
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): **February 4, 2014**

Meta Financial Group, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

0-22140

(Commission File Number)

42-1406262

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

5501 South Broadband Lane, Sioux Falls, SD 57108

(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(605) 782-1767**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligations of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 - ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d- 2(b))
 - ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4 (c))
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Section 2 Financial Information

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On February 4, 2014, the Registrant issued a press release announcing its results of operations and financial condition as of and for the three months ended December 31, 2013. A copy of the press release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this report and is incorporated into this Item 2.02 by reference. The information in this Form 8-K, including the exhibits, relating to this Item 2.02 shall not be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities thereof, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Exchange Act or under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except to the extent specifically provided in any such filing.

Section 7 Regulation FD

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

Information is being furnished herein in Exhibit 99.2 with respect to the Investor Update slide presentation prepared for use with the press release. This information includes selected financial and operational information through the first quarter of fiscal year 2014 and does not represent a complete set of financial statements and related notes prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). Most, but not all, of the selected financial information furnished herein is derived from the Company’s consolidated financial statements and related notes prepared in accordance with GAAP and management’s discussion and analysis included in the Company’s reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q. The Company’s annual financial statements are subject to independent audit. These materials are dated February 4, 2014 and the Company does not undertake to update the materials after that date.

The information in this Form 8-K, including the exhibits, relating to this Item 7.01 shall not be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities thereof, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Exchange Act or under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except to the extent specifically provided in any such filing.

Section 9 Financial Statements and Exhibits

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

The following Exhibit is being furnished herewith:

99.1 Press Release of Meta Financial Group, Inc., dated February 4, 2014 regarding the results of operations and financial condition.

99.2 Investor Update slide presentation for the First Quarter of Fiscal Year 2014, dated February 4, 2014, prepared for use with the Earnings Release.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

META FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ Glen W. Herrick
Glen W. Herrick
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Dated: February 4, 2014

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Press Release of Meta Financial Group, Inc., dated February 4, 2014 regarding the results of operations and financial condition
99.2	Investor Update slide presentation for the First Quarter of Fiscal Year 2014, dated February 4, 2014, prepared for use with the Earnings Release.



Investor Relations
605.782.1767

Meta Financial Group, Inc. ® Reports Results for Fiscal 2014 First Quarter

Net income of \$4.0 million shows a significant increase from prior quarter and 2013 Q1

Sioux Falls, South Dakota – February 4, 2014, Meta Financial Group, Inc. ® (“MFG” or the “Company”)

Highlights for the first quarter of fiscal 2014 ended December 31, 2013

- MFG’s fiscal 2014 first quarter net income totaled \$4.0 million versus \$3.5 million in the prior quarter and \$3.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2013.
- First quarter average assets grew to \$1.79 billion, compared to \$1.62 billion last year, an increase of 10% primarily driven by Meta Payment Systems (“MPS”) deposit growth.
- Net interest income was \$10.5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2014, an improvement of \$1.7 million when compared to \$8.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2013.
- The MPS segment recorded 2014 fiscal first quarter earnings of \$2.1 million compared to \$1.5 million for the same fiscal 2013 period.
- The Traditional Bank (“Retail Bank”) segment recorded 2014 fiscal first quarter earnings of \$2.3 million compared to \$1.8 million for fiscal 2013 first quarter.
- Retail Bank loans increased by \$24.5 million during the fiscal 2014 first quarter, or 7% compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2013, and by \$88.8 million, or 27%, compared to the quarter ended December 31, 2012.
- Non-performing assets (“NPA”) were 0.04% of total assets at December 31, 2013 compared to 0.05% at September 30, 2013.
- Tangible book value per common share decreased by \$0.15, or 0.6%, from \$23.17 at September 30, 2013 to \$23.02 per share at December 31, 2013 primarily as a result of unrealized securities losses caused by increased interest rates in the 2014 first fiscal quarter.
- Overall cost of funds at MetaBank was 0.16% during the quarter compared to 0.23% for the same quarter last fiscal year.

Meta Financial Group, Inc. (NASDAQ: "CASH" – NEWS) reported net income for the 2014 fiscal first quarter of \$4.0 million, or 65 cents per diluted share, compared to \$3.1 million, or 57 cents per diluted share, for the prior year period.

Chairman and CEO J. Tyler Haahr commented, "Meta had a solid quarter that gets us off to a very good start for the fiscal year. We continued to demonstrate our ability to grow MPS-related deposits and Retail Bank loans while maintaining our pristine credit quality. As expected, our investment portfolio contributed to the solid quarter as slower prepayments in our Agency mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") portfolio helped to elevate the overall net interest margin by 21 basis points from the prior quarter, with further improvement expected based on the current interest rate environment.

The loan portfolio continued to show strong growth in our markets which we believe should also bolster earnings going forward. MPS card fees grew by 12%, and our Simplexes business had its largest December quarter ever. Our already low non-performing asset ratio continued to show even more improvement as did our cost of funds.

Our book value was again primarily affected by the impact of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI") related to temporary mark-to-market adjustments on the investment securities portfolio. These Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") required calculations do not reflect what management believes will be a more significant increase in the Company's value and earnings as a result of our level of non-interest bearing deposits. Also worth noting is that AOCI has no effect on regulatory capital." Haahr concluded.

