
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**May 1, 2018
Date of Report
(Date of earliest event reported)**



GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-32195
(Commission
File Number)

80-0873306
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

6620 West Broad Street, Richmond, VA
(Address of principal executive offices)

23230
(Zip Code)

(804) 281-6000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2 below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On May 1, 2018, Genworth Financial, Inc. (the “Company”) issued (1) a press release announcing its financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference, and (2) a financial supplement for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information contained in this Current Report on Form 8-K (including the exhibits) is being furnished and shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”) or otherwise subject to the liabilities under that Section and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing. The information contained in this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in any such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

The following materials are furnished as exhibits to this Current Report on Form 8-K:

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
99.1	Press Release dated May 1, 2018.
99.2	Financial Supplement for the quarter ended March 31, 2018.

Exhibit Index

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.

Date: May 1, 2018

By: /s/ Matthew D. Farney

Matthew D. Farney
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

News Release

6620 West Broad Street
Richmond, VA 23230



Genworth Financial Announces First Quarter 2018 Results

Net Income Of \$112 Million And Adjusted Operating Income Of \$125 Million

- As Disclosed On April 24, 2018, Genworth And China Oceanwide Holdings Group Co., Ltd. (Oceanwide) Refiled Their Joint Voluntary Notice With The Committee On Foreign Investment In The United States (CFIUS)
- U.S. Mortgage Insurance (MI) Adjusted Operating Income Of \$111 Million, Increased 52 Percent Compared To First Quarter Of 2017
- U.S. MI's PMIERS ¹ Sufficiency Ratio At 124 Percent, In Excess Of \$600 Million Above Requirements
- Strong Performance For Canada MI, Adjusted Operating Income Of \$49 Million, Up 28 Percent ² Versus First Quarter Of 2017
- U.S. Life Insurance Adjusted Operating Loss Of \$(5) Million Compared To Adjusted Operating Income Of \$53 Million In First Quarter Of 2017
- Holding Company Cash And Liquid Assets Of Approximately \$1.2 Billion Reflecting Recently Completed \$450 Million Senior Secured Term Loan

Richmond, VA (May 1, 2018) – Genworth Financial, Inc. (NYSE: GNW) today reported results for the quarter ended March 31, 2018. The company reported net income ³ of \$112 million, or \$0.22 per diluted share, in the first quarter of 2018, compared with net income of \$155 million, or \$0.31 per diluted share, in the first quarter of 2017. The adjusted operating income ⁴ for the first quarter of 2018 was \$125 million, or \$0.25 per diluted share, compared with adjusted operating income of \$143 million, or \$0.29 per diluted share, in the first quarter of 2017.

Genworth's effective tax rate for the quarter was approximately 28 percent. Beginning January 1, 2018, the company taxed its international businesses at their local statutory rates and its domestic businesses at the new enacted tax rate of 21 percent. However, gains on forward starting swaps settled prior to the change in the corporate tax rate will continue to be tax effected at 35 percent as they are amortized into net investment income.

¹ Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements.

² Percent change excludes the impact of foreign exchange.

³ Unless otherwise stated, all references in this press release to net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating income (loss) per share and book value per share should be read as net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders, net income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders per diluted share, adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders, adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth's common stockholders per diluted share and book value available to Genworth's common stockholders per share, respectively.

⁴ This is a financial measure that is not calculated based on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (Non-GAAP). See the Use of Non-GAAP Measures section of this press release for additional information.

Strategic Update

Genworth and Oceanwide continue to work towards closing their previously announced proposed transaction as quickly as possible.

In order to allow for additional time for regulatory reviews of the transaction, Genworth and Oceanwide agreed to a fourth waiver and agreement of each party's right to terminate the previously announced merger agreement, extending the deadline to July 1, 2018.

Due to the delay in receiving necessary regulatory approvals, Genworth successfully closed a \$450 million senior secured term loan in March. The proceeds of the term loan will be used, together with cash on hand, to repay existing indebtedness due May 2018. Oceanwide was the lead investor in the term loan with a \$60 million allocation as it remains committed to supporting Genworth.

As announced on April 24, 2018, Genworth and Oceanwide have re-filed their joint voluntary notice with CFIUS to provide CFIUS additional time to review and discuss the proposed transaction between Genworth and Oceanwide. In connection with the re-filing, CFIUS has agreed to proceed directly to a 45-day investigation period following a one-day review period. Additional information about the CFIUS review process can be found in the definitive proxy statement filed by Genworth with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 25, 2017. There can be no assurances that CFIUS will ultimately agree to clear the transaction.

In addition to clearance by CFIUS, the closing of the proposed transaction remains subject to the receipt of required regulatory approvals in the U.S., China, and other international jurisdictions and other closing conditions. Genworth and Oceanwide continue to be actively engaged with the relevant regulators regarding the pending applications.

"Genworth's continued strong operating performance and progress against our strategic initiatives is a result of our unwavering focus on maximizing the company's value," said Tom McInerney, president and CEO of Genworth. "We continue to believe the transaction with Oceanwide represents the greatest and most certain value for our stockholders, and are encouraged by the meaningful progress we have made towards achieving the necessary regulatory approvals."

LU Zhiqiang, chairman of Oceanwide, added: "Oceanwide continues to work diligently with Genworth towards closing the transaction as soon as possible. We remain committed to the transaction, which would provide Oceanwide with the opportunity to enhance our global insurance expertise and bring better insurance market solutions to China."

Financial Performance

Consolidated Net Income & Adjusted Operating Income

	Three months ended March 31				
	2018		2017		Total % change
	Total	Per diluted share	Total	Per diluted share	
<i>(Amounts in millions, except per share)</i>					
Net income available to Genworth's common stockholders	\$ 112	\$0.22	\$ 155	\$0.31	(28)%
Adjusted operating income	\$ 125	\$0.25	\$ 143	\$0.29	(13)%
Weighted-average diluted shares	502.7		501.0		

	As of March 31	
	2018	2017
Book value per common share	\$26.00	\$25.68
Book value per common share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$20.76	\$19.47

Net income in the first quarter of 2018 was reduced by net investment losses, net of taxes and other adjustments, of \$13 million in the quarter. Net income in the first quarter of 2017 benefitted from net investment gains, net of taxes and other adjustments, of \$13 million.

Net investment income was \$804 million in the quarter, down from \$812 million in the prior quarter and up from \$790 million in the prior year. Net investment income decreased versus the prior quarter due to lower income from limited partnerships and increased versus prior year from higher average invested assets. The reported yield and the core yield⁴ for the quarter were 4.55 percent and 4.50 percent, respectively.

Adjusted operating income (loss) by segment are summarized in the table below:

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)	Q1 18	Q4 17	Q1 17
<i>(Amounts in millions)</i>			
U.S. Mortgage Insurance	\$ 111	\$ 74	\$ 73
Canada Mortgage Insurance	49	43	36
Australia Mortgage Insurance	19	(125)	13
U.S. Life Insurance	(5)	(69)	53
Runoff	10	13	14
Corporate and Other	(59)	390	(46)
Total Adjusted Operating Income	\$ 125	\$ 326	\$ 143

Adjusted operating income (loss) represents income (loss) from continuing operations excluding net investment gains (losses), gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and other adjustments, net of taxes. A reconciliation of net income (loss) to adjusted operating income (loss) by segments and Corporate and Other activities is included at the end of this press release.

Unless specifically noted in the discussion of results for the MI businesses in Canada and Australia, references to percentage changes exclude the impact of translating foreign denominated activity into U.S. dollars (foreign exchange). Percentage changes, which include the impact of foreign exchange, are found in a table at the end of this press release.

U.S. Mortgage Insurance

Operating Metrics <i>(Dollar amounts in millions)</i>	Q1 18	Q4 17	Q1 17
Adjusted operating income	\$ 111	\$ 74	\$ 73
New insurance written			
Primary Flow	\$9,000	\$10,200	\$7,600
Loss ratio	9%	22%	17%

U.S. MI reported adjusted operating income of \$111 million, compared with \$74 million in the prior quarter and \$73 million in the prior year. The loss ratio in the current quarter was nine percent, down 13 points sequentially and down eight points from the prior year. Losses in the quarter benefitted from lower new delinquencies, seasonally higher cures and favorable aging. Results in the quarter also benefitted from a lower corporate tax rate. There were no material incremental incurred losses from areas impacted by hurricanes in the quarter, although the company had reserved approximately \$5 million pre-tax for hurricane-related delinquencies in the prior quarter.

Flow New Insurance Written (NIW) of \$9.0 billion decreased 12 percent from the prior quarter primarily from a seasonally smaller purchase originations market and lower refinance originations, and increased 18 percent versus the prior year primarily from a larger mortgage insurance market. During the first quarter of 2018, the company's concentration of single premium flow NIW was down four points from the prior quarter and down slightly from the prior year as it continues its selective participation in this market. U.S. MI's flow insurance in force increased 12 percent versus the prior year driven primarily by strong NIW and persistency.

Canada Mortgage Insurance

Operating Metrics <i>(Dollar amounts in millions)</i>	<u>Q1 18</u>	<u>Q4 17</u>	<u>Q1 17</u>
Adjusted operating income	\$ 49	\$ 43	\$ 36
New insurance written			
Flow	\$2,500	\$3,600	\$2,300
Bulk	\$ 900	\$ 800	\$8,000
Loss ratio	13%	9%	16%

Canada MI reported adjusted operating income of \$49 million versus \$43 million in the prior quarter and \$36 million in the prior year. The loss ratio in the quarter was 13 percent, up four points sequentially primarily from higher severity on new delinquencies. The loss ratio was down three points compared to the prior year from a decrease in new delinquencies, net of cures, and a lower average reserve per delinquency reflecting the ongoing housing market strength and underlying economic conditions. Results in the quarter also reflected a lower effective tax rate of approximately 27 percent.

Flow NIW was down 31 percent² sequentially primarily from a seasonally smaller originations market and up four percent² from the prior year. Bulk NIW decreased versus the prior year as a result of regulatory changes introduced in 2016 and 2017.

Australia Mortgage Insurance

Operating Metrics <i>(Dollar amounts in millions)</i>	<u>Q1 18</u>	<u>Q4 17</u>	<u>Q1 17</u>
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$ 19	\$ (125)	\$ 13
New insurance written			
Flow	\$3,400	\$4,200	\$4,100
Bulk	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,000
Loss ratio	30%	(7)%	35%

Australia MI reported adjusted operating income of \$19 million, compared with an adjusted operating loss of \$125 million in the prior quarter and adjusted operating income of \$13 million in the prior year. The prior quarter results included a \$141 million unfavorable impact from an annual review of its premium earnings pattern. Results in the quarter also reflected a lower effective tax rate of approximately 30 percent.

The loss ratio in the quarter was 30 percent. The change in the premium earnings pattern reduced the prior quarter loss ratio by 35 points. Excluding this impact, the loss ratio was up two points sequentially from delinquency aging and lower seasonal cures and down five points from the prior year primarily from a higher level of earned premiums.

Flow NIW was down 19 percent² sequentially from lower activity with certain customers and down 20 percent² from the prior year primarily from lower market penetration.

U.S. Life Insurance

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)

(Amounts in millions)

	<u>Q1 18</u>	<u>Q4 17</u>	<u>Q1 17</u>
Adjusted operating income (loss)			
Long Term Care Insurance	\$ (32)	\$ 17	\$ 14
Life Insurance	(1)	(85)	16
Fixed Annuities	28	(1)	23
Total U.S. Life Insurance	<u>\$ (5)</u>	<u>\$ (69)</u>	<u>\$ 53</u>

Long Term Care Insurance

Long term care insurance reported an adjusted operating loss of \$32 million, compared with adjusted operating income of \$17 million in the prior quarter and adjusted operating income of \$14 million in the prior year. Results versus the prior quarter reflected lower earnings from the acquired block, higher utilization of available benefits and lower renewal premiums due to the timing of policy anniversary dates partially offset by seasonally higher active policy and existing claim termination experience. Prior quarter results included an after-tax reduction to claim reserves of \$20 million primarily driven by assumption changes related to claims administrative expenses. Compared to the prior year, results reflected less favorable existing claims performance, including higher utilization of available benefits, and lower earnings from the acquired block, partially offset by higher in-force rate action premiums. Results in the prior year included a \$14 million after-tax accrual for state guaranty fund assessments relating to the Penn Treaty Network American Insurance Company and American Network Insurance Company plan of liquidation.

The change in the corporate tax rate had a negative impact on the results given LTC had a pre-tax loss for the quarter. In addition, current quarter results also include an incremental tax expense of \$5 million above the 21 percent corporate tax rate related to the amortization of forward starting swap gains settled prior to the change in the corporate tax rate.

Life Insurance

Life insurance reported an adjusted operating loss of \$1 million, compared with an adjusted operating loss of \$85 million in the prior quarter and adjusted operating income of \$16 million in the prior year. During the prior quarter, the company completed its annual review of life insurance assumptions and recorded an after-tax charge of \$74 million primarily driven by assumption changes due to emerging mortality experience as well as adjustments from lower forward interest rates. Results versus the prior quarter also reflect higher seasonal premiums in the company's term life block of business offset by unfavorable mortality in the company's universal life insurance block of business. Compared to the prior year, the current quarter reflected higher lapses resulting in lower insurance premiums and accelerated write-off of deferred acquisition costs (DAC) primarily associated with the large 20-year term life insurance blocks entering their post-level premium periods and unfavorable mortality in the company's universal life insurance block of business.

Fixed Annuities

Fixed annuities reported adjusted operating income of \$28 million, compared with an adjusted operating loss of \$1 million in the prior quarter and adjusted operating income of \$23 million in the prior year. Current quarter results reflect favorable mortality and a lower tax rate. Results in the prior quarter included a net after-tax charge of \$30 million from loss recognition testing and assumption updates.

Runoff

Runoff reported adjusted operating income of \$10 million, compared with \$13 million in the prior quarter and \$14 million in the prior year, reflecting unfavorable equity market performance supporting the company's variable annuity business versus the prior quarter and prior year.

Corporate And Other

Corporate and Other reported an adjusted operating loss of \$59 million, compared with adjusted operating income of \$390 million in the prior quarter and an adjusted operating loss of \$46 million in the prior year. Given the change in the corporate tax rate, the current period results reflect a lower tax benefit offsetting the Corporate and Other pre-tax loss. Results in the prior quarter included a net favorable impact of \$456 million related to deferred taxes due to the combination of tax reform, business forecast improvements and other items. Results in the prior quarter also included an unfavorable \$11 million tax charge related to the Australia MI premium earnings pattern review. The first quarter of 2017 included a favorable \$7 million after-tax correction to the company's Tax Matters Agreement liability.

Capital & Liquidity

Genworth maintains the following capital positions in its operating subsidiaries:

Key Capital & Liquidity Metrics <i>(Dollar amounts in millions)</i>	Q1 18	Q4 17	Q1 17
U.S. MI			
Consolidated Risk-To-Capital Ratio ⁵	12.5:1	12.7:1	13.6:1
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation Risk-To-Capital Ratio ⁵	12.7:1	12.9:1	13.7:1
Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERS) Sufficiency Ratio ⁶	124%	121%	118%
Canada MI			
Minimum Capital Test (MCT) Ratio ⁵	170%	172%	162%
Australia MI			
Prescribed Capital Amount (PCA) Ratio ⁵	185%	193%	171%
U.S. Life Insurance Companies			
Consolidated Risk-Based Capital (RBC) Ratio ⁵	280%	282%	326%
Holding Company ⁷ Cash and Liquid Assets ⁸	\$ 1,204	\$ 870	\$ 999

Key Points

- U.S. MI's PMIERS sufficiency ratio increased to 124 percent as an increase in operating cash flows and lower non-performing required assets were partially offset by higher required assets associated with strong new business written. The PMIERS sufficiency ratio remained negatively impacted by approximately four points related to the incremental hurricane delinquency inventory;
- Canada MI's MCT ratio as of March 31, 2018 is estimated to be 170 percent, above both the regulatory minimum requirement of 150 percent and an operating range of 160 to 165 percent;
- Australia MI's capital levels decreased sequentially to 185 percent driven primarily by lower levels of reinsurance and capital returns to shareholders; and
- The holding company ended the quarter with \$1,204 million of cash and liquid assets, of which approximately \$600 million is dedicated to pay the May 2018 debt maturity.

