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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Perio	d Ended June 30, 2016				
☐ TRANSITION REPORT	PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE AC	CT OF 1934		
For the Transition Period	od From to				
	Commiss	sion File Number: 000-23189			
	C.H. ROBINS	ON WORLDWIDE	, INC.		
	(Exact name o	of registrant as specified in its charter)			
	Delaware		41-1883630		
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Em				
14701 Charlson	Road, Eden Prairie, Minnesota		55347-5088		
(Address of	f principal executive offices)	052 025 0500	(Zip Code)		
	Registrant'	952-937-8500 s telephone number, including area code			
		ired to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Secu uch reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing	rities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 grequirements for the past 90 days. Yes		
posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Reg			Interactive Date File required to be submitted and er period that the registrant was required to submit		
3	2 2	n accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a sm Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one)	naller reporting company. See definitions of "large		
Large accelerated filer	×	Accelerated filer			
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company			
Indicate by check mark whether the	e registrant is a shell company (as define	ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \Box	No 🗷		
As of August 4, 2016, the number	of shares outstanding of the registrant's	Common Stock, par value \$.10 per share, was 14	12,707,477 .		

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

C.H. ROBINSON WORLDWIDE, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

		June 30,	D	December 31,	
(In thousands, except per share data)		2016		2015	
ASSETS					
Current assets:			•	4.00.000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	207,083	\$	168,229	
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$40,693 and \$43,455		1,602,631		1,505,620	
Deferred tax asset		10,261		16,788	
Prepaid expenses and other		59,127		40,061	
Total current assets		1,879,102		1,730,698	
Property and equipment, net		211,905		190,874	
Goodwill		1,108,761		1,108,337	
Other intangible assets, net		108,072		120,242	
Other assets		41,230		34,207	
Total assets	\$	3,349,070	\$	3,184,358	
A LA DIA METER A NID CETO CAMANA DEDICA INVESTMENTE					
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' INVESTMENT					
Current liabilities:			•		
Accounts payable	\$	757,792	\$	697,585	
Outstanding checks		78,929		86,298	
Accrued expenses:					
Compensation and profit-sharing contribution		84,648		146,666	
Income taxes		42,094		12,573	
Other accrued liabilities		62,994		55,475	
Current portion of debt		465,000		450,000	
Total current liabilities		1,491,457		1,448,597	
Long-term debt		500,000		500,000	
Noncurrent income taxes payable		18,615		19,634	
Deferred tax liabilities		75,937		65,460	
Other long-term liabilities		221		217	
Total liabilities		2,086,230	_	2,033,908	
Stockholders' investment:		2,080,230		2,033,908	
Preferred stock, \$.10 par value, 20,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding				_	
Common stock, \$.10 par value, 480,000 shares authorized; 178,783 and 178,784 shares issued, 142,833 and 143,455 outstanding		14,283		14,345	
Additional paid-in capital		404,784		379,444	
Retained earnings		3,057,158		2,922,620	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(37,973)		(37,946)	
Treasury stock at cost (35,950 and 35,329 shares)		(2,175,412)		(2,128,013)	
Total stockholders' investment					
	<u></u>	1,262,840	œ.	1,150,450	
Total liabilities and stockholders' investment See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.	\$	3,349,070	\$	3,184,358	

C.H. ROBINSON WORLDWIDE, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
(In thousands, except per share data)		2016		2015		2016		2015		
Revenues:										
Transportation	\$	2,881,496	\$	3,130,722	\$	5,595,184	\$	6,077,979		
Sourcing		418,245		414,366		778,500		767,999		
Total revenues		3,299,741	,	3,545,088		6,373,684		6,845,978		
Costs and expenses:										
Purchased transportation and related services		2,324,995		2,582,374		4,504,617		5,034,486		
Purchased products sourced for resale		380,531		378,696		711,517		702,364		
Personnel expenses		270,251		263,999		547,748		519,143		
Other selling, general, and administrative expenses		90,217		90,924		177,103		178,965		
Total costs and expenses		3,065,994		3,315,993		5,940,985		6,434,958		
Income from operations		233,747		229,095		432,699		411,020		
Interest and other expense		(6,265)		(5,894)		(15,037)		(15,499)		
Income before provision for income taxes		227,482		223,201		417,662		395,521		
Provision for income taxes		84,392		85,993		155,609		151,837		
Net income		143,090		137,208		262,053		243,684		
Other comprehensive (loss) gain		(3,577)		4,130		(27)		(9,068)		
Comprehensive income	\$	139,513	\$	141,338	\$	262,026	\$	234,616		
Basic net income per share	\$	1.00	\$	0.94	\$	1.83	\$	1.67		
Diluted net income per share	The second secon		-	1.83	\$	1.67				
Basic weighted average shares outstanding		142 009		145 515		142 250		145 956		
Dilutive effect of outstanding stock awards		142,998 218		145,515 164		143,259 178		145,856 164		
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding										
Diffuted weighted average shares outstanding		143,216		145,679		143,437		146,020		

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

C.H. ROBINSON WORLDWIDE, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(In thousands) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	\$ 262,053	\$	2015
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	\$ 262,053	\$	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization	\$ 262,053	\$	
Depreciation and amortization		Ψ	243,684
-			
	35,059		32,682
Provision for doubtful accounts	2,144		9,053
Stock-based compensation	25,785		31,019
Deferred income taxes	17,004		(1,780
Loss on sale/disposal of assets	366		438
Changes in operating elements (net of acquisitions):			
Receivables	(94,030)		(87,663
Prepaid expenses and other	(19,066)		(19,802
Other non-current assets	(1,615)		736
Accounts payable and outstanding checks	52,843		56,891
Accrued compensation and profit-sharing contribution	(61,029)		(32,027
Accrued income taxes	28,502		21,230
Other accrued liabilities	(755)		(3,265
Net cash provided by operating activities	247,261		251,196
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property and equipment	(33,483)		(11,542
Purchases and development of software	(10,493)		(8,063
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(10,193)		(369,143
Restricted cash	_		359,388
Other	(405)		361
Net cash used for investing activities	 (44,381)		(28,999
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from stock issued for employee benefit plans	12,132		9,858
Stock tendered for payment of withholding taxes	(33,133)		(10,190
Repurchase of common stock	(45,248)		(89,923
Cash dividends	(127,520)		(114,517
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation	15,104		6,040
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	2,840,000		3,893,000
Payments on short-term borrowings	 (2,825,000)		(3,868,000
Net cash used for financing activities	 (163,665)		(173,732
Effect of exchange rates on cash	(361)		(5,954
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	 38,854		42,511
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	168,229		128,940
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 207,083	\$	171,451
Noncash transactions from investing activities:		Ф	
Accrued purchases of property and equipment See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.	\$ 5,359	\$	

