
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-32318



DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

333 West Sheridan Avenue, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma
(Address of principal executive offices)

73-1567067
(I.R.S. Employer
identification No.)

73102-5015
(Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (405) 235-3611

Former name, address and former fiscal year, if changed from last report: Not applicable

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share	DVN	The New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

On July 22, 2020, 382.8 million shares of common stock were outstanding.

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

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DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise indicates, references to “us,” “we,” “our,” “ours,” “Devon,” the “Company” and “Registrant” refer to Devon Energy Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries. All monetary values, other than per unit and per share amounts, are stated in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise specified. In addition, the following are other abbreviations and definitions of certain terms used within this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

“ASU” means Accounting Standards Update.

“Bbl” or “Bbls” means barrel or barrels.

“BKV” means Banpu Kalnin Ventures.

“Boe” means barrel of oil equivalent. Gas proved reserves and production are converted to Boe, at the pressure and temperature base standard of each respective state in which the gas is produced, at the rate of six Mcf of gas per Bbl of oil, based upon the approximate relative energy content of gas and oil. NGL proved reserves and production are converted to Boe on a one-to-one basis with oil.

“Btu” means British thermal units, a measure of heating value.

“Canada” means the division of Devon encompassing oil and gas properties located in Canada. On June 27, 2019, all of Devon’s Canadian operating assets and operations were divested. All dollar amounts associated with Canada are in U.S. dollars, unless stated otherwise.

“DD&A” means depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses.

“Devon Plan” means Devon Energy Corporation Incentive Savings Plan.

“FASB” means Financial Accounting Standards Board.

“G&A” means general and administrative expenses.

“GAAP” means U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

“Inside FERC” refers to the publication *Inside FERC’s Gas Market Report*.

“LOE” means lease operating expenses.

“MBbls” means thousand barrels.

“MBoe” means thousand Boe.

“Mcf” means thousand cubic feet.

“MMBoe” means million Boe.

“MMBtu” means million Btu.

“MMcf” means million cubic feet.

“N/M” means not meaningful.

“NGL” or “NGLs” means natural gas liquids.

“NYMEX” means New York Mercantile Exchange.

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“OPEC” means Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

“OPIS” means Oil Price Information Service.

“SEC” means United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

“Senior Credit Facility” means Devon’s syndicated unsecured revolving line of credit, effective as of October 5, 2018.

“TSR” means total shareholder return.

“U.S.” means United States of America.

“VIE” means variable interest entity.

“WTI” means West Texas Intermediate.

“/Bbl” means per barrel.

“/d” means per day.

“/MMBtu” means per MMBtu.

INFORMATION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report includes “forward-looking statements” as defined by the SEC. Such statements include those concerning strategic plans, our expectations and objectives for future operations, as well as other future events or conditions, and are often identified by use of the words and phrases “expects,” “believes,” “will,” “would,” “could,” “continue,” “may,” “aims,” “likely to be,” “intends,” “forecasts,” “projections,” “estimates,” “plans,” “expectations,” “targets,” “opportunities,” “potential,” “anticipates,” “outlook” and other similar terminology. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included in this report that address activities, events or developments that Devon expects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to a number of assumptions, risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control. Consequently, actual future results could differ materially from our expectations due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to those, identified below.

The COVID-19 pandemic and its related repercussions have created significant volatility, uncertainty and turmoil in the global economy and our industry. This turmoil has included an unprecedented supply-and-demand imbalance for oil and other commodities, resulting in a swift and material decline in commodity prices in early 2020. Our future actual results could differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this report due to the COVID-19 pandemic and related impacts, including, among other things: contributing to a sustained or further deterioration in commodity prices; causing takeaway capacity constraints for production, resulting in production shut-ins and additional downward pressure on impacted regional pricing differentials; limiting our ability to access sources of capital due to disruptions in financial markets; increasing the risk of a downgrade from credit rating agencies; exacerbating counterparty credit risks and the risk of supply chain interruptions; and increasing the risk of operational disruptions due to social distancing measures and other changes to business practices.

In addition to the risks associated with the COVID-19 pandemic and its related impacts, our actual future results could differ materially from our expectations due to other factors, including, among other things:

- the volatility of oil, gas and NGL prices;
- uncertainties inherent in estimating oil, gas and NGL reserves;
- the extent to which we are successful in acquiring and discovering additional reserves;
- the uncertainties, costs and risks involved in our operations, including as a result of employee misconduct;
- regulatory restrictions, compliance costs and other risks relating to governmental regulation, including with respect to environmental matters;
- risks related to regulatory, social and market efforts to address climate change;
- risks related to our hedging activities;
- counterparty credit risks;
- risks relating to our indebtedness;
- cyberattack risks;
- our limited control over third parties who operate some of our oil and gas properties;
- midstream capacity constraints and potential interruptions in production;
- the extent to which insurance covers any losses we may experience;
- competition for assets, materials, people and capital;
- risks related to investors attempting to effect change;
- our ability to successfully complete mergers, acquisitions and divestitures; and
- any of the other risks and uncertainties discussed in this report, our [2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K](#) and our other filings with the SEC.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Devon, or persons acting on its behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements above. We assume no duty to update or revise our forward-looking statements based on new information, future events or otherwise.

Part I. Financial Information**Item 1. Financial Statements****DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)			
Oil, gas and NGL sales	\$ 424	\$ 936	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,855
Oil, gas and NGL derivatives	(361)	140	359	(465)
Marketing and midstream revenues	331	730	891	1,495
Total revenues	<u>394</u>	<u>1,806</u>	<u>2,481</u>	<u>2,885</u>
Production expenses	263	296	581	579
Exploration expenses	12	7	124	11
Marketing and midstream expenses	339	713	917	1,463
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	299	374	700	734
Asset impairments	—	—	2,666	—
Asset dispositions	—	(2)	—	(47)
General and administrative expenses	79	114	181	249
Financing costs, net	69	66	134	126
Restructuring and transaction costs	—	12	—	63
Other expenses	13	7	(35)	(15)
Total expenses	<u>1,074</u>	<u>1,587</u>	<u>5,268</u>	<u>3,163</u>
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(680)	219	(2,787)	(278)
Income tax expense (benefit)	(3)	68	(420)	(51)
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(677)	151	(2,367)	(227)
Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	9	344	(116)	405
Net earnings (loss)	(668)	495	(2,483)	178
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	2	—	3	—
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Devon	<u>\$ (670)</u>	<u>\$ 495</u>	<u>\$ (2,486)</u>	<u>\$ 178</u>
Basic net earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share	\$ (1.80)	\$ 0.37	\$ (6.29)	\$ (0.54)
Basic earnings (loss) from discontinued operations per share	0.02	0.83	(0.31)	0.96
Basic net earnings (loss) per share	<u>\$ (1.78)</u>	<u>\$ 1.20</u>	<u>\$ (6.60)</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>
Diluted net earnings (loss) per share:				
Diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations per share	\$ (1.80)	\$ 0.37	\$ (6.29)	\$ (0.54)
Diluted earnings (loss) from discontinued operations per share	0.02	0.82	(0.31)	0.96
Diluted net earnings (loss) per share	<u>\$ (1.78)</u>	<u>\$ 1.19</u>	<u>\$ (6.60)</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>
Comprehensive earnings (loss):				
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (668)	\$ 495	\$ (2,483)	\$ 178
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation, discontinued operations	—	43	—	78
Release of Canadian cumulative translation adjustment, discontinued operations	—	(1,237)	—	(1,237)
Pension and postretirement plans	1	13	2	15
Other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of tax	<u>1</u>	<u>(1,181)</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>(1,144)</u>
Comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (667)</u>	<u>\$ (686)</u>	<u>\$ (2,481)</u>	<u>\$ (966)</u>
Comprehensive earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	2	—	3	—
Comprehensive loss attributable to Devon	<u>\$ (669)</u>	<u>\$ (686)</u>	<u>\$ (2,484)</u>	<u>\$ (966)</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)			
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (668)	\$ 495	\$ (2,483)	\$ 178
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash from operating activities:				
Net (earnings) loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(9)	(344)	116	(405)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	299	374	700	734
Asset impairments	—	—	2,666	—
Leasehold impairments	3	1	113	2
Accretion on discounted liabilities	8	8	16	17
Total (gains) losses on commodity derivatives	361	(140)	(359)	465
Cash settlements on commodity derivatives	232	23	333	54
Gains on asset dispositions	—	(2)	—	(47)
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	—	65	(311)	(50)
Share-based compensation	19	25	39	69
Other	4	2	4	(13)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net	(99)	(75)	(155)	(136)
Net cash from operating activities - continuing operations	<u>150</u>	<u>432</u>	<u>679</u>	<u>868</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures	(307)	(486)	(732)	(976)
Acquisitions of property and equipment	(1)	(13)	(5)	(23)
Divestitures of property and equipment	3	28	28	338
Net cash from investing activities - continuing operations	<u>(305)</u>	<u>(471)</u>	<u>(709)</u>	<u>(661)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayments of long-term debt	—	—	—	(162)
Repurchases of common stock	—	(187)	(38)	(1,185)
Dividends paid on common stock	(42)	(37)	(76)	(71)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	6	—	11	—
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(3)	—	(6)	—
Shares exchanged for tax withholdings and other	—	(3)	(17)	(23)
Net cash from financing activities - continuing operations	<u>(39)</u>	<u>(227)</u>	<u>(126)</u>	<u>(1,441)</u>
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of continuing operations	<u>(194)</u>	<u>(266)</u>	<u>(156)</u>	<u>(1,234)</u>
Cash flows from discontinued operations:				
Operating activities	(43)	191	(174)	131
Investing activities	171	2,536	170	2,478
Financing activities	—	—	—	(7)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	8	37	(15)	39
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of discontinued operations	<u>136</u>	<u>2,764</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>2,641</u>
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>(58)</u>	<u>2,498</u>	<u>(175)</u>	<u>1,407</u>
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	1,727	1,355	1,844	2,446
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	<u>\$ 1,669</u>	<u>\$ 3,853</u>	<u>\$ 1,669</u>	<u>\$ 3,853</u>
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,474	\$ 3,470	\$ 1,474	\$ 3,470
Cash restricted for discontinued operations	195	370	195	370
Restricted cash included in other current assets	—	13	—	13
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 1,669</u>	<u>\$ 3,853</u>	<u>\$ 1,669</u>	<u>\$ 3,853</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	<u>June 30, 2020</u> (Unaudited)	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,474	\$ 1,464
Cash restricted for discontinued operations	195	380
Accounts receivable	515	832
Current assets associated with discontinued operations	748	896
Other current assets	446	279
Total current assets	<u>3,378</u>	<u>3,851</u>
Oil and gas property and equipment, based on successful efforts accounting, net	4,673	7,558
Other property and equipment, net (\$96 million and \$80 million related to CDM in 2020 and 2019, respectively)	1,013	1,035
Total property and equipment, net	<u>5,686</u>	<u>8,593</u>
Goodwill	753	753
Right-of-use assets	231	243
Other long-term assets	227	196
Long-term assets associated with discontinued operations	82	81
Total assets	<u>\$ 10,357</u>	<u>\$ 13,717</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 309	\$ 428
Revenues and royalties payable	473	730
Current liabilities associated with discontinued operations	441	459
Other current liabilities	229	310
Total current liabilities	<u>1,452</u>	<u>1,927</u>
Long-term debt	4,296	4,294
Lease liabilities	245	244
Asset retirement obligations	391	380
Other long-term liabilities	458	426
Long-term liabilities associated with discontinued operations	162	185
Deferred income taxes	—	341
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.10 par value. Authorized 1.0 billion shares; issued 383 million and 382 million shares in 2020 and 2019, respectively	38	38
Additional paid-in capital	2,720	2,735
Retained earnings	586	3,148
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(117)	(119)
Total stockholders' equity attributable to Devon	<u>3,227</u>	<u>5,802</u>
Noncontrolling interests	126	118
Total equity	<u>3,353</u>	<u>5,920</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 10,357</u>	<u>\$ 13,717</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Other Comprehensive Earnings (Loss)	Treasury Stock	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
	Shares	Amount						
(Unaudited)								
Three Months Ended June 30, 2020								
Balance as of March 31, 2020	383	\$ 38	\$ 2,701	\$ 1,298	\$ (118)	\$ —	\$ 121	\$ 4,040
Net earnings (loss)	—	—	—	(670)	—	—	2	(668)
Other comprehensive earnings, net of tax	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(42)	—	—	—	(42)
Share-based compensation	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	19
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	6
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3)	(3)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>383</u>	<u>\$ 38</u>	<u>\$ 2,720</u>	<u>\$ 586</u>	<u>\$ (117)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 126</u>	<u>\$ 3,353</u>
Three Months Ended June 30, 2019								
Balance as of March 31, 2019	417	\$ 42	\$ 3,518	\$ 3,280	\$ 1,064	\$ (47)	\$ —	\$ 7,857
Net earnings	—	—	—	495	—	—	—	495
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	—	—	—	—	(1,181)	—	—	(1,181)
Common stock repurchased	—	—	—	—	—	(164)	—	(164)
Common stock retired	(7)	(1)	(190)	—	—	191	—	—
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(37)	—	—	—	(37)
Share-based compensation	—	—	24	—	—	—	—	24
Balance as of June 30, 2019	<u>410</u>	<u>\$ 41</u>	<u>\$ 3,352</u>	<u>\$ 3,738</u>	<u>\$ (117)</u>	<u>\$ (20)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 6,994</u>
Six Months Ended June 30, 2020								
Balance as of December 31, 2019	382	\$ 38	\$ 2,735	\$ 3,148	\$ (119)	\$ —	\$ 118	\$ 5,920
Net earnings (loss)	—	—	—	(2,486)	—	—	3	(2,483)
Other comprehensive earnings, net of tax	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2
Restricted stock grants, net of cancellations	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common stock repurchased	—	—	—	—	—	(54)	—	(54)
Common stock retired	(3)	(1)	(54)	—	—	54	—	—
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(76)	—	—	—	(76)
Share-based compensation	1	—	39	—	—	—	—	39
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	11
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(6)	(6)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>383</u>	<u>\$ 38</u>	<u>\$ 2,720</u>	<u>\$ 586</u>	<u>\$ (117)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 126</u>	<u>\$ 3,353</u>
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019								
Balance as of December 31, 2018	450	\$ 45	\$ 4,486	\$ 3,650	\$ 1,027	\$ (22)	\$ —	\$ 9,186
Effect of adoption of lease accounting	—	—	—	(19)	—	—	—	(19)
Net earnings	—	—	—	178	—	—	—	178
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	—	—	—	—	(1,144)	—	—	(1,144)
Restricted stock grants, net of cancellations	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common stock repurchased	—	—	—	—	—	(1,206)	—	(1,206)
Common stock retired	(43)	(4)	(1,204)	—	—	1,208	—	—
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(71)	—	—	—	(71)
Share-based compensation	—	—	70	—	—	—	—	70
Balance as of June 30, 2019	<u>410</u>	<u>\$ 41</u>	<u>\$ 3,352</u>	<u>\$ 3,738</u>	<u>\$ (117)</u>	<u>\$ (20)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 6,994</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements and notes of Devon have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Pursuant to such rules and regulations, certain disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been omitted. The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in Devon's [2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K](#).