⁵ Company estimate for the first quarter of 2018 due to timing of the filing of statutory statements.

⁶ Calculated as available assets divided by required assets as defined within PMIERS. As of March 31, 2018, December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the PMIERS sufficiency ratios were in excess of approximately \$600 million, \$550 million and \$400 million, respectively, of available assets above the PMIERS requirements. Company estimate for the first quarter of 2018.

⁷ Holding company cash and liquid assets comprises assets held in Genworth Holdings, Inc. (the issuer of outstanding public debt) which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Genworth Financial, Inc.

⁸ Genworth Holdings had \$1,129 million, \$795 million and \$849 million of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash as of March 31, 2018, December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively, which included approximately \$4 million, \$4 million, and \$33 million of restricted cash, respectively. Genworth Holdings also held \$75 million, \$75 million and \$150 million in U.S. government securities as of March 31, 2018, December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively, which included approximately \$37 million, \$41 million, and \$41 million, respectively, of restricted assets.

About Genworth Financial

Genworth Financial, Inc. (NYSE: GNW) is a Fortune 500 insurance holding company committed to helping families achieve the dream of homeownership and address the financial challenges of aging through its leadership positions in mortgage insurance and long term care insurance. Headquartered in Richmond, Virginia, Genworth traces its roots back to 1871 and became a public company in 2004. For more information, visit genworth.com.

From time to time, Genworth releases important information via postings on its corporate website. Accordingly, investors and other interested parties are encouraged to enroll to receive automatic email alerts and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) feeds regarding new postings. Enrollment information is found under the “Investors” section of genworth.com. From time to time, Genworth’s publicly traded subsidiaries, Genworth MI Canada Inc. and Genworth Mortgage Insurance Australia Limited, separately release financial and other information about their operations. This information can be found at <http://genworth.ca> and <http://www.genworth.com.au>.

Conference Call And Financial Supplement Information

This press release and the first quarter 2018 financial supplement are now posted on the company’s website. Additional information regarding business results will be posted on the company’s website, <http://investor.genworth.com>, by 7:00 a.m. on May 2, 2018. Investors are encouraged to review these materials.

Genworth will conduct a conference call on May 2, 2018 at 8:00 a.m. (ET) to discuss business results and provide an update on strategic objectives including the pending transaction with China Oceanwide Holdings Group Co., Ltd. The conference call will be accessible via telephone and the Internet. The dial-in number for the conference call is 888 208.1820 or 323 794.2110 (outside the U.S.); conference ID # 5788286. To participate in the call by webcast, register at <http://investor.genworth.com> at least 15 minutes prior to the webcast to download and install any necessary software.

Replays of the call will be available through May 16, 2018 at 888 203.1112 or 719 457.0820 (outside the U.S.); conference ID # 5788286. The webcast will also be archived on the company’s website for one year.

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This press release includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled “adjusted operating income (loss)” and “adjusted operating income (loss) per share.” Adjusted operating income (loss) per share is derived from adjusted operating income (loss). The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The company defines adjusted operating income (loss) as income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. Gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early

extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring and/or resulting gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company does not consider them to be related to the operating performance of the company's segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company's net investment gains (losses) is the result of impairments, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company's discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and restructuring costs are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) because, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends. Infrequent or unusual non-operating items are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) if, in the company's opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends.

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the company believes that adjusted operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate adjusted operating income (loss), including adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses adjusted operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basis comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders or net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("TCJA") was signed into law. The TCJA reduced the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate to 21 percent effective for taxable years beginning on January 1, 2018 and migrated the worldwide tax system to a territorial international tax system. Therefore, beginning on January 1, 2018, the company taxed its international businesses at their local statutory tax rates and its domestic businesses at the new enacted tax rate of 21 percent. The company allocates its consolidated provision for income taxes to its operating segments. The company's allocation methodology applies a specific tax rate to the pre-tax income (loss) of each segment, which is then adjusted in each segment to reflect the tax attributes of items unique to that segment such as foreign income. The difference between the consolidated provision for income taxes and the sum of the provision for income taxes in each segment is reflected in Corporate and Other activities.

The annually-determined tax rates and adjustments to each segment's provision for income taxes are estimates which are subject to review and could change from year to year.

In the first quarter of 2018, the company assumed a tax rate of 21 percent on certain adjustments to reconcile net income available to Genworth Financial Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income and in the explanation of specific variances of operating performance (unless otherwise indicated). In the prior year, the company assumed a tax rate of 35 percent, the previous U.S. corporate federal income tax rate prior to the enactment of the TCJA, on certain adjustments to reconcile net income available to Genworth Financial Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income and in the explanation of specific variances of operating performance. These adjustments are also net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and net investment gains (losses) are adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves.

The company recorded a pre-tax expense of \$1 million in the first quarter of 2017 related to restructuring costs as the company continued to evaluate and appropriately size its organizational needs and expenses. There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from adjusted operating income during the periods presented.

The tables at the end of this press release provide a reconciliation of net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, as well as for the three months ended December 31, 2017, and reflect adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting.

This press release includes the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "core yield" as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company's definition of core yield may differ from the definitions used by other companies. A reconciliation of core yield to reported U.S. GAAP yield is included in a table at the end of this press release.

Definition of Selected Operating Performance Measures

The company reports selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in force" or "risk in force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new business generated in a period. Sales refer to new insurance written for mortgage insurance. The company considers new insurance written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because it represents a measure of new sales of insurance policies during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in force and risk in force. Insurance in force for the company's mortgage insurance business is a measure of the aggregate original loan balance for outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. Risk in force for the company's U.S. mortgage insurance business is based on the coverage percentage applied to the estimated current outstanding loan balance. The company considers insurance in force and risk in force to be measures of its operating performance because they represent measures of the size of its business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of its revenues or profitability during that period.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the mortgage insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. For the long term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains certain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as “expects,” “intends,” “anticipates,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “will” or words of similar meaning and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the outlook for the company’s future business and financial performance. Examples of forward-looking statements include statements the company makes relating to the transaction with China Oceanwide Holdings Group Co., Ltd. (China Oceanwide) and the company’s discussions with regulators in connection therewith. Forward-looking statements are based on management’s current expectations and assumptions, which are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements due to global political, economic, business, competitive, market, regulatory and other factors and risks, including, but not limited to, the following:

- *risks related to the proposed transaction with China Oceanwide* including: the company’s inability to complete the transaction in a timely manner or at all; the parties’ inability to obtain regulatory approvals, including from the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS), or the possibility that such regulatory approvals may further delay the transaction or will not be received prior to July 1, 2018 (and either or both of the parties may not be willing to further waive their end date termination rights beyond July 1, 2018) or that materially burdensome or adverse regulatory conditions may be imposed or undesirable measures may be required in connection with any such regulatory approvals, including any mitigation approaches that may be necessary to obtain CFIUS approval (including conditions or measures that either or both of the parties may be unwilling to accept or undertake, as applicable); the risk that the parties will not be able to obtain other regulatory approvals or regulatory approvals may further delay the transaction; existing and potential legal proceedings may be instituted against the company in connection with the transaction that may delay the transaction, make it more costly or ultimately preclude it; the risk that the proposed transaction disrupts the company’s current plans and operations as a result of the announcement and consummation of the transaction; certain restrictions during the pendency of the transaction that may impact the company’s ability to pursue certain business opportunities or strategic transactions; continued availability of capital and financing to the company before, or in the absence of, the consummation of the transaction; further rating agency actions and downgrades in the company’s debt or financial strength ratings; changes in applicable laws or regulations; the company’s ability to recognize the anticipated benefits of the transaction; the amount of the costs, fees, expenses and other charges related to the transaction; the risks related to diverting management’s attention from the company’s ongoing business operations; the merger agreement may be terminated in circumstances that would require the company to pay China Oceanwide a fee; the company’s ability to attract, recruit, retain and motivate current and prospective employees may be adversely affected; and disruptions and uncertainty relating to the transaction, whether or not it is completed, may harm the company’s relationships with its employees, customers, distributors, vendors or other business partners, and may result in a negative impact on the company’s business;
- *strategic risks in the event the proposed transaction with China Oceanwide is not consummated* including: the company’s inability to successfully execute alternative strategic plans to effectively address its current business challenges (including with respect to its U.S. life insurance businesses, debt obligations, cost savings, ratings and capital); the company’s ability to continue to sell long term care insurance policies; the company’s inability to attract buyers for any businesses or other assets it may seek to sell, or securities it may seek to issue, in each case, in a timely manner and on anticipated terms; failure to obtain any required regulatory, stockholder and/or noteholder approvals or consents for such alternative strategic plans, or the company’s challenges changing or being more costly or difficult to successfully address than currently

anticipated or the benefits achieved being less than anticipated; inability to achieve anticipated cost-savings in a timely manner; and adverse tax or accounting charges; and the company's ability to increase the capital needed in its businesses in a timely manner and on anticipated terms, including through improved business performance, reinsurance or similar transactions, asset sales, securities offerings or otherwise, in each case as and when required;

- *risks relating to estimates, assumptions and valuations* including: inadequate reserves and the need to increase reserves (including as a result of any changes the company may make to its assumptions, methodologies or otherwise in connection with periodic or other reviews); inaccurate models; deviations from the company's estimates and actuarial assumptions or other reasons in its long-term care insurance, life insurance and/or annuity businesses; accelerated amortization of deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") and present value of future profits ("PVFP") (including as a result of any changes it may make to its assumptions, methodologies or otherwise in connection with periodic or other reviews); adverse impact on the company's financial results as a result of projected profits followed by projected losses (as is currently the case with its long-term care insurance business); adverse impact on the company's results of operations and changes in valuation of fixed maturity, and equity securities;
- *risks relating to economic, market and political conditions* including: downturns and volatility in global economies and equity and credit markets; interest rates and changes in rates (particularly given the historically low interest rate environment) have adversely impacted, and may continue to materially adversely impact, the company's business and profitability; deterioration in economic conditions or a decline in home prices that adversely affect the company's loss experience in mortgage insurance; political and economic instability or changes in government policies; and fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and international securities markets;
- *regulatory and legal risks* including: extensive regulation of the company's businesses and changes in applicable laws and regulations (including changes to tax laws and regulations); litigation and regulatory investigations or other actions; dependence on dividends and other distributions from the company's subsidiaries (particularly its international subsidiaries) and the inability of any subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other distributions to the company, including as a result of the performance of its subsidiaries and insurance, regulatory or corporate law restrictions; adverse change in regulatory requirements, including risk-based capital; changes in regulations adversely affecting the company's international operations; inability to continue to maintain the private mortgage insurer eligibility requirements ("PMIERS"); inability of the company's U.S. mortgage insurance subsidiaries to meet minimum statutory capital requirements and hazardous financial condition standards; the influence of Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") and a small number of large mortgage lenders on the U.S. mortgage insurance market and adverse changes to the role or structure of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac; adverse changes in regulations affecting the company's mortgage insurance businesses; inability to continue to implement actions to mitigate the impact of statutory reserve requirements; impact of additional regulations pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act; changes in tax laws; and changes in accounting and reporting standards;
- *liquidity, financial strength ratings, credit and counterparty risks* including: insufficient internal sources to meet liquidity needs and limited or no access to capital (including the ability to obtain further financing under an additional secured term loan or credit facility); future adverse rating agency actions, including with respect to rating downgrades or potential downgrades or being put on review for potential downgrade, all of which could have adverse implications for the company, including with respect to key business

relationships, product offerings, business results of operations, financial condition and capital needs, strategic plans, collateral obligations and availability and terms of hedging, reinsurance and borrowings; defaults by counterparties to reinsurance arrangements or derivative instruments; defaults or other events impacting the value of the company's fixed maturity securities portfolio; and defaults on the company's commercial mortgage loans or the mortgage loans underlying its investments in commercial mortgage-backed securities and volatility in performance;

- *operational risks* including: inability to retain, attract and motivate qualified employees or senior management; ineffective or inadequate risk management in identifying, controlling or mitigating risks; reliance on, and loss of, key customer or distribution relationships; competition, including in the company's mortgage insurance businesses from government and government-owned and government-sponsored enterprises ("GSEs") offering mortgage insurance; the design and effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting may not prevent all errors, misstatements or misrepresentations; and failure or any compromise of the security of the company's computer systems, disaster recovery systems and business continuity plans and failures to safeguard, or breaches of, its confidential information;
- *insurance and product-related risks* including: the company's inability to increase sufficiently, and in a timely manner, premiums on in force long term care insurance policies and/or reduce in force benefits, and charge higher premiums on new policies, in each case, as currently anticipated and as may be required from time to time in the future (including as a result of the company's failure to obtain any necessary regulatory approvals or unwillingness or inability of policyholders to pay increased premiums), including to offset any impact on the company's margins; failure to sufficiently increase new sales for the company's long term care insurance products; availability, affordability and adequacy of reinsurance to protect the company against losses; inability to realize anticipated benefits of the company's rescissions, curtailments, loan modifications or other similar programs in its mortgage insurance businesses; premiums for the significant portion of the company's mortgage insurance risk in force with high loan-to-value ratios may not be sufficient to compensate the company for the greater risks associated with those policies; decreases in the volume of high loan-to-value mortgage originations or increases in mortgage insurance cancellations; increases in the use of alternatives to private mortgage insurance and reductions in the level of coverage selected; potential liabilities in connection with the company's U.S. contract underwriting services; and medical advances, such as genetic research and diagnostic imaging, and related legislation that impact policyholder behavior in ways adverse to the company;
- *other risks* including: occurrence of natural or man-made disasters or a pandemic; impairments of or valuation allowances against the company's deferred tax assets; the possibility that in certain circumstances the company will be obligated to make payments to General Electric Company (GE) under the tax matters agreement with GE even if its corresponding tax savings are never realized and payments could be accelerated in the event of certain changes in control; and provisions of the company's certificate of incorporation and bylaws and the tax matters agreement with GE may discourage takeover attempts and business combinations that stockholders might consider in their best interests; and
- *risks relating to the company's common stock* including: the continued suspension of payment of dividends; and stock price fluctuations.