Summary Financial Data *	Three Months Ended		
	12/31/2013	9/30/2013	12/31/2012
Net Interest Income - millions	\$ 10.5	\$ 9.2	\$ 8.8
Non Interest Income - millions	13.6	13.4	13.4
Net Income - millions	4.0	3.5	3.1
Diluted Earnings per Share	0.65	0.58	0.57
Net Interest Margin	2.71%	2.50%	2.50%
Non-Performing Assets - % of Total Assets	0.04%	0.05%	0.10%

* See a more detailed Financial Highlights table at the end of this earnings release.

Financial Summary

Revenue

Total revenue (net interest income plus non-interest income) for the 2014 fiscal first quarter was \$24.1 million compared to \$22.2 million for the same quarter last year.

Net interest income in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 increased by \$1.7 million, or 19.5%, from the same period in fiscal 2013 primarily due to interest income on MBS increasing due to lower premium amortization on slower prepayment speeds. Additionally, significant growth in lending by the Retail Bank contributed to increased loan interest income when compared to fiscal 2013. In addition, interest expense decreased from the comparable fiscal 2013 quarter.

First quarter non-interest income increased slightly to \$13.6 million from \$13.4 million for the same quarter last fiscal year. Card fee income increased \$1.4 million, or 12.0%, and was offset by lower gains from the sale of securities as the Company recorded a \$1,000 loss on sale this quarter, but a \$1.7 million gain in the comparable quarter last year.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the fiscal 2014 first quarter was \$10.5 million, up \$1.7 million, or 19.5%, from the same quarter last fiscal year. Net interest margin increased from 2.50% in the 2013 first quarter to 2.71% in the first quarter of 2014. Overall, average earning asset yields increased by 9 basis points due to increased yield provided within the securities portfolio. When using a taxable equivalent yield ("TEY"), the increase was 14 basis points.

The yield on non-MBS investment securities increased by 3 basis points, and by 19 basis points on a TEY basis. The yield on MBS increased 29 basis points. Average quarterly TEY on the securities portfolio increased by 26 basis points in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 compared to the same quarter of the prior year. These components more than offset the decrease of 52 basis points in the yield on the Retail Bank loan portfolio. It should be noted that loan growth and related higher mix of loans to investments has also helped yields.

The Company's average interest-earning assets for the fiscal 2014 first quarter grew by \$185.2 million, or 12.0%, to \$1.73 billion from the same quarter last year. This increase primarily reflects the average balance growth in the securities and loan portfolios of \$120.8 million and \$64.4 million, respectively. Also contributing to the increase in net interest margin in the most recent quarter was the continued decrease of 33 basis points in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities. This decrease was primarily driven by a lower cost of time deposits attributable to the renewal of certificates of deposits ("CDs") at lower rates.

We expect, based on current interest rates, that the overall yield on the securities portfolio will continue to improve based on prepayment speeds slowing and reduced premium amortization levels on MBS, along with improved investment opportunities from increasing non-interest bearing deposits and existing securities portfolio pay downs.

Overall, the cost of funds for all deposits and borrowings decreased by 7 basis points to 0.16% during the 2014 first quarter from 0.23% in the 2013 first quarter. This reduction in cost resulted primarily from ongoing growth in non-interest bearing deposits generated by MPS programs, which generally carry a lower cost than our Traditional Bank deposits. The Company believes this lower cost of funds, due to its large and increasing volume of non-interest bearing deposits, is a significant competitive advantage, particularly in a rising interest rate environment as the Company's cost of funds will likely remain relatively low, with less increase expected relative to other banks, providing potential for more rapid and sustainable net interest margin increases when compared to other banks.

The Company's average total deposits and interest-bearing liabilities for the first quarter of fiscal 2014 increased \$175.3 million, or 12% from the same quarter last year, to \$1.63 billion. This increase was generated primarily from an increase in MPS related non-interest bearing deposits and overnight Fed Funds purchased. MPS average quarterly deposits increased \$96.4 million, or 8.9%, from the same period last year. The Company's average overnight Fed Funds purchased was up \$46.1 million compared to the same quarter last year.

Non-Interest Income

2014 first quarter non-interest income of \$13.6 million increased approximately 1.5% from \$13.4 million compared to the same quarter in 2013. Card fee income increased \$1.4 million, or 12%, primarily due to growth in the MPS Simplexes and virtual card programs. While revenue from the partner affected by the business interruption continues to ramp up, the pace is slower than anticipated. Additionally, there was a decrease in loss on sale of foreclosed real estate of \$0.4 million and a decrease in gain on sale of securities of \$1.7 million.

Non-Interest Expense

Non-interest expense increased \$1.0 million, or 5.4%, to \$19.1 million for the 2014 first quarter as compared to \$18.1 million for the same period in fiscal 2013. Compensation expense increased \$0.7 million, or 8.1%, in the fiscal 2014 first quarter compared to the same quarter in fiscal 2013 as a result of the Company's investments in resources to support regulatory, operational and growth initiatives.

