

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: **June 30, 2019**

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. **000-51872**

**JERRICK MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation)

**87-0645394**

(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

**2050 Center Avenue Suite 640**  
**Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**(201) 258-3770**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: **None.**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of August 14, 2019, there were 8,830,479 shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock.

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**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**

**Unaudited Financial Statements as of June 30, 2019 and 2018  
and for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**

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**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>
	(Unaudited)	
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash	\$ 396,363	\$ -
Accounts receivable	2,500	6,500
Current portion of operating lease right of use asset	109,668	-
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>508,531</b>	<b>6,500</b>
<b>Property and equipment, net</b>	<b>41,157</b>	<b>42,443</b>
<b>Deferred offering costs</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>143,146</b>
<b>Security deposit</b>	<b>16,836</b>	<b>16,836</b>
<b>Operating lease right of use asset</b>	<b>235,293</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 801,817</b>	<b>\$ 208,925</b>
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit</b>		
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Cash overdraft	\$ -	\$ 33,573
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	844,530	1,246,207
Demand loan	100,000	-
Convertible Notes - related party, net of debt discount	20,366	-
Convertible Notes, net of debt discount and issuance costs	1,947,622	-
Current portion of operating lease payable	79,474	-
Note payable - related party, net of debt discount	2,651,796	1,223,073
Note payable, net of debt discount and issuance costs	-	49,926
Deferred revenue	17,833	9,005
Deferred rent	-	7,800
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>5,661,621</b>	<b>2,569,584</b>
<b>Non-current Liabilities:</b>		
Operating lease payable	258,911	-
Deferred rent	-	6,150
Convertible Notes - related party, net of debt discount	-	314
Convertible Notes, net of debt discount and issuance costs	-	123,481
<b>Total Non-current Liabilities</b>	<b>258,911</b>	<b>129,945</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>5,920,532</b>	<b>2,699,529</b>
<b>Commitments and contingencies</b>		
<b>Stockholders' Deficit</b>		
Common stock par value \$0.001: 15,000,000 shares authorized; 8,830,479 and 6,475,340 issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 respectively	8,831	6,475
Additional paid in capital	35,241,922	34,100,327
Accumulated deficit	(40,007,294)	(36,545,065)
Less: Treasury stock, 149,850 and 27,667 shares, respectively	(362,174)	(52,341)
	<b>(5,118,715)</b>	<b>(2,490,604)</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit</b>	<b>\$ 801,817</b>	<b>\$ 208,925</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.*

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018
<b>Net revenue</b>	\$ 7,181	\$ 24,023	\$ 41,515	\$ 40,272
<b>Gross margin</b>	7,181	24,023	41,515	40,272
<b>Operating expenses</b>				
Compensation	545,037	451,041	1,271,611	1,102,829
Consulting fees	191,254	528,708	397,631	624,507
Research and development	13,559	136,329	354,898	323,906
General and administrative	659,452	473,648	1,124,490	878,310
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<u>1,409,302</u>	<u>1,589,726</u>	<u>3,148,630</u>	<u>2,929,552</u>
<b>Loss from operations</b>	<u>(1,402,121)</u>	<u>(1,565,703)</u>	<u>(3,107,115)</u>	<u>(2,889,280)</u>
<b>Other income (expenses)</b>				
Interest expense	(110,032)	(341,071)	(164,601)	(609,196)
Accretion of debt discount and issuance cost	(69,626)	(415,045)	(116,990)	(589,933)
Settlement of vendor liabilities	-	-	-	1,875
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(3,635)	(89,419)	(81,149)	(431,786)
Gain (loss) on settlement of debt	-	-	-	13,452
<b>Other income (expenses), net</b>	<u>(183,293)</u>	<u>(845,535)</u>	<u>(362,740)</u>	<u>(1,615,588)</u>
<b>Loss before income tax provision</b>	(1,585,414)	(2,411,238)	(3,469,855)	(4,504,868)
<b>Income tax provision</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Net loss</b>	<u>\$ (1,585,414)</u>	<u>\$ (2,411,238)</u>	<u>\$ (3,469,855)</u>	<u>\$ (4,504,868)</u>
Deemed dividend	-	65,823	-	129,858
Inducement expense	(7,628)	-	(7,628)	-
<b>Net loss attributable to common shareholders</b>	<u>(1,577,786)</u>	<u>(2,477,061)</u>	<u>(3,462,227)</u>	<u>(4,634,726)</u>
<b>Per-share data</b>				
Basic and diluted loss per share	<u>\$ (0.20)</u>	<u>\$ (1.22)</u>	<u>\$ (0.47)</u>	<u>\$ (2.30)</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	<u>8,072,257</u>	<u>2,026,222</u>	<u>7,389,564</u>	<u>2,011,533</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.*

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity**  
**For the Three Months ended June 30, 2019**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<u>Series A Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Series B Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Series D Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Treasury stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid In Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
Balance, March 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,730,306	6,730	(111,667)	(220,781)	35,091,928	(38,429,506)	(3,551,629)
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,776	-	122,776
Cash received for common stock and warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tender offering	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,100,173	2,101	-	-	(2,101)	-	-
Stock issuance cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,000)	-	(35,000)
Stock warrants issued with note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,153,353	-	1,153,353
Purchase of treasury stock and warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(38,183)	(141,393)	(89,034)	-	(230,427)
Inducement expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,626	7,626
Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,585,414)	(1,585,414)
Balance, June 30, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,830,479	8,831	(149,850)	(362,174)	35,241,922	(40,007,294)	(5,118,715)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity**  
**For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019**  
**(Unaudited)**

	Series A		Series B		Series D		Common Stock		Treasury stock		Additional Paid In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Stockholders' Equity
	Preferred Stock Shares	Preferred Stock Amount	Preferred Stock Shares	Preferred Stock Amount	Preferred Stock Shares	Preferred Stock Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance, December 31, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,475,340	6,475	(27,667)	(52,341)	34,100,327	(36,545,065)	(2,490,604)
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,000	126	-	-	433,959	-	434,085
Cash received for common stock and warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	129,966	130	-	-	649,699	-	649,829
Tender offering	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,100,173	2,100	-	-	(2,100)	-	-
Stock issuance cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(178,146)	-	(178,146)
Stock warrants issued with note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	328,777	-	328,777
Purchase of treasury stock and warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(122,183)	(309,833)	(90,594)	-	(400,427)
Inducement expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,626	7,626
Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,469,855)	(3,469,855)
Balance, June 30, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,830,479	8,831	(149,850)	(362,174)	35,241,922	(40,007,294)	(5,118,715)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity**  
**For the Three Months ended June 30, 2018**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<u>Series A Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Series B Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Series D Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Treasury stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid In Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
Balance, March 31, 2018	<u>31,581</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>8,063</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,026,222</u>	<u>2,026</u>	<u>(11,000)</u>	<u>(19,007)</u>	<u>15,772,104</u>	<u>(23,868,737)</u>	<u>(8,113,574)</u>
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,836	-	20,836
Stock warrants issued with note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	589,038	-	589,038
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65,823	65,823
Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,477,061)	(2,477,061)
Balance, June 30, 2018	<u>31,581</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>8,063</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,026,222</u>	<u>2,026</u>	<u>(11,000)</u>	<u>(19,007)</u>	<u>16,381,978</u>	<u>(26,279,975)</u>	<u>(9,914,938)</u>

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity**  
**For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<u>Series A Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Series B Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Series D Preferred Stock</u>		<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Treasury stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid In Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
Balance, December 31, 2017	31,581	31	8,063	8	-	-	1,976,034	1,976	(11,000)	(19,007)	14,387,247	(21,775,107)	(7,367,307)
Issuance of common stock for prepaid services	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,500	31	-	-	116,269	-	116,300
Common stock issued to settle vendor liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	938	1	-	-	3,374	-	3,375
Common stock issued with note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,750	19	-	-	77,468	-	77,487
Stock warrants issued with note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,486,043	-	1,486,043
BCF issued with note payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,413	-	38,413
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	235,618	-	235,618
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129,858	129,858
Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,634,726)	(4,634,725)
Balance, June 30, 2018	<u>31,581</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>8,063</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,026,222</u>	<u>2,026</u>	<u>(11,000)</u>	<u>(19,007)</u>	<u>16,344,432</u>	<u>(26,279,975)</u>	<u>(9,914,938)</u>

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
(Unaudited)

	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019</b>	<b>For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (3,469,855)	\$ (4,504,868)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	5,660	21,439
Accretion of debt discount and issuance cost	116,991	589,933
Inducement expense	7,626	-
Share-based compensation	448,291	285,821
Gain (loss) on settlement of vendor liabilities	-	(1,875)
Gain on settlement of debt	-	(13,452)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	81,149	431,786
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	-	(18,864)
Accounts receivable	4,000	(7,845)
Operating lease right of use asset	(47,643)	-
Security deposit	-	164
Deferred revenue	8,828	-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(251,299)	900,595
Deferred rent	-	707
<b>Net Cash Used In Operating Activities</b>	<b>(3,096,252)</b>	<b>(2,316,459)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Cash paid for property and equipment	(26,851)	(16,446)
<b>Net Cash Used In Investing Activities</b>	<b>(26,851)</b>	<b>(16,446)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Cash overdraft	(33,573)	-
Net proceeds from issuance of notes	-	658,500
Repayment of notes	(50,000)	(85,675)
Proceeds from issuance of demand loan	100,000	50,000
Proceeds from issuance of convertible note	1,993,025	1,525,154
Repayment of convertible notes	(12,508)	(76,798)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes - related party	-	299,852
Proceeds from issuance of note payable - related party	1,590,000	245,000
Repayment of note payable - related party	(275,000)	(160,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock and warrants	649,829	-
Repayment of line of credit	-	(44,996)
Cash paid for debt issuance costs	-	(166,761)
Purchase of treasury stock and warrants	(407,307)	-
<b>Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities</b>	<b>3,519,466</b>	<b>2,244,276</b>
<b>Net Change in Cash</b>	<b>396,363</b>	<b>(88,629)</b>
<b>Cash - Beginning of Year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>111,051</b>
<b>Cash - End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 396,363</b>	<b>\$ 22,422</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>		
Cash Paid During the Year for:		
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	\$ 18,273	\$ 64,892
<b>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Settlement of vendor liabilities	\$ -	\$ 3,750
Deferred offering costs	\$ 143,146	\$ -
Beneficial conversion feature on convertible notes	\$ -	\$ 38,413
Accrued dividends	\$ -	\$ 127,795
Warrants issued with debt	\$ 247,628	\$ 1,085,221
Issuance of common stock for prepaid services	\$ -	\$ 116,300
Operating Lease liability	\$ 288,790	\$ -
Option liability	\$ 7,328	\$ -
Conversion of note payable and interest into convertible notes	\$ -	\$ 341,442

Warrants with amendment to notes payable	\$ -	\$ 135,596
Conversion of note payable - related party and interest into convertible notes - related party	\$ 20,000	\$ -

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.*

**Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.**  
**June 30, 2019 and 2018**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1 – Organization and Operations**

Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc. (“we,” “us,” the “Company,” or “Jerrick Media” or “Jerrick”) (formerly Great Plains Holdings, Inc. or “GTPH”) is a technology company focused on the development of digital communities, marketing branded digital content, and e-commerce opportunities. Jerrick’s content distribution platform, Vocal, delivers a robust long-form, digital publishing platform organized into highly engaged niche-communities capable of hosting all forms of rich media content. Through Jerrick’s proprietary algorithm dynamics, Vocal enhances the visibility of content and maximizes viewership, providing advertisers access to target markets that most closely match their interests.

