized stock-based compensation costs related to software developed for internal use of \$5.2 million and \$8.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

In May 2023, our Board of Directors adopted a dividend policy under which we intend to pay quarterly cash dividends on our common stock. All unvested shares of restricted stock, RSUs and PSUs currently outstanding are entitled to receive dividends or dividend equivalents, provided that such dividends or dividend equivalents are withheld by the Company and distributed to the applicable holder upon the release of restrictions on such shares of restricted stock, RSUs or PSUs (*i.e.*, upon vesting).

## 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We are involved in various legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. Although we cannot predict the outcome of these proceedings, legal matters are subject to inherent uncertainties and there exists the possibility that the ultimate resolution of these matters could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

## 13. INCOME TAXES

The Company’s effective income tax rate was 25.6% and 19.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The higher effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to the tax benefit related to the forfeiture of a restricted stock award upon Chad Richison’s transition to Co-Chief Executive Officer in February 2024.

On July 4, 2025, H.R. 1, the “One Big Beautiful Bill Act” was signed into law, bringing significant amendments to the U.S. tax code. This legislation extends and modifies provisions from the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act and introduces new tax measures affecting both businesses and individuals. The Company is currently evaluating the various provisions, but does not expect this to have a material impact on its effective tax rate.

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**14. SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company conducts business as a single operating segment, which is based upon the Company’s current organizational and management structure, as well as information used by the CODM to allocate resources. The Company derives revenues from customers by providing a cloud-based HCM solution delivered as Software-as-a-Service. Our solution is based on a core system of record to maintain a single database for all HCM functions, and all of our clients are required to utilize our payroll application. The Company derives revenue primarily in North America and manages the business activities on a consolidated basis. No individual client represents 10% or more of total revenues.

The accounting policies of the segment are the same as those described in Note 2 “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies”. The Company’s CODM is our Chief Executive Officer. The CODM assesses performance for the segment and decides how to allocate resources based on net income, as reported on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Net income is used monthly to monitor budget versus actual results. The CODM manages the business using consolidated expense information as well as regularly provided budgeted or forecasted expense information for the single operating segment. The total assets of the segment are reported on the consolidated balance sheets. Significant non-cash items including expenditures for purchases of long-lived assets and non-cash stock-based compensation expense of the segment are reported on the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The Company does not have any intra-entity sales or transfers.

The table below highlights the Company’s revenues, expenses and net income for our single reportable segment, which are consistent with amounts reported on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Revenues</b>				
Recurring	\$ 449.1	\$ 399.6	\$ 942.5	\$ 859.6
Implementation and other	6.0	5.9	12.6	12.0
Interest on funds held for clients	28.5	32.0	59.0	65.8
Total revenues	<u>483.6</u>	<u>437.5</u>	<u>1,014.1</u>	<u>937.4</u>
<b>Cost of revenues</b>				
Operating expenses	68.4	67.5	134.8	131.1
Depreciation and amortization	19.1	16.4	37.4	31.4
Total cost of revenues	<u>87.5</u>	<u>83.9</u>	<u>172.2</u>	<u>162.5</u>
Gross profit	396.1	353.6	841.9	774.9
<b>Administrative expenses</b>				
Sales and marketing	116.0	106.9	226.9	222.4
Research and development	74.8	62.4	137.1	112.9
General and administrative	70.2	70.1	135.9	22.0
Depreciation and amortization	22.8	19.2	44.5	36.7
Total administrative expenses	<u>283.8</u>	<u>258.5</u>	<u>544.4</u>	<u>393.9</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>371.3</u>	<u>342.4</u>	<u>716.6</u>	<u>556.4</u>
Operating income	112.3	95.1	297.5	381.0
Interest expense	(0.8)	(0.8)	(1.6)	(1.6)
Other income (expense), net	5.7	4.8	11.6	9.8
Income before income taxes	<u>117.2</u>	<u>99.1</u>	<u>307.5</u>	<u>389.2</u>
Provision for income taxes	27.7	31.2	78.6	74.0
Net income	<u>\$ 89.5</u>	<u>\$ 68.0</u>	<u>\$ 228.9</u>	<u>\$ 315.2</u>

**15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

As discussed in Note 5 “Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net,” in June 2021, we purchased the naming rights to the downtown Oklahoma City arena that is currently home to the Oklahoma City Thunder National Basketball Association franchise. In July 2025, the naming rights agreement was amended to provide, among other things, that the agreement and our obligation to make the previously disclosed annual sponsorship fee payments thereunder will terminate on the earlier of (i) September 30, 2028 or (ii) the date of the last event hosted or presented at the current arena (subject to earlier termination in certain limited circumstances), with a reduction in the sponsorship fee if the term of the agreement ends prior to September 30, 2028 and in certain other limited

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circumstances. The amendment did not otherwise impact our obligation to make the previously disclosed annual sponsorship fee payments for the remainder of the amended agreement term. As discussed in Note 5, the cost of the naming rights was recorded as an intangible asset with an offsetting liability as of the date of the contract. As a result of the amendment to the naming rights agreement, the Company expects to recognize a gain with respect to the released portion of the liability of \$35.6 million within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025. The Company expects to amortize the carrying value of the associated intangible asset over the remaining useful life of approximately three years, resulting in an increase in amortization expense of approximately \$10.0 million per year.

## Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

*This Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is intended to provide a reader of our financial statements with management’s perspective on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, and certain other factors that may affect our future results. The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with (i) the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, (ii) the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2024 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “Form 10-K”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on February 20, 2025 and (iii) the discussion under the caption “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in the Form 10-K. Except for certain information as of December 31, 2024, all amounts herein are unaudited. Unless we state otherwise or the context otherwise requires, the terms “we,” “us,” “our” and the “Company” refer to Paycom Software, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. All amounts presented in tables, other than per share amounts, are in millions unless otherwise noted.*

### Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are any statements that refer to our estimated or anticipated results, other non-historical facts or future events and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our business strategy; anticipated future operating results and operating expenses, cash flows, capital resources, dividends and liquidity; competition; trends, opportunities and risks affecting our business, industry and financial results, including macroeconomic factors; future expansion or growth plans and potential for future growth, including internationally; our ability to attract new clients to purchase our solution; our ability to retain clients and induce them to purchase additional applications; our ability to accurately forecast future revenues and appropriately plan our expenses; market acceptance of our solution and applications; our expectations regarding future revenues generated by certain applications; the return on investment for users of our solution, as well as how certain applications may impact employee usage and client satisfaction; our ability to attract and retain qualified employees and key personnel; future regulatory, judicial and legislative changes; how the performance of certain of our offerings is sensitive to changes in the labor market; our plan to open additional sales offices and our ability to effectively execute such plan; the sufficiency of our existing cash and cash equivalents to meet our working capital and capital expenditure needs over the next 12 months; our plans regarding our capital expenditures and investment activity as our business grows, including with respect to research and development and the expansion of our facilities; our plans to pay cash dividends; and our plans to repurchase shares of our common stock through a stock repurchase plan. In addition, forward-looking statements also consist of statements involving trend analyses and statements including such words as “anticipate,” “believe,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “might,” “plan,” “potential,” “should,” “will,” “would,” and similar expressions or the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology.

Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance, and are based only on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of our control. Therefore, you should not rely on any of these forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause our actual results and financial condition to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, the following:

- the possibility of security vulnerabilities, cyber-attacks and network disruptions, including breaches of data security and privacy leaks, data loss, and business interruptions;
- changes in laws, government regulations and policies and interpretations thereof;
- our compliance with data privacy laws and regulations;
- our ability to develop enhancements and new applications, keep pace with technological developments and respond to future disruptive technologies;
- our ability to compete effectively in an evolving human capital management (“HCM”) industry;
- our ability to maintain and expand existing client relationships and add new clients, including challenges related to attracting and retaining larger clients;
- the possibility that our solution fails to perform properly or our clients are not satisfied with our services;
- our dependence on our key executives;
- our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel, including software developers, product managers and skilled IT, sales, marketing and operational personnel;
- our ability to manage our growth and organizational change effectively;

- our ability to manage risks associated with our automation strategy;
- the impact of adverse economic and market conditions, including those related to fluctuations in interest rates, trade policies, global health crises and geopolitical conflicts;
- fluctuations in our financial results due to factors beyond our control;
- our failure to develop and maintain our brand cost-effectively;
- our ability to expand into international markets and manage risks associated with international operations and sales;
- our reliance on relationships with third parties;
- regulatory and compliance risks related to our background checks business;
- our failure to adequately protect our intellectual property rights;
- seasonality of certain operating results and financial metrics; and
- the other factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” of the Form 10-K and our other reports filed with the SEC.

Forward-looking statements are based only on information currently available to us and speak only as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise the forward-looking statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which such statements were made, except to the extent required by law.

## Overview

We are a leading provider of a comprehensive, cloud-based HCM solution delivered as Software-as-a-Service. We provide functionality and data analytics that businesses need to manage the complete employment lifecycle, from recruitment to retirement. Our solution requires virtually no customization and is based on a core system of record maintained in a single database for all HCM functions, including payroll, talent acquisition, talent management, human resources management and time and labor management applications. Our user-friendly software allows for easy adoption of our solution by employees, enabling self-management of their HCM activities in the cloud, which reduces the administrative burden on employers and increases employee productivity.

Substantially all of our revenues are generated from (i) fixed amounts charged per billing period plus a fee per employee or transaction processed and (ii) fixed amounts charged per billing period. Our billing period varies by client and is typically based on when each client pays its employees, which may be weekly, bi-weekly, semi-monthly or monthly. Over time, an increasing number of clients will be billed on a monthly basis for certain HCM applications and services, regardless of the client’s payroll cycle. We serve a diverse client base in terms of size and industry. Our revenues are primarily generated through our sales force that solicits new clients and our client relations representatives who sell new applications to existing clients.

Our principal marketing efforts include national and local advertising campaigns, email campaigns, social and digital media campaigns, search engine marketing methods, sponsorships, tradeshows, print advertising and outbound marketing including personalized direct mail campaigns. In addition, we generate leads and build recognition of our brand and thought leadership with relevant and informative content, such as white papers, blogs, podcast episodes and webinars.

Throughout our history, we have built strong relationships with our clients. As the HCM needs of our clients evolve, we believe that we are well-positioned to expand the HCM spending of our clients, and we believe this opportunity is significant. To be successful, we must continue to demonstrate the operational and economic benefits of our solution, as well as effectively hire, train, motivate and retain qualified personnel.

## Growth Outlook, Opportunities and Challenges

As a result of our significant revenue growth and geographic expansion, we are presented with a variety of opportunities and challenges. Our payroll application is the foundation of our solution, and all of our clients are required to utilize this application in order to access our other applications. Consequently, we have historically generated the majority of our revenues from our payroll applications, although our revenue mix has evolved and will continue to evolve as we develop and add new non-payroll applications to our solution.

We believe our strategy of focusing on incorporating artificial intelligence (“AI”) and automation across our full solution is an important differentiator for attracting new clients and key to long-term client satisfaction and client retention. Our software vision is that people should not perform payroll-related and HCM-related tasks that systems can automate. We have designed our software so users do not have to be system experts or even need training to access information. For example, our industry-first command-driven AI engine, IWant, provides an easy, automated avenue for seeking information about employee data without having to navigate through the software.

Our continued growth depends on attracting new clients by continuing to leverage our sales force productivity, penetrating existing markets and expanding into new markets, targeting a high degree of client employee usage across our solution, and

introducing new applications to our existing client base. Client adoption of new applications and, historically, client employee usage of both new and existing applications have been significant factors in our recurring revenue growth. We believe our ability to continue to develop new applications and to improve existing applications will enable us to increase recurring revenues in the future. In addition, we plan to open additional sales offices in the future to further expand our market presence.

The market for HCM software is highly competitive, rapidly evolving and fragmented. We expect competition to remain intense as new market entrants and disruptive technologies emerge and aggressive pricing and client retention strategies persist. These market pressures can directly affect our recurring revenue growth and our ability to attract and retain clients. We believe our long-term focused investments in automation, client ROI achievement, and world-class service can strengthen our recurring revenue growth and annual revenue retention rate.

Our target client size is organizations with 50 to 10,000 or more employees. While we continue to serve a diversified client base ranging from small businesses to organizations with many thousands of employees, the average size of our clients has grown significantly as we have organically grown our operations and increased the number of applications we offer. We believe larger employers, such as organizations with greater than 1,000 employees, represent a substantial opportunity to increase our revenues per client, with limited incremental cost to us. With the launch of our Global HCM solution and expansion of payroll services into certain international markets, we expect that our ability to serve organizations with international employees makes our solution more attractive to larger companies, many of which have a global presence. Because we charge our clients on a per employee basis for certain services we provide, any increase or decrease in the number of employees of our clients will have a positive or negative impact, respectively, on our results of operations. As a result, the performance of certain of our offerings is sensitive to changes in the labor market. In addition, a multitude of macroeconomic pressures, such as inflation and changes in interest rates, impact our clients' hiring practices to varying degrees and, in turn, impact our revenues.

