HIGHWOODS PROPERTIES INC

FORM S-3/A

(Securities Registration Statement (simplified form))

Filed 6/8/1998

Address 3100 SMOKETREE CT STE 600

RALEIGH, North Carolina 27604

Telephone 919-872-4924

CIK 0000921082

Industry Real Estate Operations

Sector Services

Fiscal Year 12/31



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO

FORM S-3

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Highwoods Properties, Inc. Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership (Exact name of registrants as specified in their respective governing documents)

Maryland North Carolina
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization of each registrant)
56-1871668 56-1869557
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3100 Smoketree Court, Suite 600 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 (919) 872-4924

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of each registrant's principal executive offices) Ronald P. Gibson, President

Highwoods Properties, Inc.

3100 Smoketree Court, Suite 600 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 (919) 872-4924

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copy To:

BRAD S. MARKOFF, Esq.

Alston & Bird LLP 3605 Glenwood Avenue, Suite 310 Raleigh, North Carolina 27612 (919) 420-2200

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: From time to time after the effective date of this registration statement. If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box. []

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are being offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. [X] If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. [] If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. [] If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. [X]

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Proposed Maximum

Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value		
Depositary Shares(7)	\$ 830,000,000(3)	\$ 251,516(3
Guarantees(8)		
Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership Non-convertible Debt Securities	\$ 420,000,000	\$ 127,273

- (1) This registration statement also covers contracts that may be issued by the registrants under which the counterparty may be required to purchase Debt Securities, Preferred Stock, Depositary Shares or Common Stock covered hereby.
- (2) In U.S. Dollars or the equivalent thereof denominated in one or more foreign currencies or units of two or more foreign currencies or composite currencies (such as European Currency Units).
- (3) Pursuant to Rule 429 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Prospectus included in this registration statement also relates to an aggregate of \$68,012,249 of securities of Highwoods Properties, Inc. (the "Company") previously registered pursuant to registration statement 333-31183, for which a filing fee of \$20,610 has previously been paid at the time such registration statement was originally filed.
- (4) Filing fee previously paid.
- (5) Calculated pursuant to Rule 457(c) of the rules and regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- (6) The Company also registers hereunder an indeterminate number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued upon conversion of Preferred Stock or Depositary Shares. No separate consideration will be received for Common Stock as may from time to time be issued upon conversion of Preferred Stock or Depositary Shares.
- (7) To be represented by Depositary Receipts representing an interest in all or a specified portion of a share of Preferred Stock.
- (8) Debt Securities issued by Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership may be accompanied by a Guarantee to be issued by the Company. No separate consideration will be received for any Guarantee. Pursuant to Rule 429 under the Securities Act of 1933, the Prospectus included in this registration statement is a combined Prospectus and relates to registration statement no. 333-31183 previously filed by the Company and declared effective on July 24, 1997. This registration statement, which is a new registration statement, also constitutes post-effective amendment no. 1 to registration statement no. 333-31183, and such post-effective amendment shall hereafter become effective concurrently with the effectiveness of this registration statement in accordance with section 8(c) of the Securities Act of 1933. The registrants hereby amend this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrants shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

Information contained herein is subject to completion or amendment. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These securities may not be sold nor may offers to buy be accepted prior to the time the registration statement becomes effective. This prospectus shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any state in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS DATED JUNE 8, 1998

PROSPECTUS

\$1,318,012,249

Highwoods Properties, Inc.

Common Stock, Preferred Stock and Depositary Shares Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership Debt Securities

Highwoods Properties, Inc. (the "Company") may from time to time offer in one or more series (i) shares of common stock, \$.01 par value per share ("Common Stock"), (ii) shares of preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share ("Preferred Stock"), and (iii) shares of Preferred Stock represented by depositary shares (the "Depositary Shares"), with an aggregate public offering price of up to \$898,012,249 (or its equivalent in another currency based on the exchange rate at the time of sale) in amounts, at prices and on terms to be determined at the time of offering. Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership (the "Operating Partnership") may from time to time offer in one or more series unsecured nonconvertible debt securities ("Debt Securities"), with an aggregate public offering price of up to \$420,000,000 (or its equivalent in another currency based on the exchange rate at the time of sale) in amounts, at prices and on terms to be determined at the time of offering. The Common Stock, Preferred Stock, Depositary Shares and Debt Securities (collectively, the "Securities") may be offered, separately or together, in separate series in amounts, at prices and on terms to be set forth in one or more supplements to this Prospectus (each a "Prospectus Supplement"). If any Debt Securities issued by the Operating Partnership are rated below investment grade at the time of issuance, such Debt Securities will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company as to payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest (the "Guarantees"). Debt Securities rated investment grade may also be accompanied by a Guarantee to the extent and on the terms described herein and in the accompanying Prospectus Supplement. The Company conducts substantially all of its activities through, and substantially all of its assets are held by, directly or indirectly, the Operating Partnership. Consequently, the Company's operating cash flow and its ability to service its financial obligations, including the Guarantees, is dependent upon the cash flow of, and distributions or other payments from, the Operating Partnership to the Company.

The specific terms of the Securities in respect of which this Prospectus is being delivered will be set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement and will include, where applicable: (i) in the case of Common Stock, any initial public offering price; (ii) in the case of Preferred Stock, the specific title and stated value, any dividend, liquidation, redemption, conversion, voting and other rights, and any initial public offering price;

(iii) in the case of Depositary Shares, the fractional share of Preferred Stock represented by each such Depositary Share; and (iv) in the case of Debt Securities, the specific title, aggregate principal amount, currency, form (which may be registered or bearer, or certificated or global), authorized denominations, maturity, rate (or manner of calculation thereof) and time of payment of interest, terms for redemption at the option of the Operating Partnership or repayment at the option of the holder, terms for sinking fund payments, covenants, applicability of any Guarantees and any initial public offering price. In addition, such specific terms may include limitations on direct or beneficial ownership and restrictions on transfer of the Securities, in each case as may be appropriate to preserve the status of the Company as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for Federal income tax purposes.

The applicable Prospectus Supplement will also contain information, where applicable, about certain United States Federal income tax considerations relating to, and any listing on a securities exchange of, the Securities covered by such Prospectus Supplement.

SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 3 OF THIS PROSPECTUS FOR A DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN FACTORS THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY PURCHASERS OF THE SECURITIES. ------

The Securities may be offered directly, through agents designated from time to time by the Company or the Operating Partnership, or to or through underwriters or dealers. If any agents or underwriters are involved in the sale of any of the Securities, their names, and any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between or among them, will be set forth, or will be calculable from the information set forth, in an accompanying Prospectus Supplement. See "Plan of Distribution." No Securities may be sold without delivery of a Prospectus Supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such series of Securities. THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPEC-TUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The date of this Prospectus is June, 1998.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

The Company and the Operating Partnership are subject to the information reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and in accordance therewith the Company files reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") and the Operating Partnership files reports with the Commission. Such reports, proxy statements and other information may be inspected and copied, at prescribed rates, at the public reference facilities of the Commission at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 25049, Room 1024, and at the Commission's New York regional office at Seven World Trade Center, New York, New York 10048 and at the Commission's Chicago regional office at Citicorp Center, 500 W. Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois 60661. Such information, when available, also may be accessed through the Commission's electronic data gathering, analysis and retrieval system ("EDGAR") via electronic means, including the Commission's home page on the Internet (http:// www.sec.gov). In addition, the Common Stock of the Company, certain series of Preferred Stock and Depositary Shares of the Company and certain debt securities of the Operating Partnership are listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), and similar information concerning the Company or the Operating Partnership can be inspected and copied at the offices of the NYSE, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

The Company and the Operating Partnership have filed with the Commission a registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), with respect to the Securities. This prospectus ("Prospectus"), which constitutes a part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and in the exhibits and schedules thereto. For further information with respect to the Company, the Operating Partnership and the Securities, reference is hereby made to such registration statement, exhibits and schedules. The registration statement may be inspected without charge at, or copies obtained upon payment of prescribed fees from, the Commission and its regional offices at the locations listed above. Any statements contained herein concerning a provision of any document are not necessarily complete, and, in each instance, reference is made to the copy of such document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement or otherwise filed with the Commission. Each such statement is qualified in its entirety by such reference.

INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

The following documents filed by the Company or the Operating Partnership with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof:

- a. The Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 (as amended on April 29, 1998 and May 19, 1998);
- b. The Operating Partnership's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 (as amended on April 29, 1998 and May 19, 1998);
- c. The Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1998;
- d. The Operating Partnership's quarterly report on Form 10-O for the quarter ended March 31, 1998;
- e. The Company's current reports on Form 8-K, dated January 9, 1997 (as amended on February 7, 1997, March 10, 1997 and April 28, 1998), August 27, 1997 (as amended on September 23, 1997), October 1, 1997, November 17, 1997, January 22, 1998, February 2, 1998, February 4, 1998, April 20, 1998 and April 29, 1998;
- f. The Operating Partnership's current reports on Form 8-K, dated January 9, 1997 (as amended on February 7, 1997, March 10, 1997 and April 28, 1998), October 1, 1997, November 17, 1997, January 22, 1998, February 2, 1998, February 4, 1998, April 20, 1998 and April 29, 1998; and
- g. The description of the Common Stock of the Company included in the Company's registration statement on Form 8-A, dated May 16, 1994.

All documents filed by the Company or the Operating Partnership with the Commission pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 13(c) of the Exchange Act and any definitive proxy statements so filed pursuant to Section 14 of the Exchange Act and any reports filed pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the date of this Prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering of the Securities to which this Prospectus relates shall be

deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and to be a part hereof from the date of filing of such documents. Any statement contained in a document incorporated by reference herein shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for the purposes of this Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed document that is incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such earlier statement. Any such statements modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this Prospectus.

Copies of any or all of the documents specifically incorporated herein by reference (not including the exhibits to such documents, unless such exhibits are specifically incorporated by reference in such documents) will be furnished without charge to each person to whom a copy of this Prospectus is delivered upon written or oral request. Requests should be made to: Highwoods Properties, Inc., Investor Relations, 3100 Smoketree Court, Suite 600, Raleigh, North Carolina 27604.

THE COMPANY AND THE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP

The Company is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") that began operations through a predecessor in 1978. At March 31, 1998, the Company owned a portfolio of 382 office and 148 industrial (including 80 service center) properties (the "Properties"), and 895 acres (and had agreed to purchase an additional 395 acres) of undeveloped land suitable for future development (the "Development Land"). In addition, as of March 31, 1998, an additional 32 properties (the "Development Projects"), which will encompass approximately 3.6 million rentable square feet, were under development. The Properties are located in 19 markets in North Carolina, Florida, Tennessee, Georgia, Virginia, South Carolina, Maryland and Alabama. As of March 31, 1998, the Properties consisted of approximately 33.9 million rentable square feet and were leased to approximately 3,400 tenants.

The Company conducts substantially all of its activities through, and substantially all of its interests in the Properties are held directly or indirectly by, the Operating Partnership. The Company is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership and as of March 31, 1998, owned approximately 83% of the common partnership interests (the "Common Units") in the Operating Partnership. The remaining Common Units are owned by limited partners (including certain officers and directors of the Company). Each Common Unit may be redeemed by the holder thereof for the cash value of one share of Common Stock or, at the Company's option, one share (subject to certain adjustments) of the Common Stock. With each such exchange, the number of Common Units owned by the Company and, therefore, the Company's percentage interest in the Operating Partnership, will increase.

In addition to owning the Properties, the Development Projects and the Development Land, the Company provides leasing, property management, real estate development, construction and miscellaneous services for the Properties as well as for third parties. The Company conducts its third-party fee-based services through Highwoods Services, Inc., a subsidiary of the Operating Partnership ("Highwoods Services"), and through Highwoods/ Tennessee Properties, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

The Company is a Maryland corporation that was incorporated in 1994. The Operating Partnership is a North Carolina limited partnership formed in 1994. The Company's and the Operating Partnership's executive offices are located at 3100 Smoketree Court, Suite 600, Raleigh, North Carolina 27604, and their telephone number is (919) 872-4924. The Company maintains offices in each of its primary markets.

RISK FACTORS

Prospective investors should carefully consider, among other factors, the matters described below before purchasing offered Securities.

Dependence of the Company's Operating Performance on Southeastern Markets

The Company's revenues and the value of its properties may be affected by a number of factors, including the local economic climate (which may be adversely impacted by business layoffs or downsizing, industry slowdowns, changing demographics and other factors) and local real estate conditions (such as oversupply of or reduced demand for office, industrial and other competing commercial properties). As of March 31, 1998, the Properties were located in 19 markets in North Carolina, Florida, Tennessee, Georgia, Virginia, South Carolina,

Maryland and Alabama. Based on March 1998 results, approximately 37% of the rental revenue from the Properties is derived from properties in Florida and approximately 31% of such revenue is derived from properties in North Carolina. The Company's performance and its ability to make distributions to stockholders is particularly dependent on the economic and real estate conditions in the Southeast and its Florida and North Carolina markets in particular. There can be no assurance as to the continued growth of the economy in the Company's southeastern markets.

Conflicts of Interest in the Business of the Company

Potential Tax Consequences upon Sale or Refinancing of Properties. Holders of Common Units may suffer adverse tax consequences upon the sale or refinancing of any of the Company's properties; therefore, such holders, including certain of the Company's officers and directors, and the Company may have different objectives regarding the appropriate pricing and timing of any sale or refinancing of such properties. Although the Company, as the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, has the exclusive authority as to whether and on what terms to sell or refinance an individual property, those members of the Company's management and board of directors of the Company who hold Common Units may influence the Company not to sell or refinance certain properties even though such sale or refinancing might otherwise be financially advantageous to the Company.

Potential Inability to Eliminate Conflicts of Interests. The Company has adopted certain policies relating to conflicts of interest. These policies include a bylaw provision requiring all transactions in which executive officers or directors have a conflicting interest to be approved by a majority of the independent directors of the Company or a majority of the shares of capital stock held by disinterested stockholders. There can be no assurance that the Company's policies will be successful in eliminating the influence of such conflicts, and if they are not successful, decisions could be made that might fail to reflect fully the interests of all stockholders.

Potential Anti-Takeover Effect of Certain Provisions of Maryland Law and the Governing Documents of the Company and Operating Partnership

Limitation on Ownership of the Company's Capital Stock. The Company's Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation prohibit ownership of more than 9.8% of the outstanding capital stock of the Company by any person. Such restriction is likely to have the effect of delaying, deferring or precluding an acquisition of control of the Company by a third party without consent of the board of directors even if a change in control were in the best interest of stockholders.

Required Consent of the Operating Partnership for Significant Corporate Action. The Company may not engage in certain change of control transactions without the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding Common Units. Should the Company ever own less than a majority of the outstanding Common Units, this voting requirement might delay, defer or preclude an acquisition or change in the control of the Company. As of March 31, 1998, the Company owned approximately 83% of the Common Units.

Difficulty in Removing Current Directors. The board of directors of the Company has three classes of directors, the terms of which will expire in 1999, 2000 and 2001. Directors for each class are generally chosen for a three-year term. The staggered terms for directors may affect the stockholders' ability to change control of the Company even if a change in control were in the stockholders' best interest.

Anti-Takeover Protections of Operating Partnership Agreement. The Operating Partnership Agreement has been amended to clarify the provisions relating to limited partners' redemption rights in the event of certain changes of control of the Company. Because these provisions require an acquiror to make provision under certain circumstances to maintain the Operating Partnership structure and maintain a limited partner's right to continue to hold Common Units with future redemption rights, this amendment could have the effect of discouraging a third party from making an acquisition proposal for the Company.

Dilutive Effect of Shareholders' Rights Plan. On October 4, 1997, the Company's board of directors adopted a Shareholders' Rights Plan and declared a distribution of one preferred share purchase right (a "Right") for each outstanding share of Common Stock. The Rights were issued on October 16, 1997 to each shareholder of record on such date. The Rights have certain anti-takeover effects. The Rights will cause substantial dilution to a person or group that attempts to acquire the Company on terms not approved by the Company's board of directors. The Rights should not interfere with any merger or other business combination approved by the board

of directors since the Rights may be redeemed by the Company for \$.01 per Right prior to the time that a person or group has acquired beneficial ownership of 15% or more of the Common Stock.

Adverse Impact on Distributions of Failure to Qualify as a REIT

The Company and the Operating Partnership intend to operate in a manner so as to permit the Company to remain qualified as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Although the Company believes that it will operate in such a manner, no assurance can be given that the Company will remain qualified as a REIT. If in any taxable year the Company were to fail to qualify as a REIT, the Company would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing taxable income and would be subject to Federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on its taxable income at regular corporate rates.

Factors that Could Cause Poor Operating Performance of the Properties

Reliance on Performance of Properties. Real property investments are subject to varying degrees of risk. The yields available from equity investments in real estate depend in large part on the amount of income generated and expenses incurred. If the Company's properties do not generate revenues sufficient to meet operating expenses, including debt service, tenant improvements, leasing commissions and other capital expenditures, the Company's ability to make distributions to its stockholders and the Operating Partnership's ability to make payments of interest and principal on any Debt Securities may be adversely affected.

The Company's revenues and the value of its properties may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including the national economic climate; the local economic climate; local real estate conditions; the perceptions of prospective tenants of the attractiveness of each property; the ability of the Company to provide adequate management, maintenance and insurance; and increased operating costs (including real estate taxes and utilities). In addition, real estate values and income from properties are also affected by such factors as applicable laws, including tax laws, interest rate levels and the availability of financing.

Potential Adverse Effect of Competition on Operating Performance. Numerous office and industrial properties compete with the Company's properties in attracting tenants to lease space. Some of these competing properties are newer or better located than some of the Company's properties. Significant development of office or industrial properties in a particular area could have a material effect on the Company's ability to lease space in its properties and on the rents charged.

Bankruptcy or Weak Financial Condition of Tenants. At any time, a tenant of the Company's properties may seek the protection of the bankruptcy laws, which could result in the rejection and termination of such tenant's lease and thereby cause a reduction in the cash flow available for distribution by the Company. Although the Company has not experienced material losses from tenant bankruptcies, no assurance can be given that tenants will not file for bankruptcy protection in the future or, if any tenants file, that they will affirm their leases and continue to make rental payments in a timely manner. In addition, a tenant from time to time may experience a downturn in its business, which may weaken its financial condition and result in the failure to make rental payments when due. If tenant leases are not affirmed following bankruptcy or if a tenant's financial condition weakens, the Company's income and its stockholder distributions and the Operating Partnership's ability to make payments of interest and principal on any Debt Securities may be adversely affected.

Uncertainty in Renewal of Leases and Reletting of Space. The Company will be subject to the risks that upon expiration of leases for space located in its properties, the leases may not be renewed, the space may not be relet or the terms of renewal or reletting (including the cost of required renovations) may be less favorable than current lease terms. If the Company were unable to relet or renew promptly the leases for all or a substantial portion of this space or if the rental rates upon such renewal or reletting were significantly lower than expected rates, then the Company's cash flow and ability to make expected distributions to stockholders and the Operating Partnership's ability to make payments of interest and principal on any Debt Securities may be adversely affected.

Illiquidity of Real Estate. Equity real estate investments are relatively illiquid. Such illiquidity will tend to limit the ability of the Company to vary its portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions. In addition, the Code limits the Company's ability to sell properties held for fewer than four years,

which may affect the Company's ability to sell properties without adversely affecting its financial performance or at a time that would otherwise be in the best interest of stockholders.

Potential Adverse Effect on Results of Operations Due to Changes in Laws. Because increases in income, service or transfer taxes are generally not passed through to tenants under leases, such increases may adversely affect the Company's cash flow and its ability to make distributions to stockholders. The Company's properties are also subject to various Federal, state and local regulatory requirements, such as requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act and state and local fire and life safety requirements. Failure to comply with these requirements could result in the imposition of fines by governmental authorities or awards of damages to private litigants. The Company believes that the Properties comply in all material respects with such regulatory requirements. However, there can be no assurance that these requirements will not be changed or that new requirements will not be imposed that would require significant unanticipated expenditures by the Company and could have an adverse effect on the Company's cash flow and expected distributions.

Potential Problems in Development, Construction and Acquisition Activities

The Company intends to continue development and construction of office and industrial properties, including development on the Development Land and the completion of the Development Projects. Risks associated with the Company's development and construction activities, including activities relating to the Development Land and the Development Projects, may include: abandonment of development opportunities; construction costs of a property exceeding original estimates, possibly making the property uneconomical; occupancy rates and rents at a newly completed property may not be sufficient to make the property profitable; financing may not be available on favorable terms for development of a property; and construction and lease-up may not be completed on schedule, resulting in increased debt service expense and construction costs. In addition, new development activities, regardless of whether or not they are ultimately successful, typically require a substantial portion of management's time and attention. Development activities are also subject to risks relating to the inability to obtain, or delays in obtaining, all necessary zoning, land-use, building, occupancy, and other required governmental permits and authorizations. These risks may adversely affect the Company's results of operations and ability to make distributions to its stockholders and the Operating Partnership's ability to service its debt.

The Company intends to continue to acquire office and industrial properties. Acquisitions of office and industrial properties entail risks that investments will fail to perform in accordance with expectations, adversely affecting the Company's operations and stockholder distributions and the Operating Partnership's ability to service its debt. Estimates of the costs of improvements to bring an acquired property up to standards established for the market position intended for that property may prove inaccurate. Furthermore, while the Company is likely to be involved in negotiations (at various stages) to acquire one or more properties or portfolios, no assurances can be given that any or all of such proposed acquisitions will be consummated.

Although the Company has limited its development, acquisition, management and leasing business primarily to markets and property types with which management is familiar, the Company may expand its business to new geographic areas and property types. Management believes that much of its past success has been a result of its local expertise in the Southeast and its experience in the ownership, management and development of suburban office and industrial properties. The Company may not initially possess the same level of familiarity with new geographic areas and property types to develop, acquire, manage or lease newly acquired properties as profitably as it does for its existing properties.

Potential Adverse Effect of Incurrence of Debt

Potential Inflexibility of Debt Financing. The Company and the Operating Partnership are subject to the risk associated with debt financing, including the risk that the cash provided by operating activities will be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest, the risk of rising interest rates on floating rate debt, the risk that the Company and the Operating Partnership will not be able to prepay or refinance existing indebtedness (which generally will not have been fully amortized at maturity) or that the terms of such refinancing will not be as favorable as the terms of existing indebtedness. If refinancing of such indebtedness could not be secured on acceptable terms, the Company and/or the Operating Partnership might be forced to dispose of properties upon disadvantageous terms, which might result in losses and might adversely affect the cash flow available for distribution to equity holders or debt service. An inability to secure refinancing could also cause

the Company to issue equity securities when its valuation is low, which could adversely affect the market price of such securities. In addition, if a property or properties are mortgaged to secure payment of indebtedness and the Company is unable to meet mortgage payments, the mortgage securing the property could be foreclosed upon by, or the property could be otherwise transferred to, the mortgagee with a consequent loss of income and asset value to the Company and potential adverse effect on stockholder distributions and the Operating Partnership's ability to service its debt.

Adverse Effect of Potential Increase in Market Interest Rates. The Company and the Operating Partnership have incurred and expect in the future to incur variable rate indebtedness in connection with the acquisition and development of properties, as well as for other purposes. Also, additional indebtedness that the Company and the Operating Partnership may incur under the existing revolving credit facilities will bear interest at variable rates. Accordingly, increases in interest rates would increase interest costs (to the extent that the related indebtedness was not protected by interest rate protection arrangements), which could adversely affect the Company's and the Operating Partnership's results of operations and the Company's ability to pay expected distributions to stockholders and the Operating Partnership's ability to service its debt.

Possible Environmental Liabilities

Under various Federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, such as the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act or "CERCLA," and common laws, an owner or operator of real estate is liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous or toxic substances on or in such property as well as certain other costs, including governmental fines and injuries to persons and property. Such laws often impose such liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of such hazardous or toxic substances. The presence of such substances, or the failure to remediate such substances properly, may adversely affect the owner's or operator's ability to sell or rent such property or to borrow using such property as collateral. Persons who arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances may also be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of such substances at a disposal or treatment facility, whether or not such facility is owned or operated by such person. Certain environmental laws impose liability for release of asbestos-containing materials ("ACM"), and third parties may seek recovery from owners or operators of real property for personal injuries associated with ACM. A number of the Properties contain ACM or material that is presumed to be ACM. In connection with the ownership and operation of its properties, the Company may be liable for such costs. In addition, it is not unusual for property owners to encounter on-site contamination caused by off-site sources, and the presence of hazardous or toxic substances at a site in the vicinity of a property could require the property owner to participate in remediation activities in certain cases or could have an adverse effect on the value of such property. Contamination from adjacent properties has migrated onto at least three properties owned by the Company: however, based on current information, management of the Company does not believe that any significant remedial action is necessary at these affected sites

As of the date hereof, 99% of the Properties have been subjected to a Phase I environmental assessment. These assessments have not revealed, nor is management of the Company aware of, any environmental liability that it believes would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, operations or liquidity taken as a whole. This projection, however, could prove to be incorrect depending on certain factors. For example, the Company's assessments may not reveal all environmental liabilities or may underestimate the scope and severity of environmental conditions observed, with the result that there may be material environmental liabilities of which the Company is unaware, or material environmental liabilities may have arisen after the assessments were performed of which the Company is unaware. In addition, assumptions regarding groundwater flow and the existence and source of contamination are based on available sampling data, and there are no assurances that the data is reliable in all cases. Moreover, there can be no assurance that (i) future laws, ordinances or regulations will not impose any material environmental liability or (ii) the current environmental condition of the Properties will not be affected by tenants, by the condition of land or operations in the vicinity of the Properties, or by third parties unrelated to the Company.