C.H. ROBINSON WORLDWIDE, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. GENERAL

Basis of Presentation - C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc. and our subsidiaries ("the company," "we," "us," or "our") are a global provider of transportation services and logistics solutions operating through a network of offices located in North America, Europe, Asia, and South America. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc. and our majority owned and controlled subsidiaries. Our minority interests in subsidiaries are not significant. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

The condensed consolidated financial statements, which are unaudited, have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In our opinion, these financial statements include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements for the interim periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

Consistent with SEC rules and regulations, we have condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. You should read the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards - In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842). This update requires a lessee to recognize on the balance sheet a liability to make lease payments and a corresponding right-of-use asset. The guidance also requires certain qualitative and quantitative disclosures about the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. This update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, which will require us to adopt these provisions in the first quarter of 2019 using a modified retrospective approach. Early adoption is permitted. We have not yet selected a transition date nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Compensation - Stock Compensation* (Topic 718). This update was issued as part of the FASB's simplification initiative and affects all entities that issue share-based payment awards to their employees. The amendments in this update cover such areas as the recognition of excess tax benefits and deficiencies, the classification of those excess tax benefits on the statement of cash flows, and accounting policy election for forfeitures, the amount an employer can withhold to cover income taxes and still qualify for equity classification, and the classification of those taxes paid on the statement of cash flows. This update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016, which will require us to adopt these provisions in the first quarter of 2017. This guidance will be applied either prospectively, retrospectively or using a modified retrospective transition method. Early adoption is permitted. We have not yet selected a transition date nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

NOTE 2. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The change in the carrying amount of goodwill is as follows (in thousands):

Balance, December 31, 2015	\$ 1,108,337
Foreign currency translation	424
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,108,761

A summary of our other intangible assets, with finite lives, which include primarily customer relationships and non-competition agreements, is as follows (in thousands):

	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Decem	iber 31, 2015
Gross	\$	171,172	\$	171,172
Accumulated amortization		(73,575)		(61,405)
Net	\$	97,597	\$	109,767

Other intangible assets, with indefinite lives, are as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Trademarks	\$ 10,475	\$	10,475	

Amortization expense for other intangible assets is as follows (in thousands):

	Th	ree Months	Ende	d June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30			
		2016		2015	2016		2015	
Amortization expense	\$	6,095	\$	6,093	\$	12,188	\$ 12,189	

Intangible assets at June 30, 2016, will be amortized over the next five years, and that expense is as follows:

Remainder of 2016	\$ 12,183
2017	24,324
2018	23,785
2019	23,785
2020	13,520
Thereafter	_
Total	\$ 97,597

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Accounting guidance on fair value measurements for certain financial assets and liabilities requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs reflecting the reporting entity's own assumptions or external inputs from inactive markets.

A financial asset or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

We had no Level 3 assets or liabilities as of and during the periods ended June 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015.

NOTE 4. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

On October 29, 2012, we entered into a senior unsecured revolving credit facility for up to \$500 million with a \$500 million accordion feature (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of financial institutions led by U.S. Bank. The purpose of this facility was to partially fund the acquisition of Phoenix International Freight Services, Ltd. ("Phoenix") and to allow us to continue to fund working capital, capital expenditures, dividends, and share repurchases. In December 2014, we amended the credit facility to increase the amount available from \$500 million to \$900 million and to extend the expiration date from October 2017 to December 2019.

As of June 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015, we had \$465 million and \$450 million, respectively, in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Agreement, which is classified as a current liability on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The recorded amount of borrowings outstanding approximates fair value because of the short maturity period of the debt; therefore, we consider these borrowings to be a Level 2 financial liability.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement generally bear interest at a variable rate determined by a pricing schedule or the base rate (which is the highest of (a) the administrative agent's prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.50 percent, or (c) the sum of one-month LIBOR plus a specified margin). As of June 30, 2016, the variable rate equaled LIBOR plus 1.00 percent. In addition, there is a commitment fee on the average daily undrawn stated amount under each letter of credit issued under the facility. The weighted average interest rate incurred on borrowings during the quarter ended June 30, 2016, was approximately 1.5 percent and at June 30, 2016, was approximately 1.5 percent and at June 30, 2015, was approximately 1.3 percent and at June 30, 2015, was approximately 1.3 percent.

The Credit Agreement contains various restrictions and covenants. Among other requirements, we may not permit our leverage ratio, determined as of the end of each of our fiscal quarters, of (i) Consolidated Funded Indebtedness to (ii) EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization), to exceed 3.00 to 1.00. We were in compliance with all of the financial debt covenants as of June 30, 2016.

The Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default. If an event of default under the Credit Agreement occurs and is continuing, then the administrative agent may declare any outstanding obligations under the Credit Agreement to be immediately due and payable. In addition, if we become the subject of voluntary or involuntary proceedings under any bankruptcy, insolvency, or similar law, then any outstanding obligations under the Credit Agreement will automatically become immediately due and payable.

On August 23, 2013, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement with certain institutional investors (the "Purchasers") named therein (the "Note Purchase Agreement"). Pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreement, the Purchasers purchased, on August 27, 2013, (i) \$175,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the company's 3.97 percent Senior Notes, Series A, due August 27, 2023 (the "Series A Notes"), (ii) \$150,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the company's 4.26 percent Senior Notes, Series B, due August 27, 2028 (the "Series B Notes"), and (iii) \$175,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the company's 4.60 percent Senior Notes, Series C, due August 27, 2033 (the "Series C Notes" and, together with the Series A Notes and the Series B Notes, the "Notes"). Interest on the Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears. We applied the proceeds of the sale of the Notes for share repurchases.

