## **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

	Form 10-K		
	TON 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURI	TIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the fiscal year ended Dece	mber 31, 2019	
	or		
□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SEC	TION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITE	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
Fo	r the transition period from	to	
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	Cboe Global Mark (Exact name of registrant as specif		
Delaware	(Exact hame of registrant as specif	20-544697	2
(State or other jurisdiction incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Emplo Identification No	oyer
400 South LaSalle Sti	-eet		
Chicago, Illinois (Address of principal executive)	ve offices)	<b>60605</b> (Zip Code	)
	Registrant's telephone number, inc (312) 786-5600	luding area code	
	Securities registered pursuant to Secti	on 12(b) of the Act:	
Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol (s	Name of Exc	change on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	CBOE		CboeBZX
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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a w			
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been so		-	curities Exchange Act of 1934
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant Regulation S-T ( $\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\square$			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant emerging growth company. See the definitions of 'Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):			
Large accelerated filer ☑ Accelerated file	er □ Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting company □	Emerging growth company $\square$
If an emerging growth company, indicate by or revised financial accounting standards provided pu			od for complying with any new c
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant	is a shell company (as defined in Rule	12b-2 of the Act). Yes $\square$ No $\boxtimes$	
As of June 30, 2019, the aggregate market val billion based on the closing price of \$103.63 per sh		g common equity held by non-affiliat	tes was approximately \$11.5
The number of outstanding shares of the regis	trant's common stock as of February 14	4, 2020 was 110,435,193 shares of cor	mmon stock.
	DOCUMENTS INCORPORATE	D BY REFERENCE	
Portions of Cboe Global Market's Definitive Prox 2019, are incorporated by reference in Part III.	y Statement for the 2020 Annual Meeting	of Stockholders, which will be filed no la	ater than 120 days after December 31

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#### CERTAIN DEFINED TERMS

Throughout this document, unless otherwise specified or the context so requires:

- "Cboe," "we," "us," "our" or "the Company" refers to Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and its subsidiaries.
- "ADV" means average daily volume.
- "ADNV" means average daily notional value.
- "AFM" refers to the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets.
- "Bats Global Markets" and "Bats" refer to our wholly-owned subsidiary Bats Global Markets, Inc., now known as Cboe Bats, LLC, and its subsidiaries.
- "BYX" refers to Cooe BYX Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cooe Global Markets, Inc.
- "BZX" refers to Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "C2" refers to Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "Cboe Chi-X Europe" refers to Cboe Chi-X Europe Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "Cboe Europe Equities" refers to the combined businesses of Cboe Europe and Cboe NL.
- "Cboe Europe" refers to Cboe Europe Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc., the U.K. operator of our Multilateral Trading Facility ("MTF"), our Regulated Market ("RM"), and our Approved Publication Arrangement ("APA") under its Recognized Investment Exchange ("RIE") status.
- "Cboe FX" refers to Cboe FX Markets, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "Cboe NL" refers to Cboe Europe B.V., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc., the Netherlands operator of our MTF, RM, and APA.
- "Cboe Options" refers to Cboe Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "Cboe SEF" refers to Cboe SEF, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "Cboe Swiss" refers to Cboe Switzerland GmbH, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "Cboe Trading" refers to Cboe Trading, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc., operated in the United States.
- "CFE" refers to Cboe Futures Exchange, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "CFTC" refers to the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- "EDGA" refers to Cboe EDGA Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "EDGX" refers to Cboe EDGX Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- "ESMA" refers to the European Securities and Markets Authority.
- "Exchanges" refers to Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA.
- "FASB" refers to the Financial Accounting Standards Board.
- "FCA" refers to the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority.
- "FINRA" refers to the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.
- "GAAP" refers to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States.
- "Merger" refers to our acquisition of Bats Global Markets, completed on February 28, 2017.
- "OCC" refers to The Options Clearing Corporation.
- "OPRA" refers to Options Price Reporting Authority, LLC.
- "SEC" refers to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "SPX" refers to our S&P 500 Index exchange-traded options products.
- "TPH" refers to either a Trading Permit Holder or a Trading Privilege Holder.
- "VIX" refers to our Cboe Volatility Index exchange-traded options and futures products.

#### TRADEMARK AND OTHER INFORMATION

Cboe®, Bats®, BYX®, BZX®, Cboe Options Institute®, Cboe Vest®, Cboe Volatility Index®, CFE®, EDGA®, EDGX®, Hybrid®, LiveVol®, Silexx® and VIX® are registered trademarks, and Cboe Global Markets<sup>SM</sup>, Cboe Futures Exchange<sup>SM</sup>, C2<sup>SM</sup>, and Silexx<sup>SM</sup> are service marks of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Standard & Poor's®, S&P®, S&P 100®, S&P 500® and SPX® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC and have been licensed for use by Cboe Exchange, Inc. Dow Jones®, Dow Jones Industrial Average®, DJIA® and Dow Jones Indices are registered trademarks or service marks of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings, LLC, used under license. Russell® and the Russell index names are registered trademarks of Frank Russell Company, used under license. FTSE® and the FTSE indices are trademarks and service marks of FTSE International Limited, used under license. All other trademarks and service marks are the property of their respective owners.

MSCI and the MSCI index names are service marks of MSCI Inc. ("MSCI") or its affiliates and have been licensed for use by us. Any derivative indices and any financial products based on the derivative indices ("MCSI-Based Products") are not sponsored, guaranteed or endorsed by MSCI, its affiliates or any other party involved in, or related to, making or compiling such MSCI index. Neither MSCI, its affiliates nor any other party involved in, or related to, making or compiling any MSCI index makes any representations regarding the advisability of investing in such MSCI-Based Products; makes any warranty, express or implied; or bears any liability as to the results to be obtained by any person or any entity from the use of any such MSCI index or any data included therein. No purchaser, seller or holder of any MSCI-Based Product, or any other person or entity, should use or refer to any MSCI trade name, trademark or service mark to sponsor, endorse, market or promote any security without first contacting MSCI to determine whether MSCI's permission is required.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K includes market share and industry data that we obtained from industry publications and surveys, reports of governmental agencies and internal company surveys. Industry publications and surveys generally state that the information they contain has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but we cannot assure you that this information is accurate or complete. We have not independently verified any of the data from third-party sources nor have we ascertained the underlying economic assumptions relied upon therein. Statements as to our market position are based on the most currently available market data. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding industry data presented herein, our estimates involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors. We refer you to the "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and our other filings with the SEC.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. You can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may," "might," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or "continue," and the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. All statements that reflect our expectations, assumptions or projections about the future other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements, including statements in "Business" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." These forward-looking statements, which are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance based on our growth strategies and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In particular, you should consider the risks and uncertainties described under "Risk Factors" in this Annual Report.

While we believe we have identified material risks, these risks and uncertainties are not exhaustive. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncertainties, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Some factors that could cause actual results to differ include:

- the loss of our right to exclusively list and trade certain index options and futures products;
- economic, political and market conditions;
- compliance with legal and regulatory obligations;
- price competition and consolidation in our industry;
- decreases in trading volumes, market data fees or a shift in the mix of products traded on our exchanges;
- legislative or regulatory changes;
- our ability to protect our systems and communication networks from security risks, cybersecurity risks, insider threats and unauthorized disclosure of confidential information;
- increasing competition by foreign and domestic entities;
- our dependence on and exposure to risk from third parties;
- fluctuations to currency exchange rates;
- our index providers' ability to maintain the quality and integrity of their indices and to perform under our agreements;
- our ability to operate our business without violating the intellectual property rights of others and the costs associated with protecting our intellectual property rights;
- our ability to attract and retain skilled management and other personnel;
- our ability to accommodate trading volume and transaction traffic, including significant increases, without failure or degradation of performance of our systems;
- misconduct by those who use our markets or our products;
- challenges to our use of open source software code;
- our ability to meet our compliance obligations, including managing potential conflicts between our regulatory responsibilities and our for-profit status;
- damage to our reputation;
- the ability of our compliance and risk management methods to effectively monitor and manage our risks;
- our ability to manage our growth and strategic acquisitions or alliances effectively;
- restrictions imposed by our debt obligations;
- our ability to maintain an investment grade credit rating;
- impairment of our goodwill, long-lived assets, investments or intangible assets; and
- the accuracy of our estimates and expectations.

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For a detailed discussion of these and other factors that might affect our performance, see Part I, Item 1A of this Report. We do not undertake, and expressly disclaim, any duty to update any forward-looking statement whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. We caution you not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this filing.

#### PART I

#### Item 1. Business

The following description of the business should be read in conjunction with the information included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. This description contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements due to the factors set forth in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Overview

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. is one of the world's largest exchange holding companies, offering cutting-edge trading and investment solutions to investors around the world. The Company is committed to defining markets to benefit its participants and drive the global marketplace forward through product innovation, leading edge technology and seamless trading solutions.

Cboe offers trading across a diverse range of products in multiple asset classes and geographies, including options, futures, U.S. and European equities, exchange-traded products ("ETPs"), global foreign exchange ("FX"), and multi-asset volatility products based on the VIX Index, recognized as the world's premier gauge of U.S. equity market volatility. Cboe's subsidiaries include the largest options exchange and the third largest stock exchange operator in the U.S. In addition, the Company operates one of the largest equities stock exchanges by value traded in Europe and is a leading market globally for ETP listings and trading.

The Company reports the results of its operations in five business segments: Options, U.S. Equities, Futures, European Equities, and Global FX. Our operating revenues consist primarily of transaction fees, access and capacity fees, market data fees and regulatory fines and fees. We also generate revenue from both the calculation and dissemination of index values and from the licensing of our proprietary products. Transaction fee revenues are generated on the contracts or shares traded on our exchanges. In 2019, approximately 62.9% of our net revenues were transaction fee revenues.

## **Our Business**

Originally known as the Chicago Board Options Exchange, Cboe Options was founded in 1973 as a non-stock corporation owned by its members. Cboe Options was the first organized marketplace for the trading of standardized, exchange-traded options on equity securities. In 2004, CFE began operations as a futures exchange. Cboe Global Markets was incorporated in the State of Delaware on August 15, 2006. In June 2010, Cboe Options demutualized, Cboe Options and CFE became wholly-owned subsidiaries of Cboe Global Markets, and Cboe Global Markets completed its initial public offering. In October 2010, C2, the Company's second options exchange, initiated operations.

On February 28, 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of Bats, which significantly expanded the Company's product lines across asset classes, broadened its geographic reach with pan-European equities, added global FX market, diversified its business mix with significant non-transactional revenue streams and increased the Company's options exchanges from two to four with the addition of BZX and EDGX exchanges. Following the acquisition, on October 16, 2017, we changed our legal name from CBOE Holdings, Inc. to Cboe Global Markets, Inc. On September 17, 2018, we voluntarily delisted our common stock from Nasdaq Global Select Market and transferred the listing to Cboe BZX Exchange.

Choe Global Markets reports on the following five business segments:

Options. Our options exchange business lists for trading (i) options on market indices ("index options"), including VIX and SPX options, mostly on an exclusive basis, (ii) non-exclusive "multi-listed" options on the stocks of listed individual corporations ("equity options"), and (iii) non-exclusive "multi-listed" options on ETPs, such as exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") and exchange-traded notes ("ETNs"). These options trade on

Cboe Options, C2, BZX, and EDGX. Cboe Options is our primary options market and offers trading in listed options through a single system, known as our Hybrid trading model, which integrates electronic trading and traditional open outcry trading on our trading floor in Chicago. C2, BZX, and EDGX are our all-electronic options exchanges, and typically operate with different market models and fee structures than Cboe Options. The Options segment also includes applicable market data revenue generated from the U.S. tape plan, the sale of proprietary market data, index licensing, and access and capacity services.

- U.S. Equities. The U.S. Equities segment includes listed equities and ETP transaction services that occur on BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA. This segment also includes ETP listings on BZX, the Cboe Global Markets, Inc. common stock listing, applicable market data revenue generated from the U.S. tape plans, the sale of proprietary market data, routing services, access and capacity services and advertising activity from ETF.com.
- **Futures.** The Futures segment includes the business of our futures exchange, CFE, which lists VIX futures, futures on corporate bond indices, futures on AMERIBOR, and other futures products. It also includes market data revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.
- European Equities. The European Equities segment covers securities from 18 European markets including the U.K. and includes transaction services on listed equities, ETPs, exchange-traded commodities, and international depository receipts that occur on MTFs operated by Cboe Europe Equities. It also includes the listings business where ETPs can be listed on its RMs. Cboe Europe Equities operates lit and dark pools, a periodic auctions book, and a Large-in-Scale ("LIS") trading negotiation facility. Cboe NL, launched in October 2019, operates similar business functionality to that which is offered by Cboe Europe, other than LIS, and provides for trading only in European Economic Area symbols. Cboe Europe Equities also includes market data revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.
- Global FX. The Global FX segment includes institutional FX services on the Cboe FX platform, which offers an
  independent, transparent electronic marketplace structure where institutional buyers and sellers worldwide can trade
  spot FX directly, either anonymously or on a disclosed basis with each other. The Global FX segment also includes nondeliverable forward FX transactions offered for execution on Cboe SEF, as well as revenue generated from the sale of
  proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and Note 17 ("Segment Reporting") to the notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion of revenues, and operating income (loss) by business segment. Certain areas within our segments operate globally. For information regarding risks related to our international operations see "Risk Factors."

The following chart illustrates volume or notional value for Options (Cboe Options, C2 Options, BZX Options, and EDGX Options); Futures (CFE); U.S. Equities (BZX Equities, BYX Equities, EDGA Equities, and EDGX Equities); European Equities; and Global FX (Cboe FX) for the periods indicated (which includes information prior to the acquisition of Bats):

		Annual Volumes		
	2019	2018	2017	
Options total contracts ADV (in millions)	7.3	7.9	6.9	
U.S. Equities total touched shares ADV (in billions)	1.2	1.4	1.3	
Futures ADV (in thousands)	249.0	300.0	294.8	
European Equities matched and touched ADNV (€ in billions)	7.7	10.4	9.4	
Global FX ADNV (\$ in billions)	32.3	37.4	29.5	

ADV= average daily volume ADNV= average daily notional value

## **Competitive Strengths**

We have established ourselves as a global leader and innovator in our industry and believe we are well positioned to further enhance our leadership position through several key competitive strengths:

- Innovative Products and Services. We are structured and committed to deliver a differentiated experience to our customers through our offering of innovative proprietary products, order types, risk management tools and other products and services. We have also worked closely and collaboratively with market participants to introduce new products and services to meet the evolving needs of the industry, and we plan to continue these efforts. Products we have developed include index options, equity options, VIX options and futures, and options and futures on other volatility indices, short duration options, including Weeklys, FLexible EXchange Options ("FLEX options") and options strategy benchmark indices. We have also developed products that enable our customers to monitor their order handling on our markets in real-time, such as our user dashboard and latency reports. We were the first U.S. options exchange to trade options during non-U.S. trading hours, offering extended trading hours in our exclusive proprietary products. We also connect with a growing customer base through trading and educational resources, including resources available through our website, the world-renowned Cboe Options Institute, industry trade shows, industry forums and a comprehensive marketing and communications program.
- Leading Proprietary Technology. Our leading proprietary technology was designed in-house to optimize reliability, speed, scalability and versatility. CFE, C2, and Cboe Options were migrated to our current trading platform on February 25, 2018, May 14, 2018, and October 7, 2019, respectively. As a result, we now offer customers a single uniform trading experience across our equities, options, and futures markets. Our platform has demonstrated very low operational downtime and latency, which we believe gives our customers an additional incentive to use our platform to mitigate trade execution risk, especially in times of extreme market volatility.
- Leading Market Position, Reputation and Brand. We are a leading global operator of securities exchanges and other electronic markets and have a strong market share in the markets we serve. Cboe Options, the largest U.S. options exchange, based on both contract volume and notional value, and one of the largest options exchanges in the world, is an options market leader. As the creator of listed options and other significant products in the listed options industry, including the VIX Index and VIX options and futures, Cboe is a leading brand name in the options and volatility space. In U.S. listed equities, we are the third largest exchange operator, with a market share of 16.3% of the overall U.S. equities market for the year ended December 31, 2019. In European-listed equities, we are one of the largest pan-European exchange operators based on executed notional value of pan-European equities, with a market share of 20.2% of European trading in the securities available for trading on Cboe Europe Equities for the year ended December 31, 2019. In addition, we have a substantial presence in the spot FX markets, with a 15.2% market share of the publicly reported institutional spot FX markets for the year ended December 31, 2019.
- Strategic Relationships and Partnerships. We have entered into licensing agreements with index providers which typically grant us the rights to create volatility indices, offer options and futures products on their indices and use the market data from the trading of options on various products to calculate a number of proprietary indices. We have also formed partnerships with key providers to develop new products and services. See "Proprietary Products-Strategic Relationships."

## **Growth Strategy**

Our mission is to lead the industry in defining the markets of today and tomorrow through: (1) relentless innovation to expand our diverse offering for investors around the world, (2) leading edge technology to connect customers to global markets, and (3) seamless solutions to enhance the customer experience through insights, education, data,

analytics and more. We expect to further grow our business and increase our revenues and profitability by following our mission and pursuing the following growth strategies:

- Grow Existing Proprietary Products. We plan to continue our efforts to grow the use of our proprietary products, including SPX options and VIX options and futures, by expanding the customer base and increasing existing customers' product usage. In 2019, we redeployed our customer outreach efforts to further penetrate global market participants by realigning our sales team with specialists targeting asset managers, hedge funds, U.S. insurance companies and pension funds. We also continue to take steps to enhance the risk management tools and information available to our customers, aimed at arming them with information to make more informed trading decisions and gain capital efficiency. Furthermore, we continue to penetrate new markets. In 2019, Cboe Options and CFE were permitted in Switzerland and Spain to market our products to existing or potential customers in those jurisdictions, as well as permit investors in those jurisdictions to directly access Cboe Options and CFE to trade our products. We also plan to continue to enrich and expand our educational content to educate market participants, which is integral to growing our proprietary products.
- Develop Innovative Products and Services. We continue to explore the development of index and other high margin derivative products to trade on our exchanges. We intend to license and create proprietary intellectual property to develop proprietary products that meet the needs of the derivatives industry, both through strategic relationships and internal development, while continuing to diversify our product line across asset classes. We believe that additional proprietary market data, analytics, and access and capacity revenues can be generated while continuing to offer competitive pricing across all of our segments. In 2019, we continued to leverage relationships to extend our product offering by launching or extending existing new products or services, such as Monday expiring options on XSP, our mini-SPX option contract, SPX option expirations related to the 2020 presidential election, development of a future on AMERIBOR, a Cboe Closing Cross to provide post-close trading services at Cboe Europe and developing new benchmarks on MSCI Emerging Markets and EAFE indices.
- Offer Compelling Models. We have designed our market and pricing models to provide benefits to market participants that concentrate their overall trading activity, which we believe encourages market participants to increase their business with us. In our proprietary products, we offer discounts and incentives to certain participants based on relative volume and the use of selected strategies. In multi-listed products and equities trading, we offer incentive programs to attract order flow to help our market participants manage both the fixed and transaction-based costs of trading. We regularly review the market and pricing models for all of our exchanges to provide an industry-leading economic offering. In 2019, we introduced a small retail broker distribution program for U.S. equities market data at discounted rates, order book priority for retail investors on EDGX, and a new lead market maker incentive program for the Cboe Listed ETP Marketplace.
- Continue to Enhance Our Leading Edge Technology. We recognize that the opportunity to participate in the growth of the equities and derivatives market will be driven in great part by the trading functionality and technology capabilities that an exchange offers to market participants. We intend to use our strong in-house development capabilities and continued investment to further enhance and develop the functionality and capacity of our trading systems. With the completion of the multi-exchange technology migration, we intend to redirect our technology efforts to building new value added technologies, such as the development of a state-of-the-art research and data platform. See "Technology."
- Evaluate Strategic Opportunities. We continually evaluate strategic opportunities that we believe could enhance stockholder value. We specifically look for strategic opportunities beyond our current businesses that can capitalize on our core competencies and diversify our sources of revenue. We continue to form new alliances with various partners that leverage our strengths and enable us to diversify our product and business lines across new regions and asset classes.

## **Proprietary Products**

In addition to our exchanges providing a marketplace and listing venue for the trading of securities and derivatives we also calculate proprietary indices that are used as the basis for proprietary products or licensed for use by third parties. These include:

- volatility index products based on various broad-based market indices, such as the S&P 500, the S&P 100, and the Russell 2000.
- correlation or volatility indices based on ETFs and individual stocks, such as the Cboe Crude Oil ETF Volatility
  Index, the Cboe Gold ETF Volatility Index, the Cboe Equity VIX on Apple, and the Cboe Equity VIX on
  Amazon.
- interest rate volatility indices, such as the Cboe/CBOT 10-year U.S. Treasury Note Volatility Index and the Cboe
   Interest Rate Swap Volatility Index and
- options strategy benchmarks, such as the Cboe BuyWrite, PutWrite and Collar indices based on the S&P 500 and Russell 2000, BuyWrite and PutWrite indices on MSCI EAFE, MSCI Emerging Markets and BuyWrite indices based on other broad-based market indices.

Our most frequently traded products are SPX options and VIX options and futures. In addition to any transaction fee revenue generated on products created based on these indices, we have granted licenses for third parties to use and sublicense some of these proprietary indices to create third-party indices and products. Accordingly, we generate revenue from proprietary indices by distributing them for reference purposes, using them as the basis for proprietary products and licensing them for use for third-party indices and products.

These proprietary indices and products are built both through our in-house research and development staff and our strategic relationships and license agreements with index providers. The following is a discussion of our strategic relationships and additional detail on our most frequently traded products, including SPX options and VIX options and futures.

## Strategic Relationships

The Company has long-term business relationships with several providers of market indices. We license their indices, including on an exclusive basis, as the foundation for indices, index options and other products. The Company also acquires interests in and agrees to work jointly with key providers to develop new products and services that are expected to capitalize on our core competencies and diversify our sources of revenue. Of particular note are the following:

- S&P. We have the exclusive right to offer exchange-listed options contracts in the United States on the S&P 500 Index, the S&P 100 Index and the S&P Select Sector Indices as a result of a licensing arrangement with S&P Dow Jones Indices, LLC ("S&P"). Our license from S&P is through December 31, 2033, with an exclusive license to trade options on the S&P 500 Index through December 31, 2032. We use the market data from the trading of options on the S&P 500 Index and S&P 100 Index for the creation of Cboe volatility indices, such as the VIX Index, and for the creation of tradable products on those volatility indices.
- FTSE Russell. Under our license agreement with the London Stock Exchange Group's ("LSEG") leading global index
  franchises, Frank Russell Company and FTSE International Limited (together "FTSE Russell"), we have the exclusive
  right in the United States to offer listed options on more than two dozen FTSE Russell indices, which represent a diverse
  group of domestic and global equities with international appeal. We offer options on the Russell 2000, Russell 1000,
  Russell 1000 Value and Russell 1000 Growth Indices.

- MSCI. We have the exclusive right in the United States to offer listed options on six of MSCI's indices and to calculate and commercialize volatility and strategy indices on the market data from the trading of options on the MSCI EAFA and MSCI Emerging Markets indices, as a result of licensing arrangements with MSCI Inc. ("MSCI"). We currently offer options on the MSCI EAFE and MSCI Emerging Markets Indices, and use trading information to calculate several versions of BuyWrite and PutWrite strategy indices on each MSCI index.
- Dow Jones. We have the exclusive right during standard U.S. trading hours to offer listed options contracts In the
  United States on the Dow Jones Industrial Average ("DJIA") and certain other Dow Jones indices through December
  31, 2033 as a result of a licensing arrangement with DJI Opco, LLC. We use market data from the trading of options on
  these indices to create Cboe volatility indices, variance indicators and BuyWrite indices, and to trade options, futures
  and other products on these indices.

#### SPX Options

The S&P 500 Index is an index comprised of 500 large-cap U.S. listed companies. It is one of the most commonly followed indices, and is considered a bellwether for the U.S. economy. The SPX options we offer on the S&P 500 Index are exclusive to Cboe and contribute substantially to our volumes and transaction fees. Because of the S&P 500 Index's status as a bellwether, SPX options are used in many different trading strategies by customers with different goals, including pension funds hedging their equity exposure by buying put options, asset managers seeking enhanced returns by selling covered call options and hedge funds using risk-managed strategies to capture so-called "risk premia" embedded in option prices. We also offer SPX Weeklys options, which have settlements on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and on the last trading day of each month. We believe these additional expirations provide customers with more precision when hedging overall portfolio risk.

## Volatility Trading

Cboe pioneered the trading of exchange-traded volatility products with its introduction of VIX futures in 2004 and VIX options in 2006. The VIX Index, although not directly tradable, is based on the mid-point of real-time quotes of SPX options and is designed to reflect investors' consensus view of future 30-day expected stock market volatility. The VIX methodology provides the basis for the creation of VIX options and futures. The settlement value of VIX derivatives is based on traded prices of SPX options. Since we started offering these products, we have seen trading from a number of different customer segments utilizing a number of different trading strategies, including hedging extreme stock market declines, also known as "tail risk" hedging, and risk-managed strategies that seek to capture the relative price changes of expected volatility at different times in the future. We also offer VIX Weeklys options and futures to provide investors with opportunities and tools to trade volatility over a shorter term.

#### Listing

Cboe serves as a listing destination for ETPs in the U.S. and Europe. In 2019, Cboe's market specifically structured and designed for ETP issuers and their investors added 57 listings in the U.S. and won 22 percent of all new U.S. ETP listings. There are now 353 ETPs globally listed on Cboe from 49 different issuers. We offer fully-automated opening, closing and halt reopening auctions for our listed securities, which are designed to maximize the efficiency of the price discovery process.

Cboe also offers issuers the choice of an innovative market maker program referred to as the Cboe Lead Market Maker ("LMM") incentive program on Cboe BZX and the Cboe Europe Equities Liquidity Provider Program ("LPP") on Cboe Europe Equities. Under the LMM program, an LMM has certain quoting obligations and for meeting those enhanced obligations, Cboe pays the LMM a daily stipend that varies depending on the average aggregate daily auction volume in the ETPs assigned to such LMM. Also, LMMs transact for free in the closing auction in their assigned ETPs. Under the LPP, Cboe Europe Equities offers three programs designed for participants that wish to provide liquidity by posting and maintaining executable quotes within certain set parameters with the result of providing liquidity on a regular and ongoing basis. Cboe BZX also offers the Cboe Liquidity Management Provider ("LMP") Program ("LMP Program"). The LMP Program is a rewards-based program that incentivizes liquidity providers to make a better market

in ETPs. Incentives are based on an LMP's quote quality in the Cboe LMP Program securities, which include all Cboe-listed ETPs and certain non-Cboe-listed ETPs.

#### Market Data

We derive a portion of our revenue from market data fees from U.S. tape plans, including Unlisted Trading Privileges ("UTPs"), the Consolidated Tape Association ("CTA") and OPRA. Fees, net of plan costs, from UTP, CTA, and OPRA are allocated and distributed to plan participants like us according to their share of tape fees based on a formula, required by Regulation NMS, which may take into account both trading and quoting activity.

We also provide a robust offering of market data products across multiple asset classes and geographic regions that are designed to suit our customers' diverse needs. Products include real-time depth of book quotation information, auction and complex option information, top of book quotes and trades, last sale information, consolidated equity feeds, real-time index values, and trade reporting facility information. We also provide analytics services and historical information for our markets through multiple data services.

## **Our Models**

Our markets use a combination of pricing and market models to differentiate them from each other and from our competitors. For our options markets, Cboe Options is a hybrid market combining open outcry floor trading with electronic trading. For multi-listed products, we utilize public customer priority, market turner in certain products, participation rights and pro-rata allocation market models, combined with the "classic" pricing model. Under the classic pricing model, professional participants pay transaction fees, public customers generally do not pay transaction fees and market makers compensate brokers for sending order flow to the exchange (known as payment for order flow). For proprietary products, we use price-time or prorata allocation, sometimes with public customer priority, and market turner market models, combined with a pricing model where all market participants generally pay fees. Our other three options markets are fully electronic. BZX options utilizes a price-time market model, combined with a "maker-taker" pricing model. Under the maker-taker pricing model, market participants who make the market (a "maker") generally receive a rebate, while market participants who trade against those markets (a "taker") pay a transaction fee. EDGX options utilizes customer priority, participation rights and pro-rata allocation market models, combined with the classic pricing model. C2 options utilizes a pro-rata allocation market model, combined with the maker-taker pricing model.

For our U.S. equities markets, which are fully electronic, BZX equities utilizes a price-time market model, combined with the maker-taker pricing model. EDGX equities utilizes a price-time with retail priority market model, combined with the maker-taker pricing model. BYX equities utilizes a price-time with price improvement for retail customers market model, combined with the "taker-maker" pricing model. Under the taker-maker pricing model, market participants who make the market pay a transaction fee, while market participants who trade against those markets receive a rebate. EDGA equities utilizes a price-time market model, combined with a taker-maker pricing model. In addition to these market models, each of our equity markets provide numerous specific order types that are designed to enhance their market models.

For our futures market, CFE, which is fully electronic, utilizes a price-time market model, combined with a pricing model where all market participants generally pay fees, subject to specified exceptions.

Our Cboe FX platform utilizes a price-firmness-time priority market model, combined with a pricing model where customers are charged either a flat or tiered commission rate based upon the notional amount traded on the platform.

In Europe, following the implementation of the Directive on Markets in Financial Instruments (Directive 2014/65/EU) ("MiFID II"), rebates are generally available if they are tied to a market making scheme or specific service.

Our exchanges also charge fees for the opportunity to trade or access our exchanges, including fees for trading-related functionality. To facilitate trading, we also charge fees for certain technology services, terminal and other equipment rights, maintenance services, trading floor space and telecommunications services.

#### Customers

Our customers include financial institutions, institutional and individual investors and professional traders. Our equities and options customers in the United States include trading permit holders and members of Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA, which are SEC-registered broker-dealers, and the customers of those broker-dealers. Our futures customers include banks, futures commission merchants, hedge funds, asset managers, proprietary trading firms and Commodity Trading Advisors. Similarly, our equities' customers in Europe are European Union ("E.U.") regulated brokerage and proprietary trading firms, as well as sponsored access clients of these brokerage firms, and certain non-E.U. regulated and unregulated direct access participants. Our institutional global FX customers include banks, broker-dealers, hedge funds, asset managers, proprietary trading firms, Commodity Trading Advisors and corporates. Access to our markets, trading rights and privileges depend upon the nature of the customer, such as whether the individual is a trading permit holder, trading privilege holder, member or participant of one of our markets.

## Competition

The industry in which we operate is intensely competitive. We believe we face competition on a number of factors, including:

- the price, quality and speed of our trade execution;
- functionality and ease of use of our trading platforms;
- range of our products and services;
- integrity of our marketplaces;
- technological innovation and adaption; and
- our reputation.

We believe that we compete favorably with respect to these factors through a variety of methods, including:

- offering access to a broad array of products and services, including proprietary products and market data;
- offering fee schedules, pricing models that both attract order flow and provide incentives to liquidity providers;
- providing advanced technology that offers broad functionality, low latency, fast execution, ease of use, scalability, reliability and security;
- offering efficient, transparent and liquid marketplaces;
- offering deep and liquid markets with opportunities for price improvement;
- maintaining close relationships with customers; and
- providing customers with a comprehensive source of information on options and ETPs as well as extensive options education.

In our proprietary products, we compete against other futures exchanges and swap execution facilities that offer similar products, as well as against financial market participants that offer similar over-the-counter derivatives. We also compete against certain multi-listed options products, such as options on SPY, which offer some of the market exposure of our proprietary products such as SPX options.

The multi-listed options industry is extremely competitive. We expect this trend to continue. As of December 31, 2019, we compete with 12 U.S. options exchanges, in large part due to existing exchange holding companies opening new exchanges that offer different markets and pricing models on existing technology. Most of the equity and ETP options listed and traded on our exchanges are also listed and traded on the other exchanges. In addition, the options exchanges that we compete with set fees and rebates to attract multi-listed options business to their exchanges, which has historically reduced the net revenue per contract that we generate from multi-listed options, and the options exchanges that we compete with structure their options businesses in partnership with established market participants, such as consolidators, and other order flow providers, to increase their volume traded

Our U.S. listed equity securities and listing services compete against nine other exchanges as of December 31, 2019, several alternative trading systems ("ATSs") and single dealer platforms, and three new exchanges are planning to

launch in 2020. Market participants have multiple venues for the execution of orders, including national securities exchanges and numerous off-exchange venues, including ATSs and broker-dealers who internalize orders off-exchange. Additionally, issuers have multiple venues for the listing of their products.

The market for execution services in Europe became more competitive following the introduction of MiFID II and the Regulation on Markets in Financial Instruments (Regulation (EU) No 600/2014) ("MiFIR"). Furthermore, MiFID II and MiFIR placed more onerous conditions on trading venues and investment firms and restricted certain types of trading activity. Our major competitors in Europe include national stock exchanges, other pan-European MTFs, and systematic internalizers.

The global FX market remains severely fragmented, with transparent automated marketplaces such as Cboe FX challenging a small number of similarly situated competitors. While the global FX market has experienced a shift from competing interbank platforms to ECNs, the electronification of the spot and NDF FX market may encounter resistance from customers that still prefer to utilize the phone, instant chats, terminals and key banking relationships for price discovery and trading. Furthermore, electronification of the FX market appears to be experiencing more resistance outside the United States. The electronic spot FX market is also intensely competitive, with over 10 other venues competing for market share as of December 31, 2019.

In addition, demand for our market data faces competition from other securities exchanges, technology companies, third-party market data providers and information and software vendors, who have their own substantial market data distribution capabilities that serve as alternative means for receiving open market data feeds instead of connecting directly to our exchanges or trading venues. The sale of our proprietary data products is also under competitive threat from ATSs and trading venues that offer similar products. Distributors and consumers of our market data may also use our market data as an input into a product that competes against one of our traded or cleared products.

## **Technology**

#### Choe Trading Technology

On October 7, 2019, we completed the final step in our multi-exchange technology migration when Cboe Options was migrated to our current trading platform. The trading platform for our equities, options and futures markets is developed, owned and operated in-house and is designed to optimize reliability, speed, scalability and versatility. Each of our exchanges provide different market models, appealing to different user bases and the trading technologies support all of them. Further, the technologies are designed to support many specialized features for each of the markets, such as: dark pools, trade reporting facility, systematic internalizer, Large-in-Scale, smart order routing, FLEX options, 24x5 trading and hybrid trading (combining electronic and open outcry). In addition, Cboe operates a separate FX trading platform for Global FX.

Our trading platforms have experienced very low operational downtime and low latency. The trading platforms use readily available hardware, thereby minimizing capital outlays required for each new market entry. Also, in order to continue to implement new enhancements to our trading platforms, new releases of software are generally deployed on a weekly basis in all of the applicable markets.

## Disaster Recovery

We operate and maintain geographically diverse disaster recovery facilities for all of our markets. We expect that the disaster recovery facilities can be up and running in a short period of time and work with our market participants to ensure that the marketplace can be quickly reopened. We regularly test our data center recovery plans and periodically carry out weekend tests using our back-up data centers, as well as an annual test with our U.S. trading participants. In Europe, we also regularly test our data center recovery plans and periodically carry out weekend tests which use our back-up data center, as well as an annual test with our European trading participants. We continue to work to improve both the availability of our technology and our disaster recovery facilities.

## **Routing and Clearing**

OCC is the sole provider of clearing on all of our options and futures exchanges. National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC") is the sole provider of clearing on our U.S. listed equity exchanges. Choe Europe Equities relies on LCH.Clearnet Group Limited ("LCH"), EuroCCP N.V., a Dutch domiciled clearing house ("EuroCCP") and SIX x-clear Ltd ("SIX x-clear") to clear trades in European listed equity securities as part of an interoperable clearing model.

Cboe Trading is a routing broker-dealer used by our four U.S. equities exchanges and our four U.S. options exchanges, including the electronic platform portion of Cboe Options.

## **Regulatory Environment and Compliance**

Various aspects of our business are subject to regulation by the SEC, CFTC, FINRA, ESMA, FCA and AFM and market participants may be subject to regulation by the SEC, CFTC, FINRA, FCA, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, U.S. Department of the Treasury and/or foreign regulators. The following is a discussion of the more significant areas of regulation of us by the SEC, the CFTC, and certain European regulators.

## **Recent Developments**

Laws and regulations regarding our business are frequently modified or changed to address perceived problems, new products, competition or at the request of market participants. The following is a summary of the general regulatory structure and brief discussion of recent regulatory developments that may significantly impact our business.

#### **United States**

Transaction Fee Pilot

In December 2018, the SEC approved a transaction fee pilot in national market system ("NMS") stocks (the "transaction fee pilot"). The pilot will subject stock exchange transaction fee pricing, including maker-taker fee-and-rebate pricing models, to new temporary pricing restrictions across two test groups, and will require the exchanges to prepare data to be submitted to the SEC. The transaction fee pilot includes a test group that will prohibit rebates and linked pricing, as well as a test group that will impose a cap of \$0.0010 for removing or providing displayed liquidity. Once commenced, the transaction fee pilot will last for up to two years with an automatic sunset at one year unless extended by the SEC.

The transaction fee pilot may cause Cboe's equities exchanges, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA, to require additional resources to comply with or continue to challenge the transaction fee pilot and it may have a material impact on our business, financial condition and operating results if, for example, order flow shifts away from exchanges were to occur. See "Legal Proceedings" for more information.

## Proposed Consolidated Data Plans

In January 2020, the SEC issued for public comment a proposed order (the "Proposed Order") that would require U.S. equities exchanges and FINRA to develop and file a new consolidated data plan that would replace the three current U.S. equities tape data plans and require certain governance provisions, such as changes to the voting structure. The deadline for public comment is February 28, 2020. The SEC is not bound by public comments and may or may not proceed with issuing a final order, and may or may not amend the provisions of the Proposed Order before it issues a final order. If the SEC decides to issue a final order that requires the filing of a new consolidated data plan, we and the other U.S. equities exchanges and FINRA would be required to file that plan for public comment before the SEC takes any definitive action on such new plan. Until and if the SEC approves a new consolidated data plan, the current data plans will continue to govern. We cannot predict if, or to the extent to which, a final order may be issued by the SEC. If a final order were to be issued, it may have a negative impact on the market data fees we charge and there could be a negative impact on our revenues. For more information regarding risks related to the Proposed Order see "Risk Factors."

## Europe

Brexit

On June 23, 2016, the United Kingdom (the "U.K.") voted to leave the E.U. in a referendum (the "Brexit Vote"). On January 31, 2020, the U.K. exited from the E.U. ("Brexit") and began a transition period (the "Transition Period") lasting until December 31, 2020 (or until a subsequent date in the event the deadline is extended). The terms of any agreements entered into during the transition period are unclear and there is uncertainty about the capital markets regulation that will apply to Cboe Europe Equities and its customers. For information regarding risks related to Brexit see "Risk Factors."

Withdrawal of Swiss Equivalence and Swiss Counter Measure

As a result of an ongoing disagreement between the E.U. and Switzerland, the European Commission allowed its MiFID equivalence decision for Switzerland to expire at the end of June 2019. As a result, Switzerland made it illegal for venues in the E.U., including Cboe Europe, to trade Swiss equities. Until this matter is resolved, Cboe Europe has had to remove these instruments from trading and has suffered a loss of trading revenues as a result. The E.U. and Switzerland continue to negotiate, however it is not clear when or if they will reach an agreement on this matter and this may continue to have an impact on our business, financial condition and operating results. Following Brexit and the end of the Transition Period, U.K. trading venues, including Cboe Europe, may be permitted to resume trading in Swiss equities.

Capital Markets Union

The European Council ("E.C.") has highlighted one of its top priorities as being the establishment of a fully functioning, well-regulated Capital Markets Union ("CMU"). An Action Plan of concrete steps was set out in September 2015, and an update of the list of initiatives was published in September 2016. More recently, the E.C. has set up a High Level Forum on CMU, with the E.C. and European Parliament also seeking to reboot this project. This therefore remains an ongoing project for the E.C., which may result in additional regulation or legislation.

OTC Derivatives, Central Counterparties and Trade Repositories

The European Market Infrastructure Regulation ("EMIR") sets out rules relating to over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives markets, central counterparties and trade repositories. The rules introduce a reporting obligation for OTC derivatives markets, a clearing obligation for eligible OTC derivatives markets, measures to reduce counterparty credit and operational risk for bilateral OTC derivatives markets, CCPs, and trade repositories, and rules on the establishment of interoperability between CCPs. EMIR was enhanced and amended in June 2019. In addition, regulation governing the authorization and supervision of Central Securities Depositories ("CSDR") was approved in September 2014, with the publication of most "Level 2" Regulatory Technical Standards in March 2017, with implementation in March 2019. CSDR may result in the introduction of mandatory buy-ins for OTC business in 2020. The European Commission has published a proposal for a recovery and resolution framework that is currently being considered for CCPs.

## Compliance

U.S. Securities Industry

Federal securities laws have established a two-tiered system for the regulation of securities exchanges and market participants. The first tier consists of the SEC, which has primary responsibility for enforcing federal securities laws. The second tier consists of self-regulatory organizations ("SROs"), which are non-governmental entities that must register with and are regulated by the SEC. Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA (the "Exchanges") are SROs, each registered under Section 6 of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act") as a "national securities exchange," and are subject to oversight by the SEC.

SROs are an essential component of the regulatory scheme of the Exchange Act for providing fair and orderly markets and protecting investors. To be registered as a national securities exchange, an exchange must successfully undergo an application and review process with the SEC prior to beginning operations. Among other things, the SEC must determine that the SRO has the ability to comply with the Exchange Act and to enforce compliance by its members and persons associated with its members with the provisions of the Exchange Act, the rules and regulations thereunder and the rules of the exchange.

In general, an exchange SRO is responsible for operating its trading platforms consistent with its rules, and regulating its members through the adoption and enforcement of rules governing the business conduct of its members. The rules of the exchange must also assure fair representation of its members in the selection of its directors and administration of its affairs and, among other things, provide that one or more directors be representative of issuers or investors and not be associated with a member of the exchange or with a broker or dealer. Additionally, the rules of the exchange must be adequate to ensure fair dealing and to protect investors and may not impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Exchange Act.

As registered national securities exchanges, virtually all facets of our Exchange operations are subject to the SEC's oversight, as prescribed by the Exchange Act. The Exchange Act and the rules thereunder impose on us many regulatory and operational responsibilities, including record keeping and the day-to-day responsibilities for market operations and broker-dealer oversight. Furthermore, as SROs, the Exchanges are potentially subject to regulatory or legal action by the SEC or other interested parties. The SEC also has broad enforcement powers to censure, fine, issue cease-and-desist orders, prohibit us from engaging in some of our businesses, suspend or revoke our designation as a registered securities exchange or remove or censure any of our officers or directors who violate applicable laws or regulations. For example, in 2013, Cboe Options and C2 and, in 2015, EDGX and EDGA, entered into consent orders with the SEC, under which they were censured, ordered to cease and desist from violating certain sections of the Exchange Act, paid fines and agreed to complete certain undertakings. We have certified to the completion of these undertakings and are no longer required to certify.

As part of its regulatory oversight, the SEC conducts periodic reviews and inspections of exchanges, and the Exchanges have been subject to such routine reviews and inspections. To the extent such reviews and inspections result in regulatory or other changes, we may be required to modify the manner in which we conduct our business, which may adversely affect our business. We collect certain fees to cover Section 31 fees charged to the Exchanges by the SEC and certain fees derived from our regulatory function and fines in connection with our disciplinary proceedings. The Exchanges are responsible for the ultimate payment of Section 31 fess to the SEC. Additionally, under the rules of each of our options exchanges, as required by the SEC, any revenue derived from the regulatory fees and fines cannot be used for non-regulatory purposes.

Section 19 of the Exchange Act also provides that we must submit to the SEC proposed changes to any of the Exchanges' rules, including revisions of their certificates of incorporation, bylaws, or other governing documents of the SROs or their parent companies. The SEC will typically publish the proposal for public comment, following which the SEC may approve or disapprove the proposal, as it deems appropriate. Certain categories of rule changes, like fee changes, can be effective on filing, but the SEC retains the ability to suspend or reject such filings within a prescribed period of time.

Futures and Swaps Industry-CFE and Choe SEF

The Operations of each of CFE and Cboe SEF are subject to regulation by the CFTC under the Commodity Exchange Act. The Commodity Exchange Act generally requires that futures trading in the United States be conducted on a designated contract market and, in some cases, requires swaps trading to be conducted on swap execution facility ("SEF") or designated contract market ("DCM"). The Commodity Exchange Act and CFTC regulations establish criteria for an exchange to be designated as a contract market on which futures and futures options contracts may be traded, and for a trading platform to be designated as a swap execution facility on which certain swaps may be traded. Designation as a contract market or swap execution facility for the trading of specified futures or swaps contracts is non-exclusive. This means that the CFTC may permit additional exchanges or trading platforms to be contract markets or swap execution facilities for trading the same or similar contracts.

CFE is a designated contract market, and Cboe SEF is a swap execution facility, each of which is subject to the oversight of the CFTC and to a variety of ongoing regulatory and reporting responsibilities under the Commodity Exchange Act. As a designated contract market, CFE is required to comply with the applicable core principles and regulations under the Commodity Exchange Act, as is Cboe SEF as a swap execution facility. Each of CFE and Cboe SEF has surveillance and regulatory operations and procedures to monitor and enforce compliance by trading privilege holders with CFE rules, and by participants with Cboe SEF rules, as applicable. If CFE or Cboe SEF fails to comply with applicable laws, rules or regulations, it may be subject to censure, fines, cease-and-desist orders, suspension of its business, removal of personnel or other sanctions, including revocation of CFE's designation as a contract market or Cboe SEF's designation as a swap execution facility.

#### Europe

Cboe Europe is located in London and is subject to regulation in the U.K. and to certain European regulations. The current U.K. regulatory system was established by the Financial Services Act 2012 ("FSA12"), which amended the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. The legislation replaced the previous financial services regulator, the Financial Services Authority, with three new bodies: The Financial Policy Committee ("FPC"), The Prudential Regulation Authority, and the FCA. Financial conduct of markets, including activity on, and the operation of, markets is regulated by the FCA, which is an independent nongovernmental body, given statutory powers by the FSA12. The FCA has three statutory objectives: to secure an appropriate degree of protection for consumers; to protect and enhance the integrity of the U.K. financial system; and to promote effective competition in the interests of consumers in the markets for financial services. The FCA is accountable to Her Majesty's Treasury Ministers and, through them, to Parliament.

Cboe NL is located in Amsterdam and subject to Dutch law and regulation. The current Dutch regulatory system was established by the Act on Financial Supervision. Financial conduct of markets, including activity on, and the operation of, markets is regulated by the AFM. The AFM is an independent non-governmental body, given statutory powers by the Act on Financial Supervision. The AFM has three strategic objectives: to promote the fair and conscientious provision of financial services, to promote the fair and efficient operation of the capital markets and to contribute to the stability of the financial system. The AFM is accountable to the Minister of Finance.

Much of the U.K. and Dutch financial services regulation originates from the European Union. Such regulation includes organizational requirements, capital resources requirements and the specific requirements for RMs and MTFs and are applicable to both Cboe Europe and Cboe NL. MiFID II and MiFIR set out requirements for RMs and MTFs with respect to the establishment of transparent and non-discretionary rules and procedures governing access and for fair and orderly trading and the efficient execution of orders, as well as to facilitate the efficient settlement of transactions conducted on RMs and MTFs and monitoring compliance with the rules. The regulatory functions required of Cboe Europe Equities by MiFID II, MiFIR and other relevant legislation and regulations are performed by in-house staff. Cboe Europe Equities utilizes the same state-of-the-art, real-time surveillance system is used on the U.S. to monitor trading and market activities on BZX, BYX, EDGA, and EDGX.

#### Global FX

While the global institutional spot FX market remains largely unregulated, the enactment of the Dodd Frank Act and its related regulations in the United States and the ongoing implementation of MiFID II and MiFIR in Europe have impacted the regulatory landscape for currency derivative products. For example, certain standardized currency derivative products are required to trade on an organized trading venue such as an SEF or DCM in the United States or on an MTF or OTF in Europe. Moreover, even in the largely unregulated spot FX market, this movement towards additional trading standards and norms is highlighted by the publication of the FX Global Code in 2017 by the Global Foreign Exchange Committee, reflecting principles of good conduct for the wholesale FX market, and whose publication may lead to additional oversight in the global FX market.

#### Broker-Dealer

Cboe Trading is a registered broker-dealer regulated by the SEC, FINRA, other SROs of which it is a member and various state securities regulators. Cboe Trading currently operates as a routing broker-dealer for sending orders from the

BZX, BYX, Cboe Options, C2, EDGX, and EDGA exchanges to other venues for execution, including routing orders among BZX, BYX, Cboe Options, C2, EDGX, and EDGA. Cboe Trading is considered a facility of BZX, BYX, Cboe Options, C2, EDGX, and EDGA and is subject to the rules of these exchanges. BZX, BYX, Cboe Options, C2, EDGX, and EDGA are responsible for enforcing Cboe Trading's compliance with their rules, including to ensure Cboe Trading is not given preferential treatment.

Cboe Trading is subject to SEC and SRO rules and, as a registered broker-dealer, regulations concerning all aspects of its business, including trading practices, order handling, best execution, anti-money laundering, handling of material non-public information, safeguarding data, reporting, capital adequacy, record retention, market access and the conduct of its officers, employees and other associated persons. The SEC, SROs and state securities commissions may conduct proceedings which can result in injunctions or other sanctions, censures, fines, the issuance of cease and desist orders or the suspension or expulsion of a broker-dealer, its officers or employees. The SEC and FINRA impose certain minimum capital requirement rules that require notification when a broker-dealer's net capital falls below certain predefined criteria, dictate the ratio of debt to equity in the regulatory capital composition of a broker-dealer, constrain the ability of a broker-dealer to expand its business under certain circumstances and impose certain requirements that may have the effect of prohibiting a broker-dealer from distributing or withdrawing capital.

#### Choe Global Markets

Certain aspects of Cboe Global Markets are also subject to SEC, FCA and AFM oversight, including certain ownership and voting restrictions on its stockholders. The focus of the SEC's regulation of Cboe Global Markets is to assure fair representation of members in the selection of the directors of the Exchanges, public participation in the governance of the Exchanges and that the Exchanges can satisfy their regulatory responsibilities under the Exchange Act. Furthermore, the SEC requires that Cboe Global Markets give due regard to the preservation of the independence of the self-regulatory function of the Exchanges and to Cboe Global Markets' obligations to investors and the general public. The SEC also requires that Cboe Global Markets not take any actions that would interfere with the effectuation of any decisions by the board of directors of any of the Exchanges relating to its regulatory functions or the structure of the market that it regulates or that would interfere with the ability of such Exchange to carry out its responsibilities under the Exchange Act. To the extent that Cboe Global Markets' business activities involve or relate to the Exchanges, the officers and directors of Cboe Global Markets may be deemed to be officers and directors of the exchanges for purposes of and subject to oversight under the federal securities laws. Accordingly, the SEC may exercise direct supervision and disciplinary authority over certain Cboe Global Markets' activities and those activities may be subject to SEC approval and, in some cases, public notice and comment.

In addition, Cboe Global Markets indirectly holds all of the issued share capital and voting rights in Cboe Europe and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Cboe Chi-X Europe and Cboe NL. As a result, we and any person who holds, or has voting power with respect to, 10% or more of the outstanding shares of Cboe Global Markets common stock may be subject to certain regulatory requirements under U.K. and Dutch law.

## U.S. Regulatory Responsibilities

Our U.S.-based exchanges are responsible for assessing the compliance of their TPHs or members, including Cboe Trading, with the respective exchange's rules and the applicable rules of the SEC and/or CFTC. The main activities that the exchanges, as applicable, are required to monitor for the purpose of compliance with these rules include:

- surveillance designed to detect violations of exchange trading rules;
- surveillance designed to detect violations of SEC and/or CFTC rules;
- investigation of matters deemed to be problematic;
- the investigation of complaints about possible rule violations brought by customers, TPHs, members or other SROs; and
- the examination of TPHs or members, including Cboe Trading, for compliance with rules such as those related to net capital, books and records, market access and other matters related to the TPHs' exchange business functions.

In order to ensure market integrity, we regulate and monitor our TPHs' and members' trading activities by using both our employees and third parties under regulatory services agreements ("RSAs"). See "Regulatory Agreements" below. Providing effective regulation is important for attracting and retaining the confidence and participation of market-makers, broker-dealers and institutional and retail investors.

We expend considerable time, financial resources and effort to ensure that the exchanges' rules and regulations conform to regulatory best practices within the securities and futures exchange industries and within the regulatory regime overseen by the SEC and CFTC, our primary regulators. In order to support our efforts and those of our market participants to comply with applicable law and our exchange rules, we developed a regulatory program to monitor market activity on our exchanges.

All of our Exchanges and CFE are participants in the Intermarket Surveillance Group ("ISG"). ISG is an international information-sharing cooperative governed by a written agreement that provides for a comprehensive surveillance sharing arrangement. In addition to the agreement for confidential information sharing, the ISG provides a framework for the coordination of regulatory efforts among exchanges trading securities, commodity futures and related products to address potential intermarket manipulations and trading abuses.

As part of the regulatory program, each of our Exchanges and CFE have rules pertaining to their respective disciplinary processes.

## U.S. Regulatory Agreements

The Exchanges and CFE have entered into agreements under which third parties have agreed to perform regulatory functions on behalf of our markets, (e.g., RSAs). As discussed below, in addition, in certain other instances for our Exchanges, a third party has been allocated the regulatory responsibility under Rule 17d-1 or Rule 17d-2 under the Exchange Act, while in others, we retain the regulatory responsibility for the activities.

Regulatory Services Agreement with FINRA

The Exchanges have entered into agreements with FINRA under which FINRA has agreed to provide regulatory services to the Exchanges. Under these agreements, FINRA performs certain regulatory functions on behalf of the Exchanges. The Exchanges remain responsible for the regulation of their TPHs, members and marketplaces, and retain the authority for bringing disciplinary actions against their TPHs, members, although FINRA performs various disciplinary-related functions on behalf of the Exchanges.

Regulatory Services Agreements with NFA and OCC

The National Futures Association ("NFA") performs regulatory functions on behalf of CFE pursuant to an RSA with CFE. CFE retains overall responsibility for the regulation of its marketplace. In addition, OCC also performs certain regulatory functions on behalf of CFE pursuant to an RSA with CFE. CFE also performs certain regulatory functions in-house. Whether performed under an RSA or in-house, CFE also remains responsible for bringing disciplinary actions. CFE is also a party to cooperative and regulatory information sharing agreements with other SROs and is a member of the ISG, described above.

Rule 17d-1 Designations and Rule 17d-2 Agreements

Section 17(d) of the Exchange Act and the related Exchange Act rules permit SROs to allocate certain regulatory responsibilities to avoid duplicative oversight and regulation. Under Exchange Act Rule 17d-1, the SEC designates one SRO to be the designated examining authority ("DEA") for each broker-dealer that is a member of more than one SRO. The DEA is responsible for the regulatory oversight of the Exchange Act's financial responsibility rules pertaining to that broker-dealer. Cboe Options is the DEA for several of its TPHs. Cboe Trading's assigned DEA is FINRA.

Exchange Act Rule 17d-2 permits SROs to enter into agreements, commonly called Rule 17d-2 agreements, which are approved by the SEC and concern the enforcement of rules applicable to all of those SROs and relating to TPHs and

members those SROs have in common. The Exchanges have entered into certain bi-lateral Rule 17d-2 agreements under which FINRA is allocated responsibility for enforcing certain federal securities laws and certain Exchange rules that are common with FINRA rules. The Exchanges have entered into certain other multi-party Rule 17d-2 agreements that allocate responsibility among the participating SROs, which may include the Exchanges, for ensuring that their allocated common members comply with certain rules governing, among other items, options related sales practices, options related market surveillance, insider trading and NMS compliance.

#### **National Market System Plans**

We are member participants of several NMS plans. Cboe Options, C2, BZX, and EDGX are member exchanges in OPRA, which is the designated securities information processor for market information that is generated through the trading of exchange-listed securities options in the United States, and it disseminates certain core trading information, such as last sale reports and quotations. Cboe Options, BZX, BYX, EDGA, and EDGX also participate in the CTA and the Nasdaq Unlisted Trading Privileges Plan, which perform analogous services for the U.S. equities market. NYSE Technologies acts as the "processor" for OPRA and CTA. Nasdaq acts as the processor for the Nasdaq Unlisted Trading Privileges Plan.

Cboe Options, C2, BZX, and EDGX are also parties to the Options Order Protection and Locked/Crossed Market Plan, which is designed to prohibit trade-throughs and avoid locked/crossed markets. Cboe Options, C2, BZX, and EDGX are also parties to the Options Listing Procedures Plan, which sets forth the procedures that the options exchanges must follow to list new options. Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGA, and EDGX are also parties to the NMS plan for the selection and reservation of securities symbols.

Under the Options Regulatory Surveillance Authority Plan ("ORSA Plan"), U.S. securities options exchanges are permitted to act jointly in the administration, operation and maintenance of a regulatory system for the surveillance, investigation and detection of the unlawful use of undisclosed, material information in trading in one or more of their markets. The ORSA Plan is intended to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency with which the exchanges regulate their respective markets and to avoid duplication of certain regulatory efforts. FINRA operates the ORSA Plan facility.

The consolidated audit trail NMS plan ("CAT") involves the creation of a comprehensive audit trail that strives to enhance regulators' ability to monitor trading activity in the U.S. securities markets through a phased implementation. Upon final implementation of the provisions of the CAT, data will be required to be reported to a central repository the following day by each SRO and broker-dealer (an "industry member"). On November 15, 2016, the SEC approved the CAT. The first, second and third phases of CAT were originally required to begin in November 2017, November 2018 and November 2019, respectively; however, there have been some delays. In 2017, Thesys CAT LLC ("Thesys"), a subsidiary of Thesys Technologies, LLC, was selected as the plan processor with the responsibility to build and operate the CAT. The first phase of CAT went live in November 2018, at which time we and other SROs began initial reporting to the CAT. In 2019, Thesys was replaced by a new plan processor, a subsidiary of FINRA. The second phase for industry member file submissions is now scheduled to go live beginning in April 2020, with additional sub-phases carrying through December 2021 (or by subsequent dates in the event the current deadlines are extended). The test environment for file submission and data integrity validations opened in December 2019. Broker-dealer customer and account information submissions are now scheduled to go live in July 2022 (or by a subsequent date in the event the current deadline is extended). While the funding of the CAT is ultimately expected to be provided by both the SROs (which includes our securities exchanges) and industry members, until fee filings associated with the funding model are effective with or approved by the SEC, the funding to date has solely been provided by the SROs. The funding by the SROs has been done in exchange for promissory notes expected to be repaid once such industry member fees are collected. Until the fee filings associated with the funding model that would share the cost of the CAT between the SROs and industry members are effective or approved, the SROs may continue to incur additional significant costs, including as a result of replacing the plan processor, or result in the uncollectibility of promissory notes related to the funding of the implementation and operation of the CAT. See Note 10 ("Other Assets, Net") for further information.

## **Intellectual Property**

We own or have rights to a number of intellectual property assets, including trademarks, service marks, domain names, trade names, copyrights, trade secrets and patents. While the majority of our intellectual property is protected under U.S. law, we have many intellectual property assets protected by laws in Europe, Asia and other parts of the world. We license some intellectual property assets to other entities. We attempt to protect our intellectual property rights, while respecting the legitimate intellectual property rights of others.

## **Employees**

As of December 31, 2019, we employed 823 individuals, 702 of whom are based in the United States, 93 of whom are located in London, 13 of whom are located in Ecuador, 9 of whom are located in the Netherlands, 3 of whom are located in Hong Kong, 2 of whom are located in Singapore, and 1 of whom is located in Switzerland. Of these employees, 267 were involved in technology or operations and 90 were involved in direct support of trading operations. The remaining 466 employees provide business development, financial, regulation, human resources, compliance, legal, planning and research, administrative and managerial support.

We have 8 building engineers that are covered by a collective bargaining agreement, which expires on May 31, 2021, with the International Union of Operating Engineers Local 399, AFL-CIO. Management believes that we have strong relationships with our employees, and we have never experienced a work stoppage.

#### Information about our Executive Officers

Set forth below is information regarding our executive officers:

Name	Age	Position
Edward T. Tilly	56	Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer
Christopher A. Isaacson	41	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer
Brian N. Schell	54	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
John F. Deters	49	Executive Vice President, Chief Strategy Officer
Bryan Harkins	43	Executive Vice President, Head of Markets Division
David Howson	43	Executive Vice President, President Europe
Patrick Sexton	55	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary
Jill M. Griebenow	40	Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer

Edward T. Tilly. Mr. Tilly is our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Tilly has served as our President since January 2019, Chairman since February 2017 and as CEO and director since May 2013. Prior to becoming CEO, Mr. Tilly served as President and Chief Operating Officer from November 2011, and Executive Vice Chairman from August 2006 until November 2011. He was a member of CBOE from 1989 until 2006, and served as Member Vice Chairman from 2004 through July 2006. He holds a B.A. degree in Economics from Northwestern University.

Christopher A. Isaacson. Mr. Isaacson is our Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, a position he has held since January 2019. Previously he was our Executive Vice President and Chief Information Officer, a position he was appointed to upon the Company's acquisition of Bats. Prior to that, he served as Bats' Executive Vice President and Global Chief Information Officer since February 2014, he served as Bats' Senior Vice President and Chief Operation Officer from 2007 to 2014 and he has held other various senior leadership positions since 2005. Prior to being one of the founders of Bats, Mr. Isaacson was a software developer at Tradebot Systems, Inc. from 2003 to 2005. Mr. Isaacson serves on the board of directors of the OCC. Mr. Isaacson holds a B.S. degree in information systems with a minor in math from Nebraska Wesleyan University and an M.B.A. degree from the University of Nebraska-Lincoln.

*Brian N. Schell.* Mr. Schell is our Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, a position he has held since January 2018. Previously, he was Deputy Chief Financial Officer of the Company's subsidiary Cboe Exchange, Inc., a position he was appointed to upon the Company's acquisition of Bats. Prior to that, he served as Chief

Financial Officer of Bats since March 2011. Prior to joining Bats, he held various senior leadership positions at H&R Block Inc., as well as various positions at the FDIC, KPMG and JP Morgan. Mr. Schell holds a B.B.A. degree with an emphasis in finance from the University of Notre Dame and an M.B.A. degree from The George Washington University.

*John F. Deters*. Mr. Deters is our Executive Vice President, Chief Strategy Officer, a position he has held since 2018. He has previously served as our Head of Multi-Asset Solutions from 2018 to 2019 and as Chief Strategy Officer from 2013 to 2018. Prior to joining Cboe in 2013, Mr. Deters was most recently a Vice President and Investment Banker of Financial Institutions Group, Investment Banking at Barclays from 2008 to 2013. Mr. Deters holds a B.A. degree from Wheaton College, an M.B.A. degree from the University of Chicago, and a J.D./M.S. dual degree from Georgetown University Law Center.

Bryan Harkins. Mr. Harkins is our Executive Vice President, Head of Markets Division, a position he has held since June 2019. He has also previously served as our Co-Head of Markets Division from March 2018 to June 2019. Previously, he was Head of Equities and Global FX of the Company's subsidiaries, a position he was appointed to upon the Company's acquisition of Bats. Prior to that, he served as Executive Vice President, Head of U.S. Markets of Bats since January 2014. Prior to the Direct Edge acquisition by Bats in January 2014 when Mr. Harkins first joined Bats, Mr. Harkins served as Chief Operating Officer of Direct Edge, where he worked since 2007. Mr. Harkins holds a B.A. degree from the University of Notre Dame and an M.B.A. degree from New York University's Stern School of Business.

*David Howson.* Mr. Howson is our Executive Vice President, President Europe, a position he has held since January 2020. Previously, he was Chief Operating Officer of Cboe Europe from 2013 to 2019. Prior to that, he served as Founder, Chief Technology Officer of Equiduct from April 2006 through June 2013. Mr. Howson holds a First Class Honours bachelor's degree from the University of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

*Patrick Sexton.* Mr. Sexton is our Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, a position he has held since March 2018. Previously, he was Deputy General Counsel of the Company's subsidiary Cboe Exchange, Inc. He has served in that capacity since July 2013 and has acted as legal, regulatory and compliance counsel with increasing responsibility and oversight since joining the Company in 1997. Mr. Sexton holds a B.A. degree from the University of Notre Dame and a J.D. degree with honors from Notre Dame Law School.

Jill M. Griebenow. Ms. Griebenow is our Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer, a position she has held since August 2018. Previously, she served as Chief Financial Officer, Europe of the Company's subsidiary Cboe Europe, a position she was appointed to upon the Company's acquisition of Bats. She also previously served as Chief Financial Officer, Europe of Bats' subsidiary Bats Europe Limited since February 2014 and was employed by Bats in the financial area since 2011. Prior to that, she has also held various positions at Ernst & Young LLP. Ms. Griebenow is a certified public accountant and holds a bachelor's degree in accounting from the University of Northern Iowa.

## **Available Information**

Our website is www.cboe.com. The Company files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Exchange Act. The Company makes available, free of charge, on its website its annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, as soon as reasonably practicable after such reports are electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. The Company's reports filed with, or furnished to, the SEC are also available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

In addition, we have posted on our website the charters for our (i) Audit Committee, (ii) Compensation Committee, and (iii) Nominating and Governance Committee, as well as our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and Corporate Governance Guidelines. We will provide a copy of these documents without charge to stockholders upon written request to Investor Relations, Cboe Global Markets, Inc., 400 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605. Our website and information included in or linked to our website are not part of this Form 10-K.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

The risks and uncertainties described below are those that we believe are material at this time relating to our business. These risks and uncertainties, however, are not the only risks and uncertainties that we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also significantly impact us. Any of these risks and uncertainties may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations, liquidity, and cash flows

Loss of our right to exclusively list and trade certain index options and futures could have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

We hold exclusive licenses to list securities index options on the S&P 500 Index, the Russell 2000 Index, as well as others, granted to us by the owners of such indices and based on which we have developed our proprietary VIX methodology. In 2019, approximately 64.8% of our net transaction fees (defined below) were generated by futures and index options, the overwhelming majority of which were generated by our exclusively-licensed products (e.g., SPX options) and products based on the VIX methodology (e.g., VIX options and futures). The bulk of this revenue is attributable to our SPX options and VIX options and futures. As a result, our net revenues are dependent in large part on the exclusive licenses we hold for these products and our ability to maintain our exclusive proprietary rights in the VIX methodology and related products and indices.

There is a risk, with respect to each of our current exclusive licenses, that the owner of the index may not renew the license with us on an exclusive basis or at all. In the first event, we would be subject to multiple listing in the trading of what is now an index product traded by us on an exclusive basis, which could result in a loss of market share and negatively impact our profitability. In the second event, we could lose the right to list the index product entirely. The loss or limited use of any of our exclusive index licenses, especially for the S&P 500 Index, for any reason could have a material adverse effect on our business and profitability.

In addition to the risks related to our exclusive licenses, if we are unable to retain exclusive proprietary rights in the VIX methodology and related products and indices, our volatility products could be subject to multiple listing which could have a material adverse effect on us.

The E.U. has adopted legislation affecting providers and users of benchmark indices in the E.U. MiFIR requires benchmarks used to value a financial instrument in the E.U. to be made available on a non-discriminatory basis to all E.U. trading venues and central counterparty clearing houses for the purposes of trading and clearing. As a result, owners of such benchmarks must provide licenses on fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory terms. While similar legislation to MiFIR has not been proposed in the U.S., if it were passed, it could cause us to lose our exclusive rights to list and trade internally developed and licensed index products. Further, in 2018, the E.U. implemented the E.U. Benchmark Regulation, which regulates users, data providers and calculators of benchmarks ("administrators") in the E.U., and among other things, prohibits use of benchmarks in connection with a financial instrument unless the administrator is deemed to be subject to an equivalent regulatory regime and the benchmark is registered in an E.U. member state. These regulations and other emerging regulatory regimes around the world may impact international customers' interest in or ability to trade index-based products listed on our U.S. exchanges, as well as impact our expansion activities to establish foreign trading of our index-based products and our ability to license proprietary indices for use outside of the U.S.

Furthermore, our competitors may succeed in developing, offering and providing a market for the trading of index-based or volatility products that are economically similar to those that we offer and they may become successful and take away volume from our products. It is also possible that a third party may offer trading in index-based products that are the same as those that are the subject of one of our exclusive licenses, but in a jurisdiction in which the index owner cannot require a license or in a manner otherwise not covered by our exclusive license.

The value of our licenses to exclusively list securities index options and futures also depends on the continued ability of index owners to require licenses for the trading of options and futures based on their indices. Although we and the index owners have prevailed in legal actions challenging our rights to exclusively license indices, we may be subject

to changes in the law or other actions taken in the future that might impede our ability to exclusively offer trading in certain index options and futures.

General economic conditions and other factors beyond our control could significantly reduce demand for our products and services and harm our business.

The volume of exchange transactions and the demand for our products and services are directly affected by economic, political and market conditions in the U.S., Europe and elsewhere in the world that are beyond our control, including:

- economic, political and geopolitical market conditions;
- broad trends in business and finance:
- concerns over inflation and wavering institutional or retail confidence levels;
- government or central bank actions, such as changes in government fiscal and monetary policy and foreign currency exchange rates;
- other legislative and regulatory changes;
- the availability of short-term and long-term funding and capital;
- the perceived attractiveness of the U.S. or European capital markets;
- the availability of alternative investment opportunities;
- changes in the level of trading activity in underlying instruments;
- changes and volatility in the prices of securities;
- changes in the volume of foreign currency transactions;
- changes in supply and demand for currencies;
- movements in currency exchange rates;
- the level and volatility of interest rates;
- changes in the financial strength of market participants;
- consolidation among market participants and market data subscribers;
- unforeseen market closures or other disruptions in trading; and
- disruptions due to terrorism, war, extreme weather events or other catastrophes.

Any of these factors, individually or collectively, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results by causing a substantial decline in the financial services markets and reducing trading volumes and demand for market data.

We operate in a highly regulated industry and may be subject to censures, fines and other legal proceedings if we fail to comply with legal and regulatory obligations.

Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA are registered national securities exchanges and self-regulatory organizations ("SROs"), and, as such, are subject to comprehensive regulation by the SEC. CFE is a DCM and Cboe SEF is a SEF, each registered with the CFTC and subject to comprehensive regulation by the CFTC. In addition to its other SRO responsibilities, BZX, as a listing market, also is responsible for evaluating applications submitted by issuers interested in listing their securities on BZX and monitoring each issuer's compliance with BZX's continued listing standards. Failure to comply with these SRO responsibilities could result in potential sanctions or fines and a negative impact on Cboe's reputation and/or branding.

Our European business is subject to regulatory oversight in the U.K. by the FCA and in the Netherlands by the AFM, which, through the "passporting" regime, provides authorization to carry on business in other Member States of the E.U. and the European Economic Area in accordance with the applicable E.U. legislation and regulation to which our European business is subject. If a regulatory authority makes a finding of non-compliance, conditional fines could be imposed, and our licenses could be revoked. Any such fine or revocation of a license could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

In addition to the requirements related to operating our U.S. markets imposed by the SEC and the CFTC, we also have certain responsibilities for regulating the TPHs and members that trade on our exchanges. While we have entered into agreements under which FINRA, with respect to our options and equities exchanges, and NFA, with respect to our futures exchange, provide certain regulatory services, we retain ultimate responsibility for the regulation of our TPHs and members. We have begun to perform internally more of the regulatory services that FINRA used to handle.

Our ability to comply with applicable laws and rules is largely dependent on the establishment and maintenance of appropriate systems and procedures, our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel, the ability of FINRA and NFA to perform under the RSAs, the ability of FINRA to transition to us any other potential responsibilities under its revised RSA, our ability to complete the new additional responsibilities for regulating our TPHs and members and our oversight of the work done by FINRA and NFA. The SEC and CFTC have broad powers to audit, investigate and enforce compliance and to punish noncompliance by, as applicable, SROs, DCMs and SEFs pursuant to applicable laws, rules and regulations.

If a regulatory authority were to find one of our programs of enforcement or compliance to be deficient, our SROs, DCM, or SEF could be the subject of investigations and enforcement proceedings that may result in substantial sanctions, including revocation of registration as a national securities exchange, DCM, or SEF. Any such investigations or proceedings, whether successful or unsuccessful, could result in substantial costs, the diversion of resources, including management time, and potential harm to our reputation, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. In addition, our SROs, DCM, or SEF may be required to modify or restructure their regulatory functions in response to any changes in the regulatory environment, or they may be required to rely on third parties to perform regulatory and oversight functions, each of which may require us to incur substantial expenses and may harm our reputation if our regulatory services are deemed inadequate.

In addition, SROs are required by federal law to perform a variety of regulatory functions. In light of these responsibilities, some courts have held that SROs are immune to certain private causes of action relating to the performance of these regulatory functions. There is a risk that some courts may not apply this immunity doctrine to all claims. There is also a risk that legislative or regulatory developments may change the application of this immunity doctrine. Limitations on the application of the immunity doctrine could result in an increased exposure to litigation, and increase liability and/or other legal expenses. Further under the Commodity Exchange Act, CFE and Cboe SEF may be subject to litigation alleging that they have acted in bad faith. We also could be exposed to liability to regulators or other governmental authorities even in situations where immunity would bar a civil claim

## Our business may be adversely affected by price competition.

The securities industry is characterized by intense price competition, especially with respect to transaction fees. We may be required to adjust pricing to respond to actions by new or existing competitors, which could adversely impact our business, financial condition and operating results. We also compete with respect to the pricing of market data and value-added market data, such as historical market data.

In our options segment, the pricing model for trade execution has changed in response to competitive market conditions, and our competitors have adjusted transaction fees and fee structures accordingly, including by opening new exchanges, which allow them to offer multiple pricing models that can appeal to different segments of market participants. These changes have resulted in significant pricing pressures on us, especially on transaction fees and incentives for multi-listed products. As a result of these pricing pressures, our average rate per multi-listed options contract may decrease. It is likely that this pressure will continue and even intensify as our competitors continue to seek to increase their share of trading by further reducing their transaction fees or by offering other financial incentives to order providers and liquidity providers to induce them to direct orders to their markets.

In addition, one or more competitors may engage in aggressive pricing strategies and significantly decrease or completely eliminate their profit margin for a period of time in order to capture a greater share of trading volume. Some order-providing firms on our exchanges have taken ownership positions in options exchanges that compete with us and such exchanges have given those firms added economic incentives to direct orders to them.

With respect to our proprietary products, we compete with futures exchanges and swap execution facilities that offer similar products and other financial market participants that offer over-the-counter derivatives. We also compete against certain multilisted options products, including SPY, which offer some of the features of our proprietary products.

To attract market share, we may offer "inverted" pricing specials or no-transaction fee trading from time to time. BZX also offers a "cross-asset add volume tier" that gives a bigger rebate for additional volume on both the BZX equities and options platforms. These forms of promotions may adversely affect our profitability.

If we are unable to compete successfully with respect to the pricing of our services and products, our business, financial condition and operating results may be adversely affected. We could lose a substantial percentage of our share of trading if we are unable to price transactions in a competitive manner. Also, our profits could decline if competitive pressures or regulatory changes, such as the transaction fee pilot, force us to reduce fees.

A significant portion of our operating revenues is generated by our transaction-based business. If the amount of trading volume on our exchanges decreases, or the product mix shifts to lower revenue products, our revenues from transaction fees will most likely decrease.

In 2019, approximately 62.9% of our net revenues were generated by our transaction-based business. This business is dependent on our ability to attract and maintain order flow, both in absolute terms and relative to other market centers. If the amount of trading volume on our exchanges, CFE or notional value traded on Cboe FX, Cboe SEF and Cboe Europe Equities exchanges decreases, we are likely to see a decrease in transaction fees.

Our total trading volumes could decline if our market participants reduce their trading activity for any reason, such as:

- heightened capital requirements;
- transaction tax;
- regulatory or legislative actions;
- reduced need to trade due to changes in volatility and/or passive investment trends;
- reduced access to capital required to fund trading activities;
- consolidation among market participants; or
- significant market disruptions.

Over the past few years, a number of legislative actions have been taken, both domestically and internationally, that may cause market participants to be subject to increased capital requirements and additional compliance burdens. These actions, including the Collins Amendment to Dodd-Frank, MiFID II and MiFIR, may cause market participants to reduce trading activity on our exchanges.

In addition, the transaction fees generated are different based on type of product and other factors, including the type of customer and certain volume discounts. If the amount of our trading volume decreases, the mix traded shifts to our lower revenue per contract products or the transaction fee pilot is implemented, our revenues from transaction fees will most likely decrease. We can offer no assurance that we would be able to reduce our costs to match the amount of any such decrease.

Revenues from our market data fees and access and capacity fees may be reduced due to declines in our market share, trading volumes or regulatory changes.

The occurrence of any event that reduces the amount of market data fees that we receive, whether as a result of fee reductions, fewer members subscribing to the U.S. tape plans, declines in market share or trading volumes (or notional volume in the case of Cboe Europe Equities) or regulatory changes, will have a direct negative impact on our business, financial condition and operating results. For example, if our market share of U.S. listed equities and options, or Cboe's European equities trading, were to decline, our share of market data fees could also decline. Moreover, market data fees could decline as a result of a reduction in the numbers of market data users, for example because of consolidation among

market data subscribers or due to a decline in professional subscriptions as a result of staff reductions in the financial services industry or otherwise.

Regulatory and legal developments could also impact the fees we receive from market data and access and capacity, or our cost in providing such services. In the U.S., we are generally required to file with the SEC any changes to the fees that we charge for our securities market data products and access and capacity fees. In recent years, certain industry groups have objected to the ability of exchanges to charge for certain market data products. Specifically, the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") has filed a number of denial of access applications with the SEC to set aside proposed rule changes to establish or modify fees for our market data products, access and capacity fees and related services. Further, the SEC and some media have scrutinized market data and market access. An adverse ruling in these matters or additional scrutiny could cause the SEC to more closely examine exchange market data and access and capacity fees, which in turn could result in our having to reduce the fees we charge for market data and access and capacity and there could be a negative impact on our revenues. See "Legal Proceedings" for more information.

In addition, as discussed above, in January 2020, the SEC issued for public comment the Proposed Order that would require U.S. equities exchanges and FINRA to develop and file a new consolidated data plan. If a final order were to be issued, it may have a negative impact on the market data fees we charge and there could be a negative impact on our revenues.

We believe Cboe Europe Equities currently offers market data to customers on a non-discriminatory basis at a reasonable cost. As regulators determine how market data should be disaggregated and what is a reasonable commercial basis for providing market data, it could affect our ability to offer market data products in the same manner that we do today thereby causing an adverse effect on our European market data revenues. While MiFID II and MiFIR aim to encourage a commercial solution to a consolidated tape in Europe, should this fail to materialize, policy makers might be encouraged to implement a mandatory solution that could impact our ability to develop our own commercial offering.