Loans

Total loans, net of allowance for loan losses, increased \$22.1 million, or 5.8%, to \$402.5 million at December 31, 2013 compared to September 30, 2013, and by \$85.2 million, or 26.9%, compared to December 31, 2012. This increase from the prior quarter primarily relates to increases in commercial and multi-family real estate loans and residential real estate loans of \$11.5 and \$9.9 million, respectively, during the quarter. These categories, as well as agricultural loans, have also risen significantly over the last year.

The Company did not record a provision for loan loss during the three months ended December 31, 2013. The allowance for loan losses increased to \$4.3 million, or 1.1% of outstanding loans, at December 31, 2013 compared to an allowance of \$3.9 million, or 1.0% of total loans, at September 30, 2013.

Credit Quality

The Retail Bank's non-performing assets at December 31, 2013 were \$0.7 million representing 0.04% of total assets compared to \$0.8 million and 0.05% of total assets at September 30, 2013. As had been the case at December 31, 2012, there were no non-performing assets within the MPS segment at December 31, 2013.

The Retail Bank non-performing loans totaled \$0.6 million at December 31, 2013, representing 0.1% of total loans, compared to \$0.7 million, or 0.2%, of total loans at September 30, 2013. The Retail Bank's level of foreclosed real estate and repossessed assets remained unchanged from September 30, 2013 at \$0.1 million.

Investments

Total investments and mortgage-backed securities increased by \$94.2 million, or 8.1%, to \$1.3 billion at December 31, 2013 as compared to September 30, 2013. Investment securities increased \$71.9 million primarily resulting from purchases of non-bank qualified ("NBQ") municipal securities. MBS increased \$22.3 million. Average quarterly taxable equivalent yield on the securities portfolio increased by 26 basis points in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 when compared to the prior quarter. The increase in yield was primarily driven by lower premium amortization on slower prepayment speeds in the MBS portfolio, which is expected to continue.

The Bank continues to execute its investment strategy of primarily purchasing NBQ municipal bonds and MBS. The NBQ municipal bonds are tax exempt and as such have a tax equivalent yield higher than their book yield. The tax equivalent yield calculation for NBQ municipal bonds uses the Company's cost of funds as one of its components. With Meta's large volume of non-interest bearing deposits, the tax equivalent yield for these NBQ bonds is higher than a similar term investment in other investment categories of similar risk and higher than most other banks can realize on the same instruments. The Company has also purchased a number of variable-rate securities during the quarter. This strategy sacrifices some short-term yield, but positions the Company well for future interest rate increases.

Deposits and Other Liabilities

Total average deposits for the 2014 fiscal first quarter increased by \$136.7 million, or 10.5% as compared to the same period in fiscal 2013. Total deposits increased \$65.6 million, or 5.0%, to \$1.4 billion at December 31, 2013 as compared to \$1.3 billion at September 30, 2013. Average non-interest bearing checking deposits for the 2014 fiscal first quarter were up \$105.4 million. Non-interest bearing checking was up \$91.7 million on December 31, 2013 from September 30, 2013. CDs decreased by \$26.1 million primarily related to scheduled maturities in local market public funds that were planned to balance the seasonal increase in MPS-related deposits. The average balance of total deposits and interest-bearing liabilities was \$1.6 billion for the three month period ended December 31, 2013 compared to \$1.4 billion for the same period in the prior fiscal year.

Business Segment Performance

Meta Payment Systems

For the 2014 first quarter, MPS recorded net income of \$2.1 million, compared to \$1.5 million for the same period last year. Improvements were recorded in net interest margin and card fee income. Total first quarter average MPS-generated deposits increased by \$96.4 million, or 8.9%, from growth in prepaid card programs, compared to the same 2013 quarter.

Traditional Bank

The Retail Bank segment recorded net income of \$2.3 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2014, compared to net income of \$1.8 million in the comparable quarter of fiscal 2013. The increase in net income was primarily due to an increase of \$1.2 million in investment securities portfolio interest income and \$0.4 million in loan interest income offset by a decreases of \$1.1 million in non-interest income from the sale of securities as the Company recorded a \$1,000 loss on sale this quarter, but a \$1.7 million gain in the comparable quarter last year. Retail Bank loan balances were up \$24.5 million in the fiscal 2014 first quarter compared to September 30, 2013, and increased by \$88.8 million compared to December 31, 2012.

Capital Ratios

At December 31, 2013, MetaBank exceeded federal regulatory requirements to remain classified as a well-capitalized institution. In that respect, MetaBank's Tier 1 (core) capital to adjusted total assets was 9.01% compared to a well-capitalized requirement of 5.0%, its total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio was 22.86% which exceeds the well-capitalized requirement of 10.0%, and MetaBank's Tier 1 (core) capital to risk-weighted assets ratio was 22.28% compared to the well-capitalized requirement of 6.0%. MetaBank's Tier 1 (core) capital to average adjusted total assets ratio was 9.15%.

This press release and other important information about the Company are available at [http:// www.metafinancialgroup.com](http://www.metafinancialgroup.com).