The Note Purchase Agreement contains customary provisions for transactions of this type, including representations and warranties regarding the company and its subsidiaries and various covenants, including covenants that require us to maintain specified financial ratios. The Note Purchase Agreement includes the following financial covenants: we will not permit our leverage ratio, determined as of the end of each of our fiscal quarters, of (i) Consolidated Funded Indebtedness to (ii) EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization), to exceed 3.00 to 1.00; we will not permit the interest coverage ratio, as of the end of each of our fiscal quarters and for the twelve-month period then ending, of (i) Consolidated EBIT (earnings before income taxes) to (ii) Consolidated Interest Expense to be less than 2.00 to 1.00; and we will not permit, as of the end of each of our fiscal quarters, Consolidated Priority Debt to exceed 15 percent of Consolidated Total Assets. We were in compliance with all of the financial debt covenants as of June 30, 2016.

The Note Purchase Agreement provides for customary events of default, generally with corresponding grace periods, including, without limitation, payment defaults with respect to the Notes, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to other agreements evidencing indebtedness of the company or its subsidiaries, certain judgments against the company or its subsidiaries, and events of bankruptcy involving the company or its material subsidiaries. The occurrence of an event of default would permit certain Purchasers to declare certain Notes then outstanding to be immediately due and payable.

Under the terms of the Note Purchase Agreement, the Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at 100 percent of the principal amount being redeemed together with a "make-whole amount" (as defined in the Note Purchase Agreement), and accrued and unpaid interest with respect to each Note. The obligations of the company under the Note Purchase Agreement and the Notes are guaranteed by C.H. Robinson Company, a Delaware corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company, and by C.H. Robinson Company, Inc., a Minnesota corporation and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the company.

The Notes were issued by the company to the initial purchasers in a private placement in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an applicable exemption from registration requirements.

The fair value of long-term debt approximated \$570.2 million at June 30, 2016. We estimate the fair value of our debt primarily using an expected present value technique, which is based on observable market inputs using interest rates currently available to companies of similar credit standing for similar terms and remaining maturities, and considering our own risk. If our long-term debt was recorded at fair value, it would be classified as Level 2.

NOTE 5. INCOME TAXES

C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc. and its 80 percent (or more) owned U.S. subsidiaries file a consolidated federal income tax return. We file unitary or separate state returns based on state filing requirements. With few exceptions, we are no longer subject to audits of U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax returns before 2009. During the first quarter of 2016, we asserted that we will indefinitely reinvest earnings of foreign subsidiaries to support expansion of our international businesses. The assertion decreased deferred income taxes related to undistributed foreign earnings by \$1.3 million in the second quarter of 2016 and reduced the effective tax rate compared to the second quarter of 2015.

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was 37.1 percent and 38.5 percent, respectively. The effective income tax rate for both periods is greater than the statutory federal income tax rate due to state income taxes, net of federal benefit.

NOTE 6. STOCK AWARD PLANS

Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is recognized as expense as it vests. A summary of our total compensation expense recognized in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income for stock-based compensation is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Stock options	\$	1,878	\$	4,109	\$	5,215	\$	7,873
Stock awards		8,181		11,057		19,021		21,736
Company expense on ESPP discount		547		517		1,549		1,410
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	10,606	\$	15,683	\$	25,785	\$	31,019

On May 12, 2016, our shareholders approved our amended 2013 Equity Incentive Plan, which allows us to grant certain stock awards, including stock options at fair market value and performance shares and restricted stock units, to our key employees and outside directors. A maximum of 6,000,000 shares plus the shares remaining available for future grants under the 2013 Equity Incentive Plan as of May 12, 2016, can be granted under this plan. Approximately 6,751,919 shares were available for stock awards as of June 30, 2016. Shares subject to awards that expire or are canceled without delivery of shares or that are settled in cash generally become available again for issuance under the plan.

Stock Options - We have awarded performance-based stock options to certain key employees. These options are subject to certain vesting requirements over a five -year period based on the company's earnings growth. Any options remaining unvested at the end of the five -year vesting period are forfeited to the company. Although participants can exercise options via a stock swap exercise, we do not issue reloads (restoration options).

The fair value of these options is established based on the market price on the date of grant, discounted for post-vesting holding restrictions, calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Changes in measured stock price volatility and interest rates are the primary reasons for changes in the discount. These grants are being expensed based on the terms of the awards. As of June 30, 2016, unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options was \$48.0 million. The amount of future expense to be recognized will be based on the company's earnings growth and certain other conditions.

Full Value Awards - We have awarded performance shares and restricted stock units to certain key employees and non-employee directors. These awards are subject to certain vesting requirements over a five -year period, based on the company's earnings growth. The awards also contain restrictions on the awardees' ability to sell or transfer vested awards for a specified period of time. The fair value of these awards is established based on the market price on the date of grant, discounted for post-vesting holding restrictions. The discounts on outstanding grants vary from 17 percent to 22 percent and are calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model-protective put method. Changes in measured stock price volatility and interest rates are the primary reasons for changes in the discount. These grants are being expensed based on the terms of the awards.

We have also awarded restricted shares and restricted stock units to certain key employees that vest primarily based on their continued employment. The value of these awards is established by the market price on the date of the grant and is being expensed over the vesting period of the award.

We have also issued to certain key employees and non-employee directors restricted stock units which are fully vested upon issuance. These units contain restrictions on the awardees' ability to sell or transfer vested units for a specified period of time. The fair value of these units is established using the same method discussed above. These grants have been expensed during the year they were earned.