The Company was originally incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on December 30, 1999 under the name LILM, Inc. The Company changed its name on December 3, 2013 to Great Plains Holdings, Inc. as part of its plan to diversify its business. Historically, the Company had principally engaged in the manufacture and marketing of the LiL Marc, a plastic boys’ toilet-training device, which was discontinued as of December 31, 2014.

On February 5, 2016 (the “Closing Date”), GTPH, GPH Merger Sub, Inc., a Nevada corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of GTPH (“Merger Sub”), and Jerrick Ventures, Inc., a privately-held Nevada corporation headquartered in New Jersey (“Jerrick”), entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Merger”) pursuant to which the Merger Sub was merged with and into Jerrick, with Jerrick surviving as a wholly-owned subsidiary of GTPH (the “Merger”). GTPH acquired, pursuant to the Merger, all of the outstanding capital stock of Jerrick in exchange for issuing Jerrick’s shareholders (the “Jerrick Shareholders”), pro-rata, a total of 1,425,000 shares of GTPH’s common stock. In connection therewith, GTPH acquired 33,415 shares of Jerrick’s Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Jerrick Series A Preferred”) and 8,064 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Jerrick Series B Preferred”).

In connection with the Merger, on the Closing Date, GTPH and Kent Campbell entered into a Spin-Off Agreement (the “Spin-Off Agreement”), pursuant to which Mr. Campbell purchased from GTPH (i) all of GTPH’s interest in Ashland Holdings, LLC, a Florida limited liability company, and (ii) all of GTPH’s interest in Lil Marc, Inc., a Utah corporation, in exchange for the cancellation of 39,091 shares of GTPH’s Common Stock held by Mr. Campbell. In addition, Mr. Campbell assumed all debts, obligations and liabilities of GTPH, including any existing prior to the Merger, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Spin-Off Agreement.

Upon closing of the Merger on February 5, 2016, the Company changed its business plan to that of Jerrick Media.

Effective February 28, 2016, GTPH entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Statutory Merger Agreement”) with Jerrick, pursuant to which GTPH became the parent company of Jerrick Ventures, LLC, a wholly-owned operating subsidiary of Jerrick (the “Statutory Merger”) and GTPH changed its name to Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc. to better reflect its new business strategy.

**Note 2 – Significant and Critical Accounting Policies and Practices**

Management of the Company is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies and the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. Critical accounting policies and practices are those that are both most important to the portrayal of the Company’s financial condition and results and require management’s most difficult, subjective, or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company’s significant and critical accounting policies and practices are disclosed below as required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis of Presentation - Interim Financial Information

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information, and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") with respect to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements furnished reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

### Use of Estimates and Assumptions and Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods.

Critical accounting estimates are estimates for which (a) the nature of the estimate is material due to the levels of subjectivity and judgment necessary to account for highly uncertain matters or the susceptibility of such matters to change and (b) the impact of the estimate on financial condition or operating performance is material. The Company's critical accounting estimates and assumptions affecting the financial statements were:

- (i) *Assumption as a going concern* : Management assumes that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets, and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business.
- (ii) *Fair value of long-lived assets*: Fair value is generally determined using the asset's expected future discounted cash flows or market value, if readily determinable. If long-lived assets are determined to be recoverable, but the newly determined remaining estimated useful lives are shorter than originally estimated, the net book values of the long-lived assets are depreciated over the newly determined remaining estimated useful lives. The Company considers the following to be some examples of important indicators that may trigger an impairment review: (i) significant under-performance or losses of assets relative to expected historical or projected future operating results; (ii) significant changes in the manner or use of assets or in the Company's overall strategy with respect to the manner or use of the acquired assets or changes in the Company's overall business strategy; (iii) significant negative industry or economic trends; (iv) increased competitive pressures; (v) a significant decline in the Company's stock price for a sustained period of time; and (vi) regulatory changes. The Company evaluates acquired assets for potential impairment indicators at least annually and more frequently upon the occurrence of such events.
- (iii) *Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets* : Management assumes that the realization of the Company's net deferred tax assets resulting from its net operating loss ("NOL") carry-forwards for Federal income tax purposes that may be offset against future taxable income was not considered more likely than not and accordingly, the potential tax benefits of the net loss carry-forwards are offset by a full valuation allowance. Management made this assumption based on (a) the Company has incurred recurring losses, (b) general economic conditions, and (c) its ability to raise additional funds to support its daily operations by way of a public or private offering, among other factors.
- (iv) *Estimates and assumptions used in valuation of equity instruments* : Management estimates expected term of share options and similar instruments, expected volatility of the Company's common shares and the method used to estimate it, expected annual rate of quarterly dividends, and risk-free rate(s) to value share options and similar instruments.

These significant accounting estimates or assumptions bear the risk of change due to the fact that there are uncertainties attached to these estimates or assumptions, and certain estimates or assumptions are difficult to measure or value.

Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various assumptions that are believed to be reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Management regularly evaluates the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates utilizing currently available information, changes in facts and circumstances, historical experience and reasonable assumptions. After such evaluations, if deemed appropriate, those estimates are adjusted accordingly.

Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of consolidation

The Company consolidates all majority-owned subsidiaries, if any, in which the parent’s power to control exists.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company’s consolidated subsidiaries and/or entities are as follows:

<b>Name of combined affiliate</b>	<b>State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization</b>	<b>Company Ownership Interest</b>
Jerrick Ventures LLC	Delaware	100%
Jerrick Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100%

All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Jerrick Australia Pty Ltd does not have any operations.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company follows paragraph 825-10-50-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for disclosures about fair value of its financial instruments and paragraph 820-10-35-37 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“Paragraph 820-10-35-37”) to measure the fair value of its financial instruments. Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in U.S. GAAP and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and related disclosures, Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three (3) broad levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three (3) levels of fair value hierarchy defined by Paragraph 820-10-35-37 are described below:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date.
- Level 3 Pricing inputs that are generally observable inputs and not corroborated by market data.

Financial assets are considered Level 3 when their fair values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar techniques and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. If the inputs used to measure the financial assets and liabilities fall within more than one level described above, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

The carrying amount of the Company’s financial assets and liabilities, such as cash, prepaid expenses, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and accrued liquidating damages approximate their fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. Transactions involving related parties cannot be presumed to be carried out on an arm’s-length basis, as the requisite conditions of competitive, free-market dealings may not exist. Representations about transactions with related parties, if made, shall not imply that the related party transactions were consummated on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm’s-length transactions unless such representations can be substantiated.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The Company minimizes its credit risk associated with cash by periodically evaluating the credit quality of its primary financial institution. The balance at times may exceed federally insured limits.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and betterments are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method (after taking into account their respective estimated residual values) over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets as follows:

	<b>Estimated Useful Life (Years)</b>
Computer equipment and software	3
Furniture and fixture	2

Upon sale or retirement of property and equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Commitments and Contingencies

The Company follows subtopic 450-20 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification to report accounting for contingencies. Certain conditions may exist as of the date the condensed consolidated financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company assesses such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or un-asserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or un-asserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company’s condensed consolidated financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potential material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, and an estimate of the range of possible losses, if determinable and material, would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

### Derivative Liability

The Company evaluates its debt and equity issuances to determine if those contracts or embedded components of those contracts qualify as derivatives to be separately accounted for in accordance with paragraph 815-10-05-4 and Section 815-40-25 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. The result of this accounting treatment is that the fair value of the embedded derivative is marked-to-market each balance sheet date and recorded as either an asset or a liability. In the event that the fair value is recorded as a liability, the change in fair value is recorded in the condensed consolidated statement of operations as other income or expense. Upon conversion, exercise or cancellation of a derivative instrument, the instrument is marked to fair value at the date of conversion, exercise or cancellation and then the related fair value is reclassified to equity.

In circumstances where the embedded conversion option in a convertible instrument is required to be bifurcated and there are also other embedded derivative instruments in the convertible instrument that are required to be bifurcated, the bifurcated derivative instruments are accounted for as a single, compound derivative instrument.

The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is re-assessed at the end of each reporting period. Equity instruments that are initially classified as equity that become subject to reclassification are reclassified to liability at the fair value of the instrument on the reclassification date. Derivative instrument liabilities will be classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement of the derivative instrument is expected within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

The Company adopted Section 815-40-15 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“Section 815-40-15”) to determine whether an instrument (or an embedded feature) is indexed to the Company’s own stock. Section 815-40-15 provides that an entity should use a two-step approach to evaluate whether an equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded feature) is indexed to its own stock, including evaluating the instrument’s contingent exercise and settlement provisions. The Company changed its method of accounting for the debt and warrants through the early adoption of ASU 2017-11 during the year ended December 31, 2017 on a retrospective basis.

The Company utilizes an option pricing model to compute the fair value of the derivative and to mark to market the fair value of the derivative at each balance sheet date. The Company records the change in the fair value of the derivative as other income or expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

### Revenue Recognition

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 605, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605), using the modified retrospective transition method applied to those contracts which were not completed as of January 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts have not been adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with our historic accounting under Topic 605. The impact of adopting the new revenue standard was not material to our condensed consolidated financial statements and there was no adjustment to beginning retained earnings on January 1, 2018.

Under Topic 606, revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

We determine revenue recognition through the following steps:

- identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer;
- identification of the performance obligations in the contract;
- determination of the transaction price;

- allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognition of revenue when, or as, we satisfy a performance obligation.