The company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Amounts in millions, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended		Three months ended December 31, 2017
	March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Revenues:			
Premiums	\$ 1,140	\$ 1,136	\$ 622
Net investment income	804	790	812
Net investment gains (losses)	(31)	34	45
Policy fees and other income	202	211	207
Total revenues	<u>2,115</u>	<u>2,171</u>	<u>1,686</u>
Benefits and expenses:			
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,311	1,246	1,383
Interest credited	156	167	152
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	240	270	247
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	104	94	119
Interest expense	76	62	75
Total benefits and expenses	<u>1,887</u>	<u>1,839</u>	<u>1,976</u>
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	228	332	(290)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	63	116	(555)
Income from continuing operations	165	216	265
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	—	—	—
Net income	165	216	265
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	61	(88)
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	<u>\$ 112</u>	<u>\$ 155</u>	<u>\$ 353</u>
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share:			
Basic	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.31</u>	<u>\$ 0.71</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.31</u>	<u>\$ 0.70</u>
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share:			
Basic	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.31</u>	<u>\$ 0.71</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.31</u>	<u>\$ 0.70</u>
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:			
Basic	<u>499.6</u>	<u>498.6</u>	<u>499.2</u>
Diluted	<u>502.7</u>	<u>501.0</u>	<u>502.1</u>

Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Operating Income
(Amounts in millions, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended December 31,
	2018	2017	2017
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	\$ 112	\$ 155	\$ 353
Add: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	61	(88)
Net income	165	216	265
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	—	—	—
Income from continuing operations	165	216	265
Less: income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	61	(88)
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders	112	155	353
Adjustments to income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders:			
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁹	17	(20)	(41)
Expenses related to restructuring	—	1	—
Taxes on adjustments	(4)	7	14
Adjusted operating income	<u>\$ 125</u>	<u>\$ 143</u>	<u>\$ 326</u>
Adjusted operating income (loss):			
U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment	\$ 111	\$ 73	\$ 74
Canada Mortgage Insurance segment	49	36	43
Australia Mortgage Insurance segment	19	13	(125)
U.S. Life Insurance segment:			
Long Term Care Insurance	(32)	14	17
Life Insurance	(1)	16	(85)
Fixed Annuities	28	23	(1)
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	<u>(5)</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>(69)</u>
Runoff segment	10	14	13
Corporate and Other	(59)	(46)	390
Adjusted operating income	<u>\$ 125</u>	<u>\$ 143</u>	<u>\$ 326</u>
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share:			
Basic	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.31</u>	<u>\$ 0.71</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.31</u>	<u>\$ 0.70</u>
Adjusted operating income per share:			
Basic	<u>\$ 0.25</u>	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.65</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.25</u>	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.65</u>
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:			
Basic	<u>499.6</u>	<u>498.6</u>	<u>499.2</u>
Diluted	<u>502.7</u>	<u>501.0</u>	<u>502.1</u>

⁹ For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 and the three months ended December 31, 2017, net investment gains (losses) were adjusted for DAC and intangible assets amortization and certain benefit reserves of \$(3) million, zero and \$(3) million, respectively, and adjusted for net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$(11) million, \$14 million and \$7 million, respectively.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Amounts in millions)

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(Unaudited)	
Assets		
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and invested assets	\$ 75,318	\$ 76,911
Deferred acquisition costs	2,699	2,329
Intangible assets and goodwill	339	301
Reinsurance recoverable	17,482	17,569
Deferred tax and other assets	1,033	957
Separate account assets	6,902	7,230
Total assets	<u>\$ 103,773</u>	<u>\$ 105,297</u>
Liabilities and equity		
Liabilities:		
Future policy benefits	\$ 37,946	\$ 38,472
Policyholder account balances	23,751	24,195
Liability for policy and contract claims	9,651	9,594
Unearned premiums	3,797	3,967
Deferred tax and other liabilities	1,868	1,937
Borrowings related to securitization entities	32	40
Non-recourse funding obligations	310	310
Long-term borrowings	4,654	4,224
Separate account liabilities	6,902	7,230
Total liabilities	<u>88,911</u>	<u>89,969</u>
Equity:		
Common stock	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	11,979	11,977
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):		
Net unrealized investment gains (losses):		
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities not other-than-temporarily impaired	905	1,075
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other-than-temporarily impaired securities	12	10
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	917	1,085
Derivatives qualifying as hedges	1,927	2,065
Foreign currency translation and other adjustments	(217)	(123)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	2,627	3,027
Retained earnings	1,111	1,113
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	13,018	13,418
Noncontrolling interests	1,844	1,910
Total equity	14,862	15,328
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 103,773</u>	<u>\$ 105,297</u>

Impact of Foreign Exchange on Adjusted Operating Income and Flow New Insurance Written ¹⁰
Three months ended March 31, 2018

	<u>Percentages Including Foreign Exchange</u>	<u>Percentages Excluding Foreign Exchange ¹¹</u>
Canada Mortgage Insurance (MI):		
Adjusted operating income	36%	28%
Flow new insurance written	9%	4%
Flow new insurance written (1Q18 vs. 4Q17)	(31)%	(31)%
Australia MI:		
Adjusted operating income	46%	38%
Flow new insurance written	(17)%	(20)%
Flow new insurance written (1Q18 vs. 4Q17)	(19)%	(19)%

¹⁰ All percentages are comparing the first quarter of 2018 to the first quarter of 2017 unless otherwise stated.

¹¹ The impact of foreign exchange was calculated using the comparable prior period exchange rates.

Reconciliation of Core Yield to Reported Yield

	Three months ended March 31, 2018
(Assets - amounts in billions)	
Reported Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$ 74.6
Subtract:	
Securities lending	0.2
Unrealized gains (losses)	3.7
Adjusted end of period invested assets	<u>\$ 70.7</u>
Average Invested Assets Used in Reported Yield Calculation	<u>\$ 70.7</u>
Subtract:	
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities ¹²	0.1
Average Invested Assets Used in Core Yield Calculation	<u>\$ 70.6</u>
(Income - amounts in millions)	
Reported Net Investment Income	\$ 804
Subtract:	
Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments	11
Other non-core items ¹³	(2)
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities ¹²	1
Core Net Investment Income	<u>\$ 794</u>
Reported Yield	<u>4.55%</u>
Core Yield	<u>4.50%</u>

¹² Represents the incremental assets and investment income related to restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets.

¹³ Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities and various other immaterial items.

First Quarter Financial Supplement

March 31, 2018



**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
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Note:

Unless otherwise stated, all references in this financial supplement to income (loss) from continuing operations, income (loss) from continuing operations per share, net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating income (loss) per share, book value and book value per share should be read as income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, income (loss) from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, non-U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP) adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders, non-GAAP adjusted operating income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and book value available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share, respectively.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

Dear Investor,

Thank you for your continued interest in Genworth Financial.

Regards,

Investor Relations

InvestorInfo@genworth.com

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
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Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This financial supplement includes the non-GAAP financial measures entitled “adjusted operating income (loss)” and “adjusted operating income (loss) per share.” Adjusted operating income (loss) per share is derived from adjusted operating income (loss). The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The company defines adjusted operating income (loss) as income (loss) from continuing operations excluding the after-tax effects of income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests, net investment gains (losses), goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions, restructuring costs and infrequent or unusual non-operating items. Gains (losses) on insurance block transactions are defined as gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of non-recourse funding obligations, early termination fees for other financing restructuring and/or resulting gains (losses) on reinsurance restructuring for certain blocks of business. The company excludes net investment gains (losses) and infrequent or unusual non-operating items because the company does not consider them to be related to the operating performance of the company’s segments and Corporate and Other activities. A component of the company’s net investment gains (losses) is the result of impairments, the size and timing of which can vary significantly depending on market credit cycles. In addition, the size and timing of other investment gains (losses) can be subject to the company’s discretion and are influenced by market opportunities, as well as asset-liability matching considerations. Goodwill impairments, gains (losses) on the sale of businesses, gains (losses) on the early extinguishment of debt, gains (losses) on insurance block transactions and restructuring costs are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) because, in the company’s opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends. Infrequent or unusual non-operating items are also excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) if, in the company’s opinion, they are not indicative of overall operating trends.

While some of these items may be significant components of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders in accordance with U.S. GAAP, the company believes that adjusted operating income (loss) and measures that are derived from or incorporate adjusted operating income (loss), including adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis, are appropriate measures that are useful to investors because they identify the income (loss) attributable to the ongoing operations of the business. Management also uses adjusted operating income (loss) as a basis for determining awards and compensation for senior management and to evaluate performance on a basis comparable to that used by analysts. However, the items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) have occurred in the past and could, and in some cases will, recur in the future. Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) per share on a basic and diluted basis are not substitutes for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders or net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders per share on a basic and diluted basis determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, the company’s definition of adjusted operating income (loss) may differ from the definitions used by other companies.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) was signed into law. The TCJA reduced the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate to 21% effective for taxable years beginning on January 1, 2018. Therefore, in the first quarter of 2018, the company assumed a tax rate of 21% on certain adjustments to reconcile net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (unless otherwise indicated). In the prior year, the company assumed a tax rate of 35%, the previous U.S. corporate federal income tax rate prior to the enactment of the TCJA, on certain adjustments to reconcile net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders and adjusted operating income. These adjustments are also net of the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and net investment gains (losses) are adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 46).

In the third and first quarters of 2017, the company recorded a pre-tax expense of \$1 million related to restructuring costs as the company continued to evaluate and appropriately size its organizational needs and expenses. There were no infrequent or unusual items excluded from adjusted operating income (loss) during the periods presented.

The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.’s common stockholders to adjusted operating income for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting. The financial supplement includes other non-GAAP measures management believes enhances the understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. These additional non-GAAP measures are on pages 48 and 49 of this financial supplement.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
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Results of Operations and Selected Operating Performance Measures

The company's chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance and allocates resources on the basis of adjusted operating income (loss). The table on page 9 of this financial supplement provides a reconciliation of net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders to adjusted operating income for the periods presented and reflects adjusted operating income (loss) as determined in accordance with accounting guidance related to segment reporting.

On December 22, 2017, the TCJA was signed into law. The TCJA reduced the U.S. corporate federal income tax rate to 21% effective for taxable years beginning on January 1, 2018 and migrated the worldwide tax system to a territorial international tax system. Therefore, beginning on January 1, 2018 the company taxed its international businesses at their local statutory tax rates and its domestic businesses at the new enacted tax rate of 21%. The company allocates its consolidated provision for income taxes to its operating segments. The allocation methodology applies a specific tax rate to the pre-tax income (loss) of each segment, which is then adjusted in each segment to reflect the tax attributes of items unique to that segment such as foreign income. The difference between the consolidated provision for income taxes and the sum of the provision for income taxes in each segment is reflected in Corporate and Other activities.

The annually-determined tax rates and adjustments to each segment's provision for income taxes are estimates which are subject to review and could change from year to year.

This financial supplement contains selected operating performance measures including "sales" and "insurance in-force" or "risk in-force" which are commonly used in the insurance industry as measures of operating performance.

Management regularly monitors and reports sales metrics as a measure of volume of new business generated in a period. Sales refer to new insurance written for mortgage insurance. The company considers new insurance written to be a measure of the company's operating performance because it represents a measure of new sales of insurance policies during a specified period, rather than a measure of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management regularly monitors and reports insurance in-force and risk in-force. Insurance in-force for the mortgage insurance businesses is a measure of the aggregate original loan balance for outstanding insurance policies as of the respective reporting date. Risk in-force for the U.S. mortgage insurance business is based on the coverage percentage applied to the estimated current outstanding loan balance. For risk in-force in the mortgage insurance businesses in Canada and Australia, the company has computed an "effective" risk in-force amount, which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor of 35% that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the company's mortgage insurance businesses in Canada and Australia. In Australia, the company has certain risk share arrangements where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor. The company considers insurance in-force and risk in-force to be measures of the company's operating performance because they represent measures of the size of the business at a specific date which will generate revenues and profits in a future period, rather than measures of the company's revenues or profitability during that period.

Management also regularly monitors and reports a loss ratio for the company's businesses. For the mortgage insurance businesses, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. For the long-term care insurance business, the loss ratio is the ratio of benefits and other changes in reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses to net earned premiums. The company considers the loss ratio to be a measure of underwriting performance in these businesses and helps to enhance the understanding of the operating performance of the businesses.

These operating performance measures enable the company to compare its operating performance across periods without regard to revenues or profitability related to policies or contracts sold in prior periods or from investments or other sources.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
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**Financial Highlights
(amounts in millions, except per share data)**

Balance Sheet Data	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 10,391	\$ 10,391	\$ 10,034	\$ 9,923	\$ 9,716
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	2,627	3,027	3,035	3,095	3,096
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 13,018</u>	<u>\$ 13,418</u>	<u>\$ 13,069</u>	<u>\$13,018</u>	<u>\$ 12,812</u>
Book value per share	\$ 26.00	\$ 26.88	\$ 26.19	\$ 26.08	\$ 25.68
Book value per share, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 20.76	\$ 20.82	\$ 20.10	\$ 19.88	\$ 19.47
Common shares outstanding as of the balance sheet date	500.6	499.2	499.1	499.1	498.9

Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE	Twelve months ended				
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	7.7%	8.2%	3.5%	-1.5%	-1.8%
Operating ROE (1)	6.7%	7.0%	2.4%	-2.5%	-2.8%

Quarterly Average ROE	Three months ended				
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE	4.3%	13.8%	4.3%	8.2%	6.4%
Operating ROE (1)	4.8%	12.8%	3.0%	6.2%	5.9%

Basic and Diluted Shares	Three months ended March 31, 2018
Weighted-average common shares used in basic earnings per share calculations	499.6
Potentially dilutive securities:	
Stock options, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights	3.1
Weighted-average common shares used in diluted earnings per share calculations	<u>502.7</u>

(1) See page 48 herein for a reconciliation of U.S. GAAP Basis ROE to Operating ROE.

Consolidated Quarterly Results

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Consolidated Net Income by Quarter
(amounts in millions, except per share amounts)**

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$1,140	\$ 622	\$1,135	\$1,111	\$1,136	\$4,004
Net investment income	804	812	797	801	790	3,200
Net investment gains (losses)	(31)	45	85	101	34	265
Policy fees and other income	202	207	198	210	211	826
Total revenues	<u>2,115</u>	<u>1,686</u>	<u>2,215</u>	<u>2,223</u>	<u>2,171</u>	<u>8,295</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,311	1,383	1,344	1,206	1,246	5,179
Interest credited	156	152	164	163	167	646
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	240	247	265	240	270	1,022
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	104	119	83	139	94	435
Interest expense	76	75	73	74	62	284
Total benefits and expenses	<u>1,887</u>	<u>1,976</u>	<u>1,929</u>	<u>1,822</u>	<u>1,839</u>	<u>7,566</u>
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	228	(290)	286	401	332	729
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	63	(555)	102	130	116	(207)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	165	265	184	271	216	936
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes ⁽¹⁾	—	—	(9)	—	—	(9)
NET INCOME	165	265	175	271	216	927
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	(88)	68	69	61	110
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	<u>\$ 112</u>	<u>\$ 353</u>	<u>\$ 107</u>	<u>\$ 202</u>	<u>\$ 155</u>	<u>\$ 817</u>
Earnings Per Share Data:						
Income from continuing operations available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share						
Basic	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 1.66
Diluted	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 1.65
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share						
Basic	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 1.64
Diluted	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 1.63
Weighted-average common shares outstanding						
Basic	499.6	499.2	499.1	499.0	498.6	499.0
Diluted	502.7	502.1	501.6	501.2	501.0	501.4

(1) Loss from discontinued operations related to the lifestyle protection insurance business that was sold on December 1, 2015. During the third quarter of 2017, the company recorded an additional after-tax loss of \$9 million related to certain claims adjustments and tax items associated with the lifestyle protection insurance business.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Operating Income
(amounts in millions, except per share amounts)**

	2018		2017			
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 112	\$ 353	\$ 107	\$ 202	\$ 155	\$ 817
Add: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	(88)	68	69	61	110
NET INCOME	165	265	175	271	216	927
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	—	—	(9)	—	—	(9)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	165	265	184	271	216	936
Less: income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	(88)	68	69	61	110
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	112	353	116	202	155	826
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	17	(41)	(62)	(79)	(20)	(202)
Expenses related to restructuring	—	—	1	—	1	2
Taxes on adjustments	(4)	14	21	28	7	70
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	<u>\$ 125</u>	<u>\$ 326</u>	<u>\$ 76</u>	<u>\$ 151</u>	<u>\$ 143</u>	<u>\$ 696</u>
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS):						
U.S. Mortgage Insurance segment	\$ 111	\$ 74	\$ 73	\$ 91	\$ 73	\$ 311
Canada Mortgage Insurance segment	49	43	37	41	36	157
Australia Mortgage Insurance segment	19	(125)	12	12	13	(88)
U.S. Life Insurance segment:						
Long-Term Care Insurance	(32)	17	(5)	33	14	59
Life Insurance	(1)	(85)	(9)	(1)	16	(79)
Fixed Annuities	28	(1)	13	7	23	42
Total U.S. Life Insurance segment	(5)	(69)	(1)	39	53	22
Runoff segment	10	13	13	11	14	51
Corporate and Other	(59)	390	(58)	(43)	(46)	243
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	<u>\$ 125</u>	<u>\$ 326</u>	<u>\$ 76</u>	<u>\$ 151</u>	<u>\$ 143</u>	<u>\$ 696</u>

Earnings Per Share Data:

Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders per share						
Basic	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 1.64
Diluted	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 1.63
Adjusted operating income per share						
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.29	\$ 1.40
Diluted	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.29	\$ 1.39
Weighted-average common shares outstanding						
Basic	499.6	499.2	499.1	499.0	498.6	499.0
Diluted	502.7	502.1	501.6	501.2	501.0	501.4

(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion attributable to noncontrolling interests and DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves (see page 46 for reconciliation).