We believe the challenges of managing the ever-changing complexity of payroll and human resources will continue to drive companies to turn to outsourced providers for help with their HCM needs. The HCM industry historically has been driven, in part, by legislation and regulatory action, including COBRA, changes to the minimum wage laws or overtime rules, and legislation from federal, state or municipal taxation authorities.

We collect funds from clients in advance of either the applicable due date for payroll tax submissions or the applicable disbursement date for employee payment services. These collections from clients are typically disbursed from one to 30 days after receipt, with some funds being held for up to 120 days. We typically invest funds held for clients in money market funds, demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and U.S. treasury securities until they are paid to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies or to client employees. As we introduce new applications, expand our client base and renew and expand relationships with existing clients, we expect our average funds held for clients balance and, accordingly, interest earned on funds held for clients, will increase; however, the amount of interest we earn can be positively or negatively impacted by changes in interest rates.

Growing our business has resulted in, and will continue to result in, substantial investments in sales professionals, operating expenses, system development and programming costs (including those related our full solution automation and AI initiatives) and general and administrative expenses, which have increased and will continue to increase our expenses. Historically, our revenue growth and geographic expansion have driven increases in (i) salaries and benefits, (ii) stock-based compensation expense and (iii) facility costs related to the expansion of our corporate headquarters, data centers, operations facilities and additional sales office leases. We are leveraging automation and other internal efficiencies to offset this historical trend in an effort to expand our margins.

Our revenues are seasonal in nature. Generally, we expect our first and fourth quarter recurring revenues to be higher than other quarters during the year because payroll tax filing forms and Affordable Care Act forms are typically processed in the first quarter, and unscheduled payroll runs (such as bonuses) for our clients are typically concentrated in the fourth quarter. In addition, these seasonal fluctuations in recurring revenues impact operating income.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth selected consolidated statements of income data and such data as a percentage of total revenues for each of the periods indicated, as well as period-over-period changes with respect to each line item:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			% Change	Six Months Ended June 30,			% Change		
	2025		2024		2025		2024			
<b>Revenues</b>										
Recurring and other	\$ 455.1	94.1%	\$ 405.5	92.7%	12.2%	\$ 955.1	94.2%	\$ 871.6	93.0%	9.6%
Interest on funds held for clients	28.5	5.9%	32.0	7.3%	-10.9%	59.0	5.8%	65.8	7.0%	-10.3%
Total revenues	483.6	100.0%	437.5	100.0%	10.5%	1,014.1	100.0%	937.4	100.0%	8.2%
<b>Cost of revenues</b>										
Operating expenses	68.4	14.1%	67.5	15.4%	1.3%	134.8	13.3%	131.1	14.0%	2.8%
Depreciation and amortization	19.1	4.0%	16.4	3.8%	16.5%	37.4	3.7%	31.4	3.3%	19.1%
Total cost of revenues	87.5	18.1%	83.9	19.2%	4.3%	172.2	17.0%	162.5	17.3%	6.0%
<b>Administrative expenses</b>										
Sales and marketing	116.0	24.0%	106.9	24.4%	8.5%	226.9	22.4%	222.4	23.7%	2.0%
Research and development	74.8	15.5%	62.4	14.3%	19.9%	137.1	13.5%	112.9	12.0%	21.4%
General and administrative	70.2	14.5%	70.1	16.0%	0.1%	135.9	13.4%	22.0	2.3%	517.7%
Depreciation and amortization	22.8	4.7%	19.2	4.4%	18.8%	44.5	4.4%	36.7	4.0%	21.3%
Total administrative expenses	283.8	58.7%	258.5	59.1%	9.8%	544.4	53.7%	393.9	42.0%	38.2%
Total operating expenses	371.3	76.8%	342.4	78.3%	8.4%	716.6	70.7%	556.4	59.4%	28.8%
Operating income	112.3	23.2%	95.1	21.7%	18.1%	297.5	29.3%	381.0	40.7%	-21.9%
Interest expense	(0.8)	-0.2%	(0.8)	-0.2%	0.0%	(1.6)	-0.2%	(1.6)	-0.2%	0.0%
Other income (expense), net	5.7	1.2%	4.8	1.1%	18.8%	11.6	1.1%	9.8	1.0%	18.4%
Income before income taxes	117.2	24.2%	99.1	22.6%	18.3%	307.5	30.3%	389.2	41.5%	-21.0%
Provision for income taxes	27.7	5.7%	31.2	7.1%	-11.2%	78.6	7.8%	74.0	7.9%	6.2%
Net income	\$ 89.5	18.5%	\$ 68.0	15.5%	31.6%	\$ 228.9	22.6%	\$ 315.2	33.6%	-27.4%

## Revenues

### Recurring and Other Revenues

The increase in recurring and other revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same periods in 2024 was the result of the addition of new clients, increased revenue from sales of additional applications and services to existing clients, additions and increased usage of existing products and services, and the impact of pricing strategies. Client attrition, particularly among smaller clients, partially offset the favorable impact of these revenue drivers. Client-driven acceleration of payroll processing at the end of 2024 due to the timing within the work week of the January 1, 2025 public holiday adversely affected the magnitude of the period-over-period increase in recurring and other revenue recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the prior year period.

### Interest on Funds Held For Clients

The impact of lower interest rates during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same periods in 2024 was partially offset by an increase in average funds held for client balances, but nonetheless resulted in decreased interest earned on funds held for clients for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The average daily balance of funds held for clients was \$2.8 billion and \$2.5 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

## Expenses

### Cost of Revenues

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, operating expenses increased from the comparable prior year period by \$0.9 million, primarily due to an increase in banking-related fees. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$2.7 million from the comparable prior year period, primarily due to the development of additional technology, purchases of other related fixed assets, and the impact of our corporate headquarters expansion that was placed into service in April 2024.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, operating expenses increased from the comparable prior year period by \$3.7 million, primarily due to a \$1.8 million increase in banking-related fees, a \$0.9 million increase in shipping and supplies fees, and \$0.7 million increase in employee-related expenses. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$6.0 million from the comparable prior year period, primarily due to the development of additional technology, purchases of other related fixed assets, and the impact of our corporate headquarters expansion that was placed into service in April 2024.