Meta Financial Group, Inc.®, (“Meta Financial” or “the Company” or “us”) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, MetaBank™ (the “Bank” or “MetaBank”), may from time to time make written or oral “forward-looking statements,” including this earnings release, statements contained in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), in its reports to stockholders, and in other communications by the Company, which are made in good faith by the Company pursuant to the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

You can identify forward-looking statements by words such as “may,” “hope,” “will,” “should,” “expect,” “plan,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “believe,” “estimate,” “predict,” “potential,” “continue,” “could,” “future” or the negative of those terms or other words of similar meaning. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they discuss our future expectations or state other “forward-looking” information. These forward-looking statements include statements with respect to the Company’s beliefs, expectations, estimates, and intentions that are subject to significant risks and uncertainties, and are subject to change based on various factors, some of which are beyond the Company’s control. Such statements address, among others, the following subjects: future operating results; customer retention; loan and other product demand; important components of the Company’s balance sheet and income statements; growth and expansion; new products and services, such as those offered by MetaBank™ (the “Bank”) or Meta Payment Systems® (“MPS”), a division of the Bank; credit quality and adequacy of reserves; technology; and the Company’s employees. The following factors, among others, could cause the Company’s financial performance to differ materially from the expectations, estimates, and intentions expressed in such forward looking statements: the strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which the Company conducts operations; the effects of, and changes in, trade, monetary, and fiscal policies and laws, including interest rate policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the “Federal Reserve”), as well as efforts of the United States Treasury in conjunction with bank regulatory agencies to stimulate the economy and protect the financial system; inflation, interest rate, market, and monetary fluctuations; the timely development of and acceptance of new products and services offered by the Company as well as risks (including reputational and litigation) attendant thereto and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users; the risks of dealing with or utilizing third party vendors; the scope of restrictions and compliance requirements imposed by the supervisory directives and/or the Consent Orders entered into by the Company and the Bank with the Office of Thrift Supervision (the functions of which were transferred to the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (“OCC”) and the Federal Reserve) and any other such actions which may be initiated; the impact of changes in financial services’ laws and regulations, including but not limited to our relationship with our regulators, the OCC and the Federal Reserve; technological changes, including but not limited to the protection of electronic files or databases; acquisitions; litigation risk in general, including but not limited to those risks involving the MPS division; the growth of the Company’s business as well as expenses related thereto; changes in consumer spending and saving habits; and the success of the Company at managing and collecting assets of borrowers in default.

The foregoing list of factors is not exclusive. Additional discussions of factors affecting the Company’s business and prospects are contained in the Company’s periodic filings with the SEC. The Company expressly disclaims any intent or obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of the Company or its subsidiaries.

Financial Highlights

Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition

(Dollars In Thousands)

	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,865	\$ 40,063
Investments and mortgage-backed securities	1,263,398	1,169,219
Loans receivable, net	402,478	380,428
Other assets	109,218	102,279
Total assets	\$ 1,806,959	\$ 1,691,989
Liabilities		
Deposits	\$ 1,381,134	\$ 1,315,283
Other borrowings	267,559	216,456
Other liabilities	15,627	17,266
Total liabilities	1,664,320	1,549,005
Stockholders' equity	142,639	142,984
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,806,959	\$ 1,691,989

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Dollars In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data)

	For the Three Months Ended December 31: 2013	2012
Interest income	\$ 11,162	\$ 9,630
Interest expense	649	833
Net interest income	10,513	8,797
Provision for loan losses	-	-
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	10,513	8,797
Non-interest income	13,587	13,410
Non-interest expense	19,061	18,078
Income before income tax expense	5,039	4,129
Income tax expense	1,037	1,004
Net income	\$ 4,002	\$ 3,125
Earnings per common share		
Basic	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.57
Diluted	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.57

Selected Financial Information

	2013	2012
For the Three Months Ended December 31,		
Return on average assets	0.90%	0.77%
Return on average equity	10.89%	8.55%
Average shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share	6,170,948	5,498,500
At Period Ended:	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
Equity to total assets	7.89%	8.45%
Book value per common share outstanding	\$ 23.42	\$ 23.55
Tangible book value per common share outstanding	\$ 23.02	\$ 23.17
Common shares outstanding	6,089,986	6,070,654
Non-performing assets to total assets	0.04%	0.05%



1Q14 Investor Update

December 2013

Forward Looking Statements



Corporate Profile: Meta Financial Group, Inc.[®], ("Meta Financial" or the "Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiary, MetaBank™ (the "Bank" or "MetaBank"), may from time to time make written or oral "forward-looking statements," including statements contained in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), in its reports to stockholders, and in other communications by the Company, which are made in good faith by the Company pursuant to the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

