### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 10-O**

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly period ended June 30, 2019

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number: 1-14829



#### **Molson Coors Brewing Company**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

#### Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)
1801 California Street, Suite 4600, Denver, Colorado, USA
1555 Notre Dame Street East, Montréal, Québec, Canada
(Address of principal executive offices)

84-0178360

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) 80202 H2L 2R5 (Zip Code)

303-927-2337 (Colorado) 514-521-1786 (Québec)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbols	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	TAP.A	New York Stock Exchange
Class B Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	TAP	New York Stock Exchange
1.25% Senior Notes due 2024	TAP	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗷 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🗷 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer 🗷 Accelerated filer 🗆 Non-accelerated filer 🗅 Smaller reporting company 🗀 Emerging growth company 🗀

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗷

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of July 25, 2019:

Class A Common Stock — 2,560,668 shares Class B Common Stock — 196,230,312 shares

Exchangeable shares:

As of July 25, 2019, the following number of exchangeable shares were outstanding for Molson Coors Canada, Inc.:

Class A Exchangeable shares — 2,725,317 shares Class B Exchangeable shares — 14,839,184 shares

The Class A exchangeable shares and Class B exchangeable shares are shares of the share capital in Molson Coors Canada Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the registrant. They are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbols TPX.A and TPX.B, respectively. These shares are intended to provide substantially the same economic and voting rights as the corresponding class of Molson Coors common stock in which they may be exchanged. In addition to the registered Class A common stock and the Class B common stock, the registrant has also issued and outstanding one share each of a Special Class A voting stock and Special Class B voting stock. The Special Class A voting stock and the Special Class B voting stock provide the mechanism for holders of Class A exchangeable shares and Class B exchangeable shares to be

provided instructions to vote with the holders of the Class A common stock and the Class B common stock, respectively. The holders of the Special Class A voting stock and Special Class B voting stock are entitled to one vote for each outstanding Class A exchangeable share and Class B exchangeable share, respectively, excluding shares held by the registrant or its subsidiaries, and generally vote together with the Class A common stock and Class B common stock, respectively, on all matters on which the Class A common stock and Class B common stock are entitled to vote. The Special Class A voting stock and Special Class B voting stock are subject to a voting trust arrangement. The trustee which holds the Special Class A voting stock and the Special Class B voting stock is required to cast a number of votes equal to the number of then-outstanding Class A exchangeable shares and Class B exchangeable shares as to which it has received voting instructions from the owners of record of those Class A exchangeable shares and Class B exchangeable shares, respectively, on the record date, and will cast the votes in accordance with such instructions so received.	

#### MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

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#### Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

**AOCI** Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

CAD Canadian dollar CZK Czech Koruna

**DBRS** A global credit rating agency in Toronto

**EBITDA** Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization

**EPS** Earnings per share

**EUR** Euro

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

GBP British Pound
HRK Croatian Kuna
JPY Japanese Yen

Moody's Moody's Investors Service Limited, a nationally recognized statistical rating organization designated by the SEC

OCI Other comprehensive income (loss)
OPEB Other postretirement benefit plans

**RSD** Serbian Dinar

SEC Securities and Exchange Commission

Standard & Poor's Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, a nationally recognized statistical rating organization designated by the SEC

STRs Sales-to-retailers
STWs Sales-to-wholesalers
2017 Tax Act Tax Cuts and Jobs Act
U.K. United Kingdom
U.S. United States

U.S. GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S.

USD or \$ U.S. dollar

VIEs Variable interest entities

#### Cautionary Statement Pursuant to Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). From time to time, we may also provide oral or written forward-looking statements in other materials we release to the public. Such forward-looking statements are subject to the safe harbor created by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Statements that refer to projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth and trends in our businesses, and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements, and include, but are not limited to, statements under the headings "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and under the heading "Outlook for 2019" therein, overall volume trends, consumer preferences, pricing trends, industry forces, cost reduction strategies, anticipated results, expectations for funding future capital expenditures and operations, expectations regarding future dividends, debt service capabilities, timing and amounts of debt and leverage levels, shipment levels and profitability, market share and the sufficiency of capital resources. In addition, statements that we make in this report that are not statements of historical fact may also be forward-looking statements. Words such as "expects," "goals," "plans," "believes," "continues," "may," "anticipate," "seek," "estimate," "outlook," "trends," "future benefits," "potential," "projects," "strategies," and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to be materially different from those indicated (both favorably and unfavorably). These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those described under the heading "Risk Factors" in this report, if any, and those described from time to time in our past and future reports filed with the SEC, including in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. Caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date when made and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### **Market and Industry Data**

The market and industry data used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are based on independent industry publications, customers, trade or business organizations, reports by market research firms and other published statistical information from third parties (collectively, the "Third Party Information"), as well as information based on management's good faith estimates, which we derive from our review of internal information and independent sources. Such Third Party Information generally states that the information contained therein or provided by such sources has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable.

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1.

## MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA) (UNAUDITED)

		Three Mo	nths ]	Ended	Six Months Ended				
	<u> </u>	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	
Sales	\$	3,620.0	\$	3,820.5	\$	6,420.1	\$	6,688.5	
Excise taxes		(671.7)		(735.3)		(1,168.5)		(1,271.8)	
Net sales		2,948.3		3,085.2		5,251.6		5,416.7	
Cost of goods sold		(1,759.8)		(1,739.1)		(3,172.8)		(3,274.8)	
Gross profit		1,188.5		1,346.1		2,078.8		2,141.9	
Marketing, general and administrative expenses		(769.7)		(744.7)		(1,424.9)		(1,425.8)	
Special items, net		49.9		(10.5)		36.9		304.3	
Operating income (loss)		468.7		590.9		690.8		1,020.4	
Interest income (expense), net		(65.6)		(76.7)		(138.9)		(159.9)	
Other pension and postretirement benefits (costs), net		8.4		9.9		17.0		19.9	
Other income (expense), net		(10.9)		(1.1)		13.0		_	
Income (loss) before income taxes		400.6		523.0		581.9		880.4	
Income tax benefit (expense)		(70.4)		(92.2)		(102.6)		(167.1)	
Net income (loss)		330.2		430.8		479.3		713.3	
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		(0.8)		(6.7)		1.5		(11.1)	
Net income (loss) attributable to Molson Coors Brewing	_		_		_				
Company	\$	329.4	\$	424.1	\$	480.8	\$	702.2	
Net income (loss) attributable to Molson Coors Brewing Company per share:									
Basic	\$	1.52	\$	1.96	\$	2.22	\$	3.25	
Diluted	\$	1.52	\$	1.96	\$	2.22	\$	3.24	
Weighted-average shares outstanding:									
Basic		216.6		216.0		216.6		215.9	
Dilutive effect of share-based awards		0.3		0.5		0.3		0.7	
Diluted		216.9		216.5		216.9		216.6	
Anti-dilutive securities excluded from the computation of diluted									
EPS		1.3		1.2		1.3		0.7	

## MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (IN MILLIONS) (UNAUDITED)

	Three Mo	onths Ended	Six Months Ended					
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018				
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	\$ 330.2	\$ 430.8	\$ 479.3	\$ 713.3				
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		-						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	42.1	(255.0)	113.6	(180.9)				
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments	(38.3)	36.2	(68.0)	10.4				
Reclassification of derivative (gain) loss to income	(0.3)	0.7	(0.2)	1.8				
Amortization of net prior service (benefit) cost and net actuarial (gain) loss to income	(0.5)	1.3	(1.1)	3.0				
Ownership share of unconsolidated subsidiaries' other comprehensive income (loss)	0.8	0.7	1.8	(0.5)				
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3.8	(216.1)	46.1	(166.2)				
Comprehensive income (loss)	334.0	214.7	525.4	547.1				
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(0.5)	(5.1)	1.6	(10.3)				
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Molson Coors Brewing Company	\$ 333.5	\$ 209.6	\$ 527.0	\$ 536.8				

## MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PAR VALUE) (UNAUDITED)

## 1987   ***	(CIMODITED)	A	s of		
Class of and each equivalents         \$ 490.2         \$ 74.4           Accounts receivable, net         922.3         744.4           Other receivables, net         175.8         126.6           Inventories, net         687.1         25.0           Other current assets         304.0         25.0           Total current assets         4,000.3         4,000.3           Goodwall         4,500.3         4,000.3           Goodwall         3,787.4         4,000.3           Other assets         3,787.4         4,000.3           Other asset         3,787.4         4,000.3           Other asset         3,787.4         4,000.3           Total current assets         5,000.3         6,000.3           Other asset         3,000.3         7,000.3           Total current fashitises         3,000.3         8,000.3           Total current fashitises         3,000.3         9,000.3           Current portion of fong-term debt and short-term functioning         1,000.3         4,000.3           Current portion of fong-term debt and short-term functioning         5,179.6         8,000.3           Total current fashitities         3,100.3         3,000.3         1,000.3           Total current portion of fong-term debt and sh		June 30, 2019		December 31, 2018	
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 4902         \$ 1,007.9           Accounts receivable, net         9223         7.44.4           Other receivables, net         1758         126.6           Other current assets, net         6081         591.8           Other current assets, net         6081         2,200.8           Total current assets         2,200.0         4,005.3           Properties, net         4,505.1         4,008.3           Goodwill         1,376.7         4,008.3           Other intering lastes         3,006.0         1,376.7         1,376.8           Other assets         3,006.0         9,006.0         3,006.0         1,007.0           Total current flabilities         3,006.0         9,006.0         3,006.0         1,007.0         1,007.0         1,009.0         1,00	Assets				
Accounts receivable, net         175.8         126.6           Other receivables, net         698.1         591.8           Inventories, net         698.1         591.8           Other current assets         2,000.4         2,766.3           Toal current assets         2,000.4         2,766.3           Properties, net         4,051.1         4,083.3           Goodwill         8,289.9         8,208.0           Other intagables, net         13,767.4         13,776.4           Other assets         8 30,000.0         30,000.0           Total assets         3 30,000.0         30,000.0           Accounts psyable and other current liabilities         4 3,000.0         4,000.0           Accounts psyable and other current liabilities         4 ,000.0         4,000.0           Total current liabilities         4 ,000.0         4,000.0         4,000.0           Total current liabilities         8 ,579.0         8,000.0         1,000.0 <td>Current assets:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current assets:				
Other receivables, net         1758         1266           Inventories, net         688         591.8           Other current assets, net         3040         2456           Total current assets         2,6004         2,766.3           Properties, net         4,5051         4,608.3           Goodwill         8,288.9         8,288.9           Other intungibles, net         13,767.4         13,776.4           Other sasses         890.8         698.0           Total lassets         8,000.0         69.0         1,000.0           Librilities and equity           Unrent liabilities         3,045.6         9,706.4           Accounts payable and other current liabilities         3,045.6         9,706.4           Current liabilities         3,045.6         9,706.4           Current liabilities         1,012.7         1,509.6           Profession and postretirement benefits         2,179.6         8,793.8           Profession and postretirement benefits         3,179.6         8,893.8           Colorida liabilities         1,024.7         1,024.7           Colorida liabilities         1,029.7         1,029.7 <th colspa<="" td=""><td>Cash and cash equivalents</td><td>\$ 490.2</td><td>\$</td><td>1,057.9</td></th>	<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td> <td>\$ 490.2</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,057.9</td>	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 490.2	\$	1,057.9
Inventories, net	Accounts receivable, net	932.3		744.4	
Other current assets         3040         2456           Tool current assets         2,600         2,706           Opperation, end         4,505.1         4,608.3           Goodwill         8,288.9         8,280.9           Other         13,767.4         13,767.4           Other assets         5 30,00         30,000.8           Total assets         5 30,00         30,000.8           Intellities           Stabilities and equity           Unrent liabilities         3,015.6         2,706.4           Accounts payable and other current liabilities         3,015.6         2,706.4           Current grotion of long-term doth and short-term borrowings         1,037.7         1,803.6           Total current liabilities         2,025.8         2,706.4           Resist and postertiremeth benefits         2,159.6         2,706.6           Stering doth chart liabilities         1,259.6         2,208.2           Other laabilities         2,159.6         2,159.6         2,208.2           Total current liabilities         2,159.6         2,208.2         2,208.2         2,208.2         2,208.2         2,208.2         2,208.2         2,208.2         2,208.2         2,208.2	Other receivables, net	175.8		126.6	
Total current assets	Inventories, net	698.1		591.8	
Properties, net         4,505.1         4,608.3           Goodwill         8,288.9         8,260.8           Other instagibles, net         13,764         13,764           Other assets         89.00.00         69.00           Total assets         9,00.00         5           City         8,00.00         5           City         8,00.00         2,00.00           City         1,00.47         1,50.45           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,00.47         1,50.45           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         8,10.9         2,00.00           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,00.47         1,50.45           Total current liabilities         8,10.9         8,10.80         8,00.00           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,00.47         1,50.45         1,50.60           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,00.00         2,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00         1,00.00	Other current assets, net	304.0		245.6	
Goodwill         8,288,9         8,208,0           Other intangibles, net         13,767,4         13,776,4           Other assets         899,8         698,0           Total assets         \$30,061,6         \$30,008           Labilities and equity           Unrent liabilities           Accounts payable and other current liabilities         \$3,045,6         \$2,706,4           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,034,7         1,594,5           Total current liabilities         8,517,9         8,838,8           Persion and postretirement benefits         72,5         726,6           Degeter det but liabilities         2,194,6         2,128,9           Other liabilities         333,3         323,8           Total liabilities         15,916         16,374,0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)           Molecular State (Company stockholders' equity           Capital stock:           Capital s	Total current assets	2,600.4		2,766.3	
Other intangibles, net         13,764         13,764           Other sases         898         698.0           Total assets         3 30,000         \$ 30,000           Lishilitics and equity           Current liabilities         \$ 3,045         \$ 2,706.4           Cecounts payable and other current liabilities         \$ 3,045         \$ 2,706.4           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         \$ 1,034         \$ 1,004.5           Total current liabilities         \$ 3,045         \$ 2,006.4           Design and postretirement benefits         \$ 15,016         \$ 2,006.0           Cheferred tax liabilities         \$ 2,108.0         \$ 2,208.0           Oberfur liabilities         \$ 15,016         \$ 2,208.0           Other liabilities         \$ 15,016         \$ 16,374.0           Chefrid tax liabilities         \$ 15,016         \$ 2,20         \$ 2,20           Chefrid tax liabilities         \$ 1,002 <td>Properties, net</td> <td>4,505.1</td> <td></td> <td>4,608.3</td>	Properties, net	4,505.1		4,608.3	
Other assets         89,8         69,80           Total assets         \$ 30,061         \$ 30,008           Liabilities         Current Izabilities         \$ 3,045         \$ 2,706.4           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,034.7         \$ 1,594.5           Total current liabilities         \$ 3,045.0         \$ 2,706.4           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,034.7         \$ 1,594.5           Total current liabilities         \$ 1,594.5         \$ 8,893.8           Pension and postretirement benefits         772.5         772.6           Deferred tax liabilities         2,199.6         2,128.9           Other liabilities         39.3         323.8           Total liabilities         3,591.6         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         15,916.6         16,374.0         16,374.0           Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity         2         2         2           Perferred stock, \$0,01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         2         2         2           Class A common stock, \$0,01 par value per share (authorized: 500 o shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares; respectively)         2         2         2           Class B common stock, \$	Goodwill	8,288.9		8,260.8	
Total assets	Other intangibles, net	13,767.4		13,776.4	
Current liabilities   Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings   1,034.7   1,594.5   1,034.5	Other assets	899.8		698.0	
Current liabilities:         S         3,045.6         \$         2,706.4           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,034.7         1,595.9           Total current liabilities         4,080.3         4,300.9           Long-term debt         8,517.9         8,893.8           Pension and postretirement benefits         725.5         726.6           Deferred tax liabilities         2,199.6         2,128.9           Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         Virent liabilities         9.0         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         Virent liabilities         9.0         16,374.0           Capital stock:           Preferred stock, 80.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         9.0         9.0         9.0           Class A common stock, 80.01 par value per share (authorized: 50.00 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares respectively)         9.0         2.1         2.0           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 50.00 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 2.5 shares; no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)	Total assets	\$ 30,061.6	\$	30,109.8	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities         \$ 3,0456         \$ 2,7064           Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,0347         1,594.5           Total current liabilities         4,080.3         4,300.9           Long-term debt         8,517.9         8,938.8           Pension and postretirement benefits         725.5         726.6           Deferred tax liabilities         393.3         323.8           Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity         5         6           Capital stock:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         —         —         —           Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)         2.1         2.2           Class A exhangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)         55.7         55.7           Paid-in capital         6,783.3         6,773.1         6,783.3         6,773.1           Retained carnings         8,103.1         7,692.9           Accumulated other c	Liabilities and equity				
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings         1,034.7         1,594.5           Total current liabilities         4,080.3         4,300.9           Long-term debt         8,517.9         8,893.8           Pension and postretirement benefits         725.5         726.6           Deferred tax liabilities         2,199.6         2,128.9           Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         ****         ****           Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity         ****         ****           Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         ***         ***           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)         ***         ***           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares; respectively)         \$**         ***           Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)         \$**         **         **           Paid-in capital         6,783.3         6,773.1         **         **         **         **         **         **         <	Current liabilities:				
Total current liabilities         4,080.3         4,300.9           Long-term debt         8,517.9         8,893.8           Pension and postretirement benefits         725.5         726.6           Deferred tax liabilities         2,199.6         2,128.9           Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         ************************************	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 3,045.6	\$	2,706.4	
Long-term debt         8,517.9         8,893.8           Pension and postretirement benefits         725.5         726.6           Deferred tax liabilities         2,199.6         2,128.9           Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)           Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders equity         —         —           Capital stock:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         —         —           Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares; respectively)         —         —           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares; respectively)         2.1         2.0           Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)         103.0         103.2           Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)         557.9         557.6           Paid-in capital         6,783.3         6,773.1         6,783.3         6,773.1           Retained earnings         8,103.1         7,692.9         7,692.9	Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings	1,034.7		1,594.5	
Pension and postretirement benefits         725.5         726.6           Deferred tax liabilities         2,199.6         2,128.9           Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)           Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         —         —           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)         —         —           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)         2.1         2.0           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)         103.0         103.2           Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)         557.9         557.6           Paid-in capital         6,783.3         6,773.1         6,783.3         6,773.1           Retained earnings         8,103.1         7,692.9           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,178.6)         (1,150.0)	Total current liabilities	 4,080.3	_	4,300.9	
Deferred tax liabilities         2,199.6         2,128.9           Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)           Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity           Capital stock:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         —         —           Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)         —         —           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)         2.1         2.0           Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)         103.0         103.2           Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)         557.9         557.6           Paid-in capital         6,783.3         6,773.1           Retained earnings         8,103.1         7,692.9           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,178.6)         (1,150.0)           Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)         (471.4)         (471.4)	Long-term debt	8,517.9		8,893.8	
Other liabilities         393.3         323.8           Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)           Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity           Capital stock:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         —         —           Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)         —         —           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)         2.1         2.0           Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)         103.0         103.2           Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)         557.9         557.6           Paid-in capital         6,783.3         6,773.1           Retained earnings         8,103.1         7,692.9           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,178.6)         (1,150.0)           Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)         471.4)         (471.4)           Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity </td <td>Pension and postretirement benefits</td> <td>725.5</td> <td></td> <td>726.6</td>	Pension and postretirement benefits	725.5		726.6	
Total liabilities         15,916.6         16,374.0           Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)         15,916.6         16,374.0           Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity         Capital stock:           Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)         —         —           Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)         —         —           Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)         2.1         2.0           Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)         103.0         103.2           Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)         557.9         557.6           Paid-in capital         6,783.3         6,773.1           Retained earnings         8,103.1         7,692.9           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,178.6)         (1,150.0)           Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)         471.4)         (471.4)           Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity         13,899.4         1	Deferred tax liabilities	2,199.6		2,128.9	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)  Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Capital stock:  Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)  Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)  Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)  103.0  Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)  557.9  Paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Noncontrolling interests  Total equity  103.0  - —  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.1  2.0  2.0	Other liabilities	393.3		323.8	
Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Capital stock:  Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)  Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)  Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)  Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)  Faid-in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Noncontrolling interests  Total equity  13,899.4  13,735.8	Total liabilities	 15,916.6		16,374.0	
Capital stock:  Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)  Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)  Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)  Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)  557.9  Paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Noncontrolling interests  Total equity  13,899.4  14,145.0  13,735.8	Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)  Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)  Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)  Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)  Paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Noncontrolling interests  Total equity  13,899.4  14,145.0  13,735.8	Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity				
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued and outstanding: 2.6 shares and 2.6 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)  Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)  Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)  Paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Noncontrolling interests  Total equity	Capital stock:				
and 2.6 shares, respectively)  Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (authorized: 500.0 shares; issued: 205.7 shares and 205.4 shares, respectively)  Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)  Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)  Paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)  Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)  Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity  Noncontrolling interests  Total equity  — — —  — —  — — —  — — — — — — — — —	Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value (authorized: 25.0 shares; none issued)	_		_	
respectively)       2.1       2.0         Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)       103.0       103.2         Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)       557.9       557.6         Paid-in capital       6,783.3       6,773.1         Retained earnings       8,103.1       7,692.9         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,178.6)       (1,150.0)         Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)       (471.4)       (471.4)         Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity       13,899.4       13,507.4         Noncontrolling interests       245.6       228.4         Total equity       14,145.0       13,735.8		_		_	
Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)       557.9       557.6         Paid-in capital       6,783.3       6,773.1         Retained earnings       8,103.1       7,692.9         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,178.6)       (1,150.0)         Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)       (471.4)       (471.4)         Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity       13,899.4       13,507.4         Noncontrolling interests       245.6       228.4         Total equity       14,145.0       13,735.8		2.1		2.0	
Paid-in capital       6,783.3       6,773.1         Retained earnings       8,103.1       7,692.9         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,178.6)       (1,150.0)         Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)       (471.4)       (471.4)         Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity       13,899.4       13,507.4         Noncontrolling interests       245.6       228.4         Total equity       14,145.0       13,735.8	Class A exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 2.7 shares and 2.8 shares, respectively)	103.0		103.2	
Retained earnings       8,103.1       7,692.9         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,178.6)       (1,150.0)         Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)       (471.4)       (471.4)         Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity       13,899.4       13,507.4         Noncontrolling interests       245.6       228.4         Total equity       14,145.0       13,735.8	Class B exchangeable shares, no par value (issued and outstanding: 14.8 shares and 14.8 shares, respectively)	557.9		557.6	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,178.6)       (1,150.0)         Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)       (471.4)       (471.4)         Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity       13,899.4       13,507.4         Noncontrolling interests       245.6       228.4         Total equity       14,145.0       13,735.8	Paid-in capital	6,783.3		6,773.1	
Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)(471.4)(471.4)Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity13,899.413,507.4Noncontrolling interests245.6228.4Total equity14,145.013,735.8	Retained earnings	8,103.1		7,692.9	
Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity13,899.413,507.4Noncontrolling interests245.6228.4Total equity14,145.013,735.8	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,178.6)		(1,150.0)	
Noncontrolling interests         245.6         228.4           Total equity         14,145.0         13,735.8	Class B common stock held in treasury at cost (9.5 shares and 9.5 shares, respectively)	(471.4)		(471.4)	
Total equity 14,145.0 13,735.8	Total Molson Coors Brewing Company stockholders' equity	13,899.4		13,507.4	
	Noncontrolling interests	245.6		228.4	
Total liabilities and equity \$ 30,061.6 \$ 30,109.8	Total equity	14,145.0		13,735.8	
	Total liabilities and equity	\$ 30,061.6	\$	30,109.8	

# MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN MILLIONS) (UNAUDITED)

		Six Mon	ths Ended	
	Jui	ne 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	\$	479.3	\$	713.3
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		429.7		429.6
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discounts		7.5		7.2
Share-based compensation		18.6		25.1
(Gain) loss on sale or impairment of properties and other assets, net		(67.7)		_
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign currency fluctuations and derivative instruments, net		(12.4)		38.4
Income tax (benefit) expense		102.6		167.1
Income tax (paid) received		(41.4)		20.0
Interest expense, excluding interest amortization		140.5		155.8
Interest paid		(140.9)		(152.5)
Change in current assets and liabilities and other		(87.8)		(106.2)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		828.0		1,297.8
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Additions to properties		(310.5)		(351.1)
Proceeds from sales of properties and other assets		99.9		4.4
Other		42.8		(50.5)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(167.8)		(397.2)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Exercise of stock options under equity compensation plans		1.4		6.3
Dividends paid		(177.4)		(177.0)
Payments on debt and borrowings		(1,070.8)		(2.4)
Net proceeds from (payments on) revolving credit facilities and commercial paper		(1.9)		(376.1)
Change in overdraft balances and other		12.8		24.5
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(1,235.9)		(524.7)
Cash and cash equivalents:			,	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(575.7)		375.9
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		8.0		(1.6)
Balance at beginning of year		1,057.9		418.6
Balance at end of period	\$	490.2	\$	792.9

### MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

(IN MILLIONS) (UNAUDITED)

		Molson Coors Brewing Company Stockholders' Equity													
											A	ccumulated	Common Stock		
			Comm	on sto	ock		Exchai	igeable				other	held in		Non
		issued		shares issued			Paid-in-	Retained	co	mprehensive	treasury	co	ntrolling		
	Total	Cl	ass A	C	Class B		Class A Class		capital	earnings	income (loss)		Class B	interests	
As of March 31, 2018	\$13,415.8	\$	_	\$	2.0	\$	107.7	\$ 553.2	\$ 6,697.4	\$ 7,120.2	\$	(810.9)	\$ (471.4)	\$	217.6
Shares issued under equity compensation plan	(0.6)		_		_		_	_	(0.6)	_		_	_		_
Amortization of share-based compensation	10.2		_		_		_	_	10.2	_		_	_		_
Purchase of noncontrolling interest	(0.1)		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_		(0.1)
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	430.8		_		_		_	_	_	424.1		_	_		6.7
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(216.1)		_		_		_	_	_	_		(214.5)	_		(1.6)
Distributions and dividends to noncontrolling interests	(2.6)		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_		(2.6)
Dividends declared and paid - \$0.41 per share	(88.5)		_		_		_	_	_	(88.5)		_	_		_
As of June 30, 2018	\$13,548.9	\$	_	\$	2.0	\$	107.7	\$ 553.2	\$ 6,707.0	\$ 7,455.8	\$	(1,025.4)	\$ (471.4)	\$	220.0

						1	Molson C	ors Brewin	g Company St	ockholders' Eo	quity				
											A	ccumulated	Common Stock		
			Common stock			Exchangeable					other	held in	Non controlling		
			iss	ued		shares issued P			Paid-in- Retained	comprehensive		treasury			
	Total	C	lass A	C	lass B	(	Class A	Class B	capital	earnings	in	come (loss)	Class B	in	iterests
As of March 31, 2019	\$13,888.1	\$	_	\$	2.0	\$	103.2	\$ 557.6	\$ 6,776.2	\$ 7,862.4	\$	(1,182.7)	\$ (471.4)	\$	240.8
Exchange of shares	_		_		_		(0.2)	0.3	(0.1)	_		_	_		_
Shares issued under equity compensation plan	0.3		_		0.1		_	_	0.2	_		_	_		_
Amortization of share-based compensation	7.0		_		_		_	_	7.0	_		_	_		_
Acquisition of business	0.7		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_		0.7
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	330.2		_		_		_	_	_	329.4		_	_		0.8
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3.8		_		_		_	_	_	_		4.1	_		(0.3)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	7.0		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_		7.0
Distributions and dividends to noncontrolling interests	(3.4)		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_		(3.4)
Dividends declared and paid - \$0.41 per share	(88.7)				_		_	_	_	(88.7)		_	_		_
As of June 30, 2019	\$14,145.0	\$	_	\$	2.1	\$	103.0	\$ 557.9	\$ 6,783.3	\$ 8,103.1	\$	(1,178.6)	\$ (471.4)	\$	245.6

### MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

(IN MILLIONS) (UNAUDITED)

		Molson Coors Brewing Company Stockholders' Equity													
										Acc	cumulated	Common Stock			
		Com	Common stock			Exchar	igeable				other	held in	Non		
			issued			shares issued		Paid-in-	Retained	comprehensive		treasury	controlling		
	Total	Class A		Class B		Class A	Class B	capital	earnings	income (loss)		Class B	interests		
As of December 31, 2017	\$13,187.3	\$ -	- \$	2.0	\$	107.7	\$ 553.2	\$ 6,688.5	\$ 6,958.4	\$	(860.0)	\$ (471.4)	\$	208.9	
Shares issued under equity compensation plan	(6.4)	_	-	_		_	_	(6.4)	_		_	_		_	
Amortization of share-based compensation	24.9	_	-	_		_	_	24.9	_		_	_		_	
Purchase of noncontrolling interest	(0.1)	_	-	_		_	_	_	_		_	_		(0.1)	
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	713.3	_	-	_		_	_	_	702.2		_	_		11.1	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(166.2)	_	-	_		_	_	_	_		(165.4)	_		(0.8)	
Adoption of new accounting pronouncement	(27.8)	_	-	_		_	_	_	(27.8)		_	_		_	
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	6.4	_	-	_		_	_	_	_		_	_		6.4	
Distributions and dividends to noncontrolling interests	(5.5)	_	-	_		_	_	_	_		_	_		(5.5)	
Dividends declared and paid - \$0.82 per share	(177.0)	_	-	_		_	_	_	(177.0)		_	_			

2.0 \$ 107.7 \$ 553.2 \$ 6,707.0 \$ 7,455.8 \$

(1,025.4) \$ (471.4) \$

220.0

\$13,548.9 \$

As of June 30, 2018

		Molson Coors Brewing Company Stockholders' Equity												
			Comm	on sto ued	ck		Exchar shares	O .	Paid-in-	Retained		other	Common Stock held in treasury	Non controlling
	Total	C	lass A	Cl	lass B	- C	lass A	Class B	capital	earnings	in	come (loss)	Class B	interests
As of December 31, 2018	\$13,735.8	\$	_	\$	2.0	\$	103.2	\$ 557.6	\$ 6,773.1	\$ 7,692.9	\$	(1,150.0)	\$ (471.4)	\$ 228.4
Exchange of shares	_		_		_		(0.2)	0.3	(0.1)	_		_	_	_
Shares issued under equity compensation plan	(7.9)		_		0.1		_	_	(8.0)	_		_	_	_
Amortization of share-based compensation	18.3		_		_		_	_	18.3	_		_	_	_
Acquisition of business	0.7		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_	0.7
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	479.3		_		_		_	_	_	480.8		_	_	(1.5)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	46.1		_		_		_	_	_	_		46.2	_	(0.1)
Adoption of lease accounting standard (see Note 2)	32.0		_		_		_	_	_	32.0		_	_	_
Reclassification of stranded tax effects (see Note 2)	_		_		_		_	_	_	74.8		(74.8)	_	_
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	21.5		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_	21.5
Distributions and dividends to noncontrolling interests	(3.4)		_		_		_	_	_	_		_	_	(3.4)
Dividends declared and paid - \$0.82 per share	(177.4)		_		_		_	_	_	(177.4)		_	_	_
As of June 30, 2019	\$14,145.0	\$	_	\$	2.1	\$	103.0	\$ 557.9	\$ 6,783.3	\$ 8,103.1	\$	(1,178.6)	\$ (471.4)	\$ 245.6

### MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Unless otherwise noted in this report, any description of "we," "us" or "our" includes Molson Coors Brewing Company ("MCBC" or the "Company"), principally a holding company, and its operating and non-operating subsidiaries included within our reporting segments and Corporate. Our reporting segments include: MillerCoors LLC ("MillerCoors" or U.S. segment), operating in the U.S.; Molson Coors Canada ("MCC" or Canada segment), operating in Canada; Molson Coors Europe (Europe segment), operating in Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary, Montenegro, the Republic of Ireland, Romania, Serbia, the U.K. and various other European countries; and Molson Coors International ("MCI" or International segment), operating in various other countries.

Unless otherwise indicated, information in this report is presented in USD and comparisons are to comparable prior periods. Our primary operating currencies, other than USD, include the CAD, the GBP, and our Central European operating currencies such as the EUR, CZK, HRK and RSD.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements reflect all adjustments which are necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Such unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("Annual Report"), and have been prepared on a consistent basis with the accounting policies described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report, except as noted below and in Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements."

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the full year.

#### **Non-Cash Activity**

Non-cash activity includes non-cash issuances of share-based awards, as well as non-cash investing activities related to movements in our guarantee of indebtedness of certain equity method investments. We also had non-cash activities related to capital expenditures incurred but not yet paid of \$149.9 million and \$138.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Other than the activity mentioned above and the supplemental non-cash activity related to the recognition of leases further discussed below, there was no other significant non-cash activity during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. See Note 4, "Investments" for further discussion.

#### Leases

We account for leases in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 842, Leases, which we adopted on January 1, 2019, electing not to adjust comparative periods presented and applying a modified retrospective transition approach as of the effective date of adoption (see <a href="Note 2">Note 2</a>, "New <a href="Note 2">Accounting Pronouncements</a>" for impacts of adoption).

We enter into contractual arrangements for the utilization of certain non-owned assets, primarily real estate and equipment, which are evaluated as finance (previously known as capital) or operating leases upon commencement and are accounted for accordingly. Specifically, under ASC 842, a contract is or contains a lease when, (1) the contract contains an explicitly or implicitly identified asset and (2) the customer obtains substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of that underlying asset and directs how and for what purpose the asset is used during the term of the contract in exchange for consideration. We assess whether an arrangement is or contains a lease at inception of the contract. For all contractual arrangements deemed to be leases (other than short-term leases), as of the lease commencement date, we recognize on the consolidated balance sheet a liability for our obligation related to the lease and a corresponding asset representing our right to use the underlying asset over the period of use.

For leases that qualify as short-term leases, we have elected, for all classes of underlying assets, to not apply the balance sheet recognition requirements of ASC 842, and instead, we recognize the lease payments in the consolidated statements of

operations on a straight-line basis over the lease term. We have also made the election, for our real estate and certain equipment classes of underlying assets, to account for lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

Our leases have remaining lease terms of up to approximately 18 years. Certain of our lease agreements contain options to extend or early terminate the agreement. The lease term used to calculate the right-of-use asset and lease liability at commencement includes the impacts of options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise an option at commencement, we consider various existing economic factors, including real estate strategies, the nature, length, and terms of the agreement, as well as the uncertainty of the condition of leased equipment at the end of the lease term. Based on these determinations, we generally conclude that the exercise of renewal options would not be reasonably certain in determining the lease term at commencement. Assumptions made at the commencement date are re-evaluated upon occurrence of certain events requiring a lease modification. Additionally, for certain equipment leases involving groups of similar leased assets with similar lease terms, we apply a portfolio approach to effectively account for the operating lease right-of-use assets and liabilities.

The discount rate used to calculate the present value of the future minimum lease payments is the rate implicit in the lease, when readily determinable. As the rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable for most of our leases, we use our incremental borrowing rate relative to the leased asset.

Certain of our leases include variable lease payments, including payments that depend on an index or rate, as well as variable payments for items such as property taxes, insurance, maintenance, and other operating expenses associated with leased assets. Payments that vary based on an index or rate are included in the measurement of our lease assets and liabilities at the rate as of the commencement date. All other variable lease payments are excluded from the measurement of our lease assets and liabilities and are recognized in the period in which the obligation for those payments is incurred. Our lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Lease-related expense is recorded within either cost of goods sold or marketing, general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statements of operations, depending on the function of the underlying leased asset, with the exception of interest on finance lease liabilities, which is recorded within interest income (expense), net on the consolidated statements of operations.

#### Montreal Brewery Sale and Leaseback Transaction

In June 2019, we completed the sale of our Montreal brewery for \$96.2 million (CAD 126.0 million), resulting in a \$61.3 million gain, which was recorded as a special item. In conjunction with the sale, we agreed to lease back the existing property to continue operations on an uninterrupted basis for a period up to 5 years with early termination options at our discretion, while our new brewery in Longueuil, Quebec is being constructed. Accordingly, we have recorded operating lease right-of-use assets and liabilities of approximately CAD 6 million assuming a lease term that is coterminous with the construction of our new brewery, which is currently expected to be operational in 2021. However, due to the uncertainty inherent in our estimates, the term of the brewery lease is subject to reassessment. Once the existing property has been entirely redeveloped by the purchaser, we plan to lease a minor portion of the future space for administrative and other purposes. We have evaluated this transaction pursuant to the accounting guidance for sale and leaseback transactions and concluded that the relevant criteria have been met for full gain recognition upon completion of the transaction in the second quarter of 2019.

#### Lease Financial Information

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, lease expense (including immaterial short-term and variable lease costs) was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019
	(In	millions)
Operating lease expense	\$ 18.9	\$ 36.1
Finance lease expense	3.0	5.8
Total lease expense	\$ 21.9	\$ 41.9

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		s Ended June 30, 2019
	(In	millions)
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurements of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	26.2
Operating cash flows from finance leases	\$	1.8
Financing cash flows from finance leases	\$	1.1
Supplemental non-cash information on right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new lease liabilities:		
Operating leases	\$	25.6
Finance leases	\$	_

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases as of June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance Sheet Classification	-	June 30, 2019 n millions)
Operating Leases			
Operating lease right-of-use assets	Other assets	\$	157.6
Current operating lease liabilities	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	45.2
Non-current operating lease liabilities	Other liabilities		123.0
Total operating lease liabilities		\$	168.2
Finance Leases			
Finance lease right-of-use assets	Properties, net	\$	65.7
Current finance lease liabilities	Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings	\$	3.5
Non-current finance lease liabilities	Long-term debt		80.9
Total finance lease liabilities		\$	84.4

The weighted-average remaining lease term and discount rate as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Weighted-Average Remaining Lease	
	Term (Years)	Weighted-Average Discount Rate
Operating leases	4.7	4.2%
Finance leases	9.7	6.4%

Based on foreign exchange rates as of June 30, 2019, maturities of lease liabilities are as follows:

	Operating Leases		Finan	ce Leases
2019 - remaining	\$	26.8	\$	3.4
2020		47.0		36.1
2021		38.2		5.9
2022		29.1		5.8
2023		20.4		5.8
Thereafter		23.1		64.4
Total lease payments	\$	184.6	\$	121.4
Less: interest		(16.4)		(37.0)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	168.2	\$	84.4

Executed leases that have not yet commenced as of June 30, 2019 are immaterial.

Information as of December 31, 2018, as well as comparative interim period information under historical lease accounting guidance

Gross assets recorded under finance leases as of December 31, 2018 were \$82.5 million. The associated accumulated amortization on these assets as of December 31, 2018 was \$13.2 million. These amounts are recorded within properties, net on the consolidated balance sheet. Current and non-current finance lease liabilities as of December 31, 2018 were \$3.2 million and \$82.1 million, respectively, and were recorded in accounts payable and other current liabilities and other non-current liabilities, respectively, on the consolidated balance sheet. Separately, during the six months ended June 30, 2018, non-cash activities related to the recognition of finance leases was \$15.0 million.

