## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 8-K

# CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): May 10, 2017

Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter; State of Incorporation; IRS Employer Address and Telephone Number Identification Number Commission File Number 1-8962 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation 86-0512431 (an Arizona corporation) 400 North Fifth Street, P.O. Box 53999 Phoenix. AZ 85072-3999 (602) 250-1000 1-4473 Arizona Public Service Company 86-0011170 (an Arizona corporation) 400 North Fifth Street, P.O. Box 53999 Phoenix, AZ 85072-3999 (602) 250-1000 Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions: Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425) Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12) Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). Emerging growth company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or

This combined Form 8-K is separately filed or furnished by Pinnacle West Capital Corporation and Arizona Public Service Company. Each registrant is filing or furnishing on its own behalf all of the information contained in this Form 8-K that relates to such registrant and, where required, its subsidiaries. Except as stated in the preceding sentence, neither registrant is filing or furnishing any information that does not relate to such registrant, and therefore makes no representation as to any such information.

### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

### **Investor and Analyst Meetings**

Pinnacle West Capital Corporation ("Pinnacle West") will be participating in various meetings with securities analysts and investors on May 12, 2107 and will be utilizing handouts during those meetings. Copies of the handouts are attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

### (d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Registrant(s)	Description	_
99.1	Pinnacle West Arizona Public Service Company	Pinnacle West handouts for use at meetings on May 12, 2017	

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PINNACLE WEST CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Dated: May 10, 2017 By: /s/ James R. Hatfield

James R. Hatfield

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY

(Registrant)

Dated: May 10, 2017 By: /s/ James R. Hatfield

James R. Hatfield

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer



### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations, including statements regarding our earnings guidance and financial outlook and goals. These forward-looking statements are often identified by words such as "estimate," "predict," "may," "believe," "plan," "expect," "require," "intend," "assume," "project" and similar words. Because actual results may differ materially from expectations, we caution you not to place undue reliance on these statements. A number of factors could cause future results to differ materially from historical results, or from outcomes currently expected or sought by Pinnacle West or APS. These factors include, but are not limited to: our ability to manage capital expenditures and operations and maintenance costs while maintaining high reliability and customer service levels; variations in demand for electricity, including those due to weather seasonality, the general economy, customer and sales growth (or decline), and the effects of energy conservation measures and distributed generation; power plant and transmission system performance and outages; competition in retail and wholesale power markets; regulatory and judicial decisions, developments and proceedings; new legislation, ballet initiatives and regulation, including those relating to environmental requirements, regulatory policy, nuclear plant operations and potential deregulation of retail electric markets; fuel and water supply availability; our ability to achieve timely and adequate rate recovery of our costs, including returns on and of debt and equity capital investments; our ability to meet renewable energy and energy efficiency mandates and recover related costs; risks inherent in the operation of nuclear facilities, including spent fuel disposal uncertainty; current and future economic conditions in Arizona, including in real estate markets; the development of new technologies which may affect electric sales or delivery; the cost of debt and equity capital and the ability to access capital markets when required; environmental, economic and other concerns surrounding coal-fired generation, including regulation of greenhouse gas emissions; volatile fuel and purchased power costs; the investment performance of the assets of our nuclear decommissioning trust, pension, and other postretirement benefit plans and the resulting impact on future funding requirements; the liquidity of wholesale power markets and the use of derivative contracts in our business; potential shortfalls in insurance coverage; new accounting requirements or new interpretations of existing requirements; generation, transmission and distribution facility and system conditions and operating costs; the ability to meet the anticipated future need for additional generation and associated transmission facilities in our region; the willingness or ability of our counterparties, power plant participants and power plant land owners to meet contractual or other obligations or extend the rights for continued power plant operations; and restrictions on dividends or other provisions in our credit agreements and ACC orders. These and other factors are discussed in Risk Factors described in Part I, Item 1A of the Pinnacle West/APS Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, which you should review carefully before placing any reliance on our financial statements, disclosures or earnings outlook. Neither Pinnacle West nor APS assumes any obligation to update these statements, even if our internal estimates change, except as required by law.



# PINNACLE WEST: WHO WE ARE

We are a vertically integrated, regulated electric utility in the growing southwest United States

### Pinnacle West (NYSE: PNW)

Market Capitalization\*: \$9.5 billion
Enterprise Value\*: \$13.9 billion
Consolidated Assets: \$16.2 billion
Indicated Annual Dividend\*: \$2.62

- Dividend Yield\*: 3.1%

Principal subsidiary: 2 aps

 Arizona Public Service Company, Arizona's largest and longest-serving electric utility

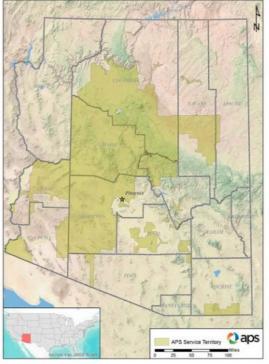
Customers: 1.2 million (89% residential)

2016 Peak Demand: 7,051 MW
- All time high of 7,236 in July 2006

**Generation Capacity:** About 6,200 MW of owned or leased capacity (~8,600 MW with long-term contracts)

- Including 29.1% interest in Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station, the largest in the U.S.
- Regulated utility provides stable, regulated earnings and cash flow base for Pinnacle West

Powering Growth, Delivering Value





\* As of April 28, 2017

### **VALUE PROPOSITION**

We are executing on our financial and operational objectives ...