Revenue disaggregated by revenue source for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 consists of the following:

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
Branded content	\$ 22,421	\$ 28,335
Affiliate sales	5,661	5,996
Other revenue	13,433	5,941
	<b>\$ 41,515</b>	<b>\$ 40,272</b>

#### **Branded Content**

Branded content represents the revenue recognized from the Company's obligation to create and publish branded articles for clients on the Vocal platform and promote said stories, tracking engagement for the client. The performance obligation is satisfied when the Company successfully publishes the articles on its platform and meets any required promotional milestones as per the contract. The revenue is recognized over time as the services are performed.

Below are the significant components of a typical agreement pertaining to branded content revenue:

- The Company will collect fixed fees ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000
- The articles are created and published within three months of the signed agreement, or as previously negotiated with the client
- The articles are promoted per the contract and engagement reports are provided to the client
- The client pays 50% at signing and 50% upon completion
- Most contracts include provisions for clients to acquire content rights at the end of the campaign for a flat fee

#### **Affiliate Sales**

Affiliate sales represents the commission the Company receives when a purchase is made through affiliate links placed within content hosted on the Vocal platform. Affiliate revenue is earned on a "click through" basis, upon referring visitors, via said links, to an affiliate's site and having them complete a specific outcome, most commonly a product purchase. The Company uses multiple affiliate platforms, such as Skimlinks, to form and maintain thousands of vendor relationships. Each vendor establishes their own commission percentage, which typically range from 2-20%. The revenue is recognized upon receipt as reliable estimates could not be made.

#### **Subscription**

Vocal+ is the new subscription offering of the Company's product, Vocal. For a flat annual fee of \$50, subscribers receive access to value-added features such as increased rate of CPM monetization, decreased minimum withdrawal balance, a discount on platform processing fees, and member badges for their profiles. Future features will be added, along with a monthly pricing plan, commencing in early September 2019. Subscription revenues stem from annual subscriptions and are recorded evenly over the term of the subscription. Any customer payments received in advance are deferred until they are earned.

### Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists of billings and payments from clients in advance of revenue recognition. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had deferred revenue of \$17,833.

### Accounts Receivable and Allowances

Accounts receivable are recorded and carried when the Company uploads the articles and reaches the required number of views on the platform. We make estimates for the allowance for doubtful accounts and allowance for unbilled receivables based upon our assessment of various factors, including historical experience, the age of the accounts receivable balances, credit quality of our customers, current economic conditions, and other factors that may affect our ability to collect from customers. The Company did not record an allowance during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

### Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recognizes compensation expense for all equity-based payments granted to employees in accordance with ASC 718 "*Compensation – Stock Compensation*". Under fair value recognition provisions, the Company recognizes equity-based compensation net of an estimated forfeiture rate and recognizes compensation cost only for those shares expected to vest over the requisite service period of the award.

Restricted stock awards are granted at the discretion of the Company. These awards are restricted as to the transfer of ownership and generally vest over the requisite service periods, typically over a five-year period (vesting on a straight-line basis). The fair value of a stock award is equal to the fair market value of a share of Company stock on the grant date.

The fair value of an option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The Black-Scholes option valuation model requires the development of assumptions that are inputs into the model. These assumptions are the value of the underlying share, the expected stock volatility, the risk-free interest rate, the expected life of the option, the dividend yield on the underlying stock and the expected forfeiture rate. Expected volatility is benchmarked against similar companies in a similar industry over the expected option life and other appropriate factors. Risk-free interest rates are calculated based on continuously compounded risk-free rates for the appropriate term. The dividend yield is assumed to be zero as the Company has never paid or declared any cash dividends on its Common stock and does not intend to pay dividends on its Common stock in the foreseeable future. The expected forfeiture rate is estimated based on management's best estimate.

Determining the appropriate fair value model and calculating the fair value of equity-based payment awards requires the input of the subjective assumptions described above. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of equity-based payment awards represent management's best estimates, which involve inherent uncertainties and the application of management's judgment. As a result, if factors change and the Company uses different assumptions, our equity-based compensation could be materially different in the future. In addition, the Company is required to estimate the expected forfeiture rate and recognize expense only for those shares expected to vest. If the Company's actual forfeiture rate is materially different from its estimate, the equity-based compensation could be significantly different from what the Company has recorded in the current period.

The Company accounts for share-based payments granted to non-employees in accordance with ASC 505-40, "Equity Based Payments to Non-Employees". The Company determines the fair value of the stock-based payment as either the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued is used, it is measured using the stock price and other measurement assumptions as of the earlier of either (1) the date at which a commitment for performance by the counterparty to earn the equity instruments is reached, or (2) the date at which the counterparty's performance is complete. The fair value of the equity instruments is re-measured each reporting period over the requisite service period.

### Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per common share is determined using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents. In periods when losses are reported, which is the case for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements, the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding excludes common stock equivalents because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

The Company had the following common stock equivalents at June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>
Series A Preferred stock	-	1,156,797
Series B Preferred stock	-	234,895
Options	882,500	882,500
Warrants	713,138	3,100,840
Convertible notes - related party	5,180	501,375
Convertible notes	551,923	1,400,792
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2,152,741</b>	<b>7,277,199</b>

### Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts in the condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto have been reclassified where necessary to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications did not affect the prior period total assets, total liabilities, stockholders' deficit, net loss or net cash used in operating activities.

### Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." Under ASU 2016-02, lessees will, among other things, require lessees to recognize a lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and a right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. ASU 2016-02 does not significantly change lease accounting requirements applicable to lessors; however, certain changes were made to align, where necessary, lessor accounting with the lessee accounting model and ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." ASU 2016-02 became effective for us on January 1, 2019 and initially required transition using a modified retrospective approach for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11, "Leases (Topic 842) - Targeted Improvements," which, among other things, provides an additional transition method that would allow entities to not apply the guidance in ASU 2016-02 in the comparative periods presented in the financial statements and instead recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. In December 2018, the FASB also issued ASU 2018-20, "Leases (Topic 842) - Narrow-Scope Improvements for Lessors," which provides for certain policy elections and changes lessor accounting for sales and similar taxes and certain lessor costs. As of January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2016-02 and has recorded a right-of-use asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for its operating leases. We elected to apply certain practical expedients provided under ASU 2016-02 whereby we will not reassess (i) whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain leases, (ii) the lease classification for any expired or existing leases and (iii) initial direct costs for any existing leases. We also do not expect to apply the recognition requirements of ASU 2016-02 to any short-term leases (as defined by related accounting guidance). We expect to account for lease and non-lease components separately because such amounts are readily determinable under our lease contracts and because we expect this election will result in a lower impact on our balance sheet.

*Recent Accounting Guidance Not Yet Adopted*

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other than Inventory", which eliminates the exception that prohibits the recognition of current and deferred income tax effects for intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory until the asset has been sold to an outside party. The updated guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of the update is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new standard.

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, when adopted, will have a material effect on the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Note 3 – Going Concern**

The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that it will continue as a going concern, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets, and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company had an accumulated deficit at June 30, 2019, a net loss and net cash used in operating activities for the reporting period then ended. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of one year from the issuance of these financial statements.

The Company is attempting to further implement its business plan and generate sufficient revenues; however, its cash position may not be sufficient to support its daily operations. While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to further implement its business plan and generate sufficient revenues and in its ability to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering of its debt or equity securities, there can be no assurance that it will be able to do so on reasonable terms, or at all. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to further implement its business plan and generate sufficient revenues and its ability to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering.

The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

**Note 4 – Notes Payable**

Notes payable as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	<u>Outstanding Principal as of</u>		<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Warrants granted</u>	
	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>December 31, 2018</u>			<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>
July 2018 Loan Agreement	-	50,000	6%	August 2018	15,000	-
		50,000				
Less: Debt Discount	-	-				
Less: Debt Issuance Costs	-	(74)				
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 49,926</u>				

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the Company repaid \$50,000 in principal and \$1,893 in interest.

## Note 5 – Convertible Note Payable

Convertible notes payable as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Outstanding Principal as of		Interest Rate	Conversion Price	Maturity Date	Warrants granted	
	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018				Quantity	Exercise Price
The February 2018 Convertible Note Offering	62,492	75,000	15%	0.20(*)	January – February 2020	253,919	4.00
The March 2018 Convertible Note Offering	75,000	75,000	14%	0.20(*)	March – April 2020	240,342	4.00
The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering	1,993,025	-	10%	0.25(*)	February – March 2020	133,190	6.00
	2,130,517	150,000					
Less: Debt Discount	(178,760)	(17,280)					
Less: Debt Issuance Costs	(4,135)	(9,239)					
	1,947,622	123,481					
Less: Current Debt	(1,947,622)	-					
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ -	\$ 123,481					

(\*) As subject to adjustment as further outlined in the notes

### The February 2018 Convertible Note Offering

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company conducted multiple closings of a private placement offering to accredited investors (the “February 2018 Convertible Note Offering”) of units of the Company’s securities by entering into subscription agreements with “accredited investors” (the “February 2018 Investors”) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$725,000. In addition, \$250,000 of the Company’s short-term debt along with accrued but unpaid interest of \$40,675 was exchanged for convertible debt in the February 2018 Offering. These conversions resulted in the issuance of 72,669 warrants with a fair value of \$181,139. These were recorded as a loss on extinguishment of debt.

The February 2018 Convertible Note Offering consisted of a maximum of \$750,000 of units of the Company’s securities (each, a “February 2018 Unit” and collectively, the “February 2018 Units”), with each February 2018 Unit consisting of (a) a 15% Convertible Secured Promissory Note (each a “February 2018 Convertible Note” and together the “February 2018 Convertible Notes”), convertible into shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$.001 per share (“February 2018 Conversion Shares”) at a conversion price of \$0.20 per share (the “February 2018 Note Conversion Price”), and (b) a five-year warrant (each a “February 2018 Offering Warrant and together the “February 2018 Offering Warrants”) to purchase common stock equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the shares into which the February 2018 Convertible Notes can be converted into (“February 2018 Warrant Shares”) at an exercise price of \$4.00 per share (“February 2018 Warrant Exercise Price”). The February 2018 Offering Notes mature on the second (2nd) anniversary of their issuance dates. The February 2018 Offering Notes are secured by a second priority security interest in the Company’s assets up to \$1,000,000.

The February 2018 Note Conversion Price and the February 2018 Offering Warrant Exercise Price are subject to adjustment for issuances of the Company’s common stock or any equity linked instruments or securities convertible into the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of less than the prevailing Conversion Price or Exercise Price. Such adjustment shall result in the Conversion Price and Exercise Price being reduced to such lower purchase price, subject to carve-outs as described therein.

