UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	or
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) For the transition period from to) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	le Number: 1-13107
AutoNa	ation, Inc.
	nt as specified in its charter)
Delaware	73-1105145
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
200 SW 1st Ave	
Fort Lauderdale, Florida	33301 (7i- C-4-)
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code) 769-6000
· ,	number, including area code)
Securities registered pursua	ant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 Per Share	New York Stock Exchange
	to Section 12(g) of the Act: None
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 4	
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 c	()
such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject	Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or foct to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No \square
	corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursua or such shorter period that the new registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference	S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of e in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "definitions of the company of the co	a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company , or an emerging growth company. See the emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):
Large accelerated filer ✓ Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company)	company 🗆
Emerging growth	• •
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to us standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box	se the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 o	f the Exchange Act). Yes \square No \square
	by non-affiliates was approximately \$2.7 billion based on the closing price of the common stock nt assumed that each of its directors, executive officers, and greater than 10% stockholders was a
As of February 12, 2018 , the registrant had $91,824,778$ shares of common stock outstanding	
DOCUMENTS INCORP	ORATED BY REFERENCE
Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement relating to its 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockhold 2017 are incorporated herein by reference in Part III.	ders to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 31,

AUTONATION, INC.

FORM 10-K

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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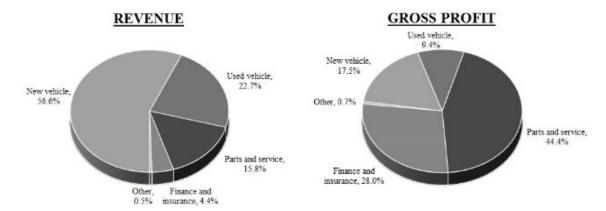
PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

General

AutoNation, Inc., through its subsidiaries, is the largest automotive retailer in the United States. As of December 31, 2017, we owned and operated 360 new vehicle franchises from 253 stores located in the United States, predominantly in major metropolitan markets in the Sunbelt region. Our stores, which we believe include some of the most recognizable and well-known in our key markets, sell 33 different new vehicle brands. The core brands of new vehicles that we sell, representing approximately 93% of the new vehicles that we sold in 2017, are manufactured by Toyota (including Lexus), Honda, Ford, General Motors, FCA US, Mercedes-Benz, Nissan, BMW, and Volkswagen (including Audi and Porsche). We also own and operate 76 AutoNation-branded collision centers.

We offer a diversified range of automotive products and services, including new vehicles, used vehicles, "parts and service" (also referred to as "Customer Care"), which includes automotive repair and maintenance services as well as wholesale parts and collision businesses, and automotive "finance and insurance" products (also referred to as "Customer Financial Services"), which include vehicle service and other protection products, as well as the arranging of financing for vehicle purchases through third-party finance sources. The following charts present the contribution to total revenue and gross profit by each of new vehicle, used vehicle, parts and service, and finance and insurance sales in 2017.



We were incorporated in Delaware in 1991. For convenience, the terms "AutoNation," "Company," and "we" are used to refer collectively to AutoNation, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise required by the context. Our store operations are conducted by our subsidiaries.

Reportable Segments

As of December 31, 2017, we had three reportable segments: Domestic, Import, and Premium Luxury. These segments are comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell the following new vehicle brands:

Dom	estic	Im	Import Premium Luxu			
Buick	Ford	Acura	Mitsubishi	Alfa Romeo	Lexus	
Cadillac	GMC	Fiat	Nissan	Audi	Maserati	
Chevrolet	Jeep	Honda	Subaru	Bentley	Mercedes-Benz	
Chrysler	Lincoln	Hyundai	Toyota	BMW	MINI	
Dodge	Ram	Infiniti	Volkswagen	Jaguar	Porsche	
		Mazda	Volvo	Land Rover		

The franchises in each segment also sell used vehicles, parts and automotive repair and maintenance services, and automotive finance and insurance products. For the year ended December 31, 2017, Domestic revenue represented 35% of total revenue, Import revenue represented 32% of total revenue, and Premium Luxury revenue represented 32% of total revenue. For additional financial information regarding our three reportable segments, refer to Note 19 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements set forth in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Except to the extent that differences among reportable segments are material to an understanding of our business taken as a whole, the description of our business in this report is presented on a consolidated basis.

Business Strategy

We seek to create long-term value for our stockholders by being the best-run, most profitable automotive retailer in the United States. We believe that the significant scale of our operations and the quality of our managerial talent allow us to achieve efficiencies in our key markets. To achieve and sustain operational excellence, we are pursuing the following strategies:

- Create an industry-leading automotive retail customer experience in our stores and through our digital channels.
 - We seek to deliver a consistently superior customer experience by offering a large selection of inventory, customer-friendly, transparent sales and service processes, and competitive pricing. We believe that this will benefit us by encouraging our customers to bring their vehicles to our stores for all of their vehicle service, maintenance, and collision repair needs and also by driving repeat and referral vehicle sales business.
 - We continue to make significant investments to build a seamless, end-to-end customer experience in our stores and through our digital channels, and to improve our ability to generate business through those channels. As part of our strategic initiatives, we implemented "AutoNation Express," which enables our customers to complete certain automotive retail- and service-related transactions through our digital channels and offers a more fully integrated in-store and digital customer experience while also increasing traffic to our digital channels. We have developed features such as selecting and reserving a vehicle with a guaranteed price, scheduling a test drive, calculating payments, receiving a firm purchase offer for a vehicle that a customer wants to sell, applying for financing options, arranging service appointments, receiving updates on maintenance and repair services, and paying for maintenance and repair services online.
- Continue to invest in the AutoNation retail brand to enhance our strong customer satisfaction and expand our market share.
 - We continue to implement our comprehensive, customer-focused brand extension strategy, which includes AutoNation-branded parts and accessories, AutoNation-branded Customer Financial Services products (including extended service and maintenance contracts and other vehicle protection products), the expansion of AutoNation-branded collision centers and AutoNation-branded automotive auctions, and AutoNation USA stand-alone used vehicle sales and service centers. During 2017, we opened two automotive auctions, three AutoNation USA stores, and one collision center. Additionally, we acquired seven collision centers during 2017. As part of our brand extension strategy, we also implemented AutoNation Pre-Owned 360, which includes our technology, processes, and procedures for our One Price used vehicle centralized pricing and appraisal strategy, as well as our "We'll Buy Your Car" program (under which customers receive a guaranteed trade-in offer honored for 7 days or 500 miles at any of our locations), and related training and systems.

We also continue to implement our Customer Care initiatives, including our AutoNation-branded parts and accessories, as well as the direct sourcing and distribution of other retail and wholesale parts for sale to our customers and other dealerships and collision centers. Our branded parts are sold under the name "AutoNation PrecisionParts," which are sourced through various partnerships with third-party suppliers. These parts include maintenance and repair items such as batteries, wiper blades, filters, and service-drive chemicals. In addition, we have launched an accessory line called "AutoNation AutoGear" with more than 26 high quality accessory brands for lifestyle, appearance, protection, and vehicle security.

We expect that these initiatives will expand and strengthen the AutoNation retail brand, improve the customer experience, provide new growth opportunities, and enable us to expand our footprint in our core and other markets.

• Leverage our significant scale and cost structure to improve our operating efficiency.

As the largest automotive retailer in the United States, we are uniquely positioned to leverage our significant scale so that we are able to achieve competitive operating margins by centralizing and streamlining various business processes. We strive to manage our new and used vehicle inventories so that our stores' supply and mix of vehicles are in line with seasonal sales trends and also minimize our carrying costs. Additionally, we are able to improve financial controls and lower servicing costs by maintaining many key store-level accounting and administrative activities in our Shared Services Center located in Irving, Texas. Finally, we leverage our scale to reduce costs related to purchasing certain equipment, supplies, and services through national vendor relationships.

• Continue to build density in our core markets where we operate.

We have retail operations in 16 states with a focus on major metropolitan areas, and we seek to offer an optimal mix of our products and services within our key markets. We will continue to actively pursue acquisitions and new store and collision center opportunities that meet our return on investment threshold.

Our business benefits from a well-diversified portfolio of automotive retail franchises. In 2017, approximately 38% of our segment income was generated by Premium Luxury franchises, approximately 33% by Import franchises, and approximately 28% by Domestic franchises. We believe that our business also benefits from diverse revenue streams generated by our new and used vehicle sales, parts and service business, and finance and insurance sales. Our higher-margin parts and service business has historically been less sensitive to macroeconomic conditions as compared to new and used vehicle sales.

Our capital allocation strategy is focused on maximizing stockholder returns. We invest capital in our business to maintain and upgrade our existing facilities and to build new facilities for existing franchises, as well as for other strategic and technology initiatives, including our brand extension strategy discussed above under "Business Strategy." We also deploy capital opportunistically to repurchase our common stock and/or debt or to complete dealership or collision center acquisitions and/or build facilities for newly awarded franchises. Our capital allocation decisions are based on factors such as the expected rate of return on our investment, the market price of our common stock versus our view of its intrinsic value, the market price of our debt, the potential impact on our capital structure, our ability to complete acquisitions that meet our market and vehicle brand criteria and return on investment threshold, and limitations set forth in our debt agreements. For additional information regarding our capital allocation, refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources – Capital Allocation" in Part II, Item 7 of this Form 10-K.

Operations

Each of our stores acquires new vehicles for retail sale either directly from the applicable automotive manufacturer or distributor or through dealer trades with other stores of the same brand franchise. We generally acquire used vehicles from customers, primarily through trade-ins, as well as through auctions, lease terminations, and other sources, and we generally recondition used vehicles acquired for retail sale in our parts and service departments. Used vehicles that we do not sell at our stores generally are sold at wholesale prices through auctions. See also "Inventory Management" in Part II, Item 7 of this Form 10-K.

Our stores provide a wide range of vehicle maintenance, repair, and collision repair services, including manufacturer recall repairs and other warranty work that can be performed only at franchised dealerships and customer-pay service work. Our parts and service departments also recondition used vehicles acquired by our used vehicle departments and perform minor preparatory work on new vehicles acquired by our new vehicle departments. In addition to our retail business, we also have a wholesale parts operation, which sells automotive parts to both collision repair shops and independent vehicle repair providers. We also offer AutoNation PrecisionParts and AutoNation AutoGear, product and accessory lines that are integrated into our parts and service operations.

We offer a wide variety of automotive finance and insurance products to our customers. We arrange for our customers to finance vehicles through installment loans or leases with third-party lenders, including the vehicle manufacturers' and distributors' captive finance subsidiaries, in exchange for a commission payable to us. We do not directly finance our customers' vehicle leases or purchases, and our exposure to loss in connection with these financing arrangements generally is limited to the commissions that we receive.

We also offer our customers various vehicle protection products, including extended service contracts, maintenance programs, guaranteed auto protection (known as "GAP," this protection covers the shortfall between a customer's loan balance and insurance payoff in the event of a casualty), "tire and wheel" protection, and theft protection products, and several of these vehicle protection products are AutoNation-branded. These products are underwritten and administered by independent third parties, including the vehicle manufacturers' and distributors' captive finance subsidiaries. We primarily sell the products on a straight commission basis; however, we also participate in future underwriting profit for certain products pursuant to retrospective commission arrangements with the issuers of those products.

As of December 31, 2017, we operated stores in the following states:

<u>State</u>	Number of Stores	Number of Franchises	% of Total Revenue ⁽¹⁾
Florida	50	59	24
Texas	47	76	21
California	39	53	18
Colorado	15	25	7
Arizona	14	18	6
Georgia	23	44	5
Washington	16	22	4
Nevada	11	13	3
Tennessee	8	12	3
Illinois	7	8	3
Maryland	7	9	1
Ohio	4	4	1
Alabama	5	9	1
New York	4	5	1
Virginia	2	2	1
Minnesota	1	1	1
Total	253	360	100

⁽¹⁾ Revenue by state includes non-store activities, such as collision centers, auction operations, and AutoNation USA stand-alone used vehicle sales and service centers.

The following table sets forth information regarding new vehicle revenues and retail new vehicle unit sales for the year ended, and the number of franchises owned as of, December 31, 2017:

		New Vehicle Revenues	Retail New Vehicle	% of Total Retail New Vehicle	
		(in millions)	Unit Sales	Units Sold	Franchises Owned
Domestic:					
Ford, Lincoln	\$	1,745.0	44,659	13.6	39
Chevrolet, Buick, Cadillac, GMC		1,299.7	35,233	10.7	43
Chrysler, Dodge, Jeep, Ram		1,133.6	31,136	9.4	92
Domestic Total	_	4,178.3	111,028	33.7	174
Import:					
Toyota		1,734.6	61,241	18.6	19
Honda		1,121.8	43,223	13.1	24
Nissan		601.5	22,423	6.8	12
Other Import		710.6	23,535	7.2	40
Import Total	_	4,168.5	150,422	45.7	95
Premium Luxury:					
Mercedes-Benz		1,567.4	26,608	8.1	39
BMW		844.6	15,344	4.7	14
Lexus		379.0	8,447	2.6	3
Audi		399.0	7,909	2.4	9
Other Premium Luxury		644.0	9,358	2.8	26
Premium Luxury Total		3,834.0	67,666	20.6	91
	\$	12,180.8	329,116	100.0	360

Agreements with Vehicle Manufacturers

Framework Agreements

We have entered into framework and related agreements with most major vehicle manufacturers and distributors. These agreements, which are in addition to the franchise agreements described below, contain provisions relating to our management, operation, advertising and marketing, and acquisition and ownership structure of automotive stores franchised by such manufacturers. These agreements contain certain requirements pertaining to our operating performance (with respect to matters such as sales volume, sales effectiveness, and customer satisfaction), which, if we do not satisfy, adversely impact our ability to make further acquisitions of such manufacturers' stores or could result in us being compelled to take certain actions, such as divesting a significantly underperforming store, subject to applicable state franchise laws. Additionally, these agreements set limits (nationally, regionally, and in local markets) on the number of stores that we may acquire of the particular manufacturer and contain certain restrictions on our ability to name and brand our stores. Some of these framework agreements give the manufacturer or distributor the right to acquire at fair market value, or the right to compel us to sell, the automotive stores franchised by that manufacturer or distributor under specified circumstances in the event of a change in control of our Company (generally including certain material changes in the composition of our Board of Directors during a specified time period, the acquisition of 20% or more of the voting stock of our Company by another vehicle manufacturer or distributor, or the acquisition of 50% or more of our voting stock by a person, entity, or group not affiliated with a vehicle manufacturer or distributor or other extraordinary corporate transactions such as a merger or sale of all or substantially all of our assets. In addition, we have granted certain manufacturers the right to acquire, at fair market value, our automotive dealerships franchised by such manufacturers in specified circu

Franchise Agreements

We operate each of our new vehicle stores under a franchise agreement with a vehicle manufacturer or distributor. The franchise agreements grant the franchised automotive store a non-exclusive right to sell the manufacturer's or distributor's

brand of vehicles and offer related parts and service within a specified market area. These franchise agreements grant our stores the right to use the relevant manufacturer's or distributor's trademarks in connection with their operations, and they also impose numerous operational requirements and restrictions relating to inventory levels, working capital levels, the sales process, marketing and branding, showroom and service facilities, signage, personnel, changes in management, and monthly financial reporting, among other things. The contractual terms of our stores' franchise agreements provide for various durations, ranging from one year to no expiration date, and in certain cases manufacturers have undertaken to renew such franchises upon expiration so long as the store is in compliance with the terms of the agreement. We generally expect our franchise agreements to survive for the foreseeable future and, when the agreements do not have indefinite terms, anticipate routine renewals of the agreements without substantial cost or modification. Our stores' franchise agreements provide for termination of the agreement by the manufacturer or non-renewal for a variety of causes (including performance deficiencies in such areas as sales volume, sales effectiveness, and customer satisfaction). However, in general, the states in which we operate have automotive dealership franchise laws that provide that, notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, it is unlawful for a manufacturer to terminate or not renew a franchise unless "good cause" exists. It generally is difficult, outside of bankruptcy, for a manufacturer to terminate, or not renew, a franchise under these laws, which were designed to protect dealers. In addition, in our experience and historically in the automotive retail industry, dealership franchise agreements are rarely involuntarily terminated or not renewed by the manufacturer outside of bankruptcy. From time to time, certain manufacturers assert sales and customer satisfaction performance deficiencies under the terms of our framework and franchise agreements. We generally work with these manufacturers to address the asserted performance issues. For additional information, please refer to the risk factor captioned "We are subject to restrictions imposed by, and significant influence from, vehicle manufacturers that may adversely impact our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects, including our ability to acquire additional stores" in Part I, Item 1A of this Form 10-K.

Regulations

We operate in a highly regulated industry. A number of state and federal laws and regulations affect our business. In every state in which we operate, we must obtain various licenses in order to operate our businesses, including dealer, sales and finance, and insurance licenses issued by state regulatory authorities. Numerous laws and regulations govern our conduct of business, including those relating to our sales, operations, finance and insurance, advertising, and employment practices. These laws and regulations include state franchise laws and regulations, consumer protection laws, privacy laws, escheatment laws, antimoney laundering laws, and other extensive laws and regulations applicable to new and used motor vehicle dealers, as well as a variety of other laws and regulations. These laws also include federal and state wage and hour, anti-discrimination, and other employment practices laws. See the risk factor "Our operations are subject to extensive governmental laws and regulations. If we are found to be in purported violation of or subject to liabilities under any of these laws or regulations, or if new laws or regulations are enacted that adversely affect our operations, our business, operating results, and prospects could suffer" in Part I, Item 1A of this Form 10-K.

Automotive and Other Laws and Regulations

Our operations are subject to the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act, Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards promulgated by the United States Department of Transportation, and the rules and regulations of various state motor vehicle regulatory agencies. In addition, automotive dealers are subject to regulation by the Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC"), which has implemented an enforcement initiative relating to the advertising practices of automotive dealers. The imported automobiles, parts, and accessories we purchase are subject to United States customs duties and, in the ordinary course of our business we may, from time to time, be subject to claims for duties, penalties, liquidated damages, or other charges.

Our financing activities with customers are subject to federal truth-in-lending, consumer leasing, and equal credit opportunity laws and regulations, as well as state and local motor vehicle finance laws, leasing laws, installment finance laws, usury laws, and other installment sales and leasing laws and regulations, some of which regulate finance and other fees and charges that may be imposed or received in connection with motor vehicle retail installment sales and leasing. Claims arising out of actual or alleged violations of law may be asserted against us or our stores by individuals, a class of individuals, or governmental entities and may expose us to significant damages or other penalties, including fines and revocation or suspension of our licenses to conduct store operations. Our financing activities may also be impacted indirectly by laws and regulations that govern automotive finance companies and other financial institutions, including regulations adopted by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (the "CFPB").

See the risk factor "Our operations are subject to extensive governmental laws and regulations. If we are found to be in purported violation of or subject to liabilities under any of these laws or regulations, or if new laws or regulations are enacted that adversely affect our operations, our business, operating results, and prospects could suffer" in Part I, Item 1A of this Form 10-K for additional information.

Environmental, Health, and Safety Laws and Regulations

Our operations involve the use, handling, storage, and contracting for recycling and/or disposal of materials such as motor oil and filters, transmission fluids, antifreeze, refrigerants, paints, thinners, batteries, cleaning products, lubricants, degreasing agents, tires, and fuel. Consequently, our business is subject to a complex variety of federal, state, and local requirements that regulate the environment and public health and safety.

Most of our stores utilize aboveground storage tanks and, to a lesser extent, underground storage tanks, primarily for petroleum-based products. Storage tanks are subject to periodic testing, containment, upgrading, and removal under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and its state law counterparts. Clean-up or other remedial action may be necessary in the event of leaks or other discharges from storage tanks or other sources. In addition, water quality protection programs under the federal Water Pollution Control Act (commonly known as the Clean Water Act), the Safe Drinking Water Act, and comparable state and local programs govern certain discharges from some of our operations. Similarly, certain air emissions from operations, such as auto body painting, may be subject to the federal Clean Air Act and related state and local laws. Certain health and safety standards promulgated by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the United States Department of Labor and related state agencies also apply.

Some of our stores are parties to proceedings under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, or CERCLA, typically in connection with materials that were sent to former recycling, treatment, and/or disposal facilities owned and operated by independent businesses. The remediation or clean-up of facilities where the release of a regulated hazardous substance occurred is required under CERCLA and other laws.

We have a proactive strategy related to environmental, health, and safety laws and regulations, which includes contracting with third-party vendors to inspect our facilities routinely in an effort to ensure compliance. We incur significant costs to comply with applicable environmental, health, and safety laws and regulations in the ordinary course of our business. We do not anticipate, however, that the costs of such compliance will have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition, although such outcome is possible given the nature of our operations and the extensive environmental, health, and safety regulatory framework. We do not have any material known environmental commitments or contingencies.

Competition

We operate in a highly competitive industry. We believe that the principal competitive factors in the automotive retail business are location, service, price, selection, and online and mobile offerings. Each of our markets includes a large number of well-capitalized competitors that have extensive automotive retail managerial experience and strong retail locations and facilities. According to industry sources, as of December 31, 2017, there were approximately 16,800 franchised automotive dealerships, which sell both new and used vehicles, in the United States. In addition, we estimate that there were approximately twice as many independent used vehicle dealers in the United States. We face competition from (i) several public companies that operate numerous automotive retail stores on a regional or national basis, including franchised dealers that sell new and used vehicles as well as non-franchised dealers that sell only used vehicles, (ii) private companies that operate automotive retail stores in our markets, and (iii) online and mobile sales platforms. We compete with dealers that sell the same vehicle brands that we sell, as well as dealers and certain manufacturers that sell other vehicle brands that we do not represent in a particular market. Our new vehicle store competitors have franchise agreements with the various vehicle manufacturers and, as such, generally have access to new vehicles on the same terms as we have. We also compete with other dealers for qualified employees, particularly for general managers and sales and service personnel.

In general, the vehicle manufacturers have designated marketing and sales areas within which only one franchised dealer of a given vehicle brand may operate. Under most of our framework agreements with the vehicle manufacturers, our ability to acquire multiple dealers of a given vehicle brand within a particular market is limited. We are also restricted by various state franchise laws from relocating our stores or establishing new stores of a particular vehicle brand within any area that is served by another dealer of the same vehicle brand, and we generally need the manufacturer to approve the

relocation or grant a new franchise in order to relocate or establish a store. However, to the extent that a market has multiple dealers of a particular vehicle brand, as most of our key markets do with respect to most vehicle brands we sell, we face significant intra-brand competition.

We also compete with independent automobile service shops and service center chains. We believe that the principal competitive factors in the parts and service business are price, location, expertise with the particular vehicle lines, and customer service. We also compete with a broad range of financial institutions in our finance and insurance business. We believe that the principal competitive factors in the finance and insurance business are product selection, convenience, price, contract terms, and the ability to finance vehicle protection and aftermarket products.

Insurance and Bonding

Our business exposes us to the risk of liabilities arising out of our operations. For example, liabilities may arise out of claims of employees, customers, or other third parties for personal injury or property damage occurring in the course of our operations. We could also be subject to fines and civil and criminal penalties in connection with alleged violations of federal and state laws or regulatory requirements.

The automotive retail business is also subject to substantial risk of property loss due to the significant concentration of property values at store locations. In our case in particular, our operations are concentrated in states and regions in which natural disasters and severe weather events (such as hail storms, hurricanes, earthquakes, fires, tornadoes, snow storms, and landslides) may subject us to substantial risk of property loss and operational disruption. Under self-insurance programs, we retain various levels of aggregate loss limits, per claim deductibles, and claims-handling expenses as part of our various insurance programs, including property and casualty, workers' compensation, and employee medical benefits. Costs in excess of this retained risk per claim may be insured under various contracts with third-party insurance carriers. We estimate the ultimate costs of these retained insurance risks based on actuarial evaluations and historical claims experience, adjusted for current trends and changes in claims-handling procedures. The level of risk we retain may change in the future as insurance market conditions or other factors affecting the economics of our insurance purchasing change. Although we have, subject to certain limitations and exclusions, substantial insurance, we cannot assure you that we will not be exposed to uninsured or underinsured losses that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Provisions for retained losses and deductibles are made by charges to expense based upon periodic evaluations of the estimated ultimate liabilities on reported and unreported claims. The insurance companies that underwrite our insurance require that we secure certain of our obligations for deductible reimbursements with collateral. Our collateral requirements are set by the insurance companies and, to date, have been satisfied by posting surety bonds, letters of credit, and/or cash deposits. Our collateral requirements may change from time to time based on, among other things, our claims experience.

Employees

As of December 31, 2017, we employed approximately 26,000 full-time and part-time employees, approximately 260 of whom were covered by collective bargaining agreements. We believe that we have good relations with our employees.

Seasonality

In a stable environment, our operations generally experience higher volumes of vehicle unit sales in the second and third quarters of each year due in part to consumer buying trends and the introduction of new vehicle models. Also, demand for vehicles and light trucks is generally lower during the winter months than in other seasons, particularly in regions of the United States where stores may be subject to adverse winter conditions. However, we typically experience higher sales of Premium Luxury vehicles, which have higher average selling prices and gross profit per vehicle retailed, in the fourth quarter. Revenue and operating results may be impacted significantly from quarter to quarter by changing economic conditions, vehicle manufacturer incentive programs, and actual or threatened severe weather events.

Trademarks

We own a number of registered service marks and trademarks, including, among other marks, AutoNation® and AutoNation USA®. Pursuant to agreements with vehicle manufacturers, we have the right to use and display manufacturers' trademarks, logos, and designs at our stores and in our advertising and promotional materials, subject to

certain restrictions. We also have licenses pursuant to various agreements with third parties authorizing the use and display of the marks and/or logos of such third parties, subject to certain restrictions. The current registrations of our service marks and trademarks are effective for varying periods of time, which we may renew periodically, provided that we comply with all applicable laws.

Executive Officers of AutoNation

The following sets forth certain information regarding our executive officers as of February 12, 2018. Beneficial ownership includes shares that may be acquired through the exercise of outstanding stock options within 60 days of February 12, 2018, as well as shares of restricted stock.

Name	Age	Position	Years with AutoNation	Years in Automotive Industry	Number of Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned
Mike Jackson	69	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President	18	47	1,509,426
Lance Iserman	53	Executive Vice President, Sales and Chief Operating Officer	17	30	15,531
Cheryl Miller	45	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	10	19	157,294
Marc Cannon	56	Executive Vice President - Chief Marketing Officer, Communications and Public Policy	20	31	92,887
Donna Parlapiano	53	Executive Vice President, Franchise Operations, Mergers & Acquisitions, and Corporate Real Estate	19	31	65,257
Thomas M. Conophy	57	Executive Vice President and Chief Technology Officer	2	2	4,658
C. Coleman Edmunds	53	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary	22	22	67,905
Scott Arnold	59	Executive Vice President of Customer Care and Brand Extensions	13	40	24,350

Mike Jackson has served as our Chief Executive Officer and Director since September 1999, as our Chairman of the Board since January 2003, and as our President since June 2017. He also served as our President from February 2015 until January 2017. From October 1998 until September 1999, Mr. Jackson served as Chief Executive Officer of Mercedes-Benz USA, LLC, a North American operating unit of DaimlerChrysler AG, a multinational automotive manufacturing company. From April 1997 until September 1999, Mr. Jackson also served as President of Mercedes-Benz USA. From July 1990 until March 1997, Mr. Jackson served in various capacities at Mercedes-Benz USA, including as Executive Vice President immediately prior to his appointment as President of Mercedes-Benz USA. Mr. Jackson was also the managing partner from March 1979 to July 1990 of Euro Motorcars of Bethesda, Maryland, a regional group that owned and operated 11 automotive dealership franchises, including Mercedes-Benz and other brands of automobiles. Since January 2018, Mr. Jackson has served as Chair of the Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta. From January 2015 until December 2017, he served as the Deputy Chair of the Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta. He was appointed to the Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta in January 2014, after having previously served on the Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta in January 2014, after having

Lance Iserman was appointed our Executive Vice President of Sales and Chief Operating Officer in June 2017. Prior to such appointment, Mr. Iserman served as the President of the Company's Western Region, with responsibility for stores located in California, Washington, Nevada, and Arizona from October 2014 through May 2017. From April 2012 through September 2014, Mr. Iserman served as a Market President in California, leading the operations of 21 stores in Southern

California, and from October 2006 through March 2012, as a Market President in Arizona, leading the operations of 15 stores in Phoenix and Tucson.

Cheryl Miller has served as our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since March 2014. Prior thereto, Ms. Miller was appointed Interim Chief Financial Officer in January 2014, and she served as Treasurer, Vice President Investor Relations, a role she assumed in April 2010. From May 2009 to March 2010, Ms. Miller served as the Company's Vice President, Treasurer. From November 2006 until April 2009, she served as Vice President, Treasurer of JM Family Enterprises, Inc., a diversified automotive company. Ms. Miller serves as a director of Tyson Foods, Inc.

Marc Cannon was appointed Executive Vice President - Chief Marketing Officer, Communications and Public Policy in January 2017. Prior to that appointment, Mr. Cannon served as our Chief Marketing Officer, Senior Vice President of Communications and Public Policy from February 2016 through January 2017. Mr. Cannon is responsible for overseeing the Company's marketing, communications, community affairs, and public policy functions. From February 2007 until February 2016, Mr. Cannon served as our Senior Vice President, Corporate Communications.

Donna Parlapiano was appointed Executive Vice President, Franchise Operations and Corporate Real Estate, in January 2017. Prior to that appointment, Ms. Parlapiano served as our Senior Vice President, Franchise Operations and Corporate Real Estate, from February 2015 through January 2017. Ms. Parlapiano is responsible for our franchise operations, real estate development, construction projects, and facilities maintenance. From November 2006 until January 2015, she served as our Senior Vice President, Franchise Operations, and in February 2015, she assumed responsibility for our corporate real estate function. Prior to joining AutoNation in 1998, Ms. Parlapiano held finance, marketing, and strategic management positions with Ford Motor Company.

Thomas M. Conophy has served as our Executive Vice President and Chief Technology Officer since October 2016. From September 2013 to August 2016, Mr. Conophy served as Executive Vice President and Chief Information Officer of Staples, Inc. From February 2006 to March 2012, he served as Executive Vice President and Chief Information Officer of Intercontinental Hotels Group.

C. Coleman Edmunds has served as our Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary since April 2017. From October 2007 through March 2017, Mr. Edmunds served as our Senior Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary. Prior to joining AutoNation, Mr. Edmunds was in private practice with the international law firm of Baker & McKenzie.

Scott Arnold was appointed our Executive Vice President of Customer Care and Brand Extensions in May 2017. From January 2017 through April 2017, Mr. Arnold served as Senior Vice President, Customer Care. Prior to becoming a Senior Vice President, Mr. Arnold held various leadership roles within the Company, including as a Market President in the Company's Western Region from February 2011 until September 2012, as Region Vice President, Customer Care in the Company's Western Region from October 2012 through July 2015, and as Vice President, Customer Care from August 2015 through December 2016.

Corporate Social Focus

We have transformed our brand through our "Drive Pink" initiative. More than a charitable focus on cancer research and treatment, Drive Pink is a core element of our corporate culture and has impacted customers, associates, and communities in meaningful ways.

We fund national cancer research and treatment facilities from coast to coast through our philanthropic activities. Through the combined efforts of our 26,000 associates, vendors/partners, customers, and executive leadership, we have raised and donated over \$12 million to support the world-class AutoNation Institute for Breast Cancer, the Moffitt Cancer Center, the Breast Cancer Research Foundation, St. Jude Children's Research Hospital, and other leading cancer facilities. As the title sponsor of the AutoNation Cure Bowl, the first-ever college bowl game with a charitable cause in its name, we utilize a sports platform to deliver our cancer awareness message.

Our presence is felt at local community-based cancer events, as teams of our associates represent AutoNation at runs, walks, and other fundraisers. Yearly, AutoNation celebrates Drive Pink Across America Day by providing our associates with opportunities to deliver thousands of gift bags to local hospitals in our markets for patients undergoing cancer treatment.

Vehicles sold at our AutoNation locations are fitted with a pink license plate frame as a symbol of our commitment to "driving out" cancer. More than one million pink plates have been distributed to date.

Most recently, we announced an innovative company-paid cancer insurance plan that provides financial assistance to associates or their families recently diagnosed with cancer. This company-paid benefit is offered by fewer than 5% of companies nationally and it further underscores our commitment to driving out cancer.

Available Information

Our website is located at *www.autonation.com*, and our Investor Relations website is located at *investors.autonation.com*. The information on or accessible through our websites and social media channels is not incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to reports filed or furnished pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are available, free of charge, on our Investor Relations website as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects, and the prevailing market price and performance of our common stock may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including the matters discussed below. Certain statements and information set forth in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including, without limitation, statements regarding our strategic initiatives, our expectations for the future performance of our business and the automotive retail industry, and the impact of tax reform in the United States, as well as other written or oral statements made from time to time by us or by our authorized executive officers on our behalf, constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact, including statements that describe our objectives, plans, or goals, are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements. Words such as "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "goal," "plan," "believe," "continue," "may," "will," "could," and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations concerning future results and events, and they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that are difficult to predict and may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report or when made, and we undertake no obligation to revise or update these statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances. The risks, uncertainties, and other factors that our stockholders and prospective investors should consider include the following:

The automotive retail industry is sensitive to changing economic conditions and various other factors. Our business and results of operations are substantially dependent on vehicle sales levels in the United States and in our particular geographic markets, as well as the gross profit margins that we can achieve on our sales of vehicles, all of which are very difficult to predict.

We believe that many factors affect sales of new and used vehicles and automotive retailers' gross profit margins in the United States and in our particular geographic markets, including the economy, fuel prices, credit availability, interest rates, consumer confidence, consumer shopping preferences and the success of third-party online and mobile sales platforms, the level of personal discretionary spending, unemployment rates, the state of housing markets, vehicle production levels and capacity, auto emission and fuel economy standards, the rate of inflation, currency exchange rates, tariffs, manufacturer incentives (and consumers' reaction to such offers), intense industry competition, the prospects of war, other international conflicts or terrorist attacks, severe weather events, product quality, affordability and innovation, the number of consumers whose vehicle leases are expiring, the length of consumer loans on existing vehicles, and the rise of ridesharing applications. Changes in interest rates can significantly impact new and used vehicle sales and vehicle affordability due to the direct relationship between interest rates and monthly loan payments, a critical factor for many vehicle buyers, and the impact interest rates have on customers' borrowing capacity and disposable income. Sales of certain vehicles, particularly trucks and sport utility vehicles that historically have provided us with higher gross profit per vehicle retailed, are sensitive to fuel prices and the level of construction activity. In addition, volatility in fuel prices can cause rapid shifts in consumer preferences which are difficult to accommodate given the long lead-time of inventory acquisition. The imposition of new

tariffs could increase prices for vehicles imported into the United States and adversely impact demand for such vehicles. Our vehicle sales, service, and collision businesses could also be adversely affected by changes in the automotive industry driven by new technologies, distribution channels, or products, including ridesharing applications, subscription services, autonomous and electric vehicles, and accident avoidance technology.

Approximately 17.2 million, 17.5 million new vehicles were sold in the United States in 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. We currently expect that the annual rate of U.S. new vehicle unit sales will be approximately 16.8 million in 2018. However, actual sales may materially differ. If new vehicle production exceeds the new vehicle industry selling rate, our new vehicle gross profit per vehicle retailed could be adversely impacted by excess supply and any resulting changes in incentive, marketing, and other programs of vehicle manufacturers. See the risk factor "Our new vehicle sales are impacted by the incentive, marketing, and other programs of vehicle manufacturers" below. Further, our performance may differ from the performance of the automotive retail industry due to particular economic conditions and other factors in the geographic markets in which we operate. Economic conditions and the other factors described above may also materially adversely impact our sales of parts and automotive repair and maintenance services and automotive finance and insurance products.

Our new vehicle sales are impacted by the incentive, marketing, and other programs of vehicle manufacturers .

Most vehicle manufacturers from time to time establish various marketing and sales incentive programs designed to spur consumer demand for their vehicles, particularly during periods of excess supply and/or in a flat or declining new vehicle market. These programs impact our operations, particularly our sales of new vehicles. Since these programs are often not announced in advance, they can be difficult to plan for when ordering inventory. Furthermore, manufacturers may modify and discontinue these marketing and incentive programs from time to time, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and cash flows

In 2017, our new vehicle unit volume and new vehicle gross profit on a per vehicle retailed basis were adversely impacted by certain manufacturers' disruptive marketing and sales incentive programs based upon store-level growth targets established by those manufacturers (commonly referred to as "stair-step" incentive programs), which result in multi-tier pricing and adversely impact our ability to compete with other dealers. If those manufacturers continue to use such incentive programs or if other manufacturers adopt similar incentive programs, our operating results could continue to be adversely impacted.

We are dependent upon the success and continued financial viability of the vehicle manufacturers and distributors with which we hold franchises.

The success of our stores is dependent on vehicle manufacturers in several key respects. First, we rely exclusively on the various vehicle manufacturers for our new vehicle inventory. Our ability to sell new vehicles is dependent on a vehicle manufacturer's ability to produce and allocate to our stores an attractive, high-quality, and desirable product mix at the right time in order to satisfy customer demand. Second, manufacturers generally support their franchisees by providing direct financial assistance in various areas, including, among others, floorplan assistance and advertising assistance. Third, manufacturers provide product warranties and, in some cases, service contracts to customers. Our stores perform warranty and service contract work for vehicles under manufacturer product warranties and service contracts, and direct bill the manufacturer as opposed to invoicing the store customer. At any particular time, we have significant receivables from manufacturers for warranty and service work performed for customers. In addition, we rely on manufacturers to varying extents for original equipment manufactured replacement parts, training, product brochures and point of sale materials, and other items for our stores. Our business, results of operations, and financial condition could be materially adversely affected as a result of any event that has a material adverse effect on the vehicle manufacturers or distributors that are our primary franchisors.

The core brands of vehicles that we sell, representing approximately 93% of the new vehicles that we sold in 2017, are manufactured by Toyota (including Lexus), Honda, Ford, General Motors, FCA US, Mercedes-Benz, Nissan, BMW, and Volkswagen (including Audi and Porsche). We are subject to a concentration of risk in the event of adverse events or financial distress, including bankruptcy, impacting one or more of these manufacturers.