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements in this report reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of Devon's results of operations and cash flows for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and Devon's financial position as of June 30, 2020. As further discussed in [Note 17](#), Devon reached an agreement to sell its Barnett Shale assets in December 2019, which was amended in April 2020, and sold its Canadian operations in the second quarter of 2019. Activity relating to Devon's Barnett Shale assets, inclusive of properties divested as partial sales of the Barnett Shale common operating field in previous reporting periods located primarily in Johnson and Wise counties, Texas, and its Canadian operations are classified as discontinued operations within Devon's consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings and consolidated statements of cash flows. The associated assets and liabilities of Devon's Barnett Shale assets and Canadian operations are presented as assets and liabilities associated with discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheets.

During the fourth quarter of 2019, Devon entered into an agreement to form Cotton Draw Midstream, L.L.C. ("CDM"), a joint-venture entity in the Delaware Basin with an affiliate of QL Capital Partners, LP ("QLCP"). Devon holds a controlling interest in CDM and the portions of CDM's net earnings and equity not attributable to Devon's controlling interest are shown separately as noncontrolling interests in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings and consolidated balance sheets. CDM is considered a VIE to Devon. The assets of CDM cannot be used by Devon for general corporate purposes and are included in and disclosed parenthetically on Devon's consolidated balance sheets. The carrying amount of liabilities related to CDM for which the creditors do not have recourse to Devon's assets are also included in, and disclosed parenthetically, on Devon's consolidated balance sheets if material.

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table presents revenue from contracts with customers that are disaggregated based on the type of good or service.

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Oil	\$ 296	\$ 750	\$ 958	\$ 1,409
Gas	72	73	142	211
NGL	56	113	131	235
Oil, gas and NGL sales	<u>424</u>	<u>936</u>	<u>1,231</u>	<u>1,855</u>
Oil	140	394	469	750
Gas	79	172	171	390
NGL	110	164	247	355
Total marketing revenues	<u>329</u>	<u>730</u>	<u>887</u>	<u>1,495</u>
Midstream revenues	2	—	4	—
Marketing and midstream revenues	<u>331</u>	<u>730</u>	<u>891</u>	<u>1,495</u>
Total revenues from contracts with customers	<u>\$ 755</u>	<u>\$ 1,666</u>	<u>\$ 2,122</u>	<u>\$ 3,350</u>

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses*. This ASU changes the impairment model for trade receivables, held-to-maturity debt securities, net investments in leases, loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost from the current “incurred loss” model to a new forward-looking “expected loss” model. Devon adopted this ASU in the first quarter of 2020 using the modified retrospective approach. Devon assesses credit risk by class of account type which includes cash equivalents and oil and gas, marketing and midstream, joint interest and other accounts receivable. These classes are then further evaluated using a probability weighted scenario assessment based on historical losses and a probability of future default. This evaluation is supported by an assessment of risk factors such as the age of receivable, current macro-economic conditions, credit rating of the counterparty and our historical loss rate. This adoption did not have a material impact on Devon’s consolidated financial statements.

2. Divestitures

Discontinued Operations – Upstream Assets

In June 2019, Devon completed the sale of substantially all of its oil and gas assets and operations in Canada to Canadian Natural Resources Limited for proceeds, net of purchase price adjustments, of \$2.6 billion (\$3.4 billion Canadian dollars), and recognized a pre-tax gain of \$223 million (\$425 million, net of tax, primarily due to a significant deferred tax benefit) in 2019. Additional information can be found in [Note 17](#).

Devon announced the sale of its Barnett Shale assets to BKV in December 2019 and subsequently amended the agreement in April 2020. Under the amended terms, Devon has agreed to sell its Barnett Shale assets for \$570 million in cash, before purchase price adjustments, at closing, which is scheduled for October 1, 2020. Under the terms of the agreement, Devon received deposit funds of \$170 million in April 2020. Devon recognized a \$748 million asset impairment related to these assets in the fourth quarter of 2019 and an incremental \$179 million asset impairment during the first quarter of 2020. Additional information can be found in [Note 17](#).

Continuing Operations – Upstream Assets

During the first quarter of 2020, Devon entered into a farmout agreement in which the third party to the agreement can participate in the development of certain Devon-owned non-operated interests in the Delaware Basin. Under the agreement, Devon will periodically transfer working interests to the third party, who will then fund its share of operating and development costs. Once certain investment hurdles are met, a portion of the working interest held by the third party will revert back to Devon. No material activity occurred during the first six months of 2020.

In the first quarter of 2019, Devon received proceeds of approximately \$300 million and recognized a \$45 million net gain on asset dispositions, primarily from sales of non-core assets in the Permian Basin. In aggregate, the total estimated proved reserves associated with these divested assets were approximately 25 MMBoe.

3. Derivative Financial Instruments

Objectives and Strategies

Devon enters into derivative financial instruments with respect to a portion of its oil, gas and NGL production to hedge future prices received. Additionally, Devon periodically enters into derivative financial instruments with respect to a portion of its oil, gas and NGL marketing activities. These commodity derivative financial instruments include financial price swaps, basis swaps and costless price collars. Devon periodically enters into interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate volatility. As of June 30, 2020, Devon did not have any open interest rate swap contracts.

Devon does not intend to hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative trading purposes and has elected not to designate any of its derivative instruments for hedge accounting treatment.

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
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Counterparty Credit Risk

By using derivative financial instruments, Devon is exposed to credit risk. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. To mitigate this risk, the hedging instruments are placed with a number of counterparties whom Devon believes are acceptable credit risks. It is Devon's policy to enter into derivative contracts only with investment-grade rated counterparties deemed by management to be competent and competitive market makers. Additionally, Devon's derivative contracts generally contain provisions that provide for collateral payments if Devon's or its counterparty's credit rating falls below certain credit rating levels. As of June 30, 2020, Devon did not hold any cash collateral of its counterparties.

Commodity Derivatives

As of June 30, 2020, Devon had the following open oil derivative positions. The first table presents Devon's oil derivatives that settle against the average of the prompt month NYMEX WTI futures price. The second table presents Devon's oil derivatives that settle against the respective indices noted within the table.

Period	Price Swaps		Price Collars		
	Volume (Bbls/d)	Weighted Average Price (\$/Bbl)	Volume (Bbls/d)	Weighted Average Floor Price (\$/Bbl)	Weighted Average Ceiling Price (\$/Bbl)
Q3-Q4 2020	87,750	\$ 36.65	43,500	\$ 50.96	\$ 60.96
Q1-Q4 2021	23,558	\$ 35.69	15,964	\$ 41.24	\$ 51.24

Period	Index	Oil Basis Swaps	
		Volume (Bbls/d)	Weighted Average Differential to WTI (\$/Bbl)
Q3-Q4 2020	Argus MEH	52,500	\$ 0.42
Q3-Q4 2020	Midland Sweet	32,000	\$ (1.23)
Q3-Q4 2020	NYMEX Roll	54,000	\$ 0.38
Q1-Q4 2021	Midland Sweet	7,000	\$ 1.27

As of June 30, 2020, Devon had the following open natural gas derivative positions. The first table presents Devon's natural gas derivatives that settle against the Inside FERC first of the month Henry Hub index. The second table presents Devon's natural gas derivatives that settle against the respective indices noted within the table.

Period	Price Swaps		Price Collars		
	Volume (MMBtu/d)	Weighted Average Price (\$/MMBtu)	Volume (MMBtu/d)	Weighted Average Floor Price (\$/MMBtu)	Weighted Average Ceiling Price (\$/MMBtu)
Q3-Q4 2020	59,150	\$ 2.69	180,000	\$ 1.96	\$ 2.45
Q1-Q4 2021	18,699	\$ 2.69	106,055	\$ 2.31	\$ 2.81

Period	Index	Natural Gas Basis Swaps	
		Volume (MMBtu/d)	Weighted Average Differential to Henry Hub (\$/MMBtu)
Q3-Q4 2020	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line	30,000	\$ (0.47)
Q3-Q4 2020	El Paso Natural Gas	65,000	\$ (0.78)
Q3-Q4 2020	Houston Ship Channel	30,000	\$ (0.02)
Q1-Q4 2021	El Paso Natural Gas	35,000	\$ (0.92)

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As of June 30, 2020, Devon had the following open NGL derivative positions. Devon's NGL positions settle against the average of the prompt month OPIS Mont Belvieu, Texas index.

Period	Product	Price Swaps	
		Volume (Bbls/d)	Weighted Average Price (\$/Bbl)
Q3-Q4 2020	Ethane	7,500	\$ 5.62
Q3-Q4 2020	Natural Gasoline	1,000	\$ 44.84
Q3-Q4 2020	Normal Butane	1,500	\$ 23.56
Q3-Q4 2020	Propane	4,500	\$ 25.18

Financial Statement Presentation

The following table presents the derivative fair values by derivative financial instrument type followed by the corresponding individual consolidated balance sheets caption.

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Commodity derivative assets:		
Other current assets	\$ 95	\$ 49
Other long-term assets	6	1
Total derivative assets	<u>\$ 101</u>	<u>\$ 50</u>
Commodity derivative liabilities:		
Other current liabilities	\$ 49	\$ 30
Other long-term liabilities	9	1
Total derivative liabilities	<u>\$ 58</u>	<u>\$ 31</u>

4. Share-Based Compensation

The table below presents the share-based compensation expense included in Devon's accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings. The vesting for certain share-based awards was accelerated in conjunction with the reduction of workforce described in [Note 6](#) and is included in restructuring and transaction costs in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
G&A	\$ 39	\$ 44
Exploration expenses	—	1
Restructuring and transaction costs	—	24
Total	<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$ 69</u>
Related income tax benefit	\$ —	\$ 10

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
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Under its approved long-term incentive plan, Devon granted share-based awards to certain employees in the first six months of 2020. The following table presents a summary of Devon's unvested restricted stock awards, performance-based restricted stock awards and performance share units granted under the plan.

	Restricted Stock Awards		Performance-Based Restricted Stock Awards		Performance Share Units	
	Awards	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Awards	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Units	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
	(Thousands, except fair value data)					
Unvested at 12/31/19	4,984	\$ 29.65	153	\$ 33.88	2,155	\$ 40.35
Granted	3,051	\$ 21.93	—	\$ —	688	\$ 27.89
Vested	(1,847)	\$ 29.26	(109)	\$ 29.51	(455)	\$ 52.56
Forfeited	(162)	\$ 25.01	—	\$ —	(364)	\$ 48.66
Unvested at 6/30/20	<u>6,026</u>	<u>\$ 25.98</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>\$ 44.70</u>	<u>2,024</u>	<u>(1) \$ 31.87</u>

(1) A maximum of 4.0 million common shares could be awarded based upon Devon's final TSR ranking.

The following table presents the assumptions related to the performance share units granted in 2020, as indicated in the previous summary table.

	2020
Grant-date fair value	\$ 27.89
Risk-free interest rate	1.36%
Volatility factor	38.4%
Contractual term (years)	2.89

The following table presents a summary of the unrecognized compensation cost and the related weighted average recognition period associated with unvested awards and units as of June 30, 2020.

	Restricted Stock Awards	Performance-Based Restricted Stock Awards	Performance Share Units
Unrecognized compensation cost	\$ 107	\$ —	\$ 19
Weighted average period for recognition (years)	2.7	0.9	1.8

5. Asset Impairments

The following table presents a summary of Devon's asset impairments. Unproved impairments shown below are included in exploration expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Proved oil and gas assets	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,664	\$ —
Other assets	—	—	2	—
Total asset impairments	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 2,666</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
Unproved impairments	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 113</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
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Proved Oil and Gas and Other Asset Impairments

Reduced demand from the COVID-19 pandemic caused an unprecedented downturn in the price of oil. As a result, Devon reduced planned 2020 capital investment by 45%. With materially lower commodity prices and reduced near-term investment, Devon assessed all of its oil and gas fields for impairment as of March 31, 2020. For impairment determinations, Devon historically utilized NYMEX forward strip prices for the first five years and applied internally generated price forecasts for subsequent years. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the NYMEX forward market became highly illiquid as evidenced by materially reduced trading volumes for periods beyond 2021. Therefore, Devon supplemented the NYMEX forward strip prices with price forecasts published by reputable investment banks and reservoir engineering firms to estimate future revenues as of March 31, 2020. To measure indicated impairments, Devon used a market-based weighted-average cost of capital to discount the future net cash flows. These inputs are categorized as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Devon recognized approximately \$2.7 billion of proved asset impairments during the first quarter of 2020. These impairments related to the Anadarko Basin and Rockies fields in which the cost basis included acquisitions completed in 2016 and 2015, respectively, when commodity prices were much higher than they are today. During the first quarter of 2020, Devon recognized \$2 million of product line fill impairments.

Unproved Impairments

Due to the downturn in the commodity price environment and reduced near-term investment as discussed above, Devon also recognized \$113 million of unproved impairments during the first six months of 2020, primarily in the Rockies field.

6. Restructuring and Transaction Costs

During the first quarter of 2019, Devon announced workforce reductions and other initiatives designed to enhance its operational focus and cost structure in conjunction with the portfolio transformation discussed in [Note 2](#). As a result, Devon recognized \$63 million of restructuring expenses during the first six months of 2019. Of these expenses, \$24 million resulted from accelerated vesting of share-based grants, which are noncash charges. Additionally, \$5 million resulted from settlements of defined retirement benefits.

The following table summarizes Devon's restructuring liabilities.

	Other Current Liabilities	Other Long-term Liabilities (Millions)	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 20	\$ 1	\$ 21
Changes related to prior years' restructurings	(13)	—	(13)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$ 39	\$ 3	\$ 42
Changes related to prior years' restructurings	—	(2)	(2)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 40</u>

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

7. Income Taxes

The following table presents Devon’s total income tax expense (benefit) and a reconciliation of its effective income tax rate to the U.S. statutory income tax rate.

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (680)	\$ 219	\$ (2,787)	\$ (278)
Current income tax expense (benefit)	\$ (3)	\$ 3	\$ (109)	\$ (1)
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	—	65	(311)	(50)
Total income tax expense (benefit)	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>\$ (420)</u>	<u>\$ (51)</u>
U.S. statutory income tax rate	21%	21%	21%	21%
State income taxes	0%	9%	1%	3%
Change in tax legislation	0%	0%	3%	0%
Other	(1%)	1%	(2%)	(6%)
Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	(20%)	0%	(8%)	0%
Effective income tax rate	<u>0%</u>	<u>31%</u>	<u>15%</u>	<u>18%</u>

Devon estimates its annual effective income tax rate to record its quarterly provision for income taxes in the various jurisdictions in which it operates. Statutory tax rate changes and other significant or unusual items are recognized as discrete items in the quarter in which they occur.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (“CARES Act”) became law on March 27, 2020. The CARES Act allows net operating losses generated in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017 and before January 1, 2021 to be carried back five years to offset taxable income and generate a refund. Devon intends to carry net operating losses generated in 2019 and 2020 back to 2014 and 2015, respectively. As a result, Devon recorded a \$96 million income tax benefit through the first six months of 2020, and expects to record an additional \$2 million income tax benefit by the end of the year.