As of June 30, 2016, there was unrecognized compensation expense of \$108.5 million related to previously granted full value awards. The amount of future expense to be recognized will be based on the company's earnings growth and certain other conditions.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan - Our 1997 Employee Stock Purchase Plan allows our employees to contribute up to \$10,000 of their annual cash compensation to purchase company stock. Purchase price is determined using the closing price on the last day of each quarter discounted by 15 percent . Shares vest immediately. The following is a summary of the employee stock purchase plan activity (dollar amounts in thousands):

Three	Months	Ended	June 30	2016

Shares purchased by employees	Aggregate cost to employees		Expense recognized by the company	
48,943	\$	3,094	\$ 54	.7

NOTE 7. LITIGATION

We are not subject to any pending or threatened litigation other than routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of our business operations, including 23 contingent auto liability cases. For some legal proceedings, we have accrued an amount that reflects the aggregate liability deemed probable and estimable, but this amount is not material to our condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. Because of the preliminary nature of many of these proceedings, the difficulty in ascertaining the applicable facts relating to many of these proceedings, the inconsistent treatment of claims made in many of these proceedings, and the difficulty of predicting the settlement value of many of these proceedings, we are often unable to estimate an amount or range of any reasonably possible additional losses. However, based upon our historical experience, the resolution of these proceedings is not expected to have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

NOTE 8. ACQUISITIONS

On January 1, 2015, we completed the acquisition of Freightquote.com, Inc. ("Freightquote") for the purpose of enhancing our less than truckload and truckload businesses and expanding our eCommerce capabilities. Total purchase consideration was \$398.6 million, which was paid in cash. We used advances under the Credit Agreement to fund part of the cash consideration. The following is a summary of the allocation of purchase consideration to the estimated fair value of net assets for the acquisition of Freightquote (in thousands):

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,302
Receivables	56,228
Other current assets	2,395
Property and equipment	43,687
Identifiable intangible assets	37,800
Goodwill	287,220
Trademarks	8,600
Other noncurrent assets	3,421
Total assets	468,653
Accounts payable	(44,622)
Accrued expenses	(5,485)
Other liabilities	(19,939)
Estimated net assets acquired	\$ 398,607

Identifiable intangible assets and estimated useful lives are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Estimated Life (years)		
Customer relationships	5	\$	37,500
Noncompete agreements	5		300
Total identifiable intangible assets		\$	37,800

We also acquired a trademark valued at \$8.6 million which has been determined to be indefinite-lived. The Freightquote goodwill is a result of acquiring and retaining the Freightquote existing workforce and expected synergies from integrating their business into C.H. Robinson. Purchase accounting is considered final. The goodwill will not be deductible for tax purposes.

NOTE 9. CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Accumulated other comprehensive loss is included in Stockholders' investment on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The recorded balance, at June 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015, was \$38.0 million and \$37.9 million, respectively. Accumulated other comprehensive loss is comprised solely of foreign currency translation adjustment at June 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Our quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including this discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and our disclosures about market risk, contains certain "forward-looking statements." These statements represent our expectations, beliefs, intentions, or strategies concerning future events that, by their nature, involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements include, among others, statements about our future performance, the continuation of historical trends, the sufficiency of our sources of capital for future needs, the effects of acquisitions or dispositions, the expected impact of recently issued accounting pronouncements, and the outcome or effects of litigation. Risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from our current expectations include changes in economic conditions; changes in market demand and pressures on the pricing for our services; competition and growth rates within the third party logistics industry; freight levels and increasing costs and availability of truck capacity or alternative means of transporting freight; changes in relationships with existing contracted truck, rail, ocean, and air carriers; changes in our customer base due to possible consolidation among our customers, or for other reasons; our ability to successfully integrate the operations of acquired companies with our historic operations; risks associated with litigation, including contingent auto liability and insurance coverage; risks associated with operations outside of the U.S.; risks associated with the produce industry, including food safety and contamination issues; fuel price increases or decreases, or fuel shortages; cyber-security related risks; the impact of war on the economy; changes to our capital structure; and other risks and uncertainties detailed in our Annual and Quarterly Reports.

Therefore, actual results may differ materially from our expectations based on these and other risks and uncertainties, including those described in Item 1A. Risk Factors

Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update such statement to reflect events or circumstances arising after such date.

OVERVIEW

Our company. We are a global provider of transportation services and logistics solutions, operating through a network of branch offices in North America, Europe, Asia, and South America. As a third party logistics provider, we cultivate contractual relationships with a wide variety of transportation companies, and utilize those relationships to efficiently and cost effectively transport our customers' freight. As of December 31, 2015, we had contractual relationships with approximately 68,000 transportation companies, including motor carriers, railroads (primarily intermodal service providers), air freight, and ocean carriers. Depending on the needs of our customer and their supply chain requirements, we select and hire the appropriate transportation for each shipment. Our model enables us to be flexible, provide solutions that optimize service for our customers, and minimize our asset utilization risk.

In addition to transportation and logistics services, we also buy and sell fresh produce under the brand name Robinson Fresh. Our Sourcing business is the buying, selling, and marketing of fresh produce. We purchase fresh produce through our network of produce suppliers and sell it to retail grocers, restaurant chains, produce wholesalers, and foodservice providers. In some cases, we also arrange the transportation of the produce we sell through our relationships with specialized transportation companies. Those revenues are reported as Transportation revenues.

Our business model. We are primarily a service company. We add value and expertise in the procurement and execution of transportation and logistics, including sourcing of produce products for our customers. Our total revenues represent the total dollar value of services and goods we sell to our customers. Our net revenues are our total revenues less purchased transportation and related services, including contracted motor carrier, rail, ocean, air, and other costs, and the purchase price and services related to the products we source. Our net revenues are the primary indicator of our ability to source, add value, and sell services and products that are provided by third parties, and we consider them to be our primary performance measurement. Accordingly, the discussion of our results of operations below focuses on the changes in our net revenues.

We keep our business model as variable as possible to allow us to be flexible and adapt to changing economic and industry conditions. We sell transportation services and produce to our customers with varied pricing arrangements. Some prices are committed to for a period of time, subject to certain terms and conditions, and some prices are set on a spot market basis. We buy most of our truckload transportation capacity and produce on a spot market basis.

We keep our personnel and other operating expenses as variable as possible. Compensation is performance-oriented and, for most employees in the office network, based on the profitability of their individual office.

Our personnel decisions are decentralized. Our branch managers determine the appropriate number of employees for their offices, within productivity guidelines, based on their volume of business. This helps keep our personnel expense as variable as possible with the business.

Our office network. Our office network is a competitive advantage. Building local customer and contract carrier relationships has been an important part of our success, and our worldwide network of offices supports our core strategy of serving customers locally, nationally, and globally. Our network offices help us penetrate local markets, provide face-to-face service when needed, and recruit contract carriers. Our network also gives us knowledge of local market conditions, which is important in the transportation industry because it is market driven and very dynamic.

In January 2015, we completed our acquisition of Freightquote.com, Inc. ("Freightquote"), a privately held freight broker based in Kansas City, Missouri. Freightquote provides services throughout North America. The acquisition enhances and brings synergies to our LTL and truckload businesses, and expands our e-commerce capabilities.