Some tenants use or generate hazardous substances in the ordinary course of their respective businesses. These tenants are required under their leases to comply with all applicable laws and are responsible to the Company for any damages resulting from the tenants' use of the property. The Company is not aware of any material environmental problems resulting from tenants' use or generation of hazardous substances. There are no

assurances, however, that all tenants will comply with the terms of their leases or remain solvent and that the Company may not at some point be responsible for contamination caused by such tenants.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Company and the Operating Partnership intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of Securities for general corporate purposes, including the development and acquisition of additional properties and other acquisition transactions, the payment of certain outstanding debt, and improvements to certain properties in the Company's portfolio. The Company is required, by the terms of the partnership agreement of the Operating Partnership (the "Operating Partnership Agreement"), to invest the net proceeds of any sale of Common Stock, Preferred Stock or Depositary Shares in the Operating Partnership in exchange for additional partnership interests.

RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS

The ratios of earnings to fixed charges for both the Company and the Operating Partnership for the three months ended March 31, 1998 was 2.51x. The ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the Company for the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1996 were 2.56x and 2.53x, respectively. The ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the Operating Partnership for the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1996 were 2.54x and 2.55x, respectively. The ratios of earnings to fixed charges for both the Company and the Operating Partnership for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the period from June 14, 1994 to December 31, 1994 were 3.00x and 2.43x, respectively. Earnings were inadequate to cover fixed charges by \$171,000 for the year ended December 31, 1993. This deficiency occurred prior to the Company's initial public offering (the "IPO") of Common Stock in June 1994. Prior to the completion of the IPO, the Company's predecessor (the "Highwoods Group") operated in a manner as to minimize taxable income to the owners. As a result, although its properties generated positive net cash flow, the Highwoods Group had a net loss for the year ended December 31, 1993. The IPO allowed the Company to significantly deleverage its properties and improve its ratio of earnings to fixed charges.

On February 12, 1997, the Company issued 125,000 8 5/8% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares (the "Series A Preferred Shares"), which was its first issuance of Preferred Stock. See "Description of Series A Preferred Shares." On September 25, 1997, the Company issued 6,900,000 8% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares (the "Series B Preferred Shares"), which was its second issuance of Preferred Stock. See "Description of Series B Preferred Shares." On April 23, 1998, the Company issued 4,000,000 Depositary Shares, each representing 1/10 of an 8% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Share (the "Series D Preferred Shares"), which was its third issuance of Preferred Stock. See "Description of Series D Preferred Shares." For the three months ended March 31, 1998, the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends was 1.94x for the Company and 1.93x for the Operating Partnership. For the year ended December 31, 1997, the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends was 2.07x for the Company and 2.05x for the Operating Partnership.

The ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends is computed as income from operations before extraordinary items plus fixed charges (excluding capitalized interest) divided by fixed charges and preferred stock dividends. Fixed charges and preferred stock dividends consist of interest costs, including amortization and debt discount and deferred financing fees, whether capitalized or expensed, the interest component of rental expense, plus any dividends on outstanding preferred stock.

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Debt Securities will be issued under an indenture dated as of December 1, 1996 (the "Indenture"), between the Operating Partnership, the Company and First Union National Bank, as trustee (together with any other trustees appointed in a supplemental indenture with respect to a particular series, the "Trustee"). The Indenture has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this Prospectus is a part and is available for inspection at the corporate trust office of the Trustee or as described above under "Available Information." The Indenture is subject to, and governed by,

the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the "TIA"). The statements made hereunder relating to the Indenture and the Debt Securities to be issued thereunder are summaries of certain provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to, all provisions of the Indenture and such Debt Securities. All section references appearing herein are to sections of the Indenture, and capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the respective meanings set forth in the Indenture.

General

The Debt Securities will be direct, unsecured obligations of the Operating Partnership and will rank equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of the Operating Partnership. At March 31, 1998, the total outstanding debt of the Operating Partnership was approximately \$1.2 billion, approximately \$354 million of which was secured debt. The Debt Securities may be issued without limit as to aggregate principal amount, in one or more series, in each case as established from time to time in or pursuant to authority granted by a resolution of the board of directors of the Company as sole general partner of the Operating Partnership or as established in one or more indentures supplemental to the Indenture. All Debt Securities of one series need not be issued at the same time and, unless otherwise provided, a series may be reopened, without the consent of the holders of the Debt Securities of such series, for issuances of additional Debt Securities of such series (Section 301).

If any Debt Securities are rated below investment grade at the time of issuance, such Debt Securities will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company as to payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest.

The Indenture provides that there may be more than one Trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more series of Debt Securities. Any Trustee under the Indenture may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of Debt Securities, and a successor Trustee may be appointed to act with respect to such series (Section 608). In the event that two or more persons are acting as Trustee with respect to different series of Debt Securities, each such Trustee shall be a trustee of a trust under the Indenture separate and apart from the trust administered by any other Trustee (Section 609), and, except as otherwise indicated herein, any action described herein to be taken by a Trustee may be taken by each such Trustee with respect to, and only with respect to, the one or more series of Debt Securities for which it is Trustee under the Indenture.

Reference is made to the Prospectus Supplement relating to the series of Debt Securities being offered for the specific terms thereof, including:

- (1) the title of such Debt Securities;
- (2) the aggregate principal amount of such Debt Securities and any limit on such aggregate principal amount;
- (3) the percentage of the principal amount at which such Debt Securities will be issued and, if other than the principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount thereof payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof;
- (4) the date or dates, or the method for determining such date or dates, on which the principal of such Debt Securities will be payable;
- (5) the rate or rates (which may be fixed or variable), or the method by which such rate or rates shall be determined, at which such Debt Securities will bear interest, if any;
- (6) the date or dates, or the method for determining such date or dates, from which any interest will accrue, the dates on which any such interest will be payable, the record dates for such interest payment dates, or the method by which any such date shall be determined, the person to whom such interest shall be payable, and the basis upon which interest shall be calculated if other than that of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months;
- (7) the place or places where the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such Debt Securities will be payable, such Debt Securities may be surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange and notices or demands to or upon the Operating Partnership in respect of such Debt Securities and the Indenture may be served;

- (8) the period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such Debt Securities may be redeemed, as a whole or in part, at the option of the Operating Partnership, if the Operating Partnership is to have such an option;
- (9) the obligation, if any, of the Operating Partnership to redeem, repay or purchase such Debt Securities pursuant to any sinking fund or analogous provision or at the option of a holder thereof, and the period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such Debt Securities will be redeemed, repaid or purchased, as a whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation;
- (10) if other than U.S. dollars, the currency or currencies in which such Debt Securities are denominated and payable, which may be a foreign currency or units of two or more foreign currencies or a composite currency or currencies, and the terms and conditions relating thereto;
- (11) whether the amount of payments of principal of (and premium, if any) or interest, if any, on such Debt Securities may be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which index, formula or method may, but need not be, based on a currency, currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies) and the manner in which such amounts shall be determined;
- (12) the events of default or covenants of such Debt Securities, to the extent different from or in addition to those described herein;
- (13) whether such Debt Securities will be issued in certificated and/or book-entry form;
- (14) whether such Debt Securities will be in registered or bearer form and, if in registered form, the denominations thereof if other than \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof and, if in bearer form, the denominations thereof if other than \$5,000 and terms and conditions relating thereto:
- (15) with respect to any series of Debt Securities rated below investment grade at the time of issuance, the Guarantees (the "Guaranteed Securities");
- (16) if the defeasance and covenant defeasance provisions described herein are to be inapplicable or any modification of such provisions;
- (17) whether and under what circumstances the Operating Partnership will pay additional amounts on such Debt Securities in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether the Operating Partnership will have the option to redeem such Debt Securities in lieu of making such payment;
- (18) with respect to any Debt Securities that provide for optional redemption or prepayment upon the occurrence of certain events (such as a change of control of the Operating Partnership), (i) the possible effects of such provisions on the market price of the Operating Partnership's or the Company's securities or in deterring certain mergers, tender offers or other takeover attempts, and the intention of the Operating Partnership to comply with the requirements of Regulation 14E under the Exchange Act and any other applicable securities laws in connection with such provisions; (ii) whether the occurrence of the specified events may give rise to cross-defaults on other indebtedness such that payment on such Debt Securities may be effectively subordinated; and (iii) the existence of any limitation on the Operating Partnership's financial or legal ability to repurchase such Debt Securities upon the occurrence of such an event (including, if true, the lack of assurance that such a repurchase can be effected) and the impact, if any, under the Indenture of such a failure, including whether and under what circumstances such a failure may constitute an Event of Default;
- (19) if other than the Trustee, the identify of each security registrar and/or paying agent; and
- (20) any other terms of such Debt Securities.

The Debt Securities may provide for less than the entire principal amount thereof to be payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof ("Original Issue Discount Securities"). If material or applicable, special U.S. Federal income tax, accounting and other considerations applicable to Original Issue Discount Securities will be described in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

Except as described under " -- Merger, Consolidation or Sale" and " -- Certain Covenants" or as may be set forth in any Prospectus Supplement, the Indenture does not contain any other provisions that would limit the ability of the Operating Partnership to incur indebtedness or that would afford holders of the Debt Securities protection in the event of (i) a highly leveraged or similar transaction involving the Operating Partnership, the management of the Operating Partnership or the Company, or any affiliate of any such party, (ii) a change of control, or (iii) a reorganization, restructuring, merger or similar transaction involving the Operating Partnership or the Company. In addition, subject to the limitations set forth under " -- Merger, Consolidation or Sale," the Operating Partnership or the Company may, in the future, enter into certain transactions, such as the sale of all or substantially all of its assets or the merger or consolidation of the Operating Partnership or the Company, that would increase the amount of the Operating Partnership's indebtedness or substantially reduce or eliminate the Operating Partnership's assets, which may have an adverse effect on the Operating Partnership's ability to service its indebtedness, including the Debt Securities. In addition, restrictions on ownership and transfers of the Company's Common Stock and Preferred Stock which are designed to preserve its status as a REIT may act to prevent or hinder a change of control. See "Description of Common Stock -- Certain Provisions Affecting Change of Control" and "Description of Preferred Stock -- Restrictions on Ownership." Reference is made to the applicable Prospectus Supplement for information with respect to any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the events of default or covenants that are described below, including any addition of a covenant or other provision providing event risk or similar protection.

Reference is made to " -- Certain Covenants" below and to the description of any additional covenants with respect to a series of Debt Securities in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. Except as otherwise described in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, compliance with such covenants generally may not be waived with respect to a series of Debt Securities by the board of directors of the Company as sole general partner of the Operating Partnership or by the Trustee unless the Holders of at least majority in principal amount of all outstanding Debt Securities of such series consent to such waiver, except to the extent that the defeasance and covenant defeasance provisions of the Indenture described under " -- Discharge, Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance" below apply to such series of Debt Securities. See " -- Modification of the Indenture."

Guarantees

The Company will fully, unconditionally and irrevocably guarantee the due and punctual payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest on any Debt Securities rated below investment grade at the time of issuance by the Operating Partnership, and the due and punctual payment of any sinking fund payments thereon, when and as the same shall become due and payable, whether at a maturity date, by declaration of acceleration, call for redemption or otherwise. In addition, Debt Securities rated investment grade may also be accompanied by a Guarantee to the extent and on the terms described in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

Denominations, Interest, Registration and Transfer

Unless otherwise described in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Debt Securities of any series that are registered securities, other than registered securities issued in global form (which may be of any denomination), shall be issuable in denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof and the Debt Securities that are bearer securities, other than bearer securities issued in global form (which may be of any denomination), shall be issuable in denominations of \$5,000 (Section 302).

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on any series of Debt Securities will be payable at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, provided that, at the option of the Operating Partnership, payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the Person entitled thereto as it appears in the applicable Security Register or by wire transfer of funds to such Person at an account maintained within the United States (Sections 301, 307 and 1002).

Any interest not punctually paid or duly provided for on any Interest Payment Date with respect to a Debt Security ("Defaulted Interest") will forthwith cease to be payable to the Holder on the applicable Regular Record Date and may either be paid to the Person in whose name such Debt Security is registered at the close of business on a special record date (the "Special Record Date") for the payment of such Defaulted Interest to be fixed by the Trustee, notice whereof shall be given to the Holder of such Debt Security not less than 10 days prior to

such Special Record Date, or may be paid at any time in any other lawful manner, all as more completely described in the Indenture.

Subject to certain limitations imposed upon Debt Securities issued in book-entry form, the Debt Securities of any series will be exchangeable for other Debt Securities of the same series and of a like aggregate principal amount and tenor of different authorized denominations upon surrender of such Debt Securities at the corporate trust office of the Trustee referred to above. In addition, subject to certain limitations imposed upon Debt Securities issued in book-entry form, the Debt Securities of any series may be surrendered for registration of transfer thereof at the corporate trust office of the Trustee referred to above. Every Debt Security surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange shall be duly endorsed or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of any Debt Securities, but the Trustee or the Operating Partnership may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith (Section 305). If the applicable Prospectus Supplement refers to any transfer agent (in addition to the Trustee) initially designated by the Operating Partnership with respect to any series of Debt Securities, the Operating Partnership may at any time rescind the designation of any such transfer agent or approve a change in the location through which any such transfer agent acts, except that Operating Partnership will be required to maintain a transfer agent in each place of payment for such series. The Operating Partnership may at any time designate additional transfer agents with respect to any series of Debt Securities (Section 1002).

Neither the Operating Partnership nor the Trustee shall be required (i) to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any Debt Security if such Debt Security may be among those selected for redemption during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before selection of the Debt Securities to be redeemed and ending at the close of business on the day of such selection, or (ii) to register the transfer of or exchange any Registered Security so selected for redemption in whole or in part, except, in the case of any Registered Security to be redeemed in part, the portion thereof not to be redeemed, or (iii) to exchange any Bearer Security so selected for redemption except that such a Bearer Security may be exchanged for a Registered Security of that series and like tenor, provided that such Registered Security shall be simultaneously surrendered for redemption, or (iv) to issue, register the transfer of or exchange any Security which has been surrendered for repayment at the option of the Holder, except the portion, if any, of such Debt Security not to be so repaid (Section 305).

Merger, Consolidation or Sale

The Operating Partnership or the Company may consolidate with, or sell, lease or convey all or substantially all of its assets to, or merge with or into, any other entity, provided that (a) the Operating Partnership or the Company, as the case may be, shall be the continuing entity, or the successor entity (if other than the Operating Partnership or the Company, as the case may be) formed by or resulting from any such consolidation or merger or which shall have received the transfer of such assets shall expressly assume payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on all the Debt Securities and the due and punctual performance and observance of all of the covenants and conditions contained in the Indenture; (b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Event of Default under the Indenture, and no event which, after notice or the lapse of time, or both, would become such an Event of Default, shall have occurred and be continuing; and (c) an officer's certificate and legal opinion covering such conditions shall be delivered to the Trustee (Sections 801 and 803).

Certain Covenants

Limitations on Incurrence of Debt. The Operating Partnership will not, and will not permit any Subsidiary to, incur any Debt (as defined below), other than intercompany debt (representing Debt to which the only parties are the Company, the Operating Partnership and any of their Subsidiaries (but only so long as such Debt is held solely by any of the Company, the Operating Partnership and any Subsidiary) that is subordinate in right of payment to the Debt Securities) if, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such additional Debt, the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Debt of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is greater than 60% of the sum of (i) the Operating Partnership's Total Assets (as defined below) as of the end of the calendar quarter covered in the Operating Partnership's annual report on Form 10-K or quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as the case may be, most recently filed with the Commission (or, if such filing is not permitted under the Exchange

Act, with the Trustee) prior to the incurrence of such additional Debt and (ii) the increase in Total Assets from the end of such quarter including, without limitation, any increase in Total Assets resulting from the incurrence of such additional Debt (such increase together with the Operating Partnership's Total Assets shall be referred to as the "Adjusted Total Assets") (Section 1011).

In addition to the foregoing limitations on the incurrence of Debt, the Operating Partnership will not, and will not permit any Subsidiary to, incur any Debt secured by any mortgage, lien, charge, pledge, encumbrance or security interest of any kind upon any of the property of the Operating Partnership, or any Subsidiary ("Secured Debt"), whether owned at the date of the Indenture or thereafter acquired, if, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such additional Secured Debt, the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Secured Debt of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis is greater than 40% of the Operating Partnership's Adjusted Total Assets (Section 1011).

In addition to the foregoing limitations on the incurrence of Debt, the Operating Partnership will not, and will not permit any Subsidiary to, incur any Debt if the ratio of Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service to the Annual Service Charge (in each case as defined below) for the four consecutive fiscal quarters most recently ended prior to the date on which such additional Debt is to be incurred shall have been less than 1.5 to 1.0 on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the incurrence of such Debt and to the application of the proceeds therefrom, and calculated on the assumption that (i) such Debt and any other Debt incurred by the Operating Partnership or its Subsidiaries since the first day of such four-quarter period and the application of the proceeds therefrom, including to refinance other Debt, had occurred at the beginning of such period, (ii) the repayment or retirement of any other Debt by the Operating Partnership or its Subsidiaries since the first day of such four-quarter period had been incurred, repaid or retired at the beginning of such period (except that, in making such computation, the amount of Debt under any revolving credit facility shall be computed based upon the average daily balance of such Debt during such period), (iii) the income earned on any increase in Adjusted Total Assets since the end of such four-quarter period had been earned, on an annualized basis, during such period, and (iv) in the case of any acquisition or disposition by the Operating Partnership or any Subsidiary of any asset or group of assets since the first day of such four-quarter period, including, without limitation, by merger, stock purchase or sale, or asset purchase or sale, such acquisition or disposition being included in such pro forma calculation (Section 1011).

For purposes of the foregoing provisions regarding the limitation on the incurrence of Debt, Debt shall be deemed to be "incurred" by the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis whenever the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis shall create, assume, guarantee or otherwise become liable in respect thereof.

Maintenance of Total Unencumbered Assets. The Operating Partnership is required to maintain Total Unencumbered Assets of not less than 200% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of all outstanding Unsecured Debt (Section 1012).

Existence. Except as permitted under " -- Merger, Consolidation or Sale," the Operating Partnership and the Company are required to do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect their existence, rights and franchises; provided, however, that neither the Operating Partnership nor the Company shall be required to preserve any right or franchise if it determines that the preservation thereof is no longer desirable in the conduct of its business and that the loss thereof is not disadvantageous in any material respect to the Holders of the Debt Securities (Section 1007).

Maintenance of Properties. The Operating Partnership is required to cause all of its material properties used or useful in the conduct of its business or the business of any Subsidiary to be maintained and kept in good condition, repair and working order and supplied with all necessary equipment and to cause to be made all necessary repairs, renewals, replacements, betterments and improvements thereof, all as in the judgment of the Operating Partnership may be necessary so that the business carried on in connection therewith may be properly and advantageously conducted at all times; provided, however, that the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries shall not be prevented from selling or otherwise disposing for value their respective properties in the ordinary course of business (Section 1005).

Insurance. The Operating Partnership is required to, and is required to cause each of its Subsidiaries to, keep all of its insurable properties insured against loss or damage at least equal to their then full insurable value with financially sound and reputable insurance companies (Section 1006).

Payment of Taxes and Other Claims. Each of the Operating Partnership and the Company is required to pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged, before the same shall become delinquent, (i) all taxes, assessments and governmental charges levied or imposed upon it or any Subsidiary or upon its income, profits or property or that of any Subsidiary, and (ii) all lawful claims for labor, materials and supplies that, if unpaid, might by law become a lien upon the property of the Operating Partnership, the Company, or any Subsidiary; provided, however, that the Operating Partnership and the Company shall not be required to pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged any such tax, assessment, charge or claim whose amount, applicability or validity is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings (Section 1013).

Provision of Financial Information. The Holders of Debt Securities will be provided with copies of the annual reports and quarterly reports of the Operating Partnership. Whether or not the Operating Partnership is subject to

Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and for so long as any Debt Securities are outstanding, the Operating Partnership will, to the extent permitted under the Exchange Act, be required to file with the Commission the annual reports, quarterly reports and other documents that the Operating Partnership would have been required to file with the Commission pursuant to such Section 13 or 15(d) (the "Financial Statements") if the Operating Partnership were so subject, such documents to be filed with the Commission on or prior to the respective dates (the "Required Filing Dates") by which the Operating Partnership would have been required so to file such documents if the Operating Partnership were so subject. The Operating Partnership will also in any event (x) within 15 days of each Required Filing Date (i) transmit by mail to all Holders of Debt Securities, as their names and addresses appear in the Security Register, without cost to such Holders, copies of the annual reports and quarterly reports which the Operating Partnership would have been required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act if the Operating Partnership were subject to such Sections and (ii) file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Exchange Act if the Operating Partnership were subject to such Sections and (y) if filing such documents by the Operating Partnership with the Commission is not permitted under the Exchange Act, promptly upon written request and payment of the reasonable cost of duplication and delivery, supply copies of such documents to any prospective Holder (Section 1014).

As used herein and in the Prospectus Supplement:

"Annual Service Charge" as of any date means the amount that is expensed in any 12-month period for interest on Debt.

"Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service" for any period means Consolidated Net Income (as defined below) of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries (i) plus amounts which have been deducted for (a) interest on Debt of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries, (b) provision for taxes of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries based on income, (c) amortization of debt discount, (d) depreciation and amortization, (e) the effect of any noncash charge resulting from a change in accounting principles in determining Consolidated Net Income for such period, (f) amortization of deferred charges, (g) provisions for or realized losses on properties and (h) charges for early extinguishment of debt and (ii) less amounts that have been included for gains on properties.

"Consolidated Net Income" for any period means the amount of consolidated net income (or loss) of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries for such period determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

"Debt" means any indebtedness, whether or not contingent, in respect of

(i) borrowed money evidenced by bonds, notes, debentures or similar instruments, (ii) indebtedness secured by any mortgage, pledge, lien, charge, encumbrance or any security interest existing on property, (iii) the reimbursement obligations, contingent or otherwise, in connection with any letters of credit actually issued or amounts representing the balance deferred and unpaid of the purchase price of any property except any such balance that constitutes an accrued expense or trade payable or (iv) any lease of property which would be reflected on a consolidated balance sheet as a capitalized lease in accordance with GAAP, in the case of items of indebtedness under (i) through (iii) above to the

extent that any such items (other than letters of credit) would appear as a liability on a consolidated balance sheet in accordance with GAAP, and also includes, to the extent not otherwise included, any obligation to be liable for, or to pay, as obligor, guarantor or otherwise (other than for purposes of collection in the ordinary course of business), indebtedness of another person.

"Subsidiary" means a corporation, partnership or limited liability company, a majority of the outstanding voting stock, partnership interests or membership interests, as the case may be, of which is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Operating Partnership or by one or more other subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership. For the purposes of this definition, "voting stock" means stock having the voting power for the election of directors, general partners, managers or trustees, as the case may be, whether at all times or only so long as no senior class of stock has such voting power by reason of any contingency.

"Total Assets" as of any date means the sum of (i) the Undepreciated Real Estate Assets and (ii) all other assets of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis determined in accordance with GAAP (but excluding intangibles and accounts receivable).

"Total Unencumbered Assets" means the sum of (i) those Undepreciated Real Estate Assets not subject to an encumbrance and (ii) all other assets of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries not subject to an encumbrance determined in accordance with GAAP (but excluding intangibles and accounts receivable).

"Undepreciated Real Estate Assets" as of any date means the cost (original cost plus capital improvements) of real estate assets of the Operating Partnership and its Subsidiaries on such date, before depreciation and amortization, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP.

"Unsecured Debt" means Debt of the Operating Partnership or any Subsidiary that is not secured by any mortgage, lien, charge, pledge or security interest of any kind upon any of the properties owned by the Operating Partnership or any of its Subsidiaries.

Additional Covenants. Any additional or different covenants of the Operating Partnership or the Company with respect to any series of Debt Securities will be set forth in the Prospectus Supplement relating thereto.

Events of Default, Notice and Waiver

The Indenture provides that the following events are "Events of Default" with respect to any series of Debt Securities issued thereunder: (a) default for 30 days in the payment of any installment of interest on any Debt Security of such series; (b) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any on) any Debt Security of such series at its maturity; (c) default in making any sinking fund payment as required for any Debt Security of such series; (d) default in the performance of any other covenant of the Operating Partnership or the Company contained in the Indenture (other than a covenant added to the Indenture solely for the benefit of a series of Debt Securities issued thereunder other than such series), such default having continued for 60 days after written notice as provided in the Indenture; (e) default in the payment of an aggregate principal amount exceeding \$5,000,000 of any evidence of recourse indebtedness of the Operating Partnership or the Company or any mortgage, indenture or other instrument under which such indebtedness is issued or by which such indebtedness is secured, such default having occurred after the expiration of any applicable grace period and having resulted in the acceleration of the maturity of such indebtedness, but only if such indebtedness is not discharged or such acceleration is not rescinded or annulled, such default having continued for 10 days after notice as provided in the Indenture; (f) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization, or court appointment of a receiver, liquidator or trustee of the Operating Partnership, the Company or any Significant Subsidiary or any of their respective property; and (g) any other Event of Default provided with respect to a particular series of Debt Securities. The term "Significant Subsidiary" means each significant subsidiary (as defined in Regulation S-X promulgated under the Securities Act) of the Operating Partnership or the Company (Section 501).