# Legislative or regulatory changes affecting our markets could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

Changes in regulation by the SEC, CFTC, FCA, AFM, foreign regulators or other government action, including SEC approval of rule filings by other SROs or entities, including OCC, could materially affect our markets. In recent years, the securities and derivatives industries have been subject to regulatory changes as a result of increasing government and public scrutiny of the securities and derivatives industries. We have also experienced an increase in rulemaking and legislation that could affect our business.

Starting in 2015, large U.S. banks were required to use a calculation methodology known as the current exposure method ("CEM") to compute regulatory capital requirements associated with the clearing guarantee provided by bank-affiliated OCC clearing members. U.S. banks, as well as European banks that also apply CEM, are required to maintain regulatory capital that is disproportionate to the risk of clearing options contracts and has led to further increases in capital requirements for bank holding companies and bank subsidiaries involved in the trading and clearing of derivatives. In November 2019, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency approved replacing CEM with a more risk-sensitive calculation method known as the standardized approach to counterparty credit risk ("SA-CCR"), which is expected to reduce capital requirements associated with the clearing of listed options. Banks are required to adopt SA-CCR by January 1, 2022, but may do so as early as April 1, 2020. If the implementation of SA-CCR does not occur earlier than 2022, during that time we may experience a reduction in trading in options and futures due to bank-affiliated clearing members charging their customers more to trade, reducing the type or number of customers or withdrawing from the business of market-maker clearing.

Further, Congress, regulators and some media have been increasingly scrutinizing electronic trading and the structure of equity markets in recent years. The SEC continues to consider various potential market structure changes, which could result in reduced trading volumes, or which could negatively affect our business. To the extent the SEC adopts regulatory changes, our business, financial condition and operating results could be negatively impacted. In addition, high frequency trading has been the subject of private litigation and we are party to one such matter. See Note

24 ("Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees—Legal Proceedings") for more information. To the extent the SEC adopts regulatory changes related to market data and access and capacity, such as the Proposed Order, our business, financial condition and operating results could be negatively impacted.

In addition, as discussed above, in December 2018, the SEC approved the transaction fee pilot. The transaction fee pilot may cause Cboe's equities exchanges, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA, to require additional resources to comply with or challenge the transaction fee pilot and it may have a material impact on our business, financial condition and operating results if, for example, shifts in order flow away from exchanges were to occur. See "Legal Proceedings" for more information.

Under E.U. regulations, European banks and other European financial institutions become subject to punitive capital charges if they transact options or futures through a non-qualifying clearinghouse. OCC, our clearinghouse for options and futures, is not currently recognized as a qualified clearinghouse by the E.U.; however, the OCC is working with the E.U. to qualify as a foreign clearinghouse equivalent. As a prerequisite to becoming qualified, OCC could be required by the E.U. to contribute significant capital to its default waterfall applicable in the event of clearing member default. This capital could be required to be drawn before the default fund contributions of non-defaulting clearing members in the event that a defaulting clearing member's margin and other contributions were to be exhausted. OCC's stockholders, including Cboe Options, could effectively be required to fund this capital. If the E.U. does not recognize OCC as a qualified clearinghouse by June 15, 2021 (or by a subsequent date in the event that the current deadline is extended), then European market participants that clear through OCC would become subject to punitive capital charges. As a result, we could experience the loss of a significant number of European market participants and a significant reduction in trading activity on our options and futures markets, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

The implementation of MiFID II and MiFIR in Europe at the beginning of 2018 has encouraged competition among market centers in Europe. MiFID II and MiFIR have introduced a number of new rules, including enhanced internal organizational and compliance monitoring requirements, which apply directly to European trading venues such as our MTF and RM. The impact of MiFID II and MiFIR is significant, and the increased competition among market centers could reduce trading volumes and trading fees, while increasing our costs of operating in Europe. Additionally, European authorities are planning to review MiFID in 2020 as a result of which new rules may come into effect that could have a material impact on our business.

The legislative and regulatory environment in which the spot FX market operates is evolving and has undergone significant changes in the recent past, and there may be future regulatory changes in the spot FX industry. The FX Global Code was published in 2017 and sets forth standards of conduct agreed by market participants and central banks on a global basis to apply to the wholesale FX market, and the effect of its publication on conduct and future regulation continues to evolve. Changes in the interpretation or enforcement of existing laws and regulations by applicable governmental bodies and regulatory organizations, or the adoption of new legal or regulatory requirements, may also adversely affect our spot FX business. Further, our FX non-deliverable forwards business may also be adversely affected by proposed regulatory changes to the rules governing swap execution facilities.

It is also possible that there will be additional legislative and regulatory changes or efforts in the environment in which we operate our businesses. Actions on any of the specific regulatory issues currently under review in the U.S. or Europe and other proposals could have a material impact on our business.

In addition, U.S. and foreign legislatures and regulators and other regulatory authorities could impose legislative or regulatory changes that could adversely impact the ability of our market participants to use our markets or participate in the securities industry at all. Any such changes could result in the loss of a significant number of market participants or a reduction in trading activity on our markets, either of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. Changes or proposed changes in regulation may also result in additional costs of compliance and modification of market participants' trading activity on our exchanges and markets.

The technology upon which we rely, including those of our service providers, may be vulnerable to security risks, cybersecurity risks, insider threats, unauthorized disclosure of confidential information, operational disruptions, and other risks and events that could harm our business.

The secure and reliable operation of our technology, including our computer systems and communications networks, and those of our service providers and market participants, is a critical element of our operations. These systems and networks may be subject to various cybersecurity incidents, improper or inadvertent access to or disclosure of confidential, commercially sensitive, or personally identifiable information, data theft, corruption or destruction, cyber-attack, malware and other security problems, as well as acts of terrorism, natural disasters, human error, criminal insider activity, power loss and other events that are beyond our control. For example, in 2018, we discovered and in 2018 and 2019 we investigated an incident involving a suspected theft of computer servers and networking devices.

We currently maintain physical, technical, and administrative safeguards to protect the confidentiality, integrity, availability and reliability of our systems, networks and information more broadly, and to guard against cybersecurity incidents and unauthorized access. We also maintain and continue to enhance policies, procedures and controls for tracking and appropriately disposing of technology equipment hardware during technology updates and around the protection of our computer systems and communications networks. Collectively, these safeguards and measures may prove inadequate to prevent the attendant risk posed by cybersecurity incidents, subjecting us to contractual restrictions, liability and damages, loss of business, penalties, unfavorable publicity, and increased scrutiny by our regulators, and materially impacting our financial condition and operating results. We may be required to expend significant resources in the event of any real or threatened breaches in security or system failures, including to protect against threatened breaches, to alleviate harm caused by an actual breach, and to address any reputational harm or litigation or regulatory liability. Such harms also could cause us to lose market participants, experience lower trading volume, and negatively impact our competitive advantage and business, financial condition and operating results.

Additionally, as threats continue to evolve and increase, and as the regulatory environment related to information security, data collection and use, and privacy becomes increasingly rigorous, we may be required to devote significant additional resources to modify and enhance our security controls and to identify and remediate any security vulnerabilities, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

## Intense competition could materially adversely affect our market share and financial performance.

The market for trade execution services and products is intensely competitive in the asset classes and geographies in which we operate. Increased competition may result in a decline in our share of trading activity and a decline in our revenues from transaction fees and market data fees, thereby adversely affecting our operating results. We compete with a number of entities on several different fronts, including the cost, quality and speed of our trade execution, functionality and ease of use of our trading platform, range of our products and services, our technological innovation and adaptation and our reputation. See "Business – Competition."

Some of our competitors and potential competitors have greater financial, marketing, technological, personnel and other resources than we do. These factors may enable them to develop similar or more innovative products, to offer lower transaction fees or better execution to their customers or to execute their business strategies more quickly or efficiently than we can. In addition, our business, financial condition and operating results may be adversely affected if we cannot successfully develop, introduce and/or market new services and products or if we need to adopt costly and customized technology for our services and products.

Furthermore, new or existing competitors may:

- respond more quickly to competitive pressures;
- develop products that compete with our products or are preferred by our customers;
- offer products and services at prices below ours to gain market share and to promote other businesses;
- develop and expand their technology and service offerings more efficiently;
- provide better, more user-friendly and more reliable technology;
- take greater advantage of acquisitions, alliances and other opportunities;

- market, promote, bundle and sell their products and services more effectively;
- leverage existing relationships with customers and alliance partners more effectively or exploit brand names to market and sell their services; and
- exploit regulatory disparities between traditional, regulated exchanges and alternative markets, including over-thecounter markets, that benefit from a reduced regulatory burden and lower-cost business model.

If our products, markets, services and technology are not competitive or we fail to anticipate or respond adequately to changes in technology, customer preferences and regulatory requirements or any significant delays in product development efforts our business, financial condition and operating results could be materially harmed.

We depend on third-party service providers for certain services that are important to our business. An interruption, significant increase in fees or cessation or impairment of such service by any third party could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

We depend on a number of service providers, including clearing organizations such as OCC, NSCC, LCH, EuroCCP and SIX x-clear; securities information processors such as the CTA, UTP Securities Information Processor and OPRA; regulatory and other service providers such as FINRA, NFA and OCC; the hosts of our data and disaster recovery centers; and various vendors of communications and networking products and services. In addition, we also depend on third party routing and clearing firms who are involved in processing transactions on our behalf. More specifically:

- If OCC, NSCC, EuroCCP, LCH and SIX x-clear were unable to perform clearing services for existing or new products, or their clearing members were unable or unwilling to clear through them, transactions could likely not occur on our markets or there may be delays, including until clearing is moved to another clearing agency. In 2019, approximately 64.8% of our net transaction fees were generated by options and futures that were cleared through OCC.
- OPRA, UTP Securities Information Processor and the CTA consolidate options and equities market information such as
  last sale reports and quotations. If any of them were unable to provide this information for a sustained period of time, we
  may be unable to offer trading on our options and equities markets.
- We are heavily dependent on technology for our markets, including our data and disaster recovery centers, some of which are housed by third parties, and certain communications and networking products and services. If this technology is unavailable, and cannot be replaced in a sufficiently short time period, we may be unable to operate our markets.
- We plan to utilize Amazon Web Services ("AWS") to maintain secondary offsite backups of our and our customers' data and may utilize AWS in the future for additional services. We do not control the operations of AWS or their facilities and may be vulnerable to disruptions in our access to the platform as a result of a number of potential causes, including technical failure, natural disasters, fraud or security attacks that we cannot predict or prevent. Additionally, any vulnerability of AWS could expose our or our customers' confidential data, which could result in harm to our business reputation.
- FINRA, OCC, and NFA provide certain regulatory services and functions for our options, equities and futures
  exchanges, while we retain regulatory responsibilities for such services. If FINRA, OCC, or NFA stopped providing
  services, or provided inadequate services, we may be subject to action by the SEC or CFTC, or may have limitations
  placed upon our markets.
- We rely on FINRA to provide services for the implementation of the CAT. If FINRA stops providing services or provides inadequate services, we and the other execution venues may incur regulatory liability including enforcement action by the SEC or limitations placed upon our markets. In addition, until the SEC approves a funding model that shares the cost of the CAT between the SROs and industry members, the SROs may continue to incur additional significant costs, including as a result of replacing the plan processor, or result in not being able to collect on the promissory notes related to the funding of the implementation and operation of the CAT.
- We rely on third party routing and clearing firms to clear trades in U.S. listed equity securities routed by us to other markets, and to execute trades in options that we route to other markets.

With respect to options, all contracts traded on our exchanges must be cleared through clearing members of OCC. At December 31, 2019, there were 98 TPHs that are clearing members of OCC. Two clearing members accounted for approximately 48.9% of transaction and other fees collected through OCC in 2019. The next largest clearing member accounted for approximately 16.6% of transaction and other fees collected through OCC. Additionally, the two largest clearing members clear the majority of the market-maker sides of transactions at Cboe Options, C2, BZX, EDGX and at all of the options exchanges. Should one of these clearing members or liquidity providers exit the business or withdraw from our options exchanges, impose additional market-maker financial requirements or if market-makers were unable to transfer to another clearing member or other liquidity providers were unable to provide additional liquidity, this could create a significant disruption to the options markets, including ours.

We cannot provide assurance that any of these providers will be able to continue to provide these services in an efficient manner or that they will be able to adequately expand their services to meet our needs. An interruption or malfunction in or the cessation or impairment of an important service by a third party or disruption of a third party's operations could cause us to halt trading in some or all of our products or our services, make us unable to conduct other aspects of our business, cause us to experience the loss of a significant number of market participants or cause us to experience a significant reduction in trading activity on our options and futures markets, each of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. In addition, our inability to make alternative arrangements, such as moving clearing to another clearing agency, in a timely manner, or at all, could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and operating results.

## Our operations outside of the U.S. expose us to currency risk.

In addition to our operations in the U.S., we have operations in the U.K., continental Europe, Ecuador, Hong Kong and Singapore. We, therefore, have exposure to exchange rate movements between the British pound, the Euro, the Hong Kong dollar, and the Singapore dollar against the U.S. dollar. Significant inflation or changes in foreign exchange rates with respect to one or more of these currencies could occur as a result of general economic or political conditions, acts of war or terrorism, changes in governmental monetary or tax policy, Brexit or changes in local interest rates. These exchange rate differences will affect the translation of our non-U.S. results of operations and financial condition into U.S. dollars as part of our consolidated financial statements.

If one or more of the index providers from which we have licenses or service providers with respect to proprietary products fails to maintain the quality and integrity of their indices or fails to perform under our agreements with them or if customer preferences change, or if we fail to maintain the quality and integrity of our proprietary indices, revenues we generate from trading in these proprietary products or the calculation and dissemination of index values may suffer.

We are a party to a number of license agreements pursuant to which we may list for trading securities options on various indices including license agreements that we have with S&P, for the S&P 500, S&P 100 and S&P Select Sectors Indices, DJIA, LSEG and MSCI. These license agreements provide that we are authorized to list products based on their indices, and some of the resulting index options and futures are among the most actively traded products on our exchanges. We also enter into licensing agreements pursuant to which we calculate and disseminate values of proprietary indices. The quality and integrity of each of these indices are dependent on the ability of the index providers, including us, to maintain the index, including by means of the calculation and rebalancing of the index, and are dependent on the index providers for a number of things, including the provision of index data. We also rely on index providers to enforce intellectual property rights against unlicensed uses of the indices and uses of the indices that infringe on our licenses. Furthermore, some of our agreements concerning our proprietary products provide for the parties to those agreements to provide important services to us. If any of our index providers, including us, are unable to maintain the quality and integrity of their indices, or if any of the index providers or service providers fail to perform their obligations under the agreements, trading in these products, and therefore transaction fees we receive, may be adversely affected or we may not receive the financial benefits of the agreements that we negotiated.

## We and our licensors may not be able to protect our respective intellectual property rights.

We rely on patent, trade secret, copyright and trademark laws, the law of the doctrine of misappropriation and contractual protections to protect our proprietary technology, proprietary products, index methodologies and other proprietary rights. In addition, we rely on the intellectual property rights of our licensors in connection with our listing of exclusively-licensed index options and futures products. We and our licensors may not be able to prevent third parties from copying, or otherwise obtaining and using, our intellectual property without authorization, listing our proprietary or exclusively-licensed index products without licenses or otherwise infringing on our rights. We and our licensors may have to rely on litigation to enforce our intellectual property rights, determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others or defend against claims of infringement or invalidity. We and our licensors may not be successful in this regard. Such litigation, whether successful or unsuccessful, could result in substantial costs to us, diversion of our resources or a reduction in our revenues, any of which could materially adversely affect our business.

# Any infringement by us on intellectual property rights of others could result in litigation and could have a material adverse effect on our operations.

Our competitors, as well as others, have obtained, or may obtain, patents or may otherwise hold intellectual property rights that are related to our technology or the types of products and services we offer or plan to offer. We may not be aware of all intellectual property that may pose a risk of infringement by our products, services or technologies. In addition, some potential patent applications in the U.S. are confidential until a patent is issued, and therefore we cannot evaluate the extent to which our products, services or technologies may be covered or asserted to be covered in pending patent applications. Thus, we cannot be sure that our products, services or technologies do not infringe on the rights of others or that others will not make claims of infringement against us. Claims of infringement are not uncommon in our industry, and even if we believe that such claims are without merit, they can be time-consuming and costly to defend and divert management resources and attention. If one or more of our products, services or technologies were determined to infringe a patent or other intellectual property right held by another party, we may be required to pay damages, stop using, developing or marketing those products, services or technologies, obtain a license from the intellectual property rights holders, or redesign those products, services or technologies to avoid infringement. If we were required to stop using, developing or marketing certain products, services or technologies, our business, financial condition and operating results could be materially harmed. Moreover, if we were unable to obtain required licenses, we may not be able to redesign our products, services or technologies to avoid infringement, which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

## If we fail to attract or retain highly skilled management and other employees our business may be harmed.

Our success largely depends on the skills, experience and continued efforts of management and other key personnel. As a result, to be successful, we must retain and motivate executives and other key employees. However, we have no assurances that these employees will remain with us. The roles and responsibilities of departing executive officers and employees will need to be filled either by existing or new officers and employees, which may require us to devote time and resources to identifying, hiring and integrating replacements for the departed executives and employees that could otherwise be used to pursue business opportunities, which could have a material adverse effect on our overall business, financial condition and operating results.

There is substantial competition for qualified and capable personnel in the technology space, which may make it difficult for us to retain and recruit qualified employees in sufficient numbers. If we fail to retain our current employees, it would be difficult and costly to identify, recruit and train replacements needed to continue to conduct and expand our business. In particular, failure to retain and attract qualified technology personnel could result in systems failures. Consequently, our reputation may be harmed, we may incur additional costs and our profitability could decline. There can be no assurance that we will be able to retain and motivate our employees in the same manner as we have historically done.

Additionally, effective succession planning is also important to our long-term success. Failure to ensure effective transfer of knowledge and smooth transitions involving our management team and key employees could hinder our strategic planning and execution.

## Computer and communications systems failures and capacity constraints could harm our reputation and our business.

Our business depends on the integrity and performance of our computer and communications systems. If our systems cannot expand to cope with increased demand or otherwise fail to perform, we could experience unanticipated disruptions in service, slower response times and delays in the introduction of new products and services. These consequences could result in trading outages, lower trading volumes, financial losses, decreased customer service and satisfaction and regulatory sanctions and could have a material adverse effect on our ability to conduct our business. Although we have a back-up plan of significant trading and key corporate systems, the back-up systems or disaster recovery plans may prove to be inadequate in the event of a systems failure or cyber-security breach. Despite having disaster recovery facilities, there can be no guarantees that we will be able to open an efficient, transparent and liquid marketplace, if we can open at all, following a systems failure. Moreover, with extended trading hours, we have to operate our systems longer and have fewer non-trading hours to address any potential concerns with the systems on which we rely.

Our markets have experienced occasional systems failures and delays in the past and in the future our systems may fail, in whole or in part, or may operate slowly, causing one or more of the following:

- unanticipated disruption in service to our participants;
- failures or delays during peak trading times or times of unusual market volatility;
- slower response times and delays in trade execution and processing;
- incomplete or inaccurate accounting, recording or processing of trades; and
- distribution of inaccurate or untimely market data to participants who rely on this data in their trading activity.

## Any of these events may cause:

- a loss in transaction or other fees due to the inability to provide services for a time;
- requests by market participants or others that we reimburse them for financial loss, either within the constraints of the limited liability provisions of our exchanges' rules or in excess of those amounts;
- trading volume to diminish on our exchanges due to dissatisfaction with the platform; and
- one or more of our regulators to investigate or take enforcement action against us.

As a consequence of any of these events, our business, financial condition and results of operations could suffer materially.

In addition to other measures, we test our systems to confirm whether they will be able to handle anticipated present and future peak trading activity or times of unusual market volatility. However, we cannot assure you that our estimates of future trading volume will be accurate or that our systems will always be able to accommodate actual trading volume without failure or degradation of performance.

We anticipate that we will need to continue to make significant investments in hardware, software and telecommunications infrastructure to accommodate the increases in traffic. If we cannot increase the capacity and capabilities of our systems to accommodate increasing trading activity and to execute our business strategy, our ability to maintain or expand our businesses would be adversely affected.

## Misconduct by our TPHs, members, participants or others could harm us.

We run the risk that our TPHs, members, participants or other persons who use our markets or our products or our employees may engage in fraud, market or product manipulation or other misconduct, which could result in regulatory sanctions and serious harm to our reputation, especially because we are the parent company of SROs. It is not always possible to deter misconduct, or market or product manipulation, and the precautions we take to prevent and detect this activity may not be effective in all cases. In addition, misconduct, or market or product manipulation by, or failures of,

participants on our or other exchanges may discourage trading on our exchanges or of our products, which could reduce revenues.

Our use of open source software code may subject our software to general release or require us to re-engineer our software, which could harm our business.

Our technology platform uses open source software code. Companies that incorporate open source software into their products have, from time to time, faced claims challenging the ownership of open source software. As a result, we could be subject to suits by parties claiming ownership of what we believe to be open source software. In addition, some open source software licenses require users who distribute open source software as part of their software to publicly disclose all or part of the source code in their software and make any derivative works of the open source code available on unfavorable terms or at no cost. Open source license terms may be ambiguous, and many of the risks associated with usage of open source software cannot be eliminated. We believe that our use of open source software is in compliance with the relevant open source software licenses and does not require disclosure of any of our source code. However, if we were found to have inappropriately used open source software, we may be required to release our proprietary source code, re-engineer or discontinue use of our software or take other remedial action any or all of which could cause disruptions in, or impose significant costs on, our business.

# Potential conflicts of interest between our for-profit status and our regulatory responsibilities may adversely affect our business.

As a for-profit business with regulatory responsibilities, we are responsible for disciplining TPHs and members for violating our rules, including by imposing fines and sanctions. This may create a conflict of interest between our business interests and our regulatory responsibilities. Any failure by us to fulfill our regulatory obligations could significantly harm our reputation, increase regulatory scrutiny or cause the SEC or CFTC to take action against us, all of which could adversely affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

# Brexit could have a negative impact on the U.K. and E.U. economies and lead to considerable uncertainty while new treaties are negotiated.

In addition to the economic uncertainty the Brexit Vote, Brexit and Transition Period bring, there are a number of potential risks that investors should consider:

- Political uncertainty. Following the Brexit Vote, the U.K. entered into a period of acute political uncertainty both as to
  the nature and timing of the negotiations with the E.U. Such uncertainty led to a high degree of economic and market
  disruption and legal uncertainty. While some certainty has been established following the joint U.K./E.U. approval of
  the Withdrawal Agreement, including the agreement of a Transition Period up to the end of 2020, it is not possible to
  predict the outcome of trade negotiations and the impact they will have on the U.K. in general and markets more
  broadly.
- Legal uncertainty. A significant proportion of English law currently derives from or is designed to operate in concert
  with E.U. law. This is especially true of English law relating to financial markets, financial services, prudential and
  conduct regulation of financial institutions, bank recovery and resolution, payment services and systems, settlement
  finality, and market infrastructure. Depending on the terms of the U.K.'s exit from the E.U. entered into during the
  Transition Period, significant changes to English law are likely, and we cannot predict what these changes will be and
  how they may affect our business.
- Regulatory uncertainty. There is significant uncertainty about how the remaining E.U. countries ("EU27") financial
  institutions with assets (including branches) in the U.K. and U.K. financial institutions with assets in the EU27 will be
  regulated. At present, E.U. single market regulation allows regulated financial institutions (including credit institutions,
  investment firms, alternative investment fund managers, insurance and reinsurance undertakings) to benefit from a
  passporting system for regulatory authorizations required to conduct their businesses, as well as facilitating mutual
  rights of access to important elements of market infrastructure

such as payment and settlement systems. E.U. law is also the framework for mutual recognition of bank recovery and resolution regimes.

Once the U.K. ceases to be a member state of the E.U., the current passporting arrangements are expected to cease to be effective, as will the current mutual rights of access to market infrastructure and current arrangements for mutual recognition of bank recovery and resolution regimes. The ability of regulated financial institutions to continue to do business between the U.K. and the EU27 after the U.K. ceases to be a member state of the E.U. would therefore be subject to separate arrangements between the U.K. and the EU27. There can be no assurance that there will be any such arrangements concluded and, if they are concluded, on what terms.

Market uncertainty. Since the Brexit Vote and Brexit, there has been volatility and disruption of the capital, currency, exchange rates and credit markets. If this disruption continues, it may adversely impact our business, financial condition and operating results.

In 2019, we derived 7.7% of our total net revenues from our U.K. operations. Depending on the outcome of the Brexit and Transition Period negotiations, companies with operations in the U.K. may face unfavorable business conditions to access the single market. In preparation for Brexit, Cboe Europe Equities established a regulated entity in the E.U. in addition to its existing entity in the U.K. so that it can continue offering its services to customers in both jurisdictions. Nevertheless, if the E.U. or the U.K. introduce new legislation that could restrict free competition or access to capital markets, the impact of such legislation could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

## Damage to our reputation could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

We believe one of our competitive strengths is our strong industry reputation. Various issues may give rise to reputational risk, including issues relating to:

- the representation of our business in the media;
- the quality and benefits of using our proprietary products, including the reliability and functionality of our transactionbased business and the accuracy of our market data;
- the ability to execute our business plan, key initiatives or new business ventures and the ability to keep up with changing customer demands and regulatory initiatives;
- our regulatory compliance and our enforcement of compliance on our customers;
- the accuracy of our financial statements and other financial and statistical information;
- the quality of our corporate governance structure;
- the quality of our disclosure controls and internal controls over financial reporting, including any failures in supervision;
- the integrity and performance of our computer and communications systems;
- security breaches, including any unauthorized delivery of proprietary data to third parties;
- management of our outsourcing relationships, including our relationship with FINRA and NFA;
- any misconduct or fraudulent activity by our employees, especially senior management, or other persons formerly or currently associated with us;
- our listings business and our enforcement of our listing rules; and
- any negative publicity surrounding the ETPs that we serve as the listing destination.

Damage to our reputation could cause a reduction in the trading volume of our proprietary products or on our exchanges or cause us to lose customers. This, in turn, may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

## If our risk management and compliance methods are not effective, our business, financial condition and operating results may be adversely affected.

Our ability to comply with all applicable laws and rules is largely dependent on our establishment and maintenance of compliance, risk, audit, and reporting systems and procedures, as well as our ability to attract and retain qualified compliance, risk and audit management personnel. These systems and procedures may not be fully effective. We face the risk of intervention by regulatory authorities, including extensive examination and surveillance activity. In the case of actual or alleged non-compliance with applicable laws or regulations, we could be subject to investigations and judicial or administrative proceedings that may result in penalties, settlements or civil lawsuits, including by customers, for damages, which may be substantial. In the past, the SEC has brought actions against exchange operators, including us, for failing to fulfill their obligations to have an effective regulatory system. Any failure to comply with applicable laws and rules could adversely affect our business, reputation, financial condition and operating results and, in extreme cases, our ability to conduct our business or portions thereof. As the parent company for SROs, we are responsible for maintaining exchanges that comply with securities and futures laws, SEC, FCA, AFM and CFTC regulations and the rules of the respective exchanges.

We have methods to identify, monitor and manage our risks. Management of legal and regulatory risk requires policies and procedures to properly monitor and manage risk. If our policies, procedures, and compliance systems are not effective or we are not successful in monitoring or evaluating the risks to which we are or may be exposed, our business, reputation, financial condition and operating results could be materially adversely affected. We cannot provide assurance that our policies and procedures will always be effective, or that our management, compliance department, risk department and related enterprise risk management program and internal audit department would be able to identify any such ineffectiveness. If these departments or the enterprise risk program, and related policies and procedures are not effective, we may be subject to monetary or other penalties by our regulators, and our insurance policies may not provide adequate coverage.

## Financial or other problems experienced by third parties could have an adverse effect on our business.

We are exposed to credit risk from third parties, including customers, clearing agents and counterparties. For example, we are exposed to credit risk for transaction fees we bill to customers on a monthly basis in arrears. Our customers and other third parties may default on their obligations to us due to a lack of liquidity, operational failure, bankruptcy or other reasons.

In addition, with respect to orders Cboe Trading routes to other markets for execution on behalf of our customers, Cboe Trading is exposed to counterparty credit risk in the case of failure to perform on the part of our routing and clearing firms who are involved in processing equities and options transactions on our behalf, as well as failure on the part of such brokers to pass back any transactional rebates. Wedbush Securities Inc. ("Wedbush"), and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("Morgan Stanley") guarantee equity trades until one day after the trade date, after which time NSCC provides a guarantee. Thus, Cboe Trading is potentially exposed to credit risk to the counterparty to an equity trade routed to another market center between the trade date and one day after the trade date in the event that Wedbush or Morgan Stanley fails to perform. With respect to U.S. listed equity options and futures, we deliver matched trades of our customers to the OCC, which acts as a central counterparty on all transactions occurring on Cboe Options, C2, BZX, EDGX, and CFE and, as such, guarantees clearance and settlement of all of our matched options and futures trades.

With respect to U.S. equities, Cboe Trading has counterparty credit risk exposure to Wedbush and Morgan Stanley related to clearing until the day following the trade date. Cboe Trading uses Wedbush to clear trades routed through affiliates of Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC as well as for trades routed directly to other exchanges and optionally dark pools. Morgan Stanley clears trades routed through the Morgan Stanley routing brokers and also clears executions routed to most dark pools. Cboe Trading maintains counterparty credit risk exposure from routing brokers with respect to rebates earned until completion of the routing brokers next invoice cycle following the execution.

With respect to U.S. listed equity and exchange traded product options, Cooe Trading is subject to counterparty credit risk exposure with respect to rebates earned from routing brokers until completion of the routing brokers' next invoice cycle has completed for an execution.

Our exposure to credit risk may be further impacted by volatile securities markets that may affect the ability of our customers and other third parties to satisfy their contractual obligations to us. Moreover, we may not be successful in managing our credit risk through reporting and control procedures or by maintaining credit standards. Any losses arising from such defaults or other credit losses could adversely affect our financial condition and operating results.

While neither Cboe FX nor Cboe SEF has direct counterparty risk, Cboe FX or Cboe SEF may suffer a decrease in transaction volume if a bank or prime broker experiences an event that causes other prime brokers to decrease or revoke the credit available to the prime broker experiencing the event. Therefore, Cboe FX and Cboe SEF may have risk that is related to the credit of the banks and prime brokers that trade spot FX on the Cboe FX platform, or non-deliverable forward FX transactions on Cboe SEF

We may be required to assume ownership of a position in securities in connection with our order routing service, which could subject us to trading losses when our broker-dealer disposes of that position.

We offer a smart-order routing service through our broker-dealer subsidiary, Cboe Trading, which provides its customers with access to other market centers when we route their orders to those market centers for execution. In connection with this service, we may assume ownership of a position in securities. This may occur, for example, when a market center to which we have routed a customer's order experiences systems problems and is unable to determine the status of that order. When this happens, we may make a business decision to provide a cancellation notice to our customer, relieving our customer of any liability with respect to the order. We may be informed later, however, that the order was executed at the market center to which we routed it, in which case Cboe Trading would be required to take ownership of that securities position. Our third party clearing brokers maintain error accounts on behalf of Cboe Trading into which such positions settle, and we require the respective clearing broker to trade out of those positions as expeditiously as possible, which could result in our incurring trading losses.

## We may not effectively manage our growth, which could materially harm our business, financial condition and operating results.

We expect that our business will continue to grow, which may place a significant strain on our management, personnel, systems and resources. We must continually improve our operational, financial and regulatory systems and managerial controls and procedures, and may need to continue to expand, train and manage our workforce. We must also maintain close coordination among our technology, legal, accounting, finance, marketing, sales, regulatory and compliance functions. If we fail to manage our growth effectively, our business, financial condition and operating results could be materially harmed. Furthermore, failure to successfully expand into new asset classes or new geographies may adversely affect our growth strategy and our future profitability.

Our continued growth will require increased investment by us in technology, facilities, personnel, and financial and management systems and controls. It also will require expansion of our procedures for monitoring and assuring our compliance with applicable regulations, and we will need to integrate, train and manage a growing employee base. The expansion of our existing businesses, any expansion into new businesses and the resulting growth of our employee base will increase our need for internal audit and monitoring processes, which may be more extensive and broader in scope than those we have historically required. We may not be successful in identifying or implementing all of the processes that are necessary. Further, unless our growth results in an increase in our revenues that is proportionally greater than or equal to the increase in our costs associated with this growth, our business, financial condition and operating results will be adversely affected.

## Our ability to implement or amend rules could be limited or delayed because of regulation, which could negatively affect our ability to implement needed changes.

Our exchanges registered with the SEC must submit proposed rule changes to the SEC for its review and, in many cases, its approval. Even where a proposed rule change may be effective upon filing with the SEC, the SEC retains the right to suspend and disapprove such a rule change. Also, the CFTC may stay or disapprove rules that we file with it for CFE or Cboe SEF. The rule review process can be lengthy and can significantly delay the implementation of proposed rule changes that we believe are necessary to the operation of our markets. If the SEC or CFTC delays, including

because of a government shutdown, or does not allow one of our exchanges to implement a rule change, this could negatively affect our ability to make needed changes or implement business activities.

Similarly, the SEC must approve amendments to our exchange subsidiaries' certificates of incorporation and bylaws as well as certain amendments to the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of Cboe Global Markets. The SEC may decide not to approve a proposed amendment or may delay such approval in a manner that could negatively affect our ability to make a desired change, which could prevent or delay us from improving the operations of our markets or recognize income from new products.

Changes in the tax laws and regulations affecting us, our products and our market participants could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Legislation may be proposed, both domestically and internationally, that could add a transaction tax on our products or change the way that our market participants are taxed on the products they trade on our markets. If such proposals were to become law, they could have a negative impact on the securities industry and on us by making transactions more costly to market participants, which may reduce trading and could make our markets less competitive.

In addition to proposed tax changes that could affect our market participants, like other corporations, we are subject to taxes at federal, state and local levels, as well as in non-U.S. jurisdictions. Changes in tax laws, regulations or policies or successful claims by tax authorities could result in our having to pay higher taxes, which would in turn reduce our net income. If this occurs, we may experience a higher effective tax rate.

We selectively explore acquisition opportunities and strategic alliances relating to other businesses, products or technologies. We may not be successful in integrating other businesses, products or technologies with our business. Any such transaction also may not produce the results we anticipate, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

We selectively explore and pursue acquisition and other opportunities to strengthen our business and grow our company. We may enter into business combination transactions, make acquisitions or enter into strategic partnerships, joint ventures or alliances, any of which may be material. The market for acquisition targets and strategic alliances is highly competitive, which could make it more difficult to find appropriate merger or acquisition opportunities. If we are required to raise capital by incurring debt or issuing additional equity for any reason in connection with a strategic acquisition or investment, financing may not be available or the terms of such financing may not be favorable to us and our stockholders, whose interests may be diluted by the issuance of additional stock.

For example, in 2019, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire all of the outstanding shares of stock of EuroCCP, other than the shares of EuroCCP already owned by us (the "Transaction"). The Transaction, which we plan to fund with cash on hand, is expected to close in the first half of 2020 and is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of conditions precedent including (i) the receipt of required regulatory clearances and approvals and (ii) the successful implementation of a supporting Euro 1.5 billion committed syndicated credit liquidity facility at the EuroCCP clearing entity level. Additionally, in February 2020, we acquired Hanweck Associates, LLC ("Hanweck"), a real-time risk analytics company based in New York, and the business of FT Providers, LLC, a portfolio management platform provider based in Chicago, commonly referred to as FT Options ("FT").

The process of integration may produce unforeseen regulatory issues and operating difficulties and expenditures and may divert the attention of management from the ongoing operation of our business and harm our reputation. We may not successfully achieve the integration objectives, and we may not realize the anticipated cost savings, revenue growth and synergies in full or at all, or it may take longer to realize them than expected, any of which could negatively impact our business, financial condition and operating results.

We may be required to inject further capital into OCC or EuroCCP or return dividends received back to OCC.

OCC is the sole provider of clearing on all of our options and futures exchanges. In addition, Cboe Europe currently owns 20% of EuroCCP, which is one of three interoperable central counterparties used to clear trades conducted on

Cboe Europe. On January 24, 2020, upon receipt of SEC approval, OCC established a capital management policy providing that, if OCC's equity capital falls below certain defined thresholds, OCC can access additional capital through an operational loss fee charged to clearing members. Although Cboe Options does not have a legal or contractual obligation to contribute capital to OCC under OCC's capital management policy or otherwise, given OCC's importance to Cboe Options' business, if OCC were to experience financial difficulties, Cboe Options might nevertheless effectively (but not legally) be required to inject further capital into it in order for OCC to maintain sufficient working or regulatory capital. Likewise, notwithstanding the pending Transaction, if EuroCCP were to experience financial difficulties, Cboe Europe might effectively be required to inject further capital into EuroCCP in order to maintain sufficient working or regulatory capital. In a worst case scenario, OCC or EuroCCP, as applicable, might have their regulatory license suspended or withdrawn, or might have to wind down. This may result in a loss to Cboe Options and Cboe Europe of their respective investments in OCC and EuroCCP and withdrawals of OCC or EuroCCP as clearing houses, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. In addition, while OCC's new capital management policy is now effective, there remains some degree of uncertainty as to the terms and conditions of the wind-down of OCC's prior capital plan, under which OCC's shareholders (including Cboe Options) provided equity capital to OCC and received annual dividends in respect thereof, and which was disapproved by the SEC on February 13, 2019. Depending on the terms on which the prior OCC capital plan is ultimately required to be unwound, Cboe Options could potentially be required to return dividend payments received from OCC during the time the capital plan was in effect.

## We have outstanding indebtedness, which may decrease our business flexibility and adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

As of December 31, 2019, we had \$225 million outstanding under our term loan facility, \$650 million of senior unsecured notes and no funds outstanding under our revolving credit facility. The financial and other covenants to which we have agreed and our indebtedness may have the effect of reducing our flexibility to respond to changing business and economic conditions, thereby placing us at a competitive disadvantage compared to competitors that have less indebtedness and making us more vulnerable to general adverse economic and industry conditions. Our indebtedness will also increase future borrowing costs, and the covenants pertaining thereto may also limit our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock, increase dividends or obtain additional financing to fund working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions or general corporate requirements. We are also required to dedicate a larger portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our indebtedness, thereby reducing the availability of our cash flow for other purposes, including working capital, capital expenditures and general corporate purposes. Further, a portion of our borrowings are at variable rates of interest, which exposes us to the risk of increased interest rates unless we enter into offsetting hedging transactions.

Our ability to make payments on and to refinance our debt obligations and to fund planned capital expenditures depend on our ability to generate cash from our operations. This, to a certain extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that are beyond our control.

We may not be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. If we cannot service our indebtedness, we may have to take actions such as selling assets, seeking additional equity or reducing or delaying capital expenditures, strategic acquisitions, investments and alliances, any of which could impede the implementation of our business strategy or prevent us from entering into transactions that would otherwise benefit our business. Additionally, we may not be able to effect such actions, if necessary, on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. Any of the foregoing consequences could adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

#### Deterioration in our credit profile may increase our costs of borrowing money.

As of December 31, 2019, we have investment grade credit ratings from S&P Global Ratings (A-) and Moody's Investor Service (A3). Ratings from credit agencies are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold our securities, and each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. There is no assurance that we will maintain such credit ratings, since credit ratings may be lowered or withdrawn entirely by a rating agency if, in its judgment, the circumstances warrant. If a rating agency were to downgrade our rating below investment grade, our borrowing costs could increase.

If our goodwill, long-lived assets, investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries and intangible assets become impaired, the resulting charge to earnings may be significant.

We are required to assess investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries and intangible assets for impairment at least annually. Goodwill impairment testing is performed annually in the fiscal fourth quarter or more frequently if conditions exist that indicate that the asset may be impaired. In the future, we may take charges against earnings resulting from impairment. Any determination requiring the write-off of a significant portion of our goodwill, long-lived assets, intangible assets or investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Any decision to pay dividends on our common stock is at the discretion of our board of directors and depends upon the earnings and cash flow of our operating subsidiaries. Accordingly, there can be no guarantee that we will pay dividends to our stockholders.

Any decision to pay dividends on our common stock in the future will be at the discretion of our board of directors, which may determine not to declare dividends at all or at a reduced amount. The board's determination to declare dividends will depend upon our profitability and financial condition, contractual restrictions, restrictions imposed by applicable law and the SEC and other factors that the board deems relevant. As a holding company with no significant business operations of its own, Cboe Global Markets depends entirely on distributions, if any, it may receive from its subsidiaries to meet its obligations and pay dividends to its stockholders. If these subsidiaries are not profitable, or even if they are and they determine to retain their profits for use in their businesses, we will be unable to pay dividends to our stockholders.

#### Certain provisions in our organizational documents and governing law could prevent or delay a change of control.

Our organizational documents contain provisions that could block actions that stockholders might find favorable, including discouraging, delaying or preventing a change of control or any unsolicited acquisition proposals for us. These include provisions:

- prohibiting stockholders from acting by written consent;
- requiring advance notice of director nominations and of business to be brought before a meeting of stockholders; and
- limiting the persons who may call special stockholders' meetings.

In addition, our organizational documents include provisions that:

- restrict any person from voting or causing the voting of shares of stock representing more than 20% of our outstanding voting capital stock; and
- restrict any person from beneficially owning shares of stock representing more than 20% of the outstanding shares of our capital stock.

Furthermore, our board of directors has the authority to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more series and to fix the rights and preferences of these shares without stockholder approval. Any series of our preferred stock is likely to be senior to our common stock with respect to dividends, liquidation rights and, possibly, voting rights. The ability of the board of directors to issue preferred stock also could have the effect of discouraging unsolicited acquisition proposals, thus adversely affecting the market price of our common stock.

Delaware law makes it difficult for stockholders that have recently acquired a large interest in a corporation to cause the merger or acquisition of the corporation against the board's wishes. Under Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, a Delaware corporation may not engage in any merger or other business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date that the stockholder became an interested stockholder except in limited circumstances, including by approval of the corporation's board of directors.

Furthermore, the European countries where we operate regulated entities, such as the U.K. and Netherlands, may require prior governmental approval before an investor acquires 10% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

#### Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

Not applicable.

#### Item 2. Properties

Our principal offices are located at 400 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605. Through our wholly-owned subsidiary, Cboe Building Corporation, we own the building in which our principal offices are located and occupy approximately 300,000 square feet of this building. The building is currently classified as held for sale. See Note 9 ("Property and Equipment, Net") of the consolidated financial statements included herein for further information.

In addition to our principal offices, we have space located at 8050 Marshall Drive, Lenexa, Kansas, where we lease approximately 61,900 square feet of space. The lease on this space expires in February 2027 and contains two five-year renewal options. We have an office located at 17 State Street, New York, New York, where we lease approximately 21,000 square feet of space, which expires in April 2024, and contains one five-year renewal option. The disaster recovery sites in the United States are located in Chicago, Illinois, Kansas City, Missouri, and Secaucus, New Jersey. In addition, we have agreements with a primary data center in Secaucus, New Jersey and a secondary data center in Chicago, Illinois. Our principal offices in the United Kingdom are at 11 Monument Street, London, where we lease approximately 10,300 square feet of office space, which expires in March 2027. Our work area recovery space is available on invocation with a specialist provider. In Europe, our primary data center is in Slough, England. The secondary data center for Cboe Europe is in Park Royal, London. We operate a back-up location for our London operations in the United Kingdom. We also maintain leased locations in California, Florida, Singapore, Amsterdam, and Hong Kong.

In addition to the offices noted above, the Company has entered into two leases that will commence in 2020 for a new principal office space and new trading floor. See Note 25 ("Leases") of the consolidated financial statements included herein for further information.

We believe that our properties are in good operating condition and adequately serve our current business operations. Generally, our properties are not earmarked for use by a particular segment. Instead, most of our properties are used by two or more segments. We also anticipate that suitable additional or alternative space will be available at commercially reasonable terms for future expansion to the extent necessary.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Cboe incorporates herein by reference the discussion set forth in Note 22 ("Income Taxes") and Note 24 ("Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees") of the consolidated financial statements included herein.

Transaction Fee Pilot

In December 2018, the SEC approved a transaction fee pilot in national market system ("NMS") stocks (the "pilot"). The pilot will subject stock exchange transaction fee pricing, including maker-taker fee-and-rebate pricing models, to new temporary pricing restrictions across two test groups, and require the exchanges to prepare data to be submitted to the SEC. The pilot includes a test group that will prohibit rebates and linked pricing, as well as a test group that will impose a cap of \$0.0010 for removing or providing displayed liquidity. Once commenced, the pilot will last for up to two years with an automatic sunset at one year unless extended by the SEC. On February 15, 2019, the Company filed a Petition for Review in the Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit (the "D.C. Circuit") asserting the pilot is unlawful. The pilot was published in the Federal Register on February 20, 2019 and was scheduled to become effective on April 22, 2019. On March 28, 2019, the SEC granted a partial stay of the pilot, agreeing to delay implementing its fee-and-rebate and data-publication requirements until after the D.C. Circuit decides the pending challenges. The data-

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gathering requirement of the pilot's pre-pilot period remains in effect. On May 21, 2019, the SEC issued its notice to announce the effective period for the pre-pilot, which was designated as July 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. On June 3, 2019, the Company, along with other equities exchanges, filed an opening brief with the D.C. Circuit. The SEC filed its opening brief with the D.C. Circuit on July 25, 2019, the exchanges' reply brief was filed on August 26, 2019 and final briefs were filed on September 10, 2019. Oral arguments were held on October 11, 2019. The pilot may cause the Company's equities exchanges, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA, to require additional resources to comply with or challenge the pilot and it may have a material impact on our business, financial condition and operating results if, for example, shifts in order flow away from exchanges were to occur. The Company intends to litigate the matter vigorously.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

#### PART II

#### Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

#### Common Stock

The Company's common stock is listed on Cboe BZX under the trading symbol CBOE. As of January 31, 2020, there were approximately 143 holders of record of our common stock.

#### Dividends

Each share of common stock, including restricted stock awards and restricted stock units, is entitled to receive dividend and dividend equivalents, respectively, if, as and when declared by the board of directors of the Company.

The Company's expectation is to continue to pay dividends. The decision to pay a dividend, however, remains within the discretion of the Company's board of directors and may be affected by various factors, including our earnings, financial condition, capital requirements, level of indebtedness and other considerations our board of directors deems relevant. Future debt obligations and statutory provisions, among other things, may limit, or in some cases prohibit, our ability to pay dividends.

As a holding company, the Company's ability to declare and continue to pay dividends in the future with respect to its common stock will also be dependent upon the ability of its subsidiaries to pay dividends to it under applicable corporate law.

## **Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

Not applicable.

## **Use of Proceeds**

Not applicable.

## Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

## Share Repurchase Program

In 2011, the board of directors approved an initial authorization for the Company to repurchase shares of its outstanding common stock of \$100 million and approved additional authorizations of \$100 million in each of 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016, \$150 million in February 2018, \$100 million in August 2018, and \$250 million in October 2019 for a total authorization of \$1.1 billion. The Company expects to fund repurchases primarily through the use of existing cash balances. The program permits the Company to purchase shares through a variety of methods, including in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions, in accordance with applicable securities laws. It does not obligate the Company to make any repurchases at any specific time or situation.

Under the program, for the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company repurchased 1,420,654 shares of common stock at an average cost per share of \$110.42, totaling \$156.9 million. Since inception of the program through December 31, 2019, the Company has repurchased 13,716,009 shares of common stock at an average cost per share of \$58.38, totaling \$800.8 million.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$299.2 million of availability remaining under its existing share repurchase authorizations.

			<b>Total Number of</b>		Approximate Dollar
			Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly		Value of Shares that May
					Yet Be Purchased Under
	Total Number of	Average Price	Announced Plans		the Plans or Programs
Period	Shares Purchased	Paid per Share	or Programs		(in millions)
October 1 to October 31, 2019	480,442	\$ 115.62	480,442	\$	313.3
November 1 to November 30, 2019	_	_	_		313.3
December 1 to December 31, 2019	120,000	117.26	120,000		299.2
Total	600,442	\$ 115.76	600,442		

## Purchase of common stock from employees

During the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2019, we purchased shares from employees in connection with the settlement of employee tax withholding obligations arising from the vesting of restricted stock units, restricted stock awards, and stock options. The table below represents repurchases made by or on behalf of us or any "affiliated purchaser" of our common stock during the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2019:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	A	verage price paid per share
October 1 to October 31, 2019	321	\$	115.58
November 1 to November 30, 2019	2,454		118.09
December 1 to December 31, 2019	13,651		117.20
Total	16.426		

## Stockholder Return Performance Graph

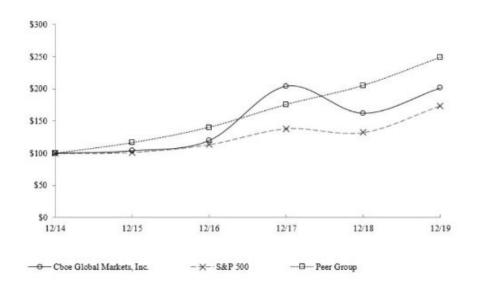
The following graph compares the cumulative total return provided to stockholders on our common stock since our initial public offering against the return of the S&P 500 Index and a customized peer group that includes CME Group Inc., Intercontinental Exchange Inc., and Nasdaq, Inc.

An investment of \$100, with reinvestment of all dividends, is assumed to have been made in our common stock, the index and the peer groups on December 31, 2014, and its performance is tracked on an annual basis through December 31, 2019.

# Comparison of Cumulative Total Return of the Company, Peer Groups, Industry Indices and/or Broad Markets

## COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\*

Among Cboe Global Markets, Inc., the S&P 500 Index and a Peer Group



\*\$100 invested on 12/31/14 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends Fiscal year ending December 31.

Data Source: Yahoo Finance, Closing Price(s)

	12/14	12/15	12/16	12/17	12/18	12/19
Cboe Global Markets, Inc.	100.00	103.76	119.87	204.33	162.24	201.44
S&P 500	100.00	101.38	113.51	138.29	132.23	173.86
Peer Group	100.00	116.46	140.37	175.70	205.28	248.81

#### Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following selected financial and operating data should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in Items 7 and 8, respectively of this Form 10-K. The information set forth below is not necessarily indicative of our future results for any period. We completed the acquisition of Bats during 2017 and included the financial results of Bats in our consolidated financial results from March 1, 2017.

	Year Ended December 31,									
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
				(in million	ns, ex	cept per sl	iare d	lata)		
Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:										
Revenues:										
Transaction fees	\$	1,716.2	\$	1,986.9	\$	1,564.9	\$	509.3	\$	485.3
Access and capacity fees		221.9		211.0		181.6		98.7		95.5
Market data fees		213.5		204.0		164.5		33.2		30.0
Regulatory fees		311.7		333.9		291.5		48.3		33.5
Other revenue		32.8		33.0		26.6		13.6		19.5
Total revenues		2,496.1		2,768.8		2,229.1		703.1		663.8
Cost of revenues:										
Liquidity payments		964.7		1,113.0		849.7		35.8		29.2
Routing and clearing		35.8		39.1		37.6		11.1		2.3
Section 31 fees (1)		271.4		302.4		260.0		11.8		
Royalty fees		86.8		97.4		86.2		78.0		70.6
Other		0.5	_		_		_			
Total cost of revenues		1,359.2	_	1,551.9	_	1,233.5	_	136.7		102.1
Revenues less cost of revenues		1,136.9		1,216.9		995.6		566.4		561.7
Operating expenses:										
Compensation and benefits		199.0		228.8		201.4		113.2		105.9
Depreciation and amortization		176.6		204.0		192.2		44.4		46.3
Technology support services		46.2		47.9		42.1		22.5		20.7
Professional fees and outside services		68.3		68.3		66.0		53.1		50.1
Travel and promotional expenses		11.9		13.0		17.2		11.0		9.0
Facilities costs		11.0		11.5		10.3		5.7		5.0
Acquisition-related costs		48.5		30.0		84.4		13.6		_
Other expenses		38.2		14.0		10.1		4.7		4.8
Total operating expenses		599.7		617.5		623.7		268.2		241.8
Operating income		537.2		599.4		371.9		298.2		319.9
Non-operating (expenses) income:										
Interest expense, net		(35.9)		(38.2)		(41.3)		(5.7)		
Other income, net		0.1		10.0		3.8		14.1		4.1
Income before income tax provision		501.4		571.2		334.4		306.6		324.0
Income tax provision		130.6		146.0		(66.2)		120.9		119.0
Net income	\$	370.8	\$	425.2	\$	400.6	\$	185.7	\$	205.0
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		4.1		1.3		1.1		1.1		_
Net income excluding noncontrolling interest		374.9		426.5		401.7		186.8		205.0
Change in redemption value of noncontrolling interest		(0.5)		(1.3)		(1.1)		(1.1)		_
Net income allocated to participating securities		(1.7)		(3.1)		(3.9)		(0.8)		(0.9
Net income allocated to common stockholders	\$	372.7	\$	422.1	\$	396.7	\$	184.9	\$	204.1
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Basic earnings per share	\$	3.35	\$	3.78	\$	3.70	\$	2.27	\$	2.46
Diluted earnings per share	\$	3.34	\$	3.76	\$	3.69	\$	2.27	\$	2.46
Dridled currings per sitate	Ф	J.J4	φ	5.70	φ	5.09	φ	2.21	φ	2.40
Basic weighted average shares outstanding		111.4		111.8		107.2		81.4		83.1
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		111.8		112.2		107.5		81.4		83.1
Distributions per share	\$	1.34	\$	1.16	\$	1.04	\$	0.96	\$	0.88

<sup>(1)</sup> As national securities exchanges, Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA are assessed fees pursuant to Section 31 of the Exchange Act. Section 31 fees are assessed on the notional value traded and are designed to recover the costs to the government of supervision and regulation of securities markets and securities professionals. Section 31 fees are paid directly to the SEC, and our national securities exchanges then pass these costs along to our members as regulatory transaction fees, recognizing these amounts as incurred in cost of revenues and revenues, respectively.

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	As of December 31,									
		2019		2017		2016		2015		
					(in	millions)				
Balance Sheet Data:										
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	229.3	\$	275.1	\$	143.5	\$	97.3	\$	102.3
Financial investments		71.0		35.7		47.3		_		_
Accounts receivables, net		234.7		287.3		217.3		76.7		68.4
Goodwill and intangible assets, net		4,272.0		4,411.6		4,610.0		35.2		10.1
Total assets	\$	5,113.9	\$	5,321.0	\$	5,265.7	\$	476.7	\$	384.8
Liabilities and stockholders' equity:			-		_					
Short-term and long-term debt	\$	867.6	\$	1,215.4	\$	1,237.9	\$	_	\$	_
Total liabilities		1,758.3		2,070.6		2,145.7		146.2		125.2
Total redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		9.4		9.4		12.6		_
Total stockholders' equity		3,355.6		3,241.0		3,110.6		317.9		259.6
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest, and			,		_					
stockholders' equity	\$	5,113.9	\$	5,321.0	\$	5,265.7	\$	476.7	\$	384.8

## Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and the notes thereto included in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. See "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements" above.

A detailed comparison of the Company's 2018 operating results to its 2017 operating results can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section in the Company's 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 22, 2019 at www.sec.gov.

#### Overview

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. is one of the world's largest exchange holding companies, offering cutting-edge trading and investment solutions to investors around the world. The Company is committed to defining markets to benefit its participants and drive the global marketplace forward through product innovation, leading edge technology and seamless trading solutions.

Cboe offers trading across a diverse range of products in multiple asset classes and geographies, including options, futures, U.S. and European equities, exchange-traded products ("ETPs"), global foreign exchange ("FX") and multi-asset volatility products based on the VIX Index, recognized as the world's premier gauge of U.S. equity market volatility.

Cboe's subsidiaries include the largest options exchange and the third largest stock exchange operator in the U.S. In addition, the Company operates one of the largest equities stock exchanges by value traded in Europe and is a leading market globally for ETP listings and trading.

The Company is headquartered in Chicago with offices in Kansas City, New York, London, San Francisco, Amsterdam, Singapore, Hong Kong, and Ecuador.

## **Business Segments**

The Company reports five business segments: Options, U.S. Equities, Futures, European Equities, and Global FX. Segment performance is primarily based on operating income (loss). The Company has aggregated all of its corporate costs and eliminations, as well as other business ventures, within Corporate Items and Eliminations; however, operating expenses that relate to activities of a specific segment have been allocated to that segment. Our management allocates resources, assesses performance and manages our business according to these segments:

Options. Our options segment includes listed options on market indices ("index options"), mostly on an exclusive basis, as well as on non-exclusive "multi-listed" options, such as options on the stocks of individual corporations ("equity options") and options on ETPs, such as exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") and exchange-traded notes ("ETNs"). These options trade on Cboe Options, C2, BZX, and EDGX. Cboe Options is our primary options market and offers trading in listed options through a single system, known as our Hybrid trading model, which integrates electronic trading and traditional open outcry trading on our trading floor in Chicago. C2, BZX, and EDGX are our all-electronic options exchanges, and typically operate with different market models and fee structures than Cboe Options. The Options segment also includes applicable market data revenue generated from the U.S. tape plan, the sale of proprietary market data, index licensing, and access and capacity services.

*U.S. Equities.* The U.S. Equities segment includes listed equities and ETP transaction services that occur on BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA. This segment also includes ETP listings on BZX, the Cboe Global Markets, Inc. common stock listing, applicable market data revenue generated from the U.S. tape plans, the sale of proprietary market data, routing services, access and capacity services and advertising activity from ETF.com.

**Futures.** Our Futures segment includes the business of our futures exchange, CFE, which includes offerings for trading VIX futures and other futures products, as well as revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.

European Equities. The European Equities segment includes the pan-European listed equities transaction services, ETPs, exchange traded commodities, and international depository receipts that occur on MTFs operated by Cboe Europe Equities. It also includes the listings business where ETPs can be listed on RMs. Cboe Europe Equities operates lit and dark books, a periodic auctions book, and a Large-in-Scale ("LIS") trading negotiation facility. Cboe NL, launched in October 2019, operates similar business functionality that is offered by Cboe Europe, other than LIS, and provides for trading only in European Economic Area symbols. Cboe Europe Equities also includes revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.

**Global FX.** Our Global FX segment includes institutional FX trading services that occur on the Cboe FX platform, as well as non-deliverable forward FX transactions offered for execution on Cboe SEF, as well as revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.

#### **General Factors Affecting Results of Operations**

In broad terms, our business performance is impacted by a number of drivers, including macroeconomic events affecting the risk and return of financial assets, investor sentiment, the regulatory environment for capital markets, geopolitical events, central bank policies and changing technology, particularly in the financial services industry. Our future revenues and net income will continue to be influenced by a number of domestic and international economic trends, including:

- trading volumes on our proprietary products such as VIX options and futures and SPX options;
- trading volumes in listed equity securities and ETPs in both the U.S. and Europe, volumes in listed equity options, and volumes in institutional FX trading;
- the demand for the U.S. tape plan market data distributed by the Securities Information Processors (SIPs), which
  determines the pool size of the industry market data revenue we receive based on our market share;
- consolidation and expansion of our customers and competitors in the industry;
- the demand for information about, or access to, our markets, which is dependent on the products we trade, our importance as a liquidity center and the quality and pricing of our data and access and capacity services;
- continuing pressure in transaction fee pricing due to intense competition in the United States and Europe;
- significant fluctuations in foreign currency translation rates or weakened value of currencies resulting from Brexit; and
- regulatory changes relating to market structure and increased capital requirements, and those which affect certain types
  of instruments, transactions, pricing structures, capital market participants or reporting or compliance requirements,
  including any changes resulting from Brexit.

A number of significant structural, political and monetary issues continue to confront the global economy, and instability could return at any time, resulting in an increased level of market volatility, increased trading volumes and greater uncertainty. In contrast, many of the largest customers of our transactional businesses continue to adapt their business models as they address the implementation of regulatory changes initiated following the global financial crisis.

#### **Components of Revenues**

#### **Transaction Fees**

Transaction fees represent fees charged by the Company for the performance obligation of executing a trade on its markets. These fees can be variable based on trade volume tiered discounts, however as all tiered discounts are calculated monthly, the actual discount is recorded on a monthly basis. Transaction fees, as well as any tiered volume discounts, are calculated and billed monthly in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules. Transaction fees are recognized across all segments. The Company also pays liquidity payments to customers based on its published fee schedules. The Company uses these payments to improve the liquidity on its markets and therefore recognizes those payments as a cost of revenue.

## Access and Capacity Fees

Access and capacity fees represent fees assessed for the opportunity to trade, including fees for trading-related functionality across all segments, terminal and other equipment rights, maintenance services, trading floor space and telecommunications services. These fees are billed monthly in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules and recognized on a monthly basis when the performance obligation is met. Facilities, systems services and other fees are generally monthly fee-based, although certain services are influenced by trading volume or other defined metrics, while others are based solely on demand. All fees associated with the trading floor are recognized in the Options segment. There is no remaining performance obligation after revenue is recognized.

#### Market Data Fees

Market data fees represent the fees from the U.S. tape plans and fees from customers for proprietary market data. Fees from the U.S. tape plans are collected monthly based on published fee schedules and distributed quarterly to the U.S. Exchanges based on a known formula using trading and/or quoting activity. A contract for proprietary market data is entered into and charged on a monthly basis in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules as the service is provided. Both types of market data are satisfied over time, and revenue is recognized on a monthly basis as the customer receives and consumes the benefit as the Company provides the data. U.S. tape plan market data is recognized in the U.S. Equities and Options segments. Proprietary market data fees are recognized across all segments.

#### Regulatory Fees

Regulatory fees primarily represent fees collected by the Company to cover the Section 31 fees charged to the Exchanges under the authority of the SEC (Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA) and are charged by the SEC. Consistent with industry practice, the fees charged to customers are based on the fee set by the SEC per notional value of the transaction executed on the Company's markets. These fees are calculated and billed monthly and are recognized in the U.S. Equities and Options segments. As the Exchanges are responsible for the ultimate payment to the SEC, the Exchanges are considered the principals in these transactions. Regulatory fees also include the options regulatory fee ("ORF") charged to customers which supports the Company's regulatory oversight function in the Options segment, as well as other miscellaneous regulatory fees and fines, and cannot be used for non-regulatory purposes.

#### Other Revenue

Other revenue primarily includes among other items, revenue from various licensing agreements, all fees related to the trade reporting facility operated in the European Equities segment, and revenue associated with advertisements through the Company's website.

#### **Components of Cost of Revenues**

#### Liquidity Payments

Liquidity payments are directly correlated to the volume of securities traded on our markets. As stated above, we record the liquidity rebates paid to market participants providing liquidity, in the case of C2, BZX, EDGX, and Cboe Europe Limited, as cost of revenue. BYX and EDGA offer a pricing model pursuant to which we rebate liquidity takers for executing against an order resting on our book, which is also recorded as a cost of revenue.

## Routing and Clearing

Various rules require that U.S. options and equities trade executions occur at the National Best Bid/Offer ("NBBO") displayed by any exchange. Linkage order routing consists of the cost incurred to provide a service whereby Cboe equities and options exchanges deliver orders to other execution venues when there is a potential for obtaining a better execution price or when instructed to directly route an order to another venue by the order provider. The service affords exchange order flow providers an opportunity to obtain the best available execution price and may also result in cost

benefits to those clients. Such an offering improves our competitive position and provides an opportunity to attract orders which would otherwise bypass our exchanges. We utilize third-party brokers or our broker-dealer, Cboe Trading, to facilitate such delivery.

#### Section 31 Fees

Exchanges under the authority of the SEC (Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA) are assessed fees pursuant to the Exchange Act designed to recover the costs to the U.S. government of supervision and regulation of securities markets and securities professionals. We treat these fees as a pass-through charge to customers executing eligible listed equities and listed equity options trades. Accordingly, we recognize the amount that we are charged under Section 31 as a cost of revenues and the corresponding amount that we charge our customers as regulatory transaction fees revenue. Since the regulatory transaction fees recorded in revenues are equal to the Section 31 fees recorded in cost of revenues, there is no impact on our operating income. CFE, Cboe Europe Limited and Cboe FX are not U.S. national securities exchanges, and accordingly are not charged Section 31 fees.

#### Royalty Fees

Royalty fees primarily consist of license fees paid by us for the use of underlying indices in our proprietary products usually based on contracts traded. The Company has licenses with the owners of the S&P 500 Index, S&P 100 Index and certain other S&P indices, FTSE Russell indices, the DJIA, MSCI, and certain other index products. This category also includes fees related to the dissemination of market data related to S&P indices and PULse system terminal fees.

## **Components of Operating Expenses**

#### Compensation and Benefits

Compensation and benefits represent our largest expense category and tend to be driven by our staffing requirements, financial performance, and the general dynamics of the employment market. Stock-based compensation is a non-cash expense related to equity awards. Stock-based compensation can vary depending on the quantity and fair value of the award on the date of grant and the related service period.

#### **Depreciation and Amortization**

Depreciation and amortization expense results from the depreciation of long-lived assets purchased and the amortization of purchased and internally developed software, and the amortization of intangible assets.

## Technology Support Services

Technology support services consists primarily of costs related to the maintenance of computer equipment supporting our system architecture, circuits supporting our wide area network, support for production software, fees paid to information vendors for displaying data and off-site system hosting fees.

### **Professional Fees and Outside Services**

Professional fees and outside services consist primarily of consulting services, which include: supplemental staff activities primarily related to systems development and maintenance, legal, regulatory and audit, and tax advisory services.

#### Travel and Promotional Expenses

Travel and promotional expenses primarily consist of advertising, costs for special events, sponsorship of industry conferences, options education seminars and travel-related expenses.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Facilities Costs

Facilities costs primarily consist of expenses related to owned and leased properties including rent, maintenance, utilities, real estate taxes and telecommunications costs.

## **Acquisition-Related Costs**

Acquisition-related costs relate to acquisitions and other strategic opportunities, including the Merger. The acquisition-related costs include fees for investment banking advisors, lawyers, accountants, tax advisors, public relations firms, severance and retention costs, impairment of goodwill, capitalized software and facilities, and other external costs directly related to the mergers and acquisitions, as well as compensation-related expenses.

#### Other Expenses

Other expenses represent costs necessary to support our operations that are not already included in the above categories.

#### **Non-Operating Income (Expense)**

Income and expenses incurred through activities outside of our core operations are considered non-operating and are classified as other income (expense). These activities primarily include interest earned on the investing of excess cash, interest expense related to outstanding debt facilities, dividend income, income and unrealized gains and losses related to investments held in a rabbi trust for the Company's non-qualified retirement and benefit plans, and equity earnings or losses from our investments in other business ventures.

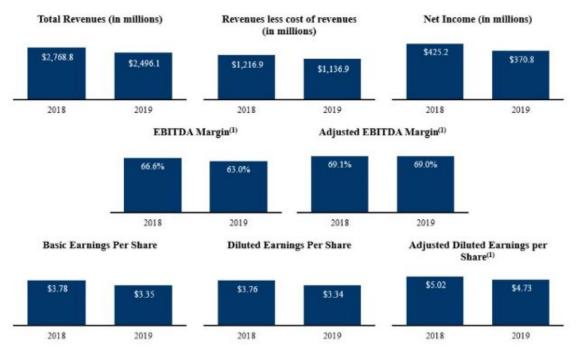
## **Results of Operations**

The following are summaries of changes in financial performance and include certain non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financials measures assist management in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision making by removing the impact of certain items management believes do not reflect our underlying operations. Please see the footnotes below for additional information and reconciliations from our consolidated financial statements.

## Comparison of Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

## Overview

The following summarizes changes in financial performance for the year ended December 31, 2019, compared to the year ended December 31, 2018:



(1) These are Non-GAAP figures for which reconciliations are provided below.

		Year I					
		Decem	ber 31,	,		Increase/	Percent
		2019		2018	(	Decrease)	Change
	(in	millions, exce	pt per	centages, earn	ings p	er share, and as n	oted below)
Total revenues	\$	2,496.1	\$	2,768.8	\$	(272.7)	(9.8)%
Total cost of revenues		1,359.2		1,551.9		(192.7)	(12.4)%
Revenues less cost of revenues		1,136.9		1,216.9		(80.0)	(6.6)%
Total operating expenses		599.7		617.5		(17.8)	(2.9)%
Operating income	<u></u>	537.2		599.4		(62.2)	(10.4)%
Income before income tax provision		501.4		571.2		(69.8)	(12.2)%
Income tax provision		130.6		146.0		(15.4)	(10.5)%
Net income	\$	370.8	\$	425.2	\$	(54.4)	(12.8)%
Basic earnings per share	\$	3.35	\$	3.78	\$	(0.43)	(11.4)%
Diluted earnings per share		3.34		3.76		(0.42)	(11.1)%
EBITDA(1)	\$	715.8	\$	810.3	\$	(94.5)	(11.7)%
EBITDA margin(2)		63.0 %		66.6 %		(3.6)%	*
Adjusted EBITDA(1)	\$	784.1	\$	840.4	\$	(56.3)	(6.7)%
Adjusted EBITDA margin(3)		69.0 %		69.1 %		(0.1)%	*
Adjusted earnings(4)	\$	528.6	\$	563.4	\$	(34.8)	(6.2)%
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		111.8		112.2		(0.4)	(0.4)%
Adjusted Diluted earnings per share(5)	\$	4.73	\$	5.02	\$	(0.29)	(5.8)%

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

- (1) EBITDA is defined as income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA before acquisition-related costs, provision for notes receivable, loss on disposal of data processing software, change in fair value of contingent consideration, and impairment charges attributed to noncontrolling interest. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA do not represent, and should not be considered as, alternatives to net income as determined in accordance with GAAP. We have presented EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA because we consider them important supplemental measures of our performance and believe that they are frequently used by analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies. In addition, we use adjusted EBITDA as a measure of operating performance for preparation of our forecasts and evaluating our leverage ratio for the debt to earnings covenant included in our outstanding credit facility. Other companies may calculate EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA differently than we do. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP.
- (2) EBITDA margin represents EBITDA divided by revenues less cost of revenues.
- (3) Adjusted EBITDA margin represents adjusted EBITDA divided by revenues less cost of revenues.
- (4) Adjusted earnings is defined as net income adjusted for amortization of purchased intangibles, acquisition-related costs, provision for notes receivable, change in fair value of contingent consideration, change in redemption value of noncontrolling interest, tax provision re-measurements, impairment charges attributed to noncontrolling interest, and net income allocated to participating securities, net of the income tax effects of these adjustments. Adjusted earnings does not represent, and should not be considered as, an alternative to net income, as determined in accordance with GAAP. We have presented adjusted earnings because we consider it an important supplemental measure of our performance and we use it as the basis for monitoring our own core operating financial performance relative to other operators of exchanges. We also believe that it is frequently used by analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies. We believe that investors may find this non-GAAP measure useful in evaluating our performance compared to that of peer companies in our industry. Other companies may calculate adjusted earnings differently than we do. Adjusted earnings has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP.
- (5) Adjusted diluted earnings per share represents adjusted earnings divided by diluted weighted average shares outstanding.