Vehicle manufacturers may be adversely impacted by economic downturns or recessions, significant declines in the sales of their new vehicles, natural disasters, increases in interest rates, adverse fluctuations in currency exchange rates,

declines in their credit ratings, labor strikes or similar disruptions (including within their major suppliers), supply shortages or rising raw material costs, rising employee benefit costs, vehicle recall campaigns, adverse publicity that may reduce consumer demand for their products (including due to bankruptcy), product defects, litigation, poor product mix or unappealing vehicle design, governmental laws and regulations (including fuel economy requirements), import product restrictions, the rise of ride-sharing applications, or other adverse events. These and other risks could materially adversely affect any manufacturer and impact its ability to profitably design, market, produce, or distribute new vehicles, which in turn could materially adversely affect our ability to obtain or finance our desired new vehicle inventories, our ability to take advantage of manufacturer financial assistance programs, our ability to collect in full or on a timely basis our manufacturer warranty and other receivables, and/or our ability to obtain other goods and services provided by the impacted manufacturer. In addition, vehicle recall campaigns could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Our business could be materially adversely impacted by the bankruptcy of a major vehicle manufacturer or related lender. For example, (i) a manufacturer in bankruptcy could attempt to terminate all or certain of our franchises, in which case we may not receive adequate compensation for our franchises, (ii) consumer demand for such manufacturer's products could be materially adversely affected, (iii) a lender in bankruptcy could attempt to terminate our floorplan financing and demand repayment of any amounts outstanding, (iv) we may be unable to arrange financing for our customers for their vehicle purchases and leases through such lender, in which case we would be required to seek financing with alternate financing sources, which may be difficult to obtain on similar terms, if at all, (v) we may be unable to collect some or all of our significant receivables that are due from such manufacturer or lender, and we may be subject to preference claims relating to payments made by such manufacturer or lender prior to bankruptcy, and (vi) such manufacturer may be relieved of its indemnification obligations with respect to product liability claims. Additionally, any such bankruptcy may result in us being required to incur impairment charges with respect to the inventory, fixed assets, and intangible assets related to certain franchises, which could adversely impact our results of operations, financial condition, and our ability to remain in compliance with the financial ratios contained in our debt agreements.

If we are not able to maintain and enhance our retail brands and reputation or to attract consumers to our own digital channels, or if events occur that damage our retail brands, reputation, or sales channels, our business and financial results may be harmed. We are investing significantly in our brand extension strategy, and if our strategic initiatives are not successful, we will have incurred significant expenses without the benefit of improved financial results

We believe that we have built an excellent reputation as an automotive retailer in the United States. During the first half of 2013, we transitioned our Domestic and Import stores to a unified AutoNation retail brand. We believe that our continued success will depend on our ability to maintain and enhance the value of our retail brands across all of our sales channels, including in the communities in which we operate, and to attract consumers to our own digital channels.

Consumers are increasingly shopping for new and used vehicles, automotive repair and maintenance services, and other automotive products and services online and through mobile applications, including through third-party online and mobile sales platforms, with which we compete, that are designed to generate consumer sales leads that are sold to automotive dealers. If we fail to preserve the value of our retail brands, maintain our reputation, or attract consumers to our own digital channels, our business could be adversely impacted.

An isolated business incident at a single store could materially adversely affect our other stores, retail brands, reputation, and sales channels, particularly if such incident results in adverse publicity, governmental investigations, or litigation. In addition, the growing use of social media by consumers increases the speed and extent that information and opinions can be shared, and negative posts or comments on social media about AutoNation or any of our stores could materially damage our retail brands, reputation, and sales channels.

We have invested and will continue to invest substantial resources in marketing activities with the goals of, among other things, extending and enhancing the AutoNation retail brand and attracting consumers to our own digital channels. We are also investing significantly in our brand extension strategy, which includes stand-alone used vehicle sales and service centers and branded parts and accessories and the expansion of branded collision centers and automotive auctions. In connection with our brand extension strategy, we have adopted a one price used vehicle centralized pricing and appraisal strategy at all of our stores. See "Business Strategy" in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-K. The roll-out of these strategic initiatives may be impacted by a number of variables, including customer adoption, market conditions, and our ability to identify, acquire, and build out suitable locations in a timely manner. There can be no assurance that those initiatives will

be successful or that the amount we invest in those initiatives will result in improved financial results. If our initiatives are not successful, we will have incurred significant expenses without the benefit of improved financial results.

New laws, regulations, or governmental policies regarding fuel economy and greenhouse gas emission standards, or changes to existing standards, may affect vehicle manufacturers' ability to produce cost-effective vehicles or vehicles that consumers demand, which could adversely impact our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flow, and prospects.

Vehicle manufacturers are subject to government-mandated fuel economy and greenhouse gas, or GHG, emission standards, which continue to change and become more stringent over time. In May 2010, the Environmental Protection Agency and the National Highway Transportation Safety Administration issued a joint final rule implementing harmonized federal standards for fuel economy and GHG emissions standards, which will substantially increase fuel economy requirements. These and other laws and regulations could materially adversely affect, particularly during periods when fuel prices are low, the ability of manufacturers to produce, and our ability to sell, vehicles in demand by consumers at affordable prices, which could materially adversely impact our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flow, and prospects.

Natural disasters and adverse weather events can disrupt our business.

Our stores are concentrated in states and regions in the United States, including primarily Florida, Texas, and California, in which actual or threatened natural disasters and severe weather events (such as hail storms, hurricanes, earthquakes, fires, tornadoes, snow storms, and landslides) may disrupt our store operations, which may adversely impact our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows. In 2017, Hurricanes Harvey and Irma resulted in temporary store closures, with business disruption lasting up to a week in certain parts of Texas and Florida. In addition to business interruption, the automotive retail business is subject to substantial risk of property loss due to the significant concentration of property values at store locations.

We cannot assure you that we will not be exposed to uninsured or underinsured losses that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows. In addition, natural disasters may adversely impact new vehicle production and the global automotive supply chain, which in turn could materially adversely impact our business, results of operations, financial conditions, and cash flows.

We are subject to restrictions imposed by, and significant influence from, vehicle manufacturers that may adversely impact our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects, including our ability to acquire additional stores.

Vehicle manufacturers and distributors with whom we hold franchises have significant influence over the operations of our stores. The terms and conditions of our framework, franchise, and related agreements and the manufacturers' interests and objectives may, in certain circumstances, conflict with our interests and objectives. For example, manufacturers can set performance standards with respect to sales volume, sales effectiveness, and customer satisfaction, and can influence our ability to acquire additional stores, the naming and marketing of our stores, our digital channels, our selection of store management, product stocking and advertising spending levels, and the level at which we capitalize our stores. Manufacturers also impose minimum facility requirements that can require significant capital expenditures. Manufacturers may also have certain rights to restrict our ability to provide guaranties of our operating companies, pledges of the capital stock of our subsidiaries, and liens on our assets, which could adversely impact our ability to obtain financing for our business and operations on favorable terms or at desired levels. From time to time, we are precluded under agreements with certain manufacturers from acquiring additional franchises, or subject to other adverse actions, to the extent we are not meeting certain performance criteria at our existing stores (with respect to matters such as sales volume, sales effectiveness, and customer satisfaction) until our performance improves in accordance with the agreements, subject to applicable state franchise laws.

Manufacturers also have the right to establish new franchises or relocate existing franchises, subject to applicable state franchise laws. The establishment or relocation of franchises in our markets could have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects of our stores in the market in which the franchise action is taken.

Our framework, franchise, and related agreements also grant the manufacturer the right to terminate or compel us to sell our franchise for a variety of reasons (including uncured performance deficiencies, any unapproved change of ownership or management, or any unapproved transfer of franchise rights or impairment of financial standing or failure to meet capital requirements), subject to applicable state franchise laws. From time to time, certain major manufacturers assert sales and customer satisfaction performance deficiencies under the terms of our framework and franchise agreements. Additionally, our framework agreements contain restrictions regarding a change in control, which may be outside of our control. See "Agreements with Vehicle Manufacturers" in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-K. While we believe that we will be able to renew all of our franchise agreements, we cannot guarantee that all of our franchise agreements will be renewed or that the terms of the renewals will be favorable to us. We cannot assure you that our stores will be able to comply with manufacturers' sales, customer satisfaction, performance, facility, and other requirements in the future, which may affect our ability to acquire new stores or renew our franchise agreements, or subject us to other adverse actions, including termination or compelled sale of a franchise, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects. Furthermore, we rely on the protection of state franchise laws in the states in which we operate and if those laws are repealed or weakened, our framework, franchise, and related agreements may become more susceptible to termination, non-renewal, or renegotiation.

In addition, we have granted certain manufacturers the right to acquire, at fair market value, our automotive dealerships franchised by that manufacturer in specified circumstances in the event of our default under certain of our debt agreements.

We are subject to numerous legal and administrative proceedings, which, if the outcomes are adverse to us, could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and prospects.

We are involved, and will continue to be involved, in numerous legal proceedings arising out of the conduct of our business, including litigation with customers, wage and hour and other employment-related lawsuits, and actions brought by governmental authorities. Some of these lawsuits purport or may be determined to be class or collective actions and seek substantial damages or injunctive relief, or both, and some may remain unresolved for several years. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, or prospects. However, the results of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, and an unfavorable resolution of one or more of these matters could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and prospects.

Our operations are subject to extensive governmental laws and regulations. If we are found to be in purported violation of or subject to liabilities under any of these laws or regulations, or if new laws or regulations are enacted that adversely affect our operations, our business, operating results, and prospects could suffer.

The automotive retail industry, including our facilities and operations, is subject to a wide range of federal, state, and local laws and regulations, such as those relating to motor vehicle sales, retail installment sales, leasing, finance and insurance, advertising, licensing, consumer protection, consumer privacy, escheatment, anti-money laundering, the environment, vehicle emissions and fuel economy, health and safety, and employment practices. With respect to motor vehicle sales, retail installment sales, leasing, finance and insurance, and advertising, we are subject to various laws and regulations, the violation of which could subject us to consumer class action or other lawsuits or governmental investigations and adverse publicity, in addition to administrative, civil, or criminal sanctions. With respect to employment practices, we are subject to various laws and regulations, including complex federal, state, and local wage and hour and anti-discrimination laws. We are also subject to lawsuits and governmental investigations alleging violations of these laws and regulations, including purported class action lawsuits, which could result in significant liability, fines, and penalties. See the risk factor "We are subject to numerous legal and administrative proceedings, which, if the outcomes are adverse to us, could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and prospects" above. The violation of other laws and regulations to which we are subject also can result in administrative, civil, or criminal sanctions against us, which may include a cease and desist order against the subject operations or even revocation or suspension of our license to operate the subject business, as well as significant fines and penalties. We currently devote significant resources to comply with applicable federal, state, and local regulation of health, safety, environmental, zoning, and land use regulations, and we may need to spend additional time, effort, and money to kee

liabilities we believe we are entitled to indemnification from other entities, we cannot assure you that such entities will view their obligations as we do or will be able to satisfy them. Failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations or the unfavorable resolution of one or more lawsuits or governmental investigations may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and prospects.

The Dodd-Frank Act established the CFPB, an independent federal agency funded by the United States Federal Reserve with broad regulatory powers and limited oversight from the United States Congress. Although automotive dealers are generally excluded, the Dodd-Frank Act could lead to additional, indirect regulation of automotive dealers, in particular, their sale and marketing of finance and insurance products, through its regulation of automotive finance companies and other financial institutions. In addition, the CFPB issued a rule, pursuant to its authority under the Dodd-Frank Act, expanding its supervisory authority with respect to certain non-bank lenders, including automotive finance companies, participating in automotive financing. The Dodd-Frank Act also provided the FTC with new and expanded authority regarding automotive dealers, and the FTC has implemented an enforcement initiative relating to the advertising practices of automotive dealers. Regulation from the CFPB or other federal agencies could lead to significant changes in the manner that dealers are compensated for arranging customer financing, and while it is difficult to predict how any such changes might impact us, any adverse changes could have a material adverse impact on our finance and insurance business and results of operations.

A failure of our information systems or any security breach or unauthorized disclosure of confidential information could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our business is dependent upon the efficient operation of our information systems. We rely on our information systems to manage, among other things, our sales, inventory, and service efforts, including through our digital channels, and customer information, as well as to prepare our consolidated financial and operating data. The failure of our information systems to perform as designed or the failure to maintain and enhance or protect the integrity of these systems could disrupt our business operations, impact sales and results of operations, expose us to customer or third-party claims, or result in adverse publicity. Additionally, we collect, process, and retain sensitive and confidential customer information in the normal course of our business. Despite the security measures we have in place and any additional measures we may implement in the future, our facilities and systems, and those of our third-party service providers, could experience security breaches, computer viruses, lost or misplaced data, programming errors, human errors, acts of vandalism, or other events. For example, several well-known retailers have disclosed high-profile security breaches, involving sophisticated and highly targeted attacks on their company's infrastructure or their customers' data, which were not recognized or detected until after such retailers had been affected notwithstanding the preventative measures such retailers had in place. Any security breach or event resulting in the misappropriation, loss, or other unauthorized disclosure of confidential information, whether by us directly or our third-party service providers, could damage our reputation, expose us to the risks of litigation and liability, disrupt our business, or otherwise affect our results of operations.

Our debt agreements contain certain financial ratios and other restrictions on our ability to conduct our business, and our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect our financial condition and operations and prevent us from fulfilling our debt service obligations.

The credit agreement governing our revolving credit facility and the indentures relating to our senior unsecured notes contain covenants that limit the discretion of our management with respect to various business matters. These covenants place restrictions on, among other things, our ability to incur additional indebtedness, to create liens or other encumbrances, and to sell or otherwise dispose of assets and to merge or consolidate with other entities. A failure by us to comply with the obligations contained in any of our debt agreements could result in an event of default, which could permit acceleration of the related debt as well as acceleration of debt under other debt agreements that contain cross-acceleration or cross-default provisions. If any debt is accelerated, our liquid assets may not be sufficient to repay in full such indebtedness and our other indebtedness. Additionally, we have granted certain manufacturers the right to acquire, at fair market value, our automotive stores franchised by those manufacturers in specified circumstances in the event of our default under our debt agreements.

Under our credit agreement, we are required to remain in compliance with a maximum leverage ratio and a maximum capitalization ratio. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources — Restrictions and Covenants" in Part II, Item 7 of this Form 10-K. If our earnings decline, we may be unable to comply with the financial ratios required by our credit agreement. In such case, we would seek an amendment or waiver of our credit agreement or consider other options, such as raising

capital through an equity issuance to pay down debt, which could be dilutive to stockholders. There can be no assurance that our lenders would agree to an amendment or waiver of our credit agreement. In the event we obtain an amendment or waiver of our credit agreement, we would likely incur additional fees and higher interest expense.

As of December 31, 2017, we had \$2.7 billion of total non-vehicle debt (including amounts outstanding under our commercial paper program and capital leases) and \$3.8 billion of vehicle floorplan financing. Our substantial indebtedness could have important consequences. For example:

- · We may have difficulty satisfying our debt service obligations and, if we fail to comply with these requirements, an event of default could result;
- We may be required to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to make required payments on indebtedness, thereby reducing the availability of cash flow for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, and other general corporate activities;
- Covenants relating to our indebtedness may limit our ability to obtain financing for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, and other general corporate activities;
- Covenants relating to our indebtedness may limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry in which we operate;
- We may be more vulnerable to the impact of economic downturns and adverse developments in our business;
- We may be placed at a competitive disadvantage against any less leveraged competitors;
- · Our variable interest rate debt will fluctuate with changing market conditions and, accordingly, our interest expense will increase if interest rates rise; and
- · Future share repurchases may be limited by the maximum leverage ratio and/or maximum capitalization ratio described above.

The occurrence of any one of these events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, prospects, and ability to satisfy our debt service obligations.

We are subject to interest rate risk in connection with our vehicle floorplan payables, revolving credit facility, and commercial paper program that could have a material adverse effect on our profitability.

Our vehicle floorplan payables and revolving credit facility are subject to variable interest rates, and the interest rate for our commercial paper notes varies based on duration and market conditions. Accordingly, our interest expense will fluctuate with changing market conditions and will increase if interest rates rise. In addition, our net new vehicle inventory carrying cost (new vehicle floorplan interest expense net of floorplan assistance that we receive from automotive manufacturers) may increase due to changes in interest rates, inventory levels, and manufacturer assistance. We cannot assure you that a significant increase in interest rates would not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Goodwill and other intangible assets comprise a significant portion of our total assets. We must test our goodwill and other intangible assets for impairment at least annually, which could result in a material, non-cash write-down of goodwill or franchise rights and could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations and shareholders' equity.

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are subject to impairment assessments at least annually (or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that an impairment may have occurred) by applying a fair-value based test. Our principal intangible assets are goodwill and our rights under our franchise agreements with vehicle manufacturers. A decrease in our market capitalization or profitability increases the risk of goodwill impairment. Negative or declining cash flows or a decline in actual or planned revenues for our stores increases the risk of franchise rights impairment. An impairment loss could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations and shareholders' equity.

Our largest stockholders, as a result of their ownership stakes in us, may have the ability to exert substantial influence over actions to be taken or approved by our stockholders or Board of Directors. In addition, future share repurchases and fluctuations in the levels of ownership of our largest stockholders could impact the volume of trading, liquidity, and market price of our common stock.

Based on filings made with the SEC through February 12, 2018, William H. Gates III beneficially owns approximately 22% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, through holdings by Cascade Investment, L.L.C. ("Cascade"), which is solely owned by Mr. Gates, and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Trust (the "Trust"), of which he is a co-trustee. As a result, Cascade and the Trust may have the ability to exert substantial influence over actions to be taken or approved by our stockholders, including the election of directors and any transactions involving a change of control. In addition, Michael Larson, the chief investment officer for William H. Gates III and Business Manager for Cascade, serves as our lead independent director. Cascade and the Trust, therefore, may also have the ability to exert substantial influence over actions to be taken or approved by our Board.

Based on filings made with the SEC through February 12, 2018, ESL Investments, Inc. together with certain of its investment affiliates (collectively, "ESL") beneficially owns approximately 16% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. As a result, ESL may also have the ability to exert substantial influence over actions to be taken or approved by our stockholders, including the election of directors and any transactions involving a change of control.

In the future, our largest stockholders may acquire or dispose of shares of our common stock and thereby increase or decrease their ownership stake in us. Based on filings made with the SEC through February 12, 2018, since January 1, 2017, ESL has disposed of approximately 1.3 million shares of our common stock. Significant fluctuations in the levels of ownership of our largest stockholders could impact the volume of trading, liquidity, and market price of our common stock.

In the aggregate, based on filings made with the SEC through February 12, 2018, ESL, Cascade, the Trust, our executive officers, and our directors beneficially own approximately 41% of our outstanding shares. Future share repurchases by the Company, together with any future share purchases by our affiliates, will reduce our "public float" (shares owned by non-affiliate stockholders and available for trading). Such reduction in our public float could decrease the volume of trading and liquidity of our common stock, could lead to increased volatility in the market price of our common stock, or could adversely impact the market price of our common stock.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We lease our current corporate headquarters facility in Fort Lauderdale, Florida, pursuant to a lease expiring on December 31, 2029. We also own or lease numerous facilities relating to our operations under each of our operating segments. These facilities are located in the following 16 states: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Maryland, Minnesota, Nevada, New York, Ohio, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and Washington. These facilities consist primarily of automobile showrooms, display lots, service facilities, collision repair centers, supply facilities, automobile storage lots, parking lots, and offices. We believe that our facilities are sufficient for our current needs and are in good condition in all material respects.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved and will continue to be involved in numerous legal proceedings arising out of the conduct of our business, including litigation with customers, wage and hour and other employment-related lawsuits, and actions brought by governmental authorities. Some of these lawsuits purport or may be determined to be class or collective actions and seek substantial damages or injunctive relief, or both, and some may remain unresolved for several years.

We are cooperating with various District Attorneys in California in an investigation of our disposal of hazardous waste at certain of our stores in California. No administrative or judicial proceeding has yet been instituted with respect to the matters under investigation. We currently expect to settle this matter and have accrued for estimated probable losses we expect to incur.

We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of any of the foregoing matters will have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows. However, the results of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, and an unfavorable resolution of one or more of these matters could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flow, and prospects.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information, Holders, and Dividends

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AN." The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices of our common stock for the periods indicated.

	High		Low
2017		'	
Fourth Quarter	\$ 57.83	\$	43.42
Third Quarter	\$ 49.40	\$	38.59
Second Quarter	\$ 45.35	\$	38.20
First Quarter	\$ 53.74	\$	41.55
2016			
Fourth Quarter	\$ 50.46	\$	39.28
Third Quarter	\$ 54.15	\$	45.19
Second Quarter	\$ 52.04	\$	43.78
First Quarter	\$ 59.22	\$	40.45

As of February 12, 2018, there were 1,522 holders of record of our common stock. A substantially greater number of holders of our common stock are "street name" or beneficial holders, whose shares are held of record by banks, brokers, and other financial institutions.

We have not declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock during our two most recent fiscal years. We do not currently anticipate paying cash dividends for the foreseeable future.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The table below sets forth information with respect to shares of common stock repurchased by AutoNation, Inc. during 2017.

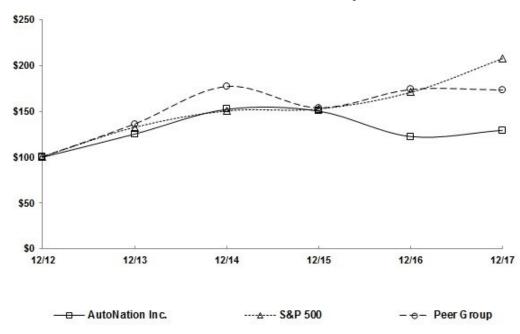
Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (in millions) (1)
October 1, 2017 – October 31, 2017	453	\$ 47.24	_	\$ 113.7
November 1, 2017 – November 30, 2017	_	\$ _	_	\$ 113.7
December 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017	_	\$ _	_	\$ 113.7
Total for three months ended December 31, 2017	453		_	
Total for twelve months ended December 31, 2017	10,141,808		10,115,294	

Our Board of Directors from time to time authorizes the repurchase of shares of our common stock up to a certain monetary limit. As of December 31, 2017, \$113.7 million remained available under our stock repurchase limit most recently authorized by our Board of Directors. Our stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date. In 2017, all of our shares were repurchased under our stock repurchase program, except for 26,514 shares that were surrendered to AutoNation to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock (8,124 shares in the first quarter of 2017, 17,796 shares in the second quarter of 2017, 141 shares in the third quarter of 2017, and 453 shares in the fourth quarter of 2017).

Stock Performance Graph

The following graph and table compare the cumulative total stockholder return on our common stock from December 31, 2012 through December 31, 2017 with the performance of: (i) the Standard & Poor's ("S&P") 500 Index and (ii) a self-constructed peer group consisting of other public companies in the automotive retail market, referred to as the "Public Auto Retail Peer Group." The Public Auto Retail Peer Group consists of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc., CarMax, Inc., Group 1 Automotive, Inc., Lithia Motors, Inc., Penske Automotive Group, Inc., and Sonic Automotive, Inc., and these companies are weighted by market capitalization. We have created these comparisons using data supplied by Research Data Group, Inc. The comparisons reflected in the graph and table are not intended to forecast the future performance of our stock and may not be indicative of future performance. The graph and table assume that \$100 was invested on December 31, 2012 in each of our common stock, the S&P 500 Index, and the Public Auto Retail Peer Group and that any dividends were reinvested.

Comparison of Five-Year Cumulative Return for AutoNation, Inc., the S&P 500 Index, and the Public Auto Retail Peer Group



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	12/12	12/13	12/14	12/15	12/16	12/17
AutoNation Inc.	100.00	125.16	152.17	150.28	122.54	129.29
S&P 500	100.00	132.39	150.51	152.59	170.84	208.14
Public Auto Retail Peer Group	100.00	135.88	177.13	153.73	173.81	173.27

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

You should read the following Selected Financial Data in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto, and other financial information included elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

	As of and for the Years Ended December 31,								
(In millions, except per share data and unit sales)		2017		2016		2015	2014		2013
Consolidated Statements of Income Data:									
Revenue	\$	21,534.6	\$	21,609.0	\$	20,862.0	\$ 19,108.8	\$	17,517.6
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$	636.5	\$	702.3	\$	722.7	\$ 682.3	\$	604.4
Net income	\$	434.6	\$	430.5	\$	442.6	\$ 418.7	\$	374.9
Basic earnings (loss) per share:									
Continuing operations	\$	4.45	\$	4.19	\$	3.94	\$ 3.58	\$	3.10
Discontinued operations	\$	_	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$	(0.01)
Net income	\$	4.44	\$	4.18	\$	3.93	\$ 3.57	\$	3.09
Weighted average common shares outstanding		97.8		103.1		112.7	117.3		121.3
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:									
Continuing operations	\$	4.43	\$	4.16	\$	3.90	\$ 3.53	\$	3.05
Discontinued operations	\$	_	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$	(0.01)
Net income	\$	4.43	\$	4.15	\$	3.89	\$ 3.52	\$	3.04
Weighted average common shares outstanding		98.2		103.8		113.9	118.9		123.3
Common shares outstanding, net of treasury stock		91.6		100.7		110.8	113.3		120.9
Consolidated Balance Sheets Data:									
Total assets	\$	10,271.5	\$	10,060.0	\$	9,548.2	\$ 8,395.0	\$	7,905.9
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$	1,959.2	\$	1,611.1	\$	1,745.3	\$ 2,098.7	\$	1,801.6
Shareholders' equity	\$	2,369.3	\$	2,310.3	\$	2,349.3	\$ 2,072.1	\$	2,061.7
Retail vehicle unit sales (continuing operations):									
New vehicle		329,116		337,622		339,080	318,008		292,922
Used vehicle		234,148		225,713		227,290	214,910		204,572
Total		563,264		563,335		566,370	532,918		497,494

See the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. See Part II, Item 5 of this Form 10-K for a discussion of our dividend policy.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with Part I, including matters set forth in the "Risk Factors" section of this Form 10-K, and our Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Except to the extent that differences among reportable segments are material to an understanding of our business taken as a whole, we present the discussion in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations on a consolidated basis.

Overview

AutoNation, Inc., through its subsidiaries, is the largest automotive retailer in the United States. As of December 31, 2017, we owned and operated 360 new vehicle franchises from 253 stores located in the United States, predominantly in major metropolitan markets in the Sunbelt region. Our stores, which we believe include some of the most recognizable and well known in our key markets, sell 33 different new vehicle brands. The core brands of new vehicles that we sell, representing approximately 93% of the new vehicles that we sold in 2017, are manufactured by Toyota (including Lexus), Honda, Ford, General Motors, FCA US, Mercedes-Benz, Nissan, BMW, and Volkswagen (including Audi and Porsche). We also own and operate 76 AutoNation-branded collision centers.

We offer a diversified range of automotive products and services, including new vehicles, used vehicles, "parts and service" (also referred to as "Customer Care"), which includes automotive repair and maintenance services as well as wholesale parts and collision businesses, and automotive "finance and insurance" products (also referred to as "Customer Financial Services"), which include vehicle service and other protection products, as well as the arranging of financing for vehicle purchases through third-party finance sources.

As of December 31, 2017, we had three reportable segments: Domestic, Import, and Premium Luxury. Our Domestic segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new vehicles manufactured by General Motors, Ford, and FCA US. Our Import segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new vehicles manufactured primarily by Toyota, Honda, and Nissan. Our Premium Luxury segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new vehicles manufactured primarily by Mercedes-Benz, BMW, Lexus, and Audi. The franchises in each segment also sell used vehicles, parts and automotive repair and maintenance services, and automotive finance and insurance products.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, new vehicle sales accounted for approximately 57% of our total revenue, and approximately 18% of our total gross profit. Used vehicle sales accounted for approximately 23% of our total revenue, and approximately 9% of our total gross profit. Our parts and service and finance and insurance operations, while comprising approximately 20% of total revenue, contributed approximately 72% of our gross profit.

Market Conditions

Full-year U.S. industry new vehicle unit sales were 17.2 million in 2017, as compared to 17.5 million in 2016 and 17.5 million in 2015. We currently expect that full-year U.S. industry new vehicle unit sales in 2018 will be approximately 16.8 million units. However, actual sales may materially differ. Based on industry data, vehicle leasing and manufacturer incentives remain at historically-high levels. To the extent that vehicle manufacturers reduce their support for these programs, U.S. industry and our new vehicle unit retail sales could be adversely impacted. In addition, an increase in off-lease supply of late-model used vehicles could benefit retail used vehicle unit volume but adversely impact retail new vehicle unit volume and pricing.

Tax Reform

On December 22, 2017, H.R.1, formally known as the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act," was enacted into law. This new tax legislation, among other things, reduces the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%, effective January 1, 2018. We estimate that the tax reform bill will reduce our annual effective income tax rate in 2018 by approximately 12 to 13 percentage points.

The tax reform bill also positively impacted fourth quarter 2017 net income from continuing operations by \$41.3 million, or \$0.45 per share on a diluted basis, due to the revaluation of our deferred tax liability. Under generally accepted accounting principles, deferred tax assets and liabilities are required to be revalued during the period in which new tax legislation is enacted.

Results of Operations

We had net income from continuing operations of \$435.0 million and diluted earnings per share of \$4.43 in 2017, as compared to net income from continuing operations of \$431.7 million and diluted earnings per share of \$4.16 in 2016, and net income from continuing operations of \$443.7 million and diluted earnings per share of \$3.90 in 2015.

Our finance and insurance gross profit increased 5% and our parts and service gross profit increased 4%, each as compared to 2016, primarily due to our brand extension strategy. These increases were partially offset by increases in SG&A largely as a result of our brand extension strategy and acquisitions, as well as decreases in new and used vehicle gross profit. Our retail new vehicle unit sales were down 3% in 2017 as compared to 2016, largely due to declines in our Florida and Texas markets and competitive market conditions in a plateauing new vehicle sales environment. Our new vehicle unit volume and new vehicle gross profit on a per vehicle retailed ("PVR") basis were also adversely impacted by certain manufacturers' disruptive marketing and sales incentive programs, particularly in our Domestic segment. While our used vehicle unit volume benefited from a growing supply of off-lease vehicles and lower used vehicle pricing, gross profit PVR of used vehicles decreased for all three segments, particularly in our Domestic segment.

Net income from continuing operations benefited from a decrease in the income tax provision of \$41.3 million in 2017 due to the tax reform bill, net after-tax gains related to business/property divestitures of \$42.2 million in 2017, \$30.1 million in 2016, and \$11.1 million in 2015, and after-tax gains of \$6.7 million in 2017 in connection with payments we received from manufacturers related to a legal settlement and for the waiver of certain franchise protest rights and \$8.9 million in 2016 related to legal settlements. See "Other Income, Net" below.

Strategic Initiatives

We continue to implement our comprehensive, customer-focused brand extension strategy, which includes AutoNation-branded parts and accessories, the expansion of AutoNation-branded collision centers and AutoNation-branded automotive auctions, and AutoNation USA stand-alone used vehicle sales and service centers. In 2017, we opened two automotive auctions, three AutoNation USA stores, and one collision center. Additionally, we acquired seven collision centers. As part of our brand extension strategy, we also implemented AutoNation Pre-Owned 360, which includes our technology, processes, and procedures for our One Price used vehicle centralized pricing and appraisal strategy, as well as our "We'll Buy Your Car" program (under which customers receive a guaranteed trade-in offer honored for 7 days or 500 miles at any of our locations), and related training and systems. We expect that these initiatives will expand and strengthen the AutoNation retail brand, improve the customer experience, provide new growth opportunities, and enable us to expand our footprint in our core and other markets.

In the fourth quarter of 2017, we announced that we have partnered with Waymo, the self-driving technology company of Alphabet Inc., in a multi-year agreement to support Waymo's autonomous vehicle program. Our franchised stores, AutoNation USA stores, and other AutoNation locations will provide vehicle maintenance and repairs for Waymo's self-driving hybrid vehicle fleet, beginning with Chrysler Pacificas in the Phoenix area, with the potential to expand to other markets and brands. We do not expect this agreement to have a material effect on our financial results during the early stages of this strategic partnership.

Inventory Management

Our new and used vehicle inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We monitor our vehicle inventory levels based on current economic conditions and seasonal sales trends.

We have typically not experienced significant losses on the sale of new vehicle inventory, in part due to incentives provided by manufacturers to promote sales of new vehicles and our inventory management practices. We closely monitor our new vehicle inventory values as compared to market values, and as a result, our new vehicle inventory balance was net of cumulative write-downs of \$2.2 million at December 31, 2017.

We recondition the majority of used vehicles acquired for retail sale in our parts and service departments and capitalize the related costs to the used vehicle inventory. Typically, used vehicles that are not sold on a retail basis are sold at wholesale auctions. Our used vehicle inventory balance was net of cumulative write-downs of \$4.1 million at December 31, 2017, and \$5.9 million at December 31, 2016.

Parts, accessories, and other inventory are carried at the lower of acquisition cost or market. We estimate the amount of potential obsolete inventory based upon past experience, manufacturer return policies, and industry trends. Our parts, accessories, and other inventory balance was net of cumulative write-downs of \$5.2 million at December 31, 2017, and \$3.9 million at December 31, 2016.

Critical Accounting Estimates

We prepare our Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis and we base our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions we believe to be reasonable. Actual outcomes could differ materially from those estimates in a manner that could have a material effect on our Consolidated Financial Statements. Set forth below are the accounting estimates that we have identified as critical to our business operations and an understanding of our results of operations, based on the high degree of judgment or complexity in their application. See Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of other significant accounting policies.

Goodwill

Goodwill for our reporting units is tested for impairment annually on April 30 or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. We elected to perform a quantitative goodwill impairment test as of April 30, 2017, and no impairment charges resulted from the impairment test.

The quantitative goodwill impairment test requires a determination of whether the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. We estimate the fair value of our reporting units using an "income" valuation approach, which discounts expected future cash flows of the reporting unit at a computed weighted average cost of capital as the discount rate. The income valuation approach requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions, which include revenue growth rates and future operating margins used to calculate projected future cash flows, weighted average costs of capital, and future economic and market conditions. In connection with this process, we also reconcile the estimated aggregate fair values of our reporting units to our market capitalization, including consideration of a control premium that represents the estimated amount an investor would pay for our equity securities to obtain a controlling interest. We believe that this reconciliation process is consistent with a market participant perspective. We base our cash flow forecasts on our knowledge of the automotive industry, our recent performance, our expectations of our future performance, and other assumptions we believe to be reasonable but that are unpredictable and inherently uncertain. Actual future results may differ from those estimates. We also make certain judgments and assumptions in allocating shared assets and liabilities to determine the carrying values for each of our reporting units.

As of December 31, 2017, we have \$231.7 million of goodwill related to the Domestic reporting unit, \$532.4 million related to the Import reporting unit, \$712.1 million related to the Premium Luxury reporting unit, and \$38.8 million in "Other." The fair values of each of the reporting units were substantially in excess of their carrying values as of April 30, 2017, the date of our quantitative goodwill impairment test.

Other Intangible Assets

Our principal identifiable intangible assets are individual store rights under franchise agreements with vehicle manufacturers, which have indefinite lives and are tested for impairment annually on April 30 or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred.

Our franchise rights, which related to 73 stores and totaled \$589.4 million at April 30, 2017, are evaluated for impairment on a franchise-by-franchise basis annually. We elected to perform quantitative franchise rights impairment tests as of April 30, 2017, and no impairment charges resulted from the impairment tests. The quantitative impairment test for franchise rights requires the comparison of the franchise rights' estimated fair value to carrying value by store. Fair values of rights under franchise agreements are estimated using Level 3 inputs by discounting expected future cash flows of the store. The forecasted cash flows contain inherent uncertainties, including significant estimates and assumptions related to growth rates, margins, working capital requirements, capital expenditures, and cost of capital, for which we utilize certain market participant-based assumptions using third-party industry projections, economic projections, and other marketplace data we believe to be reasonable. If, hypothetically, the fair value of each of the franchise rights quantitatively tested had been determined to be 10% lower as of the valuation date, no impairment charges would have resulted. The effect of a hypothetical 10% decrease in fair value estimates is not intended to provide a sensitivity analysis of every potential outcome.

Chargeback Liability

Revenue on finance and insurance products represents commissions earned by us for the placement of: (i) loans and leases with financial institutions in connection with customer vehicle purchases financed, (ii) vehicle service contracts with third-party providers, and (iii) other vehicle protection products with third-party providers. We primarily sell these products on a straight commission basis; however, in certain cases, we also participate in the future underwriting profit on certain products pursuant to retrospective commission arrangements with the issuers of those products, which is recognized as earned.

We may be charged back for commissions related to financing, vehicle service contracts, or other vehicle protection products in the event of early termination, default, or prepayment of the contracts by customers ("chargebacks"). However, our exposure to loss generally is limited to the commissions that we receive. These commissions are recorded at the time of the sale of the vehicles, net of an estimated liability for chargebacks.

We estimate our liability for chargebacks on an individual product basis using our historical chargeback experience based on internal cancellation data, as well as cancellation data received from third parties that sell and administer these products. Our estimated liability for chargebacks totaled \$120.8 million at December 31, 2017, and \$116.8 million at December 31, 2016.

Chargebacks are influenced by the volume of vehicle sales in recent years, commission levels, product penetration, product mix, and increases or decreases in early termination rates resulting from cancellation of vehicle service contracts and other vehicle protection products, defaults, refinancings, payoffs before maturity, and other factors. While we consider these factors in the estimation of our chargeback liability, actual events may differ from our estimates, which could result in an adjustment to our estimated liability for chargebacks. The increase in our liability for chargebacks is largely attributable to increases in commission levels received upon the sale of vehicle service contracts, vehicle unit volume, and product penetration in recent years, as well as product mix. Our actual chargeback experience has not been materially different from our recorded estimates. A 10% change in our estimated cancellation rates would have changed our estimated liability for chargebacks at December 31, 2017, by approximately \$12.1 million. See Note 18 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information regarding chargeback liabilities.