### Administrative Expenses

#### Sales and Marketing

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, sales and marketing expenses increased from the comparable prior year period by \$9.1 million due to a \$8.2 million increase in marketing and advertising expense and a \$0.9 million increase in employee-related expenses.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, sales and marketing expenses increased from the comparable prior year period by \$4.5 million due to a \$2.8 million increase in marketing and advertising expense and a \$1.7 million increase in employee-related expenses.

#### Research and Development

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, research and development expenses increased from the comparable prior year periods due to increases in employee-related expenses of \$12.4 million and \$24.2 million, respectively.

As we continue the ongoing development of our platform and product offerings, we generally expect research and development expenses (exclusive of stock-based compensation) to continue to increase as we continue to invest in resources to support our growth and automation strategy. As is customary for our business, we also expect fluctuations in research and development expense as a percentage of revenue on a quarter-to-quarter basis due to seasonal revenue trends, the introduction of new products, the amount and timing of research and development costs that may be capitalized and the timing of onboarding new hires and restricted stock vesting events.

Expenditures for software developed or obtained for internal use are capitalized and amortized over a three-year period on a straight-line basis. The nature of the development projects underway during a particular period directly impacts the timing and extent of these capitalized expenditures and can affect the amount of research and development expenses in such period. The table below sets forth the amounts of capitalized and expensed research and development costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	% Change	2025	2024	% Change
Capitalized portion of research and development	\$ 36.9	\$ 31.2	18%	\$ 70.7	\$ 61.0	16%
Expensed portion of research and development	74.8	62.4	20%	137.1	112.9	21%
Total research and development costs	<u>\$ 111.7</u>	<u>\$ 93.6</u>	19%	<u>\$ 207.8</u>	<u>\$ 173.9</u>	20%

#### General and Administrative

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.1 million from the comparable prior year period primarily due to an increase in employee-related expenses.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, general and administrative expenses increased \$113.9 million from the comparable prior year period due to a \$117.5 million reversal of previously recognized stock-based compensation expense related to the forfeiture of a restricted stock award upon Chad Richison's transition to Co-Chief Executive Officer in February 2024, which was partially offset by a \$2.6 million decrease in other employee-related expenses and a \$0.9 million decrease in accounting and legal expenses.

### ***Non-Cash Stock-Based Compensation Expense***

The following table presents the non-cash stock-based compensation expense that is included within the specified line items in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	% Change	2025	2024	% Change
Operating expenses	\$ 6.2	\$ 4.2	48%	\$ 9.4	\$ 7.2	32%
Sales and marketing	6.6	4.8	37%	12.5	10.3	21%
Research and development	12.6	7.8	62%	19.5	13.1	48%
General and administrative	13.0	7.4	76%	19.2	(100.3)	-119%
Total non-cash stock-based compensation expense	<u>\$ 38.4</u>	<u>\$ 24.1</u>	59%	<u>\$ 60.6</u>	<u>\$ (69.7)</u>	-187%

### ***Depreciation and Amortization***

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, depreciation and amortization expense increased from the comparable prior year periods primarily due to the development of additional technology, purchases of other related fixed assets, and the impact of our corporate headquarters expansion that was placed into service in April 2024.

### ***Interest Expense***

Interest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 was flat compared to the prior year periods.

### ***Other Income (Expense), net***

The increase in other income (expense), net for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, as compared to the prior year periods, was primarily attributable to increases in interest earned on our corporate funds due to higher operating cash balances. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, we earned interest on our corporate funds of \$5.5 million and \$10.3 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, we earned interest on our corporate funds of \$4.8 million and \$9.0 million, respectively.

### ***Provision for Income Taxes***

The provision for income taxes is based on a current estimate of the annual effective income tax rate adjusted to reflect the impact of discrete items. Our effective income tax rate was 25.6% and 19.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The higher effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to the tax benefit related to the forfeiture of a restricted stock award upon Chad Richison's transition to Co-Chief Executive Officer in February 2024.

### ***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

Our principal sources of capital and liquidity are our operating cash flow and cash and cash equivalents. Our cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of demand deposit accounts and money market funds. Additionally, we maintain a \$1.0 billion senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which can be accessed as needed to supplement our operating cash flow and cash balances. As of June 30, 2025, we did not have any outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility.

We fund our operations primarily from cash flows generated from operations. We are funding our ongoing capital expenditures from available cash. Further, to date, all cash dividends and purchases under our stock repurchase plan have been funded from available cash. We believe our existing cash and cash equivalents, cash generated from operations and available sources of liquidity will be sufficient to maintain operations, make necessary capital expenditures, pay dividends and opportunistically repurchase shares for at least the next 12 months. In addition, based on our strong profitability and continued growth, we expect to meet our longer-term liquidity needs with cash flows from operations and, as needed, financing arrangements.

**Credit Agreement.** We are party to a credit agreement (as amended from time to time, the "Credit Agreement") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as a lender, swingline lender and issuing bank, the lenders from time to time party thereto (collectively with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., the "Lenders"), and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as the administrative agent. The Credit Agreement provides for the Revolving Credit Facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$1.0 billion. All loans under the Credit Agreement will mature on July 29, 2027 (the "Scheduled Maturity Date"). Subject to certain conditions set forth in the Credit Agreement, we may borrow, prepay and reborrow under the Revolving Credit Facility and terminate or reduce the Lenders' commitments at any time prior to the Scheduled Maturity Date.

We are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee on the daily amount of the undrawn portion of the revolving commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility at a rate per annum of (i) 0.20% if the Company's consolidated leverage ratio is less than 1.0 to 1.0; (ii) 0.225% if the Company's consolidated leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 1.0 to 1.0 but less than 2.0 to 1.0; (iii) 0.25% if the Company's consolidated leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 2.0 to 1.0 but less than 3.0 to 1.0; or (iv) 0.275% if the Company's consolidated leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 3.0 to 1.0.

Under the Credit Agreement, we are required to maintain as of the end of each fiscal quarter a consolidated interest coverage ratio of not less than 3.0 to 1.0 and a consolidated leverage ratio of not greater than 3.25 to 1.0, stepping down to 3.0 to 1.0 as of December 31, 2025 and thereafter.