The conversion feature of the February 2018 Convertible Note Offering provides for an effective conversion price that is below market value on the date of issuance. Such feature is normally characterized as a beneficial conversion feature (“BCF”). When the Company records a BCF the relative fair value of the BCF is recorded as a debt discount against the face amount of the respective debt instrument. The Company recorded a BCF and related debt discount of \$37,350, the discount is being accreted over the life of the first Debenture to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

The Company recorded a \$316,875 debt discount relating to 3,625,000 February 2018 Offering Warrants issued to investors based on the relative fair value of each equity instrument on the dates of issuance. The debt discount is being accreted over the life of these notes to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

In connection with the February 2018 Convertible Note Offering, the Company retained a placement agent (the “Placement Agent”), to carry out the Offering on a “best-efforts” basis. For services in its capacity as Placement Agent, the Company has paid the Placement Agent a cash fee of \$94,250 and issued to the Placement Agent shares of the Company’s common stock equal to ten percent (10%) of the Conversion Shares underlying the February 2018 Convertible Notes or 362,500 shares that had a fair value of \$74,881, which was recorded as issuance cost and is being accreted over the life of these notes to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

During the Year ended December 31, 2018, the Company converted \$940,675 of principal and \$86,544 of unpaid interest into the August 2018 Equity Raise (as defined in Note 7 below).

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the company repaid \$12,508 in principal.

#### The March 2018 Convertible Note Offering

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company conducted multiple closings of a private placement offering to accredited investors (the “March 2018 Convertible Note Offering”) of units of the Company’s securities by entering into subscription agreements with “accredited investors” (the “March 2018 Investors”) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$770,000. In addition, \$50,000 of the Company’s short-term debt, \$767 accrued but unpaid interest and \$140,600 of the Company’s vendor liabilities was exchanged for convertible debt within the March 2018 Convertible Note Offering. These conversions resulted in the issuance of 47,842 warrants with a fair value of \$84,087. These were recorded as a loss on extinguishment of debt.

The March 2018 Convertible Note Offering consisted of a maximum of \$900,000, with an over-allotment option of an additional \$300,000 of units of the Company’s securities (each, a “March 2018 Unit” and collectively, the “March 2018 Units”), with each March 2018 Unit consisting of (a) a 14% Convertible Secured Promissory Note (each a “March 2018 Note” and together the “March 2018 Notes”), convertible into shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$.001 per share (“Conversion Shares”) at a conversion price of \$0.20 per share (the “Conversion Price”), and (b) a four-year warrant (each a “Warrant and together the “Warrants”) to purchase common stock equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the shares into which the Notes can be converted into (“Warrant Shares”) at an exercise price of \$4.00 per share (“Exercise Price”). The March 2018 Notes mature on the second (2nd) anniversary of their issuance dates.

The Conversion Price of the March 2018 Note and the Exercise Price of the Warrants are subject to adjustment for issuances of the Company’s common stock or any equity linked instruments or securities convertible into the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of less than the prevailing Conversion Price or Exercise Price. Such adjustment shall result in the Conversion Price and Exercise Price being reduced to such lower purchase price, subject to carve-outs as described therein.

The Company recorded a \$254,788 debt discount relating to 240,342 warrants issued to investors based on the relative fair value of each equity instrument on the dates of issuance. The debt discount is being accreted over the life of the note to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

During the Year ended December 31, 2018, the Company converted \$886,367 of principal and \$51,293 of unpaid interest pursuant to the August 2018 Equity Raise (as defined below).

*The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering*

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company conducted an offering to accredited investors (the “February 2019 Convertible Note Offering”) of units of the Company’s securities by entering into subscription agreements with “accredited investors” (the “February 2019 Investors”) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,993,025.

The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering consisted of (a) a 10% Convertible Promissory Note (each a “February 2019 Note” and together, the “February 2019 Notes”), convertible into shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$.001 per share (“Conversion Shares”) at the lesser of (i) a fixed conversion price equal to \$0.25 per share or (ii) the price provided to investors in connection with (a) any private placement offerings or one or more registered public offerings by the Company under the Securities Act, pursuant to which the Company receives monies in the amount greater than \$1,500,000 in exchange for securities of the Company between February 21, 2019 and the date on which the Company’s consummates a listing onto a national securities exchange, or (b) any private placement offerings or one or more registered public offerings by the Company under the Securities Act in connection with its listing onto a national securities exchange (a “Qualified Offering”), and (b) a four-year stock purchase warrant (each a “Warrant and together the “Warrants”) to purchase a quantity of shares of the Company’s common stock up to thirty-three percent (33%) of the number of shares of common stock into which the underlying Notes may be converted, at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share (“Exercise Price”). During the six months ended June 30, 2019 a total of 133,190 Warrants were issued in conjunction with The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering.

The February 2019 Notes mature on the first (1<sup>st</sup>) anniversary of their issuance dates. In the event that the Offering’s Purchasers do not choose to convert the Notes into the Common Stock on or prior to the Maturity Dates, the principal and interest evidenced by the Note shall be mandatorily converted upon the earlier of (i) the listing of the Common Stock onto a national securities exchange, or (ii) upon a Qualified Offering.

The Conversion Price of the February 2019 Note and the Exercise Price of the Warrants are subject to adjustment for issuances of the Company’s common stock or any equity linked instruments or securities convertible into the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of less than the prevailing Conversion Price or Exercise Price. Such adjustment shall result in the Conversion Price and Exercise Price being reduced to such lower purchase price, subject to carve-outs as described therein.

The Company recorded a \$222,632 debt discount relating to 133,190 warrants issued to investors based on the relative fair value of each equity instrument on the dates of issuance. The debt discount is being accreted over the life of the note to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

**Note 6 – Related Party Loans**

*Convertible notes*

Convertible notes payable – related party as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Outstanding Principal as of		Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Warrants granted	
	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018			Quantity	Exercise Price
The March 2018 Convertible Note Offering	400	400	14%	March 2020	59,850	4.00
The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering	20,000	-	10%	February – March 2020	1,320	6.00
	20,400	400				
Less: Debt Discount	(34)	(72)				
Less: Debt Issuance Costs	-	-				
	20,366	328				
Less: Current Debt	(20,366)	-				
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ -	\$ 328				

### The March 2018 Convertible Note Offering

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company conducted multiple closings of a private placement offering to accredited investors (the “March 2018 Convertible Note Offering”) of units of the Company’s securities by entering into subscription agreements with “accredited investors” (the “Investors”) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$239,400.

The March 2018 Convertible Note Offering consisted of a maximum of \$900,000, with an over-allotment option of an additional \$300,000, of units of the Company’s securities (each, a “March 2018 Unit” and collectively, the “March 2018 Units”), with each March 2018 Unit consisting of (a) a 14% Convertible Secured Promissory Note (each a “March 2018 Note” and together the “March 2018 Notes”), convertible into shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$.001 per share (“Conversion Shares”) at a conversion price of \$0.20 per share (the “Conversion Price”), and (b) a four-year warrant (each a “Warrant and together the “Warrants”) to purchase common stock equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the shares into which the Notes can be converted into (“Warrant Shares”) at an exercise price of \$4.00 per share (“Exercise Price”). The Notes mature on the second (2nd) anniversary of their issuance dates.

The Conversion Price of the Note and the Exercise Price of the Warrants are subject to adjustment for issuances of the Company’s common stock or any equity linked instruments or securities convertible into the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of less than the prevailing Conversion Price or Exercise Price. Such adjustment shall result in the Conversion Price and Exercise Price being reduced to such lower purchase price, subject to carve-outs as described therein.

The Company recorded a \$84,854 debt discount relating to 59,850 warrants issued to investors based on the relative fair value of each equity instrument on the dates of issuance. The debt discount is being accreted over the life of these notes to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company converted \$239,000 of principal and \$15,401 of unpaid interest into the August 2018 Equity Raise (as defined below).

### The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering

During the Six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company conducted an offering to accredited investors (the “February 2019 Convertible Note Offering”) of units of the Company’s securities by entering into subscription agreements with “accredited investors” (the “February 2019 Investors”) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$20,000.

The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering consisted of (a) a 10% Convertible Promissory Note (each a “February 2019 Note” and together, the “February 2019 Notes”), convertible into shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$.001 per share (“Conversion Shares”) at the lesser of (i) a fixed conversion price equal to \$0.25 per share or (ii) the price provided to investors in connection with (a) any private placement offerings or one or more registered public offerings by the Company under the Securities Act, pursuant to which the Company receives monies in the amount greater than \$1,500,000 in exchange for securities of the Company between February 21, 2019 and the date on which the Company’s consummates a listing onto a national securities exchange, or (b) any private placement offerings or one or more registered public offerings by the Company under the Securities Act in connection with its listing onto a national securities exchange (a “Qualified Offering”), and (b) a four-year stock purchase warrant (each a “Warrant and together the “Warrants”) to purchase a quantity of shares of the Company’s common stock up to thirty-three percent (33%) of the number of shares of common stock into which the underlying Notes may be converted, at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share (“Exercise Price”). During the six months ended June 30, 2019 a total of 1,320 Warrants were issued in conjunction with The February 2019 Convertible Note Offering.

The February 2019 Notes mature on the first (1<sup>st</sup>) anniversary of their issuance dates. In the event that the Offering’s Purchasers do not choose to convert the Notes into the Common Stock on or prior to the Maturity Dates, the principal and interest evidenced by the Note shall be mandatorily converted upon the earlier of (i) the listing of the Common Stock onto a national securities exchange, or (ii) upon a Qualified Offering.