If an Event of Default under the Indenture with respect to Debt Securities of any series at the time Outstanding occurs and is continuing, then in every such case the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of that series may declare the principal amount (or, if the Debt Securities of that series are Original Issue Discount Securities or Indexed Securities, such portion of the principal amount as may be specified in the terms thereof) of all of the Debt Securities of that series to be due and payable immediately by written notice thereof to the Operating Partnership and the Company (and to the Trustee if given by the Holders); provided, that in the case of an Event of Default described under provision (f)

of the preceding paragraph, acceleration is automatic. However, at any time after such a declaration of acceleration with respect to Debt Securities of such series (or of all Debt Securities then Outstanding under the Indenture, as the case may be) has been made, but before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the Trustee, the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of Outstanding Debt Securities of such series (or of all Debt Securities then Outstanding under the Indenture, as the case may be) may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if (a) the Operating Partnership or the Company shall have deposited with the Trustee all payments of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on the Debt Securities of such series (or of all Debt Securities then Outstanding under the Indenture, as the case may be), plus certain fees, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee and (b) all Events of Default, other than the non-payment of accelerated principal of (or specified portion thereof), or premium (if any) or interest on the Debt Securities of such series (or of all Debt Securities then Outstanding under the Indenture, as the case may be) have been cured or waived as provided in the Indenture (Section 502). The Indenture also provides that the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of any series (or of all Debt Securities then Outstanding under the Indenture, as the case may be) may waive any past default with respect to such series and its consequences, except a default (x) in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on any Debt Security of such series or (y) in respect of a covenant or provision contained in the Indenture that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the Holder of each Outstanding Debt Security affected thereby (Section 513).

The Trustee will be required to transmit notice to the Holders of a series of Debt Securities within 90 days of a default under the Indenture unless such default has been cured or waived; provided, however, that the Trustee may withhold notice to the Holders of any series of Debt Securities of any default with respect to such series (except a default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest on any Debt Security of such series or in the payment of any sinking fund installment in respect of any Debt Security of such series) if specified Responsible Officers of the Trustee consider such withholding to be in the interest of such Holders (Section 602).

The Indenture provides that no Holders of Debt Securities of any series may institute any proceedings, judicial or otherwise, with respect to the Indenture or for any remedy thereunder, except in the case of failure of the Trustee, for 60 days, to act after it has received a written request to institute proceedings in respect of an Event of Default from the Holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of such series, as well as an offer of indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it (Section 507). This provision will not prevent, however, any holder of Debt Securities from instituting suit for the enforcement of payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such Debt Securities at the respective due dates thereof (Section 508).

The Trustee is under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the Indenture at the request or direction of any Holders of any series of Debt Securities then Outstanding under the Indenture, unless such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee thereunder reasonable security or indemnity (Section 601). The Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of any series shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or of exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee with respect to the Debt Securities of such series. However, the Trustee may refuse to follow any direction which is in conflict with any law or the Indenture or would subject the Trustee to personal liability, or which may be unduly prejudicial to the Holders of Debt Securities of such series not joining therein (Section 512).

Within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, the Operating Partnership and the Company (if the Debt Securities are Guaranteed Securities) must deliver to the Trustee a certificate, signed by one of several specified officers of the Company, stating whether or not such officer has knowledge of any default under the Indenture and, if so, specifying each such default and the nature and status thereof (Sections 1009 and 1010).

Modification of the Indenture

Modifications and amendments of the Indenture will be permitted to be made only with the consent of the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of all Outstanding Debt Securities or series of Outstanding Debt Securities that are affected by such modification or amendment; provided, however, that no such modification or amendment may, without the consent of the Holder of each such Debt Security affected thereby, (a)

change the Stated Maturity of the principal of, or premium (if any) or any installment of interest on, any such Debt Security, reduce the principal amount of, or the rate or amount of interest on, or any premium payable on redemption of, any such Debt Security, or reduce the amount of principal of an Original Issue Discount Security that would be due and payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof or would be provable in bankruptcy, or adversely affect any right or repayment of the holder of any such Debt Security, change the place of payment, or the coin or currency, for payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on any such Debt Security or impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to any such Debt Security; (b) reduce the above-stated percentage of Outstanding Debt Securities of any series necessary to modify or amend the Indenture, to waive compliance with certain provisions thereof or certain defaults and consequences thereunder or to reduce the quorum or voting requirements set forth in the Indenture; (c) modify or affect in any manner adverse to the Holders the terms and conditions of the obligations of the Company in respect of the payment of principal (and premium, if any) and interest on any Guaranteed Securities; or (d) modify any of the foregoing provisions or any of the provisions relating to the waiver of certain past defaults or certain covenants, except to increase the required percentage to effect such action or to provide that certain other provisions may not be modified or waived without the consent of the Holder of such Debt Security (Section 902).

The Indenture provides that the Holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of a series of Outstanding Debt Securities have the right to waive compliance by the Operating Partnership and/or the Company with certain covenants relating to such series of Debt Securities in the Indenture (Section 1008).

Modifications and amendments of the Indenture will be permitted to be made by the Operating Partnership, the Company and the Trustee without the consent of any Holder of Debt Securities for any of the following purposes: (i) to evidence the succession of another Person to the Operating Partnership as obligor or the Company as guarantor under the Indenture; (ii) to add to the covenants of the Operating Partnership or the Company for the benefit of the Holders of all or any series of Debt Securities or to surrender any right or power conferred upon the Operating Partnership or the Company in the Indenture;

(iii) to add Events of Default for the benefit of the Holders of all or any series of Debt Securities; (iv) to add or change any provisions of the Indenture to facilitate the issuance of, or to liberalize certain terms of, Debt Securities in bearer form, or to permit or facilitate the issuance of Debt Securities in uncertificated form, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the Holders of the Debt Securities of any series in any material respect; (v) to amend or supplement any provisions of the Indenture, provided that no such amendment or supplement shall materially adversely affect the interests of the Holders of any Debt Securities then Outstanding; (vi) to secure the Debt Securities; (vii) to establish the form or terms of Debt Securities of any series; (viii) to provide for the acceptance of appointment by a successor Trustee to facilitate the administration of the trusts under the Indenture by more than one Trustee; (ix) to cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency in the Indenture, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of Holders of Debt Securities of any series in any material respect; or (x) to supplement any of the provisions of the Indenture to the extent necessary to permit or facilitate defeasance and discharge of any series of such Debt Securities, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the Holders of the Debt Securities of any series in any material respect (Section 901). In addition, with respect to Guaranteed Securities, without the consent of any Holder of Debt Securities, the Company, or a Subsidiary thereof, may directly assume the due and punctual payment of the principal of, any premium and interest on all the Guaranteed Securities and the performance of every covenant of the Indenture on the part of the Operating Partnership to be performed or observed. Upon any such assumption, the Company or such subsidiary shall succeed to, and be substituted for and may exercise every right and power of, the Operating Partnership under the Indenture with the same effect as if the Company or such subsidiary had been the issuer of the Guaranteed Securities and the Operating Partnership shall be released from all obligations and covenants with respect to the Guaranteed Securities. No such assumption shall be permitted unless the Company has delivered to the Trustee (i) an officer's certificate and an opinion of counsel, stating, among other things, that the Guarantee and all other covenants of the Company in the Indenture remain in full force and effect and

(ii) an opinion of independent counsel that the Holders of Guaranteed Securities shall have no United States Federal tax consequences as a result of such assumption, and that, if any Debt Securities are then listed on the NYSE, that such Debt Securities shall not be delisted as a result of such assumption (Section 805).

The Indenture provides that in determining whether the Holders of the requisite principal amount of Outstanding Debt Securities of a series have given any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or

waiver thereunder or whether a quorum is present at a meeting of Holders of Debt Securities, (i) the principal amount of an Original Issue Discount Security that shall be deemed to be Outstanding shall be the amount of the principal thereof that would be due and payable as of the date of such determination upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof, (ii) the principal amount of a Debt Security denominated in a foreign currency that shall be deemed Outstanding shall be the U.S. dollar equivalent, determined on the issue date for such Debt Security, of the principal amount (or, in the case of an Original Issue Discount Security, the U.S. dollar equivalent on the issue date of such Debt Security of the amount determined as provided in (i) above).

(iii) the principal amount of an Indexed Security that shall be deemed Outstanding shall be the principal face amount of such Indexed Security at original issuance, unless otherwise provided with respect to such Indexed Security pursuant to the Indenture, and (iv) Debt Securities owned by the Operating Partnership, the Company or any other obligor upon the Debt Securities or any affiliate of the Operating Partnership, the Company or of such other obligor shall be disregarded.

The Indenture contains provisions for convening meetings of the Holders of Debt Securities of a series (Section 1501). A meeting will be permitted to be called at any time by the Trustee, and also, upon request, by the Operating Partnership, the Company (in respect of a series of Guaranteed Securities) or the holders of at least 10% in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of such series, in any such case upon notice given as provided in the Indenture (Section 1502). Except for any consent that must be given by the Holder of each Debt Security affected by certain modifications and amendments of the Indenture, any resolution presented at a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present will be permitted to be adopted by the affirmative vote of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of that series; provided, however, that, except as referred to above, any resolution with respect to any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action that may be made, given or taken by the Holders of a specified percentage, which is less than a majority, in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of a series may be adopted at a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present by the affirmative vote of the Holders of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of that series. Any resolution passed or decision taken at any meeting of Holders of Debt Securities of any series duly held in accordance with the Indenture will be binding on all Holders of Debt Securities of that series. The quorum at any meeting called to adopt a resolution, and at any reconvened meeting, will be Persons holding or representing a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of a series; provided, however, that if any action is to be taken at such meeting with respect to a consent or waiver which may be given by the Holders of not less than a specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of a series, the Persons holding or representing such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of such series will constitute a quorum (Section 1504).

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, any action to be taken at a meeting of Holders of Debt Securities of any series with respect to any action that the Indenture expressly provides may be taken by the Holders of a specified percentage which is less than a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of a series may be taken at a meeting at which a quorum is present by the affirmative vote of Holders of such specified percentage in principal amount of the Outstanding Debt Securities of such series (Section 1504).

Discharge, Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance

The Operating Partnership may discharge certain obligations to Holders of any series of Debt Securities that have not already been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation and that either have become due and payable or will become due and payable within one year (or scheduled for redemption within one year) by irrevocably depositing with the Trustee, in trust, funds in such currency or currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies in which such Debt Securities are payable in an amount sufficient to pay the entire indebtedness on such Debt Securities in respect of principal (and premium, if any) and interest to the date of such deposit (if such Debt Securities have become due and payable) or to the Stated Maturity or Redemption Date, as the case may be (Section 401).

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Operating Partnership may elect either (a) to defease and discharge itself and the Company (if such Debt Securities are Guaranteed Securities) from any and all obligations with respect to such Debt Securities (except for the obligation to pay additional amounts, if any, upon the occurrence of certain events of tax, assessment or governmental charge with respect

to payments on such Debt Securities and the obligations to register the transfer or exchange of such Debt Securities, to replace temporary or mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Debt Securities, to maintain an office or agency in respect of such Debt Securities and to hold moneys for payment in trust) ("defeasance") or (b) to release itself and the Company (if such Debt Securities are Guaranteed Securities) from their obligations with respect to such Debt Securities under certain sections of the Indenture (including the restrictions described under " -- Certain Covenants") and if provided pursuant to Section 301 of the Indenture, their obligations with respect to any other covenant, and any omission to comply with such obligations shall not constitute a default or an Event of Default with respect to such Debt Securities ("covenant defeasance"), in either case upon the irrevocable deposit by the Operating Partnership or the Company (if the Debt Securities are Guaranteed Securities) with the Trustee, in trust, of an amount, in such currency or currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies in which such Debt Securities are payable at Stated Maturity, or Government Obligations (as defined below), or both, applicable to such Debt Securities that through the scheduled payment of principal and interest in accordance with their terms will provide money in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such Debt Securities, and any mandatory sinking fund or analogous payments thereon, on the scheduled due dates therefor (Section 402).

Such a trust will only be permitted to be established if, among other things, the Operating Partnership or the Company (if the Debt Securities are Guaranteed Securities) has delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel (as specified in the Indenture) to the effect that the Holders of such Debt Securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for U.S. Federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance or covenant defeasance and will be subject to U.S. Federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance or covenant defeasance had not occurred, and such Opinion of Counsel, in the case of defeasance, must refer to and be based upon a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or a change in applicable United States Federal income tax law occurring after the date of the Indenture (Section 402).

"Government Obligations" means securities that are (i) direct obligations of the United States of America or the government that issued the foreign currency in which the Debt Securities of a particular series are payable, for the payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (ii) obligations of a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America or such government that issued the foreign currency in which the Debt Securities of such series are payable, the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the United States of America or such other government, and that, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and shall also include a depository receipt issued by a bank or trust company as custodian with respect to any such Government Obligation or a specific payment of interest on or principal of any such Government Obligation held by such custodian for the account of the holder of a depository receipt, provided that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depository receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the Government Obligation or the specific payment of interest on or principal of the Government Obligation evidenced by such depository receipt.

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, if after the Operating Partnership or the Company (if the Debt Securities are Guaranteed Securities) has deposited funds and/or Government Obligations to effect defeasance or covenant defeasance with respect to Debt Securities of any series, (a) the Holder of a Debt Security of such series is entitled to, and does, elect pursuant to the Indenture or the terms of such Debt Security to receive payment in a currency, currency unit or composite currency other than that in which such deposit has been made in respect of such Debt Security, or

(b) a Conversion Event (as defined below) occurs in respect of the currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such deposit has been made, the indebtedness represented by such Debt Security shall be deemed to have been, and will be, fully discharged and satisfied through the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such Debt Security as they become due out of the proceeds yielded by converting the amount so deposited in respect of such Debt Security into the currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such Debt Security becomes payable as a result of such election or such Conversion Event based on the applicable market exchange rate (Section 402). "Conversion Event" means the cessation of use of (i) a currency, currency unit or composite currency both by the government of the country that issued such currency and for the settlement of transactions by a central bank or other public institutions of or within the international banking community,

(ii) the ECU both within the European Monetary System and for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the European Union or (iii) any currency unit or composite currency other than the ECU for the purposes for which it

was established. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, all payments of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on any Debt Security that is payable in a foreign currency that ceases to be used by its government of issuance shall be made in U.S. dollars.

If the Operating Partnership effects covenant defeasance with respect to any Debt Securities and such Debt Securities are declared due and payable because of the occurrence of any Event of Default other than the Event of Default described in clause (d) under " -- Events of Default, Notice and Waiver" with respect to Sections no longer applicable to such Debt Securities or described in clause (g) under " -- Events of Default, Notice and Waiver" with respect to any other covenant as to which there has been covenant defeasance, the amount in such currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such Debt Securities are payable, and Government Obligations on deposit with the Trustee, will be sufficient to pay amounts due on such Debt Securities at the time of their Stated Maturity but may not be sufficient to pay amounts due on such Debt Securities at the time of the acceleration resulting from such Event of Default. However, the Operating Partnership and the Company (if such Debt Securities are Guaranteed Securities) would remain liable to make payment of such amounts due at the time of acceleration.

The applicable Prospectus Supplement may further describe the provisions, if any, permitting such defeasance or covenant defeasance, including any modifications to the provisions described above, with respect to the Debt Securities of or within a particular series.

No Conversion Rights

The Debt Securities will not be convertible into or exchangeable for any capital stock of the Company or equity interest in the Operating Partnership.

Global Securities

The Debt Securities of a series may be issued in whole or in part in the form of one or more global securities (the "Global Securities") that will be deposited with, or on behalf of, a depositary (the "Depositary") identified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement relating to such series. Global Securities may be issued in either registered or bearer form and in either temporary or permanent form. The specific terms of the depositary arrangement with respect to a series of Debt Securities will be described in the applicable Prospectus Supplement relating to such series.

DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

General

The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share, of which 125,000 8 5/8% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, 6,900,000 8% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares and 400,000 8% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares have been issued and are outstanding as of the date hereof. See "Description of Series A Preferred Shares," "Description of Series B Preferred Shares" and "Description of Series D Preferred Shares."

The following description of the Preferred Stock sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the Preferred Stock to which any Prospectus Supplement may relate. The statements below describing the Preferred Stock are in all respects subject to and qualified in their entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (the "Articles of Incorporation") and bylaws and any applicable amendment to the Articles of Incorporation designating terms of a series of Preferred Stock (a "Designating Amendment").

Terms

Subject to the limitations prescribed by the Articles of Incorporation, the board of directors is authorized to fix the number of shares constituting each series of Preferred Stock and the designations and powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including such provisions as may be desired concerning voting, redemption, dividends, dissolution or the distribution of assets, conversion or exchange, and such other subjects or matters as may be fixed by resolution of the

board of directors. The Preferred Stock will, when issued, be fully paid and nonassessable by the Company and will have no preemptive rights.

Reference is made to the Prospectus Supplement relating to the Preferred Stock offered thereby for specific terms, including:

- (1) the title and stated value of such Preferred Stock;
- (2) the number of shares of such Preferred Stock offered, the liquidation preference per share and the offering price of such Preferred Stock;
- (3) the dividend rate(s), period(s) and/or payment date(s) or method(s) of calculation thereof applicable to such Preferred Stock;
- (4) the date from which dividends on such Preferred Stock shall accumulate, if applicable;
- (5) the procedures for any auction and remarketing, if any, for such Preferred Stock;
- (6) the provision for a sinking fund, if any, for such Preferred Stock;
- (7) the provision for redemption, if applicable, of such Preferred Stock;
- (8) any listing of such Preferred Stock on any securities exchange;
- (9) the terms and conditions, if applicable, upon which such Preferred Stock will be convertible into Common Stock of the Company, including the conversion price or manner of calculation thereof;
- (10) whether interests in such Preferred Stock will be represented by Depositary Shares;
- (11) any other specific terms, preferences, rights, limitations or restrictions of such Preferred Stock;
- (12) a discussion of Federal income tax considerations applicable to such Preferred Stock;
- (13) the relative ranking and preferences of such Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company;
- (14) any limitations on issuance of any series of Preferred Stock ranking senior to or on a parity with such series of Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company; and
- (15) any limitations on direct or beneficial ownership and restrictions on transfer, in each case as may be appropriate to preserve the status of the Company as a REIT.

Rank

Unless otherwise specified in the Prospectus Supplement, the Preferred Stock will, with respect to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, rank (i) senior to all classes or series of Common Stock of the Company, and to all equity securities ranking junior to such Preferred Stock; (ii) on a parity with all equity securities issued by the Company the terms of which specifically provide that such equity securities rank on a parity with the Preferred Stock; and (iii) junior to all equity securities issued by the Company the terms of which specifically provide that such equity securities rank senior to the Preferred Stock. The term "equity securities" does not include convertible debt securities.

Dividends

Holders of the Preferred Stock of each series will be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the board of directors of the Company, out of assets of the Company legally available for payment, cash dividends at such rates and on such dates as will be set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. Each such dividend shall be payable to holders of record as they appear on the share transfer books of the Company on such record dates as shall be fixed by the board of directors of the Company.

Dividends on any series of the Preferred Stock may be cumulative or non-cumulative, as provided in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. Dividends, if cumulative, will be cumulative from and after the date set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. If the board of directors of the Company fails to declare a dividend

payable on a dividend payment date on any series of the Preferred Stock for which dividends are non-cumulative, then the holders of such series of the Preferred Stock will have no right to receive a dividend in respect of the dividend period ending on such dividend payment date, and the Company will have no obligation to pay the dividend accrued for such period, whether or not dividends on such series are declared payable on any future dividend payment date.

If Preferred Stock of any series is outstanding, no dividends will be declared or paid or set apart for payment on any capital stock of the Company of any other series ranking, as to dividends, on a parity with or junior to the Preferred Stock of such series for any period unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for such payment on the Preferred Stock of such series for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period or

(ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends for the then current dividend period have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for such payment on the Preferred Stock of such series. When dividends are not paid in full (or a sum sufficient for such full payment is not so set apart) upon Preferred Stock of any series and the shares of any other series of Preferred Stock ranking on a parity as to dividends with the Preferred Stock of such series, all dividends declared upon Preferred Stock of such series and any other series of Preferred Stock ranking on a parity as to dividends with such Preferred Stock shall be declared pro rata so that the amount of dividends declared per share of Preferred Stock of such series and such other series of Preferred Stock shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accrued dividends per share on the Preferred Stock of such series (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend) and such other series of Preferred Stock bear to each other. No interest, or sum of money in lieu of interest, shall be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on Preferred Stock of such series that may be in arrears.

Except as provided in the immediately preceding paragraph, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on the Preferred Stock of such series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period, and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of such series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, no dividends (other than in shares of Common Stock or other capital shares ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation) shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment or other distribution shall be declared or made upon the Common Stock, or any other capital shares of the Company ranking junior to or on a parity with the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation, nor shall any shares of Common Stock, or any other capital shares of the Company ranking junior to or on a parity with the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation be redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired for any consideration (or any moneys be paid to or made available for a sinking fund for the redemption of any such shares) by the Company (except by conversion into or exchange for other capital shares of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation).

Redemption

If so provided in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Preferred Stock will be subject to mandatory redemption or redemption at the option of the Company, as a whole or in part, in each case upon the terms, at the times and at the redemption prices set forth in such Prospectus Supplement.

The Prospectus Supplement relating to a series of Preferred Stock that is subject to mandatory redemption will specify the number of shares of such Preferred Stock that shall be redeemed by the Company in each year commencing after a date to be specified, at a redemption price per share to be specified, together with an amount equal to all accrued and unpaid dividends thereon (which shall not, if Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods) to the date of redemption. The redemption price may be payable in cash or other property, as specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. If the redemption price for Preferred Stock of any series is payable only from the net proceeds of the issuance of capital shares of the Company, the terms of such Preferred Stock may provide that, if

no such capital shares shall have been issued or to the extent the net proceeds from any issuance are insufficient to pay in full the aggregate redemption price then due, such Preferred Stock shall automatically and mandatorily be converted into the applicable capital shares of the Company pursuant to conversion provisions specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on all shares of any series of Preferred Stock have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period, and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends of the Preferred Stock of any series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, no shares of any series of Preferred Stock shall be redeemed unless all outstanding Preferred Stock of such series is simultaneously redeemed; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of Preferred Stock of such series to preserve the REIT status of the Company or pursuant to a purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding Preferred Stock of such series. In addition, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of any series of Preferred Stock have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for all past dividends periods and the then current dividend period, and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of any series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, the Company shall not purchase or otherwise acquire directly or indirectly any shares of Preferred Stock of such series (except by conversion into or exchange for capital shares of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation); provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of Preferred Stock of such series to preserve the REIT status of the Company or pursuant to a purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding Preferred Stock of such series.

If fewer than all of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of any series are to be redeemed, the number of shares to be redeemed will be determined by the Company and such shares may be redeemed pro rata from the holders of record of such shares in proportion to the number of such shares held or for which redemption is requested by such holder (with adjustments to avoid redemption of fractional shares) or by lot in a manner determined by the Company.

Notice of redemption will be mailed at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of record of Preferred Stock of any series to be redeemed at the address shown on the share transfer books of the Company. Each notice shall state: (i) the redemption date; (ii) the number of shares and series of the Preferred Stock to be redeemed; (iii) the redemption price; (iv) the place or places where certificates for such Preferred Stock are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price; (v) that dividends on the shares to be redeemed will cease to accrue on such redemption date; and (vi) the date upon which the holder's conversion rights, if any, as to such shares shall terminate. If fewer than all the shares of Preferred Stock of any series are to be redeemed, the notice mailed to each such holder thereof shall also specify the number of shares of Preferred Stock to be redeemed from each such holder. If notice of redemption of any Preferred Stock has been given and if the funds necessary for such redemption have been set aside by the Company in trust for the benefit of the holders of any Preferred Stock so called for redemption, then from and after the redemption date dividends will cease to accrue on such Preferred Stock, and all rights of the holders of such shares will terminate, except the right to receive the redemption price.

Liquidation Preference

Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, then, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any Common Stock or any other class or series of capital shares of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock in the distribution of assets upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of each series of Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive out of assets of the Company legally available for distribution to stockholders liquidating

distributions in the amount of the liquidation preference per share (set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement), plus an amount equal to all dividends accrued and unpaid thereon (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend). After payment of the full amount of the liquidating distributions to which they are entitled, the holders of Preferred Stock will have no right or claim to any of the remaining assets of the Company. If, upon any such voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the available assets of the Company are insufficient to pay the amount of the liquidating distributions on all outstanding Preferred Stock and the corresponding amounts payable on all shares of other classes or series of capital shares of the Company ranking on a parity with the Preferred Stock in the distribution of assets, then the holders of the Preferred Stock and all other such classes or series of capital shares shall share ratably in any such distribution of assets in proportion to the full liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled.

If liquidating distributions shall have been made in full to all holders of Preferred Stock, the remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed among the holders of any other classes or series of capital shares ranking junior to the Preferred Stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, according to their respective rights and preferences and in each case according to their respective number of shares. For such purposes, the consolidation or merger of the Company with or into any other corporation, trust or entity, or the sale, lease or conveyance of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Company, shall not be deemed to constitute a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company.

Voting Rights

Holders of the Preferred Stock will not have any voting rights, except as set forth below or as otherwise from time to time required by law or as indicated in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

Whenever dividends on any shares of Preferred Stock shall be in arrears for six or more consecutive quarterly periods, the holders of such shares of Preferred Stock (voting separately as a class with all other series of preferred stock upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable) will be entitled to vote for the election of two additional directors of the Company at a special meeting called by the holders of record of at least 10% of any series of Preferred Stock so in arrears (unless such request is received less than 90 days before the date fixed for the next annual or special meeting of the stockholders) or at the next annual meeting of stockholders, and at each subsequent annual meeting until (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, all dividends accumulated on such shares of Preferred Stock for the past dividend periods and the then current dividend period shall have been fully paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set aside for payment or (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, four consecutive quarterly dividends shall have been fully paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set aside for payment. In such case, the entire board of directors of the Company will be increased by two directors.