*Stock Repurchase Plan and Withholding Shares to Cover Taxes.* In August 2022, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase plan allowing for the repurchase of up to \$1.1 billion of shares of our common stock in open market transactions at prevailing market prices, in privately negotiated transactions or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws, including Rule 10b5-1 programs. The stock repurchase plan was set to expire on August 15, 2024. In July 2024, our Board of Directors increased and extended the stock repurchase plan, such that \$1.5 billion is available for repurchases through August 15, 2026. As of June 30, 2025, there was \$1.44 billion available for repurchases under our stock repurchase plan. Our stock repurchase plan may be suspended or discontinued at any time. The actual timing, number and value of shares repurchased depends on a number of factors, including the market price of our common stock, general market and economic conditions, shares withheld for taxes associated with the vesting of equity incentive awards and other corporate considerations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we repurchased an aggregate of 152,704 shares of our common stock at an average cost of \$247.55 per share, all of which were shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations for certain employees upon the vesting of equity incentive awards. Our payment of the taxes on behalf of those employees resulted in an aggregate cash expenditure of \$37.8 million and, as such, we generally subtract the amounts attributable to such withheld shares from the aggregate amount available for future purchases under our stock repurchase plan.

*Dividends on Common Stock.* In May 2023, our Board of Directors adopted a dividend policy under which we intend to pay quarterly cash dividends on our common stock.

The following table summarizes dividend activity during 2025:

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Per Share Dividend	Total Cash Dividends Paid (in millions) <sup>(1)</sup>
May 5, 2025	May 27, 2025	June 9, 2025	\$ 0.375	\$ 21.1
February 10, 2025	March 10, 2025	March 24, 2025	\$ 0.375	\$ 21.0

<sup>(1)</sup> All unvested equity incentive awards currently outstanding are entitled to receive dividends or dividend equivalents, provided that such dividends or dividend equivalents are withheld by the Company and distributed to the applicable holder upon vesting of the award. Dividends declared, as reported in the consolidated statements of stockholders' equity, includes dividends and dividend equivalents payable to holders of unvested equity incentive awards and, as a result, exceeds the amount of total cash dividends paid presented in this column.

On August 4, 2025, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.375 per share of common stock payable on September 8, 2025 to stockholders of record at the close of business on August 25, 2025.

The declaration, timing and amount of each quarterly cash dividend are subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, including a determination that the dividend policy and the declaration of dividends thereunder are in the best interests of our stockholders and are in compliance with applicable law. The Board of Directors retains the power to modify, suspend, or cancel the dividend policy in any manner and at any time that it may deem necessary or appropriate.

### **Cash Flow Analysis**

Our cash flows from operating activities have historically been significantly impacted by profitability, implementation revenues received but deferred, our investment in sales and marketing to drive growth, and research and development. Our ability to meet future liquidity needs will be driven by our operating performance and the extent of continued investment in our operations. Failure to generate sufficient revenues and related cash flows could have a material adverse effect on our ability to meet our liquidity needs and achieve our business objectives.

We completed an expansion of our corporate headquarters, which was placed into service in the second quarter of 2024. As our business grows, we expect our capital expenditures related to research and development, data centers, and other strategic expansion activities to increase. Depending on certain growth opportunities, we may choose to accelerate investments in sales and marketing, acquisitions, technology and services. Our planned investments in infrastructure to support IWant and our other AI and automation initiatives will result in a significant increase in capital expenditures in the third quarter of 2025 and, to a lesser extent, the fourth quarter of 2025. Actual future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our future revenues, cash from operating activities and the level of expenditures in all areas of our business. In addition, we purchased the naming rights to the downtown Oklahoma City arena that is currently home to the Oklahoma City Thunder National Basketball Association franchise. Under the terms of the naming rights agreement, we committed to make escalating annual sponsorship fee payments from 2021 to 2035. The payments are due in the fourth quarter of each year. In July 2025, the naming rights agreement was amended to provide, among other things, that the agreement and our obligation to make the previously disclosed annual sponsorship fee payments thereunder will terminate on the earlier of (i) September 30, 2028 or (ii) the date of the last event hosted or presented at the current arena (subject to

earlier termination in certain limited circumstances), with a reduction in the sponsorship fee if the term of the agreement ends prior to September 30, 2028 and in certain other limited circumstances. The amendment did not otherwise impact our obligation to make the previously disclosed annual sponsorship fee payments for the remainder of the amended agreement term.

On July 4, 2025, H.R. 1, the “One Big Beautiful Bill Act” (the “OBBBA”) was signed into law, bringing significant amendments to the U.S. tax code. We are currently evaluating the impact of various OBBBA provisions on our business and financial results. While we will continue to assess potential implications and await guidance from relevant authorities, we expect reductions in our future cash tax remittances will benefit cash flows beginning in the third quarter of 2025 and continuing into future periods.

As part of our payroll and payroll tax filing services, we collect funds from our clients for employment taxes and payroll obligations, which we remit to the appropriate tax agencies and accounts designated by our clients. We typically invest these funds in money market funds, demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and U.S. treasury securities from which we earn interest income during the period between receipt and disbursement of such funds.

Our cash flows from investing and financing activities are influenced by the amount of funds held for clients, which can vary significantly from quarter to quarter. The balance of the funds we hold depends on our clients’ payroll calendars. As a result, the balance changes from period to period in alignment with the timing of each payroll cycle.

Our cash flows from financing activities are also affected by the extent to which we use available cash to purchase shares of common stock under our stock repurchase plan as well as equity incentive award vesting events that result in net share settlements and the Company paying withholding taxes on behalf of certain employees. Additionally, we intend to continue to pay a quarterly cash dividend, subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors.

The following table summarizes the consolidated statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Six Months Ended June 30,		% Change
	2025	2024	
Net cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities	\$ 305.0	\$ 280.7	9%
Investing activities	(565.2)	71.7	-889%
Financing activities	(2,129.5)	(160.4)	1227%
Change in cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents	<u>\$ (2,389.7)</u>	<u>\$ 192.0</u>	-1345%

#### *Operating Activities*

Cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 primarily consisted of payments received from our clients and interest earned on funds held for clients. Cash used in operating activities primarily consisted of personnel-related expenditures to support the growth and infrastructure of our business. These payments included costs of operations, advertising and other sales and marketing efforts, information technology infrastructure development, product research and development and security and administrative costs. Compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, our operating cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 were positively impacted by changes in working capital.