Based on foreign exchange rates as of December 31, 2018, future minimum lease payments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable terms in excess of one year, as well as finance leases, are as follows:

	Operating Leases	I	Finance Leases
Year	 (In m	nillions)	
2019	\$ 49.4	\$	6.1
2020	40.2		36.2
2021	32.6		5.9
2022	24.6		5.9
2023	17.0		5.8
Thereafter	21.0		64.2
Total future minimum lease payments	\$ 184.8	\$	124.1
Less: interest on finance leases			(38.8)
Present value of future minimum finance lease payments		\$	85.3

#### 2. New Accounting Pronouncements

#### New Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted

#### Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by requiring the recognition of lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosure of key information about leasing arrangements. We adopted this guidance and all related amendments applying the modified retrospective transition approach to all lease arrangements as of the effective date of adoption, January 1, 2019. As permitted under the guidance, financial statements for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2019 are presented under the new guidance, while prior period amounts have not been adjusted and continue to be reported and disclosed in accordance with historical accounting guidance. Additionally, for existing leases as of the effective date, we have elected the package of practical expedients available at transition to not reassess the historical lease determination, lease classification and initial direct costs.

For operating leases, the adoption of the new guidance resulted in the recognition of right-of-use assets of approximately \$154 million and aggregate current and non-current lease liabilities of approximately \$164 million as of January 1, 2019, including immaterial reclassifications of prepaid and deferred rent balances into right-of-use assets. Separately, as a result of the cumulative impact of adopting the new guidance, we recorded a net increase to opening retained earnings of approximately \$32 million as of January 1, 2019 with the offsetting impact within other assets, related to our share of the accelerated recognition of deferred gains on non-qualifying and other sale-leaseback transactions by an equity method investment within our Canada segment. Additionally, while our accounting for finance leases remains unchanged at adoption, we have prospectively changed the presentation of finance lease liabilities within the consolidated balance sheets to be presented within current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings, and long-term debt, as appropriate. As of January 1, 2019, we reclassified approximately \$3 million and \$82 million of short-term and long-term finance lease liabilities from accounts payable and other current liabilities and other non-current liabilities to current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings and long-term debt, respectively. The adoption of this guidance had no impact to our cash flows from operating, investing, or financing activities. See <a href="Note 1, "Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" for additional discussion on our leasing arrangements."

#### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

In February 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to improve the usefulness of financial information related to the enactment of the 2017 Tax Act. This guidance provides an option to reclassify from AOCI to retained earnings the stranded tax effects resulting from the change in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate as a result of the 2017 Tax Act. We adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2019 and elected to reclassify stranded tax effects related to the 2017 Tax Act, resulting in an approximate \$75 million increase to retained earnings in the period of adoption. Our policy is to release stranded tax effects from AOCI using either a specific identification approach or portfolio approach based on the nature of the underlying item.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In August 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to address a customer's accounting for implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement that is a service contract. This guidance aligns the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. The guidance also requires presentation of the capitalized implementation costs in the statement of financial position and in the statement of cash flows in the same line item that a prepayment for the fees of the associated hosting arrangement would be presented, and the expense related to the capitalized implementation costs to be presented in the same line item in the statement of operations as the fees associated with the hosting element (service) of the arrangement. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. We are currently evaluating the potential impact on our financial position, results of operations and statement of cash flows upon adoption of this guidance, which will result in the change in presentation of capitalized implementation costs related to hosting arrangements from properties to other assets on the consolidated balance sheet, as well as the expense related to such costs no longer being classified as depreciation expense and cash flows related to those costs no longer being presented as investing activities.

Other than the items noted above, there have been no new accounting pronouncements not yet effective or adopted in the current year that we believe have a significant impact, or potential significant impact, to our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

#### 3. Segment Reporting

Our reporting segments are based on the key geographic regions in which we operate, which are the basis on which our chief operating decision maker evaluates the performance of the business. Our reporting segments consist of the U.S., Canada, Europe and International. Corporate is not a reportable segment and primarily includes interest and certain other general and administrative costs that are not allocated to any of the operating segments as well as the results of our water resources and energy operations in Colorado and the unrealized changes in fair value on our commodity swaps not designated in hedging relationships recorded within cost of goods sold, which are later reclassified when realized to the segment in which the underlying exposure resides. Additionally, only the service cost component of net periodic pension and OPEB cost is reported within each operating segment, and all other components are reported within the Corporate segment.

No single customer accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated sales for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 or June 30, 2018. Consolidated net sales represent sales to third-party external customers less excise taxes. Inter-segment transactions impacting net sales revenues and income (loss) before income taxes eliminate upon consolidation and are primarily related to U.S. segment sales to the other segments.

The following tables present net sales and income (loss) before income taxes by segment:

	Three Months Ended					Six Mor	nths I	Ended
	June 30, 2019			June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018
				(In m	illions)	)		
U.S.	\$	2,011.7	\$	2,072.5	\$	3,670.9	\$	3,720.3
Canada		373.0		397.4		634.0		681.2
Europe		538.5		586.1		901.4		960.4
International		58.9		67.9		106.8		125.4
Corporate		0.3		0.3		0.5		0.5
Inter-segment net sales eliminations		(34.1)		(39.0)		(62.0)		(71.1)
Consolidated net sales	\$	2,948.3	\$	3,085.2	\$	5,251.6	\$	5,416.7

	 Three Months Ended				Six Mor	ths E	Ended
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018			June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018
		(In m	illions)	)			
U.S.	\$ 401.0	\$	445.5	\$	670.4	\$	707.2
Canada <sup>(1)</sup>	80.4		61.3		102.2		70.4
Europe	55.8		86.8		28.3		56.9
International	2.5		1.3		2.2		5.0
Corporate <sup>(2)</sup>	(139.1)		(71.9)		(221.2)		40.9
Consolidated income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 400.6	\$	523.0	\$	581.9	\$	880.4

- Ouring the three months ended June 30, 2019, we completed the sale of our existing Montreal brewery for \$96.2 million (CAD 126.0 million), resulting in a \$61.3 million gain, which was recorded as a special item. Also, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, we recorded an unrealized mark-to-market loss of approximately \$15 million and an unrealized mark-to-market gain of approximately \$8 million, respectively, on the HEXO Corp. ("HEXO") warrants received in connection with the formation of the Truss LP ("Truss") joint venture. Additionally, during the first quarter of 2019, we received payment and recorded a gain of \$1.5 million resulting from a purchase price adjustment related to the historical sale of Molson Inc.'s ownership interest in the Montreal Canadiens, which is considered an affiliate of MCBC.
- (2) During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we recorded a gain of \$328.0 million related to the Adjustment Amount as defined and further discussed in Note 5, "Special Items." Additionally, related to the unrealized mark-to-market valuation on our commodity hedge positions, we recorded an unrealized loss of \$31.2 million and an unrealized gain of \$2.9 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to an unrealized gain of \$45.1 million and an unrealized loss of \$39.6 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.

Income (loss) before income taxes includes the impact of special items. Refer to Note 5, "Special Items" for further discussion.

The following table presents total assets by segment:

	As of			
	June 30, 2019 December 31, 20			
	(In millions)			
\$	19,085.3	\$	19,057.1	
	4,977.2		4,640.5	
	5,510.2		5,430.0	
	278.3		274.1	
	210.6		708.1	
\$	30,061.6	\$	30,109.8	

#### 4. Investments

Our investments include both equity method and consolidated investments. Those entities identified as VIEs have been evaluated to determine whether we are the primary beneficiary. The VIEs included under "Consolidated VIEs" below are those for which we have concluded that we are the primary beneficiary and accordingly, we have consolidated these entities. None of our consolidated VIEs held debt as of June 30, 2019 or December 31, 2018. We have not provided any financial support to any of our VIEs during the year that we were not previously contractually obligated to provide. Amounts due to and due from our equity method investments are recorded as affiliate accounts payable and affiliate accounts receivable.

Authoritative guidance related to the consolidation of VIEs requires that we continually reassess whether we are the primary beneficiary of VIEs in which we have an interest. As such, the conclusion regarding the primary beneficiary status is subject to change and we continually evaluate circumstances that could require consolidation or deconsolidation. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, our consolidated VIEs are Cobra Beer Partnership, Ltd. ("Cobra U.K."), Grolsch U.K. Ltd. ("Grolsch"), Rocky Mountain Metal Container ("RMMC"), Rocky Mountain Bottle Company ("RMBC") and Truss. Our unconsolidated VIEs are Brewers Retail Inc. ("BRI") and Brewers' Distributor Ltd. ("BDL").

Both BRI and BDL have outstanding third party debt which is guaranteed by their respective shareholders. As a result, we have a guarantee liability of \$63.2 million and \$35.9 million recorded as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, which is presented within accounts payable and other current liabilities on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets and represents our proportionate share of the outstanding balance of these debt instruments. The carrying value of the guarantee liability equals fair value, which considers an adjustment for our own non-performance risk and is considered a Level 2 measurement. The offset to the guarantee liability was recorded as an adjustment to our respective equity method investment within the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. The resulting change in our equity method investments during the year due to movements in the guarantee represents a non-cash investing activity.

#### Consolidated VIEs

The following summarizes the assets and liabilities of our consolidated VIEs (including noncontrolling interests):

				A	s of			
		June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018			18
	Total	l Assets	Tot	al Liabilities	T	otal Assets	Tot	al Liabilities
				(In m	nillions)			
MMC/RMBC	\$	213.8	\$	18.5	\$	189.8	\$	35.0
ther	\$	29.1	\$	2.5	\$	31.0	\$	5.1

#### 5. Special Items

We have incurred charges or realized benefits that either we do not believe to be indicative of our core operations, or we believe are significant to our current operating results warranting separate classification. As such, we have separately classified these charges (benefits) as special items.

	 Three Mo	nths	Ended		Six Mont	hs En	ded
	 June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018
			(In mi	llions	s)		
Employee-related charges							
Restructuring	\$ 2.6	\$	1.0	\$	6.3	\$	4.9
Impairments or asset abandonment charges							
U.S Asset abandonment	0.4		1.3		1.2		2.8
Canada - Asset abandonment <sup>(1)</sup>	8.1		6.0		15.7		12.1
Europe - Asset abandonment	_		1.0		0.6		2.7
Termination fees and other (gains) losses							
Canada - Gain on sale of brewery(2)	(61.3)		_		(61.3)		_
International	0.3		1.2		0.6		1.2
Purchase price adjustment settlement gain <sup>(3)</sup>							(328.0)
Total Special items, net	\$ (49.9)	\$	10.5	\$	(36.9)	\$	(304.3)

- (1) Charges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 primarily consist of accelerated depreciation in excess of normal depreciation related to the planned closure of the Vancouver brewery, which we expect will occur in the third quarter of 2019, and the planned closure of the Montreal brewery, which is currently expected to occur in 2021. We currently expect to incur additional charges, including estimated accelerated depreciation charges in excess of normal depreciation of approximately CAD 36 million, through final closure of the Montreal brewery. However, due to the uncertainty inherent in our estimates, these estimated future accelerated depreciation charges as well as the timing of the brewery closure are subject to change.
- (2) During the second quarter of 2019, we completed the sale of the existing Montreal brewery property for \$96.2 million (CAD 126.0 million) and recognized a gain of \$61.3 million. See Note 1, "Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" for further discussion.
- Ouring the first quarter of 2018, we received \$330.0 million from ABI, of which \$328.0 million constituted a purchase price adjustment (the "Adjustment Amount"), related to the Miller International Business which was acquired in our acquisition of the remaining portion of MillerCoors which occurred on October 11, 2016. As this settlement occurred

following the finalization of purchase accounting, we recorded the settlement proceeds related to the Adjustment Amount as a gain within special items, net in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations in our Corporate segment and within cash provided by operating activities in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Restructuring Activities**

There were no material changes to our restructuring activities since December 31, 2018, as reported in Part II - Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Note 7, "Special Items" in our Annual Report. We continually evaluate our cost structure and seek opportunities for further efficiencies and cost savings as part of ongoing and new initiatives. As such, we may incur additional restructuring related charges or adjustments to previously recorded charges in the future, however, we are unable to estimate the amount of charges at this time.

The accrued restructuring balances below represent expected future cash payments required to satisfy the remaining severance obligations to terminated employees, the majority of which we expect to be paid in the next 9 months.

	 U.S.	Canada	Europe		International	Corporate	Total
			(In	milli	ons)		
As of December 31, 2018	\$ 21.6	\$ 1.5	\$ 0.6	\$	0.6	\$ 1.3	\$ 25.6
Charges incurred and changes in estimates	1.9	(0.3)	4.3		0.2	0.2	6.3
Payments made	(17.7)	(0.2)	(2.4)		(0.8)	(0.6)	(21.7)
Foreign currency and other adjustments	_	0.1	_		_	_	0.1
As of June 30, 2019	\$ 5.8	\$ 1.1	\$ 2.5	\$	_	\$ 0.9	\$ 10.3

	 U.S.	Canada	Europe		International	Corporate	Total
			(In	mill	ions)		
As of December 31, 2017	\$ 0.6	\$ 4.3	\$ 1.8	\$	0.2	\$ _	\$ 6.9
Charges incurred and changes in estimates	2.0	(0.8)	2.1		1.6		4.9
Payments made	(0.6)	(1.5)	(2.3)		(0.2)	_	(4.6)
Foreign currency and other adjustments	_	(0.1)	_				(0.1)
As of June 30, 2018	\$ 2.0	\$ 1.9	\$ 1.6	\$	1.6	\$ _	\$ 7.1

#### 6. Income Tax

	Three Mont	ths Ended	Six Month	hs Ended
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Effective tax rate	18%	18%	18%	19%

Our effective tax rates during the second quarter and first half of 2019 remained consistent with the prior year comparable periods. The slight decrease in the rate during the first half of 2019 was primarily driven by the recognition of net discrete tax benefits in 2019 versus net discrete tax expense in 2018.

Our tax rate is volatile and may increase or decrease with changes in, among other things, the amount and source of income or loss, our ability to utilize foreign tax credits, excess tax benefits or deficiencies from share-based compensation, changes in tax laws, and the movement of liabilities established pursuant to accounting guidance for uncertain tax positions as statutes of limitations expire, positions are effectively settled, or when additional information becomes available. There are proposed or pending tax law changes in various jurisdictions and other changes to regulatory environments in countries in which we do business that, if enacted, may have an impact on our effective tax rate. Additionally, we continue to monitor the 2017 Tax Act, including proposed regulations which may change upon finalization, as well as yet to be issued regulations and interpretations. If the forthcoming regulations and interpretations change relative to our current understanding and initial assessment of the impacts of the 2017 Tax Act, the resulting impacts could have a material adverse impact on our effective tax rate.

#### 7. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

	_	U.S.		Canada	Europe	Ir	iternational	(	Consolidated
Changes in Goodwill:	_				(Iı	n millio	ns)		
As of December 31, 2018	9	5,92	3.5	\$ 856.6	\$ 1,469.4	\$	6.3	\$	8,260.8
Foreign currency translation			_	35.5	(7.4)		_		28.1
As of June 30, 2019	9	5,92	3.5	\$ 892.1	\$ 1,462.0	\$	6.3	\$	8,288.9

The following table presents details of our intangible assets, other than goodwill, as of June 30, 2019:

	Useful life	Gross	Accumulated amortization	Net
	(Years)		(In millions)	
Intangible assets subject to amortization:				
Brands	10 - 50	\$ 5,052.1	\$ (775.5)	\$ 4,276.6
License agreements and distribution rights	15 - 28	222.4	(102.0)	120.4
Other	2 - 40	123.2	(32.9)	90.3
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:				
Brands	Indefinite	8,170.0	_	8,170.0
Distribution networks	Indefinite	772.5	<del>_</del>	772.5
Other	Indefinite	337.6	_	337.6
Total		\$ 14,677.8	\$ (910.4)	\$ 13,767.4

The following table presents details of our intangible assets, other than goodwill, as of December 31, 2018:

	Useful life	Gross		Accumulated amortization	Net
	(Years)			(In millions)	
Intangible assets subject to amortization:					
Brands	10 - 50	\$ 4,988.0	\$	(682.4)	\$ 4,305.6
License agreements and distribution rights	15 - 28	220.2		(95.7)	124.5
Other	2 - 40	129.2		(32.2)	97.0
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:					
Brands	Indefinite	8,169.9		_	8,169.9
Distribution networks	Indefinite	741.8		_	741.8
Other	Indefinite	337.6		_	337.6
Total		\$ 14,586.7	\$	(810.3)	\$ 13,776.4

The changes in the gross carrying amounts of intangibles from December 31, 2018 to June 30, 2019 are primarily driven by the impact of foreign exchange rates, as a significant amount of intangibles are denominated in foreign currencies.

Based on foreign exchange rates as of June 30, 2019, the estimated future amortization expense of intangible assets is as follows:

	Fiscal year		Amount
			(In millions)
2019 - remaining		\$	\$ 111.3
2020		9	\$ 221.6
2021		9	\$ 215.2
2021 2022 2023		9	\$ 210.6
2023		\$	\$ 209.7

Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$55.2 million and \$56.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively and \$110.6 million and \$112.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively. This expense is primarily presented within marketing, general and administrative expenses on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

#### Annual Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Impairment Testing

We completed our required annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible impairment testing as of October 1, 2018, the first day of our fourth quarter and concluded there were no impairments of goodwill within our reporting units or our indefinite-lived intangible assets. The fair value of the U.S., Europe and Canada reporting units were estimated at approximately 19%, 11% and 6% in excess of carrying value, respectively, as of the October 1, 2018 testing date, resulting in our Europe and Canada reporting units now being considered at risk of impairment.

#### Key Assumptions

Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions and factors. The key assumptions used to derive the estimated fair values of our reporting units and indefinite-lived intangibles are discussed in Part II—Item 8 Financial Statements, Note 10, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" in our Annual Report.

Based on known facts and circumstances, we evaluate and consider recent events and uncertain items, as well as related potential implications, as part of our annual assessment and incorporate into the analyses as appropriate. These facts and circumstances are subject to change and may impact future analyses. For example, we continue to monitor the challenges within the beer industry reflected in the performance of the Canada reporting unit in the current year. These industry performance headwinds have been countered, in part, by the benefit of the recent interest rate environment, which has resulted in a decrease in the risk-free rate expected to be included in our current year discount rate calculations. Additionally, the Ontario government adopted a bill that, if enacted, could adversely impact the existing terms of the beer distribution and retail systems in the province, as further described in Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies."

This alone or in combination with the potential realization of prolonged weakened performance within the Canada reporting unit could have a material adverse impact on the underlying cash flow assumptions used in developing our Canada reporting unit fair value estimates for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, which could result in a goodwill impairment.

While historical performance and current expectations have resulted in fair values of our reporting units and indefinite-lived intangible assets in excess of carrying values, if our assumptions are not realized, it is possible that an impairment charge may need to be recorded in the future.

#### Definite-Lived Intangibles

Regarding definite-lived intangibles, we continuously monitor the performance of the underlying assets for potential triggering events suggesting an impairment review should be performed. No such triggering events were identified in the first half of 2019 that resulted in an impairment.