Reported Operating Data

Years Ended December 31,

		Years Ended December 31,						2016 2015				
					_		2017 vs. 2016			_	2016 vs. 20	015
(\$ in millions, except per vehicle data)		2017		2016		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance		2015		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Revenue:	_					<u>.</u>					<u> </u>	
New vehicle	\$	12,180.8	\$	12,255.8	\$	(75.0)	(0.6)	\$	11,995.0	\$	260.8	2.2
Retail used vehicle		4,577.1		4,481.7		95.4	2.1		4,370.3		111.4	2.5
Wholesale		301.3		513.6		(212.3)	(41.3)		398.4		115.2	28.9
Used vehicle		4,878.4	_	4,995.3	_	(116.9)	(2.3)		4,768.7		226.6	4.8
Finance and insurance, net		939.2		894.6		44.6	5.0		868.7		25.9	3.0
Total variable operations (1)		17,998.4	_	18,145.7	_	(147.3)	(0.8)		17,632.4		513.3	2.9
Parts and service	_	3,398.3	_	3,321.4	_	76.9	2.3	_	3,082.8	_	238.6	7.7
Other		137.9		141.9		(4.0)			146.8		(4.9)	
Total revenue	\$	21,534.6	\$	21,609.0	\$	(74.4)	(0.3)	\$	20,862.0	\$	747.0	3.6
Gross profit:	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_		, ,	_	<u> </u>			
New vehicle	\$	588.4	\$	635.8	\$	(47.4)	(7.5)	\$	673.1	\$	(37.3)	(5.5)
Retail used vehicle	Ψ	308.0	Ψ	334.9	Ψ	(26.9)	(8.0)	Ψ	358.4	Ψ	(23.5)	(6.6)
Wholesale		7.2		(17.3)		24.5	(0.0)		(4.7)		(12.6)	(0.0)
Used vehicle	_	315.2	_	317.6	_	(2.4)	(0.8)		353.7	-	(36.1)	(10.2)
Finance and insurance		939.2		894.6		44.6	5.0		868.7		25.9	3.0
Total variable operations (1)		1,842.8		1,848.0	_	(5.2)	(0.3)		1,895.5	_	(47.5)	(2.5)
Parts and service		1,490.7	_	1,434.7	_	56.0	3.9	_	1,338.0	_	96.7	7.2
Other		25.5		30.5		(5.0)	3.9		28.0		2.5	1.2
Total gross profit	_	3,359.0	_	3,313.2		45.8	1.4	_	3,261.5		51.7	1.6
Selling, general, and administrative		3,339.0		3,313.2		43.6	1.4		3,201.3		31.7	1.0
expenses		2,436.2		2,349.4		(86.8)	(3.7)		2,263.5		(85.9)	(3.8)
Depreciation and amortization		158.6		143.4		(15.2)	, ,		127.4		(16.0)	,
Franchise rights impairment		_		_					15.4		15.4	
Other income, net		(79.2)		(69.1)		10.1			(17.9)		51.2	
Operating income		843.4		889.5		(46.1)	(5.2)		873.1		16.4	1.9
Non-operating income (expense) items:						,	()					
Floorplan interest expense		(97.0)		(76.5)		(20.5)			(58.3)		(18.2)	
Other interest expense		(120.2)		(115.5)		(4.7)			(90.9)		(24.6)	
Interest income		1.0		1.1		(0.1)			0.1		1.0	
Other income (loss), net		9.3		3.7		5.6			(1.3)		5.0	
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$	636.5	\$	702.3	\$	(65.8)	(9.4)	\$	722.7	\$	(20.4)	(2.8)
Retail vehicle unit sales:	_		_		_			_				
New vehicle		329,116		337,622		(8,506)	(2.5)		339,080		(1,458)	(0.4)
Used vehicle		234,148		225,713		8,435	3.7		227,290		(1,577)	(0.7)
	_	563,264	_	563,335	_	(71)	_		566,370	-	(3,035)	(0.5)
Revenue per vehicle retailed:	_		=		_	(1-3)		_		=	(0,000)	(0.3)
New vehicle	\$	37,011	\$	36,300	\$	711	2.0	\$	35,375	\$	925	2.6
Used vehicle	\$	19,548	\$	19,856	\$	(308)	(1.6)	\$	19,228	\$	628	3.3
Gross profit per vehicle retailed:				,								
New vehicle	\$	1,788	\$	1,883	\$	(95)	(5.0)	\$	1,985	\$	(102)	(5.1)
Used vehicle	\$	1,315	\$	1,484	\$	(169)	(11.4)	\$	1,577	\$	(93)	(5.9)
Finance and insurance	\$	1,667	\$	1,588	\$	79	5.0	\$	1,534	\$	54	3.5
Total variable operations (2)	\$	3,259	\$	3,311	\$	(52)	(1.6)	\$		\$	(44)	(1.3)
												,

⁽¹⁾ Total variable operations includes new vehicle, used vehicle (retail and wholesale), and finance and insurance results.

⁽²⁾ Total variable operations gross profit per vehicle retailed is calculated by dividing the sum of new vehicle, retail used vehicle, and finance and insurance gross profit by total retail vehicle unit sales.

Revenue mix percentages: 2017 (%) 2016 (%) New vehicle 56.6 56.7 Used vehicle 22.7 23.1 Parts and service 15.8 15.4 Finance and insurance, net 4.4 4.1 Other 0.5 0.7 Total 100.0 100.0 Gross profit mix percentages: 17.5 19.2 Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: 30.0 100.0 Gross profit: 4.8 5.2	2015 (%)
New vehicle 56.6 56.7 Used vehicle 22.7 23.1 Parts and service 15.8 15.4 Finance and insurance, net 4.4 4.1 Other 0.5 0.7 Total 100.0 100.0 Gross profit mix percentages: 17.5 19.2 New vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Gross profit: 4.8 5.2 New vehicle 4.8 5.2	2013 (70)
Used vehicle 22.7 23.1 Parts and service 15.8 15.4 Finance and insurance, net 4.4 4.1 Other 0.5 0.7 Total 100.0 100.0 Gross profit mix percentages: 17.5 19.2 New vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: 3.2 3.2 Gross profit: 4.8 5.2 New vehicle 4.8 5.2	
Parts and service 15.8 15.4 Finance and insurance, net 4.4 4.1 Other 0.5 0.7 Total 100.0 100.0 Gross profit mix percentages: New vehicle 17.5 19.2 Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Gross profit: 4.8 5.2	57.5
Finance and insurance, net 4.4 4.1 Other 0.5 0.7 Total 100.0 100.0 Gross profit mix percentages: New vehicle 17.5 19.2 Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Gross profit: New vehicle 4.8 5.2	22.9
Other 0.5 0.7 Total 100.0 100.0 Gross profit mix percentages: Profit mix percentages: New vehicle 17.5 19.2 Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Gross profit: New vehicle 4.8 5.2	14.8
Total 100.0 100.0 Gross profit mix percentages: 7 100.0 New vehicle 17.5 19.2 Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: 6 100.0 100.0 Gross profit: New vehicle 4.8 5.2	4.2
Gross profit mix percentages: New vehicle 17.5 19.2 Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: 6 6 Gross profit: 8 5.2 New vehicle 4.8 5.2	0.6
New vehicle 17.5 19.2 Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: 6 100.0 100.0 Gross profit: New vehicle 4.8 5.2	100.0
Used vehicle 9.4 9.6 Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Company of the percentage of	
Parts and service 44.4 43.3 Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Company of the percentage of the percentag	20.6
Finance and insurance 28.0 27.0 Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Compare the percentage of revenue: 4.8 5.2 New vehicle 4.8 5.2	10.8
Other 0.7 0.9 Total 100.0 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: 6 4.8 5.2 New vehicle 4.8 5.2	41.0
Total 100.0 Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Gross profit: New vehicle 4.8 5.2	26.6
Operating items as a percentage of revenue: Gross profit: New vehicle 4.8 5.2	1.0
Gross profit: New vehicle 4.8 5.2	100.0
New vehicle 4.8 5.2	
W. L. 12.1	5.6
Used vehicle-retail 6.7 7.5	8.2
Parts and service 43.9 43.2	43.4
Total 15.6 15.3	15.6
Selling, general, and administrative expenses 11.3 10.9	10.8
Operating income 3.9 4.1	4.2
Other operating items as a percentage of total gross profit:	
Selling, general, and administrative expenses 72.5 70.9	69.4
Operating income 25.1 26.8	26.8
December 31,	_
2017 2016	
Days supply:	
New vehicle (industry standard of selling days) 53 days 61 days	
Used vehicle (trailing calendar month days) 43 days 44 days	

Same Store Operating Data

We have presented below our operating results on a same store basis to reflect our internal performance. The "Same Store" amounts presented below include the results of our stores for the identical months in each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the store was owned by us. For example, the results for a store acquired in February 2016 would be included only in our same store comparison of 2017 to 2016, not in our same store comparison of 2016 to 2015. Therefore, the amounts presented in the year 2016 column that is being compared to the year 2017 column may differ from the amounts presented in the year 2016 column that is being compared to the year 2015 column.

			Years End	December 31,		Years Ended December 31,								
(\$ in millions, except per vehicle data)		2017		2016		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance		2016		2015		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Revenue:														
New vehicle	\$	11,818.8	\$	11,886.8	\$	(68.0)	(0.6)	\$	11,288.4	\$	11,605.0	\$	(316.6)	(2.7)
Retail used vehicle		4,420.1		4,333.7		86.4	2.0		4,123.5		4,201.1		(77.6)	(1.8)
Wholesale		286.1		495.1		(209.0)	(42.2)		471.5		387.4		84.1	21.7
Used vehicle		4,706.2		4,828.8		(122.6)	(2.5)		4,595.0		4,588.5		6.5	0.1
Finance and insurance, ner	t	918.5		871.3		47.2	5.4		834.6		841.4		(6.8)	(0.8)
Total variable operations		17,443.5		17,586.9		(143.4)	(0.8)		16,718.0		17,034.9		(316.9)	(1.9)
Parts and service		3,307.3		3,220.3		87.0	2.7		3,054.2		2,966.2		88.0	3.0
Other		137.0		140.8		(3.8)			141.6		146.1		(4.5)	
Total revenue	\$	20,887.8	\$	20,948.0	\$	(60.2)	(0.3)	\$	19,913.8	\$	20,147.2	\$	(233.4)	(1.2)
Gross profit:								_						
New vehicle	\$	569.3	\$	622.8	\$	(53.5)	(8.6)	\$	590.2	\$	656.2	\$	(66.0)	(10.1)
Retail used vehicle		299.9		323.8		(23.9)	(7.4)		311.5		345.9		(34.4)	(9.9)
Wholesale		0.6		(15.9)		16.5			(15.0)		(4.3)		(10.7)	
Used vehicle		300.5		307.9		(7.4)	(2.4)		296.5		341.6		(45.1)	(13.2)
Finance and insurance		918.5		871.3		47.2	5.4		834.6		841.4		(6.8)	(0.8)
Total variable operations		1,788.3		1,802.0		(13.7)	(0.8)		1,721.3		1,839.2		(117.9)	(6.4)
Parts and service		1,451.5		1,389.9		61.6	4.4		1,324.3		1,286.5		37.8	2.9
Other		24.9		29.9		(5.0)			28.0		26.7		1.3	
Total gross profit	\$	3,264.7	\$	3,221.8	\$	42.9	1.3	\$	3,073.6	\$	3,152.4	\$	(78.8)	(2.5)
Retail vehicle unit sales:					_			_						
New vehicle		320,641		325,927		(5,286)	(1.6)		310,351		326,306		(15,955)	(4.9)
Used vehicle		225,985		216,447		9,538	4.4		206,365		216,628		(10,263)	(4.7)
Total		546,626		542,374		4,252	0.8		516,716		542,934		(26,218)	(4.8)
Revenue per vehicle retailed:														
New vehicle	\$	36,860	\$	36,471	\$	389	1.1	\$	36,373	\$	35,565	\$	808	2.3
Used vehicle	\$	19,559	\$	20,022	\$	(463)	(2.3)	\$	19,982	\$	19,393	\$	589	3.0
Gross profit per vehicle retailed:														
New vehicle	\$	1,776	\$	1,911	\$	(135)	(7.1)	\$	1,902	\$	2,011	\$	(109)	(5.4)
Used vehicle	\$	1,327	\$	1,496	\$	(169)	(11.3)	\$	1,509	\$	1,597	\$	(88)	(5.5)
Finance and insurance	\$	1,680	\$	1,606	\$	74	4.6	\$	1,615	\$	1,550	\$	65	4.2
Total variable operations	\$	3,270	\$	3,352	\$	(82)	(2.4)	\$	3,360	\$	3,395	\$	(35)	(1.0)

⁽¹⁾ Total variable operations includes new vehicle, used vehicle (retail and wholesale), and finance and insurance results.

⁽²⁾ Total variable operations gross profit per vehicle retailed is calculated by dividing the sum of new vehicle, retail used vehicle, and finance and insurance gross profit by total retail vehicle unit sales.

	Years Ended Dec	ember 31,	Years Ended Dec	eember 31,		
	2017 (%)	2016 (%)	2016 (%)	2015 (%)		
Revenue mix percentages:						
New vehicle	56.6	56.7	56.7	57.6		
Used vehicle	22.5	23.1	23.1	22.8		
Parts and service	15.8	15.4	15.3	14.7		
Finance and insurance, net	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.2		
Other	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Gross profit mix percentages:						
New vehicle	17.4	19.3	19.2	20.8		
Used vehicle	9.2	9.6	9.6	10.8		
Parts and service	44.5	43.1	43.1	40.8		
Finance and insurance	28.1	27.0	27.2	26.7		
Other	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.9		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Operating items as a percentage of revenue:						
Gross profit:						
New vehicle	4.8	5.2	5.2	5.7		
Used vehicle-retail	6.8	7.5	7.6	8.2		
Parts and service	43.9	43.2	43.4	43.4		
Total	15.6	15.4	15.4	15.6		

New Vehicle

X 7		ъ .	21
Veare	Ended	December	31

					- ***-			,					
					2017 vs. 20	16				2016 vs. 2015			
(\$ in millions, except per vehicle data)	2017		2016		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance		2015		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance		
Reported:													
Revenue	\$ 12,180.8	\$	12,255.8	\$	(75.0)	(0.6)	\$	11,995.0	\$	260.8	2.2		
Gross profit	\$ 588.4	\$	635.8	\$	(47.4)	(7.5)	\$	673.1	\$	(37.3)	(5.5)		
Retail vehicle unit sales	329,116		337,622		(8,506)	(2.5)		339,080		(1,458)	(0.4)		
Revenue per vehicle retailed	\$ 37,011	\$	36,300	\$	711	2.0	\$	35,375	\$	925	2.6		
Gross profit per vehicle retailed	\$ 1,788	\$	1,883	\$	(95)	(5.0)	\$	1,985	\$	(102)	(5.1)		
Gross profit as a percentage of revenue	4.8%		5.2%					5.6%					
Days supply (industry standard of selling days)	53 days		61 days										

Years Ended December 31,

				2017 vs. 20					2016 vs. 2	015	
	2017	2016		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance		2016		2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Same Store:				_						_	
Revenue	\$ 11,818.8	\$ 11,886.8	\$	(68.0)	(0.6)	\$	11,288.4	\$	11,605.0	\$ (316.6)	(2.7)
Gross profit	\$ 569.3	\$ 622.8	\$	(53.5)	(8.6)	\$	590.2	\$	656.2	\$ (66.0)	(10.1)
Retail vehicle unit sales	320,641	325,927		(5,286)	(1.6)		310,351		326,306	(15,955)	(4.9)
Revenue per vehicle retailed	\$ 36,860	\$ 36,471	\$	389	1.1	\$	36,373	\$	35,565	\$ 808	2.3
Gross profit per vehicle retailed	\$ 1,776	\$ 1,911	\$	(135)	(7.1)	\$	1,902	\$	2,011	\$ (109)	(5.4)
Gross profit as a percentage of revenue	4.8%	5.2%					5.2%		5.7%		

The following discussion of new vehicles is on a same store basis. The difference between reported amounts and same store amounts in the above tables of \$362.0 million, \$369.0 million, and \$390.0 million in new vehicle revenue and \$19.1 million, \$13.0 million, and \$16.9 million in new vehicle gross profit for 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively, is related to acquisition and divestiture activity.

2017 compared to 2016

Same store new vehicle revenue decreased during 2017, as compared to 2016, as a result of a decrease in same store unit volume, partially offset by an increase in revenue PVR. The decrease in same store unit volume was primarily due to declines in our Florida and Texas markets and overall competitive market conditions in a plateauing new vehicle sales environment, as well as certain manufacturers' disruptive marketing and sales incentive programs.

Same store revenue PVR during 2017 benefited from an increase in the average selling prices for vehicles in all three segments. These increases were due in part to sustained low average fuel prices, which caused a shift in mix toward trucks and sport utility vehicles, which have relatively higher average selling prices. These increases were partially offset by a shift in mix toward Import vehicles, which have relatively lower average selling prices.

Same store gross profit PVR decreased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to a decrease in gross profit PVR for Domestic vehicles resulting from a competitive sales environment and certain manufacturers 'disruptive marketing and sales incentive programs.

2016 compared to 2015

Same store new vehicle revenue decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, as a result of a decrease in same store unit volume, partially offset by an increase in revenue PVR. The decrease in same store unit volume was primarily due to c ertain manufacturers' disruptive marketing and sales incentive programs, which resulted in a more competitive automotive retail environment.

Same store revenue PVR during 2016 benefited from an increase in the average selling prices for vehicles in all three segments, as well as lower average fuel prices, which caused a shift in mix toward larger vehicles, such as trucks and sport utility vehicles, that have relatively higher average selling prices.

Same store gross profit PVR decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to disruptive manufacturer marketing and sales incentive programs, which resulted in a more competitive automotive retail environment.

Net New Vehicle Inventory Carrying Benefit

The following table details net new vehicle inventory carrying benefit, consisting of new vehicle floorplan interest expense net of floorplan assistance earned (amounts received from manufacturers specifically to support store financing of new vehicle inventory). Floorplan assistance is accounted for as a component of new vehicle gross profit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

	Years Ended December 31,												
(\$ in millions)		2017		2016	V	ariance 2017 vs. 2016		2015	Va	riance 2016 vs. 2015			
Floorplan assistance	\$	122.1	\$	124.0	\$	(1.9)	\$	117.8	\$	6.2			
New vehicle floorplan interest expense		(90.4)		(71.5)		(18.9)		(55.3)		(16.2)			
Net new vehicle inventory carrying benefit	\$	31.7	\$	52.5	\$	(20.8)	\$	62.5	\$	(10.0)			

2017 compared to 2016

The net new vehicle inventory carrying benefit decreased in 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to an increase in floorplan interest expense. Floorplan interest expense increased due to higher average interest rates, partially offset by lower average vehicle floorplan payable balances during the year.

2016 compared to 2015

The net new vehicle inventory carrying benefit decreased in 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to an increase in floorplan interest expense, partially offset by an increase in floorplan assistance. Floorplan interest expense increased due to higher average vehicle floorplan payable balances during the year, which was due in part to the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015, and higher interest rates. Floorplan assistance increased due to an increase in the floorplan assistance rate per unit and benefited from the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015.

Used Vehicle

Voore	Endad	December	21

									,		
					2017 vs. 2016					2016 vs. 20	15
(\$ in millions, except per vehicle data)		2017		2016		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance	2015		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Reported:						_				_	
Retail revenue	\$	4,577.1	\$	4,481.7	\$	95.4	2.1	\$	4,370.3	\$ 111.4	2.5
Wholesale revenue		301.3		513.6		(212.3)	(41.3)		398.4	115.2	28.9
Total revenue	\$	4,878.4	\$	4,995.3	\$	(116.9)	(2.3)	\$	4,768.7	\$ 226.6	4.8
Retail gross profit	\$	308.0	\$	334.9	\$	(26.9)	(8.0)	\$	358.4	\$ (23.5)	(6.6)
Wholesale gross profit (loss)		7.2		(17.3)		24.5			(4.7)	(12.6)	
Total gross profit	\$	315.2	\$	317.6	\$	(2.4)	(0.8)	\$	353.7	\$ (36.1)	(10.2)
Retail vehicle unit sales		234,148		225,713		8,435	3.7		227,290	(1,577)	(0.7)
Revenue per vehicle retailed	\$	19,548	\$	19,856	\$	(308)	(1.6)	\$	19,228	\$ 628	3.3
Gross profit per vehicle retailed	\$	1,315	\$	1,484	\$	(169)	(11.4)	\$	1,577	\$ (93)	(5.9)
Gross profit as a percentage of retail revenue		6.7%		7.5%					8.2%		
Days supply (trailing calendar month days)		43 days		44 days							

Years Ended December 31,

				2017 vs. 20	16			2016 vs. 20	15
		2017	2016	 Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance	2016	2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Same Store:									
Retail revenue	\$	4,420.1	\$ 4,333.7	\$ 86.4	2.0	\$ 4,123.5	\$ 4,201.1	\$ (77.6)	(1.8)
Wholesale revenue		286.1	495.1	(209.0)	(42.2)	471.5	387.4	84.1	21.7
Total revenue	\$	4,706.2	\$ 4,828.8	\$ (122.6)	(2.5)	\$ 4,595.0	\$ 4,588.5	\$ 6.5	0.1
Retail gross profit	\$	299.9	\$ 323.8	\$ (23.9)	(7.4)	\$ 311.5	\$ 345.9	\$ (34.4)	(9.9)
Wholesale gross profit (loss)		0.6	 (15.9)	 16.5		(15.0)	(4.3)	(10.7)	
Total gross profit	\$	300.5	\$ 307.9	\$ (7.4)	(2.4)	\$ 296.5	\$ 341.6	\$ (45.1)	(13.2)
Retail vehicle unit sales		225,985	 216,447	9,538	4.4	206,365	216,628	(10,263)	(4.7)
Revenue per vehicle retailed	\$	19,559	\$ 20,022	\$ (463)	(2.3)	\$ 19,982	\$ 19,393	\$ 589	3.0
Gross profit per vehicle retailed	\$	1,327	\$ 1,496	\$ (169)	(11.3)	\$ 1,509	\$ 1,597	\$ (88)	(5.5)
Gross profit as a percentage of retail revenue	•	6.8%	7.5%			7.6%	8.2%		

The following discussion of used vehicles is on a same store basis. The difference between reported amounts and same store amounts in the above tables of \$157.0 million, \$148.0 million, and \$169.2 million in retail used vehicle revenue and \$8.1 million, \$11.1 million, and \$12.5 million in retail used vehicle gross profit for 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively, is related to acquisition and divestiture activity.

2017 compared to 2016

Same store retail used vehicle revenue increased during 2017, as compared to 2016, as a result of an increase in same store unit volume, partially offset by a decrease in revenue PVR. Unit volume increased due to the growing supply of off-lease vehicles and lower used vehicle pricing. Additionally, prior year retail used vehicle unit volume was adversely

impacted by manufacturer safety recalls, which benefited prior year wholesale unit volume. The increase in unit volume was partially offset by declines in our Florida markets, due in part to temporary store closures as a result of Hurricane Irma.

Same store revenue PVR was adversely impacted by a decrease in the average selling prices of used vehicles for all three segments, primarily due to an increase in supply in the industry, which has driven down the wholesale values of used vehicles. Same store revenue PVR was also adversely impacted by a shift in mix away from certified pre-owned vehicles, which have relatively higher average selling prices.

Same store gross profit decreased during 2017, as compared to 2016, due to decreases in the gross profit PVR of used vehicles for all three segments, particularly in our Domestic segment. In addition, gross profit PVR decreased due to implementation challenges we experienced in the first half of the year with One Price, our centralized pricing and appraisal strategy. Decreases in gross profit were partially offset by a decrease in wholesale losses due to a decrease in wholesale unit volume and wholesale loss per unit as compared to the prior year. Manufacturer safety recalls benefited wholesale unit volume and adversely impacted retail used vehicle unit volume in the prior year.

2016 compared to 2015

Same store retail used vehicle revenue decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, as a result of a decrease in same store unit volume, partially offset by an increase in revenue PVR. The decrease in same store unit volume was driven by a competitive automotive retail environment, as well as a decrease in trade-in volume associated with the decrease in new vehicle sales, partially offset by an increase in sales of certified pre-owned vehicles. Same store unit volume was also adversely impacted by manufacturer safety recalls, including the Takata airbag inflator recall, and the application of our previous open safety recall policy. Effective in the fourth quarter of 2016, we modified our recall policy to permit the retail sale of certain used vehicles with an open recall, where parts are not available to complete the recall and full disclosure is made to the purchaser.

Same store revenue PVR benefited from an increase in the average selling price of used vehicles for all three segments, and a shift in mix toward Premium Luxury vehicles and the increase in sales of certified pre-owned vehicles, both of which have relatively higher average selling prices.

Same store gross profit PVR decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to margin pressure resulting from new vehicle gross profit PVR compression during the same period combined with the application of our previous open safety recall policy.

Parts & Service

Years Ended December 31,

(\$ in millions) 2017 2016 (Unfavorable) Variance 2015 (Unfavorable) Reported: Revenue \$ 3,398.3 \$ 3,321.4 \$ 76.9 2.3 \$ 3,082.8 \$ 23 Gross profit \$ 1,490.7 \$ 1,434.7 \$ 56.0 3.9 \$ 1,338.0 \$ 9 Gross profit as a percentage of					2017 vs. 20	16			2016 vs. 20)15
Revenue \$ 3,398.3 \$ 3,321.4 \$ 76.9 2.3 \$ 3,082.8 \$ 23 Gross profit \$ 1,490.7 \$ 1,434.7 \$ 56.0 3.9 \$ 1,338.0 \$ 9 Gross profit as a percentage of	(\$ in millions)	2017		2016	Favorable /		2015		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Gross profit \$ 1,490.7 \$ 1,434.7 \$ 56.0 3.9 \$ 1,338.0 \$ 9 Gross profit as a percentage of	Reported:									
Gross profit as a percentage of	Revenue	\$ 3,398.3	\$	3,321.4	\$ 76.9	2.3	\$ 3,082.8	\$	238.6	7.7
····	Gross profit	\$ 1,490.7	\$	1,434.7	\$ 56.0	3.9	\$ 1,338.0	\$	96.7	7.2
revenue 43.9% 43.2% 43.4%	Gross profit as a percentage of revenue	43.9%	,	43.2%			43.4%	,)		

Years Ended December 31,

				2017 vs. 20	16			2016 vs. 20	15
	2017		2016	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance	2016	2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Same Store:									
Revenue	\$ 3,307.3	\$	3,220.3	\$ 87.0	2.7	\$ 3,054.2	\$ 2,966.2	\$ 88.0	3.0
Gross profit	\$ 1,451.5	\$	1,389.9	\$ 61.6	4.4	\$ 1,324.3	\$ 1,286.5	\$ 37.8	2.9
Gross profit as a percentage of revenue	43.9%	•	43.2%			43.4%	43.4%		

Parts and service revenue is primarily derived from vehicle repairs paid directly by customers or via reimbursement from manufacturers and others under warranty programs, as well as from wholesale parts sales and collision businesses.

The following discussion of parts and service is on a same store basis. The difference between reported amounts and same store amounts in the above tables of \$91.0 million, \$101.1 million, and \$116.6 million in parts and service revenue and \$39.2 million, \$44.8 million, and \$51.5 million in parts and service gross profit for 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively, is related to acquisition and divestiture activity.

2017 compared to 2016

Same store parts and service gross profit increased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to increases in gross profit associated with customer-pay service of \$32.0 million and warranty of \$21.3 million.

Customer-pay service gross profit benefited from improved margin performance primarily from price increases, our parts initiatives, and a shift in mix toward higher margin service work. Warranty gross profit benefited from improved margin performance largely due to an increase in higher value recall work and improved parts and labor rates negotiated with certain manufacturers.

See "Strategic Initiatives" above for a discussion of our brand extension strategy, which includes AutoNation USA stand-alone used vehicles sales and service centers, AutoNation-branded and other aftermarket parts and accessories, and the expansion of AutoNation-branded collision centers.

2016 compared to 2015

Same store parts and service gross profit increased during 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to increases in gross profit associated with customer-pay service of \$28.8 million and warranty of \$23.4 million, partially offset by a decrease in gross profit associated with the preparation of vehicles for sale of \$8.1 million.

Customer-pay service gross profit benefited from improved operational execution and margin performance, as well as increased volume due to the increase in units in operation in our primary service base. Warranty gross profit benefited from an increase in volume, driven by the increase in units in operation in our primary service base. Gross profit associated with the preparation of vehicles for sale was adversely impacted by the decrease in new and used vehicle unit volume.

Finance and Insurance

Years Ended December 31,

			2017 vs. 20	16			2016 vs. 201	15
(\$ in millions, except per vehicle data)	2017	2016	 Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance		2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Reported:								
Revenue and gross profit	\$ 939.2	\$ 894.6	\$ 44.6	5.0	\$	868.7	\$ 25.9	3.0
Gross profit per vehicle retailed	\$ 1,667	\$ 1,588	\$ 79	5.0	\$	1,534	\$ 54	3.5

Years Ended December 31,

				2017 vs. 201	16			2016 vs. 201	5
		2017	2016	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance	2016	2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Same Store:									
Revenue and gross profit	\$	918.5	\$ 871.3	\$ 47.2	5.4	\$ 834.6	\$ 841.4	\$ (6.8)	(0.8)
Gross profit per vehicle retailed	1 \$	1,680	\$ 1,606	\$ 74	4.6	\$ 1,615	\$ 1,550	\$ 65	4.2

Revenue on finance and insurance products represents commissions earned by us for the placement of: (i) loans and leases with financial institutions in connection with customer vehicle purchases financed, (ii) vehicle service contracts with third-party providers, and (iii) other vehicle protection products with third-party providers. We primarily sell these products on a straight commission basis; however, in certain cases, we also participate in the future underwriting profit on certain products pursuant to retrospective commission arrangements with the issuers of those products, which is recognized as earned.

The following discussion of finance and insurance is on a same store basis. The difference between reported amounts and same store amounts in finance and insurance revenue and gross profit in the above tables of \$20.7 million, \$23.3 million, and \$27.3 million for 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively, is related to acquisition and divestiture activity.

2017 compared to 2016

Same store finance and insurance revenue and gross profit increased during 2017, as compared to 2016, due to an increase in finance and insurance gross profit PVR and an increase in used vehicle unit volume. The increase in gross profit PVR was primarily due to an increase in profit on vehicle service contracts and an increase in retrospective commissions resulting from the sale in our Domestic and Import stores of the AutoNation Vehicle Protection Plan product. Increases in finance and insurance gross profit PVR were partially offset by a shift in unit volume mix from new vehicles to used vehicles, which have lower average selling prices than new vehicles and therefore typically generate lower revenue and gross profit per transaction associated with arranging customer financing. Sales of used vehicles also have lower finance and product penetration as compared to sales of new vehicles.

2016 compared to 2015

Same store finance and insurance revenue and gross profit decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, due to the decrease in new and used vehicle unit volume, partially offset by an increase in same store finance and insurance revenue and gross profit PVR.

Same store finance and insurance revenue and gross profit PVR increased primarily due to an increase in profit on vehicle service contracts as a result of the sale in our Domestic and Import stores of the AutoNation Vehicle Protection Plan product, which was rolled out during the second half of 2015. Same store finance and insurance revenue and gross profit PVR also benefited from increases in product penetration and amounts financed per transaction.

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Segment Results

In the following table of financial data, revenue and segment income of our reportable segments are reconciled to consolidated revenue and consolidated operating income, respectively.

						Years E	nded Decembe	er 31	,			
(\$ in millions)		2017		2016		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance		2015		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Revenue:												
Domestic	\$	7,452.8	\$	7,810.0	\$	(357.2)	(4.6)	\$	7,069.8	\$	740.2	10.5
Import		6,873.4		6,886.1		(12.7)	(0.2)		7,037.2		(151.1)	(2.1)
Premium Luxury		6,832.7		6,665.3		167.4	2.5		6,607.8		57.5	0.9
Total		21,158.9		21,361.4		(202.5)	(0.9)		20,714.8		646.6	3.1
Corporate and other		375.7		247.6		128.1	51.7		147.2		100.4	68.2
Total consolidated revenue	\$	21,534.6	\$	21,609.0	\$	(74.4)	(0.3)	\$	20,862.0	\$	747.0	3.6
Segment income (1):					_							
Domestic	\$	257.1	\$	311.1	\$	(54.0)	(17.4)	\$	336.9	\$	(25.8)	(7.7)
Import		303.1		296.8		6.3	2.1		311.4		(14.6)	(4.7)
Premium Luxury		348.8		350.2		(1.4)	(0.4)		376.2		(26.0)	(6.9)
Total		909.0		958.1		(49.1)	(5.1)		1,024.5		(66.4)	(6.5)
Corporate and other		(162.6)		(145.1)		(17.5)			(209.7)		64.6	
Floorplan interest expense		97.0		76.5		(20.5)			58.3		(18.2)	
Operating income	\$	843.4	\$	889.5	\$	(46.1)	(5.2)	\$	873.1	\$	16.4	1.9
(1) Segment income represents inc	come for e	ach of our rep	ortab	le segments a	nd	is defined as operating	g income less fl	oorpl	an interest exp	pens	e.	
Retail new vehicle unit sales:												
Domestic		111,028		118,867		(7,839)	(6.6)		111,519		7,348	6.6
Import		150,422		150,005		417	0.3		157,868		(7,863)	(5.0)
Premium Luxury		67,666		68,750		(1,084)	(1.6)		69,693		(943)	(1.4)
		329,116		337,622		(8,506)	(2.5)		339,080		(1,458)	(0.4)

Domestic

The Domestic segment operating results included the following:

17	E-1-1	Docombor	. 21

(\$ in millions)	2017	2016	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance	2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Revenue	\$ 7,452.8	\$ 7,810.0	\$ (357.2)	(4.6)	\$ 7,069.8	\$ 740.2	10.5
Segment income	\$ 257.1	\$ 311.1	\$ (54.0)	(17.4)	\$ 336.9	\$ (25.8)	(7.7)
Retail new vehicle unit sales	111,028	118,867	(7,839)	(6.6)	111,519	7,348	6.6

2017 compared to 2016

Domestic revenue decreased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to decreases in new vehicle unit volume and wholesale unit volume, and a realignment of stand-alone collision centers. New vehicle unit volume was impacted by declines in our Florida and Texas markets, the competitive sales environment, and certain manufacturers' disruptive marketing and sales incentive programs. Manufacturer safety recalls adversely impacted retail used vehicle unit volume and benefited wholesale unit volume in the prior year. Decreases in Domestic revenue were partially offset by an increase in new vehicle revenue PVR due to sustained low average fuel prices, which caused a shift in mix toward trucks and sport utility vehicles that have relatively higher average selling prices.

Domestic segment income decreased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to decreases in new and used vehicle gross profit PVR and new vehicle unit volume. New vehicle gross profit PVR decreased primarily due to a competitive sales environment and certain manufacturers 'disruptive marketing and sales incentive programs. Used vehicle gross profit PVR decreased due to implementation challenges we experienced in the first half of the year with One Price, our centralized pricing and appraisal strategy. These decreases in Domestic segment income were partially offset by a decrease in SG&A expenses.

2016 compared to 2015

Domestic revenue increased during 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to increases in new and used vehicle unit volume and new and used vehicle revenue PVR. New and used vehicle unit volume benefited from the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015. New vehicle revenue PVR benefited from lower average fuel prices, which caused a shift in mix toward larger vehicles, such as trucks and sport utility vehicles, that have relatively higher average selling prices. Used vehicle revenue PVR benefited from the increase in sales of certified pre-owned vehicles, which have relatively higher average selling prices. Domestic revenue was adversely impacted by disruptive manufacturer marketing and sales incentive programs, which resulted in a more competitive automotive retail

Domestic segment income decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, due in part to an increase in SG&A expenses largely due to the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015. Domestic segment income was also adversely impacted by a decrease in new vehicle gross profit primarily due to disruptive manufacturer marketing and sales incentive programs, which resulted in a more competitive automotive retail environment, a decrease in used vehicle gross profit due to the competitive automotive retail environment and the application of our previous open safety recall policy, and an increase in floorplan interest expense and depreciation and amortization expense. Domestic segment income benefited from increases in parts and service gross profit and finance and insurance revenue and gross profit due to the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015.

Import

The Import segment operating results included the following:

Voors	Ended	December	31

(\$ in millions)	2017	 2016	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance	2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Revenue	\$ 6,873.4	\$ 6,886.1	\$ (12.7)	(0.2)	\$ 7,037.2	\$ (151.1)	(2.1)
Segment income	\$ 303.1	\$ 296.8	\$ 6.3	2.1	\$ 311.4	\$ (14.6)	(4.7)
Retail new vehicle unit sales	150,422	150,005	417	0.3	157,868	(7,863)	(5.0)

2017 compared to 2016

Import revenue decreased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to decreases in retail used vehicle revenue and parts and service revenue, largely due to the divestitures we completed in 2017, as well as a decrease in wholesale unit volume and a realignment of stand-alone collision centers. Manufacturer safety recalls adversely impacted retail used vehicle unit volume and benefited wholesale unit volume in the prior year. These decreases were partially offset by increases in new and used vehicle unit volume and new vehicle revenue PVR.

Import segment income increased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to an increase in finance and insurance gross profit, which benefited from higher vehicle unit volume and an increase in finance and insurance gross profit PVR, and an increase in wholesale used vehicle gross profit, which was adversely impacted by higher losses incurred per unit wholesaled in the prior year as a result of manufacturer safety recalls. Import segment income also benefited from a decrease in SG&A expenses due to the divestitures we completed in 2017. Increases in Import segment income were partially offset by a decrease in gross profit resulting from the divestitures we completed in 2017, as well as an increase in floorplan interest expense. Import segment income was also adversely impacted by a decrease in new vehicle gross profit PVR due to a competitive sales environment and a decrease in used vehicle gross profit PVR due to implementation challenges we experienced in the first half of the year with One Price, our centralized pricing and appraisal strategy.

2016 compared to 2015

Import revenue decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, due to a decrease in new vehicle unit volume primarily due to disruptive manufacturer marketing and sales incentive programs, which resulted in a more competitive automotive retail environment, and a decrease in used vehicle unit volume due to the more competitive automotive retail environment and the application of our previous open safety recall policy. Import revenue benefited from the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015.

Import segment income decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, due to a decrease in new vehicle gross profit primarily due to disruptive manufacturer marketing and sales incentive programs, which resulted in a more competitive automotive retail environment, and a decrease in used vehicle gross profit due to the competitive automotive retail environment and the application of our previous open safety recall policy. Import segment income also was adversely impacted by a decrease in finance and insurance gross profit, partially offset by a decrease in variable expenses and an increase in parts and service gross profit.

Premium Luxury

The Premium Luxury segment operating results included the following:

Years Ended December 31,

(\$ in millions)	2017	2016	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance	2015	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	% Variance
Revenue	\$ 6,832.7	\$ 6,665.3	\$ 167.4	2.5	\$ 6,607.8	\$ 57.5	0.9
Segment income	\$ 348.8	\$ 350.2	\$ (1.4)	(0.4)	\$ 376.2	\$ (26.0)	(6.9)
Retail new vehicle unit sales	67,666	68,750	(1,084)	(1.6)	69,693	(943)	(1.4)

2017 compared to 2016

Premium Luxury revenue increased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to increases in retail used vehicle revenue, parts and service revenue, and new vehicle revenue largely due to the acquisitions we completed in 2016. The increases in Premium Luxury revenue were partially offset by a decrease in wholesale revenue and new vehicle unit volume. Manufacturer safety recalls adversely impacted retail used vehicle unit volume and benefited wholesale unit volume in the prior year.

Premium Luxury segment income decreased slightly during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to an increase in SG&A, floorplan interest, and depreciation expenses, partially offset by an increase in total gross profit, all of which were due in part to the acquisitions we completed in 2016. The decrease in Premium Luxury segment income was also due to a decrease in new vehicle gross profit resulting from the decline in new vehicle unit volume. Decreases in Premium Luxury segment income were partially offset by an increase in parts and service gross profit due to increases in gross profit associated with customer-pay service and warranty.

2016 compared to 2015

Premium Luxury revenue increased during 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to an increase in used vehicle revenue and parts and service revenue due to the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015, partially offset by a decrease in new vehicle revenue due to a decrease in new vehicle unit volume.

Premium Luxury segment income decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to an increase in SG&A expenses largely due to the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015 and a decrease in new and used vehicle gross profit due to the competitive automotive retail environment and the application of our previous open safety recall policy. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in parts and service gross profit due to the acquisitions mentioned above.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses

Our SG&A expenses consist primarily of compensation, including store and corporate salaries, commissions, and incentive-based compensation, as well as advertising (net of reimbursement-based manufacturer advertising rebates), and store and corporate overhead expenses, which include occupancy costs, legal, accounting, and professional services, and general corporate expenses. The following table presents the major components of our SG&A.