#### *Investing Activities*

Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 increased from the comparable prior year period due to a \$465.8 million increase in purchases of investments from funds held for clients, a \$165.0 million decrease in proceeds from investments from funds held for clients, and a \$6.1 million increase in purchases of property and equipment.

#### *Financing Activities*

Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 increased from the comparable prior year period due to the impact of a \$2,023.9 million change related to the client funds obligation, which is due to the timing of receipts from our clients and payments made to our clients’ employees and applicable taxing authorities on their behalf, a \$25.4 million increase in withholding taxes paid related to net share settlements, and a \$0.5 million increase in dividends paid. The increase in cash used in financing activities was partially offset by an \$80.8 million decrease in repurchases of common stock.

### **Contractual Obligations**

Our principal commitments primarily consist of leases for office space and the naming rights agreement. For additional information regarding our naming rights agreement, leases, and our commitments and contingencies, see Note 4 “Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net”, Note 5 “Leases” and Note 13 “Commitments and Contingencies” in the Form 10-K and Note 5 “Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net” and Note 12 “Commitments and Contingencies” in the notes to our unaudited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”). The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, costs and expenses, and related disclosures. Estimates made in accordance with U.S. GAAP that involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty and have had or are reasonably likely to have a material impact on our financial condition are described below. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions to ensure that management believes them to be reasonable under the then-current facts and circumstances. Actual amounts and results may materially differ from these estimates made by management under different assumptions and conditions.

Certain accounting policies that require significant management estimates, and are deemed critical to our results of operations or financial position, are discussed in the critical accounting policies and estimates section of Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the Form 10-K. There have been no material changes to the critical accounting policies disclosed in the Form 10-K.

## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Management uses adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income as supplemental measures to review and assess the performance of our core business operations and for planning purposes. We define (i) adjusted EBITDA as net income plus interest expense, taxes, depreciation and amortization, non-cash stock-based compensation expense, certain transaction expenses that are not core to our operations (if any) and (ii) non-GAAP net income as net income plus non-cash stock-based compensation expense, certain transaction expenses that are not core to our operations (if any), all of which are adjusted for the effect of income taxes. Adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income are metrics that provide investors with greater transparency to the information used by management in its financial and operational decision-making. We believe these metrics are useful to investors because they facilitate comparisons of our core business operations across periods on a consistent basis, as well as comparisons with the results of peer companies, many of which use similar non-GAAP financial measures to supplement results under U.S. GAAP. In addition, adjusted EBITDA is a measure that provides useful information to management about the amount of cash available for reinvestment in our business, paying dividends, repurchasing common stock and other purposes. Management believes that the non-GAAP measures presented in this Form 10-Q, when viewed in combination with our results prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, provide a more complete understanding of the factors and trends affecting our business and performance.

Adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income are not measures of financial performance under U.S. GAAP, and should not be considered a substitute for net income, which we consider to be the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure. Adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income have limitations as analytical tools, and when assessing our operating performance, you should not consider adjusted EBITDA or non-GAAP net income in isolation, or as a substitute for net income or other consolidated statements of comprehensive income data prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA and non-GAAP net income may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies, and other companies may not calculate such measures in the same manner as we do.

The following tables reconcile net income to adjusted EBITDA, net income to non-GAAP net income and earnings per share to non-GAAP net income per share on a basic and diluted basis:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Net income to adjusted EBITDA:</b>				
Net income	\$ 89.5	\$ 68.0	\$ 228.9	\$ 315.2
Interest expense	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.6
Provision for income taxes	27.7	31.2	78.6	74.0
Depreciation and amortization	41.9	35.6	81.9	68.1
EBITDA	159.9	135.5	390.9	458.8
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense	38.4	24.1	60.6	(69.7)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 198.3	\$ 159.7	\$ 451.6	\$ 389.2

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Net income to non-GAAP net income:</b>				
Net income	\$ 89.5	\$ 68.0	\$ 228.9	\$ 315.2
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense	38.4	24.1	60.6	(69.7)
Income tax effect on non-GAAP adjustments	(11.3)	(0.3)	(15.2)	(7.0)
Non-GAAP net income	\$ 116.6	\$ 91.8	\$ 274.3	\$ 238.5

Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	56.1	56.5	56.0	56.5
Diluted	56.5	56.8	56.3	56.5

Earnings per share, basic	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.08	\$ 5.58
Earnings per share, diluted	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.06	\$ 5.57
Non-GAAP net income per share, basic	\$ 2.08	\$ 1.63	\$ 4.89	\$ 4.22
Non-GAAP net income per share, diluted	\$ 2.06	\$ 1.62	\$ 4.87	\$ 4.22

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Earnings per share to non-GAAP net income per share, basic:</b>				
Earnings per share, basic	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.08	\$ 5.58
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense	0.68	0.43	1.08	(1.23)
Income tax effect on non-GAAP adjustments	(0.20)	—	(0.27)	(0.13)
Non-GAAP net income per share, basic	<u>\$ 2.08</u>	<u>\$ 1.63</u>	<u>\$ 4.89</u>	<u>\$ 4.22</u>

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Earnings per share to non-GAAP net income per share, diluted:</b>				
Earnings per share, diluted	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.20	\$ 4.06	\$ 5.57
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense	0.68	0.42	1.08	(1.23)
Income tax effect on non-GAAP adjustments	(0.20)	—	(0.27)	(0.12)
Non-GAAP net income per share, diluted	<u>\$ 2.06</u>	<u>\$ 1.62</u>	<u>\$ 4.87</u>	<u>\$ 4.22</u>

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

#### **Interest Rate Sensitivity**

As of June 30, 2025, we had corporate cash and cash equivalents totaling \$532.2 million and funds held for clients cash and cash equivalents totaling \$1.1 billion. These amounts are invested primarily in demand deposit accounts and money market funds. We consider all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less and SEC-registered money market mutual funds to be cash equivalents. Additionally, we had available-for-sale securities totaling \$496.0 million included within funds held for clients on the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2025. Our available-for-sale securities consisted of U.S. treasury securities with original maturities of two years or less. The primary objectives of our investing activities are capital preservation, meeting our liquidity needs and, with respect to investing client funds, generating interest income while maintaining the safety of principal. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes.