### Financial Strength

- · Annual dividend growth target of 5%, subject to declaration at Board of Director's discretion
- · Strong credit ratings and balance sheet
- Rate base growth of 6-7% (2015-2019); investing in a portfolio that is cost-effective and sustainable in a variety of future state scenarios

### Leverage to Economic Growth

 Arizona's long-term growth fundamentals remain largely intact, including population growth, job growth and economic development

### **Operational Excellence**

- · Best safety performance among peers and top quartile ratings in Power Quality and Reliability
- · APS operates the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station, the largest nuclear plant in the United States
- Disciplined cost management

... while also advocating to ensure Pinnacle West and Arizona have a sustainable energy future

### Developing Technology to Modernize the Grid

 At the forefront of utilities studying and deploying advanced infrastructure to enable reliable and cost-efficient integration of emerging technologies into the grid and with customers

### **Proactively Addressing Rate Design**

- · Working with Arizona Corporation Commission and key stakeholders to modernize rates
- 4 Powering Growth, Delivering Value



### 2016 HIGHLIGHTS & ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- ✓ PNW Total Shareholder Return of 25.3%, outperforming the electric utilities index and broad market
- ✓ Increased indicated annual dividend for fifth straight year, by 5%
- Maintained strong credit ratings (mid to low A) from all three rating agencies
- ✓ Completed 40MW Red Rock Solar Power Plant APS's largest utility-scale solar plant
- ✓ Completed installation of 1,600 utility-owned residential rooftop solar systems
- ✓ Began construction on \$500M Ocotillo Modernization Project, including air permit approval
- ✓ Completed major outages on Four Corners Units 4 and 5 and on-track with \$400M SCR installation
- ✓ Developed 37MW of Microgrids, including 25MW for the Department of the Navy at Yuma Marine Corp Air Station
- ✓ Completed 3 new transmission lines worth \$146.5M investment
- ✓ Joined the CAISO Energy Imbalance Market, with go live operations effective October 1<sup>st</sup>
- √ Launched our Advanced Distribution Management System, including 200+ grid technology devices
- ✓ Ranked in the top 10 nationally among large IOUs in the 2016 JD Power residential customer satisfaction survey for Power Quality and Reliability
- ✓ Successfully completed both Spring and Fall outages at Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station
- ✓ Palo Verde site average capacity factor maintained above 95%
- √ Filed our first rate review in 5 years; proposing industry leading rate design.
- ✓ Concluded the Value and Cost of Distributed Generation docket retiring net metering and replacing
  with a more formula-driven approach



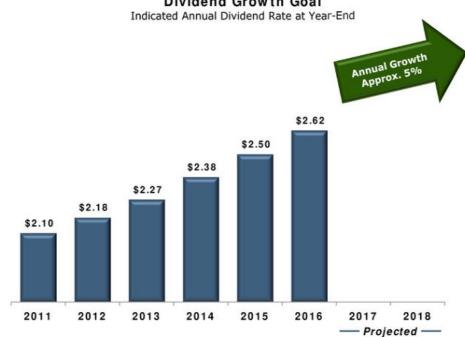
Powering Growth, Delivering Value

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## **DIVIDEND GROWTH**

Pinnacle West's indicated annual dividend is \$2.62 per share; targeting ~5% annual dividend growth

### **Dividend Growth Goal**

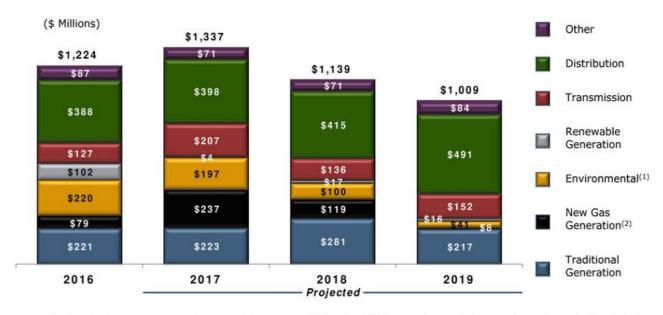


Future dividends subject to declaration at Board of Directors' discretion.

PINVACLE WEST

# APS CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Capital expenditures are funded primarily through internally generated cash flow



- The table does not include capital expenditures related to 4CA's 7% interest in the Four Corners Power Plant Units 4 and 5 of \$30 million in 2016, \$27 million in 2017, \$15 million in 2018 and \$6 million in 2019.
- 2017 2019 as disclosed in First Quarter 2017 Form 10-Q.
- (1) Includes Selective Catalytic Reduction controls at Four Corners with in-service dates of Q4 2017 (Unit 5) and Q1 2018 (Unit 4) (2) Ocotillo Modernization Project: 2 units scheduled for completion in Q4 2018, 3 units scheduled for completion in Q1 2019



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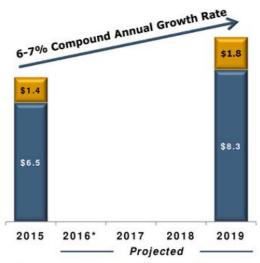
## **RATE BASE**

APS's revenues come from a regulated retail rate base and meaningful transmission business

### APS Rate Base Growth

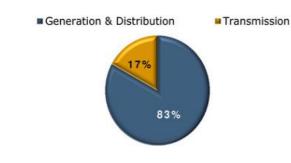






\*2016 rate base pending update following FERC Form 1 filing Rate base \$ in billions, rounded

### **Total Rate Base**



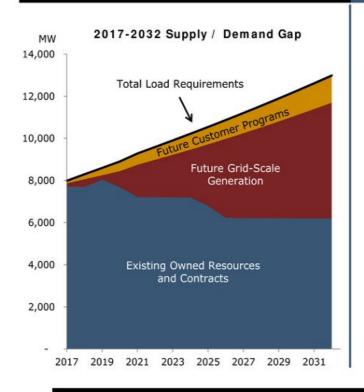
	ACC As Filed 6/1/2016	FERC	
Rate Effective Date	7/1/2017	6/1/2016	
Test Year Ended	12/31/20151	12/31/2015	
Rate Base	\$6.8B	\$1.4B	
<b>Equity Layer</b>	56%	56%	
Allowed ROE	10.5%	10.75%	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,\mbox{Adjusted}$  to include post test-year plant in service through 6/30/2017

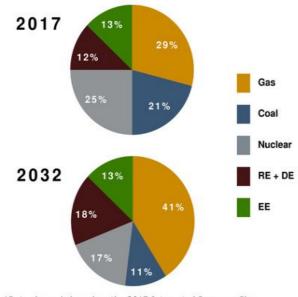


## **RESOURCE PLANNING**

Over 1.3 gigawatts of new quick start, combustion turbine capacity needed by 2025



Composition of Energy Mix by Resource\*



\*Data shown is based on the 2017 Integrated Resource Plan filed April 10, 2017.