Years Ended December 31.

69.4

(150)

bps

				1 cars	Lilucu	Decemb	CI 31	,				
(\$ in millions)		2017	2016	Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)	Va	% riance		2015		Variance Favorable / (Unfavorable)		% riance
Reported:												
Compensation	\$	1,540.6	\$ 1,467.5	\$ (73.1)		(5.0)	\$	1,454.3	\$	(13.2)		(0.9)
Advertising		192.8	196.7	3.9		2.0		188.5		(8.2)		(4.4)
Store and corporate overhead		702.8	685.2	(17.6)		(2.6)		620.7		(64.5)		(10.4)
Total	\$	2,436.2	\$ 2,349.4	\$ (86.8)		(3.7)	\$	2,263.5	\$	(85.9)		(3.8)
SG&A as a % of total gross profit:												
Compensation		45.9	44.3	(160)	bps			44.6		30	bps	
Advertising		5.7	5.9	20	bps			5.8		(10)	bps	
Store and corporate overhead		20.9	20.7	(20)	bps			19.0		(170)	bps	
	_				•		_		_			

2017 compared to 2016

Total

SG&A expenses increased in 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to increases in compensation expense and store and corporate overhead expenses. Compensation expense increased due in part to acquisitions, as well as other increases in headcount, merit adjustments, and changes in certain vehicle sales associate compensation plans. Store and corporate overhead expenses increased primarily due to our brand extension strategy and acquisitions. As a percentage of total gross profit, SG&A expenses increased to 72.5% in 2017 from 70.9% in 2016, primarily due to lower gross profit in our new and used vehicle businesses and investments related to our brand extension strategy.

(160)

2016 compared to 2015

SG&A expenses increased in 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to the acquisitions we completed in 2016. SG&A expenses in 2016 were also negatively impacted by an increase in hail-related losses of \$7.5 million as compared to the prior year. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in variable expenses as a result of the decrease in unit volume. As a percentage of total gross profit, SG&A expenses increased to 70.9% in 2016 from 69.4% in 2015, primarily due to gross profit pressure from disruptive manufacturer marketing and sales incentive programs and the application of our previous open safety recall policy.

Other Income, Net (included in Operating Income)

72.5

70.9

During 2017, we recognized net gains of \$68.1 million primarily related to the dispositions of certain stores and properties and a gain of \$10.9 million in connection with payments we received from manufacturers related to a legal settlement and for the waiver of certain franchise protest rights.

During 2016, we recognized net gains of \$61.8 million related to business divestitures, a gain of \$14.4 million in connection with a legal settlement related to the Volkswagen diesel emissions litigation, and a gain of \$5.5 million related to payments we received to waive certain franchise protest rights. These net gains were partially offset by non-cash property impairments of \$14.0 million.

During 2015, we recognized gains related to property dispositions of \$16.7 million and business divestitures of \$7.4 million. These gains were partially offset by non-cash property impairments of \$6.1 million.

Franchise Rights Impairment

During 2015, we recorded non-cash impairment charges of \$15.4 million associated with franchise rights recorded at our Volkswagen stores.

Non-Operating Income (Expenses)

Floorplan Interest Expense

Floorplan interest expense was \$97.0 million in 2017, \$76.5 million in 2016, and \$58.3 million in 2015. The increase in floorplan interest expense of \$20.5 million in 2017, as compared to 2016, is the result of higher average interest rates, partially offset by lower average vehicle floorplan balances during the year. The increase in floorplan interest expense of \$18.2 million in 2016, as compared to 2015, is the result of higher average vehicle floorplan balances during the year, which was due in part to the acquisitions we completed in 2016 and 2015, and higher interest rates.

Other Interest Expense

Other interest expense was \$120.2 million in 2017, \$115.5 million in 2016, and \$90.9 million in 2015. The increase in interest expense of \$4.7 million in 2017, as compared to 2016, was primarily due to an increase in interest expense of \$3.4 million resulting from the November 2017 issuance of our 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024 and 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027, as well as higher average interest rates, an increase in capital leases due to acquisitions, and a loss on debt extinguishment of \$0.4 million resulting from our credit facility debt refinancing in October 2017. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in interest expense of \$2.5 million resulting from the repayment of our mortgage facility. The increase in interest expense of \$24.6 million in 2016, as compared to 2015, was driven by higher average debt balances resulting primarily from share repurchases and acquisitions.

Provision for Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided based upon our anticipated underlying annual blended federal and state income tax rates, adjusted, as necessary, for any other tax matters occurring during the period. As we operate in various states, our effective tax rate is also dependent upon our geographic revenue mix.

Our effective income tax rate was 31.7% in 2017, which reflected the benefit of a one-time favorable adjustment to our deferred tax liability as a result of the recent U.S. tax reform bill. See "Tax Reform" above for additional discussion.

See Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion of our unrecognized tax benefits. We do not expect that our unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease during the twelve months beginning January 1, 2018.

Our effective income tax rate was 38.5% in 2016 and 38.6% in 2015.

Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations are related to stores that were sold or terminated prior to January 1, 2014. Results from discontinued operations, net of income taxes, were primarily related to carrying costs for real estate we have not yet sold associated with stores that were closed prior to January 1, 2014.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We manage our liquidity to ensure access to sufficient funding at acceptable costs to fund our ongoing operating requirements and future capital expenditures while continuing to meet our financial obligations. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents, funds generated through future operations, and amounts available under our revolving credit facility, commercial paper program, and secured used vehicle floorplan facilities will be sufficient to fund our working capital requirements, service our debt, pay our tax obligations and commitments and contingencies, and meet any seasonal operating requirements for the foreseeable future.

Available Liquidity Resources

We had the following sources of liquidity available for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016:

(In millions)	De	ecember 31, 2017]	December 31, 2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69.2	\$	64.8
Revolving credit facility (1)	\$	1,378.6 (2)	\$	1,058.7
Secured used floorplan facilities (3)	\$	0.4	\$	0.3

- (1) As limited by the maximum consolidated leverage ratio in our credit agreement.
- (2) At December 31, 2017, we had \$49.3 million of letters of credit outstanding. In addition, we use the revolving credit facility under our credit agreement as a liquidity backstop for borrowings under the commercial paper program. We had \$330.0 million of commercial paper notes outstanding at December 31, 2017. See Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- (3) Based on the eligible used vehicle inventory that could have been pledged as collateral. See Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

In the ordinary course of business, we are required to post performance and surety bonds, letters of credit, and/or cash deposits as financial guarantees of our performance relating to insurance matters. At December 31, 2017, surety bonds, letters of credit, and cash deposits totaled \$110.4 million, including the \$49.3 million of letters of credit issued under our revolving credit facility. We do not currently provide cash collateral for outstanding letters of credit.

In February 2016, we filed an automatic shelf registration statement with the SEC that enables us to offer for sale, from time to time and as the capital markets permit, an unspecified amount of common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants, subscription rights, depositary shares, stock purchase contracts, units, and guarantees of debt securities.

Capital Allocation

Our capital allocation strategy is focused on maximizing stockholder returns. We invest capital in our business to maintain and upgrade our existing facilities and to build new facilities, as well as for other strategic and technology initiatives, including our brand extension strategy discussed above under "Strategic Initiatives." We also deploy capital opportunistically to repurchase our common stock and/or debt or to complete dealership or collision center acquisitions and/or build facilities for newly awarded franchises. Our capital allocation decisions will be based on factors such as the expected rate of return on our investment, the market price of our common stock versus our view of its intrinsic value, the market price of our debt, the potential impact on our capital structure, our ability to complete acquisitions that meet our market and vehicle brand criteria and return on investment threshold, and limitations set forth in our debt agreements.

Share Repurchases

Our Board of Directors from time to time authorizes the repurchase of shares of our common stock up to a certain monetary limit. A summary of shares repurchased under our share repurchase program authorized by our Board of Directors follows:

(In millions, except per share data)	2	017	2016	2015
Shares repurchased		10.1	 10.5	3.9
Aggregate purchase price	\$	434.9	\$ 497.0	\$ 235.1
Average purchase price per share	\$	42.99	\$ 47.30	\$ 60.49

As of December 31, 2017, \$113.7 million remained available under our stock repurchase limit most recently authorized by our Board of Directors.

The decision to repurchase shares at any given point in time is based on such factors as the market price of our common stock versus our view of its intrinsic value, the potential impact on our capital structure (including compliance with our maximum leverage ratio and other financial covenants in our debt agreements as well as our available liquidity), and the

expected return on competing uses of capital such as dealership and collision center acquisitions, capital investments in our current businesses, or repurchases of our debt.

Capital Expenditures

The following table sets forth information regarding our capital expenditures over the past three years:

(In millions)		2017	2016	2015		
Purchases of property and equipment, including operating lease buy-outs (1)	\$	332.9	\$ 253.2	\$ 266.9		

(1) Includes accrued construction in progress and excludes property associated with capital leases entered into during the year.

Acquisitions and Divestitures

The following table sets forth information regarding cash used in business acquisitions, net of cash acquired, cash received from business divestitures, net of cash relinquished, and proceeds received from the sale of property and equipment and the disposal of assets held for sale over the past three years:

(In millions)	2017		2016		2015
Cash used in business acquisitions, net (1)	\$	(76.8)	\$	(410.4)	\$ (321.5)
Cash received from business divestitures, net	\$	104.6	\$	150.4	\$ 43.9
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	\$	21.0	\$	8.7	\$ 21.9
Proceeds from the disposal of assets held for sale	\$	38.0	\$	4.8	\$ 11.5

(1) Excludes capital leases and deferred purchase price commitments.

During 2017, we purchased seven collision centers located in Texas, Florida, Washington, California, and Arizona. We also purchased one store located in Florida. We purchased 20 stores and one collision center in 2016 and 22 stores in 2015.

During 2017, we divested two Domestic stores and four Import stores. In 2016, we divested five Domestic stores and nine Import stores. In 2015, we divested three Import stores.

During the fourth quarter of 2017, we signed agreements to sell seven Domestic stores, four Import stores, and one collision center, which are expected to close in the first half of 2018. The assets associated with these stores were evaluated for impairment/write-down with adjustments reflected in Other Income, Net (included in Operating Income) as of December 31, 2017.

We regularly review our store portfolio and may divest stores opportunistically. Since January 1, 2015, we have received \$404.8 million of proceeds related to asset sales, including business and real estate divestitures. We have utilized those proceeds, and expect to utilize proceeds from future asset sales, to fund our capital investments and strategic initiatives or for other general corporate purposes.

Cash Dividends

We have not declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock during our two most recent fiscal years. We do not currently anticipate paying cash dividends for the foreseeable future.

Long-Term Debt

The following table sets forth our non-vehicle long-term debt as of December 31, 2017 and 2016:

	(in millions)				
Debt Description	Maturity Date	Interest Payable	 2017		2016
6.75% Senior Notes	April 15, 2018	April 15 and October 15	\$ 400.0	\$	400.0
5.5% Senior Notes	February 1, 2020	February 1 and August 1	350.0		350.0
3.35% Senior Notes	January 15, 2021	January 15 and July 15	300.0		300.0
3.5% Senior Notes	November 15, 2024	May 15 and November 15	450.0		_
4.5% Senior Notes	October 1, 2025	April 1 and October 1	450.0		450.0
3.8% Senior Notes	November 15, 2027	May 15 and November 15	300.0		_
Revolving credit facility	October 19, 2022	Monthly	_		_
Mortgage facility	November 30, 2017	Monthly	_		153.2
Capital leases and other debt	Various dates through 2037	Monthly	139.4		136.2
			 2,389.4		1,789.4
Less: unamortized debt discounts and	d debt issuance costs		(15.7)		(10.8)
Less: current maturities			(414.5)		(167.5)
Long-term debt, net of current mate	urities		\$ 1,959.2	\$	1,611.1

On October 19, 2017, we amended and restated our existing unsecured credit agreement to, among other things, (1) extend the stated termination date to October 19, 2022, (2) modify the maximum leverage ratio of 3.75x to allow for an increase in the maximum leverage ratio to 4.25x following the closing date of the amended credit agreement, subject to step-downs back to 3.75x by December 31, 2018, and (3) modify the guarantor requirement to allow the release of all of the guarantors under our credit agreement at such time and for so long as such guarantors cease to guarantee other certain material indebtedness. See Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our credit agreement.

In the fourth quarter of 2017, we repaid our mortgage facility in full and made a balloon payment of \$143.9 million.

Our 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018 will mature on April 15, 2018, and were therefore reclassified to current maturities during the second quarter of 2017. We expect to use borrowings under our revolving credit facility and/or commercial paper program to pay off these notes upon maturity.

On November 7, 2017, we issued \$450.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027.

At December 31, 2017, we had \$330.0 million of commercial paper notes outstanding with a weighted-average annual interest rate of 1.97% and a weighted-average remaining term of 24 days. At December 31, 2016, we had \$942.0 million of commercial paper notes outstanding with a weighted-average annual interest rate of 1.26% and a weighted-average remaining term of 24 days.

See Note 7 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our long-term debt and commercial paper.

Restrictions and Covenants

Our credit agreement, the indentures for our senior unsecured notes, and our vehicle floorplan facilities contain numerous customary financial and operating covenants that place significant restrictions on us, including our ability to incur additional indebtedness or prepay existing indebtedness, to create liens or other encumbrances, to sell (or otherwise dispose of) assets, and to merge or consolidate with other entities.

Under our credit agreement, we are required to remain in compliance with a maximum leverage ratio and maximum capitalization ratio. The leverage ratio is a contractually defined amount principally reflecting non-vehicle debt divided by

a contractually defined measure of earnings with certain adjustments. The capitalization ratio is a contractually defined amount principally reflecting vehicle floorplan payable and non-vehicle debt divided by our total capitalization including vehicle floorplan payable. The specific terms of these covenants can be found in our credit agreement, which we filed with our Current Report on Form 8-K on October 24, 2017.

The indentures for our senior unsecured notes contain certain limited covenants, including limitations on liens and sale and leaseback transactions.

Our failure to comply with the covenants contained in our debt agreements could result in the acceleration of all of our indebtedness. Our debt agreements have cross-default provisions that trigger a default in the event of an uncured default under other material indebtedness of AutoNation.

As of December 31, 2017, we were in compliance with the requirements of the financial covenants under our debt agreements. Under the terms of our credit agreement, at December 31, 2017, our leverage ratio and capitalization ratio were as follows:

	December	31, 2017
	Requirement	Actual
Leverage ratio	≤ 4.25x	2.82x
Capitalization ratio	≤ 70.0%	62.4%

Vehicle Floorplan Payable

The components of vehicle floorplan payable are as follows:

(In millions)	2	017	2016		
Vehicle floorplan payable - trade	\$	2,179.1	\$ 2,308.8		
Vehicle floorplan payable - non-trade		1,627.8	1,540.4		
Vehicle floorplan payable	\$	3,806.9	\$ 3,849.2		

See Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our vehicle floorplan payable.

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes the changes in our cash provided by (used in) operating, investing, and financing activities:

	Y	ears I	Ended December	er 31,									
(In millions)	 2017		2016		2015								
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 540.1	\$	516.0	\$	507.2								
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (228.3)	\$	(489.7)	\$	(509.4)								
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ (307.4)	\$	(35.6)	\$	0.9								

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Our primary sources of operating cash flows result from the sale of vehicles and finance and insurance products, collections from customers for the sale of parts and services, and proceeds from vehicle floorplan payable-trade. Our primary uses of cash from operating activities are repayments of vehicle floorplan payable-trade, purchases of parts inventory, personnel-related expenditures, and payments related to taxes and leased properties.

2017 compared to 2016

Net cash provided by operating activities increased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to a decrease in working capital requirements, partially offset by a decrease in earnings.

2016 compared to 2015

Net cash provided by operating activities increased during 2016, as compared to 2015, and was primarily due to a decrease in working capital requirements, partially offset by a decrease in earnings.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash flows from investing activities consist primarily of cash used in capital additions, activity from business acquisitions, business divestitures, and property dispositions, and other transactions.

We will make facility and infrastructure upgrades and improvements from time to time as we identify projects that are required to maintain our current business or that we expect to provide us with acceptable rates of return.

2017 compared to 2016

Net cash used in investing activities decreased during 2017, as compared to 2016, primarily due to a decrease in cash used in business acquisitions, net of cash acquired, and increases in proceeds from the disposal of assets held for sale and the sale of property and equipment, partially offset by an increase in purchases of property and equipment and a decrease in cash received from business divestitures, net of cash relinquished.

2016 compared to 2015

Net cash used in investing activities decreased during 2016, as compared to 2015, primarily due to an increase in cash received from business divestitures, net of cash relinquished, partially offset by an increase in cash used in business acquisitions, net of cash acquired.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash flows from financing activities primarily include repurchases of common stock, debt activity, changes in vehicle floorplan payable-non-trade, and proceeds from stock option exercises.

2017 compared to 2016

Under our share repurchase program authorized by our Board of Directors, during 2017, we repurchased 10.1 million shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$434.9 million (average purchase price per share of \$42.99). Additionally, 26,514 shares were surrendered to AutoNation in 2017 to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock. During 2016, we repurchased 10.5 million shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$497.0 million (average purchase price per share of \$47.30). Additionally, 38,906 shares were surrendered to AutoNation in 2016 to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock.

During 2017, we amended and restated our existing unsecured credit agreement, and we also issued \$450.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027. Cash flows from financing activities in 2017 reflect cash payments of \$13.5 million for debt issuance costs for these transactions that are being amortized to interest expense over the terms of the related debt arrangements.

During 2017, we repaid our mortgage facility. Our mortgage facility required monthly principal and interest payments of \$1.6 million based on a fixed amortization schedule with a balloon payment of \$143.9 million, which was paid in the fourth quarter of 2017.

Cash flows from financing activities include changes in commercial paper notes outstanding totaling net payments of \$612.0 million during 2017 and net proceeds of \$342.5 million during 2016.

During 2017, we borrowed \$1.3 billion and repaid \$1.3 billion under our revolving credit facility. During 2016, we borrowed \$1.3 billion and repaid \$1.3 billion under our revolving credit facility.

Cash flows from financing activities include changes in vehicle floorplan payable-non-trade totaling net proceeds of \$130.2 million during 2017 compared to net proceeds of \$153.8 million in 2016.

During 2017, cash flows from financing activities were also impacted by an increase in proceeds from the exercise of stock options as compared to 2016.

2016 compared to 2015

Net cash flows from financing activities during 2016, as compared to 2015, were impacted primarily by the debt activity that occurred in 2015, described below, a decrease in net proceeds from commercial paper, and an increase in repurchases of common stock, partially offset by a decrease in borrowings under our revolving credit facility and higher net proceeds from vehicle floorplan payable-non-trade.

During 2015, we issued \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.35% Senior Notes due 2021 and \$450.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.5% Senior Notes due 2025. Cash flows from financing activities in 2015 reflect cash payments of \$6.4 million for debt issuance costs that are being amortized to interest expense over the terms of the related debt arrangements.

Contractual Payment Obligations

The following table summarizes our payment obligations under certain contracts at December 31, 2017. The amounts presented are based upon, among other things, the terms of any relevant agreements. Future events that may occur related to the following payment obligations could cause actual payments to differ significantly from these amounts.

				Pay	ments Due by Pe	riod		
(In millions)	Total	Less Than 1 1 - 3 Years 3 - 5 Years Year (2019 and (2021 and (2018)) (2020)		(2019 and		(2021 and		More Than 5 Years (2023 and thereafter)
Vehicle floorplan payable (Note 3) (1)	\$ 3,806.9	\$	3,806.9	\$		\$	_	\$ _
Long-term debt, including capital leases (Note 7) (1)(2)	2,389.4		414.5		397.6		308.7	1,268.6
Commercial paper (Note 7) (1)	330.0		330.0		_		_	_
Interest payments (3)	541.1		97.2		155.5		109.4	179.0
Operating lease and other commitments (Note 8) (1)(4)	533.4		54.3		96.0		81.5	301.6
Unrecognized tax benefits, net (Note 11) (1)	10.4		_		4.2		6.2	_
Deferred compensation obligations (5)	78.1		4.9		_		_	73.2
Estimated chargeback liability (Note 18) (1)(6)	120.8		68.9		46.1		5.6	0.2
Estimated self-insurance obligations (Note 6) (1)(7)	78.2		29.5		26.5		10.9	11.3
Purchase obligations (8)	125.9		111.5		13.8		0.6	_
Total	\$ 8,014.2	\$	4,917.7	\$	739.7	\$	522.9	\$ 1,833.9

- (1) See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- (2) Amounts for long-term debt obligations reflect principal payments and are not reduced for unamortized debt discounts of \$2.3 million or debt issuance costs of \$13.4 million.
- (3) Primarily represents scheduled fixed interest payments on our outstanding senior unsecured notes and capital leases. Estimates of future interest payments for vehicle floorplan payables and commercial paper are excluded due to the short-term nature of these facilities.
- (4) Amounts for operating lease commitments do not include certain operating expenses such as maintenance, insurance, and real estate taxes. In 2017, these charges totaled approximately \$20 million. Additionally, operating leases that are on a month-to-month basis are not included.
- (5) Due to uncertainty regarding timing of payments expected beyond one year, long-term obligations for deferred compensation arrangements have been classified in the "More Than 5 Years" column.
- Our estimated chargeback obligations do not have scheduled maturities, however, the timing of future payments is estimated based on historical patterns.
- (7) Our estimated self-insurance obligations are based on management estimates and actuarial calculations. Although these obligations do not have scheduled maturities, the timing of future payments is estimated based on historical patterns.

(8) Primarily represents purchase orders and contracts in connection with information technology and communication systems and real estate construction projects.

We expect that the amounts above will be funded through cash flows from operations or borrowings under our commercial paper program or credit agreement. In the case of payments due upon the maturity of our debt instruments, we currently expect to be able to refinance such instruments in the normal course of business

In the ordinary course of business, we are required to post performance and surety bonds, letters of credit, and/or cash deposits as financial guarantees of our performance. At December 31, 2017, surety bonds, letters of credit, and cash deposits totaled \$110.4 million, of which \$49.3 million were letters of credit. We do not currently provide cash collateral for outstanding letters of credit. We have negotiated a letter of credit sublimit as part of our revolving credit facility. The amount available to be borrowed under this revolving credit facility is reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by the cumulative amount of any outstanding letters of credit.

As further discussed in Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, there are various tax matters where the ultimate resolution may result in us owing additional tax payments.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2017, we did not have any significant off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of SEC Regulation S-K.

Forward-Looking Statements

Our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects, and the prevailing market price and performance of our common stock may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including the matters discussed below. Certain statements and information set forth in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including without limitation statements regarding our brand extension strategy, the impact of tax reform in the United States on our financial results, pending or planned acquisitions, strategic initiatives or partnerships, expected future investments in our business, and our expectations for the future performance of our business (including with respect to sales of used vehicles and parts and accessories) and the automotive retail industry, as well as other written or oral statements made from time to time by us or by our authorized executive officers on our behalf, constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact, including statements that describe our objectives, plans or goals are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements. Words such as "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "goal," "plan," "believe," "continue," "may," "will," "could," and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations concerning future results and events, and they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are difficult to predict and may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report, and we undertake no obligation to revise or update these statements to reflect subsequent event

- The automotive retail industry is sensitive to changing economic conditions and various other factors. Our business and results of operations are substantially dependent on vehicle sales levels in the United States and in our particular geographic markets, as well as the gross profit margins that we can achieve on our sales of vehicles, all of which are very difficult to predict.
- Our new vehicle sales are impacted by the incentive, marketing, and other programs of vehicle manufacturers.
- We are dependent upon the success and continued financial viability of the vehicle manufacturers and distributors with which we hold franchises.
- If we are not able to maintain and enhance our retail brands and reputation or to attract consumers to our own digital channels, or if events occur that damage our retail brands, reputation, or sales channels, our business and financial results may be harmed. We are investing significantly in our brand extension strategy, and if our strategic

initiatives are not successful, we will have incurred significant expenses without the benefit of improved financial results.

- New laws, regulations, or governmental policies regarding fuel economy and greenhouse gas emission standards, or changes to existing standards, may
 affect vehicle manufacturers' ability to produce cost-effective vehicles or vehicles that consumers demand, which could adversely impact our business,
 results of operations, financial condition, cash flow, and prospects.
- Natural disasters and adverse weather events can disrupt our business.
- We are subject to restrictions imposed by, and significant influence from, vehicle manufacturers that may adversely impact our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and prospects, including our ability to acquire additional stores.
- We are subject to numerous legal and administrative proceedings, which, if the outcomes are adverse to us, could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and prospects.
- Our operations are subject to extensive governmental laws and regulations. If we are found to be in purported violation of or subject to liabilities under
 any of these laws or regulations, or if new laws or regulations are enacted that adversely affect our operations, our business, operating results, and
 prospects could suffer.
- A failure of our information systems or any security breach or unauthorized disclosure of confidential information could have a material adverse effect on our business.
- Our debt agreements contain certain financial ratios and other restrictions on our ability to conduct our business, and our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect our financial condition and operations and prevent us from fulfilling our debt service obligations.
- We are subject to interest rate risk in connection with our vehicle floorplan payables, revolving credit facility, and commercial paper program that could have a material adverse effect on our profitability.
- Goodwill and other intangible assets comprise a significant portion of our total assets. We must test our goodwill and other intangible assets for impairment at least annually, which could result in a material, non-cash write-down of goodwill or franchise rights and could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations and shareholders' equity.
- Our largest stockholders, as a result of their ownership stakes in us, may have the ability to exert substantial influence over actions to be taken or
 approved by our stockholders or Board of Directors. In addition, future share repurchases and fluctuations in the levels of ownership of our largest
 stockholders could impact the volume of trading, liquidity, and market price of our common stock.

Additional Information

Investors and others should note that we announce material financial information using our company website (www.autonation.com), our investor relations website (www.autonation.com), SEC filings, press releases, public conference calls, and webcasts. Information about AutoNation, its business, and its results of operations may also be announced by posts on the following social media channels:

- AutoNation's Twitter feed (<u>www.twitter.com/autonation</u>)
- Mike Jackson's Twitter feed (www.twitter.com/CEOMikeJackson)
- AutoNation's Facebook page (<u>www.facebook.com/autonation</u>)
- Mike Jackson's Facebook page (<u>www.facebook.com/CEOMikeJackson</u>)

The information that we post on these social media channels could be deemed to be material information. As a result, we encourage investors, the media, and others interested in AutoNation to review the information that we post on these social media channels. These channels may be updated from time to time on AutoNation's investor relations website. The

information on or accessible through our websites and social media channels is not incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rate Risk

Our primary market risk exposure is increasing LIBOR-based interest rates. Interest rate derivatives may be used to hedge a portion of our variable rate debt, when appropriate, based on market conditions.

We had \$3.8 billion of variable rate vehicle floorplan payable at December 31, 2017, and \$3.8 billion at December 31, 2016. Based on these amounts, a 100 basis point change in interest rates would result in an approximate change of \$38.1 million in 2017 and \$38.5 million in 2016 to our annual floorplan interest expense. Our exposure to changes in interest rates with respect to total vehicle floorplan payable is partially mitigated by manufacturers' floorplan assistance, which in some cases is based on variable interest rates.

We had \$330.0 million of commercial paper notes outstanding at December 31, 2017, and \$942.0 million at December 31, 2016. Based on the amounts outstanding, a 100 basis point change in interest rates would result in an approximate change to our annual interest expense of \$3.3 million in 2017 and \$9.4 million in 2016.

Our fixed rate long-term debt, consisting of amounts outstanding under senior unsecured notes and capital lease and other debt obligations, totaled \$2.4 billion and had a fair value of \$2.4 billion as of December 31, 2017, and totaled \$1.8 billion and had a fair value of \$1.9 billion as of December 31, 2016.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Shareholders and Board of Directors AutoNation, Inc.:

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AutoNation, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes (collectively, the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2017, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated February 14, 2018 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2003.

February 14, 2018 Fort Lauderdale, Florida Certified Public Accountants

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Shareholders and Board of Directors AutoNation, Inc.:

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited AutoNation, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB"), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes (collectively, the "consolidated financial statements"), and our report dated February 14, 2018 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ KPMG LLP

February 14, 2018 Fort Lauderdale, Florida Certified Public Accountants

AUTONATION, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS As of December 31, (In millions, except share and per share data)

		2017		2016
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69.2	\$	64.8
Receivables, net		1,111.0		1,032.9
Inventory		3,365.6		3,520.1
Other current assets		251.7		97.0
Total Current Assets	·	4,797.5		4,714.8
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET		2,962.7		2,843.2
GOODWILL		1,515.0		1,511.3
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET		586.8		598.2
OTHER ASSETS		409.5		392.5
Total Assets	\$	10,271.5	\$	10,060.0
LIADU ITIES AND SHADEHOLDEDS FOLUTV				
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	Ф	2 170 1	Ф	2 200 0
Vehicle floorplan payable - trade	\$	2,179.1	\$	2,308.8
Vehicle floorplan payable - non-trade		1,627.8		1,540.4
Accounts payable		309.8		303.7
Commercial paper		330.0		942.0
Current maturities of long-term debt		414.5		167.5
Other current liabilities		774.5		566.8
Total Current Liabilities		5,635.7		5,829.2
LONG-TERM DEBT, NET OF CURRENT MATURITIES		1,959.2		1,611.1
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		71.9		91.5
OTHER LIABILITIES		235.4		217.9
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 8)				
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		_		_
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 1,500,000,000 shares authorized; 102,562,149 shares issued at December 31, 2017, and 120,562,149 shares issued at December 31, 2016, including shares held in treasury		1.0		1.2
Additional paid-in capital		4.0		18.2
Retained earnings		2,832.2		3,133.3
Treasury stock, at cost; 11,002,298 and 19,909,940 shares held, respectively		(467.9)		(842.4)
Total Shareholders' Equity		2,369.3		2,310.3
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	10,271.5	\$	10,060.0

AUTONATION, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME For the Years Ended December 31, (In millions, except per share data)

		2017		2016	2015		
Revenue:							
New vehicle	\$	12,180.8	\$	12,255.8	\$	11,995.0	
Used vehicle		4,878.4		4,995.3		4,768.7	
Parts and service		3,398.3		3,321.4		3,082.8	
Finance and insurance, net		939.2		894.6		868.7	
Other		137.9		141.9		146.8	
TOTAL REVENUE		21,534.6		21,609.0		20,862.0	
Cost of Sales:							
New vehicle		11,592.4		11,620.0		11,321.9	
Used vehicle		4,563.2		4,677.7		4,415.0	
Parts and service		1,907.6		1,886.7		1,744.8	
Other		112.4		111.4		118.8	
TOTAL COST OF SALES (excluding depreciation shown below)		18,175.6		18,295.8		17,600.5	
Gross Profit:							
New vehicle		588.4		635.8		673.1	
Used vehicle		315.2		317.6		353.7	
Parts and service		1,490.7		1,434.7		1,338.0	
Finance and insurance		939.2		894.6		868.7	
Other		25.5		30.5		28.0	
TOTAL GROSS PROFIT		3,359.0		3,313.2		3,261.5	
Selling, general, and administrative expenses		2,436.2		2,349.4		2,263.5	
Depreciation and amortization		158.6		143.4		127.4	
Franchise rights impairment		_		_		15.4	
Other income, net		(79.2)		(69.1)		(17.9)	
OPERATING INCOME		843.4		889.5		873.1	
Non-operating income (expense) items:							
Floorplan interest expense		(97.0)		(76.5)		(58.3)	
Other interest expense		(120.2)		(115.5)		(90.9)	
Interest income		1.0		1.1		0.1	
Other income (loss), net		9.3		3.7		(1.3)	
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		636.5		702.3		722.7	
Income tax provision		201.5		270.6		279.0	
NET INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		435.0		431.7		443.7	
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(0.4)		(1.2)		(1.1)	
NET INCOME	\$	434.6	\$	430.5	\$	442.6	
BASIC EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE:							
Continuing operations	\$	4.45	\$	4.19	\$	3.94	
Discontinued operations	\$	_	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.01)	
Net income	\$	4.44	\$	4.18	\$	3.93	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	•	97.8	*	103.1	-	112.7	
DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE:		,,,,		100.1		112./	
Continuing operations	\$	4.43	\$	4.16	\$	3.90	
Discontinued operations	\$		\$		\$	(0.01)	
Net income	\$	4.43	\$	4.15	\$	3.89	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	Ψ	98.2	Ψ	103.8	~	113.9	
COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING, net of treasury stock, at period end		91.6		100.7		110.8	

AUTONATION, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Years Ended December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 (In millions, except share data)

	Comm	on S	tock	Additional Paid-In	Retained	Treasury			
	Shares		Amount	Capital	Earnings		Stock		Total
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2014	163,562,149	\$	1.6	\$ 61.8	\$ 3,756.6	\$	(1,747.9)	\$	2,072.1
Net income	_		_	_	442.6		_		442.6
Repurchases of common stock	_		_	_	_		(237.3)		(237.3)
Treasury stock cancellation	(43,000,000)		(0.4)	(78.7)	(1,496.4)		1,575.5		_
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_	24.0	_		_		24.0
Shares awarded under stock-based compensation plans, including excess income tax benefit of \$17.9			_	(1.9)	_		49.8		47.9
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2015	120,562,149	\$	1.2	\$ 5.2	\$ 2,702.8	\$	(359.9)	\$	2,349.3
Net income			_	_	430.5		_		430.5
Repurchases of common stock	_		_	_	_		(499.0)		(499.0)
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_	25.1	_		_		25.1
Shares awarded under stock-based compensation plans, including excess income tax benefit of \$0.6	_		_	(7.5)	_		16.5		9.0
Other	_		_	(4.6)	_		_		(4.6)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2016	120,562,149	\$	1.2	\$ 18.2	\$ 3,133.3	\$	(842.4)	\$	2,310.3
Net income			_	_	434.6		_		434.6
Repurchases of common stock	_		_	_	_		(436.0)		(436.0)
Treasury stock cancellation	(18,000,000)		(0.2)	(30.2)	(735.6)		766.0		_
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_	20.6	_		_		20.6
Shares awarded under stock-based compensation plans	_		_	(4.8)	_		44.5		39.7
Other	_		_	0.2	(0.1)		_		0.1
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2017	102,562,149	\$	1.0	\$ 4.0	\$ 2,832.2	\$	(467.9)	\$	2,369.3

AUTONATION, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, (In millions)

	2017		2016	2015
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$ 434	.6 \$	430.5	\$ 442.6
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Loss from discontinued operations		.4	1.2	1.1
Depreciation and amortization	158	.6	143.4	127.4
Amortization of debt issuance costs and accretion of debt discounts	5	.6	5.4	4.7
Stock-based compensation expense	20	.6	25.1	24.0
Franchise rights impairment	-	_	_	15.4
Non-cash impairment charges	26	.4	14.0	6.1
Net gain on asset sales and dispositions	(95	.4)	(62.6)	(23.8)
Deferred income tax provision	(19	.0)	3.7	10.0
Excess tax benefit from stock-based awards	-	_	(0.6)	(17.9)
Other	(7	.3)	(10.6)	1.3
(Increase) decrease, net of effects from business combinations and divestitures:				
Receivables	(61	.6)	(99.3)	(91.8)
Inventory	39	.3	259.1	(548.8)
Other assets	(37	.0)	(33.6)	(8.8)
Increase (decrease), net of effects from business combinations and divestitures:				
Vehicle floorplan payable-trade, net	(64	.4)	(196.4)	488.0
Accounts payable	0	.5	(5.8)	37.7
Other liabilities	139	.1	43.8	41.0
Net cash provided by continuing operations	540	.4	517.3	508.2
Net cash used in discontinued operations	(0	.3)	(1.3)	(1.0)
Net cash provided by operating activities	540	.1	516.0	507.2
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchases of property and equipment	(310	.1)	(244.5)	(247.6)
Property operating lease buy-outs	`	.3)	(5.0)	(10.2)
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	21		8.7	21.9
Proceeds from the disposal of assets held for sale	38	.0	4.8	11.5
Insurance recoveries on property and equipment	1	.7	3.1	1.0
Cash used in business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(76	.8)	(410.4)	(321.5)
Cash received from business divestitures, net of cash relinquished	104		150.4	43.9
Net change in restricted cash		.3)	3.3	(3.8)
Other		.1)	(0.1)	(4.6)
Net cash used in continuing operations	(228		(489.7)	(509.4)
Net cash used in discontinued operations	(===	_	_	
Net cash used in investing activities	(228	.3)	(489.7)	(509.4)
	(220		(107.7)	(307.4)

AUTONATION, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, (In millions)

(Continued)

	2017	2016	2015
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Repurchases of common stock	(436.0)	(499.0)	(237.3)
Proceeds from 3.35% Senior Notes due 2021	_	_	300.0
Proceeds from 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024	449.4	_	_
Proceeds from 4.5% Senior Notes due 2025	_	_	448.5
Proceeds from 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027	299.8	_	_
Proceeds from revolving credit facilities	1,307.0	1,330.0	1,410.0
Payments of revolving credit facilities	(1,307.0)	(1,330.0)	(2,520.0)
Net proceeds from (payments of) commercial paper	(612.0)	342.5	599.5
Payment of debt issuance costs	(13.5)	_	(6.4)
Net proceeds from (payments of) vehicle floorplan payable - non-trade	130.2	153.8	(13.3)
Purchase of subsidiary shares	_	(15.2)	_
Payments of mortgage facilities	(153.2)	(22.5)	(9.8)
Payments of capital lease and other debt obligations	(11.8)	(4.2)	(18.2)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	39.7	8.4	30.0
Excess tax benefit from stock-based awards	_	0.6	17.9
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing operations	(307.4) (35.6)		0.9
Net cash used in discontinued operations	_	_	_
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(307.4)	(35.6)	0.9
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4.4	(9.3)	(1.3)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS at beginning of year	64.8	74.1	75.4
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS at end of year	\$ 69.2	\$ 64.8	\$ 74.1

AUTONATION, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (All tables in millions, except per share data)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

AutoNation, Inc., through its subsidiaries, is the largest automotive retailer in the United States. As of December 31, 2017, we owned and operated 360 new vehicle franchises from 253 stores located in the United States, predominantly in major metropolitan markets in the Sunbelt region. Our stores sell 33 different new vehicle brands. The core brands of new vehicles that we sell, representing approximately 93% of the new vehicles that we sold in 2017, are manufactured by Toyota (including Lexus), Honda, Ford, General Motors, FCA US, Mercedes-Benz, Nissan, BMW, and Volkswagen (including Audi and Porsche). We also own and operate 76 AutoNation-branded collision centers.