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(amounts in millions)

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
ASSETS					
Investments:					
Fixed maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value	\$ 61,080	\$ 62,525	\$ 62,552	\$ 61,944	\$ 60,597
Equity securities, at fair value	799	820	765	855	709
Commercial mortgage loans	6,336	6,341	6,268	6,237	6,107
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities	99	107	111	118	122
Policy loans	1,789	1,786	1,818	1,824	1,761
Other invested assets	1,674	1,813	1,590	2,177	2,272
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities	—	—	—	81	84
Total investments	71,777	73,392	73,104	73,236	71,652
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	2,843	2,875	2,836	2,853	3,018
Accrued investment income	698	644	639	599	717
Deferred acquisition costs	2,699	2,329	2,342	2,378	3,207
Intangible assets and goodwill	339	301	315	334	381
Reinsurance recoverable	17,482	17,569	17,553	17,609	17,681
Other assets	431	453	552	715	703
Deferred tax asset	602	504	24	23	—
Separate account assets	6,902	7,230	7,264	7,269	7,327
Total assets	<u>\$ 103,773</u>	<u>\$ 105,297</u>	<u>\$ 104,629</u>	<u>\$ 105,016</u>	<u>\$ 104,686</u>

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(amounts in millions)

	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Future policy benefits	\$ 37,946	\$ 38,472	\$ 38,022	\$ 37,772	\$ 37,291
Policyholder account balances	23,751	24,195	24,531	24,971	25,383
Liability for policy and contract claims	9,651	9,594	9,384	9,239	9,295
Unearned premiums	3,797	3,967	3,512	3,400	3,370
Other liabilities	1,841	1,910	2,002	2,629	2,657
Borrowings related to securitization entities	32	40	59	63	68
Non-recourse funding obligations	310	310	310	310	310
Long-term borrowings	4,654	4,224	4,224	4,205	4,194
Deferred tax liability	27	27	234	162	75
Separate account liabilities	6,902	7,230	7,264	7,269	7,327
Total liabilities	<u>88,911</u>	<u>89,969</u>	<u>89,542</u>	<u>90,020</u>	<u>89,970</u>
Equity:					
Common stock	1	1	1	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	11,979	11,977	11,973	11,969	11,964
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):					
Net unrealized investment gains (losses):					
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities not other-than-temporarily impaired	905	1,075	1,098	1,170	1,233
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other-than-temporarily impaired securities	12	10	10	10	10
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	917	1,085	1,108	1,180	1,243
Derivatives qualifying as hedges	1,927	2,065	2,052	2,064	2,036
Foreign currency translation and other adjustments	(217)	(123)	(125)	(149)	(183)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	2,627	3,027	3,035	3,095	3,096
Retained earnings	1,111	1,113	760	653	451
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)	(2,700)
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	13,018	13,418	13,069	13,018	12,812
Noncontrolling interests	1,844	1,910	2,018	1,978	1,904
Total equity	<u>14,862</u>	<u>15,328</u>	<u>15,087</u>	<u>14,996</u>	<u>14,716</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 103,773</u>	<u>\$ 105,297</u>	<u>\$ 104,629</u>	<u>\$105,016</u>	<u>\$ 104,686</u>

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment
(amounts in millions)

	March 31, 2018						
	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Canada Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Corporate and Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 3,089	\$ 5,057	\$ 2,543	\$ 60,984	\$ 2,749	\$ 896	\$ 75,318
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	47	141	94	2,519	229	8	3,038
Reinsurance recoverable	—	—	—	16,697	785	—	17,482
Deferred tax and other assets	180	109	192	(267)	18	801	1,033
Separate account assets	—	—	—	—	6,902	—	6,902
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,316</u>	<u>\$ 5,307</u>	<u>\$ 2,829</u>	<u>\$ 79,933</u>	<u>\$ 10,683</u>	<u>\$ 1,705</u>	<u>\$ 103,773</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Liabilities:							
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 37,944	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 37,946
Policyholder account balances	—	—	—	20,765	2,986	—	23,751
Liability for policy and contract claims	415	84	211	8,921	13	7	9,651
Unearned premiums	411	1,606	1,240	535	5	—	3,797
Non-recourse funding obligations	—	—	—	310	—	—	310
Deferred tax and other liabilities	52	239	180	553	46	798	1,868
Borrowings and capital securities	—	336	152	—	—	4,198	4,686
Separate account liabilities	—	—	—	—	6,902	—	6,902
Total liabilities	<u>878</u>	<u>2,265</u>	<u>1,783</u>	<u>69,028</u>	<u>9,954</u>	<u>5,003</u>	<u>88,911</u>
Equity:							
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	2,453	1,929	444	8,099	727	(3,261)	10,391
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(15)	(201)	72	2,806	2	(37)	2,627
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	2,438	1,728	516	10,905	729	(3,298)	13,018
Noncontrolling interests	—	1,314	530	—	—	—	1,844
Total equity	<u>2,438</u>	<u>3,042</u>	<u>1,046</u>	<u>10,905</u>	<u>729</u>	<u>(3,298)</u>	<u>14,862</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 3,316</u>	<u>\$ 5,307</u>	<u>\$ 2,829</u>	<u>\$ 79,933</u>	<u>\$ 10,683</u>	<u>\$ 1,705</u>	<u>\$ 103,773</u>

(1) Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Consolidated Balance Sheet by Segment
(amounts in millions)

	December 31, 2017						
	U.S. Mortgage Insurance	Canada Mortgage Insurance	Australia Mortgage Insurance	U.S. Life Insurance	Runoff	Corporate and Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 3,019	\$ 5,293	\$ 2,664	\$ 62,994	\$ 2,615	\$ 326	\$ 76,911
Deferred acquisition costs and intangible assets	48	147	102	2,101	224	8	2,630
Reinsurance recoverable	1	—	—	16,766	802	—	17,569
Deferred tax and other assets	205	94	207	(566)	36	981	957
Separate account assets	—	—	—	—	7,230	—	7,230
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,273</u>	<u>\$ 5,534</u>	<u>\$ 2,973</u>	<u>\$ 81,295</u>	<u>\$10,907</u>	<u>\$ 1,315</u>	<u>\$105,297</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
Liabilities:							
Future policy benefits	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 38,469	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 38,472
Policyholder account balances	—	—	—	21,138	3,057	—	24,195
Liability for policy and contract claims	455	87	218	8,816	11	7	9,594
Unearned premiums	404	1,700	1,299	560	4	—	3,967
Non-recourse funding obligations	—	—	—	310	—	—	310
Deferred tax and other liabilities	71	281	189	483	49	864	1,937
Borrowings and capital securities	—	346	154	—	—	3,764	4,264
Separate account liabilities	—	—	—	—	7,230	—	7,230
Total liabilities	<u>930</u>	<u>2,414</u>	<u>1,860</u>	<u>69,776</u>	<u>10,354</u>	<u>4,635</u>	<u>89,969</u>
Equity:							
Allocated equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	2,324	1,885	430	7,831	551	(2,630)	10,391
Allocated accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	19	(112)	120	3,688	2	(690)	3,027
Total Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity	<u>2,343</u>	<u>1,773</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>11,519</u>	<u>553</u>	<u>(3,320)</u>	<u>13,418</u>
Noncontrolling interests	—	1,347	563	—	—	—	1,910
Total equity	<u>2,343</u>	<u>3,120</u>	<u>1,113</u>	<u>11,519</u>	<u>553</u>	<u>(3,320)</u>	<u>15,328</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 3,273</u>	<u>\$ 5,534</u>	<u>\$ 2,973</u>	<u>\$ 81,295</u>	<u>\$10,907</u>	<u>\$ 1,315</u>	<u>\$105,297</u>

(1) Includes inter-segment eliminations and other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Deferred Acquisition Costs Rollforward
(amounts in millions)

	<u>U.S. Mortgage Insurance</u>	<u>Canada Mortgage Insurance</u>	<u>Australia Mortgage Insurance</u>	<u>U.S. Life Insurance ⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Runoff ⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Corporate and Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
Unamortized balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ 28	\$ 131	\$ 49	\$ 3,569	\$ 222	\$ —	\$ 3,999
Costs deferred	2	8	3	5	—	—	18
Amortization, net of interest accretion	(2)	(11)	(4)	(61)	(8)	—	(86)
Impact of foreign currency translation	—	(3)	(1)	—	—	—	(4)
Unamortized balance as of March 31, 2018	28	125	47	3,513	214	—	3,927
Effect of accumulated net unrealized investment (gains) losses	—	—	—	(1,233)	5	—	(1,228)
Balance as of March 31, 2018	<u>\$ 28</u>	<u>\$ 125</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 2,280</u>	<u>\$ 219</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 2,699</u>

(1) Amortization, net of interest accretion, included \$1 million of amortization related to net investment gains for the policyholder account balances.

(2) Amortization, net of interest accretion, included \$2 million of amortization related to net investment gains for the policyholder account balances.

U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)

	2018	2017				Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 179	\$ 181	\$ 175	\$ 170	\$ 169	\$ 695
Net investment income	21	20	18	18	17	73
Net investment gains (losses)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Policy fees and other income	—	1	1	1	1	4
Total revenues	<u>200</u>	<u>202</u>	<u>194</u>	<u>189</u>	<u>187</u>	<u>772</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	16	40	35	3	29	107
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	39	41	43	41	40	165
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	4	4	3	3	4	14
Total benefits and expenses	<u>59</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>286</u>
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	141	117	113	142	114	486
Provision for income taxes	30	43	40	51	41	175
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	111	74	73	91	73	311
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:						
Net investment (gains) losses	—	—	—	—	—	—
Taxes on adjustments	—	—	—	—	—	—
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	<u>\$ 111</u>	<u>\$ 74</u>	<u>\$ 73</u>	<u>\$ 91</u>	<u>\$ 73</u>	<u>\$ 311</u>
SALES:						
Flow New Insurance Written (NIW)	<u>\$9,000</u>	\$10,200	\$11,300	\$9,800	\$7,600	\$38,900

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Flow New Insurance Written Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)

	2018		2017							
	1Q		4Q		3Q		2Q		1Q	
	Flow NIW	% of Flow NIW	Flow NIW	% of Flow NIW	Flow NIW	% of Flow NIW	Flow NIW	% of Flow NIW	Flow NIW	% of Flow NIW
Product										
Monthly (1)	\$7,300	81%	\$ 7,900	77%	\$ 8,600	76%	\$7,900	81%	\$6,100	80%
Single	1,700	19	2,300	23	2,700	24	1,900	19	1,500	20
Total Flow	<u>\$9,000</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$10,200</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$11,300</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$9,800</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$7,600</u>	<u>100%</u>
FICO Scores										
Over 735	\$5,300	59%	\$ 5,900	58%	\$ 6,900	61%	\$6,000	61%	\$4,700	62%
680-735	3,000	33	3,400	33	3,500	31	3,100	32	2,300	30
660-679 (2)	400	5	500	5	500	4	400	4	300	4
620-659	300	3	400	4	400	4	300	3	300	4
<620	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Flow	<u>\$9,000</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$10,200</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$11,300</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$9,800</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$7,600</u>	<u>100%</u>
Loan-To-Value Ratio										
95.01% and above	\$1,600	18%	\$ 1,700	17%	\$ 1,600	14%	\$1,100	11%	\$ 800	11%
90.01% to 95.00%	3,900	43	4,500	44	5,200	46	4,700	48	3,500	46
85.01% to 90.00%	2,500	28	2,900	28	3,300	29	2,900	30	2,300	30
85.00% and below	1,000	11	1,100	11	1,200	11	1,100	11	1,000	13
Total Flow	<u>\$9,000</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$10,200</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$11,300</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$9,800</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$7,600</u>	<u>100%</u>
Origination										
Purchase	\$8,000	89%	\$ 9,100	89%	\$10,300	91%	\$9,000	92%	\$6,300	83%
Refinance	1,000	11	1,100	11	1,000	9	800	8	1,300	17
Total Flow	<u>\$9,000</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$10,200</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$11,300</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$9,800</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$7,600</u>	<u>100%</u>

(1) Includes loans with annual and split payment types.