You can identify forward-looking statements by words such as "may," "hope," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "intend," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "continue," "could," "future" or the negative of those terms or other words of similar meaning. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they discuss our future expectations or state other "forward-looking" information. These forward-looking statements include statements with respect to the Company's beliefs, expectations, estimates, and intentions that are subject to significant risks and uncertainties, and are subject to change based on various factors, some of which are beyond the Company's control. Such statements address, among others, the following subjects: future operating results; customer retention; loan and other product demand; important components of the Company's balance sheet and income statements; growth and expansion; new products and services, such as those offered by the Bank or Meta Payment Systems[®] ("MPS"), a division of the Bank; credit quality and adequacy of reserves; technology; and the Company's employees. The following factors, among others, could cause the Company's financial performance to differ materially from the expectations, estimates, and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements: the strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which the Company conducts operations; the effects of, and changes in, trade, monetary, and fiscal policies and laws, including interest rate policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve"), as well as efforts of the United States Treasury in conjunction with bank regulatory agencies to stimulate the economy and protect the financial system; inflation, interest rate, market, and monetary fluctuations; the timely development of and acceptance of new products and services offered by the Company as well as risks (including reputational and litigation) attendant thereto and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users; the risks of dealing with or utilizing third parties; the scope of restrictions and compliance requirements imposed by the supervisory directives and/or the Consent Orders entered into by the Company and the Bank with the Office of Thrift Supervision (the functions of which were transferred to the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC") and the Federal Reserve) and any other such regulatory actions which may be initiated; the impact of changes in financial services' laws and regulations, including but not limited to our relationship with our regulators, the OCC and the Federal Reserve; technological changes, including, but not limited to, the protection of electronic files or databases; acquisitions; litigation risk in general, including, but not limited to, those risks involving the MPS division; the growth of the Company's business, as well as expenses related thereto; changes in consumer spending and saving habits; and the success of the Company at managing and collecting assets of borrowers in default.

The foregoing list of factors is not exclusive. Additional discussions of factors affecting the Company's business and prospects are contained in the Company's periodic filings with the SEC. The Company expressly disclaims any intent or obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of the Company or its subsidiaries.

Other important information about the Company is available at <http://www.metafinancialgroup.com>



J. Tyler Haahr

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Meta Financial Group

Tyler Haahr has been with Meta Financial Group since March 1997. Previously he was a partner with the law firm of Lewis and Roca LLP, Phoenix, Arizona. Tyler received his B.S. degree with honors at the University of South Dakota in Vermillion, SD. He graduated with honors from the Georgetown University Law Center, Washington, D.C.



Brad C. Hanson

President, Meta Financial Group and MetaBank

Brad Hanson founded Meta Payment Systems in May 2004. He has more than 20 years of experience in financial services, including numerous banking, card industry and technology-related capacities. During his career Brad has played a significant role in the development of the prepaid card industry. Brad graduated from the University of South Dakota in Vermillion, SD with a degree in Economics.



Glen W. Herrick

Chief Financial Officer, Meta Financial Group and MetaBank

Glen Herrick was appointed EVP & Chief Financial Officer in October 2013 after joining Meta in March 2013. Previously, he served in various finance and risk management roles at Wells Fargo, including as CFO of Wells Fargo's student loan division. Glen received his B.S. degree in Engineering Management from the United States Military Academy in West Point, N.Y. and MBA from the University of South Dakota. He also graduated from the Stonier Graduate School of Banking.

Who we are ...



Assets * ▪ \$464 M

▪ \$1,317 M

**Strong
Economy
and Local
Markets**

- Iowa
- South Dakota

- NetSpend
- Money Network
- Blackhawk

**Business
Partners**

* Quarter Average

* Quarter End December 31, 2013

Who we are ...



➤ **Meta Financial Group: (NASDAQ: CASH)**

- ⇒ Added to Russell 2000 Index in June 2013
- ⇒ Top 5 in *ABA Banking Journal's* annual Performance Ranking for \$1B-\$10B banks
- ⇒ #7 ranked bank in the U.S. for fee income per *Bank Director* magazine
- ⇒ Sandler O'Neill's Small-Cap All Star list
- ⇒ Added to NASDAQ's ABA Community Bank Index (ABQI) in December 2013
- ⇒ Unique and relatively fixed cost of funds advantage (<20 bps)

➤ **Retail Bank**

- ⇒ Growing community bank
- ⇒ Strong local economy
- ⇒ 11 branch locations in Iowa and South Dakota

➤ **Meta Payment Systems (MPS)**

- ⇒ Dynamic payment systems division
- ⇒ A top prepaid card issuer in US
- ⇒ Strong deposit growth
- ⇒ Nationally focused

Strategic Goals

-
- Grow MPS Division
 - ⇒ Scalable operating infrastructure
 - ⇒ Leverage low and no cost funds
 - ⇒ Diverse product set: reloadable, payroll, gift, incentive and travel
 - ⇒ MPS “financial inclusion” programs for unbanked, underbanked
 - Exercise “Early Adopter” advantage in regulatory compliance
 - Maintain strong credit and investment quality
 - Emphasize asset diversification, yield enhancement
 - Develop new product initiatives – payments, deposits and credit



Compliance and Oversight Systems

- ➔ Early adopter of sophisticated compliance systems
- ➔ Investments in program design, training and technology
 - ⇒ Implemented enhanced BSA/AML technology
 - ⇒ Enhanced infrastructure expected to support growth with moderating expenses
 - ⇒ Shift investments to business development opportunities
- ➔ High competitive barriers to entry
 - ⇒ Expertise, Capital, Compliance
 - ⇒ Operational infrastructure
 - ⇒ High start-up costs
- ➔ Substantial progress with OCC