Note: RE = Renewable Energy ; DE = Distributed Energy EE= Energy Efficiency



# THE GRID IS EVOLVING - DRIVING NEW INVESTMENTS IN TECHNOLOGY

- · Grid stability, power quality and reliability remain the core of a sustainable electrical system
- · APS is at the forefront of utilities designing and planning for the next generation electric grid
- · New technology advances and changing customer needs are transforming the way we use the grid

### Drivers for Change

### The Modern Grid

### APS Laying Foundation for the Future

- Traditional grid built for one-way flow
- Technology advancements (storage, home energy management)
- Changing customer needs and demands
- Proliferation of distributed solar energy, which does not align with peak
- New technologies to enable two-way flow
- Proactive vs. reactive operations and maintenance
- Modern rate structure
- New ways to interact with customer
- Mobility for our field personnel
- Smarter, more flexible realtime system operations
- Support consumer products and services
- Addresses cybersecurity

- Solar R&D initiatives
- Solar Partner Program
- · Solar Innovation Study
- Smart meters fully deployed
- Investing in peaking capacity upgrades (Ocotillo)
- Evaluating storage/customer-cited technology
  - · Battery pilot investments
  - Microgrids
- Software upgrades for distribution operations and customer service
- Ensuring our people have the relevant skill sets



## **DISTRIBUTION GRID** INVESTMENTS

Modernizing the distribution grid with advanced technology investments - resulting in improved reliability for customers and more efficient operations

Customer Facing Technology

### **Utility-Scale Technology**

### Integrated Volt/ VAR Control (IVVC)



Substation Health Monitoring



Advanced Distribution



**Smart Meters** 

Management System **Grid Operations** & Investment





**Rooftop Solar** 

**Home Energy** Management

# **Battery Storage**





**Electric Vehicles** 



Strategic Fiber



Supervisory Controlled Switches



Microgrids



### **SUSTAINABILITY**

# APS's vision is to create a sustainable energy future for Arizona

We assessed our sustainability actions to identify our highest priority elements. These elements are: Carbon Management, Energy Innovation, Safety and Security, Water Resources and People. Examples of 2016 accomplishments in these areas include:

Carbon Management: By the end of 2016, 50 percent of our diverse energy mix was carbon-free, and we saw a 26 percent reduction in our year-over-year carbon emissions. The CDP recognized Pinnacle West's action on climate change management to be above industry averages.

**Energy Innovation:** APS launched one of the nation's first utility-owned research and development projects to study the offset of peak energy usage with solar energy production. The project makes solar available to a limited number of APS customers who are not typical customers for rooftop solar or have limited income. The 1,600 rooftop solar systems and 4 megawatts of battery storage won Renewable Integration Project of the Year at the annual Distributech Conference.

Safety and Security: APS had its lowest number of OSHA recordables and expects to remain within the top decile for electric utilities; additionally, APS continued to implement physical enhancements and cyber security defenses to protect our people and assets.

Water Resources: 74 percent of our total water usage for energy generation was from reclaimed water, which produced over 37 million megawatt hours of energy.

People: APS's efforts to improve the workplace experience of our employees yielded positive results. We improved our 2016 employee engagement survey scores in all categories, including our overall engagement score, which placed us above other benchmarked utility organizations.



# RENEW ABLE RESOURCES

### APS is a leader in solar

# APS currently has 1,475 MW of renewable resources:

٠	Solar*	1,156	MW
•	Wind	289	MW
•	Biomass	14	MW
•	Geothermal	10	MW
•	Biogas	6	MW

## APS Solar Portfolio\*



Owned solar includes 170 MW AZ Sun Program, 4 MW of other APS owned utility scale solar and 40 MW Red Rock Solar Plant; Distributed Generation (DG) includes 25 MW of APS owned. PPA is primarily 250 MW Solana Concentrated Solar Facility.



Yuma Foothills Solar 35 MW



Aragonne Mesa Wind 90 MW



Snowflake Biomass 14 MW



Salton Sea Geothermal 10 MW



Glendale Landfill Biogas 2.8 MW

\* As of First Quarter 2017 Form 10-Q - with additional 45 MW under development

PINVACLE WEST

# SOLAR PARTNER PROGRAM

Learning how to efficiently enable the integration of rooftop solar and battery storage with our grid

#### Overview

- Installed 10 MW of APS-owned residential PV systems; approximately 1,600 systems with average system size of 6kW
- Advanced controllable inverters that can vary power output depending on grid conditions
- 4 MW of grid-tied battery storage on 2 of the participating feeders
- Collect and analyze real time data on energy production, energy usage, power regulation capabilities and curtailment options
- Participating customers receive monthly bill credits through 20-year life

#### Benefits

- Study system benefits (i.e. strategic deployment orientation, advanced inverters, etc.)
- Provides support for advanced rate structure
- Provides an alternative for customers who cannot afford solar or do not want a lease

### · Timeline

- Installations through mid-2016
- Technology evaluation in 2016/2017





# SOLAR INNOVATION STUDY

Examining the integration of behind the meter advanced technologies with demand-based rates

#### Overview

 Installing APS-owned residential PV systems on 75 homes with various configurations of battery storage, energy efficiency, demand controls and smart thermostats connected to a cloud based energy management system

### Benefits

- Identify effective technology packages that can shift load and minimize grid challenges
- Gain insight into customer behavior and preferences in use of 'next generation' demand control and load shifting technologies
- Identify strategies to support sustainable growth of renewable resources
- Inform rate design in development of modernized demand based residential rates

### Timeline

- Design and installation in 2016/2017
- 5-year study



# ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN

# Regional Haze compliance is the biggest driver of environmental spend over the next few years

	Regional Haze / BART (SCR)	Mercury and Other Hazardous Air Pollutants (ACI + Baghouse)	Coal Combustion Residuals
EPA Ruling	Announced in 1999, with site-specific requirements announced more recently	MATS compliance by April 2015, with potential for one-year extension	Announced on December 19, 2014 (Subtitle D)
Four Corners Units 4 & 5	Approximately \$400M for SCRs in 2016-2018 (does not include CAPEX related to 4CA 7% interest)	\$0	APS estimates its share of incremental costs to comply with the CCR rule for Four Corners is approximately \$15
Cholla Units 1-3	On April 26, 2017, APS's BART Reassessment for Cholla took effect, which avoids the need for additional pollution controls. This BART compliance approach required the closure of Unit 2 by April 2016 and the cessation of coal-burning for Units 1 and 3 by April 2025.	\$8M	million, and its share of incremental costs for Cholla is in the range of \$5 million to \$40 million. APS expects to incur certain of these costs during 2016-2018 timeframe.
Navajo Units 1-3 <sup>2</sup>	Up to ~\$200M for SCRs and baghouses; on March 20, 2017, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals denied petitions for review challenging this better-than-BART compliance alternative	Approximately \$1 million	Approximately \$1 million

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Parties opposed to this BART compliance approach have until May 27, 2017 to file petitions for review in the Ninth Circuit as to EPA's final rule approving this approach.