Unless provided otherwise for any series of Preferred Stock, so long as any shares of Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the Company will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of each series of Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, given in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting (such series voting separately as a class), (i) authorize or create, or increase the authorized or issued amount of, any class or series of capital stock ranking prior to such series of Preferred Stock with respect to payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up or reclassify any authorized capital stock of the Company into such shares, or create, authorize or issue any obligation or security convertible into or evidencing the right to purchase any such shares; or (ii) amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation or the Designating Amendment for such series of Preferred Stock, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise (an "Event"), so as to materially and adversely affect any right, preference, privilege or voting power of such series of Preferred Stock or the holders thereof; provided, however, with respect to the occurrence of any of the Events set forth in (ii) above, so long as the Preferred Stock remains outstanding with the terms thereof materially unchanged, taking into account that upon the occurrence of an Event, the Company may not be the surviving entity, the occurrence of any such Event shall not be deemed to materially and adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting power of holders of Preferred Stock and provided further that (x) any increase in the amount of the authorized Preferred Stock or the creation or issuance of any other series of Preferred Stock, or (y) any increase in the amount of authorized shares of such series or any other series of Preferred Stock, in each case ranking on a parity with or junior to

the Preferred Stock of such series with respect to payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, shall not be deemed to materially and adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers.

The foregoing voting provisions will not apply if, at or prior to the time when the act with respect to which such vote would otherwise be required shall be effected, all outstanding shares of such series of Preferred Stock shall have been redeemed or called for redemption and sufficient funds shall have been deposited in trust to effect such redemption.

Conversion Rights

The terms and conditions, if any, upon which any series of Preferred Stock is convertible into shares of Common Stock will be set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement relating thereto. Such terms will include the number of shares of Common Stock into which the shares of Preferred Stock are convertible, the conversion price (or manner of calculation thereof), the conversion period, provisions as to whether conversion will be at the option of the holders of the Preferred Stock or the Company, the events requiring an adjustment of the conversion price and provisions affecting conversion in the event of the redemption of such series of Preferred Stock.

Stockholder Liability

As discussed below under "Description of Common Stock -- General," applicable Maryland law provides that no stockholder, including holders of Preferred Stock, shall be personally liable for the acts and obligations of the Company and that the funds and property of the Company shall be the only recourse for such acts or obligations.

Restrictions on Ownership

As discussed below under "Description of Common Stock -- Certain Provisions Affecting Change of Control -- Ownership Limitations and Restrictions on Transfers," for the Company to qualify as a REIT under the Code, not more than 50% in value of its outstanding capital shares may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Code to include certain entities) during the last half of a taxable year. To ensure that the Company remains a qualified REIT, the Articles of Incorporation provide that no holder (other than persons approved by the directors at their option and in their discretion) may own, or be deemed to own by virtue of the attribution provisions of the Code, more than 9.8% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company. To assist the Company in meeting this requirement, the Company may take certain actions to limit the beneficial ownership, directly or indirectly, by a single person of the Company's outstanding equity securities, including any Preferred Stock of the Company. Therefore, the Designating Amendment for each series of Preferred Stock may contain provisions restricting the ownership and transfer of the Preferred Stock. The applicable Prospectus Supplement will specify any additional ownership limitation relating to a series of Preferred Stock.

Registrar and Transfer Agent

The Registrar and Transfer Agent for the Preferred Stock will be set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

DESCRIPTION OF SERIES A PREFERRED SHARES

The following description of the Company's 8 5/8% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, par value \$.01 per share (the "Series A Preferred Shares"), is in all respects subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, including the Articles Supplementary applicable to the Series A Preferred Shares. The Company is authorized to issue 143,750 Series A Preferred Shares, 125,000 of which were issued and outstanding as of the date hereof.

With respect to the payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, the Series A Preferred Shares rank pari passu with the Series B Preferred Shares, the Series D Preferred Shares and any other equity securities of the Company the terms of which provide that such equity securities rank on a parity with the Series A Preferred

Shares and rank senior to the Common Stock and any other equity securities of the Company that by their terms rank junior to the Series A Preferred Shares. Dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares are cumulative from the date of original issue and are payable quarterly on or about the last day of February, May, August and November of each year commencing May 31, 1997, at the rate of 8 5/8% of the liquidation preference per annum (equivalent to \$86.25 per annum per share). Dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares will accrue whether or not the Company has earnings, whether or nor there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends and whether or not such dividends are declared. The Series A Preferred Shares have a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share, plus an amount equal to any accrued and unpaid dividends.

The Series A Preferred Shares are not redeemable prior to February 12, 2027. On and after February 12, 2027, the Series A Preferred Shares will be redeemable for cash at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at \$1,000 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption. The redemption price (other than the portion thereof consisting of accrued and unpaid dividends) is payable solely out of the sale proceeds of other capital stock of the Company, which may include other series of Preferred Stock, and from no other source.

If dividends on the Series A Preferred Shares are in arrears for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not such quarterly periods are consecutive, holders of the Series A Preferred Shares (voting separately as a class with all other series of Preferred Stock upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable) will be entitled to vote for the election of two additional directors to serve on the board of directors of the Company until all dividend arrearages have been paid.

The Series A Preferred Shares are not convertible or exchangeable for any other property or securities of the Company. The Series A Preferred Shares are subject to certain restrictions on ownership intended to preserve the Company's status as a REIT for Federal income tax purposes. See "Description of Preferred Stock -- Restrictions on Ownership" and "Description of Common Stock -- Certain Provisions Affecting Change of Control -- Ownership Limitations and Restrictions on Transfers."

DESCRIPTION OF SERIES B PREFERRED SHARES

The following description of the Company's 8% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, par value \$.01 per share (the "Series B Preferred Shares"), is in all respects subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, including the Articles Supplementary applicable to the Series B Preferred Shares. The Company is authorized to issue 6,900,000 Series B Preferred Shares, all of which were issued and outstanding as of the date hereof.

With respect to the payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, the Series B Preferred Shares rank pari passu with the Series A Preferred Shares, the Series D Preferred Shares and any other equity securities of the Company the terms of which provide that such equity securities rank on a parity with the Series B Preferred Shares and rank senior to the Common Stock and any other equity securities of the Company which by their terms rank junior to the Series B Preferred Shares. Dividends on the Series B Preferred Shares are cumulative from the date of original issue and are payable quarterly on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing December 15, 1997, at the rate of 8% of the \$25 liquidation preference per annum (equivalent to \$2.00 per annum per share). Dividends on the Series B Preferred Shares will accrue whether or not the Company has earnings, whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends and whether or not such dividends are declared. The Series B Preferred Shares have a liquidation preference of \$25 per share, plus an amount equal to any accrued and unpaid dividends.

The Series B Preferred Shares are not redeemable prior to September 25, 2002. On and after September 25, 2002, the Series B Preferred Shares will be redeemable for cash at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at \$25 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption. The redemption price (other than the portion thereof consisting of accrued and unpaid dividends) is payable solely out of the sale proceeds of other capital stock of the Company, which may include other series of Preferred Stock, and from no other source.

If dividends on the Series B Preferred Shares are in arrears for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not such quarterly periods are consecutive, holders of the Series B Preferred Shares (voting separately as a class with all other series of Preferred Stock upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable)

will be entitled to vote for the election of two additional directors to serve on the board of directors of the Company until all dividend arrearages have been paid.

The Series B Preferred Shares are not convertible or exchangeable for any other property or securities of the Company. The Series B Preferred Shares are subject to certain restrictions on ownership intended to preserve the Company's status as a REIT for Federal income tax purposes. See "Description of Preferred Stock -- Restrictions on Ownership" and "Description of Common Stock -- Certain Provisions Affecting Change of Control -- Ownership Limitations and Restrictions on Transfers."

DESCRIPTION OF SERIES D PREFERRED SHARES

The following description of the Company's 8% Series D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares, par value \$.01 per share (the "Series D Preferred Shares"), is in all respects subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, including the Articles Supplementary applicable to the Series D Preferred Shares. The Company is authorized to issue 400,000 Series D Preferred Shares, all of which were issued and outstanding as of the date hereof.

In April 1998, the Company offered and sold 4,000,000 depositary shares (the "Series D Depositary Shares"), each representing a 1/10 fractional interest in a Series D Preferred Share. The Series D Preferred Shares were deposited with First Union National Bank, as preferred share depositary (the "Series D Depositary"), under a Deposit Agreement, dated April 23, 1998 (the "Series D Deposit Agreement"), among the Company, the Series D Depositary and the holders from time to time of the depositary receipts (the "Series D Depositary Receipts") issued by the Series D Depositary thereunder. The Series D Depositary Receipts evidence the Series D Depositary Shares. Subject to the terms of the Series D Deposit Agreement, each holder of a Series D Depositary Receipt evidencing a Series D Depositary Share will be entitled to all the rights and preferences of a 1/10 fractional interest in a Series D Preferred Share (including dividend, voting, redemption and liquidation rights and preferences).

With respect to the payment of dividends and amounts upon liquidation, the Series D Preferred Shares rank pari passu with the Series A Preferred Shares, the Series B Preferred Shares and any other equity securities of the Company the terms of which provide that such equity securities rank on a parity with the Series D Preferred Shares and rank senior to the Common Stock and any other equity securities of the Company that by their terms rank junior to the Series D Preferred Shares. Dividends on the Series D Preferred Shares represented by the Series D Depositary Shares are cumulative from the date of original issue and are payable quarterly in arrears on or about the last day of January, April, July and October of each year, commencing July 31, 1998, at the rate of 8% of the liquidation preference per annum (equivalent to \$20.00 per annum per Series D Preferred Share). Dividends on the Series D Preferred Shares will accrue whether or not the Company has earnings, whether or not there are funds legally available for the payment of such dividends and whether or not such dividends are declared. The Series D Preferred Shares have a liquidation preference of \$250 per share (equivalent to \$25.00 per Series D Depositary Share), plus an amount equal to any accrued and unpaid dividends.

The Series D Preferred Shares are not redeemable prior to April 23, 2003. On and after April 23, 2003, the Series D Preferred Shares will be redeemable for cash at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at \$250 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption. The redemption price (other than the portion thereof consisting of accrued and unpaid dividends) is payable solely out of the sale proceeds of other capital stock of the Company, which may include other series of Preferred Stock, and from no other source.

If dividends on the Series D Preferred Shares are in arrears for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not such quarterly periods are consecutive, holders of Series D Depositary Shares representing the Series D Preferred Shares (voting separately as a class with all other series of Preferred Stock upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable) will be entitled to vote for the election of two additional directors to serve on the board of directors of the Company until all dividend arrearages have been paid.

The Series D Preferred Shares are not convertible or exchangeable for any other property or securities of the Company. The Series D Preferred Shares are subject to certain restrictions on ownership intended to preserve the Company's status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. See "Description of Preferred Stock --

Restrictions on Ownership" and "Description of Common Stock -- Certain Provisions Affecting Change of Control -- Ownership Limitations and Restrictions on Transfers."

DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSITARY SHARES

General

The Company may issue receipts ("Depositary Receipts") for Depositary Shares, each of which will represent a fractional interest of a share of a particular series of Preferred Stock, as specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. Shares of Preferred Stock of each series represented by Depositary Shares will be deposited under a separate deposit agreement (each, a "Deposit Agreement") among the Company, the depositary named therein (a "Preferred Stock Depositary") and the holders from time to time of the Depositary Receipts. Subject to the terms of the applicable Deposit Agreement, each owner of a Depositary Receipt will be entitled, in proportion to the fractional interest of a share of a particular series of Preferred Stock represented by the Depositary Shares evidenced by such Depositary Receipt, to all the rights and preferences of the Preferred Stock represented by such Depositary Shares (including dividend, voting, conversion, redemption and liquidation rights).

The Depositary Shares will be evidenced by Depositary Receipts issued pursuant to the applicable Deposit Agreement. Immediately following the issuance and delivery of the Preferred Stock by the Company to a Preferred Stock Depositary, the Company will cause such Preferred Stock Depositary to issue, on behalf of the Company, the Depositary Receipts. Copies of the applicable form of Deposit Agreement and Depositary Receipt may be obtained from the Company upon request, and the statements made hereunder relating to Deposit Agreements and the Depositary Receipts to be issued thereunder are summaries of certain anticipated provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and qualified in their entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the applicable Deposit Agreement and related Depositary Receipts.

Dividends and Other Distributions

A Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to distribute all cash dividends or other cash distributions received in respect of the applicable Preferred Stock to the record holders of Depositary Receipts evidencing the related Depositary Shares in proportion to the number of such Depositary Receipts owned by such holders, subject to certain obligations of holders to file proofs, certificates and other information and to pay certain charges and expenses to such Preferred Stock Depositary.

In the event of a distribution other than in cash, a Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to distribute property received by it to the record holders of Depositary Receipts entitled thereto, subject to certain obligations of holders to file proofs, certificates and other information and to pay certain charges and expenses to such Preferred Stock Depositary, unless such Preferred Stock Depositary determines that it is not feasible to make such distribution, in which case such Preferred Stock Depositary may, with the approval of the Company, sell such property and distribute the net proceeds from such sale to such holders.

No distribution will be made in respect of any Depositary Share to the extent that it represents any Preferred Stock that has been converted or exchanged.

Withdrawal of Stock

Upon surrender of the Depositary Receipts at the corporate trust office of the applicable Preferred Stock Depositary (unless the related Depositary Shares have previously been called for redemption or converted), the holders thereof will be entitled to delivery at such office, to or upon each such holder's order, of the number of whole or fractional shares of the applicable Preferred Stock and any money or other property represented by the Depositary Shares evidenced by such Depositary Receipts. Holders of Depositary Receipts will be entitled to receive whole or fractional shares of the related Preferred Stock on the basis of the proportion of Preferred Stock represented by each Depositary Share as specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, but holders of such shares of Preferred Stock will not thereafter be entitled to receive Depositary Shares therefor. If the Depositary Receipts delivered by the holder evidence a number of Depositary Shares in excess of the number of Depositary Shares representing the number of shares of Preferred Stock to be withdrawn, the applicable Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to deliver to such holder at the same time a new Depositary Receipt evidencing such excess number of Depositary Shares.

Redemption of Depositary Shares

Whenever the Company redeems shares of Preferred Stock held by a Preferred Stock Depositary, such Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to redeem as of the same redemption date the number of Depositary Shares representing shares of the Preferred Stock so redeemed, provided the Company shall have paid in full to such Preferred Stock Depositary the redemption price of the Preferred Stock to be redeemed plus an amount equal to any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption. The redemption price per Depositary Share will be equal to the redemption price and any other amounts per share payable with respect to the Preferred Stock. If fewer than all the Depositary Shares are to be redeemed, the Depositary Shares to be redeemed will be selected pro rata (as nearly as may be practicable without creating fractional Depositary Shares) or by any other equitable method determined by the Company.

From and after the date fixed for redemption, all dividends in respect of the shares of Preferred Stock so called for redemption will cease to accrue, the Depositary Shares so called for redemption will no longer be deemed to be outstanding and all rights of the holders of the Depositary Receipts evidencing the Depositary Shares so called for redemption will cease, except the right to receive any moneys payable upon such redemption and any money or other property to which the holders of such Depositary Receipts were entitled upon such redemption upon surrender thereof to the applicable Preferred Stock Depositary.

Voting of the Preferred Stock

Upon receipt of notice of any meeting at which the holders of the applicable Preferred Stock are entitled to vote, a Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to mail the information contained in such notice of meeting to the record holders of the Depositary Receipts evidencing the Depositary Shares that represent such Preferred Stock. Each record holder of Depositary Receipts evidencing Depositary Shares on the record date (which will be the same date as the record date for the Preferred Stock) will be entitled to instruct such Preferred Stock Depositary as to the exercise of the voting rights pertaining to the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such holder's Depositary Shares. Such Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to vote the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such Depositary Shares in accordance with such instructions, and the Company will agree to take all reasonable action that may be deemed necessary by such Preferred Stock Depositary in order to enable such Preferred Stock Depositary to do so. Such Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to abstain from voting the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such Depositary Shares to the extent it does not receive specific instructions from the holders of Depositary Receipts evidencing such Depositary Shares. A Preferred Stock Depositary will not be responsible for any failure to carry out any instruction to vote, or for the manner or effect of any such vote made, as long as any such action or non-action is in good faith and does not result from negligence or willful misconduct of such Preferred Stock Depositary.

Liquidation Preference

In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of each Depositary Receipt will be entitled to the fraction of the liquidation preference accorded each share of Preferred Stock represented by the Depositary Share evidenced by such Depositary Receipt, as set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

Conversion of Preferred Stock

The Depositary Shares, as such, will not be convertible into Common Stock or any other securities or property of the Company. Nevertheless, if so specified in the applicable Prospectus Supplement relating to an offering of Depositary Shares, the Depositary Receipts may be surrendered by holders thereof to the applicable Preferred Stock Depositary with written instructions to such Preferred Stock Depositary to instruct the Company to cause conversion of the Preferred Stock represented by the Depositary Shares evidenced by such Depositary Receipts into whole shares of Common Stock, other shares of Preferred Stock of the Company or other shares of stock, and the Company will agree that upon receipt of such instructions and any amounts payable in respect thereof, it will cause the conversion thereof utilizing the same procedures as those provided for delivery of Preferred Stock to effect such conversion. If the Depositary Shares evidenced by a Depositary Receipt are to be converted in part only, a new Depositary Receipt or Receipts will be issued for any Depositary Shares not to be converted. No fractional shares of Common Stock will be issued upon conversion, and if such conversion will

result in a fractional share being issued, an amount will be paid in cash by the Company equal to the value of the fractional interest based upon the closing price of the Common Stock on the last business day prior to the conversion.

Amendment and Termination of a Deposit Agreement

Any form of Depositary Receipt evidencing Depositary Shares that will represent Preferred Stock and any provision of a Deposit Agreement will be permitted at any time to be amended by agreement between the Company and the applicable Preferred Stock Depositary. However, any amendment that materially and adversely alters the rights of the holders of Depositary Receipts or that would be materially and adversely inconsistent with the rights granted to the holders of the related Preferred Stock will not be effective unless such amendment has been approved by the existing holders of at least two-thirds of the applicable Depositary Shares evidenced by the applicable Depositary Receipts then outstanding. No amendment shall impair the right, subject to certain anticipated exceptions in the Deposit Agreements, of any holder of Depositary Receipts to surrender any Depositary Receipt with instructions to deliver to the holder the related Preferred Stock and all money and other property, if any, represented thereby, except in order to comply with law. Every holder of an outstanding Depositary Receipt at the time any such amendment becomes effective shall be deemed, by continuing to hold such Depositary Receipt, to consent and agree to such amendment and to be bound by the applicable Deposit Agreement as amended thereby.

A Deposit Agreement will be permitted to be terminated by the Company upon not less that 30 days' prior written notice to the applicable Preferred Stock Depositary if (i) such termination is necessary to preserve the Company's status as a REIT or (ii) a majority of each series of Preferred Stock affected by such termination consents to such termination, whereupon such Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to deliver or make available to each holder of Depositary Receipts, upon surrender of the Depositary Receipts held by such holder, such number of whole or fractional shares of Preferred Stock as are represented by the Depositary Shares evidenced by such Depositary Receipts together with any other property held by such Preferred Stock Depositary with respect to such Depositary Receipts. The Company will agree that if a Deposit Agreement is terminated to preserve the Company's status as a REIT, then the Company will use its best efforts to list the Preferred Stock issued upon surrender of the related Depositary Shares on a national securities exchange. In addition, a Deposit Agreement will automatically terminate if (i) all outstanding Depositary Shares thereunder shall have been redeemed, (ii) there shall have been a final distribution in respect of the related Preferred Stock in connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company and such distribution shall have been distributed to the holders of Depositary Receipts evidencing the Depositary Shares representing such Preferred Stock or

(iii) each share of the related Preferred Stock shall have been converted into stock of the Company not so represented by Depositary Shares.

Charges of a Preferred Stock Depositary

The Company will pay all transfer and other taxes and governmental charges arising solely from the existence of a Deposit Agreement. In addition, the Company will pay the fees and expenses of a Preferred Stock Depositary in connection with the performance of its duties under a Deposit Agreement. However, holders of Depositary Receipts will pay certain other transfer and other taxes and governmental charges as well as the fees and expenses of a Preferred Stock Depositary for any duties required by such holders to be performed which are outside of those expressly provided for in the applicable Deposit Agreement.

Resignation and Removal of Depositary

A Preferred Stock Depositary will be permitted to resign at any time by delivering to the Company notice of its election to do so, and the Company will be permitted at any time to remove a Preferred Stock Depositary, any such resignation or removal to take effect upon the appointment of a successor Preferred Stock Depositary. A successor Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to be appointed within 60 days after delivery of the notice of resignation or removal and will be required to be a bank or trust company having its principal office in the United States and having a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000.

Miscellaneous

A Preferred Stock Depositary will be required to forward to holders of Depositary Receipts any reports and communications from the Company that are received by such Preferred Stock Depositary with respect to the related Preferred Stock.

Neither a Preferred Stock Depositary nor the Company will be liable if it is prevented from or delayed in, by law or any circumstances beyond its control, performing its obligations under a Deposit Agreement. The obligations of the Company and a Preferred Stock Depositary under a Deposit Agreement will be limited to performing their duties thereunder in good faith and without negligence (in the case of any action or inaction in the voting of Preferred Stock represented by the applicable Depositary Shares), gross negligence or willful misconduct, and neither the Company nor any applicable Preferred Stock Depositary will be obligated to prosecute or defend any legal proceeding in respect of any Depositary Receipts, Depositary Shares or shares of Preferred Stock represented thereby unless satisfactory indemnity is furnished. The Company and any Preferred Stock Depositary will be permitted to rely on written advice of counsel or accountants, or information provided by persons presenting shares of Preferred Stock represented thereby for deposit, holders of Depositary Receipts or other persons believed in good faith to be competent to give such information, and on documents believed in good faith to be genuine and signed by a proper party.

In the event a Preferred Stock Depositary shall receive conflicting claims, requests or instructions from any holders of Depositary Receipts, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, such Preferred Stock Depositary shall be entitled to act on such claims, requests or instructions received from the Company.

DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

General

The authorized capital stock of the Company includes 100 million shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share. Each outstanding share of Common Stock entitles the holder to one vote on all matters presented to stockholders for a vote. Holders of Common Stock have no preemptive rights. As of March 31, 1998, there were approximately 51.0 million shares of Common Stock outstanding, and approximately 10.8 million shares reserved for issuance upon exchange of outstanding Common Units.

Shares of Common Stock currently outstanding are listed for trading on the NYSE. The Company will apply to the NYSE to list the additional shares of Common Stock to be sold pursuant to any Prospectus Supplement.

All shares of Common Stock issued will be duly authorized, fully paid, and non-assessable. Distributions may be paid to the holders of Common Stock if and when declared by the board of directors of the Company out of funds legally available therefor. The Company intends to continue to pay quarterly dividends.

Under Maryland law, stockholders are generally not liable for the Company's debts or obligations. If the Company is liquidated, subject to the right of any holders of Preferred Stock, if any, to receive preferential distributions, each outstanding share of Common Stock will be entitled to participate pro rata in the assets remaining after payment of, or adequate provision for, all known debts and liabilities of the Company.

The Articles of Incorporation provide for the board of directors to be divided into three classes of directors, each class to consist as nearly as possible of one-third of the directors. At each annual meeting of stockholders, the class of directors to be elected at such meeting will be elected for a three-year term and the directors in the other two classes will continue in office. The overall effect of the provisions in the Articles of Incorporation with respect to the classified board may be to render more difficult a change of control of the Company or removal of incumbent management. Holders of Common Stock have no right to cumulative voting for the election of directors. Consequently, at each annual meeting of stockholders, the holders of a plurality of the shares of Common Stock are able to elect all of the successors of the class of directors whose term expires at that meeting. Directors may be removed only for cause and only with the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of capital stock entitled to vote in the election of directors.

Certain Provisions Affecting Change of Control

General. Pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation and the Maryland general corporation law (the "MGCL"), the Company cannot merge into or consolidate with another corporation or enter into a statutory share exchange

transaction in which it is not the surviving entity or sell all or substantially all of the assets of the Company unless the board of directors adopts a resolution declaring the proposed transaction advisable and a majority of stockholders entitled to vote thereon (voting together as a single class) approve the transaction.

Maryland Business Combination and Control Share Statutes. The MGCL establishes special requirements with respect to business combinations between Maryland corporations and interested stockholders unless exemptions are applicable. Among other things, the law prohibits for a period of five years a merger and other specified or similar transactions between a company and an interested stockholder and requires a supermajority vote for such transactions after the end of the five-year period. The Articles of Incorporation contain a provision exempting the Company from the requirements and provisions of the Maryland business combination statute. There can be no assurance that such provision will not be amended or repealed at any point in the future.

The MGCL also provides that control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding shares owned by the acquiror or by officers or directors who are employees of the Company. The control share acquisition statute does not apply to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the Company is a party to the transaction, or to acquisitions approved or exempted by the Articles of Incorporation or bylaws of the Company. The Company's bylaws contain a provision exempting from the control share acquisition statute any and all acquisitions by any person of the Company's stock. There can be no assurance that such provision will not be amended or repealed, in whole or in part, at any point in the future.

The Articles of Incorporation (including the provision exempting the Company from the Maryland business combination statute) may not be amended without the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the shares of capital stock outstanding and entitled to vote thereon voting together as a single class, provided that certain provisions of the Articles of Incorporation may not be amended without the approval of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of capital stock of the Company outstanding and entitled to vote thereon voting together as a single class. The Company's bylaws may be amended by the board of directors or a majority of the shares cast of capital stock entitled to vote thereupon at a duly constituted meeting of stockholders.

If either of the foregoing exemptions in the Articles of Incorporation or bylaws is amended, the Maryland business combination statute or the control share acquisition statute could have the effect of discouraging offers to acquire the Company and of increasing the difficulty of consummating any such offer.