(2) Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Other Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment
(dollar amounts in millions)**

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
Net Premiums Written	\$ 185	\$ 196	\$ 200	\$ 186	\$ 175	\$ 757
Flow New Risk Written	\$ 2,247	\$ 2,539	\$ 2,846	\$ 2,478	\$ 1,864	\$9,727
Primary Insurance In-Force ⁽¹⁾	\$154,900	\$151,800	\$148,000	\$143,000	\$139,300	
Risk In-Force						
Flow ⁽²⁾	\$ 37,252	\$ 36,498	\$ 35,567	\$ 34,286	\$ 33,347	
Bulk ⁽³⁾	202	212	252	257	266	
Total Primary	37,454	36,710	35,819	34,543	33,613	
Pool	80	83	86	92	96	
Total Risk In-Force	\$ 37,534	\$ 36,793	\$ 35,905	\$ 34,635	\$ 33,709	
Primary Risk In-Force That Is GSE Conforming	94%	94%	95%	95%	95%	
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums) ⁽⁴⁾	24%	25%	26%	26%	26%	26%
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written) ⁽⁵⁾	23%	23%	23%	24%	25%	24%
Flow Persistency	84%	83%	83%	82%	83%	
Risk To Capital Ratio ⁽⁶⁾	12.5:1	12.7:1	12.8:1	13.0:1	13.6:1	
PMIERS Sufficiency Ratio ⁽⁷⁾	124%	121%	122%	122%	118%	
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 207	\$ 205	\$ 203	\$ 200	\$ 198	

The expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) Primary insurance in-force represents aggregate loan balances for outstanding insurance policies and is used to determine premiums. Original loan balances are presented for policies with level renewal premiums. Amortized loan balances are presented for policies with annual, amortizing renewal premiums.
- (2) Flow risk in-force represents current loan balances as provided by servicers, lenders and investors and conform to the presentation under the Private Mortgage Insurer Eligibility Requirements (PMIERS).
- (3) As of March 31, 2018, 88% of the bulk risk in-force was related to loans financed by lenders who participated in the mortgage programs sponsored by the Federal Home Loan Banks.
- (4) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- (5) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- (6) Certain states limit a private mortgage insurer's risk in-force to 25 times the total of the insurer's policyholders' surplus plus the statutory contingency reserve, commonly known as the "risk to capital" requirement. The current period risk to capital ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the filing of statutory statements and is prepared consistent with the presentation of the statutory financial statements in the combined annual statement of the U.S. mortgage insurance business.
- (7) The PMIERS sufficiency ratio is calculated as available assets divided by required assets as defined within the current PMIERS. The current period PMIERS sufficiency ratio is an estimate due to the timing of the PMIERS filing for the U.S. mortgage insurance business. As of March 31, 2018, December 31, 2017, September 30, 2017, June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the PMIERS sufficiency ratios were in excess of \$600 million, \$550 million, \$500 million, \$500 million and \$400 million, respectively, of available assets above the current PMIERS requirements. The PMIERS sufficiency ratio as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was negatively impacted by approximately four points by the increase in new delinquencies in areas impacted by hurricanes Harvey and Irma.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Loss Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)

	2018	2017				Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
Paid Claims						
Flow						
Direct (1)	\$ 53	\$ 41	\$ 62	\$ 92	\$ 76	\$ 271
Assumed (2)	1	1	—	—	2	3
Ceded	(1)	—	—	—	(1)	(1)
Loss adjustment expenses	2	2	2	2	2	8
Total Flow	55	44	64	94	79	281
Bulk	1	1	1	1	1	4
Total Primary	56	45	65	95	80	285
Pool	—	—	1	1	—	2
Total Paid Claims	<u>\$ 56</u>	<u>\$ 45</u>	<u>\$ 66</u>	<u>\$ 96</u>	<u>\$ 80</u>	<u>\$ 287</u>
Average Paid Claim (in thousands) (1)	\$47.5	\$51.0	\$50.6	\$46.6	\$51.2	
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)						
Flow (3)	\$20.2	\$19.7	\$22.6	\$24.1	\$25.8	
Bulk loans with established reserve	17.6	18.1	18.7	19.5	19.1	
Reserves:						
Flow direct case	\$ 372	\$ 408	\$ 412	\$ 440	\$ 530	
Bulk direct case	8	10	11	12	12	
Assumed (2)	2	3	3	4	4	
All other (4)	33	34	34	34	37	
Total Reserves	<u>\$ 415</u>	<u>\$ 455</u>	<u>\$ 460</u>	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ 583</u>	
Beginning Reserves	\$ 455	\$ 460	\$ 490	\$ 583	\$ 635	\$ 635
Paid claims	(57)	(45)	(66)	(96)	(81)	(288)
Increase in reserves	17	40	36	3	29	108
Ending Reserves	<u>\$ 415</u>	<u>\$ 455</u>	<u>\$ 460</u>	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ 583</u>	<u>\$ 455</u>
Beginning Reinsurance Recoverable (5)	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 2
Ceded paid claims	(1)	—	—	—	(1)	(1)
Ending Reinsurance Recoverable	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>
Loss Ratio (6)	9%	22%	20%	2%	17%	15%

The loss ratio included above was calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratio calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) Direct paid claims and average paid claim in the second quarter of 2017 included payments in relation to an agreement on non-performing loans.
- (2) Assumed is comprised of reinsurance arrangements with state governmental housing finance agencies.
- (3) Average reserve per delinquency in the fourth quarter of 2017 reflected a decrease in the hurricanes Harvey and Irma impacted areas. There were approximately three thousand new delinquencies in impacted areas. However, the company's experience indicated that these delinquencies had different ultimate claim rates and, therefore, the company lowered its expected claim frequency for the incremental delinquencies.
- (4) Other includes loss adjustment expenses, pool and incurred but not reported reserves.
- (5) Reinsurance recoverable excludes ceded unearned premium recoveries and amounts for which cash proceeds have not yet been received.
- (6) The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. The fourth quarter of 2017 reflected an increase in the hurricanes Harvey and Irma impacted areas, which negatively impacted benefits and other changes in policy reserves by approximately \$5 million.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Delinquency Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment
(dollar amounts in millions)

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
Number of Primary Delinquencies						
Flow (1)	20,007	22,483	19,765	19,733	22,036	
Bulk loans with an established reserve	494	614	631	653	695	
Bulk loans with no reserve (2)	101	91	112	291	288	
Total Number of Primary Delinquencies	20,602	23,188	20,508	20,677	23,019	
Beginning Number of Primary Delinquencies	23,188	20,508	20,677	23,019	25,709	25,709
New delinquencies (1)	8,409	11,979	8,753	7,776	8,456	36,964
Delinquency cures (1)	(9,840)	(8,419)	(7,654)	(8,085)	(9,583)	(33,741)
Paid claims	(1,155)	(880)	(1,268)	(2,033)	(1,563)	(5,744)
Ending Number of Primary Delinquencies	20,602	23,188	20,508	20,677	23,019	23,188
Composition of Cures						
Reported delinquent and cured-intraquarter	2,288	2,007	1,713	1,697	2,350	
Number of missed payments delinquent prior to cure:						
3 payments or less	5,413	4,547	4,104	4,285	5,375	
4 - 11 payments	1,719	1,346	1,305	1,678	1,432	
12 payments or more	420	519	532	425	426	
Total (1)	9,840	8,419	7,654	8,085	9,583	
Primary Delinquencies by Missed Payment Status						
3 payments or less	8,335	10,852	8,542	7,877	8,114	
4 - 11 payments	6,875	6,319	5,420	5,520	6,341	
12 payments or more	5,392	6,017	6,546	7,280	8,564	
Primary Delinquencies (1)	20,602	23,188	20,508	20,677	23,019	
	March 31, 2018					
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Direct Case Reserves (3)	Risk In-Force	Reserves as % of Risk In-Force		
3 payments or less in default	8,095	\$ 39	\$ 357	11%		
4 - 11 payments in default	6,761	124	316	39%		
12 payments or more in default	5,151	209	254	82%		
Total	20,007	\$ 372	\$ 927	40%		
	December 31, 2017					
Flow Delinquencies and Percentage Reserved by Payment Status	Delinquencies	Direct Case Reserves (3)	Risk In-Force	Reserves as % of Risk In-Force		
3 payments or less in default	10,594	\$ 46	\$ 474	10%		
4 - 11 payments in default	6,178	125	279	45%		
12 payments or more in default	5,711	237	281	84%		
Total	22,483	\$ 408	\$ 1,034	39%		

(1) The number of delinquencies, new delinquencies and delinquency cures in the fourth quarter of 2017 reflected increases in the hurricanes Harvey and Irma impacted areas.

(2) Reserves were not established on loans where the company was in a secondary loss position due to an existing deductible and the company believes they currently have no risk for claim.

(3) Direct flow case reserves exclude loss adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported and reinsurance reserves.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment

	2018	2017			
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q
Primary Loans					
Primary loans in-force	749,145	742,094	730,174	714,254	703,214
Primary delinquent loans (1)	20,602	23,188	20,508	20,677	23,019
Primary delinquency rate (1)	2.75%	3.12%	2.81%	2.89%	3.27%
Flow loans in-force	734,411	725,748	712,848	695,383	683,532
Flow delinquent loans (1)	20,007	22,483	19,765	19,733	22,036
Flow delinquency rate (1)	2.72%	3.10%	2.77%	2.84%	3.22%
Bulk loans in-force	14,734	16,346	17,326	18,871	19,682
Bulk delinquent loans	595	705	743	944	983
Bulk delinquency rate	4.04%	4.31%	4.29%	5.00%	4.99%
A minus and sub-prime loans in-force	17,964	18,912	19,828	20,797	22,056
A minus and sub-prime delinquent loans	3,557	4,054	4,080	4,148	4,572
A minus and sub-prime delinquency rate	19.80%	21.44%	20.58%	19.95%	20.73%
Pool Loans					
Pool loans in-force	4,961	5,039	5,145	5,406	5,586
Pool delinquent loans	220	249	252	276	276
Pool delinquency rate	4.43%	4.94%	4.90%	5.11%	4.94%
Primary Risk In-Force by Credit Quality					
Over 735	57%	57%	57%	56%	55%
680-735	32%	31%	31%	31%	31%
660-679 (2)	5%	6%	6%	6%	6%
620-659	5%	5%	5%	5%	6%
<620	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%

(1) Delinquent loans and delinquency rates in the fourth quarter of 2017 reflected increases in the hurricanes Harvey and Irma impacted areas.

(2) Loans with unknown FICO scores are included in the 660-679 category.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Portfolio Quality Metrics—U.S. Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)**

Policy Year	March 31, 2018							
	Average Rate ⁽¹⁾	% of Total Reserves ⁽²⁾	Primary Insurance In-Force	% of Total	Primary Risk In-Force	% of Total	Delinquency Rate	
2004 and prior	6.02%	9.4%	\$ 2,031	1.3%	\$ 386	1.0%	12.64%	
2005	5.59%	8.7	1,930	1.2	456	1.2	11.73%	
2006	5.72%	14.3	3,597	2.3	841	2.2	11.24%	
2007	5.65%	30.9	9,417	6.1	2,190	5.9	10.36%	
2008	5.18%	14.8	7,825	5.1	1,807	4.8	6.31%	
2009	4.91%	0.7	703	0.5	149	0.4	2.65%	
2010	4.66%	0.5	856	0.5	198	0.5	1.89%	
2011	4.54%	0.7	1,431	0.9	335	0.9	1.91%	
2012	3.85%	0.9	3,857	2.5	935	2.5	1.08%	
2013	4.06%	1.9	7,166	4.6	1,770	4.7	1.27%	
2014	4.44%	4.2	11,151	7.2	2,714	7.3	1.79%	
2015	4.12%	5.4	21,516	13.9	5,249	14.0	1.35%	
2016	3.86%	5.6	37,280	24.1	9,025	24.1	0.89%	
2017	4.24%	2.0	37,129	24.0	9,166	24.5	0.44%	
2018	4.39%	—	8,970	5.8	2,233	6.0	0.03%	
Total	4.43%	100.0%	\$ 154,859	100.0%	\$ 37,454	100.0%	2.75%	

	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		March 31, 2017	
	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate ⁽³⁾	Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
Lender concentration (by original applicant)	\$ 37,454	2.75%	\$ 36,710	3.12%	\$ 33,613	3.27%
Top 10 lenders	\$ 10,935	3.29%	\$ 10,686	3.73%	\$ 10,356	4.21%
Top 20 lenders	\$ 14,604	3.18%	\$ 14,288	3.64%	\$ 13,689	3.70%
Loan-to-value ratio						
95.01% and above	\$ 6,245	4.96%	\$ 6,057	5.77%	\$ 5,653	6.21%
90.01% to 95.00%	19,474	2.06%	19,043	2.35%	17,122	2.24%
80.01% to 90.00%	11,544	2.36%	11,410	2.62%	10,590	2.89%
80.00% and below	191	2.89%	200	3.08%	248	3.20%
Total	\$ 37,454	2.75%	\$ 36,710	3.12%	\$ 33,613	3.27%
Loan grade						
Prime	\$ 36,826	2.33%	\$ 36,049	2.65%	\$ 32,837	2.71%
A minus and sub-prime	628	19.80%	661	21.44%	776	20.73%
Total	\$ 37,454	2.75%	\$ 36,710	3.12%	\$ 33,613	3.27%

(1) Average Annual Mortgage Interest Rate.

(2) Total reserves were \$415 million as of March 31, 2018.

(3) Delinquency rates in the fourth quarter of 2017 reflected increases in the hurricanes Harvey and Irma impacted areas.

Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Adjusted Operating Income and Sales—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)**

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 139	\$ 136	\$ 131	\$ 126	\$ 126	\$ 519
Net investment income	34	36	33	31	32	132
Net investment gains (losses)	(15)	15	55	47	11	128
Policy fees and other income	—	—	1	—	—	1
Total revenues	<u>158</u>	<u>187</u>	<u>220</u>	<u>204</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>780</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	18	12	18	4	20	54
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	17	23	20	16	21	80
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	10	11	11	11	10	43
Interest expense	5	5	4	5	4	18
Total benefits and expenses	<u>50</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>195</u>
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	108	136	167	168	114	585
Provision for income taxes	30	44	55	56	36	191
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	78	92	112	112	78	394
Less: income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	36	44	54	54	38	190
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	42	48	58	58	40	204
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	9	(9)	(32)	(27)	(6)	(74)
Expenses related to restructuring	—	—	1	—	—	1
Taxes on adjustments	(2)	4	10	10	2	26
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME ⁽²⁾	<u>\$ 49</u>	<u>\$ 43</u>	<u>\$ 37</u>	<u>\$ 41</u>	<u>\$ 36</u>	<u>\$ 157</u>
SALES:						
New Insurance Written (NIW)						
Flow	\$2,500	\$3,600	\$4,400	\$3,700	\$ 2,300	\$14,000
Bulk	900	800	600	800	8,000	10,200
Total Canada NIW ⁽³⁾	<u>\$3,400</u>	<u>\$4,400</u>	<u>\$5,000</u>	<u>\$4,500</u>	<u>\$10,300</u>	<u>\$24,200</u>

(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion of net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests as reconciled below:

Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 15	\$ (15)	\$ (55)	\$ (47)	\$ (11)	\$ (128)
Adjustment for net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(6)	6	23	20	5	54
Net investment (gains) losses, net	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ (9)</u>	<u>\$ (32)</u>	<u>\$ (27)</u>	<u>\$ (6)</u>	<u>\$ (74)</u>

(2) Adjusted operating income for the Canadian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$46 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

(3) New insurance written for the Canadian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$3,300 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Selected Key Performance Measures—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)

	2018			2017		
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Net Premiums Written	\$ 92	\$ 131	\$ 156	\$ 126	\$ 96	\$ 509
Loss Ratio (1)	13%	9%	14%	4%	16%	10%
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums) (2)	20%	25%	23%	21%	25%	24%
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written) (3)	30%	26%	20%	21%	32%	24%
Primary Insurance In-Force (4)	\$ 384,600	\$392,500	\$390,700	\$ 371,500	\$358,900	
Primary Risk In-Force (5)						
Flow	\$ 90,500	\$ 92,300	\$ 91,400	\$ 86,500	\$ 83,200	
Bulk	44,100	45,100	45,300	43,500	42,400	
Total	<u>\$ 134,600</u>	<u>\$137,400</u>	<u>\$136,700</u>	<u>\$ 130,000</u>	<u>\$125,600</u>	

Risk In-Force by Loan-To-Value Ratio (6)	March 31, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Primary	Flow	Bulk	Primary	Flow	Bulk
95.01% and above	\$ 44,793	\$ 44,793	\$ —	\$ 45,545	\$ 45,545	\$ —
90.01% to 95.00%	26,869	26,869	—	27,424	27,424	—
80.01% to 90.00%	15,681	15,678	3	16,054	16,051	3
80.00% and below	47,252	3,136	44,116	48,353	3,215	45,138
Total	<u>\$ 134,595</u>	<u>\$ 90,476</u>	<u>\$ 44,119</u>	<u>\$ 137,376</u>	<u>\$ 92,235</u>	<u>\$45,141</u>