On July 28, 2020, the Department of Treasury issued final regulations regarding the provision of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act that limits the deduction for business interest expense. Upon preliminary review of the regulations, there are provisions that may have a favorable impact to Devon. Upon completing a full review of the final regulations, Devon expects to record the effects of this tax legislation in the third quarter of 2020.

Throughout 2019, Devon maintained a valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets, including certain tax credits and state net operating losses. Since then, reduced demand from the COVID-19 pandemic has caused an unprecedented downturn in the commodity price environment. As a result, Devon recorded significant impairments during the first quarter of 2020 and is now in a net deferred tax asset position. Devon reassessed its position and recorded a 100% valuation allowance against all net deferred tax assets as of March 31, 2020 and remains in a full valuation allowance position as of June 30, 2020.

Included in “other” in the table above is the impact of increasing Devon’s unrecognized tax benefits by approximately \$34 million during the first quarter of 2020.

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

8. Net Earnings (Loss) Per Share from Continuing Operations

The following table reconciles net earnings (loss) from continuing operations and weighted-average common shares outstanding used in the calculations of basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations:				
Net earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (679)	\$ 151	\$ (2,370)	\$ (227)
Attributable to participating securities	—	(2)	(1)	(1)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) from continuing operations	<u>\$ (679)</u>	<u>\$ 149</u>	<u>\$ (2,371)</u>	<u>\$ (228)</u>
Common shares:				
Common shares outstanding - total	383	415	383	425
Attributable to participating securities	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)
Common shares outstanding - basic	377	409	377	419
Dilutive effect of potential common shares issuable	—	2	—	—
Common shares outstanding - diluted	<u>377</u>	<u>411</u>	<u>377</u>	<u>419</u>
Net earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations:				
Basic	\$ (1.80)	\$ 0.37	\$ (6.29)	\$ (0.54)
Diluted	\$ (1.80)	\$ 0.37	\$ (6.29)	\$ (0.54)
Antidilutive options ⁽¹⁾	—	1	—	1

(1) Amounts represent options to purchase shares of Devon's common stock that are excluded from the diluted net earnings per share calculations because the options are antidilutive.

9. Other Comprehensive Earnings (Loss)

Components of other comprehensive earnings (loss) consist of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Foreign currency translation:				
Beginning accumulated foreign currency translation and other	\$ —	\$ 1,194	\$ —	\$ 1,159
Change in cumulative translation adjustment	—	43	—	78
Release of Canadian cumulative translation adjustment ⁽¹⁾	—	(1,237)	—	(1,237)
Ending accumulated foreign currency translation and other	—	—	—	—
Pension and postretirement benefit plans:				
Beginning accumulated pension and postretirement benefits	(118)	(130)	(119)	(132)
Recognition of net actuarial loss and prior service cost in earnings ⁽²⁾	1	17	3	20
Income tax expense	—	(4)	(1)	(5)
Ending accumulated pension and postretirement benefits	<u>(117)</u>	<u>(117)</u>	<u>(117)</u>	<u>(117)</u>
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	<u>\$ (117)</u>	<u>\$ (117)</u>	<u>\$ (117)</u>	<u>\$ (117)</u>

- (1) In conjunction with the sale of substantially all of its oil and gas assets and operations in Canada, Devon released the cumulative translation adjustment as part of its gain on the disposition of its Canadian business. See [Note 17 for additional details](#).
- (2) These accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost, which is a component of other expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
(Unaudited)

10. Supplemental Information to Statements of Cash Flows

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Changes in assets and liabilities, net:				
Accounts receivable	\$ 80	\$ 39	\$ 318	\$ 10
Income tax receivable	1	(1)	(112)	(1)
Other current assets	30	(6)	(8)	3
Other long-term assets	—	(7)	(24)	(15)
Accounts payable	(44)	14	(2)	(37)
Revenues and royalties payable	(145)	(62)	(258)	(16)
Other current liabilities	(16)	(66)	(97)	(89)
Other long-term liabilities	(5)	14	28	9
Total	<u>\$ (99)</u>	<u>\$ (75)</u>	<u>\$ (155)</u>	<u>\$ (136)</u>
Supplementary cash flow data - total operations:				
Interest paid	\$ 66	\$ 108	\$ 130	\$ 161
Income taxes paid	\$ 21	\$ 10	\$ 172	\$ 16

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Devon had approximately \$130 million and \$250 million, respectively, of accrued capital expenditures included in “Total property and equipment, net” and “Accounts payable” on the consolidated balance sheets.

11. Accounts Receivable

Components of accounts receivable include the following:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Oil, gas and NGL sales	\$ 228	\$ 452
Joint interest billings	95	168
Marketing and midstream revenues	114	207
Other	88	13
Gross accounts receivable	525	840
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(10)	(8)
Net accounts receivable	<u>\$ 515</u>	<u>\$ 832</u>

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

The following table presents the aggregate capitalized costs related to Devon’s oil and gas and non-oil and gas activities.

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Property and equipment:		
Proved	\$ 28,200	\$ 27,668
Unproved and properties under development	483	583
Total oil and gas	28,683	28,251
Less accumulated DD&A	(24,010)	(20,693)
Oil and gas property and equipment, net	4,673	7,558
Other property and equipment	1,735	1,725
Less accumulated DD&A	(722)	(690)
Other property and equipment, net (1)	1,013	1,035
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 5,686</u>	<u>\$ 8,593</u>

(1) \$96 million and \$80 million related to CDM in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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During the first six months of 2020, Devon recognized asset impairments of \$2.7 billion primarily related to proved oil and gas assets and \$113 million of unproved impairments, which significantly reduced the carrying value of its property and equipment, net. See [Note 5](#) for additional details.

13. Debt and Related Expenses

See below for a summary of debt instruments and balances. The notes and debentures are senior, unsecured obligations of Devon.

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
5.85% due December 15, 2025	\$ 485	\$ 485
7.50% due September 15, 2027	73	73
7.875% due September 30, 2031	675	675
7.95% due April 15, 2032	366	366
5.60% due July 15, 2041	1,250	1,250
4.75% due May 15, 2042	750	750
5.00% due June 15, 2045	750	750
Net discount on debentures and notes	(20)	(20)
Debt issuance costs	(33)	(35)
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 4,296</u>	<u>\$ 4,294</u>

Devon has a \$3.0 billion Senior Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2020, Devon had no outstanding borrowings under the Senior Credit Facility and had issued \$2 million in outstanding letters of credit under this facility. The Senior Credit Facility contains only one material financial covenant. This covenant requires Devon's ratio of total funded debt to total capitalization, as defined in the credit agreement, to be no greater than 65%. Under the terms of the credit agreement, total capitalization is adjusted to add back noncash financial write-downs such as impairments. As of June 30, 2020, Devon was in compliance with this covenant with a debt-to-capitalization ratio of 19.3%.

Retirement of Senior Notes

In January 2019, Devon repaid the \$162 million of 6.30% senior notes at maturity.

Net Financing Costs

The following schedule includes the components of net financing costs.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Interest based on debt outstanding	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 130	\$ 130
Interest income	(2)	(7)	(7)	(18)
Other	6	8	11	14
Total net financing costs	<u>\$ 69</u>	<u>\$ 66</u>	<u>\$ 134</u>	<u>\$ 126</u>

14. Leases

The following table presents Devon's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

	June 30, 2020			December 31, 2019		
	Finance	Operating	Total	Finance	Operating	Total
Right-of-use assets	\$ 225	\$ 6	\$ 231	\$ 229	\$ 14	\$ 243
Lease liabilities:						
Current lease liabilities (1)	\$ 7	\$ 4	\$ 11	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ 17
Long-term lease liabilities	242	3	245	240	4	244
Total lease liabilities	<u>\$ 249</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 256</u>	<u>\$ 247</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>

(1) Current lease liabilities are included in other current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

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Devon's right-of-use operating lease assets are for certain leases related to real estate, drilling rigs and other equipment related to the exploration, development and production of oil and gas. Devon's right-of-use financing lease assets are related to real estate.

15. Asset Retirement Obligations

The following table presents the changes in Devon's asset retirement obligations.

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Asset retirement obligations as of beginning of period	\$ 398	\$ 484
Liabilities incurred	11	8
Liabilities settled and divested	(21)	(39)
Revision of estimated obligation	4	(62)
Accretion expense on discounted obligation	10	11
Asset retirement obligations as of end of period	402	402
Less current portion	11	15
Asset retirement obligations, long-term	\$ 391	\$ 387

During the first six months of 2019, Devon reduced its asset retirement obligations by \$62 million, primarily due to changes in the future cost estimates and retirement dates for its oil and gas assets. Additionally, during the first six months of 2019, Devon reduced its asset retirement obligations by \$29 million as a result of the non-core asset divestitures. For additional information, see [Note 2](#).

16. Stockholders' Equity

Share Repurchase Programs

In March 2018, Devon announced a \$1.0 billion share repurchase program. In June 2018, Devon announced the expansion of this program to \$4.0 billion. In February 2019, Devon announced a further expansion to \$5.0 billion with a December 31, 2019 expiration date. In December 2019, Devon announced a new \$1.0 billion share repurchase program with a December 31, 2020 expiration date. Under the new program, \$800 million of the \$1.0 billion authorization is conditioned upon the closing of the Barnett Shale divestiture for cash proceeds of at least \$725 million. As the pricing and economic environment has changed due to the COVID-19 pandemic and demand challenges for commodities, Devon has temporarily suspended its share repurchase program to preserve liquidity.

The table below provides information regarding purchases of Devon's common stock that were made under the respective share repurchase programs (shares in thousands).

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Dollar Value of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share
\$5.0 Billion Plan			
Full year 2018	78,149	\$ 2,978	\$ 38.11
First quarter 2019	36,141	1,024	28.33
Second quarter 2019	5,911	159	27.01
Third quarter 2019	22,137	550	24.80
Fourth quarter 2019	4,436	94	21.32
Total inception-to-date	146,774	\$ 4,805	\$ 32.74
\$1.0 Billion Plan			
First quarter 2020	2,243	\$ 38	\$ 16.85
Total inception-to-date	2,243	\$ 38	\$ 16.85

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)
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Dividends

The table below summarizes the dividends Devon paid on its common stock.

	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Rate Per Share</u>
Quarter Ended 2020:		
First quarter	\$ 34	\$ 0.09
Second quarter	42	\$ 0.11
Total year-to-date	<u>\$ 76</u>	
Quarter Ended 2019:		
First quarter	\$ 34	\$ 0.08
Second quarter	37	\$ 0.09
Total year-to-date	<u>\$ 71</u>	

Devon raised its quarterly dividend by 22%, to \$0.11 per share, beginning in the second quarter of 2020. In the second quarter of 2019, Devon increased the quarterly dividend rate from \$0.08 to \$0.09 per share.

On August 4, 2020, our Board of Directors approved a \$0.26 per share (approximately \$100 million total) special dividend to be payable as of October 1, 2020, to holders of record as of August 14, 2020.

17. Discontinued Operations and Assets Held For Sale***Barnett Shale***

In 2019, Devon announced that it had entered into an agreement to sell its Barnett Shale assets to BKV and subsequently amended the agreement in April 2020. Under the amended terms, Devon has agreed to sell its Barnett Shale assets for \$570 million in cash, before purchase price adjustments, at closing, which is scheduled for October 1, 2020. Additionally, the agreement provides for contingent earnout payments to Devon of up to \$260 million based upon future commodity prices, with upside participation beginning at a \$2.75 Henry Hub natural gas price or a \$50 WTI oil price. The contingent payment period commences on January 1, 2021 and has a term of four years. Under the terms of the agreement, Devon received deposit funds of \$170 million in April 2020. The deposit is being held by Devon pursuant to the terms of the sale agreement, which only requires Devon to return such funds to BKV in the event the transaction does not close as a result of Devon's breach of its closing obligations. The deposit is classified as current liabilities associated with discontinued operations on Devon's consolidated balance sheets.

In connection with the announced sale of its Barnett Shale assets, approximately \$88 million of the U.S. reporting unit goodwill was allocated to the Barnett Shale assets. Additionally, Devon ceased depreciation for all property, plant and equipment classified as assets held for sale on the date the sales agreement was approved by the Board of Directors. Devon also recognized a \$748 million asset impairment in the fourth quarter of 2019 related to these assets, primarily due to the difference between the net carrying value and the purchase price, net of estimated customary purchase price adjustments. During the first quarter of 2020, Devon adjusted the estimated impairment \$179 million, primarily due to the amended agreement terms. The valuation of the future contingent earnout payments included in the March 31, 2020 Barnett Shale impairment computation was \$41 million. The value was derived utilizing a Monte Carlo valuation model and qualifies as a level 3 fair value measurement.

As of June 30, 2020, Devon has restricted approximately \$20 million of cash to fund obligations in connection with the abandonment of certain gas processing contracts related to divestitures of other Barnett Shale assets that occurred in 2018 and is classified as cash restricted for discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheets. Cash payments for these charges total approximately \$2 million per quarter.

Canada

In the second quarter of 2019, Devon completed the sale of its Canadian business for \$2.6 billion (\$3.4 billion Canadian dollars), net of purchase price adjustments, and recognized a pre-tax gain of \$223 million (\$425 million net of tax, primarily due to a significant deferred tax benefit) in 2019. Current (cash) income and withholding taxes associated with the Canadian business were

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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approximately \$175 million and were paid in the first half of 2020. The disposition of substantially all of Devon's Canadian oil and gas assets resulted in Devon releasing its historical cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment of \$1.2 billion from accumulated other comprehensive earnings to be included within the gain computation. The historical cumulative foreign currency translation portion of the gain is not taxable.

During the third quarter of 2019, Devon utilized a portion of the sales proceeds to early retire its \$500 million of the 4.00% senior notes due July 15, 2021 and \$1.0 billion of the 3.25% senior notes due May 15, 2022. Devon recognized a charge on the early retirement of these notes consisting of \$52 million in cash retirement costs and \$6 million of noncash charges.

As of June 30, 2020, Devon has restricted approximately \$175 million of cash to fund obligations retained related to the Canadian business and is classified as cash restricted for discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheets. The remaining obligations consist of a firm transportation agreement and office leases. Cash payments for these charges total approximately \$6 million per quarter.