We offer a diversified range of automotive products and services, including new vehicles, used vehicles, "parts and service" (also referred to as "Customer Care"), which includes automotive repair and maintenance services as well as wholesale parts and collision businesses, and automotive "finance and insurance" products (also referred to as "Customer Financial Services"), which include vehicle service and other protection products, as well as the arranging of financing for vehicle purchases through third-party finance sources. For convenience, the terms "AutoNation," "Company," and "we" are used to refer collectively to AutoNation, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise required by the context. Our dealership operations are conducted by our subsidiaries.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of AutoNation, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All of our automotive dealership subsidiaries are indirectly wholly owned by the parent company, AutoNation, Inc. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. In preparing these financial statements, management has made its best estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the financial statements. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable. However, application of these accounting policies involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ materially from these estimates. We periodically evaluate estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements and make changes on a prospective basis when adjustments are necessary. The critical accounting estimates made in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include certain assumptions related to goodwill, other intangible assets, and accruals for chargebacks against revenue recognized from the sale of finance and insurance products. Other significant accounting estimates include certain assumptions related to long-lived assets, assets held for sale, accruals related to self-insurance programs, certain legal proceedings, and estimated tax liabilities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less as of the date of purchase to be cash equivalents unless the investments are legally or contractually restricted for more than three months. Under our cash management system, outstanding checks that are in excess of the cash balances at certain banks are included in Accounts Payable in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and changes in these amounts are reflected in operating cash flows in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of new and used vehicles held for sale, valued at the lower of cost or market using the specific identification method. Cost includes acquisition, reconditioning, dealer installed accessories, and transportation expenses. Our new vehicle inventory costs are generally reduced by manufacturer holdbacks (percentage of either the

manufacturer's suggested retail price or invoice price of a new vehicle that the manufacturer repays to the dealer), incentives, floorplan assistance, and non-reimbursement-based manufacturer advertising assistance. Parts, accessories, and other inventory are valued at the lower of acquisition cost (first-in, first-out) or market. See Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more detailed information about our inventory.

Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized, while minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. In addition, we capitalize interest on borrowings during the active construction period of capital projects. Capitalized interest is added to the cost of the assets and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leased property meeting certain criteria is capitalized and the present value of the related lease payments is recorded as a liability and included in current and/or long-term debt based on the lease term. When property is retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in Other Income, Net (within Operating Income) in the Consolidated Statements of Income. See Note 4 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for detailed information about our property and equipment.

Depreciation is recorded over the estimated useful lives of the assets involved using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements and capitalized lease assets are amortized to depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of the asset or the respective lease term used in determining lease classification, whichever is shorter. The range of estimated useful lives is as follows:

Buildings and improvements 5 to 40 years Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 3 to 10 years

We continually evaluate property and equipment, including leasehold improvements, to determine whether events or changes in circumstances have occurred that may warrant revision of the estimated useful life or whether the remaining balance should be evaluated for possible impairment. Such events or changes may include a significant decrease in market value, a significant change in the business climate in a particular market, a current expectation that more-likely-than-not a long-lived asset will be sold or otherwise disposed of significantly before the end of its previously estimated useful life, or a current-period operating or cash flow loss combined with historical losses or projected future losses. We use an estimate of the related undiscounted cash flows over the remaining life of the property and equipment in assessing whether an asset has been impaired. We measure impairment losses based upon the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value.

When property and equipment is identified as held for sale, we reclassify the held for sale assets to Other Current Assets and cease recording depreciation. We measure each long-lived asset or disposal group at the lower of its carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell and recognize a loss for any initial adjustment of the long-lived asset's or disposal group's carrying amount to fair value less cost to sell in the period the "held for sale" criteria are met. Such valuations include estimations of fair values and incremental direct costs to transact a sale. The fair value measurements for our long-lived assets held for sale were based on Level 3 inputs, which considered information obtained from third-party real estate valuation sources, or, in certain cases, pending agreements to sell the related assets. We recognize an impairment loss if the amount of the asset group's carrying amount exceeds the asset group's estimated fair value. If we recognize an impairment loss, the adjusted carrying amount of the asset group becomes its new cost basis. For a depreciable long-lived asset, the new cost basis will be depreciated over the remaining useful life of that asset.

Assets held for sale in both continuing operations and discontinued operations are reported in the "Corporate and other" category of our segment information.

We had assets held for sale of \$169.1 million at December 31, 2017, and \$41.4 million at December 31, 2016, included in continuing operations. We had assets held for sale of \$14.4 million at December 31, 2017, and \$15.7 million at December 31, 2016, included in discontinued operations.

See Note 16 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for information about our fair value measurement valuation process and impairment charges that were recorded during 2017 and 2016.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, net

Goodwill consists of the cost of acquired businesses in excess of the fair value of the net assets acquired. Additionally, other intangible assets are separately recognized if the benefit of the intangible asset is obtained through contractual or other legal rights, or if the intangible asset can be sold, transferred, licensed, rented, or exchanged, regardless of our intent to do so.

Our principal identifiable intangible assets are rights under franchise agreements with vehicle manufacturers. We generally expect our franchise agreements to survive for the foreseeable future and, when the agreements do not have indefinite terms, anticipate routine renewals of the agreements without substantial cost. The contractual terms of our franchise agreements provide for various durations, ranging from one year to no expiration date, and in certain cases, manufacturers have undertaken to renew such franchises upon expiration so long as the dealership is in compliance with the terms of the agreement. However, in general, the states in which we operate have automotive dealership franchise laws that provide that, notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, it is unlawful for a manufacturer to terminate or not renew a franchise unless "good cause" exists. It is generally difficult, outside of bankruptcy, for a manufacturer to terminate or not renew a franchise laws, which were designed to protect dealers. In addition, in our experience and historically in the automotive retail industry, dealership franchise agreements are rarely involuntarily terminated or not renewed by the manufacturer outside of bankruptcy. Accordingly, we believe that our franchise agreements will contribute to cash flows for the foreseeable future and have indefinite lives. Other intangible assets are amortized using a straight-line method over their useful lives, generally ranging from three to thirty years.

We do not amortize goodwill or franchise rights assets. Goodwill and franchise rights are tested for impairment annually or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. We elected to perform a quantitative goodwill impairment test as of April 30, 2017, and no goodwill impairment charges resulted from the impairment test. For our April 30, 2016 annual goodwill impairment test, we chose to make a qualitative evaluation about the likelihood of goodwill impairment and determined that it was not more likely than not that the fair values of our reporting units were less than their carrying amounts.

We elected to perform quantitative franchise rights impairment tests as of April 30, 2017, and no impairment charges resulted from the impairment tests. For our April 30, 2016 annual franchise rights assessment, we chose to make a qualitative evaluation about the likelihood of franchise rights impairment to determine whether it was necessary to perform a quantitative test. Based on our qualitative assessment, we determined that we should perform a quantitative test for certain franchise rights; however, no impairment charges resulted from these quantitative tests during 2016.

See Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information about our goodwill and other intangible assets and Note 16 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for information about our annual impairment tests of goodwill and franchise rights.

Other Current Assets

Other current assets consist of various items, including, among other items, assets held for sale in continuing operations and discontinued operations and prepaid expenses.

Other Assets

Other assets consist of various items, including, among other items, service loaner and rental vehicle inventory, net, and the cash surrender value of corporate-owned life insurance held in a Rabbi Trust for deferred compensation plan participants.

Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consist of various items payable within one year including, among other items, accruals for payroll and benefits and sales taxes, income taxes payable, liabilities held for sale (which are comprised primarily of floorplan payables of disposal groups held for sale), the current portions of finance and insurance chargeback liabilities, self-insurance liabilities, and deferred revenue, customer deposits, accrued interest payable, and accrued expenses.

Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consist of various items payable beyond one year including, among other items, the long-term portions of deferred compensation obligations, finance and insurance chargeback liabilities, self-insurance liabilities, and deferred revenue.

Employee Savings Plans

We offer a 401(k) plan to all of our employees and provide a matching contribution to certain employees that participate in the plan. We provided a matching contribution of \$7.1 million in 2017, \$6.8 million in 2016, and \$6.8 million in 2015. Employer matching contributions are subject to a three -year graded vesting period for employees hired subsequent to January 1, 2011, and are fully vested immediately upon contribution for employees hired prior to January 1, 2011.

We offer a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") to provide certain employees and non-employee directors with the opportunity to accumulate assets for retirement on a tax-deferred basis. Participants in the Plan are allowed to defer a portion of their compensation and are fully vested in their respective deferrals and earnings. Participants may choose from a variety of investment options, which determine their earnings credits. We provided a matching contribution to employee participants in the Plan of \$0.7 million for 2017, \$0.7 million for 2016, and \$0.6 million for 2015. One-third of the matching contribution is vested and credited to participants on the first business day of the subsequent calendar year, and an additional one-third vests and is credited on each of the first and second anniversaries of such date. We may also make discretionary contributions, which vest three years after the effective date of the discretionary contribution. Participants eligible for a matching contribution under the Plan are not eligible for a matching contribution in our 401(k) plan. The balances due to participants in the Plan were \$78.1 million as of December 31, 2017, and \$68.2 million as of December 31, 2016, and are included in Other Current Liabilities and Other Liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Stock-Based Compensation

In 2017, we granted stock-based awards in the form of time-based and performance-based restricted stock units ("RSUs"). In 2016 and 2015, we granted stock-based awards in the form of stock options, restricted stock, and RSUs. Restricted stock awards, which are considered nonvested share awards as defined under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and RSUs are issued from our treasury stock. Compensation cost for restricted stock awards and RSUs is based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. Stock options granted under all plans are non-qualified. Upon exercise of stock options, shares of common stock are issued from our treasury stock. We use the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine compensation expense associated with our stock options.

Certain of our equity-based compensation plans contain provisions that provide for vesting of awards upon retirement. Accordingly, compensation cost for time-based RSUs, restricted stock awards, and stock options is recognized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the stated vesting period or the period until employees become retirement-eligible. Compensation cost for performance-based RSUs is recognized over the requisite service period based on the current expectation that performance goals will be achieved at the stated target level. The amount of compensation cost recognized on performance-based RSUs depends on the relative satisfaction of the performance condition based on performance to date. We account for forfeitures of stock-based awards as they occur. See Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information about our stock-based compensation arrangements.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue consists of the sales of new and used vehicles, sales of parts and automotive services, commissions for the placement of finance and insurance products, and sales of other products. We recognize revenue (which excludes sales taxes) in the period in which products are sold or services are provided. The automotive services we provide include, but are not limited to, customer-paid repairs and maintenance, as well as repairs and maintenance under manufacturer warranties and extended service contracts. We recognize vehicle and finance and insurance revenue when a sales contract has been executed, the vehicle has been delivered, and payment has been received or financing has been arranged. Revenue on finance and insurance products represents commissions earned by us for the placement of: (i) loans and leases with financial institutions in connection with customer vehicle purchases financed, (ii) vehicle service contracts with third-party providers, and (iii) other vehicle protection products with third-party providers.

We sell and receive a commission, which is recognized upon sale, on the following types of products: extended service contracts, maintenance programs, guaranteed auto protection (known as "GAP," this protection covers the shortfall between a customer's loan balance and insurance payoff in the event of a casualty), "tire and wheel" protection, and theft protection products. The products we offer include products that are sold and administered by independent third parties, including the vehicle manufacturers' captive finance subsidiaries. Pursuant to our arrangements with these third-party providers, we primarily sell the products on a straight commission basis; however, we may sell the product, recognize commission, and participate in future profit pursuant to retrospective commission arrangements with the issuers of those contracts, which is recognized as earned. Certain commissions earned from the sales of finance and insurance products are subject to chargeback should the contracts be terminated prior to their expirations. An estimated liability for chargebacks against revenue recognized from sales of finance and insurance products is recorded in the period in which the related revenue is recognized. Our estimated liability for chargebacks is based primarily on our historical chargeback experience, based on internal cancellation data, as well as cancellation data received from third parties that sell and administer these products, and is influenced by the volume of vehicle sales in recent years, commission levels, product penetration, product mix, and increases or decreases in early termination rates resulting from cancellation of vehicle service contracts and other protection products, defaults, refinancings and payoffs before maturity, and other factors. Chargeback liabilities were \$120.8 million at December 31, 2017, and \$116.8 million at December 31, 2016. See Note 18 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information regarding chargeback liabilities.

Insurance

Under our self-insurance programs, we retain various levels of aggregate loss limits, per claim deductibles, and claims-handling expenses as part of our various insurance programs, including property and casualty, employee medical benefits, automobile, and workers' compensation. Costs in excess of this retained risk per claim may be insured under various contracts with third-party insurance carriers. We review our claim and loss history on a periodic basis to assist in assessing our future liability. The ultimate costs of these retained insurance risks are estimated by management and by third-party actuarial evaluation of historical claims experience, adjusted for current trends and changes in claims-handling procedures. See Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our self-insurance liabilities.

Manufacturer Incentives and Other Rebates

We receive various incentives from manufacturers based on achieving certain objectives, such as specified sales volume targets, as well as other objectives, including maintaining standards of a particular vehicle brand, which may include but are not limited to facility image and design requirements, customer satisfaction survey results, and training standards, among others. These incentives are typically based upon units purchased or sold. These manufacturer incentives are recognized as a reduction of new vehicle cost of sales when earned, generally at the time the related vehicles are sold or upon attainment of the particular program goals, whichever is later.

We also receive manufacturer rebates and assistance for holdbacks, floorplan interest, and non-reimbursement-based advertising expenses (described below), which are reflected as a reduction in the carrying value of each vehicle purchased by us. We recognize holdbacks, floorplan interest assistance, non-reimbursement-based advertising rebates, cash

incentives, and other rebates received from manufacturers that are tied to specific vehicles as a reduction to cost of sales as the related vehicles are sold.

Advertising

We generally expense the cost of advertising as incurred, net of earned manufacturer reimbursements for specific advertising costs and other discounts. Advertising expense, net of manufacturer advertising reimbursements, was \$192.8 million in 2017, \$196.7 million in 2016, and \$188.5 million in 2015, and is reflected as a component of Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income.

Manufacturer advertising rebates that are reimbursements of costs associated with specific advertising expenses are earned in accordance with the respective manufacturers' reimbursement-based advertising assistance programs, which is typically after we have incurred the corresponding advertising expenses, and are reflected as a reduction of advertising expense. Manufacturer advertising reimbursements classified as an offset to advertising expenses were \$65.0 million in 2017, \$58.5 million in 2016, and \$56.4 million in 2015. All other non-reimbursement-based manufacturer advertising rebates that are not associated with specific advertising expenses are recorded as a reduction of inventory and recognized as a reduction of new vehicle cost of sales in the period the related vehicle is sold.

Parts and Service Internal Profit

Our parts and service departments recondition the majority of used vehicles acquired by our used vehicle departments and perform minor preparatory work on new vehicles acquired by our new vehicle departments. The parts and service departments charge the new and used vehicle departments as if they were third parties in order to account for total activity performed by that department. Revenues and costs of sales associated with the internal work performed by our parts and service departments are reflected in our parts and service results in our Consolidated Statements of Income. New and used vehicle revenues and costs of sales are reduced by the amount of the intracompany charge. As a result, the revenues and costs of sales associated with the internal work performed by our parts and service departments are eliminated in consolidation. We also maintain an allowance for internal profit on vehicles that have not been sold.

Income Taxes

We file a consolidated federal income tax return. Deferred income taxes have been provided for temporary differences between the recognition of revenue and expenses for financial and income tax reporting purposes and between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. See Note 11 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more detailed information related to income taxes.

Taxes Assessed by Governmental Authorities

Taxes assessed by governmental authorities that are directly imposed on revenue transactions are excluded from revenue in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, including outstanding unvested restricted stock awards, which contain rights to non-forfeitable dividends, and vested RSU awards. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding, noted above, adjusted for the dilutive effect of stock options and unvested RSU awards. See Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the computation of earnings (loss) per share.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an accounting standard update that amends several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification within the statement of cash flows, and accounting for forfeitures. The amendments in this accounting standard update were effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016.

The new standard requires excess tax benefits or deficiencies for share-based payments to be recognized as income tax benefit or expense, rather than within additional paid-in capital. Furthermore, cash flows related to excess tax benefits are required to be classified as operating activities in the statement of cash flows rather than financing activities. We adopted these amendments effective January 1, 2017, on a prospective basis. In 2017, we recorded \$4.3 million of tax deficiencies, which is reflected as a component of the income tax provision on the Consolidated Statement of Income and as cash used in operating activities on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. We elected not to adjust the prior year cash flow presentation.

The new standard also eliminates the requirement to estimate forfeitures when recognizing stock compensation expense during the vesting period. As permitted by the standard, we have elected to account for forfeitures of stock-based awards as they occur. The new standard requires that this change be adopted on a modified retrospective basis, as such, we recorded a cumulative effect adjustment of \$0.2 million (pre-tax) to reduce retained earnings and increase additional paid-in capital as of January 1, 2017.

The new standard also requires the presentation of cash paid to taxing authorities at settlement arising from the withholding of shares from employees be classified as a financing activity on the statement of cash flows, which is where we had previously classified these items. This change, therefore, did not impact our consolidated financial statements.

Simplifying the Goodwill Impairment Test

In January 2017, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by eliminating the second step of the goodwill impairment test. Under the new standard, goodwill impairment should be recognized based on the amount by which the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, but should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. The amendments in this accounting standard update are to be applied prospectively and are effective for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. We adopted this standard in connection with our annual goodwill impairment test as of April 30, 2017. The provisions of this accounting standard update did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements. See Note 16 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our annual goodwill impairment testing.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that amends the accounting guidance on revenue recognition. The amendments in this accounting standard update are intended to provide a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues, improve comparability of revenue recognition practices, and improve disclosure requirements. Under the new standard, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services and is recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration which the entity expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The principles in the standard should be applied using a five-step model that includes 1) identifying the contract(s) with a customer, 2) identifying the performance obligations in the contract, 3) determining the transaction price, 4) allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and 5) recognizing revenue when (or as) the performance obligations are satisfied. The standard also requires disclosure of the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. In addition, the standard amends the existing requirements for the recognition of a gain or loss on the transfer of nonfinancial assets that are not in a contract with a

customer (for example, sales of real estate) to be consistent with the standard's guidance on recognition and measurement (including the constraint on revenue). The FASB also subsequently issued several amendments to the standard, including clarification on principal versus agent guidance, identifying performance obligations, and immaterial goods and services in a contract.

This accounting standard update is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We will adopt this accounting standard update effective January 1, 2018. The amendments in this accounting standard update must be applied using either of the following transition methods: (i) a full retrospective approach reflecting the application of the standard in each prior reporting period with the option to elect certain practical expedients, or (ii) a modified retrospective approach with the cumulative effect of initially adopting the standard recognized at the date of adoption (which requires additional footnote disclosures). We adopted the standard using the modified retrospective approach applied only to contracts not completed as of the date of adoption, with no restatement of comparative periods and a cumulative effect adjustment recognized as of the date of adoption.

As part of our implementation process, we performed an analysis to identify accounting policies that needed to change and additional disclosures that will be required. We have considered factors such as customer contracts with unique revenue recognition considerations, the nature and type of goods and services we offer, the degree to which contracts include multiple performance obligations or variable consideration, and the pattern in which revenue is currently recognized, among other things. We have evaluated all of our revenue streams, and similar performance obligations will result under the new standard as compared with deliverables and separate units of accounting currently identified. As a result, the timing of our revenue recognition for most of our revenue streams will generally remain the same, however we have identified certain revenue streams that will be affected by the new standard.

First, the timing of revenue recognition associated with customer loyalty programs that we offer in certain of our stores will be deferred. We currently accrue the incremental cost of loyalty points awarded under current guidance. Under the new standard, a customer loyalty program that provides a customer with a material right is accounted for as a separate performance obligation with revenue recognized when the loyalty points are redeemed. Second, the timing of revenue recognition for automotive repair and maintenance services will be accelerated, as we have determined these performance obligations are satisfied over time under the new standard. Lastly, a portion of the transaction price related to sales of finance and insurance contracts is considered variable consideration and subject to accelerated recognition under the new standard. The new standard requires an entity to estimate variable consideration and apply the constraint in determining the transaction price. We are finalizing our cumulative effect adjustment and currently expect that all changes to our revenue recognition methods as a result of adopting the new standard will result in a net, after-tax cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings as of January 1, 2018 in the range of \$9 million to \$12 million.

We do not expect a significant impact in the amount or timing of gain or loss recognition related to our periodic sales of real estate. We also have evaluated the changes in controls and processes that are necessary to implement the new standard, and no material changes were required.

Accounting for Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that amends the accounting guidance on leases. The new standard establishes a right-of-use (ROU) model that requires a lessee to record an ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. The amendments in this accounting standard update are effective for us on January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. We will adopt this accounting standard update effective January 1, 2019. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available.

We expect that this standard will have a material effect on our financial statements due to the recognition of new ROU assets and lease liabilities on our balance sheet for real estate and equipment operating leases. We expect that our leasing activity may increase between now and the adoption date. We expect to elect all of the standard's available practical

expedients on adoption. Consequently, on adoption, we currently expect to recognize additional operating liabilities ranging from \$375 million to \$475 million, with corresponding ROU assets of the same amount based on the present value of the remaining minimum rental payments under current leasing standards for existing operating leases. We have a significant number of real estate leases, including for land and buildings. The majority of our leases for land are classified as operating leases under current lease accounting guidance. For new leases entered into after adoption, the new lease standard may affect the pattern of expense recognition related to the land component of a new real estate lease, since those land leases may be classified as financing leases under the new standard.

Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments

In August 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that provides classification guidance on eight specific cash flow issues, for which guidance previously did not exist or was unclear. The amendments in this accounting standard update are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted for any entity in any interim or annual period. We will adopt this accounting standard update effective January 1, 2018. The provisions of this accounting standard update will not have a material impact on our consolidated statements of cash flows.

2. RECEIVABLES, NET

The components of receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, at December 31 are as follows:

	2017	2016
Trade receivables	\$ 162.6	\$ 147.6
Manufacturer receivables	253.3	234.9
Other	44.9	48.7
	 460.8	431.2
Less: allowances for doubtful accounts	(5.5)	(5.8)
	 455.3	425.4
Contracts-in-transit and vehicle receivables	655.7	595.9
Income taxes receivable (See Note 11)	_	11.6
Receivables, net	\$ 1,111.0	\$ 1,032.9

Trade receivables represent amounts due for parts and services that have been delivered or sold, excluding amounts due from manufacturers, as well as receivables from finance organizations for commissions on the sale of finance and insurance products. Manufacturer receivables represent amounts due from manufacturers for holdbacks, rebates, incentives, floorplan assistance, and warranty claims. Contracts-in-transit and vehicle receivables primarily represent receivables from financial institutions for the portion of the vehicle sales price financed by our customers.

We evaluate our receivables for collectability based on the age of receivables and past collection experience.

3. INVENTORY AND VEHICLE FLOORPLAN PAYABLE

The components of inventory at December 31 are as follows:

	2	2017	2016	
New vehicles	\$	2,577.9	\$	2,761.5
Used vehicles		576.5		559.1
Parts, accessories, and other		211.2		199.5
Inventory	\$	3,365.6	\$	3,520.1

The components of vehicle floorplan payables at December 31 are as follows:

	2017	2016
Vehicle floorplan payable - trade	\$ 2,179.1	\$ 2,308.8
Vehicle floorplan payable - non-trade	1,627.8	1,540.4
Vehicle floorplan payable	\$ 3,806.9	\$ 3,849.2

Vehicle floorplan payable-trade reflects amounts borrowed to finance the purchase of specific new vehicle inventories with the corresponding manufacturers' captive finance subsidiaries ("trade lenders"). Vehicle floorplan payable-non-trade represents amounts borrowed to finance the purchase of specific new and, to a lesser extent, used vehicle inventories with non-trade lenders, as well as amounts borrowed under our secured used vehicle floorplan facilities. Changes in vehicle floorplan payable-trade are reported as operating cash flows and changes in vehicle floorplan payable-non-trade are reported as financing cash flows in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Our inventory costs are generally reduced by manufacturer holdbacks, incentives, floorplan assistance, and non-reimbursement-based manufacturer advertising rebates, while the related vehicle floorplan payables are reflective of the gross cost of the vehicle. The vehicle floorplan payables, as shown in the above table, will generally also be higher than the inventory cost due to the timing of the sale of a vehicle and payment of the related liability.

Vehicle floorplan facilities are due on demand, but in the case of new vehicle inventories, are generally paid within several business days after the related vehicles are sold. Our manufacturer agreements generally allow the manufacturer to draft against the new vehicle floorplan facilities so the lender funds the manufacturer directly for the purchase of new vehicle inventory. Vehicle floorplan facilities are primarily collateralized by vehicle inventories and related receivables.

Our new vehicle floorplan facilities utilize LIBOR-based interest rates, which averaged 2.6% during 2017 and 2.0% during 2016. At December 31, 2017, the aggregate capacity under our floorplan credit agreements with various lenders to finance our new vehicle inventory was approximately \$4.7 billion, of which \$3.4 billion had been borrowed.

Our used vehicle floorplan facilities utilize LIBOR-based interest rates, which averaged 2.5% during 2017 and 2.1% during 2016. At December 31, 2017, the aggregate capacity under our floorplan credit agreements with various lenders to finance a portion of our used vehicle inventory was \$500.0 million, of which \$439.8 million had been borrowed. The remaining borrowing capacity of \$60.2 million was limited to \$0.4 million based on the eligible used vehicle inventory that could have been pledged as collateral.

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

A summary of property and equipment, net, at December 31 is as follows:

	2017	2016
Land	\$ 1,332.5	\$ 1,267.4
Buildings and improvements	2,121.1	2,009.6
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	720.2	659.4
	 4,173.8	3,936.4
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,211.1)	(1,093.2)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 2,962.7	\$ 2,843.2

We capitalized interest in connection with various construction projects to build, upgrade, or remodel our facilities of \$1.0 million in 2017, \$0.5 million in 2016, and \$0.9 million in 2015.

5. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

Goodwill and intangible assets, net, at December 31 consisted of the following:

	2017	2016
Goodwill	\$ 1,515.0	\$ 1,511.3
Franchise rights - indefinite-lived	\$ 572.2	\$ 589.4
Other intangible assets	23.3	16.3
	595.5	605.7
Less: accumulated amortization	(8.7)	(7.5)
Intangible assets, net	\$ 586.8	\$ 598.2

Goodwill

Goodwill allocated to our reporting units and changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Domestic	Import	Premium Luxury	Other	Consolidated
Goodwill at January 1, 2016 (1)	\$ 203.1	\$ 570.9	\$ 620.5	\$ 	\$ 1,394.5
Acquisitions, dispositions, and other adjustments, net	49.0	(12.7)	76.9	3.6	116.8
Goodwill at December 31, 2016 (1)	252.1	558.2	697.4	3.6	1,511.3
Acquisitions, dispositions, and other adjustments, net	(20.4)	(25.8)	14.7	35.2	3.7
Goodwill at December 31, 2017 (1)	\$ 231.7	\$ 532.4	\$ 712.1	\$ 38.8	\$ 1,515.0

⁽¹⁾ Net of accumulated impairment losses of \$1.47 billion associated with our single reporting unit (prior to September 30, 2008, our reporting unit structure was comprised of a single reporting unit) and \$140.0 million associated with our Domestic reporting unit, both of which were recorded during the year ended December 31, 2008.

Intangible Assets

Our principal identifiable intangible assets are individual store rights under franchise agreements with vehicle manufacturers. As of December 31, 2017, we had \$572.2 million of franchise rights recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheet, of which \$168.0 million was related to Domestic stores, \$108.9 million was related to Import stores, and \$295.3 million was related to Premium Luxury stores. Certain franchise rights were reclassified to held for sale and are presented in Other Current Assets in our Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2017.

See Note 16 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information about our annual impairment tests of goodwill and franchise rights.

6. SELF-INSURANCE

Under our self-insurance programs, we retain various levels of aggregate loss limits, per claim deductibles, and claims-handling expenses as part of our various insurance programs, including property and casualty, employee medical benefits, automobile, and workers' compensation.

⁽²⁾ Includes amounts reclassified to held for sale, which are presented in Other Current Assets in our Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2017.

At December 31, 2017 and 2016, current and long-term self-insurance liabilities were included in Other Current Liabilities and Other Liabilities, respectively, in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows:

	20	17	2016
Self-insurance - current portion	\$	29.5	\$ 27.2
Self-insurance - long-term portion		48.7	48.7
Total self-insurance liabilities	\$	78.2	\$ 75.9

7. LONG-TERM DEBT AND COMMERCIAL PAPER

Long-term debt at December 31 consisted of the following:

Debt Description	Maturity Date	Interest Payable	2017	2016
6.75% Senior Notes	April 15, 2018	April 15 and October 15	\$ 400.0 \$	400.0
5.5% Senior Notes	February 1, 2020	February 1 and August 1	350.0	350.0
3.35% Senior Notes	January 15, 2021	January 15 and July 15	300.0	300.0
3.5% Senior Notes	November 15, 2024	May 15 and November 15	450.0	_
4.5% Senior Notes	October 1, 2025	April 1 and October 1	450.0	450.0
3.8% Senior Notes	November 15, 2027	May 15 and November 15	300.0	_
Revolving credit facility	October 19, 2022	Monthly	_	_
Mortgage facility	November 30, 2017	Monthly	_	153.2
Capital leases and other debt	Various dates through 2037	Monthly	139.4	136.2
			2,389.4	1,789.4
Less: unamortized debt discounts and	debt issuance costs		(15.7)	(10.8)
Less: current maturities			(414.5)	(167.5)
Long-term debt, net of current matu	urities		\$ 1,959.2 \$	1,611.1

At December 31, 2017, aggregate maturities of non-vehicle long-term debt were as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	
2018	\$ 414.5
2019	43.5
2020	354.1
2021	304.2
2022	4.5
Thereafter	1,268.6
	\$ 2,389.4

Senior Unsecured Notes and Credit Agreement

On November 7, 2017, we issued \$450.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027. The 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024 and 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027 were sold at 99.876% and 99.925% of the aggregate principal amount, respectively. Our 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018 will mature on April 15, 2018, and were therefore reclassified to current maturities during the second quarter of 2017.

The interest rates payable on the 3.35% Senior Notes, 3.5% Senior Notes, 4.5% Senior Notes, and 3.8% Senior Notes are subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain credit rating events as provided in the indentures for these senior unsecured notes.

On October 19, 2017, we amended and restated our existing unsecured credit agreement to, among other things, (1) extend the stated termination date to October 19, 2022, (2) modify the maximum leverage ratio of 3.75 x to allow for an increase in the maximum leverage ratio to 4.25 x following the closing date of the amended credit agreement, subject to step-downs back to 3.75 x by December 31, 2018, and (3) modify the guarantor requirement to allow the release of all of the guarantors under our credit agreement at such time and for so long as such guarantors cease to guarantee other certain material indebtedness.

Under our credit agreement, we have a \$1.8 billion revolving credit facility as well as an accordion feature that allows us, subject to credit availability and certain other conditions, to increase the amount of the revolving credit facility, together with any added term loans, by up to \$500.0 million in the aggregate. We have a \$200.0 million letter of credit sublimit as part of our revolving credit facility. The amount available to be borrowed under the revolving credit facility is reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by the cumulative amount of any outstanding letters of credit, which was \$49.3 million at December 31, 2017, leaving an additional borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility of \$1.8 billion at December 31, 2017. As of December 31, 2017, this borrowing capacity was limited under the maximum consolidated leverage ratio contained in our credit agreement to \$1.4 billion.

Our revolving credit facility provides for a commitment fee on undrawn amounts ranging from 0.150% to 0.25% and interest on borrowings at LIBOR or the base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin ranges from 1.25% to 1.625% for LIBOR borrowings and 0.25% to 0.625% for base rate borrowings. The interest rate charged for our revolving credit facility is affected by our leverage ratio. For instance, an increase in our leverage ratio from greater than or equal to 2.0 x but less than 3.25 x to greater than or equal to 3.25 x would result in a 12.5 basis point increase in the applicable margin.

Our senior unsecured notes and borrowings under our credit agreement are guaranteed by substantially all of our subsidiaries. Within the meaning of Regulation S-X, Rule 3-10, AutoNation, Inc. (the parent company) has no independent assets or operations, the guarantees of its subsidiaries are full and unconditional and joint and several, and any subsidiaries other than the guaranter subsidiaries are minor.

Other Long-Term Debt

In the fourth quarter of 2017, we repaid our mortgage facility in full and made a balloon payment of \$143.9 million.

At December 31, 2017, we had capital lease and other debt obligations of \$139.4 million, which are due at various dates through 2037. See Note 8 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for more information related to capital lease obligations.

Commercial Paper

We have a commercial paper program pursuant to which we may issue short-term, unsecured commercial paper notes on a private placement basis up to a maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time of \$1.0 billion. The interest rate for the commercial paper notes varies based on duration and market conditions. The maturities of the commercial paper notes may vary, but may not exceed 397 days from the date of issuance. The commercial paper notes are guaranteed by substantially all of our subsidiaries. Proceeds from the issuance of commercial paper notes are used to repay borrowings under the revolving credit facility, to finance acquisitions and for working capital, capital expenditures, share repurchases and/or other general corporate purposes. We plan to use the revolving credit facility under our credit agreement as a liquidity backstop for borrowings under the commercial paper program. A downgrade in our credit ratings could negatively impact our ability to issue, or the interest rates for, commercial paper notes.

At December 31, 2017, we had \$330.0 million of commercial paper notes outstanding with a weighted-average annual interest rate of 1.97% and a weighted-average remaining term of 24 days. At December 31, 2016, we had \$942.0 million of

commercial paper notes outstanding with a weighted-average annual interest rate of 1.26% and a weighted-average remaining term of 24 days.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

We are involved, and will continue to be involved, in numerous legal proceedings arising out of the conduct of our business, including litigation with customers, wage and hour and other employment-related lawsuits, and actions brought by governmental authorities. Some of these lawsuits purport or may be determined to be class or collective actions and seek substantial damages or injunctive relief, or both, and some may remain unresolved for several years. We establish accruals for specific legal proceedings when it is considered probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Our accruals for loss contingencies are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as additional information becomes available. We disclose the amount accrued if material or if such disclosure is necessary for our financial statements to not be misleading. If a loss is not both probable and reasonably estimable, or if an exposure to loss exists in excess of the amount accrued, we assess whether there is at least a reasonable possibility that a loss, or additional loss, may have been incurred, we disclose the estimate of the possible loss or range of loss if it is material or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made. Our evaluation of whether a loss is reasonably possible or probable is based on our assessment and consultation with legal counsel regarding the ultimate outcome of the matter.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, we have accrued for the potential impact of loss contingencies that are probable and reasonably estimable, and there was no indication of a reasonable possibility that a material loss, or additional material loss, may have been incurred. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows. However, the results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

Lease Commitments

We lease real property, equipment, and software under various operating leases, most of which have terms from one to twenty-five years.

Expenses under real property, equipment, and software leases were \$56.3 million in 2017, \$52.8 million in 2016, and \$51.4 million in 2015. The leases require payment of real estate taxes, insurance, and maintenance in addition to rent. Most of the leases contain renewal options, rent abatements, and rent escalation clauses. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, including any option periods, as appropriate. The same lease term is used for lease classification, the amortization period of related leasehold improvements, and the estimation of future lease commitments.

Future minimum lease obligations under non-cancelable real property, equipment, and software leases with initial terms in excess of one year at December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Noncancelable Lease Commitments	Capital	Operating (1)
2018	\$ 21.0	\$ 54.3
2019	34.4	49.9
2020	9.1	46.1
2021	8.8	42.3
2022	8.9	39.2
Thereafter	97.6	301.6
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 179.8	\$ 533.4
Less: Amounts representing interest	(58.0)	
	\$ 121.8	

⁽¹⁾ Future minimum operating lease payments do not reflect future minimum sublease income of \$1.9 million. Additionally, operating leases that are on a month-to-month basis are not included.

Other Matters

AutoNation, acting through its subsidiaries, is the lessee under many real estate leases that provide for the use by our subsidiaries of their respective dealership premises. Pursuant to these leases, our subsidiaries generally agree to indemnify the lessor and other related parties from certain liabilities arising as a result of the use of the leased premises, including environmental liabilities, or a breach of the lease by the lessee. Additionally, from time to time, we enter into agreements with third parties in connection with the sale of assets or businesses in which we agree to indemnify the purchaser or related parties from certain liabilities or costs arising in connection with the assets or business. Also, in the ordinary course of business in connection with purchases or sales of goods and services, we enter into agreements that may contain indemnification provisions. In the event that an indemnification claim is asserted, our liability would be limited by the terms of the applicable agreement.

From time to time, primarily in connection with dispositions of automotive stores, our subsidiaries assign or sublet to the dealership purchaser the subsidiaries' interests in any real property leases associated with such stores. In general, our subsidiaries retain responsibility for the performance of certain obligations under such leases to the extent that the assignee or sublessee does not perform, whether such performance is required prior to or following the assignment or subletting of the lease. Additionally, AutoNation and its subsidiaries generally remain subject to the terms of any guarantees made by us in connection with such leases. We generally have indemnification rights against the assignee or sublessee in the event of non-performance under these leases, as well as certain defenses. We presently have no reason to believe that we or our subsidiaries will be called on to perform under any such remaining assigned leases or subleases. We estimate that lessee rental payment obligations during the remaining terms of these leases with expirations ranging from 2018 to 2034 are approximately \$21 million at December 31, 2017. There can be no assurance that any performance of AutoNation or its subsidiaries required under these leases would not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and cash flows.

At December 31, 2017, surety bonds, letters of credit, and cash deposits totaled \$110.4 million, of which \$49.3 million were letters of credit. In the ordinary course of business, we are required to post performance and surety bonds, letters of credit, and/or cash deposits as financial guarantees of our performance. We do not currently provide cash collateral for outstanding letters of credit.

In the ordinary course of business, we are subject to numerous laws and regulations, including automotive, environmental, health and safety, and other laws and regulations. We do not anticipate that the costs of such compliance

will have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition, although such outcome is possible given the nature of our operations and the extensive legal and regulatory framework applicable to our business. We do not have any material known environmental commitments or contingencies.

9. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

A summary of shares repurchased under our stock repurchase program authorized by our Board of Directors follows:

	2017	7	2016	2015
Shares repurchased		10.1	10.5	3.9
Aggregate purchase price	\$	434.9 \$	497.0 \$	235.1
Average purchase price per share	\$	42.99 \$	47.30 \$	60.49

As of December 31, 2017, \$113.7 million remained available under our stock repurchase limit most recently authorized by our Board of Directors.

Our Board of Directors authorized the retirement of 18.0 million shares and 43.0 million shares of our treasury stock in November 2017 and October 2015, respectively, which assumed the status of authorized but unissued shares. Upon the retirement of treasury stock, it is our policy to charge the excess of the cost of the treasury stock over its par value entirely to additional paid-in capital. Any amounts exceeding additional paid-in capital are charged to retained earnings. This retirement had the effect of reducing treasury stock and issued common stock, which includes treasury stock. Our common stock, additional paid-in capital, retained earnings, and treasury stock accounts were adjusted accordingly. There was no impact to shareholders' equity or outstanding common stock.

We have 5.0 million authorized shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, none of which are issued or outstanding. The Board of Directors has the authority to issue the preferred stock in one or more series and to establish the rights, preferences, and dividends.