Our network offices work together to complete transactions and collectively meet the needs of our customers. For large multi-location customers, we often coordinate our efforts in Global Account Centers or in one office and rely on multiple locations to deliver specific geographic or modal needs. As an example, during 2015, approximately 49 percent of our truckload shipments were shared transactions between offices. The majority of our global network operates on a common technology platform that is used to match customer needs with supplier capabilities, to collaborate with other offices, and to utilize centralized support resources to complete all facets of the transaction.

Our people. Because we are a service company, our continued success is dependent on our ability to continue to hire and retain talented, productive people, and to properly align our headcount and personnel expense with our business. Employees act as a team in their sales efforts, customer service, and operations. A significant portion of many of our employees' compensation is performance-oriented, based on individual performance and the profitability of their office. We believe this makes our employees more service-oriented and focused on driving growth and maximizing office productivity. All of our managers and certain other employees who have significant responsibilities are eligible to receive equity awards because we believe these awards are an effective tool for creating long-term ownership and alignment between employees and our shareholders.

Our customers. In 2015, we worked with more than 110,000 active customers. We work with a wide variety of companies, ranging in size from Fortune 100 companies to small family businesses, in many different industries. Our customer base is very diverse and unconcentrated. Our top 100 customers represented approximately 29 percent of our total revenues and approximately 29 percent of our net revenues in 2015. Our largest customer was approximately two percent of our total revenues in 2015.

Our contracted carriers. Our contracted carrier base includes motor carriers, railroads (primarily intermodal service providers), air freight, and ocean carriers. In 2015, our carrier base was approximately 68,000, up from approximately 63,000 in 2014. Motor carriers that had fewer than 100 tractors transported approximately 83 percent of our truckload shipments in 2015. In our Transportation business, no single contracted carrier represents more than approximately two percent of our contracted carrier capacity.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table summarizes our total revenues by service line (in thousands):

	 Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2016		2015	% change	% change 2016		2015		% change	
Transportation	\$ 2,881,496	\$	3,130,722	(8.0)%	\$	5,595,184	\$	6,077,979	(7.9)%	
Sourcing	418,245		414,366	0.9 %		778,500		767,999	1.4 %	
Total	\$ 3,299,741	\$	3,545,088	(6.9)%	\$	6,373,684	\$	6,845,978	(6.9)%	

The following table illustrates our net revenue margins by services and products:

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Transportation	19.3%	17.5%	19.5%	17.2%	
Sourcing	9.0%	8.6%	8.6%	8.5%	
Total	18.0%	16.5%	18.2%	16.2%	

The following table summarizes our net revenues by service line (dollars in thousands):

		Three Months Ended June 30,				 Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2016		2015	% change	2016		2015	% change	
Transportation										
Truckload	\$	329,740	\$	334,546	(1.4)%	\$ 651,424	\$	632,926	2.9 %	
LTL (1)		99,778		91,524	9.0 %	191,071		176,894	8.0 %	
Intermodal		9,021		11,539	(21.8)%	18,285		22,051	(17.1)%	
Ocean		60,068		59,066	1.7 %	118,737		109,256	8.7 %	
Air		20,118		19,596	2.7 %	38,527		40,235	(4.2)%	
Customs		11,605		10,973	5.8 %	22,329		21,236	5.1 %	
Other Logistics Services		26,171		21,104	24.0 %	50,194		40,895	22.7 %	
Total Transportation	·	556,501		548,348	1.5 %	1,090,567		1,043,493	4.5 %	
Sourcing		37,714		35,670	5.7 %	66,983		65,635	2.1 %	
Total	\$	594,215	\$	584,018	1.7 %	\$ 1,157,550	\$	1,109,128	4.4 %	

⁽¹⁾ Less than truckload ("LTL")

The following table represents certain statements of operations data, shown as percentages of our net revenues:

Three Months End	led June 30,	Six Months Ende	ided June 30,	
2016	2015	2016	2015	
100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	
45.5 %	45.2 %	47.3 %	46.8 %	
15.2 %	15.6 %	15.3 %	16.1 %	
60.7 %	60.8 %	62.6 %	62.9 %	
39.3 %	39.2 %	37.4 %	37.1 %	
(1.1)%	(1.0)%	(1.3)%	(1.4)%	
38.3 %	38.2 %	36.1 %	35.7 %	
14.2 %	14.7 %	13.4 %	13.7 %	
24.1 %	23.5 %	22.6 %	22.0 %	
	2016 100.0 % 45.5 % 15.2 % 60.7 % 39.3 % (1.1)% 38.3 % 14.2 %	100.0 % 45.5 % 45.2 % 15.2 % 15.6 % 60.7 % 60.8 % 39.3 % 39.2 % (1.1)% (1.0)% 38.3 % 38.2 % 14.2 % 14.7 %	2016 2015 2016 100.0 % 100.0 % 100.0 % 45.5 % 45.2 % 47.3 % 15.2 % 15.6 % 15.3 % 60.7 % 60.8 % 62.6 % 39.3 % 39.2 % 37.4 % (1.1)% (1.0)% (1.3)% 38.3 % 38.2 % 36.1 % 14.2 % 14.7 % 13.4 %	

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016, Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

Total revenues and direct costs. Our consolidated total revenues decreased 6.9 percent in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the second quarter of 2015. Total Transportation revenues decreased 8.0 percent to \$2.9 billion in the second quarter of 2016 from \$3.1 billion in the second quarter of 2015. The decrease was driven by lower rates charged to our customers, including fuel, partially offset by increased volumes in most of our transportation services. Total purchased transportation and related services decreased 10.0 percent in the second quarter of 2016 to \$2.3 billion from \$2.6 billion in the second quarter of 2015. The decrease was due to lower cost of transportation, including fuel, partially offset by higher volumes in most of our transportation service. Our Sourcing revenue increased 0.9 percent to \$418.2 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$414.4 million in the second quarter of 2015. Purchased products sourced for resale increased 0.5 percent in the second quarter of 2016 to \$380.5 million from \$378.7 million in the second quarter of 2015. These increases were primarily due to an increase in case volumes, partially offset by a decrease in commodity costs.