The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) allocated to common stockholders to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA:

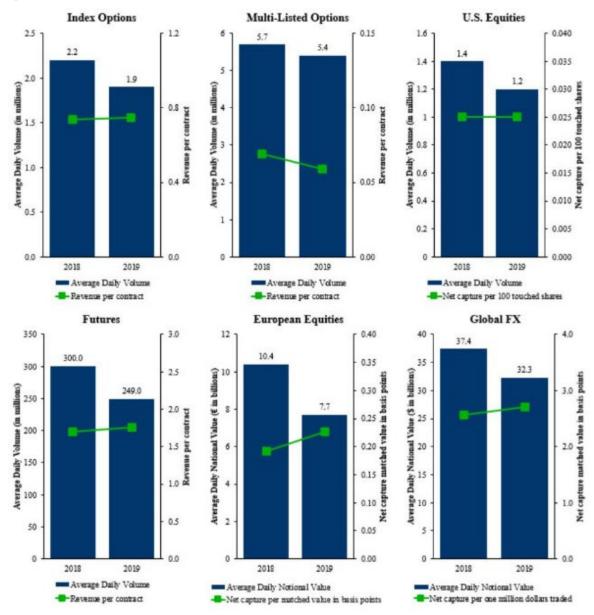
				Year I	Inded De	cen	ıber 31,		
					2019	1			
			U.S.		Europea				
	(	Options	Equities	Futures			Global FX Co	rporate	Total
					(in millio	ons	)		
Net income (loss) allocated to common stockholders	\$	202.7 \$	111.8	\$ 45.5	\$ 18.	.3 5	(5.0)\$	(0.6)\$	372.7
Interest		_	_	_	(0.	.4)		36.3	35.9
Income tax provision (benefit)		124.8	20.2	37.4	3.	.2	0.1	(55.1)	130.6
Depreciation and amortization		38.5	76.0	2.5	28.	.7	29.9	1.0	176.6
EBITDA		366.0	208.0	85.4	49.	.8	25.0	(18.4)	715.8
Acquisition-related costs		20.5	_	_	1.	.7	0.3	26.0	48.5
Provision for notes receivable		6.1	17.3	_	-	_	_	_	23.4
Impairment charges attributable to noncontrolling interest		_	_	_	_	_	_	(3.6)	(3.6)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	392.6 \$	225.3	\$ 85.4	\$ 51.	.5 5	\$ 25.3 \$	4.0 \$	784.1

	Year Ended December 31,												
					2018								
	U.S. European												
	Options	s l	Equities	Futures	Equities	Global FX C	orporate	Total					
					(in million	is)							
Net income (loss) allocated to common stockholders	\$ 267.	5 \$	120.5	\$ 42.7	\$ 19.2	\$ (11.8)\$	(16.0)\$	422.1					
Interest	(0.	5)	_	_	(0.2	) —	38.9	38.2					
Income tax provision (benefit)	132.	7	19.5	42.8	4.8	0.1	(53.9)	146.0					
Depreciation and amortization	46.	4	87.1	2.2	31.3	34.6	2.4	204.0					
EBITDA	446.	1	227.1	87.7	55.1	22.9	(28.6)	810.3					
Acquisition-related costs	15.	4	_	_	1.5	0.1	13.0	30.0					
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		_	_	_	_	0.1	_	0.1					
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 461.	5 \$	227.1	\$ 87.7	\$ 56.6	\$ 23.1 \$	(15.6)\$	840.4					

The following is a reconciliation of net income allocated to common stockholders to adjusted earnings:

	 Year Ended	Decen	nber 31,
	2019		2018
	(in mi	illions	)
Net income allocated to common stockholders	\$ 372.7	\$	422.1
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	138.5		160.6
Acquisition-related costs	48.5		30.0
Provision for notes receivable	23.4		_
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	_		0.1
Change in redemption value of noncontrolling interest	0.5		1.3
Tax effect of adjustments	(50.7)		(49.4)
Tax provision re-measurements			(0.4)
Impairment charges attributed to noncontrolling interest	(3.6)		
Net income allocated to participating securities	(0.7)		(0.9)
Adjusted earnings	\$ 528.6	\$	563.4

The following summarizes changes in certain operational and financial metrics for the year ended December 31, 2019, compared to the year ended December 31, 2018:



Average daily volume (ADV) (in millions of contracts):				Ended		Increase/		Percent	
Note   Part			2019 201		2018	2018 (I		Change	
Name			(in millions.	except	ding	days, and as noted	below)		
Total contracts									
Market ADV	Average daily volume (ADV) (in millions of contracts):								
Index contract ADV   1.9   2.2   (0.3)   1.0								(7.6)%	
Multi-Listed contract ADV   S.4   S.7   (0.3)     Number of trading days   S.2   S.5   S.   C.0.23     Number of trading days   S.   C.0.23   S.   C.0.23     Multi-Listed Options RPC (1)   C.0.23   C.0.23   C.0.23   C.0.23     Multi-Listed Options RPC (1)   C.0.24   C.0.25   C.0.23   C.0.23     Multi-Listed Options RPC (1)   C.0.24   C.0.25   C.0.25   C.0.25   C.0.25     Market share   S.   S.   S.   S.   S.   S.   S.   S								(5.4)%	
Number of trading days								(13.6)%	
Total Options revenue per contract (RPC) (1)							(0.3)	(5.3)%	
Multi-Listed Options RPC (1)         0.059         0.069         (0.010)           Index Options RPC (1)         0.746         0.736         0.010           Market share         37.7 % 38.5 %         (0.8)%           U.S. Equities:           Total touched shares (in billions)         1.2         1.4         (0.2)           Market ADV (in billions)         7.0         7.3         (0.3)           Trading days         252         251         1.0           Market share         16.3 %         18.4 %         (2.1)%           U.S. Eighties (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)         5 0.025         5 0.02	Number of trading days		252		251		1	0.4 %	
Index Options PC (1)	Total Options revenue per contract (RPC) (1)	\$	0.235	\$	0.258	\$	(0.023)	(8.9)%	
Market share       37.7 %       38.5 %       (0.8)%         U.S. Equities:         Total touched shares (in billions)       1.2       1.4       (0.2)         Market ADV (in billions)       7.0       7.3       (0.3)         Trading days       252       251       1.0         Market share       16.3 %       18.4 %       (2.1)%         U.S. Etps: lace (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)       \$ 0.025       \$ 0.025       \$ —         U.S. Etps: lacenches (number of launches)       57       61       (4.0)         U.S. Etps: listings (number of listings)       533       290       63         Futres:         ADV (in thousands)       249.0       30.0       (51.0)         Trading days       252       252       —         Revenue per contract       \$ 1.756       \$ 1.694       \$ 0.062         European Equities:         ADNV:       Market ADNV (in billions)       € 7.7 € 10.4 € (2.7)         Market ADNV (in billions)       37.9       46.5       (8.6)         Trading days       256       256       256       —         Market ADNV (in billions)       37.9       46.5       (8.6)	Multi-Listed Options RPC (1)		0.059		0.069		(0.010)	(14.5)%	
U.S. Equities:   ADV:   Total touched shares (in billions)	Index Options RPC (1)		0.746		0.736		0.010	1.4 %	
ADV:       Total touched shares (in billions)       1.2       1.4       (0.2)         Market ADV (in billions)       7.0       7.3       (0.3)         Trading days       252       251       1.0         Market ADV       16.3       18.4       (2.1)%         U.S. Ethis (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)       \$ 0.025       \$ 0.025       \$ 0.025       \$ −         U.S. Ethis, lsumber of launches)       57       61       (4.0)       4.0       <	Market share		37.7 %	0	38.5 %		(0.8)%	*	
Total touched shares (in billions)         1.2         1.4         (0.2)           Market ADV (in billions)         7.0         7.3         (0.3)           Trading days         252         251         1.0           Market share         16.3 %         18.4 %         (2.1%           U.S. Equities (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.005 <td< td=""><td>U.S. Equities:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	U.S. Equities:								
Market ADV (in billions)         7.0         7.3         (0.3)           Trading days         252         251         1.0           U.S. Equities (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.025         \$           U.S. ETPs: launches (number of launches)         57         61         (4.0)           U.S. ETPs: listings (number of listings)         353         290         63           ***********************************	ADV:								
Trading days         252         251         1.0°           Market share         16.3 %         18.4 %         (2.1)%           U.S. Equities (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.025         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.002         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.002         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.002         \$ 0.062         \$ 0.002         \$ 0.052         \$ 0.052         \$ 0.052         \$ 0.052 </td <td>Total touched shares (in billions)</td> <td></td> <td>1.2</td> <td></td> <td>1.4</td> <td></td> <td>(0.2)</td> <td>(14.3)%</td>	Total touched shares (in billions)		1.2		1.4		(0.2)	(14.3)%	
Market share         16.3 %         18.4 %         (2.1)%           U.S. Etputies (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)         \$ 0.025 \$ 0.025 \$ 0.025 \$ 0.025         \$ −           U.S. ETPs: launches (number of launches)         57 61 (4.0)         (4.0)           U.S. ETPs: listings (number of listings)         353 290 63           Esturences (number of listings)         249.0 300.0 (51.0)           ADV (in thousands)         249.0 300.0 (51.0)           Trading days         1,756 \$ 1.694 \$ 0.062           European Equities:           ADNV:         8 7.7 € 10.4 € (2.7)           Market ADNV (in billions)         6 7.7 € 10.4 € (2.7)           Market ADNV (in billions)         37.9 44.5 € (8.6)           Trading days         256 256 €           Market share         20.2 % 21.3 % (2.1)%           European Equities (net capture per matched notional value in basis points)(3)         0.227 € 0.192 € 0.035           Average Euro/British pound exchange rate         £ 0.87 £ 0.84 £ (0.007)           Global FX:         4 0.007           ADNV (in billions)         5 32.3 \$ 37.4 \$ (5.1)           Trading days	Market ADV (in billions)		7.0		7.3		(0.3)	(4.1)%	
Market share         16.3 %         18.4 %         (2.1)%           U.S. Equities (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)         \$ 0.025 S         0.027 S         0.025 S         0.025 S         0.027 S         0.025 S         0.025 S         0.027 S         0.025 S         0.027 S         0.025 S	Trading days		252		251		1.0	0.4 %	
U.S. ETPs: launches (number of launches) U.S. ETPs: listings (number of launches) U.S. ETPs: listings (number of launches) U.S. ETPs: listings (number of listings)  Futures:  ADV (in thousands)  Account of the state of the st			16.3 %	Ó	18.4 %		(2.1)%	*	
U.S. ETPs: launches (number of launches) U.S. ETPs: listings (number of listings)  Futures:  ADV (in thousands)  249, 300, 51,0)  Trading days  Revenue per contract  European Equities:  ADNV:  Market ADNV (in billions)  6 7,7 € 10,4 € 2,7  Abrillion 10,4 € 2,7  Market ADNV (in billions)  7 256 256 256 26,  8 267 26 26,  8 268,0  17 26 20,2 % 22,3 % 2,2 % 2,	U.S. Equities (net capture per one hundred touched shares)(2)	\$	0.025	\$	0.025	\$		— %	
Futures:           ADV (in thousands)         249.0         300.0         (51.0)           Trading days         252         252         -           Revenue per contract         \$ 1.756         \$ 1.694         \$ 0.062           Europea Equities:         ***********************************			57		61		(4.0)	(6.6)%	
Futures:           ADV (in thousands)         249.0         300.0         (51.0)           Trading days         252         252         -           Revenue per contract         \$ 1.756         \$ 1.694         \$ 0.062           Europea Equities:         ***********************************	U.S. ETPs: listings (number of listings)		353		290		63	21.7 %	
Trading days         252         252         ————————————————————————————————————									
Revenue per contract         \$ 1.756         \$ 1.694         \$ 0.062           European Equities:         Strong an Equities (and touched ADNV (in billions)         € 7.7         € 10.4         € (2.7)         € (2.7)         Market ADNV (in billions)         37.9         46.5         (8.6)         —         6         7.7         € 256         256         —         —         4         0.227         0.192         0.035         0.227         0.192         0.035         0.035         0.005<	ADV (in thousands)		249.0		300.0		(51.0)	(17.0)%	
Revenue per contract   S   1.756   S   1.694   S   0.062	Trading days		252		252		` _ ′	- %	
European Équities:           ADNV:         6         7.7         €         10.4         €         (2.7)           Matched and touched ADNV (in billions)         37.9         46.5         (8.6)           Market ADNV (in billions)         256         256         —           Market share         20.2         %         22.3         %         (2.1)%           Buryopean Equities (net capture per matched notional value in basis points)(3)         0.227         0.192         0.035           Average Euro/British pound exchange rate         £         0.87         £         0.84         £         (0.007)           Global FX:         ADNV (in billions)         \$         32.3         \$         37.4         \$         (5.1)           Trading days         259         259         —         —		\$	1.756	S	1.694	S	0.062	3.7 %	
ADNV:  Matched and touched ADNV (in billions)  \$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc									
Market ADNV (in billions)     37.9     46.5     (8.6)       Trading days     256     256     256     256     256     256     256     256     256     256     256     256     256     250     22.3 %     (2.1)%       Buryoean Equities (net capture per matched notional value in basis points)(3)     0.227     0.192     0.035       Average Euro/British pound exchange rate     £ 0.877     £ 0.884     £ 0.007       Global FX:     8     32.3     \$ 37.4     \$ (5.1)       Trading days     259     259     —									
Market ADNV (in billions)         37.9         46.5         (8.6)           Trading days         256         256         256         (2.1)%           Market share         20.2         22.3         (2.1)%           European Equities (net capture per matched notional value in basis points)(3)         0.227         0.192         0.035           Average Euro/British pound exchange rate         £ 0.877         £ 0.884         £ (0.007)           Global FX:         ADNV (in billions)         \$ 32.3         \$ 37.4         \$ (5.1)           Trading days         259         259         —	Matched and touched ADNV (in billions)	€	7.7	€	10.4	€	(2.7)	(26.0)%	
Trading days         256         256         —           Market share         20.2 %         22.3 %         (2.1)%           European Equities (net capture per matched notional value in basis points)(3)         0.227         0.192         0.035           Average Euro/British pound exchange rate         £ 0.877 £ 0.884 £ (0.007)           Global FX:         S         32.3 \$ 3.74 \$ (5.1)           Trading days         259         259         —			37.9		46.5			(18.5)%	
Market share         20.2 %         22.3 %         (2.1)%           European Equities (net capture per matched notional value in basis points)(3)         0.227         0.192         0.035           Average Euro/British pound exchange rate         £         0.87         £         0.84         £         (0.007)           Global FX:         TADNY (in billions)         \$         32.3         \$         37.4         \$         (5.1)           Trading days         259         259         —         —							-	- %	
Average Euro/British pound exchange rate       £       0.877       £       0.884       £       (0.007)         Global FX:       ADNV (in billions)         ADNV (in billions)       \$       32.3       \$       37.4       \$       (5.1)         Trading days       259       259       —				Ó			(2.1)%	*	
Average Euro/British pound exchange rate       £       0.877       £       0.884       £       (0.007)         Global FX:       ADNV (in billions)         ADNV (in billions)       \$       32.3       \$       37.4       \$       (5.1)         Trading days       259       259       —								18.2 %	
Global FX:         32.3         37.4         (5.1)           ADNV (in billions)         259         259         —		£		£		£		(0.8)%	
ADNV (in billions) \$ 32.3 \$ 37.4 \$ (5.1) Trading days 259 259 —							()	(***)**	
Trading days 259 259 —		s	32.3	S	37.4	S	(5.1)	(13.6)%	
		Ψ						— %	
Global FX (net capture per one million dollars traded)(4) 2.71 2.56 0.15	Global FX (net capture per one million dollars traded)(4)		2.71		2.56		0.15	5.9 %	
Average British pound/U.S. dollar exchange rate \$ 1.277 \$ 1.335 \$ (0.058)		S		S		S		(4.3)%	

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

- (1) Revenue per contract represents transaction fees less liquidity payments and routing and clearing costs divided by total contracts traded during the period.
- (2) Net capture per one hundred touched shares refers to transaction fees less liquidity payments and routing and clearing costs divided by the product of one-hundredth ADV of touched shares on BZX, BYX, EDGX and EDGA and the number of trading days for the period.
- (3) Net capture per matched notional value in basis points refers to transaction fees less liquidity payments in British pounds divided by the product of ADNV in British pounds of shares matched on Cboe Europe Limited and the number of trading days for the period.
- (4) Net capture per one million dollars traded refers to net transaction fees, divided by the product of one-millionth of ADNV traded on the Cboe FX market, the number of trading days, and two, which represents the buyer and seller that are both charged on the transaction for the period.

#### Revenues

Total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2019 decreased \$272.7 million, or 9.8%, compared to the prior period primarily due to a \$270.7 million, or 13.6% decrease in transaction fees as a result of a decline in overall market volumes across all segments. The following summarizes changes in revenues for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018:

		Year					
		Decem	ber	31,	Increase/		Percent
	_	2019 2018				ecrease)	Change
		(in					
Transaction fees	\$	1,716.2	\$	1,986.9	\$ (	(270.7)	(13.6)%
Access and capacity fees		221.9		211.0		10.9	5.2 %
Market data fees		213.5		204.0		9.5	4.7 %
Regulatory fees		311.7		333.9		(22.2)	(6.6)%
Other revenue		32.8		33.0		(0.2)	(0.6)%
Total revenues	\$	2,496.1	\$	2,768.8	\$ (	(272.7)	(9.8)%

#### Transaction Fees

Transaction fees decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a 2.1% point decline in market share and a 4.1% decline in market ADV within the U.S. Equities segment, and a 5.4% decline in overall options market ADV, including a 13.6% decrease in index options ADV. Also contributing to the decline was an 18.5% decrease in European Equities ADNV, coupled with a 2.1% point decline in market share, partially offset by an 18.2% increase in net capture, as well as a 17.0% decline in Futures ADV.

#### Access and Capacity Fees

Access and capacity fees increased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to an increase in subscribers on Cboe Options and the U.S. Equities exchanges.

### Market Data Fees

Market data fees increased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to an increase of \$12.9 million within the Options segment as the result of an increase in subscribers, partially offset by a \$3.3 million decline in tape plan market data revenue within the U.S. Equities segment as the result of a decline in market share.

#### Regulatory Fees

Regulatory transaction fees decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a decline in volumes in the U.S. Equities segment, partially offset by an increase in the average Section 31 fee rate for 2019 and increased fines and assessments.

### Other Revenue

Other revenue was relatively flat for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018.

## Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues decreased in the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018 primarily due to lower liquidity payments driven by a decrease in volumes traded on the U.S. Equities, Options, and European Equities exchanges, as well as a decrease in Section 31 fees within the U.S. Equities segment of \$30.6 million. The following summarizes changes in cost of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the prior year:

	Year Decem			Increase/	Percent
	2019		2018	(Decrease)	Change
	(in	mill	ions, excep	t percentages)	
Liquidity payments	\$ 964.7	\$	1,113.0	\$ (148.3)	(13.3)%
Routing and clearing	35.8		39.1	(3.3)	(8.4)%
Section 31 fees	271.4		302.4	(31.0)	(10.3)%
Royalty fees	86.8		97.4	(10.6)	(10.9)%
Other	0.5		_	0.5	100.0 %
Total	\$ 1,359.2	\$	1,551.9	\$ (192.7)	(12.4)%

#### Liquidity Payments

Liquidity payments decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a decrease in volumes traded on the U.S. Equities, Options, and European Equities exchanges.

## Routing and Clearing

The decrease in routing and clearing fees for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018 was primarily due to a decrease in routed shares in the U.S. Equities segment and a decrease in fees per routed contract in the Options segment.

## Section 31 Fees

Section 31 fees decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a decline in volumes in the U.S. Equities segment, partially offset by an increase in the average Section 31 fee rate for 2019.

### Royalty Fees

Royalty fees decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to lower trading volumes in licensed products in 2019.

#### Revenues Less Cost of Revenues

Revenues less cost of revenues decreased \$80.0 million, or 6.6%, in the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a \$119.1 million, or 14.3%, decrease in transaction fees less liquidity payments and routing and clearing costs, partially offset by an increase in access and capacity fees and an increase in market data fees.

The following summarizes the components of revenues less cost of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2019, presented as a percentage of revenues less cost of revenues and compared to the prior year:

						Percenta Revenues Cost o Revenu	Less of
		Year			D	Year En	
	_	Decem 2019	ber	2018	Percent Change	December 2019	2018
			(	in millions,	except percen	tages)	
Transaction fees less liquidity payments and routing and clearing							
costs	\$	715.7	\$	834.8	(14.3)%	63.0 %	68.6 %
Access and capacity fees		221.9		211.0	5.2 %	19.5 %	17.3 %
Market data fees		213.5		204.0	4.7 %	18.8 %	16.8 %
Regulatory fees, less Section 31 fees		40.3		31.5	27.9 %	3.5 %	2.6 %
Royalty fees		(86.8)		(97.4)	(10.9)%	(7.6)%	(8.0)%
Other		32.3		33.0	(2.1)%	2.8 %	2.7 %
Revenues less cost of revenues	\$	1,136.9	\$	1,216.9	(6.6)%	100.0 %	100.0 %

Transaction Fees Less Liquidity Payments and Routing and Clearing Costs

Transaction fees less liquidity payments and routing and clearing costs ("Net Transaction Fees") decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a 5.4% decline in overall options market ADV, including a 13.6% decrease in index options ADV, a 17.0% decrease in Futures ADV, a 2.1% point decline in market share and a 4.1% decline in market ADV within the U.S. Equities segment, and an 18.5% decrease in ADNV coupled with a 2.1% point decline in market share, partially offset by a 18.2% increase in net capture within the European Equities segment.

Access and Capacity Fees

Access and fees increased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to an increase in subscribers on Cboe Options and the U.S. Equities exchanges.

Market Data Fees

Market data fees increased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to an increase of \$12.9 million within the Options segment as the result of an increase in subscribers, partially offset by a \$3.3 million decline in tape plan market data revenue within the U.S. Equities segment as the result of a decline in market share.

Regulatory Fees, less Section 31 Fees

Regulatory fees, less Section 31 Fees, increased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to an increase in fines and assessment fees.

Royalty Fees

Royalty fees decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to lower trading volumes in licensed products in 2019.

Other

Other revenue was relatively flat for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018.

## **Operating Expenses**

For the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, total operating expenses decreased primarily due to a decline in compensation and benefits and depreciation and amortization, offset by an increase in other expenses and acquisition-related costs. The following summarizes changes in operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the prior year:

		Year	End	ed				
	December 31, 2019 2018		December 31,		31,		Increase/	Percent
				2018		(Decrease)	Change	
			(	in millions, exc	cept	percentages)		
Operating Expenses:								
Compensation and benefits	\$	199.0	\$	228.8	\$	(29.8)	(13.0)%	
Depreciation and amortization		176.6		204.0		(27.4)	(13.4)%	
Technology support services		46.2		47.9		(1.7)	(3.5)%	
Professional fees and outside services		68.3		68.3		_	— %	
Travel and promotional expenses		11.9		13.0		(1.1)	(8.5)%	
Facilities costs		11.0		11.5		(0.5)	(4.3)%	
Acquisition-related costs		48.5		30.0		18.5	61.7 %	
Change in contingent consideration		_		0.1		(0.1)	(100.0)%	
Other expenses		38.2		13.9		24.3	174.8 %	
Total operating expenses	\$	599.7	\$	617.5	\$	(17.8)	(2.9)%	

## Compensation and Benefits

Compensation and benefits decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a \$24.5 million decline in bonus expense, a \$8.1 million decrease in stock-based compensation primarily driven by forfeitures of unvested equity awards in the first quarter of 2019, and a \$1.6 million decrease in salaries and wages expense, partially offset by an increase in compensation expense for the deferred compensation plans of \$3.1 million.

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, due to a decline in amortization under the discounted cash flow method for the intangibles acquired in the Bats acquisition, as well as a change in the accounting classification for the Chicago headquarters building to held for sale, which resulted in depreciation ceasing on the building.

## Technology Support Services

Technology support services costs decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a decline in expenses related to data center hosting.

## Professional Fees and Outside Services

Professional and outside services fees were flat for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018.

## Travel and Promotional Expenses

Travel and promotional expenses decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a \$0.7 million reduction in travel expenses and a reduction in marketing expenses of \$0.2 million.

#### Facilities Costs

Facilities costs decreased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a \$1.2 million decline in rent expense and a \$0.5 million decline in repairs and maintenance expense, partially offset by a \$0.5 million increase in real estate taxes and a \$0.3 million increase in utilities expenses.

#### Acquisition-Related Costs

Acquisition-related costs increased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to an increase in severance costs, impairment charges recorded, which included the write down of goodwill attributed to a 2016 acquisition, a loss on disposal of data processing software recorded in the fourth quarter of 2019, and the write down of the Chicago headquarters location attributed to the reduction in employee workspace needed in Chicago as a result of the Bats acquisition. Acquisition-related costs include fees for investment banking advisors, lawyers, accountants, tax advisors, public relations firms, severance and retention costs, impairment of goodwill, capitalized software and facilities, and other external costs directly related to the mergers and acquisitions, as well as compensation-related expenses.

#### Other Expenses

Other expenses increased for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018, primarily due to a \$23.4 million provision for the notes receivable recorded in the fourth quarter of 2019 as a result of circumstances associated with the development of the consolidated audit trail.

#### **Operating Income**

As a result of the items above, operating income for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$537.2 million, compared to \$599.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, a decrease of \$62.2 million, or 10.4%.

#### Interest Expense, Net

Net interest expense decreased in the year ended December 31, 2019 as the outstanding debt balance decreased from \$1,215.4 million at December 31, 2018 to \$867.6 million at December 31, 2019.

#### Other Income, Net

Net other income decreased in the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018 due to the reversal of the \$8.8 million OCC dividend declared in 2018, which was to be paid in 2019, as a result of the SEC's disapproval of the prior OCC capital plan during the first quarter of 2019.

## Income Before Income Tax Provision

As a result of the above, income before income tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$501.4 million compared to \$571.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, a decrease of \$69.8 million, or 12.2%.

## Income Tax Provision

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the income tax provision was \$130.6 million compared with \$146.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, a decrease of \$15.4 million, primarily due to the decrease in income before income tax provision. The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2019 was 26.0%, compared to a rate of 25.6% for the year ended December 31, 2018.

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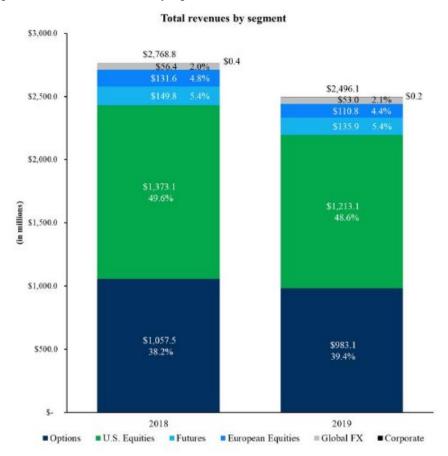
#### Net Income

As a result of the items above, net income for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$370.8 million, or 32.6% of revenues less cost of revenues, compared to \$425.2 million, or 34.9% of revenues less cost of revenues, for the year ended December 31, 2018, a decrease of \$54.4 million, or 12.8%.

## **Segment Operating Results**

We report results from our five segments: Options, U.S. Equities, Futures, European Equities, and Global FX. Segment performance is primarily based on operating income (loss). We have aggregated all corporate costs, as well as other business ventures, within the Corporate Items and Eliminations as those activities should not be used to evaluate a segment's operating performance. All operating expenses that relate to activities of a specific segment have been allocated to that segment.

The following summarizes our total revenues by segment:

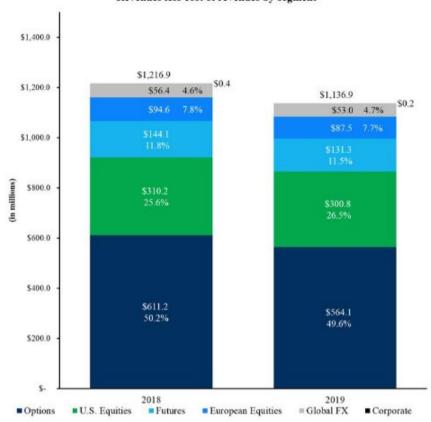


						Tota	l
						Reven	ues
		Year	End	ed		Year Er	ided
		Decem	ber	31,	Percent	Decembe	er 31,
	2	019		2018	Change	2019	2018
			(i	in millions,	except percer	itages)	
Options	\$	983.1	\$	1,057.5	(7.0)%	39.4 %	38.2 %
U.S. Equities	1,	,213.1		1,373.1	(11.7)%	48.6 %	49.6 %
Futures		135.9		149.8	(9.3)%	5.4 %	5.4 %
European Equities		110.8		131.6	(15.8)%	4.4 %	4.8 %
Global FX		53.0		56.4	(6.0)%	2.1 %	2.0 %
Corporate		0.2		0.4	(50.0)%	<b>—</b> %	<b>—</b> %
Total revenues	\$ 2	,496.1	\$	2,768.8	(9.8)%	100.0 %	100.0 %

Percentage of

The following summarizes our revenues less cost of revenues by segment:

## Revenues less cost of revenues by segment



		Year Decen			Percent	Percenta Total Rev less Cost of I Year En	enues Revenues ided
	_	2019	ibei	2018	Change	2019	2018
	_	2017	(		except percei		
Options	\$	564.1	\$	611.2	(7.7)%	49.6 %	50.2 %
U.S. Equities		300.8		310.2	(3.0)%	26.5 %	25.6 %
Futures		131.3		144.1	(8.9)%	11.5 %	11.8 %
European Equities		87.5		94.6	(7.5)%	7.7 %	7.8 %
Global FX		53.0		56.4	(6.0)%	4.7 %	4.6 %
Corporate		0.2		0.4	(50.0)%	— %	— %
Total revenues less cost of revenues	\$	1,136.9	\$	1,216.9	(6.6)%	100.0 %	100.0 %

## **Options**

The following summarizes revenues less cost of revenues, operating expenses, operating income, EBITDA and EBITDA margin for our Options segment:

			- Percent	of Tot Revent Year En	al 1es ded
2019		2018	Change	2019	2018
		(in millions,	except percen	tages)	
\$ 564.1	\$	611.2	(7.7)%	57.4 %	57.8 %
229.8		220.3	4.3 %	23.4 %	20.8 %
\$ 334.3	\$	390.9	(14.5)%	34.0 %	37.0 %
\$ 366.0	\$	446.1	(18.0)%	37.2 %	42.2 %
64.9 %	%	73.0 %	*	*	*
\$ \$ \$	Decen 2019  \$ 564.1 229.8 \$ 334.3 \$ 366.0	December 2019  \$ 564.1 \$ 229.8 \$ 334.3 \$	\$ 564.1 \$ 611.2 229.8 220.3 \$ 334.3 \$ 390.9 \$ 366.0 \$ 446.1	December 31,         Percent Change           2019         2018         Change           (in millions, except percent constraints)         (7.7)%           229.8         220.3         4.3 %           \$ 334.3         \$ 390.9         (14.5)%           \$ 366.0         \$ 446.1         (18.0)%	December 31,         Percent Change         December 2019           (in millions, except percentages)           \$ 564.1         \$ 611.2         (7.7)%         57.4 %           229.8         220.3         4.3 %         23.4 %           \$ 334.3         \$ 390.9         (14.5)%         34.0 %           \$ 366.0         \$ 446.1         (18.0)%         37.2 %

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

Revenue less cost of revenues decreased \$47.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to a 5.4% decrease in overall options market ADV, including a 13.6% decrease in index options ADV. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the operating income decreased \$56.6 million compared to the year ended December 31, 2018 due to lower revenues less cost of revenues. Operating expenses increased \$9.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, compared to the prior period, primarily due to the provision for notes receivable related to circumstances associated with the development of the consolidated audit trail recorded in the fourth quarter of 2019, coupled with increases in acquisition-related costs and higher compensation and benefits as a result of higher cost allocations and the loss on disposal of data processing software due to the migration of Cboe Options to the Bats technology platform in 2019, partially offset by a decrease in depreciation and amortization.

## U.S. Equities

The following summarizes revenues less cost of revenues, operating expenses, operating income, EBITDA and EBITDA margin for our U.S. Equities segment:

			Percent of Tot	0
			Reveni	
Year I	Ended		Year En	
Decem	ber 31,	Percent	Decembe	r 31,
2019	2018	Change	2019	2018
	(in millions,	except percent	ages)	
\$ 300.8	\$ 310.2	(3.0)%	24.8 %	22.6 %
168.3	169.7	(0.8)%	13.9 %	12.4 %
\$ 132.5	\$ 140.5	(5.7)%	10.9 %	10.2 %
\$ 208.0	\$ 227.1	(8.4)%	17.1 %	16.5 %
69.1 %	73.2 %	*	*	*
	\$ 300.8 168.3 \$ 132.5 \$ 208.0	\$ 300.8 \$ 310.2 168.3 169.7 \$ 132.5 \$ 140.5 \$ 208.0 \$ 227.1	December 31,         Percent Change           2019         2018         Change           (in millions, except percent         \$ 300.8         \$ 310.2         (3.0)%           168.3         169.7         (0.8)%           \$ 132.5         \$ 140.5         (5.7)%           \$ 208.0         \$ 227.1         (8.4)%	Year Ended   Percent   Percent   December 31,   Percent   2018   Percent   December 30,   Percent   Per

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

<sup>(1)</sup> See footnote (1) to the table under "Overview" above for a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, and management's reasons for using such non-GAAP measures.

<sup>(2)</sup> EBITDA margin represents EBITDA divided by revenues less cost of revenues.

<sup>(1)</sup> See footnote (1) to the table under "Overview" above for a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, and management's reasons for using such non-GAAP measures.

<sup>(2)</sup> EBITDA margin represents EBITDA divided by revenues less cost of revenues.

Revenue less cost of revenues decreased \$9.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to a 2.1% point decline in market share and 4.1% decrease in volumes. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the U.S. Equities segment's operating income decreased \$8.0 million compared to the year ended December 31, 2018 as a result of lower revenues less cost of revenues. Operating expenses remained flat for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to the provision for notes receivable related to circumstances associated with the development of the consolidated audit trail recorded in the fourth quarter of 2019, offset by decreases in depreciation and amortization, professional fees and outside services, and technology support services.

#### **Futures**

The following summarizes revenues less cost of revenues, operating expenses, operating income, EBITDA, and EBITDA margin for our Futures segment:

					Percent of Tot	
					Revent	ies
	Year E	nde	d		Year En	ded
	 Decemb	er 3	1,	Percent	Decembe	r 31,
	2019		2018	Change	2019	2018
		(	in millions,	except percen	tages)	
Revenues less cost of revenues	\$ 131.3	\$	144.1	(8.9)%	96.6 %	96.2 %
Operating expenses	48.2		58.4	(17.5)%	35.5 %	39.0 %
Operating income	\$ 83.1	\$	85.7	(3.0)%	61.1 %	57.2 %
EBITDA(1)	\$ 85.4	\$	87.7	(2.6)%	62.8 %	58.5 %
EBITDA margin(2)	65.0 %		60.9 %	*	*	*

Not meaningful

Revenue less cost of revenues decreased \$12.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to a 17.0% decline in Futures ADV, partially offset by a 3.7% increase in revenue per contract. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Futures segment's operating income decreased \$2.6 million compared to the year ended December 31, 2018 due to lower revenues less cost of revenues. Operating expenses decreased \$10.2 for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to a decline in compensation and benefits.

<sup>(1)</sup> See footnote (1) to the table under "Overview" above for a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, and management's reasons for using such non-GAAP measures.

<sup>(2)</sup> EBITDA margin represents EBITDA divided by revenues less cost of revenues.

## European Equities

The following summarizes revenues less cost of revenues, operating expenses, operating income, EBITDA and EBITDA margin for our European Equities segment:

				Percent of Tot	
			-	Revenu	ies
				Year En	ded
 Decemb	er 3	1,	Percent	Decembe	r 31,
 2019		2018	Change	2019	2018
	(	in millions, e	except percent	ages)	
\$ 87.5	\$	94.6	(7.5)%	79.0 %	71.9 %
67.2		70.5	(4.7)%	60.6 %	53.6 %
\$ 20.3	\$	24.1	(15.8)%	18.3 %	18.3 %
\$ 49.8	\$	55.1	(9.6)%	44.9 %	41.9 %
56.9 %		58.2 %	*	*	*
_	\$ 87.5 67.2 \$ 20.3 \$ 49.8	December 3 2019 (\$ 87.5 \$ 67.2 \$ 20.3 \$ \$ 49.8 \$	\$ 87.5 \$ 94.6 67.2 70.5 \$ 20.3 \$ 24.1 \$ 49.8 \$ 55.1	December 31, Percent Change           2019         2018         Change           (in millions, except percent           \$ 87.5         \$ 94.6         (7.5)%           67.2         70.5         (4.7)%           \$ 20.3         \$ 24.1         (15.8)%           \$ 49.8         \$ 55.1         (9.6)%	Year Ended   Percent   Percent   2019   2018   Change   To Specified

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

Revenue less cost of revenues decreased \$7.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to a 18.5% decline in European Equities ADNV, as well as a 2.1% point decline in market share and the exchange rate impact from British Pounds to U.S. Dollars, partially offset by a 18.2% increase in net capture. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the operating income decreased \$3.8 million compared to the year ended December 31, 2018 as a result of lower revenues less cost of revenues. Operating expenses decreased \$3.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to decreases in compensation and benefits and depreciation and amortization.

## Global FX

The following summarizes revenues less cost of revenues, operating expenses, operating income, EBITDA and EBITDA margin for our Global FX segment:

					Percent of Tot	
				_	Revenu	ies
	Year E	nde	d		Year En	ded
	Decemb	er 3	1,	Percent	Decembe	r 31,
	 2019		2018	Change	2019	2018
		(	(in millions,	except percent	ages)	
Revenues less cost of revenues	\$ 53.0	\$	56.4	(6.0)%	100.0 %	100.0 %
Operating expenses	57.9		68.1	(15.0)%	109.2 %	120.7 %
Operating loss	\$ (4.9)	\$	(11.7)	(58.1)%	(9.2)%	(20.7)%
EBITDA(1)	\$ 25.0	\$	22.9	9.2 %	47.2 %	40.6 %
EBITDA margin(2)	47.2 %		40.6 %	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

Revenue less cost of revenues decreased \$3.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to a 13.6% decline in Global FX ADNV during 2019. For the year ended

<sup>(1)</sup> See footnote (1) to the table under "Overview" above for a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, and management's reasons for using such non-GAAP measures.

<sup>(2)</sup> EBITDA margin represents EBITDA divided by revenues less cost of revenues.

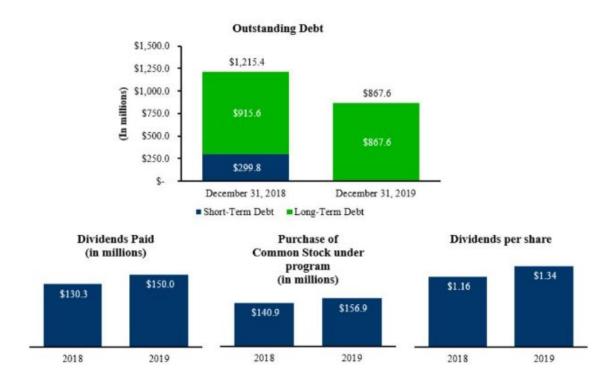
<sup>(1)</sup> See footnote (1) to the table under "Overview" above for a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, and management's reasons for using such non-GAAP measures.

<sup>(2)</sup> EBITDA margin represents EBITDA divided by revenues less cost of revenues.

December 31, 2019, the Global FX segment's operating loss decreased \$6.8 million compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, as a result of lower operating expenses. Operating expenses decreased \$10.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to the year ended December 31, 2018, primarily due to decreases in compensation and benefits and depreciation and amortization.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Below are charts that reflect our capital allocation:



We expect our cash on hand at December 31, 2019 and other available resources, including cash generated from operations, to be sufficient to continue to meet our cash requirements for the foreseeable future. In the near term, we expect that our cash from operations and availability under our revolving credit facility will meet our cash needs to fund our operations, capital expenditures, interest payments on debt, debt repayments, any dividends, potential strategic acquisitions, and opportunities for common stock repurchases under the previously announced program. We may also utilize excess cash on hand to pay down amounts outstanding under the Term Loan Agreement. See Note 13 ("Debt") of the consolidated financial statements for further information. Our long-term cash needs will depend on many factors, including an introduction of new products, enhancements of current products, the geographic mix of our business and any potential acquisitions. We believe our cash from operations and the availability under our revolving credit facility will meet any long-term needs unless a significant acquisition is identified, in which case we expect that we would be able to borrow the necessary funds to complete such an acquisition.

In February 2020, we acquired Hanweck Associates, LLC ("Hanweck"), a real-time risk analytics company based in New York, and the business of FT Providers, LLC, a portfolio management platform provider based in Chicago, commonly referred to as FT Options ("FT") with cash on hand.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks and all non-restricted, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2019 decreased

\$45.8 million from December 31, 2018 primarily due to share repurchases of \$156.9 million and dividends of \$150.0 million, offset by net income and other operating activities. See "Cash Flow" below for further discussion.

Our cash and cash equivalents held outside of the United States in various foreign subsidiaries totaled \$85.1 million and \$72.9 million as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The remaining balance was held in the United States and totaled \$144.1 million and \$202.2 million as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The majority of cash held outside the United States is available for repatriation, but under current law, could subject us to additional United States income taxes, less applicable foreign tax credits.

Our financial investments include deferred compensation plan assets, as well as investments with original or acquired maturities longer than three months but that mature in less than one year from the balance sheet date and are recorded at fair value. As of December 31, 2019 financial investments consisted of U.S. Treasury securities and deferred compensation plan assets.

#### Cash Flow

The following table summarizes our cash flow data for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017:

		F		ne Year En		
	December 31,					
		2019		2018		2017
			(i	n millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	632.8	\$	534.7	\$	374.4
Net cash used in investing activities		(15.9)		(25.6)		(1,436.5)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(662.9)		(371.6)		1,099.7
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		0.2		(5.9)		8.6
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(45.8)	\$	131.6	\$	46.2

#### Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities

During the year ended December 31, 2019, net cash provided by operating activities was \$262.0 million higher than net income. The variance is primarily attributed to the adjustment for depreciation expense of \$176.6 million, the change in accounts receivable of \$50.3 million, partially offset by the adjustment for provision of unpaid taxes of \$37.2 million, the changes in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$25.7 million, and other prepaid expenses of \$16.9 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$632.8 million and \$534.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The increase in net cash flows provided by operating activities was primarily due to decreases in accounts receivable and increases in income tax liability, and Section 31 fees payable, partially offset by the decline in net income.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$109.5 million higher than net income for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The primary adjustments were related to accounts receivable of \$70.3 million, income tax receivable of \$53.2 million, provision for deferred income taxes of \$47.7 million, and Section 31 fees payable of \$24.5 million, partially offset by \$204.0 million in depreciation and amortization, accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$46.8 million, income tax liability of \$36.1 million, and the recognition of stock-based compensation totaling \$35.1 million,

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$534.7 million and \$374.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The increase in net cash flows provided by operating activities was primarily due to higher net income.

## Net Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities

Net cash flows used in investing activities were \$15.9 million and \$25.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The variance is primarily due to the return of capital from investments, coupled with a

higher net cash impact of purchases and sales of available-for-sale investments, offset by purchases of property and equipment.

Net cash flows used in investing activities totaled \$25.6 million and \$1,436.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Expenditures for capital and other assets totaled \$36.3 million and \$37.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, primarily representing purchases of systems hardware and development of software to develop and enhance our trading platform and operations. In 2018, investing activities primarily represented purchases of property and equipment. In 2017, investing activities primarily represented our acquisition of Bats.

We expect to spend \$65 million to \$70 million in capital expenditures in 2020 for the headquarters office and trading floor relocations, software development, and general maintenance and ongoing enhancement of our data and telecommunications infrastructure.

# Net Cash Flows (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company paid down \$350.0 million of long-term debt, repurchased \$156.9 million of common stock, and paid dividends totaling \$150.0 million.

Net cash flows used in financing activities totaled \$371.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. For the year ended December 31, 2018, \$300.0 million was received in proceeds from long-term debt, offset by \$325.0 million in payments of long-term debt. Purchase of common stock totaled \$140.9 million, and dividends paid totaled \$130.3 million. Net cash flows provided by financing activities totaled \$1.1 billion for the year ended December 31, 2017. The \$1.4 billion decrease in net cash flows provided by financing activities resulted primarily from proceeds from long-term debt not recurring in 2018.

#### Financial Assets

The following summarizes our financial assets as of December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017:

	As of December 31,								
		2019		2018		2017			
	·								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	229.3	\$	275.1	\$	143.5			
Financial investments		71.0		35.7		47.3			
Less deferred compensation plan assets		(23.4)		_		_			
Less cash collected for Section 31 Fees		(69.0)		(53.1)		(70.5)			
Adjusted Cash(1)	\$	207.9	\$	257.7	\$	120.3			

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted Cash is a non-GAAP measure and represents cash and cash equivalents plus financial investments minus deferred compensation plan assets and cash collected for Section 31 fees. We have presented Adjusted Cash because we consider it an important supplemental measure of our liquidity and believe that it is frequently used by analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies.

#### Debt

The following summarizes our debt obligations as of December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017:

		As of December 31,								
	·	2019	20	)18		2017				
Debt:										
Term Loan Agreement	\$	225.0	\$	275.0	\$	300.0				
3.650% Senior Notes		650.0		650.0		650.0				
1.950% Senior Notes		_		300.0		300.0				
Revolving Credit Agreement		_		_		_				
Less unamortized discount and debt issuance costs		(7.4)		(9.6)		(12.1)				
Total debt	\$	867.6	\$ 1,	215.4	\$	1,237.9				

At December 31, 2019, we were in compliance with the covenants of our debt agreements.

In addition to the debt outstanding, as of December 31, 2019 we had an additional \$150.0 million available through our revolving credit facility, with the ability to borrow another \$100.0 million by increasing the commitments under the facility. Together with Adjusted Cash, we had \$357.9 million available to fund our operations, capital expenditures, potential acquisitions, debt repayments and any dividends as of December 31, 2019.

#### Dividends

The Company's expectation is to continue to pay dividends. The decision to pay a dividend, however, remains within the discretion of the Company's board of directors and may be affected by various factors, including our earnings, financial condition, capital requirements, level of indebtedness and other considerations our board of directors deems relevant. Future debt obligations and statutory provisions, among other things, may limit, or in some cases prohibit, our ability to pay dividends.

### Share Repurchase Program

In 2011, the board of directors approved an initial authorization for the Company to repurchase shares of its outstanding common stock of \$100 million and approved additional authorizations of \$100 million in each of 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016, \$150 million in February 2018, \$100 million in August 2018, and \$250 million in October 2019, for a total authorization of \$1.1 billion. The Company expects to fund repurchases primarily through the use of existing cash balances. The program permits the Company to purchase shares through a variety of methods, including in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions, in accordance with applicable securities laws. It does not obligate the Company to make any repurchases at any specific time or situation.

Under the program, for the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company repurchased 1,420,654 shares of common stock at an average cost per share of \$110.42, totaling \$156.9 million. Since inception of the program through December 31, 2019, the Company has repurchased 13,716,009 shares of common stock at an average cost per share of \$58.38, totaling \$800.8 million.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$299.2 million of availability remaining under its existing share repurchase authorizations.

### OCC Capital Plan

In December 2014, OCC announced a newly-formed capital plan, under which each of OCC's existing exchange stockholders agreed to contribute its pro-rata share, based on ownership percentage, of \$150 million in equity capital, which would increase OCC's shareholders' equity, and to provide its pro rata share in replenishment capital, up to a maximum of \$40 million per exchange stockholder, if certain capital thresholds were breached. OCC also adopted policies under the plan with respect to fees, customer refunds, and stockholder dividends, which envisioned an annual

dividend payment to the exchange stockholders. On March 3, 2015, in accordance with the plan, Cboe Options contributed \$30 million to OCC. That contribution has been recorded under investments in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The SEC initially issued a notice of no objection to OCC's advance notice filing regarding the capital plan and subsequently approved OCC's proposed rule filing for the capital plan, but certain petitioners appealed the SEC approval order to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit. The court ultimately remanded the matter to the SEC, and on February 13, 2019, the SEC issued an order disapproving the proposed rule change implementing OCC's capital plan. In an effort to achieve compliance with its target capital requirements in the absence of an approved capital plan, OCC (i) retained funds that otherwise would have been paid to stockholders as dividends and to clearing members as refunds with respect to 2018, and (ii) raised its clearing fees. In connection with the disapproval of the capital plan, OCC returned the capital that had been contributed by its shareholders under the disapproved plan (equal to \$30.0 million for Cboe Options) to the respective shareholders in 2019, of which \$22.0 million was returned to Cboe Options in the first quarter of 2019 and \$8.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2019. With each return of capital described in this paragraph, the Company also incurred a tax expense. OCC agreed to reimburse the Company for part of that tax liability and paid the Company \$1.1 million in the third quarter and \$0.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2019. OCC did not pay its shareholders any dividend or other return on the retained portion of their capital contributions. As such, the Company reversed the \$8.8 million OCC dividend declared in 2018, which was to be paid in 2019, in other income in the consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2019. The remaining contributed capital has been recorded under investments in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2019.

On January 24, 2020, upon receipt of SEC approval, OCC established a new capital management policy intended to replace the disapproved capital plan. The new capital management policy provides that, if OCC's equity capital falls below certain defined thresholds, OCC can access additional capital through an operational loss fee charged to clearing members. None of OCC's shareholders (including Cboe Options) has any obligation to contribute capital to OCC under the new capital management policy, nor does any shareholder have the right to receive dividends from OCC under such policy.

### Lease and Obligations

The Company currently leases additional office space, data centers and remote network operations center, with lease terms remaining from 4 months to 180 months as of December 31, 2019. In September 2019, we entered into two leases that will commence in 2020 for a new principal office space and trading floor space, both located in Chicago, Illinois.

Total rent expense related to current and former lease obligations for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 totaled \$12.4 million, \$10.1 million and \$7.6 million, respectively. In addition to our lease obligations, we have contractual obligations related to certain operating leases, data and telecommunications agreements, and our long-term debt outstanding. Future minimum payments under these leases and agreements were as follows as of December 31, 2019:

	Payments Due by Period											
	Less than											
	Total			Total 1 year				-5 years		5 years		
Contractual Obligations					(in	millions)						
Operating leases	\$	164.3	\$	11.3	\$	30.5	\$	25.9	\$	96.6		
Principal payments of debt		875.0		_		225.0				650.0		
Interest payments on debt		187.0		32.1		80.9		48.8		25.2		
Total	\$	1,226.3	\$	43.4	\$	336.4	\$	74.7	\$	771.8		

# **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### Guarantees

We use Wedbush and Morgan Stanley to clear our routed equities transactions in our U.S. Equities segment. Wedbush and Morgan Stanley guarantee the trade until one day after the trade date, after which time the NSCC provides a guarantee. In the case of failure to perform on the part of one of our clearing firms, Wedbush or Morgan Stanley, we provide the guarantee to the counterparty to the trade. OCC acts as a central counterparty on all transactions in listed equity options in our Options segment, and as such, guarantees clearance and settlement of all of our options transactions. We believe that any potential requirement for us to make payments under these guarantees is remote and accordingly, have not recorded any liability in the consolidated financial statements for these guarantees. Similarly, with respect to U.S. listed equity options and futures, we deliver matched trades of our customers to the OCC, which acts as a central counterparty on all transactions occurring on Cboe Options, C2, BZX, EDGX, and CFE and, as such, guarantees clearance and settlement of all of our matched options and futures trades.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of the amounts of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to areas that require a significant level of judgment or are otherwise subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience, observance of trends in particular areas, information available from outside sources and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Information from these sources form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that may not be readily apparent from other sources.

We have identified the policies below as critical to our business operations and the understanding of our results of operations. The impact of, and any associated risks related to, these policies on our business operations is discussed throughout "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." For a detailed discussion on the application of these and other accounting policies, see Note 2 ("Summary of Significant Accounting Policies") to our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# Revenue Recognition

For further discussion related to revenue recognition of fees, such as transaction fees and liquidity payments, access and capacity fees, market data fees, and regulation transaction and Section 31 fees, see Note 4 ("Revenue Recognition").

#### Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Our acquisitions of Bats, Cboe Vest Financial Group Inc. ("Vest"), Silexx Financial Systems, LLC ("Silexx"), and LiveVol resulted in the recording of goodwill and other intangible assets. In accordance with ASC 350—*Intangibles—Goodwill and Other*, we test the carrying values of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment at least annually, or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances signal indicators of impairment are present. We perform our annual impairment test of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets during the fourth quarter of our fiscal year, using the October 1 carrying values. Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level in accordance with ASC 350-20. If the carrying value of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss will be recognized in an amount equal to the excess. If the fair value of indefinite-lived intangible assets is less than their carrying value, an impairment loss will be recognized in an amount equal to the difference. We performed our annual goodwill impairment test as of October 1, 2019 and determined that no impairment existed.

The estimated fair values of our reporting units are based on the market approach and the income approach (using discounted estimated future cash flows). The estimated fair values of indefinite-lived intangibles used the income approach. The discounted cash flow analysis requires significant judgment, including judgments about the discount rate, anticipated revenue growth rate, and operating expenses, that are inherent in these fair value estimates over the estimated remaining operating period. As such, actual results may differ from these estimates and lead to a revaluation of our goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets. If updated estimates indicate that the fair value of goodwill or any indefinite-lived intangibles is less than the carrying value of the asset, an impairment charge is expected to be recorded in the consolidated statements of income in the period of the change in estimate.

### **Purchase Accounting**

Tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed in an acquired business are recorded at their estimated fair values on the date of acquisition. The difference between the purchase price amount and the net fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recognized as goodwill on the balance sheet if the purchase price exceeds the estimated net fair value or as a bargain purchase gain on the income statement if the purchase price is less than the estimated net fair value. Determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed requires management's judgment, often utilizes independent valuation experts and involves the use of significant estimates and assumptions with respect to the timing and amounts of future cash inflows and outflows, discount rates, market prices and asset lives, among other items. The judgments made in the determination of the estimated fair value assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, as well as the estimated useful life of each asset and the duration of each liability, could significantly impact the financial statements in periods after acquisition, such as through depreciation and amortization expense. When available, the estimated fair values of these assets and liabilities are determined based on observable inputs, such as quoted market prices, information from comparable transactions, offers made by other prospective acquirers, in such cases where we may have certain rights to acquire additional interests in existing investments, and the replacement cost of assets in the same condition or stage of usefulness (Level 1 and 2). Unobservable inputs, such as expected future cash flows or internally developed estimates of value (Level 3), are used if observable inputs are not available. As noted in ASC 805—Business Combinations, the allocation of the purchase price may be modified up to twelve months after the acquisition date as more information is obtained about the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. See Note 5 ("Acquisitions") for additional information.

### Stock-Based Compensation

We have historically granted stock-based compensation to our employees in the form of restricted stock units. With the acquisition of Bats, we also assumed Bats' grants of restricted stock and stock options to certain employees. We record the related stock-based compensation expense based on the grant date fair value calculated in accordance with the authoritative guidance issued by FASB. The Company used the Monte Carlo valuation model method to estimate the fair value of the total shareholder return performance share units, which incorporated the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate, three-year volatility, and three year correlation with S&P 500 Index. We recognize these stock-based compensation costs on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award. We recognized stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$21.8 million, \$35.1 million, and \$50.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. This expense is included in the compensation and benefits expense and acquisition related costs in the consolidated statements of income.

### Income Taxes

Deferred taxes are provided on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in our opinion, it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

The Company recognizes the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based upon the technical merits of the position. The

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tax benefit recognized in the consolidated financial statements from such a position is measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Also, interest and penalties expense is recognized on the full amount of deferred benefits for uncertain tax positions. The Company's policy is to include interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the income tax provision within the consolidated statements of income.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 3 ("Recent Accounting Pronouncements") to the consolidated financial statements for further discussion of recently adopted and recently issued accounting pronouncements that are applicable to the Company.

### Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

As a result of our operating activities, we are exposed to market risks such as foreign currency exchange rate risk, equity risk, credit risk, and interest rate risk. We have implemented policies and procedures to measure, manage and monitor and report risk exposures, which are reviewed regularly by management and our board of directors.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Our operations in Europe and Asia are subject to increased currency translation risk as revenues and expenses are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the British pound, Singapore dollar, Hong Kong dollar, and the Euro. We also have de minimis exposure to other foreign currencies, including the Swiss Franc, Norwegian Kroner, Swedish Krona and Danish Kroner.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, our exposure to foreign-denominated revenues and expenses is presented by primary foreign currency in the following table:

		Year Ended December 31, 2019						
	_	Bri						
		Euro (1) Pound (1 (in millions, except percentages)						
Foreign denominated % of:								
Revenues		0.3 %		4.0 %				
Cost of revenues		0.1 %	)	1.4 %				
Operating expenses		0.2 %	)	5.5 %				
Impact of 10% adverse currency fluctuation on:								
Revenues	\$	0.3	\$	4.3				
Cost of revenues		0.1		0.6				
Operating expenses		0.1		1.0				

<sup>(1)</sup> An average foreign exchange rate to the U.S. dollar for the period was used.

### **Equity Risk**

Our investment in European operations is exposed to volatility in currency exchange rates through translation of our net assets or equity to U.S. dollars. The assets and liabilities of our European business are denominated in British pounds or Euros. Fluctuations in currency exchange rates may create volatility in our reported results as we are required to translate foreign currency reported statements of financial condition and operational results into U.S. dollars for consolidated reporting. The translation of these non-U.S. dollar statements of financial condition into U.S. dollars for consolidated reporting results in a cumulative translation adjustment, which is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income) within stockholders' equity on our consolidated balance sheet.

Our primary exposure to this equity risk as of December 31, 2019 is presented by foreign currency in the following table:

Reitich

		)1 1ti5ii
	Po	ound (1)
	(in	millions)
Net equity investment in Cboe Europe	\$	727.9
Impact on consolidated equity of a 10% adverse currency fluctuation		72.8

<sup>(1)</sup> Converted to U.S. dollars using the foreign exchange rate of British pounds per U.S. dollar as of December 31, 2019.

#### Credit Risk

We are exposed to credit risk from third parties, including customers, counterparties and clearing agents. These parties may default on their obligations due to bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, operational failure or other reasons. We limit our exposure to credit risk by considering such risk when selecting the counterparties with which we make investments and execute agreements.

We do not have counterparty credit risk with respect to trades matched on our exchanges in the U.S. and Europe. With respect to listed equities, we deliver matched trades of our customers to the NSCC without taking on counterparty risk for those trades. NSCC acts as a central counterparty on all equity transactions occurring on BZX, BYX, EDGX and EDGA and, as such, guarantees clearance and settlement of all of our matched equity trades. Similarly, with respect to U.S. listed equity options and futures, we deliver matched trades of our customers to the OCC, which acts as a central counterparty on all transactions occurring on Cboe Options, C2, BZX, EDGX and CFE and, as such, guarantees clearance and settlement of all of our matched options and futures trades.

With respect to orders Cboe Trading routes to other markets for execution on behalf of our customers, Cboe Trading is exposed to some counterparty credit risk in the case of failure to perform on the part of our clearing firms, Morgan Stanley or Wedbush. Morgan Stanley and Wedbush guarantee trades until one day after the trade date, after which time NSCC provides a guarantee. Thus, Cboe Trading is potentially exposed to credit risk to the counterparty to a trade routed to another market center between the trade date and one day after the trade date in the event that Morgan Stanley or Wedbush fails. We believe that any potential requirement for us to make payments under these guarantees is remote and accordingly, have not recorded any liability in the consolidated financial statements for these guarantees.

Historically, we have not incurred any liability due to a customer's failure to satisfy its contractual obligations as counterparty to a system trade. Credit difficulties or insolvency, or the perceived possibility of credit difficulties or insolvency, of one or more larger or more visible market participants could also result in market-wide credit difficulties or other market disruptions.

We do not have counterparty credit risk with respect to institutional spot FX trades occurring on our platform because Cboe FX is not a counterparty to any FX transactions. All transactions occurring on our platform occur bilaterally between two banks or prime brokers as counterparties to the trade. While Cboe FX does not have direct counterparty risk, Cboe FX may suffer a decrease in transaction volume if a bank or prime broker experiences an event that causes other prime brokers to decrease or revoke the credit available to the prime broker experiencing the event. Therefore, Cboe FX may have risk that is related to the credit of the banks and prime brokers that trade FX on the Cboe FX platform.

We also have credit risk related to transaction fees that are billed in arrears to customers on a monthly basis. Our potential exposure to credit losses on these transactions is represented by the receivable balances in our balance sheet. Our customers are financial institutions whose ability to satisfy their contractual obligations may be impacted by volatile securities markets.

On a regular basis, we review and evaluate changes in the status of our counterparties' creditworthiness. Credit losses such as those described above could adversely affect our consolidated financial position and results of operations. Any such effects to date have been minimal.

### Interest Rate Risk

We have exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relating to our cash and cash equivalents, financial investments, and indebtedness. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, our cash and cash equivalents and financial investments were \$300.3 million and \$310.8 million, respectively, of which \$85.1 million and \$72.9 million is held outside of the United States in various foreign subsidiaries in 2019 and 2018, respectively. The remaining cash and cash equivalents and financial investments are denominated in U.S. dollars. We do not use our investment portfolio for trading or other speculative purposes. Due to the nature of these investments, we have not been exposed to, nor do we

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anticipate being exposed to, material risks due to changes in interest rates, assuming no change in the amount or composition of our cash and cash equivalents and financial investments.

As of December 31, 2019, we had \$875.0 million in outstanding debt, of which \$650.0 million relates to our Senior Notes, which bear interest at fixed interest rates. Changes in interest rates will have no impact on the interest we pay on fixed-rate obligations. The remaining amount outstanding of \$225.0 million relates to the Term Loan Agreement, which bears interest at fluctuating rates and, therefore, subjects us to interest rate risk. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates relating to the amounts outstanding under the Term Loan Agreement as of December 31, 2019 would decrease annual pre-tax earnings by \$2.3 million, assuming no change in the composition of our outstanding indebtedness. We are also exposed to changes in interest rates as a result of borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement, as this facility bears interest at fluctuating rates. As of December 31, 2019, there were no outstanding borrowings under our Revolving Credit Agreement. See Note 13 ("Debt") to the consolidated financial statements for a discussion of debt agreements.

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# Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.

#### **Opinion on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 21, 2020, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

### **Basis for Opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

### **Critical Audit Matter**

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Goodwill — US Equities, European Equities, and Global FX Reporting Units—and Indefinite-lived Intangible Assets — Refer to Notes 2 and 11 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

The Company's evaluation of goodwill for impairment involves the comparison of the fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. The Company's evaluation of indefinite-lived intangibles (i.e., trading registrations and licenses) for impairment involves the comparison of the aggregate fair value to carrying value. The Company determines the fair value of its reporting units using both income and market approaches, and the fair value of indefinite-lived intangibles

using an income approach. The determination of fair value using an income approach requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions related to future revenues. The goodwill balance was \$2.68 billion as of December 31, 2019, of which \$1,740.4 million, \$435.1 million, and \$267.2 million was allocated to the US Equities, European Equities, and Global FX reporting units, respectively. The indefinite-lived intangibles balance was \$850.4 million as of December 31, 2019. The fair values of the US Equities, European Equities, and Global FX reporting units, and the indefinite-lived intangibles exceeded their carrying values as of the measurement date and, therefore, no impairment was recognized.

Given the significant judgments made by management to estimate future revenues, auditing the future revenue assumptions for the US Equities, European Equities, and Global FX reporting units and indefinite-lived intangibles required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort, including the need to involve our fair value specialists, given the difference between the carrying value and the fair value for each.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the future revenue assumptions for the US Equities, European Equities, and Global FX reporting units and indefinite-lived intangibles included the following, among others:

- We tested the effectiveness of controls over goodwill and indefinite-lived intangibles, including those over the future revenue assumptions.
- We evaluated management's ability to accurately forecast future revenues by comparing actual revenues to management's historical forecasts.
- We evaluated the reasonableness of management's future revenue assumptions by:
  - o Comparing management's forecasts with:
    - Historical revenues.
    - Internal communications to management and the Board of Directors.
    - Forecasted information included in Company press releases, as well as analyst and industry reports of the Company and companies in its peer group.
  - Evaluated the impact of changes in the regulatory environment for exchanges and of industry developments on management's forecasts.
  - Evaluated the impact of changes in management's forecasts subsequent to October 1, 2019, the annual assessment date.
  - Performed sensitivity analyses to identify potential bias in the determination of the future revenue assumptions.
- With the assistance of our fair value specialists, we evaluated the reasonableness of the (1) valuation methodologies and (2) long-term revenue growth rates by:
  - o Testing the underlying source information and the mathematical accuracy of the calculations
  - Developing a range of independent estimates and comparing those to the long-term revenue growth rates selected by management.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP Chicago, Illinois February 21, 2020

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1973.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.

### **Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013) issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, of the Company and our report dated February 21, 2020, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

### **Basis for Opinion**

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

# **Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP Chicago, Illinois February 21, 2020

# Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2019 and 2018 (In millions, except share and per share data)

(in minors), except since and per since data)	Dec	cember 31, 2019	Dec	cember 31, 2018
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	229.3	\$	275.1
Financial investments		71.0		35.7
Accounts receivables, net		234.7		287.3
Income taxes receivable		56.8		70.4
Other current assets		15.8		15.2
Total Current Assets		607.6		683.7
Investments		61.2		86.2
Land		_		4.9
Property and equipment, net		47.0		71.7
Property held for sale		21.1		_
Operating lease right of use assets		53.4		_
Goodwill		2,682.1		2,691.4
Intangible assets, net		1,589.9		1,720.2
Other assets, net		51.6		62.9
Total Assets	\$	5,113.9	\$	5,321.0
Liabilities, Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest and Stockholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	171.9	\$	198.5
Section 31 fees payable		99.0		81.1
Deferred revenue		4.5		8.5
Income taxes payable		4.0		4.1
Current portion of long-term debt		_		299.8
Contingent consideration liability		2.2		3.9
Total Current Liabilities		281.6		595.9
Long-term debt		867.6		915.6
Income tax liability		135.9		114.9
Deferred income taxes		399.7		436.8
Non-current operating lease liabilities		46.7		_
Other non-current liabilities		26.8		7.4
Total Liabilities	\$	1,758.3	\$	2,070.6
Commitments and Contingencies	=	,	_	,
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest		_		9.4
Stockholders' Equity: Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2019 and December				
31, 2018  Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 325,000,000 shares authorized, 125,701,889 and 110,656,892 shares issued and outstanding, respectively at December 31, 2019 and 125,080,496 and 111,601,976 shares issued and outstanding, respectively at December 31, 2018		1.2		1.2
Common stock in treasury, at cost, 15,044,997 shares at December 31, 2019 and 13,478,520 shares at December 31, 2018		(887.1)		(720.1)
Additional paid-in capital		2,691.3		2,660.2
Retained earnings		1,512.6		1,288.2
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net		37.6		11.5
•		3,355.6		3,241.0
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$	5,113.9	\$	5,321.0
Total Liabilities, Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest, and Stockholders' Equity	Ф	3,113.9	φ	3,341.0

# Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Income Years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (In millions, except per share data)

		2019		2018		2017
Revenues:						
Transaction fees	\$	1,716.2	\$	1,986.9	\$	1,564.9
Access and capacity fees		221.9		211.0		181.6
Market data fees		213.5		204.0		164.5
Regulatory fees		311.7		333.9		291.5
Other revenue	_	32.8		33.0		26.6
Total revenues		2,496.1		2,768.8		2,229.1
Cost of revenues:						
Liquidity payments		964.7		1,113.0		849.7
Routing and clearing		35.8		39.1		37.6
Section 31 fees		271.4		302.4		260.0
Royalty fees		86.8		97.4		86.2
Other		0.5				
Total cost of revenues		1,359.2		1,551.9		1,233.5
Revenues less cost of revenues		1,136.9		1,216.9		995.6
Operating expenses:						
Compensation and benefits		199.0		228.8		201.4
Depreciation and amortization		176.6		204.0		192.2
Technology support services		46.2		47.9		42.1
Professional fees and outside services		68.3		68.3		66.0
Travel and promotional expenses		11.9		13.0		17.2
Facilities costs		11.0		11.5		10.3
Acquisition-related costs		48.5		30.0		84.4
Other expenses	_	38.2		14.0		10.1
Total operating expenses		599.7		617.5		623.7
Operating income		537.2		599.4		371.9
Non-operating (expenses) income:						
Interest expense, net		(35.9)		(38.2)		(41.3)
Other income, net		0.1		10.0		3.8
Income before income tax provision (benefit)		501.4		571.2		334.4
Income tax provision (benefit)		130.6		146.0		(66.2)
Net income		370.8		425.2		400.6
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		4.1		1.3		1.1
Net income excluding noncontrolling interest		374.9		426.5		401.7
Change in redemption value of noncontrolling interest		(0.5)		(1.3)		(1.1)
Net income allocated to participating securities		(1.7)		(3.1)		(3.9)
Net income allocated to common stockholders	\$	372.7	\$	422.1	\$	396.7
Basic earnings per share	\$	3.35	\$	3.78	\$	3.70
Diluted earnings per share	\$	3.34	\$	3.76	\$	3.69
Diffued currings per share	Ψ	3.34	Ψ	3.70	Ψ	3.07
Basic weighted average shares outstanding		111.4		111.8		107.2
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		111.8		112.2		107.5

# Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (In millions)

	2019	2018	2017
Net income	\$ 370.8	\$ 425.2	\$ 400.6
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	26.1	(39.2)	51.3
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale investments	_	_	0.2
Comprehensive income	396.9	386.0	452.1
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	4.1	1.3	1.1
Comprehensive income excluding noncontrolling interest	401.0	387.3	453.2
Change in redemption value of noncontrolling interest	(0.5)	(1.3)	(1.1)
Comprehensive income allocated to participating securities	(1.7)	(3.1)	(3.9)
Comprehensive income allocated to common stockholders, net of tax	\$ 398.8	\$ 382.9	\$ 448.2

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## Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (In millions)

		ferred ock		mmon Stock	Treasury Stock	A	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	cor	occumulated other nprehensive ome (loss), net	sto	Total ckholders' equity	Nonc	eemable ontrolling iterest
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	_	\$	0.9	\$ (532.2)	\$	139.2	\$ 710.8	\$	(0.8)	\$	317.9	\$	12.6
Cash dividends on common stock of \$1.04 per share		_		_	_		_	(118.1)		_		(118.1)		_
Stock-based compensation		_		_	_		52.6	_		_		52.6		_
Exercise of common stock options		_		_	_		4.0	_		_		4.0		_
Issuance of vested restricted stock granted to employees		_		_	_		0.3	_		_		0.3		_
Issuance of stock for acquisition of Bats Global Markets, Inc.		_		0.3	_		2,424.4	_		_		2,424.7		_
Common stock issued from employee stock plans		_		_	(26.1)		_	_		_		(26.1)		_
Net income excluding noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	401.7		_		401.7		_
Purchase of additional equity interest from noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		3.2	_		_		3.2		(3.2)
Other comprehensive income		_		_	_		_	_		51.5		51.5		
Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	_		_		_		(1.1)
Redemption value adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	(1.1)		_		(1.1)		1.1
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$		\$	1.2	\$ (558.3)	\$	2,623.7	\$ 993.3	\$	50.7	\$	3,110.6	s	9.4
Cash dividends on common stock of \$1.16 per share		_		_	_		_	(130.3)		_		(130.3)		
Stock-based compensation		_		_	_		35.1	_		_		35.1		_
Common stock repurchased from employee stock plans		_		_	(20.9)		1.4	_		_		(19.5)		_
Purchase of common stock		_		_	(140.9)		_	_		_		(140.9)		_
Net income excluding noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	426.5		_		426.5		_
Other comprehensive loss		_		_	_		_	_		(39.2)		(39.2)		_
Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	_		_		(e > 1_)		(1.3)
Redemption value adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	(1.3)		_		(1.3)		1.3
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	_	\$	1.2	\$ (720.1)	\$	2,660.2	\$ 1,288.2	\$	11.5	\$	3,241.0	s	9.4
Cash dividends on common stock of \$1.34 per share	Ť	_	Ť	_		Ť		 (150.0)		_	Ť	(150.0)	Ť	_
Stock-based compensation		_		_	_		21.8	_		_		21.8		_
Exercise of common stock options		_		_	_		9.3	_		_		9.3		_
Common stock repurchased from employee stock plans		_		_	(11.0)		_	_		_		(11.0)		_
Purchase of common stock		_		_	(156.9)		_	_		_		(156.9)		_
Shares issued under employee stock purchase plan		_		_	0.9		_	_		_		0.9		_
Net income excluding noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	374.9		_		374.9		_
Other comprehensive income		_		_	_		_	_		26.1		26.1		_
Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	_		_		_		(4.1)
Redemption value adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interest							_	(0.5)		_		(0.5)		0.5
Deconsolidation of former subsidiary with noncontrolling interest		_		_	_		_	(0.5)		_		(0.5)		(5.8)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$		\$	1.2	\$ (887.1)	\$	2,691.3	\$ 1,512.6	\$	37.6	\$	3,355.6	\$	

## Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (In millions)

	2	019		2018		2017
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net income	\$	370.8	S	425.2	S	400.6
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	3	3/0.8	3	425.2	2	400.6
Depreciation and amortization		176.6		204.0		192.2
Amortization of debt issuance cost		2.2		2.5		3.6
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		2.6		3.9		1.0
Realized gain on available-for-sale securities		(1.3)		(1.4)		(0.4)
Provision for uncollectable accounts receivable Provision for uncollectable convertible notes receivable		1.0		_		3.8
Provision for deferred income taxes		(37.2)		(47.7)		(238.4)
Stock-based compensation expense		21.8		35.1		52.6
Loss on disposition of property		4.4		1.0		32.0
Impairment of assets held for sale		6.1				_
Loss related to deconsolidation of former subsidiary		2.0		_		_
Impairment of goodwill		10.5		_		_
Provision for uncollectable notes receivable		23.4		_		
Impairment of data processing software		_				14.9
Equity in investments		(2.2)		(1.1)		(1.4)
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable		50.3		(70.3)		(20.6)
Income taxes receivable		13.5		(53.2)		42.0
Other prepaid expenses		(16.9)		(15.8)		(7.3)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(25.7)		46.8		10.3
Section 31 fees payable		17.9		(24.5)		(42.4)
Deferred revenue		(4.1)		(7.0)		7.8
Income taxes payable		0.1		0.4		(50.5)
Income tax liability		21.0		36.1		6.3
Other liabilities		(4.0)		0.7		0.3
Net Cash Flows provided by Operating Activities		632.8		534.7		374.4
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(100.0)		(166.2)		(1,414.1)
Purchases of available-for-sale financial investments Proceeds from maturities of available-for-sale financial investments		(108.8) 98.0		(166.2) 178.7		(136.0) 155.1
roceeds from inaturates of available-for-safe infancial investments Return of capital from investments		30.0		1/6./		133.1
Purchases of investments		30.0		(1.8)		(4.0)
Purchases of property and equipment		(35.1)		(36.3)		(37.5)
Net Cash Flows used in Investing Activities		(15.9)		(25.6)	_	(1,436.5)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		( )		(,		( ) /
Proceeds from long-term debt		_		300.0		1,943.9
Principal payments of long term debt		(350.0)		(325.0)		(700.0)
Proceeds from credit facility		_		39.0		_
Payments of credit facility		_		(39.0)		
Debt issuance costs		(150.0)		(120.2)		(2.0)
Dividends paid Purchase of unrestricted stock from employees		(150.0) (11.0)		(130.3) (20.9)		(118.1) (26.1)
Proceeds from exercise of stock-based compensation		9.3		2.1		2.0
Payment of contingent consideration in conjunction with acquisition of a business		(4.3)		(56.6)		2.0
Purchase of common stock under announced program		(156.9)		(140.9)		_
Net Cash Flows (used in) provided by Financing Activities		(662.9)		(371.6)		1,099.7
Effect of Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash equivalents		0.2		(5.9)		8.6
(Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(45.8)		131.6		46.2
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		. ,				
Beginning of Period		275.1		143.5		97.3
End of Period	\$	229.3	\$	275.1	\$	143.5
Supplemental disclosure of cash transactions:						
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	134.9	\$	213.4	\$	177.4
Interest paid		32.7		38.7		27.0
Supplemental disclosure of noncash transactions:						
Forfeiture of common stock for payment of exercise of stock options		_		_		3.7
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing activities:						
Accounts receivable acquired		_		_		117.8
Financial investments acquired		_		_		66.0
Property and equipment acquired Goodwill acquired		_		_		21.8
Intangible assets acquired						2,653.3 2,000.0
Other assets acquired						32.8
Once assets acquired Accounts payable and accrued expenses assumed				_		(59.9)
Section 31 fees payable acquired						(143.6)
				_		(722.6)
Deferred tax liability acquired		_				
Other liabilities assumed		_		_		(135.5)
Other liabilities assumed Issuance of common stock related to acquisition		_		=		
Other liabilities assumed Issuance of common stock related to acquisition Note receivable issued in connection with deconsolidation of former subsidiary		  3.7		_ _ _		(135.5)
Other liabilities assumed Issuance of common stock related to acquisition		_		_		(135.5)

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements As of December 31, 2019 and 2018 and for the Years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. ("Cboe" or "the Company") is one of the world's largest exchange holding companies, offering cutting-edge trading and investment solutions to investors around the world. The Company is committed to defining markets to benefit its participants and drive the global marketplace forward through product innovation, leading edge technology and seamless trading solutions.

Cboe offers trading across a diverse range of products in multiple asset classes and geographies, including options, futures, U.S. and European equities, exchange-traded products ("ETPs"), global foreign exchange ("FX") and multi-asset volatility products based on the VIX Index, recognized as the world's premier gauge of U.S. equity market volatility.

Cboe's subsidiaries include the largest options exchange and the third largest stock exchange operator in the U.S. In addition, the Company operates one of the largest equities stock exchanges by value traded in Europe and is a leading market globally for ETP listings and trading.

The Company is headquartered in Chicago with offices in Kansas City, New York, London, San Francisco, Amsterdam, Singapore, Hong Kong, and Ecuador.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (a) Principles of Accounting

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") as established by FASB.

# (b) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented on a consolidated basis to include the accounts and transactions of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and its majority owned subsidiaries and all significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, valuation of redeemable noncontrolling interest and reported amounts of revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates based upon historical experience, observance of trends, information available from outside sources and various other assumptions that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different conditions or assumptions.

For those consolidated subsidiaries in which the Company's ownership is less than 100% and for which the Company has control over the assets and liabilities and the management of the entity, the outside stockholders' interests are shown as non-controlling interest.

### Segment information

The Company has five business segments: Options, U.S. Equities, Futures, European Equities, and Global FX, which is reflective of how the Company's chief operating decision-maker reviews and operates the business. See Note 17 ("Segment Reporting") for more information.

# (c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as disclosure of the amounts of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term include the valuation of goodwill, indefinite-lived intangible assets, and unrecognized tax benefits.

## (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are exposed to concentrations of credit risk. The Company maintains cash at various financial institutions and brokerage firms which, at times, may be in excess of the federal depository insurance limit. The Company's management regularly monitors these institutions and believes that the potential for future loss is remote. The Company considers all liquid investments with original or acquired maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### (e) Financial Investments

Financial investments are classified as trading or available-for-sale.

Trading financial investments represent financial investments held by the Company's broker-dealer subsidiary that retain the industry-specific accounting classification required for broker-dealers and marketable securities held in a rabbi trust for the Company's non-qualified retirement and benefit plans. The investments held by the broker-dealer subsidiary are recorded at fair value with changes in unrealized gains and losses reflected within interest expense, net in the consolidated statements of income. The investments held in a rabbi trust are recorded at fair value with changes in unrealized gains or losses recorded within other income (expense) and the equal and offsetting charges in the related liability are recorded in compensation and benefits expense in the consolidated statements of income.

Available-for-sale financial investments are comprised of the financial investments not held by the broker-dealer subsidiary, including highly liquid U.S. Treasury securities. Unrealized gains and losses, net of income taxes, are included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Interest on financial investments, including amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts, is recognized as income when earned. Realized gains and losses on financial investments are calculated using the specific identification method and are included in interest expense, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

A decline in the fair value of any available-for-sale investment below carrying amount that is deemed to be other-than-temporary results in an impairment to reduce the carrying amount to realizable value. To determine whether an impairment is other-than-temporary, the Company considers all available information relevant to the collectability of the investment, including past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts when developing estimate of cash flows expected to be collected. Evidence considered in this assessment includes the reasons for the impairment, the severity and duration of the impairment, changes in value subsequent to year-end, forecasted performance of the investee, and the general market condition in the geographic area or industry in which the investee operates.

## (f) Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable are concentrated with the Company's member firms and market data distributors and are carried at cost. The Company nets transaction fees and liquidity payments for each member firm on a monthly basis and recognizes the total owed from a member firm as an asset and the total owed to a member firm as a liability. On a periodic basis, management evaluates the Company's receivables and determines an appropriate allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable based on anticipated collections. In circumstances where a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations is probable, the Company records a specific provision for uncollectible accounts against

amounts due to reduce the receivable to the amount the Company estimates will be collected. Once the Company determines an allowance for an uncollectible account is necessary, interest on the receivable ceases to be accrued.

### (g) Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the assets, generally ranging from three to seven years. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation of leasehold improvements is calculated using the straight-line method over the shorter of the related lease term or the estimated useful life of the assets.

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed to determine whether any events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. The Company bases this evaluation on such impairment indicators as the nature of the assets, the future economic benefit of the assets, any historical or future profitability measurements, as well as other external market conditions or factors that may be present. If such impairment indicators are present that would indicate that the carrying amount of any asset may not be recoverable, the Company determines whether an impairment has occurred through the use of an undiscounted cash flow analysis of the asset at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows exist. In the event of impairment, the Company recognizes a loss for the difference between the carrying amount and the estimated value of the asset as measured using quoted market prices or, in the absence of quoted market prices, a discounted cash flow analysis.

The Company expenses software development costs as incurred during the preliminary project stage, while capitalizing costs incurred during the application development stage, which includes design, coding, installation and testing activities.

## (h) Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over the value assigned to the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of a business acquired. Goodwill is allocated to the Company's reporting units based on the assignment of the fair values of each reporting unit of the acquired company. The Company tests goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level annually, or in interim periods if certain events occur indicating that the carrying value may be impaired. The impairment test is performed during the fourth quarter using October 1st carrying values, and if the fair value of the reporting unit is found to be less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded. The Company performed its 2019 annual goodwill impairment test and determined that no impairment existed.

Intangible assets, net, primarily include acquired trademarks and trade names, customer relationships, strategic alliance agreements, licenses and registrations and non-compete agreements. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized based on the discounted cash flow method applied over the estimated useful lives of the intangible assets and are tested for impairment if certain events occur indicating that the carry value may be impaired.

Intangible assets deemed to have indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but instead are tested for impairment at least annually, usually concurrently with goodwill. Impairment exists if the fair value of the asset is less than the carrying amount, and in that case, an impairment loss is recorded. The Company performed its 2019 annual intangible assets impairment test using October 1, 2019 carrying values and determined that no impairment existed.

### (i) Foreign Currency

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar are translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rate in effect as of each balance sheet date. Statements of income and cash flow amounts are translated using the average exchange rate during the period. The cumulative effects of translating the balance sheet accounts from the functional currency into the U.S. dollar at the applicable exchange rates are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net in the balance sheet. Foreign currency gains and losses are recorded as other income, net in the consolidated statements of income. The Company's operations in the United Kingdom, Singapore, and Hong Kong are recorded in Pounds sterling, Singapore dollars, and Hong Kong dollars, respectively.

### (j) Income Taxes

Deferred taxes are recorded on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards, and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

The Company recognizes the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based upon the technical merits of the position. The tax benefit recognized in the consolidated financial statements from such a position is measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Also, interest and penalties expense is recognized on the full amount of deferred benefits for uncertain tax positions. The Company's policy is to include interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the income tax provision within the consolidated statements of income.

We have elected to account for global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") in the period in which it is incurred, and therefore, have not provided any deferred tax impacts of GILTI in our consolidated financial statements.

### (k) Revenue Recognition

For further discussion related to revenue recognition of fees, such as transaction fees and liquidity payments, access and capacity fees, market data fees, and regulation transaction and Section 31 fees, see Note 4 ("Revenue Recognition").

### **Concentrations of Revenue and Liquidity Payments**

For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, two members accounted for 18%, 23%, and 17%, respectively, of the Company's transaction fees. No member accounted for more than 15% of the Company's total revenue during the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017. For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, no member accounted for more than 15% of the Company's liquidity payments.

No member is contractually or otherwise obligated to continue to use the Company's services. The loss of, or a significant reduction of, participation by these members may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The two largest clearing members mentioned above clear the majority of the market-maker sides of transactions at all of the Company's U.S. options exchanges. If either of these clearing members were to withdraw from the business of market-maker clearing and market-makers were unable to transfer to another clearing member, this could create significant disruption to the U.S. options markets, including ours.

# (l) Earnings Per Share

The computation of basic earnings per share is calculated by reducing net income for the period by dividends paid or declared and undistributed net income for the period that are allocated to participating securities to arrive at net income allocated to common stockholders. Net income allocated to common stockholders is divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period to determine net income per share allocated to common stockholders.

The computation of diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income allocated to common stockholders by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus all additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive common shares had been issued. The dilutive effect is calculated using the more dilutive of the two-class or treasury stock method.

### (m) Stock-Based Compensation

The Company grants stock-based compensation to its employees through awards of restricted stock units. In connection with the acquisition of Bats, Bats previously awarded stock options and restricted stock awards. The Company records stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation granted based on the grant-date fair value. The Company recognizes stock-based compensation expense related to stock-based compensation awards with graded vesting that have a service condition on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the entire award.

In connection with the acquisition of Bats, as discussed in Note 20 ("Stock-Based Compensation") in further detail, each outstanding Bats stock option granted under any of the Bats Plans that was outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the acquisition of Bats was converted into an option to purchase our common stock, on the same terms and conditions (including vesting schedule) as were applicable to such Bats stock option. All stock options are currently vested. In addition, each award of Bats restricted shares granted under any of the Bats Plans that was unvested immediately prior to the effective time of the acquisition of Bats was assumed by the Company and converted into an award of restricted shares of our common stock, subject to the same terms and conditions (including vesting schedule) that applied to the applicable Bats restricted shares.

The amount of stock-based compensation expense related to awards of restricted stock and restricted stock units is based on the fair value of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. common stock at the date of grant. The fair value is based on a current market-based transaction of the Company's common stock. If a market-based transaction of the Company's common stock is not available, then the fair value is based on an independent third-party valuation using equal weighting of two valuation analysis techniques, discounted cash flows and valuation multiples observed from publicly traded companies in a similar industry.

#### (n) Business Combinations

The Company records identifiable assets, liabilities and goodwill acquired in a business combination at fair value at the acquisition date. Additionally, transaction-related costs are expensed in the period incurred.