Note: Dollars shown at ownership. Estimates as of March 31, 2017.

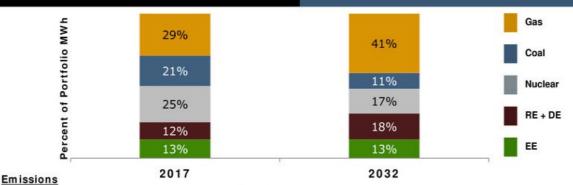
- · Cholla: Unit 1 is not BART-eligible; Unit 2 retired on October 1, 2015; Unit 4 is owned by PacifiCorp.
- SO<sub>2</sub> NAAQS and greenhouse gas-related costs will be determined based upon EPA rule makings, with no spend occurring before 2016.
- ACI = Activated Carbon Injection; NAAQS = National Ambient Air Quality Standard; SCR = Selective Catalytic Reduction control technology



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> On February 13, 2017, the co-owners of the Navajo Plant voted not to pursue continued operation beyond December 2019, the expiration of the current lease term.

### **COAL FLEET STRATEGY**

APS's proactive approach to reducing emissions leads to coal's expected share of the energy mix being reduced to 11%



- 820 MW of coal has been retired including 560 MW at Four Corners Units 1-3 in 2013 and 260 MW at Cholla Unit 2 as of October 1, 2015.
- Four Corners: The 2013 transaction to purchase Southern California Edison's ownership in Units 4 and 5 led to the
  closure of units 1, 2 & 3. We are currently installing \$400 million in pollution control equipment on Units 4 and 5
  that is designed to reduce NOx emissions from those units up to 90%. When the new pollution control equipment
  comes on line in 2018, the total NOx emissions from all APS power plants will be 83% lower than our total NOx
  emissions were in 2012.
- Cholla Power Plant: Closure of Unit 2 as of October 1, 2015 will reduce mercury emissions by 51%, particulates by 34%, NOx by 32%, and CO2 and SO2 by 23% each. We also announced plans to work with the U.S. EPA to stop burning coal at our remaining Cholla units by the mid-2025.
- Navajo Generating Station: On February 13, 2017, the co-owners voted not to pursue continued operation of the plant beyond December 2019, the expiration of the current lease term (2032 includes NGS generation).

Note: RE = Renewable Energy; DE = Distributed Energy; EE = Energy Efficiency Data shown is based on the 2017 Integrated Resource Plan filed April 10, 2017.



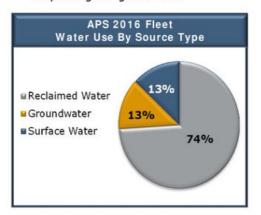
### **WATER STRATEGY**

APS, and Palo Verde in particular, has provided national and international leadership on the use of reclaimed water for power generation

**Vision:** APS continues to strive for sustainable and cost-effective water supplies for energy production for APS customers.

**Mission**: To execute a strategic water resource management program that provides APS timely and reliable information to manage our water resources portfolio efficiently and effectively, and helps ensure long-term water supplies and water contingency plans for each of our facilities, even in times of extended drought.

Each APS power plant has a unique water strategy, developed to promote efficient and sustainable
use of water. In 2016, we reduced groundwater use by 28% compared to 2014 usage, far
surpassing our goal of 8%.



Water Usage and Intensity: Over the next 10 years, our goal is to reduce water intensity company-wide by 20% compared to a 2014 baseline. Our current initiatives include:

- Reducing consumption of non-renewable water resources by 10% in 2017 over 2014 baseline, and
- Reducing consumption of non-renewable water resources by 12% in 2018 over 2014 baseline.

Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station: The only nuclear power plant in the world that is not located next to a large body of water. Instead, it uses treated effluent, or wastewater, from several area municipalities, recycling approximately 20 billion gallons of wastewater each year

Ocotillo Modernization Project: State-of-the-art hybrid cooling technology for new units being constructed will decrease water use from 900 gallons per MWh to 140 per gallon, a reduction of more than 80%.



# PALO VERDE NUCLEAR GENERATI NG STATI ON

# Largest nuclear generating plant in the United States

Total Capacity: 4,000 MW (3 units)

- APS operated

- APS share: 1,146 MW

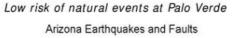
Output: 32.2 million MWh in 2016Approximately 2,700 employees

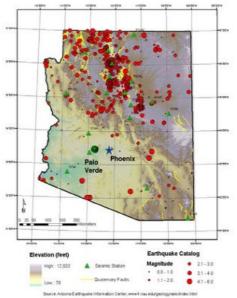
	In Service	License*	
Unit 1	1985	2045	
Unit 2	1986	2046	
Unit 3	1987	2047	

<sup>\*</sup> NRC approved 20-year license extensions in April 2011. Note: Each of the pressurized water reactor units has a planned refueling outage every 18 months (i.e. two total outages per year).

### Fukushima-related impacts

- Project completed in Q2 2016
- Total Fukushima-related costs approximately \$126 million (APS share is 29.1%)
- National Strategic Alliance for FLEX Emergency Response (SAFER) Centers are located in Phoenix and Memphis, opened in 2014







# **APS RATE CASE**

Filed June 1, 2016

Docket Number: E-01345A-16-0036

 Additional details, including filing, can be found at http://www.azenergyfuture.com/rate-review/

Procedural Schedule	
File Settlement Agreement	March 27, 2017
Direct Testimony in Support of/in Opposition to the Settlement Agreement (All Parties)	April 3, 2017
Rebuttal Testimony in Support of/in Opposition to the Settlement Agreement (All Parties)	April 17, 2017
Hearing Commencement Date	April 24, 2017



# 2017 PROPOSED RATE CASE SETTLEMENT

Key Financial Proposals – Base Rate Changes		
Annualized Base Rate Revenue Changes (\$ millions)		
Non-fuel, Non-depreciation Base Rate Increase	\$	87.2
Decrease fuel and Purchased Power over Base Rates		(53.6)
Increase due to Changes in Depreciation Schedules		61.0
Total Base Rate Increase	\$	94.6