Net revenues. Total Transportation net revenues increased 1.5 percent to \$556.5 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$548.3 million in the second quarter of 2015. Our Transportation net revenue margin increased to 19.3 percent in the second quarter of 2016 from 17.5 percent in the second quarter of 2015 primarily due to lower purchased transportation costs, including fuel.

Our truckload net revenues decreased 1.4 percent to \$329.7 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$334.5 million in the second quarter of 2015. Approximately 96 percent of our total truckload net revenues are derived from North American operations. Our North American truckload volumes increased three percent in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the second quarter of 2015. Truckload net revenue margin increased in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the second quarter of 2015, due primarily to lower transportation costs, including fuel. In North America, excluding the estimated impacts of the reduction in fuel costs, our average truckload rate per mile charged to our customers decreased approximately 7.5 percent in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the second quarter of 2015. In North America, our truckload transportation costs decreased approximately eight percent, excluding the estimated reduction in fuel costs.

Our LTL net revenues increased 9.0 percent to \$99.8 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$91.5 million in the second quarter of 2015 . LTL volumes increased approximately seven percent in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the second quarter of 2015 . Net revenue margin increased in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the second quarter of 2015 because the reduction in costs were greater than the reduction in pricing to our customers.

Our intermodal net revenues decreased 21.8 percent to \$9.0 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$11.5 million in the second quarter of 2015. Intermodal opportunities were negatively impacted by the alternative lower cost truck market during the second quarter of 2016.

Our ocean transportation net revenues increased 1.7 percent to \$60.1 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$59.1 million in the second quarter of 2015. The increase in net revenues was primarily due to increased net revenue margin and volume growth with new customers.

Our air transportation net revenues increased 2.7 percent to \$20.1 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$19.6 million in the second quarter of 2015. The increase was primarily due to increased net revenue margin and an increase in volumes, partially offset by pricing declines.

Our customs net revenues increased 5.8 percent to \$11.6 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$11.0 million in 2015. The increase was primarily due to increased transaction volumes.

Other logistics services net revenues, which include managed services, warehousing, and small parcel, increased 24.0 percent to \$26.2 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$21.1 million in the second quarter of 2015 primarily from volume growth in managed services.

Sourcing net revenues increased 5.7 percent to \$37.7 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$35.7 million in the second quarter of 2015 . This increase was primarily due to increases in case volumes and net revenue per case. Our net revenue margin for the second quarter of 2016 increased to 9.0 percent from 8.6 percent in the second quarter of 2015 .

Operating expenses. Operating expenses increased 1.6 percent to \$360.5 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$354.9 million in the second quarter of 2015. Operating expenses as a percentage of net revenues decreased slightly to 60.7 percent in the second quarter of 2016 from 60.8 percent in the second quarter of 2015.

For the second quarter, personnel expenses increased 2.4 percent to \$270.3 million in 2016 from \$264.0 million in 2015. During the second quarter of 2016, our average headcount increased 5.2 percent compared to the second quarter of 2015. The increase in personnel expense was less than the increase in average headcount due to decreased expenses related to incentive plans that are designed to keep expenses variable with changes in net revenues and profitability.

For the second quarter of 2016, other selling, general, and administrative expenses decreased 0.8 percent to \$90.2 million in 2016 from \$90.9 million in the second quarter of 2015. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the provision for doubtful accounts, partially offset by an increase in other areas including travel expenses.

Income from operations. Income from operations increased 2.0 percent to \$233.7 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$229.1 million in the second quarter of 2015. Income from operations as a percentage of net revenues increased to 39.3 percent in the second quarter of 2016 from 39.2 percent in the second quarter of 2015.

Interest and other expense. Interest and other expense was \$6.3 million in the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$5.9 million in the second quarter of 2015. The change was due primarily to an increase in interest rates on our short-term debt, partially offset by a decrease in our average outstanding balances on our debt during the quarter ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same period ended June 30, 2015.

Provision for income taxes. Our effective income tax rate was 37.1 percent for the second quarter of 2016 and 38.5 percent for the second quarter of 2015. During the first quarter of 2016, we asserted that we will indefinitely reinvest earnings of foreign subsidiaries to support expansion of our international businesses. During the second quarter of 2016, the assertion decreased deferred income taxes related to undistributed foreign earnings by \$1.3 million and reduced the effective tax rate compared to the second quarter of 2015. Additionally, the effective income tax rate for both periods is greater than the statutory federal income tax rate primarily due to state income taxes, net of federal benefit.

Net income. Net income increased 4.3 percent to \$143.1 million in the second quarter of 2016 from \$137.2 million in the second quarter of 2015. Basic and diluted net income per share increased 6.4 percent to \$1.00 from \$0.94.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

Total revenues and direct costs. Our consolidated total revenues decreased 6.9 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015. Total Transportation revenues decreased 7.9 percent to \$5.6 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$6.1 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2015. The decrease was driven by lower rates charged to our customers, including fuel, partially offset by increased volumes in most of our transportation services. Total purchased transportation and related services decreased 10.5 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, to \$4.5 billion from \$5.0 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2015. The decrease was due to lower cost of transportation, including fuel, partially offset by increased volumes in most of our transportation services. Sourcing revenue increased 1.4 percent to \$778.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$768.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016 prochased products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, to \$711.5 million from \$702.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, to \$711.5 million from \$702.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced for resale increased 1.3 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016 products sourced

Net revenues. Total Transportation net revenues increased 4.5 percent to \$1.1 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$1.0 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2015. Our Transportation net revenue margin increased to 19.5 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from 17.2 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to lower transportation costs, including fuel.

Our truckload net revenues increased 2.9 percent to \$651.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$632.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. Approximately 96 percent of our total truckload revenues are derived from North America. North American truckload volumes increased approximately three percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015. Truckload net revenue margin increased in the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015 are primarily to decreased cost of transportation, including fuel. In North America, excluding the estimated impact of the reduction in fuel costs, our average truckload rate per mile charged to our customers decreased approximately six percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015. In North America, our truckload transportation costs decreased approximately seven percent, excluding the estimated impacts of the reduction in fuel costs.

Our LTL net revenues increased 8.0 percent to \$191.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$176.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. LTL volumes increased approximately nine percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015. LTL net revenue margin increased in the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Our intermodal net revenue decreased 17.1 percent to \$18.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$22.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. Conversion to truckload from intermodal negatively impacted intermodal volumes and net revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2016, due to lower truckload rates.