### (o) Debt Issuance Costs

All costs incurred to issue debt are capitalized as a contra-liability and amortized over the life of the loan using the interest method.

# (p) Cost and Equity Method Investments

The Company uses the cost method to account for a non-marketable equity investment in an entity that it does not control and for which it does not have the ability to exercise significant influence over an entity's operating and financial policies. When it does not have a controlling financial interest in an entity but can exercise significant influence over the entity's operating and financial policies, such investment is accounted for using the equity method. The Company recognizes dividend income when declared.

In general, the equity method of accounting is used when the Company owns 20% to 50% of the outstanding voting stock of a company and when it is able to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of a company. The Company has an investment where it has significant influence and as such accounts for the investments under the equity method of accounting. For equity method investments, the Company records the pro-rata share of earnings or losses each period and records any dividends received as a reduction in the investment balance. The equity method investment is evaluated for other-than-temporary declines in value by considering a variety of factors such as the earnings capacity of the investment and the fair value of the investment compared to its carrying amount. If the estimated fair value of the investment is less than the carrying amount and the decline in value is considered to be other than temporary, the excess of the carrying amount over the estimated fair value is recognized in the financial statements as an impairment.

## (q) Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement contains a lease at inception. For arrangements where the Company is the lessee, operating leases are included in operating lease right of use ("ROU") assets, accrued liabilities, and non-current operating lease liabilities on the balance sheet as of December 31, 2019. The Company does not have any finance leases as of December 31, 2019.

ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. ROU assets also include any initial direct costs incurred and any lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, less lease incentives received. The Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date in determining the lease liabilities, as the rate implicit in the Company's leases are generally not reasonably determinable. Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate when the Company is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company also has lease arrangements with lease and non-lease components. The Company elected the practical expedient not to separate non-lease components from lease components for the Company's leases. The Company elected to apply the short-term lease measurement and recognition exemption in which ROU assets and lease liabilities are not recognized for short-term leases. For short-term operating leases, lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. This update requires a lessee to recognize on the balance sheet a liability to make lease payments and a corresponding ROU asset. The guidance also requires certain qualitative and quantitative disclosures about the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842) Targeted Improvements, ASU 2018-20, Leases (Topic 842) Narrow-Scope Improvements for Lessors, and ASU 2019-01, Leases (Topic 842) Codification Improvements, to clarify the implementation guidance. This updated guidance provides an optional transition method, which allows for the initial application of the new accounting standard at the adoption date and the recognition of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption. These updates are effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company adopted the new ASUs on January 1, 2019, using the alternative transition approach and will not restate comparative periods. The Company elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard, which among other things, allowed us to not reassess contracts to determine if they contain leases, lease classification and initial direct costs. The Company's application of the new standard resulted in changes to the balance sheet but did not have an impact on our consolidated income statements and statements of cash flows. See Note 25 ("Leases") for more information.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Issued, not yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Credit Losses. This update replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP with a methodology that requires management to estimate an expected lifetime credit loss on financial assets. This includes loans, held-to-maturity debt securities, loan commitments, financial guarantees, and net investments in leases, as well as trade receivables. The update also amends the impairment model for available-for-sale debt securities. The forward-looking expected lifetime credit loss model generally will result in the earlier recognition of allowances for losses. For public entities, the update is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted the new ASU on January 1, 2020 using the modified retrospective approach and will not restate comparative periods. Upon the adoption of the standard, the Company expects to recognize an immaterial cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings for the expected lifetime credit loss on the financial instruments within the scope of the standard, including accounts

receivable, net. Based on the Company's high turnover and collectability of accounts receivable, as well as the monthly billing process for the majority of revenue, the Company does not expect a significant variance in the recognized loss between the incurred loss impairment methodology under the prior standard and the expected lifetime credit loss model under the update. The financial instruments other than accounts receivable, net that are within the scope of the standard are not materially impacted by the standard. The impact to the consolidated balance sheets is expected to be immaterial in nature and there is no expected impact on the consolidated income statements and statements of cash flows.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) - Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. This ASU removes certain disclosure requirements related to the fair value hierarchy, modifies existing disclosure requirements related to measurement uncertainty and adds new disclosure requirements. The new disclosure requirements include disclosing the changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements held at the end of the reporting period and the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. For public entities, the update is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company will adopt the update for the financial statements issued for the first quarter of 2020 and does not anticipate a material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

### 4. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company's main types of revenue contracts are:

- Transaction fees Transaction fees represent fees charged by the Company for the performance obligation of executing a trade on its markets. These fees can be variable based on trade volume tiered discounts, however, as all tiered discounts are calculated monthly, the actual discount is recorded on a monthly basis. Transaction fees, as well as any tiered volume discounts, are calculated and billed monthly in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules. Transaction fees are recognized across all segments. The Company also pays liquidity payments to customers based on its published fee schedules. The Company uses these payments to improve the liquidity on its markets and therefore recognizes those payments as a cost of revenue.
- Access and capacity fees Access and capacity fees represent fees assessed for the opportunity to trade, including fees for trading-related functionality across all segments, terminal and other equipment rights, maintenance services, trading floor space and telecommunications services. These fees are billed monthly in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules and recognized on a monthly basis when the performance obligation is met. Facilities, systems services and other fees are generally monthly fee-based, although certain services are influenced by trading volume or other defined metrics, while others are based solely on demand. All fees associated with the trading floor are recognized over time in the Options segment. There is no remaining performance obligation after revenue is recognized. This caption is a combination of the previous captions "access fees" and "exchange services and other fees" as the Company migrated all Exchanges to the Company's current platform. The prior periods presented have been updated to conform to the current period presentation.
- Market data fees Market data fees represent the fees received by the Company from the U.S. tape plans and fees charged to customers for proprietary market data. Fees from the U.S. tape plans are collected monthly based on published fee schedules and distributed quarterly to the U.S. exchanges based on a known formula. A contract for proprietary market data is entered into and charged on a monthly basis in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules as the service is provided. Both types of market data are satisfied over time, and revenue is recognized on a monthly basis as the customer receives and consumes the benefit as the Company provides the data. U.S. tape plan market data is recognized in the U.S. Equities and Options segments. Proprietary market data fees are recognized across all segments.
- Regulatory fees There are two types of regulatory fees that the Company recognizes. The first type represents fees
  collected by the Company to cover the Section 31 fees charged to the Exchanges by the SEC. The fees charged to
  customers are based on the fee set by the SEC per notional value of the transaction executed on the

Company's U.S. securities markets. These fees are calculated and billed monthly and are recognized in the U.S. Equities and Options segments. As the Exchanges are responsible for the ultimate payment to the SEC, the exchanges are considered the principal in these transactions. Regulatory fees also include the options regulatory fee ("ORF") which supports the Company's regulatory oversight function in the Options segment and other miscellaneous regulatory fees and cannot be used for non-regulatory purposes.

• Other revenue - Other revenue primarily includes revenue from various licensing agreements, all fees related to the trade reporting facility operated in the European Equities segment, and revenue associated with advertisements through the Company's website.

All revenue recognized in the income statement is considered to be revenue from contracts with customers. The following table depicts the disaggregation of revenue according to product line and segment (in millions):

	(	Options	U.S	S. Equities	I	Futures		iropean quities	Global FX		ite	orporate ems and ninations		Total
Year Ended December 31, 2019						,				,				
Transaction fees	\$	742.9	\$	744.6	\$	110.2	\$	73.1	\$	45.4	\$	_	\$	1,716.2
Access and capacity fees		104.1		78.9		15.6		16.5		6.8		_		221.9
Market data fees		55.7		138.1		6.5		12.6		0.6		_		213.5
Regulatory fees		64.0		247.0		0.7		_		_		_		311.7
Other revenue		16.4		4.5		2.9		8.6		0.2		0.2		32.8
		983.1		1,213.1		135.9		110.8		53.0		0.2		2,496.1
Timing of revenue recognition														
Services transferred at a point in														
time	\$	823.3	\$	996.1	\$	113.8	\$	81.7	\$	45.6	\$	0.2	\$	2,060.7
Services transferred over time		159.8		217.0		22.1		29.1		7.4		_		435.4
		983.1		1,213.1		135.9		110.8		53.0		0.2		2,496.1
														,
Year Ended December 31, 2018														
Transaction fees	\$	835.5	\$	876.4	\$	128.0	\$	97.4	\$	49.6	\$	_	\$	1,986.9
Access and capacity fees		99.4		75.6		15.1		14.7		6.2		_		211.0
Market data fees		42.9		140.9		6.6		13.1		0.5		_		204.0
Regulatory fees		60.0		273.8		0.1		_		_		_		333.9
Other revenue		19.7		6.4		_		6.4		0.1		0.4		33.0
		1,057.5	_	1,373.1		149.8		131.6		56.4		0.4	-	2,768.8
Timing of revenue recognition														,
Services transferred at a point in														
time	\$	915.2	\$	1,156.6	\$	128.1	\$	103.8	\$	49.7	\$	0.4	\$	2,353.8
Services transferred over time		142.3		216.5		21.7		27.8		6.7		_		415.0
		1,057.5	_	1,373.1		149.8		131.6		56.4		0.4	-	2,768.8
		,		,										,
Year Ended December 31, 2017														
Transaction fees	\$	673.8	\$	659.4	\$	131.7	\$	66.2	\$	33.8	\$	_	\$	1,564.9
Access and capacity fees		97.3		60.5		9.1		10.6		4.1		_		181.6
Market data fees		41.1		111.0		2.5		9.6		0.3		_		164.5
Regulatory fees		55.4		236.1		_		_		_		_		291.5
Other revenue		15.9		5.5		1.3		3.2		_		0.7		26.6
		883.5		1,072.5		144.6	_	89.6		38.2		0.7	-	2,229.1
Timing of revenue recognition				,										,
Services transferred at a point in														
time	\$	745.1	\$	901.0	\$	133.0	\$	69.4	\$	33.8	\$	0.7	\$	1,883.0
Services transferred over time		138.4		171.5		11.6	,	20.2		4.4		_		346.1
		883.5		1,072.5		144.6		89.6		38.2		0.7		2,229.1
				, =										,==

Contract liabilities as of December 31, 2019 primarily represent prepayments of transaction fees and certain access and capacity and market data fees to the Exchanges. The revenue recognized from contract liabilities and the remaining balance is shown below (in millions):

	Bal	ance at		Revenue	Balance at		
	Janua	ry 1, 2019	<b>Cash Additions</b>	Recognized		December 31, 2019	
Liquidity provider sliding scale (1)	\$		\$ 9.6	\$ (9.6)	\$	_	
Other, net		8.5	31.7	(35.7)		4.5	
Total deferred revenue	\$	8.5	\$ 41.3	\$ (45.3)	\$	4.5	

(1) Liquidity providers are eligible to participate in the sliding scale program, which involves prepayment of transaction fees, and to receive reduced fees based on the achievement of certain volume thresholds within a calendar month. These transaction fees are amortized and recorded ratably as the transactions occur over the period.

# 5. ACQUISITIONS

#### Bats Global Markets, Inc.

On February 28, 2017, pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 25, 2016 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among Cboe, Bats, CBOE Corporation, a Delaware corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe ("Merger Sub"), and Cboe Bats, LLC (formerly CBOE V, LLC), a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe ("Merger LLC"), Cboe completed the merger of Merger Sub with and into Bats and the subsequent merger of Bats with and into Merger LLC. As a result of the Merger, Bats became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe.

#### **Other Acquisitions**

In January 2016, the Company, through its subsidiary Cboe Vest, LLC ("Cboe Vest"), acquired a majority of the outstanding equity of Vest, an asset investment manager focused on Target Outcome Investment strategies. The purchase price consisted of \$18.9 million in cash, reflecting payments of \$14.9 million to former stockholders and \$4.0 million to Vest for newly issued shares, and represented an ownership interest of 60% resulting in the consolidation of Vest operations. The remaining 40% noncontrolling interest was held by the remaining Vest stockholders. The remaining Vest stockholders had a put option that could have been exercised to Vest and Vest had a call option that could have been exercised to the remaining stockholders. The put and call options could have been exercised after five years though they could have been accelerated by certain employment-related actions. The combination of the noncontrolling interest and a redemption feature resulted in a redeemable noncontrolling interest, which was classified outside of permanent equity on the consolidated balance sheet. The Company's ownership interest decreased in August 2019 which resulted in the deconsolidation of Vest operations and the elimination of the redeemable noncontrolling interest. See Note 7 ("Investments") for further information on the deconsolidation and Note 16 ("Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest") for further information on the redeemable noncontrolling interest.

In November 2017, the Company completed the acquisition of assets of Silexx Financial Systems, LLC (Silexx) for \$9.0 million in cash. Silexx is a developer and operator of a multi-asset order and execution management system. Of the purchase price, \$6.7 million was allocated to goodwill, \$2.1 million was allocated to intangible assets, and \$0.2 million was allocated to working capital. Silexx is included in the Options segment.

The Company expensed \$48.5 million of acquisition-related costs during the year ended December 31, 2019 that included \$19.3 million of compensation-related costs, \$10.5 million of impairment of goodwill charges, \$6.1 million of impairment of facilities charges, \$4.5 million loss on disposal of data processing software, \$3.9 million of professional fees, \$2.2 million of termination fees related to an assigned lease agreement, and \$2.0 million of general and administrative expenses. These expenses relate to Bats and other acquisitions, and are included in acquisition-related costs in the consolidated statements of income.

The Company expensed \$30.0 million of acquisition-related costs during the year ended December 31, 2018 that included \$23.6 million of compensation-related costs, \$2.7 million of stock based compensation, \$3.0 million of professional fees, and \$0.6 million of general and administrative expenses. These expenses relate to Bats and other acquisitions, and are included in acquisition-related costs in the consolidated statements of income.

The Company expensed \$84.4 million of acquisition-related costs during the year ended December 31, 2017 that included \$44.2 million of compensation-related costs, \$24.4 million of professional fees, \$14.9 million of an impairment of capitalized data processing software, and \$0.9 million of facilities expenses. These expenses relate to Bats and other acquisitions, and are included in acquisition-related costs in the consolidated statements of income.

### 6. SEVERANCE

Subsequent to the Bats acquisition, the Company determined that certain employees' positions were redundant. As such, the Company communicated employee termination benefits to these employees.

The following is a summary of the employee termination benefits recognized within compensation and benefits in the consolidated statements of income (in millions):

	Teri	nployee mination enefits
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	6.1
Termination benefits accrued		10.7
Termination payments made		(10.1)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	6.7

# 7. INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company's investments were comprised of the following (in millions):

	As of December 31,				
	2	019		2018	
Equity method investments:					
Investment in Signal Trading Systems, LLC	\$	12.6	\$	12.4	
Investment in EuroCCP		10.3		9.3	
Total equity method investments		22.9		21.7	
	'				
Cost method investments:					
Investment in OCC		0.3		30.3	
Investment in Eris Exchange Holdings, LLC		20.8		20.0	
Investment in American Financial Exchange, LLC		8.6		5.9	
Investment in Cboe Vest Financial Group, Inc.		2.9		_	
Other cost method investments		5.7		8.3	
Total cost method investments		38.3		64.5	
			·		
Total investments	\$	61.2	\$	86.2	

# Equity Method Investments

Equity method investments include investments in Signal Trading Systems, LLC, a 50% joint venture with FlexTrade System, Inc. to develop and market a multi-asset front-end order entry system, and EuroCCP, a Dutch domiciled clearing house. EuroCCP is one of three interoperable central counterparties, or CCPs, used to clear trades

conducted on Cboe Europe Limited's and Cboe Europe NL's markets. Cboe Europe Limited owns 20% of EuroCCP and can exercise significant influence over the entity as an equal shareholder with four other investors.

#### Cost Method Investments

The carrying amount of cost method investments totaled \$38.3 million and \$64.5 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and is included in investments in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company accounts for these investments using the measurement alternative primarily as a result of the Company's inability to exercise significant influence as the Company is a smaller shareholder of these investments and the lack of readily determinable fair values. As of December 31, 2019, cost method investments primarily reflect a 20% investment in OCC and minority investments in American Financial Exchange, LLC, CurveGlobal, Vest, and Eris Exchange Holdings, LLC.

In December 2014, OCC announced a newly-formed capital plan, under which each of OCC's existing exchange stockholders agreed to contribute its pro-rata share, based on ownership percentage, of \$150 million in equity capital, which would increase OCC's shareholders' equity, and to provide its pro rata share in replenishment capital, up to a maximum of \$40 million per exchange stockholder, if certain capital thresholds were to be breached. OCC also adopted policies under the plan with respect to fees, customer refunds, and stockholder dividends, which envisioned an annual dividend payment to the exchange stockholders. On March 3, 2015, in accordance with the plan, Cboe Options contributed \$30 million to OCC. That contribution was recorded under investments in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2018. In 2019, OCC did not disburse annual dividends under the capital plan. In 2018 and 2017, OCC disbursed annual dividends under the capital plan and the Company, via its ownership interests, received \$6.0 million in 2018 and \$5.0 million in 2017.

The SEC initially issued a notice of no objection to OCC's advance notice filing regarding the capital plan and subsequently approved OCC's proposed rule filing for the capital plan, but certain petitioners appealed the SEC approval order to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit. The court ultimately remanded the matter to the SEC, and on February 13, 2019, the SEC issued an order disapproving the proposed rule change implementing OCC's capital plan. In an effort to achieve compliance with its target capital requirements in the absence of an approved capital plan, OCC has (i) retained funds that otherwise would have been paid to stockholders as dividends and to clearing members as refunds with respect to 2018, and (ii) raised its clearing fees. In connection with the disapproval of the capital plan, OCC returned the capital that had been contributed by its shareholders under the disapproved plan (equal to \$30.0 million for Cboe Options) to the respective shareholders in 2019, of which \$22.0 million was returned to Cboe Options in the first quarter of 2019 and \$8.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2019. With each return of capital described in this paragraph, the Company also incurred a tax expense. OCC agreed to reimburse the Company for part of that tax liability and paid the Company \$1.1 million in the third quarter and \$0.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2019. OCC did not pay its shareholders any dividend or other return on the retained portion of their capital contributions. As such, the Company reversed the \$8.8 million OCC dividend declared in 2018, which was to be paid in 2019, in other income in the consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2019. The remaining contributed capital has been recorded under investments in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2019. On January 24, 2020, upon receipt of SEC approval, OCC established a new capital management policy intended to replace the disapproved capital plan. The new capital management policy provides that, if OCC's equity capital falls below certain defined thresholds, OCC can access additional capital through an operational loss fee charged to clearing members. None of OCC's shareholders (including Cboe Options) has any obligation to contribute capital to OCC under the new capital management policy, nor does any shareholder have the right to receive dividends from OCC under such policy.

In August 2019, the Company's ownership in Vest was restructured, including a partial sale of its interest to a third-party. As a result of the restructuring, the Company's ownership and voting interests decreased to less than 20% and less than 5%, respectively, and the Company deconsolidated Vest and changed the accounting methodology of the investment to the cost method. The deconsolidation resulted in a reduction of net assets of \$14.5 million and noncontrolling interest of \$5.8 million, as well as recognition of \$2.9 million investment for the Company's remaining ownership. The Company recorded an interest-bearing note receivable of \$3.7 million for the consideration received from the third-party, which was recognized in other assets, net in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2019. Additionally, a loss on the sale of \$2.0 million was recognized in acquisition-related costs in the consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2019. See Note 11 ("Goodwill and Intangibles, Net") for further discussion of the Vest restructuring.

In the third quarter of 2019, the Company fulfilled a contractual obligation to American Financial Exchange, LLC to launch AMERIBOR futures. As a result of the fulfillment, an additional 5% ownership of American Financial Exchange, LLC was earned by the Company for an additional investment of \$2.7 million. The additional revenue was recorded in the Futures segment and increased the Company's investment in American Financial Exchange, LLC.

### 8. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

The Company's financial investments with original or acquired maturities longer than three months, but that mature in less than one year from the balance sheet date and any money market funds that are considered cash and cash equivalents are classified as current assets. The Company's marketable securities are also classified as current assets within financial investments. The Company's financial investments are summarized as follows (in millions):

	December 31, 2019									
	Cost	basis	Unrealiz	zed gains	Unrealiz	ed losses	Fai	r Value		
Available-for-sale securities:			'							
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	47.6	\$	_	\$	_	\$	47.6		
Trading securities:										
Marketable securities (1)	\$	23.4	\$	_	\$	_	\$	23.4		
Total financial investments	\$	71.0	\$		\$		\$	71.0		

		December 31, 2018										
	Cost basis Unrealized gains				Unreal	lized losses	Fair Value					
Available-for-sale securities:												
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	35.7	\$		\$	_	\$	35.7				
Total financial investments	\$	35.7	\$		\$		\$	35.7				

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketable securities are primarily mutual funds maintained for non-qualified retirement and benefit plans, also referred to as deferred compensation plan assets. See Note 18 ("Employee Benefit Plan") for more information.

## 9. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

	Dec	ember 31, 2019	December 31 2018		
Construction in progress	\$	1.2	\$	0.1	
Building				81.7	
Furniture and equipment		164.4		161.6	
Total property and equipment	-	165.6		243.4	
Less accumulated depreciation		(118.6)		(171.7)	
Property and equipment, net	\$	47.0	\$	71.7	

Depreciation expense using the straight-line method was \$24.5 million, \$25.1 million and \$31.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

As a result of the Merger, there is a reduction in employee workspace needed in Chicago, which led to the decision to market for sale the headquarters location. The Company classified the associated land, building, and certain furniture and equipment of the headquarters location as held for sale, performed an impairment assessment, and ceased depreciation effective May 1, 2019, as the Company anticipates selling the property held for sale in less than twelve months. As of December 31, 2019, the total value of the property classified as property held for sale on the consolidated balance sheet was \$21.1 million. The impact of ceasing depreciation of the property held for sale did not result in a material impact to the consolidated financial statements. As a result of the impairment assessment, an impairment charge of \$6.1 million was recorded in acquisition-related costs within the Options segment in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

#### 10. OTHER ASSETS, NET

Other assets, net consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

	mber 31, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2018
Software development work in progress	\$ 2.6	\$	8.7
Data processing software (1)	84.3		219.0
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(57.2)		(193.2)
Data processing software, net	29.7		34.5
Other assets (2)	21.9		28.4
Data processing software and other assets, net	\$ 51.6	\$	62.9

- (1) During the fourth quarter of 2019, the Company disposed of data processing software for the technology platform known as Cboe Command, as Cboe Options was migrated to the Company's current platform on October 7, 2019. As a result of the disposal, a loss on disposal of \$4.5 million was recorded in acquisition-related costs within the Options segment in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.
- (2) At December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the majority of the balance included long-term prepaid assets and notes receivable. The notes receivable included within other assets, net on the consolidated balance sheets relate to the consolidated audit trail ("CAT"), which involves the creation of a comprehensive audit trail that strives to enhance regulators' ability to monitor trading activity in the U.S. markets through a phased implementation. While the funding of the CAT is ultimately expected to be provided by both SROs (which includes the Exchanges) and industry members, until fee filings associated with the funding model are effective with or approved by the SEC, the funding to date has solely been provided by the SROs. The funding by the SROs has been done in exchange for promissory notes, which are expected to be repaid once such industry member fees are collected. Until the fee filings associated with the funding model are effective with or approved by the SEC, the SROs may continue to incur additional significant costs. Due to circumstances associated with the development of the CAT in the fourth quarter of 2019, the Company estimated a loss associated with the uncollectibility of the promissory notes, and recorded a provision for the notes receivable of \$23.4 million. As of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the notes receivable, net balance was \$9.2 million and \$20.3 million, respectively.

Amortization expense related to data processing software was \$13.5 million, \$18.9 million, and \$17.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017.

# 11. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

The following table presents the details of goodwill by segment (in millions):

		U.S.	European		Corporate	
	Options	Equities	Equities	Global FX	and Other	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ 239.4	\$ 1,740.4	\$ 441.6	\$ 267.2	\$ 18.8	\$ 2,707.4
Additions	_		_	_	_	
Dispositions	_	_	_	_	_	_
Changes in foreign currency exchange rates	_		(16.0)	_	_	(16.0)
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$ 239.4	\$ 1,740.4	\$ 425.6	\$ 267.2	\$ 18.8	\$ 2,691.4
Additions	_		_	_	_	
Dispositions	_	_	_	_	(8.3)	(8.3)
Impairment	_		_	_	(10.5)	(10.5)
Changes in foreign currency exchange rates	_	_	9.5	_	_	9.5
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 239.4	\$ 1,740.4	\$ 435.1	\$ 267.2	<u> </u>	\$ 2,682.1

Goodwill has been allocated to specific reporting units for purposes of impairment testing - Options, U.S. Equities, European Equities and Global FX. No goodwill has been allocated to Futures. Goodwill impairment testing is performed annually in the fiscal fourth quarter or more frequently if conditions exist that indicate that the asset may be impaired.

Based on the restructuring of the ownership of Vest during the second quarter of 2019, an impairment test was performed over the carrying value of the goodwill related to the entity as there was an indication that the carrying value after the restructuring would be less than the fair value. The impairment test indicated that the fair value of the Company's ownership of the acquired entity was less than the carrying value, which resulted in an impairment charge of \$10.5 million within the Corporate and Other segment related to Vest in the year ended December 31, 2019. As a result of the deconsolidation of Vest during the year ended December 31, 2019, the remaining goodwill was disposed of within the Corporate and Other segment at December 31, 2019.

The following table presents the details of the intangible assets (in millions):

	C	Options	U.S. Equities	uropean Equities	G	lobal FX	rporate d Other	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$	198.7	\$ 1,071.8	\$ 427.0	\$	199.6	\$ 5.5	\$ 1,902.6
Additions		_	_	_		_	_	_
Dispositions		_	_	_		_	_	_
Amortization		(16.8)	(81.5)	(27.7)		(32.7)	(1.3)	(160.0)
Changes in foreign currency exchange								
rates		_	_	(22.4)		_	_	(22.4)
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	181.9	\$ 990.3	\$ 376.9	\$	166.9	\$ 4.2	\$ 1,720.2
Additions		_	_	_		_	_	_
Dispositions		_	_	_		_	(3.3)	(3.3)
Amortization		(15.3)	(68.9)	(24.8)		(28.7)	(0.9)	(138.6)
Changes in foreign currency exchange								
rates		_	_	11.6		_	_	11.6
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	166.6	\$ 921.4	\$ 363.7	\$	138.2	\$	\$ 1,589.9

For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, amortization expense was \$138.6 million, \$160.0 million and \$142.9 million, respectively. The estimated future amortization expense is \$121.6 million for 2020, \$106.9 million for 2021, \$94.4 million for 2022, \$83.5 million for 2023 and \$63.0 million for 2024.

The following tables present the categories of intangible assets at December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

	_ (	Options	F	U.S. Equities	E	nber 31, 20 uropean Equities	obal FX	porate Other	Weighted Average Amortization Period (in years)
Trading registrations and licenses	\$	95.5	\$	572.7	\$	182.2	\$ _	\$ 	Indefinite
Customer relationships		38.8		222.9		169.7	140.0	_	17
Market data customer relationships		53.6		322.0		63.6	64.4	_	12
Technology		24.8		22.5		23.9	22.5	_	4
Trademarks and tradenames		1.7		6.0		1.9	1.2	_	6
Accumulated amortization		(47.8)		(224.7)		(77.6)	(89.9)		
	\$	166.6	\$	921.4	\$	363.7	\$ 138.2	\$ 	

	(	Options	I	I U.S. Equities	E	nber 31, 20 uropean Equities	obal FX	rporate l Other	Weighted Average Amortization Period (in years)
Trading registrations and licenses	\$	95.5	\$	572.7	\$	176.0	\$ 	\$ 	Indefinite
Customer relationships		38.8		222.9		163.9	140.0	3.0	18
Market data customer relationships		53.6		322.0		61.5	64.4	_	13
Technology		24.8		22.5		23.1	22.5	4.0	5
Trademarks and tradenames		1.7		6.0		1.8	1.2	1.0	2
Accumulated amortization		(32.5)		(155.8)		(49.4)	(61.2)	(3.8)	
	\$	181.9	\$	990.3	\$	376.9	\$ 166.9	\$ 4.2	

## 12. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Compensation and benefit related liabilities	\$ 35.2	\$ 52.4
Termination benefits	6.7	6.1
Royalties	18.6	25.0
Accrued liabilities	77.8	91.8
Marketing fee payable	12.6	10.4
Accounts payable	21.0	12.8
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 171.9	\$ 198.5

### **13. DEBT**

The Company's debt consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

	Deceml	ber 31, 2019	December 31, 2018		
\$300 million Term Loan Agreement due December 2021,					
floating rate	\$	222.4	\$	271.1	
\$650 million fixed rate Senior Notes due January 2027, stated					
rate of 3.650%		645.2		644.5	
\$300 million fixed rate Senior Notes due June 2019, stated rate					
of 1.950%		_		299.8	
Revolving Credit Agreement		_		_	
Total Debt	\$	867.6	\$	1,215.4	

### Term Loan Agreement

On March 22, 2018, the Company, as borrower, entered into a new Term Loan Credit Agreement (the "Term Loan Agreement") with Bank of America, N.A. ("Bank of America"), as administrative agent and initial lender, and the several banks and other financial institutions from time to time party thereto as lenders. Bank of America also acted as sole lead arranger and sole bookrunner with respect to the Term Loan Agreement. The Term Loan Agreement provides for a senior unsecured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$300 million. The proceeds of the loan under the Term Loan Agreement were used to repay the \$300 million of outstanding indebtedness under the prior term loan agreement entered into on December 15, 2016.

Loans under the Term Loan Agreement bear interest, at our option, at either (i) the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") periodically fixed for an interest period (as selected by us) of one, two, three or six months plus a margin (based on our public debt ratings) ranging from 1.00 percent per annum to 1.50 percent per annum or (ii) a daily floating

rate based on the agent's prime rate (subject to certain minimums based upon the federal funds effective rate or LIBOR) plus a margin (based on our public debt ratings) ranging from zero percent per annum to 0.50 percent per annum. The Company was required to pay an up-front fee of 0.05 percent to the agent for the entry into the Term Loan Agreement.

The Term Loan Agreement, which matures on December 15, 2021, contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative and negative covenants for facilities of its type, including financial covenants, events of default and indemnification provisions in favor of the lenders thereunder. The negative covenants include restrictions regarding the incurrence of liens, the incurrence of indebtedness by our subsidiaries and fundamental changes, subject to certain exceptions in each case. The financial covenants require us to meet a quarterly financial test with respect to a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio of not less than 4.00 to 1.00 and a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of not greater than 3.50 to 1.00. At December 31, 2018, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

The Company repaid \$50 million of the outstanding indebtedness of the Term Loan Agreement with cash on hand during the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### Senior Notes

On January 12, 2017, the Company entered into an indenture (the "Indenture"), by and between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, in connection with the issuance of \$650 million aggregate principal amount of the Company's 3.650% Senior Notes due 2027 ("3.650% Senior Notes" or the "Senior Notes", as the context so requires). The form and terms of the 3.650% Senior Notes were established pursuant to an Officer's Certificate, dated as of January 12, 2017, supplementing the Indenture. The Company used a portion of the net proceeds from the 3.650% Senior Notes to fund, in part, the Merger, including the payment of related fees and expenses and the repayment of Bats' existing indebtedness, and the remainder for general corporate purposes. The 3.650% Senior Notes mature on January 12, 2027 and bear interest at the rate of 3.650% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on January 12 and July 12 of each year, commencing July 12, 2017.

On June 29, 2017, the Company issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 1.950% Senior Notes due 2019 ("1.950% Senior Notes"), which bear interest at the rate of 1.950% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 28 and December 28 of each year, commencing December 28, 2017.

The Senior Notes are unsecured obligations of the Company and rank equally with all of the Company's other existing and future unsecured, senior indebtedness, but are effectively junior to the Company's secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and will be structurally subordinated to the secured and unsecured indebtedness of the Company's subsidiaries.

The Company has the option to redeem some or all of the Senior Notes, at any time in whole or from time to time in part, at the redemption prices set forth in the applicable Officer's Certificate. The Company may also be required to offer to repurchase the Senior Notes upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Triggering Event (as such term is defined in the applicable Officer's Certificate) at a repurchase price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount of Senior Notes to be repurchased.

The Company repaid the aggregate principal amount of the 1.950% Senior Notes in full with cash on hand upon their maturity on June 28, 2019.

## Indenture

Under the Indenture, the Company may issue debt securities, which includes the Senior Notes, at any time and from time to time, in one or more series without limitation on the aggregate principal amount. The Indenture governing the Senior Notes contains customary restrictions, including a limitation that restricts our ability and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to create or incur secured debt. Such Indenture also limits certain sale and leaseback transactions and contains customary events of default. At December 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

## Revolving Credit Agreement

On December 15, 2016, the Company, as borrower, entered into a syndicated Credit Agreement (the "Revolving Credit Agreement") with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and as swing line lender, certain lenders named therein (the "Revolving Lenders").

The Revolving Credit Agreement provides for a senior unsecured \$150 million five-year revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") that includes a \$25 million swing line sub-facility. The Company may also, subject to the agreement of the applicable lenders, increase the commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility by up to \$100 million, for a total of \$250 million. Subject to specified conditions, the Company may designate one or more of its subsidiaries as additional borrowers under the Revolving Credit Agreement provided that the Company guarantees all borrowings and other obligations of any such subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2019, no subsidiaries were designated as additional borrowers.

Funds borrowed under the Revolving Credit Agreement may be used to fund working capital and for other general corporate purposes. As of December 31, 2019, no borrowings were outstanding under the Revolving Credit Agreement. Accordingly, at December 31, 2019, \$150 million of borrowing capacity was available for the purposes permitted by the Revolving Credit Agreement.

Loans under the Revolving Credit Agreement will bear interest, at our option, at either (i) LIBOR periodically fixed for an interest period (as selected by us) of one, two, three or six months plus a margin (based on our public debt ratings) ranging from 1.00 percent per annum to 1.75 percent per annum or (ii) a daily floating rate based on our prime rate (subject to certain minimums based upon the federal funds effective rate or LIBOR) plus a margin (based on our public debt ratings) ranging from zero percent per annum to 0.75 percent per annum.

Subject to certain conditions stated in the Revolving Credit Agreement, the Company may borrow, prepay and reborrow amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility at any time during the term of the Revolving Credit Agreement. The Revolving Credit Agreement will terminate and all amounts owing thereunder will be due and payable on December 15, 2021, unless the commitments are terminated earlier, either at our request or, if an event of default occurs, by the Revolving Lenders (or automatically in the case of certain bankruptcy-related events). The Revolving Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative and negative covenants for facilities of its type, including financial covenants, events of default and indemnification provisions in favor of the Revolving Lenders. The negative covenants include restrictions regarding the incurrence of liens, the incurrence of indebtedness by our subsidiaries and fundamental changes, subject to certain exceptions in each case. The financial covenants require us to meet a quarterly financial test with respect to a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio of not less than 4.00 to 1.00 and a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of not greater than 3.50 to 1.00. At December 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

## Loan and Notes Payments and Contractual Interest

The future expected loan repayments related to the Term Loan Agreement and the 3.650% Senior Notes as of December 31, 2019 are as follows (in millions):

2020	\$	_
2021	225	5.0
2022	-	_
2023	-	—
Thereafter	650	0.0
Principal amounts repayable	875	0.0
Debt issuance costs	(3	3.3)
Unamortized discounts on notes	(4	1.1)
Total debt outstanding	\$ 867	′.6

Interest expense recognized on the Term Loan Agreement and the Senior Notes is included in interest expense, net in the consolidated statements of income, for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 are as follows (in millions):

	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2018		Year Ended December 31, 2017	
Components of interest expense:					
Contractual interest	\$ 35.6	\$	38.0	\$	39.0
Amortization of debt discount	0.6		0.7		0.6
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1.6		1.8		3.0
Interest expense	\$ 37.8	\$	40.5	\$	42.6
Interest income	(1.9)		(2.3)		(1.3)
Interest expense, net	\$ 35.9	\$	38.2	\$	41.3

## 14. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET

The following represents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component (in millions):

	tr	gn currency anslation ljustment	Unrealized Investment Gain/Loss		Pos	st-Retirement Benefits	Total Other Comprehensive Income	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	51.3	\$	0.2	\$	(0.8)	\$	50.7
Other comprehensive loss		(39.2)		_		_		(39.2)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	12.1	\$	0.2	\$	(0.8)	\$	11.5
Other comprehensive income		26.1		_		_		26.1
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	38.2	\$	0.2	\$	(0.8)	\$	37.6

### 15. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid upon the transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and in the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability. The fair value should be calculated based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, not on assumptions specific to the entity. In addition, the fair value of liabilities should include consideration of non-performance risk, including the Company's own credit risk.

The Company applied FASB ASC 820—Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure, which provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities by defining fair value and establishing the framework for measuring fair value. ASC 820 applies to financial and nonfinancial instruments that are measured and reported on a fair value basis. The three-level hierarchy of fair value measurements is based on whether the inputs to those measurements are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. The fair-value hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available and consists of the following levels:

- Level 1—Unadjusted inputs based on quoted markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2—Observable inputs, either direct or indirect, not including Level 1, corroborated by market data or based upon quoted prices in non-active markets.
- Level 3—Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best assumptions of what market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability.

The Company has included a tabular disclosure for financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following tables present the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

	December 31, 2019									
	,	<b>Fotal</b>	Level 1		Level 2		L	evel 3		
Assets:										
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	47.6	\$	47.6	\$	_	\$	_		
Marketable securities:										
Mutual funds		15.7		15.7		_		_		
Money market funds		7.7		7.7		_		_		
Total assets	\$	71.0	\$	71.0	\$	_	\$	_		
Liabilities:										
Contingent consideration liability to related party	\$	2.2	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2.2		
Total Liabilities	\$	2.2	\$		\$		\$	2.2		

	December 31, 2018									
	7	Level 1		Level 2		L	evel 3			
Assets:										
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	35.7	\$	35.7	\$	_	\$	_		
Total assets	\$	35.7	\$	35.7	\$	_	\$	_		
Liabilities:	<del></del>						-			
Contingent consideration liability to related party	\$	3.9	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3.9		
Total Liabilities	\$	3.9	\$		\$		\$	3.9		

The following is a description of the Company's valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

#### Financial Investments

Financial investments consist of highly liquid U.S. Treasury securities and marketable securities held in a rabbi trust for the Company's non-qualified retirement and benefit plans, also referred to as deferred compensation plan assets. The deferred compensation plan assets have an equal and offsetting deferred compensation plan liability based on the value of the deferred compensation plan assets. These securities are valued by obtaining feeds from a number of live data sources, including active market makers and inter-dealer brokers and therefore categorized as Level 1. See Note 18 ("Employee Benefit Plan") for more information.

#### Contingent Consideration Liability

In connection with the acquisition of the assets of Silexx Financial Systems, LLC ("Silexx"), the Company acquired a contingent consideration arrangement with the former owners of Silexx. The total fair value of this liability at December 31, 2019 was \$2.2 million. The fair values are based on estimates of discounted future cash payments, a significant unobservable input, and are considered a Level 3 measurement.

## Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Certain assets, such as goodwill and intangible assets, are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. For goodwill, the process involves using a market approach and income approach (using discounted estimated cash flows) to determine the fair value of each reporting unit on a stand-alone basis. That fair value is compared to the carrying amount of the reporting unit, including its recorded goodwill. Impairment is considered to have occurred if the fair value of the

reporting unit is lower than the carrying amount of the reporting unit. For the intangible assets, the process also involves using a discounted cash flow method to determine the fair value of each intangible asset. Impairment is considered to have occurred if the fair value of the intangible asset is lower than the carrying amount. These measurements are considered Level 3 and these assets are recognized at fair value if they are deemed to be impaired. During the year ended December 31, 2019, a goodwill impairment charge of \$10.5 million was recorded within the Corporate and Other segment. As a result of the impairment and subsequent deconsolidation of Vest, the fair value of the goodwill within the Corporate and Other segment was zero as of December 31, 2019. As of December 31, 2018, none of these assets were required to be recorded at fair value since no impairment indicators were present, see Note 11 ("Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net"). In addition, property held for sale as of December 31, 2019 was also measured at fair value at December 31, 2019. See Note 9 ("Property and Equipment, Net") for more information on property held for sale.

#### Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for certain assets and liabilities held by the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

	December 31, 2019										
		Total	Level 2	Level 3							
Assets:											
U.S. Treasury securities		47.6		47.6		_		_			
Deferred compensation plan assets		23.4		23.4		_		_			
Total assets	\$	71.0	\$	71.0	\$		\$				
Liabilities:		,				,					
Contingent consideration liability to related party		2.2		_		_		2.2			
Deferred compensation plan liabilities		23.4		23.4		_		_			
Debt		867.6		_		867.6		_			
Total liabilities	\$	893.2	\$	23.4	\$	867.6	\$	2.2			

	December 31, 2018										
	Total Level 1					Level 2	Level 3				
Assets:											
U.S. Treasury securities		35.7		35.7		_		_			
Total assets	\$	35.7	\$	35.7	\$		\$				
Liabilities:											
Contingent consideration liability to related party		3.9		_		_		3.9			
Debt		1,215.4		_		1,215.4		_			
Total liabilities	\$	1,219.3	\$		\$	1,215.4	\$	3.9			

Certain financial assets and liabilities, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, income tax receivable, accounts payable and Section 31 fees payable, are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis, but the carrying values approximate fair value due to their liquid or short-term nature.

## Debt

The carrying amount of debt approximates its fair value based on quoted LIBOR or using a fixed rate at December 31, 2019 and 2018 and is considered a Level 2 measurement.

## Information on Level 3 Financial Liabilities

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

	Level 3 Financial Liabilities for the Year Ended December 31, 2019									
	Balance at Beginning of Period		Realized (gains) losses during period		Additions		Settlements			nce at f Period
Liabilities										
Contingent consideration liabilities to related										
party	\$	3.9	\$	2.6	\$	_	\$	(4.3)	\$	2.2
Total Liabilities	\$	3.9	\$	2.6	\$		\$	(4.3)	\$	2.2
		Level 3	Financ	ial Liabilitie	s for t	he Year l	Ended	l Decembe	er 31, 20	18

	Level 3 Financial Liabilities for the Year Ended December 31, 2018									3
	Beg	Balance at Realized (gains) Beginning of losses during Period period		Ado	ditions	Set	tlements	Balan End of		
Liabilities										
Contingent consideration liabilities to related										
parties	\$	56.6	\$	3.9	\$	_	\$	(56.6)	\$	3.9
Total Liabilities	\$	56.6	\$	3.9	\$		\$	(56.6)	\$	3.9

#### 16. REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST

Redeemable noncontrolling interest is reported on the consolidated balance sheets in mezzanine equity in Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest. The Company recognizes changes to the redemption value of redeemable noncontrolling interest as they occur and adjusts the carrying value to equal the redemption value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting increases or decreases in the estimated redemption amount are affected by corresponding charges or credits against retained earnings, or in the absence of retained earnings, additional paid in capital. The redemption amounts have been estimated based on the fair value of the formerly majority-owned subsidiary Vest. See Note 7 ("Investments") for more information on the deconsolidation of Vest.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the following reflects changes in our redeemable noncontrolling interest (in millions):

	Redeen Noncont Inte	trolling
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	9.4
Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest		(4.1)
Redemption value adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interest		0.5
Deconsolidation of former subsidiary with noncontrolling interest		(5.8)
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	_

#### 17. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company reports five business segments: Options, U.S. Equities, Futures, European Equities, and Global FX, which is reflective of how the Company's chief operating decision-maker reviews and operates the business, as discussed in Note 1 ("Nature of Operations"). Segment performance is primarily based on operating income (loss). Our chief operating decision-maker does not review total assets or statements of income below operating income by segments as key performance metrics; therefore, such information is not presented below. The Company has aggregated all of its corporate costs, as well as other business ventures, within the Corporate Items and Eliminations unit based on the decision that those activities should not be used to evaluate the segment's operating performance; however, operating expenses that relate to activities of a specific segment have been allocated to that segment.

*Options.* Our options segment includes listed options on market indices ("index options"), mostly on an exclusive basis, as well as on non-exclusive "multi-listed" options, such as options on the stocks of individual corporations ("equity options") and options on ETPs, such as exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") and exchange-traded notes ("ETNs"). These options trade on Cboe Options, C2, BZX, and EDGX. Cboe Options is our primary options market and offers trading in listed options through a single system, known as our Hybrid trading model, which integrates electronic trading and traditional open outcry trading on our trading floor in Chicago. C2, BZX, and EDGX are our all-electronic options exchanges, and typically operate with different market models and fee structures than Cboe Options. The Options segment also includes applicable market data revenue generated from the U.S. tape plan, the sale of proprietary market data, index licensing, and access and capacity services.

*U.S. Equities.* The U.S. Equities segment includes listed equities and ETP transaction services that occur on BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA. This segment also includes ETP listings on BZX, the Cboe Global Markets, Inc. common stock listing, applicable market data revenue generated from the U.S. tape plans, the sale of proprietary market data, routing services, access and capacity services and advertising activity from ETF.com.

**Futures.** Our Futures segment includes the business of our futures exchange, CFE, which includes offerings for trading VIX futures and other futures products, as well as revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.

European Equities. The European Equities segment includes the pan-European listed equities transaction services, ETPs, exchange traded commodities, and international depository receipts that occur on MTFs operated by Cboe Europe Equities. It also includes the listings business where ETPs can be listed on RMs. Cboe Europe Equities operates lit and dark books, a periodic auctions book, and a Large-in-Scale ("LIS") trading negotiation facility. Cboe NL, launched in October 2019, operates similar business functionality that is offered by Cboe Europe, other than LIS, and provides for trading only in European Economic Area symbols. Cboe Europe Equities also includes revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.

**Global FX.** Our Global FX segment includes institutional FX trading services that occur on the Cboe FX platform, as well as non-deliverable forward FX transactions offered for execution on Cboe SEF, as well as revenue generated from the sale of proprietary market data and from access and capacity services.

Summarized financial data of reportable segments was as follows (in millions):

	Options	U.	S. Equities	I	utures	uropean Equities	Gl	obal FX	it	orporate tems and minations	Total
Year ended December 31, 2019					,			,			
Revenues	\$ 983.1	\$	1,213.1	\$	135.9	\$ 110.8	\$	53.0	\$	0.2	\$ 2,496.1
Operating income (loss)	334.3		132.5		83.1	20.3		(4.9)		(28.1)	537.2
Year ended December 31, 2018											
Revenues	\$ 1,057.5	\$	1,373.1	\$	149.8	\$ 131.6	\$	56.4	\$	0.4	\$ 2,768.8
Operating income (loss)	390.9		140.5		85.7	24.1		(11.7)		(30.1)	599.4
Year ended December 31, 2017											
Revenues	\$ 883.5	\$	1,072.5	\$	144.6	\$ 89.6	\$	38.2	\$	0.7	\$ 2,229.1
Operating income (loss)	252.2		103.2		126.8	8.9		(12.8)		(106.4)	371.9

#### 18. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

Cboe employees are eligible to participate in the Cboe Options SMART Plan ("SMART Plan"). The SMART Plan is a defined contribution plan, which is qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). In addition, eligible employees may participate in the Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan, Executive Retirement Plan and Deferred Compensation Plan. Effective January 1, 2017, the Executive Retirement Plan is closed to new executive officers and employees. Each plan is a defined contribution plan that is non-qualified under Internal Revenue Code. The Deferred Compensation Plan assets, held in a rabbi trust, are subject to the claims of general creditors of the Company and totaled \$23.4 million at December 31, 2019. Although the value of the plans are recorded as an asset in financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheets, there are equal and offsetting liabilities in other non-current liabilities. The investment

results of these plans have no impact on net income as the investment results are recorded in equal amounts to both other income (expense) and compensation and benefits expense. The Company contributed \$11.3 million, \$12.4 million, and \$7.7 million to the defined contribution plans for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively. This expense is included in compensation and benefits in the consolidated statements of income.

For employees of Cboe Europe Limited, the Company contributes to an employee-selected stakeholder contribution plan. The Company's contribution amounted to \$0.7 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively. This expense is included in compensation and benefits in the consolidated statements of income.

#### 19. REGULATORY CAPITAL

As a broker-dealer registered with the SEC, Cooe Trading is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, as defined therein. The SEC's requirement also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or a cash dividend paid if certain minimum net capital requirements are not met. Cooe Trading computes the net capital requirements under the basic method provided for in Rule 15c3-1.

As of December 31, 2019, Cboe Trading is required to maintain net capital equal to the greater of 6.67% of aggregate indebtedness items, as defined, or \$0.1 million. At December 31, 2019, Cboe Trading had net capital of \$13.3 million, which was \$12.8 million in excess of its required net capital of \$0.5 million.

As entities regulated by the FCA, Cboe Europe Limited is subject to the Financial Resource Requirement ("FRR") and Cboe Chi-X Europe is subject to the Capital Resources Requirement ("CRR"). As a RIE, Cboe Europe Limited computes its FRR in accordance with its Financial Risk Assessment, as agreed by the FCA. This FRR was \$21.8 million at December 31, 2019. At December 31, 2019, Cboe Europe Limited had capital in excess of its required FRR of \$36.2 million.

As a Banks, Investment firms, PRUdential (BIPRU) 50k firm, as defined by the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive of the FCA, Cboe Chi-X Europe computes its CRR as the greater of the base requirement of \$0.1 million at December 31, 2019, or the summation of the credit risk, market risk and fixed overheads requirements, as defined. At December 31, 2019, Cboe Chi-X Europe had capital in excess of its required CRR of \$0.5 million. Cboe Chi-X Europe Limited is currently dormant having ceased offering its routing service in November 2018.

On March 8, 2019, Cboe Europe NL received approval from the Dutch Ministry of Finance to operate a RM, a MTF, and an approved publication arrangement in the Netherlands. As a RM, Cboe Europe NL is subject to minimum capital requirements, as established by the Dutch Ministry of Finance in the license of March 8, 2019. As of December 31, 2019, the minimum capital requirement calculated in accordance with the license was \$1.6 million. At December 31, 2019, Cboe Europe NL had capital in excess of its requirement of \$3.7 million.

As a designated contract market regulated by the CFTC, CFE is required to meet two capital adequacy tests: (i) its financial resources must be equal to at least twelve months of its projected operating costs and (ii) its unencumbered, liquid financial assets which may include a line of credit, must be equal to at least six months of its projected operating costs. As of December 31, 2019, CFE had annual projected operating expenses of \$56.5 million and had financial resources that exceeded this amount.

Additionally, as of December 31, 2019, CFE had projected operating expenses for the upcoming six months of \$28.3 million and had unencumbered, liquid financial assets, including a line of credit from Cboe, that exceeded this amount.

As a swap execution facility regulated by the CFTC, Cboe SEF is required to meet two capital adequacy tests: (i) its financial resources must be equal to at least twelve months of its projected operating costs and (ii) its unencumbered, liquid financial assets must be equal to at least six months of its projected operating costs. As of December 31, 2019, Cboe SEF had annual projected operating expenses of \$0.8 million and had financial resources that exceeded this amount. Additionally, as of December 31, 2019, Cboe SEF had projected operating expenses for the upcoming six months of \$0.4 million and had unencumbered, liquid financial assets that exceeded this amount.

#### 20. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock-based compensation is based on the fair value of the award on the date of grant, which is recognized over the related service period, net of actual forfeitures. The service period is the period over which the related service is performed, which is generally the same as the vesting period. Vesting may be accelerated for certain officers and employees as a result of attaining certain age and service based requirements in our long-term incentive plan and award agreements.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$21.8 million, \$35.1 million, and \$52.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 respectively. Stock-based compensation expense is included in compensation and benefits and acquisition-related costs in the consolidated statements of income.

The activity in the Company's stock options and restricted stock, consisting of restricted stock awards ("RSAs"), restricted stock units ("RSUs"), and performance-based restricted stock units ("PSUs"), was as follows:

#### Stock Options

Summary stock option activity is presented below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)
Outstanding, December 31, 2017	442,042	\$ 25.36		
Exercised	(72,559)	20.08		
Outstanding, December 31, 2018	369,483	\$ 26.40		
Exercised	(358,649)	26.63		
Outstanding and exercisable December 31, 2019	10,834	\$ 18.59	0.5	\$ 1.1

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised was \$26.0 million and \$6.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2019, to satisfy employee's tax obligations and cash exercise payment due upon the election to exercise 358,649 stock options, the Company purchased 6,323 shares at a cost of \$0.6 million.

#### RSAs and RSUs

The following table summarizes RSA and RSU activity during the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Number of shares	avera	eighted ige grant fair value
Nonvested stock at December 31, 2018	631,764	\$	85.85
Granted	216,891		93.45
Vested	(313,856)		83.25
Forfeited	(98,786)		85.50
Nonvested stock at December 31, 2019	436,013	\$	91.58

RSAs granted to non-employee members of the board of directors have a one-year vesting period and vesting accelerates upon the occurrence of a change in control of the Company. Unvested portions of the RSAs will be forfeited if the director leaves the Company prior to the applicable vesting date. The RSAs have voting rights and entitle the holder to receive dividends.

RSUs entitle the holder to one share of common stock upon vesting, typically vest over a three year period, and vesting accelerates upon the occurrence of a change in control or a termination of employment following a change in control. Vesting will also accelerate upon a qualified retirement. Qualified retirement eligibility occurs once satisfying

65 years of age and 5 years of service for grants awarded before 2017 and once satisfying 55 years of age and 10 years of service for grants awarded in and after 2017. Unvested RSUs will be forfeited if the officer, or employee leaves the Company prior to the applicable vesting date, except in limited circumstances. The RSUs have no voting rights but entitle the holder to receive dividend equivalents.

Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, each award of restricted Bats common stock ("Bats restricted shares") granted under any of the Bats Plans that was unvested immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger was assumed by the Company and converted into an award of restricted shares of our common stock, subject to the same terms and conditions (including vesting schedule) that applied to the applicable Bats restricted shares immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger (but taking into account any changes, including any acceleration of vesting of such Bats restricted shares, occurring by reason provided for in the Merger Agreement).

In the year ended December 31, 2019, to satisfy employees' tax obligations upon the vesting of restricted stock, the Company purchased 112,023 shares of common stock totaling \$11.0 million as the result of the vesting of 313,856 shares of restricted stock.

## **PSUs**

The following table summarizes restricted stock unit contingent upon achievement of performance conditions, or PSU, activity during the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Number of Shares	 Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested stock at December 31, 2018	151,842	\$ 100.81
Granted	86,134	88.22
Vested	(69,372)	74.56
Forfeited	(36,356)	97.78
Nonvested stock at December 31, 2019	132,248	\$ 107.21

PSUs include awards related to earnings per share during the performance period as well as awards related to total shareholder return during the performance period. The Company used the Monte Carlo valuation model method to estimate the fair value of the total shareholder return PSUs which incorporated the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate (2.54)%, three-year volatility (20.5)% and three year correlation with S&P 500 Index (0.29). Each of these performance shares has a performance condition under which the number of units ultimately awarded will vary from 0% to 200% of the original grant, with each unit representing the contingent right to receive one share of our common stock. The vesting period for the PSUs contingent on the achievement of performance conditions is three years. For each of the performance awards, the PSUs will be settled in shares of our common stock following vesting of the PSU assuming that the participant has been continuously employed during the vesting period, subject to acceleration in the event of a change in control of the Company, or a termination of employment following a change in control, or in the event of a participant's earlier death or disability. Participants have no voting rights with respect to the PSUs until the issuance of the shares of common stock. Dividends are accrued by the Company and will be paid once the PSUs contingent on the achievement of performance conditions vest.

In the year ended December 31, 2019, to satisfy employees' tax obligations upon the vesting of performance stock, the Company purchased 27,477 shares of common stock totaling \$2.6 million as the result of the vesting of 69,372 shares of performance stock.

As of December 31, 2019, there were \$18.8 million in total unrecognized compensation costs related to restricted stock, restricted stock units, and performance stock units. These costs are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.6 years.

# Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In May 2018, our stockholders approved our Employee Stock Purchase Plan, ("ESPP"), under which a total of 750,000 shares of our common stock will be made available for purchase to employees. The ESPP is a broad-based plan that permits our employees to contribute up to 10% of wages and base salary to purchase shares of our common stock at a discount, subject to applicable annual Internal Revenue Service limitations. Under our ESPP, a participant may not purchase more than a maximum of 312 shares of our common stock during any single offering period. No participant may accrue options to purchase shares of our common stock at a rate that exceeds \$25,000 in fair market value of our common stock (determined at the time such options are granted) for each calendar year in which such rights are outstanding at any time. The exercise price per share of common stock shall be 90% (for eligible U.S. employees) or 85% (for eligible international employees) of the lesser of the fair market value of the stock on the first day of the applicable offering period or the applicable exercise date.

We record compensation expense over the offering period related to the discount that is given to our employees, which totaled \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of December 31, 2019, 722,648 shares were reserved for future issuance under the ESPP.

#### 21. EQUITY

#### Common Stock

The Company's common stock is listed on Cboe BZX under the trading symbol CBOE. As of December 31, 2019, 325,000,000 shares of our common stock were authorized, \$0.01 par value, 125,701,889 and 110,656,892 shares were issued and outstanding, respectively. The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share.

#### Common Stock in Treasury, at Cost

We account for the purchase of treasury stock under the cost method with the shares of stock repurchased reflected as a reduction to Cboe stockholders' equity and included in common stock in treasury, at cost in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Shares repurchased under the Company's share repurchase program are available to be redistributed. When treasury shares are redistributed, they are recorded at the average cost of the treasury shares acquired. We held 15,044,997 of common stock in treasury as of December 31, 2019 and 13,478,520 shares as of December 31, 2018.

## Share Repurchase Program

In 2011, the board of directors approved an initial authorization for the Company to repurchase shares of its outstanding common stock of \$100 million and approved additional authorizations of \$100 million in each of 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016, \$150 million in February 2018, \$100 million in August 2018, and \$250 million in October 2019 for a total authorization of \$1.1 billion. The Company expects to fund repurchases primarily through the use of existing cash balances. The program permits the Company to purchase shares, through a variety of methods, including in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions, in accordance with applicable securities laws. It does not obligate the Company to make any repurchases at any specific time or situation.

Under the program, for the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company repurchased 1,420,654 shares of common stock at an average cost per share of \$110.42, totaling \$156.9 million. Since inception of the program through December 31, 2019, the Company has repurchased 13,716,009 shares of common stock at an average cost per share of \$58.38, totaling \$800.8 million.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$299.2 million of availability remaining under its existing share repurchase authorizations.

The table below shows the repurchased shares of our common stock under the Company's share repurchase program during the periods presented as follows:

	Shares Repurchased	Repurchase er Share	Amo	unt of Repurchases
2019		 er saure		une of freparenties
Fourth quarter	600,442	\$ 115.76	\$	69,505,515
Third quarter	453,319	115.49		52,355,492
Second quarter	100	104.75		10,477
First quarter	366,793	95.36		34,999,992
Total open market common stock repurchases	1,420,654			156,871,476
2018				
Fourth quarter	_	\$ _	\$	_
Third quarter	491,899	99.75		49,064,854
Second quarter	468,913	102.92		48,258,926
First quarter	387,142	112.52		43,562,504
Total open market common stock repurchases	1,347,954			140,886,284
2017				
Fourth quarter	_	\$ _	\$	_
Third quarter	_	_		_
Second quarter	_	_		_
First quarter		_		_
Total open market common stock repurchases				

#### Purchase of Common Stock from Employees

The Company purchased 143,247 shares that were not part of the publicly announced share repurchase authorization from employees for an average price paid per share of \$97.22 during the year ended December 31, 2019. These shares consisted of shares retained to cover payroll withholding taxes or option costs in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, performance share awards, and stock option exercises.

## **Preferred Stock**

The Company has authorized the issuance of 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, issuable from time to time in one or more series. For the years ended December 31, 2019, and 2018, the Company had no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

## Dividends

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company declared and paid cash dividends per share of \$1.34 for an aggregate payout of \$150.0 million. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company declared and paid cash dividends per share of \$1.16 for an aggregate payout of \$130.3 million.

Each share of common stock, including restricted stock awards and restricted stock units, is entitled to receive dividend and dividend equivalents, respectively, if, as and when declared by the board of directors of the Company. The Company's expectation is to continue to pay dividends. The decision to pay a dividend, however, remains within the discretion of the Company's board of directors and may be affected by various factors, including our earnings, financial condition, capital requirements, level of indebtedness and other considerations our board of directors deems relevant. Future debt obligations and statutory provisions, among other things, may limit, or in some cases prohibit, our ability to pay dividends.

As a holding company, the Company's ability to declare and continue to pay dividends in the future with respect to its common stock will also be dependent upon the ability of its subsidiaries to pay dividends to it under applicable corporate law.

#### 22. INCOME TAXES

Net deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 (in millions):

		er 31,		
		2019		2018
Deferred tax assets:				
Accrued compensation and benefits	\$	14.1	\$	17.1
Property, equipment and technology, net		1.9		2.6
Operating leases		13.5		_
Other		30.5		20.7
Subtotal		60.0		40.4
Valuation allowance		(4.2)		(2.0)
Total deferred tax assets		55.8		38.4
Deferred tax liabilities:		,		
Intangibles		(357.6)		(380.2)
Property, equipment and technology, net		(14.5)		(17.4)
Investments		(68.2)		(75.3)
Operating leases		(13.0)		_
Prepaid expenses or assets		(2.2)		(2.3)
Total deferred tax liabilities	_	(455.5)		(475.2)
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	\$	(399.7)	\$	(436.8)

The Company provides a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets if, based on management's assessment of historical and projected future operating results and other available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. A valuation allowance of \$4.2 million was recorded against gross deferred tax assets for certain investments, net operating and capital losses as of December 31, 2019.

As of December 31, 2019, we have capital loss carryforwards of \$7.9 million, which, if unused, will expire in 2024.

The provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 consists of the following (in millions):

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2019	2018			2017
Current tax expense:						
Federal	\$	98.7	\$	125.1	\$	141.0
State		61.2		58.7		25.8
Foreign		7.9		9.9		5.4
Total current tax expense		167.8		193.7		172.2
Deferred income tax expense:						
Federal		(28.7)		(18.4)		(227.5)
State		(3.8)		(23.7)		(6.5)
Foreign		(4.7)		(5.6)		(4.4)
Total deferred income tax expense		(37.2)		(47.7)		(238.4)
Total	\$	130.6	\$	146.0	\$	(66.2)

The Company considers a portion of its non-U.S. earnings to be indefinitely reinvested outside of the U.S. to the extent these earnings are not subject to U.S. income tax under an anti-deferral tax regime.

For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, income before taxes consists of the following (in millions):

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2019	2018	2017		
U.S. operations	\$ 480.0	\$ 548.3	\$ 326.7		
Foreign operations	21.4	22.9	7.7		
	\$ 501.4	\$ 571.2	\$ 334.4		

A reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate to the effective income tax rate for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2019	2018	2017		
Statutory U.S. federal income tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	35.0 %		
Impact of federal, state and local tax law & rate changes, net	<u> </u>	(3.5)%	(55.1)%		
State taxes, net of federal benefit	5.0 %	5.0 %	4.3 %		
Uncertain tax positions	2.6 %	6.1 %	— %		
Deduction for Foreign-Derived Intangible Income	(1.2)%	_	_		
Section 199 deduction	— %	— %	(2.6)%		
Other, net	(1.4)%	(3.0)%	(1.4)%		
Effective income tax rate	26.0 %	25.6 %	(19.8)%		

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending uncertain tax positions, excluding interest and penalties, is as follows (in thousands):

	2019		2018		2017
Balance as of January 1	\$	102.3	\$	67.8	\$ 41.9
Acquired unrecognized tax benefits					23.2
Gross increases on tax positions in prior period		3.1		35.0	6.2
Gross decreases on tax positions in prior period		(6.3)		(19.0)	(14.7)
Gross increases on tax positions in current period		18.5		19.0	12.7
Lapse of statute of limitations		(0.9)		(0.5)	(1.5)
Balance as of December 31	\$	116.7	\$	102.3	\$ 67.8
•	\$	( )	\$		\$ 

As of December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, the Company had \$114.9 million, \$99.5 million, and \$68.2 million, respectively, of uncertain tax positions, net of federal benefit, which, if recognized in the future, would affect the effective income tax rate. Reductions to uncertain tax positions from the lapse of the applicable statutes of limitations and potential audit settlements during the next twelve months are estimated to be approximately \$2.4 million.

Estimated interest costs and penalties are classified as part of the provision for income taxes in the Company's consolidated statements of income and were \$6.6 million, \$1.1 million, and \$(1.5) million for the periods ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Accrued interest and penalties were \$19.2 million, \$12.6 million and \$11.1 million as of December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The following table summarizes the tax years that are either currently under audit or remain open and subject to examination by the tax authorities in the most significant jurisdictions in which Cboe operates:

U.S. Federal	2008-2019
Illinois	2016-2019
New York	2011-2019
New York City	2011-2019
United Kingdom	2017-2019

The Company petitioned the Tax Court on January 13, 2017, May 7, 2018 and November 29, 2018 for a redetermination of IRS notices of deficiency for Cboe and certain of its subsidiaries for tax years 2011 through 2015 related to its Section 199 claims. The Company also filed a complaint on October 5, 2018 with the Court of Federal Claims for a refund of Section 199 claims related to tax years 2008 through 2010. The Company believes the aggregate amount of any additional liabilities that may result from these examinations, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company. As of December 31, 2019, we have not resolved these matters, and proceedings continue in Tax Court and the Court of Federal Claims.

#### 23. NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

The computation of basic net income per common share is calculated by reducing net income for the period by dividends paid or declared and undistributed net income for the period that are allocated to participating securities to arrive at net income allocated to common stockholders. Net income allocated to common stockholders is divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period to determine net income per share allocated to common stockholders.

The computation of diluted net income per share is calculated by dividing net income allocated to common stockholders by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus all additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive common shares had been issued. The dilutive effect is calculated using the more dilutive of the two-class or treasury stock method.

Additionally, the change in the redemption value for the noncontrolling interest reduces net income allocated to common stockholders.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in millions, except per share data):

	Year Ended December 31,				l <b>,</b>	
(in millions, except per share amounts)	2019		19 2018			2017
Basic EPS Numerator:						
Net Income	\$	370.8	\$	425.2	\$	400.6
Loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		4.1		1.3		1.1
Net Income excluding noncontrolling interest		374.9		426.5		401.7
Change in redemption value of noncontrolling interest		(0.5)		(1.3)		(1.1)
Earnings allocated to participating securities		(1.7)		(3.1)		(3.9)
Net Income allocated to common stockholders	\$	372.7	\$	422.1	\$	396.7
Basic EPS Denominator:						
Weighted average shares outstanding		111.4		111.8		107.2
Basic Net Income Per Common Share	\$	3.35	\$	3.78	\$	3.70
Diluted EPS Numerator:						
Net Income	\$	370.8	\$	425.2	\$	400.6
Loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		4.1		1.3		1.1
Net Income excluding noncontrolling interest		374.9		426.5		401.7
Change in redemption value of noncontrolling interest		(0.5)		(1.3)		(1.1)
Earnings allocated to participating securities		(1.7)		(3.1)		(3.9)
Net Income allocated to common stockholders	\$	372.7	\$	422.1	\$	396.7
Diluted EPS Denominator:						
Weighted average shares outstanding		111.4		111.8		107.2
Dilutive common shares issued under stock program		0.4		0.4		0.3
Total dilutive weighted average shares	_	111.8		112.2		107.5
Diluted Net Income Per Common Share	\$	3.34	\$	3.76	\$	3.69

For the periods presented, the Company did not have shares of stock-based compensation that would have an anti-dilutive effect on the computation of diluted net income per common share.

#### 24. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND GUARANTEES

Legal Proceedings

As of December 31, 2019, the Company was subject to the various legal proceedings and claims discussed below, as well as certain other legal proceedings and claims that have not been fully resolved and that have arisen in the ordinary course of business

The Company reviews its legal proceedings and claims, regulatory reviews and inspections and other legal proceedings on an ongoing basis and follows appropriate accounting guidance when making accrual and disclosure decisions. The Company establishes accruals for those contingencies where the incurrence of a loss is probable and can be reasonably estimated, and the Company discloses the amount accrued and the amount of a reasonably possible loss in excess of the amount accrued, if such disclosure is necessary for our financial statements to not be misleading. The Company does not record liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable, but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated, or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. The Company's assessment of whether a loss is reasonably possible or probable is based on its assessment of the ultimate outcome of the matter following all appeals.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company does not believe that there is a reasonable possibility that any material loss exceeding the amounts already recognized for these legal proceedings and claims, regulatory reviews, inspections or other legal proceedings, if any, has been incurred. While the consequences of certain unresolved proceedings are not presently determinable, the outcome of any proceeding is inherently uncertain and an adverse outcome from certain matters could have a material effect on our earnings in any given reporting period.

#### City of Providence

On April 18, 2014, the City of Providence, Rhode Island filed a securities class action lawsuit in the Southern District of New York against Bats and Direct Edge Holdings LLC, as well as 14 other securities exchanges. The action purports to be brought on behalf of all public investors who purchased and/or sold shares of stock in the United States since April 18, 2009 on a registered public stock exchange ("Exchange Defendants") or a U.S.-based alternate trading venue and were injured as a result of the alleged misconduct detailed in the complaint, which includes allegations that the Exchange Defendants committed fraud through a variety of business practices associated with, among other things, what is commonly referred to as high frequency trading. On May 2, 2014 and May 20, 2014, American European Insurance Company and Harel Insurance Co., Ltd. each filed substantially similar class action lawsuits against the Exchange Defendants which were ultimately consolidated with the City of Providence, Rhode Island securities class action lawsuit. On June 18, 2015, the Southern District of New York (the "Lower Court") held oral argument on the pending Motion to Dismiss and thereafter, on August 26, 2015, the Lower Court issued an Opinion and Order granting Exchange Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, dismissing the complaint in full. Plaintiff filed a Notice of Appeal of the dismissal on September 24, 2015 and its appeal brief on January 7, 2016. Respondent's brief was filed on April 7, 2016 and oral argument was held on August 24, 2016. Following oral argument, the Court of Appeals issued an order requesting that the SEC submit an amicus brief on whether the Lower Court had jurisdiction and whether the Exchange Defendants have immunity in the claims alleged. The SEC filed its amicus brief with the Court of Appeals on November 28, 2016 and Plaintiff and the Exchange Defendants filed their respective supplemental response briefs on December 12, 2016. On December 19, 2017, the Court of Appeals reversed the Lower Court's dismissal and remanded the case back to the Lower Court. On March 13, 2018, the Court of Appeals denied the Exchange Defendants' motion for re-hearing. The Exchange Defendants filed their opening brief for their motion to dismiss May 18, 2018, Plaintiffs' response was filed June 15, 2018 and the Exchange Defendants' reply was filed June 29, 2018. On May 28, 2019, the Lower Court issued an opinion and order denying the Exchange Defendants' motion to dismiss. On June 17, 2019, the Exchange Defendants filed a motion seeking interlocutory appeal of the May 28, 2019 dismissal order, which was denied July 16, 2019. Exchange Defendants filed their answers on July 25, 2019. Given the preliminary nature of the proceedings, the Company is unable to estimate what, if any, liability may result from this litigation. However, the Company believes that the claims are without merit and intends to litigate the matter vigorously.

#### **SIFMA**

Securities Industry Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") has filed a number of denial of access applications with the SEC to set aside proposed rule changes to establish or modify fees for Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX and EDGA (the "Exchanges") market data products and related services (the "Challenged Fees"). The Challenged Fees were held in abeyance pending a decision, which was issued by the SEC on October 16, 2018, on a separate SIFMA denial of access application regarding fees proposed by Nasdaq and the NYSE for their respective market data products. In a second order entered on October 16, 2018, the SEC issued an order (the "Order") that remanded the stayed Challenged Fees and ordered the Exchanges to: (i) within six months of the Order, provide notice to the SEC of developed or identified fair procedures for assessing the Challenged Fees (the "Procedures") and (ii) within one year of the Order, apply the Procedures to the Challenged Fees and submit to the SEC a record explaining the Exchanges' conclusions. On October 26, 2018, the Exchanges filed a motion to reconsider the Order with the SEC. On November 21, 2018, the Exchanges filed with the SEC a joinder motion to NYSE's prior motion for stay of the Order. On December 3, 2018, SIFMA filed a response to NYSE's motion for stay. Nasdag withdrew its motion to reconsider the Order with the SEC on December 4, 2018, and on December 5, 2018, filed a Petition for Review with the Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit (the "D.C. Circuit"). On December 14, 2018, the SEC denied the motion for stay but tolled the compliance date set forth in the remand order until ruling is made on the motion to reconsider. The Exchanges and NYSE filed on January 4, 2019 a motion to intervene in the Nasdaq Petition for Review to ensure the ability to participate in the case; the motion to intervene was granted on January 25, 2019. On the same day, SIFMA filed a motion with the D.C. Circuit moving to dismiss or hold in abeyance the Petition for Review. The Exchanges and NYSE submitted on February 6, 2019 a statement of issues for consideration in connection with the Petition for Review pending before the D.C. Circuit. On March 29, 2019, the D.C. Circuit issued an order indicating that SIFMA's motion to dismiss will be considered with the underlying merits of the Petition for Review. On May 7, 2019, the SEC denied the Exchanges and NYSE's motion for reconsideration of the Order. The SEC also further tolled the effectiveness of the remand order subject to the resolution of the substantive SIFMA case against Nasdaq and NYSE Area that is already before the D.C. Circuit. On June 17, 2019, the Exchanges filed a petition for review of the May 7, 2019 SEC order denying reconsideration of the Order with the D.C. Circuit and of the Order. The Exchanges' joint opening brief was filed on October 23, 2019. Oral arguments were held on February 18, 2020. An adverse ruling in that matter or a subsequent appeal could adversely affect exchange market data fees. However, the Company believes that the claims are without merit and intends to litigate the matter vigorously. The Company is unable to estimate what, if any, liability may result from this litigation.

## VIX Litigation

On March 20, 2018, a putative class action complaint captioned Tomasulo v. Cboe Exchange, Inc., et al., No. 18-cv-02025 was filed in federal district court for the Northern District of Illinois alleging that the Company intentionally designed its products, operated its platforms, and formulated the method for calculating VIX and the Special Opening Quotation, (i.e., the special VIX value designed by the Company and calculated on the settlement date of VIX derivatives prior to the opening of trading), in a manner that could be collusively manipulated by a group of entities named as John Doe defendants. A number of similar putative class actions, some of which do not name the Company as a party, were filed in federal court in Illinois and New York on behalf of investors in certain volatility-related products. On June 14, 2018, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation centralized the putative class actions in the federal district court for the Northern District of Illinois. On September 28, 2018, plaintiffs filed a master, consolidated complaint that is a putative class action alleging various claims against the Company and John Doe defendants in the federal district court for the Northern District of Illinois. The claims asserted against the Company consist of a Securities Exchange Act fraud claim, three Commodity Exchange Act claims and a state law negligence claim. Plaintiffs request a judgment awarding class damages in an unspecified amount, as well as punitive or exemplary damages in an unspecified amount, prejudgment interest, costs including attorneys' and experts' fees and expenses and such other relief as the court may deem just and proper. On November 19, 2018, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the master consolidated complaint and the plaintiffs filed their response on January 7, 2019. The Company filed its reply on January 28, 2019. On May 29, 2019, the federal district court for the Northern District of Illinois granted the Company's motion to dismiss plaintiffs' entire complaint against the Company. The state law negligence claim was dismissed with prejudice and the other claims were dismissed without prejudice with leave to file an amended complaint, which plaintiffs filed on July 19, 2019. On August 28, 2019, the Company filed its second motion to dismiss the amended consolidated complaint and

plaintiffs filed their response on October 8, 2019. On January 27, 2020, the federal district court for the Northern District of Illinois granted the Company's second motion to dismiss and all counts against the Company were dismissed with prejudice. Plaintiffs have indicated to the federal district court for the Northern District of Illinois that they intend to seek leave of the court to take an immediate appeal. The Company currently believes that the claims are without merit and intends to litigate the matter vigorously. The Company is unable to estimate what, if any, liability may result from this litigation.

Other

As self-regulatory organizations under the jurisdiction of the SEC, Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX and EDGA are subject to routine reviews and inspections by the SEC. As a designated contract market under the jurisdiction of the CFTC, CFE is subject to routine reviews and inspections by the CFTC. Cboe SEF, LLC is a swap execution facility registered with the CFTC and subject to routine reviews and inspections by the CFTC. Cboe Trading is subject to reviews and inspections by FINRA. The Company has from time to time received inquiries and investigative requests from the SEC's Office of Compliance Inspections and Examinations as well as the Division of Enforcement seeking information about our compliance with our obligations as a self-regulatory organization, the federal securities laws as well as our members' compliance with the federal securities laws. In addition, while Cboe Europe Limited and Cboe Chi-X Europe have not been the subject of any material litigation or regulatory investigation in the past, there is always the possibility of such action in the future. As both companies are domiciled in the U.K., it is likely that any action would be taken in the U.K. courts in relation to litigation or by the FCA in relation to any regulatory enforcement action.

The Company is also currently a party to various other legal proceedings in addition to those already mentioned. Management does not believe that the likely outcome of any of these other reviews, inspections, investigations or other legal proceedings is expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, liquidity or capital resources.

See also Note 10 ("Other Assets, Net") for information on promissory notes related to the CAT.

See also Note 22 ("Income Taxes").

Contractual Obligations

See Note 25 ("Leases") for information on lease obligations.

#### 25. LEASES

The Company currently leases office space, data centers and remote network operations centers under non-cancelable operating leases with third parties as of December 31, 2019. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet and the Company recognizes lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Certain leases include one or more options to renew, with renewal terms that can extend the lease term from one to five years or more, and some of which include the Company's option to terminate the leases within one year. As the implicit rate in the Company's leases are generally not reasonably determinable, the Company applies an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The Company applied an incremental borrowing rate as of January 1, 2019 for operating leases that commenced prior to that date. During the year ended December 31, 2019, an additional \$22.1 million of right of use assets and lease liabilities were added related to new and modified operating leases.

In September 2019, the Company signed a new lease to secure approximately 185,000 square feet of office space within the Old Post Office building in Chicago, Illinois, which will serve as the Company's new global headquarters. The initial term of the lease will be 187 months from the accounting commencement date, which is expected to be in the first quarter of 2020. The Company has the option to renew the lease term for an additional 60 months. The total legally

binding minimum lease payments for this lease are approximately \$98.8 million. See Note 9 ("Property and Equipment, Net") for information on the current headquarters location.

Additionally, in September 2019, the Company signed a new lease to secure approximately 40,000 square feet of office space within the Chicago Board of Trade Building in Chicago, Illinois, where the Company plans to build a new trading floor and office space. The initial term of the lease will be 150 months from the accounting commencement date, which is expected to be in the second quarter of 2020. The Company has the option to renew the lease term for an additional 60 months. The total legally binding minimum lease payments for this lease are approximately \$17.1 million.