The following table presents the amounts reported in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings as discontinued operations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	Barnett Shale	Canada	Total	Barnett Shale	Canada	Total
2020						
Oil, gas and NGL sales	\$ 77	\$ —	\$ 77	\$ 169	\$ —	\$ 169
Total revenues	77	—	77	169	—	169
Production expenses	74	—	74	148	—	148
Asset impairments	—	—	—	179	—	179
Asset dispositions	—	(2)	(2)	—	(2)	(2)
General and administrative expenses	—	—	—	—	1	1
Financing costs, net	—	—	—	—	(2)	(2)
Other expenses	2	(6)	(4)	(11)	4	(7)
Total expenses	76	(8)	68	316	1	317
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	1	8	9	(147)	(1)	(148)
Income tax benefit	—	—	—	(32)	—	(32)
Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ (115)</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ (116)</u>
2019						
Oil, gas and NGL sales	\$ 115	\$ 379	\$ 494	\$ 264	\$ 730	\$ 994
Oil, gas and NGL derivatives	—	9	9	—	(95)	(95)
Marketing and midstream revenues	—	12	12	—	38	38
Total revenues	115	400	515	264	673	937
Production expenses	76	153	229	157	294	451
Exploration expenses	—	4	4	—	13	13
Marketing and midstream expenses	—	9	9	—	18	18
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	20	49	69	40	128	168
Asset impairments	—	37	37	—	37	37
Asset dispositions	1	(189)	(188)	2	(189)	(187)
General and administrative expenses	—	13	13	—	31	31
Financing costs, net	—	13	13	—	26	26
Restructuring and transaction costs	—	236	236	—	239	239
Other expenses	—	31	31	6	3	9
Total expenses	97	356	453	205	600	805
Earnings from discontinued operations before income taxes	18	44	62	59	73	132
Income tax expense (benefit)	3	(285)	(282)	12	(285)	(273)
Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ 329</u>	<u>\$ 344</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 358</u>	<u>\$ 405</u>

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The following table presents the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities associated with discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheets.

	As of June 30, 2020			As of December 31, 2019		
	Barnett Shale	Canada	Total	Barnett Shale	Canada	Total
Cash restricted for discontinued operations	\$ 20	\$ 175	\$ 195	\$ 25	\$ 355	\$ 380
Accounts receivable	\$ 47	\$ 2	\$ 49	\$ 38	\$ 1	\$ 39
Other current assets	5	2	7	5	2	7
Oil and gas property and equipment, based on successful efforts accounting, net	593	—	593	751	—	751
Other property and equipment, net	11	—	11	11	—	11
Goodwill	88	—	88	88	—	88
Other long-term assets	—	82	82	—	81	81
Total assets associated with discontinued operations	<u>\$ 744</u>	<u>\$ 86</u>	<u>\$ 830</u>	<u>\$ 893</u>	<u>\$ 84</u>	<u>\$ 977</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 18	\$ 3	\$ 21	\$ 15	\$ 4	\$ 19
Revenues and royalties payable	33	3	36	44	3	47
Other current liabilities	188	53	241	19	233	252
Asset retirement obligations	143	—	143	141	—	141
Other long-term liabilities	15	147	162	16	169	185
Total liabilities associated with discontinued operations	<u>\$ 397</u>	<u>\$ 206</u>	<u>\$ 603</u>	<u>\$ 235</u>	<u>\$ 409</u>	<u>\$ 644</u>

18. Commitments and Contingencies

Devon is party to various legal actions arising in the normal course of business. Matters that are probable of an unfavorable outcome to Devon and which can be reasonably estimated are accrued. Such accruals are based on information known about the matters, Devon's estimates of the outcomes of such matters and its experience in contesting, litigating and settling similar matters. None of the actions are believed by management to likely involve future amounts that would be material to Devon's financial position or results of operations after consideration of recorded accruals. Actual amounts could differ materially from management's estimates.

Royalty Matters

Numerous oil and natural gas producers and related parties, including Devon, have been named in various lawsuits alleging royalty underpayments. Devon is currently named as a defendant in a number of such lawsuits, including some lawsuits in which the plaintiffs seek to certify classes of similarly situated plaintiffs. Among the allegations typically asserted in these suits are claims that Devon used below-market prices, made improper deductions, used improper measurement techniques and entered into gas purchase and processing arrangements with affiliates that resulted in underpayment of royalties in connection with oil, natural gas and NGLs produced and sold. Devon is also involved in governmental agency proceedings and royalty audits and is subject to related contracts and regulatory controls in the ordinary course of business, some that may lead to additional royalty claims. Devon does not currently believe that it is subject to material exposure with respect to such royalty matters.

Environmental and Other Matters

Devon is subject to certain laws and regulations relating to environmental remediation activities associated with past operations, such as the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act and similar state statutes. In response to liabilities associated with these activities, loss accruals primarily consist of estimated uninsured remediation costs. Devon's monetary exposure for environmental matters is not expected to be material.

Beginning in 2013, various parishes in Louisiana filed suit against more than 100 oil and gas companies, including Devon, alleging that the companies' operations and activities in certain fields violated the State and Local Coastal Resource Management Act of 1978, as amended, and caused substantial environmental contamination, subsidence and other environmental damages to land and water bodies located in the coastal zone of Louisiana. The plaintiffs' claims against Devon relate primarily to the operations of several of Devon's corporate predecessors. The plaintiffs seek, among other things, the payment of the costs necessary to clear, re-vegetate and otherwise restore the allegedly impacted areas. Although Devon cannot predict the ultimate outcome of these matters, Devon is vigorously defending against these claims.

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Various municipalities and other governmental and private parties in California have filed legal proceedings against certain oil and gas companies, including Devon, seeking relief to abate alleged impacts of climate change. These proceedings include far-reaching claims for monetary damages and injunctive relief. Although Devon cannot predict the ultimate outcome of these matters, Devon believes these claims to be baseless and intends to vigorously defend against the proceedings.

19. Fair Value Measurements

The following table provides carrying value and fair value measurement information for certain of Devon's financial assets and liabilities. The carrying values of cash, cash restricted for discontinued operations, accounts receivable, other current receivables, accounts payable, other current payables, accrued expenses and lease liabilities included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets approximated fair value at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, as applicable. Therefore, such financial assets and liabilities are not presented in the following table. Additionally, information regarding the fair values of oil and gas assets is provided in [Note 5](#).

	Carrying Amount	Total Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements Using:	
			Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs
June 30, 2020 assets (liabilities):				
Cash equivalents	\$ 831	\$ 831	\$ 831	\$ —
Commodity derivatives	\$ 101	\$ 101	\$ —	\$ 101
Commodity derivatives	\$ (58)	\$ (58)	\$ —	\$ (58)
Debt	\$ (4,296)	\$ (4,382)	\$ —	\$ (4,382)
December 31, 2019 assets (liabilities):				
Cash equivalents	\$ 702	\$ 702	\$ 702	\$ —
Commodity derivatives	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ —	\$ 50
Commodity derivatives	\$ (31)	\$ (31)	\$ —	\$ (31)
Debt	\$ (4,294)	\$ (5,376)	\$ —	\$ (5,376)

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values in the table above.

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements

Cash equivalents – Amounts consist primarily of money market investments and the fair value approximates the carrying value.

Level 2 Fair Value Measurements

Commodity derivatives – The fair value of commodity derivatives is estimated using internal discounted cash flow calculations based upon forward curves and data obtained from independent third parties for contracts with similar terms or data obtained from counterparties to the agreements.

Debt – Devon's debt instruments do not consistently trade actively in an established market. The fair values of its debt are estimated based on rates available for debt with similar terms and maturity when active trading is not available.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis addresses material changes in our results of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 compared to previous periods and in our financial condition and liquidity since December 31, 2019. For information regarding our critical accounting policies and estimates, see our [2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K](#) under "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

COVID – 19

A novel strain of coronavirus, SARS-CoV-2, causing a disease referred to as COVID-19, was reported to have surfaced in China in late 2019 and has subsequently spread to multiple countries worldwide, resulting in a global pandemic and health crisis. Devon began actively monitoring COVID-19 in January 2020 and formally established a COVID-19 cross-functional planning team at the beginning of March. The COVID-19 team is focused on two key priorities: the health and safety of our employees and contractors and the uninterrupted operation of our business.

- **Health and safety** – The COVID-19 team has developed and implemented a number of safety measures, which have successfully kept our workforce healthy and safe. The COVID-19 team has established an informational campaign to provide employees an understanding of the virus risk factors and safety measures, as well as timely updates from governmental stay-at-home regulations. Expectations have also been set for employees to communicate immediately if they, or someone they have been in contact with, has experienced symptoms or tested positive for COVID-19. Other measures have included closing all of Devon's office buildings and locations to the public, implementing social distancing and encouraging employees to work from home. Beginning in late March, more than 90% of the workforce assigned to Devon's Oklahoma City Headquarters office were primarily working from home until the vast majority returned to the office late in the second quarter. The COVID-19 team also strongly encourages employees to wear masks, reinforces social distancing measures and continues to perform targeted and routine intensive and deep cleaning of all Devon office locations.
- **Uninterrupted operation of our business** – Beyond workforce safety measures, the COVID-19 team has worked with government officials to ensure our business continues to be deemed an essential business or infrastructure. The COVID-19 team has ensured technology and resources are available for employees to execute their job duties while working from home and implemented further social distancing and contactless initiatives in our oil and gas field operations. The collective efforts of our COVID-19 team and our entire workforce have enabled us to avoid the need to implement COVID-19 containment or mitigation measures, which would require closure or suspension of any of our operations.

This outbreak and the related responses of governmental authorities and others to limit the spread of the virus have significantly reduced global economic activity, resulting in an unprecedented decline in the demand for oil and other commodities. This supply-and-demand imbalance was exacerbated by uncertainty regarding the future global supply of oil due to disputes between Russia and the members of OPEC in March 2020. These factors caused a swift and material deterioration in commodity prices in early 2020, with NYMEX WTI oil prices falling from a high of over \$60/Bbl at the beginning of the year to below \$20/Bbl in April 2020. By the end of the second quarter of 2020, NYMEX WTI oil prices recovered to approximately \$40/Bbl.

Despite the current economic challenges, we remain focused on building economic value by executing on our strategic priorities of maximizing free cash flow, maintaining low leverage, delivering cash returns to our shareholders and pursuing ESG excellence. Our recent performance highlights for these priorities include the following items:

- Efficiency gains drove second quarter capital expenditures 10% below our plan, which had already been reduced 45% in response to COVID-19 effects on commodity benchmark prices
- Second-quarter oil production totaled 153 MBbls/d, exceeding our plan by 2%
- Operating costs continued to decline in the second quarter led by 17% and 23% decreases from the first quarter for production and administrative expenses, respectively
- Initiatives are underway to deliver \$300 million of sustainable, annualized cash cost reductions by year-end 2020
- Exited the second-quarter with \$4.7 billion of liquidity, including \$1.7 billion of cash, with no near-term debt maturities
- Accelerating Barnett Shale closing to October 1, 2020, from previously scheduled date of December 31, 2020
- Board of Directors approved a \$0.26 per share (approximately \$100 million total) special dividend payable as of October 1, 2020
- Board of Directors approved a \$1.5 billion debt repurchase plan

Overview of 2020 Results

We operate under a disciplined returns-driven strategy focused on delivering strong operational results, financial strength and value to our shareholders and continuing our commitment to environmental, social and governance excellence, which provides us with a strong foundation to grow returns, margin and profitability. We continue to execute on our strategy and navigate through the challenged economic environment by protecting our financial strength, tailoring our capital investment to market conditions, improving our cash cost structure and preserving operational continuity.

Trends of our quarterly earnings, operating cash flow, EBITDAX and capital expenditures are shown below. The quarterly earnings chart presents amounts pertaining to both Devon’s continuing and discontinuing operations. The quarterly cash flow chart presents amounts pertaining to Devon’s continuing operations. “Core earnings” and “EBITDAX” are financial measures not prepared in accordance with GAAP. For a description of these measures, including reconciliations to the comparable GAAP measures, see “Non-GAAP Measures” in this Item 2.



Our net earnings in recent quarters have been significantly impacted by divestiture transactions, asset impairments and temporary, noncash adjustments to the value of our commodity hedges. Net earnings in the second quarter of 2020 included a \$0.5 billion hedge valuation loss, net of tax. Net earnings in the first quarter of 2020 included \$2.3 billion of asset impairments on our proved and unproved properties and a \$0.5 billion hedge valuation gain, both net of taxes. Net earnings in the fourth quarter of 2019 included \$0.6 billion of asset impairments and a \$0.1 billion hedge valuation loss, both net of taxes. Net earnings in the second quarter of 2019 included \$0.3 billion for net after-tax gains and charges related to our Canadian disposition. Excluding these amounts, our core earnings have been more stable over recent quarters but continue to be heavily influenced by commodity prices.

Despite our portfolio enhancements, aggressive cost reductions and operational advancements, our financial results were challenged by commodity prices and deterioration of the macro-economic environment resulting from the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic. Our earnings declined from the first quarter of 2020 to the second quarter of 2020 due to a decrease in overall commodity prices. Led by a 39% decrease in WTI from the first quarter of 2020 to the second quarter of 2020, our unhedged combined realized price dropped 44%. In response to this commodity price environment, we were able to reduce our production and general and administrative costs 19% compared to the first quarter of 2020.



Like earnings, our operating cash flow is sensitive to volatile commodity prices. EBITDAX, which excludes financial amounts related to discontinued operations, and operating cash flows were significantly lower during the second quarter of 2020 resulting from impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and declines in commodity prices. As operating cash flow has declined, we have reduced our 2020 capital development plans approximately \$800 million, or 45% compared to the original capital budget.

We exited the second quarter of 2020 with \$4.7 billion of liquidity comprised of \$1.7 billion of cash, inclusive of \$195 million of cash restricted for discontinued operations, and \$3.0 billion of available credit under our Senior Credit Facility. We have \$4.3 billion of debt outstanding with no maturities until the end of 2025. We currently have approximately 95% of our expected oil production and approximately 45% of our expected gas production protected with hedges for the remainder of 2020. These contracts consist of collars and swaps based off the WTI oil benchmark and the Henry Hub natural gas index. Additionally, we have entered into regional basis swaps in an effort to protect price realizations across our portfolio.

Results of Operations

The following graphs, discussion and analysis are intended to provide an understanding of our results of operations and current financial condition. To facilitate the review, these numbers are being presented before consideration of earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests. Analysis of the change in net earnings from continuing operations is shown below and analysis of the change in net earnings from discontinued operations is shown on page 36.

Continuing Operations

Q2 2020 vs. Q1 2020

Our second quarter 2020 net loss from continuing operations was \$677 million, compared to a net loss of \$1.7 billion for the first quarter of 2020. The graph below shows the change in net loss from the first quarter of 2020 to the second quarter of 2020. The material changes are further discussed by category on the following pages.



Production Volumes

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
Oil (MBbls/d)				
Delaware Basin	79	52%	84	- 5%
Powder River Basin	18	12%	21	- 14%
Eagle Ford	27	18%	26	+4%
Anadarko Basin	21	13%	24	- 11%
Other	8	5%	8	- 6%
Total	<u>153</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>- 6%</u>

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
Gas (MMcf/d)				
Delaware Basin	241	39%	244	- 1%
Powder River Basin	20	3%	29	- 29%
Eagle Ford	87	14%	86	+2%
Anadarko Basin	262	43%	272	- 4%
Other	4	1%	3	+13%
Total	<u>614</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>634</u>	<u>- 3%</u>

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
NGLs (MBbls/d)				
Delaware Basin	29	42%	37	- 22%
Powder River Basin	2	3%	3	- 15%
Eagle Ford	12	17%	9	+27%
Anadarko Basin	25	37%	30	- 14%
Other	1	1%	1	- 37%
Total	<u>69</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>- 13%</u>

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>% of Total</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
Combined (MBoe/d)				
Delaware Basin	149	46%	162	- 8%
Powder River Basin	24	7%	29	- 17%
Eagle Ford	53	16%	50	+7%
Anadarko Basin	90	28%	98	- 8%
Other	9	3%	9	- 6%
Total	<u>325</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>348</u>	<u>- 7%</u>

From the first quarter of 2020 to the second quarter of 2020, a decrease in volumes contributed to a \$51 million decrease in earnings. Due to the challenged macro-economic environment, planned 2020 capital expenditures were reduced by 45% and certain marginal wells were shut-in during the second quarter resulting in lower volumes. The majority of the shut-in production was restored by the end of the second quarter.