#### 8. Debt

#### **Debt obligations**

		A	s of	
	Jı	ine 30, 2019	Dece	ember 31, 2018
		(In m	illions)	
Long-term debt:				
CAD 500 million 2.75% notes due 2020	\$	381.8	\$	366.6
CAD 500 million 2.84% notes due 2023		381.8		366.6
CAD 500 million 3.44% notes due 2026		381.8		366.6
\$500 million 1.45% notes due 2019 <sup>(1)</sup>		500.0		500.0
\$500 million 1.9% notes due 2019		_		499.8
\$500 million 2.25% notes due 2020 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>		499.4		499.0
\$1.0 billion 2.1% notes due 2021 <sup>(3)</sup>		1,000.0		1,000.0
\$500 million 3.5% notes due 2022 <sup>(2)</sup>		507.9		509.3
\$2.0 billion 3.0% notes due 2026		2,000.0		2,000.0
\$1.1 billion 5.0% notes due 2042		1,100.0		1,100.0
\$1.8 billion 4.2% notes due 2046		1,800.0		1,800.0
EUR 500 million notes due 2019		_		573.4
EUR 800 million 1.25% notes due 2024		909.8		917.4
Finance leases and other <sup>(4)</sup>		131.1		43.0
Less: unamortized debt discounts and debt issuance costs		(60.4)		(64.8)
Total long-term debt (including current portion)		9,533.2		10,476.9
Less: current portion of long-term debt		(1,015.3)		(1,583.1)
Total long-term debt	\$	8,517.9	\$	8,893.8
Short-term borrowings:				
Other short-term borrowings <sup>(5)</sup>	\$	19.4	\$	11.4
Current portion of long-term debt		1,015.3		1,583.1
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings	\$	1,034.7	\$	1,594.5

- (1) On July 15, 2019, we repaid our \$500 million 1.45% notes through a combination of cash on hand and proceeds from net commercial paper issuances in July of approximately \$400 million.
- (2) The fair value hedges related to these notes have been settled and are being amortized over the life of the respective note.
- (3) During the first quarter of 2019, we entered into cross currency swaps in order to hedge a portion of the foreign currency translational impacts of our European investment. As a result of the swaps, we economically converted a portion of our \$1.0 billion 2.1% senior notes due 2021 and associated interest to EUR denominated, which will result in a EUR interest rate to be received at 0.71%. As of June 30, 2019, we also held outstanding cross currency swaps on our \$500 million 2.25% notes due 2020 which result in a EUR interest rate to be received of 0.68%. See <a href="Note 11">Note 11</a>, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" for further details.
- (4) As of January 1, 2019, we reclassified approximately \$3 million and \$82 million of short-term and long-term finance lease liabilities from accounts payable and other current liabilities and other non-current liabilities to current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings and long-term debt, respectively, in connection with our adoption of the new lease accounting standard. See <a href="Note 2">Note 2</a>, "New Accounting Pronouncements" for further details.

(5) As of June 30, 2019, we had \$11.9 million in bank overdrafts and \$43.4 million in bank cash related to our cross-border, cross-currency cash pool, for a net positive position of \$31.5 million. As of December 31, 2018, we had \$1.1 million in bank overdrafts and \$88.9 million in bank cash related to our cross-border, cross-currency cash pool for a net positive position of \$87.8 million. We had total outstanding borrowings of \$5.6 million and \$7.3 million under our two JPY overdraft facilities as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. In addition, we have USD, CAD and GBP lines of credit under which we had no borrowings as of June 30, 2019 or December 31, 2018.

#### **Debt Fair Value Measurements**

We utilize market approaches to estimate the fair value of certain outstanding borrowings by discounting anticipated future cash flows derived from the contractual terms of the obligations and observable market interest and foreign exchange rates. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the fair value of our outstanding long-term debt (including the current portion of long-term debt) was approximately \$9.6 billion and \$9.9 billion, respectively. All senior notes are valued based on significant observable inputs and classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The carrying values of all other outstanding long-term borrowings approximate their fair values and are also classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

#### Revolving Credit Facility and Commercial Paper Program

As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had \$1.5 billion available to draw on our \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility, as there were no outstanding borrowings on the revolving credit facility nor was there any outstanding commercial paper. Subsequent to quarter end, we extended the maturity date of our revolving credit facility by one year to July 7, 2024.

The maximum leverage ratio, as defined by the revolving credit facility agreement, is 4.75x net debt to EBITDA, with a decline to 4.00x net debt to EBITDA as of the last day of the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2020.

Under the terms of each of our debt facilities, we must comply with certain restrictions. These include customary events of default and specified representations, warranties and covenants, as well as covenants that restrict our ability to incur certain additional priority indebtedness (certain thresholds of secured consolidated net tangible assets), certain leverage threshold percentages, create or permit liens on assets, and restrictions on mergers, acquisitions, and certain types of sale lease-back transactions. As of June 30, 2019, we were in compliance with all of these restrictions and have met all debt payment obligations. All of our outstanding senior notes as of June 30, 2019 rank pari-passu.

#### 9. Inventories

		Α	s of	
	June 3	30, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2018
		(In n	nillions)	
shed goods	\$	327.9	\$	229.8
ork in process		89.7		83.4
aw materials		211.4		224.3
nckaging materials		69.1		54.3
nventories, net	\$	698.1	\$	591.8

#### 10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

			MC	CBC st	tockholders' equi	ty		
	Foreign currency translation adjustments		Gain (loss) on derivative instruments	Pension and postretirement benefit adjustments		Equity method investments		Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)
				(1	In millions)			
As of December 31, 2018 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	(758.7)	\$ (0.3)	\$	(330.7)	\$ (60.3)	\$	(1,150.0)
Foreign currency translation adjustments		84.9	_		_	_		84.9
Gain (loss) on net investment hedges		24.3	_		_	_		24.3
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments		_	(90.2)		_	_		(90.2)
Reclassification of derivative (gain) loss to income		_	(0.3)		_	_		(0.3)
Amortization of net prior service (benefit) cost and net actuarial (gain) loss to income		_	_		(1.8)	_		(1.8)
Ownership share of unconsolidated subsidiaries' other comprehensive income (loss)		_	_		_	2.4		2.4
Tax benefit (expense)		4.5	22.3		0.7	(0.6)		26.9
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)		113.7	(68.2)		(1.1)	1.8		46.2
Reclassification of stranded tax effects (see Note 2)		(73.3)	(3.8)		2.3			(74.8)
As of June 30, 2019	\$	(718.3)	\$ (72.3)	\$	(329.5)	\$ (58.5)	\$	(1,178.6)

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts have been adjusted to reflect the retrospective application of a change in presentation. Specifically, the unrealized gain (loss) on outstanding net investment hedge positions was historically presented within the "Gain (loss) on derivative instruments" column of this table. Once settled, the realized gain (loss) was reclassified to be presented within the "Foreign currency translation adjustments" column. We have retrospectively adjusted this table to present all activity associated with net investment hedge positions within the "Foreign currency translation adjustments" column, along with other insignificant presentational reclassifications. These presentational changes had no net impact on the aggregate AOCI balance, and did not impact the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for any period presented.

#### Reclassifications from AOCI to income:

	Three M	lonths	Ended		Six Months Ended			
	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	
		Reclassification			ns from AOCI			Location of gain (loss) recognized in income
			(In mi	illion	s)			
Gain/(loss) on cash flow hedges:								
Forward starting interest rate swaps	\$ (0.8)	\$	(0.7)	\$	(1.5)	\$	(1.5)	Interest expense, net
Foreign currency forwards	1.5		(0.3)		2.3		(0.9)	Cost of goods sold
Foreign currency forwards	(0.3)	)			(0.5)			Other income (expense), net
Total income (loss) reclassified, before tax	0.4		(1.0)		0.3		(2.4)	
Income tax benefit (expense)	(0.1)	)	0.3		(0.1)		0.6	
Net income (loss) reclassified, net of tax	\$ 0.3	\$	(0.7)	\$	0.2	\$	(1.8)	
		_						
Amortization of defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plan items:								
other postrethement benefit plan items.								Other manaion and martinament
Prior service benefit (cost)	\$ (0.1)	\$	(0.1)	\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.3)	Other pension and postretirement benefits (costs), net
	1.0		(1.6)		• •		(2.2)	Other pension and postretirement
Curtailment and net actuarial gain (loss)	1.0		(1.6)		2.0	_	(3.3)	benefits (costs), net
Total income (loss) reclassified, before tax	0.9		(1.7)		1.8		(3.6)	
Income tax benefit (expense)	(0.4)	)	0.4		(0.7)		0.6	
Net income (loss) reclassified, net of tax	\$ 0.5	\$	(1.3)	\$	1.1	\$	(3.0)	
Total income (loss) reclassified, net of tax	\$ 0.8	\$	(2.0)	\$	1.3	\$	(4.8)	

#### 11. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Our risk management and derivative accounting policies are presented within Part II—Item 8 Financial Statements, Note 1, "Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" and Note 16, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" in our Annual Report and did not significantly change during the first half of 2019. As noted in Note 16 of the Notes included in our Annual Report, due to the nature of our counterparty agreements, and the fact that we are not subject to master netting arrangements, we are not able to net positions with the same counterparty and, therefore, present our derivative positions on a gross basis in our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. Except as noted below, our significant derivative positions have not changed considerably since year-end.

#### Cross Currency Swaps

Effective March 20, 2019, we entered into cross currency swap agreements having a total notional value of approximately EUR 353 million (\$400 million upon execution) in order to hedge a portion of the foreign currency translational impacts of our European investment. As a result of the swaps, we economically converted a portion of our \$1.0 billion 2.1% senior notes due 2021 and associated interest to EUR denominated, which will result in a EUR interest rate to be received at 0.71%.

Separately, effective April 3, 2019, we voluntarily early terminated our \$500 million cross currency swaps due in 2020 under which we were receiving EUR interest payments at a rate of 0.85%, and concurrently entered into new cross currency swap agreements having a total notional of approximately EUR 445 million (\$500 million upon execution) in order to hedge a portion of the foreign currency translation impacts of our European investment. As a result of the swaps, we economically

converted our \$500 million 2.25% senior notes due 2020 and associated interest to EUR denominated, which will result in a EUR interest rate to be received of 0.68%. The termination of the original \$500 million cross currency swaps resulted in cash receipts of approximately \$47 million which were classified as investing activities in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of cash flows during the second quarter of 2019.

We have designated each of these cross currency swaps as net investment hedges and accordingly, record changes in fair value due to fluctuations in the spot rate to AOCI. The changes in fair value of the swaps attributable to changes other than those due to fluctuations in the spot rate are excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness and recorded to interest expense over the life of the hedge.

#### Derivative Fair Value Measurements

We utilize market approaches to estimate the fair value of our derivative instruments by discounting anticipated future cash flows derived from the derivative's contractual terms and observable market interest, foreign exchange and commodity rates. The fair values of our derivatives also include credit risk adjustments to account for our counterparties' credit risk, as well as our own non-performance risk, as appropriate. The fair value of our warrants to acquire common shares of HEXO at a strike price of CAD 6.00 per share are estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the HEXO warrants are as follows:

	As of June 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018
Expected term (years)	2.3	2.8
Estimated volatility	71.77%	88.71%
Risk-free interest rate	1.42%	2.04%
Expected dividend yield	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The expected term is based on the contractual maturity date of the warrants. Estimated volatility is based on a blend of implied volatility and historical volatility of HEXO's stock. The risk-free rate utilized is based on a zero-coupon Canadian Treasury security yield with a remaining term equal to the expected term of the warrants. The expected dividend yield is determined by historical dividend levels.

The table below summarizes our derivative assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

		Fair value measurements as of Jun						ie 30, 2019			
	As of June 30, 2019			Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)			
				(In n	nilli	ons)					
Cross currency swaps	\$	(3.1)	\$	_	\$	(3.1)	\$	_			
Interest rate swaps		(91.0)		_		(91.0)		_			
Foreign currency forwards		3.2		_		3.2		_			
Commodity swaps and options		(38.1)		_		(38.1)		_			
Warrants		28.5				28.5		_			
Total	\$	(100.5)	\$		\$	(100.5)	\$				

			Fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018								
	As of Dece	mber 31, 2018	active	d prices in e markets evel 1)		nificant other ervable inputs (Level 2)		Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)			
				(In	millions)						
Cross currency swaps	\$	36.5	\$	_	\$	36.5	\$	_			
Interest rate swaps		(12.3)		_		(12.3)		_			
Foreign currency forwards		16.3		_		16.3		_			
Commodity swaps and options		(42.0)		_		(42.0)		_			
Warrants		19.6		_		19.6		_			
Total	\$	18.1	\$	_	\$	18.1	\$	_			

As of June 30, 2019, we had no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. New derivative contracts transacted during the six months ended June 30, 2019 were all included in Level 2.

#### Results of Period Derivative Activity

The tables below include the results of our derivative activity in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, and the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments in the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (in millions):

					As of	June 30, 2019		
	-		Derivative Liabilities	tive Liabilities				
		Notional amount	Balance sheet location		r value	Balance sheet location	Fa	air value
Derivatives designated as hedging instrum	nated as hedging instruments:							
Cross currency swaps	\$	900.0	Other current assets	\$	_	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	(5.2)
			Other non-current assets		2.1	Other liabilities		_
Interest rate swaps	\$	1,500.0	Other non-current assets		_	Other liabilities		(91.0)
Foreign currency forwards	\$	317.7	Other current assets		2.1	Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(1.1)
			Other non-current assets		2.6	Other liabilities		(0.4)
Total derivatives designated as hedging inst	ruments			\$	6.8		\$	(97.7)
Derivatives not designated as hedging ins	trument	s:		_				
Commodity swaps <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	697.8	Other current assets	\$	10.4	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	(36.3)
			Other non-current assets		2.6	Other liabilities		(14.8)
Commodity options <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	46.6	Other current assets		0.1	Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(0.1)
Warrants	\$	52.7	Other non-current assets		28.5			
Total derivatives not designated as hedging	instrume	nts		\$	41.6		\$	(51.2)

					As of De	cember 31, 2018					
			Derivative Asset	S		Derivative Liabilities					
		Notional amount	Balance sheet location	Fai	r value	Balance sheet location	F	air value			
Derivatives designated as hedging instrument	ents:										
Cross currency swaps	\$	500.0	Other non-current assets	\$	36.5	Other liabilities	\$	_			
Interest rate swaps	\$	1,500.0	Other non-current assets		_	Other liabilities		(12.3)			
Foreign currency forwards	\$	338.6	Other current assets		7.3	Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(0.1)			
			Other non-current assets		9.2	Other liabilities		(0.1)			
Total derivatives designated as hedging instru	iments			\$	53.0		\$	(12.5)			
Derivatives not designated as hedging instr	umen	ts:									
Commodity swaps <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	868.4	Other current assets	\$	12.1	Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	(37.9)			
			Other non-current assets		6.1	Other liabilities		(22.3)			
Commodity options <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	46.6	Other current assets		0.1	Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(0.1)			
Warrants	\$	50.6	Other non-current assets		19.6						
Total derivatives not designated as hedging in	nstrum	ents		\$	37.9		\$	(60.3)			

<sup>(1)</sup> Notional includes offsetting buy and sell positions, shown in terms of absolute value. Buy and sell positions are shown gross in the asset and/or liability position, as appropriate.

Line item in the balance sheet in which the hedged item is	Carrying amount of the hedged assets/liabilities					Cumulative amount of fair value hedging adjustment(s) in the hedged assets/liabilities <sup>(1)</sup> Increase/(Decrease)					
included	As of June 30, 2019		As	As of December 31, 2018		as of June 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018				
				(In millions)							
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(0.6)	\$	(0.2)			
Long-term debt	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7.9	\$	8.3			

\$	— \$	_	\$ /	.9 \$ 8.3
ljustments on discontin	nued hedging relationships.			
nd Net Investment Hed	dge Accounting on Accumul	lated Other Compreh	ensive Income (Loss) (	in millions):
	Three Months Ended June	30, 2019		
Amo	ount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative	reclassified from	n AOCI into	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative
\$	(46.3)	Interest expense, net	\$	(0.8)
	(4.5)	Cost of goods sold		1.5
		Other income (expen	se), net	(0.3)
\$	(50.8)	<u></u>	\$	0.4
	TI M (1 E 1 1 1	20.2010		
	Three Months Ended June	30, 2019	Location of gain (loss	) Amount of gain (loss)
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative	recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	
\$ (9.5)	Interest income (expense), net	<u> </u>	Interest income (expense net	6.4
\$ (9.5)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		\$ 6.4
	Three Months Ended June	30, 2019		
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative		Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	n Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on
(loss) recognized in	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative	recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing) Other income (expense),	n Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded
(loss) recognized in OCI on derivative	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income  Other income (expense), \$	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative	recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)
(loss) recognized in OCI on derivative \$ (12.4)	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income  Other income (expense), net	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative —	recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing) Other income (expense),	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing) \$
(loss) recognized in OCI on derivative \$ (12.4) \$ (12.4)	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income  Other income (expense), net  S	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative —	recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)  Other income (expense), net	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing) \$
(loss) recognized in OCI on derivative \$ (12.4) \$ (12.4)	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income  Other income (expense), net  Three Months Ended June unt of gain (loss) recognized in	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative  - 30, 2018 Location of gain (	recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)  Other income (expense), net  loss) reclassified Arnto income	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)  \$  s mount of gain (loss) recognized
(loss) recognized in OCI on derivative \$ (12.4) \$ (12.4)	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income  Other income (expense), net  Three Months Ended June unt of gain (loss) recognized in	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative	recognized in income of derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)  Other income (expense), net  loss) reclassified Arnto income	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)  \$  S  mount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative
	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative  \$ (9.5)	Amount of gain (loss)  S (50.8)  Amount of gain (loss)  S (50.8)  Three Months Ended June  Location of gain (loss)  recognized in OCI on derivative  Amount of gain (loss)  S (50.8)  Location of gain (loss)  recognized in OCI on derivative  S (9.5)  Interest income (expense), onet	Amount of gain (loss)  Three Months Ended June 30, 2019  Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative  Three Months Ended June 30, 2019  Location of greclassified from income (expense), recognized in OCI on derivative  Location of greclassified from AOCI on derivative  Amount of gain (loss)  Three Months Ended June 30, 2019  Amount of gain (loss)  recognized in OCI on derivative  Location of gain (loss)  recognized from AOCI into income  Second	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative  Amount of gain (loss)  Solution of gain (loss)  Cost of goods sold  Other income (expense), net  Location of gain (loss)  Other income (expense), net  Location of gain (loss)  Cost of goods sold  Other income (expense), net  Location of gain (loss)  Solution income  Location of gain (loss)  Three Months Ended June 30, 2019  Location of gain (loss)  Frecognized in OCI on derivative  Amount of gain (loss)  Recognized in OCI on derivative  Solution of gain (loss)  Recognized from AOCI into income of gain (loss)  Recognized from AOCI on derivative  Solution of gain (loss)  Recognized from AOCI on derivative  Interest income (expense)  Interest income (expense)

		Three Months Ended Ju	ne 30, 2018		
Derivatives in net investment hedge relationships	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing) <sup>(1)</sup>
Cross surronay swans	\$ 27.6	Interest income (expense),	s —	Interest income (expense),	\$ 2.4
Cross currency swaps Total	\$ 27.6 \$ 27.6	net	<u> </u>	net	\$ 2.4 \$ 2.4
			<u>-</u>		•
		Three Months Ended Ju	ne 30, 2018		
Non-derivative financial instruments in net investment hedge relationships	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on derivative	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)
EUR 800 million notes due 2024	\$ 51.2	Other income (expense), net	\$ <u> </u>	Other income (expense), net	\$ —
EUR 500 million notes due 2019	32.0	Other income (expense), net		Other income (expense), net	
Total	\$ 83.2		<u> </u>		\$
Derivatives in cash flow hedge relationships	Amor	Six Months Ended June unt of gain (loss) recognized OCI on derivative			of gain (loss) recognized from AOCI on derivative
Forward starting interest rate swaps	\$	(78.	7) Interest expense, net	\$	(1.5)
Foreign currency forwards		(11.	.5) Cost of goods sold		2.3
			Other income (exper	ise), net	(0.5)
Total	\$	(90.	2)	\$	0.3
		Six Months Ended June	 a 30 2019		
Derivatives in net investment hedge	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on	Location of gain (loss)	Amount of gain (loss)	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from
relationships	derivative	into income	AOCI on derivative	effectiveness testing)	effectiveness testing)(1)
Cross currency swaps	\$ 6.6	Interest income (expense), net	\$ —	Interest income (expense), net	\$ 10.4
Total	\$ 6.6		\$ —		\$ 10.4
		Six Months Ended June	30 2019	_	
Non-derivative financial instruments in net	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in OCI on	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI	Amount of gain (loss) recognized from	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded
EUR 800 million notes due 2024	\$ 7.6	Other income (expense),	**AOCI on derivative	Other income (expense),	from effectiveness testing)  \$ —
EUR 500 million notes due 2019	10.1	net Other income (expense),	_	net Other income (expense),	_
Total	\$ 17.7	net	\$ —	net	<u> </u>
		a			
	Amor	Six Months Ended June ant of gain (loss) recognized		loss) reclassified Amount	of gain (loss) recognized from
Derivatives in cash flow hedge relationships	Amo	OCI on derivative	from AOCI i		AOCI on derivative
Forward starting interest rate swaps	\$	-	Interest expense, net	\$	(1.5)
Foreign currency forwards	_	14	.0 Cost of goods sold		(0.9)

14.0

(2.4)

Total

#### Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

Derivatives in net investment hedge relationships	recognize	of gain (loss) d in OCI on ivative	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income	Amount of g recognize AOCI on de	ed from	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	recognized i derivativ excluded fron	f gain (loss) in income on e (amount n effectiveness ng) <sup>(1)</sup>		
Cross currency swaps	s	27.6	Interest income (expense), net	\$	_	Interest income (expense), net	\$	2.4		
Total	\$	27.6		\$	_		\$	2.4		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018										
Non-derivative financial instruments in net investment hedge relationships	recognized	f gain (loss) d in OCI on vative	Location of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income	Amount of garecognized AOCI on de	d from	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)	Amount of recognized i derivative (am from effective	ount excluded		
	recognized	d in OCI on	reclassified from AOCI	recognized	d from	recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from	recognized i derivative (am	n income on ount excluded		
investment hedge relationships	recognized	d in OCI on vative	reclassified from AOCI into income Other income (expense),	recognized	d from erivative	recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness testing)  Other income (expense),	recognized i derivative (am	n income on ount excluded		

Represents amounts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness for which the difference between changes in fair value and period amortization is (1) recorded in other comprehensive income.