The following table presents the supplemental balance sheet information related to leases for the year ended December 31, 2019 (in millions):

	Dece	ember 31,
		2019
Operating lease right of use assets	\$	53.4
Total leased assets	\$	53.4
Accrued liabilities	\$	8.7
Non-current operating lease liabilities		46.7
Total leased liabilities	\$	55.4

The following table presents operating lease costs and other information as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 (in millions, except as stated):

	Year Ended December 31, 2019
Operating lease costs (1)	\$ 12.4
Lease term and discount rate information: Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	9.2
Weighted average discount rate	3.5 %
Supplemental cash flow information and non-cash activity:	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities (2)	\$ 11.2 22.1

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes short-term lease and variable lease costs, which are immaterial.

The total rent expense related to lease obligations, reflected in technology support services and facilities costs line items on the consolidated statements of income, for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$12.4 million, \$10.1 million, and \$7.6 million, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities recognized upon adoption of \$40.3 million and \$42.8 million, respectively.

The maturities of the lease liabilities are as follows as of December 31, 2019 (in millions):

	Dec	December 31, 2019		
2020	\$	10.4		
2021		10.0		
2022		9.3		
2023		7.8		
2024		3.5		
After 2024 (1)		24.2		
Total lease payments	\$	65.2		
Less: Interest		(9.8)		
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	55.4		

<sup>(1)</sup> Total lease payments include \$20.4 million related to options to extend lease terms that are reasonably certain of being exercised and exclude \$115.9 million of legally binding lease payments for leases signed but will commence after December 31, 2019

## 26. QUARTERLY DATA (UNAUDITED)

Year ended December 31, 2019 (in millions, except per share data)	First		Second		Third Ouarter			Fourth Ouarter
	0	Quarter Quarter			Ф		Ф	
Revenue less cost of revenues	\$	279.4	\$	283.2	\$	294.0	\$	280.3
Operating income		145.4		125.2		147.4		119.2
Net income		94.1		84.5		105.9		86.3
Net income allocated to common stockholders		93.5		87.6		105.5		86.1
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.84	\$	0.79	\$	0.95	\$	0.78
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.84	\$	0.78	\$	0.94	\$	0.77

		First	Second		Third			Fourth	
Year ended December 31, 2018 (in millions, except per share data)	Q	Quarter Quarter		Quarter		rter Quarter		ter Qua	
Revenue less cost of revenues	\$	328.5	\$	283.5	\$	270.5	\$	334.4	
Operating income		167.7		129.1		126.1		176.5	
Net income		118.1		83.0		85.7		138.4	
Net income allocated to common stockholders		117.3		82.4		85.0		137.4	
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.04	\$	0.74	\$	0.76	\$	1.23	
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.04	\$	0.73	\$	0.76	\$	1.23	

## 27. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 11, 2020, the Company's board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.36 per share. The dividend is payable on March 13, 2020 to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 2, 2020.

On February 19, 2020, the Company granted 163,261 RSUs and 42,173 PSUs to certain officers and employees at a fair value of \$120.44 per share, the closing price of the Company's stock on the grant date. The shares have a three year vesting period based on achievement of certain service, performance and/or market conditions and vesting accelerates upon the occurrence of a termination of employment following a change in control of the Company or in the event of earlier death, disability or qualified retirement.

## Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

#### Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

#### (b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control system has been designed to provide reasonable assurance to management and the board of directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019. Management based its assessment on criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting described in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Management's assessment included evaluating the design of our internal control over financial reporting and testing the operational effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. The results of its assessment were reviewed with the audit committee of the board of directors.

No changes occurred in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during fourth quarter 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Based on its assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, management believes that, as of December 31, 2019, internal control over financial reporting is effective.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019 has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report on page 85.

## Item 9B. Other Information

Not applicable.

#### PART III

#### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information relating to our directors, including our audit committee and audit committee financial experts and the procedures by which stockholders can recommend director nominees, and our executive officers will be in our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2020 Annual Meeting of Stockholders planned to be held on May 12, 2020, which will be filed within 120 days of the end of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 ("2020 Proxy Statement") and is incorporated herein by reference. Information relating to our executive officers is included on pages 23 and 24 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, as well as all other employees and directors. Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is available on our website at http://ir.cboe.com/governance.cfm. We will also provide a copy of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics to stockholders at no charge upon written request.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information relating to our executive officer and director compensation and the compensation committee of our board of directors will be in the 2020 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information relating to security ownership of certain beneficial owners of our common stock and information relating to the security ownership of our management will be in the 2020 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information regarding certain relationships and related transactions and director independence will be in the 2020 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

Information regarding principal accountant fees and services will be in the 2020 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### PART IV

#### Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

- (a) Documents filed as part of this report
  - (1) Financial Statements

Our consolidated financial statements and the related reports of management and our independent registered public accounting firm which are required to be filed as part of this report are included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K beginning at page 83. These consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018
- Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017
- Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017
- Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017
- Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017
- Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
- (2) Financial Statement Schedules

The Company has not included any financial statement schedules because they are not applicable or the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

(3) List of Exhibits

See (b) Exhibits below

(b) Exhibits

## Exhibit

Description of Exhibit

- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 25, 2016, by and among Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.), CBOE Corporation, CBOE V, LLC and Bats Global Markets, Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on September 28, 2016.\*\*
- 3.1 Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on October 17, 2017.
- 3.2 Fifth Amended and Restated Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 14, 2019.
- 4.1 Indenture, dated as of January 12, 2017, by and between the Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.) and Wells Fargo Bank National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on January 12, 2017.
- 4.2 Officer's Certificate, dated as of January 12, 2017, establishing the 3.650% Senior Notes due 2027 of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on January 12, 2017.

- 4.3 Form of 3.650% Senior Notes due 2027 (included in Exhibit 4.2 hereto).
- 4.4 Officer's Certificate, dated as of June 29, 2017, establishing the 1.950% Senior Notes due 2019 of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on June 29, 2017.
- 4.5 Form of 1.950% Senior Notes due 2019 (included in Exhibit 4.4 hereto).
- 4.6 Description of Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (filed herewith).
- 10.1 Term Loan Credit Agreement, dated as of March 22, 2018, by and among Cboe Global Markets, Inc., Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and the lender parties thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on March 23, 2018.
- 10.2 Credit Agreement, dated as of December 15, 2016, by and among Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.), Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and as Swing Line Lender, certain lenders named therein, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as Sole Lead Arranger and Sole Bookrunner, Morgan Stanley MUFG Loan Partners, LLC, as Syndication Agent, and Citibank, N.A., PNC Bank, National Association and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Co-Documentation Agents, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on December 20, 2016.
- 10.3 Restated License Agreement, dated November 1, 1994, by and between Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (as successor-in-interest to Standard & Poor's, a division of McGraw-Hill, Inc.) and Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) (the "S&P License Agreement"), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.4 Amendment No. 1 to the S&P License Agreement, dated January 15, 1995, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.5 Amendment No. 2 to the S&P License Agreement, dated April 1, 1998, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.6 Amendment No. 3 to the S&P License Agreement, dated July 28, 2000, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.7 Amendment No. 4 to the S&P License Agreement, dated October 27, 2000, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.8 Amendment No. 5 to the S&P License Agreement, dated March 1, 2003, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010 +
- 10.9 Amended and Restated Amendment No. 6 to the S&P License Agreement, dated February 24, 2009, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.10 Amended and Restated Amendment No. 7 to the S&P License Agreement, dated February 24, 2009, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.11 Amendment No. 8 to the S&P License Agreement, dated January 9, 2005, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+

- 10.12 Amendment No. 10 to the S&P License Agreement, dated June 19, 2009, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Amendment No. 6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on April 12, 2010.+
- 10.13 Amendment No. 11 to the S&P License Agreement, dated as of April 29, 2010, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 11, 2010.
- 10.14 Amendment No. 12 to the S&P License Agreement, dated March 9, 2013, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 7, 2013. +
- 10.15 Amendment No. 13 to the S&P License Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2017, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on December 22, 2017.+
- 10.16 Amendment No. 14 to the S&P License Agreement, dated December 20, 2018, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2019.
- 10.17 Amendment No. 15 to the S&P License Agreement, dated January 25, 2019, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2019.
- 10.18 Form of Amended and Restated Director Indemnification Agreement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on August 4, 2017.
- 10.19 Employment Agreement, by and among Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.), Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated), Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a C2 Options Exchange, Incorporated) and Edward Tilly, dated February 27, 2017, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 11, 2017.\*
- 10.20 Employment Agreement, by and between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Edward Tilly, dated May 16, 2019, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 17, 2019.\*
- 10.21 Employment Agreement, by and between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Edward Tilly, dated February 11, 2020, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 14, 2020.\*
- 10.22 Employment Agreement, by and among Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.), Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated), Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a C2 Options Exchange, Incorporated) and Christopher Concannon, dated February 27, 2017, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 11, 2017.\*
- 10.23 Offer Letter Agreement, by and between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.) and Christopher Isaacson, dated September 25, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 11, 2017.\*
- 10.24 Offer Letter Agreement, by and between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.) and Mark Hemsley, dated September 25, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 11, 2017.\*
- 10.25 Offer Letter Agreement, by and between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.) and Brian N. Schell, dated February 27, 2017, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on November 7, 2017.\*

- 10.26 Offer Letter Agreement, by and between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.) and Bryan Harkins, dated February 27, 2017 (filed herewith).\*
- 10.27 Mark S. Hemsley resignation letter dated October 30, 2019, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on November 1, 2019.\*
- 10.28 Offer Letter Agreement for David Howson, dated December 19, 2019 (filed herewith).\*
- 10.29 Form of U.S. Executive Employment Agreement between Bats Global Markets, Inc. and certain executive officers, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to Amendment No. 3 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-208565) filed on April 4, 2016.\*
- 10.30 Form of U.K. Executive Employment Agreement between Bats Global Markets, Inc. and certain executive officers, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to Amendment No. 3 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-208565) filed on April 4, 2016.\*
- 10.31 Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) Executive Retirement Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Amendment No. 4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on August 14, 2009.\*
- 10.32 Amendments to the Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) Executive Retirement Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2017.\*
- 10.33 Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) Supplemental Retirement Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to Amendment No. 4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on August 14, 2009.\*
- 10.34 Amendment No. 1 to the Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) Supplemental Retirement Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 (File No. 001-34774) filed on November 12, 2010.\*
- 10.35 Amendments to the Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) Supplemental Retirement Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2017.\*
- 10.36 Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) Deferred Compensation Plan for Officers, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to Amendment No. 4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-140574) filed on August 14, 2009.\*
- 10.37 Amendments to the Cboe Exchange, Inc. (f/k/a Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated) Deferred Compensation Plan for Officers, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2017.\*
- 10.38 Cboe Global Markets, Inc. Executive Severance Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on August 2, 2018.\*
- 10.39 Bats Global Markets, Inc. 2009 Stock Option Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-208565) filed on December 16, 2015.\*
- 10.40 Bats Global Markets, Inc. Third Amended and Restated 2012 Equity Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-208565) filed on December 16, 2015.\*
- 10.41 Form of Stock Option Award Agreement pursuant to the Bats Global Markets, Inc. 2009 Stock Option Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-208565) filed on December 16, 2015.\*
- 10.42 Form of Stock Option Award Agreement pursuant to the Bats Global Markets, Inc. Third Amended and Restated 2012 Equity Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-208565) filed on December 16, 2015.\*

- 10.43 Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement pursuant to the Bats Global Markets, Inc. Third Amended and Restated 2012 Equity Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-208565) filed on December 16, 2015.\*
- 10.44 Bats Global Markets, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.3 to Bats Global Markets, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-210841) filed on April 20, 2016.\*
- 10.45 Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under Bats Global Markets, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 11, 2017.\*
- 10.46 Cboe Global Markets, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 18, 2018.\*
- 10.47 Second Amended and Restated Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (f/k/a CBOE Holdings, Inc.) Long-Term Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 24, 2016.\*
- 10.48 Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (for Non-employee Directors), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 11, 2017.\*
- 10.49 Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement (for Non-employee CDN Directors), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on August 2, 2019.
- 10.50 Form of 2016 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (for Executive Officers), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 19, 2016.\*
- 10.51 Form of 2016 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (relative total shareholder return), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 19, 2016.\*
- 10.52 Form of 2016 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (earnings per share), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.32 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 19, 2016.\*
- 10.53 Form of 2017 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (for Executive Officers), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2017.\*
- 10.54 Form of 2017 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (relative total shareholder return), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.35 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2017.\*
- 10.55 Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (3 Year Cliff Vest), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.36 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2017.\*
- 10.56 Form of 2018 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (for Executive Officers), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.58 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2018.\*
- 10.57 Form of 2018 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (relative total shareholder return), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.59 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2018.\*
- 10.58 Form of 2018 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (earnings per share), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.60 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2018.\*

- 10.59 Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (3 Year Cliff Vest), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on May 18, 2018.\*
- 10.60 Form of 2019 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (for Executive Officers), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.64 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2019.\*
- 10.61 Form of 2019 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (relative total shareholder return), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.65 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2019. \*
- 10.62 Form of 2019 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (earnings per share), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.66 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2019.\*
- 10.63 Form of 2019 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (3 Year Cliff Vest), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.67 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 22, 2019.\*
- 10.64 Form of 2020 Edward Tilly Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (relative total shareholder return), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 14, 2020.\*
- 10.65 Form of 2020 Edward Tilly Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (earnings per share), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-34774) filed on February 14, 2020.\*
- 10.66 Form of 2020 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (for Executive Officers) (filed herewith).\*
- 10.67 Form of 2020 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (relative total shareholder return) (filed herewith).\*
- 10.68 Form of 2020 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (earnings per share) (filed herewith).\*
- 10.69 Form of 2020 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (3 Year Cliff Vest) (filed herewith).\*
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (filed herewith).
- 23.1 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (filed herewith).
- 24.1 Powers of Attorney (incorporated by reference to the signature page of this Annual Report on Form 10-K).
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 (filed herewith).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14 (filed herewith).
- 32.1 Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (filed herewith).
- 32.2 Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (filed herewith).
- 101.INS iXBRL Instance Document (filed herewith).
- 101.SCH iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document (filed herewith).
- 101.CAL iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document (filed herewith).
- 101.DEF iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase (filed herewith).
- 101.LAB iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document (filed herewith).
- 101.PRE iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document (filed herewith).

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104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded as Inline XBRL document).

## Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates Management Compensatory Plan, Contract or Arrangement.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. A copy of any omitted schedule will be furnished supplementally to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

<sup>+</sup>Confidential treatment has been previously requested or granted to portions of these exhibits by the SEC.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Cboe Global Markets, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: February 21, 2020 By: /s/ Brian N. Schell

Name: Brian N. Schell

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

#### **POWERS OF ATTORNEY**

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Edward T. Tilly, as attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and re-substitution, to sign on his or her behalf, individually and in any and all capacities, including the capacities stated below, any and all amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting to said attorney-in-fact and agent, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or his substitute, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities on the dates indicated.

<u>SIGNATURE</u>	TITLE	<u>DATE</u>
/s/ EDWARD T. TILLY  Edward T. Tilly	Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	February 21, 2020
/s/ BRIAN N. SCHELL Brian N. Schell	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 21, 2020
/s/ JILL M. GRIEBENOW  Jill M. Griebenow	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer  (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 21, 2020
/s/ FRANK E. ENGLISH, JR. Frank E. English, Jr.	Director	February 21, 2020
/s/ WILLIAM M. FARROW III William M. Farrow III	Director	February 21, 2020
/s/ EDWARD J. FITZPATRICK  Edward J. Fitzpatrick	Director	February 21, 2020

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SIGNATURE	TITLE	DATE
/s/ JANET P. FROETSCHER	Director	February 21, 2020
Janet P. Froetscher		
/s/ JILL R. GOODMAN	Director	February 21, 2020
Jill R. Goodman		
/s/ RODERICK A. PALMORE	Director	February 21, 2020
Roderick A. Palmore		
/s/ JAMES E. PARISI	Director	February 21, 2020
James E. Parisi		
/s/ JOSEPH P. RATTERMAN	Director	February 21, 2020
Joseph P. Ratterman		
/s/ MICHAEL L. RICHTER	Director	February 21, 2020
Michael L. Richter		
/s/ JILL E. SOMMERS	Director	February 21, 2020
Jill E. Sommers		
/s/ CAROLE E. STONE	Director	February 21, 2020
Carole E. Stone		
/s/ EUGENE S. SUNSHINE	Director	February 21, 2020
Eugene S. Sunshine		
/s/ FREDRIC J. TOMCZYK	Director	February 21, 2020
Fredric J. Tomczyk		

# DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

As of December 31, 2019, Cboe Global Markets, Inc. ("Cboe Global Markets") had one class of securities registered under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"): voting common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

#### DESCRIPTION OF CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS CAPITAL STOCK

The following summary is a description of the material terms of Cboe Global Markets' capital stock and is not complete. You should also refer to the Cboe Global Markets charter and the Cboe Global Markets bylaws, which are filed as exhibits to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and are incorporated by reference herein, and the applicable provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "DGCL").

#### **Common Stock**

Cboe Global Markets' only class of common stock is its voting common stock. Cboe Global Markets is authorized to issue up to 325,000,000 shares of voting common stock. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the voting common stock. All outstanding shares of the voting common stock are fully paid and non-assessable.

#### Voting

Each holder of Cboe Global Markets common stock is entitled to one vote for each share of Cboe Global Markets voting common stock. Any action at a meeting at which a quorum is present will be decided by a majority of the votes properly cast, except in the case of any contested election of directors, which will be decided by a plurality of votes cast. Cumulative voting for the election of directors is not provided for in the Cboe Global Markets charter.

#### Dividends

Each share of Cboe Global Markets voting common stock is entitled to receive a dividend if, as and when declared by the Cboe Global Markets board. Cboe Global Markets has paid quarterly dividends since its initial public offering in 2010 and intends to continue paying regular quarterly dividends to its stockholders. However, any decision to pay dividends on its common stock will be at the discretion of its board of directors, which may determine not to declare dividends at all or at a reduced amount. The Cboe Global Markets board's determination to declare dividends will depend upon Cboe Global Markets' profitability and financial condition, contractual restrictions, restrictions imposed by applicable law and the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and other factors that the board deems relevant. As a holding company with no significant business operations of its own, Cboe Global Markets depends entirely on distributions, if any, it may receive from its subsidiaries to meet its obligations and pay dividends to its stockholders. If these subsidiaries are not profitable, or even if they are and they determine to retain their profits for use in their businesses, Cboe Global Markets will be unable to pay dividends to its stockholders. Dividends may be paid either in cash, in property or in shares of Cboe Global Markets capital stock.

## Liquidation Rights

In the event of a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of Cboe Global Markets, the holders of Cboe Global Markets voting common stock will be entitled to share ratably on the basis of the number of shares held in any of the assets available for distribution after Cboe Global Markets has paid in full all of its debts and after the holders of all outstanding series of Cboe Global Markets preferred stock, if any, have received their liquidation preferences in full.

## Transfer Agent and Registrar

Broadridge Corporate Issuer Solutions, Inc. is the registrar and transfer agent for Cboe Global Markets voting common stock.

#### Listing

Cboe Global Markets voting common stock is listed on the Cboe BZX Exchange under the symbol "CBOE."

#### **Preferred Stock**

Cboe Global Markets is authorized to issue up to 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock. As of December 31, 2019, there were no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding. The Cboe Global Markets charter authorizes the Cboe Global Markets board to issue these shares in one or more series, to determine the designations and the powers, preferences and rights and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, including the dividend rights, conversion or exchange rights, voting rights (including the number of votes per share), redemption rights and terms, liquidation preferences, sinking fund provisions and the number of shares constituting the series.

Subject to the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock, the number of authorized shares of preferred stock may be increased or decreased (but not below the number of shares thereof then outstanding) by resolution adopted by the Cboe Global Markets board and approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of the then-outstanding shares of Cboe Global Markets stock entitled to vote on the matter, voting together as a single class.

#### Ownership and Voting Limits on Choe Global Markets Common Stock

The Cboe Global Markets charter places certain ownership and voting limits on the holders of Cboe Global Markets common stock:

- No person (either alone or together with its related persons) may beneficially own directly or indirectly shares of Cboe Global Markets stock representing in the aggregate more than 20% of the then-outstanding shares of Cboe Global Markets stock; and
- No person (either alone or together with its related persons) is entitled to vote or cause the voting of shares of Cboe
  Global Markets stock beneficially owned directly or indirectly by that person or those related persons to the extent that
  those shares would represent in the aggregate more than 20% of the total number of votes entitled to be cast on any
  matter
- The term "related persons" means, with respect to any person:
  - all "affiliates" (as such term is defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act) of such person;
  - any person associated with a member (as the phrase "person associated with a member" is defined under Section 3(a)(21) of the Exchange Act);
  - any two or more persons that have any agreement, arrangement or understanding (whether or not in writing) to
    act together for the purpose of acquiring, voting, holding or disposing of shares of the capital stock of Cboe
    Global Markets;
  - in the case of a person that is a company, corporation or similar entity, any executive officer (as defined under Rule 3b-7 of the Exchange Act) or director of such person and, in the case of a person that is a partnership or a limited liability company, any general partner, managing member or manager of such person, as applicable;
  - in the case of a person that is a natural person, any relative or spouse of such natural person, or any relative of such spouse who has the same home as such natural person or who is a director or officer of Cboe Global Markets or any of Cboe Global Markets' parents or subsidiaries;
  - in the case of a person that is an executive officer (as defined under Rule 3b-7 under the Exchange Act), or a director of a company, corporation or similar entity, such company, corporation or entity, as applicable; and
  - in the case of a person that is a general partner, managing member or manager of a partnership or limited liability company, such partnership or limited liability company, as applicable.

Unless certain requirements are satisfied, in the event that a person, either alone or together with its related persons, beneficially owns shares of Cboe Global Markets stock representing more than 20% of the then-outstanding shares of Cboe Global Markets stock, Cboe Global Markets will be obligated to redeem promptly, at a price equal to the par value of such shares of stock and to the extent that funds are legally available for such redemption, that number of shares of Cboe Global Markets stock necessary so that such person, together with its related persons, will beneficially own, directly or indirectly, shares of Cboe Global Markets stock representing in the aggregate no more than 20% of the outstanding shares of stock, after taking into account that such redeemed shares will become treasury shares and will no longer be deemed to be outstanding.

If any person (either alone or together with its related persons) is party to any agreement or arrangement relating to shares of Cboe Global Markets stock entitled to vote on any matter with any other person (either alone or together with its related persons) under circumstances that would result in shares of Cboe Global Markets stock that would be subject to such agreement or arrangement not being voted on any matter, or the withholding of any proxy relating thereto, where the effect of such agreement or arrangement would be to enable any person with the right to vote any shares of Cboe Global Markets common stock, but for Article Sixth of the Cboe Global Markets charter, to vote or have the right to vote more than 20% of the outstanding votes entitled to be cast, then the person with such right to vote will not be entitled to vote (either alone or together with its related persons) to the extent that such shares represent more than the "recalculated voting limitation," which means 20% of the number of then-outstanding votes assuming that all shares of stock subject to such agreement or arrangement are not outstanding votes entitled to be cast. Cboe Global Markets is required to disregard any votes purported to be cast in excess of the recalculated voting limitation.

The Cboe Global Markets board may waive the provisions regarding ownership and voting limits by a resolution expressly permitting this ownership or voting (which resolution must be filed with and approved by the SEC prior to being effective), subject to a determination of the Cboe Global Markets board that:

- the acquisition of beneficial ownership in excess of the ownership limits or exercise of voting rights in excess of the
  voting limits or entering into such agreement or other arrangement will not impair the ability of Cboe Global Markets or
  any national securities exchange controlled, directly or indirectly by Cboe Global Markets, including, but not limited to
  Cboe (each, a "Regulated Securities Exchange Subsidiary") to discharge its responsibilities under the Exchange Act and
  the rules and regulations thereunder and is otherwise in the best interests of Cboe Global Markets and its stockholders
  and the Regulated Securities Exchange Subsidiaries;
- the acquisition of beneficial ownership in excess of the ownership limits or exercise of voting rights in excess of the voting limits will not impair the SEC's ability to enforce the Exchange Act;
  neither the person obtaining the waiver nor any of its related persons is subject to any statutory disqualification (as
- neither the person obtaining the waiver nor any of its related persons is subject to any statutory disqualification (as
  defined in Section 3(a)(39) of the Exchange Act) if such person is seeking to obtain a waiver above the applicable
  ownership or voting percentage level; and
- for so long as Cboe Global Markets directly or indirectly controls a Regulated Securities Exchange Subsidiary, neither the person obtaining the waiver nor any of its related persons is a Trading Permit Holder (as defined in the bylaws of any Regulated Securities Exchange Subsidiary) or a related person of such Trading Permit Holder.

In making these determinations, the Cboe Global Markets board may impose conditions and restrictions on the relevant stockholder or its related persons that it deems necessary, appropriate or desirable in furtherance of the objectives of the Exchange Act and the governance of Cboe Global Markets.

The voting limitation does not apply to a solicitation of a revocable proxy by Cboe Global Markets or by Cboe Global Markets' directors or officers on its behalf and also does not apply to a solicitation of a revocable proxy by a stockholder in accordance with Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act. This exception, however, does not apply to a solicitation by a stockholder pursuant to Rule 14a-2(b)(2) under the Exchange Act, which permits a solicitation made otherwise than on behalf of Cboe Global Markets where the total number of persons solicited is not more than ten.

The Cboe Global Markets charter also provides that the Cboe Global Markets has the right to require any person and its related persons that the Cboe Global Markets board reasonably believes to be subject to the voting or ownership restrictions summarized above, and any stockholder (including its related persons) that at any time beneficially owns 5% or more of Cboe Global Markets' then-outstanding capital stock entitled to vote on any matter (and has not reported that ownership to Cboe Global Markets), to provide to Cboe Global Markets complete information as to all shares of Cboe Global Markets stock that such stockholder and it related persons beneficially owns, as well as any other factual matter relating to the applicability to such stockholder of the voting and ownership requirements outlined above as may reasonably be requested.

#### Certain Provisions of Cboe Global Markets' Charter and Bylaws

The Cboe Global Markets charter and Cboe Global Markets bylaws include a number of anti-takeover provisions that may have the effect of encouraging persons considering unsolicited tender offers or other unilateral takeover proposals to negotiate with the Cboe Global Markets board rather than pursue non-negotiated takeover attempts. These provisions include:

• Advance Notice Requirements. The Cboe Global Markets bylaws establish advance notice procedures with regard to the nomination by stockholders of candidates for election as directors or the proposal by stockholders

of business to be brought before meetings of stockholders. These procedures provide that notice of stockholder nominations and proposals must be timely and given in writing to the Cboe Global Markets' corporate Secretary. Generally, to be timely, notice must be received at the Cboe Global Markets' principal executive offices not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary date of the annual meeting for the preceding year. The notice must contain the information required by the Cooe Global Markets bylaws, including information regarding the nominee and the nominating stockholder or the proposal and the proponent, as applicable.

Special Meetings of Stockholders. The Coe Global Markets bylaws provide that special meetings of stockholders may be called at any time by only the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the President or the board of directors pursuant to a resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors then in office. Special meetings may not be called by any other person or persons. *No Written Consent of Stockholders.* The Cboe Global Markets charter and Cboe Global Markets bylaws provide that

any action required or permitted to be taken by stockholders must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting

- of stockholders and may not be effected by any consent in writing by such stockholders.

  Amendment of Bylaws. The Cboe Global Markets board may amend or repeal the Cboe Global Markets bylaws. Cboe Global Markets stockholders may adopt, amend or repeal any provisions of the Cboe Global Markets bylaws by obtaining the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of the then-outstanding shares of the Cboe Global Markets' capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, which was the share of the choe Global Markets' capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class. However, for so long as Cboe Global Markets controls, directly or indirectly, any Regulated Securities Exchange Subsidiary, before any amendment or repeal of any provision of Cboe Global Markets bylaws is effective, such amendment or repeal must be submitted to the board of directors of each Regulated Securities Exchange Subsidiary and if such amendment or repeal must be filed with or filed with and approved by the SEC, then such amendment or repeal will not become effective until filed with or filed with and approved by the SEC, as the case may be.
- **Preferred Stock.** The Cboe Global Markets board could, without stockholder approval, issue preferred stock with voting and other rights that could adversely affect the voting power and other rights of the holders of common stock and which could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or of discouraging a third party from attempting to acquire, a majority of Cboe Global Markets' outstanding common stock. See "—Preferred Stock" above.

#### **Business Combinations with Interested Stockholders**

Cboe Global Markets is subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, which, subject to certain exceptions, prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any "business combination" (as defined below) with any interested stockholder for a period of three years following the time that such stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless: (1) prior to such time, the board of directors of the corporation approved either the business combination or the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder; (2) upon consummation of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the voting stock outstanding (but not the outstanding voting stock owned by the interested stockholder) those shares owned (x) by persons who are directors and also officers and (y) by employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or (3) at or subsequent to such time, the business combination is approved by the board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least 66<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>% of the outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested stockholder.

Section 203 of the DGCL defines generally "business combination" to include: (1) any merger or consolidation involving the corporation and the interested stockholder; (2) any sale, transfer, pledge or other disposition of 10% or more of the assets of the corporation involving the interested stockholder; (3) subject to certain exceptions, any transaction that results in the issuance or transfer by the corporation of any stock of the corporation to the interested stockholder; (4) any transaction involving the corporation that has the effect of increasing the proportionate share of the stock of any class or series of the corporation beneficially owned by the interested stockholder; or (5) the receipt by the interested stockholder of the benefit of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges or other financial benefits provided by or through the corporation. In general, Section 203 of the DGCL defines an "interested stockholder" as any entity or person who, together with such entity or person's associates and affiliates, beneficially owns 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation.

# Limitations on Liability and Indemnification of Officers and Directors

The Cboe Global Markets charter limits the liability of its officers and directors and provides that Cboe Global Markets will indemnify its officers and directors, in each case, to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL.

February 27, 2017

## Dear Mr. Harkins:

As you are well aware, our two companies have entered into a definitive merger agreement pursuant to which Bats Global Markets, Inc. ("Bats") will become a wholly owned subsidiary of CBOE Holdings, Inc. ("CBOE"). It is important to both CBOE and Bats that we have reasonable assurance of your commitment to be part of the management team of the combined company going forward.

The purpose of this letter is to provide you with information related to your anticipated role with the combined company following the closing of the transaction and to obtain a confirmation of your commitment to be part of the management team of the combined company post-closing.

## A. OUR PROPOSAL TO YOU

- 1. Upon the closing of the transaction, you will be appointed Head of Equities and Global FX. Your principal office location will be New York, NY.
- 2. Your initial annual base salary will be \$500,000, your initial targeted annual bonus will be \$500,000 and your initial targeted equity incentive compensation will have a grant date value of \$500,000.
- 3. In consideration of your agreements described below, and subject to approval by the Board of Directors of CBOE, after the closing of the transaction, CBOE will grant you an award of time-vested restricted stock units having a grant date value of \$500,000 (the "Award"). The Award will vest in full on the third anniversary of the closing of the transaction, provided that you remain in continuous employment with the combined company through that date and subject to the terms and conditions contained in our Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). A copy of the Plan is attached as Exhibit A to this letter.
- 4. It is contemplated in the merger agreement that upon the closing of the transaction, CBOE will assume all of your unvested Bats equity awards in a manner that preserves their closing date value, as well as the applicable vesting and other material terms.
- 5. As an executive of the company, you will be entitled to participation in our 401(k), as well as our medical, life insurance and disability benefit plans that are enjoyed by similarly situated personnel. A description of those benefits as currently in effect is attached as Exhibit B to this letter.

Bryan Harkins Continued Employment Offer Page 2

6. The company does not generally provide employment agreements to its executives and it is not contemplated that there would be such an agreement with you. Nevertheless, subject to your agreement to the terms of B.1, below, you will continue to be eligible for the severance and other change in control benefits under your Employment Agreement with Bats dated December 17, 2015 (the "Employment Agreement"), including the accelerated vesting of your Bats equity awards assumed in the merger (but not any CBOE awards granted after closing). For the avoidance of doubt, Sections 6(a), 6(c), 7 and 9 through 24 of your Employment Agreement will continue until the expiration of your right to change in control benefits under the Employment Agreement (24 months after the closing of the proposed transaction), at which time you would become eligible for coverage under our executive level severance policy in lieu of any right to severance or other termination-related benefits under the Employment Agreement. A copy of the current policy is attached as Exhibit C to this letter.

#### B. YOUR COMMITMENTS TO CBOE AND TO THE COMBINED COMPANY

- 1. You agree not to assert that the transition from your current position with Bats to the proposed position with the combined company as described above would constitute "Good Reason" for purposes of your Employment Agreement. In the event, however, that within 24 months following the closing of the proposed transaction, (i) there were to be a material reduction in title, role or aggregate compensation from that described above in A.1 and A.2, (ii) your principal office location were to be moved more than 50 miles from that shown above or (iii) the Award is not granted as contemplated in A.3, then you will be entitled to assert "Good Reason" as a basis for voluntarily terminating your employment, but you would need to comply with the procedural requirements of your Employment Agreement to do so.
- 2. As an officer and executive of the combined company, you agree to abide by your fiduciary duties to the combined company and its shareholders and to corporate policies in effect from time to time, including obligations as to conflicts of interest and confidentiality. You also agree to comply with the confidentiality, noncompetition, nonsolicitation and nondisparagement obligations in your Employment Agreement with Bats and agree that those obligations will be for the benefit of both CBOE and Bats.
- 3. You confirm that it is your intention to be a part of the management team of the combined company on a full-time basis for the foreseeable future, it being understood that at any time you would be free to terminate your employment to pursue other opportunities and that, as is the case with any other executive and subject to any rights and obligations under the Employment Agreement or the severance policies referred to in A.6 above, your employment may be terminated by the combined company based upon performance, cause or any other reason.

Bryan Harkins Continued Employment Offer Page 3

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We are excited by the prospect of the strategic combination and of working with you to achieve the bright prospects we all envision for the combined company. If you are in agreement with the foregoing, please sign a copy of this letter in the space provided below and return it to me.

Very truly yours,

CBOE Holdings, Inc.

By <u>/s/ Edward T. Tilly</u> Edward T. Tilly

AGREED AND ACCEPTED AS OF THE DATE FIRST ABOVE WRITTEN

/s/ Bryan Harkins

Bryan Harkins

# Exhibit A

# SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CBOE HOLDINGS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

(Amended and Restated Effective February 17, 2016)

CBOE Holdings, Inc. has established this Second Amended and Restated CBOE Holdings, Inc. Long- Term Incentive Plan (second amendment and restatement effective February 17, 2016) to provide an additional inducement for Eligible Individuals to provide services to the Corporation or an Affiliate as an Employee or non-employee Director, to reward such Eligible Individuals by providing an opportunity to acquire incentive awards, and to provide a means through which the Corporation may attract able persons to enter the employment of or engagement with the Corporation or one of its Affiliates. Awards may, in the discretion of the Board or Committee, and subject to such restrictions as the Board or Committee may determine or as provided herein, consist of Non-Qualified Stock Options, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Incentive Compensation Awards, or any combination of the foregoing.

#### ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

Whenever used in the Plan, the following terms have the meanings set forth below, and when the meaning is intended, the initial letter of the word is capitalized:

- "Affiliate" means a Person that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Corporation. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the word "control" (by itself and as used in the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with") means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.
- "Award" means a Non-Qualified Stock Option, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Unit, or Incentive Compensation award granted under the Plan.
- "Award Agreement" means an agreement entered into between the Corporation and the applicable Participant, setting forth the terms and provisions applicable to the Award then being granted under the Plan, as further described in Section 4.2 of the Plan.
- "Award Date" means, with respect to any Award, the date of the grant or award specified by the Committee in a resolution or other writing, duly adopted, and as set forth in the Award Agreement, provided that such Award Date will not be earlier than the date of the Committee action.
- "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Corporation.
- "Cause" has the meaning set forth in any employment, consulting, or other written agreement between the Participant and the Corporation or an Affiliate. If there is no employment, consulting, or other written agreement between the Corporation or an Affiliate and the Participant or if such agreement does not define "Cause," then "Cause" will have the meaning specified in the Award Agreement, provided that if the Award Agreement does not so specify, "Cause" will mean, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion and solely with respect to the Plan and any Award made hereunder, the Participant's (a) willful and continued failure to perform his or her material duties with the Corporation or an Affiliate, or the commission of any activities constituting a violation or breach under any Federal, state, local or non-U.S. law or regulation applicable to the activities of the Corporation or an Affiliate, (b) fraud, breach of fiduciary duty, dishonesty, misappropriation or other action that causes damage to the property or business of the Corporation or an Affiliate, (c) repeated absences from work such that the Participant is unable to perform his or her employment or other duties in all material respects, other than due to becoming Disabled, (d) admission or conviction of, or plea of *nolo contendere* to, any felony, or any other crime that, in the reasonable judgment of the Board or Committee, adversely affects the Corporation's or an Affiliate's reputation or the Participant's ability to carry out the obligations of his or her employment or Service, (e) loss of any license or registration that is necessary for the Participant to perform his or her duties for the Corporation or an Affiliate, (f) failure to cooperate with the Corporation or an Affiliate in any internal investigation or administrative, regulatory or judicial proceeding or, (g) act or omission in violation or disregard of the Corporation's or an Affiliate's policies, including but not limited to the Corporation's

or an Affiliate's harassment and discrimination policies and standards of conduct then in effect, in such a manner as to cause loss, damage or injury to the property, reputation or employees of the Corporation or an Affiliate. In addition, the Participant's Service will be deemed to have terminated for Cause if, after the Participant's Service has terminated, facts and circumstances are discovered that would have justified a termination for Cause. Any act, or failure to act, based upon authority given pursuant to a resolution duly adopted by the Board or based upon the advice of counsel for the Corporation or an Affiliate will be conclusively presumed to be done, or omitted to be done, in good faith and in the best interests of the Corporation or an Affiliate.

# "Change in Control" means the first to occur of the following:

- (a) The acquisition by any Person of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act) of voting securities of the Corporation where such acquisition causes such Person to own 35% or more of the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (the "Outstanding Voting Securities"); provided that for purposes of this paragraph (a), the following acquisitions will not be deemed to result in a Change in Control: (i) any acquisition directly from the Corporation, (ii) any acquisition by the Corporation, (iii) any acquisition by any employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Corporation or any Affiliate of the Corporation or (iv) any acquisition by any corporation or entity pursuant to a transaction that complies with clauses (A), (B) and (C) of paragraph (c) of this definition below; and provided further that if any Person's beneficial ownership of the Outstanding Voting Securities reaches or exceeds 50% as a result of a transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above, and such Person subsequently acquires beneficial ownership of additional voting securities of the Corporation, such subsequent acquisition will be treated as an acquisition that causes such Person to own 35% or more of the Outstanding Voting Securities;
- (b) Individuals who, as of the Effective Date, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Board") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board, provided that any individual becoming a director subsequent to the date hereof whose election, or nomination for election by the Corporation's stockholders, was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the directors then comprising the Incumbent Board will be considered as though such individual were a member of the Incumbent Board, but excluding, for this purpose, any such individual whose initial assumption of office occurs as a result of an actual or threatened election contest with respect to the election or removal of directors or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Board;
- (c) The approval by the stockholders of the Corporation and consummation of (i) a reorganization, merger or consolidation, or sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or (ii) the acquisition of assets or stock of another corporation in exchange for voting securities of the Corporation (each of (i) and (ii), a "Business Combination"); excluding, however, such a Business Combination pursuant to which (A) all or substantially all of the individuals and entities who were the beneficial owners of the Outstanding Voting Securities immediately prior to such Business Combination beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of, respectively, the thenoutstanding shares of common stock and the combined voting power of the then-outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, as the case may be, of the corporation resulting from such Business Combination (including, without limitation, a corporation that as a result of such transaction owns the Corporation or all or substantially all of the Corporation's assets either directly or through one or more subsidiaries) in substantially the same proportions as their ownership, immediately prior to such Business Combination of the Outstanding Voting Securities, (B) no Person (excluding any employee benefit plan (or related trust) of the Corporation or such corporation resulting from such Business Combination) beneficially owns, directly or indirectly (except to the extent that such ownership existed prior to the Business Combination, an amount of, respectively, the thenoutstanding shares of common stock of the corporation resulting from such Business Combination or the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of such corporation representing 20% thereof; and (C) at least a majority of the members of the board of

directors of the corporation resulting from such Business Combination were members of the Incumbent Board at the time of the execution of the initial agreement, or of the action of the Board, providing for such Business Combination; or

(d) Approval by the stockholders of the Corporation of a complete liquidation or dissolution of the Corporation.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) unless a majority of the Incumbent Board determines otherwise, no Change in Control will be deemed to have occurred with respect to a particular Participant if the Change in Control results from actions or events in which such Participant is a participant in a capacity other than solely as an Officer, Employee or Director of the Corporation, and (ii) a Public Offering will not constitute a Change in Control.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. A reference to any provision of the Code will include reference to any successor provision of the Code.

"Committee" means the Compensation Committee of the Board, if any, or such similar or successor committee appointed by the Board to administer the Plan. If the Board has not appointed a Committee, including the Compensation Committee of the Board, to administer the Plan, the Board will function in place of the Committee as administrator of the Plan and references to the "Committee" herein shall mean and refer to the Board.

"Corporation" means CBOE Holdings, Inc. or any successor corporation thereto.

"Director" means any individual who is a member of the Board on or after the Effective Date.

"Disabled" means the Participant:

- (a) becomes unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months; or
- (b) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, receives income replacement benefits for a period of not less than three months under an accident and health plan of the Corporation or an Affiliate, as applicable.

**"Dividend Equivalent Right"** means a right to receive, with respect to any dividends or other distributions on a share of Stock underlying a Restricted Stock Unit, dividend equivalents on the share of Stock, as though such share of Stock had been issued and outstanding, fully vested, and held by the Participant on the record date of payment of such dividends. Subject to Section 7.4, Dividend Equivalent Rights may be provided in connection with an Award of Restricted Stock Units under the Plan, but not in connection with an Award of Restricted Stock or Options.

"Effective Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 10.3 of the Plan.

"Eligible Individual" means any Employee or non-employee Director.

**"Employee"** means any person treated as a common law employee in the records of the Corporation or one of its Affiliates. The Corporation shall determine in good faith and in the exercise of its discretion whether an individual has become or has ceased to be an Employee and the effective date of such individual's employment or termination of employment, as the case may be. For purposes of an individual's rights, if any, under the terms of the Plan as of the time of the Corporation's determination of whether or not the individual is an Employee, all such determinations by the Corporation shall be final, binding and conclusive as to such rights, if any, notwithstanding that the Corporation or any court of law or governmental agency subsequently makes a contrary determination as to such individual's status as an Employee.

**"Exchange Act"** means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. A reference to any provision of the Exchange Act will include reference to any successor provision of the Exchange Act.

"Exercise Price" means the purchase price at which an Option may be exercised, subject to the provisions of Article 5.

"Fair Market Value" means, as of any date:

- (a) if the Stock is readily tradeable on a national or regional securities exchange or market system, or is quoted on the Over the Counter Bulletin Board (OTCBB), the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock will be the sales price at close of the Stock on the Award Date, time of exercise, or other date of calculation (or on the last preceding trading date if Stock was not traded on such date) as quoted on such national or regional securities exchange or market system or the OTCBB (whichever constitutes the primary market for the Stock), as reported by the Consolidated Tape Association, the OTCBB or such other source as the Committee deems reliable; or
- (b) if the Stock is not readily tradeable on a national or regional securities exchange or market system and is not quoted on the OTCBB, the fair market value as determined in good faith by the Board or the Committee, by the reasonable application of a reasonable valuation method in accordance with Section 409A and Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(5)(iv)(B) (or any similar or successor provision), thereunder, as the Board or the Committee will in its discretion select and apply at the time of the Award Date, time of exercise, or other date of calculation.
- "Incentive Compensation Award" means a cash-denominated award based on the achievement of Performance Goals, subject to the requirements of Article 11 and awarded in accordance with the terms of the Plan.
- "Insider" means an Officer, Director, or other person whose transactions in Stock are subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act.
- **"Insider Trading Policy"** means the written policy of the Corporation pertaining to the purchase, sale, transfer or other disposition of the Corporation's equity securities by Directors, Officers, Employees or other service providers who may possess material, nonpublic information regarding the Corporation or its securities.
- "Non-Qualified Stock Option" means an Option that is not intended to (as set forth in the Award Agreement) or that does not qualify as an "incentive stock option" within the meaning of Code Section 422.
- "Officer" means any person designated by the Board as an officer of the Corporation.
- "Option" means an option to purchase Stock at an Exercise Price determined on the Award Date, subject to the applicable provisions of Article 5, awarded in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Plan.
- "Participant" means an Eligible Individual to whom the Committee has made one or more Awards under the Plan in accordance with Section 4.1 of the Plan.
- "Performance Goals" will mean performance goals established by the Committee prior to the grant of an Award and based on the attainment of one or any combination of the following, in each case of the Corporation, an Affiliate, or business unit by or within which the Participant is primarily employed or a combination thereof, and that are intended to qualify under Section 162(m): (a) net earnings; (b) operating earnings or income; (c) earnings growth; (d) net income; (e) net income per share; (f) gross revenue or revenue by pre-defined business segment; (g) revenue backlog; (h) pre- or post-tax profit margins; (i) cash flow, including operating cash flow, free cash flow, discounted cash flow return on investment, and cash flow in excess of cost of capital; (j) earnings per share; (k) return on stockholders' equity; (l) stock price; (m) return or common stockholders' equity; (n) return on capital; (o) return on assets; (p) economic value added (income in excess of cost of capital); (q) customer satisfaction; (r) cost control or expense reduction; (s) ratio of operating expenses to operating revenues; (t) market share; (u) volume; (v) revenue per contract; and (w) adjusted pretax income, in each case, absolute or relative to peer- group comparative.

The Committee also may benchmark Performance Goals under one or more of the measures described above relative to the performance of other corporations. The Committee will set such Performance Goals within the time prescribed by Section 162(m). The Committee will have the discretion to adjust targets set for pre-established performance objectives as it deems appropriate to reflect the inclusion or exclusion of the impact of extraordinary or unusual

items, events or circumstances in accordance with Section 162(m). If the Committee determines it is advisable to grant Awards that will not qualify for the performance-based exception of Section 162(m), the Committee may grant Awards that do not so qualify.

- "Performance Period" means a period of one or more years, as determined by the Committee.
- "Person" means a "person" as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act.
- "Plan" means the Second Amended and Restated CBOE Holdings, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Plan (second amendment and restatement effective February 17, 2016), as set forth herein, as the same may be further amended, administered or interpreted from time to time.
- **"Public Offering"** means any sale of any class of the Corporation's equity securities pursuant to an effective registration statement under Section 12 of the Exchange Act filed with the SEC on Form S-1 (or any successor form adopted by the SEC), provided that the following will not be considered a public offering: (a) any issuance of common equity securities by the Corporation as consideration for a merger or acquisition, (b) any issuance of common securities to employees, directors or consultants of any of the Corporation or any of its Affiliates as part of an incentive or compensation plan, (c) any issuance of common equity securities as part of a unit with debt or preferred stock or any similar structure in which the common equity securities are being offered primarily as a means of enhancing the Corporation's ability to sell the debt or preferred stock and (d) the issuance of Stock by the Corporation upon conversion of any preferred stock of the Corporation.
- "Restricted Stock" means an award of shares of Stock delivered under the Plan subject to the requirements of Article 6 and such other restrictions as the Committee deems appropriate or desirable. The restrictions on, and risk of forfeiture of, Restricted Stock generally will expire on a specified date, upon the occurrence of an event or achievement of Performance Goals, or on an accelerated basis under certain circumstances specified in the Plan or the Award Agreement.
- "Restricted Stock Unit" means a notional account established pursuant to an Award granted to a Participant, as described in Article 7, that is (a) valued solely by reference to shares of Stock, (b) subject to restrictions specified in the Award Agreement, and (c) payable in Stock or cash, in the Committee's sole discretion. The restrictions on, and risk of forfeiture of, Restricted Stock Units generally will expire on a specified date, upon the occurrence of an event or achievement of Performance Goals, or on an accelerated basis under certain circumstances specified in the Plan or the Award Agreement.
- "Rule 16b-3" means Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act, as amended, and any guidance issued thereunder by the SEC.
- "Sarbanes-Oxley Act" means the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. A reference to any provision of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act will include reference to any successor provision of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- "SEC" means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Section 162(m)" means Code Section 162(m), as amended, and any proposed and final regulations and other guidance issued thereunder by the U.S. Department of Treasury and/or the Internal Revenue Service.
- "Section 409A" means Code Section 409A, as amended, and any proposed and final regulations and other guidance issued thereunder by the U.S. Department of Treasury and/or the Internal Revenue Service.
- "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. A reference to any provision of the Securities Act will include reference to any successor provision of the Securities Act.
- "Service" means the provision of personal services to the Corporation or its Affiliates in the capacity of (a) an Employee, (b) a Director, or (c) a consultant. A Participant's Service shall not be deemed to have terminated merely because of a change in the capacity in which the Participant renders Service to the Corporation or its Affiliates, a transfer of the Participant among the Corporation and its Affiliates, or a change in the Corporation or Affiliate for which the Participant renders such Service, provided in each case that there is no interruption or termination of the Participant's Service. Additionally, a Participant's Service shall not be deemed to have terminated if the Participant

takes any military leave, sick leave, or other bona fide leave of absence approved by the Corporation, provided that if any such leave taken by a Participant exceeds 90 days, then on the 91st day immediately following such 90-day period, the Participant's Service shall be deemed to have terminated, unless the Participant's right to return to Service is guaranteed by statute or contract. Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless otherwise designated by the Corporation, a leave of absence authorized by the Corporation shall be treated as Service for purposes of determining vesting under the Award Agreement. A Participant's Service shall be deemed to have terminated either upon an actual termination of Service or to the time that the entity for which the Participant performs Service ceases to be an Affiliate of the Corporation. Subject to the foregoing, the Corporation, in its discretion, shall determine whether the Participant's Service has terminated and the effective date of and reason for such termination.

"Stock" means the "Common Stock" of the Corporation (as defined in Article Fourth (a)(i) of the Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation).

# ARTICLE 2 PLAN ADMINISTRATION

Section 2.1 Administration. The Committee will administer the Plan. The Committee will interpret the Plan and any Award Agreement or other form of agreement or other document used by the Corporation in the administration of the Plan or of any Award, and prescribe such rules, regulations, and procedures in connection with the operation of the Plan, as it deems to be necessary and advisable for the administration of the Plan consistent with the purposes of the Plan. Without limiting the foregoing, the Committee will have the authority and complete discretion to:

- (a) Prescribe, amend, and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan and any Awards;
- (b) Select Eligible Individuals (including members of the Committee) to receive Awards, as provided in Section 4.1 of the Plan;
- (c) Determine the form and terms of Awards;
- (d) Determine the number of shares of Stock or other consideration subject to Awards, as provided in Articles 5 through 9 of the Plan;
- (e) Determine whether Awards will be granted singly, in combination or in tandem with, in replacement of, or as alternatives to, other Awards under the Plan or grants or awards under any other incentive or compensation plan of the Corporation;
- (f) Construe and interpret the Plan, any Award Agreement in connection with an Award and any other agreement or document executed pursuant to the Plan;
- (g) Correct any defect or omission, or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan, any Award or any Award Agreement;
- (h) Accelerate or, with the consent of the Participant, defer the vesting of any Award or the exercise date of any Award, subject to the limitations of Section 409A;
- (i) Authorize any person to execute on behalf of the Corporation any instrument required to effectuate the grant of an Award and delegate to Officers of the Corporation the authority to perform administrative functions under the Plan subject to any legal requirements that the Committee as a whole take action with respect to such function, other than any such delegation that would cause Awards or other transactions under the Plan to cease to (i) be exempt from Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act, (ii) satisfy the independent director requirements of the applicable national or regional securities exchange or market system, or (iii) qualify as "performance-based compensation" under Section 162(m);
- (j) To the extent permissible under Section 141(c) and Section 157(c) of the Delaware General Corporation Law and other applicable laws, regulations and stock exchange rules, the Board and the Committee may each, in their discretion, delegate to another committee or one or more

officers of the Corporation, any or all of the authority and responsibility of the Committee with respect to awards to Employees who are not subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act at the time any such delegated authority or responsibility is exercised. To the extent that the Board or the Committee has delegated to such other committee or to one or more officers of the Corporation, the authority and responsibility of the Committee pursuant to the foregoing, all references to the Committee in the Plan shall be deemed to refer to such other committee or to such officer or officers;

- (k) Amend, modify, extend, cancel or renew any Award, and authorize the exchange, substitution, or replacement of Awards, provided that (i) no such amendment, modification, extension, cancellation, renewal, exchange, substitution, or replacement will be to the detriment of a Participant with respect to any Award previously granted without the affected Participant's written consent, (ii) any such amendment, modification, extension, cancellation, renewal, exchange, substitution or replacement must satisfy the requirements for exemption under Section 409A, and (iii) in no event will the Committee be permitted to reduce the Exercise Price of any outstanding Option, cancel an Option in exchange for cash or other Awards, exchange or replace an outstanding Option with a new Option with a lower Exercise Price, or take any other action that would be a "repricing" of Options, without stockholder approval, except pursuant to Section 5.2;
- (I) Determine whether a Participant has engaged in the operation or management of a business that is in competition with the Corporation or any of its Affiliates, or whether a Participant has violated the restrictive covenants referred to in Section 10.12; and
- (m) Make all other determinations deemed necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan.

The Committee will keep records of action taken at its meetings. A majority of the Committee will constitute a quorum at any meeting, and the acts of a majority of the members present at any meeting at which a quorum is present, or acts approved in writing by a majority of the Committee, will be the acts of the Committee.

Section 2.2 Administration with Respect to Insiders. With respect to Eligible Individuals who are Insiders, at any time that any class of equity security of the Corporation is registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, the Plan shall be administered in compliance with the requirements, if any, of Rule 16b-3.

**Section 2.3 Indemnification.** Each person who is or has been a member of the Committee or the Board, and any individual or individuals to whom the Committee has delegated authority under this Article 2, will be indemnified and held harmless in accordance with the Corporation's Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation.

#### ARTICLE 3 AUTHORIZED SHARES

Section 3.1 Shares Available Under the Plan. Subject to adjustment as set forth in Section 3.2, the maximum number of shares of Stock that may be issued or delivered and as to which Awards may be granted under the Plan will be equal to the sum of: (a) 4,248,497 shares of Stock, which were authorized at the time that the Plan was first adopted by the Board effective January 13, 2010; (b) 3,000,000 shares of Stock; (c) any shares of Stock subject to an Award under the Plan that expires without being exercised, or is forfeited, canceled, settled or otherwise terminated without a distribution of Stock to the Participant; (d) shares of Stock not delivered to the Participant because the Award is exercised through a reduction of shares subject to the Award (i.e., "net exercised"); and (e) shares of Stock delivered (either actually or by attestation) to or withheld by the Corporation in connection with the exercise of an Option awarded under the Plan, or in payment of any required income tax withholding for the exercise of an Option or the vesting of Restricted Stock awarded under the Plan. The shares that may be issued or delivered under the Plan may be either authorized but unissued shares, repurchased shares, or partly each.

If any Award granted under the Plan is canceled by mutual consent or terminates or expires for any reason without having been exercised in full, or, if and to the extent that an Award of Restricted Stock Units is paid in cash rather than the issuance of shares of Stock, the number of shares subject to such Award (or in the case of Restricted Stock

Units, the number of shares of Stock for which payment was made in cash) will again be available for purposes of the Plan.

If, in connection with an acquisition of another company or all or part of the assets of another company by the Corporation or an Affiliate, or in connection with a merger or other combination of another company with the Corporation or an Affiliate, the Corporation either (i) assumes stock options or other stock incentive obligations of such other company, or (ii) grants stock options or other stock incentives in substitution for stock options or other stock incentive obligations of such other company, then none of the shares of Stock that are issuable or transferable pursuant to such stock options or other stock incentives that are assumed or granted in substitution by the Corporation will be charged against the limitations set forth in this Section 3.1.

Section 3.2 Adjustment and Substitution of Shares. If a dividend or other distribution will be declared upon the Stock, payable in shares of Stock, the number of shares of Stock then subject to any outstanding Award or by reference to which the amount of any other Award is determined and the number of shares that may be issued or delivered under the Plan will be adjusted by adding thereto the number of shares that would have been distributable thereon if such shares had been outstanding on the date fixed for determining the stockholders entitled to receive such dividend or distribution.

If the outstanding shares of Stock will be changed into or exchangeable for a different number or kind of shares of Stock or other securities of the Corporation or another corporation, whether through reorganization, reclassification, recapitalization, stock split-up, combination of shares, merger or consolidation, then the Committee will substitute for each share of Stock subject to any then-outstanding Award and for each share of Stock, which may be issued or delivered under the Plan but is not then subject to an outstanding Award, the number and kind of shares of Stock or other securities into which each outstanding share of Stock is so changed or for which each such share is exchangeable, provided that in the event of a merger, acquisition or other business combination of the Corporation with or into another entity, any adjustment provided for in the applicable agreement and plan of merger (or similar document) will be conclusively deemed to be appropriate for purposes of this Section 3.2.

In the case of any adjustment or substitution as provided for in this Section 3.2, the aggregate Exercise Price for all shares subject to each then-outstanding Option prior to such adjustment or substitution will be the aggregate Exercise Price for all shares of Stock or other securities (including any fraction) to which such shares will have been adjusted or which will have been substituted for such shares. Any new Exercise Price per share will be carried to at least three decimal places with the last decimal place rounded upwards.

No adjustment or substitution provided for in this Section 3.2 will require the Corporation to issue or sell a fraction of a share or other security. Accordingly, all fractional shares or other securities that result from any such adjustment or substitution will be eliminated and not carried forward to any subsequent adjustment or substitution.

If any adjustment or substitution would cause a modification, extension or renewal of an Option within the meaning of Section 409A, the Committee may elect that such adjustment or substitution not be made but rather will use reasonable efforts to effect such other adjustment of each then-outstanding Option as the Committee in its sole discretion will deem equitable and that will not result in any such modification, extension or renewal under Section 409A.

# ARTICLE 4 ELIGIBILITY AND AWARDS

**Section 4.1 Eligibility.** Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee will have full and final authority, in its discretion, to grant Awards as described herein and to determine the Eligible Individuals to whom Awards will be granted.

Section 4.2 Award Agreement. Each Award granted under the Plan will be evidenced by a written or electronic Award Agreement, in a form approved by the Committee. Such Award Agreement will be subject to and incorporate the express terms and conditions, if any, required under the Plan or as required by the Committee for the form of Award granted and such other terms and conditions as the Committee may specify, and will be executed by the Chief Executive Officer, the President (if other than the Chief Executive Officer), or any person designated as an executive Officer by the Board for Section 16 purposes, on behalf of the Corporation, and by the Participant to whom such

Award is granted. The Board may at any time and from time to time amend an outstanding Award Agreement in a manner consistent with the Plan.

Section 4.3 Corporation's Obligation to Deliver Stock. The obligation of the Corporation to issue or deliver shares of Stock under the Plan will be subject to (a) the effectiveness of a registration statement under the Securities Act, with respect to such shares, if deemed necessary or appropriate by counsel for the Corporation; (b) the condition that the shares will have been listed (or authorized for listing upon official notice of issuance) upon each stock exchange on which such shares may then be listed; and (c) all other applicable laws, regulations, rules and orders that may then be in effect.

#### ARTICLE 5 STOCK OPTIONS

**Section 5.1 Grant of Stock Options.** The Committee will have authority, in its discretion, to grant Non-Qualified Stock Options. Options granted under the Plan will be subject to the following terms and conditions of this Article 5.

Section 5.2 Exercise Price. Subject to adjustment as set forth in Section 3.2, the Exercise Price will be such price as the Committee, in its discretion, will determine and set forth in the Award Agreement, except that, the Exercise Price will not be less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per share of Stock covered by the Option as determined on the Award Date.

Section 5.3 Payment of Exercise Price. The Exercise Price will be payable in full in any one or more of the following ways:

- (a) in cash, check, bank draft, money order or wire transfer payable to the Corporation;
- (b) by delivery to the Corporation (either by actual delivery or by attestation) of shares of Stock (which are owned by the Participant free and clear of all liens and other encumbrances and which are not subject to the restrictions set forth in Article 6) having an aggregate Fair Market Value on the date of exercise of the Option equal to the Exercise Price for the shares being purchased;
- (c) by requesting that the Corporation withhold such number of shares of Stock then issuable upon exercise of the Option as will have an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to the Exercise Price for the shares being acquired upon exercise of the Option (and any applicable withholding taxes);
- (d) by a "net exercise" arrangement under which the Corporation will reduce the number of shares of Stock issued upon exercise by the largest whole number of shares with a Fair Market Value that does not exceed the aggregate Exercise Price; provided that the Corporation shall accept a cash or other payment from the Participant to the extent of any remaining balance of the aggregate Exercise Price not satisfied by such reduction in the number of whole shares to be issued; and provided further that shares of Stock will no longer be outstanding under an Option and will not be exercisable thereafter to the extent that (i) shares are used to pay the Exercise Price pursuant to the "net exercise," (ii) shares are delivered to the Participant as a result of such exercise, and (iii) shares are withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations;
- (e) provided that a public market for the Corporation's Stock exists, and to the extent permitted by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act:
  - (i) through a "same day sale" commitment from the Participant and a broker- dealer that is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (a "FINRA Dealer") whereby the Participant irrevocably elects to exercise the Option and to sell a portion of the shares so purchased to pay the Exercise Price (or a larger number of the shares so purchased), and whereby the FINRA Dealer irrevocably commits upon receipt of such shares to forward the Exercise Price directly to the Corporation (and any excess to the Participant);

- (ii) through a "margin" commitment from the Participant and a FINRA Dealer whereby the Participant irrevocably elects to exercise the Option and to pledge the shares so purchased to the FINRA Dealer in a margin account as security for a loan from the FINRA Dealer in the amount of the Exercise Price, and whereby the FINRA Dealer irrevocably commits upon receipt of such shares to forward the Exercise Price directly to the Corporation; or
- (f) by any combination of the foregoing.

If the Exercise Price is paid in whole or in part in shares of Stock, any portion of the Exercise Price representing a fraction of a share will be paid in cash. The date of exercise of an Option will be determined under procedures established by the Committee, and the Exercise Price will be payable at such time or times as the Committee, in its discretion, will determine. No shares will be issued or delivered upon exercise of an Option until full payment of the Exercise Price has been made. When full payment of the Exercise Price has been made, the Participant will be considered for all purposes to be the owner of the shares with respect to which payment has been made.

Section 5.4 Exercisability, Expiration, and Term of Options. Subject to this Section 5.4 and Section 2.1, Options may be exercised at such times, in such amounts and subject to such restrictions as will be determined by the Committee, in its discretion. An Option may be exercised (a) at such time as the Option vests, or (b) if and to the extent set forth in the applicable Award Agreement, prior to the date on which the Option vests, provided that such Stock obtained will be subject to the same requirements that are applicable to grants of Restricted Stock set forth in Article 6 and in the applicable Award Agreement. After an Option is granted, the Committee, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the exercisability of the Option. Restrictions and conditions on the exercise of an Option need not be the same for each Award or for each Participant.

Each Option will terminate not later than the expiration date specified in the Award Agreement pertaining to such Option, provided that the expiration date with respect to an Option shall not be later than the 10th anniversary of its Award Date.

Except as otherwise provided in the Award Agreement, the vesting conditions on an Option will lapse upon the date that a Participant dies or becomes Disabled. Except as otherwise provided in the Award Agreement, a Participant (or his or her beneficiary, as applicable) must exercise any outstanding Option, if any, within one year following the Participant's death or Disability (or by the 10th anniversary of the Option's Award Date, if earlier). If the Participant does not exercise any outstanding Option within one year from the Participant's death or Disability (or by the 10th anniversary of the Option's Award Date, if earlier), the outstanding Option will be cancelled and forfeited.

Subject to the preceding paragraph, unless otherwise determined by the Committee and set forth in an Award Agreement or an amendment thereto, following a Participant's termination of Service for any reason other than Cause, such Participant must exercise any outstanding Option, if at all, within 90 days from the date of termination of Service (or by the 10th anniversary of the Option's Award Date, if earlier). If the Participant does not exercise any outstanding Option within 90 days from the date of termination of Service (or by the 10th anniversary of the Option's Award Date, if earlier), the outstanding Option will be cancelled and forfeited. All Options, including vested Options, will be cancelled and forfeited immediately upon a Participant's termination of Service for Cause.

Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section 5.4, if, on the date an outstanding Option would expire, the exercise of the Option would violate applicable securities laws, the expiration date applicable to the Option will be extended to a date that is 30 calendar days after the date the exercise of the Option would no longer violate applicable securities laws.

#### ARTICLE 6 RESTRICTED STOCK

Section 6.1 Award. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, the Committee may award, at any time, shares of Restricted Stock to any Eligible Individual in the number and form, and subject to such restrictions on transferability and other restrictions as the Committee may determine in its discretion and set forth in the Award Agreement, including without limitation the achievement of Performance Goals. Restricted Stock also may be received by a Participant as the result of an exercise of an Option, when such award has not vested.

Section 6.2 Vesting and Restrictions on Transfer. Shares issued pursuant to any Restricted Stock Award shall be made subject to vesting conditions based upon the satisfaction of such Service requirements, conditions, restrictions or Performance Goals as the Committee shall establish and set forth in the Award Agreement. During any period in which shares acquired under a Restricted Stock Award remain subject to vesting conditions, such shares may not be sold, exchanged, transferred, pledged, assigned or otherwise disposed of. Except as otherwise provided in the Award Agreement, the vesting conditions on any shares of Restricted Stock will expire and the restrictions on shares of Restricted Stock will lapse upon the date that a Participant dies or becomes Disabled. Upon request by the Corporation, each Participant shall execute any agreement evidencing such transfer restrictions prior to the receipt of shares of Stock hereunder and shall promptly present to the Corporation any and all certificates representing shares of Stock acquired hereunder for the placement on such certificates of appropriate legends evidencing any such transfer restrictions.

Section 6.3 Termination of Service. Except as otherwise provided in Section 6.2 above, if a Participant's termination of Service occurs for any reason before the expiration of the vesting conditions, all shares of Restricted Stock that remain subject to vesting conditions will be forfeited by the Participant as of the Participant's termination of Service, unless the Committee otherwise determines. In the case of Restricted Stock purchased through the exercise of an Option, the Corporation will refund the Exercise Price paid on the exercise of the Option. Such forfeited shares of Restricted Stock will again become available for award under the Plan.

Section 6.4 Voting Rights; Dividends and Distributions. Except as provided in this Section 6.4 or the Award Agreement, during any period in which shares acquired pursuant to a Restricted Stock Award remain subject to vesting conditions, the Participant shall have all of the rights of a stockholder of the Corporation holding shares of Stock, including the right to vote such shares and to receive all dividends and other distributions paid with respect to such shares. Unless otherwise provided for in an Award Agreement, for a Restricted Stock Award based upon the satisfaction of Performance Goals, the Participant shall be entitled to receive dividends or other distributions during the period beginning on the date a Restricted Stock Award is granted and ending, with respect to each share of Stock underlying the Award, on the earlier of the date the Performance Period is completed or the date on which the Award is terminated. Dividends or other distributions paid on a Restricted Stock Award based upon the satisfaction of Performance Goals will be based on the number of shares earned by the Participant. However, in the event of a dividend or distribution paid in shares of Stock or other property or any other adjustment made upon a change in the capital structure of the Corporation as described in Section 3.2, any and all new, substituted or additional securities or other property (other than normal cash dividends) to which the Participant is entitled by reason of the Participant's Restricted Stock Award shall be immediately subject to the same vesting conditions as the shares subject to the Restricted Stock Award with respect to which such dividends or distributions were paid or adjustments were made.

# ARTICLE 7 RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARDS

Section 7.1 Award. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, the Committee may award, at any time, Restricted Stock Units to any Eligible Individual in the number and form, and subject to such restrictions on transferability and other restrictions as the Committee may determine in its discretion and set forth in the Award Agreement, including without limitation the achievement of Performance Goals.

Section 7.2 Purchase Price. No monetary payment (other than applicable tax withholding, if any) shall be required as a condition of receiving a Restricted Stock Unit Award, the consideration for which shall be services actually rendered to or for the benefit of the Corporation or an Affiliate.

Section 7.3 Vesting. Restricted Stock Unit Awards shall be made subject to vesting conditions based upon the satisfaction of such Service requirements, conditions, restrictions or Performance Goals as the Committee shall establish and set forth in the Award Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in the Award Agreement, the vesting conditions on any Restricted Stock Unit Award will expire and the Restricted Stock Unit will become fully vested upon the date that a Participant dies or becomes Disabled.

Section 7.4 Voting Rights, Dividend Equivalent Rights and Distributions. Participants shall have no voting rights with respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuance of such shares (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation).

The Committee, in its discretion, may provide in the Award Agreement evidencing any Restricted Stock Unit Award that the Participant shall be entitled to receive Dividend Equivalent Rights during the period beginning on the date a Restricted Stock Unit Award is granted and ending, with respect to each share of Stock underlying the Award, on the earlier of the date the Award vests or the date on which it is terminated. For a Restricted Stock Unit Award based upon the satisfaction of Performance Goals, the Dividend Equivalent Rights paid will be based on the number of shares earned by the Participant. However, in the event of a dividend or distribution paid in shares of Stock or other property or any other adjustment made upon a change in the capital structure of the Corporation as described in Section 3.2, any and all new, substituted or additional securities or other property (other than normal cash dividend equivalents) to which the Participant may be entitled by reason of the Participant's Restricted Stock Unit Award shall be immediately subject to the terms and conditions and shall be settled in the same manner and at the same time as the Restricted Stock Unit Award with respect to which such Dividend Equivalent Rights were paid or adjustments were made.

**Section 7.5 Effect of Termination of Service.** Except as otherwise provided in Section 7.3 above or by the Committee and set forth in the Award Agreement evidencing a Restricted Stock Unit Award, if a Participant's Service terminates for any reason, whether voluntary or involuntary, then the Participant shall forfeit any Restricted Stock Units that remain subject to vesting conditions as of the date of the Participant's termination of Service.

Section 7.6 Settlement of Restricted Stock Unit Awards. The Corporation shall issue to a Participant on the date on which Restricted Stock Units subject to the Participant's Restricted Stock Unit Award vest or on such other date determined by the Committee, in its discretion, and set forth in the Award Agreement one share of Stock (and/or any other new, substituted or additional securities or other property pursuant to an adjustment described in Section 3.2) for each Restricted Stock Unit then becoming vested or otherwise to be settled on such date, subject to the withholding of applicable taxes, if any. If permitted by the Committee, the Participant may elect, consistent with the requirements of Section 409A and in accordance with such procedures as the Committee may specify from time to time, to defer receipt of all or any portion of the shares of Stock or other property otherwise issuable to the Participant pursuant to this Section 7.6. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee, in its discretion, may provide in any Award Agreement for settlement of any Restricted Stock Unit Award by payment to the Participant in cash of an amount equal to the Fair Market Value on the vesting date of the shares of Stock or other property otherwise issuable to the Participant pursuant to this Section 7.6. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any Stock issued or cash paid to the Participant in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units will be issued or paid, as applicable, as soon as administratively practicable following the applicable vesting date but in no event later than March 15th of the year following such vesting date (unless such Restricted Stock Unit has been deferred as permitted by the Committee under this Section 7.6).

# ARTICLE 8 CHANGE IN CONTROL

**Section 8.1 Accelerated Vesting.** Unless otherwise provided for in an Award Agreement, Awards will be "double-trigger" unless a successor entity cannot or will not provide a Replacement Award (as defined below), in which case the Award will revert to "single-trigger" as follows:

Upon a Change in Control, all then-outstanding Awards shall vest in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) below, except (i) as otherwise provided in an Award Agreement or (ii) to the extent that another Award meeting the requirements of Section 8.2(a) (a "Replacement Award") is provided to the Participant pursuant to Section 3.2 and consistent with Section 409A, to the extent applicable, to replace such Award (the "Replaced Award").

(a) Outstanding Options. Upon a Change in Control in which the Corporation is the surviving corporation, a Participant's then-outstanding Options that are not vested shall immediately become fully vested (and, to the extent applicable, all performance conditions shall be deemed satisfied as if target performance were achieved) and exercisable over the exercise period set forth in the applicable Award Agreement. Upon a Change in Control in which the Corporation is not the surviving corporation, a Participant's then-outstanding Options shall become fully vested and exercisable for such period of time prior to the Change in Control as is deemed fair and equitable by the Committee and shall terminate at the effective time of the Change in Control. The Committee shall provide written notice of the period of accelerated exercisability of Options to all affected Participants. The exercise of any Option whose exercisability is accelerated as

provided in this paragraph (a) shall be conditioned upon the consummation of the Change in Control and shall be effective only immediately before such consummation. Alternatively, the Committee may elect to cancel such Options and pay the Participant an amount of cash (less normal withholding taxes) equal to the excess of (i) the value, as determined by the Committee, of the consideration (including cash) received by the holder of a share of Stock as a result of the Change in Control (or if the Corporation's stockholders do not receive any consideration as a result of the Change in Control, the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock on the day immediately prior to the Change in Control) over (ii) the per-share Price of such Option, multiplied by the number of shares of Stock subject to such Award. No payment shall be made to a Participant for any Option if the Exercise Price for such Option exceeds the value, as determined by the Committee, of the consideration (including cash) received by the holder of a share of Stock as a result of the Change in Control.

- (b) Outstanding Awards, other than Options, Subject Solely to a Service Vesting Condition. Upon a Change in Control, a Participant's then-outstanding Awards, other than Options, that are not vested and as to which vesting depends solely on the satisfaction of a service obligation by the Participant to the Corporation or any Affiliate shall become fully vested and shall be settled in cash, Stock or a combination thereof, as determined by the Committee, within 30 days following such Change in Control (except to the extent that settlement of the Award must be made pursuant to its original schedule in order to comply with Section 409A).
- (c) Outstanding Awards, other than Options, Subject to a Performance Vesting Condition. Upon a Change in Control, a Participant's then-outstanding Awards, other than Options, that are not vested and as to which vesting depends upon the satisfaction of one or more performance conditions shall immediately vest and all performance conditions shall be deemed satisfied at the greater of target performance or the level of performance actually achieved as of the date of the Change in Control (with similar performance assumed to be achieved through the remainder of the performance period) and shall be settled in cash, Stock or a combination thereof, as determined by the Committee, within 30 days following such Change in Control (except to the extent that settlement of the Award must be made pursuant to its original schedule in order to comply with Section 409A).

# **Section 8.2 Replacement Awards**.

- (a) An Award shall meet the conditions of this Section 8.2 (and hence qualify as a Replacement Award) if:
  (i) it is of the same type as the Replaced Award (provided, however, that the Replacement Award may be of a different type as the Replaced Award if such Replacement Award has been approved by the Committee, as constituted immediately prior to the Change in Control); (ii) it has an intrinsic value at least equal to the value of the Replaced Award; (iii) it relates to publicly traded equity securities of the Corporation or its successor following the Change in Control or another entity that is affiliated with the Corporation or its successor following the Change in Control; (iv) its terms and conditions comply with Section 8.2(b); and (v) its other terms and conditions are not less favorable to the Participant than the terms and conditions of the Replaced Award (including the provisions that would apply in the event of a subsequent Change in Control). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Replacement Award may take the form of a continuation or assumption of the Replaced Award if the requirements of the preceding sentence are satisfied. The determination of whether the conditions of this Section 8.2(a) are satisfied shall be made by the Committee, as constituted immediately before the Change in Control, in its sole discretion. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Committee may determine the value of Replaced Awards and Replacement Awards that are Options by reference to either their intrinsic value or their fair value.
- (b) Upon a termination of Service of a Participant after a Change in Control, other than for Cause, all Replacement Awards held by the Participant shall become fully vested and free of restrictions and in the case of Replacement Awards in the form of (i) Options shall be fully exercisable and shall remain exercisable in accordance with their terms, (ii) Awards with one or more performance-based vesting conditions for performance measurement periods not yet ended at the date of termination shall be deemed to be satisfied at the greater of target performance or the level of

performance actually achieved as of the date of termination of Service (with similar performance assumed to be achieved through the remainder of the performance period) and shall be paid upon or within 60 days of such termination of Service, (iii) Awards (other than Options) with only service-based vesting conditions shall be paid upon or within 60 days of such termination of Service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, with respect to any Award that is considered deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, payment shall be made pursuant to the Award's original schedule in order to comply with Section 409A.

Section 8.3 Excess Parachute Payment. In the event that any acceleration of vesting pursuant to an Award and any other payment or benefit received or to be received by a Participant would subject the Participant to any excise tax pursuant to Code Section 4999 due to the characterization of such acceleration of vesting, payment or benefit as an excess parachute payment under Code Section 280G, the Participant may elect, in his or her sole discretion, to reduce the amount of any acceleration of vesting called for under the Award in order to avoid such characterization. To aid the Participant in making any election made under this Section 8.3, no later than the date of the occurrence of any event that might reasonably be anticipated to result in an excess parachute payment to the Participant, the Corporation shall request a determination in writing by independent experts selected by the Corporation. As soon as practicable thereafter, the independent experts shall determine and report to the Corporation and the Participant the amount of such acceleration of vesting, payments and benefits that would produce the greatest after-tax benefit to the Participant. For the purposes of such determination, the independent experts may rely on reasonable, good faith interpretations concerning the application of Code Sections 280G and 4999. The Corporation and the Participant shall furnish to the independent experts such information and documents as the experts may reasonably request in order to make their required determination. The Corporation shall bear all fees and expenses the independent experts may reasonably charge in connection with their services contemplated by this Section 8.3, and any excise tax, income tax, interest, or penalties imposed on the Participant as a result of a successful Internal Revenue Service claim that, contrary to the determination and report of the independent experts, the Participant must pay an excise tax under Code Section 4999 due to the characterization of such acceleration of vesting, payment or benefit as an excess parachute payment under Code Section 280G.

# ARTICLE 9 CERTIFICATES FOR AWARDS OF STOCK

Section 9.1 Stock Certificates. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 9.1, each Participant entitled to receive shares of Stock under the Plan will be issued a certificate for such shares. Such certificate will be registered in the name of the Participant and will bear an appropriate legend reciting the terms, conditions and restrictions, if any, applicable to the Stock and will be subject to appropriate stop-transfer orders. To the extent that the Plan provides for issuance of stock certificates to reflect the issuance of shares of Stock, the issuance may be effected on a non-certificated basis, to the extent not prohibited by applicable law or the applicable rules of any stock exchange or market system. If the issuance of shares under the Plan is effected on a non-certificated basis, the issuance of shares to a Participant will be reflected by crediting (by means of a book entry) the applicable number of shares of Stock to an account maintained by the Corporation in the name of such Participant, which account may be an account maintained by the Corporation for such Participant under any dividend reinvestment program offered by the Corporation. The Committee may require, under such terms and conditions as it deems appropriate or desirable, that the certificates for Restricted Stock delivered under the Plan be held in custody by a bank or other institution, or that the Corporation may itself hold such shares in custody until the vesting conditions expire or until restrictions thereon otherwise lapse, and may require, as a condition of any receipt of Restricted Stock, that the recipient will have delivered a stock power endorsed in blank relating to the Restricted Stock. Certificates for shares of unrestricted Stock may be delivered to the Participant after, and only after, the vesting conditions will have expired without forfeiture in respect of such shares of Restricted Stock.