Ownership Limitations and Restrictions on Transfers. For the Company to remain qualified as a REIT under the Code, not more than 50% in value of its outstanding shares of Common Stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (defined in the Code to include certain entities) during the last half of a taxable year, and such shares must be beneficially owned by 100 or more persons during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year. To ensure that the Company remains a qualified REIT, the Articles of Incorporation provide that no holder (other than persons approved by the directors at their option and in their discretion) may own, or be deemed to own by virtue of the attribution provisions of the Code, more than 9.8% (the "Ownership Limit") of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company. The board of directors may waive the Ownership Limit if evidence satisfactory to the board of directors and the Company's tax counsel is presented that the changes in ownership will not jeopardize the Company's status as a REIT.

If any stockholder purports to transfer shares to a person and either the transfer would result in the Company failing to qualify as a REIT, or the stockholder knows that such transfer would cause the transferee to hold more than the Ownership Limit, the purported transfer shall be null and void, and the stockholder will be deemed not to have transferred the shares. In addition, if any person holds shares of capital stock in excess of the Ownership Limit, such person will be deemed to hold the excess shares in trust for the Company, will not receive distributions with respect to such shares and will not be entitled to vote such shares. The person will be required to sell such shares to the Company for the lesser of the amount paid for the shares and the average closing price for the 10 trading days immediately preceding the redemption or to sell such shares at the direction of the Company, in which case the Company will be reimbursed for its expenses in connection with the sale and will receive any amount of such proceeds that exceeds the amount such person paid for the shares. If the Company repurchases such shares, it may pay for the shares with Common Units. The foregoing restrictions on transferability

and ownership will not apply if the board of directors and the stockholders (by the affirmative vote of the holders of two-thirds of the outstanding shares of capital stock entitled to vote on the matter) determine that it is no longer in the best interests of the Company to continue to qualify as a REIT.

All certificates representing shares of Common Stock bear a legend referring to the restrictions described above.

Every beneficial owner of more than 5% (or such lower percentage as required by the Code or regulations thereunder) of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock must file a written notice with the Company no later than January 30 of each year, containing the name and address of such beneficial owner, the number of shares of Common Stock and/or Preferred Stock owned and a description of how the shares are held. In addition, each stockholder shall be required upon demand to disclose to the Company in writing such information as the Company may request in order to determine the effect of such stockholder's direct, indirect and constructive ownership of such shares on the Company's status as a REIT.

These ownership limitations could have the effect of precluding acquisition of control of the Company by a third party unless the board of directors and the stockholders determine that maintenance of REIT status is no longer in the best interest of the Company.

Operating Partnership Agreement. The Operating Partnership Agreement requires that any merger (unless the surviving entity contributes substantially all of its assets to the Operating Partnership for Common Units) or sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Operating Partnership be approved by a majority of the holders of Common Units (including Common Units owned by the Company). The Operating Partnership Agreement also contains provisions relating to a limited partner's redemption right in the event of certain changes of control of the Company and under certain circumstances allows for limited partners to continue to hold Common Units in the Operating Partnership following such a change of control, thereby maintaining the tax basis in their Common Units. The covered changes of control (each, a "Trigger Event") are: (i) a merger involving the Company in which the Company is not the surviving entity; (ii) a merger involving the Company in which the Company is the survivor but all or part of the Company's shares are converted into securities of another entity or the right to receive cash; and (iii) the transfer by the Company to another entity of substantially all of the assets or earning power of the Company or the Operating Partnership.

Upon occurrence of a Trigger Event, the rights of a limited partner to receive a share of the Company's common stock (a "REIT Share") or cash equal to the fair market value of a REIT Share upon redemption of a Common Unit is converted into the right to receive a share (a "Replacement Share") or cash equal to the fair market value thereof of the acquiror or a parent of the acquiror. If the acquiror does not have publicly traded securities and a parent of the acquiror does, the publicly traded equity securities of the parent entity with the highest market capitalization will be the Replacement Shares. If neither the acquiror nor any parent has publicly traded equity securities, the Replacement Shares will be the equity securities of the entity with the highest market capitalization. The number of Replacement Shares to be received by a limited partner (or to be used to calculate the cash payment due) upon a redemption of Common Units shall be equal to the number of REIT Shares issuable prior to the Trigger Event multiplied by (i) the number of Replacement Shares the holder of a single REIT Share would have received as a result of the Trigger Event or, if the Replacement Shares have not been publicly traded for one year, (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the Average Trading Price (as defined in the Operating Partnership Agreement) of a REIT Share as of the Trigger Event and the denominator of which is the Average Trading Price of a Replacement Share as of the Trigger Event.

If the acquiror in a Trigger Event is a REIT, it must make provision to preserve an operating partnership structure with terms no less favorable to the limited partners than currently in place. In addition, the Operating Partnership Agreement provides that, if a distribution of cash or property is made in respect of a Replacement Share, the Operating Partnership will distribute the same amount in respect of a Common Unit as would have been received by a limited partner had such partner's Common Units been redeemed for Replacement Shares prior to such distribution.

Because the Operating Partnership Agreement requires an acquiror to make provision under certain circumstances to maintain the Operating Partnership structure and maintain a limited partner's right to continue to hold Common Units with future redemption rights, the terms of the Operating Partnership Agreement could also have the effect of discouraging a third party from making an acquisition proposal for the Company.

These provisions of the Operating Partnership Agreement may only be waived or amended upon the consent of limited partners holding at least 75% of the Common Units (excluding those held by the Company).

Shareholders' Rights Plan. On October 4, 1997, the Company's board of directors adopted a Shareholders' Rights Plan and declared a distribution of one preferred share purchase right (a "Right") for each outstanding share of Common Stock. The Rights were issued on October 16, 1997 to each shareholder of record on such date. The Rights have certain anti-takeover effects. The Rights will cause substantial dilution to a person or group that attempts to acquire the Company on terms not approved by the Company's board of directors. The Rights should not interfere with any merger or other business combination approved by the board of directors since the Rights may be redeemed by the Company for \$.01 per Right prior to the time that a person or group has acquired beneficial ownership of 15% or more of the Common Stock.

Registrar and Transfer Agent

The Registrar and Transfer Agent for the Common Stock is First Union National Bank, Charlotte, North Carolina.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary of certain Federal income tax considerations to the Company is based on current law, is for general purposes only, and is not tax advice. The summary addresses the material Federal income tax considerations relating to the Company's REIT status, as well as material Federal income tax considerations relating to the Operating Partnership. The tax treatment of a holder of any of the Securities will vary depending upon the terms of the specific securities acquired by such holder, as well as his or her particular situation, and this discussion does not attempt to address any aspects of Federal income taxation relating to holders of Securities. Certain Federal income tax considerations relevant to holders of the Securities will be provided in the applicable Prospectus Supplement relating thereto.

EACH INVESTOR IS ADVISED TO CONSULT HIS OR HER OWN TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE TAX CONSEQUENCES TO HIM OR HER OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES, INCLUDING THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND SALE AND OF POTENTIAL CHANGES IN APPLICABLE TAX LAWS.

Taxation of the Company as a REIT

General. Commencing with its taxable year ended December 31, 1994, the Company has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code. The Company believes that, commencing with its taxable year ended December 31, 1994, it has been organized and has operated in such a manner as to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Code, and the Company intends to continue to operate in such a manner, but no assurance can be given that it has operated or will operate in a manner so as to qualify or remain qualified.

These sections of the Code are highly technical and complex. The following sets forth the material aspects of the sections that govern the Federal income tax treatment of a REIT and its stockholders. This summary is qualified in its entirety by the applicable Code provisions, rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and administrative and judicial interpretation thereof.

Alston & Bird LLP has acted as tax counsel to the Company in connection with the offering of the Securities and the Company's election to be taxed as a REIT. Alston & Bird LLP is of the opinion that the Company has been organized and has operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Code for its taxable years ended December 31, 1994 through 1997, and that the Company is in a position to continue its qualification and taxation as a REIT within the definition of Section 856(a) of the Code for the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998. This opinion is based on factual representations of the Company concerning its business operations and its properties and Alston & Bird LLP has not independently verified these facts. In addition, the Company's status as a REIT at any time during 1998 is dependent, among other things, upon the Company meeting the requirements of Section 856 through 860 of the Code throughout the year and for the year as a whole. Accordingly, because the Company's satisfaction of such requirements will

depend upon future events, including the precise terms and conditions of proposed transactions, the final determination of operational results and the effect of certain provisions contained in the President's Budget Proposal for the Fiscal Year 1999 on the Company's REIT status, no assurance can be given that the Company will satisfy the requirements to be a REIT during the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998.

Federal Income Taxation of the Company

If the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, it generally will not be subject to Federal corporate income tax on that portion of its ordinary income or capital gain that is currently distributed to stockholders. The REIT provisions of the Code generally allow a REIT to deduct distributions paid to its stockholders, substantially eliminating the Federal "double taxation" on earnings (once at the corporate level when earned and once again at the stockholder level when distributed) that usually results from investments in a corporation. Nevertheless, the Company will be subject to Federal income tax as follows. First, the Company will be taxed at regular corporate rates on its undistributed REIT taxable income, including undistributed net capital gains. Second, under certain circumstances, the Company may be subject to the "alternative minimum tax" as a consequence of its items of tax preference. Third, if the Company has net income from the sale or other disposition of "foreclosure property" that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business or other non-qualifying income from foreclosure property, it will be subject to tax at the highest corporate rate on such income. Fourth, if the Company has net income from prohibited transactions (which are, in general, certain sales or other dispositions of property other than foreclosure property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business), such income will be subject to a 100% tax. Fifth, if the Company should fail to satisfy either of the 75% or 95% gross income tests (discussed below) but has nonetheless maintained its qualification as a REIT because certain other requirements have been met, it will be subject to a 100% tax on the net income attributable to the greater of the amount by which the Company fails either the 75% or 95% test, multiplied by a fraction intended to reflect the Company's profitability. Sixth, if the Company fails to distribute during each year at least the sum of (i) 85% of its ordinary income for such year, (ii) 95% of its capital gain net income for such year, and (iii) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods, the Company will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of such required distribution over the amounts actually distributed. Seventh, if the Company should acquire any asset from a C corporation (i.e., a corporation generally subject to full corporate-level tax) in a carryover-basis transaction and the Company subsequently recognizes gain on the disposition of such asset during the 10-year period (the "Recognition Period") beginning on the date on which the asset was acquired by the Company, then, to the extent of the excess of (a) the fair market value of the asset as of the beginning of the applicable Recognition Period over (b) the Company's adjusted basis in such asset as of the beginning of such Recognition Period (the "Built-In Gain"), such gain will be subject to tax at the highest regular corporate rate, pursuant to guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") (the "Built-In Gain Rules").

Requirements for Qualification

To qualify as a REIT, the Company must elect to be so treated and must meet the requirements, discussed below, relating to the Company's organization, sources of income, and nature of assets.

Organizational Requirements. The Code defines a REIT as a corporation, trust or association: (i) that is managed by one or more trustees or directors.

- (ii) the beneficial ownership of which is evidenced by transferable shares or by transferable certificates of beneficial interest, (iii) that would be taxable as a domestic corporation but for the REIT requirements, (iv) that is neither a financial institution nor an insurance company subject to certain provisions of the Code, (v) the beneficial ownership of which is held by 100 or more persons, (vi) during the last half of each taxable year, not more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly, through the application of certain attribution rules, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Code to include certain entities), (vii) files an election to be taxed as a REIT on its return for each taxable year, and
- (viii) satisfies the 95% and 75% income tests and the 75%, 25%, 10%, and 5% asset tests, as described below. The Code provides that conditions (i) through
- (iv), inclusive, must be met during the entire taxable year and that condition
- (v) must be met during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a taxable year of less than 12 months. For purposes of condition (v), certain pension funds and other tax-exempt entities are treated as persons. For purposes of condition (vi), the beneficiaries of a pension or profit-sharing trust under section 401(a) of the Code are treated as REIT stockholders. In addition,

the Articles of Incorporation currently include certain restrictions regarding transfer of its Common Stock, which restrictions are intended (among other things) to assist the Company in continuing to satisfy conditions (v) and (vi) above.

In the case of a REIT that is a partner in a partnership, Treasury Regulations provide that the REIT will be deemed to own its proportionate share of the assets of the partnership and will be deemed to be entitled to the income of the partnership attributable to such share. In addition, the character of the assets and gross income of the partnership retain the same character in the hands of the REIT for purposes of Section 856 of the Code, including satisfying the gross income tests and asset tests. Thus, the Company's proportionate share of the assets, liabilities, and items of income of the Operating Partnership (including the Operating Partnership's share of the assets, liabilities, and items of income with respect to any partnership in which it holds an interest) will be treated as assets, liabilities and items of income of the Company for purposes of applying the requirements described herein.

Income Tests. In order to maintain qualification as a REIT, the Company annually must satisfy two gross income requirements. First, at least 75% of the Company's gross income (excluding gross income from prohibited transactions) for each taxable year must be derived directly or indirectly from investments relating to real property, including investments in other REITs or mortgages on real property (including "rents from real property" and, in certain circumstances, interest). Second, at least 95% of the Company's gross income (excluding gross income from prohibited transactions) for each taxable year must be derived from such real property investments, dividends, interest, and gain from the sale or disposition of stock or securities (or from any combination of the foregoing). In addition, for taxable years ended on or before December 31, 1997, short-term gain from the sale or other disposition of stock or securities, gain from prohibited transactions and gain on the sale or other disposition of real property held for less than four years (apart from involuntary conversions and sales of foreclosure property) must represent less than 30% of the Company's gross income (including gross income from prohibited transactions). The Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997, enacted August 5, 1997 ("Taxpayer Relief Act"), repeals the 30% gross income test for taxable years beginning after August 5, 1997. Accordingly, the 30% gross income test will not apply to the Company beginning with its taxable year that will end December 31, 1998.

Rents received by the Company will qualify as "rents from real property" in satisfying the gross income requirements for a REIT described above only if several conditions are met. First, the amount of rent must not be based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person but can be based on a fixed percentage of gross receipts or gross sales. Second, "rents from real property" excludes any amount received directly or indirectly from any tenant if the Company, or an owner of 10% of more of the Company, directly or constructively, owns 10% or more of such tenant taking into consideration the applicable attribution rules (a "Related Party Tenant"). Third, rent attributable to personal property is excluded from "rents from real property" except where such personal property is leased in connection with a lease of real property and the rent attributable to such personal property is less than or equal to 15% of the total rent received under the lease. Finally, amounts that are attributable to services furnished or rendered in connection with the rental of real property, whether or not separately stated, will not constitute "rents from real property" unless such services are customarily provided in the geographic area. Customary services that are not provided to a particular tenant (e.g., furnishing heat and light, the cleaning of public entrances, and the collection of trash) can be provided directly by the Company. Where, on the other hand, such services are provided primarily for the convenience of the tenants and are provided to such tenants, such services must be provided by an independent contractor. In the event that an independent contractor provides such services, the Company must adequately compensate the independent contractor, the Company must not derive any income from the independent contractor, and neither the independent contractor nor certain of its shareholders may, directly or indirectly, own more than 35% of the Company, taking into consideration the applicable ownership rules. Pursuant to the Taxpayer Relief Act and beginning with the Company's taxable year that will end December 31, 1998, the Company's rental income will not cease to qualify as "rents from real property" merely because the Company performs a de minimis amount of impermissible services to the tenants. For purposes of the preceding sentence, (i) the amount of income received from such impermissible services cannot exceed one percent of all amounts received or accrued during such taxable year, directly or indirectly, by the Company with respect to such property and (ii) the amount treated as received by the Company for such impermissible services cannot be less than 150 percent of the direct cost of the Company in furnishing or rendering such services.

The Company does not currently charge and does not anticipate charging rent that is based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person. The Company also does not anticipate either deriving rent attributable to personal property leased in connection with real property that exceeds 15% of the total rents or receiving rent from Related Party Tenants.

The Operating Partnership does provide certain services with respect to the Properties. The Company believes that the services with respect to the Properties that are and will be provided directly are usually or customarily rendered in connection with the rental of space for occupancy only and are not otherwise rendered to particular tenants and, therefore, that the provision of such services will not cause rents received with respect to the Properties to fail to qualify as rents from real property. Services with respect to the Properties that the Company believes may not be provided by the Company or the Operating Partnership directly without jeopardizing the qualification of rent as "rents from real property" are and will be performed by independent contractors.

The Operating Partnership and the Company receive fees in consideration of the performance of property management and brokerage and leasing services with respect to certain Properties not owned entirely by the Operating Partnership. Such fees will not qualify under the 75% or the 95% gross income test. The Operating Partnership also may receive certain other types of income with respect to the properties it owns that will not qualify for either of these tests. In addition, dividends on the Operating Partnership's stock in Highwoods Services will not qualify under the 75% gross income test. The Company believes, however, that the aggregate amount of such fees and other non-qualifying income in any taxable year will not cause the Company to exceed the limits on non-qualifying income under either the 75% or the 95% gross income test.

If the Company fails to satisfy one or both of the 75% or 95% gross income tests for any taxable year, it may nevertheless qualify as a REIT for that year if it is eligible for relief under a certain provision of the Code. This relief provision generally will be available if (i) the Company's failure to meet these tests was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, (ii) the Company attaches a schedule of the nature and amount of each item of income to its Federal income tax return and (iii) the inclusion of any incorrect information on such schedule is not due to fraud with intent to evade tax. It is not possible, however, to state whether in all circumstances the Company would be entitled to the benefit of this relief provision. For example, if the Company fails to satisfy the gross income tests because non-qualifying income that the Company intentionally incurs exceeds the limits on such income, the IRS could conclude that the Company's failure to satisfy the tests was not due to reasonable cause. As discussed above in " -- Federal Income Taxation of the Company," even if this relief provision applies, a 100% tax would be imposed with respect to the portion of the Company's taxable income that fails the 75% or 95% gross income test.

Asset Tests. At the close of each quarter of its taxable year, the Company also must satisfy four tests relating to the nature and diversification of its assets. First, at least 75% of the value of the Company's total assets must be represented by real estate assets, cash and cash items (including receivables), and government securities. Second, no more than 25% of the value of the Company's total assets may be represented by securities other than those in the 75% asset class. Third, not more than 5% of the value of the Company's assets may consist of securities of any one issuer (other than those securities includible in the 75% asset test). Fourth, not more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of any one issuer may be held by the Company (other than those securities includible in the 75% asset test).

The 5% test generally must be met for any quarter in which the Company acquires securities of an issuer. Thus, this requirement must be satisfied not only on the date on which the Company through the Operating Partnership acquired the securities of Highwoods Services, but also each time the Company increases its ownership of its respective securities (including as a result of increasing its interest in the Operating Partnership as limited partners exercise their redemption rights). Although the Company plans to take steps to ensure that it satisfies the 5% value test for any quarter with respect to which retesting is to occur, there can be no assurance that such steps will always be successful or will not require a reduction in the Company's overall interest in Highwoods Services.

The Operating Partnership owns 100% of the nonvoting stock and 1% of the voting stock of Highwoods Services, and by virtue of its ownership of Common Units, the Company will be considered to own its pro rata share of such stock. See "The Company and the Operating Partnership." Neither the Company nor the Operating Partnership, however, will own more than 1% of the voting securities of Highwoods Services. In addition, the Company and its senior management do not believe that the Company's pro rata share of the value of the

securities of Highwoods Services exceeds 5% of the total value of the Company's assets. The Company's belief is based in part upon its analysis of the estimated value of the securities of Highwoods Services owned by the Operating Partnership relative to the estimated value of the other assets owned by the Operating Partnership. No independent appraisals will be obtained to support this conclusion, and Alston & Bird LLP, in rendering its opinion as to the qualification and taxation of the Company as a REIT, is relying on the conclusions of the Company and its senior management as to the value of the securities of Highwoods Services. There can be no assurance, however, that the IRS might not contend that the value of such securities held by the Company (through the Operating Partnership) exceeds the 5% value limitation.

After initially meeting the asset tests at the close of any quarter, the Company will not lose its status as a REIT for failure to satisfy the asset tests at the end of a later quarter solely by reason of changes in asset values. If the failure to satisfy the asset tests results from an acquisition of securities or other property during a quarter, the failure can be cured by disposition of sufficient non-qualifying assets within 30 days after the close of that quarter. The Company intends to maintain adequate records of the value of its assets to ensure compliance with the asset tests and to take such other actions within 30 days after the close of any quarter as may be required to cure any noncompliance.

Annual Distribution Requirements

In order to be taxed as a REIT, the Company is required to make distributions (other than capital gain distributions) to its stockholders in an amount at least equal to (a) the sum of (i) 95% of the Company's "REIT taxable income" (computed without regard to the dividends-paid deduction and the Company's capital gain) and (ii) 95% of the net income, if any, from foreclosure property in excess of the special tax on income from foreclosure property, minus (b) the sum of certain items of non-cash income. Such distributions must be paid in the taxable year to which they relate. Dividends paid in the subsequent year, however, will be treated as if paid in the prior year for purposes of such prior year's 95% distribution requirement if one of the following two sets of criteria are satisfied: (i) the dividends were declared in October, November, or December, the dividends were payable to stockholders of record on a specified date in such a month, and the dividends were actually paid during January of the subsequent year; or (ii) the dividends were declared before the Company timely files its Federal income tax return for such year, the dividends were distributed in the twelve month period following the close of the prior year and not later than the first regular dividend payment after such declaration, and the Company elected on its Federal income tax return for the prior year to have a specified amount of the subsequent dividend treated as if paid in the prior year. Even if the Company satisfies the foregoing distribution requirements, the Company will be subject to tax thereon at regular capital gains or ordinary corporate tax rates to the extent that it does not distribute all of its net capital gain or "REIT taxable income" as adjusted. Furthermore, if the Company should fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of (a) 85% of its ordinary income for that year, (b) 95% of its capital gain net income for that year, and (c) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods, the Company would be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of such required distribution over the amounts actually distributed. In addition, during its Recognition Period, if the Company disposes of any asset subject to the Built-In Gain Rules, the Company will be required, pursuant to guidance issued by the IRS, to distribute at least 95% of the Built-In Gain (after tax), if any, recognized on the disposition of the asset.

The Company intends to make timely distributions sufficient to satisfy the annual distribution requirements. In this regard, the Operating Partnership Agreement authorizes the Company, as general partner, to take such steps as may be necessary to cause the Operating Partnership to distribute to its partners an amount sufficient to permit the Company to meet these distribution requirements.

It is expected that the Company's REIT taxable income will be less than its cash flow due to the allowance of depreciation and other non-cash charges in computing REIT taxable income. Accordingly, the Company anticipates that it generally will have sufficient cash or liquid assets to enable it to satisfy the 95% distribution requirement. It is possible, however, that the Company, from time to time, may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet the 95% distribution requirement or to distribute such greater amount as may be necessary to avoid income and excise taxation. In such event, the Company may find it necessary to arrange for borrowings or, if possible, pay taxable stock dividends in order to meet the distribution requirement.

In the event that the Company is subject to an adjustment to its REIT taxable income (as defined in Section 860(d)(2) of the Code) resulting from an adverse determination by either a final court decision, a closing agreement between the Company and the IRS under Section 7121 of the Code, or an agreement as to tax liability between the Company and an IRS district director, the Company may be able to rectify any resulting failure to meet the 95% annual distribution requirement by paying "deficiency dividends" to stockholders that relate to the adjusted year but that are paid in a subsequent year. To qualify as a deficiency dividend, the distribution must be made within 90 days of the adverse determination and the Company also must satisfy certain other procedural requirements. If the statutory requirements of Section 860 of the Code are satisfied, a deduction is allowed for any deficiency dividend subsequently paid by the Company to offset an increase in the Company's REIT taxable income resulting from the adverse determination. The Company, however, will be required to pay statutory interest on the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency dividends to compensate for the deferral of the tax liability.

Failure to Qualify

If the Company fails to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year and the relief provisions do not apply, the Company will be subject to tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on its taxable income at regular corporate rates. Distributions to stockholders in any year in which the Company fails to qualify will not be deductible by the Company nor will they be required to be made. In such event, to the extent of positive current and accumulated earnings and profits, all distributions to stockholders will be dividends, taxable as ordinary income, except that, subject to certain limitations of the Code, corporate distributees may be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. Unless the Company is entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, the Company also will be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost. It is not possible to state whether in all circumstances the Company would be entitled to such statutory relief. For example, if the Company fails to satisfy the gross income tests because non-qualifying income that the Company intentionally incurs exceeds the limit on such income, the IRS could conclude that the Company's failure to satisfy the tests was not due to reasonable cause.

Taxation of U.S. Stockholders

As used herein, the term "U.S. Stockholder" means a holder of Common Stock that (for Federal income tax purposes) (a) is a citizen or resident of the United States, (b) is a corporation or partnership (including an entity treated as a corporation or partnership for United States Federal income tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof, (c) is an estate, the income of which is subject to Federal income taxation regardless of its source or (d) is any trust if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust, and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust. For any taxable year for which the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, amounts distributed to taxable U.S. Stockholders will be taxed as discussed below.

Distributions Generally. Distributions to U.S. Stockholders, other than capital gain dividends discussed below, will constitute dividends up to the amount of the Company's positive current and accumulated earnings and profits and, to that extent, will be taxable to the U.S. Stockholders as ordinary income. These distributions are not eligible for the dividends-received deduction for corporations. To the extent that the Company makes a distribution in excess of its positive current and accumulated earnings and profits, the distribution will be treated first as a tax-free return of capital, reducing the tax basis in the U.S. Stockholder's Common Stock, and then the distribution in excess of such basis will be taxable as gain realized from the sale of its Common Stock. Dividends declared by the Company in October, November, or December of any year payable to a U.S. Stockholder of record on a specified date in any such month shall be treated as both paid by the Company and received by the stockholders on December 31 of the year, provided that the dividends are actually paid by the Company during January of the following calendar year. U.S. Stockholders are not allowed to include on their own Federal income tax returns any tax losses of the Company.