Our ocean transportation net revenues increased 8.7 percent to \$118.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$109.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increase in revenues was due to increased net revenue margins and volumes.

Our air transportation net revenues decreased 4.2 percent to \$38.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$40.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. The decrease was due to a decline in revenue per shipment, partially offset by increased volumes.

Our customs net revenues increased 5.1 percent to \$22.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$21.2 million in June 30, 2015. The increase was due to increased transaction volumes.

Other logistics services net revenues, which include managed services, warehousing, and small parcel, increased 22.7 percent to \$50.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$40.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. The increase was driven primarily by volume growth in managed services.

Sourcing net revenues increased 2.1 percent to \$67.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$65.6 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. This increase was primarily due to increased volumes across a variety of commodities and services, partially offset by a decrease in net revenue per case. Our net revenue margin increased to 8.6 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from 8.5 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Operating expenses. Operating expenses increased 3.8 percent to \$724.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$698.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. Operating expenses as a percentage of net revenues decreased to 62.6 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from 62.9 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Personnel expenses increased 5.5 percent to \$547.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$519.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. For the six month period ended June 30, 2016, our average headcount grew 5.3 percent compared to the same period ended June 30, 2015.

Other selling, general, and administrative expenses decreased 1.0 percent to \$177.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016 from \$179.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the allowance for doubtful accounts, partially offset by an increase in travel expenses.

Income from operations. Income from operations increased 5.3 percent to \$432.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$411.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. Income from operations as a percentage of net revenues increased to 37.4 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from 37.1 percent in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Interest and other expense. Interest and other expense decreased to \$15.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$15.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. The change was due primarily to a decrease in our average outstanding balances on our debt during the six month period ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same period ended June 30, 2015, partially offset by an increase in interest rates.

Provision for income taxes. Our effective income tax rate was 37.3 percent percent for the six months ended June 30, 2016, and 38.4 percent percent for the six months ended June 30, 2015. During the first quarter of 2016, we asserted that we will indefinitely reinvest earnings of foreign subsidiaries to support expansion of our international businesses. During the six month ended June 30, 2016, the assertion decreased deferred income taxes related to undistributed foreign earnings by \$2.5 million and reduced the effective tax rate compared to the same period of 2015. Additionally, the effective income tax rate for both periods is greater than the statutory federal income tax rate primarily due to state income taxes, net of federal benefit.

Net income. Net income increased 7.5 percent to \$262.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, from \$243.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. Basic and diluted net income per share increased 9.6 percent to \$1.83 from \$1.67.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We have historically generated substantial cash from operations, which has enabled us to fund our organic growth while paying cash dividends and repurchasing stock. In 2012, we entered into a senior unsecured revolving credit facility to partially fund the acquisition of Phoenix. In December 2014, we amended the revolving credit facility to increase the amount available from \$500 million to \$900 million and to extend the expiration date from October 2017 to December 2019, primarily to fund the acquisition of Freightquote. In 2013, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement to fund the repurchase of \$500 million worth of our common stock. The Note Purchase Agreement was amended in February 2015 to conform its financial covenants to be consistent with the amended revolving credit facility. We also expect to use the revolving credit facility and potentially other indebtedness incurred in the future to assist us in continuing to fund working capital, capital expenditures, possible acquisitions, dividends, and share repurchases. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$207.1 million as of June 30, 2016, and \$168.2 million as of December 31, 2015. Cash and cash equivalents held outside the United States totaled \$155.7 million as of June 30, 2016, and \$114.3 million as of December 31, 2015. Working capital at June 30, 2016, was \$387.6 million and at December 31, 2015, was \$282.1 million.

We prioritize our investments to grow the business, as we require some working capital and a relatively small amount of capital expenditures to grow. We are continually looking for acquisitions, but those acquisitions must fit our culture and enhance our growth opportunities.

Cash flow from operating activities. We generated \$247.3 million and \$251.2 million of cash flow from operations during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$3.9 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Cash used for investing activities. We used \$44.4 million and \$29.0 million of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 for investing activities

We used \$44.0 million and \$19.6 million for capital expenditures during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. This increase was primarily due to the purchase and development of software and the continued construction of a second data center. The total cost of the data center is expected to be approximately \$28.6 million of which approximately \$13.0 million has been spent through June 30, 2016. This data center is expected to be completed and placed into service during the second half of 2016. Information technology investments are intended to improve efficiencies and help grow the business.

We used \$369.1 million, net of cash acquired, for the acquisition of Freightquote in January 2015. On January 1, 2015, the restrictions on \$359.4 million of restricted cash held in escrow were lifted and the funds were disbursed out of the escrow accounts, pursuant to the terms of the purchase agreement entered into in connection with the acquisition.

Cash used for financing activities. We used \$163.7 million and \$173.7 million of cash flow for financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we had net short-term borrowings of \$15.0 million and \$25.0 million. The outstanding balance on the revolving credit facility was \$465.0 million as of June 30, 2016. We were in compliance with all of the credit facility's financial debt covenants as of June 30, 2016.

We used \$127.5 million and \$114.5 million to pay cash dividends during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. The increase was primarily due to a dividend rate increase in 2016 compared to 2015, partially offset by a decrease in weighted average shares outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2015.

We used \$45.2 million and \$89.9 million on share repurchases during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. The change was due to a decrease of shares repurchased during the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to the same period of 2015. In August 2013, the Board of Directors increased the number of shares authorized for repurchase by 15,000,000 shares. As of June 30, 2016, there were 6,297,064 shares remaining for future repurchases under the repurchase authorization. The number of shares we repurchase, if any, during future periods will vary based on our cash position, potential uses of our cash, and market conditions.

We used \$33.1 million and \$10.2 million to acquire shares from employees through their withholding taxes resulting from the delivery of restricted equity during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Management believes that our available cash, together with expected future cash generated from operations, the amount available under our credit facility, and credit available in the market will be sufficient to satisfy our anticipated needs for working capital, capital expenditures, and cash dividends in the foreseeable future. We also believe we could obtain funds under lines of credit or other forms of indebtedness on short notice, if needed.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our condensed consolidated financial statements include accounts of the company and all majority-owned subsidiaries. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions. In certain circumstances, those estimates and assumptions can affect amounts reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and related footnotes. In preparing our financial statements, we have made our best estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. We do not believe there is a great likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported related to the accounting policies described below. However, application of these accounting policies involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates. Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, includes a summary of the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. The following is a brief discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates.