Section 9.2 Compliance With Laws and Regulations. The grant of Awards and the issuance of shares of Stock pursuant to an Award shall be subject to compliance with all applicable requirements of Federal, state, local and non-U.S. law with respect to such securities and the requirements of any stock exchange or market system upon which the Stock may then be listed. In addition, no Award may be exercised or shares of Stock issued pursuant to an Award unless (a) a registration statement under the Securities Act shall at the time of such exercise or issuance be in effect with respect to the shares issuable pursuant to the Award, or (b) in the opinion of legal counsel to the Corporation, the shares issuable pursuant to the Award may be issued in accordance with the terms of an applicable exemption

from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. The inability of the Corporation to obtain from any regulatory body having jurisdiction the authority, if any, deemed by the Corporation's legal counsel to be necessary to the lawful issuance and sale of any shares hereunder shall relieve the Corporation of any liability in respect of the failure to issue or sell such shares as to which such requisite authority shall not have been obtained. As a condition to issuance of any Stock, the Corporation may require the Participant to satisfy any qualifications that may be necessary or appropriate, to evidence compliance with any applicable law or regulation and to make any representation or warranty with respect thereto as may be requested by the Corporation.

Section 9.3 Restrictions. All certificates for shares of Stock delivered under the Plan (and all non-certificated shares credited to a Participant's account as provided in Section 9.1) also will be subject to such stop-transfer orders and other restrictions as the Committee may deem advisable under the rules, regulations and other requirements of the SEC, any stock exchange or quotation system upon which the Stock is then listed and any applicable Federal, state or non-U.S. securities laws; and the Committee may cause a legend or legends to be placed on any such certificates to make appropriate reference to such restrictions. The foregoing provisions of this Section 9.3 will not be effective if and to the extent that the shares of Stock delivered under the Plan are covered by an effective and current registration statement under the Securities Act, or if and so long as the Committee determines that application of such provisions is no longer required or desirable. In making such determination, the Committee may rely upon an opinion of counsel for the Corporation.

Section 9.4 Rights of Stockholders. Except as otherwise provided herein, no Participant awarded an Option or Restricted Stock Unit will have any right as a stockholder with respect to any shares subject to such Award prior to the date of issuance to him or her of a certificate or certificates for such shares, or if applicable, the crediting of non-certificated shares to an account maintained by the Corporation in the name of such Participant. No adjustment shall be made for dividends, distributions or other rights for which the record date is prior to the date such shares are issued, except as provided in Sections 3.2, 6.4, 7.4, or another provision of the Plan.

#### ARTICLE 10 MISCELLANEOUS

Section 10.1 Effect of the Plan on the Rights of Employees and Employer. Neither the adoption of the Plan nor any action of the Board or the Committee pursuant to the Plan will be deemed to give any Eligible Individual any right to be granted an Award and nothing in the Plan, in any Award granted under the Plan or in any Award Agreement will confer any right to any Participant to continue in the employment of the Corporation or any Affiliate or to continue to be retained to provide Services to the Corporation or any Affiliate as a Director, or consultant or interfere in any way with the rights of the Corporation or any Affiliate to terminate a Participant's Service at any time.

Section 10.2 Amendment. The Board specifically reserves the right to alter and amend the Plan at any time and from time to time and the right to revoke or terminate the Plan or to suspend the granting of Awards pursuant to the Plan; provided that no such alteration, amendment, revocation, termination, or suspension will terminate any outstanding Award theretofore granted under the Plan, unless there is a liquidation or a dissolution of the Corporation; and provided further that no such alteration or amendment of the Plan will, without prior stockholder approval (a) increase the total number of shares of Stock that may be issued or delivered under the Plan; (b) make any changes in the class of Eligible Individuals; (c) extend the period set forth in the Plan during which Awards may be granted; or (d) make any changes that require stockholder approval under the rules and regulations of any securities exchange or market on which the Stock is traded. No alteration, amendment, revocation or termination of the Plan or suspension of any Award will materially adversely affect, without the written consent of the holder of an Award theretofore granted under the Plan, the rights of such holder with respect to such Award. The Committee may not amend any Award to extend the exercise period beyond a date that is later than the earlier of the latest date upon which the Award could have expired by its original terms under any circumstances or the 10th anniversary of the original date of grant of the Award, or otherwise cause the Award to become subject to Section 409A

Section 10.3 Effective Date and Duration of Plan. The Plan was first adopted by the Board effective January 13, 2010. The Plan was amended and restated effective February 8, 2011. The Plan was further amended and restated by the second amendment and restatement effective February 17, 2016 (the "Effective Date") provided that the Corporation's stockholders approve such amendment of the Plan within one year of that date. The Plan will remain in effect until the earliest of the date (a) all shares authorized to be issued or transferred hereunder have been issued

or transferred (b) the Plan is terminated by the Board, or (c) the 10th anniversary of the Effective Date, and will continue in effect thereafter with respect to any Awards outstanding at the time of such termination.

Section 10.4 Unfunded Status of Plan. The Plan will be unfunded. The Corporation will not be required to establish any special or separate fund nor to make any other segregation of assets to assume the payment of any benefits under the Plan. With respect to any payments not yet made to a Participant pursuant to an Award, nothing contained in the Plan or any Award will give any such Participant any rights that are greater than those of a general unsecured creditor of the Corporation, provided that the Committee may authorize the creation of trusts or make other arrangements to meet the Corporation's obligations under the Plan to deliver cash, shares or other property pursuant to any Award, which trusts or other arrangements will be consistent with the "unfunded" status of the Plan unless the Committee otherwise determines.

Section 10.5 Tax Withholding. Whenever the Corporation proposes or is required to distribute Stock under the Plan, the Corporation may require the recipient to remit to the Corporation an amount sufficient to satisfy any Federal, state, local and non-U.S. tax withholding requirements prior to the delivery of any certificate for such shares or, in the discretion of the Committee, the Corporation may withhold from the shares to be delivered the number of shares sufficient to satisfy all or a portion of the minimum tax withholding obligation (or, in the discretion of the Corporation, to satisfy up to the maximum tax withholding obligation as may be permitted under applicable accounting standards that would not result in an Award otherwise classified as an equity award under FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718 to be classified as a liability award under FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718 as a result of the withholding of Stock with a Fair Market Value in excess of the minimum statutory tax withholding obligation). Whenever payments under the Plan are to be made in cash, such payments may be net of an amount sufficient to satisfy any Federal, state, local and non-U.S. tax withholding requirements.

Any Award may provide that the Participant may elect, in accordance with any conditions set forth in such Award, to pay any withholding taxes in shares of Stock, provided that the Participant, by accepting the Award will be deemed to instruct and authorize the Corporation or its delegatee for such purpose to sell on his or her behalf a whole number of shares of Stock from those shares of Stock issuable to the Participant in payment of vested shares of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units as the Corporation or its delegatee determines to be appropriate to generate cash proceeds sufficient to satisfy the minimum tax withholding obligation (or, in the discretion of the Corporation, to satisfy up to the maximum tax withholding obligation). This direction and authorization is intended to comply with the requirements of Rule 10b5-1(c) of the Exchange Act. Such shares will be sold on the day the Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units become vested, which is the date the tax withholding obligation arises, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Unless otherwise provided by the Committee, the Participant will be responsible for all brokerage fees and other costs of sale, and the Participant will agree to indemnify and hold the Corporation harmless from any losses, costs, damages, or expenses relating to any such sale. To the extent the proceeds of such sale exceed the Participant's tax withholding obligation (e.g., because of the need to sell whole shares), the Corporation or its delegatee may pay such excess in cash to the Participant through payroll. The Corporation is under no obligation to arrange for such sale at any particular price. The Participant agrees to pay to the Corporation as soon as practicable, including through additional payroll withholding, any amount of the tax withholding obligation that is not satisfied by the sale of shares described above.

Section 10.6 Benefits. Amounts received under the Plan are not to be taken into account for purposes of computing benefits under other plans.

Section 10.7 Successors and Assigns. The terms of the Plan will be binding upon the Corporation and its successors and assigns.

Section 10.8 Headings. Captions preceding the sections hereof are inserted solely as a matter of convenience and in no way define or limit the scope or intent of any provision hereof.

Section 10.9 Applicable Laws, Rules and Regulations. The Plan and the grant of Awards will be subject to all applicable Federal, state, local and non-U.S. laws, rules and regulations and to such approval by any government or regulatory agency as may be required.

Section 10.10 Governing Law. To the extent not preempted by Federal law, the Plan, any Award Agreement, and documents evidencing Awards or rights relating to Awards will be construed, administered and governed in all respects under and by the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to its conflict of laws principles. If any provision of the Plan will be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof will continue to be fully effective. The jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), the Plan will be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, County of Cook, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist).

Section 10.11 Beneficiary Designation. Each Participant may name, from time to time, any beneficiary or beneficiaries (who may be named contingently or successively) to whom any benefit under the Plan is to be paid in case the Participant should die or become Disabled before receiving any or all of his or her Plan benefits. Each beneficiary designation will revoke all prior designations by the same Participant, must be in a form prescribed by the Committee, and must be made during the Participant's lifetime. If the Participant's designated beneficiary predeceases the Participant or no beneficiary has been designated, benefits remaining unpaid at the Participant's death will be paid to the Participant's estate or other entity described in the Award Agreement.

#### Section 10.12 Forfeiture Events.

- (a) The Committee may specify in the Award Agreement that the Participant's rights, payments, and benefits with respect to an Award shall be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture, or recoupment upon the occurrence of specified events, in addition to any otherwise applicable vesting or performance conditions of an Award. Such events may include, but shall not be limited to, termination of Service for Cause or any act by a Participant, whether before or after termination of Service, that would constitute Cause for termination of Service.
- (b) The Award Agreement may provide that, notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, if the Participant breaches the non-compete, non-solicitation, non-disclosure or other restrictive covenants of the Award Agreement, whether during or after termination of Service, in addition to any other penalties or restrictions that may apply under any employment agreement, state law, or otherwise, the Participant will forfeit:
  - (i) any and all Awards granted to him or her under the Plan, including Awards that have become vested and exercisable; and/or
  - the profit the Participant has realized on the exercise of any Options, which is the difference between the Exercise Price and the Fair Market Value of the Option that the Participant exercises after terminating Service and within the six-month period immediately preceding the Participant's termination of Service (the Participant may be required to repay such difference to the Corporation).

Section 10.13 Notice. Any notice or other communication required or permitted under the Plan must be in writing and must be delivered personally, sent by certified, registered or express mail, or sent by overnight courier, at the sender's expense. Notice will be deemed given (a) when delivered personally or, (b) if mailed, three days after the date of deposit in the U.S. mail or, (c) if sent by overnight courier, on the regular business day following the date sent. Notice to the Corporation should be sent to CBOE Holdings, Inc., 400 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605, Attention: General Counsel. Notice to the Participant should be sent to the address set forth on the Corporation's records. Either party may change the address to which the other party must give notice under this Section 10.13 by giving the other party written notice of such change, in accordance with the procedures described above.

Section 10.14 Awards Not Transferable. Except as otherwise provided in the Award Agreement, no Option, Restricted Stock Award, or Restricted Stock Unit (or the right to receive shares of Stock under such Award) may be sold, transferred, exchanged, pledged, assigned, garnished, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. The Committee may require, in its discretion, a Participant's guardian or legal representative to act on behalf of the Participant. The Award Agreement for a grant of Non-Qualified Stock Options may permit or may be amended to permit the Participant who received the Option, at any

time prior to the Participant's death, to assign all or any portion of the Option granted to him or her to (a) the Participant's spouse or lineal descendants; (b) the trustee of a trust for the primary benefit of the Participant, the Participant's spouse or lineal descendants, or any combination thereof; (c) a partnership of which the Participant, the Participant's spouse and/or lineal descendants are the only partners; (d) custodianships for lineal descendants under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or any other similar statute; or (e) upon the termination of a trust by the custodian or trustee thereof or the dissolution or other termination of the family partnership or the termination of a custodianship under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or other similar statute, to the person or persons who, in accordance with the terms of such trust, partnership or custodianship are entitled to receive Options held in trust, partnership or custody. In such event, the spouse, lineal descendant, trustee, partnership or custodianship will be entitled to all of the Participant's rights with respect to the assigned portion of such Option, and such portion of the Option will continue to be subject to all of the terms, conditions and restrictions applicable to the Option, as set forth herein and in the related Award Agreement. Any such assignment will be permitted only if (i) the Participant does not receive any value or consideration thereof and (ii) the assignment is expressly permitted by the applicable Award Agreement. The Committee's approval of the Award Agreement with any other Participant. Any such assignment rights in the Award Agreement with any other Participant will deliver a copy thereof to the Committee on or prior to the effective date of the assignment. An assignee or transferee of an Option must sign an agreement with the Corporation to be bound by the terms of the applicable Award Agreement.

Section 10.15 Awards to Non-U.S. Nationals and Employees Outside the U.S. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, in order to comply with the laws in other countries in which the Corporation or an Affiliate operates or has Employees or Directors, the Committee, in its sole discretion, shall have the power and authority to:

- (a) Determine which Affiliates shall be covered by the Plan;
- (b) Determine which Employees and Directors outside the U.S. are eligible to participate in the Plan;
- (c) Modify the terms and conditions of any Award granted to Employees or Directors outside the U.S. to comply with applicable non-U.S. laws and/or to facilitate the operation and administration of Awards and the Plan;
- (d) Establish sub-plans and modify exercise procedures and other terms and procedures, to the extent such actions may be necessary or advisable; and
- (e) Take any action, before or after an Award is made, that it deems advisable to obtain approval or comply with any necessary local government regulatory exemptions or approvals.

Section 10.16 Compliance With Section 409A. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary, the Plan is, and all Awards made under the Plan are, intended to comply with Section 409A, including the exceptions for stock rights, short-term deferrals, separation pay arrangements, reimbursements, and in-kind distributions, and shall be construed, interpreted and administered accordingly. If any provision of the Plan or the Award Agreement needs to be revised to satisfy the requirements of Section 409A, then such provision shall be modified or restricted to the extent and in the manner necessary to be in compliance with such requirements of Section 409A and any such modification will attempt to maintain the same economic results as were intended under the Plan and Award Agreement. The Corporation cannot guarantee that the Awards, payments and benefits that may be made or provided under the Plan will satisfy all applicable provisions of Section 409A. Payments made to a Participant under the Plan or the Award Agreement in error shall be returned to the Corporation and do not create a legally binding right to such payments.

Section 10.17 Severability. If any provision of the Plan or any Award Agreement is determined to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, or as to any person, or would disqualify the Plan or any Award Agreement under any law deemed applicable by the Committee, such provision shall be construed or deemed amended to conform to applicable laws, or, if it cannot be so construed or deemed amended without, in the Committee's determination, materially altering the intent of the Plan or the Award Agreement, such provision shall be stricken as to such jurisdiction, person or Award Agreement, and the remainder of the Plan and any such Award Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

**Section 10.18 Employment Agreement.** Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan or an Award Agreement to the contrary, to the extent an employment agreement between a Participant and the Corporation or an Affiliate provides vesting terms with respect to an Award that are more favorable to the Participant than those set forth in the Plan or an Award Agreement, the vesting terms in such employment agreement shall control.

# ARTICLE 11 INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AWARDS

Section 11.1 Incentive Compensation Awards. In addition to any other Awards under the Plan, the Committee may make Incentive Compensation Awards to Employees, based on the achievement of Performance Goals. The Committee may specify, at the time of grant of an Incentive Compensation Award (other than an Option) to a Participant who is then a "Covered Employee" (as that term is defined in Section 162(m)(3) or any successor provision), or may be a Covered Employee as of the end of the tax year in which the Corporation would claim a tax deduction in connection with such Incentive Compensation Award, that all or any portion of such Award is intended to satisfy the requirements for qualified performance-based compensation under Section 162(m). With respect to each Incentive Compensation Award, the Committee shall establish, in writing, that the vesting and/or payment pursuant to the Incentive Compensation Award shall be conditioned on the attainment of specified Performance Goals selected by the Committee for the specified Performance Period. The Committee shall take such action no later than the earlier of (a) the date ninety (90) days after the commencement of the applicable Performance Period or (b) the date on which twenty-five percent (25%) of the Performance Period has elapsed and, in any event, at a time when the outcome of the Performance Goals remain substantially uncertain.

Section 11.2 Payout of Incentive Compensation Awards. Except as provided in the applicable Award Agreement, a Participant must remain continuously in Service with the Corporation or an Affiliate through the last day of the Performance Period to be eligible to receive a payout of the Incentive Compensation Award. Unless the Committee specifies otherwise in the Award Agreement, payout of the Incentive Compensation Award will be made in cash. If permitted by the Committee, the Participant may elect, consistent with the requirements of Section 409A and in accordance with such procedures as the Committee may specify from time to time, to defer receipt of all or any portion of the Incentive Compensation Award otherwise payable to the Participant pursuant to this Section. A Participant who terminates employment before the end of the Performance Period will forfeit his or her Incentive Compensation Award; provided that, if the Participant's employment terminated due to the Participant's death or becoming Disabled, the Committee may approve, in its sole discretion, a pro rata payout to such Participant.

Section 11.3 Committee Certification and Authority. After the completion of each Performance Period, the Committee shall certify the extent to which any Performance Goal has been satisfied, and the amount payable as a result thereof, prior to payment, settlement or vesting of any Incentive Compensation Award subject to this Article 11. Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan, with respect to any Incentive Compensation Award subject to this Article 11, the Committee may adjust downwards, but not upwards, the amount payable pursuant to such Award. The Committee shall have the power to impose such other restrictions on Incentive Compensation Awards subject to this Article 11 as it may deem necessary or appropriate to ensure that such Awards satisfy all requirements for "performance-based compensation" within the meaning of Section 162(m).

Section 11.4 Annual Award Limits. Unless and until the Committee determines that an Award to a Participant shall not be designed to qualify as "qualified performance-based compensation", as described under Section 162(m), the following limits (each an "Annual Award Limit" and, collectively, "Annual Award Limits"), as adjusted pursuant to Section 3.2, shall apply to grants of such Awards under this Plan:

- (a) Options. The maximum aggregate number of shares of Stock subject to Options granted to any one Participant in any one calendar year shall be 1,000,000 shares, determined as of the date of grant.
- (b) Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units. The maximum aggregate number of shares of Stock subject to Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units granted to any one Participant in any one calendar year shall be 500,000 shares, determined as of the date of grant.
- (c) <u>Incentive Compensation Award and other cash-based Awards.</u> The maximum aggregate amount that may be paid to any Participant in any calendar year under an Incentive Compensation Award

or any other Award that is payable or denominated in cash, in each case that the Committee has determined shall be designed to qualify as qualified performance-based compensation, shall be \$5,000,000 determined as of the date of payout (for avoidance of doubt, this limit applies in the aggregate to all forms of Awards subject to this clause (c)). The foregoing maximum shall apply to any Performance Period that is equal to a fiscal year of the Corporation, which maximum shall be adjusted to the corresponding fraction or multiple of that amount for any Performance Period of a different duration. To the extent that any form of Award subject to this clause (c) is to be settled in shares of Stock, either pursuant to the discretion of the Committee or at the election of the applicable Participant, compliance with the limit established by this clause (c) shall be determined by calculating the dollar value of the shares of Stock to be issued in settlement based on the Fair Market Value of such shares of Stock as of the applicable settlement date.

(d) Section 162(m) Bonus Pool. At the determination of the Committee, within the first ninety (90) days of the respective Performance Period, the Committee may adopt a Section 162(m) cash bonus pool, based upon a designated percentage of one of the financial measures included in the definition of "Performance Goals" (e.g., 3% of adjusted pretax income). Such adoption shall include an allocation of the cash bonus pool to Participants who are bonus pool participants for that Performance Period (totaling no more than 100% of the pool). At the end of the Performance Period, the Committee will verify the actual pool dollars and may exercise negative (but not positive) discretion in the determination of the actual bonus to be paid to each respective bonus pool participant for that Performance Period; provided, however, the allocation shall satisfy the maximum limits set forth in clause (c) above.

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# Exhibit B

# **Benefits At a Glance**

At the Chicago Board Options Exchange, we believe that benefits play a crucial role in an individual's decision to join and stay with our organization. Based on this belief, we constantly review our programs to ensure that they are competitive and cost effective. The following summarizes the programs offered to full-time employees.

# MEDICAL INSURANCE

- Full-time employees and their dependents are eligible the day after completion of one month of continuous employment.
- Eligible dependents include your spouse and or your Domestic Partner/Civil Union Partner and dependent child(ren) under the age 26 as well as unmarried military veteran dependents who are Illinois residents and under the age of 30.

	Blue Cross Blue Shield PPO B		Blue Cross Blue Shield PPO/HSA	
Benefit	In-Network	Out-of-Network	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Deductible:				
Individual	\$750	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$3,000
Family	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$3,000*	\$6,000*
Out-of-Pocket Limit:				
Individual	\$2,500	\$5,000	\$3,000	\$6,000
Family	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$6,000	\$12,000
Lifetime Maximum			Unlimited	
Coinsurance	80%	60%	80%	60%
Physician Office Visit				
Primary Care	80%	60%	80%	60%
Physician				
Specialist	80%	60%	80%	60%
Preventive Care	100%	100%	100%	100%
Hospital Services				
Deductible per	\$200	\$200	80% /	60% /
admission			after deductible	after deductible
Inpatient	80%	60%	80%	60%
Outpatient	80%	60%	80%	60%
Emergency Care	100% /no deduc	ctible	100% /after deductible	
Mental Health/ Substan				
Deductible per	\$200		80% /	60% /
admission	(applies toward	s the deductible)	after deductible	after deductible
Inpatient	80%	60%	80%	60%
Outpatient	80%	60%	80%	60%
Other Covered	80%		80% /after deductible	
Services				

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The PPO/HSA family deductible is an aggregate deductible. For example, if one family member meets the \$3,000 deductible the entire family has met it for the year. The minimum HSA deductible is mandated by law and may be adjusted annually.

# PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN

The chart below provides employee co-payments for prescriptions. Prescription coverage is administered by Express Scripts.

PPO Plan B:	Generic	Single Source Brand	Multi Source Brand	
Retail 30	\$10.00	10% Co-insurance	10% Co-insurance	
		\$25.00 Minimum	\$40.00 Minimum	
		\$50.00 Maximum	\$80.00 Maximum	
Advantage 90	\$20.00	10% Co-insurance	10% Co-insurance	
G		\$50.00 Minimum	\$80.00 Minimum	
		\$100.00 Maximum	\$160.00 Maximum	
Mail Order	\$20.00	10% Co-insurance	10% Co-insurance	
		\$50.00 Minimum	\$80.00 Minimum	
		\$100.00 Maximum	\$160.00 Maximum	
PPO/HSA Plan	Pr	or to meeting the PPO/HSA deduc	tible (\$1,500 single & \$3,000 family), you	
	wi	will be responsible for paying the total cost of the prescription – of which is		
	rei	reimbursable from the HSA.		
	Af	After meeting the deductible, the plan will then pay 80% of the cost. Once the		
	Οι	Out-of-Pocket limit (\$3,000 for individual & \$6,000 for family) has been		
	sat	isfied, the plan will pay 100% of the	ne cost.	

# EASY TO USE HEALTH CARE RESOURCES & TOOLS

As a health care consumer, you are encouraged to take charge of your health with the easy-to-use tools provided by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Illinois through Blue Access for Members (http://www.bcbsil.com/login.html) a few of which are noted below.

- Ask your physician questions about treatments and tests
- Use the Blue Star Hospital Report to learn information about hospital quality and safety
- Use the 24/7 Nurse line to assist with questions regarding health problems or concerns. It is staffed by registered nurses who are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Call (800) 299-0274.
- Use the Cost Estimator to obtain estimated costs of various medical procedures
- Use the My Health section of Blue Access for Members to make more informed health care decisions by reading about health and wellness topics and research specific conditions

Express Scripts also offers an easy to use website (http://express-scripts.com/) to assist you in making the best financial choices in purchasing medications. You can also download the Express Scripts Smartphone application which can assist patients to make decisions regarding prescriptions with their physician while still in the exam room:

- To determine if a drug requires prior authorization
- To check drug interaction using real time information
- Send alerts so you never miss a dose or refill

Keep in mind that you can also save money by using mail order.

# DENTAL INSURANCE

# Eligibility

- Full-time employees are eligible the day after completion of one month of continuous employment.
- Eligible dependents include your spouse and or your Domestic Partner/Civil Union Partner and dependent child (ren) not married under the age 26 as well as unmarried military veteran dependents who are Illinois residents and under the age of 30.

# **DENTAL INSURANCE (cont'd.)**

If dental coverage is waived, the waiver will stay in effect for 2 years. You will not be eligible to enroll until the next Open Enrollment period following the 2 year period unless you have a qualifying event.

Coverage Type	Coverage Description	In-Network	Out-of-Network	Annual Deductible
A	Preventative	100%	100%	N/A
В	Basic Restorative	100%	80%	\$50 Individual/\$100 Family
C	Major Restorative	50%	50%	\$50 Individual/\$100 Family
D	Orthodontia	50%*	50%*	N/A
Maximum Annual	Benefit	\$1,250**	\$1,000**	

<sup>\*</sup> Orthodontia has a lifetime maximum benefit of \$1,000 for dependents age 19 and under.

\*\* One annual deductible for total services – Basic and/or Major.

Dental coverage is administered by MetLife. Use of a MetLife participating dentist may allow you to receive greater benefits and pay less for your dental treatment versus the use of non-participating dentist.

2016 Medical & Dental Insurance Employee Contribution Schedule Per Pay Period				
Contributions change in January of each calendar year				
Coverage Level	PPO Plan B	PPO/HSA	Dental Plan	
Employee	\$80.53	\$60.41	\$9.38	
Employee + Spouse	\$165.08	\$129.75	\$18.75	
Employee + Child(ren)	\$148.97	\$117.09	\$19.25	
Family	\$289.89	\$227.85	\$33.75	

# HEALTH SAVINGS ACCOUNT (HSA)

When enrolling in the PPO/HSA plan, you have an option to contribute to a Health Savings Account which allows:

- tax free contributions,
- tax free earnings,
- tax free withdrawals when used for qualified medical expenses, and
- the ability to rollover contributions from year to year.

# To take advantage of an HSA:

- you must be enrolled in the high deductible plan (PPO/HSA),
- you cannot be covered under other health insurance.
- you cannot be enrolled in Medicare or Medicaid,
- you cannot be claimed as a dependent on another individual's tax return and
- you do not have a spouse with a health FSA or Health Reimbursement Account that could reimburse your medical expenses.

# FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNTS

- Full-time employees hired in the current year are eligible after completion of one month of continuous employment.
- Annual open enrollment is held each fall for coverage effective January 1st. Current participants must re-enroll each year.

# **Medical Spending Account**

Up to \$2,550 per year can be set aside on a pre-tax basis to pay for unreimbursed medical & dental expenses such as deductible, copayments, vision, and orthodontia expenses for employee or other eligible dependents.

# FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNTS (cont'd.)

# **Dependent Care Spending Account:**

Up to \$5,000 can be set aside on a pre-tax basis to pay your dependent care expenses such as day care and nursery school for children or other eligible dependents.

# **Limited Purpose FSA - PPO/HSA**

If you enroll in PPO/HSA, if desired, you may enroll in both a HSA and the Limited Purpose FSA. The Limited Purpose FSA allows you to reimburse yourself for eligible dental and vision expenses and eligible medical expenses once you have met the PPO/HSA deductible.

The following compares a Health Savings Account to a Flexible Spending Account. If you enroll in the PPO/HSA, it is possible to enroll in both.

CDOETI 14 C . A	CDOE EL "LL C L"
CBOE Health Savings Account	CBOE Flexible Spending Account
Yes	Yes
Individual: \$3,350	Individual: \$2,550
Family: \$6,750	Family: \$2,550
\$1,000	No
Yes	No
Yes	No
Yes	No
Yes but if before age 65 subject to a 20% penalty	No
Yes- HSA Qualified Expenses	Yes - FSA Allowable Expenses
	Individual: \$3,350 Family: \$6,750 \$1,000 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes but if before age 65 subject to a 20% penalty

# HEALTH CLUB DISCOUNTS

To encourage your healthy lifestyle, CBOE has negotiated discounted rates for individual memberships with several health clubs. Each offers a variety of services and locations.

Health Club	Negotiated Monthly Cost	Your Monthly Cost Less \$35 Reimbursement
BCBS Fitness Program	\$25	\$0
XSport Fitness	\$35	\$0
Bottom Line Yoga	\$69	\$34
Lifetime Fitness	\$63 - \$110*	\$28 - \$75
Buckingham Athletic Club	\$100**	\$65
Chicago Athletic Club	\$65***	\$30

All rates are subject to change.

- \* Range is based on club location.
- \*\* Rate contingent on a certain number of employees enrolling
- \*\*\*\$65/month with 12-month commitment; cost is \$75 with no annual commitment

As noted above with BCBS Fitness Program, our medical plan provider Blue Cross Blue Shield, allows access to a network of fitness centers for a low monthly fee of \$25. If you are enrolled in a health plan through Blue Cross, no contract is required. With the \$35 CBOE reimbursement, your net cost can be \$0. To learn more about the facilities in the Blue Cross network sign in to Blue Access for Members (http://www.bcbsil.com/login.html) and click "Fitness Program."

# **HEALTH CLUB DISCOUNTS (cont'd.)**

All full-time employees are eligible to receive a Health Club reimbursement after completion of one month of continuous service. CBOE will reimburse you up to \$35/month toward the cost of any health club, if you meet the following requirements::

- Full-time employee with at least one month of continuous service.
- Completion of a Health Assessment (HA) each calendar year. To complete the HA go to Blue Access for Members click "Health Assessment". You can provide proof of completion of your HA by stopping by Human Resources and logging on to Blue Access for Members (BAM) or by sending a screen shot of "My Assessments" in BAM to CBOEHR@cboe.com.
- Submit your monthly invoice unless you are a member of Buckingham Athletic Club or Lifetime Fitness.
- Reimbursements occur on a semi-annual basis at the end of June and December.
- Be an active employee at the time the reimbursement occurs. Please note the reimbursement is considered a taxable benefit.

# EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

All employees and their eligible dependents are eligible immediately upon hire. The employee assistance program is administered by Metropolitan Family Services.

#### **Benefits**

- Three counseling sessions per year paid by the Exchange
  The employee is responsible for cost of any additional counseling (Note: Additional mental health services and substance abuse rehabilitation services may be available under the terms of your individual health care plan.)
- A wide range of **confidential** counseling services are available, including but not limited to marriage, family, emotional, financial and legal problems, and drug dependence.
- Child & elder care

You can contact EAP by calling (800)-905-0994 or by logging on to the website at mfs.advantageengagement.com and entering CBOE as your company code.

# LIFE AND AD&D

Full-time employees are eligible after completion of one month of continuous employment.

#### **Group Term Life**

- Equal to 3 times annual salary rounded to the nearest \$500
- Maximum benefit is \$300,000. If you are age 65 but under age 70, your benefit will be reduced to 65%. If you are age 70 or older, your maximum benefit is reduced to 50% of the maximum coverage amount.
- CBOE pays the entire premium, however coverage over \$50,000 is taxable.

# **Dependent Life**

- \$2,500 benefit for spouse
- \$1,000 benefit for each unmarried dependent child from birth through 21 years old or through 23 years old if fulltime student.

# **Accidental Death & Dismemberment**

- Employee coverage only
- Equal to and in addition to the life insurance benefit. Payable if death is the result of an accident.
- Portions of this benefit are payable for accidental loss of eyesight, hands, feet.

# SHORT-TERM DISABILITY

# **Eligibility**

• Full-time employees are eligible after 12 months of employment

# **Benefits**

- 100% salary continuance for a maximum of 26 weeks
- Commences after the fifth work day of consecutive disability

#### LONG-TERM DISABILITY

#### Eligibility

- Full-time employees are eligible after one year of employment.
- Employees earning \$50,000 per year or more are eligible immediately.

# Benefits

- After 180 days of consecutive disability (26 weeks)
- 66 2/3 of basic monthly earnings with a maximum monthly benefit of \$20,000
- For disabilities that begin before age 60, maximum benefits are to age 65. Age 60 and after, maximum benefits depend on age at start of disability

# Cost

- Contributions are not required by employees earning less than \$50,000 per year.
- The annual premium for those employees earning more than \$50,000 is .527 per \$100 in salary which is deducted on a per pay period basis.

The following table illustrates how to calculate your deduction:

Annual Salary LTD Covered Salary Pay Period Deduction (Covered Salary/100\*.527)/divided by 2 \$8,333.34 \$21.96

# SMART PLAN RETIREMENT PLAN

#### Eligibilit

Full-time employees are eligible to participate upon hire. All employees will be automatically enrolled into the Plan. Employees will be notified approximately 30 days prior to their first automatic deduction. The automatic deduction will be 4% of your pre-tax wages. Employees may change this contribution any time.

#### **Employee Contributions**

- Pre-Tax Contributions from 1 50%
- After-Tax Contributions from 1 10%
- The total combined maximum is 50%

# **Company Contributions**

The first of the month following completion of one year of continuous full time service, CBOE contributes \$2 for each \$1 of the first 4% of pay which you contribute to the Plan on a pre or post tax basis.

# SMART PLAN RETIREMENT PLAN (cont'd.)

The vesting schedule is calculated on years of service as shown in the following chart:

1 year	20%
2 years	40%
3 years	60%
4 years	80%
5 years or more years	100%

You are always 100% vested in your own contributions and their earnings.

#### **Investment Elections**

Fidelity is the recordkeeper for the Smart Plan. Investment fund choices include:

- Fidelity Retirement Money Market Portfolio
- Managed Income Portfolio II Class I
- American Century Inflation Adjusted Bond Fund Class Institutional
- Fidelity Investment Grade Bond Fund
- Fidelity Capital & Income Fund
- Invesco Van Kampen Growth and Income Fund R6
- Spartan 500 Index Institutional Class Fidelity Low-Priced Stock Fund: Class K
- Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Class R6
- Fidelity Contrafund: Class K
- Fidelity OTC Portfolio: Class K
- Harbor Capital Appreciation Fund Institutional Class
- Baron Asset Fund Institutional Class
- Lord Abbett Developing Growth Fund Class R6
- Columbia Acorn International Fund Class Y
- Templeton Foreign Fund R6
- Wells Fargo Advantage Emerging Market Equity Fund R6
- Fidelity Freedom Income Fund: Class K
- Fidelity Freedom Funds: Class K (12 funds)
- Fidelity Asset Manager 50%
- Brokerage Link Account This account offers investment alternatives in securities other than listed above and is available to qualified participants.

# EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE

# **Eligibility**

Full-time employees are eligible for tuition reimbursement after completion of 6 months of employment.

# Highlights

- Institution must be accredited by the North Central or the Independent Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools
- 75% reimbursement of tuition for grades of A, B, C or Pass
- Lab, late registration and book fees are not reimbursable
- Undergraduate degrees must be job or business related
- Graduate degrees and certification programs must be job related
- Required undergraduate courses that are not job related are only reimbursable after a two year waiting period

# Maximum \$10,000 per year

# PAID TIME OFF

#### **Vacation Days**

You are eligible for a pro-rated amount of vacation days during your first year of employment based upon your date of hire. Newly hired employees may not use vacation time until they have completed six (6) months of continuous service.

Thereafter, the following vacation is accrued based upon years of service as of 12/31:

Less than 3 years 10 days 3 – 8 years 15 days 9 – 13 years 20 days 14 or more years 25 days

# Personal Leave Days (PL Days)

You are eligible to earn a pro-rated amount of PL days during your first year of employment based upon your date of hire. In a full calendar year, employees can earn a maximum 7 PL days. You will earn .2916 PL days on a semi-monthly basis. Newly hired employees may not use PL days until they have completed three (3) months of continuous service.

# TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM

# Eligibility

• Full-time employees are eligible to participate upon hire.

# **Highlights:**

- Eligible costs for the program are expenses you incur traveling to and from work while using mass transportation (i.e. Metra, CTA, Pace, etc.)
- Only employee expenses can be set aside on a pre-tax basis, not the transportation expenses of family members.
- You may enroll, cancel participation or change the amount of a deduction by the 6th of each month.

# **Transit Pass or Ventra**

- You may contribute any amount between ten dollars (\$10) and once hundred and twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$127.50), on a pre-tax/semi-monthly basis.
- You may also contribute on a post-tax basis.

# Ventra Card

- Ventra is the CTA's and Pace's fare payment system that will make it faster and easier to access transit throughout the region. A one-time Ventra Card purchase fee of \$5 is immediately refunded as a transit value upon registration.
- You may purchase a 30- day for \$100. The 30-day is valid for 30 consecutive days from the date and time of the first use.
- You may purchase Ventra to be used on a pay-per-use basis of increments in \$10, \$20, \$30, \$35, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, \$100, \$120, \$140 and \$150.
- The contribution is deducted on a semi-monthly basis.
- Only whole monthly contribution amounts can be posted to the account.

The information contained in this document is intended to provide a brief overview. If there is any conflict between this summary and the plan documents, and/or insurance contracts that govern the plan, the documents or contracts will prevail. CBOE reserves the right to change the provision of any benefit plan at any time.

# Exhibit C

# CBOE HOLDINGS, INC. EXECUTIVE SEVERANCE PLAN

As Amended and Restated Effective January 1, 2015 (And Summary Plan Description)

#### Article 1. Establishment and Term of the Plan

1.1 **Establishment of the Plan.** The Corporation established the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan effective on January 1, 2011 (the "Plan"). The Plan has been amended from time to time thereafter including this complete amendment and restatement effective January 1, 2015. The purpose of the Plan is to provide Severance Benefits to certain eligible executives of the Corporation and its Affiliates in accordance with the terms of the Plan. No individuals other than the Executives shall be eligible to receive Severance Benefits. Severance Benefits for the Executives will be determined exclusively under the Plan.

The Plan, as set forth herein, is an employee welfare benefit plan within the meaning of ERISA Section 3(1), and the Corporation intends that the Plan be administered in accordance with the applicable requirements of ERISA. This Plan document, including the information provided in Appendix B hereto, is also the summary plan description of the Plan.

- 1.2 **Plan Term.** The Plan became effective on January 1, 2011, has been amended from time to time thereafter including this complete amendment and restatement effective January 1, 2015, and shall continue in effect until terminated by the Corporation, subject to Section 8.1 herein.
- Administration. The Plan Administrator is the named fiduciary of the Plan. The Plan Administrator may appoint, as it deems necessary or advisable, an individual or committee to act as its representative in matters affecting the Plan. The Plan Administrator shall have authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Plan in good faith, and may adopt rules and regulations consistent with the terms of the Plan and necessary or advisable to administer the Plan properly and efficiently. In administering the Plan and providing Severance Benefits prior to a Change in Control, the Plan Administrator shall have discretionary authority to construe and interpret the Plan's terms and to make determinations under it, including the authority to determine, in good faith, an individual's eligibility for Severance Benefits, the reason for employment termination, and the amount of Severance Benefits payable, in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Any such interpretation of the Plan made in good faith by the Plan Administrator, and any decision made in good faith on any matter within the discretion of the Plan Administrator under the Plan, will be binding on all persons, subject to review under Article V. In administering the Plan and providing Severance Benefits on or after a Change in Control, the Plan Administrator shall make initial determinations of entitlement to benefits and the amounts thereof in good faith and in accordance with the terms of the Plan, subject to review under Article V.

#### Article 2. Definitions

Wherever used in the Plan, the following terms have the meanings set forth below and, when the meaning is intended, the initial letter of the word is capitalized:

"Affiliate" means a Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Corporation. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the word "control" (by itself and as used in the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with") means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.

"Base Salary" means, at any time, the then regular annual base rate of pay that the Employer is paying the Executive as annual salary, as approved by the Board or a committee of the Board and shown in the Employer's records (disregarding any reduction constituting Good Reason, if the Executive's Involuntary Termination is for such Good Reason). Base Salary does not include any incentive, non-cash, equity or similar compensation or award, or Retirement Benefit Plan or Health and Welfare Benefit Plan contributions made by the Corporation or an Affiliate.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

"Cause" shall be deemed to exist if, and only if:

- (a) During the performance of the Executive's duties, he or she is found, in either a judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding as the case may be, after all rights of appeal have been exhausted or waived, to have committed any deliberate act(s) or omission(s) constituting dishonesty, intentional breach of fiduciary obligation, or intentional wrongdoing or malfeasance that result in material harm to the Employer. The determination of material harm to the Employer shall be based on definite proof and not mere allegations, conjecture, or remote possibilities; or
- (b) The Executive willfully fails to obey or refuses to comply with a lawful and proper direction of the Board or the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer or Chief Operating Officer, which direction is consistent with normal business practices and relates to the Executive's performance of his or her duties and which failure to obey or refusal to comply remains uncured for 30 days after the Executive receives written notice specifying the failure to obey or refusal to comply and affording the Executive an opportunity to be heard in connection therewith, and the Executive either fails to remedy such failure to obey or refusal to comply within 30 days from receipt of such written notice or fails to take all reasonable steps to that end during such 30-day period and thereafter.

"Change in Control" means the first to occur of the following, with respect to each Executive individually:

- (a) The acquisition by any Person of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act) of voting securities of the Corporation where such acquisition causes such Person to own 35% or more of the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (the "Outstanding Voting Securities"); provided that for purposes of this paragraph (a), the following acquisitions will not be deemed to result in a Change in Control: (i) any acquisition directly from the Corporation, (ii) any acquisition by the Corporation, (iii) any acquisition by any employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Corporation or any Affiliate or (iv) any acquisition by any corporation or entity pursuant to a transaction that complies with clauses (A), (B) and (C) of paragraph (c) of this definition below; and provided further that if any Person's beneficial ownership of the Outstanding Voting Securities reaches or exceeds fifty percent (50%) as a result of a transaction described in clause (i) or (ii) above, and such Person subsequently acquires beneficial ownership of additional voting securities of the Corporation, such subsequent acquisition will be treated as an acquisition that causes such Person to own thirty-five (35%) or more of the Outstanding Voting Securities;
- (b) Individuals who, as of the Effective Date, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Board") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board, provided that any individual becoming a director subsequent to the Effective Date whose election, or nomination for election by the Corporation's stockholders, was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the directors then comprising the Incumbent Board will be considered as though such individual were a member of the Incumbent Board, but excluding, for this purpose, any such individual whose initial assumption of office occurs as a result of an actual or threatened election contest with respect to the election or removal of directors or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Board;
- (c) The approval by the stockholders of the Corporation and consummation of (i) a reorganization, merger or consolidation, or sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or (ii) the acquisition of assets or stock of another corporation in exchange for voting securities of the Corporation (each of (i) and (ii), a "Business Combination"); excluding, however, such a Business Combination pursuant to which (A) all or substantially all of the individuals and entities who were the beneficial owners of the Outstanding Voting Securities immediately prior to such Business Combination beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent (50%) of, respectively, the then-outstanding shares of common stock and the combined voting power of the then-outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, as the case may be, of the corporation resulting from such Business Combination (including, without limitation, a corporation that as a result of such transaction owns the Corporation or all or substantially all of the Corporation's assets either directly or through one or more

subsidiaries) in substantially the same proportions as their ownership, immediately prior to such Business Combination, of the Outstanding Voting Securities, (B) no Person (excluding any employee benefit plan (or related trust) of the Corporation or such corporation resulting from such Business Combination) beneficially owns, directly or indirectly (except to the extent that such ownership existed prior to the Business Combination), an amount of, respectively, the then-outstanding shares of common stock of the corporation resulting from such Business Combination or the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of such corporation representing twenty percent (20%) thereof; and (C) at least a majority of the members of the board of directors of the corporation resulting from such Business Combination were members of the Incumbent Board at the time of the execution of the initial agreement, or of the action of the Board, providing for such Business Combination; or

(d) Approval by the stockholders of the Corporation of a complete liquidation or dissolution of the Corporation.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless a majority of the Incumbent Board determines otherwise, no Change in Control will be deemed to have occurred with respect to a particular Executive if the Change in Control results from actions or events in which the Executive is a participant in a capacity other than solely as an officer, employee, or director of the Corporation or an Affiliate.

- "Change in Control Period" means the period commencing on the occurrence of a Change in Control and ending on the second anniversary of the Change in Control, provided that if the Change in Control is a change in the ownership or effective control of a corporation, or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of a corporation, as described in Treasury Regulation §1.409A-3(i)(5), then the Change in Control Period shall also include the period beginning six (6) months prior to the occurrence of the Change in Control and ending on the Change in Control.
- "COBRA" means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 and the regulations thereunder, as amended from time to time.
- ${\bf "Code"}$  means the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the regulations thereunder, as amended from time to time.
- "Corporation" means CBOE Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and any successor thereto as provided in Article 6 herein.
- "Effective Date" means January 1, 2015, the date this complete amendment and restatement of the Plan became effective.
- "Employer" means the Corporation or Chicago Board Options Exchange, Incorporated ("CBOE"), which employs the Executive.
- "ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and the regulations thereunder, as amended from time to time.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the regulations thereunder, as amended from time to time.
- "Executive" means an eligible employee of the Employer designated from time to time by the Corporation and set forth on Appendix A or Appendix C hereto, as amended from time to time. No individuals other than those set forth on Appendix A or Appendix C hereto at the time of employment termination will be eligible to receive Severance Benefits.
  - "Good Reason" shall be deemed to exist if, and only if, without the Executive's express written consent:
  - (a) The Employer assigns to the Executive authorities, duties or responsibilities (including officer titles) that are inconsistent in any material and adverse respect with the Executive's current authorities, duties or responsibilities with the Employer (including any material and adverse diminution of such authorities, duties or responsibilities);

- (b) The Employer materially reduces the Executive's base compensation;
- (c) The Employer requires the Executive to relocate the Executive's principal business office or principal place of residence outside the Chicago metropolitan area, or assigns to the Executive duties that would reasonably require such relocation; or
- (d) The Employer materially breaches the terms of any agreement pursuant to which services are provided by the Executive.

The Executive may terminate the Executive's employment at any time for Good Reason as of a date at least thirty (30) days after the date the Executive delivers written notice of such termination to the Corporation, unless the condition constituting Good Reason is fully corrected within thirty (30) days after the Executive gives the Corporation written notice thereof. The Executive must deliver to the Corporation written notice of such termination, if any, within sixty (60) days of the event constituting Good Reason, setting forth in reasonable detail the specific conduct of the Corporation that constitutes Good Reason and the specific provisions of the Plan on which the Executive relies.

"Health and Welfare Benefit Plan" means (a) any health and dental plan, disability plan, accidental death and dismemberment plan, survivor income plan, and life insurance plan or arrangement made available by the Employer for its executives, and (b) any such additional or substitute plan or arrangement that the Employer may make available in the future and during the term of the Plan for its executives, in each case that is a "welfare plan" (as such term is defined in ERISA Section 3(1)).

"Involuntary Termination" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3.2 herein.

"LTIP" means the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Plan, or any similar or successor plan.

"Person" has the meaning given to such term in Sections 13(d) and 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act.

"Plan" means this CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan, as amended and restated effective January 1, 2015, including the Appendices that are attached hereto and made a part hereof.

"Plan Administrator" means the Compensation Committee of the Board, or its delegate.

"Plan Year" means the 12-month period that begins each January 1 and ends on the next December 31.

"Pro-Rated Severance Payment" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3.3(A)(b) herein.

"Release" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3.6 herein.

"Retirement Benefit Plan" means (a) any qualified or non-qualified retirement, savings or deferred compensation plan, program or arrangement currently made available by the Employer for its executives, and (b) any such additional or substitute plan, program or arrangement that the Employer may make available in the future and during the term of the Plan for its executives, in each case that is a "pension plan" (as such term is defined in ERISA Section 3(2)).

"Salary and Bonus Payment" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3.3(A)(c) herein.

"SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Secret or Confidential Information" includes, but is not limited to, any and all records, notes, memoranda, data, writings, research, personnel information, customer information, clearing members' information, the Employer's financial information and plans, processes, methods, techniques, systems, formulas, patents, models, devices, compilations or any other information of whatever nature in the possession or control of the Employer, that has not been published or disclosed to the general public, the options industry or the commodities futures industry, provided that such term does not include knowledge, skills, and information that is common to the trade or profession of the Executive.

"Severance Benefits" has the meaning given to such term in Section 3.3 herein.

# Article 3. Severance Benefits

3.1 **Eligibility for Severance Benefits.** Subject to the conditions and limitations of the Plan, an Executive who experiences an Involuntary Termination shall be entitled to receive Severance Benefits as set forth below.

For purposes of the Plan, an Executive's employment with the Employer shall be deemed to be terminated when the Executive has a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A, and references to termination of employment shall be deemed to refer to such a separation from service. Upon the Executive's separation from service for any reason, the Executive will be deemed to have resigned as of the date of the Executive's separation from service from all offices, directorships, and fiduciary positions with the Corporation, its Affiliates and employee benefit plans.

- 3.2 **Involuntary Termination.** The occurrence of either or both of the following events (an "**Involuntary Termination**") shall entitle the Executive to receive Severance Benefits, subject to Section 3.3:
  - (a) The Employer's termination of the Executive's employment without Cause and for a reason other than death or Disability; or
    - (b) The Executive's termination of employment with the Employer for Good Reason.
- 3.3 **Severance Benefits.** (A) In the event that the Executive experiences an Involuntary Termination, the Employer shall provide the Executive (or the Executive's representative) with the following "Severance Benefits":
  - (a) The Executive's "Accrued Benefits," which include accrued but unpaid Base Salary (based upon the annual rate in effect on the date of employment termination) through the date of termination (payable in accordance with the Employer's normal payroll practice); business expenses incurred but not paid prior to the date of termination in accordance with the Employer's expense reimbursement policy; accrued but unused vacation through the date of termination; and other benefits mandated under the terms of any of the Employer's employee plans or programs;
  - (b) A lump sum cash severance payment in an amount equal to the Executive's target annual bonus for the Plan Year in which the Executive's employment terminates multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which equals the number of calendar days the Executive was employed by the Employer for the Plan Year in which the Executive's employment terminates and the denominator of which is 365 (the "Pro-Rated Severance Payment"), payable within 30 days following the date of termination, subject to Section 3.6;
  - (c) A lump sum cash severance payment (the "Salary and Bonus Payment") in an amount equal to the sum of (i) two times the Executive's annual rate of Base Salary (using the greater of Base Salary in effect on the Effective Date or on the date of the Executive's termination of employment), and (ii) two times the Executive's target annual bonus for the Plan Year in which the Executive's employment is terminated, payable within thirty (30) days following the date of termination, subject to Section 3.6;
  - (d) Any unpaid bonus earned in any year prior to the year in which the Executive's employment terminates;
  - (e) The Salary and Bonus Payment will not be deemed compensation for purposes of any Retirement Benefit Plan, provided that the Salary and Bonus Payment will be deemed compensation for purposes of any tax-qualified Retirement Benefit Plan only to the extent permitted by the terms of such Retirement Benefit Plan and by applicable provisions of the Code; and
  - (f) The Employer shall pay the Executive's COBRA premiums (or an amount equal to the Executive's COBRA premiums) (sufficient to cover full family health care, if the Executive qualifies for and elects that coverage) for a period of eighteen (18) months following termination of the Executive's employment, if the Executive elects such COBRA coverage and, at the end of such period, if the Executive is eligible and elects to enroll in the Employer's retiree medical plan, if any, the Employer shall pay the

Executive's premiums for such coverage for a period of six months. The Employer's obligation to pay the COBRA and retiree medical insurance premiums described in the preceding sentence will cease on the date the Executive becomes covered by another group health plan that does not impose pre-existing condition limitations on the Executive's coverage. Nothing in this Section 3.3(f) shall be construed to extend the period over which COBRA continuation coverage must be provided to the Executive or the Executive's dependents beyond that mandated by law

- (B) In the event that the Executive experiences an Involuntary Termination during the Change in Control Period, the Executive shall be entitled to receive, in addition to the Severance Benefits described in Section 3.3(A) above, a pro-rated amount, in cash, equal to the Executive's target equity award under the LTIP, stated as a percentage of Base Salary, for the Plan Year in which the Executive's employment terminates or, if greater, for the Plan Year immediately preceding the Plan Year in which the Change in Control occurs, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of calendar days the Executive was employed by the Employer for the Plan Year in which the Executive's employment terminates and the denominator of which is 365, payable within thirty (30) days following the later of the Executive's date of termination or the Change in Control, subject to Section 3.6. The term "Severance Benefits" includes any benefits payable under this Section 3.3(B).
- 3.4 **Termination for Cause or by the Executive Other Than for Good Reason.** If the Executive's employment is terminated either (a) by the Employer for Cause or (b) by the Executive other than for Good Reason, the Employer shall pay the Executive any unpaid bonus earned in any year prior to the year in which the Executive's employment terminates and the Executive's Accrued Benefits (as defined in Section 3.3(A)(a)).
- 3.5 **Notice of Termination.** Any termination of the Executive's employment by the Employer for Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason shall be communicated by a written notice to the other party that indicates the specific termination provision in the Plan relied upon, and sets forth in reasonable detail the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination of the Executive's employment under the provision so indicated.
- Release. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, as a condition to receiving any Severance Benefits, the Executive (or, in the event of the Executive's death or incompetence, the Executive's designated beneficiary, surviving spouse, estate, or legal representative) shall execute a comprehensive release agreement and waiver of claims against the Employer in a form substantially the same as that attached hereto as Appendix E (the "Release"). The Employer shall deliver the Release to the Executive within 10 days of the Executive's termination of employment. The Executive must deliver to the Employer an original, signed Release and the revocability period (if any) must elapse by the Release Deadline. For purposes of the Plan, the "Release Deadline" means the date that is sixty (60) calendar days after the Executive's termination of employment. Payment of any Severance Benefits that are not exempt from Code Section 409A shall be delayed until the Release Deadline, irrespective of when the Executive executes the Release; provided, however, that where the Executive's termination of employment and the Release Deadline occur within the same calendar year, the payment may be made up to thirty (30) days prior to the Release Deadline, and provided further that where the Executive's termination of employment and the Release Deadline occur in two separate calendar years, payment may not be made before the later of January 1 of the second year or the date that is thirty (30) days prior to the Release Deadline. If the Executive does not deliver an original, signed Release to the Employer within 45 days after receipt of the same from the Employer, (i) the Employer shall have no obligation otherwise to provide the Executive any Severance Benefits, or any other monies on account of the termination of the Executive's employment.

By accepting Severance Benefits, the Executive acknowledges and agrees that if the Executive files a lawsuit or accepts recoveries, payments or benefits based on any claims that the Executive has released under the Release, as a condition precedent for maintaining or participating in any lawsuit or claim, or accepting any recoveries, payments or benefits, the Executive shall forfeit immediately such Severance Benefits and reimburse the Employer for any Severance Benefits already provided.

3.7 **State Unemployment Benefits.** For purposes of state unemployment benefits, Severance Benefits shall be expressly deemed allocated over the two-year period following the termination of the Executive's employment, which two-year period is described in Section 3.3(A)(c), even if paid in a single lump sum.

- 3.8 **No Further Obligations.** Except as provided in the Plan or in any Retirement Benefit Plan or Health and Welfare Benefit Plan, the Employer shall not have any obligation to the Executive following the Executive's termination of employment for any reason, including any obligation for severance payments or benefits. Except as provided in the Plan, the provision of Severance Benefits shall have no effect upon the Executive's rights under any Retirement Benefit Plan, Health and Welfare Benefit Plan or other employee policy or practice of the Employer applicable to the Executive's termination for any reason.
- 3.9 **Indemnification.** The Corporation shall, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law as it presently exists or may hereafter be amended, indemnify and hold harmless any Executive in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of CBOE Holdings, Inc. or CBOE, each as amended.
- 3.10 **Special Provisions for the Termination of Certain Named Executives.** If an Executive who is licensed to practice law is terminated, nothing in this Plan shall prohibit or restrict such Executive from providing legal advice and counseling, or other advice and counseling incidental thereto, as an officer, employee, consultant, independent contractor or otherwise, to an options exchange regulated by the SEC or to an alternative options trading system. Appendix D includes other special provisions for the termination of certain named Executives.

#### Article 4. Code Section 409A

- 4.1 The Plan is intended to comply with Code Section 409A, including the exceptions for short-term deferrals, separation pay arrangements, reimbursements, and in-kind distributions, and shall be administered, construed and interpreted in accordance with such intent.
- 4.2 Each payment under the Plan or any Employer benefit plan is intended to be treated as one of a series of separate payments for purposes of Code Section 409A.
- 4.3 To the extent any reimbursements or in-kind benefit payments under the Plan are subject to Code Section 409A, such reimbursements and in-kind benefit payments will be made in accordance with Treasury Regulation §1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) (or any similar or successor provisions).
- 4.4 Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, to the extent the Executive is considered a "specified employee" (as defined in Code Section 409A) at the time of his separation from service and would be entitled to a payment upon separation from service during the six-month period beginning on the Executive's date of termination that is not otherwise excluded under Code Section 409A under the exception for short-term deferrals, separation pay arrangements, reimbursements, in-kind distributions, or any otherwise applicable exemption, the payment will not be made to the Executive until the earlier of the six-month anniversary of the Executive's date of termination or the Executive's death and will be accumulated and paid on the first day of the seventh month following the date of termination.
- 4.5 The Corporation may amend the Plan to the minimum extent necessary to satisfy the applicable provisions of Code Section 409A.
- 4.6 The Employer cannot guarantee that the Severance Benefits provided under the Plan will satisfy all applicable provisions of Code Section 409A.
- 4.7 Whenever a payment specifies a payment period, the actual date of payment within such specified period shall be within the sole discretion of the Corporation, and the Executive shall have no right (directly or indirectly) to determine the year in which such payment is made. In the event a payment period straddles two (2) consecutive calendar years, the payment shall be made in the later of such calendar years.
- 4.8 The payment of any compensation or benefit that is subject to the requirements of Code Section 409A may not be accelerated except to the extent permitted by Code Section 409A.

# Article 5. Claims Procedures

5.1 **Claims Procedures.** The Employer will provide Severance Benefits without the necessity of a formal written claim by the Executive. However, if any person believes he or she is being denied any rights or benefits

under the Plan, such person (or the person's duly authorized representative) may file a claim in writing with the Plan Administrator within 90 days following the applicable Executive's date of termination. If any such claim is wholly or partially denied, the Plan Administrator will notify the claimant of its decision in writing. The notification will set forth, in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant, the following: (a) the specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination, (b) reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the determination is based, (c) a description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary, and (d) a description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination on review. Such notification will be given within ninety (90) days after the claim is received by the Plan Administrator, or within one hundred eighty (180) days, if the Plan Administrator determines that special circumstances require an extension of time for processing the claim. If the Plan Administrator determines that an extension of time for processing is required, written notice of the extension will be furnished to the claimant prior to the termination of the initial 90-day period. The extension notice will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of time and the date by which the Plan Administrator expects to render a benefit determination.

- Review Procedures. Within sixty (60) days after the receipt of notification of an adverse benefit determination, a claimant (or the claimant's duly authorized representative) may file a written request with the Plan Administrator for a review of the claimant's adverse benefit determination and submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim for benefits. A request for review will be deemed filed as of the date of receipt of such written request by the Plan Administrator. A claimant will be provided, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits. The Plan Administrator shall take into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination. The Plan Administrator will notify the claimant of its decision on review in writing. Such notification will be written in a manner calculated to be understood by the claimant and will contain the following: (a) the specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination, (b) reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the benefit determination is based, (c) a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits, and (d) a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a). The decision on review will be made within 60 days after the request for review is received by the Plan Administrator, or within 120 days if the Plan Administrator determines that special circumstances require an extension of time for processing the claim. If the Plan Administrator determines that an extension of time for processing is required, written notice of the extension will be furnished to the claimant prior to the termination of the initial 60-day period. The extension notice will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render the determination on review.
- 5.3 **Disability Claims and Review Procedures.** If a claim involves a "disability" determination, the claims and review procedures described in Sections 5.1 and 5.2 above will apply but the time limits will differ. The Plan Administrator will have 45 days to respond to the initial claim, and may extend the 45-day period by up to 30 days if an extension is necessary and the Plan Administrator notifies the Executive during the 45-day period of the reasons for the extension and the date by which the Plan Administrator expects to make a decision. The response deadline may be extended for an additional 30-day period if the Plan Administrator requires more time and notifies the Executive during the first 30-day extension period of the reasons for the extension and the date by which the Plan Administrator expects to make a decision.

The Executive will have 180 days after receiving a notice of adverse benefit determination involving a "disability" determination in which to submit a request for review of the adverse determination. The Plan Administrator shall reach a final decision and notify the Executive in writing of the decision within 45 days after the date it receives the Executive's request for review, provided that the Plan Administrator may extend the response time by up to an additional 45 days by notifying the Executive in writing of the extension.

5.4 **Legal Actions.** The claims and review procedures described in this Article 5 must be utilized before a legal action may be brought against the Employer or the Plan. Any legal action must be filed within one year of receiving final notice of a denied claim. With respect to any decision or determination of the Plan Administrator that is or was made after a Change in Control, a reviewing arbitrator or court shall apply a *de novo* standard of review.

### Article 6. Successors

- 6.1 **Successors to the Corporation.** The Corporation shall require any successor (whether direct or indirect, by purchase, merger, reorganization, consolidation, acquisition of property or stock, liquidation, or otherwise) of all or a significant portion of the stock or assets of the Corporation by agreement, to expressly assume and agree to maintain the Plan in the same manner and to the same extent that the Corporation would be required to perform if no such succession had taken place, subject to Section 8.1 herein. Regardless of whether such agreement is executed, the Plan will be binding upon any successor in accordance with the operation of law and such successor shall be deemed the "Corporation" for purposes of the Plan.
- Assignment by the Executive. The Plan will inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Executive's personal or legal representatives, executors, administrators, successors, heirs, distributees, devisees, and legatees. If the Executive dies while any Severance Benefits still would be owed to the Executive hereunder had the Executive continued to live, the Employer will continue to provide such Severance Benefits, unless otherwise provided herein, in accordance with the terms of the Plan to the Executive's beneficiary last designated by written instrument delivered by the Executive to the Employer prior to the date of death. If no such designated beneficiary survives the Executive, such amount must be paid to the Executive's surviving spouse, or if none, to the Executive's lawful descendants *per stirpes* then living, or if none survive the Executive, to the legal representative of the Executive's estate, or if none is appointed within 90 days of the date of death, to the Executive's heirs at law under the laws of the state in which the Executive is domiciled at the date of death.
- 6.3 **Payment of Benefits in Case of Incompetency.** If an Executive entitled to Severance Benefits becomes physically or mentally incapable of receiving or acknowledging such Severance Benefits, the Employer upon receipt of satisfactory evidence of such legal incapacity may, in its sole discretion, cause such Severance Benefits to be provided to some other person, persons, or institution on behalf of the Executive.

#### Article 7. Miscellaneous

- 7.1 **Employment Status.** The Plan is not a contract of employment, and eligibility under the Plan does not give the Executive the right to be rehired or retained in the employ of the Employer on a full-time, part-time or any other basis, or to receive any benefit under any other plan of the Employer. Eligibility under the Plan does not give the Executive any right, claim, or legal entitlement to any Severance Benefits, unless that right or claim has specifically accrued under the terms of the Plan.
- 7.2 **No Reinstatement.** By accepting Severance Benefits, the Executive waives any reinstatement or future employment with the Employer and agrees never to apply for employment or otherwise seek to be hired, rehired, employed, reemployed, or reinstated by the Employer.
- 7.3 **Effect of Receiving Severance Benefits.** Except as set forth in Appendix C, an Executive's receipt of Severance Benefits does not constitute any sort of extension or perpetuation of employment beyond the Executive's actual date of employment termination.
- 7.4 **Ethical Standards.** By accepting Severance Benefits, the Executive acknowledges and agrees that he or she has been given an adequate opportunity to advise the Employer's human resources, legal, or other relevant management division, and has so advised such division in writing, of any facts that the Executive is aware of that constitute or might constitute a violation of any ethical, legal or contractual standards or obligations of the Corporation or any Affiliate. The Executive further acknowledges and agrees that the Executive is not aware of any existing or threatened claims, charges, or lawsuits that he or she has not disclosed to the Employer.
- 7.5 **Interests Not Transferable.** The interests of persons entitled to Severance Benefits are not subject to their debts or other obligations and, except as may be required by the tax withholding provisions of the Code or any state's income tax act, or pursuant to an agreement between the Executive and an Employer, may not be voluntarily sold, transferred, alienated, assigned, or encumbered.
- 7.6 **Entire Plan.** The Plan contains the entire understanding of the Employer and the Executive with respect to the subject matter herein. The Severance Benefits shall be in lieu of and reduced by any severance, notice, termination pay or the like that may be payable under any plan or practice of the Employer, or that may be payable by

any Federal, state, local, or foreign law, statute, regulation, ordinance, or the like (including the WARN Act or any similar state or foreign law). Any Severance Benefits will be offset against any severance, notice, or termination pay required to be paid by the Corporation or its Affiliates pursuant to federal, state, or local law or ordinance.

- 7.7 **Conflicting Plans.** The Plan supersedes any other generally applicable severance-related plan or policy of the Employer in effect on the date the Corporation adopts the Plan. Payments or benefits provided to an Executive under any Retirement Benefit Plan, Health and Welfare Benefit Plan or other employee benefit plan are governed solely by the terms of that plan. Any obligations or duties of an Executive pursuant to any separate non-competition or other agreement with an Employer will be governed solely by the terms of that agreement, and will not be affected by the terms of the Plan, except to the extent that agreement expressly provides otherwise. Severance Benefits are not taken into account for purposes of contributions or benefits under any other employee benefit plans, except as expressly provided therein or in Appendix C. Further, the period of coverage under any employee benefit plan is not extended due to the provision of Severance Benefits.
- 7.8 **Notices.** All notices, requests, demands, and other communications hereunder shall be sufficient if in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given if delivered by hand or if sent by registered or certified mail to the Executive at the last address the Executive has filed in writing with the Employer or, in the case of the Employer, at its principal offices, with attention to the "Plan Administrator of the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan."
- 7.9 **Tax Withholding.** The Employer shall withhold from any Severance Benefits all Federal, state, city, or other taxes as legally required to be withheld, as well as any other amounts authorized or required by policy, including, but not limited to, withholding for garnishments and judgments or other court orders.
- 7.10 **Severability.** In the event any provision of the Plan shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, the illegality or invalidity will not affect the remaining parts of the Plan, and the Plan must be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had not been included. Further, the captions of the Plan are not part of the provisions herein and will have no force or effect.

Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the Employer shall have no obligation to provide any Severance Benefits to the Executive hereunder to the extent, but only to the extent, that such provision is prohibited by the terms of any final order of a Federal, state, or local court or regulatory agency of competent jurisdiction, provided that such an order shall not affect, impair, or invalidate any provision of the Plan not expressly subject to such order.

- 7.11 **Gender and Number.** Except where otherwise indicated by the context, any masculine term used herein includes the feminine, the plural includes the singular and the singular includes the plural.
- 7.12 **Applicable Law.** To the extent not preempted by the laws of the United States, the laws of the State of Illinois will be the controlling law in all matters relating to the Plan without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws. The jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce, or otherwise relating to, the Plan will be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, Cook County, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist).
- 7.13 **Action by Corporation.** Any action required of or permitted to be taken by the Corporation under the Plan must be by written resolution of the Board, by written resolution of a duly authorized committee of the Board, by a person or persons authorized by resolutions of the Board, or by a duly authorized committee.
- 7.14 **Plan Funding.** The Employer will provide all Severance Benefits due and owing directly out of its general assets. To the extent that an Executive acquires a right to receive Severance Benefits, such right shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Employer. Nothing herein contained may require or be deemed to require, or prohibit or be deemed to prohibit, the Employer to segregate, earmark, or otherwise set aside any funds or other assets, in trust or otherwise, to provide for any Severance Benefits.

### Article 8. Amendment and Termination

- 8.1 **Amendment and Termination.** The Corporation reserves the right, on a case-by-case basis or on a general basis, to amend the Plan at any time and to thereby alter, reduce or eliminate any benefit under the Plan, in whole or in part, at any time; <u>provided that</u>
  - (a) No amendment or termination of the Plan that has the effect of (i) removing an Executive from the list of Executives Eligible to Participate in the Plan contained in Appendix A or Appendix C hereto, (ii) eliminating or reducing the amount of benefits payable (if any) to any Executive, or (iii) adversely affecting the benefits or rights of an Executive under the Plan, may be, without the express written consent of such Executive, retroactive or effective until the date that is two years after the later of (A) the date the Corporation adopts such amendment or termination or (B) the date the Corporation provides written notice of such amendment or termination to the affected Executive(s) (with the later of such dates referred to herein as the "Amendment Effective Date"); provided that any such amendment or termination shall not eliminate or reduce any benefit with respect to any termination of employment that occurs on or before the Amendment Effective Date; and
  - (b) If a Change in Control occurs before the Amendment Effective Date, then the effective date of an amendment described in Section 8.1(a) or termination of the Plan shall be postponed as to the affected Executive(s) until the date that is one year after the Change in Control occurs. For the avoidance of doubt, if the Corporation amended the Plan (and gave notice) on January 1, 2012, to remove Executive A from the list of Executives Eligible to Participate in the Plan, a Change in Control occurred on December 1, 2013, and Executive A experienced an Involuntary Termination on September 1, 2014, Executive A would be entitled to Severance Benefits under the Plan under the terms and conditions of the Plan in effect immediately prior to January 1, 2012. Furthermore, if a Change in Control occurred on December 1, 2013 and Executive B was terminated by his Employer or a successor employer without Cause, or if he resigned for Good Reason, at any time within the twelve (12) month period following the Change in Control, then Executive B would be entitled to Severance Benefits under the Plan under the terms and conditions of the Plan in effect on December 1, 2013, subject to the provisions of this Section 8.1(b).
- 8.2 **Notice of Amendment or Termination.** The Corporation will notify the Executives, including, but not limited to, Executives receiving Severance Benefits, of any material amendment or termination of the Plan within a reasonable time.

### Appendix A Appendix A

# Executives Eligible to Participate in the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan As Amended and Restated Effective January 1, 2015

Gerald T. O'Connell
Edward L. Provost
Alan J. Dean
Philip M. Slocum
Joanne Moffic-Silver

No amendment or termination of the Plan that has the effect of removing an Executive from this Appendix A may be, without the express written consent of such Executive, (a) effective until the date that is two years after the later of adoption of such amendment or termination or written notice of such amendment or termination to the affected Executive(s), or (b) retroactive; provided that any such amendment or termination shall not eliminate or reduce any benefit with respect to any termination of employment that occurs on or before such amendment or termination becomes effective.

## Appendix B Appendix B

#### **Additional Information for Summary Plan Description**

This Appendix B, together with the Plan document, constitutes the summary plan description of the Plan. References in this Appendix B to "you" or "your" are references to the Executive. Any term capitalized but not defined in this Appendix B will have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

#### Your Rights Under ERISA

As a participant in the Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA. ERISA provides that all Plan participants shall be entitled to:

- ∠ Receive information about the Plan and benefits offered under the Plan.
- ∠ Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, all documents governing the Plan, and a copy of the latest annual report filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefit Security Administration.
- ∠ Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, and copies of the latest annual report and updated summary plan description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.

### Prudent Action by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for Plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate your Plan, called fiduciaries of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including the Employer, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from exercising your rights under ERISA.

#### **Enforce Your Rights**

If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If you have a claim for benefits that is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. If you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

### **Assistance With Your Questions**

If you have any questions about the Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You also may obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

### **General Plan Information**

	CBOE Holdings, Inc.	
Dian Changan	400 South LaSalle Street	
Plan Sponsor:	Chicago, Illinois 60605	
Plan Name:	CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan	
Type of Plan:	Welfare plan	
Source of Funds:	The Employer will pay all benefits due and owing under the Plan directly out of its general assets. To the extent that an Executive acquires a right to receive benefits under the Plan, such right shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Employer.	
Plan Number:	506	
Corporation's Employer Identification Number:	36-2730838	
Plan Administrator:	CBOE Holdings, Inc. 400 South LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60605 (312) 786-5600	
Agent for Service of Legal Process:	Plan Administrator	
-		
	Calendar Year	
Plan Year:	(January 1 - December 31)	
Successors:	The Corporation shall require any successor (whether direct or indirect, by purchase, merger, reorganization, consolidation, acquisition of property or stock, liquidation, or otherwise) of all or a significant portion of the stock or assets of the Corporation by agreement, to expressly assume and agree to maintain the Plan in the same manner and to the same extent that the Corporation would be required to perform if no such succession had taken place. Regardless of whether such agreement is executed, the Plan will be binding upon any successor in accordance with the operation of law and such successor shall be deemed the "Corporation" for purposes of the Plan.	
	This Plan shall be a binding legal contract between the Employer	
Binding Legal Contract:	and the Executive.	

# Appendix C Appendix C

# Executives Eligible to Receive Death and Disability Termination Benefits, and Subject to Restrictive Covenants <u>Under the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan</u>

Subject to the conditions and limitations of the Plan, an Executive who is set forth on this Appendix C at the time of employment termination and who experiences an Involuntary Termination, who dies, or who is terminated due to becoming Disabled shall be entitled to receive Severance Benefits as set forth in Article 3 of the Plan, or Death Benefits or Disability Termination Benefits as set forth below. These Executives also shall be subject to the restrictive covenants set forth below.

### C.1 Executives Eligible under Appendix C.

Gerald T. O'Connell

Edward L. Provost

- **Benefits**" following the date of death, subject to Section 3.6: (a) the Executive's Base Salary through the date of death, (b) the Pro-Rated Severance Payment, and (c) the Salary and Bonus Payment, to the Executive's beneficiary last designated by written instrument delivered by the Executive to the Employer prior to the date of death. The payments described in clauses (a) and (c) of the foregoing sentence shall be payable within 90 days of the date of death and the payment described in clause (b) shall be payable as provided in Section 3.3(A)(b). If no such designated beneficiary survives the Executive, such amount shall be paid to the Executive's surviving spouse, or if none, to the Executive's lawful descendants *per stirpes* then living, or if none survive the Executive, to the legal representative of the Executive's estate, or if none is appointed within 90 days of the date of death, to the Executive's heirs at law under the laws of the state in which the Executive is domiciled at the date of death. For Executives eligible under this Appendix C, the term "Severance Benefits" includes Death Benefits, subject to the conditions and limitations of the Plan.
- C.3 **Disability Termination Benefits.** If the Executive is Disabled for a continuous period of six months, the Employer may terminate the Executive's employment upon 30 days prior written notice to the Executive, and the Employer shall provide the Executive the following "**Disability Termination Benefits**": (a) the Executive's accrued but unpaid Base Salary through the date of termination, payable in accordance with the Employer's normal payroll practice, (b) the Pro-Rated Severance Payment, payable as provided in Section 3.3(A)(b), subject to Section 3.6, and (c) the Salary and Bonus Payment, payable within 30 days following the date of termination, subject to Section 3.6. For Executives eligible under this Appendix C, the term "Severance Benefits" includes Disability Termination Benefits, subject to the conditions and limitations of the Plan.
- "Disabled" has the meaning set forth in the long-term disability policy or plan maintained by the Employer for its senior executives then in effect, provided that the definition of Disabled applied under such a policy or plan is consistent with the definition of disability or disabled under Code Section 409A and the regulations and guidance promulgated thereunder. In the absence of such a policy or plan, "Disabled" has the meaning ascribed to such term under Code Section 409A and the regulations and guidance promulgated thereunder.
- C.4 **Non-Qualified Plan Contribution.** Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, for each Executive set forth on this Appendix C, the Executive's Salary and Bonus Payment will be deemed compensation for purposes of any Retirement Benefit Plan, provided that the Salary and Bonus Payment will be deemed compensation for purposes of any tax-qualified Retirement Benefit Plan only to the extent permitted by the terms of such Retirement Benefit Plan and by applicable provisions of the Code.
- C.5 **Appendix C Benefits Subject to Plan.** The Death Benefits, Disability Termination Benefits, and Non-Qualified Plan Benefits described in this Appendix C are subject to the conditions and limitations of the Plan in all respects.

- C.6. **Restrictive Covenants.** Executives understand the global nature of the Employer's businesses and the effort the Employer undertakes to develop and protect their business and their competitive advantage. Accordingly, Executives recognize and agree that the scope and duration of the restrictions described in the Plan are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate business interests of the Employer. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, all Severance Benefits of Executives covered under this Appendix C are conditioned expressly on the Executive's compliance with each of the restrictive covenants of this Section C.6. During the period of an Executive's employment and for a period of two years following the Executive's termination of employment, the Executive shall not:
  - (a) singly, jointly, or in any other capacity, in a manner that contributes to any research, technology, development, account, trading, marketing, promotion, or sales and that relates to the Executive's employment with an Employer, directly or beneficially, manage, join, participate in the management, operation or control of, or work for (as an employee, consultant or independent contractor), or permit the use of his name by, or provide financial or other assistance to, any options exchange regulated by the SEC or alternative trading system that directly competes with an Employer, without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of the Corporation;
  - (b) provide any service or assistance that (i) is of the general type of service or assistance provided by the Executive to the Employer, (ii) relates to any technology, account, product, project or piece of work with which the Executive was involved during his or her employment, and (iii) contributes to causing an entity to come within the definition described in Section C.6(a) above;
  - (c) solicit or accept if offered to the Executive, with or without solicitation, on his or her own behalf or on behalf of any other person, the services of any person who is a then-current employee of the Employer (or was an employee of the Employer during the year preceding such solicitation), nor solicit any of the Employer's then-current employees (or an individual who was employed by or engaged by the Employer during the year preceding such solicitation) to terminate employment or an engagement with the Employer, nor agree to hir any then-current employee (or an individual who was an employee of the Employer during the year preceding such hire) of the Employer into employment with the Executive or any company, individual or other entity;
  - (d) directly or indirectly divert or attempt to divert from the Employer any business in which the Employer has been actively engaged during the Executive's employment, nor interfere with the relationships of the Employer or with their sources of business; or
  - (e) directly or indirectly, make any statements, written or verbal, or cause or encourage others to make any statements, written or verbal, that defame or disparage the business reputation, practices, or conduct of the Corporation, its employees, directors, or officers. The Executive acknowledges and agrees that this prohibition extends to statements, written or verbal, made to anyone, including but not limited to the news media, investors, potential investors, industry analysts, competitors, strategic partners, vendors, employees (past and present), and customers.

Nothing in this Section C.6 shall prohibit or restrict an Executive who is licensed to practice law from providing legal advice and counseling, or other advice and counseling incidental thereto, as an officer, employee, consultant, independent contractor or otherwise, to an options exchange regulated by the SEC or alternative trading system that directly competes with an Employer.