Our investments are subject to market risk due to changes in interest rates. The market value of fixed rate securities may be adversely affected due to a rise in interest rates, while floating rate securities may produce less income than expected if interest rates fall. Due in part to these factors, our future investment income may fall short of expectations due to changes in interest rates, or we may suffer losses in principal if we are forced to sell securities that decline in market value due to changes in interest rates. We classify all debt securities with an original maturity greater than three months as available-for-sale and, as a result, no gains or losses are recognized due to changes in interest rates until such securities are sold or decreases in fair value are determined to be nonrecoverable. To date, we have not recorded any credit impairment losses on our portfolio.

As of June 30, 2025, a hypothetical increase or decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would result in an approximately \$22.5 million increase or decrease, respectively, in interest earned on funds held for clients over the ensuing 12-month period. There are no incremental costs of revenue associated with changes in interest earned on funds held for clients.

An immediate increase in interest rates of 100 basis points would have resulted in a \$2.2 million reduction in the aggregate market value of our available-for-sale securities as of June 30, 2025. An immediate decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would have resulted in a \$2.2 million increase in the aggregate market value of our available-for-sale securities as of June 30, 2025. These estimates are based on a sensitivity model that measures market value changes when changes in interest rates occur.

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) and Rule 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, evaluated, as of June 30, 2025, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2025 to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in this Form 10-Q is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the rules and forms of the Exchange Act and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

We believe, however, that a controls system, no matter how well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable assurance that the objectives of the controls systems are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud or error, if any, within a company have been detected.

#### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There have been no material changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II

### OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are involved in various disputes, claims, suits, investigations and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. “Item 3. Legal Proceedings” of the Form 10-K includes a discussion of legal proceedings. There have been no material changes from the information set forth in “Item 3. Legal Proceedings” of the Form 10-K. We believe that the resolution of current pending legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Nonetheless, we cannot predict the outcome of these proceedings, as legal matters are subject to inherent uncertainties, and there exists the possibility that the ultimate resolution of these matters could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except as set forth below, there have been no material changes from the information set forth in “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in the Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 20, 2025.

##### *Adverse economic and market conditions could affect our business, operating results or financial condition.*

Our business depends on the overall demand for HCM applications and on the economic health of our current and prospective clients. If economic conditions in the United States or in global markets deteriorate, clients may cease their operations, eliminate or reduce unscheduled payroll runs (such as bonuses), reduce headcount, delay or reduce their spending on HCM and other outsourcing services or attempt to renegotiate their contracts with us. In addition, global and regional macroeconomic developments, such as changes in global trade policies and tariffs, increased unemployment, decreased income, uncertainty related to future economic activity, reduced access to credit, increased interest rates, inflation, volatility in capital markets, and decreased liquidity, among other possible factors, could negatively affect our ability to conduct business. Furthermore, the impact of such macroeconomic developments may be exacerbated by geopolitical events such as the ongoing military conflict in Ukraine and the ongoing conflicts throughout the Middle East. An economic decline could result in reductions in sales of our applications, decreased revenue from unscheduled payroll runs and fees charged on a per-employee basis, longer sales cycles, slower adoption of new technologies and increased price competition, any of which could adversely affect our business, operating results or financial condition. In addition, HCM spending levels may not increase following any recovery.

Further, as part of our payroll and payroll tax filing services, we collect and then remit client funds to taxing authorities and accounts designated by our clients. During the interval between receipt and disbursement, we typically invest such funds in money market funds, demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, U.S. treasury securities and commercial paper. These investments are subject to general market, interest rate, credit and liquidity risks, and such risks may be exacerbated during periods of unusual financial market volatility. Any loss of or inability to access such funds could have an adverse impact on our cash position and results of operations and could require us to obtain additional sources of liquidity, which may not be available on terms that are acceptable to us, if at all. Furthermore, although increased interest rates may have a negative impact on certain clients, increased interest rates have resulted in increased interest earned on funds held for clients and additional income earned on our corporate funds. Changes in interest rates will impact potential earnings of future investments. A stable or rising interest rate environment would sustain the additional interest earned on funds held for clients and interest earned on our corporate funds, whereas a decreasing interest rate environment would compress the additional interest earnings and potentially adversely affect our operating results.

In recent years, there have been several instances when there has been uncertainty regarding the ability of Congress and the President collectively to reach agreement on federal budgetary and spending matters. A period of failure to reach agreement on these matters, particularly if accompanied by an actual or threatened government shutdown, may have an adverse impact on the U.S. economy. Additionally, because certain of our clients rely on government resources to fund their operations, a prolonged government shutdown may affect such clients’ ability to make timely payments to us, which could adversely affect our operations results or financial condition.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The number of shares of common stock repurchased by us during the three months ended June 30, 2025 is set forth below.

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share <sup>(1)</sup>	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>(2)</sup>	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
April 1 - 30, 2025 <sup>(3)</sup>	12,789	\$ 226.49	12,789	\$ 1,470,890,000
May 1 - 31, 2025 <sup>(3)</sup>	90,798	\$ 258.61	90,798	\$ 1,447,409,000
June 1 - 30, 2025 <sup>(3)</sup>	24,130	\$ 259.54	24,130	\$ 1,441,146,000
Total	<u>127,717</u>		<u>127,717</u>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of the impact of the one-percent excise tax under the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pursuant to a stock repurchase plan announced on November 20, 2018, we were authorized to purchase (in the aggregate) up to \$150.0 million of our common stock in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or by other means. On May 13, 2021, we announced that our Board of Directors increased the availability under the existing stock repurchase plan to \$300.0 million and extended the expiration date to May 13, 2023. On June 7, 2022, we announced that our Board of Directors increased the availability under the existing stock repurchase plan to \$550.0 million and extended the expiration date to June 7, 2024. On August 15, 2022, we announced that our Board of Directors increased the availability under the existing stock repurchase plan to \$1.1 billion and extended the expiration date to August 15, 2024. On July 31, 2024, we announced that our Board of Directors increased the availability under the existing stock repurchase plan to \$1.5 billion and extended the expiration date to August 15, 2026.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consists of shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding for certain employees upon the vesting of equity incentive awards.