In response to the challenged current macro-economic environment and the timing of completions, we expect volumes to continue to decrease for the second half of 2020. Volumes for the third quarter are expected to range from approximately 301 to 318 MBoe/d and improve in the fourth quarter due to timing of completions.

Field Prices

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>Realization</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
Oil (per Bbl)				
WTI index	\$ 28.42		\$ 46.44	- 39%
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 21.25	75%	\$ 44.59	- 52%
Cash settlements	\$ 15.25		\$ 5.14	
Realized price, with hedges	<u>\$ 36.50</u>	128%	<u>\$ 49.73</u>	- 27%

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>Realization</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
Gas (per Mcf)				
Henry Hub index	\$ 1.71		\$ 1.95	- 12%
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 1.29	76%	\$ 1.21	+7%
Cash settlements	\$ 0.28		\$ 0.36	
Realized price, with hedges	<u>\$ 1.57</u>	92%	<u>\$ 1.57</u>	+0%

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>Realization</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
NGLs (per Bbl)				
Mont Belvieu blended index (1)	\$ 12.57		\$ 14.39	- 13%
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 8.89	71%	\$ 10.40	- 15%
Cash settlements	\$ 0.51		\$ 0.61	
Realized price, with hedges	<u>\$ 9.40</u>	75%	<u>\$ 11.01</u>	- 15%

(1) Based upon composition of our NGL barrel.

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
Combined (per Boe)			
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 14.37	\$ 25.43	- 44%
Cash settlements	\$ 7.83	\$ 3.20	
Realized price, with hedges	<u>\$ 22.20</u>	<u>\$ 28.63</u>	- 22%

From the first quarter of 2020 to the second quarter of 2020, field prices contributed to a \$332 million decrease in earnings. Unhedged realized oil and NGL prices decreased primarily due to lower WTI and Mont Belvieu index prices. These decreases were partially offset by favorable hedge cash settlements across each of our products.

As prices deteriorated towards the end of the first quarter from the COVID-19 pandemic, we added additional oil and gas hedges for the remainder of 2020 and the year 2021. We currently have approximately 95% of our remaining 2020 oil production hedged with an average floor price of \$41/Bbl and approximately 45% of our remaining 2020 gas production hedged with an average floor price of \$2.20/Mcf. Additionally, we continue to build our 2021 hedge positions at market prices.

Hedge Settlements

	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>	<u>Change</u>
Oil	\$ 213	\$ 76	+180%
Natural gas	15	21	- 29%
NGL	4	4	+0%
Total cash settlements (1)	<u>\$ 232</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>	+130%

(1) Included as a component of oil, gas and NGL derivatives on the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

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Cash settlements as presented in the tables above represent realized gains or losses related to the instruments described in [Note 3](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

Production Expenses

	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Change
LOE	\$ 108	\$ 126	- 14%
Gathering, processing & transportation	123	130	- 5%
Production taxes	25	56	- 55%
Property taxes	7	6	+2%
Total	\$ 263	\$ 318	- 17%
Per Boe:			
LOE	\$ 3.69	\$ 3.96	- 7%
Gathering, processing & transportation	\$ 4.16	\$ 4.11	+1%
Percent of oil, gas and NGL sales:			
Production taxes	5.9%	6.9%	- 14%

LOE and gathering, processing and transportation costs decreased in the second quarter due to the challenged macro-economic environment which resulted in lower activity levels. Additionally, production taxes decreased due to lower oil, gas and NGL sales.

Field-Level Cash Margin

The table below presents the field-level cash margin for each of our operating areas. Field-level cash margin is computed as oil, gas and NGL sales less production expenses and is not prepared in accordance with GAAP. A reconciliation to the comparable GAAP measures is found in “Non-GAAP Measures” in this Item 2. The changes in production volumes, field prices and production expenses, shown above, had the following impact on our field-level cash margins by asset.

	Q2 2020	\$ per BOE	Q1 2020	\$ per BOE
Field-level cash margin (non-GAAP)				
Delaware Basin	\$ 106	\$ 7.81	\$ 260	\$ 17.72
Powder River Basin	20	9.09	54	20.48
Eagle Ford	22	4.50	87	19.20
Anadarko Basin	13	1.67	74	8.22
Other	—	0.10	14	15.55
Total	\$ 161	\$ 5.45	\$ 489	\$ 15.41

Due to lower commodity benchmark prices, our unhedged realized price per Boe dropped 44% from the first quarter to the second quarter of 2020. These lower realizations dramatically reduced our field-level cash margin and other performance measures. Consequently, we have initiatives underway to reduce annualized expenses \$300 million by the end of 2020. These initiatives include decreasing annualized production expenses \$125 million and general and administrative expenses \$100 million. These savings will be generated from adjustments to our workforce and production operations, as well as expiries of minimum volume commitments. We also intend to reduce net financing costs \$75 million upon repurchasing up to \$1.5 billion of debt as authorized by our Board of Directors.

DD&A and Asset Impairments

	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Change
Oil and gas per Boe	\$ 9.33	\$ 11.90	- 22%
Oil and gas	\$ 276	\$ 377	- 27%
Other property and equipment	23	24	- 2%
Total	\$ 299	\$ 401	- 25%
Asset impairments	\$ —	\$ 2,666	N/M

Asset impairments were \$2.7 billion in the first quarter of 2020 due to significant decreases in commodity prices since the end of 2019 resulting primarily from the COVID-19 pandemic. For additional information, see [Note 5](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

DD&A decreased in the second quarter primarily due to lower volumes and lower rates resulting from impairments recorded in the first quarter of 2020.

General and Administrative Expenses

	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Change
Labor and benefits (net of reimbursements)	\$ 45	\$ 66	- 32%
Non-labor	34	36	- 6%
Total	\$ 79	\$ 102	- 23%

G&A decreased primarily as a result of lower employee costs and benefits.

Other Items

	Q2 2020	Q1 2020	Change in earnings
Commodity hedge valuation changes (1)	\$ (593)	\$ 619	\$ (1,212)
Marketing and midstream operations	(8)	(18)	10
Exploration expenses	12	112	100
Net financing costs	69	65	(4)
Other expenses	13	(48)	(61)
			\$ (1,167)

(1)Included as a component of oil, gas and NGL derivatives on the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

We recognize fair value changes on our oil, gas and NGL derivative instruments in each reporting period. The changes in fair value resulted from new positions and settlements that occurred during each period, as well as the relationship between contract prices and the associated forward curves. For additional information, see [Note 3](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

Marketing and midstream operations improved primarily due to downstream product inventory impairments of \$17 million recognized in the first quarter of 2020.

Exploration expenses decreased due to \$110 million of unproved asset impairments during the first quarter of 2020. For additional information, see [Note 5](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

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Other expenses increased due to a severance tax refund recorded in the first quarter of 2020 related to prior periods.

Income Taxes

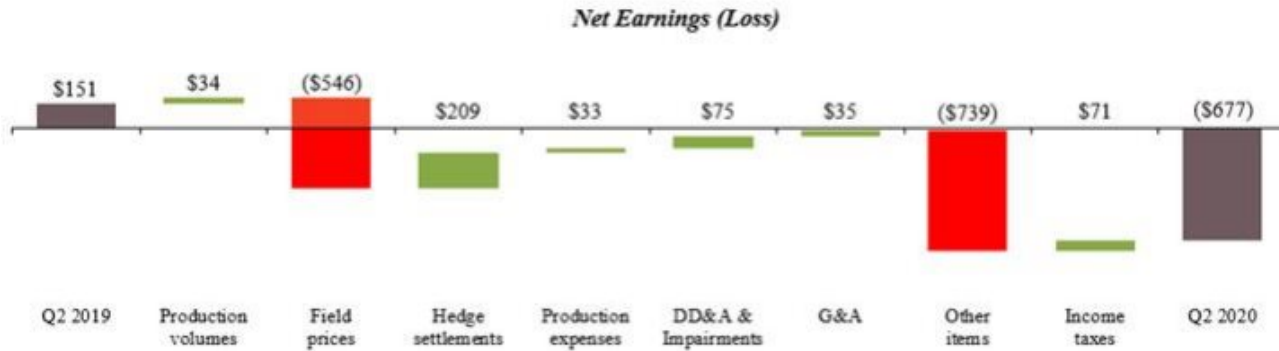
	<u>Q2 2020</u>	<u>Q1 2020</u>
Current benefit	\$ (3)	\$ (106)
Deferred benefit	—	(311)
Total benefit	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ (417)</u>
Effective income tax rate	<u>0%</u>	<u>20%</u>

For discussion on income taxes, see [Note 7](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

The following graphs, discussion and analysis are intended to provide an understanding of our results of operations and current financial condition. To facilitate the review, these numbers are being presented before consideration of earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests.

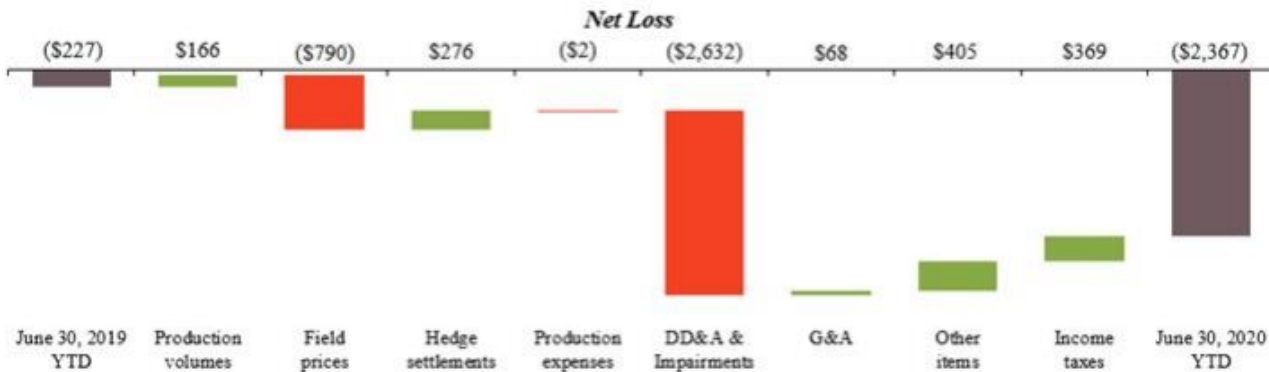
Q2 2020 vs. Q2 2019

Our second quarter 2020 net loss from continuing operations was \$677 million, compared to net earnings of \$151 million in the second quarter of 2019. The graph below shows the change in net earnings (loss) from the second quarter of 2019 to the second quarter of 2020. The material changes are further discussed on the following pages.



June 30, YTD 2020 vs. June 30, YTD 2019

Our six months ended June 30, 2020 net loss from continuing operations was \$2.4 billion, compared to a net loss of \$227 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The graph below shows the change in the net loss from the six months ended June 30, 2019 to the six months ended June 30, 2020. The material changes are further discussed on the following pages.



Production Volumes

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	% of Total	2019	Change	2020	% of Total	2019	Change
Oil (MBbls/d)								
Delaware Basin	79	52%	67	+19%	81	51%	63	+29%
Powder River Basin	18	12%	15	+20%	20	13%	15	+30%
Eagle Ford	27	18%	23	+16%	27	17%	24	+11%
Anadarko Basin	21	13%	31	- 32%	22	14%	32	- 30%
Other	8	5%	8	- 1%	8	5%	9	- 8%
Total	153	100%	144	+6%	158	100%	143	+11%
Gas (MMcf/d)								
Delaware Basin	241	39%	158	+52%	242	39%	152	+60%
Powder River Basin	20	3%	22	- 7%	24	4%	20	+21%
Eagle Ford	87	14%	81	+8%	87	14%	82	+6%
Anadarko Basin	262	43%	313	- 16%	267	43%	323	- 17%
Other	4	1%	4	+0%	4	0%	6	- 38%
Total	614	100%	578	+6%	624	100%	583	+7%
NGLs (MBbls/d)								
Delaware Basin	29	42%	27	+8%	33	45%	25	+33%
Powder River Basin	2	3%	2	+20%	3	3%	2	+32%
Eagle Ford	12	17%	12	- 7%	10	14%	12	- 13%
Anadarko Basin	25	37%	40	- 37%	28	37%	38	- 27%
Other	1	1%	1	- 40%	1	1%	1	- 35%
Total	69	100%	82	- 15%	75	100%	78	- 5%
Combined (MBoe/d)								
Delaware Basin	149	46%	120	+24%	155	46%	113	+37%
Powder River Basin	24	7%	21	+15%	27	8%	21	+28%
Eagle Ford	53	16%	49	+8%	52	15%	50	+3%
Anadarko Basin	90	28%	124	- 27%	94	28%	123	- 24%
Other	9	3%	10	- 9%	9	3%	11	- 15%
Total	325	100%	324	+0%	337	100%	318	+6%

From the second quarter of 2019 to the second quarter of 2020, an increase in higher-margin oil volumes contributed to a \$34 million increase in earnings. From the six months ended 2019 to the six months ended 2020, an increase in volumes contributed to a \$166 million increase in earnings. Continued development in the Delaware Basin and Powder River Basin has resulted in higher production volumes during 2020 compared to 2019. These increases were partially offset by significantly lower activity in the Anadarko Basin.

Field Prices

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	Realization	2019	Change	2020	Realization	2019	Change
Oil (per Bbl)								
WTI index	\$ 28.42		\$ 59.85	- 53%	\$ 37.43		\$ 57.36	- 35%
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 21.25	75%	\$ 57.11	- 63%	\$ 33.27	89%	\$ 54.51	- 39%
Cash settlements	\$ 15.25		\$ (0.41)		\$ 10.04		\$ 1.59	
Realized price, with hedges	\$ 36.50	128%	\$ 56.70	- 36%	\$ 43.31	116%	\$ 56.10	- 23%
Gas (per Mcf)								
Henry Hub index	\$ 1.71		\$ 2.64	- 35%	\$ 1.83		\$ 2.90	- 37%
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 1.29	76%	\$ 1.38	- 6%	\$ 1.25	68%	\$ 2.00	- 38%
Cash settlements	\$ 0.28		\$ 0.34		\$ 0.32		\$ 0.02	
Realized price, with hedges	\$ 1.57	92%	\$ 1.72	- 9%	\$ 1.57	86%	\$ 2.02	- 22%
NGLs (per Bbl)								
Mont Belvieu blended index (1)	\$ 12.57		\$ 19.05	- 34%	\$ 13.48		\$ 21.00	- 36%
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 8.89	71%	\$ 15.00	- 41%	\$ 9.70	72%	\$ 16.57	- 41%
Cash settlements	\$ 0.51		\$ 1.40		\$ 0.56		\$ 1.06	
Realized price, with hedges	\$ 9.40	75%	\$ 16.40	- 43%	\$ 10.26	76%	\$ 17.63	- 42%
Combined (per Boe)								
Realized price, unhedged	\$ 14.37		\$ 31.79	- 55%	\$ 20.09		\$ 32.21	- 38%
Cash settlements	\$ 7.83		\$ 0.79		\$ 5.43		\$ 1.00	
Total	\$ 22.20		\$ 32.58	- 32%	\$ 25.52		\$ 33.21	- 23%

(1) Based upon composition of our NGL barrel.