A summary of shares of common stock issued in connection with the exercise of stock options follows:

	2017	2016	2015
Shares issued	 1.0	0.3	1.3
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	\$ 39.7	\$ 8.4	\$ 30.0
Average exercise price per share	\$ 37.85	\$ 31.21	\$ 23.33

The following table presents a summary of shares of common stock issued in connection with grants of restricted stock and settlement of restricted stock units ("RSUs"), as well as shares surrendered to AutoNation to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock (in actual number of shares):

	2017	2016	2015
Shares issued	20,000	143,424	159,442
Shares surrendered to AutoNation to satisfy tax withholding obligations	26,514	38,906	36,712

10. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

In January 2017, our Board, upon the recommendation of its Compensation Committee, discontinued the 2008 Equity and Incentive Plan and approved the AutoNation, Inc. 2017 Employee Equity and Incentive Plan (the "2017 Plan"), in each case subject to stockholder approval of the 2017 Plan at our 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The 2017 Plan provides for the grant of time-based and performance-based RSUs and restricted stock, stock options, stock appreciation

rights, and other stock-based and cash-based awards to employees. A maximum of 5.5 million shares may be issued under the 2017 Plan.

The AutoNation, Inc. 2014 Non-Employee Director Equity Plan (the "2014 Director Plan") provides for the grant of stock options, restricted stock, RSUs, stock appreciation rights, and other stock-based awards to our non-employee directors. As of December 31, 2017, the total number of shares authorized for issuance under the 2014 Director Plan was 600,000. No director may be granted awards in any calendar year with an aggregate grant date fair market value (determined, with respect to options and stock appreciation rights, based on a Black-Scholes or other option valuation methodology approved by the Compensation Committee) in excess of \$750,000 per director.

Restricted Stock Units

On January 3, 2017, each of our non-employee directors received a grant of 5,073 RSUs under the 2014 Director Plan. RSUs granted to our non-employee directors are fully vested on the grant date and are settled in shares of the Company's common stock on the first trading day of February in the third year following the grant date, unless the non-employee director elects to defer delivery in accordance with the terms of the award and the 2014 Director Plan. Settlement of the RSUs will be accelerated in certain circumstances as provided in the terms of the award and the 2014 Director Plan, including in the event the non-employee director ceases to serve as a non-employee director of the Company. Compensation cost is recognized on the grant date and is based on the closing price of our common stock on the grant date.

In January 2017, our Board's Compensation Committee approved the 2017 annual equity awards for eligible employees under the 2017 Plan, which awards were issued on March 1, 2017, subject to stockholder approval of the 2017 Plan. Our stockholders approved the 2017 Plan at the 2017 Annual Meeting held on April 19, 2017, and on that date, the 2017 annual equity awards were considered granted for accounting purposes. The 2017 annual equity awards include time-based and performance-based RSUs. Time-based RSUs vest in equal installments over four years. The performance-based RSUs are subject to a one -year earnings performance measure. Certain performance-based RSUs vest in equal installments over four years, and others cliff vest after three years subject to the achievement of certain additional performance goals measured over a three -year period. The additional performance goals are based on an additional measure of earnings, a measure of return on invested capital, and a measure of our performance relative to certain customer satisfaction indices.

The fair value of each RSU award grant is based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. Compensation cost for time-based RSUs is recognized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the stated vesting period or the period until employees become retirement-eligible, and for performance-based awards is recognized over the requisite service period based on the current expectation that performance goals will be achieved at the stated target level. The amount of compensation cost recognized on performance-based RSUs depends on the relative satisfaction of the performance condition based on performance to date. We account for forfeitures of stock-based awards as they occur.

The following table summarizes information about vested and unvested RSUs for 2017:

	RSUs						
	Shares (in actual number of shares)		Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value				
Nonvested at January 1	_	\$	_				
Granted (1)	632,255	\$	43.66				
Vested	(45,657)	\$	49.28				
Forfeited	(66,989)	\$	43.30				
Nonvested at December 31	519,609	\$	43.22				

⁽¹⁾ The RSUs granted during 2017 are primarily related to our employee annual equity award grant in April 2017 and non-employee director annual equity award grant in January 2017.

The weighted average grant-date fair value of RSUs and total fair value of RSUs vested are summarized in the following table:

	20	17	2016	2015
Weighted average grant-date fair value of RSUs granted	\$	43.66	\$ 58.69	\$ 60.04
Total fair value of RSUs vested (in millions)	\$	2.2	\$ 2.3	\$ 2.7

Stock Options

Stock options granted under all plans are non-qualified. Upon exercise, shares of common stock are issued from our treasury stock. Employee stock options granted in 2016 have a term of 10 years from the date of grant and vest in equal installments over four years on the anniversary of the grant date. Employee stock options granted in 2015 were granted quarterly, have a term of 10 years from the first date of grant, and vest in equal installments over four years commencing on June 1 of the year following the grant date.

We use the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine compensation expense and amortize compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the grants. We account for forfeitures of stock-based awards as they occur. Certain of our equity-based compensation plans contain provisions that provide for vesting of awards upon retirement. Accordingly, compensation cost is recognized over the shorter of the stated vesting period or the period until employees become retirement-eligible.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used related to the valuation of our stock options granted during 2016 and 2015:

	2016	2015
Risk-free interest rate	1.16% - 1.55%	0.76% - 1.86%
Expected dividend yield	_	_
Expected term	4 - 7 years	2 - 7 years
Expected volatility	29% - 31%	24% - 34%

The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve at the time of the grant with a remaining term equal to the expected term used for stock options granted. The expected term of stock options granted is derived from historical data and represents the period of time that stock options are expected to be outstanding. The expected volatility is based on historical volatility, implied volatility, and other factors.

The following table summarizes stock option activity during 2017:

	Stock Options										
	Shares (in millions)		Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)		Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)					
Options outstanding at January 1	5.2	\$	46.99								
Granted		\$	_								
Exercised	(1.0)	\$	37.85								
Forfeited	(0.2)	\$	56.35								
Expired	(0.3)	\$	54.91								
Options outstanding as of December 31	3.7	\$	48.49	5.82	\$	23.4					
Options exercisable at December 31	2.7	\$	45.65	5.19	\$	23.5					
Options exercisable at December 31 and expected to vest thereafter	3.7	\$	48.52	5.76	\$	23.5					
Options available for future grants at December 31	5.4										

The weighted average grant-date fair value of stock options granted and total intrinsic value of stock options exercised are summarized in the following table:

	2	2017	2016	2015
Weighted average grant-date fair value of stock options granted	\$		\$ 17.96	\$ 19.38
Total intrinsic value of stock options exercised (in millions)	\$	11.9	\$ 5.3	\$ 51.9

Restricted Stock

Restricted stock awards are considered nonvested share awards as defined under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and are issued from our treasury stock. Restricted stock awards granted in 2016 vest in equal installments over four years on the anniversary date of the grant. Restricted stock awards granted in 2015 vest in equal installments over four years commencing on June 1 of the year following the grant date. Compensation cost for restricted stock awards is based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant and is recognized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the stated vesting period or the period until employees become retirement-eligible. We account for forfeitures of stock-based awards as they occur.

The following table summarizes information about vested and unvested restricted stock for 2017:

	Restric	Restricted Stock						
	Shares (in actual number of shares)	,	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value					
Nonvested at January 1	266,906	\$	54.23					
Granted	<u> </u>	\$	_					
Vested	(100,341)	\$	51.99					
Forfeited	(18,634)	\$	55.10					
Nonvested at December 31	147,931	\$	55.65					

The weighted average grant-date fair value of restricted stock awards granted and total fair value of restricted stock awards vested are summarized in the following table:

	2017	2016	2015
Weighted average grant-date fair value of restricted stock awards granted	\$ _	\$ 52.23	\$ 62.54
Total fair value of restricted stock awards vested (in millions)	\$ 4.2	\$ 6.4	\$ 8.8

Compensation Expense

The following table summarizes the total stock-based compensation expense recognized in Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income and the total recognized tax benefit related thereto:

	2017			2016	2015
RSUs	\$	14.2	\$	2.3	\$ 2.7
Stock options		3.1		16.2	14.8
Restricted stock		3.3		6.6	6.5
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	20.6	\$	25.1	\$ 24.0
Tax benefit related to stock-based compensation expense	\$	7.8	\$	9.6	\$ 9.2

As of December 31, 2017, there was \$17.7 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock-based compensation arrangements, of which \$10.5 million relates to RSUs, \$3.0 million relates to stock options, and \$4.2 million relates to restricted stock. These amounts are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.64 years.

Tax benefits related to stock options exercised and vesting of restricted stock were \$6.2 million in 2017, \$4.8 million in 2016, and \$23.3 million in 2015.

11. INCOME TAXES

The components of the income tax provision from continuing operations for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
Current:			
Federal	\$ 190.6	\$ 234.9	\$ 235.0
State	29.4	31.4	34.1
Federal and state deferred	(22.1)	3.7	10.3
Change in valuation allowance, net	3.3	0.3	0.1
Adjustments and settlements	0.3	0.3	(0.5)
Income tax provision	\$ 201.5	\$ 270.6	\$ 279.0

A reconciliation of the income tax provision calculated using the statutory federal income tax rate to our income tax provision from continuing operations for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%
Income tax provision at statutory rate	\$ 222.8	35.0	\$ 245.8	35.0	\$ 253.0	35.0
Non-deductible expenses, net	5.9	0.9	4.6	0.7	3.5	0.5
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	19.7	3.1	21.7	3.1	23.6	3.3
	248.4	39.0	272.1	38.8	280.1	38.8
Change in tax rate	(44.2)	(6.9)	_	_	_	_
Change in valuation allowance, net	3.3	0.5	0.3	_	0.1	_
Adjustments and settlements	0.3	0.1	0.3	_	(0.5)	(0.1)
Federal and state tax credits	(3.7)	(0.6)	(1.9)	(0.3)	(0.6)	(0.1)
Other, net	(2.6)	(0.4)	(0.2)		(0.1)	_
Income tax provision	\$ 201.5	31.7	\$ 270.6	38.5	\$ 279.0	38.6

Deferred income tax asset and liability components at December 31 are as follows:

	2017		2016		
Deferred income tax assets:					
Inventory	\$	22.8	\$	36.8	
Receivable allowances		1.9		3.3	
Warranty, chargeback, and self-insurance liabilities		47.4		71.2	
Other accrued liabilities		25.4		33.1	
Deferred compensation		18.8		31.8	
Stock-based compensation		18.9		25.7	
Loss carryforwards—federal and state		6.5		5.4	
Other, net		10.2		17.1	
Total deferred income tax assets		151.9		224.4	
Valuation allowance		(5.4)		(2.5)	
Deferred income tax assets, net of valuation allowance		146.5		221.9	
Deferred income tax liabilities:					
Long-lived assets (intangible assets and property)		(207.1)		(293.3)	
Other, net		(11.3)		(20.1)	
Total deferred income tax liabilities		(218.4)		(313.4)	
Net deferred income tax liabilities	\$	(71.9)	\$	(91.5)	

Our net deferred tax liability of \$71.9 million as of December 31, 2017 and \$91.5 million as of December 31, 2016 is classified as Deferred Income Taxes in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Income taxes payable included in Other Current Liabilities totaled \$81.1 million at December 31, 2017. Income taxes receivable included in Receivables, net totaled \$11.6 million at December 31, 2016.

At December 31, 2017, we had \$82.0 million of gross domestic state net operating loss carryforwards and capital loss carryforwards, and \$3.6 million of state tax credits, all of which result in a deferred tax asset of \$7.0 million and expire from 2018 through 2037.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, we consider whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. We provide valuation allowances to offset portions of deferred tax assets due to uncertainty surrounding the future realization of such deferred tax assets. At December 31, 2017, we had \$3.6 million of valuation allowance related to state net operating loss carryforwards and \$1.8 million of valuation allowance

related to the stock-based compensation deferred tax asset impacted by the new tax reform legislation. See "Tax Reform" below. We adjust the valuation allowance in the period management determines it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets will or will not be realized.

We file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. As a matter of course, various taxing authorities, including the IRS, regularly audit us. These audits may culminate in proposed assessments which may ultimately result in our owing additional taxes. Currently, no tax years are under examination by the IRS and tax years from 2009 to 2016 are under examination by U.S. state jurisdictions. We believe that our tax positions comply with applicable tax law and that we have adequately provided for these matters.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

	2017		2016	2015
Balance at January 1	\$	5.8	\$ 5.6	\$ 4.9
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year		_	_	_
Additions for tax positions of prior years		0.8	0.8	0.7
Reductions for tax positions of prior years			(0.4)	_
Reductions for expirations of statute of limitations		(0.2)	(0.2)	
Settlements			_	 _
Balance at December 31	\$	6.4	\$ 5.8	\$ 5.6

We had accumulated interest and penalties associated with these unrecognized tax benefits of \$6.8 million at December 31, 2017, \$6.1 million at December 31, 2016, and \$5.5 million at December 31, 2015. We additionally had a deferred tax asset of \$2.8 million at December 31, 2017, \$4.2 million at December 31, 2016, and \$4.0 million at December 31, 2015, related to these balances. The net of the unrecognized tax benefits, associated interest, penalties, and deferred tax asset was \$10.4 million at December 31, 2017, \$7.7 million at December 31, 2016, and \$7.1 million at December 31, 2015, which if resolved favorably (in whole or in part) would reduce our effective tax rate. The unrecognized tax benefits, associated interest, penalties, and deferred tax asset are included as components of Other Liabilities and Deferred Income Taxes in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

It is our policy to account for interest and penalties associated with income tax obligations as a component of income tax expense. We recognized \$0.4 million during 2017, \$0.4 million during 2016, and \$0.4 million during 2015 (each net of tax effect), of interest and penalties as part of the provision for income taxes in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

We do not expect that our unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease during the twelve months beginning January 1, 2018.

Tax Reform

On December 22, 2017, H.R. 1 formerly known as the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act," was enacted into law. This new tax legislation, among other things, reduces the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21% effective January 1, 2018.

At December 31, 2017, we have not completed our accounting for the tax effects of enactment of the Act; however, we have made a reasonable estimate of the effects on our existing deferred tax balances. For the items for which we were able to determine a reasonable estimate, we recognized a provisional benefit of \$41.3 million, which is net of a valuation allowance on equity compensation related to the new tax law limiting deductibility of officers' compensation. The provisional amounts are included as components of income tax expense from continuing operations and had a 6.5% impact on our annual effective income tax rate.

To determine our provisional amounts, we remeasured our deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the rates at which they are expected to reverse in the future, which is generally a 21% federal tax rate and its related impact on the state tax rate. However, we are still analyzing certain aspects of the new legislation and refining our calculations, which could potentially affect the measurement of these balances or potentially give rise to new deferred tax amounts. In addition, our

estimates may also be affected as we gain a more thorough understanding of the tax law. The provisional amounts will be subject to adjustment during a measurement period of up to one year.

12. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and are to be included in the computation of earnings per share ("EPS") under the two-class method. Our restricted stock awards are considered participating securities because they contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends. As the number of shares granted under such awards that have not yet vested is immaterial, all earnings per share amounts reflect such shares as if they were fully vested shares and the disclosures associated with the two-class method are not presented.

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, including outstanding unvested restricted stock awards and vested RSU awards. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding, noted above, adjusted for the dilutive effect of stock options and unvested RSU awards.

The following table presents the calculation of basic and diluted EPS:

	2017		2016		2015
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 435.0	\$	431.7	\$	443.7
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(0.4)		(1.2)		(1.1)
Net income	\$ 434.6	\$	430.5	\$	442.6
Weighted average common shares outstanding used in calculating basic EPS	97.8		103.1		112.7
Effect of dilutive stock options	0.4		0.7		1.2
Weighted average common shares outstanding used in calculating diluted EPS	98.2		103.8		113.9
Basic EPS amounts (1):					
Continuing operations	\$ 4.45	\$	4.19	\$	3.94
Discontinued operations	\$ _	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.01)
Net income	\$ 4.44	\$	4.18	\$	3.93
Diluted EPS amounts (1):					
Continuing operations	\$ 4.43	\$	4.16	\$	3.90
Discontinued operations	\$ _	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.01)
Net income	\$ 4.43	\$	4.15	\$	3.89

⁽¹⁾ Earnings per share amounts are calculated discretely and therefore may not add up to the total due to rounding.

A summary of anti-dilutive equity instruments excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share is as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
Anti-dilutive equity instruments excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share	3.1	3.0	0.7

13. STORE DIVESTITURES

During 2017, we recorded gains of \$78.2 million for the divestiture of two Domestic stores and four Import stores, which were partially offset by write-downs of \$26.2 million recorded in the fourth quarter of 2017 associated with pending business divestitures that are expected to close in the first half of 2018. During 2016, we divested five Domestic stores and nine Import stores and recorded a net gain of \$61.8 million. During 2015, we divested three Import stores and recorded a gain of \$7.4 million.

The net gains on these divestitures are included in Other Income, Net (within Operating Income) in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The financial condition and results of operations of these businesses were not material to our consolidated financial statements.

14. ACQUISITIONS

During 2017, we purchased seven collision centers located in Texas, Florida, Washington, California, and Arizona. We also purchased one store located in Florida. Acquisitions are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements from the date of acquisition. The purchase price allocations for the business combinations in 2017 are preliminary and subject to final adjustment. We purchased 20 stores and one collision center in 2016 and 22 stores in 2015.

The acquisitions that occurred during 2017 were not material to our financial condition or results of operations. Additionally, on a pro forma basis as if the results of these acquisitions had been included in our consolidated results for the entire years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, revenue and net income would not have been materially different from our reported revenue and net income for these periods.

15. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

We had non-cash investing and financing activities primarily related to increases in property acquired under capital leases of \$11.5 million during 2017 and \$27.3 million during 2015. We had non-cash investing and financing activities of \$3.3 million and \$47.2 million related to capital leases and deferred purchase price commitments associated with our 2017 and 2016 acquisitions, respectively. We also had accrued purchases of property and equipment of \$48.5 million at December 31, 2017, \$29.1 million at December 31, 2016, and \$25.3 million at December 31, 2015.

We made interest payments, net of amounts capitalized and including interest on vehicle inventory financing, of \$205.9 million in 2017, \$183.9 million in 2016, and \$135.3 million in 2015. We made income tax payments, net of income tax refunds, of \$127.0 million in 2017, \$265.5 million in 2016, and \$278.8 million in 2015.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of a financial instrument represents the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of judgment, and therefore cannot be determined with precision.

Accounting standards define fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Accounting standards establish a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value and also establishes the following three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted market prices in markets that are not active; or model-derived valuations or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
Level 3	Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

The following methods and assumptions were used by us in estimating fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

- Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, other current assets, vehicle floorplan payable, accounts payable, other current liabilities, commercial paper, and variable rate debt: The amounts reported in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets approximate fair value due to their short-term nature or the existence of variable interest rates that approximate prevailing market rates.
- Fixed rate long-term debt: Our fixed rate long-term debt consists primarily of amounts outstanding under our senior unsecured notes. We estimate the fair value of our senior unsecured notes using quoted prices for the identical liability (Level 1). A summary of the aggregate carrying values and fair values of our fixed rate long-term debt is as follows:

	Decemb	oer 31, 2017	Dece	mber 31, 2016
Carrying value	\$	2,373.7	\$	1,778.6
Fair value	\$	2,442.1	\$	1,862.2

Nonfinancial assets such as goodwill, other intangible assets, and long-lived assets held and used are measured at fair value when there is an indicator of impairment and recorded at fair value only when impairment is recognized or for a business combination. The fair values less costs to sell of long-lived assets or disposal groups held for sale are assessed each reporting period they remain classified as held for sale. Subsequent changes in the held for sale long-lived asset's or disposal group's fair value less cost to sell (increase or decrease) are reported as an adjustment to its carrying amount, except that the adjusted carrying amount cannot exceed the carrying amount of the long-lived asset or disposal group at the time it was initially classified as held for sale.

The following table presents nonfinancial assets measured and recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016:

	2017					2016						
Description	Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) Gain/(Loss)				Fair Value Using Unobservab	Cai	in/(Loss)					
Description	3)		Gai	II/(LUSS)		3)	Ga	III/(LUSS)				
Long-lived assets held and used	\$		\$	(0.4)	\$	5.9	\$	(1.9)				
Assets held for sale:												
Continuing operations	\$	121.3	\$	(26.0)	\$	19.4	\$	(12.1)				
Discontinued operations		_		_		12.7		(0.7)				
Total assets held for sale	\$	121.3	\$	(26.0)	\$	32.1	\$	(12.8)				

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill for our reporting units is tested for impairment annually as of April 30 or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a reporting unit more likely than not exceeds its fair value. We elected to perform a quantitative goodwill impairment test as of April 30, 2017. As discussed in Note 1 above, the FASB issued an accounting standard update that requires goodwill impairment to be measured based on the amount by which the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value. The adoption of this standard had no impact to our consolidated financial statements as the fair values of each of our reporting units were substantially in excess of their carrying values as of April 30, 2017.

The quantitative goodwill impairment test requires a determination of whether the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value. We estimate the fair value of our reporting units using an "income" valuation approach, which discounts expected future cash flows of the reporting unit at a computed weighted average cost of capital as the discount rate. The income valuation approach requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions, which include revenue growth rates and future operating margins used to calculate projected future cash flows, weighted average costs of capital, and future economic and market conditions. In connection with this process, we also reconcile the estimated aggregate fair values of our reporting units to our market capitalization, including consideration of a control premium that represents the estimated amount an investor would pay for our equity securities to obtain a controlling interest. We believe that this reconciliation process is consistent with a market participant perspective. We base our cash flow forecasts on our knowledge of the automotive industry, our recent performance, our expectations of our future performance, and other assumptions we believe to be reasonable but that are unpredictable and inherently uncertain. The development of the assumptions used in our annual impairment tests are coordinated by our financial planning and analysis group, and the assumptions are reviewed by management. Actual future results may differ from those estimates. We also make certain judgments and assumptions in allocating shared assets and liabilities to determine the carrying values for each of our reporting units.

For our April 30, 2016 and 2015 annual goodwill impairment assessments, we chose to make a qualitative evaluation about the likelihood of goodwill impairment and determined that it was not more likely than not that the fair values of our reporting units were less than their carrying amounts.

Our principal identifiable intangible assets are individual store rights under franchise agreements with vehicle manufacturers, which have indefinite lives and are tested for impairment annually as of April 30 or more frequently when events or changes in circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. We elected to perform quantitative franchise rights impairment tests as of April 30, 2017, and no impairment charges resulted from the impairment tests.

The quantitative impairment test for franchise rights requires the comparison of the franchise rights' estimated fair value to carrying value by store. Fair values of rights under franchise agreements are estimated using Level 3 inputs by

discounting expected future cash flows of the store. The forecasted cash flows contain inherent uncertainties, including significant estimates and assumptions related to growth rates, margins, working capital requirements, capital expenditures, and cost of capital, for which we utilize certain market participant-based assumptions, using third-party industry projections, economic projections, and other marketplace data we believe to be reasonable. The development of the assumptions used in our annual impairment tests are coordinated by our financial planning and analysis group, and the assumptions are reviewed by management.

For our April 30, 2016 and 2015 annual franchise rights impairment assessments, we chose to make a qualitative evaluation about the likelihood of franchise rights impairment to determine whether it was necessary to perform a quantitative test. Based on our qualitative assessment of potential franchise rights impairment, we determined that we should perform a quantitative test for certain franchise rights, and no impairment charges resulted from these quantitative tests.

As a result of the issues related to Volkswagen associated with certain of its diesel engine vehicles, during the fourth quarter of 2015, we performed a quantitative impairment test of the franchise rights recorded at our Volkswagen stores. As a result of this test, we recorded non-cash impairment charges during 2015 of \$15.4 million to reduce the carrying values of the Volkswagen franchise rights to their estimated fair values. The non-cash impairment charges are reflected as Franchise Rights Impairment in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income.

Long-Lived Assets

The fair value measurement valuation process for our long-lived assets is established by our corporate real estate services group. Fair value measurements, which are based on Level 3 inputs, and changes in fair value measurements are reviewed and assessed each quarter for properties classified as held for sale, or when an indicator of impairment exists for properties classified as held and used, by the corporate real estate services group. Our corporate real estate services group utilizes its knowledge of the automotive industry and historical experience in real estate markets and transactions in establishing the valuation process, which is generally based on a combination of the market and replacement cost approaches. In certain cases, fair value measurements are based on pending agreements to sell the related assets.

In a market approach, the corporate real estate services group uses transaction prices for comparable properties that have recently been sold. These transaction prices are adjusted for factors related to a specific property. The corporate real estate services group also evaluates changes in local real estate markets, and/or recent market interest or negotiations related to a specific property. In a replacement cost approach, the cost to replace a specific long-lived asset is considered, which is adjusted for depreciation from physical deterioration, as well as functional and economic obsolescence, if present and measurable.

To validate the fair values determined under the valuation process noted above, our corporate real estate services group also obtains independent third-party appraisals for our properties and/or third-party brokers' opinions of value, which are generally developed using the same valuation approaches described above, and evaluates any recent negotiations or discussions with third-party real estate brokers related to a specific long-lived asset or market.

Long-lived Assets Held and Used in Continuing Operations

The non-cash impairment charges of \$0.4 million and \$1.9 million recorded in 2017 and 2016, respectively, are included in Other Income, Net (within Operating Income) in our Consolidated Statements of Income and are reported in the "Corporate and other" category of our segment information.

Assets Held for Sale in Continuing Operations

The net adjustments recorded to assets held for sale in 2017 of \$26.0 million and non-cash impairment charges recorded in 2016 of \$12.1 million, are included in Other Income, Net (within Operating Income) in our Consolidated Statements of Income and are reported in the "Corporate and other" category of our segment information.

Assets Held for Sale in Discontinued Operations

The non-cash impairment charges recorded in 2016 of \$0.7 million are included in Loss from Discontinued Operations in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

As of December 31, 2017, we had assets held for sale of \$169.1 million in continuing operations, primarily related to inventory, goodwill, franchise rights, and property of disposal groups held for sale, as well as other property held for sale. As of December 31, 2017, we also had assets held for sale of \$14.4 million in discontinued operations, primarily related to property held for sale. As of December 31, 2016, we had assets held for sale of \$41.4 million in continuing operations and \$15.7 million in discontinued operations, primarily related to property held for sale.

17. BUSINESS AND CREDIT CONCENTRATIONS

We own and operate franchised automotive stores in the United States pursuant to franchise agreements with vehicle manufacturers. Franchise agreements generally provide the manufacturers or distributors with considerable influence over the operations of the store. The success of any franchised automotive dealership is dependent, to a large extent, on the financial condition, management, marketing, production, and distribution capabilities of the vehicle manufacturers or distributors of which we hold franchises. We had receivables from manufacturers or distributors of \$253.3 million at December 31, 2017, and \$234.9 million at December 31, 2016. Additionally, a large portion of our Contracts-in-Transit included in Receivables, net, in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, are due from automotive manufacturers' captive finance subsidiaries which provide financing directly to our new and used vehicle customers.

In 2017, approximately 63% of our total revenue was generated by our stores in Florida, Texas, and California. During the third quarter of 2017, certain stores in our Texas and Florida markets were impacted by Hurricanes Harvey and Irma, respectively. We incurred approximately \$3 million of unrecovered hurricane-related losses associated with flooded vehicles and minor property damage sustained at multiple locations.

We purchase substantially all of our new vehicles from various manufacturers or distributors at the prevailing prices available to all franchised dealers. Additionally, we finance our new vehicle inventory primarily with automotive manufacturers' captive finance subsidiaries. Our sales volume could be adversely impacted by the manufacturers' or distributors' inability to supply the stores with an adequate supply of vehicles and related financing.

We are subject to a concentration of risk in the event of financial distress of or other adverse event related to a major vehicle manufacturer or related lender or supplier. The core brands of vehicles that we sell, representing approximately 93% of the new vehicles that we sold in 2017, are manufactured by Toyota (including Lexus), Honda, Ford, General Motors, FCA US, Mercedes-Benz, Nissan, BMW, and Volkswagen (including Audi and Porsche). Our business could be materially adversely impacted by another bankruptcy of or other adverse event related to a major vehicle manufacturer or related lender or supplier.

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to non-manufacturer trade receivables are limited due to the wide variety of customers and markets in which our products are sold as well as their dispersion across many different geographic areas in the United States. Consequently, at December 31, 2017, we do not consider AutoNation to have any significant non-manufacturer concentrations of credit risk.

18. CHARGEBACK LIABILITY

We may be charged back for commissions related to financing, vehicle service, or protection products in the event of early termination, default, or prepayment of the contracts by customers ("chargebacks"). However, our exposure to loss generally is limited to the commissions that we receive. These commissions are recorded at the time of the sale of the vehicles, net of an estimated liability for chargebacks. The following is a rollforward of our estimated chargeback liability for each of the three years presented in our Consolidated Financial Statements:

	2017			2016	2015	
Balance - January 1	\$	116.8	\$	97.3	\$	84.9
Add: Provisions		96.3		106.6		90.0
Deduct: Chargebacks		(92.3)		(87.1)		(77.6)
Balance - December 31	\$	120.8	\$	116.8	\$	97.3

19. SEGMENT INFORMATION

At December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015, we had three reportable segments: (1) Domestic, (2) Import, and (3) Premium Luxury. Our Domestic segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new vehicles manufactured by General Motors, Ford, and FCA US. Our Import segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new vehicles manufactured primarily by Toyota, Honda, and Nissan. Our Premium Luxury segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new vehicles manufactured primarily by Mercedes-Benz, BMW, Lexus, and Audi. The franchises in each segment also sell used vehicles, parts and automotive services, and automotive finance and insurance products.

"Corporate and other" is comprised of our other businesses, including collision centers, auction operations, and AutoNation USA stand-alone used vehicle sales and service centers, all of which generate revenues but do not meet the quantitative thresholds for determining reportable segments, as well as unallocated corporate overhead expenses and retrospective commissions for certain finance and insurance transactions that we arrange under agreements with third parties.

The reportable segments identified above are the business activities of the Company for which discrete financial information is available and for which operating results are regularly reviewed by our chief operating decision maker to allocate resources and assess performance. Our chief operating decision maker is our Chief Executive Officer.

In the following tables of financial data, revenue and segment income of our reportable segments are reconciled to consolidated revenue and consolidated income from continuing operations before income taxes, respectively.

	Years Ended December 31,							
		2017		2016		2015		
Revenues:								
Domestic	\$	7,452.8	\$	7,810.0	\$	7,069.8		
Import		6,873.4		6,886.1		7,037.2		
Premium Luxury		6,832.7		6,665.3		6,607.8		
Total		21,158.9		21,361.4		20,714.8		
Corporate and other		375.7		247.6		147.2		
Total consolidated revenue	\$	21,534.6	\$	21,609.0	\$	20,862.0		

Other income (loss), net

Income from continuing operations before income taxes

AUTONATION, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Years Ended December 31, 2017 2016 2015 Segment income (1): \$ \$ 336.9 Domestic 257.1 311.1 **Import** 303.1 296.8 311.4 376.2 Premium Luxury 348.8 350.2 Total 909.0 958.1 1,024.5 Corporate and other (162.6)(145.1)(209.7)Other interest expense (120.2)(115.5)(90.9)Interest income 1.0 1.1 0.1

9.3

636.5

\$

3.7

702.3

(1.3)

722.7

\$

In the following tables of financial data, floorplan interest expense, depreciation and amortization, total assets, and capital expenditures are reconciled to the consolidated totals as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,								
		2017		2016		2015			
Floorplan interest expense:									
Domestic	\$	40.9	\$	33.7	\$	24.1			
Import		23.2		17.4		15.0			
Premium Luxury		28.4		22.7		18.0			
Corporate and other		4.5		2.7		1.2			
Total floorplan interest expense	\$	97.0	\$	76.5	\$	58.3			

	Years Ended December 31,								
		2017		2016		2015			
Depreciation and amortization:									
Domestic	\$	38.2	\$	37.5	\$	31.0			
Import		34.3		35.4		32.9			
Premium Luxury		44.5		40.7		35.0			
Corporate and other		41.6		29.8		28.5			
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	158.6	\$	143.4	\$	127.4			

⁽¹⁾ Segment income represents income for each of our reportable segments and is defined as operating income less floorplan interest expense.

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	-	2017	2016	2015		
Capital expenditures:						
Domestic	\$	36.2	\$ 62.5	\$	61.4	
Import		32.8	28.0		34.0	
Premium Luxury		101.7	95.6		101.9	
Corporate and other		162.2	67.1		69.6	
Total capital expenditures	\$	332.9	\$ 253.2	\$	266.9	

Years Ended December 31,

 2017		2016		2015					
\$ 2,563.9	\$	2,742.8	\$	2,573.9					
1,992.6		2,065.5		2,145.2					
2,716.8		2,603.4		2,554.6					
1,515.0		1,511.3		1,394.5					
572.2		589.4		432.4					
911.0		547.6		447.6					
\$ 10,271.5	\$	10,060.0	\$	9,548.2					
\$	\$ 2,563.9 1,992.6 2,716.8 1,515.0 572.2 911.0	\$ 2,563.9 \$ 1,992.6 2,716.8 1,515.0 572.2 911.0	2017 2016 \$ 2,563.9 \$ 2,742.8 1,992.6 2,065.5 2,716.8 2,603.4 1,515.0 1,511.3 572.2 589.4 911.0 547.6	2017 2016 \$ 2,563.9 \$ 2,742.8 \$ 1,992.6 2,065.5 2,716.8 2,603.4 1,515.0 1,511.3 572.2 589.4 911.0 547.6					

20. MULTIEMPLOYER PENSION PLANS

Five of our 253 stores participate in multiemployer pension plans. We contribute to these multiemployer defined benefit pension plans under the terms of collective-bargaining agreements that cover certain of our union-represented employees. The risks of participating in these multiemployer plans are different from single-employer plans in the following aspects:

- a. Assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers.
- b. If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be assumed by the remaining participating employers.
- c. If we choose to stop participating in a multiemployer plan, we may be required to pay the plan an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, subject to certain limits, referred to as a withdrawal liability.

One of the multiemployer pension plans in which we participate is designated as being in "red zone" status, as defined by the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006. Our participation in this plan for the year ended December 31, 2017, is outlined in the table below. The "EIN/Pension Plan Number" column provides the Employer Identification Number (EIN) and the three-digit plan number. The most recent PPA zone status available in 2017 and 2016 is for the plan's year end at December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, respectively. The zone status is based on information that we received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65 percent funded. The last column lists the expiration date of the collective-bargaining agreements to which the plan is subject. A rehabilitation plan has been implemented for this plan. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2017, 2016, and 2015 contributions.

	_						Contributions of AutoNation (\$ in millions) (1)				Expiration Date of
Pension Fund	EIN/Pension PlanNumber	2017	2016		2017		2016		2015	Surcharge Imposed	Collective- Bargaining Agreement
Automotive Industries Pension Plan	94-1133245 - 001	Red	Red	\$	1.3	\$	1.1	\$	1.0	Yes	(2)
Other funds					0.3		0.4		0.4		
Total contributions				\$	1.6	\$	1.5	\$	1.4		

- (1) Our stores were not listed in the Automotive Industries Pension Plan's Form 5500 as providing more than 5% of the total contributions for the plan years ended December 31, 2016 or 2015.
- (2) We are party to two collective-bargaining agreements that require contributions to the Automotive Industries Pension Plan. Both agreements have an expiration date of December 31, 2019.

In the event that we cease participating in this plan, we could be assessed a withdrawal liability. We currently do not have any plans that would trigger the withdrawal liability under this multiemployer pension plan.

AUTONATION, INC. SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The following is an analysis of certain items in the Consolidated Statements of Income by quarter for 2017 and 2016:

		First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Revenue	2017	\$ 5,139.4	\$ 5,279.3	\$ 5,432.4	\$ 5,683.5
	2016	\$ 5,119.6	\$ 5,441.4	\$ 5,567.5	\$ 5,480.5
Gross profit	2017	\$ 819.8	\$ 826.1	\$ 845.9	\$ 867.2
	2016	\$ 825.9	\$ 841.8	\$ 836.4	\$ 809.1
Operating income (1)	2017	\$ 206.7	\$ 196.2	\$ 211.2	\$ 229.3
	2016	\$ 207.4	\$ 226.5	\$ 219.0	\$ 236.6
Income from continuing operations (1)(2)	2017	\$ 98.2	\$ 87.7	\$ 97.6	\$ 151.5
	2016	\$ 96.2	\$ 112.1	\$ 107.8	\$ 115.6
Net income (1)(2)	2017	\$ 98.1	\$ 87.7	\$ 97.5	\$ 151.3
	2016	\$ 95.9	\$ 112.0	\$ 107.3	\$ 115.3
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations (1)(2)(3)	2017	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.87	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.65
	2016	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.09	\$ 1.06	\$ 1.15
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (1)(2)(3)	2017	\$ 0.97	\$ 0.86	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.64
	2016	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.08	\$ 1.05	\$ 1.14

⁽¹⁾ During the fourth quarter of 2017, we recorded net gains of \$25.0 million (\$15.5 million after-tax) related to business/property dispositions. During the fourth quarter of 2016, we recorded gains of \$31.7 million (\$19.6 million after-tax) related to a business divestiture and \$14.4 million (\$8.9 million after-tax) related to a legal settlement.

⁽²⁾ During the fourth quarter of 2017, we recognized a \$41.3 million provisional income tax benefit due to the revaluation of our deferred tax liability as a result of the U.S. tax reform bill enacted in December 2017.

⁽³⁾ The sum of quarterly basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations may not equal full year amounts as reported in the Consolidated Statements of Income due to the effect of the calculation of weighted average common stock equivalents on a quarterly basis.

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act). Management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2017. Our independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, also concluded that we maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as set forth in its Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm which is included in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rule 13a-15 or 15d-15 under the Exchange Act that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2017 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS. EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information under the heading "Executive Officers of AutoNation" in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-K is incorporated by reference in this section.

We have adopted a Code of Business Ethics applicable to all employees. In addition, we have adopted a Code of Ethics for Senior Officers applicable to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer, and other senior officers and a Code of Ethics for Directors applicable to our directors. These codes are available on our Investor Relations website at *investors.autonation.com*. In the event that we amend or waive any of the provisions of the Code of Ethics for Senior Officers that relate to any element of the code of ethics definition enumerated in Item 406(b) of Regulation S-K, we intend to disclose the same on our Investor Relations website.

The other information required by this item is incorporated by reference to AutoNation's Proxy Statement for its 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to AutoNation's Proxy Statement for its 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2017 regarding our equity compensation plans:

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS									
	(A)	(B)	(C)						
Plan Category	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column A)						
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	4,351,080(1)	\$48.49(2)	5,411,403(3)						
Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved by Security Holders	_								
Total	4,351,080(1)	\$48.49(2)	5,411,403(3)						

- (1) Includes 519,609 shares granted under the AutoNation, Inc. 2017 Employee Equity and Incentive Plan (the "2017 Plan") and 124,729 shares granted under the AutoNation, Inc. 2014 Non-Employee Director Equity Plan (the "2014 Plan") that are issuable upon settlement of outstanding restricted stock units ("RSUs"). The remaining balance consists of outstanding stock option awards.
- (2) The weighted average exercise price does not take into account the shares issuable upon settlement of outstanding RSUs, which have no exercise price.
- (3) Includes 4,980,391 shares available under the 2017 Plan and 431,012 shares available under the 2014 Plan.