The Company recorded a \$2,465 debt discount relating to 1,320 warrants issued to investors based on the relative fair value of each equity instrument on the dates of issuance. The debt discount is being accreted over the life of the note to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

Notes payable

Notes payable – related party as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Outstanding Principal as of		Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Warrants granted	
	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018			Quantity	Exercise Price
The May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	13%	November 26, 2017	50,000	\$ 8.00
The June 2018 Frommer Loan Agreement	10,000	10,000	6%	August 17, 2018	1,500	4.00
The July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement	-	56,695	6%	August 17, 2018	1,500	4.00
The July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreements	20,863	40,000	6%	August 17, 2018	7,500	4.00
The December 2018 Gravitas Loan Agreement	-	50,000	6%	January 22, 2019	2,500	6.00
The December 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement	75,000	75,000	6%	January 26, 2019	3,750	6.00
The January 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement	175,000	-	10%	February 15, 2019	15,000	6.00
The February 2019 Gravitas Loan Agreement	-	-	5%	February 28, 2019	375	6.00
The February 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement	50,000	-	10%	February 28, 2019	5,000	6.00
The March 2019 Gravitas Loan Agreement	-	-	6%	April 11, 2019	500	6.00
The May 2019 Loan Agreement	-	-	6%	June 4, 2019	150	4.00
The June 2019 Loan Agreement	2,400,000	-	12.5%	December 3, 2019	-	-
	<u>2,730,863</u>	<u>1,235,000</u>				
Less: Debt Discount	(79,067)	(11,927)				
	<u>2,651,796</u>	<u>1,223,073</u>				
Less: Current Debt	(2,651,796)	(1,223,073)				
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>				

The May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement

On May 26, 2016, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement”) with Arthur Rosen, an individual (“Rosen”), pursuant to which on May 26, 2016 (the “Closing Date”), Rosen provided the Company a secured term loan in the principal amount of \$1,000,000 (the “May 2016 Rosen Loan”). In connection with the May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement, on May 26, 2016, the Company and Rosen entered into a security agreement (the “Rosen Security Agreement”), pursuant to which the Company granted to Rosen a senior security interest in substantially all of the Company’s assets as security for repayment of the May 2016 Rosen Loan. Pursuant to the May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement, the May 2016 Rosen Loan bears interest at a rate of 12.5% per annum, compounded annually and payable on the maturity date of May 26, 2017 (the “May 2016 Rosen Maturity Date”) at which time all outstanding principal, accrued and unpaid interest and other amounts due under the May 2016 Rosen Loan are due. The Company entered into an amendment to the May 2016 Rosen Loan extending the May 2016 Rosen Maturity Date to November 26, 2017. As additional consideration for entering in the May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement, the Company issued Rosen a five-year warrant to purchase 50,000 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$2.00 per share (the “May 2016 Rosen Warrant”). The May 2016 Rosen Warrant contains anti-dilution provisions as further described therein. On September 7, 2017 (the “Conversion Date”), Rosen converted all accrued but unpaid interest on the May 2016 Rosen Loan from May 26, 2016 through September 6, 2017 in the amount of \$124,306 (the “May 2016 Rosen Loan Interest”) into the Company’s August Convertible Note Offering, after which May 2016 Rosen Loan Interest was deemed paid in full through the Conversion Date. On March 29, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Rosen to further extend the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019. On June 3, 2019, this loan was converted into The June 2019 Loan Agreement (as defined below).

The June 2018 Frommer Loan Agreement

On June 29, 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “June 2018 Frommer Loan Agreement”) with Jeremy Frommer, an officer of the Company, whereby the Company issued Frommer a promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 (the “June 2018 Frommer Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the June 2018 Frommer Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Frommer a four-year warrant to purchase 1,500 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$4.00 per share. Pursuant to the June 2018 Frommer Loan Agreement, the June 2018 Frommer Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of August 17, 2018 (the “June 2018 Frommer Maturity Date”). On November 8, 2018 the Company executed upon an agreement that extended the maturity date of the June 2018 Frommer Agreement to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Frommer an additional 2,043 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. These warrants had a fair value of \$4,645 which was recorded to loss on extinguishment of debt. On February 18, 2019 the Company executed upon an agreement that further extended the maturity date of the June 2018 Frommer Agreement to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Frommer an additional 2,077 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Frommer that further extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019. On June 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Frommer that further extended the maturity date of this loan to December 15, 2019.

The First July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement

On July 3, 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “First July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement”) with Schiller, a member of the Board, whereby the Company issued Schiller a promissory note in the principal aggregate amount of \$35,000 (the “First July 2018 Schiller Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the First July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement, the Company issued Schiller a four-year warrant to purchase 3,750 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$4.00 per share. Pursuant to the agreement, the note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of August 17, 2018. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, on November 8, 2018 the Company executed upon an agreement that extended the maturity date of this loan to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Schiller warrants to purchase 7,149 shares of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On February 18, 2019 the Company executed upon an agreement that further extended the maturity date of the First July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Schiller an additional 3,204 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Schiller that extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019.

During the 6 months ended June 30, 2019 \$15,000 in principal and \$863 of unpaid interest was converted into the February 2019 Convertible Note Offering and the loan is no longer outstanding.

The Second July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement

On July 17, 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “Second July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement”) with Schiller, a member of the Board, whereby the Company issued Schiller a promissory note in the principal aggregate amount of \$25,000 (the “Second July 2018 Schiller Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the Second July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement, the Company issued Schiller a four-year warrant to purchase 3,750 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$4.00 per share. Pursuant to the Second July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement, the Second July 2018 Schiller Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of August 17, 2018. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, on November 8, 2018 the Company executed upon an agreement that extended the maturity date of this loan to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Schiller warrants to purchase 5,095 shares of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On February 18, 2019 the Company executed upon an agreement that further extended the maturity date of the Second July 2018 Schiller Loan Agreement to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Schiller an additional 5,180 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Schiller that further extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019.

During the 6 months ended June 30, 2019 \$4,137 in principal was converted into the February 2019 Convertible Note Offering.

The First July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreements

On July 12, 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “First July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement”) with Rosen, an officer of the Company, whereby the Company issued Rosen a promissory note in the principal aggregate amount of \$10,000 (the “First July 2018 Rosen Note”). Pursuant to the First July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement, the note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of August 17, 2018. On November 8, 2018 the Company executed upon an agreement that extended the maturity date of this loan to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Rosen warrants to purchase 1,377 shares of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On February 18, 2019 the Company executed upon an agreement that further extended the maturity date of the First July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Rosen an additional 10,370 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Rosen that further extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the company repaid \$10,000 of principal and \$1,123 of unpaid interest and the loan is no longer outstanding.

The Second July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreements

On July 18, 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “Second July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement”) with Rosen, whereby the Company issued Rosen a promissory note in the principal aggregate amount of \$50,000 (the “Second July 2018 Rosen Note”) resulting from the conversion of a demand note (as described below). As additional consideration for entering into the Second July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement, the Company issued Rosen a four-year warrant to purchase 7,500 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the Second July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement, the Second July 2018 Rosen Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of August 17, 2018. On November 8, 2018 the Company executed upon an agreement that extended the maturity date of this loan to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Rosen warrants to purchase 10,198 shares of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On February 18, 2019 the Company executed upon an agreement that further extended the maturity date of the Second July 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Rosen an additional 2,072 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Rosen that further extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the company repaid \$50,000 of principal and \$2,900 of unpaid interest and the loan is no longer outstanding.

The December 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement

On December 27, 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “December 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement”) with Rosen, whereby the Company issued Rosen a promissory note in the principal amount of \$75,000 (the “December 2018 Rosen Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the December 2018 Rosen Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Rosen a four-year warrant to purchase 3,750 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the December 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement, the December 2018 Rosen Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of January 26, 2019 (the “December 2018 Rosen Maturity Date”). On February 18, 2019 the Company executed upon an agreement that further extended the maturity date of the December 2018 Rosen Loan Agreement to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Rosen an additional 35,194 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Rosen that extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019. On August 8, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement further extending the maturity date to September 20, 2019.

The December 2018 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement

On December 27, 2018, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “December 2018 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement”) with Gravitas Capital, whereby the Company issued Gravitas Capital a promissory note in the principal amount of \$50,000 (the “December 2018 Gravitas Capital Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the December 2018 Gravitas Capital Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Gravitas Capital a four-year warrant to purchase 2,500 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the December 2018 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement, the December 2018 Gravitas Capital Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of January 27, 2019 (the “December 2018 Gravitas Capital Maturity Date”).

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the Company repaid \$50,000 in principal and \$250 in interest and the loan is no longer outstanding.

The January 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement

On January 30, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “January 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement”) with Rosen, whereby the Company issued Rosen a promissory note in the principal amount of \$175,000 (the “January 2019 Rosen Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the January 2019 Rosen Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Rosen a four-year warrant to purchase 15,000 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the January 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement, the January 2019 Rosen Note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum and payable on the maturity date of February 15, 2019 (the “January 2019 Rosen Maturity Date”). On February 19, 2018 the Company executed upon an agreement that extended the maturity date of this loan to March 7, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Rosen warrants to purchase 35,194 shares of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00. On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Rosen that extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019. On August 8, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement further extending the maturity date to September 20, 2019.

The February 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement

On February 6, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “February 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement”) with Gravitas Capital, whereby the Company issued Gravitas Capital a promissory note in the principal amount of \$75,000 (the “February 2019 Gravitas Capital Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the February 2019 Gravitas Capital Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Gravitas Capital a four-year warrant to purchase 375 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the February 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement, the February 2019 Gravitas Capital Note bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum and payable on the maturity date of February 28, 2019 (the “February 2019 Gravitas Capital Maturity Date”).

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the Company repaid \$75,000 in principal and \$3,500 in interest and the loan is no longer outstanding.

The February 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement

On February 14, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “February 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement”) with Rosen, whereby the Company issued Rosen a promissory note in the principal amount of \$50,000 (the “February 2019 Rosen Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the February 2019 Rosen Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Rosen a four-year warrant to purchase 5,000 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the February 2019 Rosen Loan Agreement, the February 2019 Rosen Note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum and payable on the maturity date of February 28, 2019 (the “February 2019 Rosen Maturity Date”). On March 29, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement with Mr. Rosen that extended the maturity date of this loan to May 15, 2019. On August 8, 2019 the Company entered into an agreement further extending the maturity date to September 20, 2019.

The March 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement

On March 11, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “March 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement”) with Gravitas Capital, whereby the Company issued Gravitas Capital a promissory note in the principal amount of \$80,000 (the “March 2019 Gravitas Capital Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the March 2019 Gravitas Capital Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Gravitas Capital a four-year warrant to purchase 375 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the March 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement, the March 2019 Gravitas Capital Note bears interest at a rate of 6% per annum and payable on the maturity date of April 11, 2019 (the “March 2019 Gravitas Capital Maturity Date”). On April 12, 2019 the Company executed upon an agreement that further extended the maturity date of the March 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement to May 15, 2019. As part of the extension agreement, the Company issued Gravitas Capital an additional 500 warrants to purchase common stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$6.00.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the company repaid \$80,000 of principal and \$10,000 of unpaid interest and the loan is no longer outstanding.