## Item 5. Other Information

### Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangements

On June 13, 2025, an entity affiliated with Chad Richison, Chief Executive Officer, President and Chairman of the Board of Directors, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (the "Richison 10b5-1 Plan") that is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) of the Exchange Act. The Richison 10b5-1 Plan provides for the sale of up to 480,000 shares of common stock on behalf of the affiliated entity during the period beginning on the later of (i) September 15, 2025, and (ii) the third trading day following disclosure of the Company's financial results on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2025, and ending March 13, 2026, subject to earlier termination in accordance with the terms of the Richison 10b5-1 Plan and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

## Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are incorporated herein by reference or are filed with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in each case as indicated therein (numbered in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K):

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.1	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Paycom Software, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1/A dated March 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 31, 2014).</u></a>
3.2	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of Paycom Software, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, filed with the SEC on October 31, 2024).</u></a>
4.1	<a href="#"><u>Form of Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1/A dated March 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 31, 2014).</u></a>
31.1*	<a href="#"><u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u></a>
31.2*	<a href="#"><u>Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u></a>
32.1**	<a href="#"><u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u></a>
99.1*	<a href="#"><u>First Amendment to the Paycom Software, Inc. 2023 Long-Term Incentive Plan.</u></a>
99.2*	<a href="#"><u>First Amendment to the Paycom Software, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan.</u></a>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the XBRL Instance Document does not appear in the Interactive Data File as its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded Linkbases Documents.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* The certifications attached as Exhibit 32.1 are not deemed “filed” with the SEC and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Paycom Software, Inc. under the Securities Act whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

### PAYCOM SOFTWARE, INC.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ Chad Richison  
Chad Richison  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ Robert D. Foster  
Robert D. Foster  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Accounting Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Chad Richison, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paycom Software, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ Chad Richison  
Chad Richison  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Robert D. Foster, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Paycom Software, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ Robert D. Foster  
Robert D. Foster  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 (the "Form 10-Q") of Paycom Software, Inc. (the "Company"), the undersigned hereby certify in their capacities as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to their knowledge:

- (1) the Form 10-Q fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in the Form 10-Q.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ Chad Richison  
Chad Richison  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ Robert D. Foster  
Robert D. Foster  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

*The foregoing certifications are not deemed "filed" with the Securities and Exchange Commission for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.*

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**FIRST AMENDMENT  
TO THE  
PAYCOM SOFTWARE, INC.  
2023 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN**

This FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE PAYCOM SOFTWARE, INC. 2023 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN (this “*Amendment*”), dated as of August 4, 2025, is made and entered into by Paycom Software, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “*Company*”). Terms used in this Amendment with initial capital letters that are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Paycom Software, Inc. 2023 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the “*Plan*”).

**RECITALS**

**WHEREAS**, Article 9 of the Plan provides that the Board of Directors of the Company (the “*Board*”) may amend the Plan at any time and from time to time; and

**WHEREAS**, the Board desires to amend the Plan to clarify that an Authorized Officer (as defined in the Plan) has the authority to designate Contractors (as defined in the Plan) as recipients of Awards (as defined in the Plan) under the Plan and to determine the number of shares of Common Stock subject to such Awards to Contractors.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in accordance with Article 9 of the Plan, the Company hereby amends the Plan, effective as of the date hereof, as follows:

1. Section 3.2(b) of the Plan is hereby amended by deleting said section in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following new Section 3.2(b):

(b) Notwithstanding Section 3.2(a), to the extent permitted by Applicable Law, the Board may, in its sole discretion and by a resolution adopted by the Board, authorize one or more officers of the Company (an “*Authorized Officer*”) to (i) designate one or more Employees or Contractors as eligible persons to whom Awards will be granted under the Plan (provided that, no Awards of Incentive Stock Options may be granted to Contractors), and (ii) determine the number of shares of Common Stock that will be subject to such Awards; *provided* that the resolution of the Board granting such authority shall (x) specify the total number of shares of Common Stock that may be made subject to the Awards, (y) set forth the price or prices (or a formula or other method by which such price or prices may be determined) to be paid for the purchase of the Common Stock subject to such Awards, and (z) not authorize an officer to designate such officer as a recipient of any Award.

2. Except as expressly amended by this Amendment, the Plan shall continue in full force and effect in accordance with the provisions thereof.

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**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Company has caused this Amendment to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

**PAYCOM SOFTWARE, INC.**

By: /s/ Robert D. Foster  
Name: Robert D. Foster  
Title: Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

*Signature Page to the First Amendment to the  
Paycom Software, Inc. 2023 Long-Term Incentive Plan*

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**FIRST AMENDMENT  
TO THE  
PAYCOM SOFTWARE, INC.  
EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN**

This FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE PAYCOM SOFTWARE, INC. EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN (this “*Amendment*”), dated as of August 4, 2025, is made and entered into by Paycom Software, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “*Company*”). Terms used in this Amendment with initial capital letters that are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Paycom Software, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the “*Plan*”).

**RECITALS**

**WHEREAS**, Section 18 of the Plan provides that the Board of Directors of the Company (the “*Board*”) may amend the Plan at any time and from time to time; and

**WHEREAS**, the Board desires to amend the Plan to clarify that the shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under the Plan may be (i) shares of Common Stock purchased by the Designated Agent on the open market or (ii) shares of Common Stock issued from treasury or from authorized but unissued shares.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in accordance with Section 18 of the Plan, the Company hereby amends the Plan, effective as of the date hereof, as follows:

1. Section 12(a) of the Plan is hereby amended by deleting said section in its entirety and substituting in lieu thereof the following new Section 12(a):

(a) Subject to adjustment upon changes in capitalization of the Company as provided in Section 17 hereof, the maximum number of shares of the Common Stock which may be acquired pursuant to Options under the Plan shall be two million (2,000,000) shares of Common Stock. Either shares issued heretofore or hereafter may be made subject to Options under the Plan. The shares of Common Stock that may be acquired pursuant to Options under the Plan may be shares available from authorized but unissued Common Stock, shares of Common Stock held by the Company in its treasury, or shares of Common Stock purchased by the Designated Agent on the open market or otherwise; provided, however, that no more than the total number of shares of Common Stock as set forth above (as adjusted pursuant to Section 17 hereof), shall be acquired pursuant to Options under the Plan. If, for any reason, any Option under the Plan terminates in whole or in part, shares subject to such terminated Option may be again available pursuant to an Option under the Plan.

2. Except as expressly amended by this Amendment, the Plan shall continue in full force and effect in accordance with the provisions thereof.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Amendment to be duly executed as of the date first written above.

**PAYCOM SOFTWARE, INC.**

By: /s/ Robert D. Foster  
Name: Robert D. Foster  
Title: Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

*Signature Page to the First Amendment to the  
Paycom Software, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan*

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