Key Financial Assumptions	
Allowed Return on Equity	10.0%
Capital Structure	
Long-term debt	44.2%
Common equity	55.8%
Base Fuel Rate (¢/kWh)	3.0168
Post-test year plant period	12 months



# 2017 PROPOSED RATE CASE SETTLEMENT

Key Proposals – Revenue Rec	quirement
Four Corners	Cost deferral order from in-service dates to incorporation of SCRs in rates using a step-increase no later than January 1, 2019
Ocotillo Modernization Project	Cost deferral order from in-service dates to effective date in next rate case
Power Supply Adjustor (PSA)	Modified to include certain environmental chemical costs and third-party battery storage
Property Tax Deferral	Defer for future recovery the Arizona property tax expense above or below the test year rate
Key Proposals – Rate Design	
Lost Fixed Cost Recovery (LFCR)	Modified to be applied as a capacity (demand) charge per kW for customer with a demand rate and as a kWh charge for customers with a two-part rate without demand
Environmental Improvement Surcharge (EIS)	<ul> <li>Increase cumulative per kWh cap rate from \$0.00016 to a new rate of \$0.00050 and include a balancing account</li> </ul>
Time-of-Use Rates (TOU)	<ul> <li>Modified on-peak period for residential, and extra small through large general service of 3:00 pm – 8:00 pm weekdays</li> <li>After May 1, 2018, a new TOU rate will be the standard rate for all new customers (except small use)</li> </ul>
Distributed Generation	<ul> <li>New DG customers eligible for TOU rate with Grid Access Charge or Demand rates</li> <li>Resource Comparison Proxy (RCP) for exported energy of \$0.129/kWh in year one</li> </ul>
AZ Sun II	<ul> <li>Proposed new program for utility-owned solar distributed generation, recoverable through the Renewable Energy Adjustment Clause (RES), to be no less than \$10 million per year, and not more than \$15 million per year</li> </ul>
Other Considerations	
Rate Case Moratorium	No new general rate case application before June 1, 2019 (3-year stay-out)
Self-Build Moratorium	<ul> <li>APS will not pursue any new self-build generation (with exceptions) having an in-service date prior to January 1, 2022 (extended to December 31, 2027 for combined-cycle generating units) unless expressly authorized by the ACC</li> </ul>

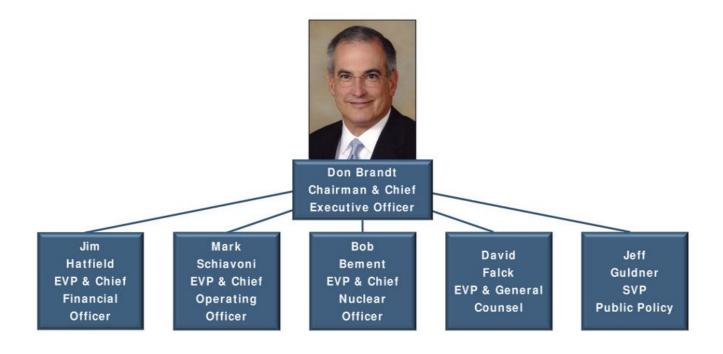


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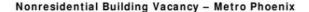
# **LEADERSHIP TEAM**

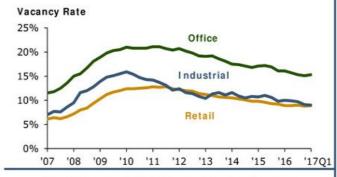
Our top executives have more than 100 combined years of creating shareholder value in the energy industry



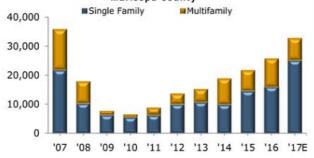
## ECONOMIC INDICATORS

# Arizona and Metro Phoenix remain attractive places to live and do business





## Single Family & Multifamily Housing Permits Maricopa County



- ✓ Maricopa County ranked #1 in U.S. for population growth in 2016 - U.S. Census Bureau March 2017
- ✓ Above-average job growth in financial services
- ✓ Vacancy rates in office and retail space have fallen to pre-recessionary levels
- ✓ Housing construction on pace to have its best year since 2007
- ✓ Scottsdale ranked best place in the U.S. to find a new job in 2017; 4 other valley cities ranked in Top 20 - Wallet Hub January 2017



# FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

# Key Factors & Assumptions as of May 2, 2017

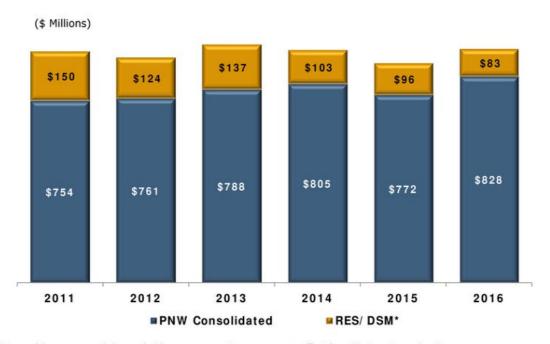
Assumption	Impact
Retail customer growth	<ul> <li>Projected to average in the range of about 2-3%</li> <li>Modestly improving Arizona and U.S. economic conditions</li> </ul>
Weather-normalized retail electricity sales volume growth	<ul> <li>About 0.5-1.5% after customer conservation and energy efficiency and distributed renewable generation initiatives</li> </ul>
Gross Margin – Related to 2012	Retail Rate Settlement
Assumption	Impact
AZ Sun Program	Additions to flow through RES until next base rate case     First 50 MW of AZ Sun is recovered through base rates
Lost Fixed Cost Recovery (LFCR)	Offsets 30-40% of revenues lost due to ACC-mandated energy efficiency and distributed renewable generation initiatives
Environmental Improvement Surcharge (EIS)	<ul> <li>Assumed to recover up to \$5 million annually of carrying costs for government-mandated environmental capital expenditures</li> </ul>
Power Supply Adjustor (PSA)	• 100% recovery as of July 1, 2012
Transmission Cost Adjustor (TCA)	<ul> <li>TCA is filed each May and automatically goes into rates effective June 1</li> <li>Beginning July 1, 2012 following conclusion of the regulatory settlement, transmission revenue is accrued each month as it is earned.</li> </ul>
Four Corners Acquisition	Four Corners rate increase effective January 1, 2015