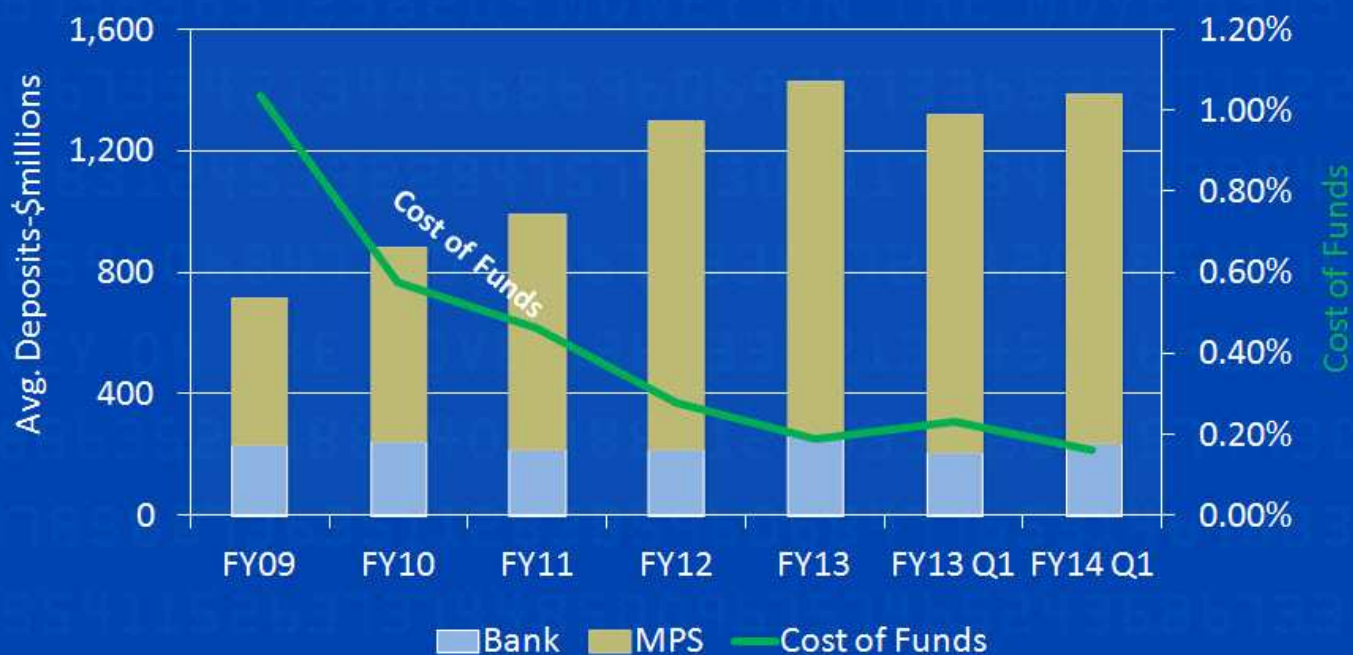


Growing our business

-
- ➔ **Capitalizing on synergies: community banking, MPS**
 - ⇒ MPS provides MFG over \$1.2 billion in no-cost funds
 - ⇒ High growth industry segment
 - ⇒ Expect material benefits as interest rates rise
 - ➔ **Leveraging MPS leadership in prepaid card segment**
 - ⇒ High growth industry with Meta having large market share
 - ⇒ Meta sponsors ~65% of U.S. “white label” ATMs
 - ⇒ Emergent leader in “virtual cards” for electronic settlements
 - ⇒ 36 patents with over a dozen pending



Deposits and Cost of Funds

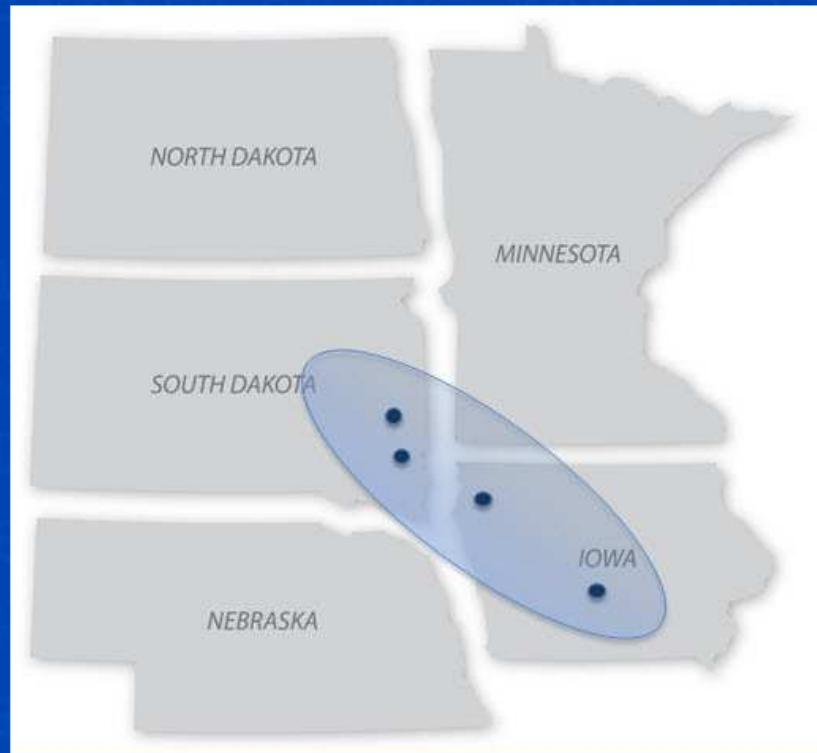


- ➡ **Successful regional enterprise**
 - ⇒ 60 years in business; strong, loyal customer base
 - ⇒ 11 locations in Iowa and South Dakota
 - ⇒ Growing, profitable operations
- ➡ **Diverse customer base**
 - ⇒ Attractive combination of retail, commercial and agricultural
- ➡ **Loan growth of 27% over the last year**
- ➡ **Expect loan growth to continue to be robust going forward**
- ➡ **Very strong credit quality**