The loss and expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums.
- (2) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- (3) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles.
- (4) As part of an ongoing effort to improve the estimate of outstanding insurance exposure, the company is receiving updated outstanding balances in Canada from almost all of its customers. As a result, the company estimates that the outstanding balance of insured mortgages was approximately \$168.0 billion, \$174.0 billion, \$178.0 billion, \$174.0 billion and \$170.0 billion as of March 31, 2018, December 31, 2017, September 30, 2017, June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively. This is based on the extrapolation of the amounts reported by lenders to the entire insured population.
- (5) The business currently provides 100% coverage on the majority of the loans the company insures. For the purpose of representing the risk in-force, Canada has computed an "effective risk in-force" amount which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the business. This factor was 35% for all periods presented.
- (6) Loan amount in loan-to-value ratio calculation includes capitalized premiums, where applicable.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Selected Key Performance Measures—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment
(dollar amounts in millions)

Primary Insurance	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017	
Insured loans in-force (1),(2)	2,123,727	2,110,324	2,098,771	2,082,586	2,074,984	
Insured delinquent loans	1,723	1,718	1,759	1,809	2,082	
Insured delinquency rate (2),(3)	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.09%	0.10%	
Flow loans in-force (1)	1,456,573	1,447,794	1,434,662	1,418,076	1,402,813	
Flow delinquent loans	1,385	1,369	1,434	1,476	1,697	
Flow delinquency rate (3)	0.10%	0.09%	0.10%	0.10%	0.12%	
Bulk loans in-force (1)	667,154	662,530	664,109	664,510	672,171	
Bulk delinquent loans	338	349	325	333	385	
Bulk delinquency rate (3)	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%	0.06%	
Loss Metrics	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017	
Beginning Reserves	\$ 87	\$ 97	\$ 94	\$ 109	\$ 112	
Paid claims (4)	(19)	(21)	(19)	(21)	(24)	
Increase in reserves	18	12	18	4	20	
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	(2)	(1)	4	2	1	
Ending Reserves	\$ 84	\$ 87	\$ 97	\$ 94	\$ 109	
	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		March 31, 2017	
Province and Territory	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
Ontario	47%	0.03%	47%	0.03%	48%	0.04%
Alberta	16	0.17%	16	0.17%	16	0.21%
British Columbia	15	0.04%	15	0.05%	15	0.06%
Quebec	13	0.10%	13	0.11%	13	0.15%
Saskatchewan	3	0.30%	3	0.28%	3	0.27%
Nova Scotia	2	0.15%	2	0.16%	2	0.21%
Manitoba	2	0.10%	2	0.08%	2	0.09%
New Brunswick	1	0.17%	1	0.16%	1	0.18%
All Other	1	0.19%	1	0.17%	—	0.19%
Total	100%	0.08%	100%	0.08%	100%	0.10%
By Policy Year						
2009 and prior	36%	0.04%	36%	0.04%	38%	0.06%
2010	5	0.12%	5	0.11%	5	0.17%
2011	5	0.15%	5	0.16%	5	0.23%
2012	6	0.18%	6	0.18%	7	0.23%
2013	6	0.17%	7	0.17%	7	0.20%
2014	8	0.16%	8	0.17%	8	0.16%
2015	11	0.10%	12	0.10%	12	0.10%
2016	14	0.07%	14	0.05%	14	0.04%
2017	7	0.03%	7	0.02%	4	— %
2018	2	— %	—	— %	—	— %
Total	100%	0.08%	100%	0.08%	100%	0.10%

- (1) Insured loans in-force represent the original number of loans insured for which the coverage term has not expired, and for which no policy level cancellation or termination has been received.
- (2) As part of an ongoing effort to improve the estimate of outstanding insurance exposure, the company is receiving updated outstanding loans in-force in Canada from almost all of its customers. As a result, the company estimates that the outstanding loans in-force were 946,000 as of March 31, 2018, 949,000 as of December 31, 2017, 967,000 as of September 30, 2017, 981,000 as of June 30, 2017 and 978,000 as of March 31, 2017. This is based on the extrapolation of the amounts reported by lenders to the entire insured population. The corresponding insured delinquency rate was 0.18% as of March 31, 2018, December 31, 2017, September 30, 2017 and June 30, 2017 and 0.21% as of March 31, 2017.
- (3) Delinquency rates are based on insured loans in-force.
- (4) Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Selected Key Performance Measures—Canada Mortgage Insurance Segment
(Canadian dollar amounts in millions)

	2018	2017				Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
Paid Claims ⁽¹⁾						
Flow	\$ 23	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 30	\$ 28	\$ 108
Bulk	2	2	1	2	3	8
Total Paid Claims	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 27</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 32</u>	<u>\$ 31</u>	<u>\$ 116</u>
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$68.5	\$68.8	\$66.6	\$73.6	\$65.3	
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$62.7	\$63.5	\$68.8	\$67.8	\$69.7	
Loss Metrics						
Beginning Reserves	\$ 109	\$ 121	\$ 123	\$ 145	\$ 151	\$ 151
Paid claims ⁽¹⁾	(25)	(27)	(26)	(32)	(31)	(116)
Increase in reserves	24	15	24	10	25	74
Ending Reserves	<u>\$ 108</u>	<u>\$ 109</u>	<u>\$ 121</u>	<u>\$ 123</u>	<u>\$ 145</u>	<u>\$ 109</u>
Loan Amount ⁽²⁾						
Over \$550K	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%	
\$400K to \$550K	15	15	14	14	14	
\$250K to \$400K	34	34	34	34	34	
\$100K to \$250K	39	39	40	40	40	
\$100K or Less	4	4	4	4	4	
Total	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands)	\$ 233	\$ 233	\$ 232	\$ 231	\$ 230	

All amounts presented in Canadian dollars.

(1) Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

(2) The percentages in this table are based on the amount of primary insurance in-force in each loan band as a percentage of total insurance in-force.

Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) and Sales—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)**

	2018		2017			
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
REVENUES:						
Premiums (1)	\$ 98	\$ (377)	\$ 78	\$ 78	\$ 81	\$ (140)
Net investment income	17	18	19	17	21	75
Net investment gains (losses)	(9)	2	1	2	20	25
Policy fees and other income	1	—	—	—	—	—
Total revenues	107	(357)	98	97	122	(40)
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	30	25	29	27	28	109
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	17	17	18	9	23	67
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles (1)	11	(7)	10	17	4	24
Interest expense	2	2	3	2	2	9
Total benefits and expenses	60	37	60	55	57	209
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES						
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	47	(394)	38	42	65	(249)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	14	(138)	12	14	22	(90)
Less: income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	33	(256)	26	28	43	(159)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	17	(132)	14	15	23	(80)
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.'S COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:	16	(124)	12	13	20	(79)
Net investment (gains) losses, net (2)	4	(1)	(1)	—	(11)	(13)
Taxes on adjustments	(1)	—	1	(1)	4	4
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) (1),(3)	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ (125)</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ (88)</u>
SALES:						
New Insurance Written (NIW)						
Flow	\$3,400	\$4,200	\$3,700	\$4,100	\$4,100	\$16,100
Bulk	—	—	600	600	1,000	2,200
Total Australia NIW (4),(5)	<u>\$3,400</u>	<u>\$4,200</u>	<u>\$4,300</u>	<u>\$4,700</u>	<u>\$5,100</u>	<u>\$18,300</u>

(1) In the fourth quarter of 2017, the Australian platform adopted new premium recognition factors. These refinements decreased premiums by \$468 million and decreased amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles by \$18 million in the fourth quarter of 2017. After noncontrolling interests and taxes, these adjustments unfavorably impacted adjusted operating income (loss) by \$141 million in the fourth quarter of 2017.

(2) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for the portion of net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests as reconciled below:

Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 9	\$ (2)	\$ (1)	\$ (2)	\$ (20)	\$ (25)
Adjustment for net investment gains (losses) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(5)	1	—	2	9	12
Net investment (gains) losses, net	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (11)</u>	<u>\$ (13)</u>

(3) Adjusted operating income (loss) for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$18 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

(4) New insurance written for the Australian platform adjusted for foreign exchange as compared to the prior year period was \$3,200 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

(5) The business currently has structured insurance transactions with two lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The new insurance written associated with these arrangements is excluded from these metrics.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)

	2018		2017			
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	Total
Net Premiums Written	\$ 60	\$ 63	\$ 56	\$ 58	\$ 54	\$ 231
Loss Ratio (1)	30%	-7%	37%	34%	35%	-79%
Expense Ratio (Net Earned Premiums) (2)	29%	-3%	37%	34%	33%	-65%
Expense Ratio (Net Premiums Written) (3)	47%	15%	51%	46%	49%	39%
Primary Insurance In-Force (4)	\$246,300	\$251,400	\$252,200	\$247,700	\$246,400	
Primary Risk In-Force (4),(5)						
Flow	\$ 79,600	\$ 81,200	\$ 81,300	\$ 80,000	\$ 79,700	
Bulk	6,100	6,300	6,400	6,200	6,000	
Total	\$ 85,700	\$ 87,500	\$ 87,700	\$ 86,200	\$ 85,700	

	March 31, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Primary	Flow	Bulk	Primary	Flow	Bulk
Risk In-Force by Loan-To-Value Ratio (4),(6)						
95.01% and above	\$ 13,362	\$ 13,362	\$ —	\$ 13,849	\$ 13,849	\$ —
90.01% to 95.00%	23,489	23,483	6	23,849	23,843	6
80.01% to 90.00%	24,358	24,289	69	24,524	24,454	70
80.00% and below	24,510	18,436	6,074	25,258	18,994	6,264
Total	\$ 85,719	\$ 79,570	\$ 6,149	\$ 87,480	\$ 81,140	\$ 6,340

The loss and expense ratios included above were calculated using whole dollars and may be different than the ratios calculated using the rounded numbers included herein.

- (1) The ratio of benefits and other changes in policy reserves to net earned premiums. During the fourth quarter of 2017, the company decreased net earned premiums \$468 million from refinements to premium recognition factors. This adjustment reduced the loss ratio by 35 percentage points and 112 percentage points for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2017, respectively.
- (2) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net earned premiums. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles. During the fourth quarter of 2017, the company decreased net earned premiums \$468 million and DAC amortization \$18 million from refinements to premium recognition factors. These adjustments reduced the expense ratio (net earned premiums) by 33 percentage points and 98 percentage points for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2017, respectively.
- (3) The ratio of an insurer's general expenses to net premiums written. In the business, general expenses consist of acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals, and amortization of DAC and intangibles. During the fourth quarter of 2017, the company decreased DAC amortization \$18 million from refinements to premium recognition factors. This adjustment reduced the expense ratio (net premiums written) by 29 percentage points and eight percentage points for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2017, respectively.
- (4) The business currently has structured insurance transactions with two lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The insurance in-force and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics. The risk in-force on these transactions as of March 31, 2018 was approximately \$160 million.
- (5) The business currently provides 100% coverage on the majority of the loans the company insures. For the purpose of representing the risk in-force, Australia has computed an "effective risk in-force" amount which recognizes that the loss on any particular loan will be reduced by the net proceeds received upon sale of the property. Effective risk in-force has been calculated by applying to insurance in-force a factor that represents the highest expected average per-claim payment for any one underwriting year over the life of the business. This factor was 35% for all periods presented. Australia also has certain risk share arrangements where it provides pro-rata coverage of certain loans rather than 100% coverage. As a result, for loans with these risk share arrangements, the applicable pro-rata coverage amount provided is used when applying the factor.
- (6) Loan amount in loan-to-value ratio calculation includes capitalized premiums, where applicable.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment
(dollar amounts in millions)**

Primary Insurance ⁽¹⁾	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017	
Insured loans in-force	1,407,431	1,416,525	1,422,501	1,438,100	1,443,836	
Insured delinquent loans	6,958	6,696	7,146	7,285	6,926	
Insured delinquency rate	0.49%	0.47%	0.50%	0.51%	0.48%	
Flow loans in-force	1,296,055	1,303,928	1,308,998	1,325,477	1,332,468	
Flow delinquent loans	6,735	6,476	6,912	7,007	6,650	
Flow delinquency rate	0.52%	0.50%	0.53%	0.53%	0.50%	
Bulk loans in-force	111,376	112,597	113,503	112,623	111,368	
Bulk delinquent loans	223	220	234	278	276	
Bulk delinquency rate	0.20%	0.20%	0.21%	0.25%	0.25%	
Loss Metrics	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017	
Beginning Reserves	\$ 218	\$ 232	\$ 231	\$ 227	\$ 211	
Paid claims (2)	(35)	(41)	(33)	(30)	(25)	
Increase in reserves	31	27	29	33	28	
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates	(3)	—	5	1	13	
Ending Reserves	<u>\$ 211</u>	<u>\$ 218</u>	<u>\$ 232</u>	<u>\$ 231</u>	<u>\$ 227</u>	
	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		March 31, 2017	
State and Territory ⁽¹⁾	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate	% of Primary Risk In-Force	Primary Delinquency Rate
New South Wales	28%	0.33%	28%	0.31%	28%	0.31%
Queensland	23	0.67%	23	0.67%	23	0.68%
Victoria	23	0.39%	23	0.37%	23	0.38%
Western Australia	12	0.88%	12	0.83%	12	0.78%
South Australia	6	0.63%	6	0.60%	6	0.66%
Australian Capital Territory	3	0.18%	3	0.14%	3	0.19%
Tasmania	2	0.32%	2	0.32%	2	0.36%
New Zealand	2	0.06%	2	0.04%	2	0.07%
Northern Territory	1	0.52%	1	0.48%	1	0.42%
Total	<u>100%</u>	0.49%	<u>100%</u>	0.47%	<u>100%</u>	0.48%
By Policy Year ⁽¹⁾						
2009 and prior	43%	0.45%	44%	0.43%	46%	0.46%
2010	4	0.56%	5	0.53%	5	0.60%
2011	5	0.65%	5	0.64%	5	0.69%
2012	6	0.87%	7	0.84%	7	0.79%
2013	7	0.77%	8	0.74%	8	0.66%
2014	8	0.71%	9	0.64%	10	0.58%
2015	8	0.47%	8	0.43%	9	0.28%
2016	7	0.26%	7	0.22%	8	0.05%
2017	6	0.06%	7	0.03%	2	— %
2018	6	— %	—	— %	—	— %
Total	<u>100%</u>	0.49%	<u>100%</u>	0.47%	<u>100%</u>	0.48%

(1) The business currently has structured insurance transactions with two lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force, including delinquent loans, and risk in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

(2) Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Selected Key Performance Measures—Australia Mortgage Insurance Segment
(Australian dollar amounts in millions)

	2018	2017				Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
Paid Claims ⁽¹⁾						
Flow	\$ 44	\$ 51	\$ 42	\$ 40	\$ 33	\$ 166
Bulk	—	1	—	—	—	1
Total Paid Claims	<u>\$ 44</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>	<u>\$ 33</u>	<u>\$ 167</u>
Average Paid Claim (in thousands)	\$ 119.5	\$ 134.4	\$ 110.6	\$ 112.7	\$ 92.5	
Average Reserve Per Delinquency (in thousands)	\$ 39.4	\$ 41.8	\$ 41.5	\$ 41.3	\$ 42.8	
Loss Metrics						
Beginning Reserves	\$ 280	\$ 297	\$ 301	\$ 297	\$ 293	\$ 293
Paid claims ⁽¹⁾	(44)	(52)	(42)	(40)	(33)	(167)
Increase in reserves	38	35	38	44	37	154
Ending Reserves	<u>\$ 274</u>	<u>\$ 280</u>	<u>\$ 297</u>	<u>\$ 301</u>	<u>\$ 297</u>	<u>\$ 280</u>
Loan Amount ^{(2),(3)}						
Over \$550K	17%	17%	17%	16%	16%	
\$400K to \$550K	20	20	20	20	20	
\$250K to \$400K	35	35	35	35	35	
\$100K to \$250K	23	23	23	24	24	
\$100K or Less	5	5	5	5	5	
Total	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	
Average Primary Loan Size (in thousands) ⁽³⁾	\$ 228	\$ 227	\$ 226	\$ 224	\$ 223	

All amounts presented in Australian dollars.