#### The May 2019 Loan Agreement

On May 31, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “May 2019 Loan Agreement”), whereby the Company issued a promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000 (the “May 2019 Note”). Pursuant to the May 2019 Loan Agreement, the May 2019 Note bears interest at a rate of \$500 per month. As additional consideration for entering in the May 2019 Loan Agreement, the Company issued a four-year warrant to purchase 150 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$4.00 per share.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the Company repaid \$10,000 in principal and \$500 in interest and the loan is no longer outstanding.

#### The June 2019 Loan Agreement

On June 3, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “June 2019 Loan Agreement”), pursuant to which the Company was to be indebted in the amount of \$2,400,000, of which \$1,200,000 was funded by June 30, 2019 and \$1,200,000 was exchanged from the May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement dated May 26, 2016 in favor of Rosen for a joint and several interest in the Term Loan pursuant to the Debt Exchange Agreement. The June 2019 Loan Agreement, the June 2019 Loan bears interest at a rate of 12.5% per annum, compounded annually and payable on the maturity date of December 3, 2019 (the “June 2019 Maturity Date”) at which time all outstanding principal, accrued and unpaid interest and other amounts due under the June 2019. In connection with the conversion of the May 2016 Rosen Loan Agreement the Company recorded a debt discount of \$92,752. The debt discount is being accreted over the life of the note to accretion of debt discount and issuance cost.

#### Demand loan

On March 29, 2019, Standish made non-interest bearing loans of \$300,000 to the Company in the form of cash. The loan is due on demand and unsecured. In April of 2019 the company papered this note as part of the February 2019 Convertible Note Offering.

On June 13, 2019, Standish made non-interest bearing loans of \$100,000 to the Company in the form of cash. The loan is due on demand and unsecured

#### Officer compensation

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 the Company paid \$24,342 for living expenses for officers of the Company.

#### **Note 7 - Stockholders’ Deficit**

##### Shares Authorized

Upon incorporation, the total number of shares of all classes of stock which the Company is authorized to issue is Thirty-five Million (35,000,000) shares of which Fifteen Million (15,000,000) shares shall be Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share and Twenty Million (20,000,000) shall be Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share. The designations, rights, and preferences of such preferred stock are to be determined by the Board of Directors.

##### Reverse Stock Split

On July 25, 2019, following stockholder and Board approval, the Company filed a Certificate of Change to its Articles of Incorporation (the “Amendment”), with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada to effectuate a one-for-twenty (1:20) reverse stock split (the “Reverse Stock Split”) of its common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, without any change to its par value. The Amendment became effective on July 30, 2019. The number of shares authorized for common and preferred stock were not affected by the Reverse Stock Split. No fractional shares were issued in connection with the Reverse Stock Split as all fractional shares were “rounded up” to the next whole share.

All share and per share amounts for the common stock have been retroactively restated to give effect to the reverse splits.

##### Preferred Stock

As of June 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018 there were no preferred stock issued or outstanding.

##### Common Stock

On January 4, 2019, the Company issued 2,000,000 shares of its restricted common stock to consultants in exchange for services at a fair value of \$240,000.

On January 3, 2019, the Company issued 500,000 shares of its restricted common stock to consultants in exchange for services at a fair value of \$70,050.

##### August 2018 Equity Raise

Effective August 31, 2018 (the “Effective Date”), the Company consummated the initial closing (the “Initial Closing”) of a private placement offering of its securities of up to \$5,000,000 (the “August 2018 Equity Raise”). During the three months ended March 31, 2019 the Company entered into definitive securities purchase agreements (the “Purchase Agreements”) for aggregate gross proceeds of \$649,829. Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, the Purchasers purchased an aggregate of 2,599,320 shares of common stock at \$0.25 per share and received warrants to purchase 129,966 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share (the “Purchaser Warrants”, collectively, the “Securities”).

The Purchaser Warrants are exercisable for a term of five years from the Initial Exercise Date (as defined in the Purchaser Warrants).

## Tender offers

	Warrants subject to tender	Common shares issuable	Warrants tendered	Shares issued
Tender offer 1	61,832,962	20,610,782	50,602,968	16,977,084
Tender offer 2	53,754,849	26,727,425	50,052,133	25,026,377
Total	115,587,811	47,338,207	100,655,101	42,003,461

### Tender 1

In February 2019 the Company offered to its holders of certain outstanding warrants (the “Tender 1 Warrants”), each with an exercise price of \$4.00, by agreeing to receive thirty-three thousand three hundred and thirty three (33,333) Shares in exchange for every one-hundred thousand (100,000) Warrants tendered by the holders of Warrants (the “Exchange Ratio”). The Exchange Ratio was selected by the Company in order to provide the holders of the Warrants with an incentive to exchange the Warrants. The Tender closed on April 15, 2019. The Company considered the fair value accounting for all share-based payments awards. The fair value of each warrant tendered is estimated on the tender date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Since the fair of the warrants were in excess of the fair value of common stock the company did not record an inducement expense.

### Tender 2

In April 2019 the Company offered to its holders of certain outstanding warrants (the “Tender 2 Warrants”), each with an exercise price of \$6.00, by agreeing to receive fifty thousand (50,000) Shares in exchange for every one-hundred thousand (100,000) Warrants tendered by the holders of Warrants (the “Exchange Ratio”). The Exchange Ratio was selected by the Company in order to provide the holders of the Warrants with an incentive to exchange the Warrants. The Tender closed on May 17, 2019. The Company considered the fair value accounting for all share-based payments awards. The fair value of each warrant tendered is estimated on the tender date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Since the fair of the warrants were in excess of the fair value of common stock the company did not record an inducement expense.

### Warrants

The Company applied fair value accounting for all share-based payments awards. The fair value of each warrant granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

The assumptions used for warrants granted during the six months ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Exercise price	\$ 4.00-6.00	\$4
Expected dividends	0%	0%
Expected volatility	107.59%-114.13% %	92.14% - 100.56 %
Risk free interest rate	1.93-2.41 %	1.64% - 2.69 %
Expected life of warrant	4-5 years	4 – 5 years

### Warrant Activities

The following is a summary of the Company’s warrant activity:

	Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding – December 31, 2018	5,548,1418	5.40
Granted	422,314	5.89
Exercised	-	-
Forfeited/Cancelled	(5,252,130)	5.32
Outstanding and Exercisable – June 30, 2019	713,135	5.20

Warrants Outstanding			Warrants Exercisable		
Exercise price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$ 5.20	718,325	3.32	5.20	718,325	3.32

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, a total of 133,190 warrants were issued with convertible notes (See Note 5 above). The warrants have a grant date fair value of \$252,533 using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the above assumptions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, a total of 94,757 warrants were issued with notes payable – related party (See Note 6 above). The warrants have a grant date fair value of \$106,378 using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the above assumptions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, a total of 1,320 warrants were issued with convertible notes payable – related party (See Note 6 above). The warrants have a grant date fair value of \$2,465 using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the above assumptions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, a total of 129,966 warrants were issued with the August 2018 Equity Raise (See above). The warrants have a grant date fair value of \$334,985 using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the above assumptions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, a total of 41,140 warrants were issued in exchange for services. The warrants have a grant date fair value of \$ 122,777 using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the above assumptions.

## Note 11 – Commitments and Contingencies

### Lease Agreements

On May 5, 2018, the Company signed a 5-year lease for approximately 2,300 square feet of office space at 2050 Center Avenue Suite 640, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024. Commencement date of the lease is June 1, 2018. Total amount due under this lease is \$411,150.

On April 1, 2019, the Company signed a 4-year lease for approximately 796 square feet of office space at 2050 Center Avenue Suite 660, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024. Commencement date of the lease is April 1, 2019. Total amount due under this lease is \$108,229

Total future minimum payments required under the lease as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Twelve Months Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ 102,927
2021	106,927
2022	111,257
2023	109,730
2024	2,081
Total	<u>\$ 432,922</u>

Rent expense for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$36,671 and \$69,022 respectively.

## Note 13 – Subsequent Events

### The July 2019 Loan Agreement

On July 26, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “July 2019 Loan Agreement”) with an investor, whereby the Company issued a promissory note in the principal amount of \$12,000 (the “July 2019 Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the July 2019 Loan Agreement, the Company issued a five-year warrant to purchase 180 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the July 2019 Loan Agreement, the July 2019 Note bears interest at a flat rate of \$600 and payable on the maturity date of August 2, 2019 (the “July 2019 Maturity Date”).

This note was subsequently repaid.

### The July 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement

On July 16, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “August 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement”) with Gravitas Capital, whereby the Company issued Gravitas Capital a promissory note in the principal amount of \$100,000 (the “August 2019 Gravitas Capital Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the August 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement, the Company issued Gravitas Capital a five-year warrant to purchase 1,000 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the August 2019 Gravitas Capital Loan Agreement, the August 2019 Gravitas Capital Note bears interest at a flat rate of \$5,000 and payable on the maturity date of September 1, 2019 (the “July 2019 Gravitas Capital Maturity Date”).

June 2019 Loan Agreement Amendments

On July 29, 2019, the Company entered into an amendment agreement to the June 2019 Loan Agreement with the investors party thereto, whereby the parties thereto agreed to (i) increase the principal amount of the June 2019 Loan to \$2,500,000; and (ii) amend the provisions therein with regard to the ranking of security interests.

On August 12, 2019, the Company and investors entered into a second amendment agreement to the June 2019 Loan Agreement, whereby the parties thereto agreed to (i) increase the principal amount of the June 2019 Loan to \$3,000,000; and (ii) amend the provisions therein with regard to the ranking of security interests.

The August 2019 Schiller Loan Agreement

On August 6, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “August 2019 Schiller Loan Agreement”) with Gravitas Capital, whereby the Company issued Leonard Schiller a promissory note in the principal amount of \$15,000 (the “August 2019 Schiller Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the August 2019 Schiller Note Loan Agreement, the Company issued Leonard Schiller a five-year warrant to purchase 225 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the August 2019 Schiller Loan Agreement, the August 2019 Schiller Note bears interest at a flat rate of 7.50% and payable on the maturity date of August 9, 2019 (the “August 2019 Schiller Note Maturity Date”).

This note was subsequently repaid.

The August 2019 Loan Agreement

On August 6, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the “August 2019 Loan Agreement”) with an investor, whereby the Company issued a promissory note in the principal amount of \$12,000 (the “August 2019 Note”). As additional consideration for entering in the August 2019 Loan Agreement, the Company issued a five-year warrant to purchase 180 shares of the Company’s common stock at a purchase price of \$6.00 per share. Pursuant to the August 2019 Loan Agreement, the August 2019 Note bears interest at a flat rate of 6.00% and payable on the maturity date of August 9, 2019 (the “August 2019 Maturity Date”).