The Company will be treated as having sufficient earnings and profits to treat as a dividend any distribution by the Company up to the amount required to be distributed in order to avoid imposition of the 4% excise tax discussed in " -- Federal Income Taxation of the Company" above.

Capital Gain Distributions. Distributions to U.S. Stockholders that are properly designated by the Company as capital gain distributions will be treated as long-term capital gains (to the extent they do not exceed the Company's actual net capital gain) for the taxable year without regard to the period for which the U.S. Stockholder has held his or her stock. However, corporate stockholders may be required to treat up to 20% of certain capital gain dividends as ordinary income. Capital gain dividends are not eligible for the dividends-received deduction for corporations.

Pursuant to the Taxpayer Relief Act and beginning with the Company's taxable year that will end December 31, 1998, the Company may elect to retain and pay income tax on net long-term capital gain that it received during the tax year. If such election is made, (i) the U.S. Stockholders will include in their income their proportionate share of the undistributed long-term capital gains as designated by the Company; (ii) the U.S. Stockholders will be deemed to have paid their proportionate share of the tax, which would be credited or refunded to such stockholders, and (iii) the basis of the U.S. Stockholders' shares will be increased by the amount of the undistributed long-term capital gains (less the amount of capital gains tax paid by the Company) included in such stockholders' long-term capital gains.

As a result of the changes made to the capital gain rates by the Taxpayer Relief Act (See " -- Certain Dispositions of Shares"), the IRS issued Notice 97-64 outlining (i) when a REIT may designate its dividends as either a 20% rate gain distribution, an unrecaptured section 1250 gain distribution (taxed at 25% as noted in "Certain Disposition of Shares"), or a 28% rate gain distribution and (ii) how to calculate the amount of such distributions, which may be subject to certain deferral or bifurcation adjustments. When a REIT designates a distribution as a capital gain dividend, which is attributable to a taxable year ending after May 7, 1997, for purposes of the annual distribution requirement, the REIT also may designate such dividend as a 20% rate gain distribution, as unrecaptured section 1250 gain distribution, or a 28% rate gain distribution. Where no such designation is provided, the dividend will be treated as a 28% rate gain distribution. These additional designations by the REIT are effective only to the extent that they do not exceed certain limitations. For example, the maximum amount of each distribution must be classified as either a 20% rate gain distribution, an unrecaptured section 1250 gain distribution, or a 28% rate gain distribution must be calculated in accordance with the Code and the IRS Notice.

Passive Activity Loss and Investment Interest Limitations. Distributions from the Company and gain from the disposition of Common Stock will not be treated as passive activity income and, therefore, U.S. Stockholders will not be able to apply any "passive losses" against such income. Dividends from the Company (to the extent they do not constitute a return of capital) generally will be treated as investment income for purposes of the investment interest limitation. Net capital gain from the disposition of Common Stock or capital gain dividends generally will be excluded from investment income unless the U.S. Stockholder elects to have such gain taxed at ordinary income rates.

Certain Dispositions of Shares. In general, U.S. Stockholders will realize capital gain or loss on the disposition of Common Stock equal to the difference between (i) the amount of cash and the fair market value of any property received on such disposition, and (ii) such stockholders' adjusted basis in such Common Stock. Losses incurred on the sale or exchange of Common Stock held for less than six months (after applying certain holding period rules) will be deemed long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain dividends received by the selling U.S. Stockholder from those shares. As a result of the Taxpayer Relief Act, the maximum rate of tax on net capital gains on individuals, trusts, and estates from the sale or exchange of assets held for more than 18 months has been reduced to 20%, and such maximum rate is further reduced to 18% for assets acquired after December 31, 2000, and held for more than five years. For 15% percent bracket taxpayers, the maximum rate on net capital gains is reduced to 10%, and such maximum rate is further reduced to 8% for assets sold after December 31, 2000, and held for more than five years. The maximum rate for net capital gains attributable to the sale of depreciable real property held for more than 18 months is 25% to the extent of the deductions for depreciation with respect to such property. Long-term capital gain allocated to U.S. Stockholders by the Company will be subject to the 25% rate to the extent that the gain does not exceed depreciation on real property sold by the Company. The maximum rate of capital gains tax for capital assets held more than one year but not more than 18 months remains at 28%. The taxation of capital gains of corporations was not changed by the Taxpayer Relief Act.

Treatment of Tax-Exempt Stockholders. Distributions from the Company to a tax-exempt employee pension trust or other domestic tax-exempt stockholder generally will not constitute "unrelated business taxable income" ("UBTI") unless the stockholder has borrowed to acquire or carry its Common Stock. Qualified trusts that hold more than 10% (by value) of the shares of pension-held REITs may be required to treat a certain percentage of such a REIT's distributions as UBTI. This requirement will apply only if (i) the REIT would not qualify as such for Federal income tax purposes but for the application of a "look-through" exception to the five or fewer requirement applicable to shares held by qualified trusts and (ii) the REIT is "predominantly held" by qualified trusts. A REIT is predominantly held if either (i) at least one qualified trust holds more than 25% by value of the REIT interests or (ii) one or more qualified trusts, each owning more than 10% by value of the REIT interests, hold in the aggregate more than 50% of the REIT interests. The percentage of any REIT dividend treated as UBTI is equal to the ratio of (a) the UBTI earned by the REIT (treating the REIT as if it were a qualified trust and therefore subject to tax on UBTI) to (b) the total gross income (less certain associated expenses) of the REIT. In the event that this ratio is less than 5% for any year, then the qualified trust will not be treated as having received UBTI as a result of the REIT dividend. For these purposes, a qualified trust is any trust described in Section 401 (a) of the Code and exempt from tax under Section 501(a) of the Code. The restrictions on ownership of Common Stock in the Articles of Incorporation generally will prevent application of the provisions treating a portion of REIT distributions as UBTI to tax-exempt entities purchasing Common Stock, absent a waiver of the restrictions by the board of directors.

Special Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Stockholders

The rules governing United States income taxation of non-resident alien individuals, foreign corporations, foreign partnerships, and foreign trusts and estates (collectively, "Non-U.S. Stockholders") are complex, and the following discussion is intended only as a summary of these rules. This discussion is based on current law, which is subject to change, and assumes that the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT. Prospective Non-U.S. Stockholders should consult with their own tax advisors to determine the impact of Federal, state, local, and foreign income tax laws on an investment in the Company, including any reporting requirements.

A distribution by the Company that is not attributable to gain from the sale or exchange by the Company of a United States real property interest and that is not designated by the Company as a capital gain distribution will be treated as an ordinary income dividend to the extent that it is made out of current or accumulated earnings and profits of the Company. Generally, any ordinary income dividend will be subject to a Federal income tax equal to 30% of the gross amount of the dividend unless this tax is reduced by an applicable tax treaty. Such a distribution in excess of the Company's earnings and profits will be treated first as a return of capital that will reduce a Non-U.S. Stockholder's basis in its Common Stock (but not below zero) and then as gain from the disposition of such shares, the tax treatment of which is described under the rules discussed below with respect to dispositions of Common Stock.

Distributions by the Company that are attributable to gain from the sale or exchange of a United States real property interest will be taxed to a Non-U.S. Stockholder under the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act of 1980 ("FIRPTA"). Under FIRPTA, such distributions are taxed to a Non-U.S. Stockholder as if the distributions were gains "effectively connected" with a United States trade or business. Accordingly, a Non-U.S. Stockholder will be taxed at the normal capital gain rates applicable to a U.S. Stockholder (subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of non-resident alien individuals). Distributions that are taxable under FIRPTA also may be subject to a 30% branch profits tax when made to a foreign corporation that is not entitled to an exemption or reduced branch profits tax rate under an income tax treaty.

Although tax treaties may reduce the Company's withholding obligations, the Company generally will be required to withhold from distributions to Non-U.S. Stockholders, and remit to the IRS, (i) 35% of designated capital gain dividends (or, if greater, 35% of the amount of any distributions that could be designated as capital gain dividends) and (ii) 30% of ordinary dividends paid out of earnings and profits. In addition, if the Company designates prior distributions as capital gain dividends, subsequent distributions, up to the amount of such prior distributions that were designated as capital gains dividends, will be treated as capital gain dividends for purposes of withholding. A distribution in excess of the Company's earnings and profits may be subject to 30% dividend withholding (unless such Non-U.S. Stockholder is entitled to a lower rate under an income tax treaty) or 10% FIRPTA withholding. If the amount of tax withheld by the Company with respect to a distribution to a

Non-U.S. Stockholder exceeds the stockholder's United States tax liability with respect to such distribution, the Non-U.S. Stockholder may file for a refund of such excess from the IRS.

Unless the Common Stock constitutes a "United States real property interest" within the meaning of FIRPTA, a sale of Common Stock by a Non-U.S. Stockholder generally will not be subject to Federal income taxation. The Common Stock will not constitute a United States real property interest if the Company is a "domestically controlled REIT." A domestically controlled REIT in which at all times during a specified testing period less than 50% in value of its shares is held directly or indirectly by Non-U.S. Stockholders. It currently is anticipated that the Company will be a domestically controlled REIT and, therefore, that the sale of Common Stock will not be subject to taxation under FIRPTA. However, because the Common Stock will be publicly traded, no assurance can be given that the Company will be a domestically controlled REIT. If the Company were not a domestically controlled REIT, a Non-U.S. Stockholder's sale of Common Stock would be subject to tax under FIRPTA as a sale of a United States real property interest unless the Common Stock were "regularly traded" on an established securities market (such as the NYSE) on which the Common Stock will be listed and the selling stockholder owned no more than 5% of the Common Stock throughout the testing period. If the gain on the sale of Common Stock were subject to taxation under FIRPTA, the Non-U.S. Stockholder would be subject to the same treatment as a U.S. Stockholder with respect to the gain (subject to applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of non-resident alien individuals). Notwithstanding the foregoing, capital gains not subject to FIRPTA will be taxable to a Non-U.S. Stockholder if the Non-U.S. Stockholder is a non-resident alien individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year and certain other conditions apply, in which case the non-resident alien individual will be subject to a 30% tax on his or her U.S. source capital gains.

A purchaser of Common Stock from a Non-U.S. Stockholder will not be required to withhold under FIRPTA on the purchase price if the purchased Common Stock is "regularly traded" on an established securities market or if the Company is a domestically controlled REIT. Otherwise, the purchaser of Common Stock from a Non-U.S. Stockholder may be required to withhold 10% of the purchase price and remit this amount to the IRS. The Company's Common Stock currently is a regularly traded security on the NYSE. The Company believes that it qualifies under both the regularly traded and the domestically controlled REIT exceptions to withholding but cannot provide any assurance to that effect.

Information Reporting Requirements and Backup Withholding Tax

Under certain circumstances, U.S. Stockholders may be subject to backup withholding at a rate of 31% on payments made with respect to, or cash proceeds of a sale or exchange of, Common Stock. Backup withholding will apply only if

(i) the payee fails to furnish his or her taxpayer identification number

("TIN") (which, for an individual, would be his or her Social Security Number) to the payor as required, (ii) the IRS notifies the payor that the taxpayer identification number furnished by the payee is incorrect, (iii) the IRS has notified the payee that such payee has failed to properly include reportable interest and dividends in the payee's return or has failed to file the appropriate return and the IRS has assessed a deficiency with respect to such underreporting, or (iv) the payee has failed to certify to the payor, under penalties of perjury, that the payee is not subject to withholding. In addition, backup withholding will not apply with respect to payments made to certain exempt recipients, such as corporations and tax-exempt organizations.

U.S. Stockholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding their qualifications for exemption from backup withholding and the procedure for obtaining such an exemption. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Rather, the amount of any backup withholding with respect to a payment to a U.S. Stockholder will be allowed as a credit against the U.S. Stockholder's United States Federal income tax liability and may entitle the U.S. Stockholder to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the IRS.

Additional issues may arise pertaining to information reporting and backup withholding for Non-U.S. Stockholders. Non-U.S. Stockholders should consult their tax advisors with regard to U.S. information reporting and backup withholding.

Tax Aspects of the Operating Partnership

General. Substantially all of the Company's investments are held through the Operating Partnership. In general, partnerships are "pass-through" entities which are not subject to Federal income tax. Rather, partners

are allocated their proportionate shares of the items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit of a partnership, and are potentially subject to tax thereon, without regard to whether the partners receive a distribution from the partnership. The Company includes in its income its proportionate share of the foregoing Operating Partnership items for purposes of the various REIT income tests and in the computation of its REIT taxable income. Moreover, for purposes of the REIT asset tests, the Company includes its proportionate share of assets held by the Operating Partnership.

Tax Allocations with Respect to the Properties. Pursuant to Section 704(c) of the Code, income, gain, loss, and deduction attributable to appreciated or depreciated property (such as the Properties) that is contributed to a partnership in exchange for an interest in the partnership, must be allocated in a manner such that the contributing partner is charged with, or benefits from the unrealized gain or unrealized loss, respectively, associated with the property at the time of the contribution. The amount of such unrealized gain or unrealized loss is generally equal to the difference between the fair market value of contributed property at the time of contribution and the adjusted tax basis of such property at the time of contribution (a "Book-Tax Difference"). Such allocations are solely for Federal income tax purposes and do not affect the book capital accounts or other economic or legal arrangements among the partners. The Operating Partnership was formed by way of contributions of appreciated property (including the Properties). Consequently, the Operating Partnership Agreement requires such allocations to be made in a manner consistent with Section 704(c) of the Code.

In general, the partners who have contributed partnership interests in the Properties to the Operating Partnership (the "Contributing Partners") will be allocated lower amounts of depreciation deductions for tax purposes than such deductions would be if determined on a pro rata basis. In addition, in the event of the disposition of any of the contributed assets (including the Properties) that have a Book-Tax Difference, all taxable income attributable to such Book-Tax Difference generally will be allocated to the Contributing Partners, and the Company generally will be allocated only its share of capital gains attributable to appreciation, if any, occurring after the closing of the acquisition of such properties. This will tend to eliminate the Book-Tax Difference over the life of the Operating Partnership. However, the special allocation rules of Section 704 (c) of the Code do not always entirely eliminate the Book-Tax Difference on an annual basis or with respect to a specific taxable transaction such as a sale. Thus, the carryover basis of the contributed assets in the hands of the Operating Partnership will cause the Company to be allocated lower depreciation and other deductions and possibly amounts of taxable income in the event of a sale of such contributed assets in excess of the economic or book income allocated to it as a result of such sale. This may cause the Company to recognize taxable income in excess of cash proceeds, which might adversely affect the Company's ability to comply with the REIT distribution requirements. See " -- Annual Distribution Requirements."

Treasury Regulations under Section 704(c) of the Code provide partnerships with a choice of several methods of accounting for Book-Tax Differences, including the "traditional method" that may leave some of the Book-Tax Differences unaccounted for, or the election of certain methods which would permit any distortions caused by a Book-Tax Difference at this time to be entirely rectified on an annual basis or with respect to a specific taxable transaction such as a sale. The Operating Partnership and the Company have determined to use the "traditional method" for accounting for Book-Tax Differences with respect to the Properties contributed to the Partnership. As a result of such determination, distributions to stockholders will be comprised of a greater portion of taxable income rather than a return of capital. The Operating Partnership and the Company have not determined which of the alternative methods of accounting for Book-Tax Differences will be elected with respect to Properties contributed to the Partnership in the future.

With respect to any property purchased by the Operating Partnership, such property initially will have a tax basis equal to its fair market value and

Section 704(c) of the Code will not apply.

Basis in Operating Partnership Interest. The Company's adjusted tax basis in its interest in the Operating Partnership generally (i) will be equal to the amount of cash and the basis of any other property contributed to the Operating Partnership by the Company, (ii) will be increased by (a) its allocable share of the Operating Partnership's income and (b) its allocable share of indebtedness of the Operating Partnership and (iii) will be reduced, but not below zero, by the Company's allocable share of (a) losses suffered by the Operating Partnership, (b) the amount of cash distributed to the Company, and

(c) constructive distributions resulting from a reduction in the Company's share of indebtedness of the Operating Partnership.

If the allocation of the Company's distributive share of the Operating Partnership's loss exceeds the adjusted tax basis of the Company's partnership interest in the Operating Partnership, the recognition of such excess loss will be deferred until such time and to the extent that the Company has an adjusted tax basis in its partnership interest. To the extent that the Operating Partnership's distributions, or any decrease in the Company's share of the indebtedness of the Operating Partnership (such decreases being considered a cash distribution to the partners) exceed the Company's adjusted tax basis, such excess distributions (including such constructive distributions) constitute taxable income to the Company. Such taxable income normally will be characterized as a capital gain if the Company's interest in the Operating Partnership has been held for longer than one year, subject to reduced tax rates described above (See " -- Taxation of U.S. Stockholders -- Capital Gain Distributions"). Under current law, capital gains and ordinary income of corporations generally are taxed at the same marginal rates.

Sale of the Properties. The Company's share of gain realized by the Operating Partnership on the sale of any property held by the Operating Partnership as inventory or other property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the Operating Partnership's trade or business will be treated as income from a prohibited transaction that is subject to a 100% penalty tax. See " -- Requirements for Qualification -- Income Tests." Such prohibited transaction income also may have an adverse effect upon the Company's ability to satisfy the income tests for qualification as a REIT. Under existing law, whether property is held as inventory or primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the Operating Partnership's trade or business is a question of fact that depends on all the facts and circumstances with respect to the particular transaction. The Operating Partnership intends to hold the Properties for investment with a view to long-term appreciation, to engage in the business of acquiring, developing, owning, and operating the Properties (and other properties) and to make such occasional sales of the Properties, including peripheral land, as are consistent with the Operating Partnership's investment objectives.

Other Tax Considerations

A portion of the amounts to be used to fund distributions to stockholders is expected to come from the Operating Partnership through distributions on stock of Highwoods Services held by the Operating Partnership. Highwoods Services will not qualify as a REIT and will pay Federal, state, and local income taxes on its taxable income at normal corporate rates. Any Federal, state, or local income taxes that Highwoods Services is required to pay will reduce the cash available for distribution by the Company to its stockholders.

As described above, the value of the securities of Highwoods Services held by the Company cannot exceed 5% of the value of the Company's assets at a time when a Common Unit holder in the Operating Partnership exercises his or her redemption right (or the Company otherwise is considered to acquire additional securities of Highwoods Services). See " -- Federal Income Taxation of the Company." This limitation may restrict the ability of Highwoods Services to increase the size of its business unless the value of the assets of the Company is increasing at a commensurate rate.

State and Local Tax

The Company and its stockholders may be subject to state and local tax in various states and localities, including those in which it or they transact business, own property, or reside. The tax treatment of the Company and the stockholders in such jurisdictions may differ from the Federal income tax treatment described above. Consequently, prospective stockholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the effect of state and local tax laws on an investment in the Common Stock of the Company.

Proposed Legislation

Under current law, the Company cannot own more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities (other than those securities includible in the 75% asset test) of any one issuer and qualify for taxation as a REIT. See " -- Requirements for Qualification -- Asset Tests". For example, the Operating Partnership owns 100% of the nonvoting stock and 1% of the voting stock of Highwoods Services, and by virtue of its ownership of Common Units, the Company is considered to own its pro rata share of such stock. Neither the Company nor the Operating Partnership, however, own more than 1% of the voting securities of Highwoods Services and the 10% test is satisfied.

The Company conducts its third-party fee-based services (i.e., leasing, property management, real estate development, construction and other miscellaneous services) through Highwoods Services. The President's Budget Proposal for Fiscal Year 1999 ("Budget Proposal") includes a provision to restrict these types of activities conducted by REITs under current law by expanding the ownership limitation from no more than 10% of the voting securities of an issuer to no more than 10% of the vote or value of all classes of the issuer's stock. The Company, therefore, could not own stock (either directly or indirectly through the Operating Partnership) possessing more than 10% of the vote or value of all classes of any issuer's stock.

The Budget Proposal would be effective only with respect to stock directly or indirectly acquired by the Company on or after the date of first committee action. To the extent that the Company's stock ownership in Highwoods Services is grandfathered by virtue of this effective date, that grandfathered status will terminate if Highwoods Services engages in a trade or business that it is not engaged in on the date of first committee action or acquires substantial new assets on or after that date. Such restriction, if enacted, would adversely affect the ability to expand the business of Highwoods Services.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The Company and the Operating Partnership may sell the Securities to one or more underwriters for public offering and sale by them or may sell the Securities to investors directly or through agents or through a combination of any such method of sale. Any such underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of the Securities will be named in the applicable Prospectus Supplement.

The distribution of Securities may be effected from time to time in transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices. The Company and the Operating Partnership also may, from time to time, authorize underwriters acting as their agents to offer and sell the Securities upon the terms and conditions as are set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. In connection with the sale of Securities, underwriters may be deemed to have received compensation from the Company or the Operating Partnership in the form of underwriting discounts or commissions and may also receive commissions from purchasers of Securities for whom they may act as agent. Underwriters may sell Securities to or through dealers, and such dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the underwriters and/or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agent.

Any underwriting compensation paid by the Company or the Operating Partnership to underwriters or agents in connection with the offering of Securities, and any discounts, concessions or commissions allowed by underwriters to participating dealers, are set forth in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. Underwriters, dealers and agents participating in the distribution of the Securities may be deemed to be underwriters, and any discounts and commissions received by them and any profit realized by them on resale of the Securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions, under the Securities Act. Underwriters, dealers and agents may be entitled, under agreements entered into with the Company and the Operating Partnership, to indemnification against and contribution toward certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

If so indicated in the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Company and the Operating Partnership will authorize dealers acting as their agents to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase Securities from them at the public offering price set forth in such Prospectus Supplement pursuant to Delayed Delivery Contracts ("Contracts") providing for payment and delivery on the date or dates stated in such Prospectus Supplement. Each Contract will be for an amount not less than, and the aggregate principal amount of Securities sold pursuant to Contracts shall be not less nor more than, the respective amounts stated in the applicable Prospectus Supplement. Institutions with whom Contracts, when authorized, may be made include commercial and savings banks, insurance companies, pension funds, investment companies, educational and charitable institutions, and other institutions but will in all cases be subject to the approval of the Company and the Operating Partnership. Contracts will not be subject to any conditions except (i) the purchase by an institution of the Securities covered by its Contracts shall not at the time of delivery be prohibited under the laws of any jurisdiction in the United States to which such institution is subject, and (ii) if the Securities are being sold to underwriters, the Company and the Operating Partnership shall have sold to such underwriters the total principal amount of the Securities less the principal amount thereof covered by Contracts.

Certain of the underwriters and their affiliates may be customers of, engage in transactions with and perform services for the Company and the Operating Partnership in the ordinary course of business.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements and schedule of Highwoods Properties, Inc., incorporated herein by reference from the Company's annual report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 1997 (as amended on Form 10-K/A filed on April 29, 1998 and May 19, 1998), and of Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership, incorporated herein by reference from the Operating Partnership's annual report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 1997 (as amended on Form 10-K/A filed on April 29, 1998 and May 19, 1998), the statement of revenues and certain expenses of Garcia Properties for the year ended December 31, 1997 incorporated herein by reference from the Company's current report on Form 8-K dated February 4, 1998, the statements of revenues and certain expenses of Shelton Properties, Riparius Properties and Winners Circle for the year ended December 31, 1996 incorporated herein by reference from the Company's current report on Form 8-K dated November 17, 1997, and the financial statements with respect to Anderson Properties, Inc. and the financial statements with respect to Century Center Group incorporated herein by reference from the Company's current report on Form 8-K dated January 9, 1997 (as amended on Forms 8-K/A filed on February 7, 1997, March 10, 1997 and April 28, 1998), have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their reports thereon included therein and incorporated herein by reference. Such financial statements are incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon such reports given upon the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The combined statement of revenue and certain operating expenses of the Associated Capital Properties Portfolio for the year ended December 31, 1996, and the combined statement of revenue and certain operating expenses of the 1997 Pending Acquisitions for the year ended December 31, 1996, incorporated by reference herein from the Company's current reports on Form 8-K dated August 27, 1997 (as amended on Form 8-K/A filed September 23, 1997) and dated October 1, 1997, and the Operating Partnership's current report on Form 8-K dated October 1, 1997, have been so incorporated in reliance upon the reports of Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P., independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the Securities offered hereby is being passed upon for the Company and the Operating Partnership by Alston & Bird LLP, Raleigh, North Carolina. In addition, the description of Federal income tax consequences contained in this Prospectus entitled "Federal Income Tax Considerations" is based upon the opinion of Alston & Bird LLP.

PART II. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

SEC Registration Fee	\$	378,789
Legal fees and expenses		300,000
Printing fees		150,000
Accounting fees and expenses		150,000
New York Stock Exchange listing fees		100,000
Trustee expenses and fees		32,500
Fees of rating agencies		150,000
Miscellaneous		38,711
Total	\$1	,300,000
	==	=======

Item 15. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.

The Company's officers and directors are and will be indemnified against certain liabilities in accordance with the MGCL, the Articles of Incorporation and bylaws of the Company and the Operating Partnership Agreement. The Articles of Incorporation require the Company to indemnify its directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted from time to time by the MGCL. The MGCL permits a corporation to indemnify its directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made a party by reasons of their service in those or other capacities unless it is established that the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and was committed in bad faith or was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty, or the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services, or in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful.