We expect net losses of approximately \$2 million (pretax) recorded in AOCI as of June 30, 2019 related to cash flow hedges will be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months. For derivatives designated in cash flow hedge relationships, the maximum length of time over which forecasted transactions are hedged as of June 30, 2019 is approximately 4 years, as well as those related to our forecasted debt issuances in 2021, 2022, and 2026.

The Effect of Fair Value and Cash Flow Hedge Accounting on the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (in millions):

Three	Months	Endad	Inna '	30 '	2010

		Location and amount of gain (loss) recognized in in on fair value and cash flow hedging relationships						
	Cost of goods sold		Other income (expense), net		Interest incom (expense), ne			
Total amount of income and expense line items presented in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations in which the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded	\$	(1,759.8)	\$	(10.9)	\$	(65.6)		
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedging relationships:								
Forward starting interest rate swaps								
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income		_		_		(0.8)		
Foreign currency forwards								
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income		1.5		(0.3)		_		
29								

#### Three Months Ended June 30, 2018

Three Months Ended June 30, 2018						
			rec	cation and am ognized in inc cash flow hed	come or	ı fair value
			Со	st of goods sold		rest income pense), net
Total amount of income and expense line items presented in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations in wh value or cash flow hedges are recorded	nich th	e effects of fair	\$	(1,739.1)		(76.7)
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedging relationships:						
Forward starting interest rate swaps						
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income				_		(0.7)
Foreign currency forwards						
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income				(0.3)		_
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019						
		cation and amo				
	c	ost of goods sold		ner income pense), net		rest income pense), net
Total amount of income and expense line items presented in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations in which the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded	\$	(3,172.8)	\$	13.0	\$	(138.9)
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedging relationships:						
Forward starting interest rate swaps						
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income		_		_		(1.5)
Foreign currency forwards						(1.5)
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income		2.3		(0.5)		_
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018						
			rec	cation and am ognized in inc cash flow hed	come or	n fair value
			Со	st of goods sold		rest income pense), net
Total amount of income and expense line items presented in the unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations in whalue or cash flow hedges are recorded	nich th	e effects of fair	\$	(3,274.8)	\$	(159.9)
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedging relationships:						
Forward starting interest rate swaps						
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income				_		(1.5)
Foreign currency forwards						
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income				(0.9)		_

(1) We had no outstanding fair value hedges during the first half of 2019 or 2018.

The Effect of Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments on the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (in millions):

Throo	Months	Endad	Inna	30	2010

Derivatives not in hedging relationships	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative	A	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative
Commodity swaps	Cost of goods sold	\$	(37.2)
Warrants	Other income (expense), net		(15.0)
Total		\$	(52.2)

#### Three Months Ended June 30, 2018

Derivatives not in hedging relationships	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative	Amount of gain (loss) recognize income on derivative	d in
Commodity swaps	Cost of goods sold	\$	62.2
Total		\$	62.2

Lower commodity prices year over year, primarily for aluminum and diesel, drove the total loss recognized in income related to commodity swaps for the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the total gain in the second quarter of 2018.

a.	3.6 (1	T 1 1		20	2010	
SIX	Month	s Ended	ı Jiine	.311.	2019	

Derivatives not in hedging relationships	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative	t of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative
Commodity swaps	Cost of goods sold	\$ (4.5)
Warrants	Other income (expense), net	7.9
Total		\$ 3.4
	C' Marila Falad I ar 20 2010	

#### Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

Derivatives not in hedging relationships	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative	Amount of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative	
Commodity swaps	Cost of goods sold	\$	(12.2)
Total		\$	(12.2)

#### 12. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Litigation and Other Disputes and Environmental

Related to litigation, other disputes and environmental issues, we have accrued an aggregate of \$12.5 million and \$13.7 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. While we cannot predict the eventual aggregate cost for litigation, other disputes and environmental matters in which we are currently involved, we believe adequate reserves have been provided for losses that are probable and estimable. Additionally, as noted below, there are certain loss contingencies that we deem reasonably possible for which a range of loss is not estimable at this time; for all other matters, we believe that any reasonably possible losses in excess of the amounts accrued are immaterial to our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Our litigation, other disputes and environmental issues are discussed in further detail within Part II—Item 8 Financial Statements, Note 18, "Commitments and Contingencies" in our Annual Report and did not significantly change during the first half of 2019, except as noted below.

We are also involved in other disputes and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of our business. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the outcome of these proceedings, in our opinion, based on a review with legal counsel, other than as noted, none of these disputes or legal actions are expected to have a material impact on our business, consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business.

On February 12, 2018, Stone Brewing Company filed a trademark infringement lawsuit in federal court in the Southern District of California against MillerCoors LLC alleging that the Keystone brand has "rebranded" itself as "Stone" and is marketing itself in a manner confusingly similar to Stone Brewing Company's registered Stone trademark. Stone Brewing Company seeks treble damages in the amount of MillerCoors' profit from Keystone sales. MillerCoors subsequently filed an answer and counterclaims against Stone Brewing Company. On May 31, 2018, Stone Brewing Company filed a motion to dismiss MillerCoors' counterclaims and for a preliminary injunction seeking to bar MillerCoors from continuing to use "STONE" on Keystone Light cans and related marketing materials. In March 2019, the court denied Stone Brewing Company's motion for preliminary injunction and its motion to dismiss MillerCoors' counterclaims. No trial date has been scheduled. We intend to vigorously assert and defend our rights in this lawsuit. A range of potential loss is not estimable at this time.

In December 2018, the U.S. Department of Treasury issued a regulation that impacts our ability to claim a refund of certain federal duties, taxes, and fees paid for beer sold between the U.S. and certain other countries effective in February 2019. As a result, future claims will no longer be accepted, and we may be further unable to collect historically claimed, but not yet received, refunds of approximately \$40 million, which are recorded within other non-current assets on our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2019.

On February 15, 2019, two purported stockholders filed substantially similar putative class action complaints against the Company, Mark R. Hunter, and Tracey I. Joubert (the "Defendants") in the United States District Court for the District of Colorado (the "Colorado District Court"), and in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois (the "Illinois District Court"). On February 21, 2019, another purported stockholder filed a substantially similar complaint in the Colorado District Court. The plaintiffs purport to represent a class of the Company's stockholders and assert that the Defendants violated Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act by allegedly making false and misleading statements or omissions regarding the Company's restatement of consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2017, and that the Company purportedly lacked adequate internal controls over financial reporting. The plaintiffs seek, among other things, an unspecified amount of damages and reasonable attorneys' fees, expert fees and other costs. On April 16, 2019, motions to consolidate and appoint a lead plaintiff were filed in each case. On May 24, 2019, the securities class action suit filed with the Illinois District Court was transferred to the Colorado District Court, but has not been consolidated with any of the other class action suits filed in that district. We intend to defend the claims vigorously. A range of potential loss is not estimable at this time.

On March 26, 2019, a purported stockholder filed a purported shareholder derivative action in Colorado District Court against the Company's board of directors and certain current officers (the "Individual Defendants"), and the Company as a nominal defendant. On May 14, 2019, another purported stockholder filed a substantially similar complaint in the Colorado District Court. The complaints assert claims against the Individual Defendants for breaches of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment arising out of the Company's dissemination to shareholders of purportedly materially misleading and inaccurate information in connection with the Company's restatement of consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2017. The complaints further allege that the Company lacked adequate internal controls over financial reporting. The relief sought in the complaints include changes to the Company's corporate governance procedures, unspecified damages, restitution, and attorneys' fees, expert fees and other costs. The parties have agreed to stay the proceedings in the shareholder derivative action until the federal district courts rule on anticipated motions to dismiss in the above described class action complaints after consolidation. On June 5, 2019, the court administratively closed one of the derivative matters, subject to being reopened for good cause shown. A range of potential loss is not estimable at this time.

In June 2019, the Ontario government adopted a bill that, if enacted, would terminate a 10-year Master Framework Agreement that was originally signed between the previous government administration and Molson Coors, Labatt Brewing Company Limited, Sleeman Breweries Ltd., and Brewers Retail Inc. in 2015 and dictates the terms of the beer distribution and retail systems in Ontario through 2025. The government has not yet proclaimed the bill as law. The impacts of these potential legislative changes are unknown at this time, but could have a negative impact on the results of operations, cash flows and financial position of the Canada segment. While discussions remain ongoing with the government to reach a mutually agreeable alternative to the enactment of the law, the Company and the other Master Framework Agreement signatories are prepared to vigorously defend their rights and pursue legal recourse, should the Master Framework Agreement be unilaterally terminated by the enactment of the legislation.

#### **Guarantees and Indemnities**

We guarantee indebtedness and other obligations to banks and other third parties for some of our equity method investments and consolidated subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets include liabilities related to these guarantees of \$63.2 million and \$35.9 million, respectively. See Note 4, "Investments" for further detail.

Separately, related to our Kaiser indemnities, we have accrued \$14.8 million and \$14.7 million, in aggregate, as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The maximum potential claims amount remaining for the Kaiser-related purchased tax credits was \$90.9 million, based on foreign exchange rates as of June 30, 2019. Our Kaiser liabilities are discussed in further detail within Part II—Item 8 Financial Statements, Note 18, "Commitments and Contingencies" in our Annual Report and did not significantly change during the first half of 2019.

#### 13. Supplemental Guarantor Information

For purposes of this Note 13, including the tables, "Parent Issuer" shall mean MCBC. "Subsidiary Guarantors" shall mean certain Canadian and U.S. subsidiaries reflecting the substantial operations of each of our Canada and U.S. segments.

SEC Registered Securities

On May 3, 2012, MCBC issued \$1.9 billion of senior notes, in a registered public offering, consisting of \$300 million 2.0% senior notes due 2017 (subsequently repaid in the second quarter of 2017), \$500 million 3.5% senior notes due 2022, and \$1.1 billion 5.0% senior notes due 2042. Additionally, on July 7, 2016, MCBC issued the \$500 million 1.45% senior notes due 2019 (subsequently repaid after the second quarter of 2019), \$1.0 billion 2.10% senior notes due 2021, \$2.0 billion 3.0% senior

notes due 2026, \$1.8 billion 4.2% senior notes due 2046 and EUR \$800.0 million 1.25% senior notes due 2024, in a registered public offering. In December 2017, MCBC completed an exchange offer in which it issued publicly registered senior notes in exchange for its \$500 million 1.90% senior notes due 2019 (subsequently repaid in the first quarter of 2019), \$500 million 2.25% senior notes due 2020 and our EUR 500 million floating rate senior notes due 2019 (subsequently repaid in the first quarter of 2019), which were issued in private placement transactions in March 2017. "Parent Issuer" in the below tables is specifically referring to MCBC in its capacity as the issuer of these 2012, 2016 and 2017 issuances. These senior notes are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Subsidiary Guarantors. Each of the Subsidiary Guarantors is 100% owned by the Parent Issuer. The guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several.

None of our other outstanding debt is registered with the SEC, and such other outstanding debt is guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Parent and/or Subsidiary Guarantors. These guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several. See <a href="Note 8">Note 8</a>, "Debt" for details of all debt issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2019.

#### Presentation

In the first quarter of 2018, MillerCoors LLC, a subsidiary guarantor, declared a distribution of approximately \$1.7 billion to MCBC, which was simultaneously non-cash settled via offset to an equal amount of payables that were owed by MCBC to MillerCoors LLC.

The following information sets forth the unaudited condensed consolidating statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, unaudited condensed consolidating balance sheets as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, and unaudited condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for under the equity method; accordingly, entries necessary to consolidate the Parent Issuer and all of our guarantor and non-guarantor subsidiaries are reflected in the eliminations column. In the opinion of management, separate complete financial statements of MCBC and the Subsidiary Guarantors would not provide additional material information that would be useful in assessing their financial composition.

# Three Months Ended

			June 30, 2019 Subsidiary				
	Parent Issuer	Subsidiary Guarantors	Non Guarantors	1	Eliminations	C	onsolidated
Sales	\$ 38.3	\$ 2,765.8	\$ 988.9	\$	(173.0)	\$	3,620.0
Excise taxes	_	(380.2)	(291.5)				(671.7)
Net sales	 38.3	2,385.6	697.4		(173.0)		2,948.3
Cost of goods sold	(2.4)	(1,398.4)	(479.9)		120.9		(1,759.8)
Gross profit	35.9	987.2	217.5		(52.1)		1,188.5
Marketing, general and administrative expenses	(71.5)	(565.6)	(184.7)		52.1		(769.7)
Special items, net	_	52.0	(2.1)		_		49.9
Equity income (loss) in subsidiaries	374.5	(66.7)	85.0		(392.8)		
Operating income (loss)	338.9	406.9	 115.7		(392.8)		468.7
Interest income (expense), net	(76.2)	88.3	(77.7)				(65.6)
Other pension and postretirement benefits (costs), net	_	1.1	7.3		_		8.4
Other income (expense), net	(0.1)	22.5	(33.3)		_		(10.9)
Income (loss) before income taxes	 262.6	518.8	12.0		(392.8)		400.6
Income tax benefit (expense)	66.8	(143.8)	6.6				(70.4)
Net income (loss)	329.4	375.0	18.6		(392.8)		330.2
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_	(0.8)		_		(0.8)
Net income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$ 329.4	\$ 375.0	\$ 17.8	\$	(392.8)	\$	329.4
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$ 333.5	\$ 424.0	\$ 1.1	\$	(425.1)	\$	333.5

# Three Months Ended

	June 30, 2018								
		Parent Issuer		Subsidiary Guarantors		Subsidiary Non Guarantors	Eliminations	C	onsolidated
Sales	\$		\$	2,874.7	\$	1,079.7	\$ (133.9)	\$	3,820.5
Excise taxes				(406.4)		(328.9)			(735.3)
Net sales		_		2,468.3		750.8	(133.9)		3,085.2
Cost of goods sold		(0.5)		(1,385.0)		(485.8)	132.2		(1,739.1)
Gross profit		(0.5)		1,083.3		265.0	(1.7)		1,346.1
Marketing, general and administrative expenses		(60.9)		(514.0)		(171.5)	1.7		(744.7)
Special items, net		(0.4)		(7.7)		(2.4)	_		(10.5)
Equity income (loss) in subsidiaries		261.9		79.2		57.4	(398.5)		
Operating income (loss)		200.1		640.8		148.5	(398.5)		590.9
Interest income (expense), net		(81.2)		84.8		(80.3)	_		(76.7)
Other pension and postretirement benefits (costs), net		_		1.6		8.3	_		9.9
Other income (expense), net		0.3		(80.5)		79.1	_		(1.1)
Income (loss) before income taxes		119.2		646.7		155.6	(398.5)		523.0
Income tax benefit (expense)		304.9		(385.1)		(12.0)	_		(92.2)
Net income (loss)		424.1		261.6		143.6	 (398.5)		430.8
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		_		(6.7)	_		(6.7)
Net income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$	424.1	\$	261.6	\$	136.9	\$ (398.5)	\$	424.1
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$	209.6	\$	(30.7)	\$	(47.0)	\$ 77.7	\$	209.6

# Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

	June 30, 2017									
		Parent Issuer		Subsidiary Guarantors		Subsidiary Non Guarantors	F	Eliminations	c	onsolidated
Sales	\$	64.6	\$	4,975.1	\$	1,683.8	\$	(303.4)	\$	6,420.1
Excise taxes		_		(664.9)		(503.6)		_		(1,168.5)
Net sales		64.6		4,310.2		1,180.2		(303.4)		5,251.6
Cost of goods sold		(3.9)		(2,533.7)		(845.5)		210.3		(3,172.8)
Gross profit		60.7		1,776.5		334.7		(93.1)		2,078.8
Marketing, general and administrative expenses		(143.1)		(1,023.5)		(351.4)		93.1		(1,424.9)
Special items, net		(0.4)		43.6		(6.3)		_		36.9
Equity income (loss) in subsidiaries		619.8		(129.7)		79.1		(569.2)		_
Operating income (loss)		537.0		666.9		56.1		(569.2)		690.8
Interest income (expense), net		(153.6)		168.5		(153.8)		_		(138.9)
Other pension and postretirement benefits (costs), net		_		2.3		14.7		_		17.0
Other income (expense), net		(0.1)		(7.4)		20.5				13.0
Income (loss) before income taxes		383.3		830.3		(62.5)		(569.2)		581.9
Income tax benefit (expense)		97.5		(209.8)		9.7		_		(102.6)
Net income (loss)		480.8		620.5		(52.8)		(569.2)		479.3
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests						1.5		_		1.5
Net income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$	480.8	\$	620.5	\$	(51.3)	\$	(569.2)	\$	480.8
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$	527.0	\$	694.8	\$	(63.3)	\$	(631.5)	\$	527.0

# Six Months Ended

	June 30, 2018								
		Parent Issuer		Subsidiary Guarantors		Subsidiary Non Guarantors	Eliminations	C	onsolidated
Sales	\$	4.9	\$	5,109.3	\$	1,822.3	\$ (248.0)	\$	6,688.5
Excise taxes		_		(707.8)		(564.0)			(1,271.8)
Net sales		4.9		4,401.5		1,258.3	(248.0)		5,416.7
Cost of goods sold		(1.0)		(2,626.7)		(885.5)	238.4		(3,274.8)
Gross profit		3.9		1,774.8		372.8	 (9.6)		2,141.9
Marketing, general and administrative expenses		(131.1)		(977.3)		(327.0)	9.6		(1,425.8)
Special items, net		(0.4)		313.7		(9.0)	_		304.3
Equity income (loss) in subsidiaries		897.4		(79.6)		62.2	(880.0)		_
Operating income (loss)		769.8		1,031.6		99.0	 (880.0)		1,020.4
Interest income (expense), net		(166.4)		166.8		(160.3)	_		(159.9)
Other pension and postretirement benefits (costs), net		_		3.0		16.9	_		19.9
Other income (expense), net		0.1		(40.3)		40.2	_		_
Income (loss) before income taxes		603.5		1,161.1		(4.2)	(880.0)		880.4
Income tax benefit (expense)		98.7		(263.2)		(2.6)	_		(167.1)
Net income (loss)		702.2		897.9		(6.8)	 (880.0)		713.3
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		_		(11.1)	_		(11.1)
Net income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$	702.2	\$	897.9	\$	(17.9)	\$ (880.0)	\$	702.2
Comprehensive income attributable to MCBC	\$	536.8	\$	712.5	\$	(94.3)	\$ (618.2)	\$	536.8

# MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET (IN MILLIONS) (UNAUDITED)

As of

			Jun	e 30, 2019				
	Parent Issuer	Subsidiary Guarantors		Subsidiary Non Guarantors	F	Eliminations	Co	onsolidated
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12.2	\$ 170.5	\$	307.5	\$	_	\$	490.2
Accounts receivable, net	_	534.3		398.0		_		932.3
Other receivables, net	73.2	72.2		30.4		_		175.8
Inventories, net	_	495.6		202.5		_		698.1
Other current assets, net	3.0	196.0		105.0		_		304.0
Intercompany accounts receivable	_	3,474.7		83.2		(3,557.9)		
Total current assets	88.4	4,943.3		1,126.6		(3,557.9)		2,600.4
Properties, net	14.9	3,295.6		1,194.6		_		4,505.1
Goodwill	_	6,465.4		1,823.5		_		8,288.9
Other intangibles, net	5.0	11,816.3		1,946.1		_		13,767.4
Net investment in and advances to subsidiaries	26,267.4	3,559.1		4,835.4		(34,661.9)		_
Other assets	 134.2	 357.6		499.1		(91.1)		899.8
Total assets	\$ 26,509.9	\$ 30,437.3	\$	11,425.3	\$	(38,310.9)	\$	30,061.6
Liabilities and equity								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 159.2	\$ 1,944.4	\$	942.0	\$	_	\$	3,045.6
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings	998.8	1.5		34.4		_		1,034.7
Intercompany accounts payable	2,718.7	 165.6		673.6		(3,557.9)		
Total current liabilities	3,876.7	2,111.5		1,650.0		(3,557.9)		4,080.3
Long-term debt	7,261.7	1,183.0		73.2		_		8,517.9
Pension and postretirement benefits	3.4	709.8		12.3		_		725.5
Deferred tax liabilities	_	1,507.7		783.0		(91.1)		2,199.6
Other liabilities	122.2	188.1		83.0		_		393.3
Intercompany notes payable	1,347.6	 17.1		6,131.5		(7,496.2)		
Total liabilities	12,611.6	5,717.2		8,733.0		(11,145.2)		15,916.6
MCBC stockholders' equity	13,899.4	30,850.5		3,811.4		(34,661.9)		13,899.4
Intercompany notes receivable	 (1.1)	 (6,130.4)		(1,364.7)		7,496.2		_
Total stockholders' equity	13,898.3	24,720.1		2,446.7		(27,165.7)		13,899.4
Noncontrolling interests	_	_		245.6		_		245.6
Total equity	13,898.3	24,720.1		2,692.3		(27,165.7)		14,145.0
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 26,509.9	\$ 30,437.3	\$	11,425.3	\$	(38,310.9)	\$	30,061.6

# MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET (IN MILLIONS) (UNAUDITED)

As of

		December 31, 2018								
		Parent Issuer		Subsidiary Guarantors		Subsidiary Non Guarantors	E	liminations	Co	onsolidated
Assets	·									
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	515.8	\$	156.1	\$	386.0	\$	_	\$	1,057.9
Accounts receivable, net		_		427.3		317.1		_		744.4
Other receivables, net		50.0		48.3		28.3		_		126.6
Inventories, net		_		451.6		140.2		_		591.8
Other current assets, net		3.0		157.2		85.4		_		245.6
Intercompany accounts receivable		_		2,366.0		31.0		(2,397.0)		_
Total current assets		568.8		3,606.5		988.0		(2,397.0)		2,766.3
Properties, net		19.0		3,427.5		1,161.8		_		4,608.3
Goodwill		_		6,444.0		1,816.8		_		8,260.8
Other intangibles, net		6.0		11,800.0		1,970.4		_		13,776.4
Net investment in and advances to subsidiaries		25,475.0		3,893.2		4,579.7		(33,947.9)		_
Other assets		159.9		193.2		436.0		(91.1)		698.0
Total assets	\$	26,228.7	\$	29,364.4	\$	10,952.7	\$	(36,436.0)	\$	30,109.8
Liabilities and equity										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	170.8	\$	1,651.0	\$	884.6	\$	_	\$	2,706.4
Current portion of long-term debt and short-term borrowings		1,572.6		_		21.9		_		1,594.5
Intercompany accounts payable		1,836.5		120.9		439.6		(2,397.0)		_
Total current liabilities		3,579.9		1,771.9		1,346.1		(2,397.0)		4,300.9
Long-term debt		7,765.6		1,097.4		30.8		_		8,893.8
Pension and postretirement benefits		3.2		711.2		12.2		_		726.6
Deferred tax liabilities		_		1,461.1		758.9		(91.1)		2,128.9
Other liabilities		26.0		199.3		98.5		_		323.8
Intercompany notes payable		1,347.6		63.6		5,998.6		(7,409.8)		
Total liabilities		12,722.3		5,304.5		8,245.1		(9,897.9)		16,374.0
MCBC stockholders' equity		13,507.4		30,057.5		3,890.4		(33,947.9)		13,507.4
Intercompany notes receivable		(1.0)		(5,997.6)		(1,411.2)		7,409.8		_
Total stockholders' equity		13,506.4		24,059.9		2,479.2		(26,538.1)		13,507.4
Noncontrolling interests		_		_		228.4		_		228.4
Total equity		13,506.4		24,059.9		2,707.6		(26,538.1)		13,735.8
Total liabilities and equity	\$	26,228.7	\$	29,364.4	\$	10,952.7	\$	(36,436.0)	\$	30,109.8

# Six Months Ended

		Parent Issuer		Subsidiary Guarantors		June 30, 2019 Subsidiary Non Guarantors		Eliminations	C	onsolidated
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	663.1	\$	217.6	\$	(23.2)	\$	(29.5)	\$	828.0
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				_		_				
Additions to properties		(5.1)		(186.0)		(119.4)		_		(310.5)
Proceeds from sales of properties and other assets		_		96.5		3.4		_		99.9
Other		46.2		0.2		(3.6)		_		42.8
Net intercompany investing activity		20.0		(9.5)		48.4		(58.9)		_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		61.1		(98.8)		(71.2)		(58.9)		(167.8)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Exercise of stock options under equity compensation plans		1.4		_		_		_		1.4
Dividends paid		(163.0)		(29.5)		(14.4)		29.5		(177.4)
Payments on debt and borrowings		(1,066.3)		(0.2)		(4.3)		_		(1,070.8)
Net proceeds from (payments on) revolving credit facilities and commercial paper		_		_		(1.9)		_		(1.9)
Change in overdraft balances and other		(2.9)		(9.6)		25.3		_		12.8
Net intercompany financing activity		_		(69.3)		10.4		58.9		_
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(1,230.8)		(108.6)		15.1		88.4		(1,235.9)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:										
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(506.6)		10.2		(79.3)		_		(575.7)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		3.0		4.2		0.8		_		8.0
Balance at beginning of year		515.8		156.1		386.0		_		1,057.9
Balance at end of period	\$	12.2	\$	170.5	\$	307.5	\$	_	\$	490.2
					_					

# Six Months Ended

					June 30, 2018				
		Parent Issuer		Subsidiary Guarantors	Subsidiary Non Guarantors	El	liminations	Co	nsolidated
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	987.7	\$	368.8	\$ 78.1	\$	(136.8)	\$	1,297.8
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:									
Additions to properties		(7.0)		(256.8)	(87.3)		_		(351.1)
Proceeds from sales of properties and other assets		_		1.7	2.7		_		4.4
Other		_		(0.7)	(49.8)		_		(50.5)
Net intercompany investing activity		18.3		(20.8)	177.8		(175.3)		_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		11.3		(276.6)	43.4		(175.3)		(397.2)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Exercise of stock options under equity compensation plans		6.3		_	_		_		6.3
Dividends paid		(162.5)		_	(151.3)		136.8		(177.0)
Payments on debt and borrowings		_		(0.4)	(2.0)		_		(2.4)
Net proceeds from (payments on) revolving credit facilities and commercial paper	l	(378.4)		_	2.3		_		(376.1)
Change in overdraft balances and other		(4.9)		(6.9)	36.3		_		24.5
Net intercompany financing activity		(32.6)		(157.5)	14.8		175.3		_
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(572.1)		(164.8)	(99.9)		312.1		(524.7)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:									
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		426.9		(72.6)	21.6		_		375.9
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		_		0.3	(1.9)		_		(1.6)
Balance at beginning of year		6.6		140.9	271.1		_		418.6
Balance at end of period	\$	433.5	\$	68.6	\$ 290.8	\$	_	\$	792.9
			_						

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our audited consolidated financial statements, the accompanying notes and the MD&A included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 ("Annual Report"), as well as our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the accompanying notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Due to the seasonality of our operating results, quarterly financial results are not an appropriate basis from which to project annual results.

Unless otherwise noted in this report, any description of "we," "us" or "our" includes Molson Coors Brewing Company ("MCBC" or the "Company"), principally a holding company, and its operating and non-operating subsidiaries included within our reporting segments and Corporate. Our reporting segments include: MillerCoors LLC ("MillerCoors" or U.S. segment), operating in the U.S.; Molson Coors Canada ("MCC" or Canada segment), operating in Canada; Molson Coors Europe (Europe segment), operating in Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary, Montenegro, the Republic of Ireland, Romania, Serbia, the U.K. and various other European countries; and Molson Coors International ("MCI" or International segment), operating in various other countries.

Unless otherwise indicated, information in this report is presented in USD and comparisons are to comparable prior periods. Our primary operating currencies, other than USD, include the CAD, the GBP, and our Central European operating currencies such as the EUR, CZK, HRK and RSD.

## Operational Measures

We have certain operational measures, such as STWs and STRs, which we believe are important metrics. STW is a metric that we use in our business to reflect the sales from our operations to our direct customers, generally wholesalers. We believe the STW metric is important because it gives an indication of the amount of beer and adjacent products that we have produced and shipped to customers. STR is a metric that we use in our business to refer to sales closer to the end consumer than STWs, which generally means sales from our wholesalers or our company to retailers, who in turn sell to consumers. We believe the STR metric is important because, unlike STWs, it provides the closest indication of the performance of our brands in relation to market and competitor sales trends.

# **Executive Summary**

We are one of the world's largest brewers and have a diverse portfolio of owned and partner brands, including global priority brands *Blue Moon, Coors Banquet, Coors Light, Miller Genuine Draft, Miller Lite,* and *Staropramen*, regional champion brands *Carling, Molson Canadian* and other leading country-specific brands, as well as craft and specialty beers such as *Creemore Springs, Cobra, Sharp's Doom Bar, Henry's Hard* and *Leinenkugel's*. With centuries of brewing heritage, we have been crafting high-quality, innovative products with the purpose of delighting the world's beer drinkers and with the ambition to be the first choice for our consumers and customers. Our success depends on our ability to make our products available to meet a wide range of consumer segments and occasions.

## Summary of Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table highlights summarized components of our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. See Part I-Item 1. Financial Statements for additional details of our U.S. GAAP results.

			Thi	ee Months Ended				Si	x Months Ended		
	J	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	% change		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	% change	
		(In millions, except percentages and per share data)									
Financial volume in hectoliters		25.811		27.745	(7.0)%		45.912		48.558	(5.4)%	
Net sales	\$	2,948.3	\$	3,085.2	(4.4)%	\$	5,251.6	\$	5,416.7	(3.0)%	
Net income (loss) attributable to MCBC	\$	329.4	\$	424.1	(22.3)%	\$	480.8	\$	702.2	(31.5)%	
Net income (loss) attributable to MCBC per diluted share	\$	1.52	\$	1.96	(22.4)%	\$	2.22	\$	3.24	(31.5)%	

# Second Quarter 2019 Financial Highlights

During the second quarter of 2019, we recognized net income attributable to MCBC of \$329.4 million, representing a decrease of \$94.7 million versus the prior year. The decrease in net income attributable to MCBC was primarily driven by lower financial volume, unrealized mark-to-market losses in the current year compared to gains on our commodity positions in the prior year, higher inflation, higher marketing expenses including increased investments behind our brands to support premiumization and innovation initiatives, and decreased general and administrative benefits versus the prior year, partially offset by favorable net pricing, the \$61.3 million gain on the sale of the Montreal brewery and cost savings. Net sales of approximately \$2.9 billion in the second quarter of 2019 decreased 4.4% from the prior year, driven by volume declines largely due to industry declines and unfavorable foreign currency movements, partially offset by higher net pricing in all segments and positive global mix as a result of our continued focus on premiumizing our portfolio.

## Regional financial highlights:

- In our <u>U.S. segment</u>, income before income taxes decreased 10.0% to \$401.0 million in the second quarter of 2019, compared to the prior year primarily driven by lower volume, cost inflation, as well as higher marketing, general and administrative expenses, partially offset by higher net pricing and cost savings.
- In our <u>Canada segment</u>, income before income taxes increased 31.2% to \$80.4 million in the second quarter of 2019, compared to the prior year, driven primarily by the \$61.3 million gain on the sale of the Montreal brewery, partially offset by unrealized mark-to-market losses of approximately \$15 million recognized on the HEXO Corp. ("HEXO") warrants received in connection with the formation of the Truss LP ("Truss") joint venture, the gross profit impacts of volume declines, mix and cost inflation, as well as increased marketing, general and administrative expenses.
- In our <u>Europe segment</u>, income before income taxes decreased 35.7% to \$55.8 million in the second quarter of 2019, compared to prior year, driven primarily by unfavorable weather and soft industry demand, lower volume due to challenging comparatives given the World Cup consumption in the second quarter of 2018, as well as commodity inflation, increased marketing investments, cycling a benefit from the partial reversal of bad debt provisions in the second quarter of 2018, and unfavorable foreign currency movements.
- In our <u>International segment</u>, income before income taxes increased 92.3% to \$2.5 million in the second quarter of 2019, compared to prior year, primarily driven by shifting to a more profitable business model in Mexico, lower special charges related to the exit of our China business, and lower general and administrative expenses, partially offset by lower volume and cost inflation.

See "Results of Operations" below for further analysis of our segment results.

# Core brand highlights:

- Global priority brand volume decreased 4.6% in the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018, due to declines across all segments.
- Blue Moon Belgian White global brand volume increased 1.7% in the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018, driven by growth in Canada, International, and Europe, partially offset by declines in the U.S.
- Carling brand volume in Europe decreased 6.7% during the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018, due to lower volumes in the U.K., the brand's primary market.
- Coors global brand volume Coors Light global brand volume decreased 7.3% during the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018. The overall volume decrease in the second quarter of 2019 was primarily driven by lower brand volume in the U.S., International, and Canada. Volumes in the U.S. were lower than prior year, although Coors Light gained shared of the U.S. premium light segment in the quarter. The declines in International were driven by higher net pricing in Mexico. The declines in Canada are primarily the result of industry declines due to ongoing competitive pressures in Quebec and Ontario and a continued shift in consumer preference to value brands in the West. Coors Banquet global brand volume decreased 4.3% during the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018 driven by the U.S. and Canada.
- *Miller* global brand volume *Miller Lite* global brand volumes decreased 1.2% during the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018, primarily driven by the U.S., partially offset by International and Canada. However, *Miller Lite* gained share of the U.S. premium light segment for the nineteenth consecutive quarter. *Miller Genuine Draft* global brand volume decreased 11.3% during the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018, due to decreases in all segments.

- *Molson Canadian* brand volume in Canada decreased 9.0% during the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018, primarily driven by industry declines as well as share declines due to competitive pressures in the West and Ontario.
- Staropramen global brand volume, including royalty volume, decreased 0.6% during the second quarter of 2019 versus 2018, driven by lower volumes in the brand's primary market.

#### Worldwide Brand Volume

Worldwide brand volume (or "brand volume" when discussed by segment) reflects owned brands sold to unrelated external customers within our geographic markets, net of returns and allowances, royalty volume and an adjustment from STWs to STRs calculated consistently with MCBC owned volume. Contract brewing and wholesaler volume is removed from worldwide brand volume as this is non-owned volume for which we do not directly control performance. We believe this definition of worldwide brand volume more closely aligns with how we measure the performance of our owned brands within the markets in which they are sold. Financial volume represents owned brands sold to unrelated external customers within our geographical markets, net of returns and allowances as well as contract brewing, wholesale non-owned brand volume and company-owned distribution volume. Royalty volume consists of our brands produced and sold by third parties under various license and contract-brewing agreements and because this is owned volume, it is included in worldwide brand volume. The adjustment from STWs to STRs provides the closest indication of the performance of our owned brands in relation to market and competitor sales trends, as it reflects sales volume one step closer to the end consumer and generally means sales from our wholesalers or our company to retailers.

_	Ti	hree Months Ended		Six Months Ended						
_	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% change	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% change				
		(In	millions, except perc	entages)						
Volume in hectoliters:										
Financial volume	25.811	27.745	(7.0)%	45.912	48.558	(5.4)%				
Less: Contract brewing, wholesaler										
and non-beer volume	(2.129)	(2.277)	(6.5)%	(3.935)	(4.179)	(5.8)%				
Add: Royalty volume	1.040	1.057	(1.6)%	1.777	1.773	0.2 %				
Add: STW to STR adjustment	(0.427)	(0.780)	(45.3)%	(1.264)	(1.306)	(3.2)%				
Total worldwide brand volume	24.295	25.745	(5.6)%	42.490	44.846	(5.3)%				

Our worldwide brand volume decreased 5.6% and 5.3% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to prior year, primarily due to lower volume in all segments, partially as a result of industry declines as unfavorable weather conditions occurred across our primary geographies as well as cycling the benefit of higher consumption in Europe from the World Cup in the second quarter of 2018.

## **Net Sales Drivers**

For the three months ended June 30, 2019 versus June 30, 2018, by segment (in percentages):

	Volume	Price, Product and Geography Mix	Currency	Other	Total
Consolidated	(7.0)%	4.4%	(1.5)%	(0.3)%	(4.4)%
U.S.	(7.0)%	4.4%	<u> </u>	(0.3)%	(2.9)%
Canada	(5.3)%	2.5%	(3.2)%	(0.1)%	(6.1)%
Europe	(6.9)%	4.8%	(5.7)%	(0.3)%	(8.1)%
International	(21.5)%	12.0%	(1.2)%	(2.6)%	(13.3)%

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 versus June 30, 2018, by segment (in percentages):

	Pri Volume	ice, Product and Geography Mix	Currency	Other	Total
Consolidated	(5.4)%	4.3%	(1.6)%	(0.3)%	(3.0)%
U.S.	(5.5)%	4.4%	<u> </u>	(0.2)%	(1.3)%
Canada	(5.1)%	2.1%	(3.8)%	(0.1)%	(6.9)%
Europe	(5.1)%	5.6%	(6.4)%	(0.2)%	(6.1)%
International	(20.1)%	8.6%	(1.7)%	(1.6)%	(14.8)%

#### Income taxes

	Three Mon	nths Ended	Six Month	is Ended
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Effective tax rate	18%	18%	18%	19%

Our effective tax rates during the second quarter and first half of 2019 remained consistent with the prior year comparable periods. The slight decrease in the rate during the first half of 2019 was primarily driven by the recognition of net discrete tax benefits in 2019 versus net discrete tax expense in 2018.