This note was subsequently repaid.

## **Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q and other reports filed by Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc. (the “Company”) from time to time with the SEC (collectively, the “Filings”) contain or may contain forward-looking statements and information that are based upon beliefs of, and information currently available to, the Company’s management as well as estimates and assumptions made by Company’s management. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are only predictions and speak only as of the date hereof. When used in the Filings, the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “future,” “intend,” “plan,” or the negative of these terms and similar expressions as they relate to the Company or the Company’s management identify forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current view of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other factors, including the risks relating to the Company’s business, industry, and the Company’s operations and results of operations. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ significantly from those anticipated, believed, estimated, expected, intended, or planned.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, the Company does not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). These accounting principles require us to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions. We believe that the estimates, judgments and assumptions upon which we rely are reasonable based upon information available to us at the time that these estimates, judgments and assumptions are made. These estimates, judgments and assumptions can affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Our financial statements would be affected to the extent there are material differences between these estimates and actual results. In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by GAAP and does not require management’s judgment in its application. There are also areas in which management’s judgment in selecting any available alternative would not produce a materially different result. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

### **Overview**

Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc. (OTCQB: JMDA) gives technology products and companies the resources and opportunities to make ideas reality. The Company develops technology-based solutions designed to solve for challenges that have resulted from disruption within the broad digital media and content generation business environment. Jerrick’s flagship product Vocal is a long-form, digital publishing platform focused providing storytelling tools, monetization features and engaged communities for content creators to get discovered and fund their creativity.

Vocal serves as a versatile home for content creators and brands. The platform supports multiple forms of content such as: short videos, podcasts, music, and written word. Vocal’s unique architecture of communities and longform structures distinguishes it from other platforms, creating outsized lifespans for content and sustainable value.

We partner with content creators and brands that recognize difficulties inherent in the digital advertising space and can benefit from branded content marketing opportunities available on publishing platforms like Vocal.

The Company recently launched Vocal+, its new premium subscription offering for Vocal creators. During the second half of Fiscal Year 2019, Jerrick plans to launch additional value-added features for Vocal+ subscribers, as well as further enhancements to the Vocal editor and introduce additional social and user analytics features.

## Results of Operations

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table summarizes total current assets, liabilities and working capital at June 30, 2019 compared to December 31, 2018:

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	Increase / (Decrease)
Current Assets	\$ 508,531	\$ 6,500	\$ 502,031
Current Liabilities	\$ 5,661,621	\$ 2,569,584	\$ 3,092,037
Working Capital Deficit	\$ (5,153,090)	\$ (2,563,084)	\$ (2,590,006)

At June 30, 2019, we had a working capital deficit of \$5,153,090 as compared to a working capital deficit of \$2,563,084 at December 31, 2018, an increase of \$2,590,006. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in notes payable related party, convertible notes payable, and the current portion of operating lease payable. These were offset by an increase in cash and a decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

### Net Cash

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, was \$3,096,252 and \$2,316,459, respectively. The net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$3,469,855 and \$4,504,868, respectively. This change is primarily attributable to the net loss for the current period offset by share-based payments in the amount of \$448,291 to employees and consultants for services rendered, the accretion of debt discount and debt issuance costs of \$116,991 due to the incentives given with debentures, and a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$81,149 in addition to a change in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$308,844. These increases were offset by a change in accounts receivable of \$4,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$26,851 and \$16,446, respectively. This change is attributable to the cash paid for property and equipment.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$3,519,466 and \$2,244,276. During the 2019 period, the Company was predominantly financed by issuance of common stock, debt and related party notes of \$649,829, \$2,093,025 and \$1,590,000, respectively to fund operations. These increases were offset by repayment of notes and related party notes of \$62,508 and \$125,000, respectively.

### Summary of Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Revenue	\$ 7,181	\$ 24,023
Gross Margin	\$ 7,181	\$ 24,023
Operating Expenses	\$ (1,409,302)	\$ (1,589,726)
Loss from operations	\$ (1,402,121)	\$ (1,565,703)
Other Expenses	\$ (183,293)	\$ (845,535)
Net loss	\$ (1,585,414)	\$ (2,411,238)
Loss per common share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.20)	\$ (1.22)

### **Revenue**

Revenue was \$7,181 for the three months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to \$24,023 for the comparable three months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of \$16,842. The decrease in revenue is primarily attributable to the Company's reallocation of resources this quarter in pursuit of recurring, subscription-based revenues through the launch of Vocal+. This decrease is offset by an increase in deferred revenue from both branded content services and Vocal+ subscription payments.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2019 were \$1,409,302 as compared to \$1,589,726 for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease of \$180,424 in operating expenses is the result of an increase in compensation attributable to an increase in Jerrick's headcount. This is offset by a decrease in consulting fees and other general and administrative expenses.

### **Loss from Operations**

Loss from operations for the three months ended June 30, 2019 was \$1,402,121 as compared to loss of \$1,565,703 for the three months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease in the loss from operations is primarily due to a decrease in stock based compensation this decrease was offset by an increased expenses due to the continued development of the Vocal platform and increased marketing costs and a decrease in revenue.

### **Other Expenses**

Other expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2019 was \$183,293 as compared to \$845,535 for the three months ended June 30, 2018. Other expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2019 was comprised of interest expense of \$110,032 on notes and related party notes, accretion of debt discount and issuance cost of \$69,626 due to the incentives given with debentures, and a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$3,635. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, other expenses were comprised of interest expense of \$341,071 on notes and related party notes and accretion of debt discount and issuance cost of \$415,045 due to the incentives given with debentures, loss on extinguishment of liabilities of \$89,419 for the incentives given to amend or convert debt.

### **Net Loss**

Net loss attributable to common shareholder for three months ended June 30, 2019, was \$1,585,414, or loss per share of \$0.20, as compared to a net loss of \$2,477,061, or loss per share of \$1.22, for the three months ended June 30, 2018.

Inflation did not have a material impact on the Company's operations for the applicable period. Other than the foregoing, management knows of no trends, demands, or uncertainties that are reasonably likely to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations.

### **Summary of Statements of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:**

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>
Revenue	\$ 41,515	\$ 40,272
Gross Margin	\$ 41,515	\$ 40,272
Operating Expenses	\$ (3,148,630)	\$ (2,929,552)
Loss from operations	\$ (3,107,115)	\$ (2,889,280)
Other Expenses	\$ (362,740)	\$ (1,615,588)
Net loss	\$ (3,469,855)	\$ (4,504,868)
Loss per common share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.47)	\$ (2.30)

### **Revenue**

Revenue was \$41,515 for the six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared to \$40,272 for the comparable six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$1,243. The increase in revenue is primarily attributable to the continued growth of Vocal for Brands and the launch of Vocal+ subscription services.

### ***Operating Expenses***

Operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2019 were \$3,148,630 as compared to \$2,929,552 for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The increase of \$219,078 in operating expenses is the result of an increase in compensation attributable to an increase in Jerrick's headcount. This is offset by a decrease in consulting fees and other sales general and administrative expenses.

### ***Loss from Operations***

Loss from operations for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$3,107,115 as compared to loss of \$2,889,280 for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The increase in the loss from operations is primarily due to increased expenses due to the continued development of the Vocal platform and increased marketing costs.

### ***Other income (expenses)***

Other expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$362,740 as compared to \$1,615,588 for the six months ended June 30, 2018. Other expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2019 was comprised of interest expense of \$(164,601) on notes and related party notes, accretion of debt discount and issuance cost of \$(116,990) due to the incentives given with debentures, and a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$(81,149). During the six months ended June 30, 2018, other expenses were comprised of interest expense of \$(609,196) on notes and related party notes and accretion of debt discount and issuance cost of \$(589,933) due to the incentives given with debentures, loss on extinguishment of liabilities of \$(431,786) for the incentives given to amend or convert debt.

### ***Net Loss***

Net loss attributable to common shareholder for six months ended June 30, 2019, was \$3,469,855, or loss per share of \$0.47, as compared to a net loss of \$4,504,868, or loss per share of \$2.30, for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

Inflation did not have a material impact on the Company's operations for the applicable period. Other than the foregoing, management knows of no trends, demands, or uncertainties that are reasonably likely to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of June 30, 2019, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. During the six months ending June 30, 2019, we were not required to make any material estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and related disclosures of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. However, if we complete an acquisition, we will be required to make estimates and assumptions typical of other companies. For example, we will be required to make critical accounting estimates related to valuation and accounting for business combinations. The estimates will require us to rely upon assumptions that were highly uncertain at the time the accounting estimates are made, and changes in them are reasonably likely to occur from period to period. Changes in estimates used in these and other items could have a material impact on our financial statements in the future. Our estimates will be based on our experience and our interpretation of economic, political, regulatory, and other factors that affect our business prospects. Actual results may differ significantly from our estimates.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are currently not involved in any litigation that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of our Company or any of our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting our company, our common stock, any of our subsidiaries or of our companies or our subsidiaries' officers or directors in their capacities as such, in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

The Company is not required to provide the information required by this Item as it is a "smaller reporting company," as defined in Rule 229.10(f)(1).

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, we issued securities that were not registered under the Securities Act, and were not previously disclosed in a Current Report on Form 8-K or Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as listed below. All of the securities discussed in this Item 2 were issued in reliance on the exemption under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

On May 31, 2019 the Company entered into a loan agreement (the "May 2019 Loan Agreement"), whereby the Company issued the investor a promissory note in the principal amount of \$10,000. As additional consideration for entering in the May 2019 Loan Agreement, the Company issued the investor a five-year warrant to purchase 3,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a purchase price of \$0.20 per share.

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

### Item 5. Other Information.

There is no other information required to be disclosed under this item which was not previously disclosed.

### Item 6. Exhibits.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1	<a href="#">Amendment No. 1 to Loan and Security Agreement, dated July 29, 2019</a>
10.2	<a href="#">Amendment No. 2 to Loan and Security Agreement, dated August 12, 2019</a>
31.1*	<a href="#">Certification by the Principal Executive and Financial Officer of Registrant pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)).</a>
32.1**	<a href="#">Certification by the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\* Filed herewith

\*\* Furnished herewith

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**JERRICK MEDIA HOLDINGS, INC.**

Date: August 15, 2019

By: /s/ Jeremy Frommer

Name: Jeremy Frommer

Title: Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

(Principal Financial Officer)

(Principal Accounting Officer)

## AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT NO. 1 (the "Amendment") to the LOAN AGREEMENT (the "June 2019 Loan Agreement"), and the SECURITY AGREEMENT (the "June 2019 Security Agreement"; and together with the June 2019 Loan Agreement, the "Agreements"), both dated June 3, 2019, by and between Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc., Inc. (the "Company") and the investors (the "Investors") named in the Agreements. The Investors and the Company are hereinafter referred to together as "the Parties". Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the Agreements.