- (1) Paid claims exclude adjustments for expected recoveries related to loss reserves and prior paid claims.
- (2) The percentages in this table are based on the amount of primary insurance in-force in each loan band as a percentage of total insurance in-force.
- (3) The business currently has structured insurance transactions with two lenders where it is in a secondary loss position. The loans in-force associated with these arrangements are excluded from these metrics.

U.S. Life Insurance Segment

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment
(amounts in millions)

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 722	\$ 680	\$ 748	\$ 736	\$ 758	\$2,922
Net investment income	688	697	683	694	681	2,755
Net investment gains (losses)	8	43	27	57	7	134
Policy fees and other income	163	166	154	170	170	660
Total revenues	<u>1,581</u>	<u>1,586</u>	<u>1,612</u>	<u>1,657</u>	<u>1,616</u>	<u>6,471</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1,238	1,298	1,255	1,163	1,164	4,880
Interest credited	119	117	128	129	132	506
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	141	122	149	144	157	572
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	71	107	50	101	70	328
Interest expense	4	4	3	3	3	13
Total benefits and expenses	<u>1,573</u>	<u>1,648</u>	<u>1,585</u>	<u>1,540</u>	<u>1,526</u>	<u>6,299</u>
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	8	(62)	27	117	90	172
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	6	(23)	10	41	32	60
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	2	(39)	17	76	58	112
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	(9)	(45)	(28)	(57)	(8)	(138)
Taxes on adjustments	2	15	10	20	3	48
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (5)</u>	<u>\$ (69)</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$ 53</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>

(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves as reconciled below:

Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ (8)	\$ (43)	\$ (27)	\$ (57)	\$ (7)	\$ (134)
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	(1)	(2)	(1)	—	(1)	(4)
Net investment (gains) losses, net	<u>\$ (9)</u>	<u>\$ (45)</u>	<u>\$ (28)</u>	<u>\$ (57)</u>	<u>\$ (8)</u>	<u>\$ (138)</u>

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Long-Term Care Insurance
(amounts in millions)

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 631	\$ 595	\$ 641	\$ 623	\$ 634	\$2,493
Net investment income	382	386	369	369	356	1,480
Net investment gains (losses)	6	17	23	44	3	87
Policy fees and other income	1	1	—	—	1	2
Total revenues	1,020	999	1,033	1,036	994	4,062
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	928	853	896	821	835	3,405
Interest credited	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	93	80	98	97	112	387
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	27	22	23	23	23	91
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total benefits and expenses	1,048	955	1,017	941	970	3,883
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(28)	44	16	95	24	179
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(1)	15	6	34	8	63
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	(27)	29	10	61	16	116
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:						
Net investment (gains) losses	(6)	(17)	(23)	(44)	(3)	(87)
Taxes on adjustments	1	5	8	16	1	30
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (32)</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ (5)</u>	<u>\$ 33</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ 59</u>
RATIOS:						
Loss Ratio (1)	84.1%	82.0%	78.8%	71.0%	72.0%	75.9%
Gross Benefits Ratio (2)	147.2%	143.3%	139.8%	131.8%	131.6%	136.6%

(1) The loss ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves less tabular interest on reserves less loss adjustment expenses by net earned premiums.

(2) The gross benefits ratio was calculated by dividing benefits and other changes in policy reserves by net earned premiums.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Life Insurance
(amounts in millions)

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 91	\$ 85	\$107	\$113	\$124	\$ 429
Net investment income	124	117	124	126	125	492
Net investment gains (losses)	5	11	7	5	3	26
Policy fees and other income	159	161	151	167	165	644
Total revenues	<u>379</u>	<u>374</u>	<u>389</u>	<u>411</u>	<u>417</u>	<u>1,591</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	247	324	280	248	261	1,113
Interest credited	61	55	63	62	63	243
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	35	34	36	33	33	136
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	29	78	13	62	29	182
Interest expense	4	4	3	3	3	13
Total benefits and expenses	<u>376</u>	<u>495</u>	<u>395</u>	<u>408</u>	<u>389</u>	<u>1,687</u>
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	3	(121)	(6)	3	28	(96)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	—	(43)	(2)	1	10	(34)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	3	(78)	(4)	2	18	(62)
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:						
Net investment (gains) losses	(5)	(11)	(7)	(5)	(3)	(26)
Taxes on adjustments	1	4	2	2	1	9
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ (85)</u>	<u>\$ (9)</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 16</u>	<u>\$ (79)</u>

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—U.S. Life Insurance Segment—Fixed Annuities
(amounts in millions)

	2018	2017				Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Net investment income	182	194	190	199	200	783
Net investment gains (losses)	(3)	15	(3)	8	1	21
Policy fees and other income	3	4	3	3	4	14
Total revenues	<u>182</u>	<u>213</u>	<u>190</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>205</u>	<u>818</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	63	121	79	94	68	362
Interest credited	58	62	65	67	69	263
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	13	8	15	14	12	49
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	15	7	14	16	18	55
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total benefits and expenses	<u>149</u>	<u>198</u>	<u>173</u>	<u>191</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>729</u>
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	<u>33</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>89</u>
Provision for income taxes	7	5	6	6	14	31
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	<u>26</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>58</u>
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	2	(17)	2	(8)	(2)	(25)
Taxes on adjustments	—	6	—	2	1	9
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ 28</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 23</u>	<u>\$ 42</u>

(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves as reconciled below:

Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 3	\$ (15)	\$ 3	\$ (8)	\$ (1)	\$ (21)
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	(1)	(2)	(1)	—	(1)	(4)
Net investment (gains) losses, net	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ (17)</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ (8)</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>	<u>\$ (25)</u>

Runoff Segment

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Adjusted Operating Income—Runoff Segment
(amounts in millions)

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Net investment income	\$ 42	\$41	\$ 40	\$ 41	\$ 38	\$ 160
Net investment gains (losses)	(14)	(8)	9	7	8	16
Policy fees and other income	40	40	41	41	41	163
Total revenues	<u>68</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>89</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>339</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	8	8	5	9	4	26
Interest credited	37	35	36	34	35	140
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	15	14	16	16	15	61
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	7	4	7	7	6	24
Interest expense	—	1	—	1	—	2
Total benefits and expenses	<u>67</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>253</u>
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	<u>1</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>86</u>
Provision for income taxes	—	2	8	7	8	25
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	<u>1</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>61</u>
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:						
Net investment (gains) losses, net ⁽¹⁾	12	7	(8)	(7)	(7)	(15)
Taxes on adjustments	(3)	(3)	3	3	2	5
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$13</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ 51</u>

(1) Net investment (gains) losses were adjusted for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves as reconciled below:

Net investment (gains) losses, gross	\$ 14	\$ 8	\$ (9)	\$ (7)	\$ (8)	\$ (16)
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	(2)	(1)	1	—	1	1
Net investment (gains) losses, net	<u>\$ 12</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ (8)</u>	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ (15)</u>

Corporate and Other

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)—Corporate and Other ⁽¹⁾
(amounts in millions)

	2018	2017				Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
REVENUES:						
Premiums	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 8
Net investment income	2	—	4	—	1	5
Net investment gains (losses)	(1)	(7)	(7)	(12)	(12)	(38)
Policy fees and other income	(2)	—	1	(2)	(1)	(2)
Total revenues	<u>1</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(10)</u>	<u>(27)</u>
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES:						
Benefits and other changes in policy reserves	1	—	2	—	1	3
Acquisition and operating expenses, net of deferrals	11	30	19	14	14	77
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and intangibles	1	—	2	—	—	2
Interest expense	65	63	63	63	53	242
Total benefits and expenses	<u>78</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>324</u>
LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	<u>(77)</u>	<u>(98)</u>	<u>(85)</u>	<u>(90)</u>	<u>(78)</u>	<u>(351)</u>
Benefit for income taxes	(17)	(483)	(23)	(39)	(23)	(568)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	<u>(60)</u>	<u>385</u>	<u>(62)</u>	<u>(51)</u>	<u>(55)</u>	<u>217</u>
ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:						
Net investment (gains) losses	1	7	7	12	12	38
Expenses related to restructuring	—	—	—	—	1	1
Taxes on adjustments	—	(2)	(3)	(4)	(4)	(13)
ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u><u>\$ (59)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 390</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (58)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (43)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (46)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 243</u></u>

(1) Includes inter-segment eliminations and the results of other businesses that are managed outside the operating segments, including certain smaller international mortgage insurance businesses.

Additional Financial Data

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Investments Summary
(amounts in millions)

	<u>March 31, 2018</u>		<u>December 31, 2017</u>		<u>September 30, 2017</u>		<u>June 30, 2017</u>		<u>March 31, 2017</u>	
	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total	Carrying Amount	% of Total
Composition of Investment Portfolio										
Fixed maturity securities:										
Investment grade:										
Public fixed maturity securities	\$ 33,438	45%	\$ 34,281	45%	\$ 34,315	45%	\$ 33,699	44%	\$ 33,049	44%
Private fixed maturity securities	12,278	16	12,504	16	12,354	16	12,058	16	11,483	15
Residential mortgage-backed securities (1)	3,780	5	4,000	6	4,148	6	4,257	6	4,340	6
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	3,332	4	3,426	5	3,393	5	3,387	5	3,283	5
Other asset-backed securities	3,067	4	3,060	4	3,057	4	3,181	4	3,214	4
State and political subdivisions	2,876	4	2,926	4	2,860	4	2,805	4	2,710	4
Non-investment grade fixed maturity securities	2,309	3	2,328	3	2,425	3	2,557	3	2,518	3
Equity securities:										
Common stocks and mutual funds	210	1	229	—	211	—	219	—	202	—
Preferred stocks	589	1	591	1	554	1	636	1	507	1
Commercial mortgage loans	6,336	8	6,341	8	6,268	8	6,237	8	6,107	8
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities	99	—	107	—	111	—	118	—	122	—
Policy loans	1,789	2	1,786	3	1,818	3	1,824	2	1,761	3
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	3,605	5	3,777	5	3,623	5	3,799	5	4,021	5
Securities lending	252	1	268	—	237	—	226	1	281	1
Other invested assets: Limited partnerships	301	1	258	—	244	—	240	—	224	—
Derivatives:										
Long-term care (LTC) forward starting swap—cash flow	54	—	74	—	70	—	243	—	227	—
Other cash flow	114	—	1	—	2	—	2	—	4	—
Equity index options—non-qualified	60	—	80	—	81	—	81	—	77	—
Other non-qualified	1	—	121	—	108	—	418	1	367	1
Trading portfolio	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	71	—
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities	—	—	—	—	—	—	81	—	84	—
Other	130	—	109	—	61	—	21	—	18	—
Total invested assets and cash	<u>\$ 74,620</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 76,267</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 75,940</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 76,089</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 74,670</u>	<u>100%</u>
Public Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:										
NRSRO (2) Designation										
AAA	\$ 12,673	29%	\$ 13,248	29%	\$ 13,494	30%	\$ 13,541	30%	\$ 13,270	30%
AA	4,409	10	4,380	10	4,221	9	4,244	9	4,369	10
A	12,637	28	13,261	29	13,328	29	13,044	29	12,770	29
BBB	13,164	30	13,271	29	13,262	29	12,972	29	12,688	28
BB	1,328	3	1,356	3	1,413	3	1,476	3	1,489	3
B	126	—	109	—	115	—	114	—	113	—
CCC and lower	40	—	40	—	49	—	60	—	60	—
Total public fixed maturity securities	<u>\$ 44,377</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 45,665</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 45,882</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 45,451</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 44,759</u>	<u>100%</u>
Private Fixed Maturity Securities—Credit Quality:										
NRSRO (2) Designation										
AAA	\$ 1,973	12%	\$ 1,848	11%	\$ 1,818	11%	\$ 1,753	11%	\$ 1,695	11%
AA	2,125	13	2,148	13	2,039	12	2,023	12	1,970	12
A	4,731	28	4,856	29	4,835	29	4,957	30	4,836	31
BBB	7,059	42	7,185	43	7,130	43	6,853	42	6,481	41
BB	762	5	765	4	801	5	854	5	802	5
B	51	—	48	—	38	—	40	—	41	—
CCC and lower	2	—	10	—	9	—	13	—	13	—
Total private fixed maturity securities	<u>\$ 16,703</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 16,860</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 16,670</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 16,493</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 15,838</u>	<u>100%</u>

(1) The company does not have any material exposure to residential mortgage-backed securities collateralized debt obligations (CDOs).
(2) Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations.

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Fixed Maturity Securities Summary
(amounts in millions)**

	March 31, 2018		December 31, 2017		September 30, 2017		June 30, 2017		March 31, 2017	
	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total	Fair Value	% of Total
Fixed Maturity Securities—Security Sector:										
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises	\$ 5,398	9%	\$ 5,548	9%	\$ 5,670	9%	\$ 5,629	9%	\$ 5,493	9%
State and political subdivisions	2,876	5	2,926	5	2,860	5	2,806	4	2,710	4
Foreign government	2,299	4	2,233	4	2,226	4	2,091	3	1,817	3
U.S. corporate	27,998	46	28,636	46	28,482	45	28,071	47	27,423	46
Foreign corporate	12,257	20	12,611	20	12,623	20	12,430	20	12,224	21
Residential mortgage-backed securities	3,836	6	4,057	6	4,209	7	4,319	7	4,404	7
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	3,342	5	3,446	5	3,414	5	3,406	5	3,302	5
Other asset-backed securities	3,074	5	3,068	5	3,068	5	3,192	5	3,224	5
Total fixed maturity securities	<u>\$ 61,080</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 62,525</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 62,552</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 61,944</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 60,597</u>	<u>100%</u>
Corporate Bond Holdings—Industry Sector:										
Investment Grade:										
Finance and insurance	\$ 8,934	22%	\$ 9,064	22%	\$ 9,062	22%	\$ 8,961	22%	\$ 8,661	22%
Utilities	5,800	15	5,951	15	5,920	14	5,832	14	5,604	14
Energy	3,381	8	3,442	8	3,360	8	3,151	8	3,049	8
Consumer—non-cyclical	5,124	13	5,363	13	5,385	13	5,346	13	5,316	13
Consumer—cyclical	1,866	5	1,973	5	1,950	5	1,907	5	1,840	4
Capital goods	2,838	7	2,837	7	2,753	7	2,706	7	2,732	7
Industrial	2,089	5	2,143	5	2,141	5	2,093	5	2,025	5
Technology and communications	3,329	8	3,422	8	3,336	8	3,302	8	3,252	8
Transportation	1,943	5	2,001	5	1,993	5	1,853	4	1,841	5
Other	2,909	7	3,001	7	3,066	8	3,077	8	3,045	8
Subtotal	<u>38,213</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>39,197</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>38,966</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>38,228</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>37,365</u>	<u>94</u>
Non-Investment Grade:										
Finance and insurance	201	1	199	1	221	1	219	1	244	1
Utilities	77	—	64	—	65	—	69	—	51	—
Energy	456	1	506	1	543	1	653	2	685	2
Consumer—non-cyclical	224	1	180	1	159	—	182	—	189	1
Consumer—cyclical	176	—	172	—	188	1	186	1	183	—
Capital goods	173	—	163	—	155	—	155	—	162	—
Industrial	219	1	247	1	263	1	266	1	251	1
Technology and communications	418	1	405	1	418	1	416	1	403	1
Transportation	17	—	11	—	31	—	30	—	29	—
Other	81	—	103	—	96	—	97	—	85	—
Subtotal	<u>2,042</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,050</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,139</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2,273</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2,282</u>	<u>6</u>
Total	<u>\$ 40,255</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 41,247</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 41,105</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 40,501</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 39,647</u>	<u>100%</u>
Fixed Maturity Securities—Contractual Maturity Dates:										
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,677	3%	\$ 1,738	3%	\$ 1,966	3%	\$ 1,906	3%	\$ 1,776	3%
Due after one year through five years	11,146	18	11,197	18	11,333	18	10,967	18	10,764	18
Due after five years through ten years	12,876	21	12,865	20	12,933	21	12,722	21	12,386	20
Due after ten years	25,129	41	26,154	42	25,629	41	25,432	41	24,741	41
Subtotal	50,828	83	51,954	83	51,861	83	51,027	83	49,667	82
Mortgage and asset-backed securities	10,252	17	10,571	17	10,691	17	10,917	17	10,930	18
Total fixed maturity securities	<u>\$ 61,080</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 62,525</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 62,552</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 61,944</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 60,597</u>	<u>100%</u>