The other information required by this item is incorporated by reference to AutoNation's Proxy Statement for its 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

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ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to AutoNation's Proxy Statement for its 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference to AutoNation's Proxy Statement for its 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

- 1. Financial Statements: The Consolidated Financial Statements of AutoNation are set forth in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.
- 2. Financial Statement Schedules: Not applicable.
- 3. Exhibits: The exhibits listed in the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed, furnished or incorporated by reference as part of this Form 10-K.

Certain of the agreements listed as exhibits to this Form 10-K (including the exhibits to such agreements), which have been filed to provide investors with information regarding their terms, contain various representations, warranties, and covenants of AutoNation, Inc. and the other parties thereto. They are not intended to provide factual information about any of the parties thereto or any subsidiaries of the parties thereto. The assertions embodied in those representations, warranties, and covenants were made for purposes of each of the agreements, solely for the benefit of the parties thereto. In addition, certain representations and warranties were made as of a specific date, may be subject to a contractual standard of materiality different from what a security holder might view as material, or may have been made for purposes of allocating contractual risk among the parties rather than establishing matters as facts. Investors should not view the representations, warranties, and covenants in the agreements (or any description thereof) as disclosures with respect to the actual state of facts concerning the business, operations, or condition of any of the parties to the agreements (or their subsidiaries) and should not rely on them as such. In addition, information in any such representations, warranties, or covenants may change after the dates covered by such provisions, which subsequent information may or may not be fully reflected in the public disclosures of the parties. In any event, investors should read the agreements together with the other information concerning AutoNation, Inc. contained in reports and statements that we file with the SEC.

ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AUTONATION, INC.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ M ICHAEL J. J ACKSON

Michael J. Jackson

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

February 14, 2018

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/ S / M ICHAEL J. J ACKSON	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer	February 14, 2018
Michael J. Jackson	and President (Principal Executive Officer)	
/S/CHERYL MILLER	Executive Vice President and Chief	February 14, 2018
Cheryl Miller	Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	
/ S / C HRISTOPHER C ADE	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting	February 14, 2018
Christopher Cade	Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	
/ S / R ICK L. B URDICK	Director	February 14, 2018
Rick L. Burdick		
/s/ T OMAGO C OLLINS	Director	February 14, 2018
Tomago Collins		
/ S / D AVID B. E DELSON	Director	February 14, 2018
David B. Edelson		
	Director	February 14, 2018
Karen C. Francis		
/ S / R OBERT R. G RUSKY	Director	February 14, 2018
Robert R. Grusky		
/ S / K AVEH K HOSROWSHAHI	Director	February 14, 2018
Kaveh Khosrowshahi		
/ S / M ICHAEL L ARSON	Director	February 14, 2018
Michael Larson		
/ S / G. M IKE M IKAN	Director	February 14, 2018
G. Mike Mikan		•
/ S / A LISON H. R OSENTHAL	Director	February 14, 2018
Alison H. Rosenthal		•

Exhibit	_	Incorporated by Reference			
<u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description	Form	File Number	Exhibit	Filing Date
3.1	Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of AutoNation. Inc.	10-Q	001-13107	3.1	8/13/99
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of AutoNation, Inc.	8-K	001-13107	3.1	12/16/16
4.1	Indenture, dated April 14, 2010 (the "2010 Indenture"), among AutoNation, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association.	8-K	001-13107	4.1	4/15/10
4.2	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated April 14, 2010, relating to the Company's 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018.	8-K	001-13107	4.2	4/15/10
4.3	Form of 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018 (included in Exhibit 4.2).	8-K	001-13107	4.2	4/15/10
4.4	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated February 1, 2012, relating to the Company's 5.5% Senior Notes due 2020.	8-K	001-13107	4.2	2/1/12
4.5	Form of 5.5% Senior Notes due 2020 (included in Exhibit 4.4).	8-K	001-13107	4.2	2/1/12
4.6	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated March 7, 2012, relating to the Company's 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018.	10-Q	001-13107	4.5	4/25/12
4.7	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated March 7, 2012, relating to the Company's 5.5% Senior Notes due 2020.	10-Q	001-13107	4.6	4/25/12
4.8	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated February 6, 2014, relating to the Company's 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018.	10-Q	001-13107	4.1	4/18/14
4.9	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated February 6, 2014, relating to the Company's 5.5% Senior Notes due 2020.	10-Q	001-13107	4.2	4/18/14
4.10	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated September 21, 2015, relating to the Company's 3.35% Senior Notes due 2021.	8-K	001-13107	4.2	9/21/15
4.11	Form of 3.35% Senior Notes due 2021 (included in Exhibit 4.10).	8-K	001-13107	4.2	9/21/15
4.12	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated September 21, 2015, relating to the Company's 4.5% Senior Notes due 2025.	8-K	001-13107	4.3	9/21/15
4.13	Form of 4.5% Senior Notes due 2025 (included in Exhibit 4.12).	8-K	001-13107	4.3	9/21/15
4.14	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated February 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018.	10-Q	001-13107	4.1	4/22/16
4.15	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated February 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 5.5% Senior Notes due 2020.	10-Q	001-13107	4.2	4/22/16
4.16	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated February 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 3.35% Senior Notes due 2021.	10 - Q	001-13107	4.3	4/22/16
4.17	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated February 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 4.5% Senior Notes due 2025.	10-Q	001-13107	4.4	4/22/16

Exhibit			Incorporated l	by Reference	
Number	Exhibit Description	Form	File Number	Exhibit	Filing Date
4.18	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated July 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018.	10-Q	001-13107	4.1	10/28/16
4.19	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated July 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 5.5% Senior Notes due 2020.	10 - Q	001-13107	4.2	10/28/16
4.20	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated July 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 3.35% Senior Notes due 2021.	10-Q	001-13107	4.3	10/28/16
4.21	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated July 29, 2016, relating to the Company's 4.5% Senior Notes due 2025.	10-Q	001-13107	4.4	10/28/16
4.22	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated August 3, 2017, relating to the Company's 6.75% Senior Notes due 2018,	10-Q	001-13107	4.1	11/2/17
4.23	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated August 3, 2017, relating to the Company's 5.5% Senior Notes due 2020.	10-Q	001-13107	4.2	11/2/17
4.24	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated August 3, 2017, relating to the Company's 3.35% Senior Notes due 2021,	10-Q	001-13107	4.3	11/2/17
4.25	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated August 3, 2017, relating to the Company's 4.5% Senior Notes due 2025.	10-Q	001-13107	4.4	11/2/17
4.26	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated November 10, 2017, relating to the Company's 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024.	8-K	001-13107	4.2	11/13/17
4.27	Form of 3.5% Senior Notes due 2024 (included in Exhibit 4.26).	8-K	001-13107	4.3	11/13/17
4.28	Supplemental Indenture to 2010 Indenture, dated November 10, 2017, relating to the Company's 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027.	8-K	001-13107	4.4	11/13/17
4.29	Form of 3.8% Senior Notes due 2027 (included in Exhibit 4.28).	8-K	001-13107	4.5	11/13/17
10.1	AutoNation, Inc. 1995 Amended and Restated Employee Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated.	10-Q	001-13107	10.2	8/14/00
10.2	AutoNation, Inc. Amended and Restated 1995 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan.	10 - K	001-13107	10.10	3/31/99
10.3	Amendment, dated October 24, 2006, to the AutoNation, Inc. Amended and Restated 1995 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan.	10-Q	001-13107	10.1	10/27/06
10.4	AutoNation, Inc. Amended and Restated 1997 Employee Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated on February 5, 2007.	10-K	001-13107	10.4	2/28/07
10.5	AutoNation, Inc. Amended and Restated 1998 Employee Stock Option Plan, as amended and restated on February 5, 2007.	10-K	001-13107	10.5	2/28/07
10.6	AutoNation, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended and restated.	S-8	333-214308	99.1	10/28/16
10.7	Amended Employment Agreement, dated January 15, 2015, by and between AutoNation, Inc. and Michael J. Jackson.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	1/16/15

Exhibit			Incorporated	by Reference	
Exhibit <u>Number</u>	Exhibit Description	Form	File Number	Exhibit	Filing Date
10.8	Amended Employment Agreement, dated October 23, 2014, as amended and restated on January 23, 2015, by and between AutoNation, Inc. and Michael E. Maroone.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	1/23/15
10.9	Letter Agreement, dated February 13, 2013, regarding dealership name usage.	10-Q	001-13107	10.1	4/19/13
10.10	Retirement Agreement and General Release of All Claims, dated March 7, 2017, by and between AutoNation, Inc. and Jonathan P. Ferrando.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	3/8/17
10.11	Separation Agreement and General Release of All Claims, dated May 31, 2017, by and between AutoNation, Inc. and William R. Berman.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	6/1/17
10.12	AutoNation, Inc. 2007 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan.	10-K	001-13107	10.17	2/28/07
10.13	Amendment to the AutoNation, Inc. 2007 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, effective as of October 26, 2010.	10-Q	001-13107	10.4	10/28/10
10.14	Amendment to the AutoNation, Inc. 2007 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, effective as of February 1, 2012.	8-K	001-13107	10.2	2/2/12
10.15	AutoNation, Inc. 2014 Non-Employee Director Equity Plan (the "2014 Director Plan").	10-Q	001-13107	10.6	4/18/14
10.16	Terms of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Units granted under the 2014 Director Plan.	10-Q	001-13107	10.2	7/17/14
10.17	Amendment to the 2014 Director Plan, effective as of January 31, 2017.	10-Q	001-13107	10.1	4/25/17
10.18	AutoNation, Inc. 2008 Employee Equity and Incentive Plan (the "2008 Plan").	10-Q	001-13107	10.1	4/25/08
10.19	Form of Stock Option Agreement for stock options granted under the 2008 Plan.	10-K	001-13107	10.12	2/24/05
10.20	Form of Stock Option Agreement under the 2008 Plan (for 2008 grants).	10-K	001-13107	10.16	2/17/09
10.21	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2008 Plan (for 2008 grants).	10-K	001-13107	10.17	2/17/09
10.22	Form of Stock Option Agreement under the 2008 Plan (for grants made in 2009-2013).	10-Q	001-13107	10.4	4/24/09
10.23	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2008 Plan (for grants made in 2009-2013).	10-Q	001-13107	10.5	4/24/09
10.24	Form of Stock Option Agreement under the 2008 Plan (for grants made in 2014).	8-K	001-13107	10.1	3/7/14
10.25	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2008 Plan (for grants made in 2014).	8-K	001-13107	10.2	3/7/14
10.26	Form of Stock Option Agreement under the 2008 Plan for grants in 2015.	10-Q	001-13107	10.4	4/22/15
10.27	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2008 Plan for grants in 2015.	10-Q	001-13107	10.5	4/22/15
10.28	Form of Stock Option Agreement under the 2008 Plan for grants in 2016.	10-Q	001-13107	10.1	4/22/16
10.29	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2008 Plan for grants in 2016.	10-Q	001-13107	10.2	4/22/16
10.30	AutoNation, Inc. Policy Regarding Recoupment of Certain Incentive Compensation.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	2/6/15

Exhibit			Incorporated l	by Reference	
Number	Exhibit Description	Form	File Number	Exhibit	Filing Date
10.31	AutoNation, Inc. 2017 Employee Equity and Incentive Plan (the "2017 Plan").	8-K	001-13107	10.1	4/21/17
10.32	Form of AutoNation, Inc. Stock Unit Awards Agreement under the 2017 Plan.	8-K	001-13107	10.2	4/21/17
10.33	Form of AutoNation, Inc. Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2017 Plan.	10-Q	001-13107	10.3	8/2/17
10.34	Honda Agreement, dated January 28, 2009, between AutoNation, Inc., American Honda Motor Co., Inc. and ESL Investments, Inc.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	1/29/09
10.35	Stockholder Agreement, dated August 16, 2010, among AutoNation, Inc., Cascade Investment, L.L.C. and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Trust.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	8/16/10
10.36	Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated October 19, 2017, by and among the Company, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent, and the other parties thereto.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	10/24/17
10.37	Form of Commercial Paper Dealer Agreement between AutoNation, Inc., as Issuer, and the Dealer party thereto.	8-K	001-13107	10.1	5/22/15
12.1*	Statement Regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.				
21.1*	Subsidiaries of AutoNation, Inc.				
23.1*	Consent of KPMG LLP.				
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act.				
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act.				
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.				
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.				
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document				
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document				
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document				
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document				
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document				

Filed herewith

Exhibits 10.1 through 10.33 are management contracts or compensatory plans, contracts, or arrangements.

In accordance with Item 601(b)(4)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K, copies of certain instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company or its subsidiaries are not filed herewith. We hereby agree to furnish a copy of any such instrument to the Commission upon request.

^{**} Furnished herewith

AutoNation, Inc. Statement Regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges (\$ in millions)

Year Ended December 31,

 2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$ 636.5	\$	702.3	\$	722.7	\$	682.3	\$	604.4
237.1		210.9		168.2		158.5		159.4
(1.0)		(0.5)		(0.9)		(1.2)		(0.7)
\$ 872.6	\$	912.7	\$	890.0	\$	839.6	\$	763.1
\$ 97.0	\$	76.5	\$	58.3	\$	53.3	\$	53.4
120.2		115.6		91.1		86.9		88.6
1.0		0.5		0.9		1.2		0.7
18.9		18.3		17.9		17.1		16.7
\$ 237.1	\$	210.9	\$	168.2	\$	158.5	\$	159.4
					-			
3.7		4.3		5.3		5.3		4.8
\$	\$ 636.5 237.1 (1.0) \$ 872.6 \$ 97.0 120.2 1.0 18.9 \$ 237.1	\$ 636.5 \$ 237.1 (1.0) \$ 872.6 \$ \$ 120.2	\$ 636.5 \$ 702.3 237.1 210.9 (1.0) (0.5) \$ 872.6 \$ 912.7 \$ 97.0 \$ 76.5 120.2 115.6 1.0 0.5 18.9 18.3 \$ 237.1 \$ 210.9	\$ 636.5 \$ 702.3 \$ 237.1 210.9 (1.0) (0.5) \$ 872.6 \$ 912.7 \$ \$ \$ 120.2 115.6 1.0 0.5 18.9 18.3 \$ 237.1 \$ 210.9 \$	\$ 636.5 \$ 702.3 \$ 722.7 237.1 210.9 168.2 (1.0) (0.5) (0.9) \$ 872.6 \$ 912.7 \$ 890.0 \$ 97.0 \$ 76.5 \$ 58.3 120.2 115.6 91.1 1.0 0.5 0.9 18.9 18.3 17.9 \$ 237.1 \$ 210.9 \$ 168.2	\$ 636.5 \$ 702.3 \$ 722.7 \$ 237.1 210.9 168.2	\$ 636.5 \$ 702.3 \$ 722.7 \$ 682.3 237.1 210.9 168.2 158.5 (1.0) (0.5) (0.9) (1.2) \$ 872.6 \$ 912.7 \$ 890.0 \$ 839.6 \$ 97.0 \$ 76.5 \$ 58.3 \$ 53.3 120.2 115.6 91.1 86.9 1.0 0.5 0.9 1.2 18.9 18.3 17.9 17.1 \$ 237.1 \$ 210.9 \$ 168.2 \$ 158.5	\$ 636.5 \$ 702.3 \$ 722.7 \$ 682.3 \$ 237.1 210.9 168.2 158.5 \$ (1.0) (0.5) (0.9) (1.2) \$ 872.6 \$ 912.7 \$ 890.0 \$ 839.6 \$ \$ 120.2 115.6 91.1 86.9 1.0 0.5 0.9 1.2 18.9 18.3 17.9 17.1 \$ 237.1 \$ 210.9 \$ 168.2 \$ 158.5 \$

⁽a) Includes amortization of debt issuance costs and other interest expense associated with discontinued operations.

⁽b) Calculated based on rent expense that includes amounts associated with discontinued operations.

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
7 Rod Real Estate North, A Limited Liability Company		Wyoming
7 Rod Real Estate South, A Limited Liability Company		Wyoming
Abraham Chevrolet-Miami, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Coral Gables	Delaware
Abraham Chevrolet-Tampa, Inc.		Delaware
ACER Fiduciary, Inc.		Delaware
ACP Auto Parts, LLC		Delaware
ACP Holding Corp.		Delaware
AL F-L Motors, LLC	AutoNation Ford Lincoln Auburn	Delaware
AL Fort Payne Motors, LLC	AutoNation Ford Fort Payne	Delaware
Albert Berry Motors, Inc.		Texas
Allen Samuels Chevrolet of Corpus Christi, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet North Corpus Christi; AutoNation Collision Center North Corpus Christi	Texas
Allen Samuels Chevrolet of Waco, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Waco; Mercedes-Benz of Waco; AutoNation Collision Center Waco	Texas
Allison Bavarian	BMW of Mountain View	California
Allison Bavarian Holding, LLC		Delaware
All-State Rent A Car, Inc.		Nevada
American Way Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Honda 385	Tennessee
AN AutoParts, Inc.	OEM Auto Parts and Accessories	Delaware
AN Cadillac of WPB, LLC	AutoNation Cadillac West Palm Beach	Delaware
AN Central Region Management, LLC		Delaware
AN Chevrolet - Arrowhead, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Arrowhead	Delaware
AN CJ Valencia, Inc.		Delaware
AN Collision Center FTL South, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Fort Lauderdale South; AutoNation Collision Center Fort Lauderdale North	Delaware
AN Collision Center of Addison, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Addison	Delaware
AN Collision Center of Las Vegas, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Las Vegas	Nevada
AN Collision Center of North Houston, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center North Houston	Delaware
AN Collision Center of Sarasota, Inc.		Florida
AN Collision Center of Tempe, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Tempe	Delaware
AN Corporate Management Payroll Corp.		Delaware
AN Corpus Christi GP, LLC		Delaware
AN Corpus Christi Imports Adv. GP, LLC		Delaware
AN Corpus Christi Imports Adv., LP		Texas
AN Corpus Christi Imports GP, LLC		Delaware
AN Corpus Christi Imports II GP, LLC		Delaware
AN Corpus Christi Imports II, LP		Texas
AN Corpus Christi Imports, LP		Texas
AN Corpus Christi Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Hyundai Corpus Christi	Delaware
AN Corpus Christi T. Imports GP, LLC		Delaware
AN Corpus Christi T. Imports, LP	AutoNation Toyota Corpus Christi	Texas
AN County Line Ford, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Burleson	Texas
AN Dealership Holding Corp.		Florida
AN F. Imports of Atlanta, LLC	AutoNation FIAT Mall of Georgia	Delaware

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
AN F. Imports of Hawthorne Holding, LLC		Delaware
AN F. Imports of Hawthorne, LLC		Delaware
AN F. Imports of North Denver, LLC	AutoNation Alfa Romeo and FIAT North Denver	Delaware
AN F. Imports of North Phoenix, Inc.	AutoNation FIAT North Phoenix	Delaware
AN F. Imports of Roseville Holding, LLC		Delaware
AN F. Imports of Roseville, Inc.		Delaware
AN Fort Myers Imports, LLC	AutoNation Toyota Fort Myers; AutoNation Collision Center Fort Myers	Delaware
AN Fremont Luxury Imports, Inc.	BMW of Fremont	Delaware
AN H. Imports of Atlanta, LLC	AutoNation Hyundai Mall of Georgia	Delaware
AN Imports of Ft. Lauderdale, Inc.	Land Rover Fort Lauderdale; Jaguar Fort Lauderdale	Delaware
AN Imports of Seattle, Inc.		Delaware
AN Imports of Spokane, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Spokane Valley	Delaware
AN Imports of Stevens Creek Holding, LLC		Delaware
AN Imports of Stevens Creek, Inc.	MINI of Stevens Creek	Delaware
AN Imports on Weston Road, Inc.	AutoNation Toyota Weston	Florida
AN Luxury Imports GP, LLC		Delaware
AN Luxury Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Coconut Creek, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Coconut Creek; smart center of Coconut Creek	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Marietta, LLC	Mercedes-Benz of Marietta	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Palm Beach, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Delray	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Pembroke Pines, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Pembroke Pines	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Phoenix, Inc.	Audi Peoria	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of San Diego, Inc.	BMW Encinitas	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Sanford, LLC	Mercedes-Benz of North Orlando	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Sarasota, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Sarasota; smart center Sarasota	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Spokane, Inc.	AutoNation Acura Spokane Valley	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports of Tucson, Inc.	BMW of Tucson	Delaware
AN Luxury Imports, Ltd.	BMW of Dallas; MINI of Dallas	Texas
AN Motors of Brooksville, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Brooksville; AutoNation Collision Center Brooksville	Florida
AN Motors of Dallas, Inc.		Delaware
AN Motors of Delray Beach, Inc.		Delaware
AN Motors of Ft. Lauderdale, Inc.		Florida
AN Motors of Memphis, Inc.	AutoNation GMC Mendenhall	Tennessee
AN Motors of Pembroke, LLC	AutoNation Chevrolet Pembroke Pines; AutoNation Collision Center Pembroke Pines	Delaware
AN Motors of Scottsdale, LLC	AutoNation Ford Scottsdale; AutoNation Collision Center North Scottsdale	Delaware
AN Motors on Federal Highway, LLC		Delaware
AN Motors on South Padre, LP	AutoNation Chevrolet South Corpus Christi; AutoNation Cadillac Corpus Christi; AutoNation Buick GMC Corpus Christi	Texas
AN North Phoenix Collision, Inc.		Delaware

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
AN Pontiac GMC Houston North GP, LLC		Delaware
AN Pontiac GMC Houston North, LP		Texas
AN San Jose Luxury Imports Holdings, LLC		Delaware
AN San Jose Luxury Imports, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Stevens Creek; AutoNation Volvo Cars San Jose; AutoNation Collision Center Stevens Creek	California
AN Seattle Motors, Inc.		Delaware
AN Subaru Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Subaru Scottsdale	Delaware
AN T. Imports of Atlanta, LLC	AutoNation Toyota Mall of Georgia; AutoNation Collision Center Mall of Georgia	Delaware
AN Texas Region Management, Ltd.	AutoNation Shared Service Center	Texas
AN Tucson Imports, LLC		Delaware
AN Valencia Auto Imports, Inc.	MINI of Valencia	Delaware
AN Western Region Management, LLC		Delaware
AN/CF Acquisition Corp.	AutoNation Ford Littleton; AutoNation Collision Center Littleton	Delaware
AN/KPBG Motors, Inc.		Washington
AN/MF Acquisition Corp.		Delaware
AN/MNI Acquisition Corp.	AutoNation Nissan Memphis	Delaware
AN/PF Acquisition Corp.	AutoNation Ford Bellevue	Delaware
ANUSA Holding, LLC		Delaware
Appleway Chevrolet, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Spokane Valley; AutoNation Mazda- Spokane; AutoNation Subaru Spokane Valley; AutoNation Mitsubishi-Spokane; AutoNation Toyota Spokane Valley; AutoNation Volkswagen Spokane; Audi Spokane; Land Rover Spokane; AutoNation Mazda Mitsubishi-Spokane; AutoNation Collision Center Spokane; AutoNation Parts Center; AutoNation Towing Spokane	Washington
ASE Motors Holding Corp.		Texas
Auto Car Holding, LLC		Delaware
Auto Car, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Roseville	California
Auto Company 2016-11, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-12, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-13, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-14, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-15, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-16, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-17, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-18, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-19, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2016-20, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-01, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-02, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-03, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-04, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-05, Inc.		Delaware

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
Auto Company 2017-06, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-07, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-08, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-09, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company 2017-10, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company IX, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company VI, Inc.	Audi Plano	Delaware
Auto Company VII, Inc.	Porsche Plano	Delaware
Auto Company VIII, Inc.		Delaware
Auto Company XI, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Spring	Delaware
auto Company XII, Inc.		Delaware
auto Company XIII, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Chandler	Delaware
auto Company XIV, Inc.	AutoNation Hyundai Tempe	Delaware
auto Company XIX, Inc.	Porsche Irvine	Delaware
Auto Company XVII, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Mobile	Delaware
Auto Company XXI, Inc.	Audi Bellevue; AutoNation Volvo Cars Bellevue; Mercedes- Benz of Bellevue; Porsche Bellevue	Delaware
auto Company XXII, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of San Jose; smart Center San Jose	Delaware
uto Company XXIII, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Valencia	Delaware
uto Company XXV, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Reno	Delaware
auto Company XXVI, Inc.		Delaware
uto Company XXVII, Inc.		Delaware
uto Company XXVIII, Inc.		Delaware
uto Dealership 2016-1, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2016-10, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2016-2, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2016-4, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2016-5, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2016-6, LLC		Delaware
uto Dealership 2016-7, LLC		Delaware
uto Dealership 2016-8, LLC		Delaware
uto Dealership 2016-9, LLC		Delaware
uto Dealership 2017-01, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2017-03, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2017-04, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2017-05, LLC		Delaware
uto Dealership 2017-06, LLC		Delaware
uto Dealership 2017-07, LLC		Delaware
uto Dealership 2017-08, LLC		Delaware
auto Dealership 2017-09, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-10, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-11, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-12, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-13, LLC		Delaware

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
Auto Dealership 2017-14, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-15, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-16, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-17, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-18, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-19, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-20, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-21, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-22, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-23, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-24, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-25, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-26, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-27, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-28, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-29, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership 2017-30, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership III, LLC	AutoNation Honda O'Hare	Delaware
Auto Dealership IV, LLC	AutoNation Hyundai O'Hare	Delaware
Auto Dealership IX, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership V, LLC	Mercedes-Benz of Wesley Chapel	Delaware
Auto Dealership VI, LLC	AutoNation Volkswagen Mall of Georgia	Delaware
Auto Dealership VII, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership VIII, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership X, LLC		Delaware
Auto Dealership XXIII, LLC		Delaware
Auto Holding, LLC		Delaware
Auto Mission Holding, LLC		Delaware
Auto Mission Ltd.	AutoNation Toyota Hayward	California
Auto Motors of Englewood, LLC	AutoNation Chrysler Jeep Arapahoe	Delaware
Auto TechLabs, Inc.		Delaware
Auto West, Inc.		California
Autohaus Holdings, Inc.		Delaware
AutoNation Benefits Company, Inc.		Florida
AutoNation Cayman Insurance Company, Ltd.		Cayman Islands
AutoNation Corporate Management, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation Enterprises Incorporated		Florida
AutoNation Financial Services, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation Fort Worth Motors, Ltd.	AutoNation Chevrolet North Richland Hills	Texas
AutoNation GM GP, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation Holding Corp.		Delaware
AutoNation Imports of Katy GP, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation Imports of Katy, L.P.	AutoNation Nissan Katy	Texas

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
AutoNation Imports of Lithia Springs, LLC	AutoNation Toyota Thornton Road	Delaware
AutoNation Imports of Longwood, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Sanford	Delaware
AutoNation Imports of Palm Beach, Inc.	Lexus of Palm Beach	Delaware
AutoNation Imports of Winter Park, Inc.	AutoNation Toyota Winter Park	Delaware
AutoNation Motors Holding Corp.		Delaware
AutoNation Motors of Lithia Springs, Inc.		Delaware
AutoNation North Texas Management GP, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation Orlando Venture Holdings, Inc.		Delaware
AutoNation Realty Corporation		Delaware
AutoNation USA of Perrine, Inc.	AutoNation Nissan Kendall	Delaware
AutoNation V. Imports of Delray Beach, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation.com, Inc.	AutoNation Direct	Delaware
Bankston Auto, Inc.		Texas
Bankston Chrysler Jeep of Frisco, L.P.		Texas
Bankston CJ GP, LLC		Delaware
Bankston Ford of Frisco, Ltd. Co.	AutoNation Ford Frisco	Texas
Bankston Nissan in Irving, Inc.		Texas
Bankston Nissan Lewisville GP, LLC		Delaware
Bankston Nissan Lewisville, Ltd.	AutoNation Nissan Lewisville	Texas
Bargain Rent-A-Car	Lexus of Cerritos; Lexus Collision Center Cerritos	California
Batfish, LLC		Colorado
BBCSS, Inc.		Arizona
Beach City Chevrolet Company, Inc.		California
Beach City Holding, LLC		Delaware
Beacon Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Doral; AutoNation Collision Center Airport Miami	Florida
Bell Motors, LLC	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram North Phoenix	Delaware
Bellevue Automotive, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Bellevue	Delaware
Bellevue Collision, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Bellevue	Delaware
Bengal Motor Company, Ltd.	AutoNation Honda Miami Lakes	Florida
Bengal Motors, Inc.		Florida
Bethesda Luxury Imports, LLC	Jaguar Bethesda; Land Rover Bethesda	Delaware
Bill Ayares Chevrolet, LLC	AutoNation Chevrolet Laurel	Delaware
Bledsoe Dodge, LLC		Delaware
Bob Townsend Ford, Inc.		Delaware
Body Shop Holding Corp.		Delaware
Brown & Brown Chevrolet - Superstition Springs, LLC	AutoNation Chevrolet Mesa	Arizona
Brown & Brown Chevrolet, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Gilbert	Arizona
Brown & Brown Nissan Mesa, LLC	AutoNation Nissan Chandler; AutoNation Collision Center Chandler	Arizona
Brown & Brown Nissan, Inc.	AutoNation Nissan Tempe	Arizona
Bull Motors, LLC	AutoNation Ford Miami; AutoNation Collision Center Miami North	Delaware
C. Garrett, Inc.		Colorado

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
CA-CC Fremont, Inc.		Delaware
Carlisle Motors, LLC	AutoNation Ford St. Petersburg; AutoNation Lincoln Clearwater; AutoNation Collision Center Gulf to Bay	Delaware
Carwell Holding, LLC		Delaware
Carwell, LLC	Mercedes-Benz of South Bay; Land Rover South Bay; AutoNation Collision Center South Bay	Delaware
Centennial Automotive, LLC	AutoNation Dodge Ram Arapahoe; AutoNation Parts Center Denver	Delaware
Centennial Collision, Inc.		Delaware
Cerritos Body Works Holding, LLC		Delaware
Cerritos Body Works, Inc.		California
Champion Chevrolet Holding, LLC		Delaware
Champion Chevrolet, LLC		Delaware
Champion Ford, Inc.		Texas
Chandler Collision, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Chandler West	Delaware
Charlie Hillard, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Fort Worth; AutoNation Mazda Fort Worth; AutoNation Ford Mazda Fort Worth	Texas
Charlie Thomas Chevrolet GP, LLC		Delaware
Charlie Thomas Chevrolet, Ltd.	AutoNation Chevrolet Gulf Freeway; AutoNation Mitsubishi; AutoNation Collision Center NASA; AutoNation Collision Center Gulf Freeway	Texas
Charlie Thomas Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc.		Texas
Charlie Thomas' Courtesy Ford, Ltd.	AutoNation Ford Corpus Christi; AutoNation Mazda Corpus Christi; AutoNation Ford Mazda Corpus Christi; AutoNation Collision Center Corpus Christi II	Texas
Charlie Thomas' Courtesy GP, LLC		Delaware
Charlie Thomas Courtesy Leasing, Inc.		Texas
Charlie Thomas F. GP, LLC		Delaware
Charlie Thomas Ford, Ltd.	AutoNation Ford Gulf Freeway	Texas
Chesrown Auto, LLC		Delaware
Chesrown Chevrolet, LLC	AutoNation Chevrolet North	Delaware
Chesrown Collision Center, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Denver	Colorado
Chesrown Ford, Inc.		Colorado
Chevrolet World, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Airport	Florida
Chuck Clancy Ford of Marietta, LLC	AutoNation Ford Marietta; AutoNation Collision Center Marietta	Delaware
CJ Valencia Holding, LLC		Delaware
Coastal Cadillac, Inc.	AutoNation Cadillac Port Richey	Florida
Consumer Car Care Corporation		Tennessee
Contemporary Cars, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Orlando; smart center of Orlando	Florida
Cook-Whitehead Ford, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Panama City; AutoNation Collision Center Panama City	Florida
Corporate Properties Holding, Inc.		Delaware
Corpus Christi ANUSA, LLC	AutoNation USA Corpus Christi	Delaware
Corpus Christi Collision Center, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Corpus Christi	Delaware