Where MetaBank is located

- ➔ Brookings
- ➔ Sioux Falls
- ➔ Storm Lake
- ➔ Des Moines



Financial Highlights

➔ Net Income

- ⇒ \$4.0 million in fiscal 2014 first quarter, +28% over prior year's comparable quarter

➔ Strong earnings profile

- ⇒ ROAA of 0.9% and ROAE of 10.89% for 1Q14

➔ Very Strong asset quality

- ⇒ NPAs markedly lower than peer group at 0.04% of total assets

➔ Increased market capitalization by ~300% in last 18 mos.

➔ Capital management

- ⇒ Capital raise supports growth opportunities



Interest Rate Risk Management

- ➡ Positively leveraged for higher rate environment
- ➡ OCI overly volatile relative to peers; current rules do not capture true value of the balance sheet
 - ⇒ Meta mark includes ~80% of assets vs. typical “peer” at 20%
 - ⇒ Unrecognized value of low or zero cost deposits
- ➡ Expect securities portfolio yield and NIM to continue to increase given current interest rate environment
- ➡ Additional reinvestment opportunity in up environment
 - ⇒ Approximately \$10MM per month in MBS run-off
 - ⇒ New deposits generated by MPS business
- ➡ Net interest margin (NIM) up 21 bps over the prior quarter



Capital Management

- ➔ **Successfully raised \$61.0 million in new capital**
 - ⇒ \$13.2 million in May 2012 – private placement
 - ⇒ \$34.2 million in September 2012 – private placement
 - ⇒ \$13.6 million in July-August 2013 – ATM offering
 - ⇒ Investors include existing and new shareholders, and strategic partners
- ➔ **Maintain strong capital ratios**
 - ⇒ Common Equity Tier 1 capital at least 8%
 - ⇒ Risk-Based over 20%
- ➔ **Support growth and potential acquisition opportunities**
 - ⇒ Increase in our stock price gives us additional acquisition capabilities



Earnings power while Growing equity



Fiscal year end of September 30

Balance Sheet (\$'000s)

	Sep10	Sep11	Sep12	Sep13	Dec13 *	Dec14*
Cash And Cash Equivalents	94,248	132,149	106,067	73,733	69,920	66,003
Investments and MBS	511,011	615,320	998,826	1,176,811	1,154,662	1,232,564
Loans Receivable Net	369,563	314,484	329,689	364,100	325,625	389,880
Other Assets	64,037	64,825	61,412	98,760	66,958	97,107
Assets	1,038,859	1,126,778	1,495,994	1,713,404	1,617,165	1,785,554
Liabilities	968,144	1,047,699	1,387,222	1,577,589	1,470,971	1,638,508
Shareholders' Equity	70,715	79,079	108,772	135,815	146,194	147,046
Liabilities and Equity	1,038,859	1,126,778	1,495,994	1,713,404	1,617,165	1,785,554

- Quarter Average
- Fiscal Year End of September 30

Income Statement (\$000s)



Meta Financial Group	2010	2011	*2012	2013	2013 Q1	2014 Q1
Net Interest Income After Provision	17,299	34,034	32,685	36,022	8,797	10,513
Total Non Interest Income	97,444	57,491	69,574	55,503	13,410	13,587
Compensation and Benefits	32,529	30,467	31,104	34,106	8,277	8,951
Card Processing Expense	38,242	23,286	17,373	15,584	3,685	4,245
All Other Expense	24,159	29,509	26,986	24,713	6,116	5,865
Net Income (Loss) Before Taxes	19,813	8,263	26,796	17,122	4,129	5,039
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	7,420	3,623	9,682	3,704	1,004	1,037
Net Income (Loss)	12,393	4,640	17,114	13,418	3,125	4,002