**Potential Property Tax Deferrals (2012 retail rate settlement):** Assume 60% of property tax increases relate to tax rates, therefore, will be eligible for deferrals (Deferral rates: 50% in 2013; 75% in 2014 and thereafter)



# OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

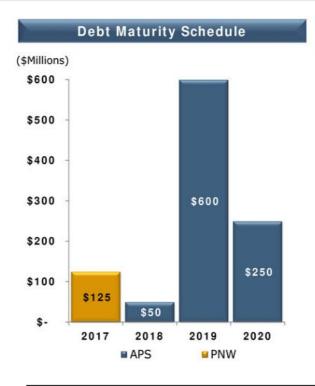
Goal is to keep O&M per kWh flat, adjusted for planned outages



\*Renewable energy and demand side management expenses are offset by adjustment mechanisms.



## **BALANCE SHEET STRENGTH**



### **Credit Ratings**

 A- or equivalent ratings or better at S&P, Moody's and Fitch

### 2017 Major Financing Activities

- \$250 million re-opening in March of APS's outstanding 4.35% senior unsecured notes due November 2045
- Currently expect up to \$600 million of long-term debt issuance from two transactions, one at PNW (including refinancing of its \$125 million term loan) and one at APS

We are disclosing credit ratings to enhance understanding of our sources of liquidity and the effects of our ratings on our costs of funds.



# CREDIT RATINGS AND METRICS

### Key credit metrics remain strong

	APS	Parent	
Corporate Credit Ratings			
Moody's	A2	А3	
S&P	A-	A-	
Fitch	A-	A-	
Senior Unsecure	d		
Moody's	A2	-	
S&P	A-	-	
Fitch	Α	=	
Note: Moody's, S& Outlook for APS ar			

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
APS						
FFO / Debt	23.6%	27.7%	31.5%	27.5%	29.7%	26.5%
FFO / Interest	4.2x	4.8x	5.6X	5.5x	5.8x	5.0x
Debt / Capitalization	52.9%	50.7%	47.7%	45.3%	45.8%	47.8%
Pinnacle West						
FFO / Debt	23.0%	26.7%	29.8%	26.5%	28.9%	25.1%
FFO / Interest	3.8x	4.4x	4.9X	5.2x	5.6x	4.9x
Debt / Capitalization	54.4%	52.1%	49.1%	46.7%	47.0%	49.1%

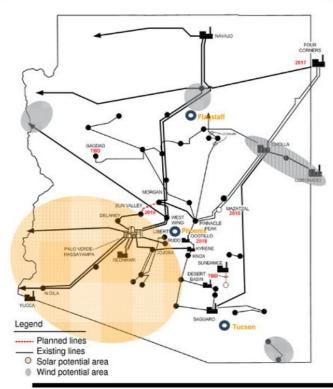
We are disclosing credit ratings to enhance understanding of our sources of liquidity and the effects of our ratings on our costs of funds.

Source: Standard & Poor's



## **APS TRANSMISSION**

Strategic transmission investment is essential to maintain reliability and deliver diversified resources to customers



- 10-Year Transmission Plan filed January 2017 (115 kV and above)
  - 52 miles of new lines
  - 5 bulk transformer additions
- · Also includes:
  - Sun Valley-Morgan 500kV (2018)
  - North Gila-Orchard 230kV (2021)
- 2 of 3 Projects to deliver renewable energy approved by ACC have been completed
- Transmission investment diversifies regulatory risk
  - Constructive regulatory treatment
  - FERC formula rates and retail adjustor



## **BRIGHT CANYON ENERGY**

### **BRIGHT CANYON ENERGY**

Pinnacle West subsidiary formed to pursue long-term growth opportunities in the electric energy industry



#### TRANSCANYON

A 50/50 Joint Venture formed with BHE U.S.
Transmission, a subsidiary of Berkshire Hathaway
Energy, to develop, build and own transmission
infrastructure for the western United States. In
2016, formed a strategic alliance with Pacific Gas
and Electric Company to jointly pursue competitive
transmission opportunities solicited by the California
Independent System Operator (CAISO)







## **ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION**

### Terms to January 2019



Tom Forese (R) Chairman



Doug Little (R)

\* Term limited - elected to four-year terms (limited to two consecutive)

### Terms to January 2020







Boyd Dunn (R)



Andy Tobin (R)

### Other State Officials

ACC Executive Director – Ted Vogt RUCO Director – David Tenney

Powering Growth, Delivering Value



# **2017 KEY DATES**

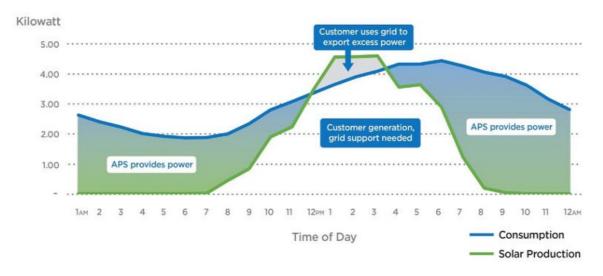
ACC Key Dates / Docket #	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
Key Recurring Regulatory Filings							
Lost Fixed Cost Recovery E-01345A-11-0224	Jan 15						
Transmission Cost Adjustor E-01345A-11-0224		May 15					
2018 DSM/EE Implementation Plan		Jun 1					
2018 RES Implementation Plan for Reset of Renewable Energy Adjustor			Jul 1				
APS Rate Case E-01345A-16-0036	See Slide 20						
Resource Planning and Procurement E-00000V-15-0094		April 10: Final 2017 IRP		Oct 1: Staff Report Due			
Reducing System Peak Demand Costs E-00000J-16-0257	TBD						
Review, Modernization and Expansion of Arizona Renewable Energy Standards E-00000Q-16-0289		Jun 7: Workshop					
Investigation Concerning the Future of the Navajo Generating Station E-00000C-17-0039	TBD						
ACC Open Meetings	ACC Open Meetings Held Monthly						
Other Key Dates	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
Arizona State Legislature	In session	Jan 9 - End of Q2					