Revenue recognition. Total revenues consist of the total dollar value of goods and services purchased from us by customers. Net revenues are total revenues less the direct costs of transportation, products, and handling. We act principally as the service provider for these transactions and recognize revenue as these services are rendered or goods are delivered. At that time, our obligations to the transactions are completed and collection of receivables is reasonably assured. Most transactions in our Transportation and Sourcing businesses are recorded at the gross amount we charge our customers for the service we provide and goods we sell. In these transactions, we are the primary obligor, we have credit risk, we have discretion to select the supplier, and we have latitude in pricing decisions. Additionally, in our Sourcing business, we often take loss of inventory risk during shipment and have general inventory risk.

Certain transactions in customs brokerage, transportation management, and sourcing are recorded at the net amount we charge our customers for the service we provide because many of the factors stated above are not present.

Valuations for accounts receivable. Our allowance for doubtful accounts is calculated based upon the aging of our receivables, our historical experience of uncollectible accounts, and any specific customer collection issues that we have identified. The allowance of \$40.7 million as of June 30, 2016, decreased compared to the allowance of \$43.5 million as of December 31, 2015. The decrease was primarily the result of an improvement in our aging. We believe that the recorded allowance is sufficient and appropriate based on our customer aging trends, the exposures we have identified, and our historical loss experience.

Goodwill. We manage and report our operations as one operating segment. Our branches represent a series of components that are aggregated for the purpose of evaluating goodwill for impairment on an enterprise-wide basis. The fair value of the enterprise-wide reporting unit substantially exceeds the book value; therefore, we have determined that there is no indication of goodwill impairment as of June 30, 2016.

Stock-based compensation. The fair value of each share-based payment award is established on the date of grant. For grants of restricted shares and restricted units, the fair value is established based on the market price on the date of the grant, discounted for post-vesting holding restrictions. The discounts on outstanding grants vary from 17 percent to 22 percent and are calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Changes in the measured stock price volatility and interest rates are the primary reason for changes in the discount. For grants of options, we use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of share-based payment awards. The determination of the fair value of share-based awards is affected by our stock price and a number of assumptions, including expected volatility, expected life, risk-free interest rate, and expected dividends.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We had \$207.1 million of cash and cash equivalents on June 30, 2016. Substantially all of the cash equivalents are in demand accounts with financial institutions. The primary market risks associated with these investments are liquidity risks.

We are a party to a credit agreement with various lenders consisting of a \$900 million revolving loan facility. Interest accrues on the revolving loan at variable rates based on LIBOR or "prime" plus the applicable add-on percentage as defined. At June 30, 2016, there was \$465.0 million outstanding on the revolving loan.

We are a party to the Note Purchase Agreement, as amended, with various institutional investors with fixed rates consisting of: (i) \$175,000,000 of the company's 3.97 percent Senior Notes, Series A, due August 27, 2023, (ii) \$150,000,000 of the company's 4.26 percent Senior Notes, Series B, due August 27, 2028, and (iii) \$175,000,000 of the company's 4.60 percent Senior Notes, Series C, due August 27, 2033. At June 30, 2016, there was \$500.0 million outstanding on the notes.

A hypothetical 100-basis-point change in the interest rate would not have a material effect on our earnings. We do not use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate risk or to speculate on future changes in interest rates. A rise in interest rates could negatively affect the fair value of our investments. Market risk arising from changes in foreign currency exchange rates are not material due to the size of our international operations.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

(b) Changes in internal controls over financial reporting.

There were no changes that occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect the company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II-OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not subject to any pending or threatened litigation other than routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of our business operations. For some legal proceedings, we have accrued an amount that reflects the aggregate liability deemed probable and estimable, but this amount is not material to our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. Because of the preliminary nature of many of these proceedings, the difficulty in ascertaining the applicable facts relating to many of these proceedings, the inconsistent treatment of claims made in many of these proceedings, and the difficulty of predicting the settlement value of many of these proceedings, we are often unable to estimate an amount or range of any reasonably possible additional losses. However, based upon our historical experience, the resolution of these proceedings is not expected to have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, which could materially affect our business, financial condition, or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and/or operating results.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table provides information about purchases by the company during the quarter ended June 30, 2016, of shares of the company's common stock.

	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased ^(a)	of Shares Paid Per (or Units) Share		Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ^(b)	Maximum Number of Shares (or Units) That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ^(b)
April 1, 2016-April 30, 2016	290,443	\$	73.26	286,575	6,297,064
May 1, 2016-May 31, 2016	4,838		73.45	_	6,297,064
June 1, 2016-June 30, 2016	3,136		72.43	_	6,297,064
Second quarter 2016	298,417	\$	73.26	286,575	6,297,064

(a) The total number of shares purchased includes: (i) 286,575 shares of common stock purchased under the authorization described below; and (ii) 11,842 shares of common stock surrendered to satisfy minimum statutory tax obligations under our stock incentive plans.

(b) In August 2013, the Board of Directors increased the number of shares authorized for repurchase by 15,000,000 shares. As of June 30, 2016, there were 6,297,064 shares remaining for future repurchases. Purchases can be made in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, including Rule 10b5-1 plans and accelerated repurchase programs.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS ON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	Financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-O of the company for the period ended June 30, 2016, formatted in XRRI

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on August 8, 2016.

C.H. ROBINSON WORLDWIDE, INC.

By: /s/ John P. Wiehoff

John P. Wiehoff

Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Andrew C. Clarke

Andrew C. Clarke

Chief Financial Officer (principal accounting officer)

Certifications

- I, John P. Wiehoff, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 8, 2016

Signature /s/ John P. Wiehoff

Name: John P. Wiehoff

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Certifications

- I, Andrew C. Clarke, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 8, 2016

Signature /s/ Andrew C. Clarke

Name: Andrew C. Clarke
Title: Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. §1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John P. Wiehoff, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ John P. Wiehoff

John P. Wiehoff Chief Executive Officer

August 8, 2016

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. §1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Andrew C. Clarke, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Andrew C. Clarke

Andrew C. Clarke Chief Financial Officer

August 8, 2016