* \$11.4M Gain on Sale of GNMA Securities

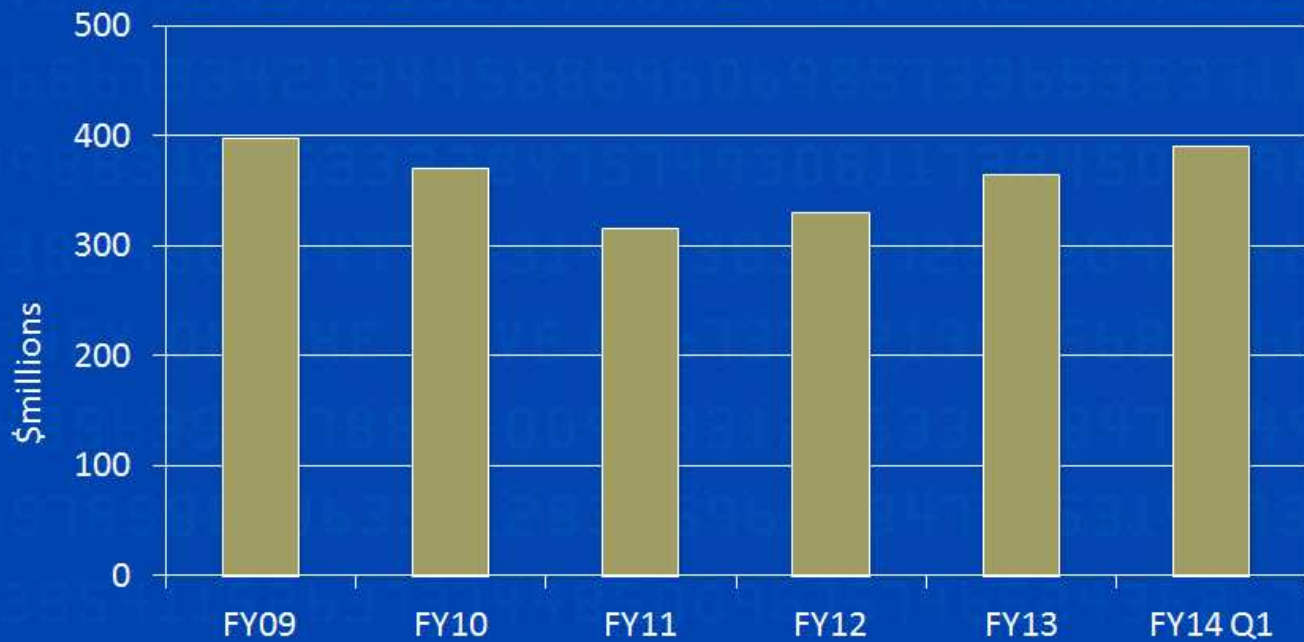
Fiscal Year End of September 30

Total Assets



- Quarter Average
- Fiscal Year End of September 30

Total Net Loans



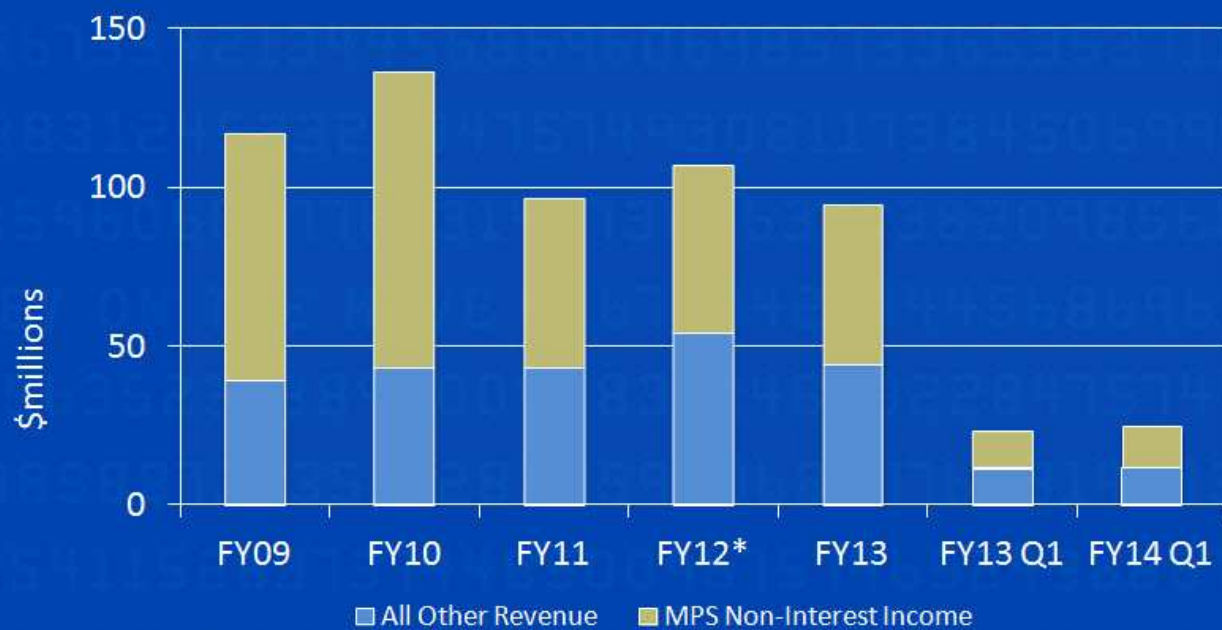
- Quarter Average
- Fiscal Year End of September 30

Non-Performing Assets



Fiscal Year End September 30

Total Revenue



* \$11.4M Gain on Sale of GNMA Securities

Fiscal Year End September 30

Meta Value Proposition

- ➔ Leading issuer of prepaid debit cards
 - ⇒ Springboard into other products and services
- ➔ Strong capital position
 - ⇒ Capacity to fund our growth objectives
- ➔ Steady dividend policy
- ➔ Potential for upward trend in earnings
 - ⇒ Normalized interest rates
 - ⇒ Asset diversification
 - ⇒ ~85% of deposits are low or no-cost





NASDAQ: CASH