**WITNESSETH :**

WHEREAS, on June 3, 2019, the Investors and the Company entered into the June 3, 2019 Loan Agreement and the June 3, 2019 Security Agreement and Securities Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Investors agreed to have a joint and several interest in the June 2019 Loan in the principal aggregate amount of \$2,400,000; and

WHEREAS, the Parties now desire to amend the Agreements in certain respects as hereinafter set forth;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of and for the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 2.1 of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended to be and read as follows:

"Section 2.1 The Loan

The Lenders have resolved to issue certain financial accommodations to the Borrower in an amount of up to TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$2,500,000.00), which shall be undertaken, funded and/or repaid in accordance with this Agreement, as follows: the Borrower shall be indebted in the amount of Two Million Five Hundred Thousand and No/100 Dollars (\$2,500,000.00) (the "**Term Loan**"), of which (i) ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$100,000) shall be funded by Goldberg on July 29, 2019 and (ii) TWO MILLION FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$2,400,000) have been previously funded, as follows:

- (a) ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$1,200,000.00) was exchanged by Rosen from an existing Promissory note dated May 26, 2016 in favor of Rosen for a joint and several interest in the 2019 Term Loan pursuant to the Debt Exchange Agreement; and
- (b) (i) SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$600,000) was funded by Goldberg at First Closing on June 3, 2019 and (ii) an additional SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$600,000) was funded by Goldberg at Second Closing on June 25, 2019.

The Loan is not a revolving credit loan, and Borrower is not entitled to any re-advances of any portion of the Loan which it may (or is otherwise required to) pay or prepay pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement. The Closings shall occur on the Closing Dates and shall be conducted remotely via exchange of documents.

The net proceeds of the Current Advance shall be employed by the Borrower as provided in Section 6.2 of this Agreement."

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2. Paragraph 2 of the Intercreditor Agreement is hereby amended to be and read as follows:

“2. Ranking of Interests. Each Creditor agrees and acknowledges that all sums secured or owing to either Creditor under the Creditor Loan Documents shall be and are hereby declared by each Creditor to be held and/or receivable by the Creditors on the following basis:

- (i) As to the first \$100,000 of all amounts to be paid to the Creditors, one hundred percent (100.00%) shall be paid to Goldberg; and
- (ii) thereafter, as to all remaining amounts to be paid by to the Creditors, fifty percent (50.00%) shall be paid to Goldberg and fifty percent (50.00%) shall be paid to Rosen (each such share hereinafter referred to as each Creditor’s “ **Creditor Share** ”).

Any amounts payable hereunder shall be rounded to the nearest whole ten-dollar increment. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any Creditor Loan Documents and irrespective of: (i) dates, times or order of when a Creditor made its loan to the Company under the Creditor Loan Documents; (ii) the time, order or method of attachment or perfection of the security interests created in favor of either Creditor; (iii) the time or order of filing or recording of financing statements or other documents filed or recorded to perfect security interests in any collateral; (iv) anything contained in any filing or agreement to which any Creditor now or hereafter may be a party; (v) the rules for determining perfection or priority under the Uniform Commercial Code or any other law governing the relative priorities of secured creditors; (vi) the time or order of obtaining control or possession of any Collateral; or (vii) or the failure to perfect or maintain the perfection or priority of any security interests, each Creditor hereby agrees and acknowledges that: (x) each of the Creditors has a valid security interest in the Collateral and (y) the security interests of each Creditor in any Collateral pursuant to any Creditor Loan Documents shall, be (i) first to Goldberg in the amount of \$100,000, and, (ii) thereafter, *pari passu* with each other subject to the balance of each Creditor’s respective Creditor Share.”

3. Except as amended hereby, the terms and provisions of the Agreements shall remain in full force and effect, and the Agreements are in all respects ratified and confirmed. On and after the date of this Amendment, each reference in each of the Agreements to the “Agreement”, “hereinafter”, “herein”, “hereinafter”, “hereunder”, “hereof”, or words of like import shall mean and be a reference to such Agreement as amended by this Amendment.

4. This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which taken together shall constitute a single Amendment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment as of the date first stated above.

**JERRICK MEDIA, INC.**

By: /s/ Jeremy Frommer  
Name: Jeremy Frommer  
Title: CEO

/s/ Arthur Rosen  
**ARTHUR ROSEN**, as Creditor

/s/ Eric Goldberg  
**ERIC GOLDBERG**, as Creditor

## AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT NO. 2 (the "Amendment") to the LOAN AGREEMENT (the "June 2019 Loan Agreement"), and the SECURITY AGREEMENT (the "June 2019 Security Agreement"), both dated June 3, 2019, as such Agreements have been amended by way of agreement dated as of July 29, 2019 (the "July 2019 Amendment Agreement"; and together with the June 2019 Loan Agreement and the June 2019 Security Agreement, the "Agreements"), by and between Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc., Inc. (the "Company") and the investors (the "Investors") named in the Agreements. The Investors and the Company are hereinafter referred to together as "the Parties". Capitalized terms not defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the Agreements.

**WITNESSETH :**

WHEREAS, on June 3, 2019, the Investors and the Company entered into the June 3, 2019 Loan Agreement and the June 3, 2019 Security Agreement and Securities Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Investors agreed to have a joint and several interest in the June 2019 Loan in the principal aggregate amount of \$2,400,000; and

WHEREAS, on July 29, 2019, the Investors and the Company entered into the July 2019 Amendment Agreement pursuant to which the parties agreed to amend the June 2019 Loan Agreement and the June 2019 Security Agreement so as to (i) increase the principal aggregate amount of the June 2019 Loan to \$2,500,000, and (ii) amend the provisions regarding the ranking of interest of such loan; and

WHEREAS, the Parties now desire to amend the Agreements in certain respects as hereinafter set forth;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of and for the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 2.1 of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended to be and read as follows:

"Section 2.1 The Loan

The Lenders have resolved to issue certain financial accommodations to the Borrower in an amount of up to THREE MILLION AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$3,000,000.00), which shall be undertaken, funded and/or repaid in accordance with this Agreement, as follows: the Borrower shall be indebted in the amount of Three Million and No/100 Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) (the "**Term Loan**"), of which (i) FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$500,000) shall be funded by Goldberg on August 9, 2019 and (ii) TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$2,500,000) have been previously funded, as follows:

- (a) ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$1,200,000.00) was exchanged by Rosen from an existing Promissory note dated May 26, 2016 in favor of Rosen for a joint and several interest in the 2019 Term Loan pursuant to the Debt Exchange Agreement; and
- (b) (i) SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$600,000) was funded by Goldberg at First Closing on June 3, 2019, (ii) SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$600,000) was funded by Goldberg at Second Closing on June 25, 2019, and (iii) an additional ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$100,000) was funded by Goldberg pursuant to the July 2019 Amendment Agreement on July 29, 2019.

The Loan is not a revolving credit loan, and Borrower is not entitled to any re-advances of any portion of the Loan which it may (or is otherwise required to) pay or prepay pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement. The Closings shall occur on the Closing Dates and shall be conducted remotely via exchange of documents.

The net proceeds of the Current Advance shall be employed by the Borrower as provided in Section 6.2 of this Agreement."

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2. Paragraph 2 of the Intercreditor Agreement is hereby amended to be and read as follows:

“2. Ranking of Interests. Each Creditor agrees and acknowledges that all sums secured or owing to either Creditor under the Creditor Loan Documents shall be and are hereby declared by each Creditor to be held and/or receivable by the Creditors on the following basis:

- (i) As to the first \$600,000 of all amounts to be paid to the Creditors, one hundred percent (100.00%) shall be paid to Goldberg; and
- (ii) thereafter, as to all remaining amounts to be paid by to the Creditors, fifty percent (50.00%) shall be paid to Goldberg and fifty percent (50.00%) shall be paid to Rosen (each such share hereinafter referred to as each Creditor’s “**Creditor Share**”).

Any amounts payable hereunder shall be rounded to the nearest whole ten-dollar increment. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any Creditor Loan Documents and irrespective of: (i) dates, times or order of when a Creditor made its loan to the Company under the Creditor Loan Documents; (ii) the time, order or method of attachment or perfection of the security interests created in favor of either Creditor; (iii) the time or order of filing or recording of financing statements or other documents filed or recorded to perfect security interests in any collateral; (iv) anything contained in any filing or agreement to which any Creditor now or hereafter may be a party; (v) the rules for determining perfection or priority under the Uniform Commercial Code or any other law governing the relative priorities of secured creditors; (vi) the time or order of obtaining control or possession of any Collateral; or (vii) or the failure to perfect or maintain the perfection or priority of any security interests, each Creditor hereby agrees and acknowledges that: (x) each of the Creditors has a valid security interest in the Collateral and (y) the security interests of each Creditor in any Collateral pursuant to any Creditor Loan Documents shall, be (i) first to Goldberg in the amount of \$600,000, and, (ii) thereafter, *pari passu* with each other subject to the balance of each Creditor’s respective Creditor Share.”

3. Except as amended hereby, the terms and provisions of the Agreements shall remain in full force and effect, and the Agreements are in all respects ratified and confirmed. On and after the date of this Amendment, each reference in each of the Agreements to the “Agreement”, “hereinafter”, “herein”, “hereinafter”, “hereunder”, “hereof”, or words of like import shall mean and be a reference to such Agreement as amended by this Amendment.

4. This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which taken together shall constitute a single Amendment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment as of the date first stated above.

**JERRICK MEDIA, INC.**

By: /s/ Jeremy Frommer  
Name: Jeremy Frommer  
Title: CEO

/s/ Arthur Rosen  
**ARTHUR ROSEN**, as Creditor

/s/ Eric Goldberg  
**ERIC GOLDBERG**, as Creditor

**CERTIFICATION**  
**Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Jeremy Frommer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 15, 2019

By: /s/ Jeremy Frommer  
Name: Jeremy Frommer  
Title: Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive and Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION****Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002  
(Subsections (A) and (B) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)**

Pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), I, Jeremy Frommer, Chief Executive Officer of Jerrick Media Holdings, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), hereby certify, to my knowledge, that:

The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 (the "Form 10-Q") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 15, 2019

By: /s/ Jeremy Frommer  
Name: Jeremy Frommer  
Title: Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive and Financial Officer)