C.7 Confidentiality. The Executives recognize that the Employer may disclose secret or confidential information to the Executive during the period of the Executive's employment to enable the Executive to perform his or her duties. Subject to the following sentence, an Executive shall not during his or her employment (except in connection with the proper performance of his or her duties) and thereafter, without the prior written consent of the Employer, disclose to any person or entity any material or significant secret or confidential information concerning the business of the Employer that was obtained by the Executive in the course of the Executive's employment. This Section shall not be applicable if and to the extent the Executive is required to testify in a legislative, judicial or regulatory proceeding pursuant to an order of Congress, any state or local legislature, a judge, or an administrative law judge, or if such secret or confidential information is required to be disclosed by the Executive by any law, regulation or order of any court or regulatory commission, department or agency; provided, however, that the

Executive shall provide the Employer with prompt notice thereof so that the Employer may seek an appropriate protective order and/or waive compliance with this Section with respect to such requirement. In the absence of a protective order or the receipt of waiver hereunder, if the Executive is nonetheless, in the opinion of the Executive's counsel, compelled to furnish the Employer's confidential information to any third party or else stand liable for contempt or suffer other censure or penalty, such party may furnish such information without liability under this Section or otherwise. The Executive further agrees that if the Executive's employment is terminated for any reason, the Executive will not take, but will leave with the Employer, all records and papers and all matter of whatever nature that bears secret or confidential information of the Employer. For purposes of this Plan, the term "secret or confidential information" shall include, but not be limited to, any and all records, notes, memoranda, data, writings, research, personnel information, customer information, clearing members' information, the Employer's financial information and plans, processes, methods, techniques, systems, formulas, patents, models, devices, compilations or any other information of whatever nature in the possession or control of the Employer, that has not been published or disclosed to the general public, the options industry or the commodities futures industry, provided that such term shall not include knowledge, skills, and information that is common to the trade or profession of the Executive.

- C.8 **Judicial Modification.** If the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction declares that any term or provision of Section C.6 or C.7 is invalid or unenforceable, the Employer and the Executive intend that (a) the court making the determination of invalidity or unenforceability shall have the power to reduce the scope, duration, or geographic area of the term or provision, to delete specific words or phrases, or to replace any invalid or unenforceable term or provision with a term or provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the invalid or unenforceable term or provision, (b) the Employer and the Executive shall request that the court exercise that power, and (c) the Plan shall be enforceable as so modified after the expiration of the time within which the judgment or decision may be appealed.
- C.9 **Remedies.** If an Executive violates or threatens to violate any provisions of Sections C.6 or C.7 of the Plan, the Employer or its successors in interest shall be entitled, in addition to any other remedies that they may have, including money damages, to an injunction to be issued by a court of competent jurisdiction restraining the Executive from committing or continuing any violation of Sections C.6 or C.7. In the event that the Executive is found to have breached any provision set forth in Section C.6 or C.7 of the Plan, the time period provided for in that provision shall be deemed tolled (*i.e.*, it will not begin to run) for so long as the Executive was in violation of that provision.

# Appendix D Appendix D

### Special Provisions for the Termination of Certain Named Executives <u>Under the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan</u>

- Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Plan to the contrary, the Employer may terminate the employment of Joanne Moffic-Silver of the Employer's Legal Division only after the Employer has consulted with its Regulatory Oversight Committee.
- 2. Any stock options, restricted stock or other stock-based awards granted to Edward L. Provost ("Provost") under the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Plan, or any similar or successor plan, shall provide, among other things, that (a) all options, stock or other awards shall vest upon Provost's retirement after attaining age sixty-five (65) and (b) Provost may exercise all vested options thereafter for the remainder of their term. Restricted Stock that vests upon the achievement of Performance Goals will vest pro rata upon Provost's retirement after attaining age sixty-five (65).

# Appendix E Appendix E

### RELEASE OF CLAIMS

THIS RELEASE OF CL	AIMS ("Release") is made and entered into this day of	, 20 , to be
effective as of	(the "Effective Date"), by and between CBOE HOLDING	S, INC, a Delaware
corporation ("CBOE"), and	, a resident of the State of Illinois (the "Executive")	

- In consideration of CBOE's agreement to provide Executive with the severance pay and benefits, described in the 1. CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan (the "Plan"), to which Executive is not otherwise entitled and the sufficiency of which Executive acknowledges, Executive does hereby fully, finally and unconditionally release and forever discharge CBOE, its parent corporation, subsidiaries and affiliates, and each of their former and current officers, directors, employees, members, representatives and agents and all of their respective predecessors, successors, and assigns (collectively "Released Parties"), in their personal, corporate and representative capacities, from any and all rights, claims, liabilities, obligations, damages, costs, expenses, attorneys' fees, suits, actions, and demands, of any and every kind, nature and character, known or unknown, liquidated or unliquidated, absolute or contingent, in law and in equity, enforceable or arising under any local, state or federal common law, statute or ordinance relating to Executive's past employment with CBOE or any past actions, statements, or omissions of CBOE or any of the Released Parties occurring prior to Executive's execution of this Agreement, including but not limited to all claims for defamation, wrongful termination, back pay and benefits, pain and suffering, negligent or intentional infliction of emotional distress, breach of contract, and interference with contractual relations, tort claims, employment discrimination claims, and all claims arising under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended ("ADEA"), Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, the Civil Rights Act of 1866, as amended by the Civil Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. § 1981), the Family and Medical Leave Act, the Equal Pay Act, the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act, the Illinois Human Rights Act, the Illinois Minimum Wage Law, the Illinois Wage Payment and Collection Act, the Workers Adjustment and Retraining Act, and the Chicago and Cook County Human Rights Ordinances, and any other statutory, contract, implied contract, or common law claim arising out of or involving Executive's employment, the termination of Executive's employment, or any continuing effects of Executive's employment with CBOE (the "Released Claims").
- 2. Executive agrees not to sue CBOE or any of the Released Parties with respect to rights and Released Claims covered by this Release. If any government agency or court assumes jurisdiction of any charge, complaint, or cause of action covered by this Release, Executive will not seek and will not accept any personal equitable or monetary relief in connection with such investigation, action, suit, or legal proceeding.
- 3. Executive has forty-five (45) days (until\_\_\_\_\_\_) within which to consider this Release, although Executive may accept it at any time within those forty-five (45) days. Once Executive has signed this Release, Executive will still have seven (7) days in which to revoke his or her acceptance of the ADEA portion of the Release by notifying CBOE, and specifically, Deborah Woods, Human Resources Department. The ADEA portion of the Release will not be effective or enforceable until the seven (7) day revocation period has expired. If the ADEA portion of the Release is revoked, the remainder of this Release shall remain in full force and effect as to all of its terms except for the release of claims under the ADEA, and CBOE will have three (3) business days to rescind the entire Release by so notifying Executive.
- 4. Executive agrees that he or she will continue to be governed by those obligations arising under Section 7.2 of the Plan, and Sections C.6 and C.7 of the Plan if applicable, which are incorporated by reference herein, and such provisions shall not be released, shall be unaffected hereby, and shall remain in full force and effect.
- 5. This Release shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of CBOE and its successors and assigns and Executive and his heirs, executors and administrators.
- 6. This Release shall be construed and interpreted under the laws of the State of Illinois to the extent not preempted by applicable laws of the United States.

By signing this Release, Executive acknowledges and udone anything unlawful or wrong.	inderstands that this Release does not imply that CBOE has
CBOE HOLDINGS, INC.	
By: Its:	EXECUTIVE

#### CBOE HOLDINGS, INC. EXECUTIVE SEVERANCE PLAN

# ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PLAN

CBOE Holdings, Inc. (the "Corporation") has established the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides severance payments and benefits to certain eligible executives in the event of employment termination by the Corporation without "cause" or termination by the executive for "good reason" (each as defined in the Plan). You are eligible to participate in the Plan.

By the signatures below of the representative of the Corporation and the Executive named herein, the Corporation and the Executive agree that the Corporation hereby designates the Executive as eligible to participate in the Plan, and the Executive hereby acknowledges and accepts such participation, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, and agrees to the terms of the Plan, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

Name of Executive: <u>«FirstName» «LastName»</u>

Date of Eligibility and Participation: <u>«Date 2»</u>

At Will Employment. Nothing in this Acknowledgement and Acceptance or in the Plan confers upon the Executive any right to continue in employment for any period of specific duration or interfere with or otherwise restrict in any way the rights of the Corporation or of the Executive, which rights are hereby expressly reserved by each, to terminate the Executive's employment at any time for any reason.

Amendment and Termination of Plan. The Corporation reserves the right, on a case-by-case basis or on a general basis, to amend the Plan in accordance with Section 8.1. No amendment or termination of the Plan that has the effect of removing an Executive from Appendix A may be, without the express written consent of such Executive, (a) effective until a date that is two years after the later of adoption of such amendment or termination or written notice of such amendment or termination to the affected Executive(s); or (b) retroactive. No amendment or termination shall eliminate or reduce any benefit with respect to any Executive who experiences a termination of employment that occurs on or before such amendment or termination becomes effective.

EXECUTIVE:	CBOE HOLDINGS, INC.	
	By:	
Signature	Title:	
ttachment: BOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan		

#### CBOE HOLDINGS, INC. EXECUTIVE SEVERANCE PLAN

# ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PLAN

CBOE Holdings, Inc. (the "Corporation") has established the CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides severance payments and benefits to certain eligible executives in the event of employment termination by the Corporation without "cause," termination by the executive for "good reason," termination due to death, and termination due to "disability" (each as defined in the Plan). You are eligible to participate in the Plan.

By the signatures below of the representative of the Corporation and the Executive named herein, the Corporation and the Executive agree that the Corporation hereby designates the Executive as eligible to participate in the Plan, and the Executive hereby acknowledges and accepts such participation, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, and agrees to the terms of the Plan, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

Name of Executive: <u>«FirstName» «LastName»</u>

Date of Eligibility and Participation: <u>«Date 2»</u>

At Will Employment. Nothing in this Acknowledgement and Acceptance or in the Plan confers upon the Executive any right to continue in employment for any period of specific duration or interfere with or otherwise restrict in any way the rights of the Corporation or of the Executive, which rights are hereby expressly reserved by each, to terminate the Executive's employment at any time for any reason.

Amendment and Termination of Plan. The Corporation reserves the right, on a case-by-case basis or on a general basis, to amend the Plan in accordance with Section 8.1. No amendment or termination of the Plan that has the effect of removing an Executive from Appendix A may be, without the express written consent of such Executive, (a) effective until a date that is two years after the later of adoption of such amendment or termination or written notice of such amendment or termination to the affected Executive(s); or (b) retroactive. No amendment or termination shall eliminate or reduce any benefit with respect to any Executive who experiences a termination of employment that occurs on or before such amendment or termination becomes effective.

EXECUTIVE:	CBOE HOLDINGS, INC.	
	<u>By:</u>	
Signature	Title:	
Attachment: CBOE Holdings, Inc. Executive Severance Plan		

### [CBOE LETTERHEAD]

### PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

David Howson
[\*\*\*Personally
identifiable
information omitted\*\*\*]

December 19, 2019

Dear Dave,

I am pleased to extend an offer of employment to you as President, Cboe Europe Limited. The effective date of your new role will be January 1, 2020, however, your continuous service will be deemed to have commenced on the date you joined Cboe Global Markets on June 11, 2013.

You will receive a base salary of £420,000 annually paid in accordance with our regular payroll practices. You will be eligible to participate in the annual short-term discretionary incentive plan with a target percentage of 110%, subject to the financial performance of the Company as well as your individual performance.

In addition, you will be eligible for a long term incentive grant of a targeted amount of \$650,000 (USD), of which \$325,000 will be RSU and \$325,000 will be PSU, subject to typical Committee and Board approval in February 2020.

Health insurance will be provided for you and your family. And, an annualized matched pension contribution of up to 5% of your base salary will be provided. Finally, you will receive 30 days of paid vacation days per calendar year.

Upon acceptance we will forward you a draft contract for your review and consideration.

Dave, you have my commitment and confidence in your leadership as you assume this pivotal role. I am truly excited about our future prospects as you help drive our business forward!

Yours sincerely,

Ed Tilly Chairman, CEO and President Cboe Global Markets

/s/ Edward T. Tilly Signature 12/19/19 Date

/s/ D. Howson

# CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

This Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (this "Agreement") is dated effective

(t	ne "Award Date"), and is bet	ween Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (the
"Corporation") and		any term capitalized but not defined in
this Agreement will have the r	neaning set forth in the Secon	d Amended and Restated Cboe Global
Markets, Inc. (formerly CBOE	Holdings, Inc.) Long-Term In-	centive Plan (as may be amended from
time to time, the "Plan").		
(the "Restricted Stock I conditions of the Plan a that represents one unve	<u>Jnits</u> "). The Restricted Stock nd this Agreement. Each Res	Restricted Stock Units Units will be subject to the terms and tricted Stock Unit is a notional amount a Participant, subject to the terms of this Restricted Stock Unit vests.

- 2. No Rights as Stockholder; Dividend Equivalents. Participant shall have no voting rights with respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuance of the shares of Stock (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Corporation declares a cash dividend on shares of Stock, on the payment date of the dividend, Participant will be credited with Dividend Equivalent Rights equal to the amount of the cash dividend per share multiplied by the number of Restricted Stock Units held by Participant on the dividend's record date. The Dividend Equivalent Rights credited to Participant under the preceding sentence will be distributed to Participant at the same time as the underlying cash dividend is distributed to shareholders of the Corporation.
- 3. <u>Vesting</u>; Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.
  - (a) Subject to Sections 3(b), 3(c) and 3(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stock Units will vest (i) thirty-three percent (33%) on the twelve (12) month anniversary of the Award Date, provided that Participant has remained in Service continuously through such date, (ii) thirty-three percent (33%) on the twenty-four (24) month anniversary of the Award Date, provided that Participant has remained in Service continuously through such date, and (iii) thirty-four percent (34%) on the thirty-six (36) month anniversary of the Award Date, provided that Participant has remained in Service continuously through such date.
  - (b) The Restricted Stock Units will vest in full upon the earliest to occur of (i) Participant's death, (ii) Participant's becoming Disabled, provided that such condition qualifies as "disability" for purposes of Section 409A, or (iii) the date on which Participant has attained at least age fifty-five (55) and completed ten (10) years of Service ("Retirement Vesting"), in each case, if prior to any forfeiture event under Section 3(d) below.
  - (c) This subsection 3(c) shall apply to this Agreement, this Award and any Replacement Award provided to Participant to replace this Award in lieu of Section 8.2(b)

of the Plan. Upon a termination of Participant's Service by the Corporation or its Affiliate without Cause or by Participant for "Good Reason" (as defined below), in each case, upon or within two years after a Change in Control and prior to any forfeiture event under Section 3(d) below, this Award or any Replacement Award held by Participant shall become fully vested and free of restrictions and shall be distributed upon or within 60 days of such termination of Service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if this Award or the Replacement Award, as applicable, is considered deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, payment shall be made pursuant to the Award's original schedule if necessary to comply with Section 409A.

For purposes of this Award "Good Reason" shall be deemed to exist if, and only if, without the Participant's express written consent:

- (i) The Corporation or its Affiliate assigns to Participant authorities, duties or responsibilities (including titles) that are inconsistent in any material and adverse respect with Participant's immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities with the Corporation or its Affiliate (including any material and adverse diminution of such immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities);
- (ii) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially reduces Participant's base compensation;
- (iii) The Corporation or its Affiliate requires Participant to relocate his or her principal business office or principal place of residence outside the Chicago metropolitan area (or outside the immediately preceding location of Participant's principal business office with the Corporation or its Affiliate), or assigns to Participant duties that would reasonably require such relocation;
- (iv) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially breaches the terms of any agreement pursuant to which services are provided to the Corporation or its Affiliate by Participant; or
- (v) The Corporation or its Affiliate terminates, reduces or limits Participant's participation in any bonus or incentive compensation arrangement relative to the level of participation of other employees of similar rank for a reason that is not reasonably related to Participant's level of job performance and provided that such action results in a material reduction in the aggregate value of Participant's incentive compensation below the aggregate value as of the immediately preceding bonus or incentive compensation performance period.

Participant's voluntary termination of Service shall not be considered a termination of Service for Good Reason unless Participant terminates his or her Service within 120 days after the initial existence of the condition constituting Good Reason; provided, Participant provides written notice to the Corporation or its Affiliate of Participant's intention to resign for Good Reason, which notice specifies in reasonable detail the breach or action giving rise thereto within 90 days of its initial existence, and the Corporation or its Affiliate does not cure such breach or action within 30 days after the date of the Participant's notice.

(d) If Participant's Service is terminated for any reason before all of Participant's Restricted Stock Units have vested under this Agreement (including pursuant to an event described in Section 3(b) or 3(c) above), Participant's unvested Restricted Stock Units will be forfeited upon the effective date of such termination of Service. Neither the Corporation nor any Affiliate will have any further obligations to Participant under this Agreement if Participant's Restricted Stock Units are forfeited.

### 4. Terms and Conditions of Distribution.

- (a) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a vested Restricted Stock Unit (other than a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting) shall be made to Participant as soon as practicable after the Restricted Stock Unit vests, but not later than two and a half  $(2\frac{1}{2})$  months after the end of the calendar year in which such vesting occurs.
- (b) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting shall be made to Participant as soon as practicable following the earlier to occur of the following dates: (i) the date on which such Restricted Stock Unit would otherwise have vested in accordance with Section 3(a) or clauses (i), (ii), or (iii) of Section 3(b), or (ii) Participant's "separation from service" as defined for purposes of Section 409A (or, if Participant is a "specified employee" as defined for purposes of Section 409A on the date of such separation from service, the date that is the first day of the seventh (7th) month following Participant's separation from service).
- (c) If Participant dies before the date on which the Corporation would have distributed shares of Stock in satisfaction of vested Restricted Stock Units, the Corporation will distribute such shares of Stock to Participant's designated beneficiary(ies) or, if none are designated or surviving, to Participant's estate or personal representative. The Corporation is not required to issue or deliver any shares of Stock before completing the steps necessary to comply with applicable Federal and state securities laws (including any registration requirements) and applicable stock exchange rules and practices. The Corporation will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause compliance with those laws, rules and practices. The foregoing provisions are subject in all cases to the requirements of Section 409A.
- 5. <u>Nontransferability</u>. Unvested Restricted Stock Units may not be sold, transferred, exchanged, pledged, assigned, garnished, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. Any effort to assign or transfer the rights under this Agreement will be wholly ineffective, and will be grounds for termination by the Committee of all rights of Participant under this Agreement.
- 6. <u>Administration</u>. The Committee administers the Plan. Participant's rights under this Agreement are expressly subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and to any guidelines the Committee adopts from time to time. The interpretation and construction by the Committee of the Plan and this Agreement, and such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Committee for purposes of administering the Plan and this Agreement, will be final and binding upon Participant.

- Securities Law Requirements. If at any time the Board or Committee determines that issuing Stock pursuant to this Agreement would violate applicable securities laws, the Corporation will not be required to issue such Stock. The Board or Committee may declare any provision of this Agreement or action of its own null and void, if it determines the provision or action fails to comply with applicable securities laws. The Corporation may require Participant to make written representations it deems necessary or desirable to comply with applicable securities laws.
- 8. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Distribution to Participant of shares of Stock under this Agreement will be subject to Federal income and other tax withholding (and state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable) by the Corporation in respect of taxes on income realized by Participant. The Corporation may withhold the minimum statutorily required amounts from future paychecks to Participant, or may require that Participant deliver to the Corporation the amounts to be withheld. Participant agrees to allow the Corporation, upon any payment of shares of Stock to Participant under this Agreement, to withhold a portion of the shares of Stock otherwise deliverable to Participant having a Fair Market Value of the minimum tax withholding obligation (or, in the discretion of the Corporation, to satisfy up to the maximum tax withholding obligation), in satisfaction of any Federal income and other tax withholding (and any state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable). Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, in the event that any Restricted Stock Units become subject to tax withholding before the shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units would otherwise be delivered to the Participant, the Corporation may issue a sufficient number of whole shares of Stock with respect to the Restricted Stock Units that does not exceed the minimum tax withholding obligation, which shares of Stock shall be withheld by the Corporation to satisfy its withholding obligation, in accordance with and subject to the requirements of Section 409A.
- 9. Restrictive Covenants. Participant understands the global nature of the Corporation's businesses and the effort the Corporation and its Affiliates (collectively referred to in this Section as "Cboe") undertake to develop and protect their business and their competitive advantage. Accordingly, Participant agrees that the scope and duration of the restrictions described in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate business interests of Cboe. Participant further agrees that during the period of Participant's Service and for a period of two (2) years following Participant's separation from Service, Participant shall not, without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer:
  - (a) singly, jointly, or in any other capacity, in a manner that contributes to any research, technology, development, account, trading, marketing, promotion, or sales and that relates to Participant's Service with Cboe, directly or beneficially, manage, join, participate in the management, operation or control of, or work for (as an employee, consultant or independent contractor), or permit the use of his or her name by, or provide financial or other assistance to, or be connected in any manner with (i) any exchange, facility, electronic communications network ("ECN"), electronic foreign currency exchange market ("FX") matching platform, multilateral trading facility, or alternative trading system ("ATS"); (ii) the ECN, ATS or FX business lines of any full service broker dealer; or (iii) any business line of any company that is substantially similar to any

additional business line developed or entered into by Cboe during Participant's Service, provided that, in the case of clauses (i), (ii) and (iii), such entity or business line that directly competes with Cboe;

- (b) provide any service or assistance that (i) is of the general type of service or assistance provided by Participant to Cboe, (ii) relates to any technology, account, product, project or piece of work with which Participant was involved during his Service, and (iii) contributes to causing an entity to come within the definition described in Section 9(a) above;
- (c) solicit or accept if offered to Participant, with or without solicitation, on his or her own behalf or on behalf of any other person, the services of any person who is a thencurrent employee of Cboe (or was an employee of Cboe during the year preceding such solicitation), nor solicit any of Cboe's then-current employees (or an individual who was employed by or engaged by Cboe during the year preceding such solicitation) to terminate employment or an engagement with Cboe, nor agree to hire any then-current employee (or an individual who was an employee of Cboe during the year preceding such hire) of Cboe into employment with Participant or any company, individual or other entity; or
- (d) directly or indirectly divert or attempt to divert from Cboe any business in which Cboe has been actively engaged during Participant's Service, nor interfere with the relationships of Cboe or with their sources of business.
- 10. Confidentiality. Participant acknowledges that the Corporation or an Affiliate may disclose secret or confidential information to Participant during the period of Participant's Service to enable Participant to perform his or her duties. Participant agrees that, subject to the following sentence, Participant shall not during his or her Service (except in connection with the proper performance of his or her duties) and thereafter, without the prior written consent of the Corporation, disclose to any person or entity any material or significant secret or confidential information concerning the business of the Corporation or an Affiliate that was obtained by Participant in the course of Participant's Service. This paragraph shall not be applicable if and to the extent Participant is required to testify in a legislative, judicial or regulatory proceeding pursuant to an order of Congress, any state or local legislature, a judge, or an administrative law judge, or if such secret or confidential information is required to be disclosed by Participant by any law, regulation or order of any court or regulatory commission, department or agency. Participant further agrees that if Participant's Service is terminated for any reason, Participant will not take, but will leave with the Corporation or an Affiliate, all records and papers and all matter of whatever nature that bears secret or confidential information of the Corporation or an Affiliate. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "secret or confidential information" shall include, but not be limited to, any and all records, notes, memoranda, data, writings, research, personnel information, customer information, clearing members' information, the Corporation's and any Affiliate's financial information and plans, processes, methods, techniques, systems, formulas, patents, models, devices, compilations or any other information of whatever nature in the possession or control of the Corporation or an Affiliate, that has not been published or disclosed to the general public, the options industry, the equities industry, the foreign currency exchange industry or the commodities futures industry, provided that such

term shall not include knowledge, skills, and information that is common to the trade or profession of Participant.

Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, nothing in this Agreement prohibits Participant from confidentially or otherwise communicating or filing a charge or complaint with a governmental or regulatory entity, participating in a governmental or regulatory entity investigation, or giving truthful testimony or making other disclosures to a governmental or regulatory entity (in each case, without having to disclose any such conduct to the Corporation or an Affiliate), or from responding if properly subpoenaed or otherwise required to do so under applicable law. In addition, nothing in this Agreement limits Participant's right to receive an award from a governmental or regulatory entity for information provided to such an entity (and not as compensation for actual or alleged personal injury or damages to Participant).

Pursuant to the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 (18 U.S.C. 1833(b)), Participant shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made in confidence either directly or indirectly to a federal, state, or local government official, or to an attorney, solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a violation of law. Participant shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret made in a complaint, or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal. If Participant files a lawsuit or other action alleging retaliation by the Corporation or an Affiliate for reporting a suspected violation of law, Participant may disclose the trade secret to his or her attorney and use the trade secret in the court proceeding or other action, if Participant files any document containing the trade secret under seal and does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order. This paragraph will govern to the extent it may conflict with any other provision of this Agreement.

- 11. <u>Judicial Modification</u>. If the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction declares that any term or provision of Section 9 or 10 is invalid or unenforceable, the parties agree that (a) the court making the determination of invalidity or unenforceability shall have the power to reduce the scope, duration, or geographic area of the term or provision, to delete specific words or phrases, or to replace any invalid or unenforceable term or provision with a term or provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the invalid or unenforceable term or provision, (b) the parties shall request that the court exercise that power, and (c) this Agreement shall be enforceable as so modified after the expiration of the time within which the judgment or decision may be appealed.
- 12. Remedies. Participant agrees that in the event of a breach or threatened breach of any of the covenants contained in Sections 9 or 10 of this Agreement, in addition to any other penalties or restrictions that may apply under any employment agreement, state law, or otherwise, Participant shall forfeit, upon written notice to such effect from the Corporation, any and all Awards granted to him or her under the Plan and this Agreement, including vested Awards. The forfeiture provisions of this Section 12 shall continue to apply, in accordance with their terms, after the provisions of any employment or other agreement between the Corporation and Participant have lapsed. Participant consents and agrees that if Participant violates or threatens to violate any provisions of Sections 9 or 10 of this

Agreement, the Corporation or its successors in interest shall be entitled, in addition to any other remedies that they may have, including money damages, to an injunction to be issued by a court of competent jurisdiction restraining Participant from committing or continuing any violation of Sections 9 or 10. In the event that Participant is found to have breached any provision set forth in Section 9 of this Agreement, the time period provided for in that provision shall be deemed tolled (*i.e.*, it will not begin to run) for as long as Participant was in violation of that provision. The provisions of Sections 9 and 10 of this Agreement shall continue to apply, in accordance with their terms, after the Participant's service has terminated and after provisions of any employment or other agreement between the Corporation and the Participant have lapsed.

- 13. <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. Participant represents and warrants to the Corporation that Participant has received a copy of the Plan and this Agreement, has read and understands the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, and agrees to be bound by their terms and conditions in all respects.
- 14. <u>No Limitation on the Corporation's Rights</u>. The granting of Restricted Stock Units under this Agreement shall not and will not in any way affect the Corporation's right or power to make adjustments, reclassifications or changes in its capital or business structure or to merge, consolidate, reincorporate, dissolve, liquidate or sell or transfer all or any part of its business or assets.
- 15. Plan and Agreement Not a Contract of Employment or Service. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement is a contract of employment or Service, and no terms of Participant's employment or Service will be affected in any way by the Plan, this Agreement or related instruments, except to the extent specifically expressed therein. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement will be construed as conferring any legal rights on Participant to continue to be employed or remain in Service, nor will it interfere with the Corporation's or any Affiliate's right to discharge Participant or to deal with Participant regardless of the existence of the Plan or this Agreement.
- 16. Entire Agreement and Amendment. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the Restricted Stock Units, and all prior oral and written representations are merged in this Agreement and the Plan. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, this Agreement shall not in any way affect the terms and provisions of the Plan. This Agreement may be amended, modified, or terminated only in accordance with the Plan. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience and identification only and are not intended to describe, interpret, define or limit the scope, extent, or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.
- 17. Notice. Any notice or other communication required or permitted under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered personally, sent by certified, registered or express mail, sent by overnight courier (at the sender's expense), or (if from the Corporation or the Corporation's stock plan administrator) by electronic mail. Notice will be deemed given (a) when delivered personally, (b) if mailed, three days after the date of deposit in the U.S. mail, (c) if sent by overnight courier, on the regular business day following the date sent, or (d) when electronically mailed. Notice to the Corporation should be sent to Cboe Global Markets, Inc., 400 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605, Attention: General

Counsel. Notice to Participant should be sent to the mailing address and/or electronic mailing address set forth on the Corporation's records. Either party may change the address to which the other party must give notice under this Section 17 by giving the other party written notice of such change, in accordance with the procedures described above or otherwise established by the Corporation or its stock plan administrator.

- 18. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The terms of this Agreement will be binding upon the Corporation and its successors and assigns.
- 19. Governing Law. To the extent not preempted by Federal law, the Plan, this Agreement, and documents evidencing rights relating to the Plan or this Agreement will be construed, administered and governed in all respects under and by the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to its conflict of laws principles. If any provision of this Agreement will be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof will continue to be fully effective. The jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), this Agreement will be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, County of Cook, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist).
- 20. <u>Plan Document Controls</u>. The rights granted under this Agreement are in all respects subject to the provisions set forth in the Plan to the same extent and with the same effect as if set forth fully in this Agreement. If the terms of this Agreement conflict with the terms of the Plan document, the Plan document will control.
- 21. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed simultaneously in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.
- 22. <u>Waiver; Cumulative Rights</u>. The failure or delay of either party to require performance by the other party of any provision of this Agreement will not affect its right to require performance of such provision unless and until such performance has been waived in writing. Each right under this Agreement is cumulative and may be exercised in part or in whole from time to time.
- 23. <u>Tax Consequences</u>. Participant agrees to determine and be responsible for all tax consequences to Participant with respect to the Restricted Stock Units.
- 24. Section 409A. The Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder are intended to comply with, or otherwise be exempt from, Section 409A, including the exceptions and exemptions for short term deferrals, stock rights, and separation pay arrangements. This Agreement and all Restricted Stock Units shall be administered, interpreted, and construed in a manner consistent with Section 409A. Should any provision of this Agreement, or any other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement, be found not to comply with, or otherwise be exempt from, the provisions of Section 409A, such provision shall be modified and given effect (retroactively if necessary), in the sole discretion of the Corporation, and without the consent of Participant, in such manner as the Corporation determines to be necessary or appropriate to comply with, or to effectuate an exemption from, Section 409A. Notwithstanding the forgoing, no provision of this Agreement, or any

other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement shall be construed as a guarantee by the Corporation of any particular tax effect to Participant. Each payment made under this Agreement shall be designated as a separate payment within the meaning of Section 409A. Any payment that is subject to Section 409A and payable upon Participant's termination of employment or other similar event shall not be made unless Participant has experienced a "separation from service" as defined under Section 409A. Any payment subject to Section 409A that is to be made upon a "separation from service" to Participant on any date when he or she is a "specified employee" as defined under Section 409A shall not be paid before the date that is six (6) months following Participant's "separation from service" or, if earlier, Participant's death.

- 25. Awards Subject to the Corporation's Recovery of Funds Policy. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units covered by this Agreement shall be subject to the Corporation's compensation recovery policy, as may be in effect from time to time, including, without limitation, the provisions of any such policy required by Section 10D of the Exchange Act and any applicable rules or regulations issued by the SEC or any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Stock may be traded.
- 26. Addendum to Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if Participant resides or is employed outside the U.S. or transfers residence or employment outside the U.S., the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions as are set forth in the addendum to this agreement (the "Addendum"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, any special terms and conditions for such country will apply to the Restricted Stock Units to the extent the Corporation determines, in its sole discretion, that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable in order to comply with local law or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Restricted Stock Units and the Plan (or the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer). In all circumstances, the Addendum shall constitute part of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation and Participant have duly executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

	<b>Cboe Global Markets,</b>	Inc.
Participant's Name Participant's Signature	By:	
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### **ADDENDUM**

# CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

This Addendum to the Agreement includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed outside of the United States or transfers residence or employment outside the United States. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Addendum have the meanings set forth in the Agreement or the Plan.

- 1. <u>Nature of Grant</u>. In accepting the Restricted Stock Units, Participant acknowledges that:
  - (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Corporation, is discretionary in nature and may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Corporation at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;
  - (b) the award of the Restricted Stock Units is exceptional, discretionary, voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units, even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted in the past;
  - (c) all decisions with respect to future Restricted Stock Unit awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Corporation;
    - (d) Participant is voluntarily participating in the Plan;
  - (e) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock that may be received in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, (i) are an extraordinary item that does not constitute compensation of any kind for services of any kind rendered to the Corporation or the Affiliate that employs Participant (the "Employer"), and which is outside the scope of Participant's employment contract, if any, (ii) are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation, and (iii) are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purpose, including, but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, holiday pay, bonuses, long-service awards, leave-related payments, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments;
  - (f) the Restricted Stock Unit award will not be interpreted to form an employment contract or relationship with the Corporation or any Affiliate, nor does it amend any legal relationship or legal entitlement between Participant and the Employer;
  - (g) this Agreement, the transactions contemplated hereunder and the vesting schedule set forth herein do not constitute an express or implied promise of Participant's further employment for the vesting period, for any period, or at all, and will not interfere with Participant's right or the right of the Corporation or the Employer to terminate Participant's employment relationship at any time with or without cause;

- (h) unless otherwise agreed with the Corporation, the Restricted Stock Units and the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, the service Participant may provide as a director of an Affiliate;
- (i) the future value of the underlying shares of Stock is unknown, indeterminable and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (j) neither the Corporation, the Employer nor any Affiliate shall be liable for any foreign exchange rate fluctuation between Participant's local currency and the United States Dollar that may affect the value of the Restricted Stock Units or of any amounts due to Participant pursuant to the settlement of the Restricted Stock Units or the sale of any shares of Stock Participant may acquire upon such settlement;
- (k) in consideration of the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Restricted Stock Units or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units or shares of Stock acquired upon vesting of the Restricted Stock Units resulting from Participant's termination of Service (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and Participant irrevocably releases the Corporation and the Employer from any such claim that may arise; and
- (l) the Restricted Stock Units and the benefits evidenced by this Agreement do not create any entitlement not otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or provided by the Corporation in its discretion, to have the Restricted Stock Units or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company or to be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the shares of the Corporation.
- 2. <u>Participants in the European Union</u>. If Participant resides and/or is employed in a European Union ("<u>EU</u>") member state, the following provision shall replace Section 3(b) of the Agreement in its entirety and any other provisions regarding Retirement Vesting shall be disregarded and of no effect:
  - (b) The Restricted Stock Units will vest in full upon the earlier to occur of (i) Participant's death or (ii) Participant's becoming Disabled, provided that such condition qualifies as "disability" for purposes of Section 409A, in each case, if prior to any forfeiture event under Section 3(d) below.
- 3. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Participant acknowledges and agrees that if Participant is subject to tax and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, the Corporation or its Affiliate(s) may be required to withhold or account for taxes and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, in accordance with the methods of withholding described in Section 8 of the Agreement.

### 4. <u>Data Privacy</u>.

(a) <u>Data Collection and Usage</u>. The Corporation and the Employer will collect, process and use certain personal information about Participant, specifically, Participant's name, home address, email address and telephone number, date of birth, social security or insurance number, passport number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of Stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all Restricted Stock Units or any other entitlement to shares of Stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Participant's favor ("<u>Data</u>"), for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan.

## (b) Recipients of Data.

- a. <u>Stock Plan Administration Service Providers</u>. The Corporation and the Employer transfer Data to Fidelity Stock Plan Services, LLC (and/or its affiliates, collectively "<u>Fidelity</u>"), the designated broker assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. In the future, the Corporation may select a different service provider and share Data with such other provider serving in a similar manner.
- b. Other Service Provider Data Recipients. The Corporation also may transfer Data to other third party service providers, if necessary to ensure compliance with applicable tax, exchange control, securities and labor law. Such third party service providers may include the Corporation's legal counsel as well as its auditor, human resources consultant and payroll vendor. Wherever possible, the Corporation will anonymize data, but Participant understands that his or her Data may need to be transferred to such providers to ensure compliance with applicable law and/or tax requirements.
- c. <u>Securities or Other Regulatory Authorities</u>. In addition to the recipients identified herein and where required under applicable law, Data also may be disclosed to certain securities or other regulatory authorities, including where the Corporation's securities are listed or traded or regulatory filings are made. The legal basis, where required, for such disclosure is compliance with applicable law.
- (c) <u>International Data Transfers</u>. The Corporation, Fidelity and other service providers described above are located in the United States. The United States may have different data privacy laws and protections than Participant's country of residence (or country of employment, if different).
- (d) Legal Basis for Collection, Processing and Transfer of Data.
  - a. Participants within the EU / European Economic Area ("EEA")
  - i. The collection, processing and transfer of Data is necessary for the legitimate purpose of the Corporation and Employer's administration of the Plan and Participant's participation in the Plan.
  - ii. When transferring Data to potential recipients outside the EU/EEA, the Corporation and the Employer strive to provide appropriate

safeguards in accordance with EU Standard Contractual Clauses, the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield Framework, or other legally binding and permissible arrangements. For further information on the transfer of the Participant's personal data outside of the EU/EEA, the Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.

### b. Participants outside the EU / EEA

- i. Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, processing and use, in electronic or other form, of Participant's Data by the Corporation and the transfer of Data to the recipients mentioned above, including recipients located in countries which do not adduce an adequate level of protection from a non-U.S. data protection law perspective, for the purposes described above. Upon transfer of Participant's Data to Fidelity, Participant may be asked to agree to separate terms and data processing practices with Fidelity, with such agreement being a condition of the ability to participate in the Plan.
- ii. Participation in the Plan is voluntary and Participant understands that Participant is providing the consent herein on a purely voluntary basis. If Participant does not consent, or later seeks to revoke his or her consent, Participant's employment status or service and career with the Employer will not be adversely affected. The only consequence of refusing or withdrawing consent is that the Corporation would not be able to grant Restricted Stock Units or other equity awards to Participant or administer or maintain such awards. Therefore, Participant understands that refusing or withdrawing his or her consent may affect Participant's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Participant's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Participant understands that Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.
- (e) <u>Data Retention</u>. Participant understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage his or her participation in the Plan or comply with applicable laws. When the Corporation no longer needs the Data, the Corporation will remove it from its systems.
- (f) <u>Data Subject Rights</u>. Participant understands that Participant may have the right under applicable law to (i) access or copy Data that the Corporation possesses, (ii) rectify incorrect Data, (iii) delete Data, (iv) restrict processing of Data, (v) opt out of the Plan, or (vi) lodge complaints with the competent supervisory authorities in Participant's jurisdiction. To receive clarification regarding these rights or to exercise these rights, Participant understands that Participant can contact his or her local human resources representative.
- 5. <u>No Advice Regarding Grant.</u> The Corporation is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Corporation making any recommendations regarding Participant's

participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying shares of Stock. Participant should consult with his or her own personal tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

- 6. <u>Imposition of Other Requirements</u>. The Corporation reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the Restricted Stock Units and on any shares of Stock acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Corporation determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons. Such requirements may include (but are not limited to) requiring Participant to sign any agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- By participating in the Plan, Participant agrees to 7. Insider Trading/Market Abuse Laws. comply with the Corporation's policy on insider trading (to the extent that it is applicable to Participant). Participant further acknowledges that, depending on Participant's or the broker's country of residence or where the shares of Stock are listed, Participant may be subject to insider trading restrictions and/or market abuse laws, which may affect Participant's ability to accept, acquire, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of Stock, rights to shares of Stock (e.g., Restricted Stock Units) or rights linked to the value of shares of Stock, during such times Participant is considered to have "inside information" regarding the Corporation as defined by the laws or regulations in Participant's country. Local insider trading laws and regulations may prohibit the cancellation or amendment of orders Participant places before Participant possessed inside information. Furthermore, Participant could be prohibited from (i) disclosing the inside information to any third party (other than on a "need to know" basis) and (ii) "tipping" third parties or causing them otherwise to buy or sell securities. Participant understands that third parties include fellow employees. Any restrictions under these laws or regulations are separate from and in addition to any restrictions that may be imposed under any applicable Corporation insider trading policy. Participant acknowledges that it is Participant's responsibility to comply with any applicable restrictions, and that Participant should therefore consult Participant's personal advisor on this matter.
- 8. Foreign Asset/Account Reporting; Exchange Controls. Participant's country may have certain foreign asset and/or account reporting requirements and/or exchange controls which may affect Participant's ability to acquire or hold shares of Stock under the Plan or cash received from participating in the Plan (including from any dividends received or sale proceeds arising from the sale of shares of Stock) in a brokerage or bank account outside Participant's country. Participant may be required to report such accounts, assets or transactions to the tax or other authorities in his or her country. Participant also may be required to repatriate sale proceeds or other funds received as a result of Participant's participation in the Plan to his or her country through a designated bank or broker and/or within a certain time after receipt. Participant acknowledges that it is his or her responsibility to be compliant with such regulations, and Participant should consult his or her personal legal advisor for any details.

9.<u>Language</u>. If Participant is resident in a country where English is not an official language, Participant acknowledges that the Participant is sufficiently proficient in English to

understand the terms and conditions of the Agreement or has had the ability to consult with an advisor who is sufficiently proficient in the English language. The Participant further acknowledges and agrees that it is Participant's express intent that the Agreement, the Addendum and the Plan and all other documents, notices and legal proceedings entered into, given or instituted pursuant to the Restricted Stock Units be drawn up in English. If Participant has received the Agreement, the Addendum or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

10. <u>Annex to Addendum.</u> Notwithstanding any provision of the Agreement or Addendum to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions for Participant's country of residence (and country of employment, if different), as are set forth in the annex to this Addendum (the "<u>Annex</u>"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. In all circumstances, the Annex shall constitute part of this Addendum.

### **ANNEX**

This Annex to the Addendum includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed in the country addressed herein or transfers residence or employment to the country addressed herein. If Participant transfers residence and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Annex have the meanings set forth in the Agreement (including the Addendum) or the Plan.

### Canada

- Securities Law Notification: Participant acknowledges and agrees that he or she is permitted to sell shares of Stock acquired under the Plan through the designated broker appointed under the Plan, provided the resale of shares of Stock takes place outside of Canada through facilities of a stock exchange on which the shares of Stock are listed. The shares of Stock currently are listed on Cboe BZX in the United States.
- 2. Termination of Employment: Except as expressly required by applicable legislation, in the event Participant's Service is terminated for any reason other than as described in Section 3(c) of the Agreement (whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is employed or the terms of Participant's employment agreement, if any), Participant understands his or her right to participate in the Plan will terminate effective as of the date that is the earliest of (i) termination of Participant's Service; (ii) the date upon which Participant receives written notice of termination; or (iii) the date Participant is no longer actively providing services to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates regardless of any notice period or period of pay in lieu of such notice mandated under applicable laws (including, but not limited to, statutory law and/or common law). Participant further understands that, in the event that the date that Participant is no longer actively providing services cannot be reasonably determined under the terms of the Agreement and the Plan, the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when Participant is no longer actively providing services for purposes of the Plan (including whether the Participant still may be considered to be providing services while on a leave of absence).

### **Ecuador**

No country-specific provisions.

## Hong Kong

- 1. <u>Settlement in Shares of Stock</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Agreement, the Addendum or the Plan, the Restricted Stock Units shall be settled only in shares of Stock (and may not be settled in cash).
- 2. <u>Disposal of Shares of Stock</u>. If, for any reason, shares of Stock are issued to Participant within six (6) months after the Award Date, Participant agrees that Participant will not sell

or otherwise dispose of any such shares of Stock prior to the six (6) month anniversary of the Award Date.

- 3. IMPORTANT NOTICE/WARNING. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. Participant is advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If Participant is in any doubt about any of the contents of the documents, Participant should obtain independent professional advice. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock issued in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units do not constitute a public offering of securities under Hong Kong law and are available only to employees of the Corporation or its Affiliates. The Agreement, the Plan and other incidental communication materials have not been prepared in accordance with and are not intended to constitute a "prospectus" for a public offering of securities under the applicable securities legislation in Hong Kong. The Restricted Stock Units are intended only for the personal use of each eligible employee of the Employer, the Corporation or an Affiliate and may not be distributed to any other person.
- 4. <u>Wages</u>. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units do not form part of Participant's wages for purposes of calculating any statutory or contractual payments under Hong Kong law.

### **Netherlands**

1. <u>Exclusion of Claim</u>: Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise from Participant ceasing to have rights under the Plan, whether or not as a result of termination of Participant's Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss of diminution in value of the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed to have waived irrevocably such entitlement.

### **Singapore**

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. The grant of the Restricted Stock Units under the Plan is being made pursuant to the "Qualifying Person" exemption under section 273(1)(f) of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289, 2006 Ed.) ("<u>SFA</u>"). The Plan has not been and will not be lodged or registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore and is not regulated by any financial supervisory authority pursuant to any legislation in Singapore. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. Participant should note that the Restricted Stock Units are subject to section 257 of the SFA and Participant will not be able to make any subsequent sale of shares of Stock in Singapore, or any offer of such subsequent sale of shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units in Singapore, unless such sale or offer is made (i) after six (6) months from the Award Date or (ii) pursuant to the exemptions under Part XIII Division (1) Subdivision (4) (other than section 280) of the SFA.

### Switzerland

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. Neither the Agreement nor any other materials relating to the grant of Restricted Stock Units (a) constitutes a prospectus according to articles 35 et seq. of the Swiss Federal Act on Financial Services ("FinSA"), (b) may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland to any person other than an employee of the Corporation or (c) has been or will be filed with, approved or supervised by any Swiss reviewing body according to article 51 FinSA or any Swiss regulatory authority, including the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority, FINMA.

### United Kingdom (Including Northern Ireland)

1. <u>Payment of Withholding Taxes</u>. The following provision supplements the section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes":

Without limitation to the section of the Agreement titled 'Payment of Withholding Taxes', Participant agrees that Participant is liable for all income tax and employee national insurance contributions or other social contributions or withholding taxes ("<u>Tax-Related Items</u>") and hereby covenants to pay all such Tax-Related Items, as and when requested by the Corporation, the Employer or by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs ("<u>HMRC</u>") (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority). Participant also agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Corporation and the Employer against any Tax-Related Items that they are required to pay or withhold or have paid or will pay on Participant's behalf to HMRC (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant is a director or executive officer (as within the meaning of Section 13(k) of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), the terms of the immediately foregoing provision will not apply. In the event that Participant is a director or executive officer and income tax due is not collected from or paid by Participant within 90 days after the U.K. tax year in which an event giving rise to the indemnification described above occurs, the amount of any uncollected tax may constitute a benefit to Participant on which additional income tax and national insurance contributions may be payable. Participant acknowledges that Participant ultimately will be responsible for reporting and paying any income tax due on this additional benefit directly to HMRC under the self-assessment regime and for reimbursing the Corporation or the Employer (as applicable) for the value of any employee national insurance contributions due on this additional benefit, which the Corporation and/or the Employer may recover from Participant at any time thereafter by any of the means referred to in section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes".

2. <u>Exclusion of Claim</u>. Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise

from Participant's ceasing to have rights under or to be entitled to the Restricted Stock Units, whether or not as a result of termination of Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the award of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived any such entitlement.

3. <u>Section 2 of the Addendum</u>. Section 2 of the Addendum (Participants in the European Union) shall not apply to the Restricted Stock Units.

# CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT – PERFORMANCE BASED

" <u>Corp</u> Agree Marke	Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (this "Agreement") is dated effective (the "Award Date"), and is between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (the oration") and ("Participant"). Any term capitalized but not defined in this ment will have the meaning set forth in the Second Amended and Restated Cboe Global ets, Inc. (formerly CBOE Holdings, Inc.) Long-Term Incentive Plan (as may be amended from the "Plan").
1.	Award. The Corporation hereby awards to Participant [] Restricted Stock Units (the "Restricted Stock Units"). The Restricted Stock Units will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. Each Restricted Stock Unit is a notional amount that represents one unvested share of Stock and entitles Participant, subject to the terms of this Agreement, to receive a share of Stock if and when the Restricted Stock Unit vests.
2.	No Rights as Stockholder; Dividend Equivalents. Participant shall have no voting rights with respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuance of the shares of Stock (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Corporation declares a cash dividend on shares of Stock, on the payment date of the dividend, Participant will be credited with Dividend Equivalent Rights equal to the amount of the cash dividend per share multiplied by the number of Restricted Stock Units held by Participant on the dividend's record date. The Dividend Equivalent Rights credited to Participant under the preceding sentence will be deemed to be reinvested in additional Restricted Stock Units, which will be subject to the same terms regarding vesting, forfeiture, and distribution as Restricted Stock Units awarded to Participant under this Agreement.
3.	Performance Period. The Performance Period for the Restricted Stock Units shall be the three (3) year period commencing on [] and ending on [].
4.	Vesting; Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.
	(a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stock Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upon achievement of the Performance Goal described in <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a> hereto and Participant's continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant attains at least age fifty-five (55) and completes at least ten (10) years of Service ("Retirement Vesting") and subsequently retires prior to expiration of the Performance Period, Participant shall be entitled to receive (i) the number of Restricted Stock Units that would have vested in accordance with the preceding sentence based on the level of achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved if Participant had continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of

which is the number of days during the Performance Period on which Participant was

providing Service, and the denominator of which is 1,095.

- (b) The Restricted Stock Units will vest at the Target level of achievement of the Performance Goal (as described in Exhibit A), upon the earlier to occur of (i) Participant's death or (ii) Participant's becoming Disabled, provided that such condition qualifies as "disability" as defined for purposes of Section 409A, in each case, if prior to any forfeiture event under Section 4(d) below.
- (c) This subsection 4(c) shall apply to this Agreement, this Award and any Replacement Award provided to Participant to replace this Award in lieu of Section 8.2(b) of the Plan. Upon a termination of Participant's Service by the Corporation or its Affiliate without Cause or by Participant for "Good Reason" (as defined below), in each case, upon or within two years after a Change in Control and prior to any forfeiture event under Section 4(d) below, this Award or any Replacement Award held by Participant shall become fully vested and free of restrictions at the Target level of achievement of the Performance Goal (as described in Exhibit A, as amended by the Replacement Award, if any), except that vesting shall be, to the extent determinable, at the level of achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved as of the date of termination of Service (with similar performance assumed to be achieved through the remainder of the Performance Period) if greater than the Target level of achievement, and shall be distributed upon or within 60 days of such termination of Service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if this Award or the Replacement Award, as applicable, is considered deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, payment shall be made pursuant to the Award's original schedule if necessary to comply with Section 409A.

For purposes of this Award "Good Reason" shall be deemed to exist if, and only if, without the Participant's express written consent:

- (i) The Corporation or its Affiliate assigns to Participant authorities, duties or responsibilities (including titles) that are inconsistent in any material and adverse respect with Participant's immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities with the Corporation or its Affiliate (including any material and adverse diminution of such immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities);
- (ii) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially reduces Participant's base compensation;
- (iii) The Corporation or its Affiliate requires Participant to relocate his or her principal business office or principal place of residence outside the Chicago metropolitan area (or outside the immediately preceding location of Participant's principal business office with the Corporation or its Affiliate), or assigns to Participant duties that would reasonably require such relocation;
- (iv) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially breaches the terms of any agreement pursuant to which services are provided to the Corporation or its Affiliate by Participant; or
- (v) The Corporation or its Affiliate terminates, reduces or limits Participant's participation in any bonus or incentive compensation arrangement relative to the level of participation of other employees of similar rank for a reason that is not reasonably related

to Participant's level of job performance and provided that such action results in a material reduction in the aggregate value of Participant's incentive compensation below the aggregate value as of the immediately preceding bonus or incentive compensation performance period.

Participant's voluntary termination of Service shall not be considered a termination of Service for Good Reason unless Participant terminates his or her Service within 120 days after the initial existence of the condition constituting Good Reason; provided, Participant provides written notice to the Corporation or its Affiliate of Participant's intention to resign for Good Reason, which notice specifies in reasonable detail the breach or action giving rise thereto within 90 days of its initial existence, and the Corporation or its Affiliate does not cure such breach or action within 30 days after the date of the Participant's notice.

(d) If Participant's Service is terminated for any reason before all of Participant's Restricted Stock Units have vested under this Agreement (including pursuant to an event described in Section 4(b) or 4(c) above), Participant's unvested Restricted Stock Units will be forfeited upon the effective date of such termination of Service. Neither the Corporation nor any Affiliate will have any further obligations to Participant under this Agreement if Participant's Restricted Stock Units are forfeited.

# 5. <u>Terms and Conditions of Distribution</u>.

- (a) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a vested Restricted Stock Unit (other than a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting) shall be made to Participant as soon as practicable after the Restricted Stock Unit vests, but not later than two and a half  $(2\frac{1}{2})$  months after the end of the calendar year in which the Restricted Stock Unit vests.
- (b) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting shall be made to Participant during the two and a half (2½) months period after the end of the calendar year in which or with which the Performance Period expired or, if earlier, as soon as practicable following the earlier to occur of the following dates: (i) the date on which such Restricted Stock Unit would otherwise have vested in accordance with Section 4(b), or (ii) Participant's "separation from service" as defined for purposes of Section 409A (or, if Participant is a "specified employee" as defined for purposes of Section 409A on the date of such separation from service, the date that is the first day of the seventh (7th) month following Participant's separation from service).
- (c) If Participant dies before the date on which the Corporation would have distributed shares of Stock in satisfaction of vested Restricted Stock Units, the Corporation will distribute such shares of Stock to Participant's designated beneficiary(ies) or, if none are designated or surviving, to Participant's estate or personal representative. The Corporation is not required to issue or deliver any shares of Stock before completing the steps necessary to comply with applicable Federal and state securities laws (including any registration requirements) and applicable stock exchange rules and practices. The Corporation will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause compliance with those laws,

- rules and practices. The foregoing provisions are subject in all cases to the requirements of Section 409A.
- 6. <u>Nontransferability</u>. Unvested Restricted Stock Units may not be sold, transferred, exchanged, pledged, assigned, garnished, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. Any effort to assign or transfer the rights under this Agreement will be wholly ineffective, and will be grounds for termination by the Committee of all rights of Participant under this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Administration</u>. The Committee administers the Plan. Participant's rights under this Agreement are expressly subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and to any guidelines the Committee adopts from time to time. The interpretation and construction by the Committee of the Plan and this Agreement, and such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Committee for purposes of administering the Plan and this Agreement, will be final and binding upon Participant.
- 8. <u>Securities Law Requirements</u>. If at any time the Board or Committee determines that issuing Stock pursuant to this Agreement would violate applicable securities laws, the Corporation will not be required to issue such Stock. The Board or Committee may declare any provision of this Agreement or action of its own null and void, if it determines the provision or action fails to comply with applicable securities laws. The Corporation may require Participant to make written representations it deems necessary or desirable to comply with applicable securities laws.
- 9. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Distribution to Participant of shares of Stock under this Agreement will be subject to Federal income and other tax withholding (and state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable) by the Corporation in respect of taxes on income realized by Participant. The Corporation may withhold the minimum statutorily required amounts from future paychecks to Participant, or may require that Participant deliver to the Corporation the amounts to be withheld. Participant agrees to allow the Corporation, upon any payment of shares of Stock to Participant under this Agreement, to withhold a portion of the shares of Stock otherwise deliverable to Participant having a Fair Market Value of the tax withholding obligation (or, in the discretion of the Corporation, to satisfy up to the maximum tax withholding obligation), in satisfaction of any Federal income and other tax withholding (and any state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable). Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, in the event that any Restricted Stock Units become subject to tax withholding before the shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units would otherwise be delivered to the Participant, the Corporation may issue a sufficient number of whole shares of Stock with respect to the Restricted Stock Units that does not exceed the minimum tax withholding obligation, which shares of Stock shall be withheld by the Corporation to satisfy its withholding obligation, in accordance with and subject to the requirements of Section 409A.
- 10. <u>Restrictive Covenants.</u> Participant understands the global nature of the Corporation's businesses and the effort the Corporation and its Affiliates (collectively referred to in this Section as "<u>Cboe</u>") undertake to develop and protect their business and their competitive advantage. Accordingly, Participant agrees that the scope and duration of the restrictions

described in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate business interests of Cboe. Participant further agrees that during the period of Participant's Service and for a period of two (2) years following Participant's separation from Service, Participant shall not, without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer:

- (a) singly, jointly, or in any other capacity, in a manner that contributes to any research, technology, development, account, trading, marketing, promotion, or sales and that relates to Participant's Service with Cboe, directly or beneficially, manage, join, participate in the management, operation or control of, or work for (as an employee, consultant or independent contractor), or permit the use of his or her name by, or provide financial or other assistance to, or be connected in any manner with (i) any exchange, facility, electronic communications network ("ECN"), electronic foreign currency exchange market ("FX") matching platform, multilateral trading facility, or alternative trading system ("ATS"); (ii) the ECN, ATS or FX business lines of any full service broker dealer; or (iii) any business line of any company that is substantially similar to any additional business line developed or entered into by Cboe during Participant's Service, provided that, in the case of clauses (i), (ii) and (iii), such entity or business line that directly competes with Cboe;
- (b) provide any service or assistance that (i) is of the general type of service or assistance provided by Participant to Cboe, (ii) relates to any technology, account, product, project or piece of work with which Participant was involved during his Service, and (iii) contributes to causing an entity to come within the definition described in Section 10(a) above;
- (c) solicit or accept if offered to Participant, with or without solicitation, on his or her own behalf or on behalf of any other person, the services of any person who is a thencurrent employee of Cboe (or was an employee of Cboe during the year preceding such solicitation), nor solicit any of Cboe's then-current employees (or an individual who was employed by or engaged by Cboe during the year preceding such solicitation) to terminate employment or an engagement with Cboe, nor agree to hire any then-current employee (or an individual who was an employee of Cboe during the year preceding such hire) of Cboe into employment with Participant or any company, individual or other entity; or
- (d) directly or indirectly divert or attempt to divert from Cboe any business in which Cboe has been actively engaged during Participant's Service, nor interfere with the relationships of Cboe or with their sources of business.
- 11. <u>Confidentiality</u>. Participant acknowledges that the Corporation or an Affiliate may disclose secret or confidential information to Participant during the period of Participant's Service to enable Participant to perform his or her duties. Participant agrees that, subject to the following sentence, Participant shall not during his or her Service (except in connection with the proper performance of his or her duties) and thereafter, without the prior written consent of the Corporation, disclose to any person or entity any material or significant secret or confidential information concerning the business of the Corporation or an Affiliate that was obtained by Participant in the course of Participant's Service. This paragraph shall not be applicable if and to the extent Participant is required to testify in a

legislative, judicial or regulatory proceeding pursuant to an order of Congress, any state or local legislature, a judge, or an administrative law judge, or if such secret or confidential information is required to be disclosed by Participant by any law, regulation or order of any court or regulatory commission, department or agency. Participant further agrees that if Participant's Service is terminated for any reason, Participant will not take, but will leave with the Corporation or an Affiliate, all records and papers and all matter of whatever nature that bears secret or confidential information of the Corporation or an Affiliate. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "secret or confidential information" shall include, but not be limited to, any and all records, notes, memoranda, data, writings, research, personnel information, customer information, clearing members' information, the Corporation's and any Affiliate's financial information and plans, processes, methods, techniques, systems, formulas, patents, models, devices, compilations or any other information of whatever nature in the possession or control of the Corporation or an Affiliate, that has not been published or disclosed to the general public, the options industry, the equities industry, the foreign currency exchange industry or the commodities futures industry, provided that such term shall not include knowledge, skills, and information that is common to the trade or profession of Participant.

Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, nothing in this Agreement prohibits Participant from confidentially or otherwise communicating or filing a charge or complaint with a governmental or regulatory entity, participating in a governmental or regulatory entity investigation, or giving truthful testimony or making other disclosures to a governmental or regulatory entity (in each case, without having to disclose any such conduct to the Corporation or an Affiliate), or from responding if properly subpoenaed or otherwise required to do so under applicable law. In addition, nothing in this Agreement limits Participant's right to receive an award from a governmental or regulatory entity for information provided to such an entity (and not as compensation for actual or alleged personal injury or damages to Participant).

Pursuant to the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 (18 U.S.C. 1833(b)), Participant shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made in confidence either directly or indirectly to a federal, state, or local government official, or to an attorney, solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a violation of law. Participant shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret made in a complaint, or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal. If Participant files a lawsuit or other action alleging retaliation by the Corporation or an Affiliate for reporting a suspected violation of law, Participant may disclose the trade secret to his or her attorney and use the trade secret in the court proceeding or other action, if Participant files any document containing the trade secret under seal and does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order. This paragraph will govern to the extent it may conflict with any other provision of this Agreement.

12. <u>Judicial Modification</u>. If the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction declares that any term or provision of Section 10 or 11 is invalid or unenforceable, the parties agree that (a) the court making the determination of invalidity or unenforceability shall have the

power to reduce the scope, duration, or geographic area of the term or provision, to delete specific words or phrases, or to replace any invalid or unenforceable term or provision with a term or provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the invalid or unenforceable term or provision, (b) the parties shall request that the court exercise that power, and (c) this Agreement shall be enforceable as so modified after the expiration of the time within which the judgment or decision may be appealed.

- 13. Remedies. Participant agrees that in the event of a breach or threatened breach of any of the covenants contained in Sections 10 or 11 of this Agreement, in addition to any other penalties or restrictions that may apply under any employment agreement, state law, or otherwise, Participant shall forfeit, upon written notice to such effect from the Corporation, any and all Awards granted to him or her under the Plan and this Agreement, including vested Awards. The forfeiture provisions of this Section 13 shall continue to apply, in accordance with their terms, after the provisions of any employment or other agreement between the Corporation and Participant have lapsed. Participant consents and agrees that if Participant violates or threatens to violate any provisions of Sections 10 or 11 of this Agreement, the Corporation or its successors in interest shall be entitled, in addition to any other remedies that they may have, including money damages, to an injunction to be issued by a court of competent jurisdiction restraining Participant from committing or continuing any violation of Sections 10 or 11. In the event that Participant is found to have breached any provision set forth in Section 10 of this Agreement, the time period provided for in that provision shall be deemed tolled (i.e., it will not begin to run) for as long as Participant was in violation of that provision. The provisions of Sections 10 and 11 of this Agreement shall continue to apply, in accordance with their terms, after the Participant's service has terminated and after provisions of any employment or other agreement between the Corporation and the Participant have lapsed.
- 14. <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. Participant represents and warrants to the Corporation that Participant has received a copy of the Plan and this Agreement, has read and understands the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, and agrees to be bound by their terms and conditions in all respects.
- 15. <u>No Limitation on the Corporation's Rights</u>. The granting of Restricted Stock Units under this Agreement shall not and will not in any way affect the Corporation's right or power to make adjustments, reclassifications or changes in its capital or business structure or to merge, consolidate, reincorporate, dissolve, liquidate or sell or transfer all or any part of its business or assets.
- 16. Plan and Agreement Not a Contract of Employment or Service. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement is a contract of employment or Service, and no terms of Participant's employment or Service will be affected in any way by the Plan, this Agreement or related instruments, except to the extent specifically expressed therein. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement will be construed as conferring any legal rights on Participant to continue to be employed or remain in Service, nor will it interfere with the Corporation's or any Affiliate's right to discharge Participant or to deal with Participant regardless of the existence of the Plan or this Agreement.

- 17. Entire Agreement and Amendment. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the Restricted Stock Units, and all prior oral and written representations are merged in this Agreement and the Plan. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, this Agreement shall not in any way affect the terms and provisions of the Plan. This Agreement may be amended, modified, or terminated only in accordance with the Plan. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience and identification only and are not intended to describe, interpret, define or limit the scope, extent, or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.
- Notice. Any notice or other communication required or permitted under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered personally, sent by certified, registered or express mail, sent by overnight courier (at the sender's expense), or (if from the Corporation or the Corporation's stock plan administrator) by electronic mail. Notice will be deemed given (a) when delivered personally, (b) if mailed, three days after the date of deposit in the U.S. mail, (c) if sent by overnight courier, on the regular business day following the date sent, or (d) when electronically mailed. Notice to the Corporation should be sent to Cboe Global Markets, Inc., 400 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605, Attention: General Counsel. Notice to Participant should be sent to the mailing address and/or electronic mailing address set forth on the Corporation's records. Either party may change the address to which the other party must give notice under this Section 18 by giving the other party written notice of such change, in accordance with the procedures described above or otherwise established by the Corporation or its stock plan administrator.
- 19. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The terms of this Agreement will be binding upon the Corporation and its successors and assigns.
- 20. Governing Law. To the extent not preempted by Federal law, the Plan, this Agreement, and documents evidencing rights relating to the Plan or this Agreement will be construed, administered and governed in all respects under and by the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to its conflict of laws principles. If any provision of this Agreement will be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof will continue to be fully effective. The jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), this Agreement will be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, County of Cook, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist).
- 21. <u>Plan Document Controls</u>. The rights granted under this Agreement are in all respects subject to the provisions set forth in the Plan to the same extent and with the same effect as if set forth fully in this Agreement. If the terms of this Agreement conflict with the terms of the Plan document, the Plan document will control.
- 22. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed simultaneously in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.
- 23. <u>Waiver; Cumulative Rights</u>. The failure or delay of either party to require performance by the other party of any provision of this Agreement will not affect its right to require performance of such provision unless and until such performance has been waived in writing.

Each right under this Agreement is cumulative and may be exercised in part or in whole from time to time.

- 24. <u>Tax Consequences</u>. Participant agrees to determine and be responsible for all tax consequences to Participant with respect to the Restricted Stock Units.
- 25. Section 409A. The Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder are intended to comply with, or otherwise be exempt from, Section 409A, including the exceptions and exemptions for short term deferrals, stock rights, and separation pay arrangements. This Agreement and all Restricted Stock Units shall be administered, interpreted, and construed in a manner consistent with Section 409A. Should any provision of this Agreement, or any other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement, be found not to comply with, or otherwise be exempt from, the provisions of Section 409A, such provision shall be modified and given effect (retroactively if necessary), in the sole discretion of the Corporation, and without the consent of Participant, in such manner as the Corporation determines to be necessary or appropriate to comply with, or to effectuate an exemption from, Section 409A. Notwithstanding the forgoing, no provision of this Agreement, or any other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement shall be construed as a guarantee by the Corporation of any particular tax effect to Participant. Each payment made under this Agreement shall be designated as a separate payment within the meaning of Section 409A. Any payment that is subject to Section 409A and payable upon Participant's termination of employment or other similar event shall not be made unless Participant has experienced a "separation from service" as defined under Section 409A. Any payment subject to Section 409A that is to be made upon a "separation from service" to Participant on any date when he or she is a "specified employee" as defined under Section 409A shall not be paid before the date that is six (6) months following Participant's "separation from service" or, if earlier, Participant's death.
- 26. Awards Subject to the Corporation's Recovery of Funds Policy. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units covered by this Agreement shall be subject to the Corporation's compensation recovery policy, as may be in effect from time to time, including, without limitation, the provisions of any such policy required by Section 10D of the Exchange Act and any applicable rules or regulations issued by the SEC or any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Stock may be traded.
- 27. Addendum to Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if Participant resides or is employed outside the U.S. or transfers residence or employment outside the U.S., the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions as are set forth in the addendum to this agreement (the "Addendum"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, any special terms and conditions for such country will apply to the Restricted Stock Units to the extent the Corporation determines, in its sole discretion, that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable in order to comply with local law or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Restricted Stock Units and the Plan (or the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer). In all circumstances, the Addendum shall constitute part of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEI Agreement as of the date first v		and	Participant	have	duly	executed	this
	(	Cboe	Global Mar	kets, I	nc.		
Douti ainout's Nome	 В	y:					_
Participant's Name Participant's Signature	 It	s:					_
	10						

# Exhibit A

Vesting of the Restricted Stock Units is contingent on achievement of a Performance Goal tied to Total Shareholder Return of the Corporation as compared to the Total Shareholder Return of the S&P 500 Index during the Performance Period. The number of Restricted Stock Units that may vest shall be determined as set forth below:

TSR Percentile Attained	Percentage of Restricted Stock Units That Vest		
[] <sup>th</sup> percentile (" <u>Maximum</u> ") or greater	[]%		
[] <sup>th</sup> percentile (" <u>Target</u> ")	[]%		
[] <sup>th</sup> percentile (" <u>Threshold</u> ")	[]%		

For TSR Percentile performance levels that fall between the values shown above, the percentage of Restricted Stock Units that vest will be determined by straight line interpolation, provided that no Restricted Stock Units will vest if the Corporation's TSR Percentile does not equal or exceed the Threshold amount.

"<u>TSR Percentile</u>" means the Corporation's Total Shareholder Return during the Performance Period relative to the Total Shareholder Returns for the S&P 500 Index during the Performance Period.

#### **ADDENDUM**

# <u>CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN</u> RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT - PERFORMACE BASED

This Addendum to the Agreement includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed outside of the United States or transfers residence or employment outside the United States. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Addendum have the meanings set forth in the Agreement or the Plan.

- 1. <u>Nature of Grant</u>. In accepting the Restricted Stock Units, Participant acknowledges that:
  - (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Corporation, is discretionary in nature and may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Corporation at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;
  - (b) the award of the Restricted Stock Units is exceptional, discretionary, voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units, even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted in the past;
  - (c) all decisions with respect to future Restricted Stock Unit awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Corporation;
  - (d) Participant is voluntarily participating in the Plan;
  - (e) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock that may be received in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, (i) are an extraordinary item that does not constitute compensation of any kind for services of any kind rendered to the Corporation or the Affiliate that employs Participant (the "Employer"), and which is outside the scope of Participant's employment contract, if any, (ii) are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation, and (iii) are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purpose, including, but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, holiday pay, bonuses, long-service awards, leave-related payments, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments;
  - (f) the Restricted Stock Unit award will not be interpreted to form an employment contract or relationship with the Corporation or any Affiliate, nor does it amend any legal relationship or legal entitlement between Participant and the Employer;
  - (g) this Agreement, the transactions contemplated hereunder and the vesting schedule set forth herein do not constitute an express or implied promise of Participant's further employment for the vesting period, for any period, or at all, and will not interfere with Participant's right or the right of the Corporation or the Employer to terminate Participant's employment relationship at any time with or without cause;

- (h) unless otherwise agreed with the Corporation, the Restricted Stock Units and the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, the service Participant may provide as a director of an Affiliate:
- (i) the future value of the underlying shares of Stock is unknown, indeterminable and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (j) neither the Corporation, the Employer nor any Affiliate shall be liable for any foreign exchange rate fluctuation between Participant's local currency and the United States Dollar that may affect the value of the Restricted Stock Units or of any amounts due to Participant pursuant to the settlement of the Restricted Stock Units or the sale of any shares of Stock Participant may acquire upon such settlement;
- (k) in consideration of the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Restricted Stock Units or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units or shares of Stock acquired upon vesting of the Restricted Stock Units resulting from Participant's termination of Service (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and Participant irrevocably releases the Corporation and the Employer from any such claim that may arise; and
- (l) the Restricted Stock Units and the benefits evidenced by this Agreement do not create any entitlement not otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or provided by the Corporation in its discretion, to have the Restricted Stock Units or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company or to be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the shares of the Corporation.
- 2. <u>Participants in the European Union</u>. If Participant resides and/or is employed in a European Union ("<u>EU</u>") member state, the following provision shall replace Section 4(a) of the Agreement in its entirety and any other provisions regarding Retirement Vesting shall be disregarded and of no effect:
  - (a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stock Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upon achievement of the Performance Goal described in Exhibit A hereto and Participant's continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period.
- 3. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Participant acknowledges and agrees that if Participant is subject to tax and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, the Corporation or its Affiliate(s) may be required to withhold or account for taxes and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, in accordance with the methods of withholding described in Section 9 of the Agreement.

# 4. <u>Data Privacy</u>.

(a) <u>Data Collection and Usage</u>. The Corporation and the Employer will collect, process and use certain personal information about Participant, specifically, Participant's name, home address, email address and telephone number, date of birth, social security or insurance number, passport number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of Stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all Restricted Stock Units or any other entitlement to shares of Stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Participant's favor ("<u>Data</u>"), for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan.

# (b) Recipients of Data.

- a. <u>Stock Plan Administration Service Providers</u>. The Corporation and the Employer transfer Data to Fidelity Stock Plan Services, LLC (and/or its affiliates, collectively "<u>Fidelity</u>"), the designated broker assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. In the future, the Corporation may select a different service provider and share Data with such other provider serving in a similar manner.
- b. Other Service Provider Data Recipients. The Corporation also may transfer Data to other third party service providers, if necessary to ensure compliance with applicable tax, exchange control, securities and labor law. Such third party service providers may include the Corporation's legal counsel as well as its auditor, human resources consultant and payroll vendor. Wherever possible, the Corporation will anonymize data, but Participant understands that his or her Data may need to be transferred to such providers to ensure compliance with applicable law and/or tax requirements.
- c. <u>Securities or Other Regulatory Authorities</u>. In addition to the recipients identified herein and where required under applicable law, Data also may be disclosed to certain securities or other regulatory authorities, including where the Corporation's securities are listed or traded or regulatory filings are made. The legal basis, where required, for such disclosure is compliance with applicable law.
- (c) <u>International Data Transfers</u>. The Corporation, Fidelity and other service providers described above are located in the United States. The United States may have different data privacy laws and protections than Participant's country of residence (or country of employment, if different).
- (d) Legal Basis for Collection, Processing and Transfer of Data.
  - a. Participants within the EU / European Economic Area ("EEA")
  - i. The collection, processing and transfer of Data is necessary for the legitimate purpose of the Corporation and Employer's administration of the Plan and Participant's participation in the Plan.
  - ii. When transferring Data to potential recipients outside the EU/EEA, the Corporation and the Employer strive to provide appropriate

safeguards in accordance with EU Standard Contractual Clauses, the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield Framework, or other legally binding and permissible arrangements. For further information on the transfer of the Participant's personal data outside of the EU/EEA, the Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.

# b. Participants outside the EU / EEA

- i. Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, processing and use, in electronic or other form, of Participant's Data by the Corporation and the transfer of Data to the recipients mentioned above, including recipients located in countries which do not adduce an adequate level of protection from a non-U.S. data protection law perspective, for the purposes described above. Upon transfer of Participant's Data to Fidelity, Participant may be asked to agree to separate terms and data processing practices with Fidelity, with such agreement being a condition of the ability to participate in the Plan.
- Participation in the Plan is voluntary and Participant understands that Participant is providing the consent herein on a purely voluntary basis. If Participant does not consent, or later seeks to revoke his or her consent, Participant's employment status or service and career with the Employer will not be adversely affected. The only consequence of refusing or withdrawing consent is that the Corporation would not be able to grant Restricted Stock Units or other equity awards to Participant or administer or maintain such awards. Therefore, Participant understands that refusing or withdrawing his or her consent may affect Participant's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Participant's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Participant understands that Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.
- (e) <u>Data Retention</u>. Participant understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage his or her participation in the Plan or comply with applicable laws. When the Corporation no longer needs the Data, the Corporation will remove it from its systems.
- (f) <u>Data Subject Rights</u>. Participant understands that Participant may have the right under applicable law to (i) access or copy Data that the Corporation possesses, (ii) rectify incorrect Data, (iii) delete Data, (iv) restrict processing of Data, (v) opt out of the Plan, or (vi) lodge complaints with the competent supervisory authorities in Participant's jurisdiction. To receive clarification regarding these rights or to exercise these rights, Participant understands that Participant can contact his or her local human resources representative.
- 5. <u>No Advice Regarding Grant.</u> The Corporation is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Corporation making any recommendations regarding Participant's

participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying shares of Stock. Participant should consult with his or her own personal tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

- 6. <u>Imposition of Other Requirements</u>. The Corporation reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the Restricted Stock Units and on any shares of Stock acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Corporation determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons. Such requirements may include (but are not limited to) requiring Participant to sign any agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- By participating in the Plan, Participant agrees to 7. Insider Trading/Market Abuse Laws. comply with the Corporation's policy on insider trading (to the extent that it is applicable to Participant). Participant further acknowledges that, depending on Participant's or the broker's country of residence or where the shares of Stock are listed, Participant may be subject to insider trading restrictions and/or market abuse laws, which may affect Participant's ability to accept, acquire, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of Stock, rights to shares of Stock (e.g., Restricted Stock Units) or rights linked to the value of shares of Stock, during such times Participant is considered to have "inside information" regarding the Corporation as defined by the laws or regulations in Participant's country. Local insider trading laws and regulations may prohibit the cancellation or amendment of orders Participant places before Participant possessed inside information. Furthermore, Participant could be prohibited from (i) disclosing the inside information to any third party (other than on a "need to know" basis) and (ii) "tipping" third parties or causing them otherwise to buy or sell securities. Participant understands that third parties include fellow employees. Any restrictions under these laws or regulations are separate from and in addition to any restrictions that may be imposed under any applicable Corporation insider trading policy. Participant acknowledges that it is Participant's responsibility to comply with any applicable restrictions, and that Participant should therefore consult Participant's personal advisor on this matter.
- 8. Foreign Asset/Account Reporting; Exchange Controls. Participant's country may have certain foreign asset and/or account reporting requirements and/or exchange controls which may affect Participant's ability to acquire or hold shares of Stock under the Plan or cash received from participating in the Plan (including from any dividends received or sale proceeds arising from the sale of shares of Stock) in a brokerage or bank account outside Participant's country. Participant may be required to report such accounts, assets or transactions to the tax or other authorities in his or her country. Participant also may be required to repatriate sale proceeds or other funds received as a result of Participant's participation in the Plan to his or her country through a designated bank or broker and/or within a certain time after receipt. Participant acknowledges that it is his or her responsibility to be compliant with such regulations, and Participant should consult his or her personal legal advisor for any details.

9.<u>Language</u>. If Participant is resident in a country where English is not an official language, Participant acknowledges that the Participant is sufficiently proficient in English to

understand the terms and conditions of the Agreement or has had the ability to consult with an advisor who is sufficiently proficient in the English language. The Participant further acknowledges and agrees that it is Participant's express intent that the Agreement, the Addendum and the Plan and all other documents, notices and legal proceedings entered into, given or instituted pursuant to the Restricted Stock Units be drawn up in English. If Participant has received the Agreement, the Addendum or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

10. <u>Annex to Addendum</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of the Agreement or Addendum to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions for Participant's country of residence (and country of employment, if different), as are set forth in the annex to this Addendum (the "<u>Annex</u>"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. In all circumstances, the Annex shall constitute part of this Addendum.

#### **ANNEX**

This Annex to the Addendum includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed in the country addressed herein or transfers residence or employment to the country addressed herein. If Participant transfers residence and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Annex have the meanings set forth in the Agreement (including the Addendum) or the Plan.