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

General Account U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income Yields
(amounts in millions)

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
U.S. GAAP Net Investment Income						
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	\$ 635	\$ 648	\$ 640	\$ 649	\$ 641	\$2,578
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	3	3	3	3	3	12
Commercial mortgage loans	82	75	78	76	77	306
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities	2	2	3	2	2	9
Equity securities	10	10	9	9	8	36
Other invested assets	37	39	35	30	31	135
Limited partnerships	2	12	4	5	1	22
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities	—	—	—	1	—	1
Policy loans	43	33	39	39	42	153
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	12	10	10	10	6	36
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	826	832	821	824	811	3,288
Expenses and fees	(22)	(20)	(24)	(23)	(21)	(88)
Net investment income	\$ 804	\$ 812	\$ 797	\$ 801	\$ 790	\$3,200
Annualized Yields						
Fixed maturity securities—taxable	4.4%	4.5%	4.5%	4.6%	4.5%	4.5%
Fixed maturity securities—non-taxable	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%
Commercial mortgage loans	5.2%	4.8%	5.0%	4.9%	5.0%	4.9%
Restricted commercial mortgage loans related to securitization entities	7.8%	7.3%	10.5%	6.7%	6.4%	7.7%
Equity securities	5.1%	5.4%	5.1%	5.3%	4.9%	5.2%
Other invested assets	129.8%	167.7%	1251.7%	601.0%	81.1%	132.4%
Limited partnerships (1)	2.9%	19.1%	6.6%	8.6%	1.9%	9.4%
Restricted other invested assets related to securitization entities	— %	— %	— %	4.8%	— %	1.1%
Policy loans	9.6%	7.3%	8.6%	8.7%	9.6%	8.6%
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	1.3%	1.1%	1.1%	1.0%	0.7%	1.0%
Gross investment income before expenses and fees	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%
Expenses and fees	-0.2%	-0.1%	-0.2%	-0.1%	-0.2%	-0.1%
Net investment income	4.6%	4.6%	4.5%	4.6%	4.5%	4.6%

Yields are based on net investment income as reported under U.S. GAAP and are consistent with how the company measures its investment performance for management purposes. Yields are annualized, for interim periods, and are calculated as net investment income as a percentage of average quarterly asset carrying values except for fixed maturity and equity securities, derivatives and derivative counterparty collateral, which exclude unrealized fair value adjustments and securities lending activity, which is included in other invested assets and is calculated net of the corresponding securities lending liability. See page 49 herein for average invested assets and cash used in the yield calculation.

(1) Limited partnership investments are equity-based and do not have fixed returns by period.

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Net Investment Gains (Losses), Net—Detail
(amounts in millions)

	2018	2017				Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
Net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities:						
Fixed maturity securities:						
U.S. corporate	\$ (3)	\$ 38	\$ 27	\$ 56	\$ 15	\$ 136
U.S. government, agencies and government-sponsored enterprises	—	1	—	1	(10)	(8)
Foreign corporate	(3)	1	(2)	3	20	22
Foreign government	—	—	(1)	1	2	2
Mortgage-backed securities	(2)	(1)	—	—	—	(1)
Asset-backed securities	—	(1)	—	(8)	(5)	(14)
Equity securities (1)	—	2	3	—	2	7
Foreign exchange	(1)	1	3	10	5	19
Total net realized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	(9)	41	30	63	29	163
Impairments:						
Corporate fixed maturity securities	—	—	—	—	(1)	(1)
Limited partnerships	—	(1)	—	(1)	—	(2)
Equity securities	—	(1)	(1)	(1)	—	(3)
Total impairments	—	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(6)
Net realized gains (losses) on equity securities sold (1)	2	—	—	—	—	—
Net unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities still held (1)	(18)	—	—	—	—	—
Trading securities	—	—	—	1	—	1
Limited partnerships	7	—	—	—	—	—
Commercial mortgage loans held-for-sale market valuation allowance	—	—	1	1	1	3
Net gains (losses) related to securitization entities	—	2	1	2	2	7
Derivative instruments	(13)	4	54	36	3	97
Net investment gains (losses), gross	(31)	45	85	101	34	265
Adjustment for DAC and other intangible amortization and certain benefit reserves	3	3	—	—	—	3
Adjustment for net investment (gains) losses attributable to noncontrolling interests	11	(7)	(23)	(22)	(14)	(66)
Net investment gains (losses), net	<u>\$ (17)</u>	<u>\$ 41</u>	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 79</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>	<u>\$ 202</u>

(1) The change in the classification of equity securities related to the impact of adopting new accounting guidance related to the recognition and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities on January 1, 2018.

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

**Reconciliation of Operating ROE
(amounts in millions)**

Twelve Month Rolling Average ROE

	Twelve months ended				
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE					
Net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the twelve months ended (1)	\$ 774	\$ 817	\$ 342	\$ (145)	\$ (175)
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (2)	\$ 10,091	\$ 9,923	\$ 9,778	\$ 9,781	\$ 9,770
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE (1)/(2)	7.7%	8.2%	3.5%	-1.5%	-1.8%
Operating ROE					
Adjusted operating income (loss) for the twelve months ended (1)	\$ 678	\$ 696	\$ 233	\$ (248)	\$ (276)
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (2)	\$ 10,091	\$ 9,923	\$ 9,778	\$ 9,781	\$ 9,770
Operating ROE (1)/(2)	6.7%	7.0%	2.4%	-2.5%	-2.8%

Quarterly Average ROE

	Three months ended				
	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
U.S. GAAP Basis ROE					
Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders for the period ended (3)	\$ 112	\$ 353	\$ 107	\$ 202	\$ 155
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (4)	\$ 10,391	\$ 10,213	\$ 9,979	\$ 9,820	\$ 9,633
Annualized U.S. GAAP Quarterly Basis ROE (3)/(4)	4.3%	13.8%	4.3%	8.2%	6.4%
Operating ROE					
Adjusted operating income for the period ended (3)	\$ 125	\$ 326	\$ 76	\$ 151	\$ 143
Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity for the period, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (4)	\$ 10,391	\$ 10,213	\$ 9,979	\$ 9,820	\$ 9,633
Annualized Operating Quarterly Basis ROE (3)/(4)	4.8%	12.8%	3.0%	6.2%	5.9%

Non-GAAP Definition for Operating ROE

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled "operating return on equity" or "operating ROE." The company defines operating ROE as adjusted operating income (loss) divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity. Management believes that analysis of operating ROE enhances understanding of the efficiency with which the company deploys its capital. However, operating ROE is not a substitute for net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders divided by average ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

- (1) The twelve months ended information is derived by adding the four quarters of net income (loss) available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income (loss) from page 9 herein.
- (2) Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), for the most recent five quarters.
- (3) Net income available to Genworth Financial, Inc.'s common stockholders and adjusted operating income from page 9 herein.
- (4) Quarterly average Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), is derived by averaging ending Genworth Financial, Inc.'s stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018

Reconciliation of Core Yield

	2018		2017			Total
	1Q	4Q	3Q	2Q	1Q	
(Assets—amounts in billions)						
Reported—Total Invested Assets and Cash	\$74.6	\$76.3	\$75.9	\$76.1	\$74.7	\$ 76.3
Subtract:						
Securities lending	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Unrealized gains (losses)	3.7	5.4	5.1	5.6	4.6	5.4
Adjusted end of period invested assets and cash	<u>\$70.7</u>	<u>\$70.6</u>	<u>\$70.6</u>	<u>\$70.3</u>	<u>\$69.8</u>	<u>\$ 70.6</u>
(A) Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Reported Yield Calculation	\$70.7	\$70.6	\$70.5	\$70.1	\$69.7	\$ 70.1
Subtract:						
Restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets related to securitization entities (1)	0.1	—	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
(B) Average Invested Assets and Cash Used in Core Yield Calculation	<u>\$70.6</u>	<u>\$70.6</u>	<u>\$70.4</u>	<u>\$70.0</u>	<u>\$69.6</u>	<u>\$ 70.0</u>
(Income—amounts in millions)						
(C) Reported—Net Investment Income	\$ 804	\$ 812	\$ 797	\$ 801	\$ 790	\$3,200
Subtract:						
Bond calls and commercial mortgage loan prepayments	11	13	10	8	6	37
Other non-core items (2)	(2)	3	3	8	3	17
Restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets related to securitization entities (1)	1	2	1	2	1	6
(D) Core Net Investment Income	<u>\$ 794</u>	<u>\$ 794</u>	<u>\$ 783</u>	<u>\$ 783</u>	<u>\$ 780</u>	<u>\$3,140</u>
(C) / (A) Reported Yield	4.55%	4.60%	4.52%	4.57%	4.53%	4.56%
(D) / (B) Core Yield	4.50%	4.50%	4.45%	4.47%	4.48%	4.48%

Note: Yields have been annualized.

Non-GAAP Definition for Core Yield

The company references the non-GAAP financial measure entitled “core yield” as a measure of investment yield. The company defines core yield as the investment yield adjusted for items that do not reflect the underlying performance of the investment portfolio. Management believes that analysis of core yield enhances understanding of the investment yield of the company. However, core yield is not a substitute for investment yield determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

(1) Represents the incremental assets and investment income related to restricted commercial mortgage loans and other invested assets.

(2) Includes cost basis adjustments on structured securities and various other immaterial items.

Corporate Information

**GENWORTH FINANCIAL, INC.
FINANCIAL SUPPLEMENT
FIRST QUARTER 2018**

Financial Strength Ratings As Of April 30, 2018

Company	Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P)	Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's)	A.M. Best Company, Inc. (A.M. Best)
Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation	BB+ (Marginal)	Ba1 (Questionable)	Not rated
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Company Canada (1)	A+ (Strong)	Not rated	Not rated
Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Australia) (2)	A+ (Strong)	Baa1 (Adequate)	Not rated
Genworth Life Insurance Company	B+ (Weak)	B3 (Poor)	B- (Fair)
Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company	B+ (Weak)	Ba3 (Questionable)	B+ (Good)
Genworth Life Insurance Company of New York	B+ (Weak)	B3 (Poor)	B- (Fair)

The S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, Dominion Bond Rating Service (DBRS) and Fitch Rating Service (Fitch) ratings included are not designed to be, and do not serve as, measures of protection or valuation offered to investors. These financial strength ratings should not be relied on with respect to making an investment in the company's securities.

S&P states that insurers rated "A" (Strong), "BB" (Marginal) or "B" (Weak) have strong, marginal or weak financial security characteristics, respectively. The "A," "BB" and "B" ranges are the third-, fifth- and sixth-highest of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by S&P, which range from "AAA" to "R." A plus (+) or minus (-) shows relative standing within a major rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "CCC" category. Accordingly, the "A+," "BB+" and "B+" ratings are the fifth-, eleventh- and fourteenth-highest of S&P's 21 ratings categories.

Moody's states that insurance companies rated "Baa" (Adequate) offer adequate financial security and that insurance companies rated "Ba" (Questionable) or "B" (Poor) offer questionable financial security. The "Baa" (Adequate), "Ba" (Questionable) and "B" (Poor) ranges are the fourth-, fifth- and sixth-highest, respectively, of nine financial strength rating ranges assigned by Moody's, which range from "Aaa" to "C." Numeric modifiers are used to refer to the ranking within the group, with 1 being the highest and 3 being the lowest. These modifiers are not added to ratings in the "Aaa" category or to ratings below the "Caa" category. Accordingly, the "Baa1," "Ba1," "Ba3" and "B3" ratings are the eighth-, eleventh-, thirteenth and sixteenth-highest, respectively, of Moody's 21 ratings categories.

A.M. Best states that its "B+" (Good) rating is assigned to those companies that have, in its opinion, a good ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations while "B-" (Fair) is assigned to those companies that have, in its opinion, a fair ability to meet their ongoing insurance obligations. The "B+" (Good) and "B-" (Fair) ratings are the sixth- and eighth-highest of 15 ratings assigned by A.M. Best, which range from "A++" to "F."

DBRS states that long-term obligations rated "AA" are of superior credit quality. The capacity for the payment of financial obligations is considered high and unlikely to be significantly vulnerable to future events. Credit quality differs from "AAA" only to a small degree.

The Australian mortgage insurance subsidiary also solicits a rating from Fitch. Fitch states that "A" (Strong) rated insurance companies are viewed as possessing strong capacity to meet policyholder and contract obligations. The "A" rating category is the third-highest of nine financial strength rating categories, which range from "AAA" to "C." The symbol (+) or (-) may be appended to a rating to indicate the relative position of a credit within a rating category. These suffixes are not added to ratings in the "AAA" category or to ratings below the "B" category. Accordingly, the "A+" rating is the fifth-highest of Fitch's 21 ratings categories.

The company also solicits a rating from HR Ratings on a local scale for Genworth Seguros de Credito a la Vivienda S.A. de C.V., its Mexican mortgage insurance subsidiary, with a short-term rating of "HR1" and long-term rating of "HR AA-." For short-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR1" rated companies are viewed as exhibiting high capacity for timely payment of debt obligations in the short-term and maintain low credit risk. The "HR1" short-term rating category is the highest of six short-term rating categories, which range from "HR1" to "HR D." For long-term ratings, HR Ratings states that "HR AA-" rated companies are viewed as having high credit quality and offer high safety for timely payment of debt obligations and maintain low credit risk under adverse economic scenarios. The "HR AA-" long-term rating is the second-highest of HR Rating's eight long-term rating categories, which range from "HR AAA" to "HR D."

S&P, Moody's, A.M. Best, DBRS, Fitch and HR Ratings review their ratings periodically and the company cannot assure you that it will maintain the current ratings in the future. Other agencies may also rate the company or its insurance subsidiaries on a solicited or an unsolicited basis.

(1) Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Company Canada is also rated "AA" by DBRS.

(2) Genworth Financial Mortgage Insurance Pty Limited (Australia) is also rated "A+" by Fitch.