The Operating Partnership Agreement also provides for indemnification of the Company and its officers and directors to the same extent indemnification is provided to officers and directors of the Company in its Articles of Incorporation and limits the liability of the Company and its officers and directors to the Operating Partnership and its partners to the same extent liability of officers and directors of the Company to the Company and its stockholders is limited under the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling the Company pursuant to the foregoing provisions, the Company has been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

Item 16. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
1.1 (1)	Form of Underwriting Agreement for Debt Securities
1.2 (1)	Form of Underwriting Agreement for Common Stock, Preferred Stock and Depositary Shares
2.1 (2)	Master Agreement of Merger and Acquisition by and among the Company, the Operating Partnership, Eakin & Smith, Inc. and the partnerships and limited liability companies listed therein dated April 1, 1996
2.2 (3)	Stock Purchase Agreement among AP CRTI Holdings, L.P., AEW Partners, L.P., Thomas J. Crocker, Barbara F. Crocker, Richard S. Ackerman and Robert E. Onisko and the Company and Cedar Acquisition Corporation, dated April 29, 1996
2.3 (3)	Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among the Company, Crocker Realty Trust, Inc. and Cedar Acquisition Corporation, dated as of April 29, 1996
2.4 (4)	Contribution and Exchange Agreement by and among Century Center group, the
	Operating Partnership and the Company, dated December 31, 1996
2.5 (4)	Master Agreement of Merger and Acquisition by and among the Company, the Operating Partnership, Anderson Properties, Inc., Gene Anderson, and the partnerships and limited liability companies listed therein, dated January 31, 1997

Exhibit No.	Description
2.6 (5)	Amended and Master Agreement of Merger and Acquisition dated January 9, 1995 by and among Highwoods Realty Limited Partnership, Forsyth Partners Holdings, Inc., Forsyth Partners Brokerage, Inc., John L. Turner, William T. Wilson III, John E. Reece II, H. Jack Leister and the partnerships and corporations listed therein
2.7 (6)	Master Agreement of Merger and Acquisition by and among the Company, the Operating Partnership, Associated Capital Properties, Inc. and its shareholders dated August 27, 1997
2.8 (7)	Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among the Company, Jackson Acquisition Corp. and J.C. Nichols Company dated December 22, 1997
2.9	Amendment No. 1 to Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among the Company, Jackson Acquisition Corp. and J.C. Nichols Company dated April 23, 1998
4.1 (8)	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company
4.2 (9)	Indenture dated as of December 1, 1996 among the Company, the Operating Partnership and First Union National Bank, as trustee
4.3 (10)	Rights Agreement, dated as of October 6, 1997, between the Company and First Union National Bank
4.4 (7)	Purchase Agreement between the Company, UBS Limited and Union Bank of Switzerland, London Branch, dated as of August 28, 1997
4.5 (7)	Forward Stock Purchase Agreement between the Company and Union Bank of Switzerland, London Branch, dated as of August 28, 1997
4.6 (7)	Agreement to furnish certain instruments defining the rights of long-term debt holders
4.7 (11)	Deposit Agreement dated April 23, 1998 between the Registrant and First Union National Bank, as preferred share depositary
4.8 (11)	Form of Depositary Receipt evidencing the Series D Depositary Shares
4.9 (12)	Form of certificate representing Series A Preferred Shares
4.10(13)	Form of certificate representing Series B Preferred Shares
4.11(11)	Form of certificate representing Series D Preferred Shares
4.12(14)	Form of certificate representing shares of Common Stock
5	Opinion of Alston & Bird LLP re legality
8	Opinion of Alston & Bird LLP re tax matters
12.1	Statement of computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges and ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock dividends of the Company
12.2	Statement of computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges and ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred unit dividends of the Operating Partnership
23.1	Consent of Alston & Bird LLP (included as part of Exhibits 5 and 8)
23.2	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP
23.3	Consent of Coopers & Lybrand LLP
24(15)	Power of Attorney
25(15)	Statement of Eligibility of Trustee on Form T-1

⁽¹⁾ Previously filed. See Registration Statement Nos. 333-3890 and 333-3890-01.

- (2) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 1, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (3) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 29, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (4) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 9, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (5) Filed as part of Registration Statement No. 33-88364 with the Securities and Exchange Commission and incorporated herein by reference.
- (6) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 27, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (7) Filed as part of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.

- (8) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 25, 1997 and amended by articles supplementary filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 4, 1997 and articles supplementary filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 20, 1998, each of which is incorporated herein by reference.
- (9) Filed as part of the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 2, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (10) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 4, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (11) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 20, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (12) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 12, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (13) Filed as part of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 25, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.
- (14) Filed as part of Registration Statement No. 33-76952 with the Securities and Exchange Commission and incorporated herein by reference.
- (15) Previously filed.

Item 17. Undertakings

- (a) Each of the undersigned registrants hereby undertakes:
- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement;
- (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;
- (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
- (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;

Provided, however, that the undertakings set forth in paragraphs 1(i) and 1(ii) do not apply if the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in periodic reports filed with or furnished to the Commission by the registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are incorporated by reference in this registration statement.

- (2) That, for the purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (b) Each of the undersigned registrants hereby further undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of such registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated

by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

- (c) Insofar as indemnification for liability arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrants pursuant to the provisions described in Item 15 above, or otherwise, the registrants have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrants in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrants will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it or against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
- (d) Each of the undersigned registrants hereby further undertakes that:
- (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b) (1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.
- (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, each registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement Nos. 333-51671 and 333-51671-01 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Raleigh, State of North Carolina, on June 8, 1998.

HIGHWOODS PROPERTIES, INC.

By:/s/ CARMAN J. LIUZZO

Carman J. Liuzzo

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership

By: Highwoods Properties, Inc. in its capacity as General Partner

By:/s/ CARMAN J. LIUZZO

Carman J. Liuzzo

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement Nos. 333-51671 and 333-51671-01 has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the date indicated;

Signature	Capacity	Date
	Chairman of the Board of Directors	June 8, 1998
O. Temple Sloan, Jr.		
/s/ RONALD P. GIBSON*	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	June 8, 1998
Ronald P. Gibson	21100001	
/s/ JOHN L. TURNER*	Vice Chairman of the Board and Chief Investment Officer	June 8, 1998
John L. Turner	Investment officer	
/s/ GENE H. ANDERSON*	Senior Vice President and Director	June 8, 1998
Gene H. Anderson		
/s/ JOHN W. EAKIN*	Senior Vice President and Director	June 8, 1998
John W. Eakin		
	Senior Vice President and Director	
James R. Heisband		
/s/ THOMAS W. ADLER*	Director	June 8, 1998
Thomas W. Adler	Director	
William B. Graham Tu	Director	
William E. Graham, Jr.		
/s/ L. GLENN ORR, JR.*	Director	June 8, 1998
L. Glenn Orr, Jr.		
/s/ WILLARD H. SMITH, JR.*	Director	June 8, 1998
Willard H. Smith Jr.		

Signature	Capacity	Date	
	Director		
Stephen Timko	Director		
William T. Wilson III			
/s/ CARMAN J. LIUZZO	Vice President and Chief Financial	June 8, 1998	
Carman J. Liuzzo	Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer) and Treasurer		

*By: /s/ CARMAN J. LIUZZO

Carman J. Liuzzo (Attorney-in-fact)

II-6

Exhibit 2.9

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (this "Amendment") is dated as of April 23, 1998, by and among HIGHWOODS PROPERTIES, INC., a Maryland corporation ("Highwoods"), JACKSON ACQUISITION CORP., a Maryland corporation ("Sub"), and J.C. NICHOLS COMPANY, a Missouri corporation ("JCN"). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of December 22, 1997 and entered into among Highwoods, Sub, and JCN (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to amend the Agreement, which contemplates the merger of JCN with and into Sub (the "Merger"), in order to provide to JCN shareholders greater certainty in determining the amount and form of consideration to be received in the Merger; and

WHEREAS, Highwoods wishes to waive a condition to its obligation to consummate the Merger.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises, covenants, and agreements contained herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties to this Amendment, intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

SECTION I AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 3

Section 1.1 Conversion of Shares. Section 3.1 (c) is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

(c) Subject to the right granted in Section 3.2, each share of JCN Common Stock (including any associated JCN Rights, but excluding shares held by any JCN Entity or any Highwoods Entity and excluding shares held by shareholders who perfect their statutory dissenters' rights as provided in Section 3.5) issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time shall cease to be outstanding and shall be converted into a fixed number of shares of Highwoods Common Stock to be issued for each share of JCN Common Stock (the "Per Share Stock Consideration") shall be determined by reference to a ratio (the "Exchange Ratio") that shall be equal to the greater of: (i) 1.84, or (ii) the quotient of \$65 divided by the average of the daily average high and low sale price for shares of Highwoods Common Stock on the NYSE for each of the twenty (20) days immediately preceding the Effective Time; provided, however, that at no time shall the Exchange Ratio exceed 2.03. Pursuant to the Highwoods Rights Agreement, each share of Highwoods Common Stock issued in connection with the Merger upon conversion of JCN Common Stock shall be accompanied by a Highwoods Right.

Section 1.2 Cash Election. Section 3.2 is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

3.2 Cash Election. Holders of JCN Common Stock shall be provided with an opportunity to elect to receive cash consideration in lieu of receiving Highwoods Common Stock in the Merger, in accordance with the election procedures set forth below in this Section 3.2. Holders who are to receive cash in lieu of exchanging their shares of JCN Common Stock for Highwoods Common Stock as specified below shall receive \$65 per share of JCN Common Stock in cash (the "Per Share Cash Consideration"). The amount determined by multiplying \$65 by the number of Dissenting Shares shall be defined herein as the "Dissenting Share Amount." The aggregate Per Share Cash Consideration to be paid in the Merger, plus the Dissenting Share Amount, shall be limited to 40% of the aggregate consideration paid in exchange for shares of JCN Common Stock and shall be defined herein as the "Cash Amount."

A form for use by JCN shareholders to elect to receive cash and other appropriate and customary transmittal material (which shall specify that delivery shall be effected only upon

proper delivery of the certificates theretofore representing JCN Common Stock ("Old Certificates") to an exchange agent designated by Highwoods (the "Exchange Agent")) in such form as Highwoods and JCN shall mutually agree ("Election Form") shall be mailed concurrently with the mailing of the Proxy Statement required by Section 8.1 hereof, or on such other date as Highwoods and JCN shall mutually agree ("Mailing Date") to each holder of record of JCN Common Stock on the record date ("Record Date") for the JCN shareholders entitled to vote at the shareholders meeting to approve the Merger as required by Section 8.1 (the "JCN Shareholders Meeting").

Each Election Form shall permit a holder (or the beneficial owner through appropriate and customary documentation and instructions) of JCN Common Stock to elect to receive cash with respect to all or a portion of such holder's JCN Common Stock.

Any shares of JCN Common Stock with respect to which the holder (or the beneficial owner, as the case may be) elects to receive cash and does not dissent shall be referred to herein as the "Cash Election Shares." Any shares of JCN Common Stock with respect to which the holder (or the beneficial owner, as the case may be) either does not submit an Election Form or does not elect to receive cash and does not dissent, shall be collectively referred to herein as "Stock Election Shares."

Any of the elections set forth in the foregoing paragraph shall have been properly made only if the Exchange Agent shall have actually received an effective, properly completed Election Form on or before 5:00

p.m. on the fifth business day prior to the date of the JCN Shareholders Meeting (or such other time and date as Highwoods and JCN may mutually agree, including as a result of any adjournment or postponement of the JCN Shareholders Meeting) (the "Election Deadline") which is not revoked or changed prior to the Election Deadline. Any Election Form may be revoked or changed by the person submitting a subsequent Election Form at or prior to the Election Deadline. In the event an Election Form is revoked prior to the Election Deadline, the shares of JCN Common Stock represented by such Election Form shall become Stock Election Shares unless the Exchange Agent shall have actually received an effective, properly completed Election Form prior to the Election Deadline and such Election Form is not revoked or changed prior to the Election Deadline. Subject to the terms of this Agreement and of the Election Form, the Exchange Agent shall have reasonable discretion to determine whether any election, revocation or change has been properly or timely made and to disregard immaterial defects in the Election Forms, and any good faith decisions of the Exchange Agent regarding such matters shall be binding and conclusive. The Exchange Agent shall promptly notify JCN of any defect in an Election Form other than an immaterial defect disregarded in good faith by the Exchange Agent. Subject to the foregoing sentence, neither Highwoods nor the Exchange Agent shall be under any obligation to notify any person of any defect in an Election Form.

Within three business days after the Election Deadline, Highwoods shall cause the Exchange Agent to effect the allocation among the holders of JCN Common Stock in accordance with the Election Forms; provided, however, if the amount of cash that would be issued upon the conversion of the Cash Election Shares is greater than the amount by which the Cash Amount exceeds the Dissenting Share Amount (the "Maximum Cash Election Amount"), then the Exchange Agent shall convert a sufficient number of Cash Election Shares (other than Dissenting Shares) into the right to receive the Per Share Stock Consideration, which Cash Election Shares shall be selected pro rata from among all of the holders thereof, based upon the aggregate number of Cash Election Shares held by each of such holders, such that the amount of cash that will be issued in the Merger to satisfy the non-converted Cash Election Shares equals as closely as practicable the Maximum Cash Election Amount.

Highwoods shall, at least two business days prior to the date of the JCN Shareholders Meeting, communicate to JCN the aggregate allocation of stock and cash, the amount of stock and cash going to each of JCN's shareholders, and the method in which such amounts were calculated.

SECTION II AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 9

Section 2.1 Waiver by Highwoods of Certain Obligations. The introductory paragraph to Section 9.1 of the Agreement is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

9.1 Conditions to Obligations of Each Party. The respective obligations of each Party to perform this Agreement and consummate the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby are subject to the satisfaction of the conditions set forth below in this Section 9.1. JCN may waive, pursuant to Section 11.6, one or more of the following conditions. Highwoods hereby irrevocably waives and agrees to waive immediately prior to Closing, pursuant to Section 11.6, all of the conditions set forth in Section 9.1(b) (except

for the filing of the Articles of Merger as contemplated by Section 1.1) and the condition set forth in Section 9.1(c) that JCN obtain from Principal Mutual Insurance Company the Consent to the Merger referred to in Section 9.1 of the JCN Disclosure Memorandum.

SECTION III AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 10

Section 3.1 Waiver by Highwoods of Certain Termination Rights. Section 10.1(d)(i) is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

(i) Highwoods shall, after using its best efforts, have been unable to satisfy the condition to closing set forth in either Section 9.1(e) or (f), to the extent required for consummation of the Merger and the other transactions contemplated hereby, or

SECTION IV AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 11.1

Section 4.1 Definitions.

- (a) Section 11.1(a) is hereby amended by adding the phrase, "as such Section has been amended by Amendment No. 1 to this Agreement" to the end of the definition of "Per Share Stock Consideration".
- (b) Section 11.1(b) is hereby amended by adding the phrase "as amended by Amendment No. 1 to this Agreement" after the end of each of the definitions of "Cash Election Shares" and "Maximum Cash Election Amount".

SECTION V GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 5.1 Entire Agreement. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, this Amendment (including the Agreement and the documents and instruments referred to therein) constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties with respect to the transactions contemplated hereunder and in the Agreement and supersedes all other arrangements or understandings with respect thereto, written or oral (except for the Confidentiality Agreement referred to in Section 8.6(b) of the Agreement and any correspondence from any Party waiving any rights or obligations or consenting to any actions taken by or on behalf of another party).

Section 5.2 Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

Section 5.3 Captions, Articles and Sections. The captions contained in this Amendment are for reference purposes only and are not part of this Amendment. Unless otherwise indicated, all references to particular Articles or Sections shall mean and refer to the referenced Articles and Sections of this Amendment.

Section 5.4 References to the Agreement. From and after the execution of this Amendment, all references in the Agreement to "this Agreement," "hereof," "herein" and similar terms shall mean and refer to the Agreement as amended by this Amendment, and all references in other documents to the Agreement shall mean the Agreement as amended by this Amendment. This Amendment shall not be modified, supplemented or terminated in any manner whatsoever except by written instrument signed by the party against which such modification, supplement or termination is sought to be enforced.

Section 5.5 Ratification and Confirmation. The Agreement is hereby ratified and confirmed and, except as herein amended, remains in full force and effect.

Section 5.6 Governing Law. This Amendment shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the Laws of the State of Missouri, without regard to any applicable conflicts of Laws.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Highwoods, Sub, and JCN have caused this Amendment to be signed by their respective duly authorized officers as of the date first written above.
HIGHWOODS PROPERTIES, INC.
<u>By:</u>
Name: Title:

JACKSON ACQUISITION CORP.

<u>By:</u>

Name: <u>Title:</u>

J.C. NICHOLS COMPANY

<u>By:</u>

Name: <u>Title:</u>

A-47

ALSTON & BIRD LLP

3605 Glenwood Avenue, Suite 310 Raleigh, North Carolina 27612

> 919-420-2200 Fax: 919-881-3175

> > June 8, 1998

Highwoods Properties, Inc. Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership 3100 Smoketree Court, Suite 600 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604

Re: \$1,250,000,000 Aggregate Offering Price of Securities of Highwoods Properties, Inc. and Highwoods/

Forsyth Limited Partnership

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are acting as counsel for Highwoods Properties, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership, a North Carolina limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership"), in connection with the shelf registration by the Company and the Operating Partnership of \$1,250,000,000 in maximum aggregate offering price of (i) shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), (ii) shares or fractional shares of the Company's preferred stock ("Preferred Stock"), (iii) shares of the Company's Preferred Stock represented by depositary shares ("Depositary Shares"), and (iv) debt securities of the Operating Partnership ("Debt Securities"). The Common Stock, Preferred Stock, Depositary Shares and Debt Securities are the subject of a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") filed by the Company and the Operating Partnership on Form S-3 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act").

In our capacity as your counsel in connection with such registration, we are familiar with the proceedings taken and proposed to be taken by the Company in connection with the authorization and issuance of the Common Stock, Preferred Stock and Depositary Shares, and by the Operating Partnership in connection with the authorization and issuance of the Debt Securities, and for the purposes of this opinion, have assumed such proceedings will be timely completed in the manner presently proposed. In addition, we have made such legal and factual examinations and inquiries, including an examination of originals or copies certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction of such documents, corporate records and instruments, as we have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinion.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion that:

- (1) The Company has authority pursuant to its Articles of Incorporation to issue the shares of Common Stock that may be issued under the Registration Statement and upon (a) the adoption by the Board of Directors of a resolution in form and content required by applicable law, (b) compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and such state "blue sky" or securities laws as may be applicable and (c) issuance and delivery of and payment for such shares in the manner contemplated by the Registration Statement and/or the applicable prospectus supplement, such shares of Common Stock will be legally issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
- (2) The Company has authority pursuant to its Articles of Incorporation to issue the shares of Preferred Stock that may be issued under the Registration Statement and upon (a) the adoption by the Board of Directors of a resolution in form and content required by applicable law, (b) compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and such state "blue sky" or securities laws as may be applicable, (c) the adoption by the Company's Board of Directors and the due execution and filing by the Company with the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation the Articles Supplementary establishing the preferences, limitations and relative voting and other rights of each series of Preferred Stock prior to issuance thereof and (d) issuance and delivery of and payment for such shares in the manner contemplated by the Registration Statement and/or the applicable prospectus supplement, such shares of Preferred Stock will be legally issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
- (3) Assuming the Company has authority to issue the underlying shares of Preferred Stock and that such shares have been legally issued, to which we opine above, the Company has authority pursuant to its Articles of Incorporation to issue the Depositary Shares that may be issued under the Registration Statement and when (a) a deposit agreement substantially as described in the Registration Statement has been duly executed and delivered by the Company and a depositary,
- (b) the depositary receipts representing the Depositary Shares in the form contemplated and authorized by such deposit agreement have been duly executed and delivered by such depositary and delivered to and paid for by the purchasers thereof in the manner contemplated by the Registration Statement and/or the applicable prospectus supplement and (c) all corporate action necessary for the issuance of such Depositary Shares and the underlying Preferred Stock has been taken (including but not limited to action establishing the preferences, limitations and relative voting and other rights of such Preferred Stock prior to issuance thereof), such Depositary Shares will be legally issued and will entitle the holders thereof to the rights specified in the deposit agreement relating to such Depositary Shares.
- (4) The Operating Partnership has authority to issue the Debt Securities to be registered under the Registration Statement and when (a) the

applicable provisions of the Act and such state "blue sky" or securities laws as may be applicable have been complied with and (b) the Debt Securities have been issued and delivered for value as contemplated in the Registration Statement, such Debt Securities will be legally issued and will be binding obligations of the Operating Partnership and the Company, respectively.

To the extent that the obligations of the Company under the deposit agreement or the obligations of the Company as guarantor and the Operating Partnership as obligor under an indenture may be dependent upon such matters, we have assumed for purposes of this opinion (i) that the applicable depositary or trustee, as the case may be, is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its jurisdiction of organization and is duly qualified to engage in the activities contemplated by the applicable deposit agreement or indenture as the case may be, (ii) that such deposit agreement or indenture, as the case may be, has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by and constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of such depositary or trustee, as the case may be, enforceable in accordance with its respective terms, (iii) that such depositary or trustee, as the case may be, is in compliance, generally and with respect to acting as a depositary or trustee, respectively, under the applicable deposit agreement or indenture, with all applicable laws and regulations and (iv) that such depositary or trustee has the requisite organizational and legal power and authority to perform its obligations under the applicable deposit agreement or indenture, as the case may be.

The opinions set forth above are subject to the following exceptions, limitations and qualifications: (i) the effect of bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium or other similar laws now or hereafter in effect relating to or affecting the rights and remedies of creditors; (ii) the effect of general principles of equity, whether enforcement is considered in a proceeding in equity or law, in the discretion of the court before which any proceeding therefor may be brought; (iii) the unenforceability under certain circumstances under law or court decisions of provisions providing for the indemnification of or contribution to a party with respect to a liability where such indemnification or contribution is contrary to public policy; (iv) we express no opinion concerning the enforceability of the waiver of rights or defenses contained in Section 514 of the Indenture; and (v) we express no opinion with respect to whether acceleration of Debt Securities may affect the collectibility of any portion of the stated principal amount thereof which might be determined to constitute unearned interest thereon.

Our opinions expressed herein are as of the date hereof, and we undertake no obligation to advise you of any changes in applicable law or any other matters that may come to our attention after the date hereof that may affect our opinions expressed herein.

We consent to your filing this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to our firm under the caption "Legal Matters" in the prospectus included therein.

Very truly yours,

ALSTON & BIRD LLP

By: /S/ ROBERT H. BERGDOLT

Robert H. Bergdolt, Partner

ALSTON & BIRD LLP

One Atlantic Center 1201 West Peachtree Street Atlanta, Georgia 30309-3424

404-881-7000 Fax: 404-881-4777 www.alston.com Direct Dial: 404-881-7485

Pinney L. Allen

June 8, 1998

Highwoods Properties, Inc. 3100 Smoketree Court, Suite 600 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604

Re: \$1,250,000,000 Aggregate Offering Price of Securities of Highwoods Properties, Inc. and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In connection with the registration statement on Form S-3, File No. 333-51671 and 333-51671-01, as in the form filed on June 8, 1998, relating to the registration of \$1,250,000,000 aggregate principal amount of securities offered by Highwoods Properties, Inc. (the "Company") and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership (the "Registration Statement"), you have requested our opinion concerning certain of the federal income tax consequences to Highwoods Properties, Inc. (the "Company") of its election to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

This opinion is based solely on various facts and factual assumptions as set forth in the Registration Statement and is conditioned upon certain representations made by the Company as to factual matters through certificates of officers of the Company (the "Officers' Certificates") attached hereto and made a part hereof. We have made no independent inquiry as to the factual matters set forth herein. In addition, we have examined no documents other than the Registration Statement for purposes of this opinion and, therefore, our opinion is limited to matters determined through an examination of such document and the factual matters set forth in the Officers' Certificates.

In rendering the opinions set forth herein, we have assumed the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the genuineness of all signatures thereon, the legal capacity of natural persons executing such documents and the conformity to authentic original documents of all documents submitted to us as copies.

We are opining herein as to the effect on the subject transaction only of the federal income tax laws of the United States and we express no opinion with respect to the applicability thereto, or the effect thereon, of other federal laws, the laws of any other jurisdiction, the laws of any state or as to any matters of municipal law or the laws of any other local agencies within any state.

Based solely on the facts in the Registration Statement and the facts in the Officers' Certificates, we are of the opinion that the Company has been organized and has operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Code for its taxable years ended December 31, 1994 through 1997, and that the Company is in a position to continue its qualification and taxation as a REIT within the definition of

Section 856(a) of the Code for the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998. With respect to 1998, we note that the Company's status as a REIT at any time during such year is dependent, among other things, upon the Company meeting the requirements of Sections 856 through 860 of the Code throughout the year and for the year as a whole. Accordingly, because the Company's satisfaction of such requirements will depend upon future events, including the precise terms and conditions of proposed transactions, the final determination of

operational results, and the effect of certain provisions contained in the President's Budget Proposal for the Fiscal Year 1999 on the Company's REIT status, it is not possible to assure that the Company will satisfy the requirements to be a REIT during the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998.

In addition, we have participated in the preparation of the material under the heading "Federal Income Tax Considerations" of the Registration Statement and we are of the opinion that the federal income tax treatment described therein is accurate in all material respects.

This opinion is based on various statutory provisions, regulations promulgated thereunder and interpretations thereof by the Internal Revenue Service and the courts having jurisdiction over such matters, all of which are subject to change either prospectively or retroactively. Also, any variation or difference in the facts from those set forth in the Registration Statement or the Officers' Certificates may affect the opinions stated herein.

This opinion is limited to the specific matters covered hereby and should not be interpreted to imply that the undersigned has offered its opinion on any other matter. We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the use of our name under the caption "Legal Matters" in the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours,

PLA:MMH

CERTIFICATE

- I, CARMAN J. LIUZZO, in my capacity as Vice-President, Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer of Highwoods Properties, Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief after making appropriate inquiries with respect to all matters set forth below, as follows:
- 1. That I am a Vice-President, Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer of the Company;
- 2. That in such capacity, I have access to relevant information regarding each of the factual matters set forth below;
- 3. That for purposes of this Certificate, "Registration Statement" means the Form S-3, File No. 333-51671 and 333-51671-01, as in the form filed on June 8, 1998, relating to the registration of \$1,250,000,000 of aggregate principal amount of securities offered by the Company and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership;
- 4. That the description of the Company, its properties, and its method of operation contained in the Registration Statement is accurate and complete in all material aspects with respect to this opinion; and
- 5. That the Company will undertake to advise you of any change in the representations made herein for so long as the Registration Statement referred to above remains in effect.