From the second quarter of 2019 to the second quarter of 2020, field prices contributed to a \$546 million decrease in earnings. From the six months ended 2019 to the six months ended 2020, field prices contributed to a \$790 million decrease in earnings. Unhedged realized oil, gas and NGL prices decreased primarily due to lower WTI, Henry Hub and Mont Belvieu index prices. These decreases were partially offset by favorable hedge cash settlements across each of our products.

Hedge Settlements

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Oil	\$ 213	\$ (6)	\$ 289	\$ 40
Natural gas	15	18	36	2
NGL	4	11	8	15
Total cash settlements (1)	\$ 232	\$ 23	\$ 333	\$ 57

(1) Included as a component of oil, gas and NGL derivatives on the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

Production Expenses

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
LOE	\$ 108	\$ 114	- 6%	\$ 234	\$ 224	+5%
Gathering, processing & transportation	123	111	+11%	253	220	+15%
Production taxes	25	64	- 60%	81	124	- 35%
Property taxes	7	7	- 2%	13	11	+15%
Total	\$ 263	\$ 296	- 11%	\$ 581	\$ 579	+0%
Per Boe:						
LOE	\$ 3.69	\$ 3.85	- 4%	\$ 3.83	\$ 3.90	- 2%
Gathering, processing & transportation	\$ 4.16	\$ 3.78	+10%	\$ 4.13	\$ 3.82	+8%
Percent of oil, gas and NGL sales:						
Production taxes	5.9%	6.8%	- 13%	6.6%	6.7%	- 2%

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An increase in gathering, processing and transportation costs from the six months ended 2019 to the six months ended 2020 was due to higher volumes and the Anadarko minimum volume commitments which are set to expire at the end of 2020. These increases were offset by lower production taxes resulting from lower oil, gas and NGL sales.

Field-Level Cash Margin

The changes in production volumes, field prices and production expenses, shown above, had the following impact on our field-level cash margins by asset.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	\$ per BOE	2019	\$ per BOE	2020	\$ per BOE	2019	\$ per BOE
Field-Level Cash Margin (non-GAAP)								
Delaware Basin	\$ 106	\$ 7.81	\$ 267	\$ 24.46	\$ 366	\$ 12.97	\$ 501	\$ 24.43
Powder River Basin	20	\$ 9.09	60	\$ 31.79	74	\$ 15.31	110	\$ 29.44
Eagle Ford	22	\$ 4.50	120	\$ 26.63	109	\$ 11.58	249	\$ 27.58
Anadarko Basin	13	\$ 1.67	177	\$ 15.77	87	\$ 5.09	380	\$ 17.01
Other	—	\$ 0.10	17	\$ 18.93	14	\$ 8.16	36	\$ 18.17
Total	\$ 161	\$ 5.45	\$ 641	\$ 21.78	\$ 650	\$ 10.60	\$ 1,276	\$ 22.15

DD&A and Asset Impairments

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
Oil and gas per Boe	\$ 9.33	\$ 11.74	- 20%	\$ 10.66	\$ 11.73	- 9%
Oil and gas	\$ 276	\$ 345	- 20%	\$ 653	\$ 676	- 3%
Other property and equipment	23	29	- 20%	47	58	- 19%
Total	\$ 299	\$ 374	- 20%	\$ 700	\$ 734	- 5%
Asset impairments	\$ —	\$ —	N/M	\$ 2,666	\$ —	N/M

DD&A decreased primarily due to lower rates resulting from asset impairments recorded in the first quarter of 2020.

General and Administrative Expenses

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
Labor and benefits (net of reimbursements)	\$ 45	\$ 74	- 40%	\$ 111	\$ 160	- 31%
Non-labor	34	40	- 13%	70	89	- 21%
Total	\$ 79	\$ 114	- 31%	\$ 181	\$ 249	- 27%

Labor and benefits and non-labor expenses decreased primarily as a result of continued workforce reduction and cost savings initiatives.

Other Items

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2020	2019	Change in earnings	2020	2019	Change in earnings
Commodity hedge valuation changes (1)	\$ (593)	\$ 117	\$ (710)	\$ 26	\$ (522)	\$ 548
Marketing and midstream operations	(8)	17	(25)	(26)	32	(58)
Exploration expenses	12	7	(5)	124	11	(113)
Asset dispositions	—	(2)	(2)	—	(47)	(47)
Net financing costs	69	66	(3)	134	126	(8)
Restructuring and transaction costs	—	12	12	—	63	63
Other expenses	13	7	(6)	(35)	(15)	20
			<u>\$ (739)</u>			<u>\$ 405</u>

(1) Included as a component of oil, gas and NGL derivatives on the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

We recognize fair value changes on our oil, gas and NGL derivative instruments in each reporting period. The changes in fair value resulted from new positions and settlements that occurred during each period, as well as the relationship between contract prices and the associated forward curves. For additional information, see [Note 3](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

Marketing and midstream operations decreased approximately \$58 million for the first six months ended 2020 compared to the first six months ended 2019 primarily due to lower commodity prices resulting from the challenged macro-economic environment in 2020, as well as downstream product inventory impairments of \$17 million recognized in the first quarter of 2020.

Exploration expenses increased approximately \$113 million for the first six months ended 2020 compared to the first six months ended 2019 primarily due to \$113 million in unproved asset impairments in the first six months of 2020. For additional information, see [Note 5](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

Devon recognized \$63 million in restructuring expenses during the first six months of 2019 due to workforce reductions and other initiatives designed to enhance its operational focus and cost structure. For additional information, see [Note 6](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

Discontinued Operations
Results of Operations – Discontinued Operations

The table below presents key components from discontinued operations for the time periods presented. Discontinued operations include the Canadian business that Devon sold in June 2019 and the Barnett Shale assets that Devon has contracted to sell and which is scheduled to close on October 1, 2020. For additional information on discontinued operations, see [Note 17](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Oil, gas and NGL sales	\$ 77	\$ 92	\$ 494	\$ 169	\$ 994
Oil, gas and NGL derivatives	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ (95)
Production expenses	\$ 74	\$ 74	\$ 229	\$ 148	\$ 451
Asset impairments	\$ —	\$ 179	\$ 37	\$ 179	\$ 37
Asset dispositions	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ (188)	\$ (2)	\$ (187)
Restructuring and transaction costs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 236	\$ —	\$ 239
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	\$ 9	\$ (157)	\$ 62	\$ (148)	\$ 132
Income tax benefit	\$ —	\$ (32)	\$ (282)	\$ (32)	\$ (273)
Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 9	\$ (125)	\$ 344	\$ (116)	\$ 405
Production (MMBoe):					
Barnett Shale	9	9	9	18	18
Canada	—	—	9	—	19
Total production	9	9	18	18	37
Realized price, unhedged (per Boe) - Barnett Shale	\$ 8.89	\$ 10.16	\$ 12.57	\$ 9.54	\$ 14.38
Realized price, unhedged (per Boe) - Canada	N/A	N/A	\$ 43.03	N/A	\$ 38.41

Q2 2020 vs. Q1 2020

Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax increased \$134 million from the first quarter of 2020 to the second quarter of 2020. During the first quarter of 2020, we recognized \$179 million in asset impairments on our Barnett Shale assets due to the amended terms of the Barnett Shale sales agreement. This increase in earnings was partially offset by lower gas and NGL sales in the second quarter resulting from lower commodity prices.

Q2 2020 vs. Q2 2019

Net earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax decreased \$335 million from the second quarter of 2019 to the second quarter of 2020. Net earnings decreased primarily due to the divestment of Devon’s Canadian operations during the second quarter of 2019.

June 30, 2020 YTD vs. June 30, 2019 YTD

Net earnings (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax decreased \$521 million for the first six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the first six months ended June 30, 2019. Net earnings decreased primarily due to the divestment of Devon’s Canadian operations during the second quarter of 2019, as well as lower revenues resulting from the challenged macro-economic environment in 2020. Additionally, 2020 includes \$179 million in incremental asset impairments to our Barnett Shale assets related to the amended terms of the Barnett Shale sales agreement during the first quarter of 2020.

Capital Resources, Uses and Liquidity
Sources and Uses of Cash

The following table presents the major changes in cash and cash equivalents for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating cash flow from continuing operations	\$ 150	\$ 432	\$ 679	\$ 868
Divestitures of property and equipment	3	28	28	338
Capital expenditures	(307)	(486)	(732)	(976)
Acquisitions of property and equipment	(1)	(13)	(5)	(23)
Debt activity, net	—	—	—	(162)
Repurchases of common stock	—	(187)	(38)	(1,185)
Common stock dividends	(42)	(37)	(76)	(71)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	6	—	11	—
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(3)	—	(6)	—
Other	—	(3)	(17)	(23)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash from discontinued operations	136	2,764	(19)	2,641
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (58)	\$ 2,498	\$ (175)	\$ 1,407
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 1,669	\$ 3,853	\$ 1,669	\$ 3,853

Operating Cash Flow

Despite our portfolio enhancements, aggressive cost reductions and operational advancements, our financial results were challenged by commodity prices and deterioration of the macro-economic environment resulting from the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic. As presented in the table above, net cash provided by operating activities continued to be a significant source of capital and liquidity. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, our operating cash flow funded approximately 85% of our capital expenditures and dividends.

Divestitures of Property and Equipment

During the first six months of 2019, we sold non-core U.S. assets for approximately \$338 million, net of customary purchase price adjustments. For additional information, please see [Note 2](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

Capital Expenditures and Acquisitions of Property and Equipment

The amounts in the table below reflect cash payments for capital expenditures, including cash paid for capital expenditures incurred in prior periods.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Delaware Basin	\$ 192	\$ 245	\$ 413	\$ 470
Powder River Basin	46	60	131	116
Eagle Ford	42	54	136	109
Anadarko Basin	10	93	18	229
Other	3	15	6	26
Total oil and gas	293	467	704	950
Midstream	11	11	19	11
Other	3	8	9	15
Total capital expenditures	\$ 307	\$ 486	\$ 732	\$ 976
Acquisitions	\$ 1	\$ 13	\$ 5	\$ 23

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Capital expenditures consist primarily of amounts related to our oil and gas exploration and development operations, midstream operations and other corporate activities. Our capital program is designed to operate within or near operating cash flow. This is evidenced by our operating cash flow funding approximately 90% of our capital expenditures for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Our capital investment program is driven by a disciplined allocation process focused on returns. Our capital expenditures are lower in 2020 primarily due to our decreased spending in the Anadarko Basin, partially offset by increased capital investment in the Powder River Basin and Eagle Ford. In response to the current macro-economic environment, we reduced our 2020 capital expenditures outlook by approximately \$800 million, or 45% compared to the original capital budget.

Debt Activity

During the first six months of 2019, our debt decreased \$162 million due to the repayment of our 6.30% senior notes at maturity.

Shareholder Distributions and Stock Activity

The following table summarizes our common stock dividends during the first six months of 2020 and 2019. Beginning with the second quarter of 2020, we increased our quarterly dividend 22%, to \$0.11 per share. We previously increased our quarterly dividend to \$0.09 per share commencing with the second quarter of 2019.

	<u>Amounts</u>		<u>Rate Per Share</u>	
Quarter Ended 2020:				
First quarter	\$	34	\$	0.09
Second quarter		42	\$	0.11
Total year-to-date	\$	<u>76</u>		
Quarter Ended 2019:				
First quarter	\$	34	\$	0.08
Second quarter		37	\$	0.09
Total year-to-date	\$	<u>71</u>		

We repurchased 2.2 million shares of common stock for \$38 million in the first six months of 2020 and 42.1 million shares of common stock for \$1.2 billion in the first six months of 2019 under share repurchase programs authorized by our Board of Directors. For additional information, see [Note 16](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

Noncontrolling Interest Contributions and Distributions

During the first six months of 2020, we received \$11 million in contributions from our noncontrolling interests in CDM and distributed \$6 million to our noncontrolling interests in CDM.

Cash Flows from Discontinued Operations

All cash flows in the following table relate to activities of our Canadian business that Devon sold in June 2019 and the Barnett Shale assets that Devon has contracted to sell and is scheduled to close on October 1, 2020.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Canadian tax payments	\$ (20)	\$ —	\$ (173)	\$ —
Settlements of intercompany foreign denominated assets/liabilities	—	(32)	—	(31)
Other	(23)	223	(1)	162
Operating activities	(43)	191	(174)	131
Divestitures of property and equipment - Canadian operations	—	2,601	—	2,601
Divestitures of property and equipment - Barnett Shale assets	170	—	170	—
Divestitures of property and equipment	170	2,601	170	2,601
Capital expenditures and other	1	(65)	—	(123)
Investing activities	171	2,536	170	2,478
Financing activities	—	—	—	(7)
Settlements of intercompany foreign denominated assets/liabilities	—	32	—	31
Other	8	5	(15)	8
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	8	37	(15)	39
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of discontinued operations	\$ 136	\$ 2,764	\$ (19)	\$ 2,641

Operating cash flows during the first six months of 2020 include \$173 million of cash income and withholding tax payments in Canada related to divestitures and was also negatively impacted by lower commodity prices. Foreign currency denominated intercompany loan activity resulted in a realized loss of \$32 million in the second quarter of 2019 as a result of the strengthening of the U.S. dollar in relation to the Canadian dollar. There was an offset in the effect of exchange rate changes on cash line in the table above, resulting in no impact to the net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash. Investing cash flows during the first six months of 2020 include \$170 million in deposit funds from BKV due to the amended terms on the sale of our Barnett Shale assets, which is scheduled to close on October 1, 2020. On June 27, 2019, we completed the sale of our Canadian business for proceeds of \$2.6 billion. See [Note 2](#) and [Note 17](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report for additional details on these divestitures.

Liquidity

The business of exploring for, developing and producing oil and natural gas is capital intensive. Because oil, natural gas and NGL reserves are a depleting resource, we, like all upstream operators, must continually make capital investments to grow and even sustain production. Generally, our capital investments are focused on drilling and completing new wells and maintaining production from existing wells. At opportunistic times, we also acquire operations and properties from other operators or land owners to enhance our existing portfolio of assets.

Historically, our primary sources of capital funding and liquidity have been our operating cash flow, cash on hand and asset divestiture proceeds. Additionally, we maintain a commercial paper program, supported by our revolving line of credit, which can be accessed as needed to supplement operating cash flow and cash balances. If needed, we can also issue debt and equity securities, including through transactions under our shelf registration statement filed with the SEC. We estimate the combination of our sources of capital will continue to be adequate to fund our planned capital requirements as discussed in this section.

Beginning in the first quarter of 2020, the macro-economic environment deteriorated significantly and has created extreme volatility primarily due to concerns arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. In response to this environment, we will continue to maintain flexibility within our capital program as we continue to focus on protecting our financial strength and maintaining operational continuity. Additionally, we have initiatives underway to reduce annualized production, administrative and financing expenses a total of \$300 million. Further, we expect to fund a \$0.26 per share (approximately \$100 million total) special dividend on October 1, 2020.