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## ROOFTOP SOLAR CUSTOMERS USE THE GRI D 24 HOURS PER DAY

### TYPICAL GRID INTERACTION FOR ROOFTOP SOLAR



- · Customers with rooftop solar systems do not pay for all of the electric services they use
- These unpaid costs are then paid by other customers (through higher rates) that can't have or don't want solar
- This issue will only get bigger over time

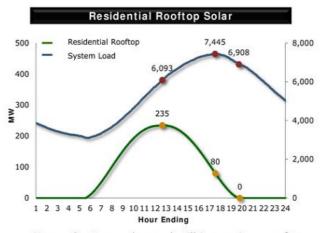


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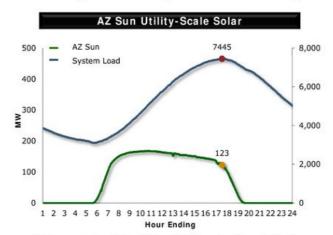
## RESIDENTI AL VS. UTI LI TY-SCALE SOLAR

### Performance at system peak

On June 19th, APS customers hit "peak demand" for 2016 using more than 7,400 MW of electricity



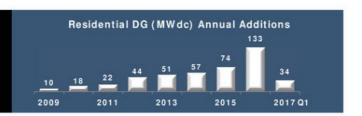
- Noon: Customer demand still increasing; rooftop solar peaks and begins to decline
- 5:30PM: Customer demand peaks; rooftop solar producing at 28% of total capacity
- 7:30PM: Rooftop output at zero, but demand still above 6,900 MW of power

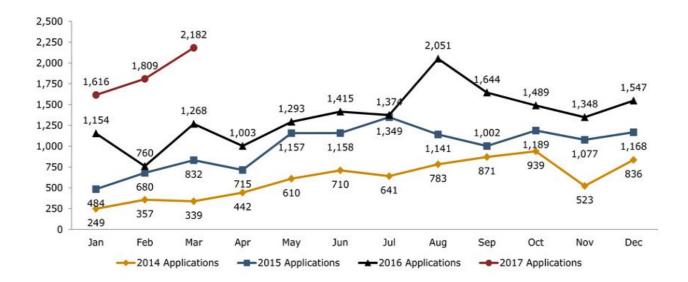


- Solar panels at 8 of the AZ Sun plants rotate to track the sun, achieving highest production earlier in the day and maintaining it later
- At peak demand, utility-scale solar producing at 72% of total capacity



## RESIDENTIAL PV APPLICATIONS\*





<sup>\*</sup> Monthly data equals applications received minus cancelled applications. As of March 31, 2017 approximately 58,000 residential grid-tied solar photovoltaic (PV) systems have been installed in APS's service territory, totaling more than 445 MWdc of installed capacity. Excludes APS Solar Partner Program residential PV systems.

Note: <a href="www.arizonagoessolar.org">www.arizonagoessolar.org</a> logs total residential application volume, including cancellations. Solar water heaters can also be found on the site, but are not included in the chart above.



# ARIZONA'S RENEWABLE RESOURCE AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS

### Renewable Energy (RES) Requirements

- Portion of retail sales to be supplied by renewable resources\*
  - 7% by 2017
  - 15% by 2025
- Distributed energy component
  - 30% of total requirement



### **Energy Efficiency Requirements**

- Cumulative savings from energy efficiency programs must be equivalent to 22% of annual retail sales by 2020
- Annual milestones in place to measure progress toward cumulative 2020 goal
  - 14.5% by 2017
  - 22% by 2020



APS currently on track to meet target

APS currently on track to meet target

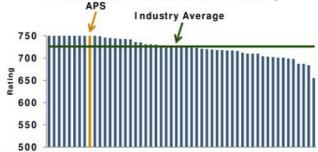
\* Represents portion of retails sales to be supplied by renewable resources in compliance with the Arizona Renewable Energy Standard and Tariff (RES). Total portion of retail sales to be supplied by renewable resources in 2017 expected to be 11%.



## **OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE**

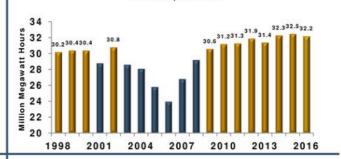
### Power Quality and Reliability

Ranked 9<sup>th</sup> highest nationally among 53 large investor-owned electric utilities in 2016 J.D. Power residential customer survey.



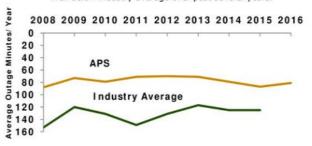
### Palo Verde

Palo Verde is the only plant in the U.S. to exceed 30M MW of annual production.



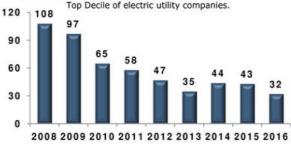
### Lowering Outage Time Per Customer

Well below industry average over past several years.



### Safety

APS achieved another safe year in 2016. APS ranks in the



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# **GENERATION PORTFOLIO\***