The foregoing Certification is provided to Alston & Bird LLP in connection with rendering an opinion regarding the qualification of the Company as a real estate investment trust and may not be relied upon for any other purpose or by any other party. It is understood that such opinion is limited to the factual matters revealed pursuant hereto and other materials provided to them and that to the extent required, I have asked questions of the appropriate individuals to confirm the foregoing answers, and to the best of my knowledge and belief such answers are true, correct, and complete and in no way are misleading.

Vice-President, Chief Financial Officer, and Treasurer Highwoods Properties, Inc.

CERTIFICATE

- I, MACK D. PRIDGEN, III, in my capacity as Vice-President and General Counsel of Highwoods Properties, Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief after making appropriate inquiries with respect to all matters set forth below, as follows:
- 1. That I am a Vice-President and the General Counsel of the Company and I am licensed to practice law in the state of North Carolina;
- 2. That in such capacity, I have access to relevant information regarding each of the factual matters set forth below;
- 3. That for purposes of this Certificate,
- (a) "Affiliated Partnerships" means AP-GP Southeast Portfolio Partners, L.P., Highwoods/Tennessee Holdings, L.P., AP Southeast Portfolio Partners, L.P., Highwoods/Florida Holdings, L.P., Pinellas Northside Partners, Ltd., Interstate Business Park, Ltd., Pinellas Bay Vista Partners, Ltd., Pinellas Pinebrook Partners, Ltd., Downtown Clearwater Tower, Ltd., BDBP, Ltd., Cross Bayou, Ltd., and SISBROS, Ltd., collectively;
- (b) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- (c) "Easton-Babcock Transaction" means the proposed transaction that will occur pursuant to (1) the Master Acquisition Agreement, dated February 9, 1998, by and among Highwoods Properties, Inc., Highwoods/Forysth Limited Partnership, the Easton-Babcock Partnerships (as defined in the Agreement), the Easton-Babcock Corporations (as defined in the Agreement), Calvin H. Babcock, and Edward W. Easton, and (2) the Contribution and Exchange Agreement, dated February 9, 1998, by and between Highwoods/Forysth Limited Partnership and International Place Associates IV, Ltd.;
- (d) "Foreclosure Property" means real property (including interests in real property), and any personal property incident to such real property, acquired by the real estate investment trust as a result of such trust having bid in such property at foreclosure, or having otherwise reduced such property to ownership or possession by agreement or process of law, after there was default (or default was imminent) on a lease of such property or on an indebtedness that such property secured;
- (e) "Highwoods Services" means Highwoods Services, Inc., a North Carolina corporation, the equity ownership of which is owned 99% by Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership and .5% each by Ronald P. Gibson and Edward J. Fritsch;
- (f) "Independent Contractor" means any person who does not own, directly or indirectly, more than 35% of the shares in the REIT, and, if such person is a corporation, not more than 35% of the total combined voting power of whose stock (or 35% of the total shares of all classes of whose stock), or, if such person is not a corporation, not more than 35% of the interest in whose assets or net profits is owned, directly or indirectly, by one or more persons owning 35% or more of the shares in the REIT;
- (g) "J.C. Nichols Transaction" means the proposed merger of J.C. Nichols Company with and into Jackson Acquisition Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, that will be consummated pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated December 22, 1997, as amended by Amendment No. 1 thereto dated as of April 23, 1998 by and among Highwoods Properties, Inc., Jackson Acquisition Corp., and J.C. Nichols Company;
- (h) "Operating Partnership" means Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership, a North Carolina partnership of which the Company is the sole general partner with an approximate 83% ownership interest, including a 1% general partnership interest and an 82% limited partnership interest, and various others (including officers and directors of the Company) are the remaining limited partners with an approximate 17% aggregate interest;

- (i) "Operating Partnership Agreement" means the First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership, dated June 14, 1994, as amended;
- (j) "Prohibited Transaction" means a sale or other disposition of property, other than foreclosure property, that is stock in trade of the taxpayer or other property of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business;
- (k) "Qualified REIT Subsidiary" means (1) any corporation in which a real estate investment trust owned stock during any taxable year ended on or before December 31, 1997, if 100% of the stock of such corporation was held by the real estate investment trust at all times during the period such corporation was in existence and (2) any corporation in which a real estate investment trust may own stock after the taxable year ended December 31, 1997, if 100% of the stock of such corporation is held by the real estate investment trust;
- (l) "Real Estate Assets" means real property (including interests in real property and interests in mortgages on real property) and shares (or transferable certificates of beneficial interest) in other entities qualifying to be taxed as real estate investment trusts;
- (m) "Registration Statement" means the Form S-3, File No. 333-51671 and 333-51671-01, as in the form filed on June 8, 1998, relating to the registration of \$1,250,000,000 of aggregate principal amount of securities offered by the Company and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership;
- (n) "REIT" means a real estate investment trust;
- (o) "REIT Election" means an election to be taxed as a REIT under Code Section 856(c)(1); and
- (p) "Service" means the Internal Revenue Service;
- 4. That I have consulted with other employees and officers of the Company regarding the matters set forth below and such persons have agreed in all respects with the representations made below;
- 5. That, except as otherwise noted, all representations made below are true and complete for each of the taxable years ended December 31, 1994, through December 31, 1997, and through the date hereof; and that I have no reason to believe that such representations will not continue to be true for the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998;
- 6. That the Company has operated and will continue to operate in accordance with Maryland law, its articles of incorporation, and its bylaws and in accordance with the statements and representations made in the Registration Statement;
- 7. That the Operating Partnership has operated and will continue to operate in accordance with North Carolina law, the Operating Partnership Agreement, and the statements and representations made in the Registration Statement;
- 8. That I am a licensed attorney familiar with the requirements for qualification as a REIT under applicable provisions of the Code, that all such requirements have been satisfied for the Company's taxable years ended December 31, 1994, through December 31, 1997 (except for the election to be taxed as a REIT for the taxable year ended December 31, 1997, which will be made on the federal income tax return for such taxable year as noted in Item 9 below); that I have no reason to believe that such requirements will not continue to be satisfied in the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998; and that I have exercised ordinary business care and prudence to attempt to satisfy such requirements and I have advised Alston & Bird LLP of any matter of which I am aware that could cause reason for concern as to whether those requirements have been or will be satisfied;

- 9. That the Company filed an election to be taxed as a REIT with its tax return for the period ended December 31, 1994, and has not taken any action to terminate such election; that the Company will continue such election for the period ended December 31, 1997, and has not taken any action to prevent such election; that I have no reason to believe that the Company will not continue such election or that it will take any action to terminate such election for the period that will end December 31, 1998; and that the Company has received no notification formally or informally from the Service or any other person that such election may not be valid or has been revoked or withdrawn in any respect;
- 10. That the Company is and will continue to be managed by one or more of its directors who have exclusive authority over the management of the Company, the management of its officers, and the management and disposition of the Company's property;
- 11. That the beneficial ownership of the Company is and will continue to be evidenced by transferable shares; and that there are no restrictions on the transferability of such shares either in the Articles of Incorporation or in any agreement to which the Company is a party, other than the restrictions set forth in the Articles of Incorporation that permit the directors to redeem shares or refuse to transfer shares in any case where such directors, in good faith, believe that a failure to redeem or that a transfer of shares would result in the loss of the Company's REIT status;
- 12. That the Company has been a domestic corporation during its entire existence;
- 13. That the Company has not been, is not, and will not be (i) a bank, a mutual savings bank, a cooperative bank, a domestic building and loan association or other savings institution, a small business investment company operating under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, or a corporation created under state law for the purpose of promoting, maintaining, and assisting the economy within a state by making loans, or (ii) an insurance company;
- 14. That at no time during the last half of any taxable year for which a REIT election has been made or during the taxable year ended December 31, 1997, for which a REIT election will be made has more than 50% of the value of the Company's outstanding stock been beneficially owned by five or fewer individuals, taking into consideration the applicable attribution rules, which generally apply a look-through provision to determine constructive stock ownership; and that the Company will take all measures within its control to ensure that, at no time during the last half of any taxable year for which a REIT election will be made will more than 50% of the value of the Company's outstanding stock be beneficially owned by or for five or fewer individuals;
- 15. That the record and beneficial ownership of the Company has been and will be held by 100 or more persons;
- 16. That at least 95% of the gross income derived by the Company (including the income derived through its ownership of the Operating Partnership and the Affiliated Partnerships) in all taxable years consisted of:
- (i) amounts derived from rental of real property, including rents attributable to personal property as described in representation (20) below and including charges for services customarily furnished or rendered in connection with the rental of such real property, whether or not such charges are separately stated, but excluding rents received from parties in which the Company owns 10% or more of the vote or value of equity ownership of such party and excluding amounts received or accrued with respect to any real or personal property if the Company furnishes noncustomary services to the tenants or manages or operates such property other than through an independent contractor from which neither the Company nor the Partnership derives any form of income; (ii) interest; (iii) gain realized upon the sale of all or a portion of a Real Estate Asset that is not a Prohibited Transaction; (iv) dividends; (v) abatements and refunds of tax; (vi) income and gain from Foreclosure Property; and (vii) amounts for making loans by secured properties or to purchase or lease real property; and that I have no reason to believe that such 95% gross income test will not continue to be met for the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998;

- 17. That at least 75% of the gross income derived by the Company (including the income derived through its ownership of the Operating Partnership and the Affiliated Partnerships) in all taxable years consisted of:
- (i) amounts derived from rental of real property, including rents attributable to personal property as described in representation (20) below and including charges for services customarily furnished or rendered in connection with the rental of such real property, whether or not such charges are separately stated, but excluding rents received from parties in which the Company owns 10% or more of the vote or value of equity ownership of such party and excluding amounts received or accrued with respect to any real or personal property if the Company furnishes noncustomary services to the tenants or manages or operates such property other than through an independent contractor from which neither the Company nor the Partnership derives any form of income; (ii) interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property or on interests in real property; (iii) gain realized upon the sale of all or a portion of the real property; (iv) abatements and refunds of property tax; (v) income and gain derived from Foreclosure Property; (vi) amounts for agreeing to make loans secured by real property or to purchase or lease real property; and (vii) gain from the sale or disposition of a Real Estate Asset that is not a Prohibited Transaction; and that I have no reason to believe that such 75% gross income test will not continue to be met for the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998;
- 18. That less than 30% of the gross income of the Company (including the income derived through its ownership of the Operating Partnership and the Affiliated Partnerships) in all taxable years was derived from (i) the sale or other disposition of stock or securities held for less than one year; (ii) property in a transaction that is a Prohibited Transaction; and (iii) real property (including interests in real property and interests in mortgages on real property) held for less than four years other than property compulsorily or involuntarily converted and property that is Foreclosure Property;
- 19. That the Company, the Operating Partnership and the Affiliated Partnerships, have not entered into and will not enter into any lease, agreement, or other arrangement in connection with the rental of real property under which any amount payable to the Company, the Operating Partnership, or the Affiliated Partnerships depends or will depend in whole or in part on the income or profits derived from any tenant (or subtenant) of such real property (except that such an amount may be based on a fixed percentage or percentages of gross receipts or sales);
- 20. That (i) less than 15% of the rent received or accrued from any lease of real property has been and will be attributable to personal property; (ii) any such personal property has been and will be leased under or in connection with a lease of the real property; and (iii) no personal property owned by the Company or the Operating Partnership at any time has had or will have significant value in excess of its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes;
- 21. That for purposes of Items 16 and 17 above, "rent" does not include rent received for any real property directly or indirectly from any person in which the Company owns (i) in the case of a corporation, 10% or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, or 10% or more of the total number of shares of all classes of stock; or (ii) in the case of an entity other than a corporation, an interest of 10% or more in the assets or net profits of such entity; (for purposes of this representation, ownership is determined by taking into account the attribution rules, which generally apply a look-through provision to determine constructive stock ownership);
- 22. That the fair market value of any real property (or, with respect to any construction loan, the fair market value of the land plus the reasonably estimated cost of the improvements other than personal property) securing a note, determined at the time the Company became bound to make the loan, is equal to or exceeds the amount of the loan;
- 23. That no interest (including interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property or interests in real property) received or accrued, directly or indirectly, by the Company, its Qualified REIT Subsidiaries, the Operating Partnership, or the Affiliated Partnerships has been or will be determined in whole or in part by reference to the income or profits derived by any person;
- 24. That neither the Company, its Qualified REIT Subsidiaries, the Operating Partnership, nor the Affiliated Partnerships have owned any Foreclosure Property (other than property the income from which would not cause the statements contained in Items 16 and 17 above to no longer be true).

- 25. That the Company has reviewed and will continue to review all leases for each property to ensure that such leases conform with all REIT requirements;
- 26. For taxable years prior to 1998, that neither the Company, the Operating Partnership, nor the Affiliated Partnerships, have provided or will provide any services to any tenant other than services that would be considered customarily furnished or rendered in connection with the rental of real property, such as the furnishing of water, heat, lights, trash collection, and maintenance of common areas; for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1997, neither the Company, the Operating Partnership, nor the Affiliated Partnerships, have provided or will provide services that would generate impermissible service income in an amount that exceeds 1% of all amounts received or accrued during the taxable year, directly or indirectly, by the Company with respect to such property, with the amount treated as received or accrued by the Company for such impermissible services not being less than 150% of the direct cost of the Company in furnishing or rending such services (for purposes of this representation, impermissible service income means any amount received or accrued directly or indirectly by the Company for services furnished or rendered by the Company to the tenants of its property or for managing or operating such property, unless (i) such services, management, or operations are provided through an independent contractor or (ii) such services are customarily furnished or rendered in connection with the rental of real property, such as the furnishing of water, heat, lights, trash collection, and maintenance of common areas);
- 27. That no Independent Contractor providing management and operating functions for either the Company, the Operating Partnership, or the Affiliated Partnerships, or any of their properties has any ownership interest in the Company in excess of 35%;
- 28. That at the close of each quarter of any taxable year that the Company has made or will make a REIT election, at least 75% of the total combined value of its assets, including its proportionate share of the assets of the Operating Partnership and the Affiliated Partnerships, has or will consist of Real Estate Assets, cash and cash items (including receivables), and government securities;
- 29. That at the close of each quarter of any taxable year that the Company has made or will make a REIT election not more than 25% of the value of the Company's total assets (including those assets owned indirectly through the Operating Partnership or the Affiliated Partnerships) has been or will be represented by securities (other than government securities) for purposes of this calculation limited in respect of any one issuer to an amount not greater in value than 5% of the value of the total assets of the Company and to not more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer;
- 30. That the Company's pro rata share of the value of the securities of Highwoods Services has not exceeded 5% of the total value of the Company's assets at the end of any calendar quarter; that 99% of the voting stock of Highwoods Services is owned by Ronald P. Gibson and Edward J. Fritsch; that the Company has no informal or formal agreement with Highwoods Services or the other shareholders of Highwoods Services regarding the voting of the Highwoods Services stock; and that the stock owned by Ronald P. Gibson and Edward J. Fritsch is not subject to any voting or purchase agreement that effectively would deny such individuals of the economic rights of such stock;
- 31. That the Company, the Operating Partnership, and the Affiliated Partnerships have held and hold all real property and all other assets for investment purposes and not as (i) stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be includible in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or (ii) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business of the Operating Partnership or the Company;
- 32. That for each taxable year for which a REIT election has been or will be made the Company has distributed or will distribute an amount equal to or exceeding the sum of 95% of the Company's real estate investment trust taxable income for such taxable year, determined without regard for the deduction for dividends paid and by excluding any net capital gain, and 95% of the excess of the net income from Foreclosure Property over the tax imposed on such income, reduced by, any excess noncash income;
- 33. That, in each taxable year for which a REIT election has been or will be made, the dividends paid by the Company on the Company's common stock were made pro rata, with no preference to any share of the common stock as compared with other such shares;

- 34. That for each taxable year for which a REIT election has been or will be made the Company has and will (i) maintain stock records that disclose actual ownership of the Company's outstanding stock, and (ii) within 30 days of each taxable year end, demand a written statement from shareholders of record of five percent of more of the Company's stock for the purpose of disclosing actual ownership;
- 35. That the Company has at all times adopted and will continue to use a calendar year accounting period;
- 36. That other than the direct ownership of the stock in Highwoods/Florida GP Corp., Highwoods Realty GP Corp., Highwoods/Tennessee Properties, Inc., Jackson Acquisition Corporation, Florida Transition Co. II, Garcia Property Management, Inc., Westshore Square, Inc., and Garcia, Meyers Co., and the indirect ownership of stock in Highwoods Services and its subsidiaries, Southeast Realty Options Corp. and PSC Acquisition Corporation (which is owned through RC One LLC), the Company has owned no stock or other voting securities in any corporation (including mutual funds) at the close of any quarter of any taxable year ended on or before December 31, 1997, or as of the date hereof;
- 37. That each of Highwoods/Florida GP Corp., Highwoods Realty GP Corp., Highwoods/Tennessee Properties, Inc., Jackson Acquisition Corporation, Florida Transition Co. II, Garcia Property Management, Inc., Westshore Square, Inc., and Garcia, Meyers Co. is a Qualified REIT Subsidiary;
- 38. That the stock of Garcia Property Management, Inc. was acquired for cash by Company; and that, at the time of such transaction, Garcia Property Management, Inc. was a Subchapter S corporation and had no accumulated Subchapter C earnings and profits;
- 39. That the stock of Garcia, Meyers Co. was acquired for cash by the Company; and that, at the time of such transaction, Garcia, Meyers Co. was a Subchapter S corporation and had no accumulated Subchapter C earnings and profits;
- 40. That the stock of Westshore Square, Inc. was acquired for cash by the Company; and that, at the time of such transaction, Westshore Square, Inc. was a Subchapter S corporation and had no accumulated Subchapter C earnings and profits;
- 41. That the Operating Partnership and the Affiliated Partnerships are the only partnerships in which the Company has held a direct or indirect interest at the close of any quarter of any taxable year ended on or before December 31, 1997, or as of the date hereof; that each of these partnerships were formed as partnerships under the laws of the applicable states; that Shockoe Plaza LLC, which is owned 99% by the Operating Partnership and 1% by Highwoods Services, and RC One LLC, which is owned 100% by Highwoods Services, were formed as limited liability companies under the laws of the applicable states and elected to be treated as partnerships for federal income tax purposes; that all such partnerships (including Shockoe Plaza LLC and RC One LLC) have made no election to be treated as a corporation or any other type of entity for federal income tax purposes; and that the Company has received no notification formally or informally from the Service or any other person challenging the status of any of these entities as a partnership for federal income tax purposes;
- 42. That the Company is conducting due diligence and I have no reason to believe that the Easton-Babcock Transaction or the ownership of any of the properties acquired directly or indirectly thereby will cause the Company to fail to satisfy any of the matters set forth in this Certificate or to fail to qualify as a REIT in the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998;
- 43. That the Company is conducting due diligence and I have no reason to believe that the J.C. Nichols Transaction or the ownership of any of the properties acquired directly or indirectly thereby will cause the Company to fail to satisfy any of the matters set forth in this Certificate or to fail to qualify as a REIT in the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998;
- 44. That the Company is not a party to any stock or asset purchase agreement, including any plan of merger or reorganization, that will cause the Company to fail to satisfy any of the matters set forth in this Certificate or to fail to qualify as a REIT in the taxable year that will end December 31, 1998;
- 45. That the Company has filed timely income tax returns in each year of its existence and has not included any information in such returns due to fraud with an intent to evade taxes;

- 46. That the Company's ownership interests in the Operating Partnership and its other directly or indirectly held subsidiaries (the "Subsidiaries") are held free and clear of any security interest, mortgage, pledge, lien, encumbrance, claim or equity;
- 47. That the Company will undertake to advise you of any change in the representations made herein for so long as the Registration Statement referred to above remains in effect; and
- 48. That, in rendering an opinion in connection with the Registration Statement, Alston & Bird is entitled to rely on the factual representations set forth in previous Officer's Certificates to the extent that such representations are not otherwise reflected herein.

The foregoing Certification is provided to Alston & Bird LLP in connection with rendering an opinion regarding the qualification of the Company as a REIT and may not be relied upon for any other purpose or by any other party. It is understood that such opinion is limited to the factual matters revealed pursuant hereto and other materials provided to them and that to the extent required, I have asked questions of the appropriate individuals to confirm the foregoing answers, and to the best of my knowledge and belief such answers are true, correct, and complete and in no way are misleading.

June 8, 1998 /s/ MACK D. PRIDGEN, III

MACK D. PRIDGEN, III

Vice-President and General Counsel Highwoods Properties, Inc.

HIGHWOODS PROPERTIES, INC.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND RATIO OF EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS

	Three Months Ended March 31, 1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993
Earnings (1)						
Income (loss) from continuing						
operations	\$ 34,037	\$ 92,584	\$ 48,242	\$ 28,934	\$ 8,159	\$ (155)
Interest	17,162	45,138	24,699	12,101	4,955	5,185
Amortization of loan costs	616	2,256	1,911	1,619	738	
Total earnings	51,815	\$ 139,978	\$ 74,852	\$ 42,654	\$ 13,852	\$5,030
Fixed charges and preferred stock dividends						
Interest	\$ 17,162	\$ 45,138	\$ 24,699	\$ 12,101	\$ 4,955	\$5,185
Interest capitalized	2,829	7,238	2,935	507	17	16
Amortization of loan costs expensed	616	2,256	1,911	1,619	738	
Amortization of loan costs capitalized						
Total fixed charges	\$ 20,607	\$ 54,632	\$ 29,545	\$ 14,227	\$ 5,710	\$5,201
Preferred stock dividends	6,145	13,117				
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred stock	2.51x	2.56x	2.53x	3.00x	2.43x	0.97x
dividends	1.94x	2.07x	2.53x	3.00x	2.43x	0.97x

⁽¹⁾ The calculation does not include amortization of previously capitalized interest.

HIGHWOODS/FORSYTH LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND RATIO OF EARNINGS TO COMBINED FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED UNIT DIVIDENDS

Three Months Ended March 31, 1998 1997 1996 1995 1994 1993 ------Earnings (1) Income (loss) from continuing \$ 33,981 \$ 91,552 \$ 46,674 17,162 45,138 23,360 616 2,256 1,870 \$ 51,759 \$ 138,946 \$ 71,904 \$ 28,934 \$ 8,159 \$ (155 12,101 4,955 5,185 1,619 738 --\$ 42,654 \$ 13,852 \$5,030 \$ 33,981 \$ (155) operations Interest Amortization of loan costs Total earnings Fixed charges and preferred unit dividends 955 \$5,185 17 16 \$ 12,101 \$ 4,955 507 17 1,619 738 Interest 7,238 2,935 2,256 1,870 Interest capitalized 616 Amortization of loan costs expensed \$ 20,607 \$ 54,632 \$ 28,165 \$ 14,227 \$ 5,710 \$5,201 6,845 13,117 -- -- -- -- -- -- 2.51x 2.54x 2.55x 3.00x 2.43x 0.97x Amortization of loan costs capitalized Total fixed charges Preferred unit dividends Ratio of earnings to fixed charges 0.97x Ratio of earnings to combined fixed 2.05x 2.55x 3.00x 2.43x charges and preferred unit dividends 1.93x 0.97x

⁽¹⁾ The calculation does not include amortization of previously capitalized interest.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" in the Registration Statement (Form S-3, No. 333-51671-01 and No. 333-51671) and related Prospectus of Highwoods Properties, Inc. for the registration of up to \$830,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock and depositary shares and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership for the registration of up to \$420,000,000 of debt securities. We also consent to the incorporation by reference therein of our reports (a) dated February 20, 1998, with respect to the financial statements and schedule of Highwoods Properties, Inc. included in its Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 1997 (as amended on Form 10-K/A dated April 29, 1998 and May 19, 1998), (b) dated February 20, 1998, with respect to the financial statements and schedule of Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership included in its Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 1997 (as amended on Form 10-K/A dated April 29, 1998 and May 19, 1998), (c) dated January 24, 1997 and January 25, 1997 with respect to the Combined Statements of Revenues and Certain Expenses of Century Center and Anderson Properties, respectively, included in Highwoods Properties, Inc.'s and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership's Current Reports on Form 8-K dated January 9, 1997 (as amended on Form 8-K/A on February 7, 1997, March 10, 1997 and April 28, 1998) and February 12, 1997, (d) dated January 16, 1998 with respect to the Combined Statements of Revenues and Certain Expenses of Shelton Properties and Riparius Properties and the Statement of Revenues and Certain Expenses of Winners Circle for the year ended December 31, 1996 included in the Current Reports on Form 8-K of Highwoods Properties, Inc. and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership dated November 17, 1997, and (e) dated January 30, 1998 with respect to the Combined Statement of Revenues and Certain Expenses of Garcia Properties for the year ended December 31, 1997 included in the Current Reports on Form 8-K of Highwoods Properties, Inc. and Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership dated February 4, 1998, all filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

/S/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Raleigh, North Carolina June 8, 1998

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-51671 and 333-51671-01) of our reports

dated September 12, 1997, of our audits of the combined statement of revenues and certain operating expenses of the Associated Capital Properties Portfolio for the year ended December 31, 1996, and the combined statement of revenues and certain operating expenses of the 1997 Pending Acquisitions for the year ended December 31, 1996, which reports are included in the Forms 8-K of Highwoods Properties, Inc. dated August 27, 1997 (as amended on September 23, 1997) and October 1, 1997 and the Form 8-K of Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Partnership dated October 1, 1997. We also consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts."

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

/s/ COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Memphis, Tennessee

June 4, 1998

End of Filing



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