Key inputs into determining our planned capital investment are the amounts of cash we hold and operating cash flow we expect to generate over the next one to three or more years. At the end of the second quarter of 2020, we held approximately \$1.7 billion of cash, inclusive of \$195 million of cash restricted for discontinued operations. Our operating cash flow forecasts are sensitive to many variables and include a measure of uncertainty as the actual results of these variables may differ from our expectations.

Commodity Prices – The most uncertain and volatile variables for our operating cash flow are the prices of the oil, gas and NGLs we produce and sell. Prices are determined primarily by prevailing market conditions. Regional and worldwide economic activity, weather and other substantially variable factors influence market conditions for these products. These factors, which are difficult to predict, create volatility in prices and are beyond our control.

To mitigate some of the risk inherent in prices, we utilize various derivative financial instruments to protect a portion of our production against downside price risk. We hedge our production in a manner that systematically places hedges for several quarters in advance, allowing us to maintain a disciplined risk management program as it relates to commodity price volatility. We supplement the systematic hedging program with discretionary hedges that take advantage of favorable market conditions. For the remainder of 2020, we have approximately 95% of our oil production hedged with an average floor price of \$41/Bbl and approximately 45% of our gas production hedged with an average floor price of \$2.20/Mcf. Additionally, we are currently building our 2021 hedge positions at market prices. The key terms to our oil, gas and NGL derivative financial instruments as of June 30, 2020 are presented in [Note 3](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” of this report.

Operating Expenses – Commodity prices can also affect our operating cash flow through an indirect effect on operating expenses. Significant commodity price decreases can lead to a decrease in drilling and development activities. As a result, the demand and cost for people, services, equipment and materials may also decrease, causing a positive impact on our cash flow as the prices paid for services and equipment decline. However, the inverse is also generally true during periods of rising commodity prices.

Driven by lower realized prices, margins and capital investment, we have begun initiatives to reduce our annualized production and administrative costs a total of \$225 million. We expect these annualized savings to be sustainable as we tailor our workforce and operations for current activity levels.

Credit Losses – Our operating cash flow is also exposed to credit risk in a variety of ways. This includes the credit risk related to customers who purchase our oil, gas and NGL production, the collection of receivables from our joint-interest partners for their proportionate share of expenditures made on projects we operate and counterparties to our derivative financial contracts. We utilize a variety of mechanisms to limit our exposure to the credit risks of our customers, partners and counterparties. Such mechanisms include, under certain conditions, requiring letters of credit, prepayments or collateral postings and other protections allowed per our agreements.

Divestitures of Property and Equipment

We expect to close our Barnett Shale divestiture on October 1, 2020. Pursuant to the terms of this transaction, we currently hold a \$170 million deposit and expect to receive approximately \$300 million at closing, net of purchase price adjustments.

Capital Expenditures

In response to the current macro-economic environment, we reduced our 2020 capital expenditures outlook by approximately \$800 million, or 45% compared to the original capital budget. Our exploration and development budget for the remainder of 2020 is expected to range from \$350 million to \$400 million. As economic factors change, we will continue to be flexible with our capital program.

Debt Repurchases

Our Board of Directors has authorized a \$1.5 billion debt repurchase program. Repurchases will be dependent on market conditions and may be made through open market purchases, tender offers or other transaction structures. The repurchases are expected to generate \$75 million of annualized financing cost savings.

Credit Availability

As of June 30, 2020, we had approximately \$3.0 billion of available borrowing capacity under our Senior Credit Facility. This credit facility supports our \$3.0 billion of short-term credit under our commercial paper program. At June 30, 2020, there were no borrowings under our commercial paper program, and we were in compliance with the Senior Credit Facility's financial covenant.

Debt Ratings

We receive debt ratings from the major ratings agencies in the U.S. In determining our debt ratings, the agencies consider a number of qualitative and quantitative items including, but not limited to, commodity pricing levels, our liquidity, asset quality, reserve mix, debt levels, cost structure, planned asset sales and production growth opportunities. Our credit rating from Standard and Poor's Financial Services is BBB- with a negative outlook. Our credit rating from Fitch is BBB with a stable outlook. Our credit rating from Moody's Investor Service is Ba1 with a stable outlook. Any rating downgrades may result in additional letters of credit or cash collateral being posted under certain contractual arrangements.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Income Taxes

The amount of income taxes recorded requires interpretations of complex rules and regulations of federal, state, provincial and foreign tax jurisdictions. We recognize current tax expense based on estimated taxable income for the current period and the applicable statutory tax rates. We routinely assess potential uncertain tax positions and, if required, estimate and establish accruals for such amounts. We have recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary differences, operating losses and other tax carryforwards. We routinely assess our deferred tax assets and reduce such assets by a valuation allowance if we deem it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Due to an unprecedented downturn in the commodity price environment and the resulting asset impairments, Devon had significant deferred tax assets at March 31, 2020. Accordingly, we reassessed the realizability of our deferred tax assets in future periods and recorded a 100% valuation allowance against our net deferred tax assets during the first quarter of 2020. As of June 30, 2020, we remain in a full valuation allowance position.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets used in operations, including proved and unproved oil and gas properties, are depreciated and assessed for impairment annually or whenever changes in facts and circumstances indicate a possible significant deterioration in future cash flows is expected to be generated by an asset group. For DD&A calculations and impairment assessments, management groups individual assets based on a judgmental assessment of the lowest level ("common operating field") for which there are identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets.

Management evaluates assets for impairment through an established process in which changes to significant assumptions such as prices, volumes and future development plans are reviewed. If, upon review, the sum of the undiscounted pre-tax cash flows is less than the carrying value of the asset group, the carrying value is written down to estimated fair value. Because there usually is a lack of quoted market prices for long-lived assets, the fair value of impaired assets is typically determined based on the present values of expected future cash flows using discount rates believed to be consistent with those used by principal market participants. The expected future cash flows used for impairment reviews and related fair value calculations are typically based on judgmental assessments of future production volumes, commodity prices, operating costs and capital investment plans, considering all available information at the date of review. The expected future cash flows used for impairment reviews include future production volumes associated with proved producing and risk-adjusted proved undeveloped, probable and possible reserves.

Besides the risk-adjusted estimates of reserves and future production volumes, future commodity prices are the largest driver in the variability of undiscounted pre-tax cash flows. For our impairment determinations, we historically have utilized NYMEX forward strip prices for the first five years and applied internally generated price forecasts for subsequent years. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the NYMEX forward market became highly illiquid as evidenced by materially reduced trading volumes for periods beyond 2021. Therefore, we altered our price forecast assumptions to perform our March 31, 2020 impairment computations. Specifically, we supplemented the NYMEX forward strip prices with price forecasts published by reputable investment banks and reservoir engineering firms to estimate our future revenues as of March 31, 2020.

We also estimate and escalate or de-escalate future capital and operating costs by using a method that correlates cost movements to price movements similar to recent history. To measure indicated impairments, we use a market-based weighted-average cost of

capital to discount the future net cash flows. Changes to any of the reserves or market-based assumptions can significantly affect estimates of undiscounted and discounted pre-tax cash flows and impact the recognition and amount of impairments.

Reduced demand from the COVID-19 pandemic and management of production levels from OPEC caused WTI pricing to decrease more than 60% during the first quarter of 2020. As a result, we reduced our planned 2020 capital investment 45%. With materially lower commodity prices and reduced near-term investment, we assessed all our oil and gas fields for impairment as of March 31, 2020 and recognized proved and unproved impairments totaling \$2.8 billion. The impairments relate to our Anadarko Basin and Rockies fields in which our basis included acquisitions completed in 2016 and 2015, respectively, when commodity prices were much higher than they are today.

We assessed our Eagle Ford asset for impairment as of June 30, 2020 utilizing the same methodology we applied for the impairment assessments for all of our oil and gas fields in the first quarter of 2020. Our Eagle Ford asset's sum of undiscounted cash flows exceeded the carrying value indicating no impairment as of June 30, 2020. Further, as a result of improved oil pricing, the cushion increased significantly from March 31, 2020 to June 30, 2020. If prices significantly deteriorate and/or management lowers the planned capital investment in the Eagle Ford field, our Eagle Ford asset could be subject to a material impairment of capitalized costs.

Goodwill

We test goodwill for impairment annually at October 31, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances dictate that the carrying value of goodwill may not be recoverable. We perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of goodwill is less than its carrying amount. As part of our qualitative assessment, we considered the general macro-economic, industry and market conditions, changes in cost factors, actual and expected financial performance, significant changes in management, strategy or customers and stock performance. If the qualitative assessment determines that a quantitative goodwill impairment test is required, then the fair value is compared to the carrying value. If the fair value is less than the carrying value, an impairment charge will be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value. Because quoted market prices are not available, the fair value is estimated based upon a valuation analyses including comparable companies and transactions and premiums paid.

Because the trading price of our common stock decreased 73% during the first quarter of 2020 in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we performed a goodwill impairment test as of March 31, 2020. While the cushion narrowed significantly since our last impairment evaluation, we concluded an impairment was not required as of March 31, 2020. The two most critical judgements included in the March 31, 2020, test were the period utilized to determine Devon's market capitalization and the control premium. For the test performed as of March 31, 2020 we derived our market capitalization by using our average common stock price from the latter two thirds of March 2020, to align with the time in the quarter subsequent to a key OPEC+ meeting and the date COVID-19 was officially classified as a pandemic. We applied a control premium based on recent comparable market transactions.

Subsequent to the end of the first quarter of 2020, Devon's common stock price increased approximately 60% during the second quarter but remains significantly less than our average trading price before the events experienced in the first quarter of 2020. Although our common stock price and commodity prices are in a period of high volatility, a sustained period of depressed commodity prices would adversely affect our estimates of future operating results, which could result in future goodwill impairments due to the potential impact on the cash flows of our operations. The impairment of goodwill has no effect on liquidity or capital resources. However, it would adversely affect our results of operations in the period recognized.

For additional information regarding our critical accounting policies and estimates, see our [2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K](#).

Non-GAAP Measures

We make reference to “core earnings (loss) attributable to Devon” and “core earnings (loss) per share attributable to Devon” in “Overview of 2020 Results” in this Item 2 that are not required by or presented in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP measures are not alternatives to GAAP measures and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results reported under GAAP. Core earnings (loss) attributable to Devon, as well as the per share amount, represent net earnings excluding certain noncash and other items that are typically excluded by securities analysts in their published estimates of our financial results. For more information on the results of discontinued operations for our Barnett Shale asset and Canadian operations, see [Note 17](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report. Our non-GAAP measures are typically used as a quarterly performance measure. Amounts excluded relate to asset dispositions, noncash asset impairments (including noncash unproved asset impairments), deferred tax asset valuation allowance, fair value changes in derivative financial instruments and foreign currency, changes in tax legislation and restructuring and transaction costs associated with the workforce reductions in 2019.

We believe these non-GAAP measures facilitate comparisons of our performance to earnings estimates published by securities analysts. We also believe these non-GAAP measures can facilitate comparisons of our performance between periods and to the performance of our peers.

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Below are reconciliations of our core earnings and core earnings per share attributable to Devon to their comparable GAAP measures.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	Before tax	After tax	After Noncontrolling Interests	Per Diluted Share	Before tax	After tax	After Noncontrolling Interests	Per Diluted Share
2020								
Continuing Operations								
Loss attributable to Devon (GAAP)	\$ (680)	\$ (677)	\$ (679)	\$ (1.80)	\$ (2,787)	\$ (2,367)	\$ (2,370)	\$ (6.29)
Adjustments:								
Asset and exploration impairments	4	3	3	0.01	2,780	2,149	2,149	5.71
Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	—	149	149	0.39	—	257	257	0.67
Fair value changes in financial instruments	593	459	459	1.22	(26)	(20)	(20)	(0.05)
Change in tax legislation	—	—	—	(0.00)	—	(62)	(62)	(0.16)
Core loss attributable to Devon (Non-GAAP)	<u>\$ (83)</u>	<u>\$ (66)</u>	<u>\$ (68)</u>	<u>\$ (0.18)</u>	<u>\$ (33)</u>	<u>\$ (43)</u>	<u>\$ (46)</u>	<u>\$ (0.12)</u>
Discontinued Operations								
Earnings (loss) attributable to Devon (GAAP)	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 0.02	\$ (148)	\$ (116)	\$ (116)	\$ (0.31)
Adjustments:								
Asset dispositions	(2)	(1)	(1)	(0.00)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(0.00)
Asset impairments	—	—	—	—	179	141	141	0.37
Fair value changes in foreign currency and other	(5)	(6)	(6)	(0.02)	5	4	4	0.01
Core earnings attributable to Devon (Non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>\$ 28</u>	<u>\$ 28</u>	<u>\$ 0.07</u>
Total								
Loss attributable to Devon (GAAP)	\$ (671)	\$ (668)	\$ (670)	\$ (1.78)	\$ (2,935)	\$ (2,483)	\$ (2,486)	\$ (6.60)
Adjustments:								
Continuing Operations	597	611	611	1.62	2,754	2,324	2,324	6.17
Discontinued Operations	(7)	(7)	(7)	(0.02)	182	144	144	0.38
Core earnings (loss) attributable to Devon (Non-GAAP)	<u>\$ (81)</u>	<u>\$ (64)</u>	<u>\$ (66)</u>	<u>\$ (0.18)</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ (15)</u>	<u>\$ (18)</u>	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>
2019								
Continuing Operations								
Earnings (loss) attributable to Devon (GAAP)	\$ 219	\$ 151	\$ 151	\$ 0.37	\$ (278)	\$ (227)	\$ (227)	\$ (0.54)
Adjustments:								
Asset dispositions	(2)	(1)	(1)	(0.00)	(47)	(36)	(36)	(0.08)
Asset and exploration impairments	1	1	1	0.00	2	2	2	0.00
Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	—	11	11	0.03	—	(2)	(2)	(0.01)
Fair value changes in financial instruments	(117)	(90)	(90)	(0.22)	521	402	402	0.95
Restructuring and transaction costs	12	10	10	0.02	63	49	49	0.12
Core earnings attributable to Devon (Non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 113</u>	<u>\$ 82</u>	<u>\$ 82</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 188</u>	<u>\$ 188</u>	<u>\$ 0.44</u>
Discontinued Operations								
Earnings attributable to Devon (GAAP)	\$ 62	\$ 344	\$ 344	\$ 0.82	\$ 132	\$ 405	\$ 405	\$ 0.96
Adjustments:								
Asset dispositions	(188)	(460)	(460)	(1.12)	(187)	(459)	(459)	(1.10)
Asset and exploration impairments	38	27	27	0.07	38	27	27	0.07
Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	—	32	32	0.08	—	27	27	0.06
Fair value changes in financial instruments and foreign currency and other	(20)	(17)	(17)	(0.04)	(23)	(24)	(24)	(0.06)
Restructuring and transaction costs	236	172	172	0.42	239	175	175	0.42
Core earnings attributable to Devon (Non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 128</u>	<u>\$ 98</u>	<u>\$ 98</u>	<u>\$ 0.23</u>	<u>\$ 199</u>	<u>\$ 151</u>	<u>\$ 151</u>	<u>\$ 0.35</u>
Total								
Earnings (loss) attributable to Devon (GAAP)	\$ 281	\$ 495	\$ 495	\$ 1.19	\$ (146)	\$ 178	\$ 178	\$ 0.42
Adjustments:								
Continuing Operations	(106)	(69)	(69)	(0.17)	539	415	415	0.98
Discontinued Operations	66	(246)	(246)	(0.59)	67	(254)	(254)	(0.61)
Core earnings attributable to Devon (Non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 241</u>	<u>\$ 180</u>	<u>\$ 180</u>	<u>\$ 0.43</u>	<u>\$ 460</u>	<u>\$ 339</u>	<u>\$ 339</u>	<u>\$ 0.79</u>

EBITDAX and Field-Level Cash Margin

To assess the performance of our assets, we use EBITDAX and Field-Level Cash Margin. We compute EBITDAX as net earnings from continuing operations before income tax expense; financing costs, net; exploration expenses; DD&A; asset impairments; asset disposition gains and losses; non-cash share-based compensation; non-cash valuation changes for derivatives and financial instruments; restructuring and transaction costs; accretion on discounted liabilities; and other items not related to our normal operations. Field-Level Cash Margin is computed as oil, gas and NGL sales less production expenses. Production expenses consist of lease operating, gathering, processing and transportation expenses, as well as production and property taxes.