Our tax rate is volatile and may increase or decrease with changes in, among other things, the amount and source of income or loss, our ability to utilize foreign tax credits, excess tax benefits or deficiencies from share-based compensation, changes in tax laws, and the movement of liabilities established pursuant to accounting guidance for uncertain tax positions as statutes of limitations expire, positions are effectively settled, or when additional information becomes available. There are proposed or pending tax law changes in various jurisdictions in which we do business that, if enacted, may have an impact on our effective tax rate. Additionally, we continue to evaluate the 2017 Tax Act, including proposed regulations which may change upon finalization, as well as yet to be issued regulations and interpretations. If the forthcoming regulations and interpretations change relative to our current understanding and initial assessment of the impacts of the 2017 Tax Act, the resulting impacts could have a material adverse impact on our effective tax rate.

Refer to Part I - Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 6, "Income Tax" for additional details regarding our effective tax rate.

# **Results of Operations**

# **United States Segment**

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended				
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	% change		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	% change
					(In millions, exc	cept <sub>I</sub>	percentages)			
Financial volume in hectoliters <sup>(1)</sup>		17.053		18.338	(7.0)%		31.240		33.056	(5.5)%
Sales <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	2,277.1	\$	2,354.6	(3.3)%	\$	4,144.0	\$	4,216.3	(1.7)%
Excise taxes		(265.4)		(282.1)	(5.9)%		(473.1)		(496.0)	(4.6)%
Net sales <sup>(1)</sup>		2,011.7		2,072.5	(2.9)%		3,670.9		3,720.3	(1.3)%
Cost of goods sold <sup>(1)</sup>		(1,158.7)		(1,189.7)	(2.6)%		(2,169.0)		(2,179.8)	(0.5)%
Gross profit		853.0		882.8	(3.4)%		1,501.9		1,540.5	(2.5)%
Marketing, general and administrative										
expenses		(454.7)		(435.1)	4.5 %		(830.3)		(828.2)	0.3 %
Special items, net <sup>(2)</sup>		(1.7)		(3.3)	(48.5)%		(3.1)		(4.8)	(35.4)%
Operating income (loss)		396.6		444.4	(10.8)%		668.5		707.5	(5.5)%
Interest income (expense), net		4.3		1.6	168.8 %		2.0		0.4	N/M
Other income (expense), net		0.1		(0.5)	N/M		(0.1)		(0.7)	(85.7)%
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	401.0	\$	445.5	(10.0)%	\$	670.4	\$	707.2	(5.2)%

N/M = Not meaningful

- (1) Includes gross inter-segment sales, purchases, and volumes, which are eliminated in the consolidated totals.
- (2) See Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 5, "Special Items" for detail of special items.

# Significant events

Throughout 2018, U.S. financial volume, including shipment timing and distributor inventory levels, as well as financial results were impacted by brewery system implementations at our Golden, Colorado, Trenton, Ohio and Fort Worth, Texas breweries. Specifically, we saw strong financial volumes with increased shipments in the third quarter of 2018 preparing for the implementations, which led to lower shipments in the fourth quarter of 2018. The Milwaukee, Wisconsin brewery implementation occurred in the first quarter of 2019 and we continue to prepare for future implementations at our remaining breweries, including the implementation at our Albany, Georgia and Irwindale, California breweries, both of which are currently planned to occur in the second half of 2019. We currently expect such implementations to impact 2019 U.S. financial volume trends, including quarterly shipment timing and distributor inventory levels, as well as financial results and related 2018 comparisons.

The volatility of aluminum prices, inclusive of Midwest Premium, and freight and fuel costs continued to significantly impact our results during the first half of 2019. To the extent these prices continue to fluctuate, our business and financial results could be materially adversely impacted. We continue to monitor these risks and rely on our risk management hedging program to help mitigate price risk exposure for commodities including aluminum and fuel.

#### Volume and net sales

Brand volume decreased 4.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and decreased 4.3%, on a trading day adjusted basis, for the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to prior year, partially reflective of industry declines. STWs, excluding contract brewing volume, decreased 6.7% and 4.9% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, driven by lower brand volume and quarterly timing of wholesaler inventories as we expect brand volume and STW trends to largely converge on a full year basis.

Net sales per hectoliter on a brand volume basis increased 3.6% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to prior year, driven by higher net pricing. Net sales per hectoliter on a reported basis increased 4.4% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to prior year.

# Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold per hectoliter for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 increased 4.7% and 5.3%, respectively, compared to prior year, driven by inflation, volume deleverage, and increased packaging costs associated with our bottle furnace rebuild, partially offset by cost savings. Cost of goods sold per hectoliter for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was also negatively impacted by higher transportation costs.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses

Marketing, general and administrative expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 increased 4.5% and 0.3%, respectively, compared to prior year. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the increases were due to higher marketing investment focused on our above premium and innovation brands as well as lower employee incentive expense in the prior year, partially offset by the incremental cost reductions related to the restructuring initiated in the third quarter of 2018.

#### Canada Segment

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 20	18 % cha	inge	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% change	
			(In mil	lions, except p	ercentages)			
Financial volume in hectoliters <sup>(1)</sup>	2.343	2	2.473	(5.3)%	3.967	4.180	(5.1)%	
Sales <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 490.1	\$ 5	524.6	(6.6)% \$	830.8	\$ 899.5	(7.6)%	
Excise taxes	(117.1)	(1	27.2)	(7.9)%	(196.8)	(218.3)	(9.8)%	
Net sales <sup>(1)</sup>	373.0	3	97.4	(6.1)%	634.0	681.2	(6.9)%	
Cost of goods sold <sup>(1)</sup>	(232.1)	(2	235.7)	(1.5)%	(412.5)	(423.1)	(2.5)%	
Gross profit	140.9	1	61.7 (1	12.9)%	221.5	258.1	(14.2)%	
Marketing, general and administrative								
expenses	(99.8)		(94.3)	5.8 %	(176.0)	(175.3)	0.4 %	
Special items, net(2)	53.5		(5.7) N	J/M	45.9	(11.3)	N/M	
Operating income (loss)	94.6		61.7	53.3 %	91.4	71.5	27.8 %	
Other income (expense), net	(14.2)		(0.4) N	J/M	10.8	(1.1)	N/M	
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 80.4	\$	61.3	31.2 % \$	102.2	\$ 70.4	45.2 %	

N/M = Not meaningful

- (1) Includes gross inter-segment sales, purchases, and volumes, which are eliminated in the consolidated totals.
- (2) See Part I-Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 5, "Special Items" for detail of special items.

# Significant events

As part of our ongoing assessment and optimization of our Canadian supply chain network, we have incurred and continue to incur significant capital expenditures associated with the construction of the new brewery in Chilliwack, British Columbia, most of which we expect to be funded with the previously received proceeds from the sale of the Vancouver brewery in 2016. The transition of production to the new brewery in Chilliwack and final closure of the leased Vancouver brewery is currently expected to occur in the third quarter of 2019.

In further efforts to help optimize the Canada brewery network, in the third quarter of 2017, we announced a plan to build a more efficient and flexible brewery in the greater Montreal area. As a result of this decision, we are developing plans to transition out of our existing Montreal brewery, including the acquisition of land in Longueuil, Quebec. Additionally, during the second quarter of 2019, we completed the sale of our Montreal brewery for \$96.2 million (CAD 126.0 million), resulting in a \$61.3 million gain, which was recorded as a special item. In conjunction with the sale, we agreed to lease back the existing property to continue operations on an uninterrupted basis until the new brewery is operational, which is currently expected to occur in 2021. However, due to the uncertainty inherent in our estimates, the timing of the brewery closure is subject to change. We will continue to incur significant capital expenditures associated with the construction of the new brewery in Longueuil, Quebec.

In June 2019, the Ontario government adopted a bill that, if enacted, would terminate a 10-year Master Framework Agreement that was originally signed between the previous government administration and Molson Coors, Labatt Brewing

Company Limited, Sleeman Breweries Ltd., and Brewers Retail Inc. in 2015 and dictates the terms of the beer distribution and retail systems in Ontario through 2025. The government has not yet proclaimed the bill as law. The impacts of these potential legislative changes are unknown at this time, but could have a negative impact on the results of operations, cash flows and financial position of the Canada segment. While discussions remain ongoing with the government to reach a mutually agreeable alternative to the enactment of the law, the Company and the other Master Framework Agreement signatories are prepared to vigorously defend their rights and pursue legal recourse, should the Master Framework Agreement be unilaterally terminated by the enactment of the legislation. For additional information, see Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies."

In June 2019, Health Canada released final regulations resulting in the legalization of new classes of cannabis products including edibles and cannabis infused beverages on October 17, 2019, with the first products available for sale on December 16, 2019, including the expected launch of products from our Truss joint venture.

Foreign currency impact on results

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the CAD depreciated versus the USD on an average basis, resulting in a decrease of \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, to our USD earnings before income taxes. Included in this amount are both translational and transactional impacts of changes in foreign exchange rates. The impact of transactional foreign currency gains and losses is recorded within other income (expense) in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Volume and net sales

Our Canada brand volume decreased 5.1% and 5.5% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, versus prior year, primarily due to industry declines.

Our net sales per hectoliter on a brand volume basis increased 2.7% and 2.4% in local currency during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, primarily driven by positive net pricing. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, this increase was also partially offset by unfavorable sales mix in the first quarter of 2019. Net sales per hectoliter on a reported basis in local currency increased 2.5% and 2.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year.

Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold per hectoliter in local currency increased 7.6% and 7.1% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, versus prior year, primarily driven by inflation and increased distribution costs, unfavorable sales mix, volume deleverage, and start-up costs associated with our new Chilliwack, British Columbia brewery, partially offset by cost savings.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses

Our marketing, general and administrative expenses increased 9.5% and 4.6% in local currency for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, primarily driven by higher marketing investments focused on *Coors Light* and *Molson Canadian* programming, our premiumization efforts, and modernization of our portfolio through innovations and Truss joint venture start-up costs. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, this increase was partially offset by lower employee-related expenses.

Other income (expense), net

For the three months ended June 30, 2019, other expense of \$14.2 million was primarily driven by an unrealized mark-to-market loss of \$15.0 million on the HEXO warrants received in connection with the formation of the Truss joint venture. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 other income of \$10.8 million was primarily driven by an unrealized mark-to-market gain of \$7.9 million on the HEXO warrants, as further detailed in Part I - Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 11, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities."

	 Three Months Ended				_			
	 June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	% change		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% change
				(In millions, exc	cept	t percentages)		
Financial volume in hectoliters <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	 6.441		6.916	(6.9)%		10.745	11.320	(5.1)%
Sales <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 814.7	\$	893.9	(8.9)%	\$	1,378.8	\$ 1,492.4	(7.6)%
Excise taxes	(276.2)		(307.8)	(10.3)%		(477.4)	(532.0)	(10.3)%
Net sales <sup>(2)</sup>	538.5		586.1	(8.1)%		901.4	960.4	(6.1)%
Cost of goods sold	(333.2)		(353.6)	(5.8)%		(585.3)	(621.3)	(5.8)%
Gross profit	205.3		232.5	(11.7)%		316.1	339.1	(6.8)%
Marketing, general and administrative								
expenses	(146.9)		(143.7)	2.2 %		(279.2)	(274.1)	1.9 %
Special items, net <sup>(3)</sup>	(1.6)		0.3	N/M		(4.9)	(4.8)	2.1 %
Operating income (loss)	56.8		89.1	(36.3)%		32.0	60.2	(46.8)%
Interest income (expense), net	(1.5)		(1.4)	7.1 %		(2.8)	(2.1)	33.3 %
Other income (expense), net	0.5		(0.9)	N/M		(0.9)	(1.2)	(25.0)%
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 55.8	\$	86.8	(35.7)%	\$	28.3	\$ 56.9	(50.3)%

#### N/M = Not meaningful

- (1) Excludes royalty volume of 0.479 million hectoliters and 0.773 million hectoliters for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and excludes royalty volume of 0.490 million hectoliters and 0.796 million hectoliters for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.
- (2) Includes gross inter-segment sales and volumes, which are eliminated in the consolidated totals.
- (3) See Part I-Item 1. Financial Statements, <u>Note 5, "Special Items"</u> for detail of special items.

#### Significant events

The U.K. was expected to leave the European Union on March 29, 2019. However, the exit date has been extended up to October 31, 2019. As a result, the terms of the withdrawal remain unknown, which subjects our Europe segment to regulatory and market uncertainty in the U.K. and in the rest of Europe. The GBP has recently become volatile as a result of ongoing government discussions leading up to the extended exit date. Any significant weakening of the GBP to the USD will have an adverse impact on our European revenues as reported in USD due to the significance of U.K. sales.

### Foreign currency impact on results

Our Europe segment operates in numerous countries within Europe and each country's operations utilize distinct currencies. Foreign currency movements unfavorably impacted our Europe USD income before income taxes by \$2.7 million and \$1.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively. Included in this amount are both translational and transactional impacts of changes in foreign exchange rates. The impact of transactional foreign currency gains and losses is recorded within other income (expense) in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

## Volume and net sales

Our Europe brand volume decreased 6.5% and 4.9% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, due to unfavorable weather and soft industry demand as well as cycling the benefit of higher consumption from the World Cup in the second quarter of 2018, coupled with planned declines in our low-margin value brands as we have increased our focus on our national champion and premium portfolios.

Net sales per hectoliter on a brand volume basis increased 4.3% and 5.7% in local currency for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, driven by positive net pricing and favorable sales mix. Net sales per hectoliter on a reported basis increased 4.8% and 5.6% in local currency for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year.

# Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold per hectoliter increased 7.5% and 6.0% in local currency in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, versus prior year, primarily driven by inflation and volume deleverage.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased 8.7% and 9.1% in local currency in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, primarily due to higher marketing investments focused on our national champion brands and premiumization initiatives, as well as cycling a benefit from the partial reversal of bad debt provisions in the second quarter of 2018.

## **International Segment**

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended					
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018 % change			June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	% change	
					(In millions, exc	ept	percentages)				
Financial volume in hectoliters <sup>(1)</sup>		0.500		0.637	(21.5)%		0.925		1.157	(20.1)%	
Sales	\$	71.9	\$	86.1	(16.5)%	\$	128.0	\$	150.9	(15.2)%	
Excise taxes		(13.0)		(18.2)	(28.6)%		(21.2)		(25.5)	(16.9)%	
Net sales		58.9		67.9	(13.3)%		106.8		125.4	(14.8)%	
Cost of goods sold <sup>(2)</sup>		(37.0)		(44.1)	(16.1)%		(68.0)		(81.9)	(17.0)%	
Gross profit		21.9		23.8	(8.0)%		38.8		43.5	(10.8)%	
Marketing, general and administrative											
expenses		(19.2)		(20.6)	(6.8)%		(35.8)		(35.7)	0.3 %	
Special items, net <sup>(3)</sup>		(0.4)		(1.8)	(77.8)%		(0.8)		(2.8)	(71.4)%	
Operating income (loss)		2.3		1.4	64.3 %		2.2		5.0	(56.0)%	
Other income (expense), net		0.2		(0.1)	N/M		_		_	— %	
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	2.5	\$	1.3	92.3 %	\$	2.2	\$	5.0	(56.0)%	

N/M = Not meaningful

- (1) Excludes royalty volume of 0.561 million hectoliters and 1.004 million hectoliters for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and excludes royalty volume of 0.567 million hectoliters and 0.977 million hectoliters for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively.
- (2) Includes gross inter-segment purchases, which are eliminated in the consolidated totals.
- (3) See Part I-Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 5, "Special Items" for detail of special items.

Foreign currency impact on results

Our International segment operates in numerous countries around the world and each country's operations utilize distinct currencies. Foreign currency movements did not impact our International segment's USD income before taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and unfavorably impacted our International segment's USD income before income taxes by \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. Included in this amount are both translational and transactional impacts of changes in foreign exchange rates. The impact of transactional foreign currency gains and losses is recorded within other income (expense) in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Volume and net sales

Our International brand volume decreased 11.9% and 9.6% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, primarily driven by higher net pricing on *Coors Light* in Mexico along with supply chain constraints related to the general election in India, partially offset by double-digit growth in several of our focus markets. Brand volume for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was also negatively impacted by cycling a strong post hurricane result in Puerto Rico during the first quarter of 2018.

Net sales per hectoliter on a brand volume basis decreased 0.6% and 4.0% in local currency in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, driven by the shift to local production in Mexico, partially offset by

positive net pricing and positive geographic shift in the second quarter of 2019. Net sales per hectoliter on a reported basis increased 12.0% and 8.6% in local currency for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year.

### Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold per hectoliter increased 7.8% and 5.1% in local currency for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year, primarily driven by unfavorable sales mix and inflation, partially offset by a positive geographic shift in the second quarter of 2019.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses

Marketing, general and administrative expense decreased 5.3% and increased 2.0% in local currency in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to prior year. For the three months ended June 30, 2019, the decrease was driven by lower overhead costs, partially offset by higher marketing investments behind our focus brands. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the increase is driven by cycling the \$2.0 million of settlement proceeds received related to our Colombia business in the first quarter of 2018, partially offset by lower overhead costs in the current year.

# Corporate

		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended					
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% change	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% change			
			(In millions, exc	cept percentages)					
Financial volume in hectoliters			%			— %			
Sales	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.3	%	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.5	<u> </u>			
Excise taxes	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	<u> </u>			
Net sales	0.3	0.3	%	0.5	0.5	<u> </u>			
Cost of goods sold	(32.9)	45.0	N/M	_	(39.8)	(100.0)%			
Gross profit	(32.6)	45.3	N/M	0.5	(39.3)	N/M			
Marketing, general and administrative									
expenses	(49.1)	(51.0)	(3.7)%	(103.6)	(112.5)	(7.9)%			
Special items, net <sup>(1)</sup>	0.1		N/M	(0.2)	328.0	N/M			
Operating income (loss)	(81.6)	(5.7)	N/M	(103.3)	176.2	N/M			
Interest expense, net	(68.4)	(76.9)	(11.1)%	(138.1)	(158.2)	(12.7)%			
Other pension and postretirement									
benefits (costs), net	8.4	9.9	(15.2)%	17.0	19.9	(14.6)%			
Other income (expense), net	2.5	0.8	N/M	3.2	3.0	6.7 %			
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ (139.1)	\$ (71.9)	93.5 %	\$ (221.2)	\$ 40.9	N/M			

N/M = Not meaningful

(1) See Part I-Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 5, "Special Items" for detail of special items.

# Cost of goods sold

The unrealized changes in fair value on our commodity swaps, which are economic hedges, are recorded as cost of goods sold within our Corporate business activities. As the exposure we are managing is realized, we reclassify the gain or loss to the segment in which the underlying exposure resides, allowing our segments to realize the economic effects of the derivative without the resulting unrealized mark-to-market volatility. Lower commodity market prices relative to our hedged positions on our commodity swaps drove a total unrealized mark-to-market loss of \$31.2 million recognized in cost of goods sold for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to an unrealized mark-to-market gain of \$45.1 million recognized in cost of goods sold for the three months ended June 30, 2018. Higher commodity market prices relative to our hedged positions on our commodity swaps drove a total unrealized mark-to-market gain of \$2.9 million recognized in cost of goods sold for the six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to an unrealized mark-to-market loss of \$39.6 million recognized in cost of goods sold for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

## Marketing, general and administrative expenses

Marketing, general and administrative expenses decreased in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, primarily due to higher integration costs recognized in the prior year. Specifically, we recorded integration costs of \$4.4 million and \$11.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recorded integration costs of \$7.7 million and \$16.5 million, respectively, within marketing, general and administrative expense. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, the decrease was also due to lower overhead costs in the current year.

## Interest expense, net

Net interest expense decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the prior year, primarily driven by the repayment of debt as part of our deleveraging commitments as well as risk management strategies to reduce interest expense. See Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 8, "Debt" and Note 11, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" for further details.

# **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our primary sources of liquidity include cash provided by operating activities and access to external capital. We believe that cash flows from operations and cash provided by short-term and long-term borrowings, when necessary, will be more than adequate to meet our ongoing operating requirements, scheduled principal and interest payments on debt, anticipated dividend payments and capital expenditures for the twelve months subsequent to the date of the issuance of this quarterly report, and our long-term liquidity requirements.