#### **Canada**

- Securities Law Notification: Participant acknowledges and agrees that he or she is permitted to sell shares of Stock acquired under the Plan through the designated broker appointed under the Plan, provided the resale of shares of Stock takes place outside of Canada through facilities of a stock exchange on which the shares of Stock are listed. The shares of Stock currently are listed on Cboe BZX in the United States.
- 2. Termination of Employment: Except as expressly required by applicable legislation, in the event Participant's Service is terminated for any reason other than as described in Section 4(c) of the Agreement (whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is employed or the terms of Participant's employment agreement, if any), Participant understands his or her right to participate in the Plan will terminate effective as of the date that is the earliest of (i) termination of Participant's Service; (ii) the date upon which Participant receives written notice of termination; or (iii) the date Participant is no longer actively providing services to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates regardless of any notice period or period of pay in lieu of such notice mandated under applicable laws (including, but not limited to, statutory law and/or common law). Participant further understands that, in the event that the date that Participant is no longer actively providing services cannot be reasonably determined under the terms of the Agreement and the Plan, the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when Participant is no longer actively providing services for purposes of the Plan (including whether the Participant still may be considered to be providing services while on a leave of absence).

#### **Ecuador**

No country-specific provisions.

# **Hong Kong**

- 1. <u>Settlement in Shares of Stock</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Agreement, the Addendum or the Plan, the Restricted Stock Units shall be settled only in shares of Stock (and may not be settled in cash).
- 2. <u>Disposal of Shares of Stock</u>. If, for any reason, shares of Stock are issued to Participant within six (6) months after the Award Date, Participant agrees that Participant will not sell

or otherwise dispose of any such shares of Stock prior to the six (6) month anniversary of the Award Date.

- 3. IMPORTANT NOTICE/WARNING. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. Participant is advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If Participant is in any doubt about any of the contents of the documents, Participant should obtain independent professional advice. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock issued in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units do not constitute a public offering of securities under Hong Kong law and are available only to employees of the Corporation or its Affiliates. The Agreement, the Plan and other incidental communication materials have not been prepared in accordance with and are not intended to constitute a "prospectus" for a public offering of securities under the applicable securities legislation in Hong Kong. The Restricted Stock Units are intended only for the personal use of each eligible employee of the Employer, the Corporation or an Affiliate and may not be distributed to any other person.
- 4. <u>Wages</u>. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units do not form part of Participant's wages for purposes of calculating any statutory or contractual payments under Hong Kong law.

#### **Netherlands**

1. Exclusion of Claim: Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise from Participant ceasing to have rights under the Plan, whether or not as a result of termination of Participant's Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss of diminution in value of the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed to have waived irrevocably such entitlement.

#### **Singapore**

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. The grant of the Restricted Stock Units under the Plan is being made pursuant to the "Qualifying Person" exemption under section 273(1)(f) of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289, 2006 Ed.) ("<u>SFA</u>"). The Plan has not been and will not be lodged or registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore and is not regulated by any financial supervisory authority pursuant to any legislation in Singapore. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. Participant should note that the Restricted Stock Units are subject to section 257 of the SFA and Participant will not be able to make any subsequent sale of shares of Stock in Singapore, or any offer of such subsequent sale of shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units in Singapore, unless such sale or offer is made (i) after six (6) months from the Award Date or (ii) pursuant to the exemptions under Part XIII Division (1) Subdivision (4) (other than section 280) of the SFA.

#### **Switzerland**

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. Neither the Agreement nor any other materials relating to the grant of Restricted Stock Units (a) constitutes a prospectus according to articles 35 et seq. of the Swiss Federal Act on Financial Services ("<u>FinSA</u>"), (b) may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland to any person other than an employee of the Corporation or (c) has been or will be filed with, approved or supervised by any Swiss reviewing body according to article 51 FinSA or any Swiss regulatory authority, including the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority, FINMA.

#### **United Kingdom (Including Northern Ireland)**

1. <u>Payment of Withholding Taxes</u>. The following provision supplements the section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes":

Without limitation to the section of the Agreement titled 'Payment of Withholding Taxes', Participant agrees that Participant is liable for all income tax and employee national insurance contributions or other social contributions or withholding taxes ("<u>Tax-Related Items</u>") and hereby covenants to pay all such Tax-Related Items, as and when requested by the Corporation, the Employer or by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs ("<u>HMRC</u>") (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority). Participant also agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Corporation and the Employer against any Tax-Related Items that they are required to pay or withhold or have paid or will pay on Participant's behalf to HMRC (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant is a director or executive officer (as within the meaning of Section 13(k) of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), the terms of the immediately foregoing provision will not apply. In the event that Participant is a director or executive officer and income tax due is not collected from or paid by Participant within 90 days after the U.K. tax year in which an event giving rise to the indemnification described above occurs, the amount of any uncollected tax may constitute a benefit to Participant on which additional income tax and national insurance contributions may be payable. Participant acknowledges that Participant ultimately will be responsible for reporting and paying any income tax due on this additional benefit directly to HMRC under the self-assessment regime and for reimbursing the Corporation or the Employer (as applicable) for the value of any employee national insurance contributions due on this additional benefit, which the Corporation and/or the Employer may recover from Participant at any time thereafter by any of the means referred to in section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes".

2. <u>Exclusion of Claim</u>. Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise

from Participant's ceasing to have rights under or to be entitled to the Restricted Stock Units, whether or not as a result of termination of Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the award of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived any such entitlement.

3. <u>Section 2 of the Addendum</u>. Section 2 of the Addendum (Participants in the European Union) shall not apply to the Restricted Stock Units.

# Exhibit 10.68 CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT – PERFORMANCE BASED

"Corporation") and ("Participant"). Any term capitalized but not defined this Agreement will have the meaning set forth in the Second Amended and Restated Cboe Glob Markets, Inc. (formerly CBOE Holdings, Inc.) Long-Term Incentive Plan (as may be amended from time to time, the "Plan").  1. Award. The Corporation hereby awards to Participant [] Restricted Stock Units (the "Restricted Stock Units"). The Restricted Stock Units will be subject to the terms are conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. Each Restricted Stock Unit is a notional amount that represents one unvested share of Stock and entitles Participant, subject to the terms of the Agreement, to receive a share of Stock and entitles Participant shall have no voting rights wire respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuant of the shares of Stock are respected by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the event that the Corporation declares a cash dividend on shares of Stock, on the paymer date of the dividend, Participant will be credited with Dividend Equivalent Rights equal to the amount of the cash dividend per share multiplied by the number of Restricted Stock Uniheld by Participant on the dividend's record date. The Dividend Equivalent Rights credited Participant under the preceding sentence will be deemed to be reinvested in addition Restricted Stock Units, which will be subject to the same terms regarding vesting, forfeitur and distribution as Restricted Stock Units awarded to Participant under this Agreement.  3. Performance Period. The Performance Period for the Restricted Stock Units shall be the thre (3) year period commencing on and ending on  4. Vesting; Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.  (a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stock Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, Notwithstanding the f	This	Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (this "Agreement") is dated effective , (the "Award Date"), and is between Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (the
"Restricted Stock Units"). The Restricted Stock Units will be subject to the terms are conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. Each Restricted Stock Unit is a notional amout that represents one unvested share of Stock and entitles Participant, subject to the terms of the Agreement, to receive a share of Stock if and when the Restricted Stock Unit vests.  2. No Rights as Stockholder; Dividend Equivalents. Participant shall have no voting rights wit respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuant of the shares of Stock (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the event that the Corporation declares a cash dividend on shares of Stock, on the paymed date of the dividend, Participant will be credited with Dividend Equivalent Rights equal to the amount of the cash dividend per share multiplied by the number of Restricted Stock Unit held by Participant on the dividend's record date. The Dividend Equivalent Rights credited Participant under the preceding sentence will be deemed to be reinvested in addition Restricted Stock Units, which will be subject to the same terms regarding vesting, forfeitur and distribution as Restricted Stock Units awarded to Participant under this Agreement.  3. Performance Period. The Performance Period for the Restricted Stock Units shall be the thre (3) year period commencing on and ending on  4. Vesting: Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.  (a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stoc Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant attains at least age fifty-five (55) and completes at least ten (10) year of Service ("Retirement Vesting") and subsequently retires prior to expiration of the Performance Period, Participant shall be entitled to receive (i) the number of Restricted Stoc Units that	this À Marke	oration") and ("Participant"). Any term capitalized but not defined in greement will have the meaning set forth in the Second Amended and Restated Cboe Global ts, Inc. (formerly CBOE Holdings, Inc.) Long-Term Incentive Plan (as may be amended from
respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuand of the shares of Stock (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the event that the Corporation declares a cash dividend on shares of Stock, on the paymer date of the dividend, Participant will be credited with Dividend Equivalent Rights equal to the amount of the cash dividend per share multiplied by the number of Restricted Stock Unit held by Participant on the dividend's record date. The Dividend Equivalent Rights credited Participant under the preceding sentence will be deemed to be reinvested in addition Restricted Stock Units, which will be subject to the same terms regarding vesting, forfeitur and distribution as Restricted Stock Units awarded to Participant under this Agreement.  3. Performance Period. The Performance Period for the Restricted Stock Units shall be the thre (3) year period commencing on and ending on  4. Vesting: Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.  (a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stoc Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upor achievement of the Performance Goal described in Exhibit A hereto and Participant's continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant attains at least age fifty-five (55) and completes at least ten (10) year of Service ("Retirement Vesting") and subsequently retires prior to expiration of the Performance Period, Participant shall be entitled to receive (i) the number of Restricted Stock Units that would have vested in accordance with the preceding sentence based on the level achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved if Participant had continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator which is the	1.	Award. The Corporation hereby awards to Participant [] Restricted Stock Units (the "Restricted Stock Units"). The Restricted Stock Units will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. Each Restricted Stock Unit is a notional amount that represents one unvested share of Stock and entitles Participant, subject to the terms of this Agreement, to receive a share of Stock if and when the Restricted Stock Unit vests.
(3) year period commencing on [] and ending on [].  Vesting: Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.  (a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stoc Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upon achievement of the Performance Goal described in Exhibit A hereto and Participant's continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant attains at least age fifty-five (55) and completes at least ten (10) year of Service ("Retirement Vesting") and subsequently retires prior to expiration of the Performance Period, Participant shall be entitled to receive (i) the number of Restricted Stoc Units that would have vested in accordance with the preceding sentence based on the level of achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved if Participant had continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days during the Performance Period on which Participant was	2.	No Rights as Stockholder; Dividend Equivalents. Participant shall have no voting rights with respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuance of the shares of Stock (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Corporation declares a cash dividend on shares of Stock, on the payment date of the dividend, Participant will be credited with Dividend Equivalent Rights equal to the amount of the cash dividend per share multiplied by the number of Restricted Stock Units held by Participant on the dividend's record date. The Dividend Equivalent Rights credited to Participant under the preceding sentence will be deemed to be reinvested in additional Restricted Stock Units, which will be subject to the same terms regarding vesting, forfeiture, and distribution as Restricted Stock Units awarded to Participant under this Agreement.
(a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stoc Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upon achievement of the Performance Goal described in <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a> hereto and Participant' continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant attains at least age fifty-five (55) and completes at least ten (10) year of Service ("Retirement Vesting") and subsequently retires prior to expiration of the Performance Period, Participant shall be entitled to receive (i) the number of Restricted Stoc Units that would have vested in accordance with the preceding sentence based on the level of achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved if Participant had continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days during the Performance Period on which Participant was	3.	<u>Performance Period</u> . The Performance Period for the Restricted Stock Units shall be the three (3) year period commencing on [] and ending on [].
Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upon achievement of the Performance Goal described in <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a> hereto and Participant' continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant attains at least age fifty-five (55) and completes at least ten (10) year of Service ("Retirement Vesting") and subsequently retires prior to expiration of the Performance Period, Participant shall be entitled to receive (i) the number of Restricted Stock Units that would have vested in accordance with the preceding sentence based on the level of achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved if Participant had continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days during the Performance Period on which Participant was	4.	Vesting; Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.
		Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upon achievement of the Performance Goal described in <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a> hereto and Participant's continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant attains at least age fifty-five (55) and completes at least ten (10) years of Service ("Retirement Vesting") and subsequently retires prior to expiration of the Performance Period, Participant shall be entitled to receive (i) the number of Restricted Stock Units that would have vested in accordance with the preceding sentence based on the level of achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved if Participant had continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period, multiplied by (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days during the Performance Period on which Participant was

- (b) The Restricted Stock Units will vest at the Target level of achievement of the Performance Goal (as described in Exhibit A), upon the earlier to occur of (i) Participant's death or (ii) Participant's becoming Disabled, provided that such condition qualifies as "disability" as defined for purposes of Section 409A, in each case, if prior to any forfeiture event under Section 4(d) below.
- (c) This subsection 4(c) shall apply to this Agreement, this Award and any Replacement Award provided to Participant to replace this Award in lieu of Section 8.2(b) of the Plan. Upon a termination of Participant's Service by the Corporation or its Affiliate without Cause or by Participant for "Good Reason" (as defined below), in each case, upon or within two years after a Change in Control and prior to any forfeiture event under Section 4(d) below, this Award or any Replacement Award held by Participant shall become fully vested and free of restrictions at the Target level of achievement of the Performance Goal (as described in Exhibit A, as amended by the Replacement Award, if any), except that vesting shall be, to the extent determinable, at the level of achievement of the Performance Goal actually achieved as of the date of termination of Service (with similar performance assumed to be achieved through the remainder of the Performance Period) if greater than the Target level of achievement, and shall be distributed upon or within 60 days of such termination of Service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if this Award or the Replacement Award, as applicable, is considered deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, payment shall be made pursuant to the Award's original schedule if necessary to comply with Section 409A.

For purposes of this Award "Good Reason" shall be deemed to exist if, and only if, without the Participant's express written consent:

- (i) The Corporation or its Affiliate assigns to Participant authorities, duties or responsibilities (including titles) that are inconsistent in any material and adverse respect with Participant's immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities with the Corporation or its Affiliate (including any material and adverse diminution of such immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities);
- (ii) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially reduces Participant's base compensation;
- (iii) The Corporation or its Affiliate requires Participant to relocate his or her principal business office or principal place of residence outside the Chicago metropolitan area (or outside the immediately preceding location of Participant's principal business office with the Corporation or its Affiliate), or assigns to Participant duties that would reasonably require such relocation;
- (iv) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially breaches the terms of any agreement pursuant to which services are provided to the Corporation or its Affiliate by Participant; or
- (v) The Corporation or its Affiliate terminates, reduces or limits Participant's participation in any bonus or incentive compensation arrangement relative to the level of participation of other employees of similar rank for a reason that is not reasonably related

to Participant's level of job performance and provided that such action results in a material reduction in the aggregate value of Participant's incentive compensation below the aggregate value as of the immediately preceding bonus or incentive compensation performance period.

Participant's voluntary termination of Service shall not be considered a termination of Service for Good Reason unless Participant terminates his or her Service within 120 days after the initial existence of the condition constituting Good Reason; provided, Participant provides written notice to the Corporation or its Affiliate of Participant's intention to resign for Good Reason, which notice specifies in reasonable detail the breach or action giving rise thereto within 90 days of its initial existence, and the Corporation or its Affiliate does not cure such breach or action within 30 days after the date of the Participant's notice.

(d) If Participant's Service is terminated for any reason before all of Participant's Restricted Stock Units have vested under this Agreement (including pursuant to an event described in Section 4(b) or 4(c) above), Participant's unvested Restricted Stock Units will be forfeited upon the effective date of such termination of Service. Neither the Corporation nor any Affiliate will have any further obligations to Participant under this Agreement if Participant's Restricted Stock Units are forfeited.

#### 5. Terms and Conditions of Distribution.

- (a) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a vested Restricted Stock Unit (other than a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting) shall be made to Participant as soon as practicable after the Restricted Stock Unit vests, but not later than two and a half (2½) months after the end of the calendar year in which the Restricted Stock Unit vests.
- (b) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting shall be made to Participant during two and a half (2½) months period after the end of the calendar year in which or with which the Performance Period expired or, if earlier, as soon as practicable following the earlier to occur of the following dates: (i) the date on which such Restricted Stock Unit would otherwise have vested in accordance with Section 4(b), or (ii) Participant's "separation from service" as defined for purposes of Section 409A (or, if Participant is a "specified employee" as defined for purposes of Section 409A on the date of such separation from service, the date that is the first day of the seventh (7th) month following Participant's separation from service).
- (c) If Participant dies before the date on which the Corporation would have distributed shares of Stock in satisfaction of vested Restricted Stock Units, the Corporation will distribute such shares of Stock to Participant's designated beneficiary(ies) or, if none are designated or surviving, to Participant's estate or personal representative. The Corporation is not required to issue or deliver any shares of Stock before completing the steps necessary to comply with applicable Federal and state securities laws (including any registration requirements) and applicable stock exchange rules and practices. The Corporation will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause compliance with those laws,

- rules and practices. The foregoing provisions are subject in all cases to the requirements of Section 409A.
- 6. <u>Nontransferability</u>. Unvested Restricted Stock Units may not be sold, transferred, exchanged, pledged, assigned, garnished, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. Any effort to assign or transfer the rights under this Agreement will be wholly ineffective, and will be grounds for termination by the Committee of all rights of Participant under this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Administration</u>. The Committee administers the Plan. Participant's rights under this Agreement are expressly subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and to any guidelines the Committee adopts from time to time. The interpretation and construction by the Committee of the Plan and this Agreement, and such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Committee for purposes of administering the Plan and this Agreement, will be final and binding upon Participant.
- 8. <u>Securities Law Requirements</u>. If at any time the Board or Committee determines that issuing Stock pursuant to this Agreement would violate applicable securities laws, the Corporation will not be required to issue such Stock. The Board or Committee may declare any provision of this Agreement or action of its own null and void, if it determines the provision or action fails to comply with applicable securities laws. The Corporation may require Participant to make written representations it deems necessary or desirable to comply with applicable securities laws.
- 9. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Distribution to Participant of shares of Stock under this Agreement will be subject to Federal income and other tax withholding (and state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable) by the Corporation in respect of taxes on income realized by Participant. The Corporation may withhold the minimum statutorily required amounts from future paychecks to Participant, or may require that Participant deliver to the Corporation the amounts to be withheld. Participant agrees to allow the Corporation, upon any payment of shares of Stock to Participant under this Agreement, to withhold a portion of the shares of Stock otherwise deliverable to Participant having a Fair Market Value of the minimum tax withholding obligation (or, in the discretion of the Corporation, to satisfy up to the maximum tax withholding obligation), in satisfaction of any Federal income and other tax withholding (and any state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable). Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, in the event that any Restricted Stock Units become subject to tax withholding before the shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units would otherwise be delivered to the Participant, the Corporation may issue a sufficient number of whole shares of Stock with respect to the Restricted Stock Units that does not exceed the minimum tax withholding obligation, which shares of Stock shall be withheld by the Corporation to satisfy its withholding obligation, in accordance with and subject to the requirements of Section
- 10. <u>Restrictive Covenants.</u> Participant understands the global nature of the Corporation's businesses and the effort the Corporation and its Affiliates (collectively referred to in this Section as "<u>Cboe</u>") undertake to develop and protect their business and their competitive advantage. Accordingly, Participant agrees that the scope and duration of the restrictions

described in this Agreement are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate business interests of Cboe. Participant further agrees that during the period of Participant's Service and for a period of two (2) years following Participant's separation from Service, Participant shall not, without the express written approval of the Chief Executive Officer:

- (a) singly, jointly, or in any other capacity, in a manner that contributes to any research, technology, development, account, trading, marketing, promotion, or sales and that relates to Participant's Service with Cboe, directly or beneficially, manage, join, participate in the management, operation or control of, or work for (as an employee, consultant or independent contractor), or permit the use of his or her name by, or provide financial or other assistance to, or be connected in any manner with (i) any exchange, facility, electronic communications network ("ECN"), electronic foreign currency exchange market ("FX") matching platform, multilateral trading facility, or alternative trading system ("ATS"); (ii) the ECN, ATS or FX business lines of any full service broker dealer; or (iii) any business line of any company that is substantially similar to any additional business line developed or entered into by Cboe during Participant's Service, provided that, in the case of clauses (i), (ii) and (iii), such entity or business line that directly competes with Cboe;
- (b) provide any service or assistance that (i) is of the general type of service or assistance provided by Participant to Cboe, (ii) relates to any technology, account, product, project or piece of work with which Participant was involved during his Service, and (iii) contributes to causing an entity to come within the definition described in Section 10(a) above;
- (c) solicit or accept if offered to Participant, with or without solicitation, on his or her own behalf or on behalf of any other person, the services of any person who is a thencurrent employee of Cboe (or was an employee of Cboe during the year preceding such solicitation), nor solicit any of Cboe's then-current employees (or an individual who was employed by or engaged by Cboe during the year preceding such solicitation) to terminate employment or an engagement with Cboe, nor agree to hire any then-current employee (or an individual who was an employee of Cboe during the year preceding such hire) of Cboe into employment with Participant or any company, individual or other entity; or
- (d) directly or indirectly divert or attempt to divert from Cboe any business in which Cboe has been actively engaged during Participant's Service, nor interfere with the relationships of Cboe or with their sources of business.
- 11. <u>Confidentiality</u>. Participant acknowledges that the Corporation or an Affiliate may disclose secret or confidential information to Participant during the period of Participant's Service to enable Participant to perform his or her duties. Participant agrees that, subject to the following sentence, Participant shall not during his or her Service (except in connection with the proper performance of his or her duties) and thereafter, without the prior written consent of the Corporation, disclose to any person or entity any material or significant secret or confidential information concerning the business of the Corporation or an Affiliate that was obtained by Participant in the course of Participant's Service. This paragraph shall not be applicable if and to the extent Participant is required to testify in a

legislative, judicial or regulatory proceeding pursuant to an order of Congress, any state or local legislature, a judge, or an administrative law judge, or if such secret or confidential information is required to be disclosed by Participant by any law, regulation or order of any court or regulatory commission, department or agency. Participant further agrees that if Participant's Service is terminated for any reason, Participant will not take, but will leave with the Corporation or an Affiliate, all records and papers and all matter of whatever nature that bears secret or confidential information of the Corporation or an Affiliate. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "secret or confidential information" shall include, but not be limited to, any and all records, notes, memoranda, data, writings, research, personnel information, customer information, clearing members' information, the Corporation's and any Affiliate's financial information and plans, processes, methods, techniques, systems, formulas, patents, models, devices, compilations or any other information of whatever nature in the possession or control of the Corporation or an Affiliate, that has not been published or disclosed to the general public, the options industry, the equities industry, the foreign currency exchange industry or the commodities futures industry, provided that such term shall not include knowledge, skills, and information that is common to the trade or profession of Participant.

Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, nothing in this Agreement prohibits Participant from confidentially or otherwise communicating or filing a charge or complaint with a governmental or regulatory entity, participating in a governmental or regulatory entity investigation, or giving truthful testimony or making other disclosures to a governmental or regulatory entity (in each case, without having to disclose any such conduct to the Corporation or an Affiliate), or from responding if properly subpoenaed or otherwise required to do so under applicable law. In addition, nothing in this Agreement limits Participant's right to receive an award from a governmental or regulatory entity for information provided to such an entity (and not as compensation for actual or alleged personal injury or damages to Participant).

Pursuant to the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 (18 U.S.C. 1833(b)), Participant shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made in confidence either directly or indirectly to a federal, state, or local government official, or to an attorney, solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a violation of law. Participant shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret made in a complaint, or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal. If Participant files a lawsuit or other action alleging retaliation by the Corporation or an Affiliate for reporting a suspected violation of law, Participant may disclose the trade secret to his or her attorney and use the trade secret in the court proceeding or other action, if Participant files any document containing the trade secret under seal and does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order. This paragraph will govern to the extent it may conflict with any other provision of this Agreement.

12. <u>Judicial Modification</u>. If the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction declares that any term or provision of Section 10 or 11 is invalid or unenforceable, the parties agree that (a) the court making the determination of invalidity or unenforceability shall have the

power to reduce the scope, duration, or geographic area of the term or provision, to delete specific words or phrases, or to replace any invalid or unenforceable term or provision with a term or provision that is valid and enforceable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the invalid or unenforceable term or provision, (b) the parties shall request that the court exercise that power, and (c) this Agreement shall be enforceable as so modified after the expiration of the time within which the judgment or decision may be appealed.

- Remedies. Participant agrees that in the event of a breach or threatened breach of any of the covenants contained in Sections 10 or 11 of this Agreement, in addition to any other penalties or restrictions that may apply under any employment agreement, state law, or otherwise, Participant shall forfeit, upon written notice to such effect from the Corporation, any and all Awards granted to him or her under the Plan and this Agreement, including vested Awards. The forfeiture provisions of this Section 13 shall continue to apply, in accordance with their terms, after the provisions of any employment or other agreement between the Corporation and Participant have lapsed. Participant consents and agrees that if Participant violates or threatens to violate any provisions of Sections 10 or 11 of this Agreement, the Corporation or its successors in interest shall be entitled, in addition to any other remedies that they may have, including money damages, to an injunction to be issued by a court of competent jurisdiction restraining Participant from committing or continuing any violation of Sections 10 or 11. In the event that Participant is found to have breached any provision set forth in Section 10 of this Agreement, the time period provided for in that provision shall be deemed tolled (i.e., it will not begin to run) for as long as Participant was in violation of that provision. The provisions of Sections 10 and 11 of this Agreement shall continue to apply, in accordance with their terms, after the Participant's service has terminated and after provisions of any employment or other agreement between the Corporation and the Participant have lapsed.
- 14. <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. Participant represents and warrants to the Corporation that Participant has received a copy of the Plan and this Agreement, has read and understands the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, and agrees to be bound by their terms and conditions in all respects.
- 15. <u>No Limitation on the Corporation's Rights</u>. The granting of Restricted Stock Units under this Agreement shall not and will not in any way affect the Corporation's right or power to make adjustments, reclassifications or changes in its capital or business structure or to merge, consolidate, reincorporate, dissolve, liquidate or sell or transfer all or any part of its business or assets.
- 16. Plan and Agreement Not a Contract of Employment or Service. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement is a contract of employment or Service, and no terms of Participant's employment or Service will be affected in any way by the Plan, this Agreement or related instruments, except to the extent specifically expressed therein. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement will be construed as conferring any legal rights on Participant to continue to be employed or remain in Service, nor will it interfere with the Corporation's or any Affiliate's right to discharge Participant or to deal with Participant regardless of the existence of the Plan or this Agreement.

- 17. Entire Agreement and Amendment. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the Restricted Stock Units, and all prior oral and written representations are merged in this Agreement and the Plan. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, this Agreement shall not in any way affect the terms and provisions of the Plan. This Agreement may be amended, modified, or terminated only in accordance with the Plan. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience and identification only and are not intended to describe, interpret, define or limit the scope, extent, or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.
- Notice. Any notice or other communication required or permitted under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered personally, sent by certified, registered or express mail, sent by overnight courier (at the sender's expense), or (if from the Corporation or the Corporation's stock plan administrator) by electronic mail. Notice will be deemed given (a) when delivered personally, (b) if mailed, three days after the date of deposit in the U.S. mail, (c) if sent by overnight courier, on the regular business day following the date sent, or (d) when electronically mailed. Notice to the Corporation should be sent to Cboe Global Markets, Inc., 400 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605, Attention: General Counsel. Notice to Participant should be sent to the mailing address and/or electronic mailing address set forth on the Corporation's records. Either party may change the address to which the other party must give notice under this Section 18 by giving the other party written notice of such change, in accordance with the procedures described above or otherwise established by the Corporation or its stock plan administrator.
- 19. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The terms of this Agreement will be binding upon the Corporation and its successors and assigns.
- 20. Governing Law. To the extent not preempted by Federal law, the Plan, this Agreement, and documents evidencing rights relating to the Plan or this Agreement will be construed, administered and governed in all respects under and by the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to its conflict of laws principles. If any provision of this Agreement will be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof will continue to be fully effective. The jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), this Agreement will be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, County of Cook, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist).
- 21. <u>Plan Document Controls</u>. The rights granted under this Agreement are in all respects subject to the provisions set forth in the Plan to the same extent and with the same effect as if set forth fully in this Agreement. If the terms of this Agreement conflict with the terms of the Plan document, the Plan document will control.
- 22. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed simultaneously in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.
- 23. <u>Waiver; Cumulative Rights</u>. The failure or delay of either party to require performance by the other party of any provision of this Agreement will not affect its right to require performance of such provision unless and until such performance has been waived in writing.

Each right under this Agreement is cumulative and may be exercised in part or in whole from time to time.

- 24. <u>Tax Consequences</u>. Participant agrees to determine and be responsible for all tax consequences to Participant with respect to the Restricted Stock Units.
- Section 409A. The Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder are intended to comply with, or 25. otherwise be exempt from, Section 409A, including the exceptions and exemptions for short term deferrals, stock rights, and separation pay arrangements. This Agreement and all Restricted Stock Units shall be administered, interpreted, and construed in a manner consistent with Section 409A. Should any provision of this Agreement, or any other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement, be found not to comply with, or otherwise be exempt from, the provisions of Section 409A, such provision shall be modified and given effect (retroactively if necessary), in the sole discretion of the Corporation, and without the consent of Participant, in such manner as the Corporation determines to be necessary or appropriate to comply with, or to effectuate an exemption from, Section 409A. Notwithstanding the forgoing, no provision of this Agreement, or any other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement shall be construed as a guarantee by the Corporation of any particular tax effect to Participant. Each payment made under this Agreement shall be designated as a separate payment within the meaning of Section 409A. Any payment that is subject to Section 409A and payable upon Participant's termination of employment or other similar event shall not be made unless Participant has experienced a 'separation from service" as defined under Section 409A. Any payment subject to Section 409A that is to be made upon a "separation from service" to Participant on any date when he or she is a "specified employee" as defined under Section 409A shall not be paid before the date that is six (6) months following Participant's "separation from service" or, if earlier, Participant's death.
- 26. <u>Awards Subject to the Corporation's Recovery of Funds Policy</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units covered by this Agreement shall be subject to the Corporation's compensation recovery policy, as may be in effect from time to time, including, without limitation, the provisions of any such policy required by Section 10D of the Exchange Act and any applicable rules or regulations issued by the SEC or any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Stock may be traded.
- 27. Addendum to Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if Participant resides or is employed outside the U.S. or transfers residence or employment outside the U.S., the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions as are set forth in the addendum to this agreement (the "Addendum"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, any special terms and conditions for such country will apply to the Restricted Stock Units to the extent the Corporation determines, in its sole discretion, that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable in order to comply with local law or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Restricted Stock Units and the Plan (or the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer). In all circumstances, the Addendum shall constitute part of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation and Participant have duly executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

	Cboe Global Markets, Inc.	
Participant's Name Participant's Signature	By:  Its:	_

#### Exhibit A

Vesting of the Restricted Stock Units is contingent upon achievement of a Performance Goal tied to Earnings Per Share for the Performance Period. The number of Restricted Stock Units that may vest shall be determined as set forth below:

Earnings Per Share Attained	Percentage of Restricted Stock Units That Vest			
\$[] ("Maximum") or greater	[]%			
\$[] (" <u>Target</u> ")	[]%			
\$[] ("Threshold")	[]%			

For Earnings Per Share levels that fall between the values shown above, the percentage of Restricted Stock Units that vest will be determined by straight line interpolation, provided that no Restricted Stock Units will vest if the Corporation's Earnings Per Share does not equal or exceed the Threshold amount.

"Earnings Per Share" means earnings per share calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that certain adjustments shall be made to eliminate the impact of infrequent, unusual, and/or non-recurring items, such as restructuring charges, significant share repurchase activity, significant income tax credits or charges, acquisitions and divestitures of businesses, asset impairments, and significant litigation settlements.

### **ADDENDUM**

# CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT - PERFORMACE BASED

This Addendum to the Agreement includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed outside of the United States or transfers residence or employment outside the United States. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Addendum have the meanings set forth in the Agreement or the Plan.

- 1. <u>Nature of Grant</u>. In accepting the Restricted Stock Units, Participant acknowledges that:
  - (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Corporation, is discretionary in nature and may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Corporation at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;
  - (b) the award of the Restricted Stock Units is exceptional, discretionary, voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units, even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted in the past;
  - (c) all decisions with respect to future Restricted Stock Unit awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Corporation;
  - (d) Participant is voluntarily participating in the Plan;
  - (e) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock that may be received in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, (i) are an extraordinary item that does not constitute compensation of any kind for services of any kind rendered to the Corporation or the Affiliate that employs Participant (the "Employer"), and which is outside the scope of Participant's employment contract, if any, (ii) are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation, and (iii) are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purpose, including, but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, holiday pay, bonuses, long-service awards, leave-related payments, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments;
  - (f) the Restricted Stock Unit award will not be interpreted to form an employment contract or relationship with the Corporation or any Affiliate, nor does it amend any legal relationship or legal entitlement between Participant and the Employer;
  - (g) this Agreement, the transactions contemplated hereunder and the vesting schedule set forth herein do not constitute an express or implied promise of Participant's further employment for the vesting period, for any period, or at all, and will not interfere with Participant's right or the right of the Corporation or the Employer to terminate Participant's employment relationship at any time with or without cause;

- (h) unless otherwise agreed with the Corporation, the Restricted Stock Units and the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, the service Participant may provide as a director of an Affiliate;
- (i) the future value of the underlying shares of Stock is unknown, indeterminable and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (j) neither the Corporation, the Employer nor any Affiliate shall be liable for any foreign exchange rate fluctuation between Participant's local currency and the United States Dollar that may affect the value of the Restricted Stock Units or of any amounts due to Participant pursuant to the settlement of the Restricted Stock Units or the sale of any shares of Stock Participant may acquire upon such settlement;
- (k) in consideration of the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Restricted Stock Units or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units or shares of Stock acquired upon vesting of the Restricted Stock Units resulting from Participant's termination of Service (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and Participant irrevocably releases the Corporation and the Employer from any such claim that may arise; and
- (l) the Restricted Stock Units and the benefits evidenced by this Agreement do not create any entitlement not otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or provided by the Corporation in its discretion, to have the Restricted Stock Units or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company or to be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the shares of the Corporation.
- 2. <u>Participants in the European Union</u>. If Participant resides and/or is employed in a European Union ("<u>EU</u>") member state, the following provision shall replace Section 4(a) of the Agreement in its entirety and any other provisions regarding Retirement Vesting shall be disregarded and of no effect:
  - (a) Subject to Sections 4(b), 4(c) and 4(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stock Units will vest upon the expiration of the Performance Period, subject to and contingent upon achievement of the Performance Goal described in <u>Exhibit A</u> hereto and Participant's continued Service through the last day of the Performance Period.
- 3. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Participant acknowledges and agrees that if Participant is subject to tax and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, the Corporation or its Affiliate(s) may be required to withhold or account for taxes and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, in accordance with the methods of withholding described in Section 9 of the Agreement.

### 4. <u>Data Privacy</u>.

(a) <u>Data Collection and Usage</u>. The Corporation and the Employer will collect, process and use certain personal information about Participant, specifically, Participant's name, home address, email address and telephone number, date of birth, social security or insurance number, passport number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of Stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all Restricted Stock Units or any other entitlement to shares of Stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Participant's favor ("<u>Data</u>"), for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan.

# (b) Recipients of Data.

- a. <u>Stock Plan Administration Service Providers</u>. The Corporation and the Employer transfer Data to Fidelity Stock Plan Services, LLC (and/or its affiliates, collectively "<u>Fidelity</u>"), the designated broker assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. In the future, the Corporation may select a different service provider and share Data with such other provider serving in a similar manner.
- b. Other Service Provider Data Recipients. The Corporation also may transfer Data to other third party service providers, if necessary to ensure compliance with applicable tax, exchange control, securities and labor law. Such third party service providers may include the Corporation's legal counsel as well as its auditor, human resources consultant and payroll vendor. Wherever possible, the Corporation will anonymize data, but Participant understands that his or her Data may need to be transferred to such providers to ensure compliance with applicable law and/or tax requirements.
- c. <u>Securities or Other Regulatory Authorities</u>. In addition to the recipients identified herein and where required under applicable law, Data also may be disclosed to certain securities or other regulatory authorities, including where the Corporation's securities are listed or traded or regulatory filings are made. The legal basis, where required, for such disclosure is compliance with applicable law.
- (c) <u>International Data Transfers</u>. The Corporation, Fidelity and other service providers described above are located in the United States. The United States may have different data privacy laws and protections than Participant's country of residence (or country of employment, if different).
- (d) Legal Basis for Collection, Processing and Transfer of Data.
  - a. Participants within the EU / European Economic Area ("EEA")
  - i. The collection, processing and transfer of Data is necessary for the legitimate purpose of the Corporation and Employer's administration of the Plan and Participant's participation in the Plan.
  - ii. When transferring Data to potential recipients outside the EU/EEA, the Corporation and the Employer strive to provide appropriate

safeguards in accordance with EU Standard Contractual Clauses, the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield Framework, or other legally binding and permissible arrangements. For further information on the transfer of the Participant's personal data outside of the EU/EEA, the Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.

# b. Participants outside the EU / EEA

- i. Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, processing and use, in electronic or other form, of Participant's Data by the Corporation and the transfer of Data to the recipients mentioned above, including recipients located in countries which do not adduce an adequate level of protection from a non-U.S. data protection law perspective, for the purposes described above. Upon transfer of Participant's Data to Fidelity, Participant may be asked to agree to separate terms and data processing practices with Fidelity, with such agreement being a condition of the ability to participate in the Plan.
- ii. Participation in the Plan is voluntary and Participant understands that Participant is providing the consent herein on a purely voluntary basis. If Participant does not consent, or later seeks to revoke his or her consent, Participant's employment status or service and career with the Employer will not be adversely affected. The only consequence of refusing or withdrawing consent is that the Corporation would not be able to grant Restricted Stock Units or other equity awards to Participant or administer or maintain such awards. Therefore, Participant understands that refusing or withdrawing his or her consent may affect Participant's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Participant's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Participant understands that Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.
- (e) <u>Data Retention</u>. Participant understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage his or her participation in the Plan or comply with applicable laws. When the Corporation no longer needs the Data, the Corporation will remove it from its systems.
- (f) <u>Data Subject Rights</u>. Participant understands that Participant may have the right under applicable law to (i) access or copy Data that the Corporation possesses, (ii) rectify incorrect Data, (iii) delete Data, (iv) restrict processing of Data, (v) opt out of the Plan, or (vi) lodge complaints with the competent supervisory authorities in Participant's jurisdiction. To receive clarification regarding these rights or to exercise these rights, Participant understands that Participant can contact his or her local human resources representative.
- 5. <u>No Advice Regarding Grant</u>. The Corporation is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Corporation making any recommendations regarding Participant's

participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying shares of Stock. Participant should consult with his or her own personal tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

- 6. <u>Imposition of Other Requirements</u>. The Corporation reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the Restricted Stock Units and on any shares of Stock acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Corporation determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons. Such requirements may include (but are not limited to) requiring Participant to sign any agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- 7. Insider Trading/Market Abuse Laws. By participating in the Plan, Participant agrees to comply with the Corporation's policy on insider trading (to the extent that it is applicable to Participant). Participant further acknowledges that, depending on Participant's or the broker's country of residence or where the shares of Stock are listed, Participant may be subject to insider trading restrictions and/or market abuse laws, which may affect Participant's ability to accept, acquire, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of Stock, rights to shares of Stock (e.g., Restricted Stock Units) or rights linked to the value of shares of Stock, during such times Participant is considered to have "inside information" regarding the Corporation as defined by the laws or regulations in Participant's country. Local insider trading laws and regulations may prohibit the cancellation or amendment of orders Participant places before Participant possessed inside information. Furthermore, Participant could be prohibited from (i) disclosing the inside information to any third party (other than on a "need to know" basis) and (ii) "tipping" third parties or causing them otherwise to buy or sell securities. Participant understands that third parties include fellow employees. Any restrictions under these laws or regulations are separate from and in addition to any restrictions that may be imposed under any applicable Corporation insider trading policy. Participant acknowledges that it is Participant's responsibility to comply with any applicable restrictions, and that Participant should therefore consult Participant's personal advisor on this matter.
- 8. Foreign Asset/Account Reporting; Exchange Controls. Participant's country may have certain foreign asset and/or account reporting requirements and/or exchange controls which may affect Participant's ability to acquire or hold shares of Stock under the Plan or cash received from participating in the Plan (including from any dividends received or sale proceeds arising from the sale of shares of Stock) in a brokerage or bank account outside Participant's country. Participant may be required to report such accounts, assets or transactions to the tax or other authorities in his or her country. Participant also may be required to repatriate sale proceeds or other funds received as a result of Participant's participation in the Plan to his or her country through a designated bank or broker and/or within a certain time after receipt. Participant acknowledges that it is his or her responsibility to be compliant with such regulations, and Participant should consult his or her personal legal advisor for any details.

9.<u>Language</u>. If Participant is resident in a country where English is not an official language, Participant acknowledges that the Participant is sufficiently proficient in English to

understand the terms and conditions of the Agreement or has had the ability to consult with an advisor who is sufficiently proficient in the English language. The Participant further acknowledges and agrees that it is Participant's express intent that the Agreement, the Addendum and the Plan and all other documents, notices and legal proceedings entered into, given or instituted pursuant to the Restricted Stock Units be drawn up in English. If Participant has received the Agreement, the Addendum or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

10. <u>Annex to Addendum</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of the Agreement or Addendum to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions for Participant's country of residence (and country of employment, if different), as are set forth in the annex to this Addendum (the "<u>Annex</u>"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. In all circumstances, the Annex shall constitute part of this Addendum.

#### **ANNEX**

This Annex to the Addendum includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed in the country addressed herein or transfers residence or employment to the country addressed herein. If Participant transfers residence and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Annex have the meanings set forth in the Agreement (including the Addendum) or the Plan.

## **Canada**

- 1. <u>Securities Law Notification</u>: Participant acknowledges and agrees that he or she is permitted to sell shares of Stock acquired under the Plan through the designated broker appointed under the Plan, provided the resale of shares of Stock takes place outside of Canada through facilities of a stock exchange on which the shares of Stock are listed. The shares of Stock currently are listed on Cboe BZX in the United States.
- 2. Termination of Employment: Except as expressly required by applicable legislation, in the event Participant's Service is terminated for any reason other than as described in Section 4(c) of the Agreement (whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is employed or the terms of Participant's employment agreement, if any), Participant understands his or her right to participate in the Plan will terminate effective as of the date that is the earliest of (i) termination of Participant's Service; (ii) the date upon which Participant receives written notice of termination; or (iii) the date Participant is no longer actively providing services to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates regardless of any notice period or period of pay in lieu of such notice mandated under applicable laws (including, but not limited to, statutory law and/or common law). Participant further understands that, in the event that the date that Participant is no longer actively providing services cannot be reasonably determined under the terms of the Agreement and the Plan, the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when Participant is no longer actively providing services for purposes of the Plan (including whether the Participant still may be considered to be providing services while on a leave of absence).

#### **Ecuador**

No country-specific provisions.

## **Hong Kong**

- 1. <u>Settlement in Shares of Stock</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Agreement, the Addendum or the Plan, the Restricted Stock Units shall be settled only in shares of Stock (and may not be settled in cash).
- 2. <u>Disposal of Shares of Stock</u>. If, for any reason, shares of Stock are issued to Participant within six (6) months after the Award Date, Participant agrees that Participant will not sell

or otherwise dispose of any such shares of Stock prior to the six (6) month anniversary of the Award Date.

- 3. <u>IMPORTANT NOTICE/WARNING</u>. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. Participant is advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If Participant is in any doubt about any of the contents of the documents, Participant should obtain independent professional advice. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock issued in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units do not constitute a public offering of securities under Hong Kong law and are available only to employees of the Corporation or its Affiliates. The Agreement, the Plan and other incidental communication materials have not been prepared in accordance with and are not intended to constitute a "prospectus" for a public offering of securities under the applicable securities legislation in Hong Kong. The Restricted Stock Units are intended only for the personal use of each eligible employee of the Employer, the Corporation or an Affiliate and may not be distributed to any other person.
- 4. <u>Wages</u>. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units do not form part of Participant's wages for purposes of calculating any statutory or contractual payments under Hong Kong law.

#### **Netherlands**

1. Exclusion of Claim: Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise from Participant ceasing to have rights under the Plan, whether or not as a result of termination of Participant's Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss of diminution in value of the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed to have waived irrevocably such entitlement.

# **Singapore**

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. The grant of the Restricted Stock Units under the Plan is being made pursuant to the "Qualifying Person" exemption under section 273(1)(f) of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289, 2006 Ed.) ("<u>SFA</u>"). The Plan has not been and will not be lodged or registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore and is not regulated by any financial supervisory authority pursuant to any legislation in Singapore. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. Participant should note that the Restricted Stock Units are subject to section 257 of the SFA and Participant will not be able to make any subsequent sale of shares of Stock in Singapore, or any offer of such subsequent sale of shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units in Singapore, unless such sale or offer is made (i) after six (6) months from the Award Date or (ii) pursuant to the exemptions under Part XIII Division (1) Subdivision (4) (other than section 280) of the SFA.

#### **Switzerland**

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. Neither the Agreement nor any other materials relating to the grant of Restricted Stock Units (a) constitutes a prospectus according to articles 35 et seq. of the Swiss Federal Act on Financial Services ("FinSA"), (b) may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland to any person other than an employee of the Corporation or (c) has been or will be filed with, approved or supervised by any Swiss reviewing body according to article 51 FinSA or any Swiss regulatory authority, including the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority, FINMA.

## **United Kingdom (Including Northern Ireland)**

1. <u>Payment of Withholding Taxes</u>. The following provision supplements the section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes":

Without limitation to the section of the Agreement titled 'Payment of Withholding Taxes', Participant agrees that Participant is liable for all income tax and employee national insurance contributions or other social contributions or withholding taxes ("Tax-Related Items") and hereby covenants to pay all such Tax-Related Items, as and when requested by the Corporation, the Employer or by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs ("HMRC") (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority). Participant also agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Corporation and the Employer against any Tax-Related Items that they are required to pay or withhold or have paid or will pay on Participant's behalf to HMRC (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant is a director or executive officer (as within the meaning of Section 13(k) of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), the terms of the immediately foregoing provision will not apply. In the event that Participant is a director or executive officer and income tax due is not collected from or paid by Participant within 90 days after the U.K. tax year in which an event giving rise to the indemnification described above occurs, the amount of any uncollected tax may constitute a benefit to Participant on which additional income tax and national insurance contributions may be payable. Participant acknowledges that Participant ultimately will be responsible for reporting and paying any income tax due on this additional benefit directly to HMRC under the self-assessment regime and for reimbursing the Corporation or the Employer (as applicable) for the value of any employee national insurance contributions due on this additional benefit, which the Corporation and/or the Employer may recover from Participant at any time thereafter by any of the means referred to in section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes".

2. <u>Exclusion of Claim</u>. Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise

from Participant's ceasing to have rights under or to be entitled to the Restricted Stock Units, whether or not as a result of termination of Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the award of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived any such entitlement.

3. <u>Section 2 of the Addendum.</u> Section 2 of the Addendum (Participants in the European Union) shall not apply to the Restricted Stock Units.

# CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

This	Restricted	Stock	Unit	Award	Agreement	(this	"Agreen	<u>nent</u> ")	is	dated	effec	ctive
			(the	"Award	Date"), and	is bety	ween Cbo	e Glob	al M	larkets,	Inc.	(the
	oration") an				("Participa							
this Ā	greement w	ill have	the me	aning set	forth in the	Second	d Amende	d and I	Resta	ated Cb	oe Gl	lobal
Marke	ets, Inc. (for	merly Cl	BOE H	oldings,	Inc.) Long-To	erm Inc	centive Pla	an (as n	nay 1	be amer	ided 1	from
time t	o time, the "	<u>Plan</u> '').			,				-			

- 1. <u>Award</u>. The Corporation hereby awards to Participant [\_\_\_\_\_] Restricted Stock Units (the "<u>Restricted Stock Units</u>"). The Restricted Stock Units will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement. Each Restricted Stock Unit is a notional amount that represents one unvested share of Stock and entitles Participant, subject to the terms of this Agreement, to receive a share of Stock if and when the Restricted Stock Unit vests.
- 2. No Rights as Stockholder; Dividend Equivalents. Participant shall have no voting rights with respect to shares of Stock represented by Restricted Stock Units until the date of the issuance of the shares of Stock (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Corporation or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Corporation). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Corporation declares a cash dividend on shares of Stock, on the payment date of the dividend, Participant will be credited with Dividend Equivalent Rights equal to the amount of the cash dividend per share multiplied by the number of Restricted Stock Units held by Participant on the dividend's record date. The Dividend Equivalent Rights credited to Participant under the preceding sentence will be distributed to Participant at the same time as the underlying cash dividend is distributed to shareholders of the Corporation.
- 3. <u>Vesting</u>; Effect of Termination of Service; Change in Control.
  - (a) Subject to Sections 3(b), 3(c) and 3(d) below, Participant's Restricted Stock Units will vest in full on the three-year anniversary of the Award Date, provided that Participant has remained in Service continuously through such date.
  - (b) The Restricted Stock Units will vest in full upon the earliest to occur of (i) Participant's death, (ii) Participant's becoming Disabled, provided that such condition qualifies as "disability" for purposes of Section 409A, or (iii) the date on which Participant has attained at least age fifty-five (55) and completed ten (10) years of Service ("Retirement Vesting"), in each case, if prior to any forfeiture event under Section 3(d) below.
  - (c) This subsection 3(c) shall apply to this Agreement, this Award and any Replacement Award provided to Participant to replace this Award in lieu of Section 8.2(b) of the Plan. Upon a termination of Participant's Service by the Corporation or its Affiliate without Cause or by Participant for "Good Reason" (as defined below), in each case, upon or within two years after a Change in Control and prior to any forfeiture event under Section 3(d) below, this Award or any Replacement Award held by Participant shall become fully vested and free of restrictions and shall be distributed upon or within 60

days of such termination of Service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if this Award or the Replacement Award, as applicable, is considered deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, payment shall be made pursuant to the Award's original schedule if necessary to comply with Section 409A.

For purposes of this Award "Good Reason" shall be deemed to exist if, and only if, without the Participant's express written consent:

- (i) The Corporation or its Affiliate assigns to Participant authorities, duties or responsibilities (including titles) that are inconsistent in any material and adverse respect with Participant's immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities with the Corporation or its Affiliate (including any material and adverse diminution of such immediately preceding authorities, duties or responsibilities);
- (ii) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially reduces Participant's base compensation;
- (iii) The Corporation or its Affiliate requires Participant to relocate his or her principal business office or principal place of residence outside the Chicago metropolitan area (or outside the immediately preceding location of Participant's principal business office with the Corporation or its Affiliate), or assigns to Participant duties that would reasonably require such relocation;
- (iv) The Corporation or its Affiliate materially breaches the terms of any agreement pursuant to which services are provided to the Corporation or its Affiliate by Participant; or
- (v) The Corporation or its Affiliate terminates, reduces or limits Participant's participation in any bonus or incentive compensation arrangement relative to the level of participation of other employees of similar rank for a reason that is not reasonably related to Participant's level of job performance and provided that such action results in a material reduction in the aggregate value of Participant's incentive compensation below the aggregate value as of the immediately preceding bonus or incentive compensation performance period.

Participant's voluntary termination of Service shall not be considered a termination of Service for Good Reason unless Participant terminates his or her Service within 120 days after the initial existence of the condition constituting Good Reason; provided, Participant provides written notice to the Corporation or its Affiliate of Participant's intention to resign for Good Reason, which notice specifies in reasonable detail the breach or action giving rise thereto within 90 days of its initial existence, and the Corporation or its Affiliate does not cure such breach or action within 30 days after the date of the Participant's notice.

(d) If Participant's Service is terminated for any reason before all of Participant's Restricted Stock Units have vested under this Agreement (including pursuant to an event described in Section 3(b) or 3(c) above), Participant's unvested Restricted Stock Units will be forfeited upon the effective date of such termination of Service.

Neither the Corporation nor any Affiliate will have any further obligations to Participant under this Agreement if Participant's Restricted Stock Units are forfeited.

#### 4. Terms and Conditions of Distribution.

- (a) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a vested Restricted Stock Unit (other than a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting) shall be made to Participant as soon as practicable after the Restricted Stock Unit vests, but not later than two and a half  $(2\frac{1}{2})$  months after the end of the calendar year in which such vesting occurs.
- (b) Distribution of a share of Stock that corresponds to a Restricted Stock Unit that vested due to Retirement Vesting shall be made to Participant as soon as practicable following the earlier to occur of the following dates: (i) the date on which such Restricted Stock Unit would otherwise have vested in accordance with Section 3(a) or clauses (i), (ii), or (iii) of Section 3(b), or (ii) Participant's "separation from service" as defined for purposes of Section 409A (or, if Participant is a "specified employee" as defined for purposes of Section 409A on the date of such separation from service, the date that is the first day of the seventh (7th) month following Participant's separation from service).
- (c) If Participant dies before the date on which the Corporation would have distributed shares of Stock in satisfaction of vested Restricted Stock Units, the Corporation will distribute such shares of Stock to Participant's designated beneficiary(ies) or, if none are designated or surviving, to Participant's estate or personal representative. The Corporation is not required to issue or deliver any shares of Stock before completing the steps necessary to comply with applicable Federal and state securities laws (including any registration requirements) and applicable stock exchange rules and practices. The Corporation will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause compliance with those laws, rules and practices. The foregoing provisions are subject in all cases to the requirements of Section 409A.
- 5. <u>Nontransferability</u>. Unvested Restricted Stock Units may not be sold, transferred, exchanged, pledged, assigned, garnished, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. Any effort to assign or transfer the rights under this Agreement will be wholly ineffective, and will be grounds for termination by the Committee of all rights of Participant under this Agreement.
- 6. <u>Administration</u>. The Committee administers the Plan. Participant's rights under this Agreement are expressly subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and to any guidelines the Committee adopts from time to time. The interpretation and construction by the Committee of the Plan and this Agreement, and such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Committee for purposes of administering the Plan and this Agreement, will be final and binding upon Participant.
- 7. <u>Securities Law Requirements</u>. If at any time the Board or Committee determines that issuing Stock pursuant to this Agreement would violate applicable securities laws, the Corporation will not be required to issue such Stock. The Board or Committee may declare any provision of this Agreement or action of its own null and void, if it determines the

provision or action fails to comply with applicable securities laws. The Corporation may require Participant to make written representations it deems necessary or desirable to comply with applicable securities laws.

- 8. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Distribution to Participant of shares of Stock under this Agreement will be subject to Federal income and other tax withholding (and state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable) by the Corporation in respect of taxes on income realized by Participant. The Corporation may withhold the minimum statutorily required amounts from future paychecks to Participant, or may require that Participant deliver to the Corporation the amounts to be withheld. Participant agrees to allow the Corporation, upon any payment of shares of Stock to Participant under this Agreement, to withhold a portion of the shares of Stock otherwise deliverable to Participant having a Fair Market Value of the minimum tax withholding obligation (or, in the discretion of the Corporation, to satisfy up to the maximum tax withholding obligation), in satisfaction of any Federal income and other tax withholding (and any state and local income tax withholding, or non-U.S. tax withholding, if applicable). Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, in the event that any Restricted Stock Units become subject to tax withholding before the shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units would otherwise be delivered to the Participant, the Corporation may issue a sufficient number of whole shares of Stock with respect to the Restricted Stock Units that does not exceed the minimum tax withholding obligation, which shares of Stock shall be withheld by the Corporation to satisfy its withholding obligation, in accordance with and subject to the requirements of Section 409A.
- 9. <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. Participant represents and warrants to the Corporation that Participant has received a copy of the Plan and this Agreement, has read and understands the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, and agrees to be bound by their terms and conditions in all respects.
- 10. <u>No Limitation on the Corporation's Rights</u>. The granting of Restricted Stock Units under this Agreement shall not and will not in any way affect the Corporation's right or power to make adjustments, reclassifications or changes in its capital or business structure or to merge, consolidate, reincorporate, dissolve, liquidate or sell or transfer all or any part of its business or assets.
- 11. Plan and Agreement Not a Contract of Employment or Service. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement is a contract of employment or Service, and no terms of Participant's employment or Service will be affected in any way by the Plan, this Agreement or related instruments, except to the extent specifically expressed therein. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement will be construed as conferring any legal rights on Participant to continue to be employed or remain in Service, nor will it interfere with the Corporation's or any Affiliate's right to discharge Participant or to deal with Participant regardless of the existence of the Plan or this Agreement.
- 12. <u>Entire Agreement and Amendment</u>. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the Restricted Stock Units, and all prior oral and written representations are merged in this Agreement and the Plan. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, this Agreement shall not in any way affect the

terms and provisions of the Plan. This Agreement may be amended, modified, or terminated only in accordance with the Plan. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience and identification only and are not intended to describe, interpret, define or limit the scope, extent, or intent of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

- Notice. Any notice or other communication required or permitted under this Agreement must be in writing and must be delivered personally, sent by certified, registered or express mail, sent by overnight courier (at the sender's expense), or (if from the Corporation or the Corporation's stock plan administrator) by electronic mail. Notice will be deemed given (a) when delivered personally, (b) if mailed, three days after the date of deposit in the U.S. mail, (c) if sent by overnight courier, on the regular business day following the date sent, or (d) when electronically mailed. Notice to the Corporation should be sent to Cboe Global Markets, Inc., 400 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605, Attention: General Counsel. Notice to Participant should be sent to the mailing address and/or electronic mailing address set forth on the Corporation's records. Either party may change the address to which the other party must give notice under this Section 13 by giving the other party written notice of such change, in accordance with the procedures described above or otherwise established by the Corporation or its stock plan administrator.
- 14. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. The terms of this Agreement will be binding upon the Corporation and its successors and assigns.
- 15. Governing Law. To the extent not preempted by Federal law, the Plan, this Agreement, and documents evidencing rights relating to the Plan or this Agreement will be construed, administered and governed in all respects under and by the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to its conflict of laws principles. If any provision of this Agreement will be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof will continue to be fully effective. The jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), this Agreement will be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, County of Cook, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist).
- 16. <u>Plan Document Controls</u>. The rights granted under this Agreement are in all respects subject to the provisions set forth in the Plan to the same extent and with the same effect as if set forth fully in this Agreement. If the terms of this Agreement conflict with the terms of the Plan document, the Plan document will control.
- 17. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed simultaneously in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.
- 18. <u>Waiver; Cumulative Rights</u>. The failure or delay of either party to require performance by the other party of any provision of this Agreement will not affect its right to require performance of such provision unless and until such performance has been waived in writing. Each right under this Agreement is cumulative and may be exercised in part or in whole from time to time.

- 19. <u>Tax Consequences</u>. Participant agrees to determine and be responsible for all tax consequences to Participant with respect to the Restricted Stock Units.
- 20. Section 409A. The Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder are intended to comply with, or otherwise be exempt from, Section 409A, including the exceptions and exemptions for short term deferrals, stock rights, and separation pay arrangements. This Agreement and all Restricted Stock Units shall be administered, interpreted, and construed in a manner consistent with Section 409A. Should any provision of this Agreement, or any other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement, be found not to comply with, or otherwise be exempt from, the provisions of Section 409A, such provision shall be modified and given effect (retroactively if necessary), in the sole discretion of the Corporation, and without the consent of Participant, in such manner as the Corporation determines to be necessary or appropriate to comply with, or to effectuate an exemption from, Section 409A. Notwithstanding the forgoing, no provision of this Agreement, or any other agreement or arrangement contemplated by this Agreement shall be construed as a guarantee by the Corporation of any particular tax effect to Participant. Each payment made under this Agreement shall be designated as a separate payment within the meaning of Section 409A. Any payment that is subject to Section 409A and payable upon Participant's termination of employment or other similar event shall not be made unless Participant has experienced a "separation from service" as defined under Section 409A. Any payment subject to Section 409A that is to be made upon a "separation from service" to Participant on any date when he or she is a "specified employee" as defined under Section 409A shall not be paid before the date that is six (6) months following Participant's "separation from service" or, if earlier, Participant's death.
- 21. Awards Subject to the Corporation's Recovery of Funds Policy. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units covered by this Agreement shall be subject to the Corporation's compensation recovery policy, as may be in effect from time to time, including, without limitation, the provisions of any such policy required by Section 10D of the Exchange Act and any applicable rules or regulations issued by the SEC or any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Stock may be traded.
- 22. Addendum to Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if Participant resides or is employed outside the U.S. or transfers residence or employment outside the U.S., the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions as are set forth in the addendum to this agreement (the "Addendum"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, any special terms and conditions for such country will apply to the Restricted Stock Units to the extent the Corporation determines, in its sole discretion, that the application of such terms and conditions is necessary or advisable in order to comply with local law or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Restricted Stock Units and the Plan (or the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer). In all circumstances, the Addendum shall constitute part of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation and Participant have duly executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

igreement as of the date mist written	Cboe Global Markets, Inc.					
Participant's Name	By: Its:					
Participant's Signature						

#### **ADDENDUM**

# CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

This Addendum to the Agreement includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed outside of the United States or transfers residence or employment outside the United States. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Addendum have the meanings set forth in the Agreement or the Plan.

- 1. <u>Nature of Grant</u>. In accepting the Restricted Stock Units, Participant acknowledges that:
- (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Corporation, is discretionary in nature and may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Corporation at any time, to the extent permitted by the Plan;
- (b) the award of the Restricted Stock Units is exceptional, discretionary, voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units, even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted in the past;
- (c) all decisions with respect to future Restricted Stock Unit awards, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Corporation;
  - (d) Participant is voluntarily participating in the Plan;
- (e) the Restricted Stock Units and any shares of Stock that may be received in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, (i) are an extraordinary item that does not constitute compensation of any kind for services of any kind rendered to the Corporation or the Affiliate that employs Participant (the "Employer"), and which is outside the scope of Participant's employment contract, if any, (ii) are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation, and (iii) are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purpose, including, but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, end-of-service payments, holiday pay, bonuses, long-service awards, leave-related payments, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments;
- (f) the Restricted Stock Unit award will not be interpreted to form an employment contract or relationship with the Corporation or any Affiliate, nor does it amend any legal relationship or legal entitlement between Participant and the Employer;
- (g) this Agreement, the transactions contemplated hereunder and the vesting schedule set forth herein do not constitute an express or implied promise of Participant's further employment for the vesting period, for any period, or at all, and will not interfere with Participant's right or the right of the Corporation or the

Employer to terminate Participant's employment relationship at any time with or without cause;

- (h) unless otherwise agreed with the Corporation, the Restricted Stock Units and the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units, and the income and value of same, are not granted as consideration for, or in connection with, the service Participant may provide as a director of an Affiliate:
- (i) the future value of the underlying shares of Stock is unknown, indeterminable and cannot be predicted with certainty;
- (j) neither the Corporation, the Employer nor any Affiliate shall be liable for any foreign exchange rate fluctuation between Participant's local currency and the United States Dollar that may affect the value of the Restricted Stock Units or of any amounts due to Participant pursuant to the settlement of the Restricted Stock Units or the sale of any shares of Stock Participant may acquire upon such settlement;
- (k) in consideration of the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Restricted Stock Units or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units or shares of Stock acquired upon vesting of the Restricted Stock Units resulting from Participant's termination of Service (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and Participant irrevocably releases the Corporation and the Employer from any such claim that may arise; and
- (I) the Restricted Stock Units and the benefits evidenced by this Agreement do not create any entitlement not otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or provided by the Corporation in its discretion, to have the Restricted Stock Units or any such benefits transferred to, or assumed by, another company or to be exchanged, cashed out or substituted for, in connection with any corporate transaction affecting the shares of the Corporation.
- 2. <u>Participants in the European Union</u>. If Participant resides and/or is employed in a European Union ("<u>EU</u>") member state, the following provision shall replace Section 3(b) of the Agreement in its entirety and any other provisions regarding Retirement Vesting shall be disregarded and of no effect:
  - (b) The Restricted Stock Units will vest in full upon the earlier to occur of (i) Participant's death or (ii) Participant's becoming Disabled, provided that such condition qualifies as "disability" for purposes of Section 409A, in each case, if prior to any forfeiture event under Section 3(d) below.
- 3. Payment of Withholding Taxes. Participant acknowledges and agrees that if Participant is subject to tax and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, the Corporation or its Affiliate(s) may be required to withhold or account for taxes and/or social contributions in more than one jurisdiction, in accordance with the methods of withholding described in Section 8 of the Agreement.

## 4. Data Privacy.

(a) <u>Data Collection and Usage</u>. The Corporation and the Employer will collect, process and use certain personal information about Participant, specifically, Participant's name, home address, email address and telephone number, date of birth, social security or insurance number, passport number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of Stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all Restricted Stock Units or any other entitlement to shares of Stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Participant's favor ("<u>Data</u>"), for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing the Plan.

# (b) Recipients of Data.

- a. <u>Stock Plan Administration Service Providers</u>. The Corporation and the Employer transfer Data to Fidelity Stock Plan Services, LLC (and/or its affiliates, collectively "<u>Fidelity</u>"), the designated broker assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. In the future, the Corporation may select a different service provider and share Data with such other provider serving in a similar manner.
- b. Other Service Provider Data Recipients. The Corporation also may transfer Data to other third party service providers, if necessary to ensure compliance with applicable tax, exchange control, securities and labor law. Such third party service providers may include the Corporation's legal counsel as well as its auditor, human resources consultant and payroll vendor. Wherever possible, the Corporation will anonymize data, but Participant understands that his or her Data may need to be transferred to such providers to ensure compliance with applicable law and/or tax requirements.
- c. <u>Securities or Other Regulatory Authorities</u>. In addition to the recipients identified herein and where required under applicable law, Data also may be disclosed to certain securities or other regulatory authorities, including where the Corporation's securities are listed or traded or regulatory filings are made. The legal basis, where required, for such disclosure is compliance with applicable law.
- (c) <u>International Data Transfers</u>. The Corporation, Fidelity and other service providers described above are located in the United States. The United States may have different data privacy laws and protections than Participant's country of residence (or country of employment, if different).
- (d) <u>Legal Basis for Collection, Processing and Transfer of Data.</u>
  - a. Participants within the EU / European Economic Area ("EEA")
  - i. The collection, processing and transfer of Data is necessary for the legitimate purpose of the Corporation and Employer's administration of the Plan and Participant's participation in the Plan.
  - ii. When transferring Data to potential recipients outside the EU/EEA, the Corporation and the Employer strive to provide appropriate

safeguards in accordance with EU Standard Contractual Clauses, the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield Framework, or other legally binding and permissible arrangements. For further information on the transfer of the Participant's personal data outside of the EU/EEA, the Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.

# b. Participants outside the EU / EEA

- i. Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, processing and use, in electronic or other form, of Participant's Data by the Corporation and the transfer of Data to the recipients mentioned above, including recipients located in countries which do not adduce an adequate level of protection from a non-U.S. data protection law perspective, for the purposes described above. Upon transfer of Participant's Data to Fidelity, Participant may be asked to agree to separate terms and data processing practices with Fidelity, with such agreement being a condition of the ability to participate in the Plan.
- ii. Participation in the Plan is voluntary and Participant understands that Participant is providing the consent herein on a purely voluntary basis. If Participant does not consent, or later seeks to revoke his or her consent, Participant's employment status or service and career with the Employer will not be adversely affected. The only consequence of refusing or withdrawing consent is that the Corporation would not be able to grant Restricted Stock Units or other equity awards to Participant or administer or maintain such awards. Therefore, Participant understands that refusing or withdrawing his or her consent may affect Participant's ability to participate in the Plan. For more information on the consequences of Participant's refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, Participant understands that Participant may contact his or her human resources representative.
- (e) <u>Data Retention</u>. Participant understands that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage his or her participation in the Plan or comply with applicable laws. When the Corporation no longer needs the Data, the Corporation will remove it from its systems.
- (f) <u>Data Subject Rights</u>. Participant understands that Participant may have the right under applicable law to (i) access or copy Data that the Corporation possesses, (ii) rectify incorrect Data, (iii) delete Data, (iv) restrict processing of Data, (v) opt out of the Plan, or (vi) lodge complaints with the competent supervisory authorities in Participant's jurisdiction. To receive clarification regarding these rights or to exercise these rights, Participant understands that Participant can contact his or her local human resources representative.
- 5. <u>No Advice Regarding Grant.</u> The Corporation is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Corporation making any recommendations regarding Participant's

participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying shares of Stock. Participant should consult with his or her own personal tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

- 6. <u>Imposition of Other Requirements</u>. The Corporation reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the Restricted Stock Units and on any shares of Stock acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Corporation determines it is necessary or advisable for legal or administrative reasons. Such requirements may include (but are not limited to) requiring Participant to sign any agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing.
- 7. <u>Insider Trading/Market Abuse Laws.</u> By participating in the Plan, Participant agrees to comply with the Corporation's policy on insider trading (to the extent that it is applicable to Participant). Participant further acknowledges that, depending on Participant's or the broker's country of residence or where the shares of Stock are listed, Participant may be subject to insider trading restrictions and/or market abuse laws, which may affect Participant's ability to accept, acquire, sell or otherwise dispose of shares of Stock, rights to shares of Stock (e.g., Restricted Stock Units) or rights linked to the value of shares of Stock, during such times Participant is considered to have "inside information" regarding the Corporation as defined by the laws or regulations in Participant's country. Local insider trading laws and regulations may prohibit the cancellation or amendment of orders Participant places before Participant possessed inside information. Furthermore, Participant could be prohibited from (i) disclosing the inside information to any third party (other than on a "need to know" basis) and (ii) "tipping" third parties or causing them otherwise to buy or sell securities. Participant understands that third parties include fellow employees. Any restrictions under these laws or regulations are separate from and in addition to any restrictions that may be imposed under any applicable Corporation insider trading policy. Participant acknowledges that it is Participant's responsibility to comply with any applicable restrictions, and that Participant should therefore consult Participant's personal advisor on this matter.
- 8. Foreign Asset/Account Reporting; Exchange Controls. Participant's country may have certain foreign asset and/or account reporting requirements and/or exchange controls which may affect Participant's ability to acquire or hold shares of Stock under the Plan or cash received from participating in the Plan (including from any dividends received or sale proceeds arising from the sale of shares of Stock) in a brokerage or bank account outside Participant's country. Participant may be required to report such accounts, assets or transactions to the tax or other authorities in his or her country. Participant also may be required to repatriate sale proceeds or other funds received as a result of Participant's participation in the Plan to his or her country through a designated bank or broker and/or within a certain time after receipt. Participant acknowledges that it is his or her responsibility to be compliant with such regulations, and Participant should consult his or her personal legal advisor for any details.

9.<u>Language</u>. If Participant is resident in a country where English is not an official language, Participant acknowledges that the Participant is sufficiently proficient in English to

understand the terms and conditions of the Agreement or has had the ability to consult with an advisor who is sufficiently proficient in the English language. The Participant further acknowledges and agrees that it is Participant's express intent that the Agreement, the Addendum and the Plan and all other documents, notices and legal proceedings entered into, given or instituted pursuant to the Restricted Stock Units be drawn up in English. If Participant has received the Agreement, the Addendum or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

10. <u>Annex to Addendum</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of the Agreement or Addendum to the contrary, the Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to such special terms and conditions for Participant's country of residence (and country of employment, if different), as are set forth in the annex to this Addendum (the "<u>Annex</u>"). Further, if Participant transfers residency and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. In all circumstances, the Annex shall constitute part of this Addendum.

### **ANNEX**

This Annex to the Addendum includes additional terms and conditions that govern the Restricted Stock Units if Participant resides and/or is employed in the country addressed herein or transfers residence or employment to the country addressed herein. If Participant transfers residence and/or employment to another country, the Corporation may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate Participant's transfer. Certain capitalized terms used but not defined in this Annex have the meanings set forth in the Agreement (including the Addendum) or the Plan.

#### Canada

- 1. <u>Securities Law Notification</u>: Participant acknowledges and agrees that he or she is permitted to sell shares of Stock acquired under the Plan through the designated broker appointed under the Plan, provided the resale of shares of Stock takes place outside of Canada through facilities of a stock exchange on which the shares of Stock are listed. The shares of Stock currently are listed on Cboe BZX in the United States.
- 2. Termination of Employment: Except as expressly required by applicable legislation, in the event Participant's Service is terminated for any reason other than as described in Section 3(c) of the Agreement (whether or not later found to be invalid or in breach of employment laws in the jurisdiction where Participant is employed or the terms of Participant's employment agreement, if any), Participant understands his or her right to participate in the Plan will terminate effective as of the date that is the earliest of (i) termination of Participant's Service; (ii) the date upon which Participant receives written notice of termination; or (iii) the date Participant is no longer actively providing services to the Corporation or any of its Affiliates regardless of any notice period or period of pay in lieu of such notice mandated under applicable laws (including, but not limited to, statutory law and/or common law). Participant further understands that, in the event that the date that Participant is no longer actively providing services cannot be reasonably determined under the terms of the Agreement and the Plan, the Committee shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when Participant is no longer actively providing services for purposes of the Plan (including whether the Participant still may be considered to be providing services while on a leave of absence).

### **Ecuador**

No country-specific provisions.

## **Hong Kong**

- 1. <u>Settlement in Shares of Stock</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Agreement, the Addendum or the Plan, the Restricted Stock Units shall be settled only in shares of Stock (and may not be settled in cash).
- 2. <u>Disposal of Shares of Stock</u>. If, for any reason, shares of Stock are issued to Participant within six (6) months after the Award Date, Participant agrees that Participant will not sell

or otherwise dispose of any such shares of Stock prior to the six (6) month anniversary of the Award Date.

- 3. IMPORTANT NOTICE/WARNING. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. Participant is advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If Participant is in any doubt about any of the contents of the documents, Participant should obtain independent professional advice. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock issued in settlement of the Restricted Stock Units do not constitute a public offering of securities under Hong Kong law and are available only to employees of the Corporation or its Affiliates. The Agreement, the Plan and other incidental communication materials have not been prepared in accordance with and are not intended to constitute a "prospectus" for a public offering of securities under the applicable securities legislation in Hong Kong. The Restricted Stock Units are intended only for the personal use of each eligible employee of the Employer, the Corporation or an Affiliate and may not be distributed to any other person.
- 4. <u>Wages</u>. The Restricted Stock Units and shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units do not form part of Participant's wages for purposes of calculating any statutory or contractual payments under Hong Kong law.

#### **Netherlands**

1. <u>Exclusion of Claim</u>: Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise from Participant ceasing to have rights under the Plan, whether or not as a result of termination of Participant's Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss of diminution in value of the shares of Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the grant of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed to have waived irrevocably such entitlement.

## **Singapore**

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. The grant of the Restricted Stock Units under the Plan is being made pursuant to the "Qualifying Person" exemption under section 273(1)(f) of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289, 2006 Ed.) ("<u>SFA</u>"). The Plan has not been and will not be lodged or registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore and is not regulated by any financial supervisory authority pursuant to any legislation in Singapore. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. Participant should note that the Restricted Stock Units are subject to section 257 of the SFA and Participant will not be able to make any subsequent sale of shares of Stock in Singapore, or any offer of such subsequent sale of shares of Stock subject to the Restricted Stock Units in Singapore, unless such sale or offer is made (i) after six (6) months from the Award Date or (ii) pursuant to the exemptions under Part XIII Division (1) Subdivision (4) (other than section 280) of the SFA.

#### Switzerland

1. <u>Securities Law Information</u>. Neither the Agreement nor any other materials relating to the grant of Restricted Stock Units (a) constitutes a prospectus according to articles 35 et seq. of the Swiss Federal Act on Financial Services ("FinSA"), (b) may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland to any person other than an employee of the Corporation or (c) has been or will be filed with, approved or supervised by any Swiss reviewing body according to article 51 FinSA or any Swiss regulatory authority, including the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority, FINMA.

## United Kingdom (Including Northern Ireland)

1. <u>Payment of Withholding Taxes</u>. The following provision supplements the section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes":

Without limitation to the section of the Agreement titled 'Payment of Withholding Taxes', Participant agrees that Participant is liable for all income tax and employee national insurance contributions or other social contributions or withholding taxes ("Tax-Related Items") and hereby covenants to pay all such Tax-Related Items, as and when requested by the Corporation, the Employer or by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs ("HMRC") (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority). Participant also agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Corporation and the Employer against any Tax-Related Items that they are required to pay or withhold or have paid or will pay on Participant's behalf to HMRC (or any other tax authority or any other relevant authority).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant is a director or executive officer (as within the meaning of Section 13(k) of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), the terms of the immediately foregoing provision will not apply. In the event that Participant is a director or executive officer and income tax due is not collected from or paid by Participant within 90 days after the U.K. tax year in which an event giving rise to the indemnification described above occurs, the amount of any uncollected tax may constitute a benefit to Participant on which additional income tax and national insurance contributions may be payable. Participant acknowledges that Participant ultimately will be responsible for reporting and paying any income tax due on this additional benefit directly to HMRC under the self-assessment regime and for reimbursing the Corporation or the Employer (as applicable) for the value of any employee national insurance contributions due on this additional benefit, which the Corporation and/or the Employer may recover from Participant at any time thereafter by any of the means referred to in section of the Agreement titled "Payment of Withholding Taxes".

2. <u>Exclusion of Claim</u>. Participant acknowledges and agrees that Participant will have no entitlement to compensation or damages insofar as such entitlement arises or may arise

from Participant's ceasing to have rights under or to be entitled to the Restricted Stock Units, whether or not as a result of termination of Service (whether such termination is in breach of contract or otherwise), or from the loss or diminution in value of the Restricted Stock Units. Upon the award of the Restricted Stock Units, Participant shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived any such entitlement.

3. <u>Section 2 of the Addendum</u>. Section 2 of the Addendum (Participants in the European Union) shall not apply to the Restricted Stock Units.

# SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARIES OF CBOE GLOBAL MARKETS, INC. AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

Name of SubsidiaryJurisdiction of OrganizationBats Global Markets Holdings, Inc.DelawareCboe Bats, LLCDelawareCboe BZX Exchange, Inc.DelawareCboe EDGX Exchange, Inc.DelawareCboe Europe LimitedUnited KingdomCboe Exchange, Inc.DelawareCboe Futures Exchange, LLCDelawareCboe Worldwide Holdings LimitedUnited KingdomDirect Edge LLCDelawareOmicron Acquisition Corp.Delaware

Certain subsidiaries which, if considered as a single subsidiary, would not constitute a "significant subsidiary" as defined in Regulation S-X, have been omitted.

## CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-167506, 333-174344, 333-216375, and 333-225039 on Form S-8, Registration Statement Nos. 333-215401 and 333-235649 on Form S-3, and Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement No. 333-214488 on Form S-8 to Form S-4 of our reports dated February 21, 2020, relating to the consolidated financial statements of Cboe Global Markets, Inc., and the effectiveness of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2019.

/S/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP Chicago, Illinois February 21, 2020

#### **Certification Pursuant To**

#### Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

#### I, Edward T. Tilly, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 21, 2020

/s/ Edward T. Tilly

Name: Edward T. Tilly
Title: Chief Executive Officer

#### **Certification Pursuant To**

#### Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

I, Brian N. Schell, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (the "registrant");
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 21, 2020

/s/ Brian N. Schell

Name: Brian N. Schell

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

## Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Solely for the purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, I, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Edward T. Tilly Edward T. Tilly February 21, 2020

## Written Statement of the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Solely for the purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, I, the undersigned Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Brian N. Schell			
Brian N. Schell February 21, 2020			
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