We exclude financing costs from EBITDAX to assess our operating results without regard to our financing methods or capital structure. Exploration expenses and asset disposition gains and losses are excluded from EBITDAX because they generally are not indicators of operating efficiency for a given reporting period. DD&A and impairments are excluded from EBITDAX because capital expenditures are evaluated at the time capital costs are incurred. We exclude share-based compensation, valuation changes, restructuring and transaction costs, accretion on discounted liabilities and other items from EBITDAX because they are not considered a measure of asset operating performance.

We believe EBITDAX and Field-Level Cash Margin provide information useful in assessing our operating and financial performance across periods. EBITDAX and Field-Level Cash Margin as defined by Devon may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies and should be considered in conjunction with net earnings from continuing operations.

Below are reconciliations of net earnings to EBITDAX and a further reconciliation to Field-Level Cash Margin.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net earnings (loss) (GAAP)	\$ (668)	\$ 495	\$ (2,483)	\$ 178
Net (earnings) loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(9)	(344)	116	(405)
Financing costs, net	69	66	134	126
Income tax expense (benefit)	(3)	68	(420)	(51)
Exploration expenses	12	7	124	11
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	299	374	700	734
Asset impairments	—	—	2,666	—
Asset dispositions	—	(2)	—	(47)
Share-based compensation	19	21	39	44
Derivative and financial instrument non-cash valuation changes	593	(117)	(26)	521
Restructuring and transaction costs	—	12	—	63
Accretion on discounted liabilities and other	13	8	(35)	(14)
EBITDAX (non-GAAP)	325	588	815	1,160
Marketing and midstream revenues and expenses, net	8	(17)	26	(32)
Commodity derivative cash settlements	(232)	(23)	(333)	(57)
General and administrative expenses, cash-based	60	93	142	205
Field-level cash margin (non-GAAP)	\$ 161	\$ 641	\$ 650	\$ 1,276

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Commodity Price Risk

As of June 30, 2020, we have commodity derivatives that pertain to a portion of our estimated production for the last six months of 2020, as well as for 2021. The key terms to our open oil, gas and NGL derivative financial instruments are presented in [Note 3](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report.

The fair values of our commodity derivatives are largely determined by the forward curves of the relevant price indices. At June 30, 2020, a 10% change in the forward curves associated with our commodity derivative instruments would have changed our net positions by approximately \$165 million.

Interest Rate Risk

As of June 30, 2020, we had total debt of \$4.3 billion. All of our debt is based on fixed interest rates averaging 6.0%.

Foreign Currency Risk

Devon has certain Canadian dollar obligations associated with its divested Canadian operations which are to be paid with the cash restricted for discontinued operations. These balances are remeasured using the applicable exchange rate as of the end of the reporting period. A 10% unfavorable change in the Canadian-to-U.S. dollar exchange rate would not have materially impacted our June 30, 2020 balance sheet for these items. See [Note 17](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” in this report for additional information.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to Devon, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to the officers who certify Devon’s financial reports and to other members of senior management and the Board of Directors.

Based on their evaluation, our principal executive and principal financial officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) were effective as of June 30, 2020 to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by Devon in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. Other Information**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in various legal proceedings incidental to our business. However, to our knowledge as of the date of this report, there were no material pending legal proceedings to which we are a party or to which any of our property is subject.

Please see our [2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K](#) and other SEC filings for additional information.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except for the addition of the pandemic risk factor discussed in our [Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q](#) for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020, there have been no material changes to the information included in Item 1A. “Risk Factors” in our [2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K](#).

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table provides information regarding purchases of our common stock that were made by us during the second quarter of 2020 (shares in thousands).

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased As Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)	Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2)
April 1 - April 30	3	\$ 9.79	—	\$ 962
May 1 - May 31	3	\$ 12.25	—	\$ 962
June 1 - June 30	3	\$ 12.98	—	\$ 962
Total	9	\$ 11.77	—	

- (1) These amounts reflect the shares received by us from employees for the payment of personal income tax withholding on vesting transactions.
- (2) On December 17, 2019, we announced a \$1.0 billion share repurchase program that has a December 31, 2020 expiration date. As of June 30, 2020, we had repurchased 2.2 million common shares for \$38 million, or \$16.85 per share, under our share repurchase program. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic and related economic impacts, Devon has temporarily suspended its share repurchase program to preserve liquidity. If Devon were to resume share repurchases under the program, such repurchases may be made in open-market or private transactions. For additional information, see [Note 16](#) in “Part I. Financial Information – Item 1. Financial Statements” of this report.

Under the Devon Plan, eligible employees made purchases of shares of our common stock through an investment in the Devon Stock Fund, which is administered by an independent trustee. Eligible employees purchased approximately 4,100 shares of our common stock in the second quarter of 2020, at then-prevailing stock prices, that they held through their ownership in the Stock Fund. We acquired the shares of our common stock sold under the Devon Plan through open-market purchases.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
2.1	First Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement, dated April 13, 2020, by and between Devon Energy Production Company, L.P., BKV Barnett, LLC, and solely with respect to certain provisions therein, BKV Oil & Gas Capital Partners, L.P. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Registrant's Form 8-K filed April 14, 2020; File No. 001-32318).
10.1*	2020 Form of Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Award and Award Agreement under the 2017 Long-Term Incentive Plan between Registrant and all non-management directors for restricted stock awarded.
31.1	Certification of principal executive officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of principal financial officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of principal executive officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of principal financial officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the XBRL Instance Document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

* Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 5, 2020

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION

/s/ Jeremy D. Humphers

Jeremy D. Humphers

Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer



Devon Energy Corporation
ID: 73-1567067
333 West Sheridan Avenue
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-5015

**NOTICE OF GRANT OF RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD
AND AWARD AGREEMENT**

Participant Name

Grant Date: **Grant Date**
Grant Type: **RSA**
Award No.: **Client Grant ID**

Effective **Grant Date**, you have been granted a Restricted Stock Award of **Number of Shares Granted** shares of Devon Energy Corporation (the "Company") Common Stock. These shares are restricted until the vesting date shown below.

Anniversary of Grant Date	% of Shares to Vest
1 st Anniversary	100%

*Vesting Schedule

By accepting this agreement online, you and the Company agree that this award is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Company's 2017 Long-Term Incentive Plan and the Award Agreement, both of which are attached and made a part of this document.

**DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION
2017 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN
NON-MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR
RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT**

THIS RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT (this “Agreement”) is entered into as of **Grant Date** (the “Date of Grant”), by and between Devon Energy Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and **Participant Name** (the “Participant”).

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company has previously adopted the “Devon Energy Corporation 2017 Long-Term Incentive Plan” (the “Plan”); and

WHEREAS, the Participant is a nonemployee director of the Company and it is important to the Company that the Participant be encouraged to remain a director of the Company; and

WHEREAS, in recognition of such facts, the Company desires to award to the Participant **Number of Shares Granted** shares of the Company’s Common Stock under the Plan subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual promises and covenants herein contained, the Participant and the Company agree as follows:

1. The Plan. The Plan, a copy of which is attached hereto, is hereby incorporated by reference herein and made a part hereof for all purposes, and when taken with this Agreement shall govern the rights of the Participant and the Company with respect to the Award.

2. Grant of Award. The Company hereby grants to the Participant an award (the “Award”) of **Number of Shares Granted** shares of the Company’s Common Stock (the “Restricted Stock”), on the terms and conditions set forth herein and in the Plan.

3. Terms of Award.

(a) Escrow of Shares. A certificate or book-entry registration representing the Restricted Stock shall be issued in the name of the Participant and shall be escrowed with the Secretary subject to removal of the restrictions placed thereon or forfeiture pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Vesting. 100% of the shares of the Restricted Stock is scheduled to vest on the first anniversary date of the Date of Grant (the “Vesting Date”). If the Participant’s Date of Termination has not occurred as of a Vesting Date, then the Participant shall be entitled, subject to the applicable provisions of the Plan and this Agreement having been satisfied, to receive on or within a reasonable time after the Vesting Date, the shares scheduled to vest as of the Vesting Date. The portion of the Restricted Stock that has vested pursuant to the terms of this Agreement shall be deemed “Vested Stock.”

The Participant shall forfeit the unvested portion of the Award (including the underlying Restricted Stock and Accrued Dividends) upon the occurrence of the Participant's Date of Termination unless the Award becomes vested under the circumstances described in paragraphs (i) or (ii) below.

(i) The Award shall become fully vested upon the Participant's Date of Termination if the Participant's Date of Termination occurs by reason of the Participant's death. The Committee may, in its sole discretion, elect to accelerate vesting of all or any portion of the Award if the Date of Termination occurs by reason of the Participant's disability or occurs under other special circumstances (as determined by the Committee and permitted pursuant to the Plan).

(ii) The Award shall become fully vested upon the Participant's Date of Termination if the Participant's Date of Termination occurs by reason of the Participant's Mandatory Retirement.

(c) Voting Rights and Dividends. The Participant shall have all of the voting rights attributable to the shares of Restricted Stock. Any dividends declared and paid by the Company with respect to shares of Restricted Stock ("Accrued Dividends") shall not be paid to the Participant until such Restricted Stock becomes Vested Stock. Accrued Dividends shall be held by the Company as a general obligation of the Company and paid to the Participant reasonably promptly following the time the underlying Restricted Stock becomes Vested Stock (but in no event later than March 15 of the calendar year following the year in which such vesting occurs).

(d) Vested Stock - Removal of Restrictions. Upon Restricted Stock becoming Vested Stock, all restrictions shall be removed from the certificates or book-entry registrations and the Participant shall be provided a confirmation of the release of such Vested Stock, representing such Vested Stock as free and clear of all restrictions, except for any applicable securities laws restrictions. Reasonably promptly thereafter (but in no event later than March 15 of the calendar year following the year in which such vesting occurs), the Participant shall receive a payment in the amount of all Accrued Dividends attributed to such Vested Stock without interest thereon.

4. Legend. The shares of Restricted Stock covered by the Award shall be subject to the restrictions described in the following legend, which shall appear on any individual certificate or book-entry registration representing the Award:

"THE SHARES OF STOCK EVIDENCED BY THIS CERTIFICATE OR BOOK-ENTRY REGISTRATION ARE SUBJECT TO AND ARE TRANSFERABLE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THAT CERTAIN RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT DATED **GRANT DATE** UNDER THE DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION 2017 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN. ANY ATTEMPTED TRANSFER OF THE SHARES OF STOCK EVIDENCED BY THIS CERTIFICATE OR BOOK-ENTRY REGISTRATION IN VIOLATION OF SUCH AGREEMENT SHALL BE NULL AND VOID AND WITHOUT EFFECT. A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT MAY BE OBTAINED FROM THE SECRETARY OF DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION."

5. Delivery of Forfeited Shares. The Participant authorizes the Secretary to deliver to the Company any and all shares of Restricted Stock that are forfeited under the provisions of this Agreement.

6. Nontransferability of Award. The Participant shall not have the right to sell, assign, transfer, convey, dispose, pledge, hypothecate, burden, encumber, or charge the Award or any Restricted Stock or any interest therein in any manner whatsoever.

7. Notices. All notices or other communications relating to the Plan and this Agreement as it relates to the Participant shall be in writing and shall be delivered electronically, personally, or mailed (U.S. mail) by the Company to the Participant at the then current address as maintained by the Company or such other address as the Participant may advise the Company in writing.

8. Binding Effect and Governing Law. This Agreement shall be (i) binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective heirs, successors, and assigns except as may be limited by the Plan, and (ii) governed by and construed under the laws of the State of Delaware.

9. Award Subject to Claims of Creditors. The Participant shall not have any interest in any particular assets of the Company, its parent, if applicable, or any Subsidiary or Affiliated Entity by reason of the right to earn an Award (including Accrued Dividends) under the Plan and this Agreement, and the Participant or any other person shall have only the rights of a general unsecured creditor of the Company, its parent, if applicable, or a Subsidiary or Affiliated Entity with respect to any rights under the Plan or this Agreement.

10. Captions. The captions of specific provisions of this Agreement are for convenience and reference only, and in no way define, describe, extend or limit the scope of this Agreement or the intent of any provision hereof.

11. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of identical counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original for all purposes, but all of which taken together shall form one agreement.

12. Definitions. Words, terms, or phrases used in this Agreement shall have the meaning set forth in this Section 12. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement but not defined herein shall have the meaning designated in the Plan.

(a) "Accrued Dividends" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(c).

(b) "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

(c) "Award" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.

(d) "Company" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

(e) "Date of Grant" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

(f) "Date of Termination" means the first day occurring on or after the Date of Grant on which the Participant is not a member of the Board.

(g) "Mandatory Retirement" means the Participant's retirement from the Board pursuant to the mandatory retirement policy reflected in the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines or similar corporate governance document.

(h) "Participant" has the meaning set forth in the preamble.

(i) "Plan" has the meaning set forth in the recitals.

(j) "Restricted Stock" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.

(k) "Vested Stock" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(b).

(l) "Vesting Date" has the meaning set forth in Section 3(b).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the day and year first above written.

“COMPANY”

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION,
a Delaware corporation

“PARTICIPANT”

Participant Name

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a),
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, David A. Hager, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Devon Energy Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2020

/s/ David A. Hager

David A. Hager

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a),
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Jeffrey L. Ritenour, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Devon Energy Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2020

/s/ Jeffrey L. Ritenour

Jeffrey L. Ritenour

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Report of Devon Energy Corporation (“Devon”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, David A. Hager, President and Chief Executive Officer of Devon, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Devon.

/s/ David A. Hager

David A. Hager

President and Chief Executive Officer

August 5, 2020

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Report of Devon Energy Corporation (“Devon”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Jeffrey L. Ritenour, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Devon, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Devon.

/s/ Jeffrey L. Ritenour

Jeffrey L. Ritenour

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

August 5, 2020