A significant portion of our cash flows from operating activities is generated outside the U.S. in currencies other than USD. As of June 30, 2019, approximately 89% of our cash and cash equivalents were located outside the U.S., largely denominated in foreign currencies. We accrue for tax consequences on the earnings of our foreign subsidiaries upon repatriation. When the earnings are considered indefinitely reinvested outside of the U.S., we do not accrue taxes. However, we will continue to assess the impact of the 2017 Tax Act on the tax consequences of future repatriations. We utilize a variety of tax planning and financing strategies in an effort to ensure that our worldwide cash is available in the locations in which it is needed. We periodically review and evaluate these strategies, including external committed and non-committed credit agreements accessible by MCBC and each of our operating subsidiaries. We believe these financing arrangements, along with the cash generated from the operations of our U.S. segment, are sufficient to fund our current cash needs in the U.S.

# Cash Flows and Use of Cash

Our business generates positive operating cash flow each year, and our debt maturities are of a longer-term nature. However, our liquidity could be impacted significantly by the risk factors we described in Part I—Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report.

## Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities of \$828.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 decreased by \$469.8 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018. This decrease is primarily driven by cycling the proceeds received during the first quarter of 2018 of \$328.0 million related to the Adjustment Amount (as defined and further discussed in Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 5, "Special Items"), as well as lower net income adjusted for non-cash add backs and higher cash paid for taxes, partially offset by lower interest paid in the first six months of 2019.

## Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities of \$167.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019 decreased by \$229.4 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, driven primarily by the receipt of \$94.2 million of net proceeds from the sale of our Montreal brewery during the second quarter of 2019, lower capital expenditures and net cash inflows from other investing activities compared to outflows in the prior year, including the proceeds received from the voluntary settlement of our cross currency swaps during the second quarter of 2019, and higher cash paid for acquisitions in the prior year.

# Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was approximately \$1.2 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to \$524.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018. This increase was primarily driven by the repayment of senior notes during the six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to the repayment of borrowings under our commercial paper program during the six months ended June 30, 2018.

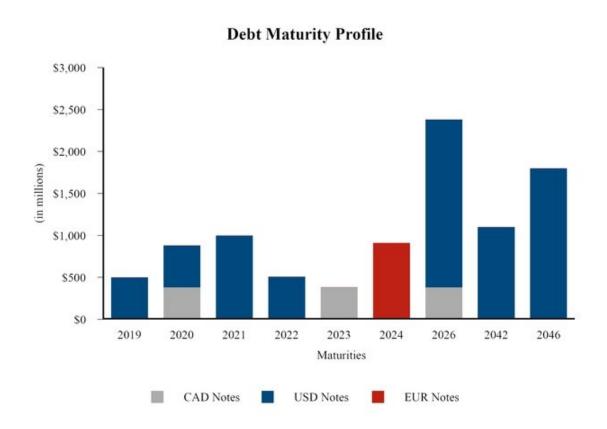
# Capital Resources

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

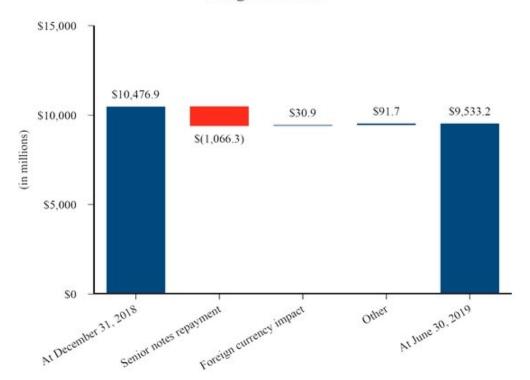
As of June 30, 2019, we had total cash and cash equivalents of \$490.2 million, compared to approximately \$1.1 billion as of December 31, 2018 and \$792.9 million as of June 30, 2018. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents from both prior periods was primarily driven by debt repayments, capital expenditures and dividend payments, partially offset by cash generated from operating activities and proceeds received from the sale of our Montreal brewery and from the voluntary settlement of our cross currency swaps during the second quarter of 2019.

#### Borrowings

During the first quarter of 2019, we repaid our EUR 500 million variable rate notes and our \$500 million 1.90% notes, both of which matured in March 2019. Additionally, on July 15, 2019, we repaid our \$500 million 1.45% notes through a combination of cash on hand and proceeds from net commercial paper issuances in July of approximately \$400 million. Notional amounts below are presented in USD based on the applicable exchange rate as of June 30, 2019. Refer to Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 8, "Debt" for details regarding the \$500 million and \$400 million cross currency swaps on our \$500 million 2.25% senior notes due 2020 and on a portion of our \$1.0 billion 2.1% senior notes due 2021, respectively, which economically converted a portion of these notes to EUR denominated.



# Long-Term Debt



The impact of the reclassification of finance leases to debt is included in the "other" column in the table above. See Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements" for further details.

Based on the credit profile of our lenders that are party to our credit facilities, we are confident in our ability to draw on our revolving credit facility if the need arises. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had \$1.5 billion available to draw on our \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility, as there were no outstanding borrowings on the revolving credit facility nor was there any outstanding commercial paper. Subsequent to quarter end, we extended the maturity date of our revolving credit facility by one year to July 7, 2024. In addition, we intend to further utilize our cross-border, cross currency cash pool as well as our commercial paper program for liquidity as needed. We also have JPY overdraft facilities, and CAD, GBP and USD lines of credit with several banks should we need additional short-term liquidity.

Under the terms of each of our debt facilities, we must comply with certain restrictions. These include customary events of default and specified representations, warranties and covenants, as well as covenants that restrict our ability to incur certain additional priority indebtedness (certain thresholds of secured consolidated net tangible assets), certain leverage threshold percentages, create or permit liens on assets, and restrictions on mergers, acquisitions, and certain types of sale lease-back transactions. Additionally, under the \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility, the maximum leverage ratio, as defined by the revolving credit facility agreement, is 4.75x net debt to EBITDA, with a decline to 4.00x net debt to EBITDA as of the last day of the fiscal quarter ending December 31, 2020. As of June 30, 2019, we were in compliance with all of these restrictions, have met such financial ratios and have met all debt payment obligations. All of our outstanding senior notes as of June 30, 2019 rank pari-passu.

See Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 8, "Debt" for a complete discussion and presentation of all borrowings and available sources of borrowing, including lines of credit.

# Credit Rating

Our current long-term credit ratings are BBB-/Stable Outlook, Baa3/Stable Outlook and BBB(Low)/Stable Outlook with Standard and Poor's, Moody's and DBRS, respectively. Our short-term credit ratings are A-3, Prime-3 and R-2(low),

respectively. A securities rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities, and it may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the applicable rating agency.

#### Foreign Exchange

Foreign exchange risk is inherent in our operations primarily due to the significant operating results that are denominated in currencies other than USD. Our approach is to reduce the volatility of cash flows and reported earnings which result from currency fluctuations rather than business related factors. Therefore, we closely monitor our operations in each country and seek to adopt appropriate strategies that are responsive to foreign currency fluctuations. Our financial risk management policy is intended to offset a portion of the potentially unfavorable impact of exchange rate changes on net income and earnings per share. See Part II—Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Note 16, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" of our Annual Report for additional information on our financial risk management strategies.

Our consolidated financial statements are presented in USD, which is our reporting currency. Assets and liabilities recorded in foreign currencies that are the functional currencies for the respective operations are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Translation adjustments resulting from this process are reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income. Revenue and expenses are translated at the weighted-average exchange rates during the period. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions are included in earnings for the period. The significant exchange rates to the USD used in the preparation of our consolidated financial results for the primary foreign currencies used in our foreign operations (functional currency) are as follows:

<u> </u>	Three Montl	hs Ended	Six Months Ended		
<u> </u>	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Weighted-Average Exchange Rate (1 USD equals)					
Canadian Dollar (CAD)	1.33	1.30	1.33	1.29	
Euro (EUR)	0.89	0.83	0.89	0.82	
British Pound (GBP)	0.78	0.73	0.78	0.73	
Czech Koruna (CZK)	22.69	21.93	22.67	21.66	
Croatian Kuna (HRK)	6.56	6.31	6.56	6.28	
Serbian Dinar (RSD)	104.46	99.17	104.11	96.83	
Romanian Leu (RON)	4.22	3.95	4.18	3.89	
Bulgarian Lev (BGN)	1.74	1.64	1.73	1.62	
Hungarian Forint (HUF)	286.00	264.65	284.89	254.16	

	As of		
	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	
Closing Exchange Rate (1 USD equals)			
Canadian Dollar (CAD)	1.31	1.36	
Euro (EUR)	0.88	0.87	
British Pound (GBP)	0.79	0.78	
Czech Koruna (CZK)	22.36	22.43	
Croatian Kuna (HRK)	6.51	6.46	
Serbian Dinar (RSD)	103.73	103.20	
Romanian Leu (RON)	4.16	4.06	
Bulgarian Lev (BGN)	1.72	1.71	
Hungarian Forint (HUF)	284.10	279.94	

The weighted-average exchange rates in the above table have been calculated based on the average of the foreign exchange rates during the relevant period and have been weighted according to the foreign denominated earnings before interest and taxes of the USD equivalent.

#### **Capital Expenditures**

We incurred \$243.5 million, and have paid \$310.5 million, for capital improvement projects worldwide in the six months ended June 30, 2019, excluding capital spending by equity method joint ventures, representing a decrease of \$22.1 million from the \$265.6 million of capital expenditures incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2018. This decrease is primarily due to the timing of projects as we currently expect to incur total capital expenditures of approximately \$700 million for full year 2019, based on foreign exchange rates as of June 30, 2019. This expectation includes capital expenditures associated with the construction of our new Chilliwack, British Columbia brewery, expected to be completed in the third quarter of 2019, and new Longueuil, Quebec brewery, which is currently underway and not expected to be completed until 2021.

We continue to focus on where and how we employ our planned capital expenditures, specifically strengthening our focus on required returns on invested capital as we determine how to best allocate cash within the business.

## **Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments**

There were no material changes to our contractual obligations and commercial commitments outside the ordinary course of business or due to factors similar in nature to inflation, changing prices on operations or changes in the remaining terms of the contracts since December 31, 2018, as reported in Part II - Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis, Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments in our Annual Report, with the exception of the repayment of our \$500 million 1.90% notes and EUR 500 million notes during the first quarter of 2019, and the repayment of our \$500 million 1.45% notes in July 2019.

## Guarantees

We guarantee indebtedness and other obligations to banks and other third parties for some of our equity method investments and consolidated subsidiaries. See Part I - Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies" for further discussion.

# Contingencies

We are party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, environmental litigation and indemnities associated with our sale of Kaiser to FEMSA. See Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies" for further discussion.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Refer to Part II—Item 8 Financial Statements, Note 18, "Commitments and Contingencies" in our Annual Report for discussion of off-balance sheet arrangements. As of June 30, 2019, we did not have any other material off-balance sheet arrangements (as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K).

## Outlook for 2019

We continue to realize strong pricing across our business units, giving us more fuel for brand investment, which is increasing to energize our core brands, premiumize and modernize our portfolio. We expect bolt-on acquisitions to continue to aid in premiumization. We are also improving our intensity behind disruptive growth - premiumizing and extending, using new and existing brands to meet the expanding array of consumer tastes and occasions. Disruption also features in our route to market, presenting new service opportunities and revenue streams, as we step change our digital and e-commerce capabilities across our business. We plan to intensify our focus on better top-line performance, strengthen our balance sheet, return cash to shareholders, and invest in brand-led opportunities through acquisitions and internal investment all within the context of our capital allocation framework.

In the U.S., in terms of our core brands, we saw strong premium light share growth and we expect this to accelerate where our new *Coors Light* "Made to Chill" advertising has just launched. In terms of premiumization, although package mix trended unfavorably, this was partially offset by brand mix which was positive for the first time since early 2018. Drivers of our premiumization progress included *Cape Line*, *Blue Moon Belgian White*, *Peroni*, *Henry's Hard Sparkling*, *Arnold Palmer Spiked*, and the *Sol* trademark. In hard seltzers, we are committed to building on our performance, adding offerings in the segment, reflecting our confidence in the *Henry's* brand and hard seltzer segment. We continue to be a leader in category management in the U.S., as evidenced by a first place result among beer suppliers in the most recent annual Advantage survey and another first place on-premise result in the most recent annual CM Profit Group survey. We plan to continue to improve our intensity behind disruptive growth as demonstrated by strong double-digit growth for *Peroni*, early success with *Cape Line* sparking cocktails, encouraging test market performance from *Saint Archer Gold* our premium light craft lager, *Movo* wine

spritzers and the pending test of La Colombe hard coffees in select markets, as well as the strong growth of Sol Chelada following its national introduction earlier this year.

In Canada, we benefited from the continued strong performance of *Belgian Moon* and *Miller Lite. Belgian Moon* is also driving premiumization and the performance of *Coors Slice*, *Aquarelle Hard Seltzer*, and *Bella Amari* are examples of how we plan to continue to improve our intensity behind disruptive growth in Canada. We are also excited about the disruptive potential of Truss, which remains on track for a national launch of non-alcoholic cannabis infused beverages when they are legalized in Canada later this year. We continue to help customers drive category growth, as evidenced by our achievement of the partner of the year award with the Liquor Control Board of Ontario. Further, we have begun brewing trials in our new brewery in Chilliwack, British Columbia, recently completed the sale of our Montreal property, and are in the early stages of building a state-of-the-art brewery in Longueuil, Quebec. These are important milestones in our progress of monetizing and modernizing our brewery footprint in Canada and these network upgrades are expected to deliver a number of benefits, including more flexible capacity to meet demand, lower unit operating costs, and increased supply chain efficiency.

In Europe, our premiumization performance was driven by *Staropramen* and *Pravha* which contributed to positive global mix. We recently completed the purchases of *Pardubicky Pivovar* in the Czech Republic and *Hop Stuff* brewery in London, which we also expect to aid in premiumization. We also benefited from the continued strong performance of *Blue Moon* and *Staropramen*. Additionally, we are seeing strong growth in both major channels in our Net Promoter Score.

In International, we saw the continued strong performance from *Miller Lite* and *Blue Moon*. We are also improving our intensity behind disruptive growth as our portfolio is benefiting from continued expansion of *Blue Moon*, which is now available in more than 20 International markets.

#### Interest

We anticipate 2019 consolidated net interest expense of approximately \$300 million, based on foreign exchange as of June 30, 2019.

#### Tax

We expect our effective tax rate to be in the range of 18% to 22% for 2019, which remains subject to additional definitive guidance from the U.S. government regarding the implementation of the 2017 Tax Act. Our preliminary expectation for our long-term effective tax rate (after 2019) is in the range of 20% to 24%.

# Deleverage & Dividends

We remain committed to maintaining our investment grade debt rating and we intend to continue to deleverage further in 2019 in accordance with our plans. We have suspended our share repurchase program as we continue to pay down debt which we plan to revisit as we further deleverage. Our next quarterly dividend, declared at \$0.57 and payable September 13, 2019, brings our dividend in-line with our ongoing target of 20% to 25% of prior fiscal year EBITDA.

# **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Our accounting policies and accounting estimates critical to our financial condition and results of operations are set forth in our Annual Report and did not change during the first half of 2019. See Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements" for discussion of recently adopted accounting pronouncements. See also Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 7, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" for discussion of the results of the 2018 annual impairment testing analysis and the related risks to our indefinite-lived intangible brand assets and goodwill amounts associated with our reporting units.

# **New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted**

See Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements" for a description of all new accounting pronouncements.

# ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

In the normal course of business, we actively manage our exposure to various market risks by entering into various supplier-based and market-based hedging transactions, authorized under established risk management policies that place clear controls on these activities. Our objective in managing these exposures is to decrease the volatility of our earnings and cash flows due to changes in underlying rates and costs.

The counterparties to our market-based transactions are generally highly rated institutions. We perform assessments of their credit risk regularly. Our market-based transactions include a variety of derivative financial instruments, none of which are used for trading or speculative purposes.

For details of our derivative instruments that are presented on the balance sheet, including their fair values as of period end, see Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, Note 11, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." On a rolling twelve-month basis, maturities of derivative financial instruments held on June 30, 2019 based on foreign exchange rates as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

 Total	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	More than 5 years
		(In millions)		
\$ (100.5)	\$ (30.1)	\$ (16.7)	\$	\$ (53.7)

Sensitivity Analysis

Our market risk sensitive derivative and other financial instruments, as defined by the SEC, are debt, foreign currency forward contracts, commodity swaps, commodity options, cross currency swaps, forward starting interest rate swaps and warrants. We monitor foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, commodity risk, equity price risk and related derivatives using a sensitivity analysis.

The following table presents the results of the sensitivity analysis, which reflects the impact of a hypothetical 10% adverse change in each of these risks to our derivative and debt portfolio, with the exception of interest rate risk to our forward starting interest rate swaps in which we have applied an absolute 1% adverse change to the respective instrument's interest rate:

	As of			
June 30, 2019		December 31, 2018		
	In millio	ons)		
fair value volatility				
rrency risk:				
ds \$ (3	.4) \$	(35.1)		
n currency denominated debt \$ (19	.9) \$	(249.3)		
currency swaps \$	.9) \$	(43.3)		
te risk:				
\$ (27)	.7) \$	(302.1)		
rd starting interest rate swaps \$ (14)	.1) \$	(126.2)		
ry price risk:				
odity swaps \$ (6	.8) \$	(77.5)		
odity options \$	- \$	_		
ce risk:				
sts \$	.6) \$	(2.8)		
ats \$	.6) \$			

The volatility of the applicable rates and prices are dependent on many factors that cannot be forecast with reliable accuracy. Therefore, actual changes in fair values could differ significantly from the results presented in the table above.

# ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

# Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2019 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management necessarily applies its judgment in assessing

the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures that, by their nature, can only provide reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives. Also, we have investments in certain unconsolidated entities that we do not control or manage.

# Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the three months ended June 30, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For information regarding litigation, other disputes and environmental and regulatory proceedings see Part I—Item 1. Financial Statements, <u>Note 12</u>, "Commitments and Contingencies."

We are also involved in other disputes and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of our business. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the outcome of these proceedings, in our opinion, based on a review with legal counsel, none of these disputes and legal actions are expected to have a material impact on our business, consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I—Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report, which could materially affect our business, financial condition and/or future results. There have been no material changes to the risk factors contained in our Annual Report. The risks described in our Annual Report are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and/or future results.

# ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

# ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

# ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

# ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

# ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following are filed or incorporated by reference as a part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

# (a) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Document Description
31.1	Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
31.2	Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
32	Written Statement of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 USC. Section 1350).
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.*
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.*
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.*
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.*
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.*
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.*
*	Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following documents formatted in iXBRL (Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (ii) the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iii) the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (v) the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity and Noncontrolling Interests, (vi) the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and (vii) document and entity information.
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# SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MOLSON COORS BREWING COMPANY
By:
/s/ BRIAN C. TABOLT

Brian C. Tabolt Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer) July 31, 2019

#### SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### I, Mark Hunter, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Molson Coors Brewing Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ MARK R. HUNTER

Mark R. Hunter President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) July 31, 2019

#### SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

- I, Tracey Joubert, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Molson Coors Brewing Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ TRACEY I. JOUBERT

Tracey I. Joubert Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) July 31, 2019

# WRITTEN STATEMENT OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

## **FURNISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906**

# OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 USC. SECTION 1350)

# AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF COMPLYING WITH RULE 13a-14(b)

## OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

The undersigned, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of Molson Coors Brewing Company (the "Company") respectively, each hereby certifies that to his or her knowledge on the date hereof:

- (a) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019 filed on the date hereof with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (b) Information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

## /s/ MARK R. HUNTER

Mark R. Hunter President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) July 31, 2019

## /s/ TRACEY I. JOUBERT

Tracey I. Joubert

Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

July 31, 2019

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.