Costa Mesa Cars Holding, LLC Costa Mesa Cars, Inc. Costa Mesa Cars, Inc. Courtesy Auto Group, Inc. Courtesy Broadway, LLC Courtesy Broadway, LLC Covington Pike Motors, Inc. AutoNation Honda Costa Mesa; AutoNation Collision Center Cl. Intercontinental CP, LLC Covingtion Pike Motors, Inc. Cl. Intercontinental Ltd. BNW of Houston North, MINI of the Woodlands Texas CT Motors, Inc. AutoNation Actuar Guiff Freeway Texas CT Motors, Inc. AutoNation Actuar Guiff Freeway Clearwater: AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Dealership Realty Corporation Clearwater: AutoNation Model Clearwater AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Dealership Realty Corporation Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. Desert Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. Desert Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. Deleavate Desert Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. AutoNation Ford Models Realership Realty Corporation Desert Chrys-Pymouth, Inc. AutoNation Ford Models, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Ford Models, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Desert Debts Models Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Models, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Desert Debts Models Realership Realty Corporation Den-Avec Jeop Fagle, Inc Center West Colonial Deleavate Deleavate El Monte Monter, Incl. Deleavate El Monte	Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
Courtesy Auto Group, Inc. Courtesy Brasdway, LLC Ball Work Company Courtesy Brasdway, LLC Courtesy Brasdway, LCC Courtesy Brasdway, LCC Courtesy Brasdway, LCC Courtesy Brasdway, LCC C	Costa Mesa Cars Holding, LLC		Delaware
Courtesy Broadway, LLC Covington Pike Motors, Inc. CIT Motor Continental, Ltd. BMW of Houston North, MINI of the Woodlands Texas CIT Motors, Inc. AutoNation Acura Gulf Freeway Place AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater TautoNation Collision Center Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Place Physiolary Dealership Realty Corporation Center West Sahara Delray Lawry Imports, Inc. Desert Buck GMC Trucks, L.I.C. AutoNation Buck GMC West Sahara Delray Lawry Imports, Inc. Desert Chrasher Physmoth Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert Chrasher Physmoth Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert Chrasher Physmoth Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert Physmoth Inc. Desert Physmoth Inc. Desert Physmoth Inc. Desert Physmoth Inc. Desert Physmother P	Costa Mesa Cars, Inc.		California
Crimeton Pike Motors, Inc. Crimetonitienal GP, LLC Crimetonitienal GP, LLC Crimetonitienal, Ldd. BMW of Houston North, MINI of the Woodlands Texas Crimeton, Inc. AutoNation Acura Gulf Freeway Texas Crimeton, Inc. AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater Chysler-Plymouth, Inc. Delaware Desert Dorle, CMC Trucks, LLC. AutoNation Buick GMC West Salaura Desert Dorle, LLC. AutoNation Buick GMC Ilenderson Delaware Desert CMC, LLC. AutoNation Buick GMC Ilenderson Delaware Debts Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation End Wellichaus Clearwater Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Memphis Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Memphis Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Center West Colonial AutoNation Collision Center Center West Colonial Don-Avec Jeep Eagle, Inc. Cliffornia Center West Colonial Don-Avec Jeep Eagle, Inc. Cliffornia Center West Colonial Center West Col	Courtesy Auto Group, Inc.		Florida
CT Intercontinental GP, LLC CT Intercontinental, Lid. CT Motors, Lic. CT Motors, Lic. AutoNation Acura Gulf Freeway Texas DVI. Motor Company AutoNation Honda Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Buick GMC West Sahara Delay Luxury Imports, Inc. Delaware Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Deby Tord of Memphis, Inc. Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Dobbs Motors of Arizona, Inc. Dobbs Motors of A	Courtesy Broadway, LLC		Colorado
CT Intercontinental, Ltd. BMW of Houston North; MINI of the Woodlands Texas CT Motors, Inc. AutoNation Acura Guil Freeway Toxas Drl. Motor Company AutoNation Hondan Clearwater; AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Florida Dealership Realty Corporation Texas Delary Luxury Imports, Inc. AutoNation Buick GMC West Sahara Delaware Desert Buick-GMC Trucks, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC West Sahara Delaware Desert GMC, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Delaware Debts Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Delaware Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Delaware Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial, AutoNation Collision Center Wolfchase Florida Don-Avee Jeep Eagle, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial, AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial, AutoNation Center West Colonial, AutoNation Center West Colonial, AutoNation Center AutoNation Center West Colonial, AutoNa	Covington Pike Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Covington Pike	Tennessee
CT Motors, Inc. AutoNation Acura Gulf Freeway Texas Dr. Motor Company AutoNation Honda Clearwater; AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Florida Dealership Realty Corporation Texas Delay Luxury Imports, Inc. AutoNation Buick GMC West Sahara Delaware Desert Buick-GMC Trucks, L.I.C. AutoNation Buick GMC West Sahara Delaware Desert Dodge, Inc. Nexada Desert GMC, L.I.C. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Delaware Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Delaware Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Memphis, AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Memphis, AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Center Mobile; AutoNation Center Mobile; AutoNation Center Mobile; AutoNation Center Memphis, AutoNation Center Mobile; AutoNation Center Memphis, AutoNation Center Mobile; AutoNation Center Memphis, AutoNation Center Memphis, AutoNation Center Mobile; AutoNation Center Memphis, AutoNation Center West Colonial AutoNation Ford Amberst; Aut	CT Intercontinental GP, LLC		Delaware
DI Motor Company AutoNation Honda Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Collision Center Clearwater South Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Edition Center Clearwater South Clearwater South Clearwater, AutoNation Build GMC West Sahara Delaware Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Delaware Delaware Delaw Chrysler, Inc. Delaware Delaware Delaware Delaw Chrysler, Inc. Delaware	CT Intercontinental, Ltd.	BMW of Houston North; MINI of the Woodlands	Texas
Dealership Realty Corporation Dealership Realty Corporation Dealership Realty Corporation Dealership Realty Corporation Desert Buick-GMC Trucks, LL.C. Desert Buick-GMC Trucks, LL.C. Desert Dalership Realty Corporation Desert Dalership Realty Carbon States Desert Dalersh	CT Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Acura Gulf Freeway	Texas
Delay Luxury Imports, Inc. Delaware Desert Blaick-GMC Trucks, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC West Sahara Delaware Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Nevada Desert GMC, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Delaware Debsert GMC, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Delaware Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wendphis AutoNation Collision Center Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Honda Tucson Auto Mall Arizona AutoNation Incla Tucson Auto Mall Arizona AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Florida Center West Colonial AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. California AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. California Eastern Region Management, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Delaware Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Holding, LLC Delaware El Monte Imports Holding, LLC Delaware El Monte Imports Holding, LLC Delaware El Monte Imports Holding, LLC Delaware El Monte Motors Side Musica Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC Delaware El Monte Motors Holding,	D/L Motor Company		Florida
Desert Buick-GMC Trucks, L.L.C. Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Delaware Dobbs Ford, LL.C. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Memphis Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Memphis Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Honda Tucson Auto Mall Arizona Don Mealey Chevrolet, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial Center West Colonial AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. Center West Colonial AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Eastern Region Management, LLC Center West Colonial Eastern Region Management, LLC Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Mont	Dealership Realty Corporation		Texas
Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert Dodge, Inc. Desert CMC, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Ford Mobile, AutoNation Collision Center Mobile AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial, AutoNation Collision Florida Don Mealey Chevrolet, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial, AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial Don Mealey Inports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. Center West Colonial AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst, AutoNation Collision Center AutoNation Ford Amherst, AutoNation Collision Center Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst, AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst, AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation	Delray Luxury Imports, Inc.		Delaware
Desert Dodge, Ine. Nevada Desert GMC, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Delaware Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Delaware Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Dobbs Motors of Arizona, Inc. AutoNation Everydel West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Plorida Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. Virginia Leaster West Colonial Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc. Virginia Leaster Region Management, LLC Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Ohio Ed Mullianx Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Delaware Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Holding, LLC AutoNation Honda Fremont California El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Del	Desert Buick-GMC Trucks, L.L.C.	AutoNation Buick GMC West Sahara	Delaware
Desert GMC, L.L.C. AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis; AutoNation Collision Center Memphis Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Dobbs Motors of Arizona, Inc. AutoNation Honda Tucson Auto Mall Arizona Don Mealey Chevrolet, Inc. AutoNation Honda Tucson Auto Mall Arizona Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc. Eastern Region Management, LLC Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst El Monte Imports, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Imports, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Imports, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. AutoNation Subaru West El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. Financial Services Agency, Inc. First Team Hord of Manage, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton, AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Desert Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc.		Delaware
Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc. AutoNation Ford Wolfchase Delaware Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis; AutoNation Collision Center Memphis Florida Memphis Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Dobbs Motors of Arizona, Inc. AutoNation Honda Tucson Auto Mall Arizona Don Mealey Chevrolet, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center Florida Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. California Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc. Virginia Eastern Region Management, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Delaware Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Holding, LLC Delaware El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. AutoNation Subaru West Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. AutoNation Subaru We	Desert Dodge, Inc.		Nevada
Dobbs Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Memphis; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Memphis Florida Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc. AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile Alabama Dobbs Mobirs of Arizona, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. Virginia Eastern Region Management, LLC Polaware Eastern Region Management, LLC Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Annherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Holding, LLC Delaware Ell Monte Imports Holding, LLC Delaware Ell Monte Imports Holding, LLC Delaware Ell Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware Ell Monte Motors, Inc. AutoNation Subaru West Delaware Empire Services Agency, Inc. AutoNation Subaru West Delaware Financial Services, Ltd. Texas First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; Auto	Desert GMC, L.L.C.	AutoNation Buick GMC Henderson	Delaware
Memphis	Dobbs Ford of Memphis, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Wolfchase	Delaware
Dobbs Motors of Arizona, Inc. AutoNation Honda Tucson Auto Mall Arizona Don Mealey Chevrolet, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial Florida Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. California Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc. Virginia Eastern Region Management, LLC Delaware Eastgate Ford, Inc. Ohio Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Delaware Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Holding, LLC Delaware Delaware El Monte Imports Holding, LLC Delaware Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC Delaware Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. AutoNation Subaru West Delaware Empire Services Agency, Inc. Florida Florida Financial Services, Ltd. Texas First Team Automotive C	Dobbs Ford, Inc.	• •	Florida
Don Mealey Chevrolet, Inc. AutoNation Chevrolet West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center West Colonial Don Mealey Imports, Inc. AutoNation Acura North Orlando Florida Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc. California Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc. Eastern Region Management, LLC Eastern Region Management, LLC Eastgate Ford, Inc. Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC Edyren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West El Monte Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West El Monte Subaru West, LLC Financial Services Agency, Inc. Fiorida Financial Services, Ltd. Texas First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida Florid	Dobbs Mobile Bay, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Mobile; AutoNation Collision Center Mobile	Alabama
Center West ColonialDon Mealey Imports, Inc.AutoNation Acura North OrlandoFloridaDon-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc.CaliforniaDriver's Mart Worldwide, Inc.VirginiaEastern Region Management, LLCDelawareEastgate Ford, Inc.OhioEd Mullinax Ford, LLCAutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center AmherstDelawareEdgren Motor Company, Inc.AutoNation Honda FremontCaliforniaEdgren Motor Holding, LLCDelawareEl Monte Imports Holding, LLCDelawareEl Monte Imports, Inc.DelawareEl Monte Motors Holding, LLCDelawareEl Monte Motors, Inc.DelawareEl Monte Motors, Inc.DelawareEl Monte Motors, Inc.DelawareEl Monte Motors, Inc.DelawareEl Monte Subaru West, LLCAutoNation Subaru WestDelawareEmpire Services Agency, Inc.FloridaFinancial Services GP, LLCDelawareFinancial Services, Ltd.TexasFirst Team Automotive Corp.DelawareFirst Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd.AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision CenterFlorida	Dobbs Motors of Arizona, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Tucson Auto Mall	Arizona
Don-A-Ve Jeep Eagle, Inc. Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc. Eastern Region Management, LLC Eastgate Ford, Inc. Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC Edd Mullinax Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. D	Don Mealey Chevrolet, Inc.		Florida
Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc. Eastern Region Management, LLC Eastgate Ford, Inc. Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Emich Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Empire Services Agency, Inc. Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Center Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Center Florida	Don Mealey Imports, Inc.	AutoNation Acura North Orlando	Florida
Eastern Region Management, LLC Eastgate Ford, Inc. Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Services Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Services Agency, Inc. AutoNation Subaru West Empire Services Agency, Inc. Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida Florida First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Don-A-Vee Jeep Eagle, Inc.		California
Eastgate Ford, Inc. Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware Emich Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Empire Services Agency, Inc. Florida Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Driver's Mart Worldwide, Inc.		Virginia
Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Amherst; AutoNation Collision Center Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. AutoNation Honda Fremont California Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors Holding, LLC AutoNation Subaru West El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware El Monte Motors, Inc. Delaware Emich Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Delaware Emich Subaru West, LLC Empire Services Agency, Inc. Florida Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradentor; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Eastern Region Management, LLC		Delaware
Amherst Edgren Motor Company, Inc. Edgren Motor Holding, LLC Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Services Agency, Inc. Emich Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Empire Services Agency, Inc. Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Eastgate Ford, Inc.		Ohio
Edgren Motor Holding, LLC El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. Emich Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Empire Services Agency, Inc. Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. Delaware AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Ed Mullinax Ford, LLC		Delaware
El Monte Imports Holding, LLC El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. Emich Subaru West, LLC Emich Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Empire Services Agency, Inc. Florida Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. Delaware Florida	Edgren Motor Company, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Fremont	California
El Monte Imports, Inc. El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. El Monte Motors, Inc. Emich Subaru West, LLC Emich Subaru West, LLC AutoNation Subaru West Empire Services Agency, Inc. Florida Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. Texas First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. Delaware AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Edgren Motor Holding, LLC		Delaware
El Monte Motors Holding, LLC El Monte Motors, Inc. Emich Subaru West, LLC Empire Services Agency, Inc. Empire Services Agency, Inc. Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. Delaware AutoNation Subaru West AutoNation Subaru West Delaware Florida Florida Texas First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	El Monte Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
El Monte Motors, Inc. Emich Subaru West, LLC Empire Services Agency, Inc. Empire Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. Delaware AutoNation Subaru West AutoNation Subaru West AutoNation Subaru West AutoNation Subaru West Delaware Florida Foreign Subaru West Florida AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	El Monte Imports, Inc.		Delaware
Emich Subaru West, LLC Empire Services Agency, Inc. Florida Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Delaware AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center	El Monte Motors Holding, LLC		Delaware
Empire Services Agency, Inc. Financial Services GP, LLC Delaware Financial Services, Ltd. Texas First Team Automotive Corp. Delaware First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	El Monte Motors, Inc.		Delaware
Financial Services GP, LLC Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Emich Subaru West, LLC	AutoNation Subaru West	Delaware
Financial Services, Ltd. First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Empire Services Agency, Inc.		Florida
First Team Automotive Corp. First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Financial Services GP, LLC		Delaware
First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd. AutoNation Ford Bradenton; AutoNation Collision Center Florida	Financial Services, Ltd.		Texas
	First Team Automotive Corp.		Delaware
	First Team Ford of Manatee, Ltd.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Florida

First Team Ford, Ltd. First Team Management, Inc. First Team Management, Inc. First Team Management, Inc. First Richiding, LTC First Kit, Inc. AutoNation Toyota Buenn Park California Florida Auto Corp. Ford of Kirkland, Inc. Delaware Ford of Kirkland, Inc. Delaware For Markland, Inc. Delaware Gard Humport Sales & Service Holding, LLC AutoNation Volvo Cars South Bay Delay Feep Ram und Hart Columbus, AutoNation Chrysler Delay Feep Ram South Gavareah, AutoNation Chrysler Delaware Delaware Delaware GA Hy Imports, LLC AutoNation Honda Columbus Delaware GA Hy Imports, LLC AutoNation Hyundai Albany, AutoNation Hyundai Brunswick, AutoNation Hyundai Albany, AutoNation Hyundai Brunswick, Delaware Gane Evans Ford, LLC AutoNation Hyundai Albany, AutoNation Hunno City; AutoNation Frynadic Columbus Gene Evans Ford, LLC AutoNation Hyundai Albany, AutoNation Hunno City; AutoNation Frynadic Columbus Center Union City; AutoNation Hyundai Brunswick, Delaware Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. AutoNation Hyundai Columbus Delaware Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Delaware Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Levus of Clearware, Levus of Tampa Bay, Le	Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
First Reum Management, Inc. First Richalding, LLC First Kit, Inc. AutoNation Toyota Buena Park Cickrote, Comp. First Kit, Inc. AutoNation Toyota Buena Park Cickrote, LLC Force of Kirkthard, Inc. Force Cickrote, LLC Force Cickrote, LLC Force Cickrote, LLC For Mouse, LLC For Mouse, LLC Fore Mouse, Inc. First Gold Markey Motors, Inc. GB. Import Sales & Service, Holding, LLC First Gold Markey Motors, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service, Holding, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service, LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GA COlumbus Imports, LLC GA Firmports, LLC GA Firmports, LLC GA H Imports, LLC G	First Team Ford, Ltd.	AutoNation Ford Sanford	Florida
Fit Kit Holding, LLC Fit Kit, Inc. AutoNation Toyota Buena Park California Fit Kit, Inc. AutoNation Toyota Buena Park California Fitoria AutoCorp. Ford of Kirkland, Inc. Washington Fore Chevrolet, LLC Ford Motors, LLC AutoNation Bluck GMC Laurel Delaware Fremont Luxury Imports Holding, LLC Fremont Luxury Imports Holding, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service, LLC GB. Import Sal	First Team Jeep Eagle, Chrysler-Plymouth, Ltd.		Florida
Fit Kit, Inc. AutoNation Toyota Buena Park Florida Akto Goop. Ford of Kirkhand, Inc. Ford of Kirkhand, Inc. Ford of Kirkhand, Inc. Ford of Kirkhand, Inc. Ford Okale Motors, LLC For Motors, LLC G.B. Import Sales & Service Indiag, LLC FL. Lauderdale Nissan, Inc. G.B. Import Sales & Service Indiag, LLC G.B. Import Sales & Service Indi	First Team Management, Inc.		Florida
Fordia Auto Cop. Ford of Kirkland, Inc. Ford of Kirkland, Inc. Ford of Kirkland, Inc. For Cockeroted, 100 Auto Nation Buick GMC Laurel Fox Motors, LLC For Motors, LLC Ford Motors, Inc. Ford of Kirkland, Inc. Ford of Laurel Forment Laury Imports Holding, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service LLC GB. Import Sales & Service LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GA COLUMBUS Imports, LLC GA Columbus Imports, LLC GA Columbus Imports, LLC GA Humports, LL	Fit Kit Holding, LLC		Delaware
For dof Kirkland, Inc. Fox Motors, LLC G.B. Import Sales & Service Holding,	Fit Kit, Inc.	AutoNation Toyota Buena Park	California
Fox Chevrolet, LLC Fox Motors, LLC Fox Motors, LLC Fox Motors, LLC Feed Oakley Motors, Inc. Feed Oakley Motors, Inc. Fl. Lauderdale Nissan, Inc. Fl. Lauderdale Nissan, Inc. GB. Import Sales & Service, ILC GB. Import Sales & Service, ILC GA CDJR Motors, I.LC GA COlumbus Imports, LLC GA COlumbus Imports, LLC GA COlumbus Imports, I.LC GA COlumbus Imports, I.LC GA Flamports, I.LC GA COlumbus Imports, I.LC GA I	Florida Auto Corp.		Delaware
Fox Motors, LLC Fox Oxfors, LLC Fox Oxfors, Inc. Fox Dalaware Fix Lauderdalc Nissan, Inc. G.B. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC G.A. CDR Motors, LLC G.A. LI Mports, LLC G.A. MotoNation Honda Columbus G.A. AutoNation Honda Columbus G.A. AutoNation Honda Columbus G.A. AutoNation Honda Columbus G.A. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Lincion Union City, AutoNation Chrysler G.A. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Clusion C. Center Union City G. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Cultison C. Center Union City G. CDR Subscribin Nissan, LLC G. G. Subscribin Nissan, LLC G. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Cultison C. Center Union City G. CDR Subscribin Nissan, LLC G. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Cultison C. Center Union City G. CDR Subscribin Nissan, LLC G. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Cultison C. Center Union City G. CDR Subscribin Nissan, LLC G. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Cultison C. Center Union City G. CDR Subscribin Nissan, LLC G. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Cultison C. CENTER CORPORATION G. CDR Subscribin Nissan, LLC G. AutoNation Ford Lincion Union City, AutoNation Cultison C. CENTER CO	Ford of Kirkland, Inc.		Washington
Freid Oakley Motors, Inc. Fremot Luxury Imports Floding, LLC Fremot Luxury Imports Floding, LLC G.B. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC G.B. Import Sales & Service, LLC G.A. CDJR Motors, LLC G.A. MotoNation Hyundan Oblaswagen Columbus, AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Britan Columbus, AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Grant Charlomation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Grant Motoration Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanali, AutoNation Mylandia Chumbus Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanali, AutoNation Mylandia Chumbus Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanali, AutoNation Mylandia Chumbus Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanali, AutoNation Mylandia Chumbus Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanali, AutoNation Mylandia Chumbus Chrysler Dod	Fox Chevrolet, LLC		Delaware
Fremont Luxury Imports Holding, LLC FL Lauderdale Nissan, Inc. GL B. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC GL B. Import Sales & Service, LLC AutoNation Volvo Cars South Bay AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Albany; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Albany; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Brunswick, AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram and FIAT Columbus, AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram North Savannah GA Columbus Imports, LLC GA H Imports, LLC GA H Imports, LLC GA HIMports, LLC AutoNation Honda Columbus GA-CC Columbus, Inc. GA-CC Columbus, Inc. GA-CC Columbus, Inc. GA-CC Columbus, Inc. GE-E Vans Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Linion City; AutoNation Hyundai Brunswick; Delaware GA-CC Columbus, Inc. George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC AutoNation Ford Linion City; AutoNation Linion City; AutoNation Chrysler Germantown Luxury Imports, Inc. Gilbert ANUSA, LLC AutoNation Ford Linion City; AutoNation Chrysler Gilbert ANUSA, LLC George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC AutoNation Ford Linion Union City; AutoNation Chryler Golfware Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. AutoNation Honda at Bel Air Mall Alabama Gulf Management, Inc. Lexa of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Ta	Fox Motors, LLC	AutoNation Buick GMC Laurel	Delaware
Ft. Lauderdale Nissan, Inc. G.B. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC G.B. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC G.B. Import Sales & Service, LLC G.B. Imports, LLC G	Fred Oakley Motors, Inc.		Delaware
GB. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC GB. Import Sales & Service, LLC AutoNation Volvo Cars South Bay GB. Import Sales & Service, LLC GA CDJR Motors, LLC GA CDJR Motors, LLC GA CDJR Motors, LLC Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Albamy; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanah Branswick; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanahs AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanah AutoNation Ford Lincolnubus AutoNation Chry AutoNation Collision Chry AutoNation	Fremont Luxury Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
GB. Import Sales & Service, LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC GA CDIR Motors, LLC AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Blumswick; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Brunswick; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram moth Savanah GA Columbus Imports, LLC GA Columbus Imports, LLC GA F Imports, LLC GA F Imports, LLC GA H Imports, LLC AutoNation Ford Union City; AutoNation Lincoln Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City Gaute Union City Gaute Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City Gaute Union City Gaute Union City Gaute Union City Gaute Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City Gaute Union City Gaute Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City Gaute Union City Gaute Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City Gaute Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City Gaute Union City Gaute Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City Gaute Union C	Ft. Lauderdale Nissan, Inc.		Florida
AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Albany; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Bruswick; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Bruswick; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South FAIT Columbus; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanah; AutoNation Hydrada Ilbany; AutoNation Hydrada Ilbany; AutoNation Hydrada Ilbany; AutoNation Hydrada Ilbany; AutoNation Licoln Union City; AutoNation Collision Collision Colleavare Generator Luxury Imports, Inc. Jean AutoNation Honda al Bel Air Mall Jean South Savanah; AutoNation Honda al Bel Air Mall Jean Savanah; AutoNation Honda Ilbanysod; AutoNation Collision Center Jean Savanah; AutoNation Honda Ilbanysod; AutoNation Collision	G.B. Import Sales & Service Holding, LLC		Delaware
Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Brunswick; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram and FIAT Columbus; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram south Columbus; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Solvanshi; AutoNation Mondai Blany; AutoNation Myndai Brunswick; Delaware AutoNation Ford Lincoln Union City, AutoNation Union City AutoNation Collision Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Solvanshi; AutoNation Ford Lincoln Union City; AutoNation Union City, AutoNation Collision Col	G.B. Import Sales & Service, LLC	AutoNation Volvo Cars South Bay	Delaware
GA F Imports, LLC GA H Imports, LLC GA H Imports, LLC GA HY Imports, LLC GA-CC Columbus, Inc. Gene Evans Ford, LLC Gene Evans Ford, LLC George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC Government Deulevard Notes, Inc. Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Glied Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater, Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Hayward Dodge, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater, Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Henderson ANUSA, LLC Delaware Henderson ANUSA, LLC Delaware Henderson Collision, Inc. Texas Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Ohio	GA CDJR Motors, LLC	Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Brunswick; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram and FIAT Columbus; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Columbus; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram South Savanah; AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep	Delaware
GA H Imports, LLC GA HY Imports, LLC GA HY Imports, LLC GA HY Imports, LLC GA HY Imports, LLC GA-CC Columbus, Inc. Gene Evans Ford, LLC Gene Evans Ford, LLC George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC Geor	GA Columbus Imports, LLC	AutoNation Volkswagen Columbus	Delaware
GA HY Imports, LLC AutoNation Hyundai Albany; AutoNation Hyundai Brunswick; AutoNation Hyundai Columbus GA-CC Columbus, Inc. Gene Evans Ford, LLC Gene Evans Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Union City; AutoNation Lincoln Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City AutoNation Ford Lincoln Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC AutoNation Nissan Marietta Delaware Germantown Luxury Imports, Inc. Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. AutoNation Honda at Bel Air Mall Alabama Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Delaware Henderson Collision, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Onlio	GA F Imports, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation Hyundai Columbus GA-CC Columbus, Inc. Gene Evans Ford, LLC Gene Evans Ford, LLC George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC Germantown Luxury Imports, Inc. Gelware Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lex	GA H Imports, LLC	AutoNation Honda Columbus	Delaware
Gene Evans Ford, LLC AutoNation Ford Union City; AutoNation Lincoln Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC AutoNation Nissan Marietta Delaware Germantown Luxury Imports, Inc. Delaware Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Delaware Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. AutoNation Honda at Bel Air Mall Alabama Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Bay Collision Center Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Delaware Henderson Collision, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Ohio	GA HY Imports, LLC		Delaware
AutoNation Ford Lincoln Union City; AutoNation Collision Center Union City George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC Germantown Luxury Imports, Inc. Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. Gulf Management, Inc. Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Hayward Dodge, Inc. Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Henderson Collision, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Florida Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Florida Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc.	GA-CC Columbus, Inc.		Delaware
Germantown Luxury Imports, Inc. Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Florida Bay Collision Center Hayward Dodge, Inc. Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Henderson Collision, Inc. Hillard Auto Group, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Delaware Florida Texas	Gene Evans Ford, LLC	AutoNation Ford Lincoln Union City; AutoNation Collision	Delaware
Gilbert ANUSA, LLC Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. AutoNation Honda at Bel Air Mall Alabama Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Hayward Dodge, Inc. Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Henderson Collision, Inc. Henderson Collision, Inc. Hillard Auto Group, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Center Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. Ohio	George Sutherlin Nissan, LLC	AutoNation Nissan Marietta	Delaware
Gilbert Body Shop, Inc. Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. AutoNation Honda at Bel Air Mall Alabama Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Hayward Dodge, Inc. Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Henderson Collision, Inc. Helllard Auto Group, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Delaware Hollywood AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Ohio	Germantown Luxury Imports, Inc.		Delaware
Government Boulevard Motors, Inc. AutoNation Honda at Bel Air Mall Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Lexus of Tampa Bay Collision Center Hayward Dodge, Inc. Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Henderson Collision, Inc. Hellard Auto Group, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Ohio	Gilbert ANUSA, LLC		Delaware
Gulf Management, Inc. Lexus of Clearwater; Lexus of Tampa Bay; Le	Gilbert Body Shop, Inc.		Delaware
Hayward Dodge, Inc. Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Helllard Auto Group, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Bay Collision Center Delaware AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Bay Collision Center Delaware AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Hollywood Ohio	Government Boulevard Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Honda at Bel Air Mall	Alabama
Henderson ANUSA, LLC Henderson Collision, Inc. Delaware Hillard Auto Group, Inc. Texas Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Ohio	Gulf Management, Inc.		Florida
Henderson Collision, Inc. Hillard Auto Group, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Delaware Texas AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Ohio	Hayward Dodge, Inc.		Delaware
Hillard Auto Group, Inc. Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Ohio	Henderson ANUSA, LLC		Delaware
Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc. AutoNation Honda Hollywood; AutoNation Collision Center Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Ohio	Henderson Collision, Inc.		Delaware
Hollywood Horizon Chevrolet, Inc. Ohio	Hillard Auto Group, Inc.		Texas
	Hollywood Imports Limited, Inc.		Florida
House of Imports Holding, LLC Delaware	Horizon Chevrolet, Inc.		Ohio
	House of Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
House of Imports, Inc.	House of Imports; AutoNation Collision Center Buena Park	California
Houston ANUSA, LLC	AutoNation USA Houston	Delaware
Houston Auto M. Imports Greenway, Ltd.	Mercedes-Benz of Houston Greenway	Texas
Houston Auto M. Imports North, Ltd.	Mercedes-Benz of Houston North; smart center Houston North	Texas
Houston Imports Greenway GP, LLC		Delaware
Houston Imports North GP, LLC		Delaware
HVA Imports, LLC	Audi Hunt Valley	Delaware
HVM Imports, LLC	Mercedes-Benz of Hunt Valley	Delaware
HVS Motors, LLC	AutoNation Subaru Hunt Valley	Delaware
HVVW Motors, LLC		Delaware
rvine Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
rvine Imports, Inc.	AutoNation Toyota Irvine	California
rvine Toyota/Nissan/Volvo Limited Partnership		Georgia
emautco, Inc.		Ohio
erry Gleason Chevrolet, Inc.		Illinois
erry Gleason Dodge, Inc.		Illinois
im Quinlan Chevrolet Co.	AutoNation Chevrolet South Clearwater	Delaware
LR Luxury Imports of Fremont, Inc.		Delaware
oe MacPherson Ford	AutoNation Ford Tustin	California
oe MacPherson Imports No. I		California
oe MacPherson Infiniti	AutoNation Infiniti Tustin	California
oe MacPherson Infiniti Holding, LLC		Delaware
John M. Lance Ford, LLC	AutoNation Ford Westlake; AutoNation Collision Center Westlake	Delaware
-R Motors Company North	AutoNation Honda 104; AutoNation Hyundai 104	Colorado
-R Motors Company South	AutoNation Toyota Arapahoe	Colorado
IRJ Investments, Inc.	Audi Las Vegas; BMW of Henderson; BMW of Las Vegas; MINI of Las Vegas; AutoNation Volkswagen Las Vegas	Nevada
Katy ANUSA, LLC	AutoNation ANUSA Katy	Delaware
Kenyon Dodge, Inc.		Florida
King's Crown Ford, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Jacksonville	Delaware
P. Evans Motors WPB, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Miami	Florida
P. Evans Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Nissan Miami	Florida
Lance Children, Inc.		Ohio
as Vegas ANUSA, LLC		Delaware
Leesburg Imports, LLC	AutoNation Honda Dulles	Delaware
eesburg Motors, LLC	AutoNation Toyota Leesburg	Delaware
Les Marks Chevrolet, Inc.		Texas
Lew Webb's Ford, Inc.		California
Lew Webb's Irvine Nissan Holding, LLC		Delaware
Lew Webb's Irvine Nissan, Inc.		California
Lewisville Collision, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Lewisville	Delaware

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
Lewisville Imports GP, LLC		Delaware
Lewisville Imports, Ltd.	AutoNation Honda Lewisville	Texas
Lot 4 Real Estate Holdings, LLC		Delaware
Luxury Orlando Imports, Inc.	Audi South Orlando	Delaware
Luxury Woodlands Imports, Inc.	BMW of the Woodlands	Delaware
MacHoward Leasing		California
MacHoward Leasing Holding, LLC		Delaware
MacPherson Enterprises, Inc.		California
Magic Acquisition Corp.	AutoNation Ford Valencia	Delaware
Magic Acquisition Holding, LLC		Delaware
Maitland Luxury Imports, Inc.	Porsche of Orlando	Delaware
Marks Family Dealerships, Inc.		Texas
Marks Transport, Inc.	AutoNation Toyota Gulf Freeway	Texas
MC/RII, LLC		Ohio
Mealey Holdings, Inc.		Florida
Mesa Collision, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Mesa	Delaware
Metro Chrysler Jeep, Inc.		Florida
Midway Chevrolet, Inc.		Texas
Mike Hall Chevrolet, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Highway 6; AutoNation Collision Center Highway 6	Delaware
Mike Shad Chrysler Plymouth Jeep Eagle, Inc.		Florida
Mike Shad Ford, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Orange Park; AutoNation Lincoln Orange Park; AutoNation Ford Lincoln Orange Park; AutoNation Collision Center Orange Park	Florida
Mission Blvd. Motors, Inc.		California
Mortimer Collision, LLC		Delaware
Mr. Wheels Holding, LLC		Delaware
Mr. Wheels, Inc.	AutoNation Toyota Cerritos	California
Mullinax East, LLC	AutoNation Ford East	Delaware
Mullinax Ford North Canton, Inc.	AutoNation Ford North Canton; AutoNation Collision Center North Canton	Ohio
Mullinax Ford South, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Margate; AutoNation Collision Center Margate	Florida
Mullinax Insurance Agency		Ohio
Mullinax Used Cars, Inc.		Ohio
Naperville Imports, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Naperville	Delaware
Newport Beach Cars Holding, LLC		Delaware
Newport Beach Cars, LLC	Newport Auto Center; Audi Newport Beach; Porsche Newport Beach; Bentley Newport Beach	Delaware
Nichols Ford, Ltd.	AutoNation Ford South Fort Worth; AutoNation Collision Center Fort Worth	Texas
Nichols GP, LLC		Delaware
Nissan of Brandon, Inc.	AutoNation Nissan Brandon	Florida
Northpoint Chevrolet, LLC	AutoNation Chevrolet Northpoint	Delaware
Northwest Financial Group, Inc.	BMW of Bellevue	Washington

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
NY LNR Luxury Imports, Inc.	Jaguar Land Rover Larchmont/New Rochelle	Delaware
NY Luxury Motors of Mt. Kisco, Inc.	Land Rover Mt. Kisco	Delaware
NY MT. Kisco Luxury Imports, Inc.	BMW of Mt. Kisco	Delaware
NY Palisades Luxury Imports, Inc.		Delaware
NY White Plains Luxury Imports, Inc.	Jaguar White Plains	Delaware
Oxnard European Motors, LLC	Mercedes-Benz of Oxnard; smart center Oxnard	Delaware
Oxnard Venture Holdings, Inc.		Delaware
Payton-Wright Ford Sales, Inc.		Texas
Pembroke Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Pembroke Pines	Delaware
Peyton Cramer Automotive	AutoNation Acura South Bay	California
Peyton Cramer Automotive Holding, LLC		Delaware
Peyton Cramer F. Holding, LLC		Delaware
Peyton Cramer Ford	AutoNation Ford Torrance	California
Peyton Cramer Infiniti		California
Peyton Cramer Infiniti Holding, LLC		Delaware
Peyton Cramer Jaguar		California
Peyton Cramer Lincoln-Mercury		California
Peyton Cramer LM Holding, LLC		Delaware
Phoenix ANUSA, LLC	AutoNation USA Phoenix	Delaware
Pierce Automotive Corporation		Arizona
Pierce, LLC	AutoNation Toyota Tempe	Delaware
Pitre Chrysler-Plymouth-Jeep of Scottsdale, Inc.		Delaware
Plains Chevrolet GP, LLC		Delaware
Plains Chevrolet, Ltd.	AutoNation Chevrolet Amarillo; AutoNation Collision Center Amarillo	Texas
Port City Imports, Inc.	AutoNation Honda South Corpus Christi	Texas
Prime Auto Cosmetics, Inc.	AutoNation Reconditioning Services	Delaware
Prime Auto Resources, Inc.	AutoNation Auto Auction; AutoNation Auto Auction Orlando; AutoNation Auto Auction Houston	California
Quality Nissan GP, LLC		Delaware
Quality Nissan, Ltd.		Texas
Quinlan Motors, Inc.		Florida
R. Coop Limited		Colorado
R.L. Buscher II, Inc.		Colorado
R.L. Buscher III, Inc.		Colorado
Real Estate Holdings, Inc.		Florida
Renton H Imports, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Renton	Delaware
Republic Resources Company		Delaware
Republic Risk Management Services, Inc.		Florida
Resources Aviation, Inc.		Florida
RI Merger Corp.		Colorado

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
RI/BB Acquisition Corp.	AutoNation Collision Center East Colonial; AutoNation Collision Center Kissimmee; AutoNation Collision Center Longwood; AutoNation Collision Center Winter Garden; AutoNation Collision Center Oviedo; AutoNation Collision Center North; AutoNation Collision Center Airport	Delaware
RI/BBNM Acquisition Corp.		Arizona
RI/Hollywood Nissan Acquisition Corp.	AutoNation Nissan Pembroke Pines	Delaware
RI/LLC Acquisition Corp.		Colorado
RI/RMC Acquisition GP, LLC		Delaware
RI/RMC Acquisition, Ltd.	AutoNation Chevrolet West Austin	Texas
RI/RMT Acquisition GP, LLC		Delaware
RI/RMT Acquisition, Ltd.	AutoNation Toyota South Austin; AutoNation Collision Center Austin	Texas
RI/WFI Acquisition Corporation		Delaware
RKR Motors, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Pompano	Florida
Roseville Collision, Inc.		Delaware
Roseville Motor Corporation	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Roseville	California
Roseville Motor Holding, LLC		Delaware
Sacramento Collision, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Sacramento	Delaware
Sahara Imports, Inc.	AutoNation Honda East Las Vegas	Nevada
Sahara Nissan, Inc.	AutoNation Nissan Las Vegas	Nevada
Saul Chevrolet Holding, LLC		Delaware
SCM Realty, Inc.		Florida
Security Insurance Agency, Inc.		Maryland
Shamrock F. Holding, LLC		Delaware
Shamrock Ford, Inc.		California
Six Jays LLC		Colorado
SMI Motors Holding, LLC		Delaware
SMI Motors, Inc.		California
South Broadway Motors, LLC	AutoNation Chrysler Jeep South Broadway	Delaware
Southwest Motors of Denver, LLC	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Southwest	Delaware
Star Motors, LLC	Mercedes-Benz of Fort Lauderdale	Delaware
Steakley Chevrolet GP, LLC		Delaware
Steakley Chevrolet, Ltd.		Texas
Steeplechase Motor Company		Texas
Steve Moore Chevrolet Delray, LLC		Delaware
Steve Moore Chevrolet, LLC	AutoNation Chevrolet Greenacres; AutoNation Collision Center Greenacres	Delaware
Stevens Creek Holding, LLC		Delaware
Stevens Creek Luxury Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
Stevens Creek Luxury Imports, Inc.	AutoNation Maserati Stevens Creek; AutoNation Alfa Romeo Stevens Creek	Delaware
Stevens Creek Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Acura Stevens Creek	California
Sunrise Nissan of Jacksonville, Inc.		Florida
Sunrise Nissan of Orange Park, Inc.		Florida

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
Sunset Pontiac-GMC Truck South, Inc.		Florida
Sunset Pontiac-GMC, Inc.		Michigan
Superior Nissan, Inc.		North Carolina
Sutherlin Chrysler-Plymouth Jeep-Eagle, LLC		Delaware
Sutherlin H. Imports, LLC	AutoNation Honda Thornton Road	Delaware
Sutherlin Imports, LLC	AutoNation Toyota Pinellas Park	Delaware
Sutherlin Nissan, LLC	AutoNation Nissan Thornton Road	Delaware
Tasha Incorporated		California
Tempe Auto Imports, Inc.		Delaware
Tempe Body Shop, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center North Tempe	Delaware
Terry York Motor Cars Holding, LLC		Delaware
Terry York Motor Cars, Ltd.	Land Rover Encino	California
Texan Ford Sales, Ltd.	AutoNation Ford Arlington; AutoNation Collision Center Arlington	Texas
Texan Ford, Inc.	AutoNation Ford Katy; AutoNation Collision Center Katy	Texas
Texan Sales GP, LLC		Delaware
Texas Management Companies LP, LLC		Delaware
The Consulting Source, Inc.		Florida
The Pierce Corporation II, Inc.		Arizona
Tier2 Corporation		Delaware
Tinley Park A. Imports, Inc.		Delaware
Tinley Park J. Imports, Inc.		Delaware
Tinley Park V. Imports, Inc.		Delaware
TN CDJR Motors, LLC	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram and FIAT Johnson City	Delaware
TN F Imports, LLC		Delaware
Torrance Nissan Holding, LLC		Delaware
Torrance Nissan, LLC		Delaware
Tousley Ford, Inc.	AutoNation Ford White Bear Lake	Minnesota
Toyota Cerritos Limited Partnership		Georgia
Triangle Corporation		Delaware
Tucson Collision, Inc.		Delaware
T-West Sales & Service, Inc.	AutoNation Toyota Las Vegas	Nevada
TX Alliance Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram North Fort Worth; AutoNation Collision Center Alliance	Texas
TX Ennis Autoplex Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Ennis; AutoNation Chevrolet Ennis; AutoNation Collision Center Ennis	Texas
TX Motors of North Richland Hills, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram North Richland Hills; AutoNation Hyundai North Fort Worth; AutoNation Collision Center North Richland Hills	Delaware
TX Motors on Katy Freeway, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Katy; AutoNation Collision Center Katy West	Texas

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
TX Motors on Southwest Loop, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Tyler; AutoNation Hyundai Tyler; AutoNation Collision Center Tyler	Texas
TX West Houston Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Chrysler Dodge Jeep Ram Houston; AutoNation Collision Center Houston	Texas
ΓX-CC Dallas, Inc.		Delaware
TX-CC Galleria, Inc.		Delaware
TX-CC Spring, Inc.		Delaware
Valencia Auto Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
Valencia B. Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
/alencia B. Imports, Inc.	Valencia BMW	Delaware
/alencia Dodge		California
Valencia Dodge Holding, LLC		Delaware
/alencia H. Imports Holding, LLC		Delaware
Valencia H. Imports, Inc.	AutoNation Honda Valencia	Delaware
Valley Chevrolet, LLC	AutoNation Chevrolet Timonium; AutoNation Collision Center Timonium	Delaware
/anderbeek Motors Holding, LLC		Delaware
Vanderbeek Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Mazda Subaru Roseville; AutoNation Mazda Roseville; AutoNation Subaru Roseville; BMW of Roseville	California
Vanderbeek Olds/GMC Truck, Inc.		California
anderbeek Truck Holding, LLC		Delaware
Village Motors, LLC	AutoNation Toyota Libertyville	Delaware
Vince Wiese Chevrolet, Inc.	AutoNation Chevrolet Valencia	Delaware
Vince Wiese Holding, LLC		Delaware
/istaCal Luxury Imports, Inc.	BMW of Vista	Delaware
V.O. Bankston Nissan, Inc.		Texas
Vallace Dodge, LLC		Delaware
Vallace Ford, LLC	AutoNation Collision Center Delray	Delaware
Vallace Lincoln-Mercury, LLC		Delaware
Vallace Nissan, LLC		Delaware
Vebb Automotive Group, Inc.		California
West Colorado Motors, LLC	AutoNation Chrysler Jeep West; AutoNation Buick GMC Park Meadows; AutoNation Buick GMC West; AutoNation Subaru Arapahoe	Delaware
West Houston Luxury Imports, Inc.		Delaware
Vest Side Motors, Inc.	AutoNation Honda West Knoxville	Tennessee
Westgate Chevrolet GP, LLC		Delaware
Westgate Chevrolet, Ltd.	AutoNation Chevrolet West Amarillo; AutoNation Cadillac West Amarillo	Texas
Vestmont A. Imports, Inc.	Audi Westmont	Delaware
Vestmont B. Imports, Inc.	Laurel BMW of Westmont	Delaware
Vestmont Collision, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center Westmont	Delaware
Vestmont M. Imports, Inc.	Mercedes-Benz of Westmont	Delaware
Voody Capital Investment Company II		Colorado

Legal Entity	Current DBA(s)	State of Organization
Working Man's Credit Plan, Inc.		Texas
WPB Collision, Inc.	AutoNation Collision Center West Palm Beach	Delaware

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors AutoNation, Inc.:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements listed below of AutoNation, Inc. of our reports dated February 14, 2018, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of AutoNation, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows, for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes (collectively, the "consolidated financial statements"), and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2017, which reports appear in the December 31, 2017 annual report on Form 10-K of AutoNation, Inc.

- Form S-3 Registration No. 333-209585;
- Form S-4 Registration No. 333-41505 and 333-17915; and
- Form S-8 Registration No. 333-216482, 333-214308, 333-195706, 333-170737, 333-150756, 333-143250, 333-130019, 333-81888, 333-56967, 333-29265, 333-20669, 333-19453, 033-93742, and 333-07623.

/s/ KPMG LLP

February 14, 2018 Fort Lauderdale, Florida Certified Public Accountants

CERTIFICATION

- I, Michael J. Jackson, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of AutoNation, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ M ICHAEL J. J ACKSON

Michael J. Jackson

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: February 14, 2018

CERTIFICATION

- I, Cheryl Miller, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of AutoNation, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ C HERYL M ILLER

Cheryl Miller

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 14, 2018

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of AutoNation, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Michael J. Jackson, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ M ICHAEL J. J ACKSON

Michael J. Jackson

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

February 14, 2018

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of AutoNation, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Cheryl Miller, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ C HERYL M ILLER

Cheryl Miller

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

February 14, 2018