	Plant	Location	No. of Units	Dispatch	COD	Ownership Interest <sup>1</sup>	Net Capacity (N
NUCLEAR 1,146 MW	Palo Verde	Wintersburg, AZ	3	Base	1986-1989	29.1%	1,146
	Cholla	Joseph City, AZ	2	Base	1962-1980		387
COAL 1,672 MW	Four Corners	Farmington, NM	2	Base	1969-1970	63	970
	Navajo	Page, AZ	3	Base	1974-1976	1986-1989 29.1%  1962-1980 100  1969-1970 63  1974-1976 14  2002 100  1976-2003 100  2002 100  1976-2008 100  1971-2008 100  1972-1973 100  1972-1973 100  2011 100  2011 100  2011 100  2012 100  2013 100  Various 100  2015 100  2016 100	315
AS - COMBINED CYCLE	Redhawk	Arlington, AZ	2	Intermediate	2002	29.1%  100 63 14 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	984
1,871 MW	West Phoenix	Phoenix, AZ	5	Intermediate	1986-1989  1962-1980  1969-1970  1974-1976  2002  1976-2003  1960  2002  1971-2008  1972-2002  1972-1973  1972  2011-2013  2011  2011  2012  2013  Various  2015  2015  2016	100	887
GAS - STEAM TURBINE 220 MW	Ocotillo	Tempe, AZ	2	Peaking	1960	100	220
	Sundance	Casa Grande, AZ	10	Peaking	2002	100	420
	Yucca	Yuma, AZ	6	Peaking	1971-2008	100	243
GAS / OIL COMBUSTION TURBINE	Saguaro	Red Rock, AZ	3	Peaking	1972-2002	100	189
1,088 MW	West Phoenix	Phoenix, AZ	2	Peaking	e 1986-1989 29.1% e 1962-1980 100 e 1969-1970 63 e 1974-1976 14 diate 2002 100 long 1960 100 long 2002 100 long 1971-2008 100 long 1972-2002 100 long 1972-2002 100 long 1972-1973 100 long 1972-1973 100 long 1972 100 lable 2011 100 lable 2011 100 lable 2012 100 lable 2013 100 lable 2013 100 lable 2015 100	100	110
	Ocotillo	Tempe, AZ	2	Peaking		100	110
	Douglas	Douglas, AZ	1	Peaking	1972	29.1%  100 63 14 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	16
	Hyder & Hyder II	Hyder, AZ	2	As Available	2011-2013	29.1%  100 63 14 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	30
	Paloma	Gila Bend, AZ	3 Base 1986-1989 29.1%  2 Base 1962-1980 100  2 Base 1969-1970 63  3 Base 1974-1976 14  2 Intermediate 2002 100  5 Intermediate 1976-2003 100  2 Peaking 1960 100  10 Peaking 2002 100  6 Peaking 1971-2008 100  3 Peaking 1972-2002 100  2 Peaking 1972-2002 100  2 Peaking 1972-1973 100  2 Peaking 1972-1973 100  1 Peaking 1972-1973 100  - As Available 2011-2013 100  - As Available 2011-2013 100  - As Available 2011 100  - As Available 2011 100  - As Available 2012 100  - As Available 2013 100  - As Available 2015 100	100	17		
	Cotton Center	Gila Bend, AZ		100	17		
	Chino Valley	Farmington, NM         2         Base         1969-1970         63           Page, AZ         3         Base         1974-1976         14           Arlington, AZ         2         Intermediate         2002         100           Phoenix, AZ         5         Intermediate         1976-2003         100           Tempe, AZ         2         Peaking         1960         100           Casa Grande, AZ         10         Peaking         2002         100           Yuma, AZ         6         Peaking         1971-2008         100           Red Rock, AZ         3         Peaking         1972-2002         100           Phoenix, AZ         2         Peaking         1972-2002         100           Phoenix, AZ         2         Peaking         1972-1973         100           Tempe, AZ         2         Peaking         1972-1973         100           Douglas, AZ         1         Peaking         1972         100           Hyder, AZ         -         As Available         2011-2013         100           Gila Bend, AZ         -         As Available         2011         100           Chino Valley, AZ         -         As Available	100	19			
	Foothills	Yuma, AZ		As Available	2013	100	35
SOLAR 239 MW	Distributed Energy	Multiple AZ Facilities		As Available	Various	100	25
	Gila Bend	Gila Bend, AZ	-	As Available	2015	100	32
	Luke Air Force Base	Glendale, AZ	-	2         Intermediate         2002         100           5         Intermediate         1976-2003         100           2         Peaking         1960         100           10         Peaking         2002         100           6         Peaking         1971-2008         100           3         Peaking         1972-2002         100           2         Peaking         1972-1973         100           2         Peaking         1972         100           -         As Available         2011-2013         100           -         As Available         2011         100           -         As Available         2011         100           -         As Available         2012         100           -         As Available         2013         100           -         As Available         2015         100           -         As Availab	100	10	
	Desert Star	Buckeye, AZ	-		100	10	
		100	40				
Various	Various	Multiple AZ Facilities		As Available	1996-2006	100	4

<sup>\*</sup> As disclosed in 2016 Form 10-K.

PINACLE WEST

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes leased generation plants

# **PURCHASED POWER CONTRACTS\***

	Contract	Location	Owner/ Developer	Status <sup>1</sup>	PPA Signed	COD	Term (Years)	Net Capacity (MV
SOLAR 310 MW	Solana	Gila Bend, AZ	Abengoa	IO	Feb-2008	2013	30	250
	RE Ajo	Ajo, AZ	Duke Energy Gen Svcs	IO	Jan-2010	2011	25	5
	Sun E AZ 1	Prescott, AZ	SunEdison	IO	Feb-2010	2011	30	10
	Saddle Mountain	Tonopah, AZ	SunEdison	IO	Jan - 2011	2012	30	15
	Badger	Tonopah, AZ	PSEG	IO	Jan-2012	2013	30	15
	Gillespie	Maricopa County, AZ	Recurrent Energy	IO	Jan-2012	2013	30	15
	Aragonne Mesa	Santa Rosa, NM	Ingifen Asset Mgmt	IO	Dec-2005	2006	20	90
WIND 289 MW	High Lonesome	Mountainair, NM	Foresight / EME	IO	Feb-2008	2009	30	100
	Perrin Ranch Wind	Williams, AZ	NextEra Energy	IO	Jul-2010	2012	25	99
GEOTHERMAL 10 MW	Salton Sea	Imperial County, CA	Cal Energy	IO	Jan-2006	2006	23	10
BIOMASS 14 MW	Snowflake	Snowflake, AZ	Novo Power	10	Sep-2005	2008	15	14
BIOGAS C MW	Glendale Landfill	Glendale, AZ	Glendale Energy LLC	IO	Jul-2008	2010	20	3
	NW Regional Landfill	Surprise, AZ	Waste Management	10	Dec-2010	2012	20	3
INTER-UTILITY 540 MW	PacifiCorp Seasonal Power Exchange	-	PacifiCorp	10	Sep-1990	1991	30	480
	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	IO	May-2009	2010	10	60
CONVENTIONAL TOLLING 1,639 MW	CC Tolling	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	IO	Mar-2006	2007	10	514
	CC Tolling	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	IO	Aug-2007	2010	10	560
	CC Tolling	Arlington, AZ	Arlington Valley	IO	Dec-2016	2020	6	565
EMAND RESPONSE 25 MW	Demand Response	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	IO	Sep-2008	2010	15	25
	Total Contracted Capacity							

\* As disclosed in 2016 Form 10-K. 

1 UD = Under Development; UC = Under Construction; IO = In Operation



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